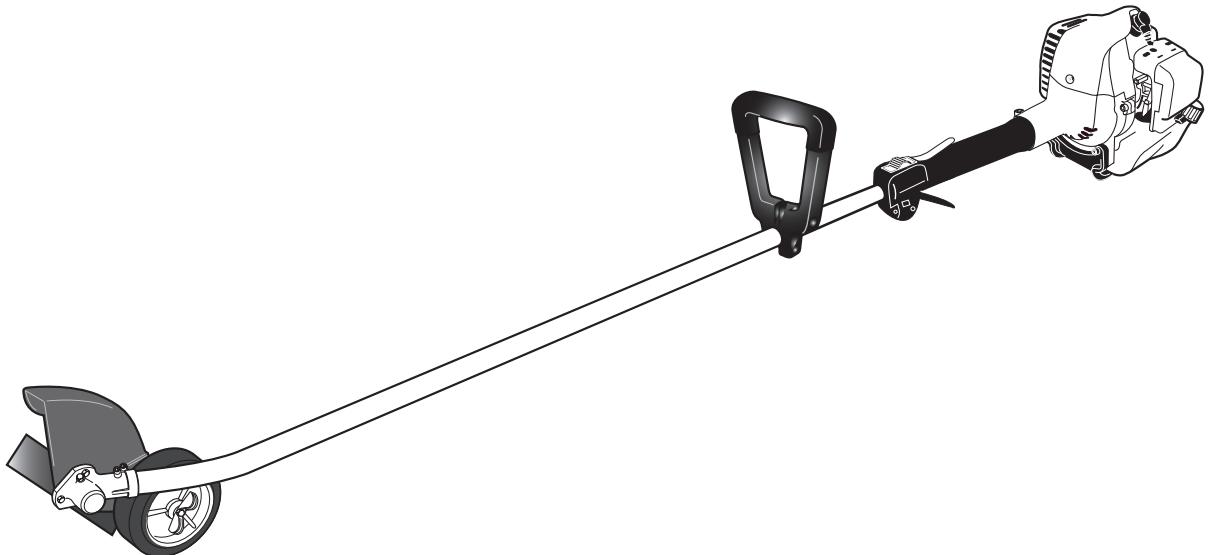


SHINDAIWA OWNER'S/OPERATOR'S MANUAL

LE242 LAWN EDGER



WARNING!

! Minimize the risk of injury to yourself and others! Read this manual and familiarize yourself with the contents. Always wear eye and hearing protection when operating this unit.

shindaiwa

Part Number 81532 Rev. 7/06

Introduction

The Shindaiwa 242 Series hand held power equipment has been designed and built to deliver superior performance and reliability without compromise to quality, comfort, safety or durability.

Shindaiwa engines represent the leading edge of high-performance engine technology, delivering exceptionally high power with remarkably low displacement and weight. As an owner/operator, you'll soon discover for yourself why Shindaiwa is simply in a class by itself!

IMPORTANT!

The information contained in this owner's/operator's manual describes units available at the time of publication.

Shindaiwa Inc. reserves the right to make changes to products without prior notice, and without obligation to make alterations to units previously manufactured.

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Attention Statements

Throughout this manual are special "Attention Statements".



WARNING!

A statement preceded by the triangular attention symbol and the word "WARNING" contains information that should be acted upon to prevent serious bodily injury.

CAUTION!

A statement preceded by the word "CAUTION" contains information that should be acted upon to prevent mechanical damage.

IMPORTANT!

A statement preceded by the word "IMPORTANT" is one that possesses special significance.

NOTE:

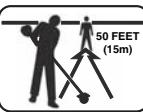
A statement preceded by the word "NOTE" contains information that is handy to know and may make your job easier.



Read and follow this operators manual. Failure to do so could result in serious injury.



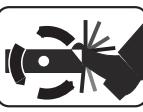
Wear eye and hearing protection at all times during the operation of this unit.



Keep bystanders at least 50 feet (15 m) away during operation.



Beware of thrown or ricocheted objects.



Keep feet away from blade. Rotating blade may cause injury. Blade may continue to rotate after unit is shut off.

IMPORTANT!

The operational procedures described in this manual are intended to help you get the most from this unit as well as to protect you and others from harm. These procedures are guidelines for safe operation under most conditions, and are not intended to replace any safety rules and/or laws that may be in force in your area. If you have questions regarding your 242 series hand held power equipment, or if you do not understand something in this manual, your Shindaiwa dealer will be glad to assist you. You may also contact Shindaiwa, Inc. at the address printed on the back of this Manual.

Safety Instructions

Work Safely

Shindaiwa Edgers operate at very high speeds and can do serious damage or injury if they are misused or abused. *Never allow a person without training or instruction to operate this unit!*



WARNING!

Never make unauthorized attachment installations. Do not use attachments not approved by Shindaiwa for use on this unit.

Stay Alert

You must be physically and mentally fit to operate this unit safely.



WARNING!



Never operate power equipment of any kind if you are tired or if you are under the influence of alcohol, drugs, medication or any other substance that could affect your ability or judgement.



WARNING!

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



WARNING!

Minimize the Risk of Fire

NEVER smoke or light fires near the engine.

ALWAYS stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling. Avoid overfilling and wipe off any fuel that may have spilled.

ALWAYS inspect the unit for fuel leaks before each use. During each refill, check that no fuel leaks from around the fuel cap and/or fuel tank. If fuel leaks are evident, stop using the unit immediately. Fuel leaks must be repaired before using the unit.

ALWAYS move the unit to a place well away from a fuel storage area or other readily flammable materials before starting the engine.

NEVER place flammable material close to the engine muffler.

NEVER operate the engine without the spark arrester screen in place.

Safety Instructions



WARNING!

Use Good Judgment

ALWAYS wear eye protection to shield against thrown objects.

NEVER run the engine when transporting the unit.

NEVER run the engine indoors! Make sure there is always good ventilation. Fumes from engine exhaust can cause serious injury or death.

ALWAYS clear your work area of trash or hidden debris that could be thrown back at you or toward a bystander.

ALWAYS use the proper cutting attachment.

ALWAYS stop the engine immediately if it suddenly begins to vibrate or shake. Inspect for broken, missing or improperly installed parts or attachments.

NEVER use a non-Shindaiwa approved cutting attachment.

ALWAYS keep the unit as clean as practical. Keep it free of loose vegetation, mud, etc.

ALWAYS hold the unit firmly with both hands when edging, and maintain control at all times.

ALWAYS keep the handles clean.

ALWAYS disconnect the spark plug wire before performing any maintenance work.

The Properly Equipped Operator

Wear close-fitting clothing to protect legs and arms. Gloves offer added protection and are strongly recommended.

Do not wear clothing or jewelry that could get caught in machinery or underbrush.

Secure hair so it is above shoulder level. NEVER wear shorts!

Wear hearing protection devices and a broad-brimmed hat or helmet.

Always wear eye protection such as goggles or safety glasses.

Always operate with both hands firmly gripping the unit.

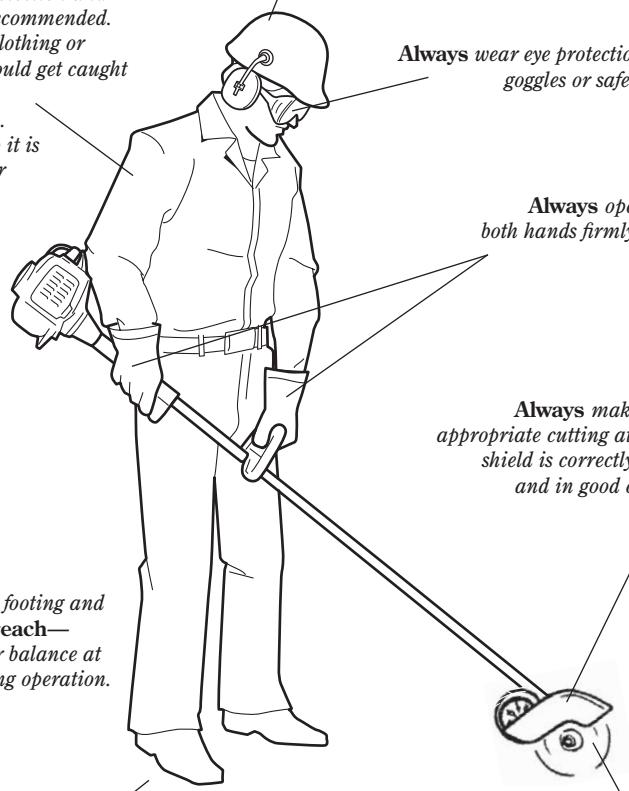
Always make sure the appropriate cutting attachment shield is correctly installed and in good condition.

Keep a proper footing and do not overreach— maintain your balance at all times during operation.

Wear appropriate footwear (non-skid boots or shoes): do not wear open-toed shoes or sandals. Never operate the unit while barefoot!

Keep away from the rotating blade at all times, and never lift a moving attachment above waist-high.

Figure 1



Be Aware of the Working Environment

Avoid long-term operation in very hot or very cold weather.

Always make sure the appropriate cutting attachment shield is correctly installed.

Be extremely careful of slippery terrain, especially during rainy weather.

Be constantly alert for objects and debris that could be thrown either from the rotating cutting attachment or bounced from a hard surface.

Make sure bystanders or observers outside the 50-foot "danger zone" wear eye protection.

Reduce the risk of bystanders being struck by flying debris. Make sure no one is within 50 feet (15 meters)—that's about 16 paces—of an operating attachment.

When operating in rocky terrain or near electric wires or fences, use extreme caution to avoid contacting such items with the cutting attachment.

If contact is made with a hard object, stop the engine and inspect the cutting attachment for damage.

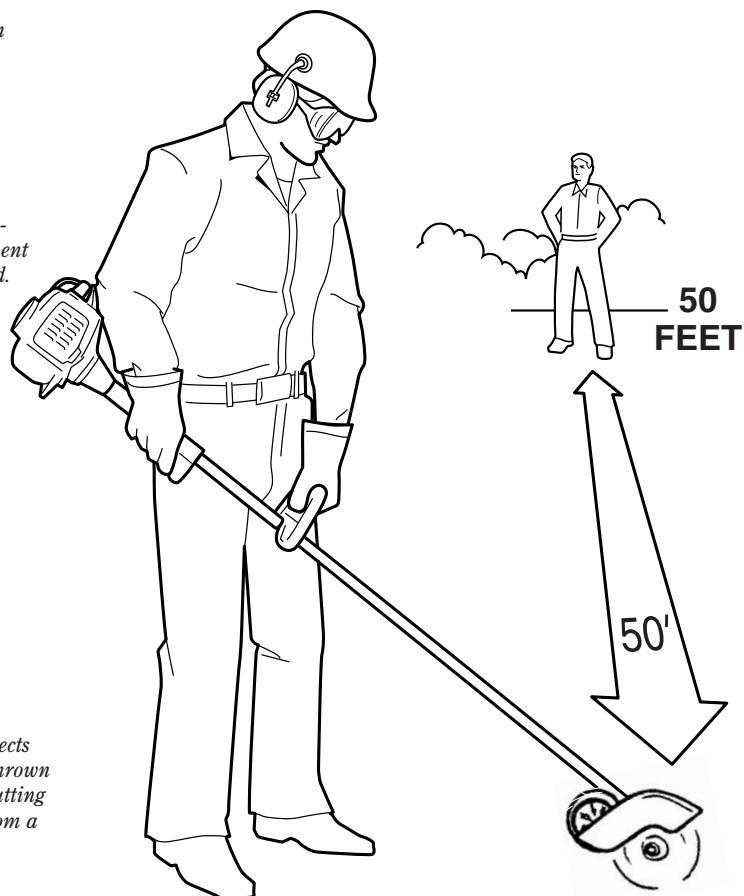


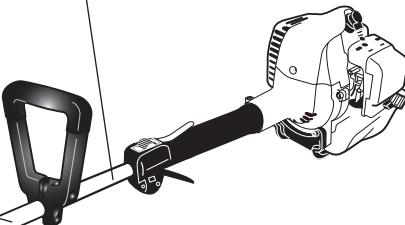
Figure 2

Safety Labels

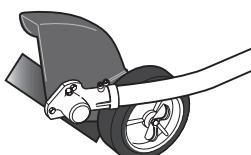


This label indicates the minimum distance between front handle and rear grip.

POSITION HANDLE FORWARD OF THE LINE



LE242



IMPORTANT
Safety and Operation Information Labels: Make sure all information labels are undamaged and readable. Immediately replace damaged or missing information labels. New labels are available from your local authorized Shindaiwa dealer.

Figure 3

Product Description

Using the accompanying illustrations as a guide, familiarize yourself with this unit and its various components. See Figure 4. Understanding your unit helps ensure top performance, long service life, and safer operation.



WARNING!

Do not make unauthorized modifications or alterations to any of these units or their components.

IMPORTANT!

The terms "left", "left-hand", and "LH"; "right", "right-hand", and "RH"; "front" and "rear" refer to directions as viewed by the operator during normal operation.

Prior to Assembly

Before assembling, make sure you have all the components required for a complete unit:

- Engine and outer tube assembly with handle
- Gearcase/Debris shield assembly
- Kit containing this manual and tool kit for routine maintenance. Tool kits vary by model and may include a hex wrench, a spark plug/screwdriver combination wrench, and a scraper.

Carefully inspect all components for damage.

