Wireless-G
PC Card

zoom®

Contents

Overview

The chapters in this **User's Guide** describe how to:

- Install the Zoom Wireless-G PC Card adapter on a Windows PC

- Connect to a wireless network

- Enable security on the Wireless-G PC Card adapter

- Use the advanced features of the Wireless-G PC Card configuration software

Chapters 1 and 2 cover the basics – what you need to get connected and to enable security.

If you are interested in the more advanced features of the Wireless-G PC Card adapter, please see Chapter 3. This chapter explains how to create profiles so you can switch your connection from one network to another, monitor the strength of your network connection, and scan a list of available networks.

1

Installation Instructions

This chapter provides simple instructions for installing the Wireless-G PC Card software on a Windows PC. If you have already installed the adapter on a computer (using the separate Quick Start booklet), you can skip this chapter and begin with Chapter 2: Setting Security.

What's in the Package

The Wireless-G PC Card adapter package includes the following:

- Wireless-G PC Card adapter
- CD containing the Installation Wizard and documentation
- Quick Start manual

Before You Begin

Before you install the Wireless-G PC Card adapter, check that your computer has the following:

- PCMCIA slot
- CD drive
- Windows XP, 2000, Me, or 98SE
- At least 6 MB of free hard drive space

If you are using Windows 98SE: Your computer must have at least 64MB RAM and a 300 MHz or faster CPU. Also, you may need the **Windows 98SE Installation CD** during the setup process.

Installing the Wireless-G PC Card Adapter

Important! Install the software BEFORE you insert the Wireless-G PC Card into your laptop.

1 Insert the **Wireless-G PC Card** CD into the CD drive. The CD should start automatically and the **Language Selection** screen should appear. Select your language. (If the CD does not start automatically, on the Windows desktop click the **Start** button, click **Run**, and then type **E:\setup.exe** where **E** is the letter of your CD drive.)

2 From the menu choices, select **Installation Wizard** then **PC Card**. (Note to **Windows Me** users — If you are prompted to do so, restart your computer after you complete this step.)

3 The setup program opens:

Zoom Wireless-G PC Card Utility

Zoom Wireless-G PC Card Setup

The InstallShield Wizard® will install the Zoom Wireless-G PC Card on your computer. To continue, click Next.

< Back   Next >   Cancel
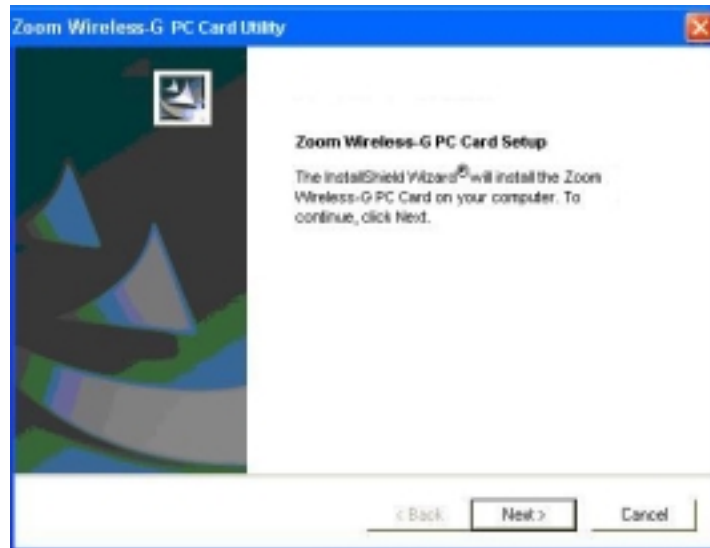
4 Follow the prompts to complete the installation.

5 At the final setup screen, click **Finish** and then turn off your computer.

Zoom Wireless-G PC Card Utility

InstallShield Wizard Complete

The InstallShield® Wizard has successfully installed the Zoom Wireless-G PC Card software.

Please turn off your computer and install your Zoom Wireless-G PC Card.

Click Finish to exit.

