# GENERAL DYNAMICS

C4 Systems

CG-1309 REV C FEB 2006

# OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL UP/DN CONVERTER L-BAND LT-3600 SERIES



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#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This manual contains installation, operation, and maintenance information for the Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter manufactured by VertexRSI, Longview, Tx. Information is organized according to section. Within each section the pages, figures and tables are numbered by section and by order of appearance within the section. Unless otherwise noted, any information about the unit applies to the LT-3600, Base Part Number 201667.

#### **1.1 SAFETY INFORMATION**

This equipment has been designed to minimize exposure of personnel to hazards.

# WARNING

A continuous safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source through the main power cord. This is provided in the power cable shipped with the unit. If this power cord is damaged, it should be replaced with cord of equal or better specifications. This cord can be obtained from VertexRSI.

Servicing instructions are for use by trained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so. Do not replace components with the power cord connected to the equipment.

# WARNING

Some of the adjustments described in this manual are performed with power applied while protective covers are removed. Always be careful not to come on contact with dangerous voltages while performing these procedures, and never work alone. With power applied to the unit and the cover removed, be aware that a rotating fan is operating.

# **General Information**

#### **1.2 GENERAL INTRODUCTION**

This manual provides operation and service instructions for the Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter. The unit consists of a power supply, forced-air cooling system, microprocessorbased CCA (circuit card assembly) and control circuitry and the modules required for up and down conversion. It incorporates extensive monitor and control functions that are accessible from the front panel as well as through a remote serial bus. A general description of the front and rear panels is given in Sections 1.5 and 1.6. A description of the Keypad and Display can be found in Section 3.

The Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter is housed in an enclosure destined for mounting in a standard EIA 19-inch rack, requiring a 1.75-inch high vertical space.

#### **1.3 PURPOSE OF EQUIPMENT**

The Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter is a fully synthesized up and down converter covering 575 or 1000 MHz bandwidth receiving RF frequencies in up to 125 kHz steps. The unit incorporates extensive monitor and control functions that are accessible from the front panel as well as through a remote RS-232/422/485 bus.

The LT-3600 can be configured to accommodate various requirements involving an IF of 70 or 140 MHz, non-inverted or inverted spectrum, with standard or highstability 10 MHz reference oscillator or any combination the user desires. Combined with jumper selectable and user programmable options, the LT-3600 is flexible to user requirements.

#### **1.4 SPECIFICATIONS**

The specifications for the Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter are listed in Table 1-1, along with the mechanical dimensions.

#### **1.5 FRONT PANEL**

All the operating controls and indicators for the Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter are located on the front panel. The front panel is depicted in Figure 1-1. Alarm and level monitoring of the L-Band Up/Dn Converter CCA, an external LNB, and SSPB modules is accomplished through the front panel display and keboard interface.

#### **1.6 REAR PANEL**

The rear panel is depicted in Figure 1-2. It incorporates, from left to right, Grounding Lug (GND), Power Connector, Optional 10MHz high stability reference output (J1), 10 MHz reference input (J2), IF Out (J3), L-Band In (J4), On/Off Switch for Dc output on J4 (SW2), Cooling Fans, Down Converter StarSwitch Interface (Opt.) (J5), SSPB monitor and control (J6), Remote Serial Interface (J7), Up Converter StarSwitch Interface (Opt.) (J8), IF In (J9), On/Off Switch for Dc output on J10 (SW3), L-Band Out (J10).

In the lower right hand side of the rear panel is a label that refers to the operation and maintenance manual and revision level that applies to this converter.

#### **1.7 COOLING**

Cooling of the equipment is achieved by pulling in cool air through the two side inlet grills. The heated air exits the equipment through the two rear panel mounted exhaust fans.

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# Figure 1-1 Front Panel w/Keypad and LCD Display



Figure 1-2 Rear Panel

#### **1.8 Part Number Configuration**

The Part Number Selection Chart shows configuration options that are set at the factory prior to shipment. The voltage output to J4 and J10 may be changed as required by the customer, however this requires removal of the cover and resetting internal jumper connections. This should be performed by qualified personnel.