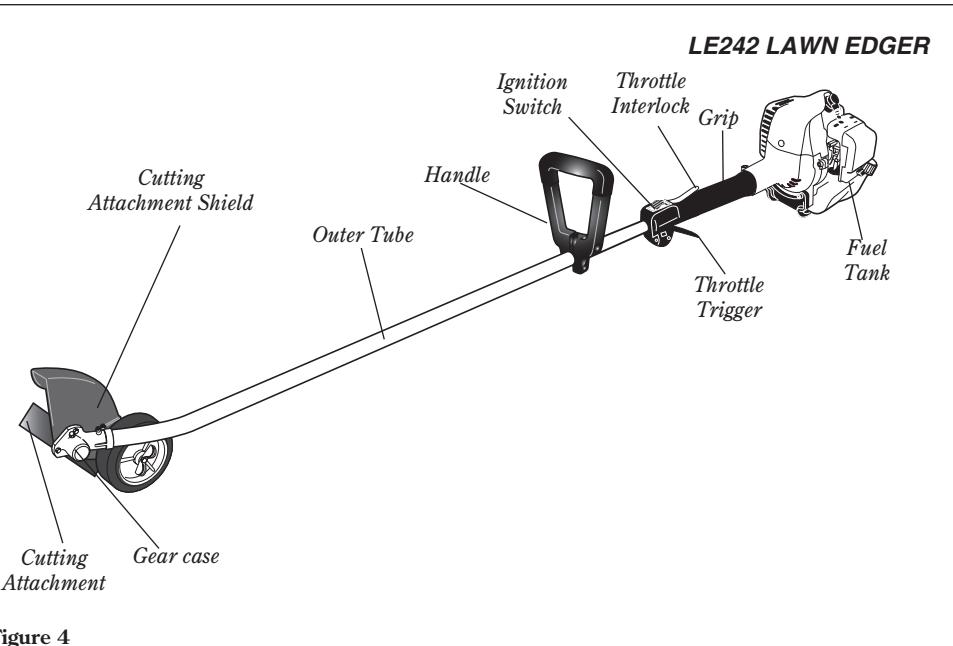


Figure 4

Specifications

LE242 dry weight (Including attachments)	12.8 lb./5.8 kg
Engine model	S242E
Engine type.....	2-cycle with catalyst
Bore x stroke	1.3 x 1.1 in./33 x 28 mm
Displacement.....	1.5 cu. in./ 23.9 cc
Maximum power	1.0 HP/0.8 kW @ 8000 rpm (min ⁻¹)
Fuel/oil ratio.....	50:1 with ISO-L-EGD or JASO FC class 2-cycle mixing oil*
Carburetor type.....	Walbro WYK, diaphragm-type
Fuel tank capacity	22.3 oz./670 ml
Ignition	One-piece electronic, transistor-controlled

Spark plug.....	NGK BPMR6A
Air cleaner type.....	Non-reversible Foam Filter Element
Starting method.....	Recoil
Stopping method.....	Slide switch
Transmission type.....	Automatic, centrifugal clutch w/bevel gear

EPA Emission
Compliance Period**

Category A

** The EPA emission compliance referred to on the emission compliance label located on the engine, indicates the number of operating hours for which the engine has been shown to meet Federal emission requirements. Category C = 50 hours (Moderate), B = 125 hours (Intermediate) and A = 300 hours (Extended).



* meets or exceeds these specifications and is recommended for all Shindaiwa products.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Assembly and Adjustments

Install Gearcase Assembly

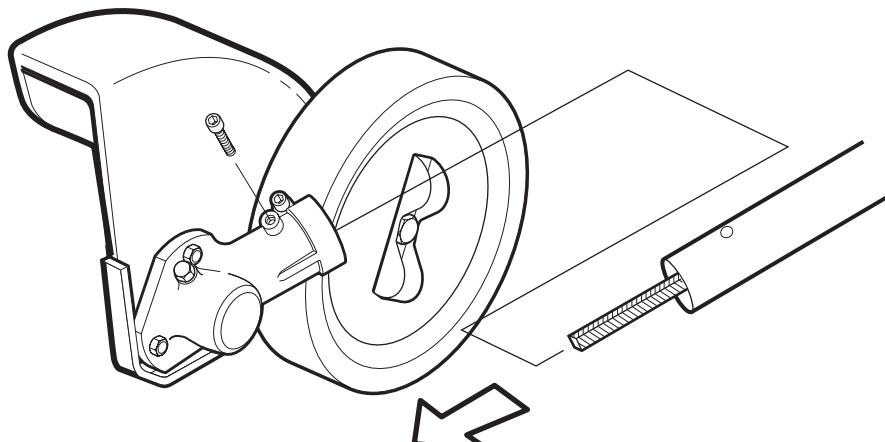


Figure 5

1. Loosen gearcase clamp screw.
2. Remove the gearcase index screw.
3. Slide the gearcase oriented as shown in Figure 5 onto the shaft tube insuring that the flex drive is engaged in the gearcase.

NOTE:

It may be necessary to pull the flex cable out from the shaft tube, engage into the gearcase and then slide the assembly onto the shaft tube.

4. Reinstall the index screw and tighten securely.
5. Tighten the clamp screw and torque to 52 – 69 inch pounds.

Assembly and Adjustments

Adjust Throttle Lever Free Play

The throttle lever free play should be approximately 3/16-1/4 inch (4-6 mm). See Figure 6. Make sure that the throttle lever operates smoothly without binding. If it becomes necessary to adjust the lever free play, follow the procedures and illustrations that follow.

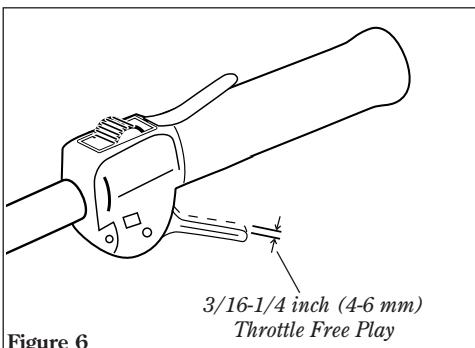


Figure 6

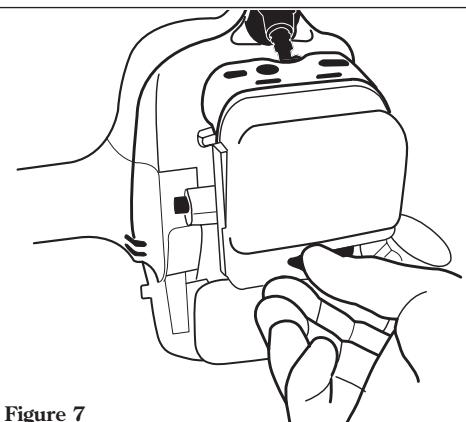


Figure 7

1. Loosen the air cleaner cover knob and remove the air cleaner cover. See Figure 7.
2. Loosen the lock nut on the cable adjuster. See Figure 8.

3. Turn the cable adjuster in or out as required to obtain proper free play 3/16-1/4 inch (4-6 mm). See Figure 8.
4. Tighten the locknut.

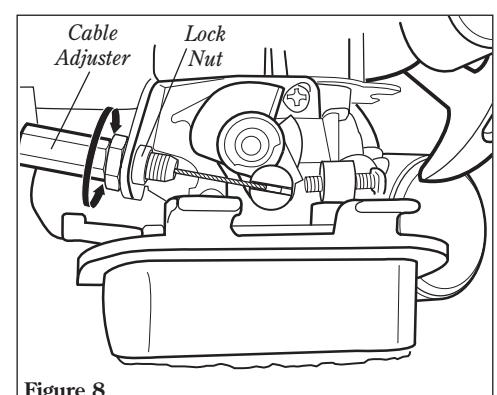


Figure 8

5. Reinstall the air cleaner cover.

Mixing Fuel

CAUTION!

Some types of gasoline contain alcohol as an oxygenate. Oxygenated gasoline may cause increased operating temperatures. Under certain conditions, alcohol-based gasoline may also reduce the lubricating qualities of some 2-cycle mixing oils. Never use any type of gasoline containing more than 10% alcohol by volume! Generic oils and some outboard oils may not be intended for use in high-performance 2-cycle engines, and should never be used in your Shindaiwa engine.

CAUTION!

This engine is designed to operate on a 50:1 mixture consisting of unleaded gasoline and ISO-L-EGD or JASO FC class 2-cycle mixing oil only. Use of non-approved mixing oils can lead to excessive carbon deposits.

- Use only fresh, clean unleaded gasoline with a pump octane of 87 or higher.
- Mix all fuel with a 2-cycle air-cooled mixing oil that meets or exceeds ISO-L-EGD and/or JASO FC classified oils at 50:1 gasoline/oil ratio.

Examples of 50:1 mixing quantities

- 1 gallon of gasoline to 2.6 oz. mixing oil
- 5 liters of gasoline to 100 ml. mixing oil

IMPORTANT!

Mix only enough fuel for your immediate needs! If fuel must be stored longer than 30 days and **ONE** oil with fuel stabilizer is not used, it should first be treated with a fuel stabilizer such as STA-BIL™.

Shindaiwa



ONE Oil is a registered JASO FC classified oil and also meets or exceeds ISO-L-EGD performance requirements. Shindaiwa One is recommended for use in all Shindaiwa low emissions engines. Shindaiwa One also includes a fuel stabilizer.

Filling the Fuel Tank



WARNING!

Minimize the risk of fire!

- STOP engine before refueling.
- ALWAYS allow the engine to cool before refueling!
- Wipe all spilled fuel and move the engine at least 10 feet (3 meters) from the fueling point and source before restarting!
- NEVER start or operate this unit if there is a fuel leak.

- NEVER start or operate this unit if the carburetor, fuel lines, fuel tank and/or fuel tank cap are damaged.
- NEVER smoke or light any fires near the engine or fuel source!
- NEVER place any flammable material near the engine muffler!
- NEVER operate the engine without the muffler and spark arrester in good working condition.

1. Place the edger on a flat, level surface.
2. Clear any dirt or other debris from around the fuel filler cap.
3. Remove the fuel cap, and fill the tank with clean, fresh fuel.
4. Reinstall the fuel filler cap and tighten firmly.

Starting the Engine

IMPORTANT!

Engine ignition is controlled by a two position switch mounted on the throttle housing labeled, "I" for ON or START and "O" for OFF or STOP.

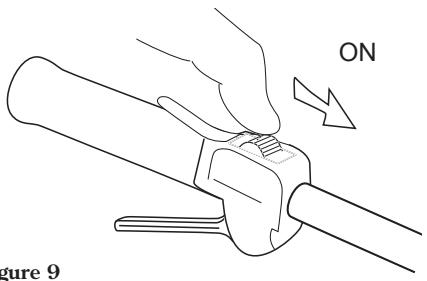


Figure 9

1. Slide the ignition switch to the "ON" position. See Figure 9.

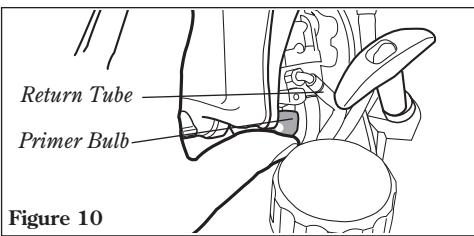


Figure 10

2. Press the primer bulb until fuel can be seen flowing in the transparent return tube.

IMPORTANT!

The primer system only pushes fuel through the carburetor. Repeatedly pressing the primer bulb will not flood the engine with fuel.

3. Set the choke lever to the CLOSED position if engine is cold.

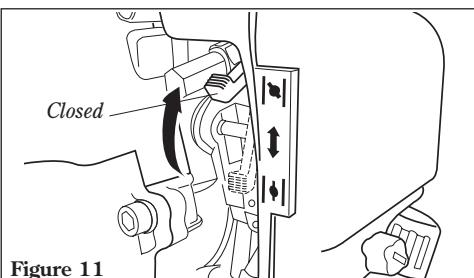


Figure 11

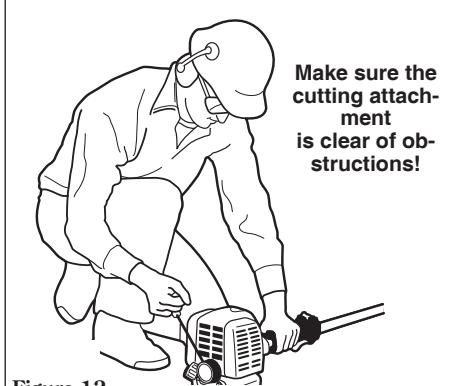


Figure 12

4. While holding the outer tube firmly with left hand. Use your other hand to slowly pull the recoil starter handle until resistance is felt, then pull quickly to start the engine.

CAUTION!

Do not pull the recoil starter to the end of the rope travel. Pulling the recoil starter to the end of the rope travel can damage the starter.

WARNING!

The cutting attachment may rotate when the engine is started!

5. When the engine starts, slowly move the choke lever to the "OPEN" position. See Figure 13. (If the engine stops after the initial start, close the choke and restart.)

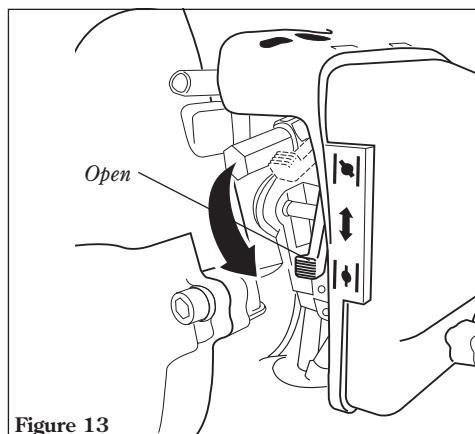


Figure 13



WARNING!