< Back   Finish   Cancel
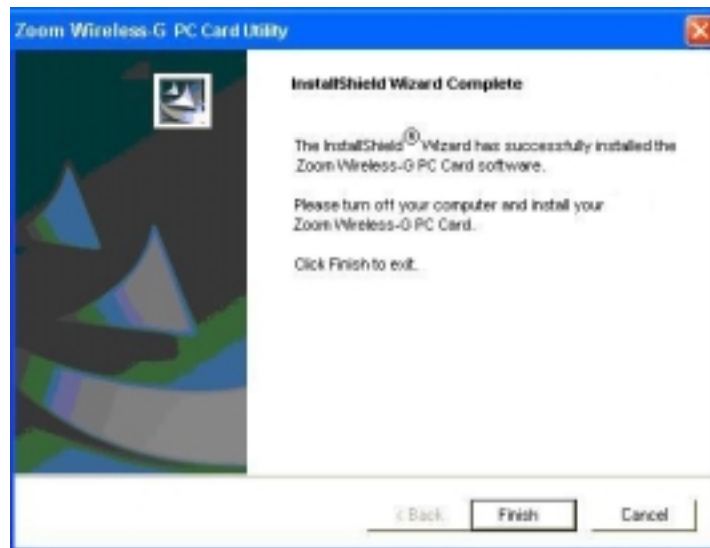
6 While your laptop is off, insert the Wireless-G PC Card into the PCMCIA slot on your laptop, making sure that the LEDs are facing up. You will hear the card click softly into place.

7 Turn the computer on. Windows will find your new hardware.

You may see a **Found New Hardware** box indicating the progression of the installation. Typically no user action is necessary. If you are using Windows XP, you may be required to click **Next**.

Depending on your operating system, you may also see a **Hardware Installation** box or a **Digital Signature Not Found** box. You can safely ignore these messages and click **Yes** or **Continue Anyway**. If prompted, click **Finish** and/or **Yes** to restart your computer to finish setting up your new hardware.

8 To verify that the adapter is working correctly, on your Desktop, right-click **My Computer** and select **Properties** from the pop-up menu.

9 *Windows XP/Windows 2000*: In the **System Properties** window, select the **Hardware** tab and click the **Device Manager** button.

Windows Me/Windows 98SE: In the **System Properties** window, select the **Device Manager** tab.

10 *All operating systems:* In the list of devices, double-click **Network Adapters** and make sure there is no alert icon next to the **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card** adapter.

(⚠ This alert icon appears next to devices that are not responding or that are not installed properly.)
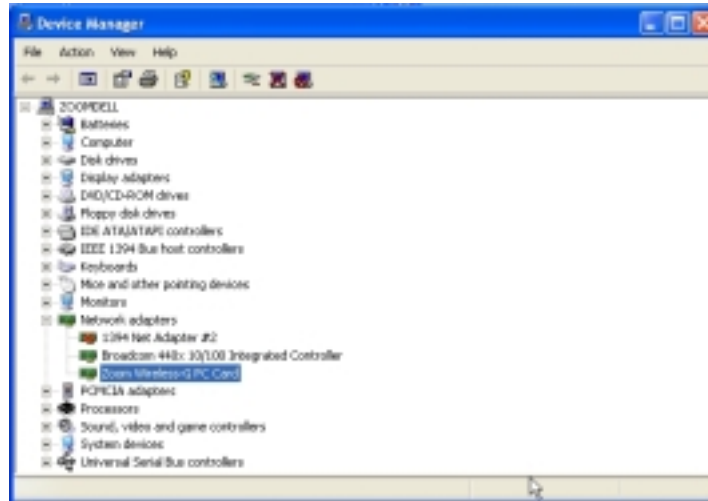
Your Wireless-G PC Card adapter is successfully installed!

Continue with **Getting Connected** on the next page.

