

Use and Care & Installation Guide

"Select-Top" Built-in Modular Downdraft Cooktop

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Models: JP383	JP387
JP384	JP388
JP385	JP389
JP386	

GE Appliances



HELP US HELP YOU...

Before using your cooktop, read this guide carefully.

It is intended to help you operate and maintain your new cooktop properly.

Keep it handy for answers to your questions.

If you don't **understand** something or need more help, write (include your phone number):

Consumer **Affairs** GE Appliances Appliance Park Louisville, KY 40225

Write down the model and serial numbers.

You'll find them on a nameplate underneath the cooktop on the right side of the bottom chamber. These model and serial numbers are also on the

Consumer Product Ownership Registration Card that came with your **cooktop**. Before sending in this car& please write these numbers here:

Model Number

Serial Number

Use these numbers in any correspondence or service **calls concerning** your cooktop.

If you received a damaged cooktop... -

Immediately contact the **dealer** (or builder) that sold you the cooktop.

Save time and money. Before you request service...

See the Problem Solver in the back of this guide. It lists causes of minor operating problems that you can correct yourself.

IF YOU NEED SERVICE...

To obtain service, see the **Consumer Services** page in the back of this guide.

We're proud of our service and want you to be pleased. If for some reason you are not happy with the service you receive, here are three steps to follow for further help.

FIRST, contact the people who **serviced** your appliance. **Explain** why you are not **pleased**. In most **cases**, this will solve the problem.

NEXT, if you are still not pleased, write all the details-including your phone number—to:

Manager, Consumer Relations GE Appliances **Appliance** Park Louisville, KY 40225

FINALLY, if your problem is stall not **resolved**, write: Major Appliance Consumer Action Panel 20 North **Wacker** Drive Chicago, IL 60606

MODULES AND ACCESSORIES



General Information

A full selection of modules are available for the cooktop. The modules can be interchanged quickly and easily. Each module has an electrical plug which fits into a **receptacle in** the center of the outside wall of the cooktop. Some modules are inserted and removed differently than others. If your cooktop is connected to 208 volts, you will notice some increase in cooking times.

Modules and Accessories

Coil Surface Unit JXDC41–Brushed Chrome JXDC43-

Black Porcelain Enamel JXDC44-

White **Porcelain** Enamel

This module has one 6" and one 8" coil surface unit. The surface units and drip pans are removable for cleaning.

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Solid Disk Module

JXDS42–Brushed Chrome JXDS48-Brushed Chrome-208V (JP387) JXDS43-

Black **Porcelain** Enamel

JXDS44–White Porcelain Enamel JXDS45-Black Porcelain Enamel-208V (JP387) JXDS46-White Porcelain Enamel-208V (JP387)

This module has one 6" and one 8" solid disk surface unit. The surface units are made of cast iron and are sealed to the cooktop. Each surface unit has a built-in protector that keeps it from getting too hot. It will automatically decrease the temperature of the surface unit in the case of over-heating or excessively high temperatures.

Radiant Module

JXDR45-Black Radiant -208V (JP387) JXDR46–White Radiant –208V (**JP387**) JXDR47-Stainless Steel Trim-208V (JP387)



JXDR48-

Stainless Steel Trim

JXDR49-

Black Ceran and Black Trim JXDR50-White Ceran and White Trim

This module has one 5" and one 7" heating coil beneath a smooth glass surface. The two surface units are shown by the outlines on the glass. This module provides fast heat, energy efficient operation and is easy to clean.

See each module section for specific instructions for installing and removing that module.

To purchase, contact your nearest GE Appliances dealer or service center. If you need assistance in finding your nearest GE dealer, contact the GE Answer Center" at 800.626.2000.

Model numbers are listed below.





With this module you can char-broil meat indoors all year long. Fat drains away and collects in the grease jar. The grill heating element is divided so the front and back sections **can** be controlled separately.

Griddle Accessory JXDD44



You must have the grill module to use the griddle accessory.

The griddle sits directly over the grill heating element and reflector pan. It has two drain holes so fat and meat drippings can drain into the grease jar. The front and back of the griddle are controlled separately.

WARNING: Griddle modules JXDD43 and JXDD46 are not to be used with these cooktops.

Grill Cover JXDM2–Black JXDM3–White



This cover fits over the grill or griddle.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS Read all instructions before using this appliance.

When using electrical appliances, basic safety precautions should be followed, including the, following:

- . Use this cooktop only for its intended use as described in this use and care guide.
- Be sure your appliance is properly installed and grounded by a qualified technician in accordance with the provided initiation instructions.
- Do not assume that you know how to operate all parts of the cooktop. Some features may work differently from those on your previous cooktop.
- Do not attempt to repair or replace any part of your cooktop unless it is specifically recommended in this guide. All other servicing should be referred to a qualified technician.
- •Have the installer show you the location of the circuit breaker or &Mark it for easy reference.
- Before performing any service, DISCONNECT THE COOKTOP POWER SUPPLY AT THE HOUSEHOLD DISTRIBUTION PANEL BY REMOVING THE FUSE OR SWITCHING OFF THE CIRCUIT BREAKER.
- Do not leave children alone or unattended while the cooktop units are in operation. They could by seriously burned.
- Do not allow anyone to climb, stand or hang on the cooktop.
- CAUTION: ITEMS OF INTEREST TO CHILDREN SHOULD NOT BE STORED IN CABINETS ABOVE THE COOKTOP— CHILDREN CLIMBING ON THE COOKTOP TO REACH THEM COULD BE SERIOUSLY INJURED.
- Never wear loose-fitting or hanging garments while us@ the cooktop. Be careful when reaching for items stored over the cooktop. Flammable material could be ignited if brought in contact with hot surfaces and may cause severe bums.
- Use only dry pot holders—moist or damp pot holders on hot surfaces may result in burns from steam. Do not let potholders touch hot surface units. Do not use a towel or other bulky cloths in place of a pot holder.
- . For your **safety**, never use your **appliance** for warming or heating the room.
- Keep the vent grille and the grease filters clean to maintain good venting and to avoid grease fires.
- Do not let cooking grease or other flammable materials accumulate on or near the cooktop. 4

. Do not store flammable materials near the cooktop. Do not store or use combustible materials, gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

* Do not use water on grease fires. Never pick up a flaming pan. Turn&e surface units off. Smother the flaming pan on a surface unit by covering the pan completely with a well-fitting lid, cookie sheet or flat tray. Use a dry chemical or foam type fire extinguisher.

Earning grease outside a pan can be put out by covering with baking soda or, **if available**, by using a **multi-purpose** dry **chemical** or foam type **fire** extinguisher.

- Do not heat unopened food containers. Pressure could buildup and the container could burst causing an injury.
- Do not touch the surface units. These surfaces may be hot enough to burn even though they are dark in color. During and after use, do not touch, or let clothing or other flammable materials contact surface units or areas nearby surface units; – allow sufficient time for cooling, first.

Potentially hot **surfaces** include the cooktop, removable **modules**, **accesso**ties and areas facing the cooktop.

- •When cooking pork, follow the directions exactly and always cook the meat to an internal temperature of at least 170°F. This assures that, in the remote possibility that trichina maybe present in the meat, it will be killed and the meat will be safe to eat.
- Use proper pan size—Select cookware having flat bottoms large enough to cover the surface unit heating element. The use of undersized cookware will expose a portion of the surface unit to direct contact and may result in ignition of clothing. Proper relationship of cookware to the surface unit will also improve efficiency.
- •Never leave the surface units unattended at high heat settings. Boilovers cause smoking and greasy spillovers that may catch on fire.
- •Be sure the drip pans (on coil modules only) are not covered and are in place. Their absence during cooking could damage cooktop parts and wiring.
- . Do not use aluminum foil to line the cooktop tubs, reflector pan, grill or griddle. Misuse could result in a shock, fire hazard or damage to the cooktop.



- Only certain types of glass, glass/ceramic, earthenware or other- containers are suitable for cooktop service; others may break. because of the sudden change in temperature.
- Only the@ grate and the griddle accessory, plate may be placed over the grill heating element.
- T0 minimize the possibility of burns, ignition of flammable materials and spillage, the cookware handles should be turned toward the center of the cooktop without extending over the nearby surface units.
- Keep the tub, the reflector pan, the@ grate and the grease collector jar clean. Be sure the drain hole in tub is open. If clogged, a fire can occur. Empty the grease jars frequently.
- Do not immerse or soak the removable coil surface unit module, the solid disk module, the radiant module or the @heating element Do not put them in a dishwasher.
- Always turn the surface units off before' removing cookware.
- . Never clean the cooktop surface when it is hot. Some cleaners produce noxious fumes and wet cloths could cause steam burns if used on a hot surface.
- To avoid possible damage to the cooking surface, do not apply Cook Top Cleaning Creme to the glass surface when it is 'hot (on radiant modules only).
- •After cleaning, use a damp cloth or paper towel to remove all Cook Top Cleaning Creme residue (on radiant modules only).
- . Read and follow all instructions and warnings on Cook Top Cleaning Creme labels (on radiant modules only).
- Use -when touching the cooktop. The glass surface of the cooktop will retain heat after the controls have been turned off (on radiant modules only).
- Do not operate the radiant surface units if the glass is broken. Spillovers or cleaning solution may penetrate a broken cooktop and create a risk of electrical shock. Contact a qualified technician immediately should your glass cooktop become broken (on radiant modules only).
 - Avoid scratching the glass cooktop surface. The cooktop can be scratched with sharp instruments, rings or other jewelry and rivets on clothing (on radiant modules only).
 - •Do not stand on the glass cooktop.

