

SFP Bi-Directional Transceiver Module for Fast Ethernet, ATM, SONET OC-3/SDH STM-1



FEATURES

- RoHS compliant
- SFF-8472 MSA compliant
- Simplex LC connector
- 1550nm Transmitter, 1310nm Receiver
- Single + 3.3V power supply and TTL logic interface
- Commercial and Industrial temperature available
- Bellcore GR-468 compliant
- Laser class 1 product which comply with the requirements of IEC 60825-1 and IEC 60825-2

Application

- TTC TS-1000
- IEEE 802.3ah 100BASE-BX
- SONET OC-3/SDH STM-1
- FTTx WDM Broadband Access
- 100Base Fast Ethernet

Performance

• SPBD-155F4J1R data link up to 15km in 9/125um single mode fiber.

Description

The SPBD-155xxxx series are hot pluggable 3.3V Small-Form-Factor (SFP) Bi-Directional transceiver module designed expressly for high-speed communication applications that require rates of up to 155Mbit/sec. It is compliant with the Fast Ethernet, ATM, SONET OC-3/SDH STM-1 standards, as well as the SFP Multisource Agreement (MSA).

The SPBD-155xxxx transceivers provide with the LC receptacle that is compatible with the industry standard LC connector. The transceiver is also compatible with industry standard RFT connector and cage. It also includes a LOS (Loss Of Signal) circuit that provides a TTL logic-high output when an unusable optical signal level is detected.

The module includes 1550nm un-cool FP laser, InGaAs PIN, Preamplifer and WDM filter in a high-integrated optical assembly for high-density system application. The SFP Bi-Directional transceiver can upgrade transmission capacity very convenient without installing new fibers.



1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------|--------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| Storage Temperature | Ts | -40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | Та | -10 | | 80 | °C | |
| Storage Ambient Humidity | HA | 5 | | 95 | % | |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 0 | | 5 | V | |
| Signal Input Voltage | | -0.3 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | |
| Optical Input Power (Peak) | | | | 4 | dBm | |

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------|------|--------|-------|----------------|
| Ambient Operating Temperature | TA | 0 | | 70 | °C | |
| Ambient Humidity | HA | 5 | | 85 | % | Non-condensing |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V | |
| Power Supply Current | Icc | | | 250 | mA | |
| Power Supply Noise Rejection | | | | 100 | mVp-p | 100Hz to 1MHz |
| Data Rate | | 10 | | 155.52 | Mbps | |
| Transmission Distance | | | | 15 | km | |

3. Specification of Transmitter

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------|---|------|------|------|----------|----------|
| Average Launched Power | Po | -14 | | -8 | dBm | Note (1) |
| Optical Extinction Ratio | ER | 10 | | | dB | |
| Center Wavelength | λς | 1480 | 1520 | 1580 | nm | FP Laser |
| Spectrum Width (RMS) | σ | | | 3 | nm | |
| Transmitter OFF Output Power | P _{Off} | | | -45 | dBm | |
| Optical Rise/Fall Time | t _r /t _f | | | 1.3 | ns | Note (2) |
| Total Jitter | TJ | | | 1 | ns | Note (3) |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance | ORLT | | | 14 | dB | |
| Relative Intensity Noise | RIN | | | -116 | dB/Hz | |
| Dispersion Penalty | TDP | | | 1 | dB | |
| Output Eye Mask | Compliant with Bellcore TR-NWT-000253 and ITU recommendation G.957 | | | | Note (4) | |

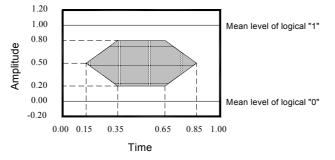
Note (1). Launched power (avg.) is power coupled into a single mode fiber.

Note (2). These are unfiltered 20-80% values.

Note (3). Measure at 2²³-1 NRZ PRBS pattern.