Never start the engine from the operating position.

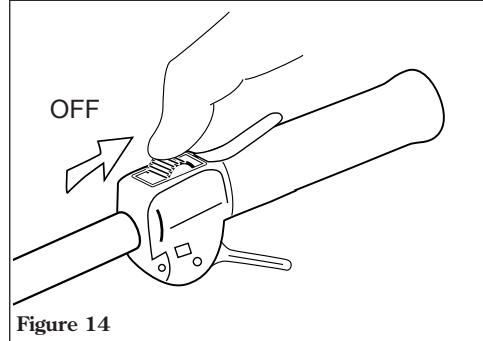
IMPORTANT!

If the engine fails to start after several attempts with the choke in the closed position, the engine may be flooded with fuel. If flooding is suspected, move the choke lever to the open position and repeatedly pull the recoil starter to remove excess fuel and start the engine. If the engine still fails to start, refer to the troubleshooting section of this manual.

When the Engine Starts...

- After the engine starts, allow the engine to warm up at idle 2 or 3 minutes before operating the unit.
- Advancing the throttle makes the cutting attachment turn faster; releasing the throttle permits the attachment to stop turning. If the cutting attachment continues to rotate when the engine returns to idle, carburetor idle speed should be adjusted (see "Adjusting Engine Idle" on next page).

Stopping the Engine



Idle the engine briefly before stopping (about 2 minutes), then slide the ignition switch to the "O" (Engine OFF) position.

Figure 14

Adjusting Engine Idle

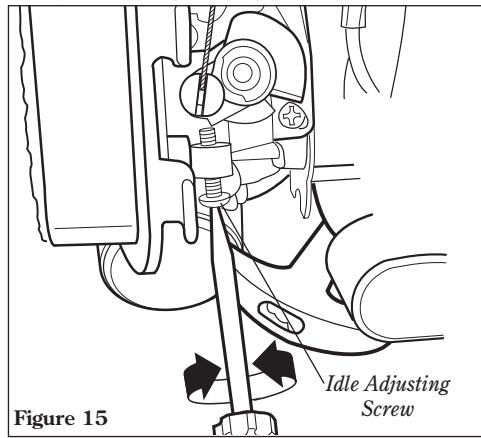


Figure 15

The engine must return to idle speed whenever the throttle lever is released. Idle speed is adjustable, and must be set low enough to permit the engine clutch to disengage the cutting attachment.

Idle Speed Adjustment



WARNING!

The cutting attachment must NEVER rotate at engine idle! If the idle speed cannot be adjusted by the procedure described here, return the trimmer to your Shindaiwa dealer for inspection.

1. Place the trimmer on the ground, then start the engine, and then allow it to idle 2-3 minutes until warm.
2. If the attachment rotates when the engine is at idle, reduce the idle speed by turning the idle adjustment screw counter-clockwise. See Figure 15.
3. If a tachometer is available, the engine idle speed should be final adjusted to 3,000 (± 250) rpm (min^{-1}).
4. Carburetor fuel mixture adjustments are preset at factory and cannot be serviced in the field.

Checking Unit Condition

NEVER operate the unit with the cutting attachment shield or other protective devices removed!



WARNING!

A cutting attachment shield or other protective device is no guarantee of protection against ricochet. YOU MUST ALWAYS GUARD AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS!

Use only authorized Shindaiwa parts and accessories with your Shindaiwa trimmer. Do not make modifications to this unit without written approval from Shindaiwa, Inc.

ALWAYS make sure the cutting attachment is properly installed and firmly tightened before operation.

NEVER use a cracked or warped cutting attachment: replace it with a serviceable one.

ALWAYS make sure the cutting attachment fits properly into the appropriate attachment holder. If a properly installed attachment vibrates, replace the attachment with new one and re-check.

ALWAYS stop the engine immediately and

check for damage if you strike a foreign object or if the unit becomes tangled. Do not operate with broken or damaged equipment.

NEVER allow the engine to run at high RPM without a load. Doing so could damage the engine.

NEVER operate a unit with worn or damaged fasteners or attachment holders.

Using a Hand-held Edger

Guidelines for Operating the Edger

- Before edging, make sure the area is soft enough so the blade does not bog down. If necessary, water the area before edging.
- Remove debris and other obstacles that could be thrown by the rotating blade.
- Plan your work so the edger blade is always on your right-hand side.
- Begin each pass by positioning the unit over the work, and with the engine running at about half-throttle. Slowly lower the blade to the ground while applying full throttle. See Figure 16.
- Do not move the edger into the work so fast that the engine or blade bogs down.

CAUTION!

Low-speed edging can lead to premature clutch failure.



Figure 16

- Do not pull the unit backward over the ground with the engine running. Doing so will tend to bury the blade.

Regular and frequent use of the edger will make a neater lawn, and a frequently trimmed edge will be easier to maintain.

Adjusting the Cutting Depth

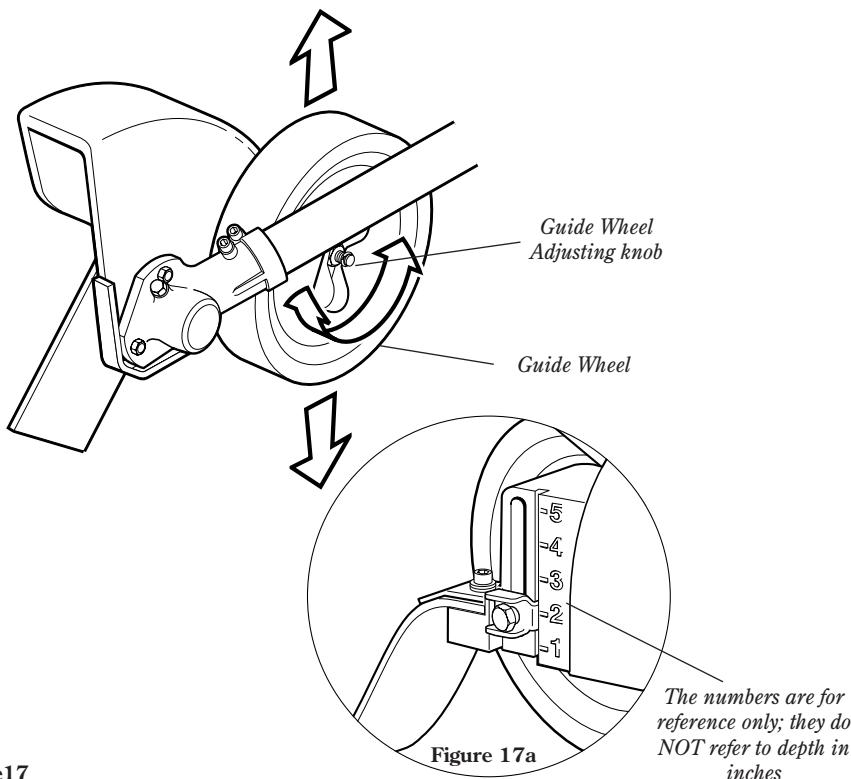


Figure 17

The edger's depth of cut is controlled by a combination of operator height, blade wear, and the positioning of the edger's guide wheel.

To adjust blade height:

1. Loosen the guide wheel adjusting knob. See Figure 17.
2. Raise or lower the guide wheel to the desired setting. See Figure 17a.
3. Tighten the guide wheel adjusting knob firmly. See Figure 17.



WARNING!

Never adjust the guide wheel while the engine is running.

NOTE

Guide wheel adjustment is also required to compensate for blade wear.



WARNING!

Use only Shindaiwa replacement edger blades.

General Maintenance

IMPORTANT!

MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT OR REPAIR OF EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES AND SYSTEMS MAY BE PERFORMED BY ANY REPAIR ESTABLISHMENT OR INDIVIDUAL; HOWEVER, WARRANTY REPAIRS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A DEALER OR SERVICE CENTER AUTHORIZED BY SHINDAIWA CORP. THE USE OF PARTS THAT ARE NOT EQUIVALENT IN PERFORMANCE AND DURABILITY TO AUTHORIZED PARTS MAY IMPAIR THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM AND MAY HAVE A BEARING ON THE OUTCOME OF A WARRANTY CLAIM.



WARNING!

Before performing any maintenance, repair or cleaning work on the unit, make sure the engine and cutting attachment are completely stopped. Disconnect the spark plug wire before performing service or maintenance work.



WARNING!

Non-standard parts may not operate properly with your unit and may cause damage and lead to personal injury.



WARNING!

■ Never repair a damaged blade by welding, straightening, or by modifying its shape. An altered blade may break during operation, resulting in serious personal injury.

NOTE:

Using non-standard replacement parts could invalidate your Shindaiwa warranty.

Muffler

This unit must never be operated with a faulty or missing spark arrester or muffler. Make sure the muffler is well secured and in good condition. A worn or damaged muffler is a fire hazard and may also cause hearing loss.

Spark Plug

Keep the spark plug and wire connections tight and clean.

Fasteners

Make sure nuts, bolts, and screws (except carburetor adjusting screws) are tight.

■ Blades are **not** interchangeable between Shindaiwa edgers and trimmer/brushcutter models. Operating any unit with a blade or attachment not approved for that unit can be hazardous and may cause serious injury.

Daily Maintenance

Prior to each work day, perform the following:

- Remove dirt or debris from the engine, check the cooling fins and air cleaner for clogging and clean them as necessary.
- Carefully remove any accumulation of dirt or debris from the muffler or the fuel tank. Dirt build-up in these areas could cause engine overheating, induce premature wear, or create a fire hazard.
- Check for loose or missing screws or components. Make sure the cutting attachment is securely fastened.
- Check the entire unit for leaking fuel or grease.

10-Hour Maintenance

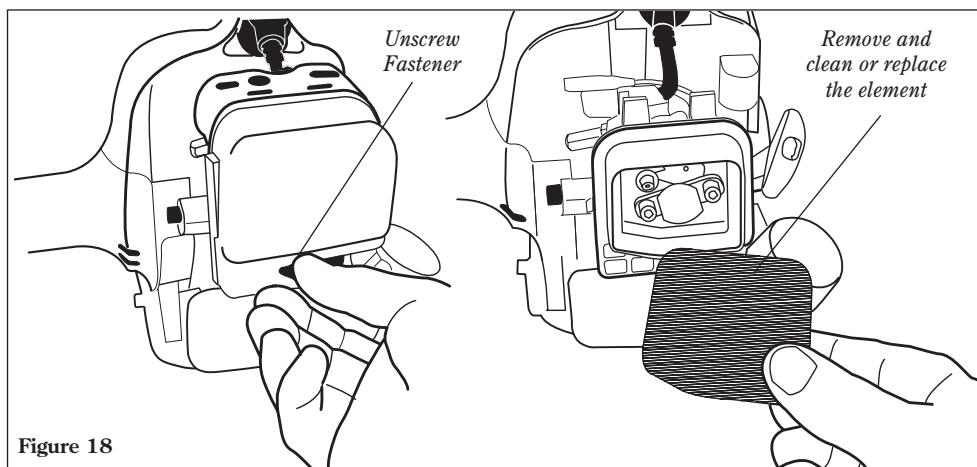


Figure 18

Every 10 hours of operation (more frequently in dusty or dirty conditions):

- Remove the air cleaner element. See Figure 18. Clean or replace as necessary. To clean element: wash it thoroughly in soap and water. Let it dry before reinstalling the element.

CAUTION!

Do not operate the unit if the air cleaner or element is damaged, or if the element is wet.

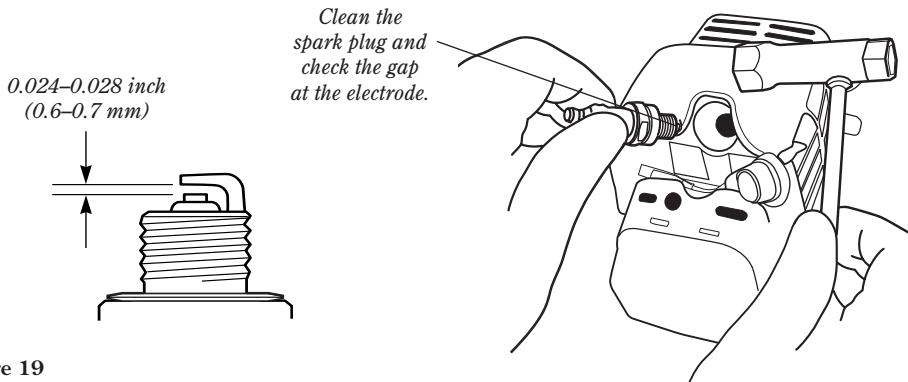


Figure 19

Every 10 to 15 hours of operation:

- Remove and clean the spark plug. Adjust the spark plug electrode gap to 0.024–0.028 inch (0.6–0.7 mm). If the spark plug must be replaced, use only an NGK BPMR6A or equivalent resistor type spark plug of the correct heat range. See Figure 19.

NOTE:

The NGK BPMR6A also meets the requirements for electro magnetic compliance (EMC).