- , "*Never use the glass cook top surfa board(onradian....dules only).
 - •Do not place or store items on top of the glass cooktop surface when it is not in use (on radiant modules only).
 - Be careful when placing spoons or other stirring utensils on the glass cooktop surface when it is in use. They may become hot and could cause burns (on radiant modules only).
 - To avoid the possibility of a burn or electric shock, always be certain that the controls for all surface units are at the off position and all surface units are cool before attempting to remove a coil surface unit or a module.
 - Never leave the kitchen while using the grill or griddle accessorv.
 - Do not replace the grease collector jar with a mayonnaise jar which could break when hot grease drips into it. Replace with any wide mouth canning jar.
 - Keep an eye on foods being fried at high or medium high heat settings.
 - Foods for frying should be as dry as possible. Frost on frozen foods or moisture on fresh foods can cause hot fat to bubble up and over the sides of the pan,
 - Use little fat for-effective shallow or deep-tit frying. Filling the pan too full of fat can cause spillovers when food is added.
 - . If a combination of oils or fats will be used in frying, stir together before heating, or as fats melt slowly.
 - . Always heat fat slowly, and watch as it heats.
 - 'Never try to move a pan of hot fat_ a *deep* fat fryer. Wait until the fat is cool.
 - Use a deep fat thermometer whenever possible to prevent overheating fat beyond the smoking point.
 - To control flame-ups, turndown the heat setting to low rather than off. This keeps the downdraft vent blower on. @turn the vent blower to on, then turn the @off. Use along-handed utensil to carefully remove the food from the grill. These steps should control the flame until it eventually goes out. If it does not, cover the entire grill module with a cookie sheet or the lid from a large roasting pan. Use a pot holder to remove this later because it will be hot.
 - .NEVER USE WATER ON A GREASE FIRE.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS 5



FEATURES OF YOUR COOKTOP







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2 Radiant Surface Unit Module	3,5,8, 1618,32
3 Griddle Plate Accessory Use with the Grill Module heating element and reflector pan.	$\begin{array}{ c c c } 3,4,\\ 22-24,\\ 29 \end{array}$
4 Grill Grate Part of the Grill Module. Use with the heating element and the reflector pan.	4, 18–21, 28
5 Grill Heating Element Part of the Grill Module. Use with the grill grate or griddle plate accessory and the reflector pan.	5, 18–21, 28
6 Reflector Pan Part of the Grill Module .	4, 18–21, 28
7 Cooktop Tub Easily cleaned when modules are removed.	4,28
8 Grease Collector System Uses wide-mouth canning jars to collect grease.	5,18, 22,27
9 Control Knobs Push in and turn to set surface units from LO to HI.	9,19, 23,27
10 Indicator Light Lights when any unit of the cooktop is turned on.	9
11 Vent Control KnobTurn onto exhaust odors, smoke or heat during cooking.The blower automatically comes on when the grill heating unit is turned on.	5, 26,27
12 Vent System The blower vents smoke down and out of the kitchen and house. The vent filter is located under the vent grille and should be cleaned often.	5,9, 19,23, 26,28
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14 Coil Surface Units May be removed to clean the drip pans. Do not submerge in water.	3,4,8, 10,11, 28,30
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HOW DOES THIS COOKTOP COMPARE TO YOUR OLD ONE?

Your **new** modular cooktop may have several types of rooking **surface** units. You **will notice** some **differences** when you use each one.

The best types of cookware to use, plus heat-up and cool-down times, depend upon the type of burner or surface unit you are using.

The following chart will help you to understand the differences among the various cooking surface units and how they differ from others you may have used in the past.

Type of Cooktop	Description	How it Works
Radiant (Glass Ceramic) Cooktop	Electric roils under a glass- ceramic cooktop.	Heat travels to the glass surface and then to the cookware, so pans must be flat on the bottom for good rooking results. The glass cooktop stays hot enough to continue cooking after it is turned off. Remove the pan from the surface unit if you want cooking to stop.
Induction	High frequency induction coils under a glass surface.	Pans must be made of ferrous metals (metal that attracts a magnet). Heat is produced by a magnetic circuit between the coil and the pan. Heats up right away and changes heat settings right away, like a gas cooktop. After turning the control off, the glass cooktop is hot from the heat of the pan, but rooking stops right away.
Electric Coil	Flattened metal tubing containing electric resistance wire suspended over a drip pan.	Heats by direct contact with the pan and by heating the air under the pan. For best cooking results, use good quality pans. Electric coils are more forgiving of warped pans than radiant or solid disks. Heats up quickly but does not change heat settings as quickly as gas or induction. Electric roils stay hot enough to continue rooking for a short time after they are turned off.
Solid Disk	Solid cast iron disk sealed to the cooktop surface .	Heats by direct contact with the pan, so pans must be flat on the bottom for good - cooking results. Heats up and cools down more slowly than electric coils . The disk stays hot enough to continue cooking after it is turned off. Remove the pan from the solid disk if you want the cooking to stop.
Gas Burners	Regular or sealed gas burners use either LP gas or natural gas.	Flames heat the pans directly. Pan flatness is not critical to rooking results, but pans should be well balanced . Gas burners heat the pan right away and change heat settings right away. When you turn the control off, cooking stops right away.

Care of the Modules

Some of the **modules** must be cured or preconditioned before using them for the first time.

Modules and accessories **should** be cleaned after each use. The longer a soil remains, the harder it is to clean. See each module section in this guide for specific instructions. Never immerse any module in water. When not in the cooktop, modules and accessories should be stored in a clean, dry place. Always be careful not to drop the **modules** or they could be damaged.

Using the Electric Surface Unit Modules

You must consider heat up and cool down times for the electric surface units when determining cooking times. Heat up and cool down times depend on initial temperature settings, the type of cookware used and the amount of food being cooked.

Start cooking at a higher setting to heat the surface unit faster, then turn to a lower setting to finish cooking. Remember, cooking continues after the surface unit is turned off.

CONTROLS



Surface Cooking With Infinite Heat Controls

At both OFF and **HI** the control "clicks" into position. You may hear slight "clicking" sounds during cooking, **indicating** the control is keeping the unit at the heat level you set.

Switching heats to a higher setting always shows a quicker change than switching to a lower setting.

How to Set the Controls



Push the knob in and turn in either direction to the heat setting desired. Be sure you turn the control to OFF when you finish cooking.

The surface unit indicator light will glow when ANY heat on any module surface unit is on.

Cooking Guide for Using Heat Settings

HI—Used to begin cooking or to bring water to a bed. Reduce heat setting after water boils.

Medium **High**—-(Setting halfway between HI and MED.) Maintains a fast boil on large amounts of food.

MED—Sauté and brown; keeps food at a medium boil or simmer.

Medium Low—(Setting halfway between **MED** and LO.) Cook after starting at HI; cooks with **little** water in covered pan.

LO—Used for long, slow cooking (simmering) to **tenderize** and develop flavors. Use this setting to melt butter and chocolate or to keep foods warm.

NOTE: The surface unit indicator light may glow between LO and OFF, but there is no power to the surface units.

Do not be alarmed by the blower. It will automatically come on when the grill or **griddle** is used.



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COIL SURFACE UNIT MODULE

How to Insert the Module



1. Be sure the controls are turned to OFF. To install the module, position the plug to the outside **wall** of the cooktop.



2. Slide the module toward the **outlet** in the side of the cooktop until the plug is pushed **all** the way **in**.



3. Lower the inside edge of the module into the cooktop until it is flush with the cooking surface.

How to Remove the Module

- **1.** Be sure the controls are turned to OFF and the surface units are cool before attempting to remove the module.
- 2. Lift up the tab at the inside edge of the **module** until the base clears the opening at the side of the cooktop.

Cookware

Use medium- or heavy-weight cookware. Aluminum cookware conducts heat faster than other metals. Cast-iron and coated cast-iron cookware are slow to absorb heat, but generally cook evenly at low to medium heat settings. Steel pans may cook unevenly if not combined with other metals.

For best rooking **results pans should** be flat on the bottom. Match the **size** of the saucepan to the **size** of the **surface** unit. The pan should not **extend** over the edge of the surface unit more than 1 inch.

Always read and follow cookware manufacturer's instructions on **cookware** use.

- 3. To unplug, hold the **module** by the front and back edges and slide toward the center of the cooktop. Lift out when unplugged.
- 4. If you are storing **modules**, do not stack them or store other **materials** on top of them. This could damage the surface of the **modules**.



Not over 1 inch

Over 1 inch



Do not **overfill** cookware with fat that may spill over when adding food. Frosty foods bubble vigorously. Watch food frying at high temperatures. Keep **cooktop** and hood clean from grease.

Wok Cooking

We recommend that you use only a flatbottomed wok. They are available at your local retail store.



Do not use woks that have support rings. Use of these types of woks, with or-without the ring in place can be dangerous. Placing the ring over the



surface unit will cause a build-up of heat that will damage the cooktop. Do not try to use such woks without the ring. You could be seriously burned if the wok tipped over.

Questions and Answers

Q. Can I cover my drip pans with foil?

- **A. No.** Clean as recommended in the **Care** and Cleaning section.
- Q. Can I use special cooking **equipment**, like an oriental **wok**, on any surface units?
- A. Cookware without flat surfaces is not recommended. The life of the module surface units can be shortened and the cooktop can be damaged from the high heat needed for this type of cooking. A special flat-bottomed wok can be used safely.
- Q. **Why** am I not getting the heat I need from my surface units even though I have the controls on the correct setting?
- A. After turning the surface units off and making sure they are cool, check to make sure that the plug-in units are securely plugged in.

Q. Why does my cookware tilt when I place it on the surface unit?

A. Because the surface unit is not flat. Make sure the feet of the surface units are sitting on the inside rim of the drip pan and the drip pan is flat on the **cooktop** surface.

Q. Why is the porcelain finish on my cookware coming off?

A. If you set the surface unit coil higher than required for the cookware material and leave it, the finish may smoke, crack, pop, or bum depending on the pot or pan.

Also, if you set the surface unit coil higher than required for a long period of time, with small amounts of dry **food**, you **can** damage the finish.

Q. May I can foods and preserves on my coil surface units?

A. Yes, but **only** use **cookware** designed for canning **purposes**. **Check** the manufacturer's instructions **and** recipes for preserving foods. Be sure canner is **flat**-bottomed and fits over the center of the coil surface unit. since canning generates large amounts of **steam**, be **careful** to avoid burns from steam or heat.



SOLID DISK MODULE

How to Insert the Module



1. Be sure the controls are turned to **OFF.** To install the module, position the plug to the outside wall of the cooktop.



2. Slide the module toward the **outlet** in the side of the cooktop until the plug is pushed **all** the way in.



3. Lower the inside edge of the module into the cooktop until it is flush with the cooking surface.

How to Remove the Module

- **1.** Be sure the controls are turned to **OFF** and the solid disk surface units are cool before attempting to remove the module.
- 2. Lift up the tab at the **inside** edge of the **module until** the base clears the opening at the side of the cooktop.
- 3. To unplug, hold the module by the front and back edges and slide toward the center of the cooktop. Lift out when unplugged.
- 4. If you are storing **modules**, do not stack them or store other materials on top of them. This could damage the surface of the **modules**.

Before Using Your Solid Disk Module for the First Time

The top working surface of solid disk surface units have a protective coating which must be hardened before using the surface units for the first time. To harden this coating, the surface units should be briefly heated without a pan for about 5 minutes at the HI setting. Otherwise the coating will stick to the pan.

There **will** be some smoke and odor; this is normal. Heating of the surface units will change the stainless steel surface unit trim rings to a gold color. **THE SURFACE** UNIT'S **PROTECTIVE COATING MUST** BE HARDENED TO HELP PROTECT THE **SURFACE UNIT** THROUGHOUT ITS **LIFE**.



General Information About Solid Disk Surface Units

Using a solid disk surface unit is quite similar to using an electric **coil** surface unit. With both types of surface units, you **will** enjoy the **cleanliness** of electricity and the benefits of retained heat in the units. However, there are differences:

- Solid disk surface units reach cooking temperature a little slower, and hold heat **longer** than coil units. Solid disk surface units have very even heat distribution. Since solid disk surface units hold heat longer, you may wish to turn the unit off sooner, and take advantage of the **residual** heat. **The** amount of **residual** heat is dependent upon the quantity and type of **food**, the material and thickness of the pan and the setting used for cooking.
- The red dot in the center of the solid disk surface unit indicates built-in temperature limiters that **automatically** reduce the heat if a pan boils dry, if the unit is turned on without a pan or if the pan is not making enough contact with the surface of the unit. **The** red dots will wear off with use without affecting the performance of the surface units.

