



AV Amplifier Amplificateur Audio-Video

> OWNER'S MANUAL MODE D'EMPLOI BEDIENUNGSANLEITUNG BRUKSANVISNING MANUALE DI ISTRUZIONI MANUAL DE INSTRUCCIONES GEBRUIKSAANWIJZING

CAUTION: READ THIS BEFORE OPERATING YOUR UNIT.

- **1** To assure the finest performance, please read this manual carefully. Keep it in a safe place for future reference.
- 2 Install this sound system in a well ventilated, cool, dry, clean place away from direct sunlight, heat sources, vibration, dust, moisture, and/or cold. Allow ventilation space of at least 30 cm on the top, 20 cm on the left and right, and 20 cm on the back of this unit.
- **3** Locate this unit away from other electrical appliances, motors, or transformers to avoid humming sounds.
- **4** Do not expose this unit to sudden temperature changes from cold to hot, and do not locate this unit in a environment with high humidity (i.e. a room with a humidifier) to prevent condensation inside this unit, which may cause an electrical shock, fire, damage to this unit, and/or personal injury.
- **5** Avoid installing this unit where foreign object may fall onto this unit and/or this unit may be exposed to liquid dripping or splashing. On the top of this unit, do not place:
 - Other components, as they may cause damage and/or discoloration on the surface of this unit.
 - Burning objects (i.e. candles), as they may cause fire, damage to this unit, and/or personal injury.
 - Containers with liquid in them, as they may fall and liquid may cause electrical shock to the user and/or damage to this unit.
- 6 Do not cover this unit with a newspaper, tablecloth, curtain, etc. in order not to obstruct heat radiation. If the temperature inside this unit rises, it may cause fire, damage to this unit, and/or personal injury.
- **7** Do not plug in this unit to a wall outlet until all connections are complete.
- **8** Do not operate this unit upside-down. It may overheat, possibly causing damage.
- **9** Do not use force on switches, knobs and/or cords.
- **10** When disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet, grasp the plug; do not pull the cord.
- **11** Do not clean this unit with chemical solvents; this might damage the finish. Use a clean, dry cloth.
- 12 Only voltage specified on this unit must be used. Using this unit with a higher voltage than specified is dangerous and may cause fire, damage to this unit, and/or personal injury. YAMAHA will not be held responsible for any damage resulting from use of this unit with a voltage other than specified.
- **13** To prevent damage by lightning, disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet during an electrical storm.
- 14 Do not attempt to modify or fix this unit. Contact qualified YAMAHA service personnel when any service is needed. The cabinet should never be opened for any reasons.
- **15** When not planning to use this unit for long periods of time (i.e. vacation), disconnect the AC power plug from the wall outlet.
- **16** Be sure to read the "TROUBLESHOOTING" section on common operating errors before concluding that this unit is faulty.
- **17** Before moving this unit, press STANDBY/ON to set this unit in the standby mode, and disconnect the AC power plug from the wall outlet.
- **18** VOLTAGE SELECTOR (For China and General models only)

The VOLTAGE SELECTOR on the rear panel of this unit must be set for your local main voltage BEFORE plugging into the AC main supply.

Voltages are 110/120/220/240 V AC, 50/60 Hz.

WARNING

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS UNIT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.

This unit is not disconnected from the AC power source as long as it is connected to the wall outlet, even if this unit itself is turned off. This state is called the standby mode. In this state, this unit is designed to consume a very small quantity of power.

■ For U.K. customers

If the socket outlets in the home are not suitable for the plug supplied with this appliance, it should be cut off and an appropriate 3 pin plug fitted. For details, refer to the instructions described below.

Note

• The plug severed from the mains lead must be destroyed, as a plug with bared flexible cord is hazardous if engaged in a live socket outlet.

Special Instructions for U.K. Model

IMPORTANT

THE WIRES IN MAINS LEAD ARE COLOURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CODE:

Blue: NEUTRAL Brown: LIVE

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured BLUE must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured BLACK. The wire which is coloured BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured RED. Making sure that neither core is connected to the earth terminal of the three pin plug.

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FEATURES

Built-in 8-Channel Power Amplifier

Minimum RMS Output Power

 (0.02% THD, 20 Hz – 20 kHz, 8Ω)
 Main: 130 W + 130 W
 Center: 130 W
 Rear: 130 W + 130 W
 Rear center: 130 W
 (0.05% THD, 1 kHz, 8Ω)
 Front effect: 25 W + 25 W

Multi-Mode Digital Sound Field Processing

- ◆ Dolby Pro Logic/Dolby Pro Logic II Decoder
- ◆ Dolby Digital/Dolby Digital EX Decoder
- DTS/DTS ES Matrix 6.1, Discrete 6.1, DTS 96/ 24, DTS Neo: 6 Decoder
- CINEMA DSP: Combination of YAMAHA DSP Technology and Dolby Pro Logic, Dolby Digital or DTS
- Virtual CINEMA DSP
- ♦ SILENT CINEMA DSP

Other Features

- ◆ 96-kHz/24-bit D/A Converter
- "SET MENU" which Provides You with 15 Items for Optimizing This Unit for Your Audio/Video System
- Test Tone Generator for Easier Speaker Balance Adjustment
- ♦ 6-Channel External Decoder Input for Other Future Formats
- BASS EXTENSION Button for Reinforcing Bass Response
- On Screen Display Function Helpful in Controlling This Unit
- ◆ S Video Signal Input/Output Capability
- ◆ Component Video Input/Output Capability
- Video Signal Conversion Capability for Monitor Out:

S Video \rightarrow Composite Video Composite Video \rightarrow S Video (Europe and U.K. models only)

- Optical and Coaxial Digital Audio Signal Jacks
- ◆ Sleep Timer
- Remote Control with Preset Manufacturer Codes and "Learning" Macro Capability
- PROCESSOR DIRECT for no alteration of the original signal

- - indicates a tip for your operation.
- Some operations can be performed by using either the buttons on the main unit or on the remote control. In cases when the button names differ between the main unit and the remote control, the button name on the remote control is given in parentheses in this manual.
- This manual is printed prior to production. Design and specifications are subject to change in part for the purpose of the improvement in operativity and others. In this case the product has priority.



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"DTS", "DTS-ES Extended Surround" and "Neo: 6" are trademarks of Digital Theater System, Inc.

GETTING STARTED

Checking the Package Contents

Check your package to make sure it has the following items.

Remote control

Batteries (LR6) × 3



Power Cord (Europe, General and China models only)



Installing Batteries in the Remote Control







1 Open the battery compartment cover.

- Insert three supplied batteries (LR6) in the correct direction by aligning the + and marks on the batteries with the polarity markings (+ and –) on the inside of the battery compartment.
- After new batteries are correctly inserted, press the RESET button in the battery compartment using a ball point pen or similar object. (This does not clear the contents of the memory.)

4 Replace the cover as pressing until it snaps into place.

Notes on batteries

- Change all of the batteries if you notice the condition like; the operating range of the remote control decreases, the indicator does not flash or its light becomes dim.
- Do not use old batteries together with new ones.
- Do not use different types of batteries (such as alkaline and manganese batteries) together. Read the packaging carefully as these different types of batteries may have the same shape and color.
- If the batteries have leaked, dispose of them immediately. Avoid touching the leaked material or letting it come into contact with clothing, etc. Clean the battery compartment thoroughly before installing new batteries.

If the remote control is without batteries for more than 3 minutes, or if exhausted batteries remain in the remote control, the contents of the memory may be cleared. When the memory is cleared, insert new batteries, set up the manufacturer code and program any acquired functions that may have been cleared.

CONTROLS AND FUNCTIONS

Front Panel



STANDBY/ON

Turns on and sets this unit in the standby mode. When you turn on this unit, you will hear a click and there will be a 4 to 5-second delay before this unit can reproduce sound.

Standby mode

In this mode, this unit consumes a small amount of power to receive infrared-signals from the remote control.

2 INPUT selector

Selects the input source you want to listen to or watch.

(INPUT) MODE

Sets the priority for the types of input signals (AUTO, DTS, ANALOG) to receive when one component is connected to two or more input jacks of this unit (see page 30). Priority cannot be set when 6CH INPUT is selected as the input source.

A Remote control sensor

Receives signals from the remote control.

Front panel display

Shows information about the operational status of this unit.

6 VOLUME

Controls the output level of all audio channels. This does not affect the REC OUT level.

PHONES jack

Outputs audio signals for private listening with headphones. When you connect headphones, no signals are output to the PRE OUT/MAIN IN jacks or to the speakers.

(There is an exception depending on the "1H SP B SET" setting on the SET MENU.)

BASS EXTENSION

Turns on or off the BASS EXTENSION function at each time the button is pressed, this feature boosts the bass frequency of the left and right main channels by +6 dB (60 Hz) while maintaining overall tonal balance. This boost is useful if you do not use a subwoofer.

PROCESSOR DIRECT

Turns on or off the PROCESSOR DIRECT function at each time the button is pressed. When this is on, BASS, TREBLE, and BASS EXTENSION are bypassed, eliminating any alteration of the original signal.

SPEAKERS A/B

Turn on or off the set of main speakers connected to the A and/or B terminals on the rear panel at each time its corresponding button is pressed.

(Depending on the "1H SP B SET" setting on the SET MENU, the output from each speaker varies when SPEAKER B is set to on.)

() BASS

Adjusts the low-frequency response for the left and right main channels.

Turn the control to the right to increase or to the left to decrease the low-frequency response.

TREBLE

Adjusts the high-frequency response for the left and right main channels.

Turn the control to the right to increase or to the left to decrease the high-frequency response.

Note

• If you increase or decrease the high-frequency or the lowfrequency sound to an extreme level, the tonal quality from the center and rear speakers may not match that of the left and right main speakers.

B REC OUT

Selects the source you want to direct to the audio/video recorder independent of the source you are listening to or watching in the main room. When set to the SOURCE position, the input source is directed to all outputs.

STEREO/EFFECT

Switches the normal stereo or DSP effect reproduction. When STEREO is selected, 2-channel input signals are directed to the main left and right speakers without effect sounds. All Dolby Digital and DTS audio signals except for the LFE channel are mixed down to the main left and right speakers.

B NEXT

Displays SET MENU items. This button works like ∇ on the remote control when using the SET MENU.

Selects the DSP program.

6CH INPUT

Selects the source connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks. The source selected by pressing 6CH INPUT takes priority over the source selected with INPUT (or the input selector buttons on the remote control).

B SET MENU +/-

Adjusts the settings and parameter values of SET MENU items.

VIDEO AUX jacks

Inputs audio and video signals from a portable external source such as a game console. To reproduce source signals from these jacks, select V-AUX as the input source.

Opening and closing the front panel door

When you want to use the controls behind the front panel door, open the door gently pressing on the lower part of the panel. When you are not using them, close the door.



To open, press gently on the lower part of the panel.

Remote Control

This section describes the controls and their functions of the remote control. See "REMOTE CONTROL FEATURES" on pages 41 to 54 for operating other components with this remote control.



Infrared window

Outputs infrared control signals. Aim this window at the component you want to operate.

2 RE-NAME

Used for changing the input source name in the display window (see page 44).

3 TRANSMIT indicator

Flashes while the remote control is sending signals.

4 STANDBY

Sets this unit in the standby mode.

5 SYSTEM POWER

Turns on the power of this unit.

6 Display window

Shows the selected source component that you are controlling.

O SOURCE SELECT Δ / ∇

Selects the another component to control independently from the input that has been selected by pressing an input selector button.

B LIGHT

Turn the light on or off. When you press this button once, the light turns on for about ten seconds. Press again to turn off the light.

10KEY/DSP

Selects the numeric button (10KEY) mode or DSP mode.

Operation buttons

Provides functions such as play, stop, skip, etc. for operating your other components selected by the input selector buttons.

① EX/ES

Turns on or off the Dolby Digital EX or DTS ES decoder with 10 KEY/DSP set to the DSP position.

LEVEL

Selects the effect speaker channel to be adjusted and sets the level.

ON SCREEN

Selects the on-screen display (OSD) mode for your video monitor.

SLEEP

Sets the sleep timer.

TEST

Outputs the test tone to adjust the speaker levels.

CLEAR

Used for clearing functions acquired when using the learn and rename features, and set manufacturer codes (see pages 47 and 48).

D LEARN

Used for setting up the manufacturer code or for programming the functions of other remote controls (see pages 42 to 44).

MACRO

Used to program a series of operations for control by a single button (see pages 46 and 47).

MACRO ON/OFF

Turns the macro function on and off.

A and B

Switch the control area for the extra components that are not connected to this unit without changing the input.

Input selector buttons

Select the input source and change the control area.

6CH INPUT

Selects the source connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks.

BSP program/Numeric buttons

Select DSP programs or numbers according to the position of 10KEY/DSP.

MUTE

Mutes the sound. The MUTE indicator turns on when the MUTE function is on. Press again to restore the audio output to the previous volume level.

VOLUME +/-

Increases or decreases the volume level.

STEREO/EFFECT

Switches the normal stereo or DSP effect reproduction. When STEREO is selected, 2-channel input signals are directed to the main left and right speakers without effect sounds. All Dolby Digital and DTS audio signals except for the LFE channel are also directed to the main left and right speakers.

PARAMETER/SET MENU

Selects the PARAMETER mode or SET MENU mode.

Oursor buttons ∆/∇/–/+

Select and adjust DSP program parameters and SET MENU items according to the position of PARAMETER/ SET MENU.

Cover

Slides down to use the various setup buttons. Slides up when these buttons are not being used.

Using the Remote Control



The remote control transmits a directional infrared beam. Be sure to aim the remote control directly at the remote control sensor on the main unit during operation.

Handling the remote control

- Do not spill water or other liquids on the remote control.
- Do not drop the remote control.
- Do not leave or store the remote control in the following types of conditions:
 - high humidity or temperature such as near a heater, stove or bath;
 - dusty places; or
 - in places subject to extremely low temperatures.

Front Panel Display



DSP indicator

Lights up when you select a digital sound field program.

2 Decoder indicators

When any of the decoders equipped on this unit functions, the indicator lights up.

3 VIRTUAL indicator

Lights up when using Virtual CINEMA DSP (see page 33).

4 Input source indicator

Shows the current input source with a cursor.

BASS indicator

Lights up while BASS EXTENSION is on.

6 SLEEP indicator

Lights up while the sleep timer is on.

MUTE indicator

Lights up while the MUTE function is on.

8 96/24 indicator

Lights up when the DTS 96/24 signal is input to this unit.

OVELUME level indicator

Indicates the volume level.

D PCM indicator

Lights up when this unit is reproducing PCM (pulse code modulation) digital audio signals.

SILENT indicator

Lights up when headphones are connected with the sound effect (see "SILENT CINEMA DSP" on page 33).

B SP A B indicator

Lights up according to which set of main speakers is selected. Both indicators light up when both sets of speakers are selected.

B Headphones indicator

Lights up when headphones are connected.

OSP program indicators

The name of the selected DSP program lights up when the ENTERTAINMENT, MOVIE THEATER 1, MOVIE THEATER 2, TV THEATER or DD/DTS SURROUND DSP program is selected.

Multi-information display

Shows the current DSP program name and other information when adjusting or changing settings.

P. DIRECT

Lights up while PROCESSOR DIRECT is on.

Input channel indicator

Indicates the channel components of input signals being received.

Lights up when the input signal contains the LFE signal.

Rear Panel



DIGITAL OUTPUT jacks

2 Audio component jacks

See pages 18 and 19 for connection information.

3 Video component jacks

See pages 15 to 17 for connection information.

A RS-232C

These are control expansion terminals for commercial use. Consult your dealer for details.

6 Speaker terminals

See pages 12 and 13 for connection information.

VOLTAGE SELECTOR (General and China

models only)

See page 21.

AC OUTLETS

Use these outlets to supply power to your other A/V components (see page 21).

AC INLET (Europe, General and China models only)

Use this inlet to plug in the supplied power cable (see page 21).

OIGITAL INPUT jacks

6CH INPUT jacks

See page 20 for connection information.

REMOTE IN/OUT jacks / CONTROL OUT jacks (General and China models only)

These are control expansion jacks for commercial use.

PRE OUT/MAIN IN jacks

See page 20 for connection information.

IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch

Use this switch to match the amplifier output to your speaker impedance (see page 14). Set this unit in the standby mode before you change the setting of this switch.

Speakers to Be Used

This unit has been designed to provide the best soundfield quality with an 8-speaker system, using left and right main speakers, left and right rear speakers, left and right front effect speakers and a center and rear center speakers. If you use different brands of speakers (with different tonal qualities) in your system, the tone of a moving human voice and other types of sound may not shift smoothly. We recommend that you use speakers from the same manufacturer or speakers with the same tonal quality.

