



**Avaya SG203 and SG208  
Security Gateway  
Hardware Installation Guide**

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Telecommunications security (of voice, data, and/or video communications) is the prevention of any type of intrusion to (that is, either unauthorized or malicious access to or use of) your company's telecommunications equipment by some party.

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An "outside party" is anyone who is not a corporate employee, agent, subcontractor, or is not working on your company's behalf. Whereas, a "malicious party" is anyone (including someone who may be otherwise authorized) who accesses your telecommunications equipment with either malicious or mischievous intent.

Such intrusions may be either to/through synchronous (time-multiplexed and/or circuit-based) or asynchronous (character-, message-, or packet-based) equipment or interfaces for reasons of:

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- Mischief (troubling, but apparently innocuous, tampering)
- Harm (such as harmful tampering, data loss or alteration, regardless of motive or intent)

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- Installation documents
- System administration documents
- Security documents
- Hardware-/software-based security tools
- Shared information between you and your peers
- Telecommunications security experts

To prevent intrusions to your telecommunications equipment, you and your peers should carefully program and configure:

- Your Avaya-provided telecommunications systems and their interfaces
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This product complies with and conforms to the following international Product Safety standards as applicable:

- Safety of Information Technology Equipment, IEC 60950, 3rd Edition including all relevant national deviations as listed in Compliance with IEC for Electrical Equipment (IECEE) CB-96A.
- Safety of Information Technology Equipment, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 / UL 60950, 3rd Edition
- Safety Requirements for Customer Equipment, ACA Technical Standard (TS) 001 - 1997
- One or more of the following Mexican national standards, as applicable: NOM 001 SCFI 1993, NOM SCFI 016 1993, NOM 019 SCFI 1998

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Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement, CISPR 24:1997 and EN55024:1998, including:

- Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2
- Radiated Immunity IEC 61000-4-3
- Electrical Fast Transient IEC 61000-4-4
- Lightning Effects IEC 61000-4-5
- Conducted Immunity IEC 61000-4-6
- Mains Frequency Magnetic Field IEC 61000-4-8
- Voltage Dips and Variations IEC 61000-4-11
- Powerline Harmonics IEC 61000-3-2
- Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker IEC 61000-3-3

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Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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Avaya further asserts that Avaya handset-equipped terminal equipment described in this document complies with Paragraph 68.316 of the FCC Rules and Regulations defining Hearing Aid Compatibility and is deemed compatible with hearing aids.

Copies of SDoCs signed by the Responsible Party in the U.S. can be obtained by contacting your local sales representative and are available on the following Web site: <http://www.avaya.com/support>

All Avaya media servers and media gateways are compliant with FCC Part 68, but many have been registered with the FCC before the SDoC process was available. A list of all Avaya registered products may be found at: <http://www.part68.org/> by conducting a search using "Avaya" as manufacturer.

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Avaya Inc. declares that the equipment specified in this document bearing the "CE" (*Conformité Européenne*) mark conforms to the European Union Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive (1999/5/EC), including the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (89/336/EEC) and Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC). This equipment has been certified to meet CTR3 Basic Rate Interface (BRI) and CTR4 Primary Rate Interface (PRI) and subsets thereof in CTR12 and CTR13, as applicable.

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#### Environmental Health and Safety:



**WARNING:**  
Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to Avaya Environmental Health and Safety guidelines.

#### Documentation:

For the most current versions of documentation, go to the Avaya support Web site: <http://www.avaya.com/support/>

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# About this book

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The Avaya SG203 and SG208 Security Gateways are dedicated hardware-based network security devices designed to provide overlay security on an IP data network.

This guide describes the Avaya SG203 and SG208 Security Gateway and how to install and preconfigure these devices. It is recommended that you read the entire installation guide before installing the security gateway.

## Contacting Technical Support

Technical support is available to registered users of the Avaya security gateway products.

### Domestic support

- Toll free phone support: (866) 462-8292 (24x7)
- Email: [vpnsupport@avaya.com](mailto:vpnsupport@avaya.com)
- Web: <http://www.support.avaya.com>

### International support

- For regional support numbers, go to <http://www.avayanetwork.com/site/GSO/default.htm>

## Documentation

The security gateway documentation includes both the Hardware Installation Guide and the Security Gateway Configuration Guide for VPNs. You can download these guides from <http://www.support.avaya.com>. Navigate to Product Documentation, VPN and Security.