Getting Connected

The installation places a Zoom **Wireless-G PC Card** icon on your desktop:
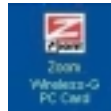
1 Double-click this icon to open the **Wireless-G PC Card** configuration software:

In the **Profile** text box, the term "ANY" indicates that the adapter has identified the strongest wireless network signal in your vicinity – in your office building, for example, or in a public space such as a cafe or airport.

2 Select the **Site Survey** tab to see a list of wireless networks within range:

There are two types of wireless networks: *Infrastructure* and *Ad Hoc.*

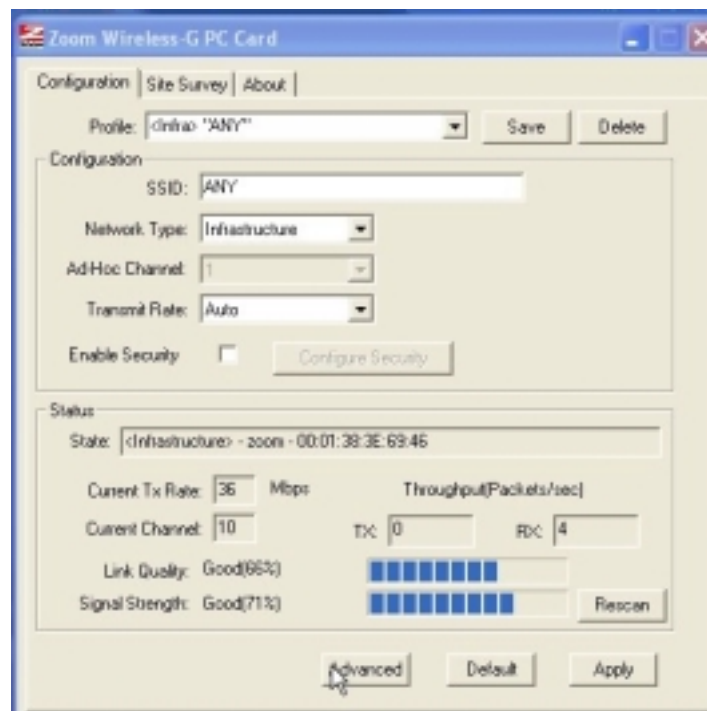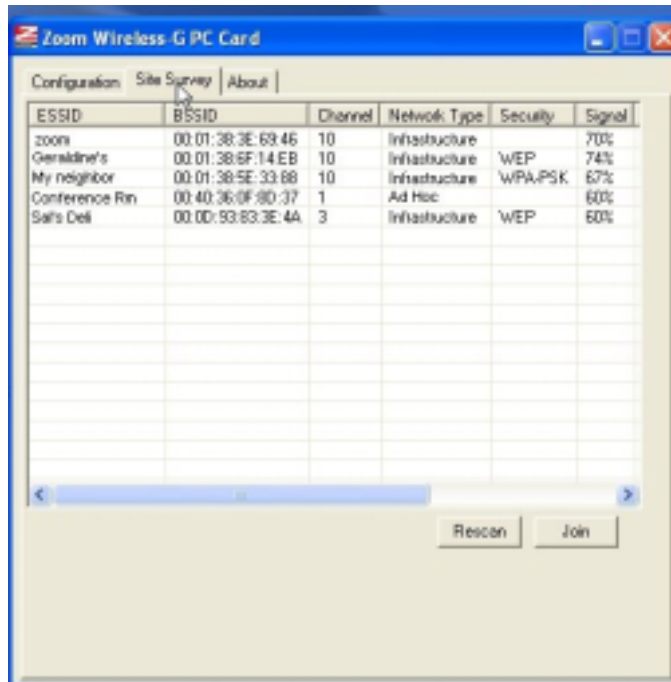- In an **Infrastructure** network, wireless devices communicate with each other via a wireless access point, a router, or an ADSL modem with built-in wireless technology.

- In an **Ad Hoc** network, a group of wireless devices communicate directly with other "client" devices that are using wireless adapters. The network does not include a wireless access point.

Important: When you join an Ad Hoc network, you need to set up Static IP addressing. See **Appendix A: TCP/IP Settings** on page 34.