Base		$1^{st}$ I	Digit	2 <sup>nd</sup> Digit		3 <sup>rd</sup> Digit		4 <sup>th</sup> Digit	
Number		IF C	Operation	L-Band		Bias Voltage		Ref. Oscillator	
201667	-	1	70 MHZ	1	Std.	0	None	0	Std 10Mhz
		2	140 MHz	2	Extend	1	D/C-22VDC	1	Hi Accuracy
							U/C-22VDC		10 MHz
						2	D/C-22VDC		
							U/C-15VDC		

5 <sup>th</sup> D	igit	6 <sup>th</sup> Digit		7 <sup>th</sup> I	7 <sup>th</sup> Digit		
L-Ba	and Ports	10 M	10 MHZ Ref. Out		StarSwitch Ready		
0	SMA Female	0	No Output	0	No		
1	N-Type Female	1	U/C & D/C	1	Yes		
		2	U/C Only				
		3	D/C Only				

Note: If connected to a StarSwitch, No Bias Voltage Output is allowed.

**Option Descriptions:** 

- 1<sup>st</sup> Digit IF Frequency, Options 3 and 4 are set for inverted spectrum.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Digit Standard 950 to 1525 MHz, Extended 950 to 1950 MHz
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Digit Bias voltage outputs are switchable in rear panel, if selected.
- 4<sup>th</sup> Digit A reference oscilator is built in to the main board. The high accuracy unit is optional.
- 5<sup>th</sup> Digit D/C Input and U/C Output Port Type (J4 & J10)
- 6<sup>th</sup> Digit The output from the 10 MHz reference oscilator may be connected to either or both.
- 7<sup>th</sup> Digit StarSwitch Ready includes output connections to J5 and J8 for control between the Starswitch and the LT3600.

UPCONVERTER			
Input Frequency Range	50 to 90 MHz		
Input Impedance	50 Ohms		
Input Level Range	-20 to -40 dBm		
Output Frequency Range	950 to 1525 MHz		
	950 to 1950 MHz (Optional)		
Output Impedance	50 Ohms		
Output Return Loss	18dB		
Conversion Gain	10 to 30 dB (0.5 dB steps)		
Gain Linearity (over 10 dB)	<u>+</u> 0.5 dB		
Gain Linearity (over 20 dB)	<u>+</u> 1.0 dB		
Gain Stability (0 to +50 °C)	<u>+</u> 0.75 dB		
Amplitude Response (over any 36 MHz)	<u>+</u> 0.75 dB		
Amplitude Response (over 875 MHz)	<u>+</u> 1.0 dB		
Output Power (1 dB GCP)	+10 dBm (minimum)		
3 <sup>rd</sup> Order Intermodulation (for 2 car. each at 0 dBm o/p)	-40 dBc		
Spurious (at 0 dBm output)	-55 dBc		
Non-Carrier	-60 dBm		
Transmit Spectrum Sense	Non-Inverting or Inverting		
Noise Power Density	-125 dBm/Hz		
DOWNCONVERTER			
Input Frequency Range	950 to 1950 MHz		
Input Impedance	50 Ohms		
Input Level Range	-75 to -35 dBm		
Output Frequency Range	50 to 90 MHz		
Output Impedance	50 Ohms		
Input Return Loss	18dB		
Conversion Gain	25 to 45 dB (0.5dB steps)		
Gain Linearity (over 10 dB)	<u>+</u> 0.5 dB		
Gain Linearity (over 20 dB)	<u>+</u> 1 dB		
Gain Stability (0 to +50 °C)	<u>+</u> 1 dB		
Frequency Response (over 36 MHz)	<u>+</u> 0.75 dB		
Frequency Response (over 575 MHz)	<u>+</u> 1 dB		
Output Power (1 dB GCP)	<u>+</u> 10 dBm		
Non-Carrier	-55 dBm		
Spurious Over 52 to 88 MHz (at 0 dBm output)	-50 dBc		
Receive Spectrum Sense	Inverting or Non-Inverting		
Noise Figure	15 dB max		

Table 1-1	Integrated L-Band	<b>Specifications</b>
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OPTIONAL INTERNAL REFERENCE	
Reference Frequency	10.000 MHz
Stability (0 to +50 °C)	$\pm 2 \ge 10^{-8}$
Aging per Day	$\pm 1 \ge 10^{-9}$
Output Level (rear panel)	+ 12 dBm <u>+</u> 2 dB
Phase Noise @ 10 Hz	-115 dBc/Hz
100 Hz	-135 dBc/Hz
1 kHz	-145 dBc/Hz
10 kHz	< -150 dBc/Hz