The main speakers are used for the main source sound plus the effect sounds. They will probably be the speakers from your present stereo system. The rear speakers are used for the effect and surround sounds, and the center speaker is for the center sounds (dialog, vocals, etc.). The front effect speakers are used for the effect sound. If for some reason it is not practical to use one of speakers (for example, a center speaker), you can do without it. Best results, however, are obtained with the full system.

The main speakers should be high-performance models and have enough power-handling capacity to accept the maximum output of your audio system. The other speakers do not have to be equal to the main speakers. For precise sound localization, however, it is ideal to use the models of equivalent performance with the main speakers.

Use of a subwoofer expands your sound field

It is also possible to further expand your system with the addition of a subwoofer. The use of a subwoofer is effective not only for reinforcing bass frequencies from any or all channels, but also for reproducing the LFE (low-frequency effect) channel with high fidelity when the Dolby Digital signal or the DTS signal is played back. The YAMAHA Active Servo Processing Subwoofer System is ideal for natural and lively bass reproduction.

CAUTION

Use magnetically shielded speakers. If this type of speakers still creates the interference with a monitor, place the speakers away from the monitor.

Speaker Placement

Refer to the following diagram when you place the speakers.



Main speakers

Place the left and right main speakers an equal distance from the ideal listening position. The distance of each speaker from each side of the video monitor should be the same.

Center speaker

Align the front face of the center speaker with the front face of your video monitor. Place the speaker as close to the monitor as possible, such as directly over or under the monitor and centrally between the main speakers.

Rear speakers

Place these speakers behind your listening position, facing slightly inwards, nearly 1.8 m (6 feet) above the floor.

Rear center speaker

Place the rear center speaker in the center between the left and right rear speakers at the same height from the floor as the rear speakers.

Front effect speakers

Place the front effect speakers about 0.5 - 1 m (1 - 3 feet) outside the main speakers and in front of the room, facing slightly inwards, nearly 1.8 m (6 feet) above the floor.

Subwoofer

The position of the subwoofer is not so critical, because low bass sounds are not highly directional. But it is better to place the subwoofer near the main speakers. Turn it slightly toward the center of the room to reduce the wall reflections.

Note

• If you do not use any effect speakers (rear, front effect, center and/or rear center), change the settings of SPEAKER SET items in the SET MENU to designate the signals to other terminals you connect speakers to.

Connecting the Speakers

Be sure to connect the left channel (L), right channel (R), "+" (red) and "-" (black) properly. If the connections are faulty, no sound will be heard from the speakers, and if the polarity of the speaker connections is incorrect, the sound will be unnatural and lack bass.

CAUTION

- Use speakers with the specified impedance shown on the rear panel of this unit.
- Do not let the bare speaker wires touch each other and do not let them touch any metal part of this unit. This could damage this unit and/or speakers.

If necessary, use the SET MENU to change the speaker mode settings according to the number and size of the speakers in your configuration after you finish connecting your speakers.

Speaker cables



A speaker cord is actually a pair of insulated cables running side by side. One of the cables is colored or shaped differently, perhaps with a stripe, groove or ridge.

- Remove approximately 10 mm (3/8") of insulation from each of the speaker cables.
- 2 Twist the exposed wires of the cable together to prevent short circuits.

Connecting to the SPEAKERS terminals



1 Unscrew the knob.

- 2 Insert one bare wire into the hole in the side of each terminal.
- **3** Tighten the knob to secure the wire.



<u>`</u>``

(For General and China models)

• Banana plug connections are also possible. First, tighten the knob and then insert the banana plug connector into the end of the corresponding terminal.



MAIN SPEAKERS terminals

One or two speaker systems can be connected to these terminals. If you use only one speaker system, connect it to either of the MAIN A or B terminals.

REAR SPEAKERS terminals

A rear speaker system can be connected to these terminals.

CENTER SPEAKER terminals

A center speaker can be connected to these terminals.

REAR CENTER SPEAKER terminals

A rear center speaker can be connected to these terminals.

FRONT EFFECT SPEAKERS terminals

A front effect speaker system can be connected to these terminals.

SUBWOOFER jack

When using a subwoofer with built-in amplifier, including the YAMAHA Active Servo Processing Subwoofer System, connect the input jack of the subwoofer system to this jack. Low bass signals distributed from the main, center and/or rear channels are directed to this jack if they are assigned to this jack. (The cut-off frequency of this jack is 90 Hz.) The LFE (low-frequency effect) signals generated when Dolby Digital or DTS is decoded are also directed if they are assigned to this jack.

Note

• Depending on the settings of "1 SPEAKER SET" and "10 LFE LEVEL" on the SET MENU, some signals may not be output from the SUBWOOFER jack.

IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch

WARNING

Do not change the IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch setting while the power of this unit is on, otherwise this unit may be damaged.

If this unit fails to turn on when STANDBY/ON (or SYSTEM POWER) is pressed, the IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch may not be fully slid to either position. If so, slide the switch to either position fully when this unit is in the standby mode.

Select the upper or lower position according to the impedance of the speakers in your system. Be sure to move this switch only when this unit is in the standby mode.

IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch



CONNECTIONS

Before Connecting Components

CAUTION

Never connect this unit and other components to mains power until all connections between components have been completed.

- Be sure all connections are made correctly, that is to say L (left) to L, R (right) to R, "+" to "+" and "-" to "-". Some components require different connection methods and have different jack names. Refer to the operation instructions for each component to be connected to this unit.
- Use commercially available video pin cables when connecting to the S VIDEO and COMPONENT VIDEO jacks.

Connecting Video Components

About the video jacks

There are three types of video jacks.

VIDEO jack



VIDEO jacks transmit composite signals.

S VIDEO jack



S VIDEO jacks transmit S-video signals. S-video signals are separated into

luminance (Y) and color (C) video signals to achieve high-quality color reproduction.

COMPONENT VIDEO jacks



COMPONENT VIDEO jacks transmit component signals. Component signals are separated into luminance (Y) and color difference (PB, PR) to provide the best quality in picture reproduction.

The signal input through these jacks are output through the MONITOR OUT jacks of the same type. Make sure to connect the correct jacks of the same type on your video component and the video monitor.

`**`**{

- The signals input through the S VIDEO jacks can be converted to composite signals inside of this unit and output through the VIDEO MONITOR OUT jacks on this unit as well.
- (Europe and U.K. models only) The signals input through the VIDEO jack on this unit can be output through the S VIDEO MONITOR OUT jack by setting "V CONV." in "13 DISPLAY SET" on the SET MENU to ON (see page 65).
- When signals input through both S VIDEO and VIDEO jacks, signals input through the S VIDEO jack has priority.
- You can designate the input for the COMPONENT VIDEO A and B jacks according to your component by using "7 I/O ASSIGNMENT" on the SET MENU (see page 62 for details).



VIDEO AUX jacks (on the front panel)

These jacks are used to connect any video input source such as a game console and a camcorder to this unit.







Connecting Audio Components

Connecting to digital jacks

This unit has digital jacks for direct transmission of digital signals through either coaxial or fiber optic cables. You can use the digital jacks to input PCM, Dolby Digital and DTS bitstreams. When you connect components to both the COAXIAL and OPTICAL jacks, priority is given to the input signals from the COAXIAL jack. All digital input jacks are acceptable for 96-kHz sampling digital signals.

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 You can designate the input for each digital jacks according to your component by using "7 I/O ASSIGNMENT" on the SET MENU (see page 62 for details).

About the dust protection cap

Pull out the cap from the optical jack before you connect the fiber optic cable. Do not discard the cap. When you are not using the optical jack, be sure to put the cap back in place. This cap protects the jack from dust.



Notes

- DIGITAL OUTPUT jacks and analog OUT (REC) jacks are independent. Only digital signals are output from DIGITAL OUTPUT jacks and analog signals from OUT (REC) jacks.
- The OPTICAL jacks on this unit conform to the EIA standard. If you use a fiber optic cable that does not conform to this standard, this unit may not function properly.

Connecting a turntable

PHONO jacks are for connecting a turntable with an MM or high-output MC cartridge. If you have a turntable with a low-output MC cartridge, use an in-line boosting transformer or MC-head amplifier when connecting to these jacks.

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• Connect your turntable to the GND terminal to reduce noise in the signal. However you may hear less noise without the connection to the GND terminal for some record players.

Connecting a CD player

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- The COAXIAL CD and OPTICAL CD jacks are available for a CD player which has coaxial or optical digital output jacks.
- When you connect a CD player to both the COAXIAL CD and OPTICAL CD jacks, priority is given to the input signals from the COAXIAL CD jack.

Connecting an MD recorder, tape deck or CD recorder

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- DIGITAL OUTPUT jacks and analog OUT (REC) are independent. Only digital signals are output from DIGITAL OUTPUT jacks and analog signals from OUT (REC) jacks.
- When you connect your recording component to both the analog and digital input jacks, the priority is given to the digital signal.

Note

• When you connect a recording component to this unit, keep its power on while using this unit. If the power is off, this unit may distort the sound from other components.



Connecting to an External Amplifier

If you want to increase the power output to the speakers, or want to use another amplifier, connect an external amplifier to the PRE OUT/MAIN IN jacks as follows.

Notes

- When RCA pin plugs are connected to the PRE OUT/MAIN IN jacks for output to an external amplifier, it is not necessary to use the corresponding SPEAKERS terminals. Set the volume of the amplifier connected to this unit to the maximum.
- No signals will be output from any other PRE OUT jacks than the MAIN jacks when SPEAKER A is turned off with ZONE B selected for "1H SP B SET" on the SET MENU.



FRONT EFFECT jacks

Front effect channel line output jacks.

REAR (SURROUND) jacks

Rear channel line output jacks.

SUBWOOFER jacks

When using a subwoofer with built-in amplifier, including the YAMAHA Active Servo Processing Subwoofer System, connect the input jack of the subwoofer system to this jack. Low bass signals distributed from the main, center and/or rear channels are directed to this jack if they are assigned to this jack. (The cut-off frequency of this jack is 90 Hz.) The LFE (low-frequency effect) signals generated when Dolby Digital or DTS is decoded are also directed if they are assigned to this jack.

Notes

- Adjust the volume level of the subwoofer with the control on the subwoofer. It is also possible to adjust the volume level by using the remote control of this unit (see "ADJUSTING THE LEVEL OF THE EFFECT SPEAKERS" on page 67).
- Depending on the settings of "1 SPEAKER SET" and "10 LFE LEVEL" on the SET MENU, some signals may not be output from the SUBWOOFER jack.

REAR CENTER jack

Rear center channel line output jack.

6 MAIN jacks

IN: Line input to this unit's main channel amplifiers. When connecting to these jacks, signals input to the preamplifier of this unit will not be output from the main amplifier of this unit.

OUT: Main channel line output jacks.

Note

• The signals output through these jacks are affected by the BASS, TREBLE and BASS EXTENSION settings.

6 CENTER jack

Center channel line output jack.

Connecting to the 6CH INPUT Jacks

This unit is equipped with 6 additional input jacks (left and right MAIN, CENTER, left and right SURROUND and SUBWOOFER) for discrete multi-channel input from an external decoder, sound processor or pre-amplifier.

Connect the output jacks on your external decoder to the 6CH INPUT jacks. Be sure to match the left and right outputs to the left and right input jacks for the main and surround channels.

Notes

- When 6CH INPUT is selected, the signals input to the 6CH INPUT jacks have priority over any other input source.
- When you select 6CH INPUT as the input source, this unit automatically turns off the digital sound field processor, and you cannot listen to DSP programs.
- When you select 6CH INPUT as the input source, settings of "1 SPEAKER SET (1A to 1E)" on the SET MENU do not apply.
- When headphones are used, only main L/R channels are output. The setting for "6CH INPUT SET" on the SET MENU will not be applied.
- Setting for "15 6CH INPUT SET" on the SET MENU will be applied when 6CH INPUT is selected.

Connecting the Power Supply Cords



(General and China models)

VOLTAGE SELECTOR



(General and China models)

■ Connecting the AC power cord [Europe, General and China models]

Plug the power cord into the AC inlet when all connections are complete, and then plug in this unit to the wall outlet.

Caution

• Do not use other AC power cords than the one provided. Otherwise it may result in causing fire or an electrical shock.

[U.K. model]

Plug this unit into the wall outlet.

Plug in the other components connected to this unit to the wall outlet.

■ AC OUTLET(S) (SWITCHED)

VOLTAGE SELECTOR (General and China models only)

The VOLTAGE SELECTOR on the rear panel of this unit must be set for your local main voltage BEFORE plugging into the AC main supply. Voltages are 110/120/220/240 V AC, 50/60 Hz.

Turning on the Power

When all connections are completed, turn on the power of this unit.



ON-SCREEN DISPLAY (OSD)

You can display the operation information for this unit on a video monitor. If you display the SET MENU and DSP program parameter settings on a monitor, it is much easier to see the available options and parameters than it is by reading this information on the front panel display.

- <u>`</u>`₩`-
- If a video source is being reproduced, the OSD is superimposed over the image.
- The OSD signal is not output to the REC OUT jack, and will not be recorded with any video signal.
- You can set the OSD to turn on (gray background) or off when a video source is not being reproduced (or the source component is turned off) by using "13 DISPLAY SET" on the SET MENU (see page 65).

OSD Modes

You can change the amount of information the OSD shows.

Full display

This mode always shows the DSP program parameter settings on the video monitor.

Short display

This mode briefly shows the same contents as the front panel display at the bottom of the screen and then disappears.

Display off

This mode briefly shows the "DISPLAY OFF" message at the bottom of the screen and then disappears. Afterwards, no changes to operations appear on the monitor except those of the ON SCREEN button.





Short display

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- When you choose the full display mode, INPUT, VOLUME and some other types of operation information are displayed at the bottom of the screen in the same format as that for the front panel display.
- The SET MENU and test tone display appear regardless of the OSD mode.

Selecting the OSD Mode

- **1** Turn on the video monitor connected to this unit.
- **2** Press ON SCREEN on the remote control repeatedly to change the display mode.

The OSD mode changes in the following order: full display, short display, and display off.



If the video monitor is connected to the COMPONENT VIDEO MONITOR OUT jacks of this unit, the OSD can be shown only when operating the SET MENU. However, the OSD cannot be superimposed over the image.

Notes

- Playing back video software that has an anti-copy signal or video signals with a lot of noise may produce unstable images.
- The OSD signal output to the COMPONENT VIDEO MONITOR OUT jacks is created from the composite or Svideo signal. Therefore, the quality of the OSD signal may vary depending on the signal input through the VIDEO or S VIDEO jacks.

SPEAKER MODE SETTINGS

This unit has 8 SPEAKER SET items on the SET MENU that you must set according to the number of speakers in your configuration and their size. The following table summarizes these SPEAKER SET items, and shows the initial settings as well as other possible settings.

If the initial settings shown in the following table are not appropriate for your speaker configuration, change settings following the steps described in "1 SPEAKER SET" from pages 56 to 59.

Summary of SPEAKER SET Items 1A through 1H

| Item | Description | Control value (default setting indicated in bold) |
|------------------|--|---|
| 1A CENTER SP | Selects the output mode according to whether or not a center speaker is being used and its performance. | LRG/SML/NONE |
| 1B MAIN SP | Selects the output mode according to the performance of the main speakers. | LARGE/SMALL |
| 1C REAR L/R SP | Selects the output mode according to whether or not rear L/R speakers are being used and their performance. | LRG/SML/NONE |
| 1D REAR CT SP | Selects the output mode according to whether or not a rear center speaker is being used and its performance. | LRG/SML/NONE |
| 1E LFE/BASS OUT | Selects the speaker according to use for LFE signal output and low bass signal. | SWFR/MAIN/ BOTH |
| 1F FRONT EFCT SP | Selects the output mode according to whether or not front effect speakers are being used. | YES/NONE |
| 1G MAIN LEVEL | Selects the main speaker level. | Normal/–10 dB |
| 1H SP B SET | Select the location of the main speakers to be connected to the SPEAKERS B terminals. | MAIN / ZONE B |

ADJUSTING THE SPEAKER OUTPUT LEVELS

This section explains how to adjust the speaker output levels by using the test tone generator. The "TEST DOLBY SUR." is for balancing the output levels of the six speakers required for surround sound systems. The "TEST DSP" is for balancing the front effect speakers with the main speakers for the DSP sound field programs. When this adjustment is made, the output level heard at the listening position will be the same from each speaker. This is important for the best performance of the digital sound field processor, and various decoders (Dolby Digital, Dolby Pro Logic, Dolby Pro Logic II, DTS, DTS ES, and DTS Neo: 6).

The adjustment of each speaker output level should be made at your listening position with the remote control.

Note

• Since this unit cannot enter the test mode while headphones are connected to this unit, be sure to unplug the headphones from the PHONES jack when using the test tone.

Before You Begin



on the front panel display.



4 Set PARAMETER/SET MENU on the remote control to PARAMETER. PREPARATION

TEST DOLBY SUR.