3 Highlight the network you want and click **Join**.

> ⓘ If the network you select has security configured, you must enable and configure security on your computer before you can connect. See Chapter 2, **Setting Security** on page 13.

4 Your laptop should now be connected to the network, as long as your security settings match those of the access point and other network users. To check your connection, open your Web browser and go to your favorite site.

If you have difficulty accessing the Internet, follow the suggestions in your browser's "Page cannot be displayed" message. You may need to adjust your LAN settings.

As you work online, you can monitor your connection easily using the **Link Status** icon that appears in the right corner of the taskbar when you open the Wireless-G PC Card utility:

The icon's color indicates the link status:

 Blue indicates an excellent or good link.

 Yellow indicates a usable but weak link.

 Red indicates no link or a very poor link.

The Adapter LEDs

The states of the LEDs on the Wireless-G PC Card adapter are explained below.

| LED	Status	Meaning
LINK	Flashing	Adapter is attempting to connect to a wireless network.
	Steady	Adapter is connected to a network.
ACT (Activity)	Flashing	Adapter is transmitting or receiving data.

2

Setting Security

We strongly recommend security, although you do not need to use it to get your wireless connection working.

Important! You must first enable security on the the wireless access point. You then enable security on the adapter using the same configuration that you used for the access point. For example, if the wireless access point is configured for WPA2-PSK, you must select WPA2-PSK security in the Wireless-G PC Card configuration software and enter the same encryption key.

Select one of five ways to configure and implement security for your wireless network:
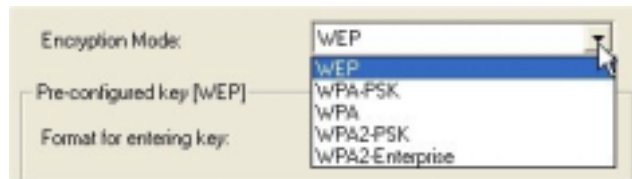
- **WPA2-PSK** (**W**iFi ® **P**rotected **A**ccess **2 P**re-**S**hared **K**ey) is the recommended option if it is supported by the access point and the devices in your network. WPA2-PSK protects your communications with AES (**A**dvanced **E**ncryption **S**tandard). Some access points permit a "mixed mode" network composed of both WPA and WPA2 wireless clients.

  WPA2-PSK requires you to enter an encryption key shared by the access point.

- **WPA PSK** (**W**iFi ® **P**rotected **A**ccess **P**re-**S**hared **K**ey) If the devices in your network do not all support WPA2-PSK, select WPA-PSK. WPA-PSK protects your communications with TKIP (**T**emporal **K**ey **I**ntegrity **P**rotocol).

This option requires you to enter an encryption key shared by the access point.

- **WEP** (**W**ired **E**quivalent **P**rivacy)
  If the devices in your network do not support WPA2-PSK or WPA-PSK, select **WEP** data encryption.

  This method requires you to enter an encryption key. The keys can be 64 or 128 bits in length.

- **WPA2-Enterprise**
  If you are linking to a network that accesses a RADIUS (**R**emote **A**uthentication **D**ial-**I**n **U**ser **S**ervice) authentication server, and if the devices in the network support WPA2, select WPA2-Enterprise. This option provides security with AES (**A**dvanced **E**ncryption **S**tandard). AES has a key size of 128, 192, or 256-bits. In order for eavesdroppers to decipher a message, they would have to try every possible key.

- **WPA** is an option for users who access a RADIUS (**R**emote **A**uthentication **D**ial-**I**n **U**ser **S**ervice) authentication server that does not support WPA2. WPA provides security with TKIP (**T**emporal **K**ey **I**ntegrity **P**rotocol), which dynamically changes keys as the system is used.