- There **is** retained heat in the surface **unit**. On boilovers, wait for the unit to cool before cleaning the surface unit area.
- You must use proper flat bottomed cookware. Pans with rounded, curved, ridged or warped bottoms are not recommended. Improper cookware could cause unsatisfactory cooking results.
- Unlike electric coil surface units, solid disk surface units do NOT turn red **hot**, even at the **HI** setting. However, you may notice a dull glow when the surface units are on HI and the room is dimly lit.
- Solid disk cooking **takes** you a step closer **to** easier cleanup because the cooking surface is sealed against spills. There are no drip pans or burner boxes to clean.

Cookware Tips

For cooking on **solid** disk surface units the use of correct cookware is very **important**.

- Aluminum cookware conducts heat faster than other metals.
- Cast-iron and coated cast-iron containers are slow to absorb heat, but generally cook evenly at minimum or medium heat settings.
- Glass cookware should be used only as the manufacturer describes.
- Do not use a wire trivet or any other kind of heat-retarding pad between the cookware and the surface unit.

- •Good pans have a **thick**, flat bottom which absorbs the heat from the surface unit. **The thick**, flat bottom provides good heat distribution from the **surface** unit to the food.
- Pans with thin, uneven bottoms do not do a good job of using the heat coming from the surface unit. The food to be cooked may bum and require more time and electricity. You **would also** have to add more fat or water.

Pans with uneven bottoms are not suitable.

(continued next page)



SOLID DISK MODULE

(continued)

How to Check Pan Performance on a Solid Disk Surface Unit

Use of comet **cookware** can affect the cooking **performance** and cleaning of **your cooktop**. The correct cookware reduces the temperature of the cooktop surface and minimizes the chance of spillovers burning onto the cooktop.

You must use pans with perfectly flat bottoms. Some pans may have curved or rounded bottoms or may be warped. If you are unsure of the flatness of your pans you may do this quick test.

Turn your pan upside down on the **countertop**, place a ruler flat against the pan surface. The bottom of the pan and the straight edge of the **ruler**



should fit flush against each other all the way across. Turn the **ruler** a full 360 degrees, checking for any spare between the ruler and the bottom of the pan.



- Place **only** dry pans on the solid disk surface units. Do not place lids on the units, particularly wet lids.
- We recommend that you use only a flat-bottomed wok. They are available at your local retail store. The bottom of the wok should have the same diameter as the surface unit to insure proper contact.



Pans with rounded, curved, ridged or warped bottoms **are** not recommended.

Another simple test to determine even heat distribution across the cookware bottom is to put one inch of water in the pan. Bring the water to a boil and observe the location of bubbles **as** the water starts to boil. Good flat **cookware** will have an even distribution of bubbles over the bottom surface area of the pan. Bubbles **localized** in **only** a portion of the bottom **indicate** uneven **contact** of the pan to the surface **unit**, uneven heat **transfer** or **an** unsuitable pan.



- Do not use woks that have support rings. This type of wok will not heat on solid disk surface units.
- •Canning pots should not extend more than 1 inch beyond the surface of a solid disk surface unit and should have flat bottoms. When canning pots do not meet this description, the use of the HI heat setting causes excessive heat **buildup** and may result in damage to the **cooktop**. See the Home Canning Tips section for further information.
- Some special cooking procedures require specific cookware such as pressure cookers, deep fat fryers, etc. All cookware must have flat bottoms and be the correct size. The cookware should also be covered, if applicable to the cooking process.



Questions and Answers

- Q. May I can foods and preserves on my solid disk surface units?
- A. Yes, but only use cookware designed for canning purposes. Check the manufacturer's instructions and recipes for preserving foods. Be sure the canner is flat-bottomed and fits over the center of the solid disk surface unit. Since canning generates large amounts of steam, be careful to avoid burns from steam or heat. Canning should only be done on the surface units. Follow our recommendations in the Home Canning Tips section.
- Q. Why does the solid disk surface unit smoke when I first turn it on?
- A. This initial smoking is both normal and necessary. A rust preventative is applied to each unit at the factory. When the unit is turned on for the first time, the coating will burn off the unit areas. This takes approximately 5 minutes and should be done without any **cookware** on the surface unit. Otherwise, the coating will stick to the cookware.
- Q. Why is the cooktop hot to the touch?
- A. More heat is transferred to the **cooktop** by the solid disk surface units than by electric **coil** units **because** the units are clamped **securely** to the **cooktop**. This, of course, eliminates **spillovers** from getting inside the **cooktop** chassis. The secret to keeping the **cooktop** comfortably cooler is to turn the **cooktop** on **only** after the cookware **and** its contents are placed on the surface unit. More heat will **then** be transferred to the **cookware** and the food rather than the **cooktop**. The **cooktop** temperature **will** not cause damage to the **cabinets**, countertops or cookware.

- Q. Why am I overcooking my food with the new solid disk surface units?
- **A. The** solid disk surface units are very **energy**efficient and retain heat much longer than the **coil** units. Food **will** boil or fry 3 to 5 minutes after the controls are turned off. We recommend that you begin rooking at lower settings than you have in the past and **gradually** increase or decrease heat as desired. The energy savings are **significant**.
- Q. Why does it take a long time to cook my food?
- A. It doesn't. The extra time it takes compared to the electric coil surface unit is measured in seconds, not minutes. These few seconds are due to the greater mass of the surface unit. If the food is cooking slowly, it is because the pots and pans are warped or have an uneven bottom surface. If flatbottomed pots and pans are used, cooking performance of the solid disk surface unit closely parallels that of the electric coil unit with less energy consumption.
- Q. Can I use special cooking equipment like an oriental **wok**, on my solid disk surface units?
- **A.** We recommend that you use **only** a flat-bottomed wok. They are available at your **local** retail store. The bottom of the wok **should** have the same diameter as the surface unit to ensure proper contact. Do not use woks that have support rings. This type of wok **will** not heat on solid disk surface units.
- Q. **Why** is the porcelain finish on my cookware coming **off?**
- A. If you set the solid disk surface unit on a heat setting higher than required for the cookware material, and let the cookware sit too long, the cookware's finish may smoke, crack, pop or bum depending on the pot or pan. Also, cooking small amounts of dry food may damage the cookware's finish.



RADIANT MODULE

How to Insert the Module



1. Be sure the controls are turned to **OFF.** To install the module, position the plug to the outside **wall** of the cooktop.



2. Slide the **module** toward the **outlet** in the side of the cooktop until the plug is pushed **all** the way in.



3. Lower the inside edge of the module into the cooktop **until** it is flush with the cooking surface.

How to Remove the Module

- **1.** Be sure the controls are turned to **OFF** and the radiant surface units are cool before attempting to remove the module.
- 2. Lift up the tab at the inside edge of the module until the base clears the opening at the side of the cooktop.
- **3.** To unplug, hold the module by the front and back edges and slide toward the center of the cooktop. Lift out when unplugged.
- 4. If you are storing modules, do not stack them or store other **materials** on top of them. This could damage the surface of the **modules**.

General Information About Radiant Modules

The radiant module features heating coils beneath a smooth glass **ceramic** surface. The two surfaces units are shown by **outlines** on the glass.

- When a surface unit is activate& **coils** beneath the surface unit radiate heat through the glass to the **cookware**. The red glow of the **coils will** be instantly visible through the glass. It **will** take the **surface** unit a few moments to heat up. The **coil** cycles on and off to maintain your selected control setting. The coils have temperature limiters to prevent runaway temperatures.
- Use the same cookware that you would use with solid disk surface units.
- If you are storing modules, do not stack them or store other **materials** on top of **them**, as damage to the glass ceramic surface of the radiant module is likely. Be careful not to damage or bend the **electrical** plug.

- Do not let pots boil dry. Overheated metal can bond to glass module. **An** overheated copper pot **will** leave a residue that will permanently stain the **module**.
- Sliding aluminum cookware across the glass may leave metal marks. These metal marks will appear as small scratches. They can be removed with Cook Top Cleaning Creme and a razor scraper.
- When a surface unit is turned on, the surface unit can be seen glowing red within a few seconds. The red glow will turn on and off (cycling) to maintain the selected heat setting. With poor cookware, you will see frequent cycling of the unit off and on. Good, flat cookware will minimize the cycling.
- It is safe to place hot cookware from the oven or surface on the glass ceramic surface when the surface is cool.

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Types of Cookware

The **following** information **will** help you choose cookware which **will** give good performance.

Stainless Steel: highly recommend

Especially good with a sandwich clad bottom. The sandwich bottom combines the benefits of **stainless** steel (appearance, durability and stability) with the advantages of **aluminum** or copper (heat **conduction**, even heat distribution).

Aluminum: heavy weight recommended

Good conductivity. **Aluminum** residues sometimes appear as scratches on the cooktop, but **can** be removed if cleaned immediately. **Because** of its low melting **point**, thin weight aluminum should not be used.

Copper Bottom: *heavy weight recommended* Good performance, but copper may leave residues which can appear as scratches. The residues can be removed, as long as the cooktop is cleaned immediately.

Porcelain/enamel:

Good performance only with a **thick**, flat, smooth bottom. Avoid **boiling** dry, **as** porcelain **can** melt and fuse to the surface.

Glass-ceramic: not recommended

Poor performance. May scratch surface. Usable, but not recommended.

Stoneware: not recommended

Poor performance. May scratch surface. Usable, but not recommended.

Cast Iron: not recommended

Poor performance. May scratch surface. Usable, but not recommended.

• We recommend that you use **only** a flat-bottomed wok. They are available at your **local** retail store. The bottom of the wok should have the same diameter as the surface unit to insure proper contact.



- Do not use woks that have support rings. This type of wok will not heat on radiant surfaces.
- Some special cooking procedures require specific **cookware** such as pressure cookers, deep fat fryers, etc. **All** cookware must have flat bottoms and be the correct **size**. The **cookware** should **also** be **covered**, if applicable to the cooking process.

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How to Check Pan Performance

Use of correct cookware can affect the cooking performance and cleaning of your cooktop. The correct cookware reduces the temperature of the cooktop surface and minimizes the chance of spillovers burning onto the cooktop.

You must use pans with perfectly flat bottoms.

Some pans may have curved or rounded bottoms or may be warped. If you are unsure of the flatness of your pans you may do this quick test.

Turn your pan upside down on the **countertop**, place a ruler flat against the pan surface. The bottom of the pan and the straight edge of the ruler



should **fit** flush against each other all the way across, Turn the ruler a **full** 360 degrees, checking for any space between the **ruler** and the bottom of the pan.