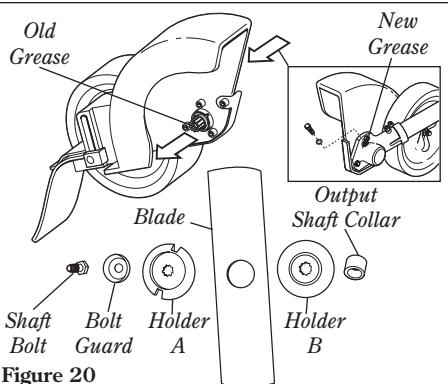
CAUTION!

Before removing the spark plug, clean the area around the plug to prevent dirt and debris from getting into the engine's internal parts.

50-Hour Maintenance

Every 50 hours of operation (more frequently in dusty or dirty conditions):

- Remove the cylinder cover and clean grass and dirt from the cover and cylinder fins.
- Remove the cutting attachment, cutting attachment holder and gear shaft collar. Remove the filler plug from the side of the gearcase and press new grease into the gearcase until grease is pushed out. Use only lithium-base grease such as Shindaiwa Gear Case Lubricant or equivalent. See figure 20.

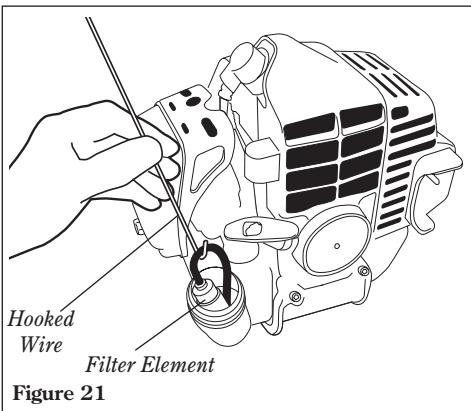


- Use a hooked wire to extract the fuel filter from inside the fuel tank. See figure 21.

CAUTION!

Make sure you do not pierce the fuel line with the end of the hooked wire. The line is delicate and can be damaged easily.

Remove and replace the filter element. Before reinstalling the new filter element, inspect the condition of all the fuel system components (fuel pick-up line, fuel return line, tank vent line, tank vent, fuel cap and fuel tank). If damage, splitting or deterioration is noted, the unit should be removed from service until it can be inspected or repaired by a Shindaiwa-trained service technician.



Lubricate the Flexible Shaft.

Lack of lubrication will cause rapid wear to the flexible shaft and also to the shaft tube liner, resulting in increased vibration and greatly decreased service life. Remove and lubricate the flexible shaft as follows:

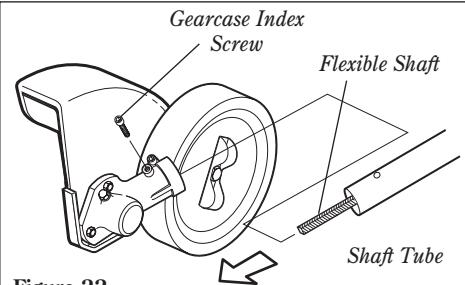


Figure 22

1. Loosen the gearcase clamp screw.
2. Remove the gearcase index screw.
3. Slide the gearcase and shield assembly from the shaft tube.
4. Pull the flexible shaft from the shaft tube assembly, and clean the shaft thoroughly in solvent.
5. Inspect the shaft carefully, and replace if worn or damaged. If flexible shaft is worn and needs replacement, liner should also be replaced.
6. Coat the entire length of the shaft with Shindaiwa Premium Gearcase Lube (or equivalent), and reinstall the shaft in the shaft tube assembly.

NOTE:

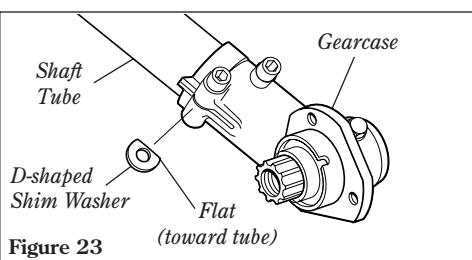
For extended shaft life, the flexible cable should be reversed end-for-end during the reinstallation process.

7. Insert the flexible shaft into the female end of the gearcase pinion.
8. Install the gearcase on the shaft tube in the reverse order of removal.

50-Hour Maintenance (continued)

CAUTION!

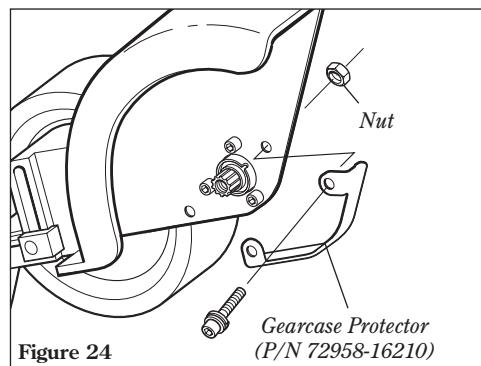
The D-shaped shim washer must be positioned with its flat edge toward the shaft tube.



Inspect the Gearcase Protector

The metal gearcase protector (p/n 72958-16210) is installed to protect the gearcase flange from damage when working close to sidewalks or other abrasive surfaces, and should be routinely inspected for damage or excessive wear.

When replacing the protector, inspect to be sure that both of the protector mounting screws are firmly tightened and each screw is locked in place with a nut as shown.



135-hour Maintenance

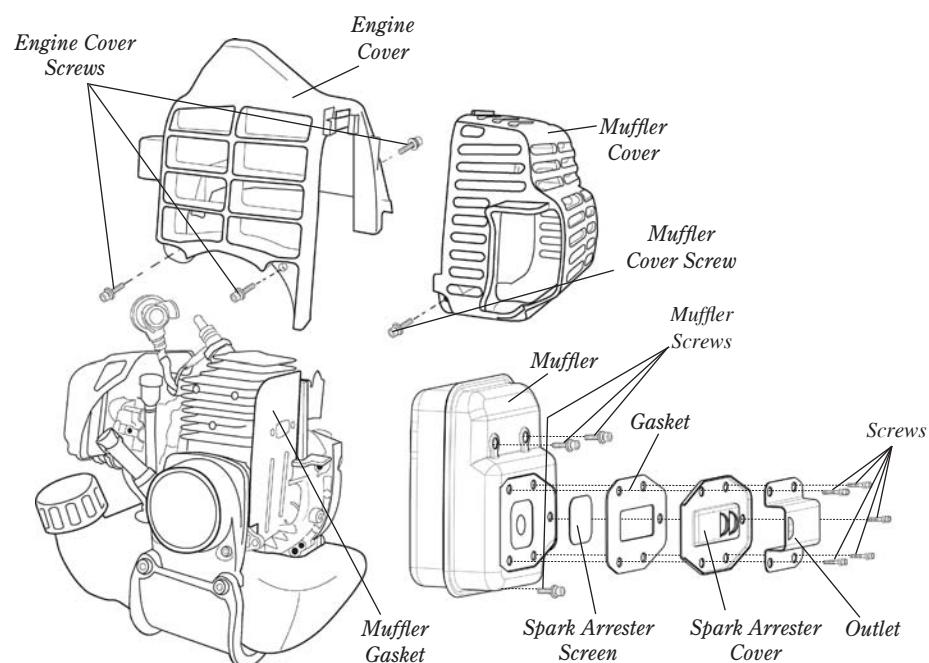
Every 135 hours of operation,
remove and clean the muffler.



WARNING!

Never operate this trimmer with a damaged or missing muffler or spark arrester! Operating with missing or damaged exhaust components is a fire hazard, and can also damage your hearing!

1. Remove the spark plug boot.
2. With a 3 mm hex wrench remove the 1 muffler cover and 3 engine cover screws and the engine cover. See Figure 25.
3. With a Phillips type screwdriver remove the 5 screws holding the spark arrester screen and cover to the muffler. See Figure 25.
4. Remove the screen and clean it with a stiff bristle brush.
5. With a 4 mm hex wrench remove the 3 muffler bolts and the muffler. See Figure 25.
6. Inspect the cylinder exhaust port for any carbon buildup.
7. Gently tap the muffler on a wood surface to dislodge any loose carbon.



IMPORTANT!

If you note excessive carbon buildup, consult with an authorized Shindaiwa servicing dealer.

8. Reassemble the spark arrester, muffler and engine cover in the reverse order of disassembly.

Replacing the Edger Blade



WARNING!

Always wear gloves when handling the edger blade.

1. Align the hole in holder A with the matching hole in the gearcase and then use the hex wrench to temporarily lock the output shaft.
2. Use the combination wrench to loosen the shaft bolt then remove the output shaft bolt, Holder B and the edger blade from the gearcase.

3. Mount the edger blade and holder B onto the shaft, and then install the bolt guard and shaft bolt (turn bolt counter-clockwise to install). See Figure 26.
4. Align the hole in holder A with the matching hole in the gearcase, and then use the hex wrench to temporarily lock the output shaft. See Figure 26.
5. Use the combination wrench to firmly tighten the shaft bolt. Remove the hex wrench. See Figure 26.

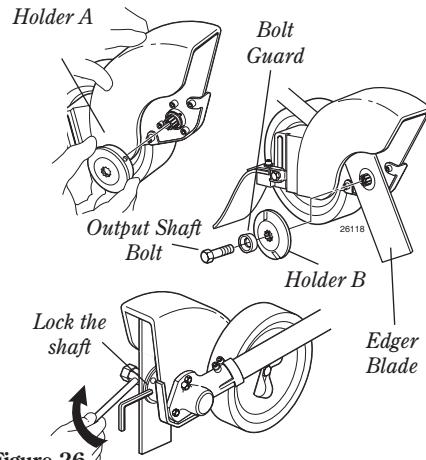


Figure 26

Long Term Storage

Whenever the unit will not be used for 30 days or longer, use the following procedures to prepare it for storage:

- Clean external parts thoroughly.
- Drain all the fuel from the fuel tank.

IMPORTANT!

All stored fuels should be stabilized with a fuel stabilizer such as STA-BIL™, if ONE oil with fuel stabilizer is not used.

- Remove the remaining fuel from the fuel lines and carburetor.

CAUTION!

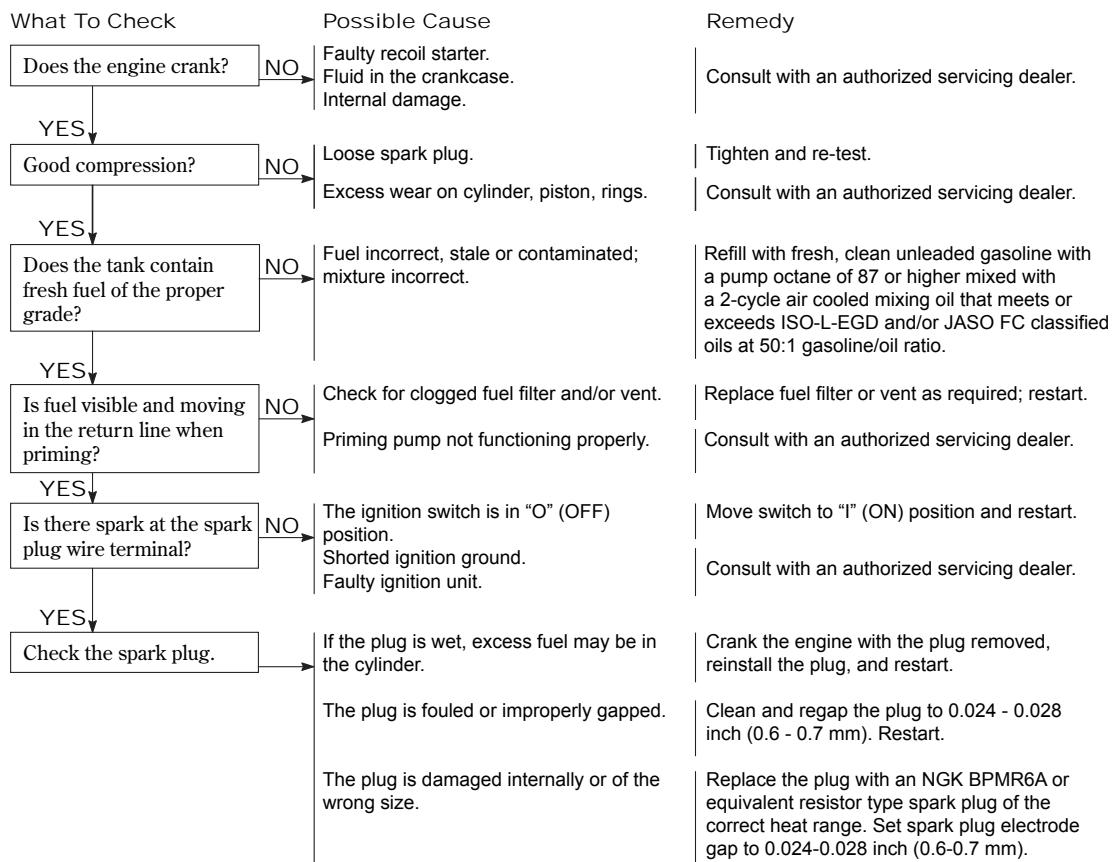
Gasoline stored in the carburetor for extended periods can cause hard starting and could also lead to increased service and maintenance cost.

1. Prime the primer bulb until no more fuel is passing through.
2. Start and run the engine until it stops running.
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the engine will no longer start.