Accessing the Security Screen

1 On your desktop, double-click the **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card** icon:
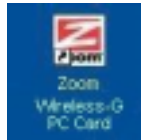
2 The **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card** configuration software opens to display the configuration parameters:
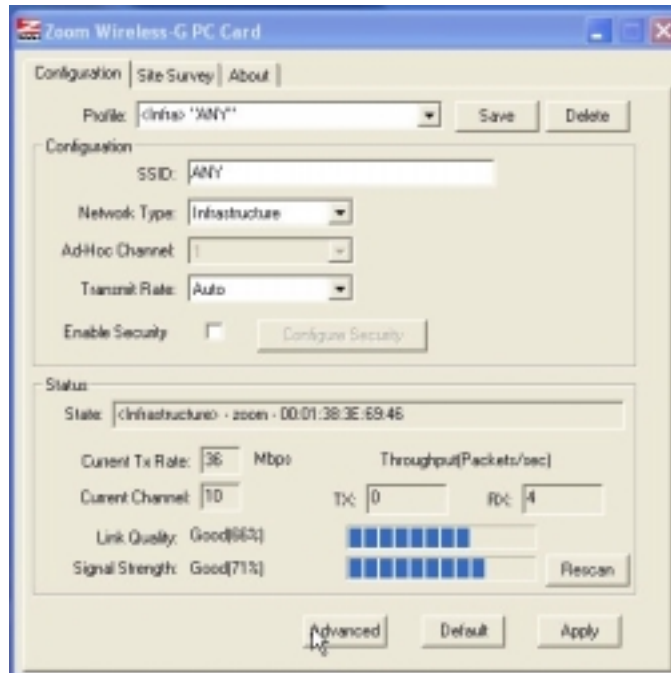
3 Make sure that the desired wireless network is displayed in the **Profile** and **SSID** text boxes (the term **<Infra>** designates an Infrastructure network) and that the **Network Type** is correct. (For the differences between Infrastructure and Ad Hoc networks, see page 10.)

4 Select the **Enable Security** check box to open the **Security Configuration** window. For Step 5, consult the table below:

To configure	Go to page
WPA2-PSK	16
WPA-PSK	17
WEP	17
WPA2-Enterprise	20
WPA	23

WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

5 In the **Security Configuration** window, click the **Encryption Mode** drop-down arrow and select **WPA2-PSK**.
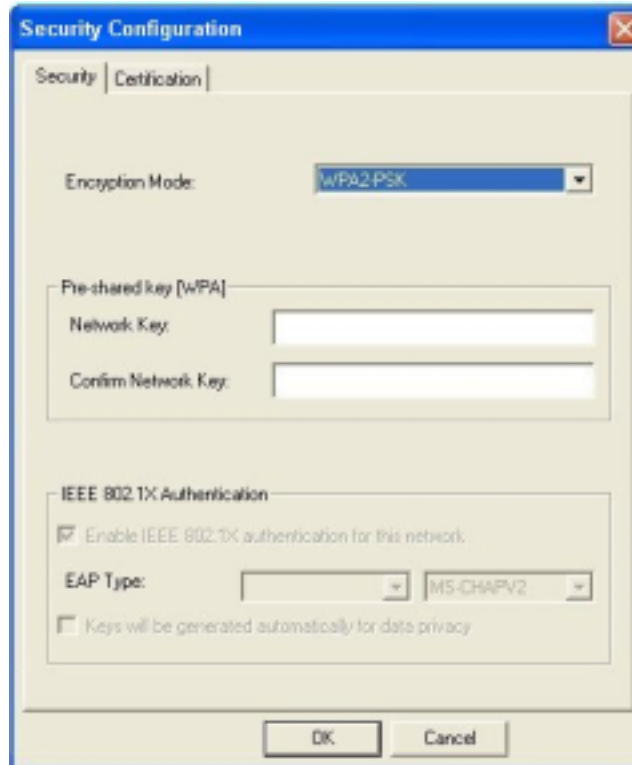
6 In the **Pre-shared key [WPA]** area, enter the same network key that is used on the wireless access point. We advise you to enter a key with a minimum of 20 random characters.