Pans with rounded, curved, ridged or warped bottoms are not recommended.

Another simple test to determine even heat distribution across the cookware bottom is to put one inch of water in the pan. Bring the water to a **boil** and observe the location of bubbles as the water starts to bed. Good flat cookware will have an even distribution of bubbles over the bottom surface area of the pan. Bubbles localized in only a portion of the bottom indicate uneven contact of the pan to the surface unit, uneven heat transfer or an unsuitable pan.

Use pans that match the diameter of the surface unit. Cooking performance **will** not be as good if the cookware is either smaller or larger than the surface unit.

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RADIANT MODULE

(continued)

CAUTION



• Never cook directly on the glass. Always use cookware.



•Always place the pan in the center of the surface unit you are cooking on.



. Do not slide cookware across the cooktop because it **can** scratch the **glass—the glass** is scratch **resistant,** not **scratch** proof.



• Do not use the surface as a cutting board.

Plastic and Sugary Spillovers

Sugary **spillovers** (such as jellies, fudge, candy syrups) or melted plastics can cause pitting of the surface of your **module** (not covered by the warranty) **unless** the spill is removed **while** stall hot.

Special care should be **taken** when removing hot substances. Follow the instructions in the Care and Cleaning section carefully.

GRILL MODULE

You can enjoy delicious grilled food year 'round, prepared in the convenience of your own kitchen.

Separate heating elements can be set at different temperatures, allowing you to use half the cooking surface to grill meat and the other half to prepare potatoes or other vegetables, for a complete meal.



How to Insert the Grill Module



1. Make sure the grease collector jar is in place beneath the cooktop.



2. Fit the reflector pan in the cooktop. **The** slots in the **pan** permit grease to drain into the jar. Keep the slots open at all times.





3. Make sure **all** controls are turned to OFF. Hold the heating element with **the** plug facing the side of the cooktop and level with the surface. **Insert** the plug **outlet** as far as it will go. (**Do** not **force.) The** heating element support **should** rest on the ledge of the reflector pan.

> the grill grate on the reflector pan over the heating element. The grate should be seated properly on the reflector pan.



Removing the Grill Module

When removing the parts of the grill **module** to clean, be sure **all** switches are in the **OFF** position and the module is cool. Remove the grill grate and then slide the heating element toward the renter of the **cooktop until** it is unplugged, Remove the **reflector** pan. Empty grease collector jar when **cool**. Be sure to **replace** the jar.

How to Set The Grill Controls

The control knob must be pushed in to turn; this prevents the heating element from being turned on accidentally. Push the knob in **only** when it is in the **OFF** position. When the knob is in any other position, it can be turned without pushing it in.

Front and rear sections of the grill heating element are controlled separately. Heat **only** half the grill **surface** for **cooking small** portions or set each **half** at a different temperature for cooking different types of foods. Push in the **control** knob depending on which side of the **cooktop** grill module is used. The right front and right rear control knobs control the grill when the module is on the right side (on some models). The left front and left rear control knobs operate the **grill** when the **grill** module is on the left side of the **cooktop**.

Automatic Blower Operation

The blower comes on **automatically** when the grill is turned on and turns off **automatically** when the grill is turned off.

What to Do if a Flame-Up Occurs.

Grilling fat or juicy foods may cause flame-ups. You **should** never leave the kitchen while using the **grill**. It's important to control flame-ups so they do not get out of **hand**.

TO CONTROL FLAME-UPS

Turn down the heat setting to LO rather than **OFF**. This keeps the downdraft vent blower on. Or, turn the vent to ON, then turn the grill **OFF**.

Using a long-handed utensil, **carefully** remove the food from the grill.

These steps should **control** the flame until it eventually goes out. If it does not, cover the entire **@ module** with a cookie sheet or the lid from a large roasting pan. Use a pot holder to remove this later **because** it will be hot.

Never use water on a grease fire. Water will spread the flames.

NOTE: It is recommended that you have a dry **chemical**, foam or **Halon** type fire extinguisher where you **can** easily reach it in case of a rooking fire.

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GRILL MODULE

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Grill Tips

• Do not leave the grill unattended while in use.

- •Be sure to preheat according to the cooking guide.
- Make sure the grease collector jar and the reflector pan are clean and in place before using the **grill**.
- Remove grease from the grease collector jar after each use to avoid **spillovers**.
- The grates should be oiled or sprayed with a nonstick coating before cooking to prevent sticking. Remove the grate before spraying, and spray **only** while cool. Spraying **directly** onto a hot grill may cause a fire.
- Trim fat from meats before placing on the grill. This will reduce smoking and lessen grease buildup in the grease collector jar.
- •When cooking foods of various sizes and thicknesses, start larger or thicker pieces first, and quicker-cooking smaller pieces later. Press meat lightly to lie flat on the grill: slash the fat on the edges of steaks and chops to prevent curling; break the joints of split chickens so they will lie flat.

- Allow space between foods when placing them on the grill. Air needs to circulate around the food for best cooking results.
- •Occasionally rearrange foods on the grill, to prevent sticking and provide better browning.
- Season meats after cooking rather than **before** salt can draw out juices and dry out meat. Use tongs to turn and rearrange meats on the grill; forks will pierce the meat and release juices.
- If your house has low voltage, foods may be lighter brown than expected. A longer preheating and grill time may be necessary to achieve the desired results.
- The blower comes on automatically when the grill is turned on and turns off automatically when the grill is turned off.

Questions and Answers

- Q. I followed the cooking times suggested in the grill cooking guide but my foods were not done properly. Is there something wrong with my grill?
- **A.** Probably not. Suggested cooking times should be used **only** as a general guide. Variables in food can change cooking times required.
- Q. How can **I** keep barbecued meats from developing an unattractive burned look and taste?
- A. **Sauces** containing sugar will often bum if used during the entire cooking time. If your favorite sauce **contains** sugar, try adding it **only** during the last 15 to 20 minutes of cooking time for best **results**.
- Q. Foods cooked on my grill are not browning as much as I would like. **What** could cause this?
- A. A longer preheating and grill time maybe necessary to achieve the desired **results**.

- Q. Can my grill be switched to the other side of the cooktop where it would be more convenient for me?
- A. Your interchangeable cooktop modules can be used on either the right or the left side of the cooktop (on some models). When inserting or removing a module, take care not to force the connection or exert undue pressure which could damage the electrical contacts.
- Q. When cooking many individual foods, what can I do to insure that foods will cook evenly?
- **A.** When cooking foods of various sizes and thicknesses, start larger or thicker pieces first and add quicker cooking, smaller pieces later. Press the meat lightly to lie flat on the grill. Slash the fat on the edges of steaks and chops to prevent curling. Break the joints of split chickens so they will lie flat.
- Q. My grilled meats sometimes come out drier than they should. **What** can I do to help prevent this?
- A. Season meats after **cooking** rather than **before salt** can draw out juices and dry out meat. Use tongs to turn and rearrange meats on the grill; forks will pierce the meat and release juices.

GRILL COOKING GUIDE



Do not leave cooktop unattended during "preheat" (**knobs** turned to **HI**) or anytime the knobs are turned to HI **with** food on the grill.

- 1. Preheat 5 minutes before grilling. Refer to the setting in the guide for a particular food.
- 2. Trim excess fat from the meat.
- 3. Before cooking steaks, slash fat around edges to prevent curling of meat.
- 4. Suggested cooking times **should** be used **only** as a guide, since variables in food **can** change **cooking** times.

Food	Suggested S	Setting	Cook Time	Comments
Steak 3/4 inch-1% inch thick	Rare: Medium: Well:	HI	5–7minutes per side 6–8 minutes per side 8-10 minutes per side	Preheat grill 10 minutes for rare.
Steak 1 ¹ / ₂ inch-2 inches thick	Rare: Medium: Well:	HI	9-11 minutes per side 13-15 minutes per side 20-23 minutes per side	Preheat grill 10 minutes for rare. Reduce to MED for well done.
Ground Steak or Hamburgers 3/4 inch thick	Rare: Medium: Well:	HI	6–8 minutes per side 8–10 minutes per side 11-12 minutes per side	Preheat grill 10 minutes for rare.
Chicken	Cut-Up Pieces:	MED	45-60 minutes (total)	Turn over frequently and if desired baste with sauce last 10 to 15 minutes.
	Quarters:	MED	1 hr. to 1 hr. 10 minutes (total)	Break joint bones. Plain skin side down. Turn over every 15 minutes and baste frequently as desired. Wing-breast quarters take longer than thigh-leg quarters.
	Halves:	MED	1 hr. to 1 hr. 25 minutes (total)	Break joint bones. Plain skin side down on preheated grill. Turn over and baste frequently as desired.
Ham Slices (Precooked) 1 inch thick		MED	10 minutes per side	
Hot Dogs		HI	8–9 minutes (total)	Turn frequently.
Pork Chops		MED	15–18 minutes per side	
Spare ribs		MED	40–50 minutes (total)	Boil 5 minutes before grilling. Rearrange and turn over frequently. Baste with sauce last 10 minutes as desired. Very meaty ribs may take about 10 minutes longer.
Lamb Chops		MED	20–22 minutes per side	
Lobster Tails		MED	15–20 minutes per side	With a sharp knife or scissors, cut lengthwise the undersell into the meat almost through to outer shell. Spread tail apart to expose meat while grilling. Loosen meat but leave in shell. Spray grates with non-stick coating before Preheating.
Salmon Steaks 1 inch thick		MED	8–10 minutes per side	Brush with melted butter.
Large Sausage Links		MED	10–12 minutes per side	Use bratwurst, kielbasa or smoked Polish sausage.



GRIDDLE ACCESSORY

You must have the **grill** module to use the grid&e accessory.

Your non-stick coated **griddle** provides an extra-large cooking surface for meats, pancakes, or other food **usually** prepared in a frying pan or **electric skillet**.

WARNING: Do not use griddle modules JXDD43 or JXDD46 with these cooktops.



How to Insert the Griddle Accessory and the Grill Module





4. Place the **griddle** plate on the reflector pan over the heating element. The plate **should** be seated properly on the reflector **pan** with the **griddle's** drain holes at the front.

Removing the Griddle Module

When removing the parts of the grill module to clean, be sure all switches are in the OFF position and the module is cool. Remove the griddle plate and then slide the heating element toward the center of the cooktop until it is unplugged. Remove the reflector pan. Empty grease collector jar when cool. Be sure to replace the jar.

Using the Griddle

The non-stick griddle must be preconditioned before using it for the first time. To precondition, first wash the griddle in soap and water and dry. Then use a paper towel to apply a small amount of cooking oil to the griddle. Remove excess oil with a clean paper towel.

Preheat the **griddle** as recommended in the **Griddle** Cooking Guide. After preheating for the **recommended** amount of time, apply a small amount of oil or butter.

Do not overheat the griddle. Leaving the **griddle** at HI for more than 5 minutes without food **can** damage the non-stick coating.