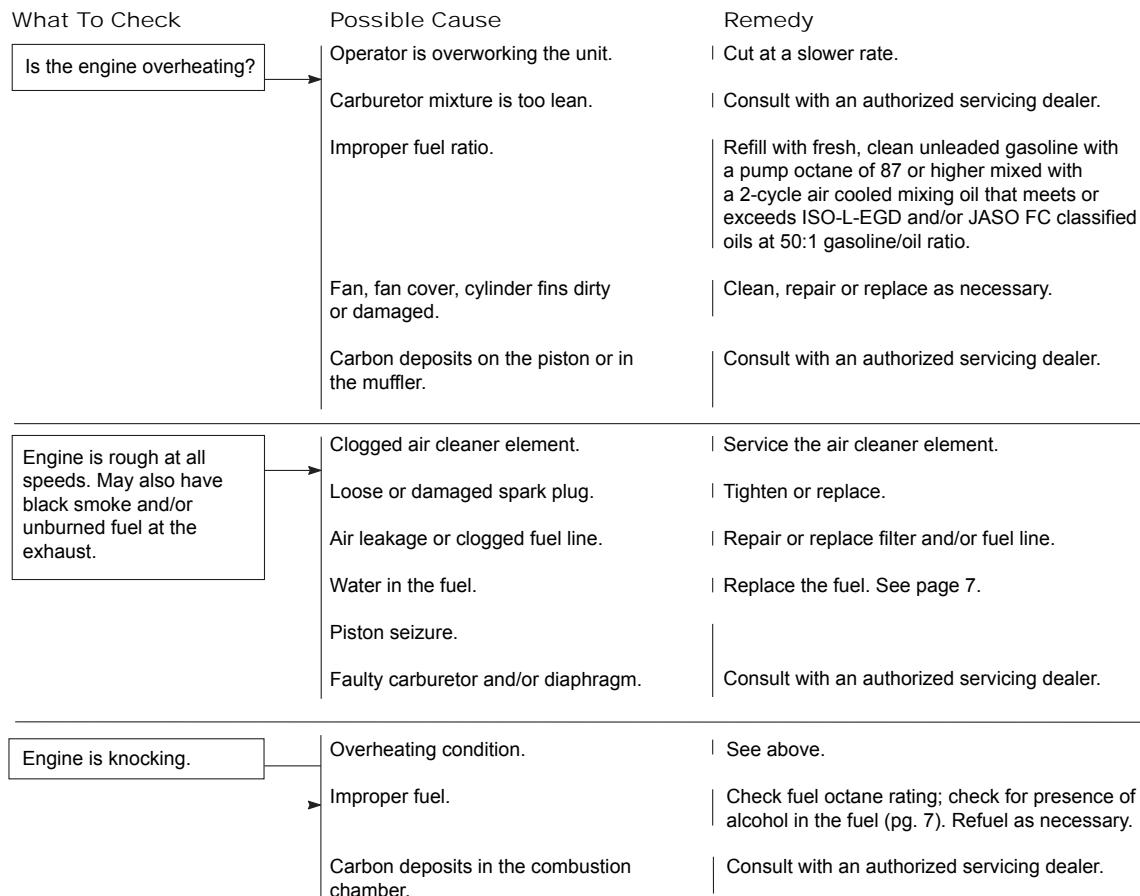
- Remove the spark plug and pour about 1/4 ounce of 2-cycle mixing oil into the cylinder through the spark plug hole. Slowly pull the recoil starter 2 or 3 times so oil will evenly coat the interior of the engine. Reinstall the spark plug.
- Before storing the unit, repair or replace any worn or damaged parts.
- Remove the air cleaner element from the carburetor and clean it thoroughly with soap and water. Let dry and reassemble the element.
- Store the unit in a clean, dust-free area.

Troubleshooting Guide

ENGINE DOES NOT START



LOW POWER OUTPUT



Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
Poor acceleration.	Clogged air filter. Clogged fuel filter. Lean fuel/air mixture. Idle speed set too low.	Clean the air filter. Replace the fuel filter. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer. Adjust: 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min $^{-1}$).
Engine stops abruptly.	Switch turned off. Fuel tank empty. Clogged fuel filter. Water in the fuel. Shorted spark plug or loose terminal. Ignition failure. Piston seizure.	Reset the switch and restart. Refuel. See page 7. Replace fuel filter. Drain; replace with clean fuel. See page 7. Clean and replace spark plug, tighten the terminal. Replace the ignition unit. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
Engine difficult to shut off.	Ground (stop) wire is disconnected or switch is defective. Overheating due to incorrect spark plug. Overheated engine.	Test and replace as required. Idle engine until cool. Clean and regap the plug to 0.024 - 0.028 inch (0.6 - 0.7 mm). Correct plug: NGK BPMR6A or equivalent resistor type spark plug of the correct range. Idle engine until cool.
Cutting attachment rotates at engine idle.	Engine idle too high. Broken clutch spring or worn clutch spring boss. Loose attachment holder.	Set idle: 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min $^{-1}$). Replace spring/shoes as required, check idle speed. Inspect and re-tighten holders securely.
Engine will not idle down.	Engine idle set too high. Engine has an air leak.	Set idle: 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min $^{-1}$). Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
Excessive vibration.	Warped or damaged cutting attachment. Loose gearcase. Bent main shaft/worn or damaged liner.	Inspect and replace attachment as required. Tighten gearcase securely. Inspect and replace as necessary.
Cutting attachment will not rotate.	Shaft not installed in powerhead or gearcase. Broken shaft. Damaged gearcase.	Inspect and reinstall as required. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

Emission System Warranty Statement

Your Warranty Rights and Obligations

The California Air Resources Board, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and Shindaiwa Corp. are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your new small off-road (non-road) engine.

In California, new small off-road engines must be designed, built, and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. In other states, new 1997 and later non-road engines must meet the Federal EPA's stringent anti-smog standards. Shindaiwa Corp. must warrant the emission control system on your small off-road engine for the periods of time listed below, provided there has been no abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance of your small off-road engine.

Your engine emission control system includes parts such as the carburetor, the ignition system and, if equipped, the catalytic converter. These components are specifically listed below.

Where a warrantable condition exists, Shindaiwa Corp. will repair your small off-road engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts, and labor.

Manufacturer's Warranty Coverage

When sold within the U.S., this engine's emission control system is warranted for a period of two (2) years from the date this product is first delivered to the original retail purchaser.

During the warranty period, Shindaiwa Corp. will, at their option, repair or replace any defective emission-related component on this engine. During the original Warranty Period, these Warranty Rights are automatically transferable to subsequent owners of this product.

What is Covered by this Warranty

1. Carburetor Internal Components
 - Throttle Valve, Needle, Jet, Metering Diaphragm
2. Ignition System Components
 - Ignition Coil
 - Flywheel Rotor
3. Catalytic Converter (if originally equipped)

The emission control system for your particular Shindaiwa engine may also include certain related hoses and connectors.

Owners Warranty Responsibilities

As the small off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in this owners manual. Shindaiwa Corp. recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your small off-road engine, but Shindaiwa Corp. cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

As the small off-road engine owner, you should be aware, however, that Shindaiwa Corp. may deny you warranty coverage if your small off-road engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance, or unapproved modifications.

You are responsible for presenting your small off-road engine to an authorized Shindaiwa Dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact a Shindaiwa customer service representative at (503) 692-3070 or your local Shindaiwa Dealer.

Consequential Damages

In the event that other component parts of this product are damaged by the failure of a warranted part, Shindaiwa Corp. will repair or replace such component parts at no charge to you.

What is Not Covered

- Failures caused by abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance procedures.
- Failures caused by the use of modified or non-approved parts or attachments.

This Warranty is Administered by:

Shindaiwa Inc.
11975 S.W. Herman Rd.
Tualatin, OR 97062
(503) 692-3070

NOTES

shindaiwa

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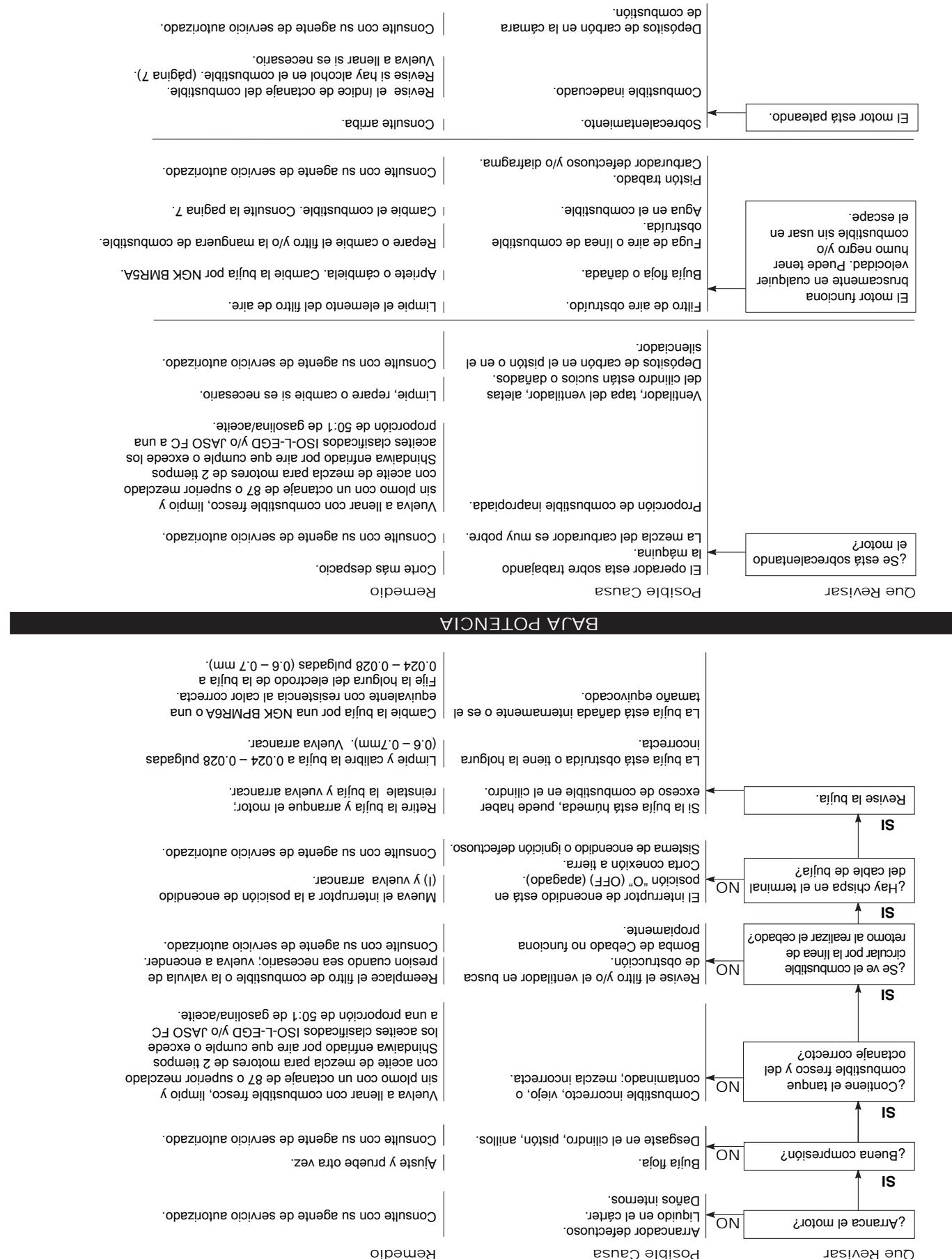
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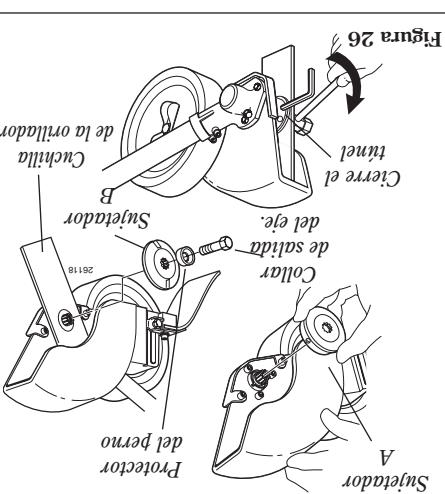
Shimidaiwa