Select "TEST DOLBY SUR." to match the output levels of the center, rear center and left and right rear speakers to the left and right main speakers.



PEAKERS

to select the main speakers to be used. If you are using two sets of the main speakers, press both A

and B.



The test tone is heard from the left main speaker, center speaker, right main speaker, right rear speaker, rear center speaker, left rear speaker and subwoofer in order. The tone is produced for 2.5 seconds each time.

The state of the test tone output is also shown on the monitor by an image of the audio listening room. This is convenient for adjusting each speaker level.



Front panel display also indicates from which speaker the test tone is output in the order of TEST LEFT→TEST CENTER→TEST RIGHT→ TEST R SUR.→TEST REAR CNTR→TEST L SUR. →TEST SUBWOOFER

Note

• If the test tone cannot be heard, turn down the volume, set this unit in the standby mode and check the speaker connections.



Notes

- If "1A CENTER SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE, the center channel sound is automatically output from the left and right main speakers.
- If "1C REAR L/R SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE, the output level of the rear right, left and center speakers cannot be adjusted in step 3. The test tone will be circulated in the order of LEFT→CENTER→RIGHT→SUBWOOFER→LEFT..., skipping the rear right and left speakers and the rear center speaker.
- If "1D REAR CT SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE, the output level of the rear center speaker cannot be adjusted in step 3. The test tone will be circulated in the order of LEFT→CENTER→RIGHT→RIGHT SURROUND→LEFT SURROUND→SUBWOOFER→LEFT ..., skipping the rear center speaker.
- If "1E LFE/BASS OUT" on the SET MENU is set to MAIN, the output level of the subwoofer cannot be adjusted. The test tone will be circulated in the order of LEFT→CENTER→ RIGHT→RIGHT SURROUND→REAR CENTER→LEFT SURROUND→LEFT..., skipping the subwoofer.

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- It is not necessary to readjust the speaker level once it is set as long as you do not change the speakers. You can enjoy listening to or watching the input source with the desired volume by adjusting the volume key.
- You can increase the output levels of the effect speakers (center, left rear and right rear and rear center) to +10 dB. If the output level of these speakers is lower than that of the main speakers even after you have increased the output level of these speakers up to +10 dB, set "1G MAIN LEVEL" on the SET MENU to -10 dB (see page 59). This setting decreases the main speaker output level to about one-third of the normal level. After you have set "1G MAIN LEVEL" on the SET MENU to -10 dB, adjust the levels for the center and rear speakers again.

TEST twice.

TEST DSP

Select "TEST DSP" to match the output levels of the front effect speakers to the main speakers.

Note

• You cannot enter the "TEST DSP" mode if "1F FRONT EFCT SP" is set to NONE.



- Press TEST repeatedly to output the test tone.
- Adjust the volume so you can hear the test tone.



TEST



The test tone is heard alternately from the front effect speakers and main speakers. The tone is produced for 2.5 seconds each time. Press Δ to hear the test tone from the front effect L speaker, and ∇ to hear the test tone from the front effect R speaker.

The state of the test tone output is also shown on the monitor by an image of the audio listening room. This is convenient for adjusting each speaker level.



Front panel display also indicates from which speaker the test tone is output as follows: TEST MAIN \rightarrow TEST FRONT \rightarrow TEST MAIN \rightarrow ...

Note

• If the test tone cannot be heard, turn down the volume, set this unit in the standby mode and check the speaker connections.

Press -/+ repeatedly to adjust the output level of the front effect speakers so that the output level coming from each speaker is the same.



TEST

While adjusting, the test tone is heard from the front effect speaker.

Note

• Main L/R speaker level cannot be adjusted by itself. Use VOLUME to adjust the main volume.

4 When the adjustment is complete, press TEST to stop the test tone.

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- It is not necessary to readjust the speaker level once it is set as long as you do not change the speakers. You can enjoy listening to or watching the input source with the desired volume by adjusting the volume key.
- You can increase the output levels of the front effect speakers to +10 dB. If the output level of these speakers is lower than that of the main speakers even after you have increased the output level of these speakers up to +10 dB, set "1G MAIN LEVEL" on the SET MENU to -10 dB (see page 59). This setting decreases the main speaker output level to about onethird of the normal level. After you have set "1G MAIN LEVEL" on the SET MENU to -10 dB, adjust the levels for the center and rear speakers again.

BASIC PLAYBACK



4 Rotate INPUT (or press one of the input selector buttons on the remote control) to select the input source.

The current input source name and input mode appear on the front panel display and on the video monitor for a few seconds.



Selected input source

Note

• The input source names correspond to the jack names on the rear panel of this unit, not the names of the component connected to this unit.

To select a source connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks

Press 6CH INPUT until "6CH INPUT" appears on the front panel display and on the video monitor.



Notes

- If "6CH INPUT" is shown on the front panel display and on the video monitor, no other source can be played. To select another input source with INPUT (one of the input selector buttons), press 6CH INPUT to turn off "6CH INPUT" from the front panel display and the video monitor.
- If you want to enjoy an audio source connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks together with a video source, first select the video source and then press 6CH INPUT.

5 Start playback or select a broadcast station on the source component.

Refer to the operation instructions for the component.

Note

• If you playback a video source that uses scrambled or encoded signals to prevent it from being dubbed, the picture itself may be disturbed due to those signals.



Front panel

Remote control

If desired, use BASS, TREBLE and BASS EXTENSION. These controls are only effective for sound from the main speakers.



Notes

- If the component connected to the VCR 1 OUT, VCR 2/DVR OUT, CD-R OUT and MD/TAPE OUT jacks is turned off, the reproduced sound may be distorted or the volume may be lowered for the characteristics of AV receivers. In this case, turn on the component.
- BASS EXTENSION may not be effective if "1B MAIN SP" on the SET MENU is set to SMALL and "1E LFE/BASS OUT" is set to SWFR.

Select a DSP program if desired.

Use PROGRAM \triangleleft / \triangleright (DSP program buttons on the remote control) to select a DSP program. See pages 34 to 38 for details about the DSP program.





Front panel

Remote control

■ BGV (background video) function

The BGV function allows you to combine a video image from a video source with a sound from an audio source. For example, you can enjoy listening to classical music while having beautiful scenery from the video source on the video monitor.

Select a source from the video group and then select a source from the audio group with the input selector buttons on the remote control. This selection for BGV cannot be made with INPUT on the front panel.



To mute the sound

Press MUTE on the remote control.

To resume the audio output, press MUTE again.

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- You can also cancel mute to press any operation buttons such as VOLUME +/-.
- During muting, the "MUTE" indicator flashes on the front panel display.
- When this unit enters the standby mode, the mute function will be cancelled.

When you have finished using this unit

Press STANDBY/ON (STANDBY on the remote control) to set this unit in the standby mode.

or





Front panel

Remote control

Input Modes and Indications

This unit comes with various input jacks. You can set the priority of the input signal among different types of input signals.

Press (INPUT) MODE (the input selector button that you have pressed to select the input source on the remote control) repeatedly until the desired input mode is shown on the front panel display and on the video monitor.



AUTO: In this mode, the input signal is automatically selected in the following order: 1) Digital signal 2) Analog signal DTS: In this mode, only the digital input signal encoded with DTS is selected even if another signal is input at the same time. ANALOG: In this mode, only the analog input signal is selected even if a digital signal is input at

Notes

 If digital signals are input from both the COAXIAL and OPTICAL jacks, the digital signal from the COAXIAL jack has precedence over the OPTICAL jack.

the same time.

- In playing the disc encoded with Dolby Digital or DTS on some LD or DVD players, the sound output delays for a moment when playback resumes after a search because the digital signal is selected again.
- When playing the LD source that has not been digitally recorded, the sound may not be output for some LD players. In this case, set the input mode to ANALOG.

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- When AUTO is selected, this unit automatically determines the type of signal. If this unit detects a Dolby Digital or DTS signal, the decoder automatically switches to the appropriate setting.
- When you turn on the power of this unit, the input mode is set according to "8 INPUT MODE" on the SET MENU (see page 63 for details).

Notes on the digital signal

The digital input jacks of this unit can handle up to a 96 kHz sampling digital signal. However when inputting a higher digital signal than 48 kHz, be aware of the following points.

- Sound effect will be added to the signals after converting the sampling frequency to 48 kHz or below.
- When the sound effect is turned off by pressing STEREO/ EFFECT, this unit reproduces sound in 2-channel stereo at the sampling frequency of the input signal.

Notes on playing DTS-CD/LDs

- If the digital output data of the player has been processed in any way, you may not be able to perform DTS decoding even if you make a digital connection between this unit and the player.
- If you play a source encoded with a DTS signal and set the input mode to ANALOG, this unit reproduces the noise of an unprocessed DTS signal. When you want to play a DTS source, be sure to connect the source to a digital input jack and set the input mode to AUTO or DTS.
- If you switch the input mode to ANALOG while playing a source encoded with a DTS signal, this unit reproduces no sound.
- If you play a source encoded with a DTS signal with the input mode set to AUTO;
 - This unit automatically switches to the DTSdecoding mode (The "**dts**" indicator lights up.) after having detected the DTS signal. When playback of the DTS source is completed, the "**dts**" indicator may flash. While this indicator is flashing, only DTS source can be played. If you want to play a normal PCM source soon, set the input mode back to AUTO.
 - The "**dts**" indicator may flash when a search or skip operation is performed while the DTS source is playing back with the input mode set to AUTO. If this status continues for longer than 30 seconds, this unit will automatically switch from "DTS-decoding" mode to PCM digital signal input mode. The "**dts**" indicator will turn off.

Selecting a Sound Field Program

You can enhance your listening experience by selecting a DSP program. There are 11 programs with sub-programs available with this unit. However the selection depends on the input signal format and not all the sub-programs are possible for all input signal formats. For details about each program, see pages 34 to 38.



Sub-program name

After selecting the desired program, press the same button repeatedly to select the desired sub-program if available.

For example, to select the sub-program "70 mm Sci-Fi", press MOVIE THEATER 1 repeatedly.



Program name

| V-AUX VOR2/DVR VCR 1 | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|----|
| (III PRO LOGIC/I) A | <u>70mm Sci-Fi</u> | LR |
| | | |

Sub-program name

Notes

- When you select an input source, this unit automatically selects the last DSP program used with that source.
- When you set this unit in the standby mode, the current source and DSP program are memorized and are automatically selected when you turn on the power again.
- If a Dolby Digital or DTS signal is input when the input mode is set to AUTO, the DSP program (No. 9–11) automatically switches to the appropriate decoding program.
- When a monaural source is being played with PRO LOGIC/ Normal or PRO LOGIC/Enhanced, PRO LOGIC II Movie, or Neo: 6 Cinema, no sound will be heard from the main speakers and the rear speakers. Sound can only be heard from the center speaker. However, if "1A CENTER SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE, the center channel sound is output from the main speakers.
- When a source connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks of this unit is selected, the digital sound field processor cannot be used.

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 Choose a DSP program based on your listening preference, and not on the name of the program. The acoustics of your listening room affect the DSP program. Minimize the sound reflections in your room to maximize the effect created by the program.

DTS 96/24

- Select DTS DIGITAL SUR/Normal among CINEMA DSP programs or press STEREO/EFFECT to turn off the sound effect in order to decode the DTS 96/24 signal. DTS 96/24 decoder does not function in other cases.
- When the sound effect is turned off by pressing STEREO/EFFECT, this unit plays the DTS 96/24 signal in 2-channel stereo at the sampling frequency 96 kHz.
- Press EX/ES for 6.1-channel playback. However, the DTS 96/24 decoder does not function during 6.1-channel playback.
- (96KHz/24bit) indicator lights up while the DTS 96/24 decoder functions.

Selecting PRO LOGIC, PRO LOGIC II or Neo: 6

You can enjoy the 2-channel sources decoded into five or six discrete channels by selecting PRO LOGIC, PRO LOGIC II or Neo: 6 in the program No. 11.





Front panel

(Operating using the remote control) Press DC/DTS SUR. on the remote control.

The previously selected sub program appears on the front panel display.



3 Select a decoder.

Press SELECT to select PRO LOGIC, PRO LOGIC II or Neo: 6.



4 Select a subprogram suitable for the source. The selection switches as follows each time DD/DTS SUR. is pressed.

- · When PRO LOGIC is selected Normal ↔ Enhanced
- When PRO LOGIC II is selected Movie↔ Music
- When Neo: 6 is selected Cinema ↔ Music



Playing the Dolby Digital EX or DTS ES software

Press EX/ES to turn on the Dolby Digital EX or DTS ES decoder to listen to the Dolby Digital EX and DTS ES software with a rear center speaker.



(Example: when playing the Dolby Digital EX software)

Press EX/ES to select the mode. (The modes that can be selected vary depending on the format of the software to play.)

- AUTO: This mode automatically switches Dolby Digital EX/DTS ES Matrix 6.1/DTS ES Discrete 6.1 depending on the signal (flag) in the input source that this unit can detect. If the input source has no signal that this unit can detect ("AUTO:OFF" is displayed.), press EX/ES to select "Matrix 6.1".
- Discrete 6.1: This mode can be selected only when the source with DTS ES Discrete format has been detected. (The DISCRETE indicator lights up.) If the source switches to other sources with rear left and right channels during playback, this unit reproduces those sources through the Matrix decoder. (Either **TEX** or MATRIX indicator lights up.)
- Matrix 6.1: This mode makes 6-channel playback of the input source with Matrix or Matrix compatible format through the Matrix 6.1 decoder. (Either **DEX**) or MATRIX indicator lights up.)

OFF: The Dolby Digital EX or DTS ES decoder does not work in this mode.

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Notes

- The DTS 96/24 decoder and the DTS ES decoder cannot be activated at the same time while playing the DTS 96/24 signal. When "AUTO" is selected, the DTS 96/24 decoder has precedence over the DTS ES decoder.
- 6.1-channel playback is not possible even if EX/ES is pressed in the following cases:
 - When "1C REAR L/R SP" is set to "NONE".
 - When the sound effect is turned off.
 - When the source connected to the 6CH INPUT jack is being played.
 - When the source being played does not contain rear L/R channel signals.
 - When Dolby Digital KARAOKE source is being played.
 - When headphones are connected.
 - When "8ch Stereo" is selected.
- When the power of this unit is turned off, the input mode will be reset to AUTO.

Virtual CINEMA DSP

With the Virtual CINEMA DSP, you can enjoy all the DSP programs without rear speakers. It creates the virtual speakers to reproduce the natural sound field.

The sound field processing is changed to the Virtual CINEMA DSP mode according to the selected DSP program by setting "1C REAR L/R SP" on the SET MENU to NONE.

Notes

- This unit is not set in the virtual CINEMA DSP mode even if "1C REAR L/R SP" is set to NONE in the following cases:
 - when the 8ch Stereo, DOLBY DIGITAL Normal, Pro Logic Normal, Pro Logic II, DTS Normal or Neo: 6 program is selected;
 - when the sound effect is turned off;
- when 6CH INPUT is selected as the input source;
- when using the test tone; or
- when connecting the headphones.
- When over 48 kHz sampling digital signal is being input, this unit reproduces sound in the virtual CINEMA DSP mode after converting the sampling frequency to 48 kHz or below.

SILENT CINEMA DSP

You can enjoy the powerful sound field as if there were actual speakers with the SILENT CINEMA DSP. You can listen to SILENT CINEMA DSP by connecting your headphones to the PHONES jack while the digital sound field processor is on. Enjoy all the DSP program using the headphones. The "SILENT" indicator lights up on the front panel display. (If the sound effect is off, you listen to the source with normal stereo reproduction.)

Notes

- When 6CH INPUT is selected as the input source, this unit is not set in the SILENT CINEMA DSP mode even if the sound effect is on.
- When over 48 kHz sampling digital signal is being input, this unit reproduces sound in the CINEMA DSP mode after converting the sampling frequency to 48 kHz or below.

Normal Stereo Reproduction

Press STEREO/EFFECT to turn off the sound effect for normal stereo reproduction.

Press STEREO/EFFECT again to turn the sound effect back on.



Notes

- If "1B MAIN SP" on the SET MENU is set to "SMALL" and "1E LFE/BASS OUT" is set to "SWFR", or "1E LFE/BASS OUT" is set to "BOTH", the LFE signals will be output from the subwoofer.
- If you turn off the sound effect while a Dolby Digital or DTS signal is being output, the dynamic range of the signal is automatically compressed and the sounds of the center and rear speaker channels are mixed and output from the main speakers.
- The volume may be greatly reduced when you turn off the sound effect or if you set "11 D-RANGE" on the SET MENU to MIN. In this case turn on the sound effect.

Displaying the information about the input source

During the stereo reproduction, you can display the information such as the type, format and sampling frequency of the signal input from the component connected to this unit.