7 Click **OK** to save your settings and return to the **Configuration** tab.

8 On the **Configuration** tab, click **Apply**.

9 Click the **Close** box to exit the configuration software.

That's it! You have configured WPA2-PSK security for your wireless connection, and you're ready to use the Internet.

WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

If not all of the wireless devices in your network support the recommended WPA2-PSK, select WPA-PSK.

5 In the **Security Configuration** window, click the **Encryption Mode** drop-down arrow and select **WPA-PSK**.

6 In the **Pre-shared key [WPA]** area, enter the same network key that is used on the wireless access point. We advise a key with a minimum of 20 random characters.

7 Click **OK** to save your settings and return to the **Configuration** tab.

8 On the **Configuration** tab, click **Apply**.

9 Click the **Close** box to exit the configuration software.

That's it! You have configured WPA-PSK security for your
wireless connection, and you're ready to use the Internet.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)

5 In the **Security Configuration** window, click the **Encryption Mode** drop-down arrow and select **WEP**:
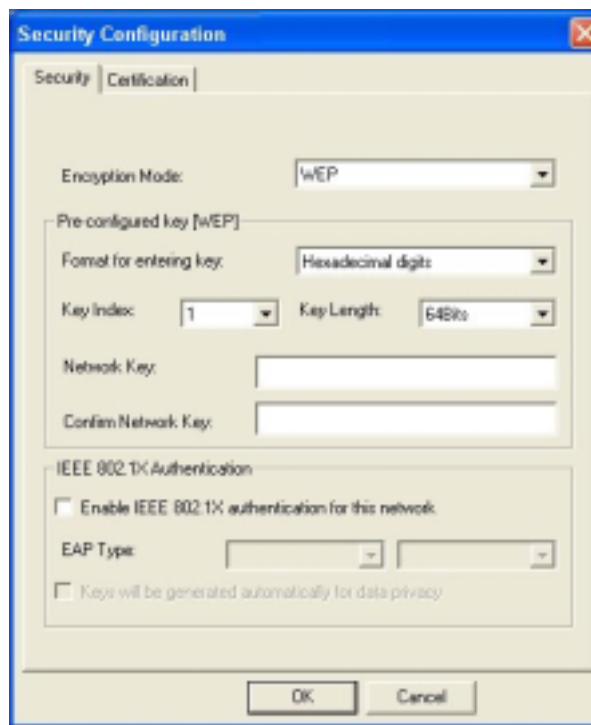
6   In the **Preconfigured key [WEP]** area**,** do the following:

a   In the **Format for entering key** drop-down list, select

- **ASCII characters** if your network uses all Zoom wireless products

- **Hexadecimal digits** if an access point, router, or some adapters are not Zoom products

b   In the **Key Length** drop-down list, select **128 bits** or **64 bits**.

Note: 128-bit WEP provides more security than 64-bit, but 128-bit could diminish network performance.

c   In the **Key Index** drop-down list, if you are using a 64-bit key, select which of four keys – 1, 2, 3, or 4 – will be used to encrypt the data. The key you select must be the same one that is selected on the access point. We recommend that you use Key 1.

128-bit WEP uses just a single key.

d   In the **Network Key** text box, enter a key using the table below as a guide.

The key must be the same for all the devices on your network.

If you selected key type…	Enter <u>exactly</u>…
Hexadecimal digits – 128 bits	26 characters A–F, a–f and 0–9. For example, 00112233445566778899AABBCC.
Hexadecimal digits – 64 bits	10 characters. The characters can be A-F, a-f, and 0-9. For example, 11AA22BB33.
ASCII – 128-bits	13 characters. The characters can be any upper- or lower-case letters and numbers. For example: MyKey12345678.
ASCII – 64 bits	5 characters. The characters can be any upper- or lower-case letters and numbers. For example, MyKey.