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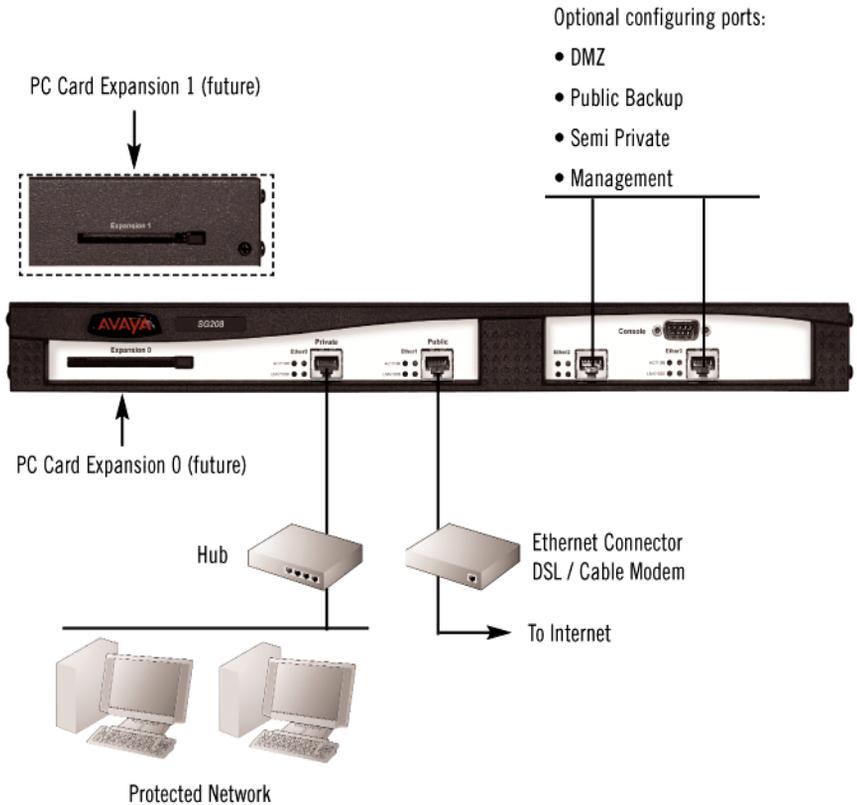
# Chapter 1 Introduction

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The Avaya SG203 and SG208 Security Gateways are high-performance integrated firewall, security zone, and IPSec VPN gateway devices. They are designed to provide the high capacity, scalability and reliability required by your networks for IPSec/firewall services in one unit or multiple units for enterprise headquarter locations requiring a rack mountable device.

The security gateway is easy to configure and can either be managed locally from the Web interface or remotely using Avaya VPNmanager™.

**Figure 1 Typical SG203/SG208 security gateway installation**



## Functional overview

The SG203 and SG208 security gateways are dedicated hardware-based network security devices designed to provide overlay security services on an IP data network. The security gateway sits behind an edge router and has auto-detecting ethernet interfaces on the public and private ports.

The security gateway's primary function is to perform IPsec and firewall security services to protect enterprise networks and to secure data being sent over shared IP networks. The security gateway establishes an Internet Key Exchange (IKE) protocol session with its IPsec peer to perform an authentication and to negotiate the security associations (SAs) that are used to secure the session. Once the successful

negotiation is completed data can then be encapsulated in IPSec tunneling packets that can only be decrypted by the peer on the other end of the IPSec tunnel.

## Additional features

**Table 1 Additional features**

Parameter	Specification
Encryption	DES, Triple DES, and AES hardware encryption. DES uses a 56-bit key. Triple DES uses three 56-bit independent keys for an effective key length of 168 bits. AES is a symmetric 127 bit block data encryption technique. AES can be used in place of DES.  All weak and semi-weak keys are automatically discarded.
Authentication	Keyed MD5™ Message Digest (RFC 1321) HMAC-MD5 and HMAC SHA-1 (RFC 2104)
Key Management	ISAKMP (Internet Security Association Key Management Protocol).  Supports network address translation for firewall support.
User Authentication	CHAP, PAP

## VPNmanager

Avaya VPNmanager is an optional Avaya application that lets network managers define, configure and manage VPNs from any location. Large networks would want to use VPNmanager to do distributed managed firewall rules as well as VPN management across the network.