(During playback)



2 Press Δ / ∇ to display the information about the input signal.



DIGITAL SOUND FIELD PROCESSING (DSP)

Understanding Sound Fields



A sound field is defined as the "characteristic sound reflections of a particular space." In concert halls and other music venues, we hear early reflections and reverberations as well as the direct sound produced by the artist(s). The variations in the early reflections and other reverberations among the different music venues is what gives each venue its special and recognizable sound quality. YAMAHA sent teams of sound engineers all around the world to measure the sound reflections of famous concert halls and music venues, and collect detailed sound field information such as the direction, strength, range, and delay time of those reflections. Then we stored this enormous amount of data in the ROM chips of this unit.

Hi-Fi DSP Programs

Recreating the sound field of a concert hall or an opera house requires localizing the virtual sound sources in your listening room. The traditional stereo system that uses only two speakers is not capable of recreating a realistic sound field. YAMAHA's DSP requires four effect speakers to recreate sound fields based on the measured sound field data. The processor controls the strength and delay time of the signals output from the four effect speakers to localize the virtual sound sources in a full circle around the listener.

CINEMA-DSP

Filmmakers intend the dialog to be located right on the screen, the effect sound a little farther back, the music spread even farther back, and the surround sound around the listener. Of course, all of these sounds must be synchronized with the images on the screen.

CINEMA-DSP is an upgraded version of YAMAHA DSP specially designed for movie soundtracks. CINEMA-DSP integrates the DTS, Dolby Digital, and Dolby Pro Logic surround sound technologies with YAMAHA DSP sound field programs to provide the surround sound field. It recreates the most complete movie sound design in your audio room. In CINEMA-DSP sound field programs, YAMAHA's exclusive DSP processing is added to the right and left Main and Center channels, so the listener can enjoy realistic dialogue, depth of sound, smooth transition between sound sources, and a surround sound field that goes beyond the screen.

When a DTS or Dolby Digital signal is detected, the CINEMA-DSP sound field processor automatically chooses the most suitable sound field program for that signal.


Straight Decode

This unit is equipped with various precise decoders;

- Dolby Digital/DTS decoder for multi-channel reproduction of the original sound
- Dolby Digital EX/DTS ES decoder for an additional rear center channel
- DTS 96/24 decoder for the high quality playback of the DTS 96/24 signal at the sampling frequency 96 kHz.
- Dolby Pro Logic/Pro Logic II/DTS Neo:6 decoder for multi-channel reproduction of 2-channel sources

Select any of the STRAIGHT DECODE modes in Program 11 (except for the sub-program "Enhanced.") to use any of these decoders for reproducing the original sound without any sound effects added. In this case, no DSP effect is applied and the DSP indicator turns off.

Sound Field Effect

The 6-channel soundtracks found on 70-mm film produce precise sound field localization and rich, deep sound without using matrix processing. This unit's MOVIE THEATER programs provide the same quality of sound and sound localization that 6-channel soundtracks do. The built-in Dolby Digital or DTS decoder brings the professional-quality sound designed for movie theaters into your home. With this unit's MOVIE THEATER programs, you can recreate a dynamic sound that gives you the feeling of being at a public theater in your listening room by using Dolby Digital or DTS technology.

Dolby Digital/DTS + DSP sound field effect



These programs use YAMAHA's tri-field DSP processing on each of the Dolby Digital or DTS signals for the front, left surround and right surround channels. This processing enables this unit to reproduce the immense sound field and surround expression of a Dolby Digital- or DTSequipped movie theater without sacrificing the clear separation of all channels.

■ Dolby Digital EX/DTS ES + DSP sound field effect

These programs provide you with the maximum experience of the spacious surround effects since an extra rear center DSP sound field created from the rear center channel is added.

Dolby Pro Logic + DSP sound field effect



■ Dolby Pro Logic II /DTS Neo: 6

Most movie software has 4-channel (left, center, right and surround) sound information encoded by Dolby Surround matrix processing and stored on the left and right tracks. These signals are processed by the Dolby Pro Logic decoder. The MOVIE THEATER programs for 2-channel sources are designed to recreate the spaciousness and delicate nuances of sound that tend to be lost in the encoding and decoding processes.

Dolby Pro Logic II and DTS Neo: 6 equipped on this unit decode the 2-channel Dolby Surround software into five or six full range channels. They also provide two modes; MOVIE/CINEMA for movies and MUSIC for 2-channel sources.

Features of DSP Programs

The following list gives you a brief description of the sound fields produced by each of the DSP programs. Keep in mind that most of these are precise digital recreations of actual acoustic environments.

| Mode | Type of sources | No. | Program | Sub program | Features |
|-----------|----------------------|-----|----------------|---------------------|---|
| | | 1 | CONCERT HALL 1 | Europe Hall A | This is a large fan-shaped concert hall in Munich which has approximately 2500 seats. Almost the whole interior is made of wood. There is relatively little reflection from the walls, and sound spreads finely and beautifully. |
| | | | | Europe Hall B | This is a large shoe-box type concert hall with less than 2400 seats located in Frankfurt. This hall has a very solid, powerful sound. The listener's virtual seat is in the center-right section on the first floor. |
| | | 2 | CONCERT HALL 2 | U.S.A. Hall C | This is a large 2600 seat concert hall in the United States which features a fairly traditional European design. The interior is relatively simple, in the American style. The middle and high frequencies are richly and beautifully reinforced. |
| | For music sources | | | Live Concert | A large round concert hall with a rich surround effect. Prounced reflections from all directions emphasize the extension of sounds. The sound field has a great deal of presence, and your virtual seat is near the center, close to the stage. |
| Hi-Fi DSP | | 3 | CHURCH | Freiburg | This program recreates the acoustic environment of a big church with a high dome and columns along each side. The reverberation delay is very long while the early reflections are smaller than with other sound field programs. |
| т | | | | Royaumont | This program features the sound field created by the refectory (dining hall) of a beautiful medieval Gothic monastery located in Royaumont on the outskirts of Paris. |
| | | 4 | JAZZ CLUB | Village Gate | This is the sound field at a jazz club in New York. It is in a basement and has a relatively spacious floor area. The listener's virtual seat is at the center left of the hall. |
| | | | | The Bottom Line | This is the sound field at stage front in "The Bottom Line", a famous New York jazz club. The floor can seat 300 people to the left and right in a sound field offering a real and vibrant sound. |
| | | 5 | ROCK CONCERT | The Roxy Theatre | The ideal program for lively, dynamic rock music. The data for this program was recorded at LA's "hottest" rock club. The listener's virtual seat is at the center-left of the hall. |
| | | | | Arena | A classic shoe-box type concert hall. This program gives you long delays between direct sounds and effect sounds, with the extraordinarily spacious feel of a large arena. |

| Mode | Type of sources | No. | Program | Sub program | Features |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------|----------------|---|
| Hi-Fi DSP | For music sources | 6 | ENTERTAINMENT | Disco | This program recreates the acoustic environment of a lively disco in the heart of a big city. The sound is dense and highly concentrated. It is also characterized by a high-energy, "immediate" sound. |
| HiH | sources | | | 8ch Stereo | Using this program increases the listening position range. This is a sound field suitable for background music at parties. |
| | | 6 | ENTERTAINMENT | Game | This program adds a deep and spatial feeling to video game sounds. |
| | For audio- video sources | 7 | MUSIC VIDEO | Pop/Rock | This program produces an enthusiastic atmosphere and lets you feel as if you are at an actual jazz or rock concert. |
| | | | | Opera | This program provides excellent vocal depth and overall clarity by restraining excessive reverberation. The surround sound field is relatively moderate but it reproduces beautiful sound using data collected from a concert hall. |
| | | 8 | TV THEATER | Mono Movie | This program is provided for reproducing monaural video sources (such as old movies). The program produces the optimum reverberation to create sound depth using only the presence sound field. |
| CINEMA DSP | | | | Variety/Sports | Though the presence sound field is relatively narrow, the surround sound field employs the sound environment of a large concert hall. With this program, you can enjoy watching various TV programs such as news, variety shows, music programs or sports programs. |
| | For movie | 9 | MOVIE THEATER 1 | Spectacle | This program creates the extremely wide sound field of a 70-mm movie theater. It precisely reproduces the source sound in detail, making both the video and the sound field incredibly real. This is ideal for any kind of video source encoded with Dolby Surround, Dolby Digital or DTS (especially large-scale movie productions). |
| | programs | | | Sci-Fi | This program clearly reproduces dialog and sound effects in the latest sound form of science fiction films, thus creating a broad and expansive cinematic space amid the silence. You can enjoy science fiction films in a virtual-space sound field that includes Dolby Surround, Dolby Digital and DTS-encoded software employing the most advanced techniques. |

| Mode | Type of sources | No. | Program | Sub program | Features | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----|--------------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------|--------|---|
| | | 10 | MOVIE THEATER 2 | Adventure | This program is ideal for precisely reproducing the sound design of the newest 70-mm and multichannel soundtrack films. The sound field is made to be similar to that of the newest movie theaters, so the reverberations of the sound field itself are restrained as much as possible. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CINEMA DSP | | | | General | This program is for reproducing sounds from 70-mm and multichannel soundtrack films, and is characterized by a soft and extensive sound field. The presence sound field is relatively narrow. It spatially spreads all around and toward the screen, restraining the echo effect of conversations without losing clarity. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | For movie programs | 11 | DOLBY DIGITAL | Enhanced | This program ideally simulates the multi-surround speaker systems of the 35-mm film theaters. Dolby | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | DTS DIGITAL SUR | Enhanced | Pro Logic decoding, Dolby Digital decoding or DTS decoding and digital sound field processing create precise effects without altering the original sound | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PRO LOGIC | Enhanced | orientation. The surround effects produced by this sound field wrap around the viewer naturally from the back to the left and right, and toward the screen. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 11 | DOLBY DIGITAL | Normal | The built-in decoder precisely reproduces sounds and sound effects from sources. The highly efficient | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CODE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | DTS DIGITAL SUR | Normal | decoding process improves crosstalk and channel separation and makes sound positioning smoother and more precise. In this program, no DSP effect is applied. |
| L DE | | | PRO LOGIC | Normal | To reproduce 2 channel sources decoding into multiabannels in each decoding mode. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| STRAIGHT DECODE | | | | Movie | - multichannels in each decoding mode. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Music |] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | DTS Neo:6 | Cinema |] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Music | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table of Program Names for Each Input Format

| | Input | | DOLBY D | IGITAL | DT | S |
|-----|--------------------|---------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| No. | Program | 2 channel Stereo | DOLBY DIGITAL EX decoder: inactive (off) | DOLBY DIGITAL EX decoder: active (on) | DTS ES decoder: inactive (off) | DTS ES decoder: active (on) |
| 9 | MOVIE THEATER 1 | 70 mm Spectacle | DGTL Spectacle | Spectacle EX | DTS Spectacle | Spectacle ES |
| | | 70 mm Sci-Fi | DGTL Sci-Fi | Sci-Fi EX | DTS Sci-Fi | Sci-Fi ES |
| 10 | MOVIE THEATER 2 | 70 mm Adventure | DGTL Adventure | Adventure EX | DTS Adventure | Adventure ES |
| | mearen 2 | 70 mm General | DGTL General | General EX | DTS General | General ES |
| 11 | DOLBY DIGITAL | _ | Normal | Dolby D EX | _ | _ |
| | DIGITAL | _ | Enhanced | EX Enhanced | _ | _ |
| | DTS DGTL SUR | _ | _ | | Normal 96/24 Normal* ³ | ES Matrix 6.1*1 ES Dscrt 6.1 *2 |
| | | _ | _ | _ | Enhanced | Enhanced ES |
| | PRO LOGIC | Normal | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | Enhanced | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | PRO LOGIC | Movie | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | ш | Music | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | DTS Neo: 6 | Cinema | _ | _ | | _ |
| | | Music | | _ | | _ |

*1 means the DTS ES Matrix decoder is active.

*2 means the DTS ES Discrete decoder is active.

*3 means the DTS 96/24 decoder is active.

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- If a Dolby Digital signal or DTS signal is input when the input mode is set to AUTO, the DSP program will be automatically switched to the Dolby Digital playback sound field or DTS playback sound field.
- If Dolby Digital Surround EX software or DTS ES software is played when AUTO is selected by pressing the EX/ES button on the remote control, the Dolby Digital EX or DTS ES decoder will automatically turn on and the corresponding DSP program will be selected.
- EX/ES on the remote control can be used to play Dolby Digital or DTS 5.1 channel sources with rear center speaker. In this case the program name changes to the corresponding name for 6.1 channel.
- When playing 6.1 channel source with EX/ES on the remote control off, the program name changes to the corresponding name for 5.1 channel.

Note

• The "DSP" indicator does not light up when selecting the program No. 11 except for the Enhanced mode.

BASIC RECORDING

REC OUT allows you to record one source while watching and/or listening to another source.

Recording adjustments and other operations are performed from the recording components. Refer to the operation instructions for these components.



1 Turn on the power to this unit and all connected components.

Select the source component you want to record from by using REC OUT.

 To record the current input source that you are watching or listening to, set **REC OUT** to **SOURCE**.



 To record a source other than the one that you are watching or listening to, set **REC OUT** to the source you want to record.



Note

• At this setting, you can change the source to listen to or watch during recording by rotating INPUT (one of the input selector buttons on the remote control).

3 Start playback (or select a broadcast station) on the source component.

4 Start recording on the recording component.

• Setting REC OUT to SOURCE and using the BGV function (see page 29) allows the recording of audio and video from a different source.

Notes

- Do a test recording before you start an actual recording.
- When this unit is set in the standby mode, you cannot record between other components connected to this unit.
- The setting of BASS, TREBLE, BASS EXTENSION, VOLUME, "3 L/R BALANCE" on the SET MENU and DSP programs does not affect the recorded material.
- A source connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks of this unit cannot be recorded.
- S-video and composite video signals pass independently through this unit's video circuits. Therefore, when recording or dubbing video signals, if your video source component is connected to provide only an S-video (or only a composite video) signal, you can record only an S-video (or only a composite video) signal by your VCR.
- A given input source is not output on the same REC OUT channel. (For example, the signal input from VCR 1 IN is not output on VCR 1 OUT.)
- Check the copyright laws in your country to record from records, CDs, radio, etc. Recording of copyrighted material may infringe copyright laws.

If you playback a video source that uses scrambled or encoded signals to prevent it from being dubbed, the picture itself may be disturbed due to those signals.

Special considerations when recording DTS software

The DTS signal is a digital bitstream. Attempting to digitally record the DTS bitstream will result in noise being recorded. Therefore, if you want to use this unit to record sources that have DTS signals recorded on them, the following considerations and adjustments need to be made.

For LDs, DVDs and CDs encoded with DTS, when your player is compatible with the DTS format, follow its operation instruction to make a setting so that the analog signal will be output from the player.

Timer playback/recording

This unit can perform playback or recording with an external timer (not supplied). Refer to the operation instruction for the component and the timer to be used.

Notes

- The stored data such as input source will be reflected in the playback or recording with the timer.
- If you do not want any sound output during the recording with a timer, turn the volume down.

Memory back-up

The memory back-up circuit prevents the stored data (input source, volume level, set menu settings and so on) from being lost even if this unit is in the standby mode (disconnected from the AC outlet). However if the timer is turned off for more than one week, the stored data will be lost.

REMOTE CONTROL FEATURES

The remote control can operate other A/V components of YAMAHA and other manufacturers as well as this unit. To control those components, you must set up remote control with the manufacturer codes.

This remote control also has two sophisticated features: Learn and Macro. The Learn feature allows it to acquire functions from the remote controls of other components in your system (or other household appliances) equipped with an infrared remote control receiver. The Macro feature allows you to program a series of operations in sequence for operation by a single button, or to use the factory-set macros to operate other YAMAHA components. These features make it possible for you to reduce the number of remote control in your entertainment room.

Notes

- For the operating distance of the remote control and notes about batteries, see pages 3 and 7.
- For the name and function of each part and button, see pages 6 and 7.

Control Area

Control area of this unit

The control area of this unit is the shaded area shown below. You can use the functions within this area no matter which component control area is selected.



Control area for each component

The component control area is the shaded area shown below. Each component has different functions for the operation buttons in the component control area. The component which has been chosen by pressing an input selector button or SOURCE SELECT Δ/∇ can be controlled and the display window shows the corresponding name of the component to be operated.



Component control area

There are 13 component control areas. You can set up the manufacturer code and program other remote control functions in each area. See pages 50 to 54.

Setting the Manufacturer Code

You can control other components by setting a manufacturer code. A code can be set up in each input area.

