# brother.

BAS-411

# SINGLE HEAD ELECTRONIC EMBROIDERY MACHINE

# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**



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#### The features of machine

**Specifications** 

- 1) This interactive machine enables even a complete beginner to easily embroider patterns from monograms to multi-colored patterns.
- 2) This machine can be used in three different ways to respond to the various needs of the users:

alone with the editing system

connected with the communication line to operate the five machines at one time.

- 3) By setting a program in advance, thread changing and trimming can be done automatically. Up to 99 colors can be put in a pattern and up to 168,000 stitches can be added to the memory.
- Its wide sewing area is V285mm × H450mm. Also, the removal of the embroidery frame can be done easily.
- 5) Its wide variety of editing functions enables complex embroideries for many different purposes.
- 6) Besides 28 letter styles for the alphabet, it has an optional design frame and design floppy disks which include the patterns of animals, flowers, sports and zodiac signs. If the tape reader (optional) is connected, the tapes and the floppy disks of Tajima, and the tapes of Barudan can be used.
- 7) Quick entry of alphanumerics is now possible with its easy-to-use keyboard.
- By removing the table and using the cylindrical bed, embroidery for tubelar materials can be done effortlessly. Embroidery on the caps can also be done using the cap frame device.



Embroidery machine used	9 needle embroidery machine Pattern embroidery					
Application						
Sewing speed	Maximum 1000 spm ( 6 levels) normal rotation rate 650 spm					
Sewing area	V285mm × H450mm					
Stitch length	0.1 mm - 12.7 mm (minimum pitch 0.1 mm)					
Storage medium	3.5" 2DD.2HD (for letter data) floppy disk					
Bobbin thread trimming	Automatic thread trimmer Bobbin thread winding with exclusive motor Needle thread breakage detector Single phase 240V, 220V, 200V, 120V maximum 500VA 165kg					
Bobbin thread winding						
Needle thread breakage						
Power supply						
Weight						
Dimensions	W1050 mm x L940 mm x H1380 mm					
Options	Paper tape reader, design floppy disks, design frame, embroidery hoops in each size, holder base, ML651 lamp set, cap framedevice, boring attachment, marking light					

# Setting up

### spool stands (9) thread guide-spool shaft operation panel thread tension dial key board thread take-up thread take-up cover contrast dial of liquid crystal display speed dial embroidery hoop X•Y carriage table guard bar power switch disc drive J.

\*Standard hoop and holder base

CHAPTER

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1

•Embroidery hoop ..... plastic square hoop (45 × 32)



\*Optional accessories (sold separately)

Cap frame device
 Boring attachment
 Design floppy disks .... sports, flowers, animals, zodiac signs, design frame
 Tubular frame holder base(24 × 30)

Holder base ..... holder base assembly

•Floppy disk for 28 letter styles of the alphabet

Embroidery hoops (including spider net hoops) in various sizes are also available.

### 2 Installation (1)

After installing, get the power supply from an dedicated outlet .

### **1** Carrying machine

When holding the machine, be sure to hold the machine body (frame). [NOTE] Do NOT hold the table or the guard bar.

#### 2 Installing machine



Secure the level adjusters • so that the upper surface of the table is horizontal.
 If the table wobbles, loosen the nuts • and turn the level

adjusters 1 to adjust.

When moving the machine, lift the level adjusters **()** so that the machine can be moved by the casters **(3)** on the machine body.

### Installing operation panel



- 1) Attach the keyboard cable ② and the grounding wire ① to the keyboard stand ③ with screws and the cord holder.
- Attach the keyboard 
   • to the keyboard stand 
   • with four screws.
- [NOTE] At this time, the shorter grounding wire should be attached with one of the four screws.
- 3) Plug the keyboard cable ③ to the keyboard ④ and secure with screw ⑦.
- [NOTE] At this time, the longer grounding wire should be attached with the screw.

## Instaltation (2)



Attach the screws  ${\pmb 0}$  so that the panel is in the best position for the operator to use.

- **4** Installing guard bar
- 1) Loosen the screws, and covers RD () and LD (2).
- 2) Insert the guard bar 🕲 and attach it with the bolt and washer from the bottom side of the frame.
- 3) Install covers RD 1 and LD 2 with the screws.



**5** Setting up machine



Before shipping, the machine is set as shown in the figure on the left.

Turn the clutch knurl ① until its red mark ② is on the needle bar case side. The machine will be in the automatic jump condition. This is the standard condition of the machine.

[NOTE] Refer to the note on P.32 " [4] Preparation of machine (1)."

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3 Eubrication (1)

Lubrication is necessary for keeping the machine in good condition.

Every day before using the machine, add 1-2 drop(s) of oil at the each arrow in the figure.

- [NOTE] ① Be sure to use the brother-specified sewing machine oil for lubrication.
  - ② Too much lubrication may cause the oil to drip on the material.
- 1) Lubricate the six places at the arrows.



Add a drop of oil at the rail of the rotary hook.
 [NOTE] Do not lubricate other than the rotary hook.



3) Lubricate the two places of each needle of the needle bar. (18 places should be lubricated in total.)



3

Move the needle bar case all the way to the right or the left side. From the side of the machine head, apply one or two drop(s) of grease to the base needle bar and the base needle bar felt. When the machine is used every day, lubricate daily before using.



### 4 Replacing bobbin

1. Removing bobbin case

#### 2. Replacing bobbin

3. Attaching bobbin case



- Open the rotary hook assembly cover ①.
- 2) Hold the knob ② and remove the bobbin case.
- Close the knob and remove the bobbin <sup>(2)</sup>.



- 1) Put the bobbin in the bobbin case.
- Slide the thread under the tension spring 
   through the notch O.
- Pull out the thread about 50mm.



- Hold the knob ② and attach the bobbin case.
- 2) Close the cover ①.
- The standard tension of the bobbin thread should be about 20-30g.

#### 5 Replacing needle



#### Materials and needle selection

Fabric type	Needles	Needle numbers
Denim Leather		#14, #16, #18
Handkerchief	DB x K5	#9~#10
Shirt		#11,
Towel	· .	#12, #13

#### 1. Removing needle

Loosen the thumb screw  $\, oldsymbol{0} \,$  and remove the needle  $\, oldsymbol{\partial}$  .

#### 2. Attaching needle

With the flat side facing the front, insert the needle all the way until it meets the end of the needle bar. Tighten the thumb screw ① firmly.

- [NOTE] Set the needle so that the notched part comes on the rotary hook side.
- [NOTE1] When using special threads such as the gold, silver and ramé yarn, use a heavy-duty needle (#11-#16). For better finishing, paste the waxed paper on the back of the material.
- [NOTE2] For general materials, use DB x K5 #11 to #18 according to the thickness of the material. For knitted materials, use DB x K23 #11. Its round end prevents the knit thread from breaking.

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### 6 Winding bobble thread



- 1) Turn on the power.
- 2) Press the bobbin **0** on the bobbin winder shaft **2**.
- 3) Pass the thread through the thread guide S.
- 4) Wind the thread on the bobbin **①** several times in the direction of the arrow.
- 5) Press the bobbin presser ④.
  - [NOTE] If the thread is not wound evenly on the bobbin, loosen the screw ⊕ and move the thread guide ⊕right and left. When winding more thread on the bobbin, loosen the screw ⊕, then move the bobbin presser ⊕.
- 6) When the winding is finished, remove the bobbin from the bobbin winder shaft and trim the thread with the thread trimmer *♥*.
  - [NOTE 1] If the thread comes out from the thread guide ③, loosen the knob ③. If the thread is wound too loose, tighten the knob ⑤.
  - [NOTE 2] The thread winder motor does not operate if the circuit protector activated. In that case, leave the protector until it's cooled off. Then, press the protector switch ©.

If the protector is not cooled off, the switch does not work.

#### 7 Threading needle thread



#### Procedures

- 1) Pass the thread up through the hole of the thread guide from the stand spool. Then, pass the thread over around and up through the second hole of the thread guide according to the diagram.
- 2) String the thread by lifting each thread guide tension disk with a finger.
- 3) Pass the thread through the thread path via the thread guide tension disk.
- 4) Pass the thread through the thread guide, wrapping it once around around the tension disk clockwise.
- 5) Pass the thread through the upper hole of the 2-stage thread guide, then thread the thread breakage detector spring.
- 6) Put the thread on the inner thread guide through the hole of the thread take-up. Pass the thread through the inner thread guide again.
- 7) Put the thread into a hole of the lower thread guide, then pass it through the thread path of the needle clamp through the presser foot and finally through the eye of the needle.

Thread constant from the state of the second of the

#### **Needle thread tension**

8



If the needle thread tension is too high, turn the dial counterclockwise.

If the needle thread tension is too low, turn the dial clockwise.



Adjust the tension dial so that the needle thread is pulled to the back of the material, and the lower switch width is about 1/3 of the upper stitch width.

#### **Bobbin thread tension**



Keep the machine clean and unclogged to prevent machine trouble.



Keep the machine clean:

Remove dirt with a soft, dry cloth. If necessary, clean with the detergent-soaked cloth, then wipe off the detergent with a cloth dampened with (hot) water.

Caution:

Do not clean with benzene, thinner, or other volatile solvents.

#### 10 Standard adjustment (1)

#### **1** Adjusting needle bar height



Lower the needle bar to its lowest position. When the needle tip is raised 9 mm above the center of the rotary hook shaft, tighten the screw of the needle bar clamp ② so that the screw ● leans to the right 25° - 30°.

2) Lower the needle bar to its lowest position. Lightly press the stopper 🕲 to the cushion rubber 🛈 side. Then tighten the screw 🙃 so that it is positioned in the front.

[NOTE] Make sure that the stopper does not strike the needle bar guide rail.

10

#### When using the gauge (optional)



- 1) Loosen the screw () and remove the rotary hook () from the lower shaft.
- 2) Insert the gauge (option) into the lower shaft.
- 3) Loosen the screw (2) of the needle bar clamp (3). Turn the pulley until the needle tip lightly contacts the gauge.
- [NOTE] Do not use the flat part of the gauge at this time.
- 4) Tighten the screw ② of the needle bar clamp ③ firmly.
   [NOTE] Check the stopper adjustment procedure on page 11 again.

### 10 Stendard adjustment (3)

## 2 Adjusting timing of needle and rotary hook



1) Select the first needle bar **0**.

- 2) Remove two screws and the needle plate ②.
- 3) When the needle bar is raised 2.3 mm (201°) above its lowest position (180°), loosen the screw ④ of the rotary hook ④, and adjust so that the needle meets the rotary hook point. Then, temporarily tighten the two stop screws.

At this time, the needle bar height should be about 1 mm. (Figure A)

4) Select the ninth needle bar (5). If the gap between the needle and rotary hook point is 0.01 - 0.2 mm, tighten the three screws of the rotary hook.

#### **3** Adjusting cloth presser height



Adjust the cloth presser ① height with the cushion rubber ③. The cloth presser ① height should be raised 1 - 1.3 mm from the needle plate ② at the cloth presser's lowest position. (A sheet of the cushion rubber is 0.5 mm thick.)

# CHAPTER 2 Sewing procedures



# I DEFAULT SEWING

Default sewing of patterns (1)



To embroider the pattern above (four-colored, file name :STAFF) :





- 6. The entered file name is displayed on the second row.
- 7. Press the < ENTER > key.

A message, " Reading now " is displayed on the third row, then after a while, a "%" appears on the first row.

8. Press the < END > key to return to the main menu.

9. Press the < START > key to get into the sewing (function selection) mode.

10. Pressing the < START > key begins sewing.

The number on the LED indicators shown during sewing indicates the rotation of the sewing machine.

After needle number 1 sewing finishes, the next needle number is displayed.

(Mov N STR-P. TI	
NBN 1234	
NBN <u>1</u> 234	
TSt : 26633 Co:04	

11. After sewing, return to the sewing (function selection) mode again.

In this part, sewing a pattern with four colors ends with the needles in correct numerical order. The needle numbers can be set arbitrarily. Refer to "Sewing function " and " Needle bar setting".

To embroider "Brother" in default:



- 1. Turn on the power. The main menu [ENTER], [EDIT], [COMMUNICATE], [START(SEWING)] will be displayed.
- 2. Press the <ENTER> key on the operation panel to enter the data.
- 3. Type "Brother".
  - 1) For a capital "B", press the <SHIFT 1>key, then press the <B> key.
  - Release the <SHIFT 1> key by pressing it twice. Then press the <R>, <O>, <T>, <H>, <E>, and <R> keys.

\* The message < Reading now > will be displayed at the bottom of the operation panel. When all data of the seven letters is stored, the message will disappear.

4. Press the <END> key. The display will return to the main menu.

5. Press the <START> key for sewing.



6. Select the sewing position using the jog key.

7. Press the <START> key for sewing.

8. After sewing, the display will return to the sewing (function selection) mode again.

2 Default sewing (3)

#### <The default settings in the editing mode>

Screen (1)

Screen (2)

1	10.00	Å	F	V	Å,		Ŵ		ġ.	ŝ	Ĵ	'n	n	n	10 C		μ	4	1.	1	No.	ñ	Ĥ	'n.		0.00			- 100
÷.	10.20	Ì	N	K		10 A	V	Ľ,	1	C	]	F	]	n	Ť	ŝ	Ŷ	ŀ	IĽ	2007	Sec.	Ĉ	Ì		Ìr	n	m	1. S	N 100.10
۲.	69	22	33	2.5	-3.2	231	14	j,	58	8 %	2.5	. y .	12	20.	6 2	÷	517	: S :	e		Course		0.0	1.2.2				100	

LNG(V = vertical H = horizontal) All (W = width, H = height)

Screen (3)

Screen (4)

RePT	: H direc 1time	ੀ
SPC	: 000 mm	
ATHC	: 🗆 St 🛛 Hoop:Manu	3

STR R	: On	n an
BORING	: Off	
SHIFT	off.	