Table 1-1	Integrated	L-Band	<b>Specifications</b>
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UPCONVERTER and DOWNCONVERTER				
Synthesizer Configuration	Dual U/C and D/C with			
	Independent Programmability			
Tx Synthesizer and Rx Synthesizer Step Size	125 kHz			
Parameter Memory Storage	Non-Volatile EEPROM			
L-Band Output Phase Noise:				
at 100 Hz Offset	-66 dBc/Hz			
at 1 kHz Offset	-76 dBc/Hz			
at 10 kHz Offset	-86 dBc/Hz			
at 100 kHz Offset	-96 dBc/Hz			
at 1 MHz Offset	-106 dBc/Hz			

INTERNAL REFERENCE	
Reference Frequency	10.000 MHz
Stability (0 to+50 °C)	<u>+</u> 1 PPM
Reference Output Calibration	<u>+</u> 10 Hz
Reference Programmable Control	<u>+</u> 20 Hz
Output Level (10 MHz on LB IN J4 coax)	-2 dBm <u>+</u> 2 dB
Output Level (10 MHz on LB OUT J10 coax)	-2 dBm <u>+</u> 2 dB
Output 2 <sup>nd</sup> Harmonic	-40 dBc

EXTERNAL REFERENCE INPUT	
Input Frequency	10.000 MHz
Input Level	0 to +13 dBm
Frequency Stability	As Required

CHASSIS PHYSICAL SIZE	
Height	1.75 inches
Depth	18 inches
Width	19 inches
Weight	12 lbs. max.

INTERFACE AND CONNECTORS	
Voltage (auto-ranging)	115/230 VAC <u>+</u> 15%
Internal Electronics (Power)	25 watts
StarSwitch Interface Connectors (Options)	DB-15 (Female)
Remote Serial Interface:	DB-9 (Male)
Standard: RS-422/RS-485 (J7)	
External SSPB Monitor and Control (J6)	DB-9 (Female)
DC Output to LNB on J4 (coaxial) (Options)	22 VDC @ 0.5 amps (max)
DC Output to SSPB on J10 (coaxial) (Options)	22 or 15VDC @ 2.0 amps (max)
Operational Temperature Range	0 to 50 °C

# Table 1-1 Integrated L-Band Specifications

#### 2.0 INTRODUCTION

This section defines the installation requirements by which the Integrated L-Band Up/Dn Converter will meet the published specifications.

#### 2.1 UNPACKING AND INSPECTION

Remove the unit from its shipping container and inspect for any damage sustained during shipment. Save the packing material for reshipment back to the factory or to another site. Report any damage to the shipping forwarder in accordance with required procedures.

#### 2.2 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

The LT-3600 is designed for mounting in a standard EIA 19-inch rack. The unit must be supported on the sides and space must be allowed at the side of the unit to permit the flow of cooling air. The unit should be installed in an environment that is within the environmental envelope described in Table 1-1. Primary power must be made available that is within the specified limits.

#### 2.3 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

The chassis is equipped with threaded inserts on either side for the installation of slides. Slides are not provided with the unit. The front panel is equipped with slots to accommodate user-supplied retaining screws.

# CAUTION

#### MOUNTING THE UNIT BY ONLY THE FRONT PANEL WILL CAUSE EXTENSIVE DAMAGE.

#### 2.4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

All electrical connections are made to the rear panel of the unit. The following describes the rear panel connectors and its interface requirements. The chassis ground is a #10-32 lug on the back panel.

#### 2.4.1 Power Input

This connector is an IEC 320-C14 male and will accept any compatible mating connector. The power cord supplied as standard with the unit is equipped with a NEMA 5-15P male plug at the opposite end and is compatible with most 115 VAC supplies. The unit is manufactured with a Universal Input Power supply that will accept voltages in the range of 115 or 230 +/-15% VAC.

# CAUTION

DAMAGE MAY RESULT IF THE INCORRECT VOLTAGE IS APPLIED TO THE UNIT.

#### 2.4.2 L-Band Output (J10)

This connector is selectable as an SMA or N-Type female. The mate (not supplied) should be compatible with the 50-ohm coax used to connect to the system.

# CAUTION

DC OUTPUT CURRENT MAY BE PRESENT ON J4 AND J10 DEPENDING ON POWER OPTIONS SUPPLIED FOR THE SSPB AND LNB.

#### 2.4.3 IF Input (J9)

This connector is a BNC female. The male mate (not supplied) should be compatible with the 50-ohm coax used to connect to the system.

#### 2.4.4 IF Output (J3)

This connector is a BNC female. The male mate (not supplied) should be compatible with the 50-ohm coax used to connect to the system.