The following table shows factory-set component (Library: component category) and the manufacturer code for each area. If you are to make a setting for different component from the factory setting, change the library as described in step 3 on right.

| Input area | Component category (Library) | Manufacturer |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| А | LD | Yamaha |
| В | SAT | - |
| PHONO | TV | - |
| V-AUX | VCR | - |
| TUNER | TUNER | Yamaha-1 |
| MD/TAPE | MD | Yamaha-1 |
| CD-R | CD-R | Yamaha |
| D-TV/LD | TV | - |
| VCR 1 | VCR | - |
| VCR 2/DVR | VCR | - |
| DVD | DVD | Yamaha-1 |
| CD | CD | Yamaha-1 |
| CBL/SAT | CABLE | _ |

Note

• You may not be able to operate your Yamaha component even if Yamaha manufacture code is initially set as listed above. In this case, try to set other Yamaha manufacture code(s).

Press an input selector button, A or B to select the source component you want to set up.



2 Press and hold LEARN for about 3 seconds by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.

"SETUP" and the selected component name appear alternately in the display window.



Notes

- Press LEARN for at least 3 seconds, otherwise the learning process is started.
- Complete each of the following steps in 30 seconds. Otherwise, the learning mode will be automatically canceled. In this case, press LEARN again.
- Press \triangle / ∇ to select the name of your component's manufacturer.

You will find the names of most worldwide audiovideo manufacturers in alphabetical order in the display window.



If you want to change a library (component category), press \lhd / \triangleright . You can set a different component from the input selector name.

Library choices: L:DVD, L:LD, L:CD, L:CDR, L:MD, L:TAP, L:TUN, L:AMP*, L:TV, L:CAB, L:DBS, L:SAT, L:VCR

■ Amplifier Library (L:AMP)

The code to operate this unit has been preset in the supplied remote control. However you can change the code in Amplifier Library if necessary.

Amplifier Library has the following four codes: **YPC:** Code to operate this unit.

- **Zone 2:** Code to use the Zone 2 function. This code is not used with this unit.
- **DSP:** Code to operate other Yamaha DSP amplifiers that cannot be operated with the YPC code.
- **NO:** Code to operate other manufacturers' amplifiers using this unit's remote control.
- Press one of the buttons shaded below to check if it works for the component being set. If it does, the manufacturer code setting has been correctly made.

| 891 | | | | CONNEUT C |
|----------------|---------|------|-------|-----------------|
| SOUR SELECT | DISPLAY | MENU | | SOUND PTER + |
| POWER | REC | STOP | PAUSE | PLAY |

Note

• If the manufacturer of your component has more than one codes, try each of them until you find the correct one.

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 If you continuously want to set up another code for another component, press ENTER and repeat steps 1, 3 and 4.

5 Press LEARN again to exit from the setup mode.



Notes

- Supplied remote control does not store all the manufacturer codes for commercially available AV components (including Yamaha AV components). Therefore it may not work to operate your AV component. If operation is not possible with any of the manufacturer codes, program the new remote control function with the Learn feature or use the remote control for the component.
- If you have already programmed a remote control function for a button, the function by learning programming takes priority over the setup manufacturer code's function.
- "ERROR" appears in the display window when pressing buttons other than indicated in each step, or more than one button at once.

Learn Feature

If you want to program functions not included in the basic operations covered by the manufacturer code, or a manufacturer code is not available, the following procedure needs to be performed. The possible programming area is the same as a component control area, so the buttons are programmable independently for each source component area.

Note

- This remote control transmits infrared rays. If the other remote control also uses infrared rays, this remote control can learn most of the other remote control's functions. However, you may not be able to program some special signals or extremely long transmissions. (Refer to the operation instructions for the other remote control.)
 - Programming a new remote control function

1 Set 10KEY/DSP to 10KEY.

10KEY DSP

Note

- It is also possible to program in the control area of this unit with 10KEY/DSP set to DSP. However, if you program functions in this area, you cannot control this unit and select a DSP program.
- **2** Press an input selector button, \triangle or \square to select a source component.



Place this remote control and the other remote control about 5 to 10 cm apart on a flat surface so that their infrared transmitters are aimed at each other.



5 to 10 cm (2 to 4 inch)

4 Press LEARN by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.





Notes

- Complete each of the following steps in 30 seconds. Otherwise, the learning mode will be automatically canceled. In this case, press LEARN again.
- Do not press and hold LEARN longer than 3 seconds. Otherwise this unit enters the manufacturer code setting mode.
- **5** Press the button for which you want to program the new function.

"LEARN" is displayed.



6 Press and hold the button on the other remote control that has the function you want to program into this remote control until "OK" appears in the display window.



Notes

- "NG" appears in the display window when programming has not been done correctly. In this case, start over from step 5.
- This remote control can learn approximately 120 functions. However depending on the signals learned, "FULL" may appear in the display window much earlier than this number. In this case, clear unnecessary programmed functions to make further learning on the remote control.

Repeat steps 5 and 6 to program additional functions.

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 To learn functions in other source component control area, press SOURCE SELECT △ / ▽ in step 4 to select other source component.

B Press LEARN again to exit from the learning mode.



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Notes

- Learning may not be possible in the following cases:
 - when the batteries in the remote control for this unit or other components are weak
 - when the distance between the two remote controls is too much or too little
 - when the remote control infrared windows are not facing at the appropriate angle
 - when the remote control is exposed to the direct sunlight
 - when the function to be programmed is continuous or uncommon
- "ERROR" appears in the display window when pressing buttons other than indicated in each step, or more than one button at once.

Changing the Source Name in the Display Window

You can change the name that appears in the display window on the remote control if you want to use the different name from the original input selector button names. This is useful when different component is set in the input selector button.

Press an input selector button, A or B to select the source component you want to rename.

The selected component name appears in the display window.



Press RE-NAME by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.



3 Press \triangle / ∇ to select a character. Choices are A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, space, -(hyphen), and /(slash).



4 Press ⊲ / ▷ to move the cursor to the next position.



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• If you continuously want to rename another source component, press ENTER and repeat steps 1, 3 and 4.

D Press RE-NAME again to exit from the renaming mode.

Note

• "ERROR" appears in the display window when pressing buttons other than indicated in each step, or more than one button at once.

Using the Macro Feature

The Macro feature makes it possible to perform a series of operations by pressing just one button. For example, when you want to play a CD, normally you would turn on the components, select the CD input, and press the play button to start playback. The Macro feature lets you perform all those operations by simply pressing the CD macro button. The macro buttons (the input selector buttons, A and B buttons, SYSTEM POWER and STANDBY) are factory set with macro programs. You can also program your own macros (see page 46).

Press one of the macro buttons

Automatically transmits signals of each button sequentially



SYSTEM POWER

(CD area)

| Macro buttons | First | Second | Third |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| PHONO | | PHONO | _ |
| V-AUX | | V-AUX | - |
| | | (*4) | _ |
| | | МЛ/ТАРЕ | (MD/TAPE area) (*3) |
| CD-R | | CD-R | \bowtie (CD-R area) (*3) |
| | | CD CD | \vdash (CD area) (*3) |
| D-TV/LD | SYSTEM POWER | D-TV/LD | - |
| CBL/SAT | (*1) | CBL/SAT | - |
| VCR 1 | | VCR 1 | \triangleright (VCR 1 area) (*3) |
| VCR2/DVR | | VCR2/DVR | \vdash (VCR 2/DVR area) (*3) |
| DVD | | | \bowtie (DVD area) (*3) |
| A | | - | - |
| B | | _ | - |
| POWER | | D-TV/LD area(*2) | - |
| STANDBY | STANDBY | _ | - |

- *1 In order to turn on some components (including YAMAHA components) connected to this unit, connect those components to the AC OUTLET(S) on the rear panel. (Power control may not be synchronized with this unit depending on the component. For details, please refer to the operation instruction for the connected component.)
- *2 If the macro you select includes power control functions, the component may be turned off if it is already on when you press the macro button. For example, if your TV is on and you press the SYSTEM POWER macro button, the TV is turned off.
- *3 By factory setting, playback can be started with any YAMAHA remote control-compatible MD recorders, CD players, CD recorders, DVD players, and LD players. When using macros to operate other components, it is either necessary to program the PLAY button on the control area of that component (see pages 43 and 44) or to set up a manufacturer code (see page 42).
- *4 When TUNER is selected as the input source, YAMAHA tuners receive the last station when this unit is set in the standby mode.

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Operating the macro



MACRO MACRO ON/OFF Macro buttons

1 Set MACRO ON/OFF to ON.

2 Press a macro button.

Notes

- When you have finished using the Macro feature, set MACRO ON/OFF to OFF.
- While this unit is carrying out a macro program, this unit does not receive any other button's function until the macro operation has been completed (the TRANSMIT indicator stops flashing).
- Continue to aim the remote control at the component the macro is operating until the macro operation has been completed.

Programming a macro

You can program your own macros and use the Macro feature to transmit many remote control commands by pressing a single button.

Notes

- The factory-set macro is not cleared when a new macro is programmed for a button. The factory-set macro can be used again when the programmed macro is cleared.
- It is not possible to add a new signal (macro step) to the factory-set macro. Programming a macro changes all macro contents.
- A macro programming is used to transmit learning or setup (or YAMAHA preset) button signals of this remote control to a macro button. If necessary, set up the manufacturer code or program a function with the remote control for your component.
- This remote control handles button signals that operate continuously, such as volume control, as short time interval codes. Macro programming that include these types of macro steps are therefore not recommended.

Press MACRO by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.

"MCR ?" appears in the display window.



Note

• Complete each of the following steps in 30 seconds. Otherwise, the learning mode will be automatically canceled. In this case, press MACRO again.

2 Press a macro button for which you want to program the macro operation.

The button you chose for programming the macro operation and the selected component name appear alternately in the display window.



Note

• "AGAIN" appears in the display window when a button other than the macro buttons is pressed.

Press the buttons of the functions that you want to include in the macro operation sequence in order.

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• You can set up to 10 steps (10 functions). After you have set 10 steps, "FULL" appears and the remote control automatically exits from the macro mode.



Notes

- "NG" appears in the display window when programming has not been done correctly. In this case, start over from step 2.
- If you want to change the source component, use SOURCE SELECT Δ / ∇ . When you use the input selector buttons, selecting the input is programmed as a macro step, whereas SOURCE SELECT Δ / ∇ only changes the component.

Press MACRO again when the operation sequence you want to program is complete.

Note

• "ERROR" appears in the display when pressing buttons other than indicated in each step, or more than one button at once.

Memory back-up

If the remote control is without batteries for more than 3 minutes, or if exhausted batteries remain in the remote control, the contents of the memory may be cleared. When the memory is cleared, insert new batteries, set up the manufacturer code and program any acquired functions that may have been cleared.

Clearing Learned Functions, Macros, Renamed Source Names, and Setup Manufacturer Codes

 Press CLEAR by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.





Note

• Complete each of the following steps in 30 seconds. Otherwise, the learning mode will be automatically canceled. In this case, press CLEAR again.

2 Press Δ / ∇ to select the clear mode. The mode is shown in the display window in t

The mode is shown in the display window in the following order:

| | (L: name of a component) Clears all learned functions for the component area. Press the input selector button, $\overline{\mathbb{A}}$ or \mathbb{B} to select the component. |
|------------|---|
| | Clears all learned functions for this unit control area. |
| | Clears all learned functions. |
| MSAUU | Clears all programmed macros. |
| RNAME 1 | Clears all renamed source names in the display window. |
| | Clears all programmed functions including setup manufacturer codes. This returns to the factory settings. |

Press and hold CLEAR again for about 3 seconds.

"C:OK" appears in the display window.





Note

- "C:NG" appears in the display window if the operation is unsuccessful. In this case, start over from step 2.
- Press CLEAR to exit from the clearing mode. Once you have cleared a learned function or macro for a button, the button reverts to the factory setting.



Note

- "ERROR" appears in the display window under the following circumstances:
- when pressing a button other than the cursor and ENTER;
- when pressing more than one button at once; or
- when MACRO ON/OFF, 10KEY/DSP or PARAMETER/SET MENU is switched to another position.

Clearing a Learned Function

You can clear the function learned in a certain programmable button in each area.

Press an input selector button, A or B to select the source component you want to clear the function.

The selected component name appears in the display window.



2 Press LEARN by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.

"LEARN" and the selected component name appear alternately in the display window.



Note

- Complete each of the following steps in 30 seconds. Otherwise the learning mode will be automatically canceled. In this case, press LEARN again.
- Press and hold CLEAR by using a ballpoint pen or similar object, then press the button for which you want to clear the function for about 3 seconds.

"C:OK" appears in the display window.



<u>`</u>`

• You can clear other learned functions at this time by holding down CLEAR again and pressing the other buttons for which those learned functions have been programmed.

Note

- "C:NG" appears in the display window if the operation is unsuccessful. In this case, try step 3 again.
- Press LEARN again to exit.

Once you have cleared a learned function for a button, the button reverts to the factory setting.

Clearing a Macro Function

Press MACRO to clear a programmed macro by using a ballpoint pen or similar object.

MACRO



Note

- Complete each of the following steps in 30 seconds. Otherwise the learning mode will be automatically canceled. In this case, press MACRO again.
- Press and hold CLEAR by using a ballpoint pen or similar object, then press the button for which you want to clear the macro for about 3 seconds.

"C:OK" appears in the display window.



<u>`</u>`

• You can clear other macros at this time by holding down CLEAR again and pressing the other buttons for which those macros have been programmed.

Note

• "C:NG" appears in the display window if the operation is unsuccessful. In this case, try step 2 again.

Press MACRO again to exit from the clearing mode.

Once you have cleared macro for a button, the button reverts to the factory setting.



SOURCE SELECT \triangle / \heartsuit

You can control another component independently from the input you have selected by pressing an input selector button.

Press SOURCE SELECT \triangle / \bigtriangledown to choose the component and set the remote control to be used for it.

The display window will show one of the following: (when pressing \overline{V}) OPTN (option), \overline{A} , \overline{B} , PHONO, V-AUX, TUNER, MD, CD-R, CD, TV/LD (TV or digital TV/LD), CBSAT (cable TV/satellite tuner), VCR 1, VCR 2, DVD.

<u>`</u>`

 Pressing ∆ shows the same in the reverse order, but you cannot select OPTN.



OPTN (option) area

OPTN is an extra component control area that can be programmed with other remote control functions.

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• For the signals that will be used only in macro, it is recommended to learn signals in the OPTN area.

Note

• You cannot set up the manufacturer code in this area.



Pressing ∇ always selects OPTN first

■ Light up function

The buttons which are active and the display window light up for 10 seconds after pressing LIGHT.



Area that lights up (Only buttons that send the signal light up in orange.)

Each Component Control Area

The general operational buttons are shown for each area. Some of them may not function depending on the component you have. After setting the manufacturer code, press an input selector button, \boxed{A} / \boxed{B} , or SOURCE SELECT $\underline{A} / \overline{\nabla}$ to select a component you want to control.

Operating a DVD player (DVD area)



* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in D-TV/LD or PHONO. When the manufacturer code for your TV is set up in the both D-TV/LD and PHONO areas, priority is given to the signal in the D-TV/LD area.

Operating a VCR (VCR 1 and VCR 2/DVR areas)



* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in D-TV/LD or PHONO. When the manufacturer code for your TV is set up in the both D-TV/LD and PHONO areas, priority is given to the signal in the D-TV/LD area.

Operating a TV/digital TV (D-TV/LD area) or a cable TV/satellite TV (CBL/ SAT area)



* SEARCH, REC, STOP, PAUSE and PLAY function to operate your VCR without switching the input to VCR 1 if the manufacturer code is set in VCR 1.

■ Operating an LD player (D-TV/LD area)



Set the manufacture code for your LD player following the setting procedure described on page 42 because TV is factory-set for this input selector button.

* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in PHONO.

Operating a CD player (CD area)



* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in D-TV/LD or PHONO. When the manufacturer code for your TV is set up in the both D-TV/LD and PHONO areas, priority is given to the signal in the D-TV/LD area.

■ Operating a CD recorder (CD-R area) or an MD recorder (MD/TAPE area)



* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in D-TV/LD or PHONO. When the manufacturer code for your TV is set up in the both D-TV/LD and PHONO areas, priority is given to the signal in the D-TV/LD area.

Operating a tape deck (MD/TAPE area)



* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in D-TV/LD or PHONO. When the manufacturer code for your TV is set up in the both D-TV/LD and PHONO areas, priority is given to the signal in the D-TV/LD area.

Operating a tuner (TUNER area)



■ Operating the component set in A or B

These buttons are not input selector buttons but simply provide the space for an extra component to control with this unit's remote control without making connection to this unit. The white area shown below can be used for the component set in \triangle and \square , and the function for each button differs depending on the component.

YAMAHA LD player is factory-set in \triangle and satellite tuner in \square . However if you want to set other component, set the manufacturer code for the component you want to set in the \triangle / \square button following the manufacturer code setting procedure described on page 42.



* TV VOL +/-, TV INPUT, and TV MUTE function to operate your TV without switching the input if the manufacturer code is set in D-TV/LD or PHONO. When the manufacturer code for your TV is set up in the both D-TV/LD and PHONO areas, priority is given to the signal in the D-TV/LD area.