Note (4). Eye Mask definition





Optical Pulse Mask with Bessel Filter Specified in ITU-T G.957

4. Specification of Receiver

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|----------|
| Input Optical Wavelength | λin | 1260 | | 1360 | nm | PIN-PD |
| Receiver Sensitivity | P _{IN} | | | -31 | dBm | Note (1) |
| Input Saturation Power (Overload) | P _{SAT} | -3 | | | dBm | |
| LOS-Deassert Power | P _A | - | | -32 | dBm | |
| LOS-Assert Power | PD | -44 | | | dBm | Note (2) |
| LOS Hysteresis | P _A -P _D | 0.5 | 2 | 5 | dB | |
| Optical Reflectance | | | | -14 | dB | Note (3) |
| Output Data Rise/Fall time | t _r /t _f | | | 1.5 | ns | Note (4) |
| S/X Endurance | | | | 10 | dB | Note (5) |
| Optical Isolation | | 25 | | | dB | Note (6) |

Note (1). Measured with 1520nm, ER=10dB; BER =<10⁻¹⁰@PRBS=2²³-1 NRZ

Note (2). When LOS asserted, the data output is Low-level (fixed)

Note (3). When the terminal is viewed from the optical path, the reflection toward the optical path of the optical signal with a central wavelength of 1260nm to 1360nm transmitted to terminal.

Note (4). These are 20%~80% values

Note (5). X=10 MHz, Rectangular BER =10⁻¹⁰

Note (6). Receiver isolation between 1480nm ~1580nm



5. Electrical Interface Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|------|----------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Transmitter | | | | | | 1 |
| Total Supply Current | I _{CC} | | | Α | mA | Note (1) |
| Differential Data Input Swing | Vdt | 500 | | 2400 | mV _{p-p} | |
| Differential line input Impedance | R _{IN} | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ohm | |
| Data Input Voltage- High | V _{IH} -V _{CC} | -1.165 | | -0.880 | V | |
| Data Input Voltage- Low | V _{IL} -V _{CC} | -1.810 | | -1.475 | V | |
| Transmitter Disable Input-High | V _{DISH} | 2 | | V _{CC} | V | |
| Transmitter Disable Input-Low | V _{DISL} | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| Transmitter Fault Output-High | V _{TXFH} | 2 | | V _{CC} +0.3 | V | |
| Transmitter Fault Output-Low | V _{TXFL} | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| Transmitter Fault Pull up Resistor | R _{TX_FAULT} | 4.7 | | 10 | kΩ | Note (2) |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Total Supply Current | I _{cc} | | | В | mA | Note (1) |
| Differential Data Output Swing | Vdr | 400 | | 2000 | mV_{p-p} | Note (3) |
| Data Output Voltage-High | V _{OH} -V _{CC} | -1.085 | | -0.880 | V | |
| Data Output Voltage-Low | V _{OL} -V _{CC} | -1.830 | | -1.555 | V | |
| LOS Output Voltage-High | V _{LOSH} | 2 | | V _{CC} +0.3 | V | |
| LOS Output Voltage-Low | V _{LOSL} | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| Receiver LOS Load | R _{RXLOS} | 4.7 | | 10 | kΩ | Note (2) |

Note (1). A (TX)+ B (RX) = 250mA (Not include termination circuit)

Note (2). Pull up to V_{CC} on host Board.

Note (3). Internally AC coupled, but requires a 1000hm differential termination at or internal to Serializer/ Deserializer.

Parameter Symbol Min. Max. Unit **Unit Conditions** Time from rising edge of TX_DISABLE to TX_DISABLE Assert when the optical output falls below 10% of 10 μsec t_off Time nominal Time from falling edge of TX_DISABLE to TX DISABLE msec when the modulated optical output rises above 1 t_on Negate Time 90% of nominal Time to initialize. From power on or negation of TX_Fault using 300 including reset of msec t_init TX Disable. TX_FAULT t_fault TX Fault Assert Time 100 μ**sec** Time from fault to TX Fault on. TX_DISABLE to Time TX_Disbale must be held high to reset 10 t_rest μsec reset TX_Fault 100 LOS Assert Time t loss on Time from LOS state to Rx LOS assert μsec 100 LOS Deassert Time t loss off usec Time from non-LOS state to Rx LOS deassert Serial ID Clock Rate f serial clock 100 kHz