ROT = 000° MRR:J DNS = 1.0 THI = 1.0 HOP: X 225 mm Y 142 mm

Screen (5)

Satin	L 12.7 mm

NOTE: If the <AC> key is pressed when the editing menu is displayed, all the editing menu values except automatic thread trimming value will be reset to default. If the <\*> key is pressed once, the above screens will be displayed in sequence.

# 

- 1 Attaching embroidery hoop to holder base (1)
- 1 Attaching plastic square hoop to holder base



- 1) Attach the holder base ① to the X carriage ② and tighten the two screws ③. (Fit the protrusions of the X carriage in the holes that are closer to the center.)
- 2) Loosen the two screws (2) and set the plastic square hoop (5).
- 3) Fix the metal fittings on the left side of the hoop as shown in figure A, and fix the one on the right side of the hoop as shown in figure B. Secure the screws **Q**.

#### **2** Attaching tubular square hoop to holder base

[NOTE] Before using the tubular square hoop and the holder base, remove table (C) of the embroidery machine.



- 1) Attach the tubular square frame ② to the X carriage with the two screws ③ as shown in figure A. (Fit the protrusions ③ of the X carriage in the holes that are closer to the center.)
- Attach the metal fittings of the tubular square hoop ② as shown in figures B and C.
   When attaching them, lift the plate spring roller ③ slightly and be sure to fit the protrusions ③ of the holder base in the holes of the frame.
- 3) Improper setting of the material in the embroidery hoop may cause skipped stitches, thread breakage or puckering. Use the screw 🚱 for adjustment.

2 Inserting floppy disk



- [NOTE 1] If the floppy disk is not properly inserted, the data will not be read.
- [NOTE 2] Keep the floppy disk away from magnets and televisions, for the data on the disk can be damaged by magnetism.



Press the eject button to take out the floppy disk. Do not eject the disk while the drive indicator is on. 3

# sines and functions of keys on operation panel (1)







Use this key to;

- Convert the character code into character.
- etc.
- Receive data in the communication mode.
- ۰ exchange.
- cannot be set without color order function.



- Clear all the characters displayed in the data entry mode.
- Change the edit data into default.
- Cancel the sewing during suspension in the sewing mode.
- Set the color order to default in the needle bar setting mode.



Use this key to;

Use this key to;

Main functions of keys on operation panel

Clear the warning (needle thread breakage etc.). 

Start after the carriage moved to sewing start point. Restart in the sewing mode during suspension.

Select <START> after data entry.

- Finish needle setting.
- Exit from each menu in the editing mode and to exit from editing mode.

Embroider the data stored in just the state it was in last embroidered.

- Set the area, letter size, style number, letter thickness, sewing start point,

  - Set the pause (suspension mark "\*") or release it after the needle bar

  - Because the pause and the color order function work together, the pause



終了

END

非常停止 EMERGENCY

入力

ENTER

3

### Names and functions of keys on operation panel (2)

# Names and functions of keys on operation panel (3)





Use this key to;

- Delete the character on the cursor in the display
- Delete the characters one-by-one on the cursor while keeping set value.
- Cancel one cycle of repeat in sewing mode.

Use this key to;

- Move carriage at the beginning of sewing in any direction.
- Move cursor in the display forward and backward
- Restart forward and backward movement after thread breakage. (either stitch by stitch or every 100 stitches)
- Select color order in needle bar setting.



Use this key to;

• Enter communication mode and communicate with editing system or paper tape reader through communication line.



Use this key to;

- Edit after data entry.
- Select function out of the editing menu by the numeric key.
- \* In editing mode, BAS-411 can edit only brother data format (block data format). No other data format is available.

#### 3 Names and functions of keys on operation panel (4)



Use this key to set needle order when setting sewing start point and during suspension.

The maximum number of needle changes is 99.



Use this key to;

- Switch ON/OFF of thread breakage detector.
- Set the bobbin thread counter value.
- Switch ON/OFF of the bobbin thread counter.
- See the value on the stitch number counter.
- \* This key is available in sewing (function selection) mode.



Use this key to move X and Y carriages to attach or remove hoop or to superimpose material.

Only one hoop feed position can be set per embroidery cycle.
 The hoop feed position can be changed during sewing.
 This key is available when the machine is standing by or in suspension.



Use this key to move the needles manually, not related to the needle order.

This key is available during main menu mode, entry mode, editing mode, suspension and when the machine is standing by.

- \* Using this key does not change needle order. Therefore, when the sewing is begun, the needle that is set in the established needle order returns to needle hole.
- \* Press the needle number ( <1> <9> key ) to replace the needle manually.

[NOTE] This key is not available during sewing mode.

糸切り THREAD TRIMMING Use this key to trim manually.

- This key is available when;
- In main menu mode.
- Setting sewing start point.
- The machine is standing by or suspended.

functions of keys on operation panel 5



Use this key to;

- Display and check current editing data
- Sew on the mask line of character or pattern without thread when the machine is standing by prior to sewing.
  - Switch forward and backward movement of the needle from stitch by stitch to 100 stitches at a time. (when the machine is stopped during sewing.)
- Set color change command to change color in data entry mode.
- [NOTE] Color change command can be set between patterns or between characters. Color change commands cannot be set during one pattern or one character.

When color change command is set,  $a^*$  is displayed indicating the position of the command.

" $\star$ " cannot be inserted into received pattern data received in the communication mode.



Use this key to sew stitch by stitch in suspension or when the machine is standing by.

中断再開 RESTART Use this key if the power is cut off during sewing in order to restart the machine for the rest of embroidery.

[NOTE] When the power is on and the rest of data of last embroidery is stored, the X and Y carriages return to its home position and then move to the point where the embroidery was stopped and the machine suspends.

But, if the power is turned off during suspension and then turned on, the machine will work as described above without the function of this key.

The message displayed this time is the same as the one during suspension. Continue the rest of embroidery by pressing the <START> key.

If the data back up is lost, pressing the <RESTART> key will be a misoperation.

## 3 Names and functions of keys on operation panel (6

#### Alphanumeric and symbol keys







- Enter characters in alphanumeric mode.
- Enter 1-8 digit(s) code numbers (file name) in pattern mode.



Use this key to switch pattern mode, alphanumeric mode and code entry mode.

Up to 4 characters are allocated to each key and selected by the <SHIFT 1> and <SHIFT 2> keys.



- When shift 1(upper) indicator is lit; symbols, capital standard and European letters (on upper right) are available.

When shift 1(lower) indicator is lit; numbers , capital standard and European letters (on lower right) are available.



When shift 2 indicator is lit; numbers, capital standard and European letters (on upper left ) are available.

If neither shift key is lit; numbers, small standard and European letters (on lower left ) are available.



Use this key to leave a space between patterns. One space makes a 10 mm interval.



Operating procedure, data code number, letters entered, editing data and error messages are shown on the 3-line,15-letter display.



This indicator is lit when the thread breakage detector is working.



This indicator is lit when centering is selected.

文字入力コート CODE NO.	
回転数 SPEED	rpm.

ASCII code, code number (in entry mode), sewing speed (rotation) is displayed.

### 3 Names and functions of keys on operation panel (8)





The speed dial is used to select one of the 6 sewing speeds, according to the chart below.

The levels are set according to the stitch length. (not changeable)

0.1 - 4.8	4.9 - 8.2	8.3 - 12.7
1000rpm	650	450
750	600	450
650	550	450
550	500	450
	450	400
	350	350
	1000rpm 750 650	1000rpm     650       750     600       650     550       550     500       500     450



The contrast dial of liquid crystal display is used to adjust the darkness of the display.

# 1 Check the following before switching on the machine

1. THREAD	2. EMBROIDERY HOOP	3. NEEDLE THREAD POSITION
<ol> <li>Threading is proper?</li> <li>The needle is threaded?</li> <li>The bobbin thread is set?</li> <li>The needle thread is set?</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>The embroidery hoop securely clamps?</li> <li>The embroidery hoop increases the tension of the material?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The needle thread take-ups form a line?</li> <li>The needle bar is at its highest position?</li> </ul>

When the power switch is on, the message, "CAUTION MOVING!" is displayed and the buzzer sounds 'beep'. Then, the embroidery hoop automatically moves to the center of the X and Y carriages. At this time, check that there is nothing on the hoop which runs against the point of the needle or the presser foot.

[NOTE] When the power supply cord is connected, be sure to connect the grounding wire as illustrated in the figure below.


# 2 When turning on the power of the machine



1. If the following are displayed

(1)



3

[NOTE] When the needle bar and the pulley are not in the stop position or if even one of the needle thread takeups is not in line, lift the needle thread take-up with a finger.

The needle thread take-ups form a line by the movement of the stopper.

This message shows that the needle bar case is not aligned with the needle hole of the needle plate. The machine cannot operate if this occurs.

1. First of all, check that the needle bar stop position is correct.

When the red mark  $\Theta$  of the clutch knurl  $\mathbf{0}$  is on the side of the needle bar case, it is in the automatic jump condition. This is the normal position.

- Turn the shaft S slowly.
   If it is unusually heavy or does not turn, the needle thread take-up O or the needle bar is not in the proper position.
   Check again and adjust it.
   [NOTE] Do not turn the shaft forcefully.



4. Press the <START > key.

The needle bar is not in the proper position. Under this condition, it is impossible to move the needle bar to the proper position.

When the needle bar stop position is not proper :

1. Align the pulley index to the stop position.

 When the needle bar case comes to the proper position, the buzzer sounds 'beep', and the messages, "CAUTION MOVING!" and "Press START key" are alternately displayed.

[NOTE] Check that the needle bar does not go down.

If it does, set the needle bar in the proper needle bar stop position.

3. Press the <START> key.

The X and Y carriages move automatically to the home position of the embroidery area.

4. The main menu is displayed.



## 4 Preparation of machine (4)

The proper needle bar stop position



0

Looking into the inside from the gap, each needle bar is in the jump condition and at its highest point as in the left figure, the needle bar elevating block 3 is below so as not to run against the needle clamp 3.

All the needle thread take-ups are in a horizontal line.

- [NOTE] Check that the needle bar stop position is proper when turning on the power and when reopening to sew during standstill or pause.
  - (1) The needle thread take-ups should form a horizontal line.
  - (2) All the needle bars, including the needle bar in the sewing position, should line up at the highest position.

If the needle bar in the sewing position is down, it must be disengaged from the needle bar elevating block and returned to the highest position. To separate them, insert a screw driver in the gap according to the diagram, then push and rotate.

Once separated, the needle bar moves to the highest point by a spring.

# 2. If the X and Y carriages operate unusually (Clearing and resetting memory)

- 1. When turning on the power not during restarting, the X and Y carriages move to an abnormal position after returning to the home position (the center of the embroidery area).
- 2. After having exchanged the P-ROM on the main printed circuit board of the machine. (The power switch should be off in exchanging.)

### [Procedures in clearing and and resetting memory]

- 1. Turn off the power.
- 2. While pressing the <EMERGENCY> key, turn on the power. Keep on pressing the <EMERGENCY> key. Do not release it.
- After the message, "CAUTION MOVING!" is displayed, the X and Y carriages start to return to the home position or another message, "Turn Pulley" and so on, is displayed. Release the <EMERGENCY> key after that.
- 4. The inside memory storage is reset. The X and Y carriages return to the ordinary operation after turning on the power.

# 4

### 3. Restarting

In the following cases, the message will be displayed and sewing can be resumed. When the power of the machine is cut off because of a power cut during sewing, or if the power switch is turned on after having been turned off during suspension or sewing:

When the machine is suspended during sewing. Turning off the power : After the <EMERGENCY > key has been pressed. (1)When the machine is automatically suspended because of needle thread breakage, and so on.

> 1. Turn on the power. The embroidery hoop is automatically returned to the position where sewing was suspended before and the machine suspends.

> > TK" will be displayed.

2. Pressing the <START> key will start sewing. Pressing the <AC> key will cancel sewing. The message, AC>AC Resew > STR "Mov N STR-P. NBN : Co: RSt: AC START TK Mov N STR - P. sewing NBN : 1 Co: TSt :

-36-

# 4 Preparation of machine (6)



[NOTE] In (1) and (2), if more than a day passed with the power off, the memory will be erased and the restart cannot be done. Turning on the power will display the main menu.



### The main menu



main menu

This main menu is displayed at the completion of each step.

# The function of each item in the main menu

 [ENTER]
 Pressing the <ENTER> key will introduce the mode for entering the data of the letters and patterns.

 [EDIT]
 Pressing the <EDIT> key will open the mode for editing the data ---- arrangement, enlargement and reduction.

 [COMMUNICATE]
 Pressing the <COMMUNICATE> key will enable the system to start receiving the data from the editing system (optional) and the paper tape reader

[START (Sewing)] ..... Pressing the <START > key will begin the sewing mode.

(optional).

# When the main menu is displayed, the following modes can be selected using these keys.

[NEEDLE SELECT]	The needle can be replaced manually regardless of the setting in the NEEDLE SET mode.
€ <b>`</b>	Pressing the JOG key will move the hoop position.
[NEEDLE SET]	Pressing the <needle set=""> key will enter the NEEDLE SET mode.</needle>
[THREAD SENSOR]	Pressing the <thread sensor=""> key will: switch ON/OFF of thread breakage detector. set the bobbin thread counter value. switch ON/OFF of the bobbin thread counter. see the value on the stitch number counter. * This key is available in sewing (function selection) mode. Pressing the <thread trimming=""> key will perform thread trimming.</thread></thread>
[0]	Pressing the $<0>$ key will enter the test mode.