SET MENU

The SET MENU consists of 15 items including the speaker mode setting, center graphic equalizer and parameter initialization features. Choose the appropriate item and adjust or select the values as necessary.

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- You can adjust the items on the SET MENU while playing a source.
- We recommend that you adjust the items on the SET MENU while using a video monitor. It is easier to see the video monitor than it is to see the front panel display on this unit while adjusting the items.

Note

• The indication on the front panel display is the abbreviation of the OSD.

1 SPEAKER SET

- **1A CENTER SP**
- **1B MAIN SP**
- 1C REAR L/R SP
- 1D REAR CT SP
- **1E LFE/BASS OUT**
- **1F FRONT EFCT SP**
- **1G MAIN LEVEL**
- 1H SP B SET
- 2 LOW FRQ TEST
- 3 L/R BALANCE
- 4 HP TONE CTRL
- 5 CENTER GEQ
- 6 INPUT RENAME
- 7 I/O ASSIGNMENT

7A CMPNT-V INPUT

7B OPTICAL OUT

7C OPTICAL IN

7D COAXIAL IN

- 8 INPUT MODE
- 9 PARAM. INI
- 10 LFE LEVEL
- 11 D. RANGE
- 12 SP DELAY
- 13 DISPLAY SET
- 14 MEMORY GUARD
- 15 6CH INPUT SET

Adjusting the Items on the SET MENU

Adjustment should be made with the remote control. Adjustment procedures are explained using SET MENU 2 LOW FRQ TEST as an example.



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 Adjustment can be made using NEXT and SET MENU +/- on the front panel. Press NEXT repeatedly to select the item you want to adjust, then press SET MENU +/- repeatedly to change the setting of the item.

Set PARAMETER/SET MENU to SET MENU.



2 Press \triangle / ∇ repeatedly to select the item (1 to 15) you want to adjust.



 If ∆ is pressed when SET MENU 1 is selected, and if ∀ is pressed when SET MENU 15 is selected, SET MENU will be closed. Press ∆ / ∀ to open SET MENU again.

Press –/+ once to enter the setup mode of the selected item.

The last setting you adjusted appears on the video monitor or on the front panel display.



Depending on the item, press ∇ to select a sub item.



Press –/+ repeatedly to change the setting of the item.



Press △ / ▽ repeatedly until the current DSP program appears or simply press one of the DSP program group buttons to exit from the SET MENU.



Memory back-up

The memory back-up circuit prevents the stored data from being lost even if this unit is in the standby mode. However if the power cord is disconnected from the AC outlet, or the power supply is cut for more than one week, the stored data will be lost. If so, adjust the items again.

1 SPEAKER SET (speaker mode settings)

Use this feature to select suitable output modes for your speaker configuration.

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• Select SML/SMALL if the woofer diameter of you speaker is smaller than 16 cm. If it is larger than 16 cm, select LRG/ LARGE.

Note

• When 6CH INPUT is selected as the input source, level adjustments in items 1A through 1E are not affected.

1A CENTER SP (center speaker mode)

By adding a center speaker to your speaker configuration, this unit can provide good dialog localization for many listeners and superior synchronization of sound and images. The OSD shows a large, small or no center speaker depending on how you set this item.

Choices: LRG (large), SML (small), NONE Initial setting: LRG

LRG

Select this if you have a large center speaker. The entire range of the center channel signal is directed to the center speaker.



SML

Select this if you have a small center speaker. The lowfrequency signals (90 Hz and below) of the center channel are directed to the speakers selected with "1E LFE/BASS OUT".



NONE

Select this if you do not have a center speaker. All of the center channel signal are directed to the left and right main speakers.



1B MAIN SP (main speaker mode)

The OSD shows large or small main speakers depending on how you set this item.

Choices: LARGE, SMALL Initial setting: LARGE

LARGE

Select this if you have large main speakers. The entire range of the left and right main channel signal is directed to the left and right main speakers.



SMALL

Select this if you have small main speakers. The lowfrequency signals (90 Hz and below) of the main channel are directed to the speakers selected with "1E LFE/BASS OUT".



Note

• When you select MAIN for "1E LFE/BASS OUT", the lowfrequency signals (90 Hz and below) of the main channel are directed to the main speakers even if you select SMALL for the main speaker mode.

IC REAR L/R SP (rear speaker mode)

The OSD shows large, small or no rear speakers depending on how you set this item.

Choices: LRG (large), SML (small), NONE Initial setting: LRG

LRG

Select this if you have large left and right rear speakers or if a rear subwoofer is connected to the rear speakers. The entire range of the rear channel signal is directed to the left and right rear speakers.



SML

Select this if you have small left and right rear speakers. The low-frequency signals (90 Hz and below) of the rear channel are directed to the speakers selected with "1E LFE/BASS OUT".



NONE

Select this if you do not have rear speakers.



Note

• If "1C REAR L/R SP" is set to NONE, "1D REAR CT SP" will be skipped.

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• This unit is set in the virtual CINEMA DSP mode by selecting NONE for "1C REAR L/R SP" (see page 33).

1D REAR CT SP (rear center speaker mode)

By adding a rear center speaker to your speaker configuration, this unit can provide more realistic frontto-back and transitions.

Note

• If "1C REAR L/R SP" is set to NONE, "1D REAR CT SP" will be skipped.

Choices: LRG (large), SML (small), NONE Initial setting: LRG

LRG

Select this if you have a large rear center speaker. The entire range of the rear center channel signal is directed to the rear center speaker.



SML

Select this if you have a small rear center speaker. The low-frequency signals (90 Hz and below) of the rear center channel are directed to the speakers selected with "1E LFE/BASS OUT".



NONE

Select this if you do not have a rear center speaker. All of the rear center channel signal are directed to the left and right rear speakers.



1E LFE/BASS OUT (bass out mode)

LFE signals carry low-frequency effects when this unit decodes a Dolby Digital or DTS signal. Low-frequency signals are defined as 90 Hz and below. The Low-frequency signals are directed to both main right and left speakers, and the subwoofer (subwoofer can be used for both stereo reproduction and the DSP program).

Choices: SWFR (subwoofer), MAIN, BOTH Initial setting: BOTH

SWFR

Select this if you use a subwoofer. The LFE signals are directed to the subwoofer.



MAIN

Select this if you do not use a subwoofer. The LFE signals are directed to the main speakers.



BOTH

Select this if you use a subwoofer and you want to mix the main channel low-frequency signals with the LFE signals. Low-frequency signals for the main L/R speakers are output from both L/R speakers and subwoofer.



Note

• The low-frequency signals (90 Hz and below) from all main, center, rear and rear center channels are directed to the LFE channel when you select the small speaker setting in items 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D.

IF FRONT EFCT SP (front effect speaker mode)

This unit uses front effect speakers to localize the virtual sound sources of the sound field programs. If you do not use front effect speakers, you can direct the front effect signals to the main speakers.

The OSD shows small or no front effect speakers depending on how you set this item.

Choices: YES, NONE Initial setting: YES

YES

Select this setting if you use front effect speakers.



NONE

Select this setting if you do not use front effect speakers. The front effect signals are mixed with the main channels.



IG MAIN LEVEL (main level mode)

Change this setting if you cannot match the output level of the center, rear (L/R) and rear center speakers with the main speakers because of the unusually high-efficiency performance of the main speakers.

Choices: Normal, -10 dB Initial setting: Normal

Normal

Select this if you can match the output level of your effect speakers with that of your main speakers when using the test tone.



–10 dB

Select this if you cannot match the output level of your effect speakers with that of your main speakers when using the test tone.



1H SP B SET (speaker B set)

Use this feature to select the location of the main speakers to be connected to the SPEAKERS B terminals.

Choices: MAIN, ZONE B Initial setting: MAIN

MAIN

Select this to turn on/off SPEAKERS A and B when the speakers connected to the SPEAKERS B terminals are set in the main room.

1H SP R SFT ⊳MAIN ZONE B -/+ : Select ▲/▼ : Exit

ZONE B

Select this if the speakers connected to the SPEAKERS B terminals are set in the second room. If SPEAKERS A is turned OFF and SPEAKERS B is turned ON, all the effect speakers in the main room are muted and the sound is output only from SPEAKERS B.

1H SP B SET MAIN ►ZONE B -/+ : Select ▲/▼ : Exit

<u>`</u>`

• When a DSP program is selected, this unit automatically enters the Virtual CINEMA DSP mode. If the headphones are connected to PHONES jack on this unit in the Virtual CINEMA DSP mode, this unit enters the SILENT CINEMA DSP mode and the sound is output from both headphones and SPEAKERS B.

2 LOW FRQ TEST

Use this feature to adjust the output level of the subwoofer so it matches that of the other speakers in your configuration. Change the setting with the remote control while sitting in the listening position.



2 LOW FRO TEST * DUTEST TONE ON OUTPUT-MAIN L/R FRO......88Hz

Notes

- ON cannot be selected when the headphones are being used.
- Setting turns to OFF if the headphones are connected during testing.
- Do not turn up the volume too high.
- If no test tone is heard, turn down the volume, set this unit in the standby mode and make sure all the necessary connections are correct.

If SWFR is selected, the test tone above 90 Hz will not be output from the subwoofer. The test tone will not necessarily be output from the selected speakers. The output mode of the test tone depends on the settings of "1 SPEAKER SET" on the SET MENU.



B Press ⊽ to go to "FRQ" and press –/+ to select the frequency you want to use.

Adjust the volume of the subwoofer with the controls on the subwoofer so it matches that of the speaker you are comparing it to.

About the test tone

The test tone is produced by the tone generator. The tone generator produces a narrow-band noise centered on a specified frequency by the band pass filter beside a wide-band noise.

You can change this center frequency from 35 Hz through 250 Hz in one-sixth octave steps.

You can use the test tone not only for adjusting the subwoofer level, but also for checking the low-frequency characteristics of your listening room. Low-frequency sounds are especially affected by the listener's position, speaker placement, subwoofer polarity and other conditions.



3 L/R BALANCE (balance of the left and right main speakers)

Use this feature to adjust the balance of the output level from the left and right main speakers.

Control range: 10 steps for L/R Initial setting: 0 dB for L/R

Press + to decrease the output level for the left main speaker. Press – for the right main speaker.



4 HP TONE CTRL (headphone tone control)

Use this feature to adjust the level of the bass and treble when you use your headphones.

Control range (dB): -6 to +3 for both BASS and TRBL (treble)

Initial setting: 0 dB for both BASS and TRBL (treble)



5 CENTER GEQ (center graphic equalizer)

Use this feature to adjust the built-in 5-band graphic equalizer so that the center speaker tonal quality matches that of the left and right main speakers. You can select the 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz, or 10 kHz frequencies.

Control range (dB): -6 to +6 Initial setting: 0 dB for 5-band

1 Press ∇ to select a higher frequency and \triangle to select a lower frequency.



Press –/+ to adjust the level of that frequency.



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• You can monitor the center speaker sound while adjusting this item by using the test tone. Press TEST before starting the foregoing procedure. "TEST DOLBY SUR." or "TEST DSP" appears on the video monitor, and the test tone starts alternating among the speakers. Once you begin this procedure, the test tone remains at the center speaker and you can hear how the sound changes as you adjust the various frequency levels. To stop the test tone, press TEST (see pages 25 to 27).

6 INPUT RENAME

Use this feature to change the name of the input which appears on the OSD or the front panel display.

Press an input selector button to select the input you want to change the name of.

| 6 INPUT DVD →_ | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| -/+ : ▲/▼ : | Position Character |

Press –/+ to place the _ (under-bar) under the space or the character you want to edit.



Press \triangle / ∇ to select the character you want to use and -/+ to move to the next one.

- Follow the foregoing procedure to rename other inputs.



Note

- You can use up to 8 characters to rename the inputs.
- 4 Press + repeatedly to exit from INPUT RENAME.

7 I/O ASSIGNMENT

It is possible to assign jacks according to the component to be used if this unit's COMPONENT VIDEO input jack or DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT jack settings (component names for jacks) differ from that component. This makes it possible to change the jack assignment and effectively connect more component.

Once you assign, you can select that component with INPUT (the input selector buttons on the remote control).

7A CMPNT-V INPUT for **COMPONENT VIDEO INPUT iacks** [A] and [B]

[A] DVD, V-AUX, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, Choices: CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD

[B] CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD, V-AUX, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1

Initial settings: [A] DVD

[B] CBL/SAT



■ 7B OPTICAL OUT for OPTICAL OUTPUT jacks (1) and (2)

Choices:

(1) MD/TAPE, CD-R, TUNER, CD, PHONO, V-AUX, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD (2) CD-R, TUNER, CD, PHONO, V-AUX, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, CBL/ SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD, MD/TAPE Initial settings: (1) MD/TAPE

(2) CD-R



7C OPTICAL IN for OPTICAL INPUT jacks (3) to (6)

Choices:

- (3) CD, PHONO, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD, MD/ TAPE, CD-R, TUNER
 - (4) CD-R, TUNER, CD, PHONO, VCR 2/ DVR, VCR 1, CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD. MD/TAPE
 - (5) DVD, MD/TAPE, CD-R, TUNER, CD, PHONO, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, CBL/SAT. D-TV/LD
 - (6) CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD, MD/ TAPE, CD-R, TUNER, CD, PHONO, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1

Initial settings: (3) CD

- (4) CD-R
- (5) DVD
- (6) CBL/SAT



7D COAXIAL IN for COAXIAL INPUT jacks (7) and (8)

Choices:

- (7) CD, PHONO, V-AUX, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, CBL/SAT, D-TV/LD, DVD, MD/TAPE, CD-R, TUNER (8) D-TV/LD, DVD, MD/TAPE, CD-R, TUNER, CD, PHONO, V-AUX, VCR 2/DVR, VCR 1, CBL/SAT
- Initial settings: (7) CD

(8) D-TV/LD



Note

· You cannot select an item more than once for the same type of jack.

8 INPUT MODE (initial input mode)

Use this feature to designate the input mode for sources connected to the DIGITAL INPUT jacks when you turn on this unit (see page 30 for details about the input mode).



Choices: AUTO, LAST

Initial setting: AUTO

AUTO

Select this to allow this unit to automatically detect the type of input signal and select the appropriate input mode.

LAST

Select this to set this unit to automatically select the last input mode used for that source.

Note

• Even if LAST is selected, the last setting for the EX/ES button will not be recalled.

9 PARAM. INI (parameter initialization)

Use this feature to initialize the parameters for each DSP program within a DSP program group. When you initialize a DSP program group, all of the parameter values within that group revert to their initial settings.

Press the corresponding numeric button for the DSP program that you want to initialize. The asterisk (*) next to the program number means that the parameter values have been changed.

| 9 Pf | RAM. | ΙN | Ι |
|------|------|----|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | *4 |
| *5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 9 | *10 | 11 | |
| Pres | ss N | э. | Кеч |
| | | | |

Notes

- · You cannot initialize the individual DSP programs within a group separately.
- When "14 MEMORY GUARD" is set to ON (see page 66), you cannot initialize any program groups.
- · Once you initialize a DSP program group, you cannot automatically revert to the previous parameter settings.

10 LFE LEVEL

This setting is effective only when this unit decodes Dolby Digital or DTS signals.

Use this feature to adjust the output level of the LFE (low-frequency effect) channel when playing back a Dolby Digital or DTS signal. The LFE signal carries the low-frequency special effect sound which is only added to certain scenes.

Control range (dB): -20 to 0 for both SPEAKER and HEADPHONE

Initial setting: 0 dB for both SPEAKER and HEADPHONE

1 Press \wedge / ∇ to select the item to be adjusted.



Press –/+ to adjust the LFE level.



Note

· Adjust the LFE level according to the capacity of your subwoofer or headphones.

11 D-RANGE (dynamic range)

Use this feature to adjust the dynamic range. This setting is effective only when this unit decodes Dolby Digital signals.

Choices: MAX, STD, MIN

Initial setting: MAX (for both speakers and headphones)

MAX

Select the "MAX" setting for feature films.

STD

Select the "STD" (Standard) setting for general use.

MIN

Select the "MIN" setting for listening to sources at extremely low volume levels.

12 SP DELAY

Use this feature to adjust the delay of the Center and the Rear Center channel sounds. This feature works when there is sound output from the center speakers with a source like Dolby Digital or DTS, etc. Ideally, the Center speaker and the Rear Center speaker should be the same distance from the main listening position as the left and right Main speakers. However, in most home situations, the Center speaker or the Rear Center speaker is placed in line with the Main speakers or the Rear speakers. By delaying the sound from the Center speaker and the Rear Center speaker, the apparent distance from the Center speaker and the Rear Center speaker to the main listening position can be adjusted to make it seem the same as the distance between the left and right Main speaker, and the left and right Rear speakers to the listening position. Adjusting the delay time for the Center speaker is especially important for giving depth to the dialogue.

Press \triangle / \bigtriangledown to select "UNIT".

Press –/+ to select the unit to be used for setting.