## Security

The SG203 and SG208 security gateway employs cryptographic algorithms and keys powerful enough for the most sensitive business communications to provide data stream privacy. It supports DES and Triple DES, and AES encryption, as well as the ISAKMP key management standard.

Data authenticity is assured by using HMAC-MD5™ or HMAC-SHA-1 packet signatures to reject altered or forged packets. All security mechanisms employed by the security gateway conform to IPSec standards, in order to provide interoperability and broaden the use of VPN technology.

## Performance

For maximum network flexibility, the SG203 security gateway supports four 10/100BASE-T Ethernet interfaces, and the SG208 supports four 10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet interfaces.

When packets are encrypted and authenticated according to IPSec protocol guidelines, additional bytes, in the form of IPSec headers, must be added to packets. In many cases, the additional packet overhead imposes a performance penalty in return for security. The extra bytes tend to lengthen packets and reduce the throughput (measured in packets per second). The overhead depends on the IPSec policy and could be up to 63 bytes.

**Table 2 SG203/208 performance specifications**

	<b>SG203</b>	<b>SG208</b>
<b>IKE Sessions</b>	3000	8000
<b>IPSec Sessions</b>	12,000	16,000
<b>Subnets supported</b>	2	1
<b>Firewall TCP/UDP Sessions</b>	200,000	300,000
<b>VPNremote users (Default/Max)</b>	100/3000	100/8000
<b>Site to Site (Default/Max)</b>	50/300	100/1000
<b>Protected FW/VPN Devices</b>	3000	8000

## Plug-and-Play installation

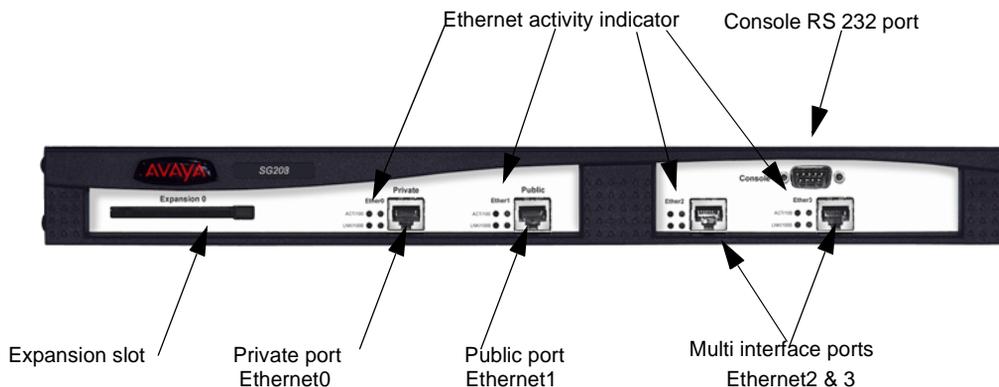
The auto sensing interfaces of the security gateway enables installation into any Ethernet network. By default, the security gateway functions as a DHCP client on the public interface and as a DHCP server on the private interface. Immediately after receiving IP connectivity, the network administrator can locate the security gateway via `https://192.168.1.1` on the private interface. The administrator enters the name as `root` and the password as `password` for the user's credentials. The quick set up guides the network administrator through the minimal network configuration.

## Hardware components

Each of the major components are shown in [Figure 2](#) and [Figure 3](#).

**Figure 2 Front panel**

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**Figure 3 Back panel**

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**Table 3 Physical specifications**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>SG203</b>	<b>SG208</b>
Dimensions	17"W x 18.5"D x 1.75"H (46.9cm x 43.1cm x 4.4cm)	17"W x 18.5"D x 1.75"H (46.9cm x 43.1cm x 4.4cm)
Weight	17 pounds (7.7 Kilograms)	17 pounds (7.7 Kilograms)
LAN Interface	Four 10/100/Base-T Ethernet	Four 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet
Management Interface	RS-232	RS-232

### **Ethernet ports**

Ethernet0 is reserved for the Private port and Ethernet1 is reserved for the Public port. Ethernet2 and Ethernet3 are software configurable and can be used for fail-over, DMZ, or other functions.