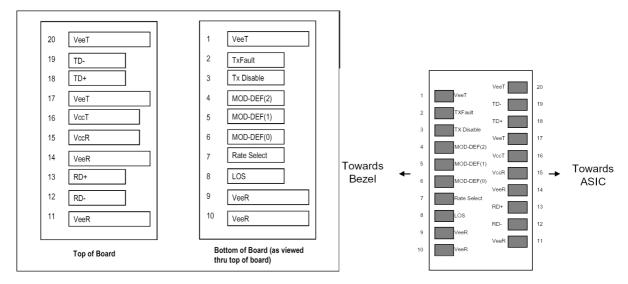
6. Timing of Control and Status I/O



| Timing Param | eters Definition |
|--|--|
| V _{cc} > 3.15 V | V _{CC} > 3.15 V |
| TX_FAULT | TX_FAULT |
| TX_DISABLE | TX_DISABLE |
| Transmitted Signal | Transmitted Signal |
| t_init → | t_init |
| Power on initialization of SFP transceiver, TX_DISABLE negated | Power on initialization of SFP, TX_DISABLE asserted Initialization during hot plugging of SFP TRANSCEIVER. |
| V _{cc} > 3.15 V | TX_FAULT |
| TX_FAULT | TX_DISABLE |
| TX_DISABLE | Transmitted Signal |
| Transmitted Signal | → t_off ← → t_on ← |
| Example of initialization during hot plugging, TX_DISABLE negated. | SFP TX_DISABLE timing during normal operation. |
| | Occurrence of Fault |
| Occurrence of Fault | TX_FAULT |
| | TX_DISABLE |
| TX_DISABLE | Transmitted Signal |
| Transmitted Signal | t_reset |
| Detection of transmitter safety fault condition | *SFP shall clear TX_FAULT in < t_init if the failure is transient Successful recovery from transient safety fault condition |
| Occurrence of Fault | |
| TX_FAULT | |
| TX_DISABLE | Occurrence of loss |
| Transmitted Signal | LOS |
| $t_{reset} \longrightarrow 4 t_{fault}$ | |
| *SFP shall clear TX_FAULT in < t_init if the failure is transient | Timing of LOS detection |
| Unsuccessful recovery from safety fault condition | Timing of LOS detection |



7. Pin Description



SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout

Host Board Connector Pad Layout

Pin Function Definitions

| Pin Num. | Name | Function | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|----------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground | 1 | Note (1) |
| 2 | TX Fault | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3 | Note (2) |
| 3 | TX Disable | Transmitter Disable | 3 | Note (3) |
| 4 | MOD-DEF2 | Module Definition 2 | 3 | Note (4), 2 wire serial ID interface |
| 5 | MOD-DEF1 | Module Definition 1 | 3 | Note (4), 2 wire serial ID interface |
| 6 | MOD-DEF0 | Module Definition 0 | 3 | Note (4), Grounded in Module |
| 7 | Rate Select | Not Connect | 3 | Function not available |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal | 3 | Note (5) |
| 9 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | |
| 10 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | |
| 11 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | |
| 12 | RD- | Inv. Received Data Out | 3 | Note (6) |
| 13 | RD+ | Received Data Out | 3 | Note (6) |
| 14 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | |
| 15 | VccR | Receiver Power | 2 | Note (7) |
| 16 | VccT | Transmitter Power | 2 | Note (7) |
| 17 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmit Data In | 3 | Note (8) |
| 19 | TD- | Inv. Transmit Data In | 3 | Note (8) |
| 20 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.



Notes:

- 1) Circuit ground is internally isolated from frame (chassis) ground. Tx GND and Rx GND may be internally isolated within the TRx module.
- 2) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K~10KΩ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT+0.3V. The output indicates Low when the transmitter is operating normally, and High with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 3) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7 10 \text{ K} \Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

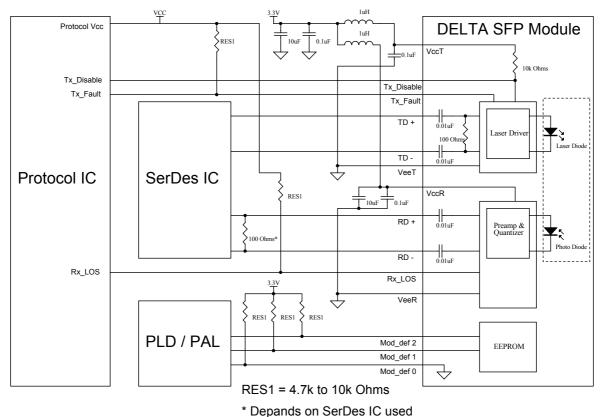
| Transmitter on |
|----------------------|
| Undefined |
| Transmitter Disabled |
| Transmitter Disabled |
| |