[NOTE] While above key s are available, they are not displayed in the main menu.

## Entering alphanumerics and symbols in alphabet mode (1)

1. When the alphanumeric mode is displayed, the alphanumerics and the symbols can be entered directly from the operation panel.

(This mode is used for entering the alphabet from the floppy disk.)



This is displayed in default.

The available keys on this display are:

Available key	Function		
Alphanumeric and Symbol keys	To type all letters To type only style number	[NOTE 1]	Changing the style number can be made by typing a number with two-digits while the
	To move cursor from side to side		cursor appears on the second row by pressing the $<\square >$ key. Press the $<\square >$ key in returning to the letter entry mode again. At this time, the cursor on the second row will disappear. Note that all set values are cleared. (Refer to page 20.) To change the style number of the stored letter, press the $<\square >$ key to display the curso on the second row. After entering the style number with a two-digit number, press the
	To switch entry mode (letter entry 与 style number) [NOTE 1]		
AC	To clear all data [NOTE 2]	[NOTE 2]	
<b>c</b>	To delete letters on cursor	the stored letter, p <[]> key to display t on the second row entering the style num a two-digit number, <enter> key. Only</enter>	
ENTER	To change style number of stored letter (style number entry mode)[NOTE 3]		
PATTERN	To change entry modes (alphabet mode, code mode, pattern mode)		<enter> key. Only a letter on the cursor can be changed.</enter>
END	To end entry mode		

# 2. Description of each setting item



If there is a highlighted letter among the displayed letters in the first row, the display will not [NOTE 4] exit from the alphabet mode. Moving the cursor in the first row under the highlighted letter, delete the highlighted letter by using the <CLEAR> key, or after deleting it by using the <AC> key, enter the letter with another style number again.

Entering alphanumatics and symbols in alphabet mode (2) ------

3. Changing the style number of the pre-stored letter

a the state of the	Move the cursor under the letter to be changed.
	While the cursor is displayed on the second row by pressing the $< \square >$ key, type the style number and press the $<$ ENTER $>$ key.
3.	The style number of the letter on the cursor on the first row has replaced the previous style number.
4.	The new style number appears on the third row. At this time, the cursor on the first row stays as it is. It does not move automatically.

# Entering alphanumerics and symbols in alphabet mode (3)

### 4. To type the letters of AB in practice

There e are 28 styles available including block letters, script, old English letters, italics in the alphabet (capital and lower case) and numbers. The alphabet and the numbers can be entered directly from the key board on the operation panel.



5. Pressing the <START> key will start sewing.



### 5. Selecting alphabet style

Different styles can be selected prior to entering the alphabet (capital and small) and the numbers. Examples of four styles of embroidering A B



-42-



### 1. Setting color change

2

The color change can be selected for every letter or pattern by entering the color change code in entry mode. Select the alphabet mode or the code mode when setting color change.

About a method of entering color change in alphabet mode



- 1. When entering a capital letter, light the <SHIFT 1> key (upper) or (lower), or the <SHIFT 2> key, pressing and entering the <A> key.
- Press the <\* > key to indicate color change. The color-change code is entered and the mark, "\*"which shows the color-change code, is displayed.
- 3. Press the  $\langle B \rangle$  key on the key board to enter the letter B.
- 4. Pressing the <END> key will return to the main menu.

If embroidering is done in the above setting, the color change will be automatically made from A to B, sewing continuously.

In case of entering in the code entry mode, press the <PATTERN> key to select the code entry mode.

# 3 Entering characters in code entry mode (1)



By pressing the <PATTERN> key, the code entry mode will be displayed.

While this is displayed, it may be used in entering the alphabet by code number from the floppy disc.

[NOTE 1] The alphabet should be entered as a two-digit ASCII code. Refer to the ALPHABET 28 TYPES CORRESPONDING LIST.

### The available keys on this display are:

Available key	Function	
Number key	To type ASCII code (using numerics and A, B, C, D, E, F) to type style number	
	To move cursor from side to side	
	To switch entry mode (ASCII code 与 style number)	
AC	To clear all data [NOTE 2]	
<b>c</b>	To delete character on cursor (In ASCII code mode, to delete 7SEG when 7SEG is displayed.)	
ENTER	To store letters	
PAITERN	To change entry modes (alphabet mode, code entry mode, pattern mode)	
(END)	To end entry mode	
[NOTE 2] Note that all set values are reared. (Refer to page		

20.)



### About [NOTE 1]

3

If the highlighted letter among the displayed letters is in the first row, the display will not exit from the code entry mode.

If the highlighted letter remains, there is no data for the letter. Move the cursor in the first row under the highlighted letter and delete the letter by pressing the <CLEAR> key.

# 3 Entering characters in code entry mode (3)

There are 28 styles of the alphabet, including European letters available in the floppy disc included with the machine.

Select the style to enter as a two- digit character number code of the alphabet. (Refer to the ALPHABET 28 TYPES CORRESPONDING LIST.)





- [NOTE 1] Pressing the  $\langle A \rangle, \langle E \rangle$  and  $\langle F \rangle$  keys are displayed by capital. Pressing the  $\langle B \rangle, \langle C \rangle$  and  $\langle D \rangle$  keys are displayed by small case.
- [NOTE 2] If a highlighted letter is displayed, there is no data for the letter or the data is in another floppy disk.
- [NOTE 3] If there is a highlighted letter, the display will not return to the main menu even if the <END> key is pressed. Either press the <CLEAR> key to erase the negative letter or insert another floopy disk and press the <END> key to get the correct data.
- [NOTE 4] The alphabet and numbers, according to terms, can be embroidered up to 45 letters.

# Entering color change in code entry mode

About a method of entering color change in code entry mode

4



- 1. Type the character code A, 41, on the key board.
- Press the <ENTER > key.
   "41" will disappear leaving "A" on the display.
- 3. To indicate a color change, type the code, 2A, on the key board.

"\*" is displayed in the first row. This shows that the color change code has been entered.

4. Next, type the character code B, 42 on the key board.

Press the <ENTER > key.
 "42" will disappear to show B on the display.

If embroidering is done in the above-setting, the color change will be automatically made from A to B, sewing continuously.

6. Pressing the <END > key will return to the main menu.

Letters can be changed after entering the character code.



5

# When having entered the character code number of A, not "41", but "44" by mistake



- Press the <CLEAR> key or the <AC> key. "43" disappears.
- 2. Press the character code of the A, 41 correctly. "41" is displayed.
- 3. Press the <ENTER > key. The A is stored.
- [NOTE 1] Letters can be changed after setting.



- Move the cursor under the B using the < ⊡ > key (the jog key).
- 2. Press the <CLEAR > key. The B on the cursor disappears.
- [NOTE] Pressing the <AC> key will delete all the displayed characters.

# 5 Correcting a letter (2)



3. Press the character code C, 43. "43" is displayed.

- Press the <ENTER > key.
   "43" is disappeared, and the display has been corrected to "AC".
- 5. Press the  $\langle END \rangle$  key.

The main menu will be displayed.

6 Percent latter opering

Entering the arrows will shift the letters stored 1 mm each in the direction of the arrow.

Changing the enlargement and reduction ratio can also change the letter positions up to 9.9 mm per arrow. To shift the letters more than 9.9 mm, simply enter multiple arrows and change the ratio as required. For example, to shift the letters AB 15 mm apart, enter  $A \leftarrow 1 \leftarrow 2$ , and specify an enlargement of 7 times for arrow 1, 8 times for arrow 2. Since 7 + 8 = 15, the letters will move 15 mm apart.

To shift the letters after entering, enter the following space code:

In moving the letters to the right, press 1E.

In moving the letters to the left, press 1F.

In moving the letters up, press 1C.

In moving the letters down, press 1D.

[NOTE] According to the arrangement, the direction will be changed.

According to the enlargement and reduction ratio, the volume of the movement will be changed.

### When leaving a 1 mm space between A and B



- Press the <ENTER > key. In case of entering capital letters, light the <SHIFT 1> key (upper) or(lower), or the <SHIFT 2 > key.
- 2. Press the <A> key.
- Press the <PATTERN > key to get into code entry mode.
- 4. Press the space code, 1E. "1E" is displayed.
- 5. Press the <ENTER> key.
- Get into the alphabet mode by pressing the <PATTERN > key twice.
- 7. Press the  $\langle B \rangle$  key.
- 8. Press the <END > key.

The main menu will be displayed.

To use the <space> key one time is to leave space of 10 mm.

### Entering patterns (1)

Pressing the <PATTERN > key in turn will alternate the modes : the alphanumeric mode, the code mode and the pattern mode.

Select the pattern mode by pressing the <PATTERN> key.

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Only In this mode can the pattern data be entered from the floppy disk. A pattern is entered by a file name within eight letters.

The available keys on this display are :

Available key	Function	
Alphanumaric key	To enter file name (within eight letters) [NOTE 1]	
	To move cursor from side to side	
	To scroll file names	
AC	To clear all data [NOTE 2]	
Ċ	To delete characters on the cursor (to clear entire file name when file name is displayed)	
	To confirm pattern name [NOTE 3] If data hasn't inputted, this key is used to switch to "data reading and sewing mode."	
ENTER	To store file name (reading data)	
PATTERN	To change entry modes (alphanumeric mode, code mode, pattern mode)	
END	To end entry mode	

In the pattern mode, the alphabetic letters will become all capital letters. Also, it is impossible to [NOTE 1] enter the European letters with the alphabet.

- Note that all set values are cleared. (Refer to page 20.) [NOTE 2]
- A file has a file name and a pattern name for each pattern data. Usually, only the file name is [NOTE 3] displayed. Pressing this key can confirm a pattern name prior to reading from the floppy disk.



[NOTE] The pattern name is displayed on the third row when moving the cursor under the mark " $\precsim$  ".

The pattern name is the name of pattern data and registered into the floppy disk with its pattern.

The pattern name and the file name are sometimes the same, but they are sometimes different.



- [NOTE 1] In this case, both the file name and the pattern name are the same. There are cases, however, when the two names are different.
- [NOTE 2] When the <1 > or <1 > key is pressed, the file names in the floppy disk will appear in sequence in the second row of the display.
   To display the pattern name corresponding to a given file name, press the <\*> key. The pattern name or the file name will be displayed in the third row.

# The pause setting between the patterns (letters)

- If "No File" is displayed in the third row after entering the file name:

   Press the <C> key to clear the "No File" display. Re-enter the file name.
   Check the file names in the floppy disk by displaying them in sequence. Follow the procedure above ([NOTE 2]) to display the names.
- 2) To enter the color-change code:
  ① Press the <\*> key when in alphabet mode.
  ② Press the <2>, <A>, <ENTER> keys when in code entry mode.
  When entering the pattern and the color-change code at the same time, input the color-change code by either ① or ② above.

## 2. The pause setting within the pattern

When changing the color of a part of the pattern, automatic pause setting can be done. This should be done in the needle bar setting mode of the sewing mode. Refer to the Needle bar setting [NOTE] in a chapter of Sewing (4).

[NOTE] When entering patterns from TFD floppy disk:

The multi-volume patterns or files will not be read into the machine. This machine cannot manage multi-volume file (one pattern's data that separates into more than one volume).

# 7 Entering patterns (5)

When embroidering a pattern of a large number of stitches, the memory capacity inside the BAS-411 may not be large enough. If that is the case, do the following to embroider.

- [NOTE 1] This method is valid only with the TFDs (Tajima floppy disks).
- [NOTE 2] There are some other restrictions on data types and items in the editing mode. Please check beforehand.





- [NOTE 1] Only one pattern's data can be entered at a time.
- [NOTE 2] The data type should be the Tajima, or Barudan or Zangs data registered on a Tajima-format floppy disk (Hereafter TFD.). The Brother-format letter and design floppy disks cannot be used. A pattern in the multi-volume file (one pattern's data that separates into more than one volume) cannot be read.
- [NOTE 3] Be sure to leave the floppy disk in the disk unit of BAS-411 during sewing. If the disk is taken out, BAS-411 cannot continue sewing.
- [NOTE 4] When this function is used, there will be restrictions on editing mode and some other functions.

Editing	Restriction
ENLRG (Enlargement and reduction)	Not possible
DNS (sewing density and letter thickness)	Not possible
ARRAN (alignment)	Not possible
ROTAT (Rotation)	Possible in 0, 90, 180, and 270 degrees Select using the $< \rightarrow > < \downarrow > < \uparrow > < \leftarrow >$ keys then set using the $<$ ENTER $>$ key
CENT (Centering)	Not possible The first stitch point will always be the starting point.
RePT (Repeat)	Not possible
JMP (Jump)	Not possible
Stitch (Stitch)	Not possible

# IV EDITING

# Editing function outline (1)

### <Editing items>

- 1. Enlargement/Reduction mode
- 2. Monogram area setting mode
- 3. Sewing density/letter thickness setting mode
- 4. Arrangement mode
- 5. Mirror image setting mode
- 6. Hoop feed setting mode
- 7. Rotation mode
- 8. Centering mode
- 9. Repeat sewing setting mode
- 10. Automatic jump setting mode
- 11. Material thickness indication mode
- 12. Automatic thread trimmer setting mode
- 13. Needle return setting mode (at the sewing end)
- 14. Boring mode
- 15. Stitch type selection mode

<How to select each mode>



When you want to select a mode from the editing menu, press the following keys.