Each Ethernet port has status indication LEDs that show whether the link is active.

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# Chapter 2 Installing SG203 and SG208 Security Gateway

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This chapter provides instructions for the physical installation of the SG203 and SG208 security gateways, including rack mounting, placement, and connection to the network.

## Site requirements

This section describes the requirements your site must meet for safe installation and operation of the security gateway. Ensure that your site is properly prepared before beginning installation.

### Environmental requirements

The security gateway devices are intended for use in a normal office environment. For more extreme conditions, verify that temperature, humidity, and power conditions meet the following specifications:

- Temperature range - 32° to 104° F (0° to 40°C)
- Relative humidity - 5-95%, non-condensing

### Site power considerations

Check the power at your site to ensure that you are receiving “clean” power (free of spikes and noise). Install a power conditioner, if necessary.

**Table 4 Electrical specifications**

Voltage	100-240 VAC
Input frequency	47-63 Hz
AC input current	3.5 Amps

## Equipment requirements

The security gateway devices shipping carton should contain:

- 1 Security Gateway
- 2 Cat5e cables
- 1 Power supply
- 1 Null modem cable for console connection
- 1 Rack mount kit including two mounting brackets and screws for attaching the brackets to the security gateway.  
  
Hardware required to mount the unit to the rack must be provided by the customer.
- 1 Quick Start Guide

To install and use the security gateway in a typical network, the customer must supply the following:

- Router, DSL, cable or ISDN modem, providing connectivity to a WAN such as the Internet
- A workstation on the LAN to communicate with the security gateway, installed with a Java-enabled (JDK1.1.8 or later), 128-bit encryption-capable browser, either Internet Explorer 5.5 or later or Netscape 6.2 or later.

## Physical installation

The security gateway can be placed on a desktop or mounted in a rack. It is easy to install and requires a screwdriver for rack mounted devices.

## Required tools

The security gateway chassis can be mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. Rack mounting requires a Phillips-head screwdriver, the device rack mount bracket kit, and four screws to match the rack. (Screws for attaching the mounting brackets to the chassis are not provided.) Instructions for rack mounting are provided in the section [“Rackmount”](#) on [page 18](#).

## Safety recommendations

When using the SG203/SG208 security gateway devices, follow these safety guidelines:

- Keep the chassis area clear and dust-free during and after installation
- Keep the ventilation gratings clear of any blockages
- Do not rest equipment in excess of 10 pounds on top of the chassis
- Disconnect all power before mounting or unmounting a unit from an equipment rack
- Never assume power is disconnected from a circuit, always check

### Circuit Breaker (15A) Warning

**WARNING:** *This product relies on the building’s installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that a fuse or circuit breaker no larger than 120 VAC, 15A U.S. (240 VAC, 10A international) is used on the phase conductor (all current-carrying conductors).*

### SELV Circuit Warning

**WARNING:** *The Ethernet 10/100/1000BASE-T ports contain safety extra-low voltage (SELV) circuits. Do not connect to a telephone line.*

## Desktop

To install on a desktop, allow sufficient depth in the rear for cabling and on the sides for ventilation flow.

## Rackmount

The SG203 and SG208 security gateways can be mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. The location of the chassis and the layout of your equipment rack or wiring room are extremely important for proper system operation. Equipment placed too close together, inadequate ventilation, and inaccessible panels can cause system malfunctions and shutdowns and can make system maintenance difficult.

The following information can help you plan an acceptable equipment rack configuration.

- Enclosed racks must have adequate ventilation. Ensure that the rack is not overly congested because each unit generates heat. An enclosed rack should have louvered sides and a fan to provide cooling air.
- When mounting a chassis in an open rack, ensure that the rack frame does not block the ventilation grates. If the chassis is installed on slides, check the position of the chassis when it is seated all the way into the rack.

To attach the device to a standard 19-inch equipment rack:

1. From one side of the device, remove the four front side screws.
2. Using the screws provided with the bracket, attach the bracket to the device.