Because the heating element under the **griddle** is **divided**, you **can** vary the temperature of the front and rear sections.



How to Set The Griddle Controls



The control knob must be pushed in to turn; this prevents the heating element from being turned on accidentally. Push the knob in only when it is in the OFF position. When the knob is in any other position, it can be turned without pushing it in. Front and rear sections of the griddle heating element are controlled separately. Heat only half the griddle surface for cooking small portions or set each half at a different temperature for rooking different types of foods.

Push in the control knob depending on which side of the **cooktop griddle** module is used. **The** right front and right rear control knobs **control** the **griddle** when the module is on the right side (on some models). The left front and left rear control knobs operate the **griddle** when the **griddle** module is on the left side of the **cooktop**.

Automatic Blower Operation

The blower comes on **automatically** when the **griddle** is turned on and turns off **automatically** when the **griddle** is turned off.

Griddle Tips

- Most **griddled** foods require cooking on a preheated surface, which may be greased **lightly** before adding food. Preheat **griddle** 5 minutes or less at HI setting, then switch to recommended **cook** setting.
- If your house has low voltage, foods may be lighter brown than expected. A longer preheating and griddle time maybe needed to get good rooking results.
- •Make sure the griddle is clean.
- Check the grease **collector** jar and empty if necessary to avoid **spillovers**.
- To avoid damaging the nonstick finish, store the **griddle** upright on edge, if possible. If it is **necessary** to store it flat, avoid placing other pans or **utensils** on top.
- •Foods which are high in natural fat, such as bacon or sausage, maybe started on a **cold griddle**.

- The blower **comes** on **automatically** when the **griddle** is turned on and turns off automatically when the **griddle** is turned off.
- Avoid using metal utensils with sharp points or rough or sharp edges which might damage the nonstick coated **griddle** surface. Do not cut foods on the **griddle**.
- Foods to be warmed may be placed **directly** on the **griddle**; a high domed metal cover, such **as** an inverted **kettle**, placed over them **will** help store the heat.
- Condition or "season" the **griddle** before **first-time** use.

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Questions and Answers

- Q. Can my griddle be switched to the other side of the cooktop where it would be more convenient for me?
- A. Your interchangeable **cooktop** modules can be used on either the right or left side of the **cooktop** (on some models). When inserting or removing a **module**, take care not to force the connection or exert undue pressure which could damage the **electrical** contacts.
- Q. Can prolonged periods of high heat damage my griddle's surface?
- A. A brief preheating period is often necessary for best results with many foods, but leaving the griddle on HI heat setting for more than 5 minutes without food can damage the nonstick mating.
 Always be sure to turn control knobs to OFF when cooking is completed.
- Q. Do I need special cookware for use with my **griddle?**
- A. Avoid using **metal** cookware with sharp points or rough or sharp edges which might damage the nonstick coated **griddle** surface. Do not cut foods on the **griddle**. Use **only** heat-resistant dishes when foods in containers are to be warmed on the **griddle**. For further information on **caring** for your **griddle's** surface, see the **Care** and Cleaning section.

- Q. How should I store my griddle when it is not in use?
- **A.** To avoid marring the non-stick finish, store **the griddle** upright on the edge with the terminals up to avoid damage. If it is necessary to store it flat, avoid placing other pans or cookware on top.
- Q. How long can foods be kept warm with the griddle without losing their appeal?
- **A.** No longer than 2 hours is recommended, to assure good food quality and prevent spoilage. 'Delicate foods, such as eggs, should not be kept more than 15 to 30 minutes; entrees and casseroles maybe warmed for 30 to 60 minutes. Hors d'oeuvres will stay hot for serving up to 1 or 1 ½ hours. Rearrange or stir food occasionally, if possible.

Q. Why aren't my foods done even though they have cooked the full time?

A. Preheat the **griddle** for a longer time and leave foods on the **griddle** longer to attain the desired degree of browning.

GRIDDLE COOKING GUIDE

Do not leave cooktop unattended during "preheat" (knobs turned to HI) or anytime the knobs are turned to HI with food on the griddle. Suggested cooking times **should** be used **only** as a **guide** since variables in food may **change** cooking time.

Cooking times **may** be slightly longer when using the downdraft vent system.

Food	I Suggested Setting	Comments
Bacon	Medium High	
Chops	Medium High	
Cube &Mb Eye Steaks	Medium High	Grease lightly if desired.
Eggs, Fried	MED	Grease lightly if desired.
Fish Steaks	Medium High	Grease lightly if desired.
French Toast	Medium High	Grease lightly if desired.
Ham Slices	Medium High	Grease lightly if desired.
Hamburgers	Medium High	
Hot Dogs	Medium High	Grease lightly if desired.
Pancakes	Medium High	Grease lightly if desired.
Sandwiches	MED	Grease lightly if desired.
Sausage Patties	Medium High	
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HOME CANNING TIPS



Pots that extend beyond 1 inch of the surface unit are not recommended for most surface cooking. However, when **canning** with a water-bath or pressure canner, **larger**diameter **cookware** maybe used This is because **boiling** water temperatures (even under pressure) are not **harmful** to cooktop surfaces **surrounding** the surface unit. HOWEVER, DO NOT USE LARGE DIAMETER CANNERS OR OTHER LARGE DIAMETER POTS FOR FRYING OR BOILING FOODS OTHER THAN WATER. Most syrup or sauce mixtures—and all types of frying—cook at temperatures much higher than boiling water. Such temperatures could eventually harm cooktop surfaces surrounding the module surface units.

Observe Following Points in Canning

- 1. Be sure the canner fits over the center of the surface unit. If your cooktop or its location does not allow the canner to be centered on the surface unit, use smallerdiameter canners for good canning results or try putting module on opposite side of cooktop (on some models) so the larger unit is in front. Be sure the canner or other large diameter pans do not touch the control knobs or the vent grille. The knobs and the vent grille will be damaged if touched by hot cookware.
- 2. flat-bottomed canners must be used. Do not use canners with flanged or rippled bottoms (often found in enamelware) because they don't make enough contact with the solid disk surface unit and take a long time to boil water.

Flat-bottomed canners are recommended for electric **coil** surface units. They are *required* for **solid** disk surface units and glass **cooktops**.

CAUTIONS:

Safe canning requires that **harmful** microorganisms are destroyed and that the jars are sealed completely. When canning foods in a water-bath canner, a gentle but steady boil must be maintained continuously for the required time. When canning foods in a pressure canner, the pressure must be maintained continuously for the required time.

After you have adjusted the controls, it is very important to make sure the prescribed boil or pressure levels are maintained for the required time.

RADIANT GLASS AND SOLID DISK CAUTIONS:

The glass and solid disk surface units have temperature limiters that help prevent them from getting too hot. If the bottom of your canner is not flat, the surface unit **can** overheat, triggering **the** temperature limiters to turn the unit off for a time. This will stop the boil or reduce the pressure in the canner.

Since you must make sure to process the canning jars for the prescribed time, with no interruption in processing time, you cannot can on glass or solid **disk surface** units if the bottom of your canner is not flat enough.

- 3. When canning, use recipes and procedures from reputable sources. Reliable recipes and procedures are available from the manufacturer of your canner; manufacturers of **glass** jars for canning, such as Ball and Kerr; and the United States Department of **Agriculture** Extension Service.
- 4. Remember that canning is a process that generates large amounts of steam. To avoid burns from steam or heat, be **careful** when canning.

NOTE: If your house has low voltage, canning may take longer than expected, even though directions have been **carefully** followed.

The **process** time **will** be shortened by:

- (1) using a pressure canner, and
- (2) starting with **HOT tap** water for fastest heating of large quantities of water.

SOLID DISK CAUTIONS:

If a solid disk surface unit is used for canning, please note that solid disk surface units heat up and cool down more slowly than other electric coil surface units. Because of this difference, after you have adjusted the controls it is very important to make sure the prescribed boil or pressure levels are maintained for the required time.

What is a Temperature Limiter?

Every solid disk and radiant surface unit has a Temperature Limiter. The Temperature Limiter protects the **glass-ceramic** surface from getting too hot.

The Temperature Limiter may turn off the surface units if:

- •The pan boils dry.
- The pan bottom is not flat.
- The pan is off center.
- There is no pan on the unit.

Griddle Cooking Guide

Home Canning



COOKTOP VENT SYSTEM

The blower comes on **automatically** when the grill or **griddle** is turned on and turns off **automatically** when the **grill** or **griddle** is turned off.

If the vent is turned on using the knob, the blower will not turn off **automatically** and must be turned off using the knob.

The **built-in** vent system helps remove cooking **vapors**, odors and smoke from foods prepared on the **cooktop modules**.

How to Operate Vent System

To operate the vent system using the knob, turn the **VENT** knob on the control panel to ON.

Some models have a control that allows you to choose blower speeds from low to high.

Continuous use of the vent system while cooking helps keep the kitchen comfortable and less humid, reducing cooking odors and soiling moisture that normally creates a frequent need for cleaning.



CARE AND CLEANING

NOTE: Let cooktop parts cool before touching or handling.

Proper care and cleaning are important so your **cooktop will** give you efficient and satisfactory service. Follow these directions carefully in caring for your **cooktop** to assure safe and proper maintenance.

Porcelain Enamel Finish (on some models)

The porcelain enamel finish is sturdy but breakable if misused. This finish is acid-resistant. However, any acidic foods spilled (such as fruit juices, tomato or vinegar) should not be permitted to remain on the finish. If **acids** spill on the **cooktop** while **it is** hot, use a dry paper towel or cloth to wipe it up right away. When the surface has **cooled**, wash with soap and water. **Rinse well.**

For other spills such as fat smatterings, wash with soap and water after the surface has cooled. Rinse well. Polish with a dry cloth.

Brushed Chrome Finish (on some models)

Clean the brushed chrome top with warm, soapy water or Bon **Ami[®]** brand cleanser and immediately dry it with a clean, soft cloth. T&ewe to dry the **surface** following the "grain". To help prevent finger **marks** after cleaning, spread a thin film of baby **oil** on the surface. Wipe away excess oil with a **clean, soft** cloth.

Grease Collector Jar

Scoop out grease with a large spoon. **Soak** the jar in warm water to loosen grease if desired. Clean with a plastic or **soap-filled** scouring pad and hot soapy water.

The jar may also be cleaned in the dishwasher.

The jar may be replaced with any wide mouth canning jar.

Control Panel and Knobs

Clean up **any spills** or spatters with a damp cloth. Remove heavier **soil** with **warm**, soapy water.

Clean the control panel with mild liquid dish detergent and a soft cloth. Rub the control panel lightly.

CAUTION: Do not use abrasives of any kind on the control panel.

The control **knobs** maybe removed for easier cleaning.

To remove a **knob, pull** it straight off the stem. Wash the **knobs** in soap and water but do not **soak**.

Do not allow water to run down inside the surface of the panel while cleaning. After drying, return the knobs to the cooktop, making sure to match the flat area on the knob to the shaft.