### The first screen

- .<1> to select the "Enlargement/Reduction mode"
- <2> to select the "Monogram area setting mode"
- <3> to select the "Sewing density/letter thickness setting mode"
- <4> to select the "Arrangement mode"
- <5> to select the "Mirror image setting mode"
- <6> to select the "Hoop feed setting mode"
- <7> to select the "Rotation mode"
- <8> to select the "Centering mode"

### The second screen

- <1> to select the "Repeat sewing setting mode"
- <2> to select the "Automatic jump setting mode"
- <3> to select the "Material thickness indication mode"
- <4> to select the "Automatic thread trimmer setting mode"
- <5> to select the "Needle return setting mode (at the sewing end)"
- <6> to select the "Boring mode"
- <7>
  to select the "Stitch type selection mode"
- $\cdot < \uparrow > < \downarrow >$  to switch over the first and the second screen
- $\cdot < * >$  to check the settings in the editing menu
- <NEEDLE SET> to select the "Needle bar setting mode"
- < NEEDLE SELECT > to select the needle bar manually
- · <THREAD SENSOR> to switch ON/OFF of the detector and to set the bobbin thread counter
- <END> to return to the main menu

### unation outline (2)

# 1. Enlargement/Reduction mode



(1) Function:

Setting the embroidery size by enlarging and reducing

- (2) Available keys:
  - to select "Ratio" ·<1>
  - to select "Length" ·<2>
  - to select "Auto" ·<3>
  - •<END> to return to the editing menu
- Ratio 1-1.

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(1) Function:

Setting the size ratio

- (2) Available keys:
  - Numeric keys>
- to input ratio
- to select the character (pattern) to be enlarged/reduced. [Each] to switch over [All] and [Each].
- ·<EDIT> to confirm the inputted value and to switch width (W) and height (H).
- ·<ENTER> ·<CLEAR>

 $\cdot < END >$ 

 $\cdot < \leftarrow >, < \rightarrow >$ 

- to set the default value
- to return to the editing menu

### Length 1-2.

\ARA :V□.□□mmH□.□□mm	IJ.

- (1) Function:
  - Setting the total length
- (2) Available keys:
  - < Numeric keys >
- to input the total length
- $\cdot < ENTER >$
- $\cdot < END >$
- to confirm the inputted value and to switch vertical (V) and horizontal (H)
- to return to the editing menu
- 1-3. Auto

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- (1) Function:
- Setting the automatic caluculation in the area (2) Available key (used only when an error occured):
- to return to the editing menu  $\cdot < END >$

Editing function outline (3)

2. Monogram area setting mode



(1) Function:

Setting the monogram area using the jog keys

(2) Available keys:

·<←><→><↑><↓>
<pre><enter></enter></pre>
· <end></end>

to move the carriage to confirm the carriage location to return to the editing menu

3. Sewing density and letter thickness setting mode

(1) Function:

Setting sewing density and letter thickness

- (2) Available keys:
  - ·< Numeric keys> to enter ratio
  - to confirm the inputted value and to switch over sewing density and letter  $\cdot < ENTER >$ thickness
  - to set the default value ·<CLEAR>
  - to return to the editing menu  $\cdot < END >$

### 4. Arrangement mode

(ninannannanna)
<u>Мих Мин Мг</u> .

(1) Function:

Arranging letters, symbols and patterns vertically or horizontally or on a curved line

### 5. Mirror image setting mode

(1) Function:

Setting the mirror image

- (2) Available keys:
  - J to select the mirror image ·<1>
  - to select the mirror image L ·<2>
  - f to select the mirror image  $\cdot < 3 >$
  - **1** to select the mirror image ·<4>
  - to return to the editing menu  $\cdot < END >$

### 6. Hoop feed setting mode



(1) Function:

Setting the hoop feed point

- (2) Available keys:
  - $\cdot\!<\!\leftarrow\!\!>\!<\!\rightarrow\!\!>\!<\!\uparrow\!>\!<\!\downarrow\!>$ ·<ENTER> ·<CLEAR>
  - ·<\*>
  - $\cdot < END >$

to move the carriage to confirm the carriage location to set the default value (Center of the area: X = 225 mm, Y = 142 mm) to select "Manual" or "Auto" to return to the editing menu

7. Rotation mode

(1) Function:

Setting the rotation angle

- (2) Available keys:
  - •<Numeric keys>

to input the rotation angle

- $\cdot < CLEAR >$
- $\cdot < END >$

to set the default value

to return to the editing menu

### 8. Centering mode

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(1) Function:

Setting the centering

(2) Available keys:

to select the type of centering Numeric keys> to return to the editing menu < END >

### 9. Repeat sewing setting mode

(P o P T · 🗇 direc 🖸 T i M P )
SPC :UUUUnm

(1) Function:

Setting the repeat sewing

(2) Available keys:

- Numeric keys>
- •<ENTER>
- $\cdot < \uparrow > < \downarrow >$
- ·<CLEAR>
- $\cdot < END >$

to input the number of times and space

to confirm the inputted value and to switch over "Time" and "SPC"

- to select the direction (H or V)
- to set the default value
  - to return to the editing menu

### Editing function outline (5)

10. Automatic jump setting mode



(1) Function:

Setting the automatic jump

- (2) Available keys:
  - to select "12.7 mm"  $\cdot < 1 >$
  - to select "4.8 mm"  $\cdot < 2 >$
  - · <END> to return to the editing menu

### 11. Material thickness indication mode

Materia	I	Thin
(Thick	Ø	Imn

(1) Function:

Indicating the material thickness

- (2) Available keys:
  - to select " Thick" ·<1>
  - to select "Thin" ·<2>
  - <END> to return to the editing menu

### 12. Automatic thread trimming mode

ATHC ①8.st Ø5st Ø3st @NT

(1) Function:

Setting the number of stitches for automatic thread trimming

- (2) Available keys:
  - to select "8 st" (8 stitches) ·<1>
  - to select "5 st" (5 stitches)  $\cdot < 2 >$
  - to select "3 st" (3 stitches)  $\cdot < 3 >$
  - to select "NT" (No automatic thread trimming)  $\cdot < 4 >$
  - .<END> to return to the editing menu

### 13. Needle return mode

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- "我,我们就是我们的,你们的你就是你,我们在你的?""你,你们就是你的你?""你们,你不知道我们的,你们就是你们的,你不知道你?"	- N
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	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>

(1) Function:

Setting the needle return to the first stitch point after sewing is complete.

(2) Available keys:

to select "On" ·<1> to select "Off"

- $\cdot < 2 >$
- to return to the editing menu  $\cdot < END >$

### 14. Boring mode



(1) Function:

Setting the boring sewing

- (2) Available keys:
  - to select "YES"  $\cdot < \uparrow >$
  - to select "NO"  $\cdot < \downarrow >$
  - to confirm the inputted value and to switch over "Boring" and "SHIFT"  $\cdot < ENTER >$
  - to set the default value ·<CLEAR>
  - to return to the editing menu  $\cdot < END >$

# 15. Stitch type selection mode



(When Tatami was selected)

(1) Function:

Selecting the stitch type

- (2) Available keys:
  - ·<1>
- to select "Satin"
- ·<2>
- ·<ENTER>
- •<Numeric keys>
- ·<CLEAR>
- $\cdot < END >$

to select "Tatami" to confirm the selection (in this example, Tatami stitch) to set the sewing pitch (in this example, Tatami pitch) to set the default value (in this example, default for Tatami) to return to the editing menu

Editing method

Select [EDIT] in the main menu.



Press the  $\langle EDIT \rangle$  key. The machine will enter the editing mode.

The 8 items of the editing menu are displayed on the first screen.

Pressing the  $< \square >$  key displays the rest of the menu on the second screen.

To return to the first screen, press the <1 > key.

[NOTE] When the editing menu is displayed, pressing the <AC> key sets the values such as the ratio of the items below to the default. Then, pressing the <\*> key displays the default value. (Refer to page 24.)

In the mark " $\Box$ ", the defaulet value is not set. The previous value will remain.

1.	Enlargement/reduction:	altogether ratio setting	width: 1.00	height: 1.00
----	------------------------	--------------------------	-------------	--------------

- 2. Area: V:285 mm H: 450 mm
- 3. Sewing density · letter thickness: sewing density: 1.0 letter thickness: 1.0
- 4. Arrangement: horizontal arrangement
- 5. Mirror image: "J" (non-reversed mirror image)
- 6. Hoop feed: center of the moving area of the X and Y carriages (coordinates: 225, 142)
- 7. Rotation: 000° (no rotation)
- 8. Centering: 🖸
- 9. Repeat sewing: once, horizontally (non-repeat sewing)
- 10. Jump: 12.7 mm
- 11. Automatic thread trimmer: 🗆 stitches
- 12. HOP/Manu
- 13. STR\_R: OFF
- 14. Boring/Shift: OFF
- 15. Stitch: Satin

As shown below, three kinds of data are available but they differ with the processing during editing.

	(1) Block (condensed) format	(2) Normal format	(3) Data from editing system
Data	Alphabet and Kanji floppy disks supplied by Brother	TFD pattern floppy disk Brother design floppy disk Data in paper tape	Data sent by editing system
Data type	Block format of Brother patent	Stitch by stitch sewing as well as data in paper tape	Stitch by stitch sewing
Feature	Sewing density is adjustable. According to size enlargement or reduction, stitch number changes to keep sewing density. There are 5 stitches/mm when sewing density ratio is set to 1.0. Enlarging size increases stitch number. Reducing size decreases stitch number.	Sewing density is not adjustable. Stitch number is fixed and does not change. For example, when enlarging pattern 1.5 times, space between stitches increases and sewing density gets coarse because stitch number is fixed. When reducing pattern to $\frac{1}{2}$ , otherwise, sewing density gets fine.	Sewing density adjustment, enlargement and reduction are not available. No editing.
Editing	Sewing density: available set value 0.1-2.0 Enlargement/reduction: available set values 0.10-9.99 [NOTE] Within 0.50-5.00 is enough to get fine embroidery.	Sewing density is not adjustable. Enlargement/reduction: available set values 0.10-9.99 [NOTE] Within 0.50-2.00 is enough to get fine embroidery. When reducing both height and width to $\frac{1}{2}$ , its area is reduced to $\frac{1}{4}$ and sewing density increases 4 times because stitch number is fixed. In other words, sewing pitch decreases to $\frac{1}{2}$ and needle lowers on same point 2-4 times. This may cause loose threads or thread breakage.	

# Editing function

# Enlarging and reducing (1)

The monogram can be enlarged or reduced within the set area. Enlargement and reduction can be set in three ways: [Ratio] , [Length] and [Auto].



Press the < 1 > key when the editing menu is displayed.

The setting items of enlargement and reduction are displayed.

Available key	Function
1	To select [Ratio] (setting size ratio)
2	To select [Length] (setting total length)
3	To select [Auto] (automatic calculation)
E N D	To return to editing menu

### A. Setting size ratio

Ratio can be set either by [ALL] or [EACH]. By pressing the <EDIT> key, [ALL] and [EACH] are selected alternately.

### A-1 Setting size ratio altogether

The enlargement and reduction ratio can be set in 0.01 increments within 0.10-9.99. Changing the ratio for one letter automatically changes the ratio for the other letters in the monogram.



1. Press the <1> key to select [Ratio].

If [EACH] is selected, press the <EDIT> key once to change it to [ALL].



-68-


The width and height can be changed to modify the shape of the letters in the monogram.

Ratio	Width <height< th=""><th>Width = Height</th><th>Width&gt;Height</th></height<>	Width = Height	Width>Height
Modified letter	(Long narrow)	(Standard)	(Flat)

[NOTE1] Different letters have different sizes even if the same ratio is set.
 [NOTE2] The machine does not sew the letters if the set ratio makes the letters larger than the set sewing area.

#### A-2 Setting size ratio individually (1)

The enlargement and reduction ratio can be set in 0.01 increments within 0.10-9.99, for each letter or pattern individually.



1. Press the <1> key to select [Ratio].

If [ALL] is selected, press the  $\langle EDIT \rangle$  key to change it to [EACH].

[NOTE] In default, W "1.00" and H "1.00" are displayed. When a different ratio has already been set, that ratio will be displayed. 1

Ex.

ENTER



<ENTER> key.

#### Enlarging and reducing (5)



- [NOTE1] After individual ratio setting is completed, to confirm the ratio for the letter where the cursor appears, press the <FORWARD> or <BACK> key.
- [NOTE2] To change the ratio for the letter where the cursor appears, press the <CLEAR> key to display "1.00", then re-enter the ratio.
- [NOTE3] The machine does not sew the letters if the set ratio makes the letters larger than the set sewing area.

# A-3 Setting size ratio individually (2)

#### Inserting and deleting letter data

Size ratio is not applied to a letter itself, but to a position in the display. Because of this, changing the size ratio, sewing and then adding or deleting letters causes letter sizes to change as shown below.

Ex. 1 (1st letter) [2nd letter] (1st letter] A B(1st letter] B(1s

When the letter C is inserted between A and B, the size ratios change as follows.



In short, when a letter is moved, the size is determined by the ratio assigned to the position in the display.



In example 3 above, the letter B will shift 2 mm to the left because the arrow is inserted at the position whose width ratio is 2.00, not default.

### B. Setting total length

The total length (width and height) can be set in 1 mm increments for enlargement and reduction.



- 1. Press the <2> key to select [Length].
- The cursor appears in the height type area. Note that the current total length is displayed in three digits.

Available key	Function
Alphanumeric key	To type total length Total length can be set in 1 mm increments
ENTER	To store typed length To switch type area (heightswidth) Cursor moves to another type area.
END	To return to editing menu

- [NOTE] When confirming the total length after setting it: With the editing menu displayed, pressing the <\*> key displays the total length on the third row. At this time, the displayed number might be slightly smaller than the set total length.
  - Ex. Even if setting the total height to 200 mm and width to 300 mm, the displayed total length in confirmation might be

"LNG:V 199 mm H 299 mm".