#### 2.4.5 L-Band Input (J4)

This connector is selectable as an SMA or N-Type female. The male mate (not supplied) should be compatible with the 50-ohm coax used to connect to the system.

Installation

### 2.4.6 External 10 MHz Input (J2)

This connector is a BNC female. The male mate (not supplied) should be compatible with the 50-ohm coax used to connect to the system.

## 2.4.7 SSPB Interface (J6)

This connector is a 9-pin female miniature type "D" connector with standard #4-40 female screw-lock hardware mounting. The mating shell, pins, and strain relief are not supplied. Outputs are open collector and inputs have internal 1K full PS to +5V. The pin-out is as follows:

- Pin 1 SSPB Band Control Output -(Low = Lo Band)
- Pin 2 Amplifier Fault Open (Hi) = ALM
- Pin 3 Thermal Alarm Input Open (Hi) = ALM
- Pin 4 Lock Alarm Input Open (Hi) = ALM
- Pin 5 Up/Dn Converter Ground
- Pin 6 SSPB Attenuator/Enable Control (Lo = Enable)
- Pin 7 Not Used
- Pin 8 SSPB Detector Input + Analog 0-5V
- Pin 9 SSPB Detector Input Analog 0-5V

#### 2.4.8 Remote Serial I/O Interface (J7)

This connector is a 9-pin male miniature type "D" connector with standard #4-40 female screw-lock hardware mounting. The mating shell, pins, and strain relief are not supplied. The electrical interface to this connector is for a standard RS-422/485 bus. This port may be reconfigured for RS-232 as shown below. For bus protocol requirements, refer to Section 3-3. The convention used for the signals is a logic Hi for Mark (Rest) and a logic Lo for Space. The pin-out is as follows for RS-422/485:

- Pin 1 Rx -
- Pin 2 Rx +
- Pin 3 Tx +
- Pin 4 Tx -
- Pin 5 Ground
- Pin 6 Alarm Relay: Common
- Pin 7 Alarm Relay: Normally Closed
- Pin 8 Not Used
- Pin 9 Alarm Relay: Normally Open

Port J7 may be reconfigured for RS-232 interface by changing the following jumpers locations on the main board inside the converter:

main board miside the converter.				
Serial Port	RS-422/485	RS-232		
JP3	Jumpers On	Jumpers On		
TXD SER 0	1-2 5-6 7-8	13-14		
RXD SER 1	9-10 11-12	15-16		
(Standard)	17-18			
JP3	3-4 5-6 7-8	13-15		
TXD SER 1	9-10 11-12	14-16		
RXD SER 0	19-20			
JP2	Remove	Install		

The pinout for RS-232 is as follows:

Pin 1 Not Used

Pin 2 Rx +

Pin 3 Tx +

Pin 4 Not Used

Pin 5 Ground

- Pin 6 Alarm Relay: Common
- Pin 7 Alarm Relay: Normally Closed
- Pin 8 Not Used
- Pin 9 Alarm Relay: Normally Open

# 2.4.9 High Stability 10 MHz Reference Output (J1) (Optional Connector)

This connector is a BNC female. BNC jumper cable is supplied with this option for connection to J2.

#### **2.5 OPERATIONAL CHECK**

To verify that the basic functions of the unit are operational, it is recommended that the following check-out procedure be followed prior to final system integration. If there are any questions regarding performing the indicated operations, refer to Section 3-3.

# 2.5.1 Setup

Connect the unit to a primary power source and turn on the power switch at the front of the unit. Verify that the power led is illuminated. If the power led is not illuminated, check the power cord and fuse. A spare 3.15 A fuse is provided inside the power connector.

Switch the primary power off and connect the IF out, LB in, IF in and the LB out at the rear of the chassis to J3, J4, J9 and J10 respectively. Re-establish the primary source of power. The Front display will light and status will be displayed.

# SECTION 3

#### **3.0 INTRODUCTION**

The Up/Down Converter can be controlled from the front panel or remotely via a serial bus located on the rear panel of the converter. Various menus are available for **EDIT** and **DISPLAY** purposes. See Figure 3-2 for a listing of the menus. Section 4 gives a complete description of the bus commands and conventions for operating the converter remotely.



Figure 3-1 Front Panel Controls and Indicators

Operation





Figure 3-3 Satellite Memory

#### 3.1 StarSwitch Operation

The LT3600 UP/DOWN Converter may be used in conjunction with the StarSwitch to provide redundancy switch over operations if configured as StarSwitch Ready. The following modes of operation may be selected.