Care and Cleaning









CARE AND CLEANING

(continued)

Cooktop Tub

Wipe out tub with hot soapy **water—or** a soap filled or plastic **scouring** pad. Rinse with a damp cloth. Make sure the drain hole **is** not blocked. Clean with a cotton swab or toothpick.



Vent System

Before cleaning the vent grille, be sure exhaust blower is shut off.

To clean the vent grille, remove it from the **cooktop** by lifting it up. Wipe with a damp cloth. If necessary the vent **grille** can be washed in the sink. Use **dishwashing** liquid for cleaning.

Do not use abrasive cleaners. They will damage the vent grille's finish.

Do not clean the vent grille in the dishwasher.

To clean the vent chamber, use hot soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners. They will damage the finish. Vent Filter

The filter is held in place with a metal latch. Move latch up in either direction and lift filter up and out of the vent opening.

Clean the filter by swishing it in hot, soapy water. Rinse well and dry thoroughly.

Do not operate the vent without the filter in **place**.



Modules

CAUTION

- •Be sure **all** controls are turned **OFF** before attempting to remove a **module** or heating element.
- Do not attempt to clean plug-in **surface** units or **grill** heating element in an automatic dishwasher.
- Do not immerse plug-in surface units in liquids of any kind.
- •Do not bend the plug-in surface unit plug terminals.
- Do not attempt to clean, adjust or in any way repair the plug-in receptacle.

Grill Module

To remove:

- •Lift off the **grill** grate.
- Unplug the heating element.

Do not attempt to clean the heating element.

To replace:

- •Place the reflector pan in the **cooktop** tub with the hole for the plug-in towards the outside of the **cooktop**.
- Plug in the heating element.
- •Place the grill or **griddle** grate on top of the **reflector** pan.



Grill Grate

Clean with a plastic **scouring** pad and hot soapy water. Rinse well. The **grill** grate may **also** be cleaned in the dishwasher. Do not clean in a **self-cleaning** oven.

Reflector Pan

Let grill or griddle cool, then remove. Lift out the reflector pan. Clean with either a plastic or soap-filled **scouring** pad and hot soapy water. The reflector pan may **also** be cleaned in the dishwasher.

Griddle Accessory

Clean with a plastic scouring pad and hot soapy water. Rinse well. Do not use abrasive cleaners.

Do not clean in the dishwasher.



Grill Cover

Do not place the cover on a hot **module** or leave it over the **grill while** preheating.

To clean the cover, wash it at the **sink** with soap and water and dry. For stubborn **soil**, let it **soak** for 5 to 10 minutes or use a **nylon** brush or pad. Do not use a metal scouring pad or other abrasives.

Do not clean in the dishwasher.



(continued next page)



CARE AND CLEANING

(continued)

Coil Surface Unit Module

Clean the area surrounding the surface units

according to either the Brushed Chrome or Porcelain section (depending on your model).

To clean the surface **units**, turn the control to the highest setting for a minute. The coils will bum off any soil.

CAUTION

- Be sure **all** controls are turned to OFF and surface units are cool before attempting to remove them.
- Do not immerse the surface units or the module in liquids of any kind.
- Do not clean the surface units or the module in a dishwasher.
- •Do not bend the surface unit plug terminals.
- Do not attempt to clean, adjust or in any way repair the plug-in receptacle.



To remove a surface unit:

To remove the drip pans for cleaning, the surface units must be removed first.

Lift the surface unit about 1 inch above the drip pan and **pull** it out.

Do not **lift** the surface unit more than 1 inch. If you do, it may not lie flat on the drip pan when you plug it back in.

Repeated **lifting** of the surface unit more than 1 inch above the drip pan can permanently damage the receptacle.

To replace a surface unit:

- •Replace the drip pan into the recess in the **cooktop**. Make sure the opening in the pan lines up with the receptacle.
- Insert the **terminals** of the surface unit through the opening in the drip pan and into the receptacle.
- •Guide the surface unit into place so it rests evenly.

Drip Pans

Remove the surface units. Then lift out the drip pans.

For best results, clean the drip pans by hand. **Place** them in a covered container (or a plastic bag) with 1/4 cup ammonia to loosen the soil. Then scrub with a soap filled scouring pad if necessary. **Rinse** with clean water and polish with a clean soft cloth.

The drip pans may **also** be cleaned in the dishwasher.

Do not cover the drip pans with foil. Using foil so close to the receptacle could cause **shock,** fire or damage to the **cooktop**.

Clean the area under the drip pans often. Built-up soil, especially grease, may catch on fire.



Solid Disk Module



Clean the area surrounding the solid disk surface units according to either the Brushed Chrome or Porcelain sections (depending on your model).

DO NOT USE steel wool or abrasives on the brushed chrome parts of the module.

The **solid** disk surface units are made of high strength cast-iron **alloy**.

The surface has a heat-resistant coating to preserve the surface of the **unit**. After the unit cools, any boded-over material on the solid disk surface units should be removed as soon as possible with a **slightly** damp cloth. The unit **should** then be dried by switching on for a few minutes. After it cools, wipe **lightly** with cooking oil.

Clean very dirty solid disk surface units with a **little** cleaning powder (such as **Comet**[®] cleanser) or with a scouring pad.

The matte black surface can be maintained by treating it periodically with Cello Electrol[®] polish which is available from your GE supplier. Use the applicator to apply a very thin coating of the polish to the entire surface unit surface. Turn the unit on high for several minutes to bake the polish to the unit. When the unit is cooled, rub lightly with a cloth or paper towel to remove any excess polish. Before next use, bum off the unit by means of a short preheating period. A slight amount of smoke and odor will occur.

Failure **to** maintain the solid disk surface units as directed will result in defacing the surface over a period of time primarily due to **corrosion**, as the surface units are made of cast-iron construction.

Do not use covers over the solid disk surface units. A surface unit turned on while the cover is in plain can permanently damage the **cooktop**. **Covers** can **also** trap moisture which may cause the solid disk surface units to rust.

(continued next page)



CARE AND CLEANING

Radiant Module-Glass Ceramic Cooktop Cleaning

Cleaning of **glass** ceramic cooktops is different from cleaning a standard porcelain finish. To maintain and protect the surface of your new glass ceramic **cooktop** follow these basic steps.

Before using your module for the first time, clean it with Cook Top **Cleaning** Creme. This helps protect the top and makes clean-up easier.

DAILY CLEANING: Use only Cook Top Cleaning Creme on Glass Ceramic.

For normal, light soil:

- 1. Rub a few drops (less is better) of Cook Top Cleaning Creme onto the soiled area using a damp paper towel. Wipe until all soil and creme are removed. Frequent cleaning leaves a protective coating which is essential in preventing scratches and abrasions.
- 2. Clean the surface with Cook Top Cleaning Creme after each use.

For heavy, burned on soil:

- 1. Apply a few drops of Cook Top Cleaning Creme to the (cool) soiled area.
- 2. Using a damp paper towel, rub creme into the burned on area. As with any burned on **spill**, this may require some effort.
- 3. Carefully scrape remaining soil with the razor scraper. Hold the scraper at a 30° angle against the ceramic surface.
- 4. If any **soil** remains, repeat the steps listed above. For **additional protection**, after **all** soil has been **removed**, polish the entire surface with the Cook Top Cleaning Creme.
- 5. Buff with a dry paper towel.

NOTE:

- Using a razor scraper will not damage the surface if the 30° angle is maintained.
- Be sure to use a new, sharp razor scraper. Do not use a dull or nicked blade.
- •Store the **razor** scraper out of reach of children.

PRECAUTIONS

- Most cleaners contain ammonia, chemicals and abrasives which can damage the surface of your cooktop. Use only the Cook Top Cleaning Creme for proper cleaning and protection of your glass ceramic surface.
- If you slide aluminum or copper **cookware** across the surface of your cooktop, they may leave metal markings which appear as scratches. If this **should** happen, use the razor scraper and Cleaning Creme to remove these markings. Failure to remove these residues immediately may leave permanent marks.

Special Care:

Sugary spillovers (such as jellies, fudge, **candy** syrups) or melted plastics can cause pitting of the surface of your **cooktop** (not covered by the warranty) **unless** the spill is removed while still hot. Special care should be **taken** when removing hot substances. Follow these instructions carefully and remove the soil while the spill is still hot.

- 1. Turn off all the surface units affected by the **spillover.** Remove hot pans.
- 2. Wearing an oven mitt, hold the razor scraper at a 30° angle to the **cooktop** and scrape the hot spill to a cool area outside the surface unit.
- 3. With the spill in a cool area, use a dry paper towel to remove any excess. Any spillover remaining should be left until the surface of the module has cooled. Do not continue to use the soiled surface unit until all of the spillover has been removed. Follow the steps under Heavy Soil to continue the cleaning process. General Information:

As the Cook Top Cleaning Creme cleans, it leaves a protective coating on the **cooktop** surface. This coating helps to prevent build-up **of mineral** deposits (water spots) and will make future cleaning easier. **Dishwashing** detergents remove this protective coating and therefore make the **cooktop** more susceptible to staining.

To conveniently order more creme and/or scrapers for cleaning your radiant range, **please** call our toll free number:

800-626-2002
WB02X8273
WX5X1614
WB64X5027

- •Water stains (mineral deposits) are removable using Cook Top Cleaning Creme or full **strength** white vinegar.
- If pots with a thin overlay of aluminum, copper, or enamel are allowed to boil dry, the overlay may bond with the glass ceramic and leave a black discoloration. This should be removed immediately before heating again or the discoloration maybe permanent.
- •Use of window cleaner may leave an iridescent film on the cooktop. Cook Top Cleaning Creme will remove this discoloration.

Read and follow **all** instructions and warnings on Cook Top Cleaning Creme labels.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



Read these **instructions completely** and **carefully.**

Important—Save these instructions for local inspectors use.

Important—Observe all governing codes and ordinances.

Tools You Will Need

- . Saw
- •Flat blade screwdriver
- •Electrician pliers
- •Duct tape
- Measuring tape or scale
- •Carpenters square
- •Wrench or socket set
- Drill and drill bit
- •Sheet metal screws
- . Junction box

NOTE: Initiation of **this unit** requires 2 people. Do not attempt to **install** without **assistance**.

Note to **Installer—Be** sure to leave **these** instructions with the Consumer. **NOTE: This appliance** must be **properly** grounded.

Unless very knowledgeable in the installation of this product, engage a professional installer.

Electrical Requirement

CAUTION: FOR PERSONAL SAFETY, REMOVE HOUSE FUSE OR CIRCUIT BREAKER BEPORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION.

This appliance must be supplied with the proper voltage and frequency, as listed with Step 9, and connected to an **individual**, properly grounded branch **circuit**, protected by a circuit breaker or time delay fuse. Proper **electrical** ratings should be verified **with listing** on **product's rating** plate. **The** rating plate is located on the right-hand side of the exhaust plenum.