#### Enlerging and reducing (9)

Set the total height to 20 mm and width to 40 mm for the entered data AB Ex. (area size:height 50 mm and width 50 mm) 4. Press the <0>, <2> and <0> keys. 0 Be sure to type in three digits. [NOTE] The total dimensions of the monogram must be 2 within the set area. 0 "V 02<u>0</u> mm" will be displayed. L N G : V 0 2 0 mm H 0 2 0 mm 5. Press the <ENTER> key to store the height. ENTER The cursor will move to the width type area. 020 mm H 02<u>0</u> mm G 6. Press the <0>, <4> and <0> keys. 0 4 0 "H 040 mm" will be displayed. NG: V020mmH04<u>0</u>mm 7. Press the <ENTER> key to store the width. Again, the cursor will move to the height type area. ENTER 8. Press the <END> key. NG: V020mmH040mm The total length setting for the AB finishes. The editing menu will be END displayed again. ①ENLRG ØAREA Upper left origin (3) D N S @ARRAN SMRR 60 H O P E **®CENT** ØROTAT. I L I шш 20 50 height : Area height Total Total width 40 mm ower

[NOTE1] The machine does not sew the letters if the set ratio makes the letters larger than the set sewing area.

right

point

Area width 50 mm

[NOTE2] When setting the total length after rotating the monogram (except 0°, 90°, 180°, and 270°), the total length might not be calculated precisely, resulting in a pattern too large for the area. To set the total length of the finishing monogram, be sure to set the total length before rotation.



When confirming the total length using the < \* > key after rotation, the displayed length is different from the set one as shown below:

"LNG: V 059 mm H 059 mm"

#### Enterging and reducing (II)

#### C. Automatic calculation

Letter size can be automatically calculated and sewn to fit the area size.



1. Press the <3> key to select [Auto].

The ratios for the total width and height are set to the maximum so that both of them fit in the set area.

2. After the automatic calculation is completed, the editing menu is displayed.



[NOTE1] The monogram size is set to the largest ratio at which both the length and width can be sewn within the area.

[NOTE2] To confirm the automatically calculated size: When the editing menu is displayed, press the <\*> key. The automatically calculated size displayed on the second row is smaller than the area size on the first row, as shown below:



2

The monogram area can be set within an embroidery hoop.

O N S

The monogram area is set by determining the upper left origin and the lower right point to fit the shape of an embroidery hoop.

Available key	Function	
	To move carriage	
ENTER	To store upper left origin and lower right point	
END	To return to editing menu without changing value	

- [NOTE1] Set the area within the attached embroidery hoop. [NOTE2] The size and position of monogram letters depends on the area size.
- 1. Press the <2> key to select [AREA].
- 2. By using the jog keys, move the needle position towards the upper left within the embroidery hoop to determine the upper left origin.
- [NOTE] "Up-left-ORG>ENT" will be displayed until the <ENTER> key is pressed.

- 3. After determining the upper left origin, press the <ENTER> key to store the origin.
  - Then, "Dw-rigt-ORG>ENT" will be displayed.



DENLRG ØAREA

Setting monogram area (2



ENTER

① E N L R G

Area width

400 mm

**OROTAT** 

**GARRAN SMRR** 

2 AREA

**®CENT** 

Area

(3) DNS

® НОР

Area height

200 mm

- [NOTE] The height and width of an area are displayed in three digits.
- 4. By using the jog keys, move the needle position towards the lower right within the embroidery hoop to determine the lower right point.



When stopping the needle position and pressing the <ENTER> key, that needle position is stored as the lower right point.

 Press the <ENTER> key to store the lower right point. Now the area is set.

Then the editing menu is displayed.

[NOTE] To cancel area setting on the way, press the <END> key. The setting will return to the previous set value.



[NOTE2] Setting the area larger than the embroidery hoop causes the needle to strike the hoop during sewing. Be sure to set the enlargement and reduction ratios, and set the sewing start point to keep the monogram within the hoop.

The sewing density can be set in 0.1 increments within 0.1-2.0, and the letter thickness can be set within 0.6-2.0.



3

1. Press the <3> key to select [DNS].

Available key	Function
NUMERIC	To type sewing density and letter thickness ratios
ENTER	To store typed value To switch type area (density ⇔thickness) Cursor moves to another type area.
Ċ	To set default value
END	To return to editing menu

# 3 Setting sewing density and tetter thickness (2)

#### A. Setting sewing density



The sewing density ratio can be set within 0.1-2.0.

- 1. Press the <3> key to select [DNS].
- 2. The current sewing density and letter thickness ratios are displayed.

[NOTE1] In default, "1.0" appears.

[NOTE2] When the sewing density ratio has already been set, that ratio is displayed.

	[Default]
İ	Denser 2.0 $\leftarrow$ 1.0 $\rightarrow$ 0.1 Coarser



- Press the <1> key. A "0" will be carried and the "1" will appear in the first place.
- Press the <2> key. The "1" will be carried and the "2" will appear in the first place.
- Press the <ENTER> key to store 1.2. The cursor will move to the letter thickness. The cursor alternately moves to DNS and THI each time the <ENTER> key is pressed.
- 4. Press the <END> key to return to the editing menu.

DENLRG ZAREA ODNS OARRAN OMRR OHOP	
(OROTAT BEENI	1



### Setting sewing density and letter thickness (3)

B. Setting letter thickness

3



The letter thickness ratio can be set within 0.6-2.0.

- 1. Press the <3> key to select [DNS].
- 2. Press the <ENTER> key to move the cursor to the letter thickness type area.
- [NOTE1] In default, "1.0" appears.
- [NOTE2] When the letter thickness ratio has already been set, that ratio is displayed.

**Ex.** Change letter thickness ratio to 1.5



ØAREA

**ØCENT** 

3 D N S

60 H O P

DENLRG

() ROTAT

**ØARRAN SMRR** 

- [Default] Bolder 2.0  $\leftarrow$  1.0  $\rightarrow$  0.6 Thinner
- Press the <1> key.
  A "0" will be carried and the "1" will appear in the first place.
- Press the <5> key. The "1" will be carried and the "5" will appear in the first place.
- 5. Press the <ENTER> key to store "1.5." The cursor will move to the sewing density.
- 6. Press the <END> key to return to the editing menu.



# 4 Arranging (1)

Letters, symbols and patterns can be arranged vertically or horizontally or on a curved line.

By inserting a return code between characters (patterns) in the entry mode, arrangement on the several lines (both vertical and horizontal) can be made.

Also, by inserting a return code between characters (patterns), they can be grouped, and then each group can be arranged on different lines.



1. Horizontal	2. Vertical	3. Curved line
ABC	B C	ABC

[NOTE] Refer to page 93-101 "Base line registration" for making a curved line to arrange the letters and patterns along.



[NOTE] A return code cannot be inserted between the characters (patterns) on the same curved line. Refer to page 88 for arranging characters (patterns) on different lines..

山 = characters are arranged above base line	the characters are arranged  in the center of base line	T = characters are arranged  below base line
ABC	ABC	ABC
EFFG	EFG	FFG

Amenging (3)

4



₽ = left side margin	合 = center line	뎍 = right side margin
G DA	GDA	GDA
HEB	HEB	HEB
I FC	IFC	IF <sup>C</sup>



BC 於DEF

E N D

END

(B)CENT

3 ቀ 🛸

3 DNS

6 HOP

111

irace > \*

BC

0

() ENLRG OAREA

**ØARRAN ØMRR** 

ØROTAT

[NOTE] If any base line has not been registered, (indicated by highlighted letters), press the <EDIT> key to go into the line registration mode and register the desired line.



arrangement type = $\Phi$	arrangement type = $\Phi$
character (pattern) orientation = $\leq \underline{-}$	character (pattern) orientation = $\rightarrow \Box$
ALLE CONTRACT	



4

By deviding characters (patterns) into groups by inserting return codes, each group of characters (patterns) can be arranged on the different base lines.

Ex. 4 explains how to create an embroidery like the illustration below.



# **Ex.4** When curved arrangement data includes return code:



Set value in the editing:

- 1) Centering 🖸
- 2) Ratio is set by each character (pattern)
- 1. Press the <EDIT> key to arrange characters (patterns) by each group.



2. Press the <3> key to select "C~."

[Arranging the character group "A B C" along the curved line]

3. By pressing the <B> or <N> of the alphabet keys, select "A B C."

The selected group of characters (patterns) will be underlined with a dotted line.

- 4. Press one of the <1> to <9> keys to select the base line.
- 5. Press the <1> (alphabet) key to select the arrangement type. The symbols for each arrangement type ( 品 , 中 , and

The symbols for each arrangement type (  $\pm$  ,  $\oplus$  , and  $\mathbb{T}$  ) are selected cyclically by pressing the <1> key.

6. Press the <O> (alphabet) key to select the direction of the characters (patterns).

A B ,  $\stackrel{\triangleleft}{\leftarrow}$  ,  $\stackrel{\forall \exists}{\leftarrow}$  and  $\stackrel{\triangleright}{\leftarrow}$  are selected cyclically by pressing the  $\langle 0 \rangle$  key.

7. Press the <P> (alphabet) key to select the base point location.

The base point location symbols (  $\Box \rightarrow \Box \cdot \rightarrow \Box$  ) are selected cyclically by pressing the <P> key.

- [NOTE] Steps 4, 5, 6 and 7 can be skipped if the set values are not to be changed.
- Using the jog keys <→, ←, ↑, ↓>, move the hoop and the holder base to the desired position. Press the <ENTER> key to set the base point.
- [NOTE 1] Do not forget to press the <ENTER> key after moving the hoop and the holder base. When the base point is set, the group of characters (patterns) will be underlined with a solid line.
- [NOTE 2] If the <\*> key is pressed here, the machine will trace the base line. At this time, the base point comes to the middle of the base line. If any base line has not been registered, (indicated by a highlighted number), press the <EDIT> key and then register a base line.
- [NOTE 3] If the <CLEAR> key is pressed here, the base point set at step 8 will be cancelled and the machine goes back to step 4.

C 및 ☆ 및 D E F e>\* Reset>C



[Arranging the pattern " $\precsim$ "]

- 9. Press the <N> (alphabet) key to select the pattern "☆." The selected group of characters (patterns) will be underlined with a dotted line.
- 10. Press the <I> (alphabet) key to select the arrangement type. The symbols for each arrangement type ( 品 , 中 , and 平) are selected cyclically by pressing the <I> key.
- 11. Press the  $\langle P \rangle$  (alphabet) key to select the base point location. The base point location symbols (  $\Box \rightarrow \Box \cdot \cdot \rightarrow \Box$  )
  - The base point location symbols (  $\Box \rightarrow \Box \cdot \cdot \rightarrow \Box$  ) are selected cyclically by pressing the <P> key.
- [NOTE] Steps 10 and 11 can be skipped if the set values are not to be changed.
- 12. Using the jog keys  $\langle \rightarrow, \leftarrow, \uparrow, \downarrow \rangle$ , move the hoop and the holder base to the desired position. Press the  $\langle ENTER \rangle$  key to set the base point.
- [NOTE 1] Do not forget to press the <ENTER> key after moving the hoop and the holder base. When the base point is set, the group of characters (patterns) will be underlined with a solid line.
- [NOTE 2] If the <\*> key is pressed here, the machine will trace the base line. If the hoop and the holder base were not moved at step 12, the machine will not trace the base line.
- [NOTE 3] If the <CLEAR> key is pressed here, the base point set at step 12 will be cancelled and the machine goes back to step 10.

#### 4 Arranging (9)



[Arranging the character group "D E F" ]

13. Press the <N> (alphabet) key to select the character group "DEF."

The selected group of characters (patterns) will be underlined with a dotted line.

14. Press the <1> (alphabet) key to select the arrangement type.

The symbols for each arrangement type (  $\pm$  ,  $\oplus$  , and  $\oplus$  ) are selected cyclically by pressing the <!> key.

15. Press the  $\langle P \rangle$  (alphabet) key to select the base point location. The base point location symbols (  $\Box \rightarrow \Box \cdot \cdot \rightarrow \Box$  )

The base point location symbols (  $\Box \rightarrow \Box \cdot \cdot \rightarrow \Box$  are selected cyclically by pressing the  $\langle P \rangle$  key.

- [NOTE] Steps 14 and 15 can be skipped if the set values are not to be changed.
- 16. Using the jog keys <→, ←, ↑, ↓>, move the hoop and the holder base to the desired position. Press the <ENTER> key to set the base point.
- [NOTE 1] Do not forget to press the <ENTER> key after moving the hoop and the holder base. When the base point is set, the group of characters (patterns) will be underlined with a solid line.
- [NOTE 2] If the <\*> key is pressed here, the machine will trace the base line. If the hoop and the holder base were not moved at step 16, the machine will not trace the base line.
- [NOTE 3] If the <CLEAR> key is pressed here, the base point set at step 16 will be cancelled and the machine goes back to step 14.



17. Press the <END> key twice to exit from the current mode.

- [NOTE 1] If there is character (pattern) data on the curved line (see ex.4 on page 88), rotation angle can be changed only by 90 degrees increment.
- [NOTE 2] If there is character (pattern) data on the curved line (see ex.4 on page 88), mirror image cannot be set. Also, space cannot be entered by the ASCII code and arrows indicating spaces cannot be displayed.

If you wish to enter a space between characters (patterns), use the <SPACE> key on the operation panel.



(correct)

(incorrect)

## 4 Arranging (11) (Base line registration)

A curved line can be made by the operator so that the characters (patterns) can be sewn along the desired base line.