PROBLEMAS ADICIONALES	
Sintoma	<p>Posible Causa</p> <p>Remedio</p>
Aceleración deficiente.	<p>Filtro de aire obstruido.</p> <p>Limpie el elemento del filtro de aire.</p>
El motor se apaga	<p>El interruptor está en la posición de apagado.</p> <p>Fije el interruptor y vuélvalo a arrancar.</p> <p>Vuelva a llenar. Consulte página 7.</p> <p>El tanque de combustible está vacío.</p> <p>El mezcla de combustible es muy pobre.</p> <p>La mezcla de combustible/aire es Consulte con su agente de servicio autorizado.</p> <p>Aliste: a 3,000 RPM (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy baja.</p> <p>Ponga el mezcla de combustible a bujía incorrecta.</p> <p>O el interruptor está desconectado.</p> <p>Pruebe y reemplace como sea requerido.</p>
Se hace difícil apagar el motor.	<p>Agua en el combustible.</p> <p>Drene; cambie con combustible limpio.</p> <p>Cambie el filtro de combustible.</p> <p>Filtro de combustible obstruido.</p> <p>El tanque de combustible está vacío.</p> <p>Vuelva a llenar. Consulte página 7.</p> <p>El mezcla de combustible/aire es Consulte con su agente de servicio autorizado.</p> <p>Aliste: a 3,000 RPM (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy baja.</p> <p>Ponga el mezcla de combustible a bujía incorrecta.</p> <p>O el interruptor está desconectado.</p> <p>Pruebe y reemplace como sea requerido.</p>
La parte superior del motor se está ensucianado y engrasando.	<p>Ponga el mezcla de combustible a bujía incorrecta.</p> <p>0,024 - 0,028 pulgadas (0,6 - 0,7 mm).</p> <p>Bujía correcapac: NGK BPMR6A o su equivalente con resistencia al calor correcta.</p> <p>Resorte del embague está doblado o el resorte parteón del embrague está gastado. Cambie los resortes/zapatas como sea necesario.</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p> <p>El accesorio de corte gira con el motor en marcha mínima.</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p>
La tapa de la válvula está goteando.	<p>Consulte con su agente de servicio autorizado.</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p>
Se hace difícil apagar la parte superior del motor.	<p>Motor sobreacelerando.</p> <p>Marcha mínima hasta que enfríe.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p> <p>El accesorio de corte gira con el motor en marcha mínima.</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p>
La parte superior del motor se está ensucianado y engrasando.	<p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p> <p>El motor no arranca.</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p>
PROBLEMAS ADICIONALES	
Sintoma	<p>Posible Causa</p> <p>Remedio</p>
Vibración excesiva.	<p>El accesorio está doblado.</p> <p>Marcha mínima ajustada muy alta.</p> <p>Fije la marcha mínima: 3,000 rpm (±250) rpm (min^{-1}).</p> <p>Resorte del embrague está gastado. Cambie los resortes/zapatas como sea necesario.</p> <p>La caja de cambios está doblada.</p> <p>El eje principal está doblado.</p> <p>Los resortes están dañados o gastados.</p> <p>Apriete la caja de cambios firmemente.</p> <p>Inspección y cambie el accesorio como sea necesario.</p> <p>El eje no está instalado en el tren motriz o en la caja de cambios.</p> <p>Consulte con su agente de servicio autorizado.</p> <p>Eje quebrado.</p> <p>Caja de cambios dañada.</p>

EL MOUR NO ARRANCA

Guia Diagnóstico





3. Monte la cuchilla de la orilladora y el sujetador del perno en el eje, y entonces instale al seguro dor B en el eje, y luego instale la cuchilla de la orilladora para instalar. Vea la Figura 26.
4. Alinee el hoyo del sujetador A con el hoyo correspondiente en la caja de engranajes y en-thenes utilice la llave inglesa para instalar. Vea la Figura 26.
5. Utilice la llave inglesa de la combinación para apretar firmemente el perno del eje. Quite la llave inglesa. Vea la Figura 26.

1. Alinee el hoyo del sujetador A con el hoyo correspondiente en la caja de engranajes y entonces utilice la llave inglesa asegurar temporalmente la llave inglesa de la combinación para alinear el perno del eje en la caja de engranajes y la cuchilla de la orilladora de la caja de engranajes.

2. Utilice la llave inglesa de la combinación para alinear el perno del eje en la caja de engranajes y la cuchilla de la orilladora de la caja de engranajes.

■ Limpiar las partes externas y aplicar una almancamiento: siguiendo los procedimientos para preparar su almancamiento:

■ Cada vez que la máquina no va a ser usada por 30 días o más, si se los siguen las siguientes instrucciones para preparar su almancamiento:

■ Debe todo combustible en el tanque.

■ Retirar todo combustible en el tanque.

■ Todo combustible almacenado debe combusible estabilizado con un estabilizador STA-BIL™, menos combustible tal como STA-BIL™, que use aceite que no arranque.

■ Almacenar la máquina en un sitio limpio y libre de polvo.

1. Retirar el resto del combustible en las tuberías de combustible y carburador.
 2. Empujar la bombilla de cébado hasta que el combustible deje de pasar.
 3. Repetir los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que el mo-
- PRECAUCION!**
- Gasolina almacenada en el carburador por períodos largos puede causar un aumento drástico en costo de servicio y mantenimiento.
- Retirar el resto del combustible en el motor de la máquina. Repare o cambie cualquier pieza dañada o gastada.
- Retirar el elemento del filtro de aire y limpie el interior del mismo con agua y jabón. Deje que se seque y vuelva a ensamblar el elemento.
- Retirar el elemento del filtro de agua y limpie el interior del mismo con agua y jabón. Deje que se seque y vuelva a ensamblar el elemento.
- Almacenar la máquina en un sitio limpio y libre de polvo.

Almacenamiento de Largo Plazo

Reemplazar la cuchilla de la orilladora.

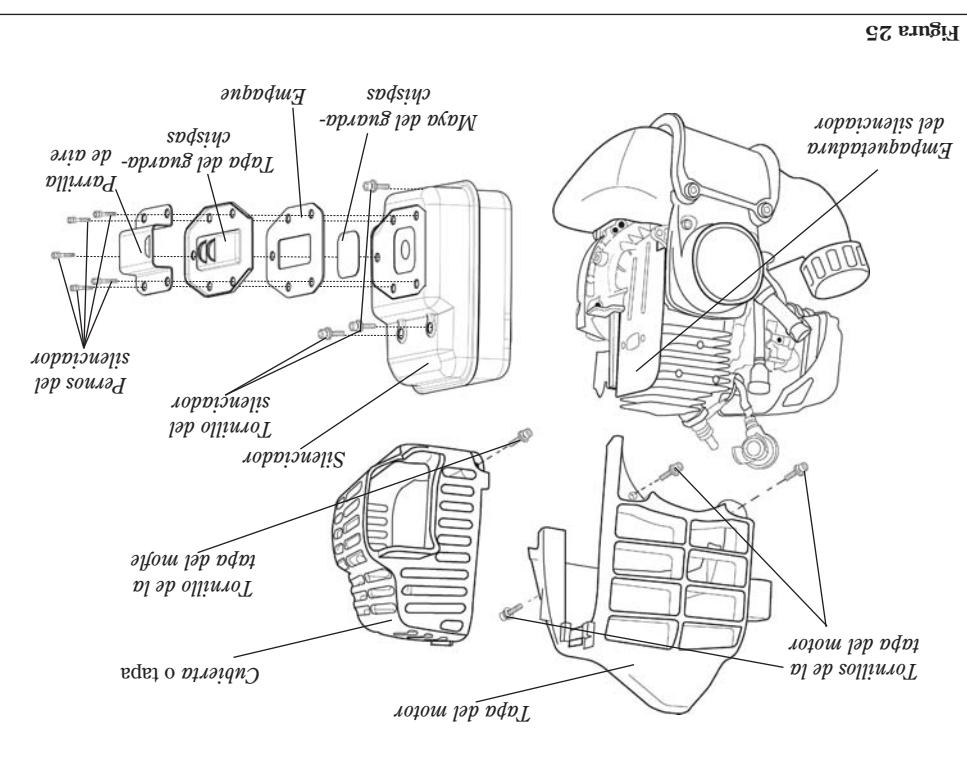
Siempre use guantes cuando toque la cuchilla de la orilladora.

ADVERTENCIA!

Mantenimiento Cadá 50 Horas (continuación)

Cada 135 horas de operación realiza limpieza

PRECAUCIÓN! La arandela de calcé de en forma de D se debe posicionar con su orilla plana hacia el tubo del eje.



7. Suavemente golpee el silenciodor sobre una superficie de madera para deshacerse de cualquier carbono.
6. Limpieza del escape del cilindro en busesca de acumulacion de carbono.
5. Con una llave hexagonal de 3 mm retire los pernos del silenciodor y el silenciodor. Consulte la figura 25.
4. Retire la maya y limpie con un cepillo de cerdas gruesas.
3. Con un destornillador de cruz a retire los cinco tornillos sosteniendo la maya guardachispas y la tapa del silenciodor. Consulte la figura 25.
2. Con una llave hexagonal de 3 mm retire la cubierta del motor en los tres tornillos de la tapa del motor y la tapa del motor. Consulte la figura 25.
1. Retire el capuchon de busia.

Cada 135 horas Mathehmeho

8+9

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Los prototipos

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ejemplo

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Paul Pfeil

21 units

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Ergonomics

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Inspecc

- Cada 10 ó 15 horas de operación:**
- Retirar y limpiar la bujía. Ajuste la distancia (0,6-0,7 mm). Si la bujía es diferente NGK BPMR6A o una bujía equivalente reemplazada, use solamente una bujía NGK BPMR6A.
 - Retirar el tornillo de abrazadera de la caja de engranajes. Desliche la caja de engranajes y el protector del eje flexible del tubo del eje.
 - 1. Afloje el tornillo de abrazadera de la caja de engranajes.
 - 2. Quite el tornillo del mide de caja de engranajes.
 - 3. Desliche la caja de engranajes y el protector del tubo del eje.
 - 4. Tire el eje flexible del tubo del eje, y limpie el eje flexible del tubo del eje, y venete.
 - 5. Inspeccione el eje cuidadosamente, y remplace si es necesario.
 - 6. Revista la longitud entre el eje con el eje flexible de la bujía.
 - 7. Inserte el eje flexible al final del piñón hembra.
 - 8. Instale la caja de engranajes en orden inverso a la extracción de la misma.
- NOTA:**
- Para extender la vida del eje y el cable flexible se debe de reverir las puntas a la hora de volver a instalar.

Precaución!

■ Use un gancho de alambre para extraer el filtro de combustible con la punta del gancho de alambre, pues esta linea es delicada y combusible con la punta del gancho de alambre de dar facilmente.

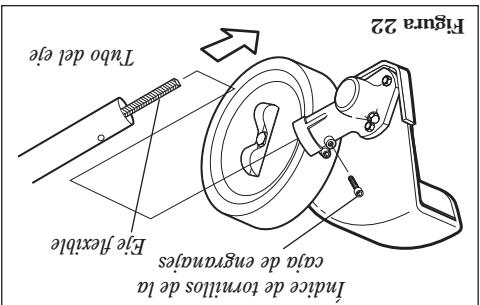
■ Lubricante de Primera de Shindaiwa (o el equivalente) para la caja de engranajes (el eje flexible) para el eje y el cable flexible y vuela a instalar el eje en el tubo.

Para extender la vida del eje y el cable flexible se debe de reverir las puntas a la hora de volver a instalar.

■ La falla de la lubricación causará el desgaste rápido al eje flexible y también del forro del tubo del eje, teniendo como resultado un aumento en la vibración y del eje flexible de la vida útil. Quite y líquide el aceite flexible de la siguiente manera:

■ El filtro de combustible del tanque de combustible debe ser removido para extraer el aceite flexible de la bujía.

■ Use un gancho de alambre para extraer el filtro de combustible con la punta del gancho de alambre de la figura 21.



PRECAUCIÓN!

■ Antes de retirar la bujía, limpie ya mismo el motor.

■ Retire y reemplace el elemento del filtro de combustible de todo los componentes del sistema de combustible (manguera de alimentación, retira la unidad de operación descubriendo dahoos, quebraduras o detritos, filador, ventilador, tapa y tanque). Si el sistema de combustible (manguera de alimentación, mangüera del ven-

■ La NGK BPMR6A también cumple con los requisitos de la regulación de electro magnetos (EMC).

■ La NGK BPMR6A tiene una bujía equivalente NGK BPMR6A o una bujía equivalente reemplazada, use solamente una bujía NGK BPMR6A.

■ Lente con resistencia al calor corregida. Consulate la figura 19.

■ Consulate la figura 19.

■ Retirar y limpiar la bujía. Ajuste la distancia (0,6-0,7 mm). Si la bujía necesita ser reemplazada, use solamente una bujía NGK BPMR6A o una bujía equivalente.

■ Retirar el eje flexible de la bujía. Ajuste la distancia (0,24-0,28 pulgadas) revisando la distancia del electrodo.

Cada 50 horas de operación (más frecuentemente bajo condiciones sueltas o polvorrientas):

■ Retirar el accesoario de corte, el soporte del cilindro.

■ Retirar y limpie la tapa del cilindro y limpie la maleza y la suciedad en las alejas del cilindro.

■ Retirar el accesoario de corte, el soporte del cilindro.

■ Cada 50 horas de operación (más frecuentemente bajo condiciones sueltas o polvorrientas):

■ Retirar el cilindro del costado de la caja de engranajes. Retire la tapa de la base de la caja hasta que la grasa usada salga. Use solamente grasa a base de litio, tal como grasa Shindaiwa para Caja engranajes o su equivalente.

■ Consulte la figura 20.

■ Use un gancho de alambre para extraer el filtro de combustible con la punta del gancho de alambre, pues esta linea es delicada y combusible con la punta del gancho de alambre de dar facilmente.

■ Consulte la figura 20.

■ Use un gancho de alambre para extraer el filtro de combustible con la punta del gancho de alambre de la figura 21.

■ Consulte la figura 21.