#### 3.1.1 Auto Mode

Upon reaching the StarSwitch Menu the information shown in Figure 3-4 will be displayed. The Information Window can have three selections, AUTO, STBY, or ON. The converter's default is AUTO. Any of the three selections stated previously can be made, and will be activated when the ENTER key is pressed.

If a particular converter is in the AUTO mode, and an alarm is activated, it will be backed up by the backup converter if there are no other alarms in the system. REMEMBER: ONE AND ONLY ONE ALARM IN THE SYSTEM CAUSES A SWITCHOVER.



Figure 3-4 StarSwitch Display – Auto Selection

#### 3.1.2 StandBy Mode

When STBY has been selected, the display will change to the display shown in Figure 3-5a. In this mode the converter with this selection will be backed up if there are no other alarms in the system. Upon switchover to the backup converter, the display will change to Figure 3-5b indicating STBY in the Activity Window. Under normal operation the Summary Alarm would only be ON if there were another alarm activated on the converter, however in this case, the Summary Alarm is forced to be ON regardless of the state of the other alarms. The operator can still view the state of alarms via the other menus, i.e. if an alarm has been activated it will be displayed, however the Summary Alarm will always be ON.



Figure 3-5 StarSwitch Display – STBY Selection

#### 3.1.3 ON Mode

When ON Mode has been selected, the display will change to the display shown in Figure 3-6. This mode is the opposite to the STBY mode, in that the Summary Alarm is turned OFF, so even if there was a valid alarm, the converter would not show a Summary Alarm. As in the STBY mode the operator can still view the state of the alarms via the other menus, i.e. if an alarm has been activated it will be displayed, however the Summary Alarm will be OFF.

NOTE: If the converter is already in STBY mode, a change to the ON mode will not occur, unless there is no alarm in the system.



Figure 3-6 StarSwitch Display – ON Selection

#### 3.1.4 Backup Converter Operation

The Backup Converter must be programmed to store all of the Converter Frequencies and Gains in the system, in its Satellite Memory Locations, corresponding to the Converter Number (1 to 8) labeled on the StarSwitch Interface cables. Figure 3-7 shows the Backup Converter in Auto Mode ready to Backup any converter in the system and after backing up Converter 2.



#### Figure 3-7 StarSwitch Display – Backup Converter

#### 3.1.5 StarSwitch Alarm

The StarSwitch Alarm is displayed as "Fault" in the StarSwitch Menu Window on the Backup Converter only. A fault indicates either an internal StarSwitch Unit failure or a Power Off condition detected on any one of the Converters in the system. The StarSwitch Alarm however, does not activate the Summary Alarms, and the Backup Converter will still backup an Online Converter when it is powered down. Figure 3-8 shows the Backup Converter display after Converter 1 has been powered off and the Backup has taken over.

Figure 3-8 StarSwitch Display – Fault Indication

#### 3.1.6 Dual StarSwitch Operation

Each LT3600 Converter has two StarSwitch Interface connectors (J8, Main and J5, Secondary) to control two StarSwitch Units, for systems where switching for both Up and Down Converter sections is required. The two interfaces are not independent as an alarm in either Up or Down Converter system will cause both to switch to the backup converter. This is necessary since a failed unit, including both Up and Down Converter sections, will need to be removed for service. Ensure that J8, Main Interface, is used if only one StarSwitch Unit is configured in the system.