Up to 9 lines can be registered. Lines that can be registered are straight lines (including slanted lines), arcs and splines.





### 4 Arranging (13) (Base line registration)





### 4 Arranging (15) <Base line registration>





#### Ex. To arrange the characters (patterns) on the spline:





1. To register a line under the desired number, press the numeric key of that number.

For example, if you wish to register under the number "2", press the <2> key.

 At this point, another line has already been registered under the number "2." Press the <CLEAR> key to cancel the previous registration.

#### 4 Amanging (18) <Base line registration>



- Using the jog keys <→, ←, ↑, ↓>, move the hoop and the holder base to the desired position. Press the <ENTER> key to enter the first point.
- [NOTE] Do not forget to press the <ENTER> key after moving the hoop.
- 4. Using the jog keys <→, ←, ↑, ↓>, move the hoop and the holder base to the desired position. Press the <ENTER> key to enter the second point. Enter the third point to the last point (in this example, the last point is indicated as N) in the same way.
- [NOTE] Up to 10 points can be entered. To make the spline, at least 4 points should be entered.

5. After entering all the points, press the <EDIT> key. The hoop and the holder base move to the first point and stops there.

The Curve No. "2" will be indicated with a positive number, indicating that the registration is complete.

- [NOTE 1] If the < \* > key is pressed here, the machine will trace the spline connecting entered points.
- [NOTE 2] If the <CLEAR> key is pressed here, the previously entered points will be cancelled and the machine goes back to step 3.

(Press this key when you want to re-enter the line.)

# 4 Arranging (19) <Base line registration>



6. Press the <END> key twice to exit from the current mode.

This is the end of the lineregistration procedure.

.

Three kinds of mirror image processes--of X axis symmetry, Y axis symmetry and origin symmetry--can be set.



5

1. Press the <5> key to select [MRR].



- 2. Press one of the <1>, <2>, <3> and <4> keys to select the number.
- 3. After the number is selected, the editing menu appears.

Available key	Function
(1)	To select mirror image (1) <b>J</b>
2	To select mirror image (2) <b>T</b>
	To select mirror image (3) <b>f</b>
	To select mirror image (4) <b>1</b>
(ENP)	To return to editing menu

[NOTE] If pressing the <END> key without selecting the number, the current mirror image is retained and then the editing menu appears.

# 6 Setting hoop feed (1)

The hoop feed point for the X and Y carriages can be set so that a hoop is easily attached or removed to make an operation such as material attachment smooth while the machine suspends.



Available key	Function
	To move carriage and set hoop feed point
ENTER	To store coordinates
END	To return to editing menu
	To select AUTO or MANUAL for hoop feed at sewing end

Example:



#### 6 Softing hoop feed (2)

The hoop feed point can be set outside the area.



1. If starting sewing with the hoop feed point set outside the area, "Area over" appears. In that case, using the jog keys, move the needle to the sewing start point in the area.

# Mov N STR-P. TK

2. "Mov N STR-P." appears. The hoop feed point will be set in the area to sew.
7 Rotating (1)

Letters, symbols and patterns can be rotated together counterclockwise in 1° increments.





- 1. Press the <7> key to select [ROTAT].
- 2. Press the numeric key to set the rotation angle. The angle can be set between 0°-359°.
- 3. After the angle is set, press the <ENTER> key. The editing menu will appear.

Available key	Function	
Alphanumeric key	To set rotation angle	
C	To set default (0°)	
END	To return to editing menu	
ENTER	To store typed value	
	When inputting a character (pattern) data in the data reading & sewing mode, if the data includes a return code ( $\downarrow$ ), rotation angle can be changed only in 90 degrees increments. ( $\uparrow = 90^\circ$ , $\leftarrow = 180^\circ$ , $\downarrow = 270^\circ$ , $\rightarrow = 0^\circ$ )	

[NOTE1] If the <CLEAR> key is pressed before pressing the <END> key, the rotation angle is set to 0°.

[NOTE2] Rotating a combination of plural letters or patterns with the arrows ( $\uparrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\leftarrow$  and  $\rightarrow$ ) might cause each piece of the combination to slip out of place.



As shown above, each piece of the combination is sewn properly, but the position between them slips.

Setting the individual ratios for the arrows to  $\Box$ .00 prevents this problem to some extent.

i) For example, when entering  $\oplus$ ,  $\oslash$ ,  $\odot$  and  $\oplus$  as the pattern with the arrows, the display shows:

Setting the rotation angle to 000°, the monogram will be sewn as shown in the picture on the left.

ii) Also, when entering ①, ②, ③ and ④ as the pattern with the arrows, and setting the rotation angle to 090°, the monogram will be sewn as shown in the picture on the right.

#### 8 Centering (1)

The aligned letters can be centered.



- 1. Press the <8> key to select [CENT].
- 2. Then the editing menu appears.

Available key	Function
$\neg$	Select the centering point of a
1 ~ 0	monogram or letter
	(See the figure below.)



#### Sewing start point

### **Ex. 1** When monogram data includes arrow:

AAATA

Set value in the editing:

- 1. Horizontal arrangement
- 2. Individual size ratio for  $\uparrow$  is 9.00.

#### <Finishing, sewing start point>



# 8 **Centening (3)**



### 2 When monogram data includes arrow:



Set value in the editing:

- 1. Vertical arrangement
- 2. Individual size ratio for  $\rightarrow$  is 9.00.

### <Finishing, sewing start point>







### Ex. 4 When rotating data in Ex. 1 for 30 degrees

#### <Finishing, sewing start point>





When monogram data includes arrow:



Set value in the editing:

- 1. Horizontal arrangement
- 2. Individual size ratios for both  $\downarrow$  and  $\leftarrow$  are 9.00.







#### Set value in the editing:

- 1. Horizontal arrangement
- 2. Size ratios for all letters are the same.



## 8 Centering (7)



8

## **Ex.11** When monogram data includes return code:



Set value in the editing:

- 1. Vertical arrangement
- 2. Size ratios for all letters are the same.



### **Ex. 12** When monogram data includes return code:



#### Set value in the editing:

- 1. Vertical arrangement
  - 2. Size ratios for all letters are the same.













Set value in the editing:

- 1. Arranging on the curved line [ALL]
- 2. Size ratios for all letters are the same.





8

- Arranging on the curved line [EACH]
   Size ratios for all letters are the same.



A monogram can be sewn repeatedly, horizontally or vertically.



1. When the first screen in the editing menu is displayed, press the  $\langle II \rangle$  key to display the second screen.

- 2. Press the <1> key to select [RePT].
- 3. In default, the direction is horizontal and the repeat time is 1.

By pressing the  $<\square>$  or  $<\square>$  key, vertical and horizontal are selected alternately.

- After setting, press the <ENTER> key to store the direction. The cursor will move to the repeat times. Type repeat times using the number key.
- 5. Press the <ENTER> key to store the times.

Available key	Function
ENTER	To store typed value To select distance and repeat times (cursor moves)
Alphanumeric key	To type repeat times and space
	To switch direction (Horizontalal 与 Vertical)
	To set default (horizontal, 1 time, space 000 mm)
END	To return to editing menu

A monogram can be sewn repeatedly, horizontally or vertically.

#### <Exercise 1>

Set the vertical repeat sewing to 2 times for the letters ABC and put a 5 mm space between them.



1. After entering the data, select [EDIT].

- 2. Press the  $<\square>$  key to display the second screen in the editing menu.
- 3. Press the <1> key to select [RePT].
- 4. Press the < 1 > key to set the vertical.
- 5. Press the <2> key, and then the <ENTER> key to set the repeat times.

### 9 Setting repeat sewing (3)



#### <Exercise 2>

Set the horizontal repeat sewing to 2 times for the letters ABC and put a 5 mm space between them.

# A B C<sub>5 mm</sub>A B C



- 1. After entering the data, select [EDIT].
- 2. Press the  $<\square>$  key to display the second screen in the editing menu.

- 3. Press the <1> key to select [RePT].
- When "V" (vertical) is displayed, press the < ⊥> key to change it to "H" (horizontal).

5. Press the <2> key, and then the <ENTER> key to set the repeat times.

### 9 Setting repeat sewing (5)



- 6. Press the <5> key, and then the <ENTER> key to set the space.
  - [NOTE] The total size of the data (including the space) will be displayed on the third row.

7. Press the <END> key to return to the second screen of the editing menu.

8. Press the <END> key to return to the main menu.

[NOTE 1] After setting the repeat sewing, the set repeat times will be displayed during sewing.

ABC NBN:1 STYL:01	2
-------------------------	---

For example, when the vertical repeat is set to twice, "V 1/2" is displayed on the right of the third row during the first sewing.

[NOTE 2] To cancel the repeat sewing in the sewing mode after setting:

Ex. When setting the repeat times to 3:

During the second sewing.

- When the <CLEAR> key is pressed, the machine cancels the second sewing and gets ready for the third sewing.
- When the <AC> key is pressed, the machine cancels both the second and third sewing, and gets ready for the first sewing.
- [NOTE 3] If character (pattern) data was entered one by one in the entry mode, going back to the previous character (pattern) using the <back> key is possible. But if it was inputted using repeat function, it is not possible. (For example, once you started sewing the same characters (patterns) for the second time, going back to the characters sewn for the first time to fix them is not possible.)



#### 

### Sewing start point with the repeat sewing

#### <Ex. 1>



1. Horizontal (Centering: 🖸 )



2. Horizontal (Centering: 🖸 )



<Ex. 2>



1. Vertical (Centering: 🖸 )



2. Vertical (Centering: 🗋 )



[NOTE] Pressing the <CLEAR> key then the <END> key returns data to the default value "RePT: H DR 1Time" (non-repeat sewing).

### 10 Setting autometic jump

The automatic jump functions when the data includes stitches longer than the set stitch length. By this function, the machine continues to sew at the set speed.



In the selected range, the sewing speed is regulated according to the stitch length as shown below.

Stitch length (mm) Range	0.1 - 4.8	4.9 - 8.2	8.3 - 12.7
1	1000rpm	650rpm	450rpm
2	750	600	450
3	650	550	450
4	550	500	450
5	500	450	400
6	350	350	350

### 11 Indicating material thickness

Indicating the material thickness improves the sewing quality of any weight of material.



#### 1. Press the <3> key to select [THK].

- Reference:

fabric for coats, corduroy, denim, leather

georgette, broadcloth, tricot fabric, cuprammonium rayon (cupro), gingham

2. When sewing thin material, a piece of non-woven fabric or paper attached to the back for support will improve embroidery quality.

### 12 Setting estomatic thread utimmer

The automatic thread trimmer operates according to the successive number of jump stitches in the pattern data. (This function is not available for the prepared letter data supplied by Brother.)



[NOTE] This automatic thread trimmer function is available only when the data to be sewn includes a 3, 5 or 8-jump stitch.

### 13 Setting needle return to sewing start point

In data reading and sewing mode (with TFD format data only), and when DIP switch 3 is ON (sewing start point is the position of the first stitch) in the editing mode, needle return to the sewing start point can be set.



### 14 Setting boring (1)

Boring setting is possible only with the sewing data made for boring. Since the sewing machine does not recognize if the data is for boring or not, please double-check before sewing. Before sewing, attach the boring knife and the needle plate for boring (Both are optional).



### 14 Setting boring (2)



7. Press the <END> key to return to the editing menu.

- [NOTE 1] If boring data has shift data in it, set the machine to "SHIFT:NO." If boring data does not have shift data in it, set the machine to "SHIFT:YES." In both cases, shifting amount is 15 mm.
- [NOTE 2] Boring or shifting is only possible with the needle no.1.
- [NOTE 3] With the boring set to YES, the following editing cannot be done.
  - Enlarging /Reducing
  - Mirror image
  - Returning the needle to the start point
  - To get the fine boring result, arranging on the curved line is not recommended.

15 Selecting stitch type

Only with the brother type letter data, stitches can be set either to Satin or to Tatami. The range of the Tatami sewing pitch is from 2.0 mm to 9.9 mm.



# IV SEWING

1 Explanation of sewing function

Calculating now

Sewing (function selection) mode Select one of the sewing functions in this menu.



Sewing In this mode, sewing may be begun.



Suspension An emergency stop results suspension.



Test sewing mode Test sewing is done in this mode.

Needle bar setting mode Needle bar order (color order) may be set.

Needle bar selecting mode To select needle bars.

5 Retrn>HOOP FEED

Hoop feed mode To set hoop feed point.



Stitch by stitch sewing mode To sew stitch by stitch during suspension. 2

Press the <START> key to enter the sewing mode.



- 1. Press the <START> key.
- 2. Set the first-needle-drop point (sewing start point) using the jog keys.
- [NOTE] In this operation, the needle may go out of sewing area. If the start point goes out of sewing area, the error message "AREA OVER" is displayed and sewing will not begin when the <START> key is pressed. If the Area over message appears:
  - ① Reset sewing start point by using the jog keys.
  - © Press the <END> key and select [EDIT] in main menu to reset the area.

	menu to reset the area.		
	Available key	Function	
	(START)	To select sewing mode	
	<b>*</b>	To select test sewing mode Press <emergency> key to return to sewing (function selection) mode.</emergency>	
	NEEDLE SET	To select needle bar setting mode Press <end> key to return to the sewing (function selection )mode.</end>	
	NEEDLE Select	To select needle bar selecting mode. Press <end> key to return to sewing (function selection )mode.</end>	
	HODP Feed	To feed hoop Press it again to return to sewing (function selection) mode.	
	ONE STITCM	To sew stitch by stitch	
	THREAD SENSOR	To enter bobbin thread counter/thread breakage detector mode	
·		To set sewing start point	
	THREAD TRINNING	To trim thread	
	(ENP)	To return to main menu	



# 2 Sewing function (2)



#### <Suspension mode>

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Press}}$  the  $<\!\!\mathsf{EMERGENCY}\!\!>$  key during sewing to enter the suspension mode.