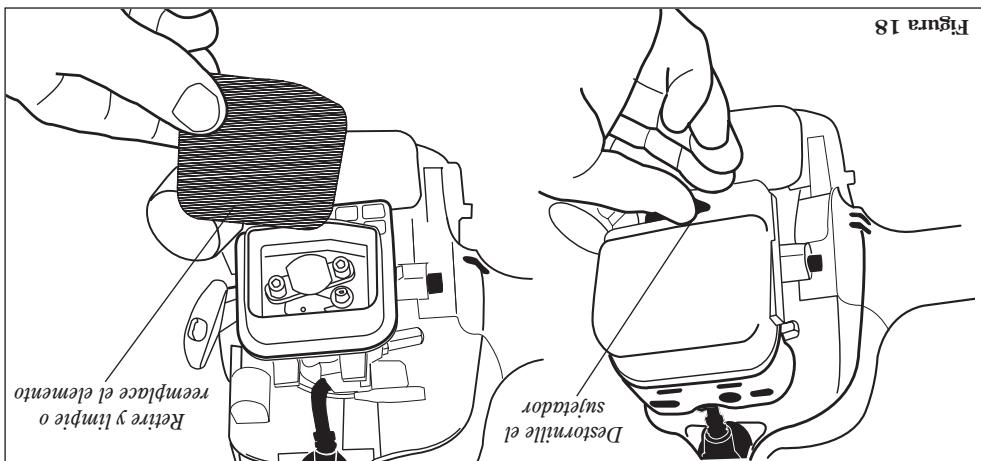
■ Use un gancho de alambre para extraer el filtro de combustible con la punta del gancho de alambre de la figura 21.

■ Consulte la figura 21.

FRIGORIFICOS: No opere esta maquinaria si el filtro de aire esta sucio, drafado o si esta humedo.

PRECAUCIÓN!

- **Cada 10 horas de operación** (más frecuentemente bajo condiciones sucias o polvoríferas): Retirar el elemento del filtro de aire.
 - Consulte la figura 18. Limpie o reemplazar el elemento: Lávelo meticulosamente con agua y jabón.
 - Deje que seque antes de reinstalarlo.



Mantenimiento Cada 10 Horas

- Revise la máquina entera en busca de goteo de combustible o grasa.
- Revise que no salten tornillos y que no estén flojos. Cerclieres de que no accesorio de corte este firmemente asegurado.

- Reunir toda la documentación y datos de la persona que se va a tratar.
 - Consultar con el paciente para establecer su situación actual y sus necesidades de salud.
 - Recoger la información necesaria para elaborar el informe médico.
 - Redactar el informe médico, describiendo la historia clínica del paciente, los antecedentes familiares y personales, los signos vitales, los resultados de los exámenes y las conclusiones y recomendaciones terapéuticas.
 - Presentar el informe médico al paciente y a su familia, explicando los resultados y las indicaciones de tratamiento.
 - Conservar el informe médico en un lugar seguro y accesible para futuras consultas.

Mantenimiento Diario

Los discos de corte no son intercambiables entre las bordadoras o desmalezadoras. El uso de cuadredera unida con discos o accesorios no aprobados para la respetiva unidad pueden ser peligrosos y ocasionar lesiones graves.

!ADVERTENCIA!

Los (excepto el de que las turcas, pernos y tornillos) se sujetan con un tornillo central que aprieta la pieza en su centro.

Sujetadores

Bujía Mantiene la bujía y las conexiones de cable apretadas y limpias.

celular y puro

Esta máquina nunca debé ser operada con un guardachispas o silenciador defectuoso o rattante. Cercírate de que el silenciador esté bien asegurado y en buena condición. Un silenciador usado o dañado es un riesgo de m-

EI usará repuestas no estandar Podría invalidar su garantía Shmidawa.

NOIA

NOTA:

VISION

!ADVERTENCIA!

Wahlehimiehto Gehrai IMPERIALE

IMPUR

MCHI

Mantenerimenti Generali

NUNCA permite que el motor funcione a altas revoluciones sin cargar. De lo contrario, podría dañar el motor.

SIMPRE para el motor, immediatamente y revisé en busca de daños si golpea un objeto extraño o si la unidad se emreda. No opere con equipo dañado o quebrado.

en cada propulsor dentro del sistema. Si un capaz de propulsión se rompe, el sistema de escape de emergencia lo reemplaza por uno nuevo y pruebe.

NUNCA use un acceso so de corte rafado o doblado, reemplácelo con uno util.

Who de corte este propiamente instalado y
Who de corte estable apretado antes de usar.

Verifique la Condición de la Unidad

1. Coloque la podadora en el suelo, luego encienda el motor y déjelo funcionar en marcha mínima durante 2 ó 3 minutos hasta que caliente.

2. Si el accesorio de cortar gira mientras el motor está en marcha mínima, reduzca la marcha mínima, girando el tornillo de ajuste de marcha mínima en el sentido contrario a las agujas del reloj. Consulte la figura 22.

3. Si tiene un tacómetro disponible, la marcha mínima se debe ajustar a 3.000 RPM (± 250) RPM (min $^{-1}$).

4. Los ajustes de mezcla de carburador son similares a los de la bomba de combustible y no pueden ser realizados en la bomba de combustible.

Procedimiento descripto aquí, entonces devuélva la podadora a su distribuidor Shindaiwa para inspección.

El accesorio de corte NUNCA debe girar en marcha mínima! Si la máquina no puede ser ajustada por el

Ajuste de marcha mínima

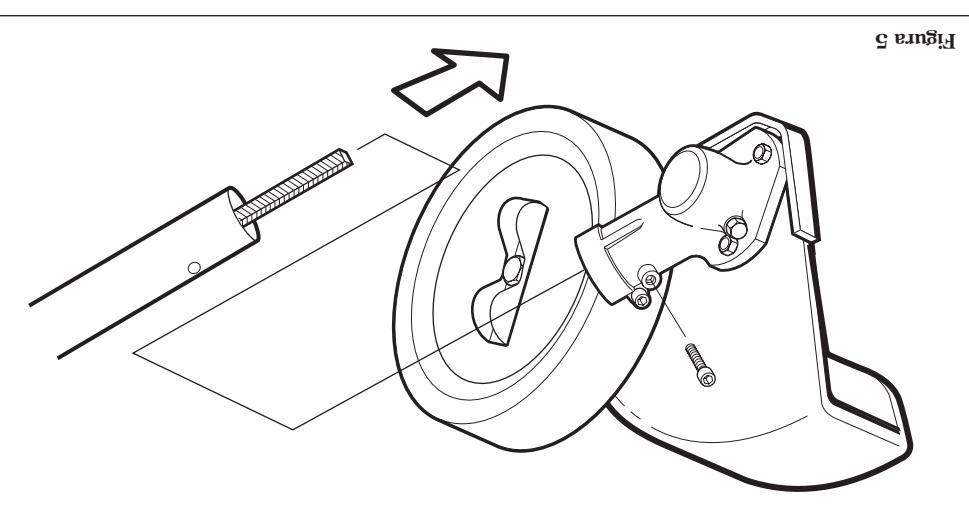
El motor debe retorner a marcha mínima cuando la palanca del acelerador es liberada. La marcha mínima es ajustable y debe ser suficientemente rápida para permitir que el embrague del motor libere el acceso al corto.

el Motor

oongá el motor en marcha minima por dos tres minutos antes de apagarlo, luego deslice el interruptor de ignición a la posición "O" (motor apagado).

The diagram shows a power outlet with two vertical slots and a horizontal ground slot. A black electrical cord with a three-prong plug is shown being pulled out of the outlet. An arrow points from the word 'Apagado' (off) to the plug, indicating the action of unplugging.

Instalación de la Caja de Engranajes



4. Utiliza a instalar el tornillo del mdcie y apriete hasta asegurarlo.
5. Apriete el tornillo de la abrazadera a una torsion de 52 - 69 libras por pulgada.

NOTA:
Puede que sea necesario sacar el cable Flex-
ible del tubo deje, conectelo con la caja de
engranaje y despues deslice el ensamblaje en el
tubo del eje.

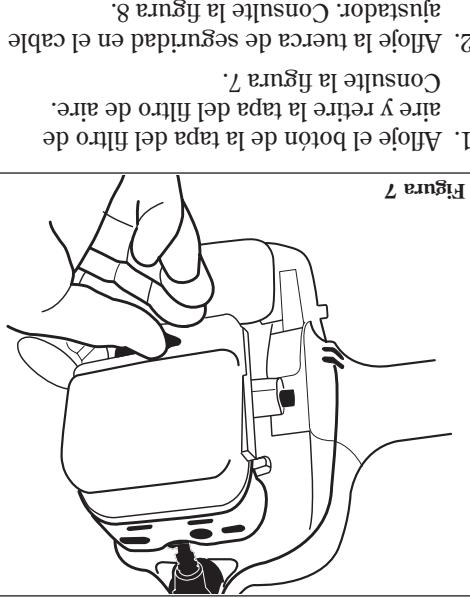
NOTE:

3. Dejá el programa en la caja de engranajes como se muestra en la figura 5 asegurando que el eje de impulsión este conectado con la caja de engranaje.

2. Quite el tornillo del mdc de la caja de engranaje.
3. Quite el tornillo del mdc de la caja de engranaje.

1. Afloje el tornillo de abrazadera de la caja

Ajuste la Hacienda del Acelerador



3. Gire el cable ajustador hacia dentro o fuera como sea requerido para obtener la holgura apropiada 3/16-1/4 pulgadas (4.6 mm). Consulte la figura 8.

4. Apriete las tuercas de seguridad.

5. Reinstale la tapa del filtro de aire.

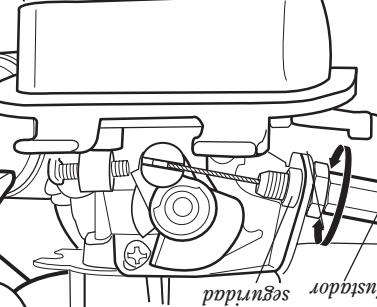
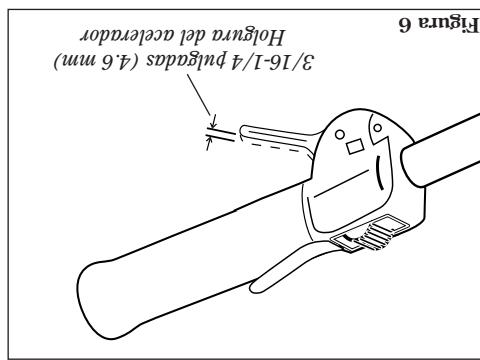


Figura 8

2. Añade y tira de la tapa del muro de alie.
Construye la figura 7.
Añade y tira de la figura de seguridad en el cable
ajustador. Consulte la figura 8.

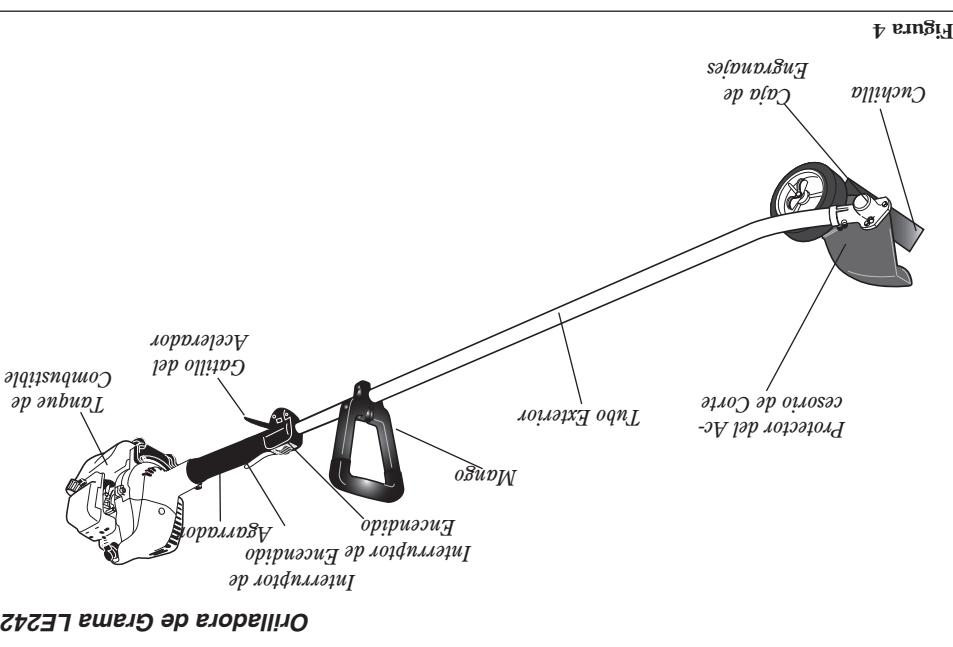


Consulte la figura 6. Criterios de el
gallito de aceleración operativa suavemente sin
trabarse. Si es necesario ajustar la holgura,
sigue los procedimientos e ilustraciones a
continuación.

Especificaciones sujetas a cambios sin previo aviso.