- 4) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩresistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
 Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
 Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two-wire serial interface for serial ID
 Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two-wire serial interface for serial ID
- 5) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccR+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000 mV differential (200 1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below page. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 Ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30 mA greater than the steady state value.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 2400 mV (250 1200 mV single-ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 600 mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance.

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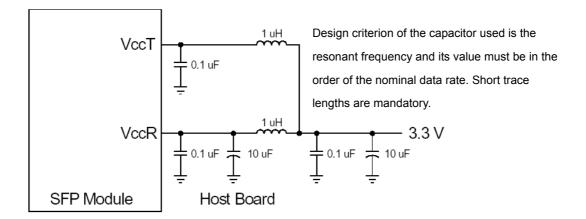


8. Recommend Interface Circuit





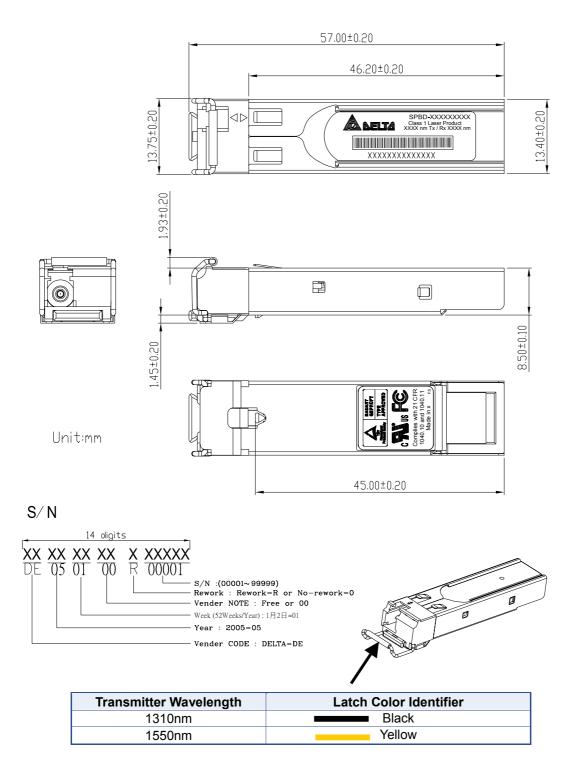




Recommended Host Board Supply Filtering Network



9. Outline Dimensions



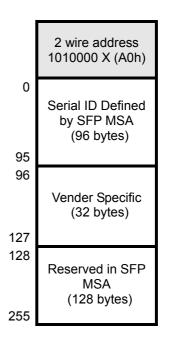


10. EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents (2-Wire Address A0h)

| Address | Hex | ASCII | Address | Hex | ASCII | Address | Hex | ASCII | Address | Hex | ASCII | Address | Hex | ASCII | Address | Hex | ASCII |
|---------|-----|-------|---------|-----|-------|---------|-----|--------|---------|-----|--------|---------|-----|-------|---------|-----|------------|
| 00 | 03 | | 25 | 20 | | 50 | 4A | J | 75 | SN | | 100 | 00 | | 125 | 00 | |
| 01 | 04 | | 26 | 20 | | 51 | 31 | 1 | 76 | SN | | 101 | 00 | | 126 | 00 | |
| 02 | 07 | | 27 | 20 | | 52 | 52 | R | 77 | SN | | 102 | 00 | | 127 | 00 | |
| 03 | 00 | | 28 | 20 | | 53 | 20 | | 78 | SN | | 103 | 00 | | 128 | 00 | Reserved |
| 04 | 08 | | 29 | 20 | | 54 | 20 | | 79 | SN | | 104 | 00 | | ~ | 00 | for future |
| 05 | 02 | | 30 | 20 | | 55 | 20 | | 80 | SN | | 105 | 00 | | 255 | 00 | use. |
| 06 | 40 | | 31 | 20 | | 56 | 30 | | 81 | SN | | 106 | 00 | | | | |
| 07 | 00 | | 32 | 20 | | 57 | 30 | | 82 | SN | | 107 | 00 | | | | |
| 08 | 00 | | 33 | 20 | | 58 | 30 | | 83 | SN | | 108 | 00 | | | | |
| 09 | 00 | | 34 | 20 | | 59 | 30 | | 84 | | Note 3 | 109 | 00 | | | | |
| 10 | 00 | | 35 | 20 | | 60 | 06 | | 85 | DC | | 110 | 00 | | | | |
| 11 | 03 | | 36 | 00 | | 61 | 0E | | 86 | DC | | 111 | 00 | | | | |