Select one from "msec", "meters", and "feet".

Notes

- Setting items change depending on the unit chosen.
- When "meters" or "feet" is selected, enter the distance from your listening position to each speaker.

B Press \triangle / ∇ to select the speaker for which the delay is adjusted.

Press –/+ to set the delay.

Press + for higher value and – for lower value.



Center speaker image



Setting by "msec"

Control range:

Initial settings:

(for rear center) 0 ms (for center), 3.0 ms (for rear center)

0 to 5.0 ms (for center), 0 to 30.0 ms



Setting by "meters"

Control range: Initial settings: 0.15 to 30.00 m (for main L/R, center, rear L/R, rear center) 3.00 m (for main L/R, center, rear L/ R), 2.10 m (for rear center)



Setting by "feet"

Control range:

Initial settings:

0.5 to 100 ft (for main L/R, center, rear L/R, rear center) 10.0 ft (for main L/R, center, rear L/ R), 7.0 ft (for rear center)



Note

• No delay will be set if the same distance is set for the main L/R and center, or the rear L/R and rear center with "meters" or "feet" selected.

13 DISPLAY SET

13 DISPLAY SET

DIMMER

You can adjust the brightness of the front panel display.

Control range: -4 to 0 Initial setting: 0

OSD SHIFT (OSD off-set position)

This setting is used to adjust the vertical position of the OSD.

Control range: +5 (downward) to -5 (upward) Initial setting: 0

Press + to lower the position of the OSD. Press – to raise the position of the OSD.

GRAY BACK

Selecting AUTO for the on-screen display setting displays a gray background when there's no video signal input. Nothing is displayed on the screen including the onscreen display if OFF is selected.

Choices: AUTO, OFF Initial setting: AUTO

Note

- ADVANCED OPERATION
- If "GRAY BACK" is set to OFF, no information will be displayed on the screen when video signals are not being input.

V CONV. (Video conversion) (Europe and U.K. models only)

Use this feature to turn on/off the function to convert composite signals to S-video signals to output through the S-video jack when no S-video signals are input.

Choices: ON, OFF Initial setting: OFF

OFF

Select this not to convert composite signals to S-video signals.

ON

Select this to convert composite signals to S-video signals.

14 MEMORY GUARD

Use this feature to prevent accidental changes to DSP program parameter values and other settings on this unit.

Choices: ON, OFF Initial setting: OFF



Select ON to protect the following features:

- DSP program parameters
- All SET MENU items
- Center, rear speakers, rear center, front effect, and subwoofer levels
- The on-screen display (OSD) mode

Notes

- When "14 MEMORY GUARD" is set to ON, you cannot use the test tone.
- When "14 MEMORY GUARD" is set to ON, you cannot select any other SET MENU items.

15 6CH INPUT SET

Use this feature to set the direction of the signals input into the center and subwoofer channels when the source component is connected to the 6CH INPUT jacks.

15A CENTER to (direction of the center channel signals)

This item sets the direction of the signals input into the CENTER jack.

Choices: CENTER, MAIN Initial setting: CENTER



CENTER

The input signals are output from the center speaker.

MAIN

The input signals are directed to the main L/R speakers with same level.

15B SWFR to (direction of the signals input into the subwoofer)

This item sets the direction of the signals input into the SUBWOOFER jack.

Choices: SWFR, MAIN Initial setting: SWFR



SWFR

The input signals are output from the subwoofer.

MAIN

The input signals are directed to the main L/R speakers with same level.

ADJUSTING THE LEVEL OF THE EFFECT SPEAKERS

You can adjust the output level of each effect speaker (center, left and right rear, rear center, front effect and subwoofer) while listening to a music source.

Adjustment should be made with the remote control.



1 Set PARAMETER/SET MENU to PARAMETER.



2 Press LEVEL repeatedly to select the speaker(s) you want to adjust.

Each time you press LEVEL, the selected speaker changes and appears on the front panel display and on the video monitor as follows: center, right rear, rear center, left rear, front effect and subwoofer.



<u>`</u>`

• Once you press LEVEL, you can also select the speaker(s) to be adjusted by pressing ∇/Δ .

3 Press –/+ to adjust the speaker output level.

- The control range for the center, left and right rear, front effect or rear center speakers is from +10 dB to -10 dB.
- The control range for the subwoofer is from 0 dB to -20 dB.



Notes

- When you adjust the output level with LEVEL, the settings you made with the test tone ("TEST DOLBY SUR." or "TEST DSP") will be changed.
- When PARAMETER/SET MENU is set to SET MENU, you cannot adjust the output level by using LEVEL. However, each time you press LEVEL, the current level of each speaker appears on the front panel display and you can check the speaker level.
- When the speaker output modes for "1A CENTER SP", "1C REAR L/R SP", "1D REAR CT SP" and "1F FRONT EFCT SP" are set to NONE, and "1E LFE/BASS OUT" to MAIN, the output level of those speakers cannot be adjusted because there is no sound coming from these speakers.
- During playback of the source input through the 6CH INPUT jacks, the level can be adjusted independently for the center, right and left rear, and subwoofer.

Memory back-up

The memory back-up circuit prevents the stored data from being lost even if this unit is in the standby mode. However if the power cord is disconnected from the AC outlet, or the power supply is cut for more than one week, the stored data will be lost. If so, set the output level again.

SLEEP TIMER

Use this feature to automatically set this unit in the standby mode after the amount of time you have set. The sleep timer is useful when you are going to sleep while this unit is playing or recording a source. The sleep timer also automatically turns off the external components connected to AC OUTLET(S).

The sleep timer can only be set with the remote control. \dot{a}

• By connecting a commercially available timer to this unit, you can also set a wake-up timer. Refer to the operation instructions of the timer.

Setting the Sleep Timer



1 Select a source and start playback on the source component.

| 2 | Press SLEEP repeatedlySLEEPto set the amount of time.Image: Compared to the set of the set |
|---|---|
| | Each time you press SLEEP, |
| | the front panel display changes |
| | as shown below. The SLEEP |
| | indicator flashes while |
| | switching the amount of time |
| | for sleep timer. |
| | \longrightarrow SLEEP 120 min. \rightarrow SLEEP 90 min. |
| | $ \Box SLEEP OFF \leftarrow SLEEP 30 \text{ min.} \leftarrow SLEEP 60 \text{ min.} \leftarrow \Box $ |
| | V-AUX V02/0R VCR1 CBL/SAT 0-TV/D DVD MD/TAPE CD-R TUNER, CD, PHONO. |
| | |
| | sLEEP 120min ⊑ ® |

The "SLEEP" indicator soon lights up on the front panel display after the sleep timer has been set. The display then returns to the previous indication.

V-AUX VOR2/DVR VCR 1 CBL/SAT D-TV/LD DVD MD/TAPE CD-R TUNER __CD_ PHONO SLEEP LR CONCERT HALL1 S₽

Canceling the Sleep Timer

Press SLEEP repeatedly until "SLEEP OFF" appears on the front panel display.

After a few seconds, "SLEEP OFF" disappears, the "SLEEP" indicator goes off and the display returns to the previous indication.



• The sleep timer setting can also be canceled by setting this unit in the standby mode by using STANDBY on the remote control (or STANDBY/ON on the front panel) or by disconnecting the AC power cord from the AC outlet.

SOUND FIELD PROGRAM PARAMETER EDITING

What Is a Sound Field?

What really creates the rich, full tones of a live instrument are the multiple reflections from the walls of the room. In addition to making the sound "live", these reflections enable us to tell where the player is situated, and the size and shape of the room in which we are sitting.

Elements of a sound field

In any environment, in addition to the direct sound coming straight to our ears from the player's instrument, there are two distinct types of sound reflections that combine to make up the sound field:

Early reflections

Reflected sounds reach our ears extremely rapidly (50 ms – 100 ms after the direct sound), after reflecting from one surface only — for example, from the ceiling or a wall. Early reflections actually add clarity to the direct sound.

Reverberations

These are caused by reflections from more than one surface — walls, ceiling, the back of the room — so numerous that they merge together to form a continuous sonic "afterglow". They are non-directional, and lessen the clarity of the direct sound.

Direct sound, early reflections and subsequent reverberation taken together help us to determine the subjective size and shape of the room, and it is this information that the digital sound field processor reproduces in order to create sound fields.

If you could create the appropriate early reflections and subsequent reverberations in your listening room, you would be able to create your own listening environment. The acoustics in your room could be changed to those of a concert hall, a dance floor, or virtually any size room at all. This ability to create sound fields at will is exactly what YAMAHA has done with the digital sound field processor.

Sound Field Program Parameters

DSP programs consist of some parameters to determine the apparent room size, reverberation time, distance from you to the performer, etc. In each program, these parameters are set with values precisely calculated by YAMAHA to create a sound field unique to the program. It is recommended to use DSP programs without changing the values of parameters; however, this unit also allows you to create your own sound fields. Starting with one of the built-in programs, you can adjust those parameters.

Each DSP program has a set of parameters that allow you to change the characteristics of the acoustic environment to precisely create the effect you want. These parameters correspond to the many natural acoustic factors that create the sound field you experience in an actual concert hall or other listening environment. The size of the room, for example, affects the length of time between the early reflections. The "ROOM SIZE" parameter provided in many of the DSP programs alters the timing between these reflections, thus changing the shape of the "room" you are listening. In addition to room size, the shape of the room and the characteristics of its surfaces have a significant effect on the final sound. Surfaces that absorb sound, for example, cause the reflections and reverberations to die out more quickly, while highly reflective surfaces allow the reflections to carry on for a longer period of time. The digital sound field parameters allow you to control these and many other factors that contribute to your personal sound field, allowing you to essentially "redesign" the concert halls, theaters, etc. provided to create custom-tailored listening environments that ideally match your mood and music.

See "DIGITAL SOUND FIELD PARAMETER DESCRIPTIONS" on pages 71 to 74.

Changing Parameter Settings

You can enjoy good quality sound with the factory-set parameters. Although you do not have to change the initial settings, you can change some of the parameters to better suit the input source or your listening room.





4 Press \triangle / ∇ to select the parameter.



5 Press –/+ to change the parameter value.

When you set the parameter to a value other than the factoryset value, an asterisk mark (*) appears by the parameter name on the video monitor.

6 Repeat steps 3 to 5 above as necessary to change other program parameters.

Notes

- The available parameters may be displayed on more than one OSD page for some of the programs. To scroll through pages, press ∆ / √.
- You cannot change parameter values when "14 MEMORY GUARD" on the SET MENU is set to ON. If you want to change the parameter values, set "14 MEMORY GUARD" to OFF (see page 66).

Memory back-up

The memory back-up circuit prevents the stored data from being lost even if this unit is set in the standby mode, the power cord is disconnected from the AC outlet, or the power supply is temporarily cut due to power failure. However, if the power is cut for more than one week, the parameter value you edited will return to the factory setting. If so, edit the parameter value again.

Resetting a Parameter to the Factory-set Value

To reset some of the parameters to the factory-set values

Select the parameter you want to reset. Then press and hold -/+ until the value temporarily stops at the factoryset value. The asterisk mark (*) by the parameter name disappears on the video monitor.

To reset all of the parameters to the factory-set values

Use "9 PARAM. INI" on the SET MENU to reset all of the parameter values of all DSP programs within the selected group to the factory-set values (see page 63). This operation resets all of the parameter values of all DSP programs within that group to the factory-set values.
DIGITAL SOUND FIELD PARAMETER DESCRIPTIONS

You can adjust the values of certain digital sound field parameters so the sound fields are recreated accurately in your listening room. Not all of the following parameters are found in every program.

DSP LEVEL

Control Range –6 dB – +3 dB

Function:

This parameter adjusts the level of all the DSP effect sounds within a narrow range.

Description: Depending on the acoustics of you listening room, you may want to increase or decrease the DSP effect level relative to the direct sound.

INIT. DLY (Initial Delay) [P. INT. DLY for the presence sound field] Control Range 1 – 99 msec

Function: This parameter changes the apparent distance from the source sound by adjusting the delay between the direct sound and the first reflection heard by the listener.

Description: The smaller the value, the closer the sound source seems to the listener. The larger the value, the farther the apparent distance seems. For a small room, this parameter would be set to a small value, and for a large room, it would be set to a large value.



ROOM SIZE [P. ROOM SIZE for the presence sound field]

Control Range 0.1 – 2.0

Function:

on: This parameter adjusts the apparent size of the surround sound field. The larger the value, the larger the surround sound field becomes.

Description: As the sound is repeatedly reflected around a room, the larger the hall is, the longer the time between the original reflected sound and the subsequent reflections. By controlling the time between the reflected sounds, you can change the apparent size of the virtual venue. Changing this parameter from one to two, doubles the apparent length of the room.



LIVENESS

Control Range 0 – 10

Function:

This parameter adjusts the reflectivity of the virtual walls in the hall by changing the rate at which the early reflections decay.

Description: The early reflections of a sound source decay much faster in a room with acoustically absorbent wall surfaces than in one which has highly reflective surfaces. A room with acoustically absorbent surfaces is referred to as "dead", while a room with highly reflective surfaces is referred to as "live". The LIVENESS parameter lets you adjust the early reflection decay rate, and thus the "liveness" of the room.



S. DELAY (Surround Delay)

Control Range 0 – 49 msec (The range depends on the signal format.)

Function: This parameter adjusts the delay for surround signals and surround sound field.

S. INIT. DLY (Surround Initial Delay)

This parameter adjusts the delay between the direct sound and the first reflection on the surround side Function: of the sound field. You can only adjust this parameter when at least two front channels and two rear channels are used.

S. ROOM SIZE (Surround Room Size)

This parameter adjusts the apparent size of the surround sound field. Function:

S. LIVENESS (Surround Liveness)

This parameter adjusts the apparent reflectivity of the virtual walls in the surround sound field. Function:

RC INIT. DLY (Rear Center Initial Delay)

This parameter adjusts the delay between the direct sound and the first reflection in the rear center Function: sound field.

RC ROOM SIZE (Rear Center Room Size)

This parameter adjusts the apparent size of the rear center sound field. Function:

RC LIVENESS (Rear Center Liveness)

Function: This parameter adjusts the apparent reflectivity of the virtual wall in the rear center sound field.

Control Range 1 – 49 msec

Control Range 1 – 49 msec

Control Range 0 –10

Control Range 0.1 – 2.0

Control Range 0.1 – 2.0

Control Range 0 – 10

REV. TIME (Reverberation Time)

Control Range 1.0 – 5.0 sec

- Function: This parameter adjusts the amount of time it takes for the dense, subsequent reverberation sound to decay by 60 dB (at 1 kHz). This changes the apparent size of the acoustic environment over an extremely wide range.
- Description: Set a longer reverberation time for "dead" sources and listening room environments, and a shorter time for "live" sources and listening room environments.



■ REV. DELAY (Reverberation Delay)

Control Range 0 – 250 msec

- Function: This parameter adjusts the time difference between the beginning of the direct sound and the beginning of the reverberation sound.
- Description: The larger the value, the later the reverberation sound begins. A later reverberation sound makes you feel like you are in a larger acoustic environment.



REV. LEVEL (Reverberation Level)

Function:This parameter adjusts the volume of the reverberation sound.Description:The larger the value, the stronger the reverberation becomes.



Control Range 0 – 100 %

ADDITIONAL NFORMATION

For 8ch Stereo

■ CT LEVEL (Center Level)

This parameter adjusts the volume level for the center channel in 8-channel stereo mode. Function:

RL LEVEL (Rear Left Level)

Function: This parameter adjusts the volume level for the rear left channel in 8-channel stereo mode.

RR LEVEL (Rear Right Level)

Function: This parameter adjusts the volume level for the rear right channel in 8-channel stereo mode.

RC LEVEL (Rear Center Level)

This parameter adjusts the volume level for the rear center channel in 8-channel stereo mode. Function:

FL LEVEL (Front Left Level)

Function: This parameter adjusts the volume level for the front effect left channel in 8-channel stereo mode.

FR LEVEL (Front Right Level)

This parameter adjusts the volume level for the front effect right channel in 8-channel stereo mode. Function:

For PRO LOGIC II Music

PANORAMA

Function: Extends the front stereo image to include the surround speakers for wraparound effect.

DIMENSION

Gradually adjusts the soundfield either towards the front or towards the rear. Function:

CT WIDTH (Center Width)

Adjusts the center image from all three front speakers to varying degrees. Function:

For DTS Neo: 6 Music

C. IMAGE (Center Image)

Function: This parameter adjusts the center image from all three front speakers.

Control Range 0 – 7

Control Range 0 – 100 %

Control Range 0 – 100 %

Control Range OFF/ON

Control Range –3 – STD – +3

Control Range 0 – 0.5

TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to the chart below when this unit does not function properly. If the problem you are experiencing is not listed below or if the instruction below does not help, set this unit in the standby mode, disconnect the power cord, and contact the nearest authorized YAMAHA dealer or service center.