Orilladora de Grama LE242	Use las ilustraciones como guía, familiarícese con esta unidad y sus varios componentes. Consulte la figura 4.
Interruptor de Encendido	Conociendo la unidad le ayudará a obtener el mejor rendimiento, ya que la unidad más prolongada y operación con seguridad.
Agarradero	Siempre con una mano izquierda y otra derecha, "derecha", "izquierda", "mano derecha", "mano izquierda" y "RH", "LH", "derecha", "izquierda" y "trasera", indican terminos que se usan para armar una máquina completa.
Tanque de Combustible	Antes de ensamblar, cerciórese de que tenga todos los componentes necesarios para armar una máquina completa.
Mano	■ Ensamblaje del motor con el tubo y mangos.
Protector del Acero	■ Caja de engranaje y protector de desechos completo.
Resorte de Corto	■ Kit con soporte y herramienta para montar la máquina manualmente, manual del usuario o propietario y caja de herramientas para el mantenimiento rutinario. Las cajas de herramientas son diferentes entre un modelo y otro. Pueden incorporar una llave allen, una llave combinada para cerrajería desmontable, y un raspador: bujías y destornillador, y un raspador.
Tubo Exterior	■ Limpieza de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.
Accelerador	■ Especificación de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.
Gatillo del Agarradero	■ Kit con soporte y herramienta para montar la máquina manualmente, manual del usuario o propietario y caja de herramientas para el mantenimiento rutinario. Las cajas de herramientas son diferentes entre un modelo y otro. Pueden incorporar una llave allen, una llave combinada para cerrajería desmontable, y un raspador: bujías y destornillador, y un raspador.
Encendido	■ Caja de engranaje y protector de desechos completo.
Interruptor de Encendido	■ Ensamblaje del motor con el tubo y mangos.
Agarradero	■ Tenga todos los componentes necesarios para armar una máquina completa.
Tanque de Combustible	■ Antes de ensamblar, cerciórese de que tiene la máquina completa.
Combustible	■ Los términos "izquierda", "derecha", "izquierda" y "RH", "LH", "derecha", "izquierda" y "trasera", indican terminos que se usan para armar una máquina completa.
Filtro de Aire	■ Antes de ensamblar, cerciórese de que tiene la máquina completa.
Elemento del filtro de espuma no reversible	■ Especificación de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.
Metodo de Arranque	■ Kit con soporte y herramienta para montar la máquina manualmente, manual del usuario o propietario y caja de herramientas para el mantenimiento rutinario. Las cajas de herramientas son diferentes entre un modelo y otro. Pueden incorporar una llave allen, una llave combinada para cerrajería desmontable, y un raspador: bujías y destornillador, y un raspador.
Metodo de Parada	■ Especificación de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.
Transmisión	■ Caja de engranaje y protector de desechos completo.
Automática, embrague centralizado	■ Ensamblaje del motor con el tubo y mangos.
Periodo de Cumplimiento con Regulaciones de Emisiones EPA*	■ Limpieza de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.
Categoría A	■ Especificación de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.

- Kit con soporte y herramienta para montar la máquina manualmente, manual del usuario o propietario y caja de herramientas para el mantenimiento rutinario. Las cajas de herramientas son diferentes entre un modelo y otro. Pueden incorporar una llave allen, una llave combinada para cerrajería desmontable, y un raspador: bujías y destornillador, y un raspador.
- Caja de engranaje y protector de desechos completo.
- Ensamblaje del motor con el tubo y mangos.
- Antes de ensamblar, cerciórese de que tiene la máquina completa.
- Los términos "izquierda", "derecha", "izquierda" y "RH", "LH", "derecha", "izquierda" y "trasera", indican terminos que se usan para armar una máquina completa.
- Especificación de la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.



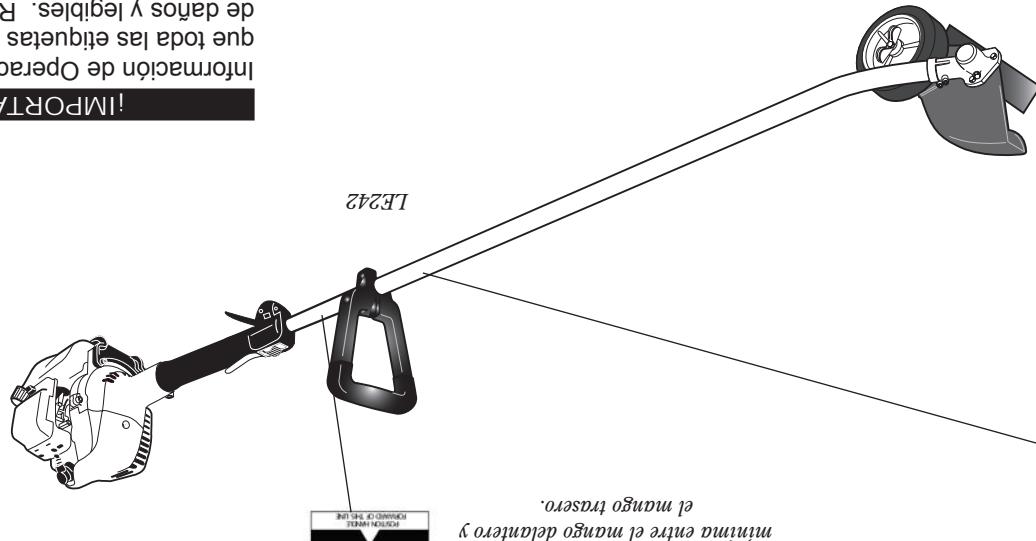
ESPECIFICACIONES

LE242 Peso sin Combustible	12.8 libras/5.8 kg	(Accesorios incluidos)	12.8 libras/5.8 kg	Tipo de Motor	S242E	Modelo de Motor	S242E	Diametro x Carrera	1.3 x 1.1 in./33 x 28 mm	Cilindrada	1.0 pulg. Cilíndricas/23,9 cc	Potencia Máxima	1,0 HP/0,8 kW	Combustible/Acete	50:1 con ISO-L-EGD o JASO FC	Combusible/Acete	50:1 con ISO-L-EGD o JASO FC	Capacidad del Tanque	22,3 oz./670 ml	Sistema de Encendido	Transistor controlado por una pieza eléctrica.
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Figura 3

!IMPORANTE!

Información de Operación: Asegúrese que toda las etiquetas estén libres de daños y legibles. Reemplace inmediatamente etiquetas dañadas o fallantes. Etiquetas nuevas están disponibles en su centro de servicio local autorizado de Shindaiwa.



Etiquetas de Seguridad

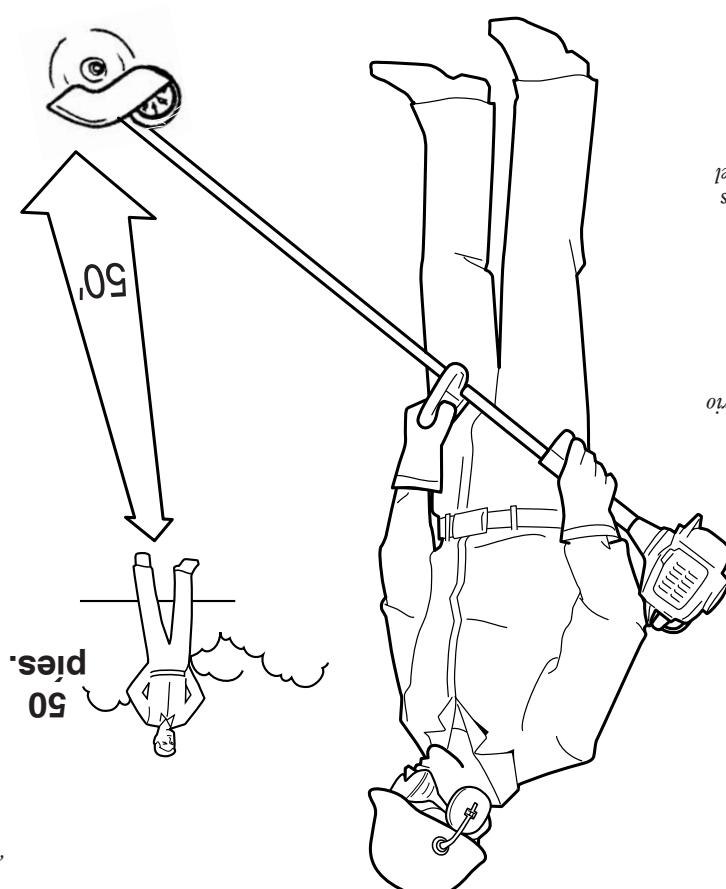
Figura 2

Siempre cerciorarse de que el protector del acelerador esté correctamente instalado.

Cuando trabaje en un terreno rocoso o cerca de cables o cercas eléctricas, use extremo cuidado y evite tocártos con el acelerador.

Reduzca el riesgo de que la zona de fleígra "de 50 pies" pase por un objeto volante. Asegúrese de que nadie esté dentro de 50 pies (15 metros) de distancia de un accesorio de corte en operación. Esto es apropiado para una transmisión sea go-flo.

Cerciorarse de que los transmisiones u observadores estén fuera de la "zona de fleígra" de 50 pies usen protección de ojos.



Esté constante mente alerta de los objetos y desplazos que puedan ser lanzados por el accesorio de corte o rebotes.

Si hace contacto con un objeto sólido, detenga el motor e inspeccione el accesorio de corte en busca de daños.

Tenga mucho cuidado al trabajar sobre terrenos resbaladizos, especialmente en tiempos de lluvia.

Evite trabajar durante largo tiempo bajo temperaturas muy calientes o muy frías.

Este Alerta del Área de Trabajo

NUNCA opere el motor sin la malla del guardachispas en su lugar.

máquina.

NUNCA coloque materiales inflamables cerca del silenciador de la máquina.

NUNCA inflamables antes de arrancar el motor.

SIMPRE seleje la máquina del área de combusible o de otros materiales de combusible antes de cada uso.

SIMPRE Perdídas de combustible debén de ser reparadas antes de cada uso.

SIMPRE dentes, pare inmediatamente el motor.

SIMPRE existe un perdidón de combustible evitando la tapa de tanque de combustible. Si

SIMPRE verifica posibles perdidas alrededor de cada uso. Durante cada llenado,

SIMPRE se verifica antes de volver a llenar el tanque. Evite sobre llenar el tanque que impide cuadrar el frame de combustible.

SIMPRE pare el motor y permita que se enfrie antes de volver a llenar el del motor.

NUNCA fume ni encienda fuegos cerca del motor.

!ADVERTENCIA!



!ADVERTENCIA!

Las emisiones emitidas por el tubo de escape de este producto contienen sustancias químicas que causan cancer, eradas como causantes de cáncer, defectos congénitos u otros efectos nocivos a la reproducción humana.

en el estadio de California son consideradas como causantes de cáncer, ayudas a obtener el más alto rendimiento.

mantenga las piezas de la hoja a una distancia mínima de 15 metros (50 pies) para los objetos en todo momento que esté operando esta máquina.

De no hacerlo podrá resultar en lesiones graves.

Lea y siga las recomendaciones de este manual del operario.

“NOTA” contiene información útil que puede hacer su trabajo más fácil.

Toda información precedida por la palabra “NOTA” contiene información útil que puede

afectar su seguridad y júbilo.

de alcohol, drogas o medicamentos o cualquier otra sustancia que pueda causarle una intoxicación.

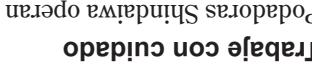
Usted debe estar en óptimas condiciones físicas y mentales para operar esta máquina en forma segura.

Mantenagease alerta

Nunca opere autorizadas. No use accesorios no autorizados.

Nunca instale accesorios no autorizados por Shindaiwa en esta unidad.

!ADVERTENCIA!



!ADVERTENCIA!

o instrucción que una persona sin entrenamiento no ofrece esta unidad!

Podaduras Shindaiwa operan a velocidades tales y pueden causar daños o lesiones严重的 si son mal usadas o abusadas. Nunca

trabaje con cuidado

de Seguridad

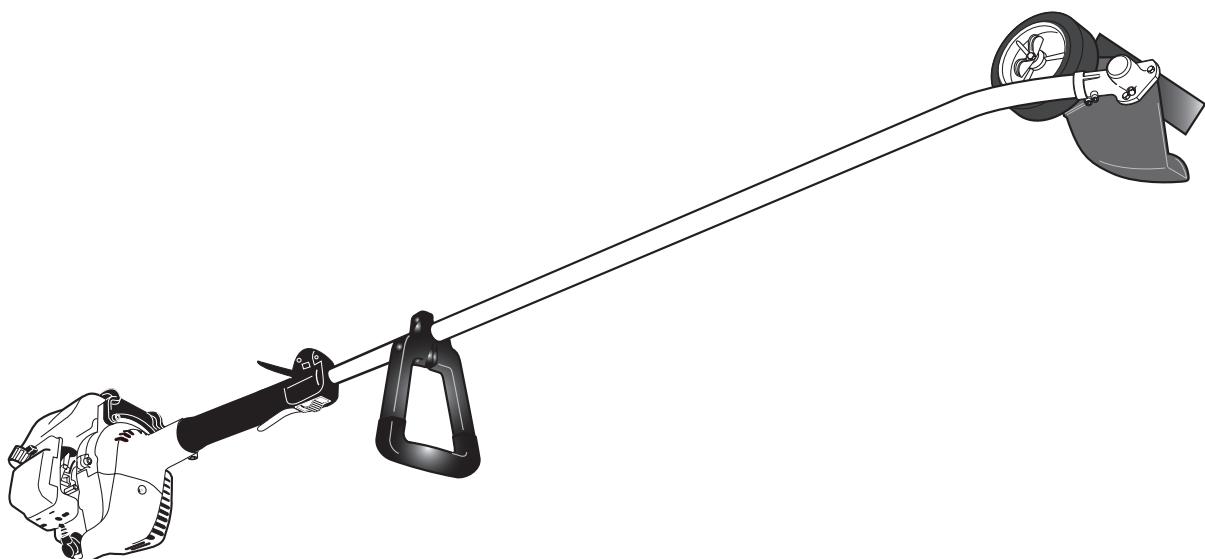
Instructrices Generales

que la máquina de la hoja

shindaiwa

para los ojos y oídos cuando opere esta máquina.
tarcece con su contenido. Siempre use protección
causar lesiones a otros! Lea este manual y familiarí-
disminuya el riesgo de sufrir lesiones o

!ADVERTENCIA!



ORILADORA DE GRAMA LE242

MANUAL DEL PROPIETARIO/OPERADOR SHINDAIWA