# 3.2 Front Panel Alarm Settings

	<u>Menu F</u>	age	<u>Active</u> <u>Modes</u>	<u>Mask</u> (Default)	Comment
1)	Starswitch Auto ON STBY		ON	Auto	Must select "Auto" Mode when Starswitch is not present. Forces summary alarm to OFF (see Starswitch operation). Forces summary alarm to ON (see Starswitch operation).
2)	Front Panel Mute Alarm Tone On		Muted On	Muted	Mutes audio tone when in alarm. (has no effect on Summary Alarm condition). Audio Tone will indicate an Alarm.
3)	Referen Oscillat		N/A Act OK Bad	N/A	Disable Alarm if External Reference Oscillator is not present. Activate for External Reference Alarm (select in Edit Mode). External Reference is detected (Active Mode) External Reference is not detected (Active Mode).
4)	LNB		N/A Act OK Bad	N/A	Disable Alarm if LNB (or BDC) is not present. Activate for LNB supply current Alarm (select in Edit Mode). LNB supply current is within acceptable range (Active Mode) LNB supply current is not within acceptable range (Active Mode)
	SSPB	Lck	N/A Act OK Bad	N/A	Disable Alarm if SSPB (or BUC) is not present. Activate for SSPB, PLL Alarm (select in Edit Mode). SSPB, PLL is Locked (Active Mode) SSPB, PLL is not Locked (Active Mode)
5)		Amp	N/A Act OK Bad	N/A	Disable Alarm if SSPB (or BUC) is not present. Activate for SSPB, Amplifier Summary Alarm (select in Edit Mode). SSPB, Amplifier Summary Alarm is OFF (Active Mode) SSPB, Amplifier Summary Alarm is ON (Active Mode)
		Therm	N/A Act OK Bad	N/A	Disable Alarm if SSPB (or BUC) is not present. Activate for SSPB, Thermal Alarm (select in Edit Mode). SSPB, Thermal Alarm is OFF (Active Mode) SSPB, Thermal Alarm is ON (Active Mode)

# **SECTION 4**

#### Serial Command Set

#### 4.0 GENERAL

The standard Up/Dn Converter is controlled via a rear panel serial link (RS-422/485)(Reconfigurable to RS-232). With the front panel control, a user can operate the L-Band Up/Dn Converter from its front panel as well as from the serial link. This section describes the format for the ASCII serial control as well as front panel operation.

Note: Some commands and status strings have been changed as of Software Release v7.70 (main board) and v5.20 (front panel). Units marked with "Rev A" on the rear panel support the new protocol.

#### 4.1 LT-3600 SERIAL INTERFACE

The serial interface format to the Up/Dn Converter for RS-422 is identical to the RS-485 format except that under RS-485, the format includes an address field (aa in the format below).

#### **4.2 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL**

Baud Rate:	9600
Parity:	None
Data Bits:	Eight
Start Bits:	One
Stop Bits:	One

#### 4.2.1 General Data Format

 $\{aaCND...\}$ 

#### Where:

{	= Start byte
aa	= 2 character address (00 to 50, remote interface only)
С	= 1 character, either C (Command) or S (Status)
Ν	= 1 number 0 to 9, A,B,C Command or Status Number
D	= 1 or more Data characters (depending on command)
}	= Stop byte

Note: The address is only used in the RS-485 mode when having several addressable units communicating with one station.

#### 4.3 COMMANDS

#### 4.3.1 Set UP/Converter Frequency

{aaC1xxxxx} Where xxxx(x) = First 4 numeric data characters Range: 0950 to 1525 (MHz) for Std. Band units Range: 0950 to 1950 (MHz) for Extended Band units Where (xxxx)x = Fifth character is fractional MHz as follows 0 = 0.0 MHz1 = +0.125 MHz2 = +0.250 MHz3 = +0.375 MHz 4 = +0.500 MHz5 = +0.625 MHz 6 = +0.750 MHz7 = +0.875 MHz Note: If only four charactors entered, 0 is assumed as fifth digit. 4.3.2 Set DOWN/Converter Frequency {aaC2xxxxx} Where xxxx(x) = First 4 numeric data characters Range: 0950 to 1950 (MHz) for Std and Extended Band units Where (xxxx)x = Fifth character is fractional MHz as follows 0 = 0.0 MHz1 = +0.125 MHz2 = +0.250 MHz3 = +0.375 MHz 4 = +0.500 MHz5 = +0.625 MHz6 = +0.750 MHz7 = +0.875 MHz Note: If only four charactors entered, 0 is assumed as fifth digit. 4.3.3 Set UP/Converter Gain {aaC3xxxx} Where xxxx = 4 numeric data characters Range: +100 to +300 (+10.0 dB to +30.0 dB) in 0.5 dB steps 4.3.4 Set DOWN/Converter Gain Where xxxx = 4 numeric data characters {aaC4xxxx} Range: +250 to +450 (+25.0 dB to +45.0 dB) in 0.5 dB steps 4.3.5 Set Internal 10 MHz Ref Oscillator Offset

#### {aaC5xxx} Where xxx = 3 numeric data characters Range: 000 to 255 (0 through 10 volts)

#### 4.3.6 Enable SSPB

{aaC6x}	Where $x = 0$ to disable SSPB control
	and $x = 1$ to enable SSPB control

#### 4.3.7 DOWN/Converter (LNB) Spectrum Control

{aaC7x} Where x = 0 for Non-Inverting spectrum and x = 1 for Inverting spectrum

#### 4.3.8 UP/Converter Spectrum Control

{aaC7TXz} Where z = 0 for Non-Inverting spectrum and z = 1 for Inverting spectrum

#### 4.3.9 SSPB Band Control

{aaC8x} Where x = 0 for SSPB Std.Band control and x = 1 for SSPB Extended Band control

#### 4.3.10 Set SSPB Gain (Attenuation)

{aaC9xx} Where xx = 2 data characters (sign and number) Range: -8 to -0 (-8 to 0 dB) or ++ for full on.