7   Re-enter the key in the **Confirm Network Key** text box.

8 Click **OK** to save your settings and return to the **Configuration** tab.

9 On the **Configuration** tab, click **Apply**.

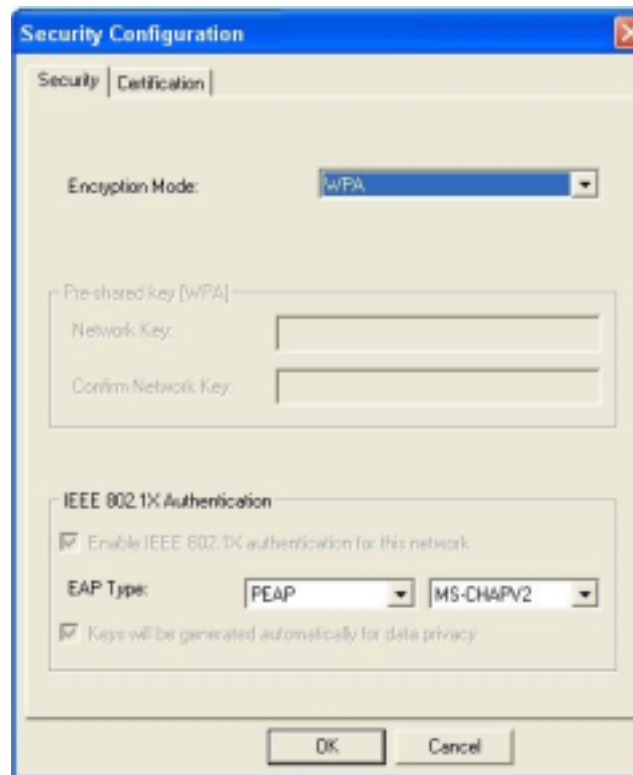10 Click the **Close** box to exit the configuration software.

That's it! You have configured WEP security for your wireless connection, and you're ready to use the Internet.

WPA2-Enterprise
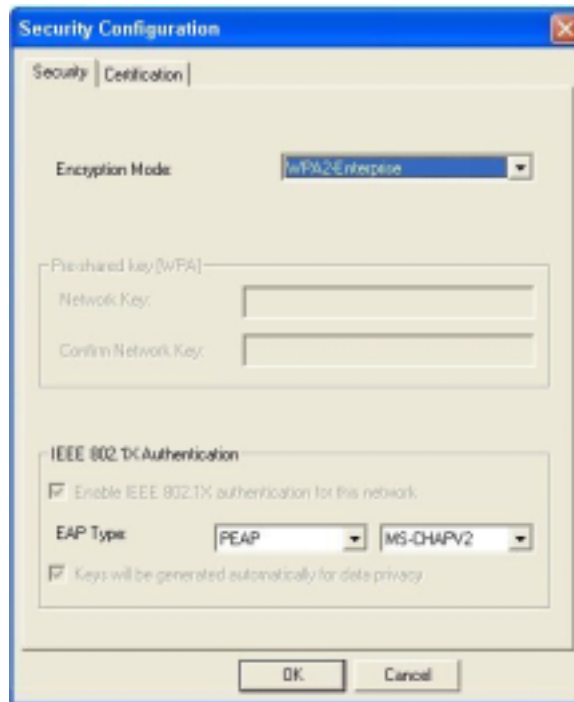
Select WPA2-Enterprise if

- you are linking to a corporate network that uses a RADIUS (**R**emote **A**uthentication **D**ial-**I**n **U**ser **S**ervice) authentication server

- all of the devices in the network support WPA2, or your access point offers both WPA2 and WPA.

5   In the **Security Configuration** window, click the **Encryption Mode** drop-down arrow and select **WPA2-Enterprise**.

6   In the **IEEE 802.1X Authentication** area, note that the check box marked **Enable IEEE 802.1X authentication for this network** is selected. With IEEE 802.1X authentication, each wireless device (client) sends a signal to the wireless access point, which in turn sends the signal to the RADIUS server. The server determines whether or not the client is allowed to join the network.