All wire connections must be made in accordance with local codes and properly insulated. Check with your local utility for governing electrical codes and ordinances. In the absence of local electrical codes, the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70-Latest Edition, governing electric range initiations, must be followed. A copy of the National Electrical Code can be obtained by writing to:

National Fire Protection Association Battery March Park Quincy, MA 02260



Unit must be vented to the outside!





INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 1

Preparing for **Installation** Positioning the cooktop

The cooktop *is designed* to look best when centered in a cabinet *it's* same width.

The exhaust vent beneath the cooktop must be located **between wall** studs or floor joists so that **ductwork** maybe **installed** properly

At least 6" must be allowed **between** side edges of cooktop and adjacent **walls**.



Avoid placing **cabinets** above the cooktop unit, if possible, in order to reduce the **hazards** caused by reaching overheated surface units. **If cabinets** are placed over the cooktop, the risks can be reduced by **installing** a range hood that projects **horizontally** a **minimum** of 5 inches beyond the bottom of the **cabinets**.

If cabinetry is used above cooktop, allow a minimum 30" clearance between the cooking surface and the bottom of any unprotected cabinet.

If clearance between cooktop and cabinetry is less than 30", cabinet bottom must be protected with flame retardant millboard at least 1/4" thick, covered with 28 gauge sheet steel or 0.020" thick copper, Clearance between cooktop and protected cabinetry must NEVER BE LESS THAN 24".

EXCEPTION: Installation of a fisted microwave oven or cooking **appliance** over the cooktop **shall** conform to the initiation instructions packed with that **appliance**.

A 15" minimum must be kept from the side edge of cooktop to the bottom of any **cabinet** not **directly** above cooktop. **If clearance is less than** 15", adjacent cabinets should beat least 6" from side edge of cooktop.

Step 2

Preparing the Base Cabinet

This cooktop *is* designed to fit *easily* into a variety of cabinets. *However,* some cabinets may require modifications.

Preparing a cabinet that is against a wall

In some cabinets, the sides may need to be scooped or cut down 2" as shown, and the corner braces removed in order to accommodate the unit.

In 75 cm. and 90 cm. frameless European cabinets, the back panel may need to beat down 5" to accommodate the unit

Preparing a peninsula or island type cabinet

In a peninsula or island type cabinet, the sides may need to be scooped or cut down, and the corner braces removed in order to accommodate the unit.



Step 3

Rough Preparation of Junction Box

IMPORTANT—FOR PERSONAL SAFETY, REMOVE HOUSE FUSE OR OPEN CIRCUIT BREAKER BEFORE PREPARING JUNCTION BOX.

Install an approved junction box within shaded area shown in diagram. Junction box must be at least 10¹/₂" below top of cabinet.

Run conductors from residence wiring to junction box according to **local electrical** codes.





Step 4

Preparing the Countertop

Clearance between inside front of **cabinet** and rear of countertop cutout must be 2&A" in order to accommodate **cooktop** depth.



A 1/2" wide flat area is required around the edge of opening for support of the unit. **The cooktop** unit must be level and sit squarely into countertop opening.

Carefully cut countertop opening according to the dimensions shown in the frustration. Be sure that opening is cut squarely, with sides **parallel** to each other and rear **exactly perpendicular** to sides.



Step 5

Preparing for Ductwork

NOTE: Ductwork MUST be vented to outside. DO NOT vent into a wall, ceiling, crawlspace, attic or any concealed space.

Cut hole in cabinet **wall** or floor as appropriate for your initiation. Make sure exhaust duct is **located** between **wall** studs or floor joists.



Step 5A

Blower to Ductwork Alignment

In general, the use of flexible ducting is discouraged because it can **cause** severely restricted airflow. However, if the blower **outlet** and the floor or wall duct location do NOT align well, then flexible METAL ducting can be used to adapt to an offset. Good alignment without use of flexible ducting is best.

NOTE:

. Do not exceed the maximum recommended offset of 3° .

• Do not **allow** the flexible ducting to kink or collapse.

. Do stretch the flexible ducting as much as possible to **eliminate** as much of the corrugation as possible.

• Do rotate blower **slightly** to **minimize** off-set (see step 6).



Bottom Venting

Back Venting

Steps to Determine Flexible **Ducting's Equivalent Length**

1. Measure the actual amount of offset (Maximum 3" recommended). The effect upon airflow is dependent upon the amount of offset.

2. Calculate the equivalent ducting **allowances** using:

$$($$
______ in. offset) x (14 **Ft**. per inch)
= $-$ **Ft**. equivalent length.

3. Enter the calculated value into TABLE 1 of this initiation instruction.

4. Ensure that the **total** equivalent length of ducting does not exceed the **maximum** recommendation of **100 feet.**

(continued next page)



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 6

Installing the Ductwork

Use minimum 26 gauge galvanized or 24 gauge aluminum duct in 6" round or 3¼" x 10" size, or combination of both.

PVC duct **should** be used if **installing** under a poured concrete slab.

NOTE: Local building code must be followed in specifying approved type and schedule of PVC duct used.

5" round duct maybe used on SHORT **DUCT** runs. But, note higher equivalent lengths for each 5" dia. piece used. Don't convert back to 5" duct after use of 6" round or $3\frac{1}{4}$ " x 10" duct.

Always use an appropriate roof or wall cap with damper. Laundry type wall caps should NEVER be used.



Select downward or wall venting. To convert blower exhaust direction, remove four nuts inside the plenum which hold blower and wire finger guard. Remove blower and rotate so that exhaust faces downward or rear direction needed. Replace wire finger guard and nuts. Retighten nuts.

Blower exhaust direction can be adjusted **slightly** while in its vertical or horizontal direction by loosening four nuts holding blower, rotating blower and retightening nuts.

Use the shortest and straightest duct run possible. For satisfactory performance the duct run should not exceed 100 feet equivalent length. Refer to **TABLE** 1 of equivalent lengths. Use **TABLE1** to calculate the **total** equivalent length of the ductwork.





Calculate Total Equivalent Ductwork Length		
Duct Pieces		Equivalent Number Equivalent Length*x Used = Length
<u> </u>	5" round, straight	2.7 x (ft.) [†] = ft
	6" round straight '	1 x (ft.)†= ft
	3¼″ x 10" straight	1 x (ft.)†= ft
(\mathfrak{M})	5", 90° elbow	37 ft. x () = ft
	6", 90° elbow	15 ft. x () = ft
\bigcirc	5", 45° elbow	18 ft. x ()= ft
Ð	6", 45° elbow	9 ft. x () = ft.
	Flexible Metal Offset Adapter	See Calculations in Step 5A ft.
	3¼" x 10" 90° elbow	16 ft. x () = ft.
	3¼″ x 10" 45° elbow	5fi. x () = ft.
\bigcirc	3¼″ x 10" 90° flat elbow	18 ft. x () = fi.
	5" round to 3¼" x 10" transition	3 ft. x ()= ft.
O	6" round to 3¼" x 10" transition	7 ft. x () = ft.
		Subtotal Column 1 = ft.

* Equivalent lengths of duct pieces are based on actual tests and reflect requirements for good **venting** performance with any downdraft **cooktop**.

[†] Measure and **list** feet of straight duct used. Count and **list** the quantity of **all** other duct pieces for the 'Number **Used**" of each type.

IMPORTANT

For **maximum** efficiency, use the shortest and straightest duct run possible, with as few **fittings** as possible. For satisfactory performance, **the** duct run **should** not exceed 100 feet **equivalent** length.

Venting performance is improved by using larger diameter **duct**.

Duct Pieces		Equivalent Number Length*x Used =	Equivalent Length
	5" round to 3¼″ x 10" transition 90° elbow	37 ft. x () =	ft.
	6" round to 3¼″ x 10" transition 90° elbow	20 ft. x ()=	ft.
	$3\frac{3}{7} \times 10^{\circ}$ to 6" round transition	5 <i>fi.</i> x () =	ft.
	3¼" x 10" to 6" round transition 90° elbow	12 fi. x ()=	ft.
	Tapered 5" round to 6" round transition	6 fi. x () =	ft.
Q-	5" round collar to 6" round cap transition	13 fi. x () =	ft.
	5" round wall cap with damper	84 fi. x ()=	ft.
	6" round wall cap with damper	21 ft. x () =	ft.
	3¼" x 10" wall cap with damper	27 ft. x () =	ft.
	6" round, roof cap	20 x () =	ft.
	6" round, roof vent	24 X ()=	ft.
		Subtotal Column 2 =	n.
		Subtotal Column 1 =	n.
		TOTAL DUCTWORK=	ft.
		_	

Should not exceed 100 feet.

If flexible metal ducting is used; all the equivalent feet values in the table should be doubled. The flexible metal duct should be straight and smooth and extended as much as possible.

DO NOT use flexible plastic ducting.

Vent initiation should not exceed 100 feet equivalent length.

Blower is rated at 400 **CFM** at 0.1 inch of water back pressure.

(continued next page)



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

Step 7

Install 1/2" Flexible Conduit with Supplied Clamp

NOTE: A clamp has been included with the **cooktop** for Clamp installing the 1/2" flexible Stop Tab conduit. Clamping Screw



Remove the screws holding the wire compartment cover and remove the cover.

Remove the clamping screw and the clamp.

Feed the power supply leads through the conduit: be sure to leave enough length to properly connect these leads to the COOMOP power leads.



Thread the leads through an anti-short bushing and **firmly** seat the bushing in the end of the conduit.

Feed the leads through the hole in the wire compartment

Lay the conduit

the wire compartment

against the side of

Place the clamp over the conduit. Make sure the clamp bushing is **fully** seated against stop Tab the stop tab in the clamp. Clamping Tab Tighten the clamping screw until the clamping tab is fully seated against the wire Clamping Screw compartment Clamping Tab

Complete the rest of the **installation** observing local codes (see steps 9 and 10).

When complete reinstall the wire compartment cover.

Step 8

Installing the Cooktop

Remove grease iar(s) from beneath COOMOP to avoid **breakage**. Remove vent **grille** from cooktop's surface. Using 2 people, position cooMop over countertop opening, with power cable inserted through the opening. Holding **cooktop** by side edges, lower it into countertop opening.

Replace jar(s) and vent grille.



Secure COOMOP by tightening hold-down bolts in bottom of the COOMOP case. (2 bolts, 1 per side.)





Step 9

Before Making Electrical Connections

Note to Electrician: The power leads supplied with this appliance are U. L. recognized for connection to large gauge household wiring. The insulation of these leads is rated at temperatures much higher than the temperature rating of household wiring. The current carrying capacity of a conductor is governed by the wire gauge and **also** the temperature rating of the insulation around the wire.

Aluminum Wiring: WARNING: IMPROPER CONNECTION OF ALUMINUM HOUSE WIRING TO THE COPPER LEADS CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS PROBLEMS.

Attach copper wires to **aluminum** wiring using special connectors designed and U. L. **listed** for joining copper to **aluminum**. Follow the connector manufacturer's recommended **procedure** closely.