#### 4.3.11 Enable UP/Converter

{aaCAx} Where x = 0 to disable or mute the transmitter and x = 1 to enable or un-mute the transmitter

#### 4.3.12 Enable DOWN Converter

{aaCBx} Where x = 0 to disable or mute the DOWN/Converter and x = 1 to enable or un-mute the DOWN/Converter

#### 4.3.13 Satellite Memory Store

{aaCSSxyyyyyyyy}} Where x = Number from 0 to 9 (memory position) y = ASCII character making up to a 10 character name for the satellite

> Stores current UP and DOWN Converter Frequencies and Gains to storage position specified along with a Text name for that satellite is so desired.

#### 4.3.14 Satellite Memory Recall

{aaCSRx} Where x = Number from 0 to 9 (memory position) Recalls saved satellite settings of Frequencies and Gains to the current set-up.

#### 4.3.15 StarSwitch Mode Select

{aaCWx} Where x = A - Auto Modex = S - Standby Mode

x = O - ON Mode

#### **4.4 STATUS REQUESTS**

#### 4.4.1 Command Status

{aaS1} Returns:

{aaS1bbbbccccddddeeeefffUL}

Where bbbb = Up/Converter Frequency (as above) cccc = Down/Converter Frequency (as above) ddd = Up/Converter Gain eeee = Down/Converter Gain fff = Ref. Osc. Offset U = 0 for Non-Inverting Up/Converter, 1 for Inverting L = 0 for Non-Inverting LNB, 1 for inverting

#### 4.4.2 Fractional Frequency Status

{aaSF} Returns:	{aaSFxy}	
	Where: Where:	x = U/C Fractional Frequency (0 to 7, in 125 kHz increments) y = D/C Fractional Frequency (0 to 7, in 125 kHz increments)

#### 4.4.3 Level Status

{aaS2} Returns:

{S2MLffppeett}

Where:		ASCII-hex Char. MSN of bitmapped status licates no alarm in group				
	D7 – 1	D7 - Low = SSPB Lock Alarm				
	D6 – 1	Low = SSPB Thermal Alarm				
	D5 – 1	Low = SSPB Amp Alarm				
	D4 – 1	Low = LNB Alarm				
Where:	L = A	L = ASCII-hex Char. LSN of bitmapped status				
	F indicates no alarm in group					
	D3 – Low = Ext. 10 MHz Ref. Osc. Alarm					
	D2 – 1	D2 – Low = Down/Converter Synthesizer Alarm				
	D1 – 1	D1 - Low = Up/Converter Synthesizer Alarm				
	D0 - Low = Summary Alarm					
Where:	ff =	2 Chars., Forward SSPB Power Detection				
		Range: 00 or 16 to 40 (dBm) $(00 = No SSPB)$				
Where:	pp =	2 Chars., L-Band Output Level Detection				
		Range: 25 to +5 (-25 to +5 dBm)				
Where:	rr =	2 Chars., IF Output Level Detection				
		Range: 25 to +5 (-25 to +5 dBm)				
Where:	tt =	2 Chars., on board Temperature Monitor				
		Range: 00 to 70 (0 to 70°C)				
		,				