**Figure 4 Attaching the Rack Mount Brackets**

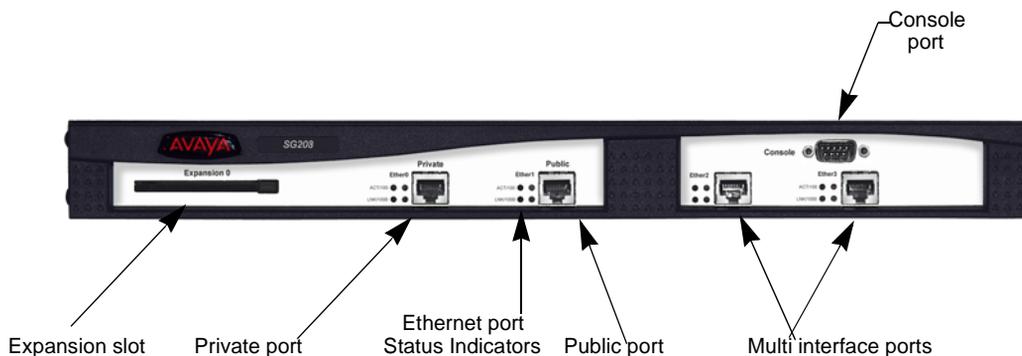
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3. Repeat bracket installation on the other side.
4. Install the device into a standard 19-inch rack, using screws that fit the rack (not provided).

## Overview of front panel

Figure 5 Front panel of the security gateway



### Console port

The console port accepts an RS-232 DB-9 connection from an asynchronous ASCII terminal or a PC running terminal emulation software. The connection requires a null modem cable which is supplied.

The communication settings for a device interfacing with the console port are provided in [Table 5](#).

Table 5 Terminal settings

Parameter	Setting
Baud	9600
Data Bits	8
Parity	None
Stop bits	1
Flow control	None

## Multi-interface ports

Four ports are available on the security gateway, public, private and two other interface ports that are not designated.

The public port provides an interface to the public Internet network, while the private port provides an interface to the private local network. The other two could be used for public-backup, semi-private, DMZ, or management interface zones.

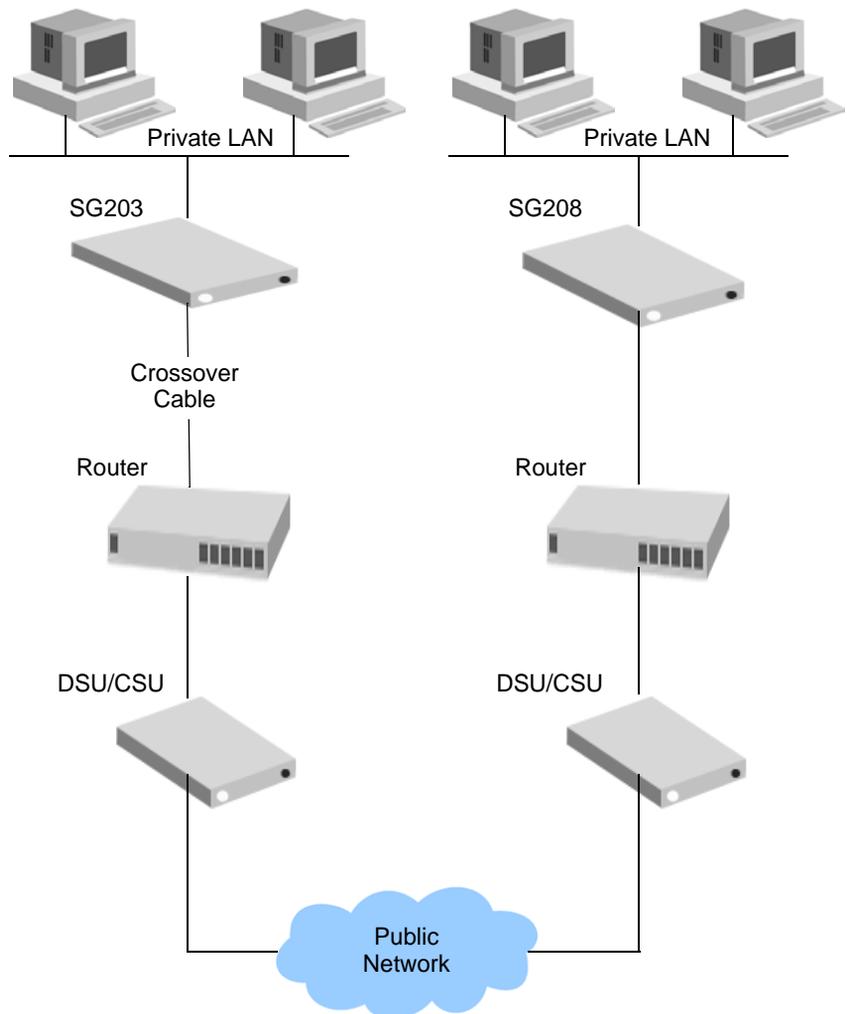
The SG203 requires a crossover cable when connecting to a router and uses a straight-through cable when connecting to a hub or switch. The SG208 can use any type of cable (crossover or straight-through) when connecting to a hub, switch, or router.