	Available key	Function
S T A R T	ONE STITCH	To sew stitch by stitch
	START	To restart
EMERGENCY Reserv>STR AC>AC TK NBN:Co: RSt:Co:		<ol> <li>To stitch without thread backward and forward Press &lt;   &gt; key to stitch backward and &lt; &gt; key to stitch forward. Press &lt;   &gt; key and &lt;   &gt; key once for one stitch.</li> <li>To stitch without thread automatically, press &lt;   &gt; and &lt;   &gt; keys for more than one second. Press &lt; EMERGENCY &gt; key to stop.</li> </ol>
	HOOP FEED	To feed hoop (hoop feed point can be changed with II II 🗖 🖻 keys.)
E N D	(NEEDLE SELECT	To select needle bar

Continued on the next page.



### 2 Sewing function (4)

#### <Test sewing mode>



1. Press the < \* > key to start test sewing entered data.

2. During test sewing, the entered data scrolls to the left. After test sewing, the machine returns to the sewing (function selection) mode.

#### <Needle bar setting mode>



1. Press the <NEEDLE SET> key and set the order of needle bars.

Available key	Function	
Alphanumaric key	To type needle bar order	
<b>(+)</b>	To move cursor	
ENTER	To set and release a pause during sewing (set 与 release) In "□□S", the "S" stands for a pause (suspension mark).	
	To set needle bar order to default (Needle bar order is set, repeating in order from 1 to 9.)	
END	To return to sewing (function selection) mode	
NEEDLE SET	To select needle bar setting mode	

### <Needle bar selecting mode>

nt Tinsten (5)

2



To select any needle bar for sewing and move it to the needle hole on the needle plate.

In the sewing (function selection) mode;

1. Press the <NEEDLE SELECT> key and select the needle bar using the numeric key.

Available key	Function	
Alphanumeric key	To type needle number and move needle to needle hole	
	<ul> <li>* To exit from needle bar selecting mode</li> <li>* To return to main menu or sewing mode or sewing suspension mode</li> <li>[NOTE] After using this function, when the sewing begins, the needle bar returns to its original position.</li> </ul>	

### Sewing function (6)

#### <Hoop feed mode>



In the sewing (function selection) mode

1. Press the <HOOP FEED> key to feed hoop.

Available key	Function
HOOP FEED	To move hoop to hoop feed point, set in hoop feed mode Press it again to return hoop to place it was before and return to sewing mode or suspension mode.
EMERGENCY	To interrupt hoop feeding motion Press <hoop feed=""> key to restart.</hoop>

#### < Stitch by stitch mode >



Stitch by stitch sewing is done during suspension.

- 1. Press the <EMERGENCY> key to suspend during sewing.
- 2. Press the <ONE STITCH> key to sew stitch by stitch.
- 3. After stitch by stitch sewing, press the <START>key to restart the sewing.


### <Test sewing>

To confirm the size and position of embroidery before sewing.



1. Press the < \* > key to select test sewing.

"AB" is displayed and test sewing begins. The carriage moves along the mask line of A.



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When the test sewing of A finishes, "A" will disappear from display. Then the carriage moves along the mask line of B.



After test sewing, the needle returns to the sewing start point.

The display goes back to the sewing mode.

3 (Contro (2)

Press the <START> key to sew the stored letters.

Press the <END> key to return to the main menu.

Select [EDIT] to edit the stored letters.

[NOTE1] In test sewing, only carriage moves, not needles.

[NOTE2] Press the <EMERGENCY> key to stop test sewing.



### < Changing sewing start point after test sewing >



- 1. Re-set the sewing start point using the jog keys.
- 2. Do the test sewing again. If the position is correct, press the <START> key to begin sewing.

## 3 **Sewing** (4)

### <Needle bar setting>





- [NOTE1] Color change is also set in the entry mode using the color change mark "\*". In this case, changes can only be made by each letter, symbol or pattern and color cannot be changed during sewing one letter, symbol or pattern.
- [NOTE2] Enter color change mark "\*" using <\*> key in the alphabet mode. Enter color change using <2·A> in the code entry mode. In both cases a "\*" stands for a color change.



**TCCN** : 02

TCCN: 02

ТК

.

Co: 02

CCN : 02

CCN :: 025

NBN: 2000000000

ENTER

E N D

Mov N STR-P.

NBN: 12

TSt: 000416

1. Select color order (CCN) 2 using the jog key  $\langle \Box \rangle$ .

2. Press the <ENTER >key to set a pause. The "S" will be displayed after the color order.

[NOTE1] Press the <ENTER> key again to release the pause. The "5" will disappear.

Pressing the <ENTER> key switches from set to [NOTE2] release and vise versa.

3. Press the <END> key after setting.

After the pause setting above, when the sewing is restarted, the machine sews the A then the needle bar changes automatically (color change), then suspends before sewing the B.

## 3 Serving (7)

### <Needle bar selecting >

After data entry, any needle bar can be selected in sewing (function selection) mode. During suspension, any needle bar can be selected. This function simply moves the needle bar case.



Follow the same procedure as above.

After pressing the <END> key, press the <START> key to start sewing. The original needle bar returns to its position and sewing begins.

Press the  $\langle AC \rangle$  key to cancel the sewing.

### < Bobbin thread counter and thread breakage detector >

**Bobbin thread counter**: After each completion or cancellation of sewing, the counter number is subtracted. The machine can be set so that a notice will be given if sewing is started after the counter number became 0. The counter number can be set from 0 to 99. The counter can be set to OFF if you wish. Thread breakage detector: This detector can be set to either ON/OFF.

The stitch counter: This counter is useful in keeping track of sewing machine operation frequency, etc.



1. Press the < THREAD SENSOR > key.

2. Using numeric keys, set the bobbin thread counter to 57. Press the < \* > key to confirm it.

- 3. An "\*" will be displayed next to "57" when the setting is valid.
- 4. Press the <THREAD SENSOR > key to switch on and off of the detector. The display does not change, but the thread breakage detector indicator lights when it is ON.



3

5. To clear the stitch counter setting to 0, press the <AC> key.

Even if the power switch of the sewing machine is turned off, the stitch counter memorizes the previous number and keeps adding the number until the <AC> key is pressed.

 After setting the counter number, press the <END> key. The display will return to the sewing (function selection) mode.

## V COMMUNICATION

## Setting communication mode (1)

The machine can receive the embroidery data from a paper tape reader or editing system through a communication line.



[NOTE1] Only one pattern's data can be received through a communication line.[NOTE2] In case some data is already stored, the message shown below is displayed.



## < Receiving data from paper tape reader >



- 1. Press the <1> key to select  $\oplus$  PTR (paper tape reader).
- 2. Tape type is displayed on the screen.



Select one of them using the <1 > and <1 > keys.

- Prepare the paper tape and the paper tape reader referring to page 156.
- 3. Press the <ENTER> key to begin.

- 4. After this message is displayed, press the <END> key.
- 5. The machine returns to the main menu.

[NOTE] This machine cannot manage a multi-volume file (one pattern's data that separates into more than one volume). If that is the case, use the editing system.

### <ERROR MESSAGES when receiving data from paper tape reader>



#### (CAUSE)

- ① Communication cable breakage during receiving.
- ② Paper tape breakage
- ③ Paper tape reader is turned off.
- ④ Improper baud rate (refer to the [NOTE 4] on page 156).



### < Receiving data from Editing system>



- 1. Press the <2> key to select @Edit-Sy (editing system).
- 2. Type the file name (within 8 characters) for reading with the numeric keys.

3. Press the <ENTER> key to begin.

- 4. After reading is completed, press the <END> key.
- 5. The machine returns to the main menu.

### <ERROR MESSAGES when receiving data from Editing system>





Connect them using RS cable assembly (optional).

F ( ) ( )



### <Connecting cable with machine >



- 1. Remove the four nylatches () and the main PCB cover (2).
- Connect the connector (either of the two may be used) of the RS cable assembly (a (optional) with the connector (b) of the RS plug circuit board (c). Secure with the two screws (c).
- 3. Put the cord of the RS cable assembly ③ to the cord clamp
  ⑦. Attach the main PCB cover ② with four nylatches ①.
  [NOTE] Make sure that the cord comes out through the recess of the cover ②.

## 2 Connecting paper tape reader with machine (2)

< Connecting the cable with the paper tape reader>



1. Connect the connector of the RS cable assembly (optional) with the RS 232C connector of the paper tape reader.

[NOTE1] Use only the paper tape readers in the table below for BAS-411. Do not use other paper tape readers. Others may not interface with BAS-411 or cause trouble.

Maker	Production code	Interface specification. (Connector type)	RS cable type (optional)
GN Telematic Inc.	GNT27	RS232C interface (female)	GNT 27 RS cable assembly Code: S17064-001 and RS cable assembly Code: S15406-001
		RS232C interface (DCE connector female)	RS cable assembly Code: S15406-001
	GNT4604	RS232C interface (DCE connector male)	GNT4604 cable assembly Code: S18957-001 and RS cable assembly Code: S15406-001
	GNT2910	RS232C interface (pin 9, male)	GNT2910 cable assembly Code: S21660-000 and RS cable assembly Code: S15406-001

Set the paper tape reader switches as follows for BAS-411.

♦ Character length .... 8 bit

♦ Stop bit length ..... 1 bit

③ Baud rate .....

9,600 baud (for 4,800 baud-paper tape reader, change the baud rate of the machine following NOTE 4).

 Among paper tape readers that can be connected with the BAS-411, BROTHER deals in the following paper tape reader as an option. (Contact Brother's shop for details.)

maker	type	name	part code	Vol. Spec.
GN telematic Inc.	GNT27	GNT27-100V assembly	S18444-000	AC120V- area or 240V-area AC220 - 240V-area (in Europe)

- [NOTE2] When you purchase above paper tape reader GNT27; GNT27RS cable assembly (S17064-001) comes with it.
- [NOTE3] The above three switches (Brother options) on the paper tape reader  $\otimes \otimes \otimes$  are already set at shipping.
- [NOTE4] Of the set points  $\oplus$ ,  $\oplus$  and  $\oplus$ , only  $\oplus$  (baud rate) can be changed on the machine using the <\*> key in the tape reading mode.



Press the <1> key to set 9,600 baud. Press the <2> key to set 4,800 baud.

This set point will be retained until the machine is turned off. Once the machine is turned off, the set point returns to 9,600 baud.

### < Operating and preparing paper tape reader >

(GNT27)

\* Prepare the machine. (Turn on the power and select "paper tape" in communication mode.)



- 1) Turn on the power.
- 2) Thread the paper tape to the paper tape reader.(1) For GNT27:
  - Turn the "READ" button ON (indicator lights). (2) For GNT4604:
    - Turn the "READER" button ON and set the mode switch on the operation panel to "LINE".
  - (3) For NPR-5200: Turn the "LINE" button ON (indicator lights).
     (4) En ENTROLO

(4) For GNT2910: Turn the power switch ON.

 Now that the paper tape reader is ready: Press the <ENTER> key of the machine to begin.

## What is needed?



The Editing System is basically a software program. To use it, the following hardware is required.

#### Hardware

- ① IBM Personal Computer AT or PC-AT compatible with:
  - 640KB of available memory
  - appropriate keyboard
  - one or two 3.5-inch floppy disk drive(s) and the following interface units:
  - •VGA or EGA video adapter
  - printer interface (14-pin connecter)
- Ø MicroSoft mouse or equivalent

- hard disk (capacity 20MB or larger)
- VGA or EGA display or equivalent
- mouse interface (compatible with @, below)
- RS-232C interface (9-pin connecter)
- Use of a math coprocessor will increase the processing speed.
- For operation of the editing system, refer to the "Instruction manual for the editing system".

## $\mathbb{W}$ other

## Recommendations on embroidering

The following will occur when enlarging characters and patterns on the BAS-411.

Example: If the letter "O" is enlarged 9.99 times in font No. 1, under picking will continue from the first stitch (stitch length approx. 18 mm), but because the stitch length is too long, stitches will not be properly formed and thread cast-offs may occur. If this happens, sew with the following procedure.



- 1. "Thread breakage", "Press END-key" will be displayed alternately.
- 2. Press the < END > key.
- 3. Return to the stitch before the position at which the thread cast-off occurred with the step-back key, and then press the <EMERGENCY> key and stop the step back operation.
- 4. Hold the needle thread by hand and press the <ONE STITCH> key.





START

5. Pull the needle thread out and bring the bobbin thread to the top of the material.

- 6. Hold the needle and bobbin threads, and then press the <ONE STITCH> key 5-6 times. Cut the needle and bobbin threads held in hand with scissors.
- 7. Press the <START> key. Continue sewing.

## 2 Error messages (1)

Refer to the table below if an error message is displayed. By pressing the <END>key, the message will disappear and the display will return to the previous menu.