Step 10

Making Electrical Connections

NOTE: The frame of this appliance is grounded to neutral.

3-Conductor Branch Circuit

When **connecting** cooktop to a **3-conductor circuit**, connect the red leads of the cooktop and the power supply to the branch circuit red lead; connect the black leads to each other. Connect the green and white leads of the cooktop to the power supply and branch circuit neutral leads, which are white or gray.

3-Conductor Branch Circuit



4-Conductor Branch Circuit

When connecting cooktop to a **4-conductor circuit**, connect the red leads of the cooktop and the power supply to the branch circuit red lead; connect the black leads to each other. Separate the green and white leads of the cooktop. Connect cooktop white lead to the power supply and branch circuit neutral leads, which are white or gray. Ground the unit by **connecting** the green conductor of the cooktop to the bare or green leads of the power supply and branch circuit **(ground** leads).

4-Conductor Branch Circuit



Electrical Requirement

Model # JP383, JP384 JP385, JP386 JP388, JP389	Voltage 120/240V	Frequency 60HZ	KW 8.0KW
JP387	120/208V	60Hz	7.6KW
* For reference rating plate.	only, verify	with products	
1			

QUESTIONS? USE THIS PROBLEM SOLVER

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE
MODULES ARE NOT FUNCTIONING PROPERLY	• Difficulty may be in the main distribution panel of your house caused by a blown circuit fuse, a tripped circuit breaker, the main& or the main circuit breaker,' depending on nature of the power supply. If a circuit breaker is involved, reset it. If the control box=-, the circuit fuse (a cartridge-type). should be changed. BUT ONLY BY SOMEONE FAMILIAR WITH ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS. If, after performing 1 of these procedures, the fuse blows or circuit breaker trips again, call for service.
	NOTE: Apartment tenants or condominium owners should request their . building management to perform this check before calling for service.
	• Controls are riot properly set or wrong control is set for the module or element you are using.
	• Entire surface unit module is not plugged' in properly.
	• If any module fails to heat-switch the module to the other side of cooktop. If it operates on that side, then switch maybe at fault. If it does not heat, indications are that there is a malfunctioning component in the module.
COIL SURFACE	• Surface units are not plugged in solidly.
UNITS ARE NOT FUNCTIONING	•Reflector pans are not set securely in the cooktop.
PROPERLY	• Surface unit controls are not properly set or wrong surface unit control set for unit you are using
GRILL OR GRIDDLE	•Heating element is not plugged in solidly.
UNIT IS NOT	.; &l or Griddle heating element controls are not properly set.
FUNCTIONING PROPERLY	• To use entire surface of @1 or griddle, it is necessary to turn on front and rear surface unit control set for unit you are using.
FOODS STICK	• Griddle was not pre-seasoned before first use.
TO GRILL OR GRIDDLE :	• Heat setting IS too high.
	• Coating of griddle has been damaged by use of sharp instruments or abrasive cleaners.
EXCESSIVE SMOKE FROM GRILLED MEATS	 Accumulated grease in reflector pan or food soils on grate are causing excess smoke. Fats not trimmed from meats prior to cooking.
SOLID DISK SURFACE UNITS SMOKE WHILE HEATING	. Some smoke, and odor is normal when using solid disk surface units for the first time and also after using Collo Electrol [®] cleaner
COOKTOP FEELS HOT	• Because solid disk surface units heat by conduction, the cooktop may seem hotter than you are used to. This is normal.
	• Make sure flat-bottomed pans-M&
	• Using the vent will help keep the cooktop cooler.
SOLID DISK AND RADIANT SURFACE UNITS WILL NOT MAINTAIN A ROLLING BOIL AND/OR FRYING RATE IS NOT FAST ENOUGH	• Absolutely flat pans must be used. If light can be seen between the pan bottom and a straightedge, the solid disk and radiant surface units will not operate properly

J?



PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE
TINY SCRATCHES (may appear as cracks) OR ABRASIONS ON RADIANT COOKTOP GLASS SURFACE	• Incorrect d&g methods have been used, cookware with rough bottoms has been used, or coarse particles (salt or sand) were between the cookware and the surface of cooktop. Use recommended cleaning procedures, be sure cookware bottoms and cookware are clean before use, and use cookware with smooth bottoms. Tiny scratches are not removable but will become less visible in time as a result of cleaning.
METAL MARKINGS (may appear as scratches on radiant cooktop glass surface)	• Do not slide aluminum cookware across the surface. Use recommended cleaning procedure to remove marks.
	• Incorrect cleaning materials have been- encrusted boilovers or grease. spatters remain on the surface. Use a razor scraper and r-remended cleaning procedure.
DARK STREAKS OR SPECKS ON RADIANT MODULE	•' Use a razor scraper and recommended cleaning procedure.
AREAS OF DISCOLORATION ON RADIANT SURFACE COOKTOP	•Mineral deposits from water or food can be removed with Cook Top Cleaning Creme.
HOT SUGAR MIXTURES/ PLASTIC MELTED TO THE RADIANT SURFACE	• Turn the surface unit to LO, WiPe the hot cooktop with several dry paper towels. Use a razor scraper held at a 30° angle to the cooktop to scrape the hot spill to a cool area outside the surface unit. Let the cooktop cool. Clean with Cook Top" ~* Creme.
FREQUENT CYCLING OFF AND ON OF RADIANT SURFACE UNITS	•Incorrect cookware use & Use only flat cookware to minimize cycling.

If you need more **help...call**, toll free: GE Answer **Center**® 800.626.2000 consumer information service

NOTES

We'll Be There

With the purchase of your new GE appliance, receive the assurance that if you ever need information or assistance from GE, we'll be there. All you have to do is c~—toll-free!

In-Home Repair Service 800-GE-CARES (800-432-2737)

AGE consumer service professional will provide expert repair service, scheduled at a time that's convenient for you. Many GE Consumer Service **company-operated** locations offer you service today or tomorrow, or at your convenience (7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. weekdays, 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. Saturdays). Our factory-trained technicians know your appliance inside and **out—so** most repairs can be handled in just one **visit**.

GE Answer Center® 8086262000

Whatever your question about any GE major appliance, GE Answer Center" information service is available to help. Your call-and your question-will be answered **promptly** and courteously. And you can **call** any time. GE Answer Center" service is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.



For Customers With SpecialNeeds... 800.626.2000

Upon request, GE will provide Braille controls for a variety of GE appliances, and a brochure to assist in planning a barrier-free kitchen for **persons with** limited mobility. To obtain these items, free of charge, **call** 800.626.2000. Consumers with impaired hearing or speech who have access to a **TDD** or a conventional **teletypewriter** may call **800-TDD-GEAC** (800-83 **3-4322**) to request information or **service**.

Service Contracts 800-626-2224

You can have the secure **feeling** that GE Consumer Service will still be there after your warranty expires. Purchase a GE contract while your warranty is still in effect and you'll receive a substantial discount. With a multiple-year contract, you're assured of future service at today's prices.

Parts and Accessories 800-626-2002

Individuals qualified to service their own appliances can have needed parts or accessories sent directly to their home. The GE parts system provides access to over 47,000 parts...and all GE Genuine Renewal Parts are fully warranted. VISA, MasterCard and Discover cards are accepted. User maintenance instructions contained in* booklet cover procedures intended to be performed by any user. Other servicing generally should be referred to qualified service personnel. Caution must be exercised, since improper servicing may cause unsafe operation.

YOUR GE BUILT-IN COOKTOP WARRANTY

Staple sales slip or **cancelled** check here. Proof of original purchase date is needed to obtain service under warranty.

WHAT IS COVERED

FULL ONE-YEAR WARRANTY

For one year from date of original purchase, we will provide, free of charge, parts and seMce labor in your home to repair or replace any part of tie cooktop that fails because of a manufacturing defect.

FULL FIVE-YEAR WARRANTY (on radiant/halogen models) For five yearn from the date of original purchase, we will provide, free of charge, parts and seMce labor in your home to repair or replace the glass cooktop due to:

- Cracking of the glass cooktop due to thermal shock
- Discoloration of the glass cooktop
- .Wear off of the pattern on the glass Cooktop

- Cracking of the rubber seal between the glass top and the frame
- . Bum out of any of the radiant or halogen surface units.

LIMITED ADDITIONAL FOUR-YEAR WARRANTY For the second through fifth year from date of original purchase, we will provide, free of charge, a replacement solid element surface heating unit if the element fails because of a manufacturing defect. You pay for the service trip to your home and service labor charges. This warranty does not cover Automatic Surface Unit components, wiring, or switches.

This warranty is extended to the original purchaser and any succeeding owner for products purchased for ordinary home use in the 48 mainland states, Hawaii and Washington, D.C. In Alaska the warranty is the same except that it is LIMITED because you must pay to ship the product to the seMce shop or for the service technician's travel costs to your home.

All warranty seMce will be provided by our Factory SeMce Centers or by our authorized Customer Care" servicers during normal working hours.

Should your appliance need service, during warranty period or beyond, call 800-GE-CARES (800-432-2737).

WHAT IS NOT COVERED

 Service trips to your home to teach you how to use the product.

Read your Use and Cars material. If you then have any questions about operating the product, please contact your dealer or our Consumer Affairs office at the address below, or call, toll free:

GE Answer Center® 800.626.2000 consumer information service

- Improper installation. If you have an installation problem, contact your dealer or installer. You are responsible for providing adequate electrical, gas, exhausting and other connecting facilities as described in the Installation Instructions provided with the product.
- Replacement of house fuses or resetting of circuit breakers.
- Damage to the glass cooktop caused by use of cleaners other than the cooktop creme provided with the product.
- Damage to the glass cooktop caused by hardened spills of sugary materials or melted plastic that are not cleaned according to the directions in the Use and Care Guide.
- Damage to the product due to misuse or abuse.
- Failure of the product if it is used for other than its intended purpose or used commercially.
- Damage to product caused by accident, fire, floods or acts of God.

WARRANTOR IS NOT **RESPONSIBLE FOR** CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state, To know what your legal rights are in your state, consult your local or state consumer affairs office or your state's Attorney General.

Warrantor: General Electric Company

If further help is needed concerning this warranty, write: Manager-Consumer Affairs, GE Appliances, Louisville, KY 40225

Part No. 164D2966P077

Pub No. 49-8552 may unvel printing of a se HOUSEHOLD DISTRIBUTION PANEL BY **REMOVING THE FUSE OR SWITCHING-"** OFF THE CIRCUIT BREAKER.

• Do not leave children alone+ rate ast co lec or ja . can. de su e ut should

i hole i **ID IS OF** is in use. They should never be allowed

- **JP383**
- **JP387** .IP388
- Clean the cooktop with caution. If a wet sponge or cloth is used to wipe spills on a hot surface unit, be careful to avoid ition and all Some cleansers can produce noxious fumes if applied to a hot surface.

When the cooktop is cool, use only Cook Top