**NOTE:** *To realize maximum performance when operating at the 1000 Base-T rate, it is necessary to use CAT5e cables, shipped with the device. Standard CAT5 cables are not rated for full Gigabit data rates.*

## Connecting the SG203/SG208 security gateway to the network

The supplied Cat5e cables are used to connect the security gateway to the public network and the private LAN. [Figure 6](#) shows a typical network using the SG203 and SG208 security gateway.

**Figure 6** Example of two security gateway's hardware installations



1. Connect one end of the Cat5e cable to the public port (Ethernet1) on the security gateway. Connect the other end to the router's Ethernet port, ethernet connector on the DSL, or the cable modem. For the SG203, use the crossover cable. (Figure 6).

See "[Multi-interface ports](#)" on page 20 about using Cat5e cables.

**Note:** If DHCP related functionality (DHCP server on the private interface and DHCP client on the public network) disrupts your network, change the default settings via the console port, prior to plugging in the ethernet cables.

2. Connect one end of the Cat5e straight-through cable to the private port (Ethernet0) on the security gateway. Connect the other end to the LAN hub or switch.

*Note: A crossover cable is required if the SG203 security gateway is connected directly to a workstation.*

3. Connect the power cable to the security gateway and then plug it in to an AC outlet.
4. Power on the security gateway and proceed to [Chapter 3, Setting up the security gateway for configuration](#).

The following are the default values for the security gateway.

- DHCP Client public interface is enabled
- DHCP Server private interface is enabled
- Private Interface IP address is 192.168.1.1
- Administrative user name is *root*
- Password is *password*

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# Chapter 3 Setting up the security gateway for configuration

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This chapter describes how to set up the security gateway addressing and remote connectivity capabilities. This preliminary configuration is performed using a browser on your workstation connected to the security gateway's private port. When the security gateway is initially installed and connected to the local LAN, it is provisioned with a default IP address for the DHCP server (serving the private port), allowing access to the device through a Web browser on a workstation.

The following procedure assumes that the security gateway has been physically installed on the network, according to the instructions provided in [Chapter 2, Installing SG203 and SG208 Security Gateway](#).

The security gateway quick setup consists of two basic steps:

1. Establishing connectivity between a workstation or IP device on your local network with the security gateway's private port
2. Setting up the security gateway's public port to reach the Internet

Through the Web interface, you can assign a static IP address for the public port, a password, server addresses, DHCP settings, and a default gateway. Once this has been done, the security gateway can be completely configured and incorporated into your Virtual private Network either by using the Web interface locally, or using Avaya VPNmanager from a central location.

## Connecting to the private port

From the workstation's control panel, select your TCP/IP network component for your Ethernet controller. In the IP Address window select "enable the setting" to "Obtain an IP address automatically" .

Restart your workstation, if the operating system asks you to do so. As your workstation restarts, it automatically obtains its required IP address/mask and default router IP address from the security gateway.

**NOTE:** *Unless you have other DNS servers at your local site, it is recommended that the Windows DNS and WINS server lists be empty. The DNS server built into the security gateway should normally be the sole DNS server that users see.*

## Performing the quick setup

Quick Setup collects and preconfigures the essential information required to remotely configure and manage the security gateway.