General

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|---|---|--|
| This unit fails to turn on when STANDBY/ ON (or SYSTEM POWER) is pressed, or enters in the standby mode soon after the power has been turned on. | The power cord is not connected or the plug is not completely inserted. | Firmly connect the power cord. |
| | The IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch on the rear panel is not fully set to the left or right position. | Set the switch fully to the left or right position when this unit is in the standby mode. |
| | The protection circuitry has been activated. | Make sure all speaker wire connections on this unit and on all speakers are secure and that the wire for each connection does not touch anything other than its respective connection. |
| | This unit has been exposed to a strong external electric shock (such as lightning and strong static electricity). | Set this unit in the standby mode, disconnect the power cord, plug it back in after 30 seconds, and start operating. |
| "CHECK SP WIRES" appears on the front panel display. | Speaker cables are short circuited. | Make sure all speaker cables are connected correctly. |
| On-screen display does not appear. | The setting for the on-screen display is set to "DISPLAY OFF". | Select the full display or short display mode (see page 23). |
| | The GRAY BACK setting under "13 DISPLAY SET" on the SET MENU is set to OFF, and no video signal is input to this unit. | Set GRAY BACK to AUTO to always show the OSD (see page 65). |
| No sound and/or no picture. | Incorrect input or output cable connections. | Connect the cables properly. If the problem persists, the cables may be defective. |
| | An appropriate input source has not been selected. | Select an appropriate input source with INPUT or 6CH INPUT (or the input selector buttons) (see page 28). |
| | The speaker connections are not secure. | Secure the connections (see page 12). |
| | The main speakers to be used have not been selected properly. | Select the main speakers with SPEAKERS A and/or B (see page 28). |
| | The volume is turned down. | Turn up the volume. |
| | The sound is muted. | Press MUTE or any operation buttons of this unit to cancel a mute and adjust the volume (see page 29). |
| | The signals that this unit cannot reproduce such as a CD-ROM are being input. | Play a source whose signals this unit can reproduce. |
| | The output and input for the picture are connected to different types of video jacks. | Make connections using the same type of jack (between S VIDEO, VIDEO (composite), or COMPONENT VIDEO jacks) for both the input and output. |

English

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|--|--|---|
| The sound suddenly goes off. | The protection circuit has been activated because of a short circuit, etc. | Check the IMPEDANCE SELECTOR switch is set to the appropriate position and then turn this unit back on. |
| | | Check the speaker wires are not touching each other and then turn this unit back on. |
| | The sleep timer has functioned. | Turn on the power, and play the source again. |
| | The sound is muted. | Press MUTE or any operation buttons of this unit to cancel a mute and adjust the volume (see page 29). |
| Only the speaker on one side can be heard. | Incorrect cable connections. | Connect the cables properly. If the problem persists, the cables may be defective. |
| | Incorrect setting of "3 L/R BALANCE" on the SET MENU. | Adjust it to the appropriate position. |
| No sound from the | The sound effect is off. | Press STEREO/EFFECT to turn it on (see page 33). |
| effect speakers. | The source encoded with a Dolby Digital or DTS signal does not have a center, rear L/R or rear center channel signals. | |
| No sound from the center speaker. | The output level of the center speaker is set to minimum. | Raise the level of the center speaker (see pages 25 and 26). |
| | "1A CENTER SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE. | Select the appropriate mode for your center speaker (see page 56). |
| | One of the Hi-Fi DSP programs (1 to 6 except for Game and 8ch Stereo) has been selected. | Select another DSP program. |
| No sound from the rear speakers. | The output level of the rear speakers is set to minimum. | Raise the output level of the rear speakers (see pages 25 and 26). |
| | "1C REAR L/R SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE. | Select the appropriate speaker mode for the rear L/R speakers (see page 57). |
| | A monaural source is being played with the program 11. | Select another DSP program. |
| No sound from the rear center speaker. | "1C REAR L/R SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE. | If the speaker mode for the rear L/R speakers is set to NONE, the speaker mode for the rear center speaker is automatically set to NONE. Select the appropriate speaker mode for the rear L/R speaker mode (see page 57). |
| | "1D REAR CT SP" on the SET MENU is set to NONE. | Select LRG or SML (see page 58). |
| No sound from the subwoofer. | "1E LFE/BASS OUT" on the SET MENU is set to MAIN when a Dolby Digital or DTS signal is being played. | Select SWFR or BOTH (see page 58). |
| | "1E LFE/BASS OUT" on the SET MENU is set to SWFR or MAIN when a 2-channel source is being played. | Select BOTH (see page 58). |
| | The source does not contain low bass signals (90 Hz and below). | |

TROUBLESHOOTING

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|--|--|---|
| Dolby Digital or DTS sources cannot be played. (Dolby Digital or DTS indicator on the front panel display does not light up.) | "Digital output" and "Dolby Digital" or "DTS" are not selected on the connected components. | Make an appropriate setting following the operation instructions for your component. |
| Poor bass reproduction. | "1E LFE/BASS OUT" on the SET MENU is set to SWFR or BOTH and your system does not include a subwoofer. | Select MAIN (see page 58). |
| | The output mode for each speaker (main, center, rear, or rear center) on the SET MENU does not match your speaker configuration. | Select the appropriate output mode for each speaker based on the size of the speakers in your configuration (see pages 56– 59). |
| A "humming" sound can be heard. | Incorrect cable connections. | Firmly connect the audio plugs. If the problem persists, the cables may be defective. |
| | No connection from the turntable to the GND terminal. | Connect the grounding cord of your turntable to the GND terminal of this unit (see page 19). |
| The volume level is low while playing a record. | The record is being played on a turntable with an MC cartridge. | The turntable should be connected to this unit through an MC-head amplifier (see page 18). |
| The volume level cannot be increased, or the sound is distorted. | The component connected to the OUT(REC) jacks of this unit is turned off. | Turn on the power to the component. |
| The sound effect cannot be recorded. | It is not possible to record the sound effect by a recording component. | |
| A source cannot be recorded. | A source component is connected to the analog input jacks of this unit for digital recording. | Connect the source component to the DIGITAL INPUT jacks. |
| | Digital connections are not made between this unit and other components for playback or recording. | Make digital connections. |
| | A source component is connected to the digital input jacks of this unit for analog recording. | Connect a source component to the analog input jacks. |
| | Analog connections are not made between this unit and other components for playback or recording. | Make analog connections. |
| | Some recording components cannot record the Dolby Digital or DTS sources. | |
| The sound field parameters and some other settings on this unit cannot be changed. | "14 MEMORY GUARD" on the SET MENU is set to ON. | Select OFF (see page 66). |
| This unit does not operate properly. | The internal microcomputer has been frozen by an external electric shock (such as lightning or excessive static electricity) or by a power supply with low voltage. | Disconnect the AC power cord from the outlet and then plug it in again after about 30 seconds. |

English

TROUBLESHOOTING

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|---|---|---|
| The sound is degraded when listening with headphones connected to a tape deck or CD player that is connected to this unit. | This unit is in the standby mode. | Turn on the power of this unit. |
| There is noise interference from digital or high-frequency equipment, or this unit. | This unit is too close to the digital or high- frequency equipment. | Move this unit further away from such equipment. |
| This unit suddenly turns into the standby mode. | The internal temperature becomes too high and the overheat protection circuitry has been activated. | Wait until this unit cools down and then turn it back on. |

Remote control

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|---|--|--|
| The remote control does not work nor function properly. | Wrong distance or angle. | The remote control will function within a maximum range of 6 m (20 feet) and no more than 30 degrees off-axis from the front panel (see page 7). |
| | Direct sunlight or lighting (from an inverter type of fluorescent lamp, etc.) is striking the remote control sensor of this unit. | Reposition this unit. |
| | The batteries are weak. | Replace the batteries. |
| | The manufacturer code has not been correctly set. | Set the manufacturer code correctly (see page 42). |
| | | Try to set the other codes of the same maufacturer (see page 42). |
| | Even if the maufacturer code is correctly set, there are some models that do not respond to the remote control. | Program the necessary functions independently into the programmable buttons on this unit's remote control using the Learn feature. |
| The remote control does not "learn" new functions. | The batteries of this remote control and/ or the other remote control are too weak. | Replace the batteries (see page 3). |
| | The distance between the two remote controls is too much or too little. | Place the remote controls at the proper distance (see page 43). |
| | The signal coding or modulation of the other remote control is not compatible with this remote control. | Learning is not possible. |
| | Memory capacity is full. | Further learning is not possible without deleting unnecessary functions (see page 48). |

Dolby Surround

Dolby Surround uses a four analog channel recording system to reproduce realistic and dynamic sound effects: two left and right main channels (stereo), a center channel for dialog (monaural), and a rear channel for special sound effects (monaural). The rear channel reproduces sound within a narrow frequency range.

Dolby Surround is widely used with nearly all video tapes and laser discs, and in many TV and cable broadcasts as well. The Dolby Pro Logic decoder built into this unit employs a digital signal processing system that automatically stabilizes the volume on each channel to enhance moving sound effects and directionality.

Dolby Digital

Dolby Digital is a digital surround sound system that gives you completely independent multi-channel audio. With three front channels (left, center and right), and two rear stereo channels, Dolby Digital provides five fullrange audio channels. With an additional channel especially for bass effects, called LFE (low frequency effect), the system has a total of 5.1 channels (LFE is counted as 0.1 channel).

Using two-channel stereo for the rear speakers, more accurate moving sound effects and surround sound environment are possible than with Dolby Surround. The wide dynamic range (from maximum to minimum volume) reproduced by the five full-range channels and the precise sound orientation generated using digital sound processing provide listeners with previously unheard of excitement and realism.

With this unit, any sound environment from monaural up to a 5.1-channel configuration can be freely selected for your enjoyment.

Dolby Digital Surround EX

This unit is equipped with the Dolby Digital decoder that can reproduce 5.1-channel sources adding a rear center channel. (The sound to be output from a rear center speaker is created by mixing the content of rear L/R channels.) This decoder is the most suitable to reproduce the soundtrack for the movies recorded by Dolby Digital Surround EX. You can enjoy dynamic and realistic sounds by adding another channel.

■ Dolby Pro Logic II

Dolby Pro Logic II is the improved technique to decode vast numbers of existing Dolby Surround programs. This new technology enables a discrete 5-channel playback with two left and right main channels, a center channel, and two left and right rear channels compared with one limited rear channel for the conventional Pro Logic technology. Also the music mode is available for 2channel sources in addition to the movie mode.

DTS (Digital Theater Systems) Digital Surround

DTS digital surround was developed to replace the analog soundtracks of movies with a six-channel digital sound track, and is now rapidly gaining popularity in movie theaters around the world. Digital Theater Systems Inc. has developed a home theater system so that you can enjoy the depth of sound and natural spatial representation of DTS digital surround in your home. This system is practically distortion-free, clear 6-channel sound (technically, a left, right and center channels, two rear channels, plus an LFE 0.1 channel as a subwoofer, for a total of 5.1 channels).

DTS ES (Extended Surround)

This unit is equipped with the DTS ES decoder that can reproduce 5.1-channel sources adding a rear center channel. The DTS ES decoder on this unit is compatible with the two types of format: Discrete 6.1 and Matrix 6.1. The DTS ES Discrete decoder enables the 6.1-channel playback by adding a rear center channel recorded independently from the 5.1 channels. The DTS ES Matrix decoder enables the 6.1-channel playback by adding a rear center created from the rear L/R channels. This decoder is the most suitable to reproduce the music or the soundtrack of the movies recorded by DTS ES.

Neo: 6

Neo: 6 decodes the conventional 2-channel sources for 6 channel playback by the specific decoder. It enables playback with the full-range channels with higher separation just like digital discrete signal playback. Two modes are available; "Music mode" for playing music sources and "Cinema mode" for movies.

DTS 96/24

DTS 96/24 achieves the high quality playback with all 5.1 channels at the sampling frequency 96 kHz / 24 bit by using the data for extension of a DTS signal, that is recorded on the DTS 96/24 software.

LFE 0.1 channel

This channel is for the reproduction of low bass signals. The frequency range for this channel is 20 Hz to 120 Hz. This channel is counted as 0.1 because it only enforces a low frequency range compared to the full-range reproduced by the other 5 channels in a Dolby Digital or DTS 5.1 channel systems.

Since the Dolby Surround and DTS systems were originally designed for use in movie theaters, their effect is best felt in a theater having many speakers and designed for acoustic effects. Since home conditions, such as room size, wall material, number of speakers, and so on, can differ so widely, it's inevitable that there are differences in the sound heard as well. Based on a wealth of actually measured data, YAMAHA CINEMA DSP uses YAMAHA original sound field technology to combine Dolby Pro Logic, Dolby Digital and DTS systems to provide the visual and audio experience of movie theater in the listening room of your own home.

SILENT CINEMA

YAMAHA has developed a natural, realistic sound effect DSP algorithm for headphones.

Parameters for headphones have been set for each sound field so that accurate representations of all the sound field programs can be enjoyed on headphones.

Virtual CINEMA DSP

YAMAHA has developed a virtual CINEMA DSP algorithm that allows you to enjoy DSP sound field surround effects even without any rear speakers by using virtual rear speakers.

It is even possible to enjoy virtual CINEMA DSP in a minimum two-speaker system that does not include a center speaker.

S VIDEO signal

With S VIDEO signal system, the video signal normally transmitted using a pin cable is separated and transmitted as the Y signal for the luminance and the C signal for the chrominance through the S VIDEO cable. Using the S VIDEO jack eliminates video signal transmission loss and allows recording and playback of even more beautiful images.

Component video signal

With the component video signal system, the video signal is separated into the Y signal for the luminance and the P_B/C_B and P_R/C_R signals for the chrominance. Color can be reproduced more faithfully with this system because each of these signals is independent. The component signal is also called the "color difference signal" because the luminance signal is subtracted from the color signal. A monitor with component input jacks is required in order to use the component signal for output.

PCM (Linear PCM)

Linear PCM is a signal format under which an analog audio signal is digitized, recorded and transmitted without using any compression. This is used as a method of recording CDs and DVD audio. The PCM system uses a technique for sampling the size of the analog signal per very small unit of time. Standing for "pulse code modulation", the analog signal is encoded as pulses and then modulated for recording.

Sampling frequency and number of quantized bits

When digitizing an analog audio signal, the number of times the signal is sampled per second is called the sampling frequency, while the degree of fineness when converting the sound level into a numeric value is called the number of quantized bits.

The range of rates that can be played back is determined based on the sampling rate, while the dynamic range representing the sound level difference is determined by the number of quantized bits. In principle, the higher the sampling frequency, the wider the range of frequencies that can be played back, and the higher the number of quantized bits, the more finely the sound level can be reproduced.

■ I/O assignment (SET MENU)

Although component is normally connected according to jack names shown on the rear panel, this unit includes a function that assigns jacks according to the component being connected. If the component being used differs from the component name shown for this unit's component video input jacks or digital input/output jacks, it is possible to assign jacks according to the component being connected. This makes it possible to change the jack assignment and effectively connect more component.

SPECIFICATIONS

AUDIO SECTION

| Minimum RMS Output Power Main, Center, Rear, R. Center |
|--|
| (20 Hz to 20 kHz, 0.02% THD, 8 Ω) |
| Maximum Power (EIAJ) [General and China models] Main, Center, Rear, R. Center (1 kHz, 10% THD, 8 Ω) |
| • Dynamic Power (IHF) 8/6/4/2 Ω155/195/250/340 W |
| DIN Standard Output Power [Europe and U.K. models] Main, Center, Rear, R. Center (1 kHz, 0.7% THD, 4 Ω) |
| |
| • Frequency Response CD to Main L/R 10 Hz to 100 kHz, -3 dB |
| Total Harmonic Distortion 20 Hz to 20 kHz, 65 W, 8 Ω, MAIN IN to Main L/R0.008% |
| Signal to Noise Ratio (IHF-A Network) Phono MM (5 mV) to Main L/R |
| Residual Noise (IHF-A Network) Main L/R |
| - Channel Separation (1kHz/10 kHz) CD (5.1 k Ω terminated) to Main L/R 60 dB/45 dB |
| • Tone Control (Main L/R) BASS Boost/Cut ±10 dB/50 Hz TREBLE Boost/Cut |
| - Phones Output |
| • Input Sensitivity 2.5 mV/47 k Ω CD, etc |
| • Output Level REC OUT |

VIDEO SECTION

| Video Signal Type | NTSC/PAL |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Signal to Noise Ratio | 50 dB |
| | OUT) 5 Hz to 10 MHz, -3 dB DC to 60 MHz, -3 dB |
| GENERAL • Power Supply | |
| [China model] | AC 230 V/50 Hz AC 220 V/50 Hz AC 110/120/220/240 V, 50/60 Hz |
| Power Consumption Standby mode | |
| [General and China models] | |
| • Dimension (W x H x D) | |
| • Weight | |



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