Message when power is turned on	Cause	Solution
Keyboard ROM NG.	PROM version of key board does not match PROM version of PCB.	Change PROM version of key board to matching PROM version of PCB. Contact your dealer.
N Bar stop ERR	Pulley is not in proper position.	Turn pulley till needle bar is in proper position.
Missed X ORG. PT Missed Y ORG. PT	Damaged circuit board, sensor defective, cable defective, pulse motor defective, blown fuse.	Contact your dealer.
Over travel	<ol> <li>X-Y carriages movement exceeds maximum area.</li> <li>Overtravel sensor is in incorrect</li> </ol>	Turn power off. Move carriages X and Y to center of area manually, then turn power on again. If same error message is displayed again, turn power off, then on again while pressing <emergency> key. (Clearing backup memory.) Contact your dealer.</emergency>
	<ol> <li>Overtravel sensor is in incorrect position or defective.</li> <li>XY home position sensor is in incorrect position or defective.</li> <li>Damaged circuit board.</li> </ol>	
Memory Clear	Back-up data in the memory disappears.	Press key according to message.
Message in entry mode	Cause	Solution
No File	Inputted data has something wrong.	Check file name of data and re- enter.
Data ERR.		Check where data was made, then contact your dealer.
Disk ERR.	<ol> <li>Data is input without inserting floppy disk.</li> <li>While reading data, floppy disk is removed when machine runs in sewing mode.</li> <li>Damaged circuit board, defective cable, defective FDD.</li> </ol>	Insert floppy disk in proper position and re-enter. Do not remove floppy disk from FDD during sewing in this mode. Contact your dealer.

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2

Message in editing mode	Cause	Solution
Can-'t edit Data	<ol> <li>Some of data entered in communication mode has items that cannot edit.</li> <li>Some of data entered in sewing mode while reading data has items that cannot edit.</li> <li>According to editing item, there is item that cannot be set.</li> </ol>	Refer to page 57
T. Length larger	Entered value exceeds maximum area (450 mm x 285 mm).	Re-edit data.
Area Over	Improper area setting	Re-set area or re-edit data.
Arrangement Err	Value set in arrangement mode by [Each] is incorrect (ex. spaces $\rightarrow \leftarrow \uparrow \downarrow$ are inputted) or not all values are inputted. (ex. base line, base point.)	Refer to page 83-101 "Arranging."

41 t k

Message in sewing mode	Cause	Solution
No inptted Data	Without sewing data entered, you try to set machine to sewing mode.	First, input sewing data, then start sewing.
Short of Area	Improper area setting	Re-set area or re-edit data.
**th Data ERR	Entered data has something wrong.	Check where data was made, then contact your dealer.
**th Memory OVR	Too much data, or number of inputted stitches is over inside memory capacity and cannot manage it.	If memory expansion board (optional) is not set, set memory expansion board or decrease input data.
Area over	When sewing starts from current needle position, sewing pattern is over the area.	Move hoop to position where message disappears, or widen area.
B. Thread empty	Set sewing times in bobbin thread counter is completed.	Re-set sewing times in bobbin thread counter.
Thread breakage	<ol> <li>Needle thread breakage</li> <li>Needle thread is not passed through the thread sensor spring.</li> <li>Bobbin thread breakage</li> <li>Bobbin thread runs out.</li> </ol>	Pass thread.
Overload	<ol> <li>Pulley is too tight.</li> <li>Electrical failure</li> </ol>	Remove load. Contact your dealer.

## 2 Error messages (3)

Message in communication mode	Cause	Solution
Can't communi	<ol> <li>Paper tape reader or editing system does not connect with machine by cable.</li> <li>Power of paper tape reader or editing system is not turned on.</li> <li>Editing system does not enter communication mode.</li> <li>Editing system is communicating with another machine.</li> </ol>	Link with exclusive cable. Turn on power. Set editing system to communication mode. Wait till communication ends.
Communicate ERR.	<ol> <li>Data error occurs during communicating with editing system.</li> <li>Editing system exits from communication mode while machine is communicating with editing system.</li> <li>Power of editing system is turned off during communicating with editing system.</li> </ol>	Re-communicate. Set editing system to communication mode, then communicate again. Turn on power of editing system again, enter communication mode.
Edit-Sy. busy	Editing system is defective, or breakdown.	Turn on power of editing system again, enter communication mode. Contact your dealer.
Tape read ERR	<ol> <li>Poor punch of paper tape</li> <li>Paper tape runs short.</li> <li>Dirty head of paper tape reader</li> <li>Power of paper tape reader is not turned on.</li> <li>Paper tape type is wrongly selected.</li> <li>Improper communication baud rate</li> </ol>	Remake paper tape. Clean head. Turn on power. Select proper type to read paper tape. Adjust baud rate.

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Message in replacing needle bar	Cause	Solution
N. Case POS. ERR	<ol> <li>Needle bar is not set properly.</li> <li>Damaged circuit board</li> </ol>	Position needle bar case properly. Contact your dealer.
N. Case locked	<ol> <li>Needle bar case is too tight mechanically, or locked and cannot move.</li> <li>Electrical failure</li> </ol>	Remove load. Contact your dealer.

## 3

In case of a malfunction, diagnose the problem referring to the table below. If the problem persists, turn off the power and contact your dealer.

	Problem	Check point
1.	The display is blank, though power is on.	1. Is contrast dial properly adjusted?
2.	The indicator does not light, though a floppy disk is in disk drive.	<ol> <li>Is floppy disk damaged?</li> <li>Is disk drive functioning properly?</li> </ol>
3.	Thread breakage	<ol> <li>Is machine properly threaded?</li> <li>Is thread tension too high?</li> <li>Is rotary hook assembly clogged?</li> <li>Is there thread in the bobbin?</li> <li>Is needle bent?</li> <li>Is there a rough edge or flaw on needle plate, rotary hook, or bobbin case that might cut the thread?</li> <li>Is needle installed correctly?</li> </ol>
4.	Needle touches embroidery hoop.	<ol> <li>Is area setting done properly?</li> <li>Is embroidery hoop too small?</li> </ol>
5.	Bobbin thread cannot be wound.	
6.	Needle breaks.	<ol> <li>Is needle direction and height properly adjusted?</li> <li>Is needle bent?</li> <li>Is needle tip blunted?</li> <li>Is timing of needle and rotary hook correct?</li> <li>Is there looseness or play in the needle bar case? When there is play in the needle bar case</li> <li>collar</li> <li>collar when there is looseness of cam shaft in needle bar flip-up mechanism.</li> <li>Is rotary hook holder properly attached so that rotary hook does not rotate?</li> </ol>
7.	Monograms are not sewn properly.	<ol> <li>Is material edge caught in the machine? (Are embroidery hoop and other related parts operating correctly?)</li> <li>Is material stretched properly?</li> <li>Is thread tension proper?</li> </ol>

## 3 Transisanording (2)

	Problem	Check point
8.	Machine operates incorrectly.	<ol> <li>Is set screw of rotary encoder loosened?</li> <li>Is set screw of machine pulley loosened?</li> <li>Is set screw of N65 pulley loosened?</li> <li>Is synchronizer adjusted properly?</li> <li>Are wires of carriages X and Y off?</li> <li>Are set screws of wire drums X and Y loosened?</li> <li>Are set screws of pinion gears in pulse motors X and Y loosened?</li> <li>Is sewing data in floppy disk normal?</li> </ol>
9.	Upper shaft is locked at some point of a cycle.	<ol> <li>Is movable knife for thread trimming stopped in middle of operation?         [How to adjust]         <ul> <li>Remove thread or other interruption for correct thread trimming operation.</li> <li>Remove needle plate and reset it in proper position manually as in the figure below.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>[NOTE] When movable knife is in middle of operation, the safety system works so that the upper shaft cannot rotate.</li> <li>2. Is thread take-up stopped with striking upper case cover?</li> <li>[How to adjust] thread take-up upper case cover needle bar case inner thread guide Loosen the bolt of the thread take-up operating lever to adjust movable range of thread take-up, then re-tighten it.</li> <li>3. Is position of needle bar clamp or stopper correct?</li> </ul>

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Problem	Check point
10. Upper shaft does not turn.	<ol> <li>Is thread tangled in rotary hook? [How to adjust] Remove rotary hook and see whether upper shaft rotates or not. If thread is tangled, turn upper shaft by force to trim thread or remove rotary hook and thread.</li> </ol>
11. Stitch cannot be made.	<ol> <li>Is needle attached properly?</li> <li>Is timing of needle and rotary hook correct?</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>12. When the power is turned on, the hoop moves till the hoop is over the sewing area.</li> <li>13. When sewing is resumed in restart</li> </ul>	Turn off the power, then turn on the power again while pressing the emergency button. When there is a problem even if this is done, contact your dealer.
mode, the hoop moves till the hoop is over the area.	when there is a problem event this is done, contact your dealer.
14. Thread breakage detector functions and machine stops although thread breakage does not occur.	Is thread breakage detect stud operation normal? (Is spring tension proper?)

### 3 Troubleahooting (4)

Following is displayed when trying to read sewing data from a floppy disk while the floppy disk is inserted into the floppy disk drive.

- ① "Disk ERR." is displayed.
- ② "Data ERR." is displayed.
- ③ "Reading" is displayed and remains .

When another floppy disk is inserted, reading and sewing can be performed normally. The floppy disk drive may not be defective, but it is not clear what is wrong.

#### [Cause and solution]

- (1) Floppy disk has not been previously defective.
   If it occurs on the floppy disk which was able to use normally before, the floppy disk may be defective. (Repairing is impossible.)
   Carefully deal with floppy disk. And for security, back up data on other storage medium, like personal computer, punching machine and so on.
- (2) The floppy disk was originally defective. If it occurs at a first-time use, the floppy disk may be originally defective. Consult with shop you bought it or its maker.
- (3) Following floppy disk cannot be used in BAS-411 even though it can be used in other embroidery machine.

When 3.5" 2HD floppy disk was made in 2DD format. When 3.5" 2DD floppy disk was made in 2HD format.

If your problem does not come under case (1), (2) or (3), please consult with Brother's shop.



### 1. SW1 ····· Use this key to choose between mm and inch unit system.

By switching the DIP switch on, the total length of a pattern or the set sewing area can be specified in inches.

#### **Display in inches**

Example 1 Area



Example 2 Total length



When setting the total length : the data is in 4 digits, the minimum unit being 0.01 inches.

This indicates that the vertical length is 10.10

inches (= 257mm) and the horizontal length

is 15.30 inches ( = 389mm).

Example 3 To set and confirm hoop feed point

HOP: X 10.00 " Y 15.00 "

## DIP switch functions (2)

#### Example entry

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When setting the vertical length for 3.5 inches and the horizontal length for 10 inches:



Press numeric keys



Press numeric keys



Enter degits in order from left to right.

[NOTE] In using inches, errors within 0.254mm should be tolerated, for the minimum unit is 0.01 inches. In using millimeters, errors within 1mm should be tolerated, for the minimum unit is 1mm.

# 2. SW2····· The mode display order in the entry mode can be set differently with DIP switch 2.

(When actually in the entry mode, switching to the next mode is done by pressing the PATTERN key.)

° SW2 = ON

Pattern mode is displayed first.



° SW2 = OFF

Alphabet key mode is displayed first.



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° SW3 = ON

When the entered data is one pattern, the needle location will be the sewing start point (the first stitch).

In this case, the area check and the test feed function are not available.

In entry mode or when the entered data is two patterns or more, the sewing start point will be the same as when the SW3 is OFF.

SW3 = OFF
 The sewing start point is selected by the centering function.

# 4. SW4 Use this key to set the thread trimming between characters (Brother format) to ON/OFF.

° SW4= ON

Thread trimming will not be done between characters. (Cross-over stitch is possible.)

SW4 = OFF
 Thread trimming will be automatically done between characters. (Cross-over stitch is not possible.)

### 

° SW5 = ON

Even if another floppy disk is inserted during data reading or sewing of a character (pattern), machine will continue reading or sewing until it is done.

SW5 = OFF
 If another floppy disk is inserted during data reading or sewing of a pattern (character), machine will stop operation at that point.

### 6. SW6-SW8 .... Not available (Should be set to OFF.)

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[NOTE] Do not take out the floppy disk from the disk drive during data reading or sewing. It may cause errors or hinder correct sewing.

## Embroldery hoop types (1)

[NOTE] The parts indicated by the X symbol in the parts code column are standard parts.

## **1** Holder base



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### **2** Spider net frames



## **3** Tubular frame



By removing the table plate and using the cylinder bed, embroidery for tubular materials can be done effortlessly.

It is convenient when embroidering on sleeves and the body of ready made clothing or on the back of round-neck shirt.

		axb.		
TUBULAR FRAME HOLDER BASE ASSEMBLY	TUBULAR ROUND FRAME WITH ARMS TFA-07		Ø58	\$15623-000
\$15353-001	TUBULAR ROUND FRAME WITH ARMS TFA-09		Ø78	\$15624-000
0000 0000	TUBULAR ROUND FRAME WITH ARMS TFA-12		Ø108	<b>S</b> 15625-000
	TUBULAR ROUND FRAME WITH ARMS TFA-15	S15623-000	Ø136	\$15626-000
	TUBULAR SQUARE FRAME WITH ARMS TFA- 24 × 24		226 × 226	\$15627-000
	TUBULAR SQUARE FRAME WITH ARMS TFA- 24 × 30		237 × 308	\$15628-000
		<b>S</b> 15628-000		

## **4** Cap frame device



## 6 Name frame



HOOP (A) ASSEMBLY 100 × 100 \$09843-201
HOOP (B) ASSEMBLY 65 × 65 \$09844-201
HOOP (C) ASSEMBLY 30 × 30 \$09845-201
HOOP (D) ASSEMBLY 35 × 65 \$09846-201
HOOP (E) ASSEMBLY 65 × 35 S09847-201
MAGNET CLAMP 70 × 90 \$09848-001
HOOP 3 × 6 ASSEMBLY 50 × 100 157340-101

Embroidery of names can be done effortlessly.





Image: Memory expansion board (S18788-001 / circuit board B439064 assembly)



## **4** Cap frame device (S21069-001)



## **5** Paper tape reader (S18444-000)



<sup>\*</sup> Various kinds of optional parts are available besides the ones listed here. Contact your dealer for more information.

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