**Note:** *If the security gateway is to be configured and managed locally, see the Security Gateway Configuration Guide for the VPNos, to perform a comprehensive device configuration.*

The Quick Setup wizard collects the necessary information to communicate with the remote VPNmanager application through the security gateway's public port. The following information is required to complete the quick setup:

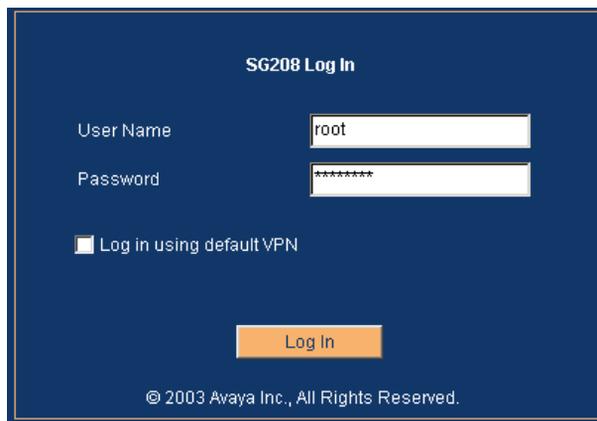
- The type of addressing to be used on the security gateway's public port, either Static IP Addressing, Dynamic Addressing (DHCP), or PPPoE. Typically, DSL connections use PPPoE and cable modems use DHCP. The default is DHCP
- A network mask for the above
- A default route. This is the service provider's router used only if Static IP Address is selected
- The user name and password, if your connection to your ISP is PPPoE

### To connect to the security gateway

1. From a workstation on the private side of the security gateway, open your browser and type into the location field one of the following:
  - https://sg.private
  - https://192.168.1.1 (security gateway default address)
2. Click **Yes**, to accept the security alert message. The security gateway login window appears.

**Figure 7 Security Gateway Login Window**

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3. Enter the User Name, **root** and the Password, **password**.  
Click **Log In**, when it is highlighted.
4. The first time you connect to the security gateway, two sequential pop-up messages appear over the main screen. The first is a password change alert that advises you to change the factory default password. Change the default password to a secure password.
5. The next alert message indicates that the security gateway has not yet been configured.  
Click **OK**, to launch the Quick Setup wizard.

Figure 8 Quick Setup Dialog

SG208 Quick Setup

IP Configuration

Media Interface: ethernet1 Zone: public IP Config Mode: Static

Static

IP Address [ ][ ][ ][ ] Mask [ ][ ][ ]

Route [ ][ ][ ]

Centralized Management

Super User: superuser

Password (min 6 chars): [ ]

Confirm Password: [ ]

Date & Time

Date: April 5 2003

Time: 02 56 46

Time Zone: Pacific Time(US & Canada)

Save Cancel

Warning: Applet Window

6. The Quick Setup wizard dialog appears. In the IP Configuration area, select one of the following IP Config Modes.
  - **Static Addressing.** If you are going to use static addressing on the public port, click the **Static Addressing** radio button and enter your IP address, network mask, and default route information.
  - **DHCP.** If you plan to use DHCP, the public port automatically obtains its address from a DHCP server. This method is typical for cable modem connections.
  - **PPPoE.** This method is typically used with DSL connections. Click the **PPPoE** radio button and enter your PPPoE user name and password.
7. Depending on the IP config mode selected, complete the fields that populate the dialog.
  - For Static, enter the IP address, mask and route
  - For PPPoE, enter the user name and password

8. In the **Centralized Management** area, if VPNmanager is used, enter the superuser name and password.
9. In the **Date & Time** area, enter the date, time, and time zone.  
A 24-hour clock is used. For example, 13:00:00 is equivalent to 1:00 PM.
10. Click **Save** and then click **Log Out** from the main page to log of the Web interface.

**NOTE:** *When you use Log out, you are prompted to save any unsaved changes before exiting. If you close your browser, unsaved changes are lost.*

You now have entered enough information to allow the security gateway to be accessed over the Internet. The remaining configuration process can be completed remotely, using VPNmanager, or if the security gateway is managed locally, you can continue the configuration. Refer to the Security Gateway Configuration Guide for VPNos.



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