4.4.4 L-Band Status {aaS3}	i				
Returns:	{S3bbCddTReeN}				
	Where:	<ul> <li>bb = 2 Chars., LNB current Detection Range: 00 to 99 (0 - 990 mA)</li> <li>C = 1 Character, SSPB Band Control Range: 0 = low band, 1 = high band</li> <li>dd = 2 Characters, SSPB Gain Range: -8 to -0 or ++ (dB) ++ = Full On</li> <li>T = 1 Character, Up/Converter enable Range: 0 = disable, 1 = enable</li> <li>R = 1 Character, Down/Converter enable Range: 0 = disable, 1 = enable</li> <li>ee = 2 Character, SSPB current detection Range: 00 to 30 (0 - 3.0 A)</li> <li>N = 0 for SSPB Disable, 1 SSPB Enable</li> </ul>			
4.4.5 Set Cable Slop {aaFx}	<b>De Factor</b> Where:	x = numeric character			
	where.	Range: 0 to 5 (dB/500 MHz)			
4.4.6 Query Cable S ${aaF}$	lope Factor				
Returns:	$\{F = x\}$				
	Where:	x = numeric character Range: 0 to 5 (dB/500 MHz)			
4.4.7 Serial Number {aaID}					
Returns:	{aaIDyymmddxxxx}				
	Where :	yy = last 2 digits of year mm = month dd = day xxxx = 4 digit sequence number			
4.4.8 Query Software Version {aaV}					
Returns:	{aaVr.ii}				
	Where:	r = Software Release number (1 - 9) ii = Software Issue number (00 - 99)			

<b>4.4.9 Query</b> {aaZ}	Card Type	
Returns:	{aaZxx}	
	Where:	<ul> <li>xx = L-Band Card Type (1 – 8)</li> <li>10 = 70 MHz IF, Std. Band Unit (SBU)</li> <li>20 = 140 MHz IF, SBU</li> <li>11 = 70 MHz IF, Ext Band Unit (EBU)</li> <li>21 = 140 MHz IF, EBU</li> <li>50 = 70 MHz IF, SBU with Inv. Up/Converter Spectrum</li> <li>60 = 140 MHz IF, EBU with Inv. Up/Converter Spectrum</li> <li>51 = 70 MHz IF, EBU with Inv. Up/Converter Spectrum</li> <li>61 = 140 MHz IF, EBU with Inv. Up/Converter Spectrum</li> </ul>
<b>4.4.10 Satel</b> {aaSSx}	lite Memory Status Q	uery
Returns:	Where {aaSSxbbbbccccddd	x = Number from 0 to 9 (memory position) deeee}{aayyyyyyyyy}
	Where:	<ul> <li>x = The number of the Satellite Memory location</li> <li>bbbb = Frequency for the Up/Converter</li> <li>cccc = Frequency for the Down/Converter</li> <li>dddd = Gain for the Up/Converter</li> <li>eeee = Gain for the Down/Converter</li> <li>y = ASCII character making up to a 10 character</li> <li>name for the satellite</li> </ul>
	lite Fractional Freque	ency Status
{aaSGn} Returns:	Where: {aaSGnxy}	n = Number from 0 to 9 (memory position)
	Where:	n = The number of the Satellite Memory position. x = U/C Fractional Frequency (0 to 7, in 125 kHz increments) y = D/C Fractional Frequency (0 to 7, in 125 kHz increments)
<b>4.4.12 StarS</b> {aaSW}	witch Status	
Returns:	{aaSWxnyz}	
	Where:	$      x = O - ON \ (Current Status)       X = S - STBY \ (Current Status)       n = - No Converter Backed Up, (Space)       n = 1 - Converter 1 Backed Up, (1 to 8)       y = A - Auto Mode       y = S - STBY Mode       y = O - ON Mode       z = G - SW ALM Green (Normal)       z = R - SW ALM Red (Fault) $

# Appendix A

# **Manual Revision History**

C – Add Starsw menu	M. Neely	2-03-05	D. Snyder	2-03-05	6323
B – Add Satellite Menu Info	M. Neely	10-14-05	D. Snyder	10-5-05	6129
A – Gain signs	M. Neely	8-15-05	D. Snyder	8-15-05	6020
- Original Release	M. Neely	11-5-04	D. Snyder	11-5-04	5442
Rev. No/change	Revised By	Date	Approved By	Date	ECO#

### Appendix B

#### **CCA Software Revision History**

- 7.72 StarSwitch Menu and Status Update
- 7.71 Added RS-485 address to Fractional Frequency Status
- 7.70 High/Low gains with signs, M&C changes (July 05)
- 7.56 1950 MHz limit, invert ref. osc. alarm (May 05)
- 7.55 Freq. and gain limits, fixed starswitch 485 address (Feb. 05)
- 7.54 Original (Jan. 05)

# Appendix C Display Panel Software Revision History

- 5.22 StarSwitch Alarm display message is now "Fault" was "Bad".
- 5.21 Reversed Relay Alarm now energized in no alarm condition.
- 5.20 Gain signs added, U/C Spectrum invert (July 05)
- 5.03 Fix Display errors (Jan. 05)
- 5.01 Original (Dec. 04)