| 12 | 02 | | 37 | 00 | | 62 | 00 | | 87 | DC | | 112 | 00 | | | | |
| 13 | 00 | | 38 | 00 | | 63 | | Note 1 | 88 | DC | | 113 | 00 | | | | |
| 14 | 0F | | 39 | 00 | | 64 | 00 | | 89 | DC | | 114 | 00 | | | | |
| 15 | 96 | | 40 | 53 | S | 65 | 1A | | 90 | DC | | 115 | 00 | | | | |
| 16 | 00 | | 41 | 50 | Р | 66 | 05 | | 91 | DC | | 116 | 00 | | | | |
| 17 | 00 | | 42 | 42 | В | 67 | 05 | | 92 | 00 | | 117 | 00 | | | | |
| 18 | 00 | | 43 | 44 | D | 68 | - | Note 2 | 93 | 00 | | 118 | 00 | | | | |
| 19 | 00 | | 44 | 2D | - | 69 | SN | | 94 | 00 | | 119 | 00 | | | | |
| 20 | 44 | D | 45 | 31 | 1 | 70 | SN | | 95 | | Note 4 | 120 | 00 | | | | |
| 21 | 45 | Е | 46 | 35 | 5 | 71 | SN | | 96 | 00 | | 121 | 00 | | | | |
| 22 | 4C | L | 47 | 35 | 5 | 72 | SN | | 97 | 00 | | 122 | 00 | | | | |
| 23 | 54 | Т | 48 | 46 | F | 73 | SN | | 98 | 00 | | 123 | 00 | | | | |
| 24 | 41 | А | 49 | 34 | 4 | 74 | SN | | 99 | 00 | | 124 | 00 | | | | |

Notes:

- 1) Byte 63(CS1): Check sum of bytes 0-62.
- 2) Byte 68-83 (SN): Serial number.
- 3) Byte 84-91 (DC): Date code.
- 4) Byte 95 (CS2): Check sum of bytes 64-94.





11. Regulatory Compliance

| Feature | Test Method | Reference | Performance | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Electrostatic Discharge | Human Body Model | MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7 | | | |
| (ESD) to the Electrical | (HBM) | EIA-JESD22-A114 | | | |
| Pins | Machine Model (MM) | EIA-JESD22-A115 | (1) Satisfied with | | |
| Electrostatic Discharge | Contact Discharge | IEC/EN 61000-4-2 | electrical | | |
| (ESD) to the Simplex Receptacle | Air Discharge | IEC/EN 61000-4-2 | characteristics of product spec. | | |
| Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field Immunity | | IEC/EN 61000-4-3 | (2) No physical damage | | |
| Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) | | FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A) | | | |
| Laser Eye Safety | FDA/CDRH | FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 | CDRH File # 0420993 | | |
| | TUV | IEC/EN 60825-1 IEC/EN 60825-2 | TUV Certificate # R50032471 | | |
| Component Recognition | TUV | IEC/EN 60950 | | | |
| | UL/CSA | UL 60950 | UL File # E239394 | | |

Appendix A. Document Revision

| Version No. | Date | Description |
|-------------|------------|--|
| S0 | 2006-03-28 | Preliminary datasheet |
| S1 | 2006-09-20 | Update receiver differential data output swing to min. 400mV. Update EEPROM contents of Byte 60,61 to 06,0E Add barcode on product label |