7   Click the **EAP** (**E**xtensible **A**uthentication **P**rotocol) **Type** drop-down list and select an authentication protocol:

- **PEAP** (**P**rotected **E**xtensible **A**uthentication **P**rotocol – the (default). With PEAP, you can select from three authentication extensions:

  > **MS-CHAPV2.** Microsoft's version of CHAP (Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol (default)

  > **GTC**

  > **TLS/SmartCard**

- **TLS** (**T**ransport **L**ayer **S**ecurity). There are no authentication extension options with TLS.

- **TTLS** (**T**unneled **T**ransport **L**ayer **S**ecurity). With TTLS, you can select from four authentication extensions:

> **PAP** (**P**assword **A**uthentication **P**rotocol)
>
> **CHAP** (**C**hallenge **H**andshake **A**uthentication **P**rotocol)
>
> **MS-CHAP** (Microsoft's version of CHAP).
>
> **MS-CHAPV2** (the default).

8   Click the **Certification** tab and enter the required information (see page 25).

9   Click **OK** to save your settings and return to the **Configuration** tab.

10   On the **Configuration** tab, click **Apply.**

11   Click the **Close** box to exit the configuration software.

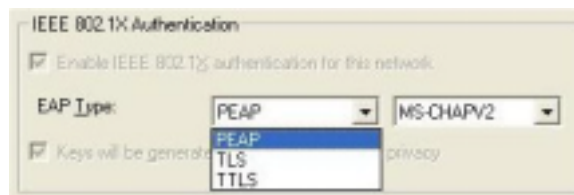That's it! You have configured WPA2-Enterprise security for your wireless connection, and you're ready to use the Internet.

WPA

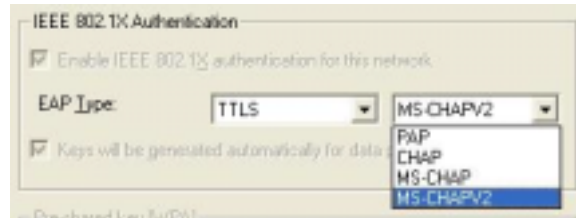Select WPA if you are linking to a corporate network that uses a RADIUS (**R**emote **A**uthentication **D**ial-**I**n **U**ser **S**ervice) server that does not support WPA2.

5 In the **Security Configuration** window, click the **Encryption Mode** drop-down arrow and select **WPA**.

6 In the **IEEE 802.1X Authentication** area, note that the check box marked **Enable IEEE 802.1X authentication for this network** is selected. With IEEE 802.1X authentication, each wireless device (client) sends a signal to the wireless access point, which in turn sends the signal to the RADIUS server. The server determines whether or not the client is allowed to join the network.

7 Click the **EAP** (**E**xtensible **A**uthentication **P**rotocol) **Type** drop-down list and select an authentication protocol:

- **PEAP** (**P**rotected **E**xtensible **A**uthentication **P**rotocol – the default). With PEAP, you can select from three authentication extensions:

    MS-CHAPV2 (the default). This is Microsoft's version of CHAP (Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol.

    GTC

    TLS/SmartCard

- **TLS** (**T**ransport **L**ayer **S**ecurity). There are no authentication extension options with TLS.

- **TTLS** (**T**unneled **T**ransport **L**ayer **S**ecurity). With TTLS, you can select from four authentication extensions:
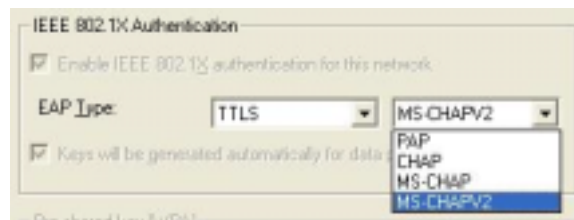
    PAP (**P**assword **A**uthentication **P**rotocol), the most basic form of authentication.

    CHAP (**C**hallenge **H**andshake **A**uthentication **P**rotocol)

    MS-CHAP (Microsoft's version of CHAP).

    MS-CHAPV2

8 Click the **Certification** tab and enter the required information (see page 25).

9   Click **OK** to save your settings and return to the **Configuration** tab.

10   On the **Configuration** tab, click **Apply**.

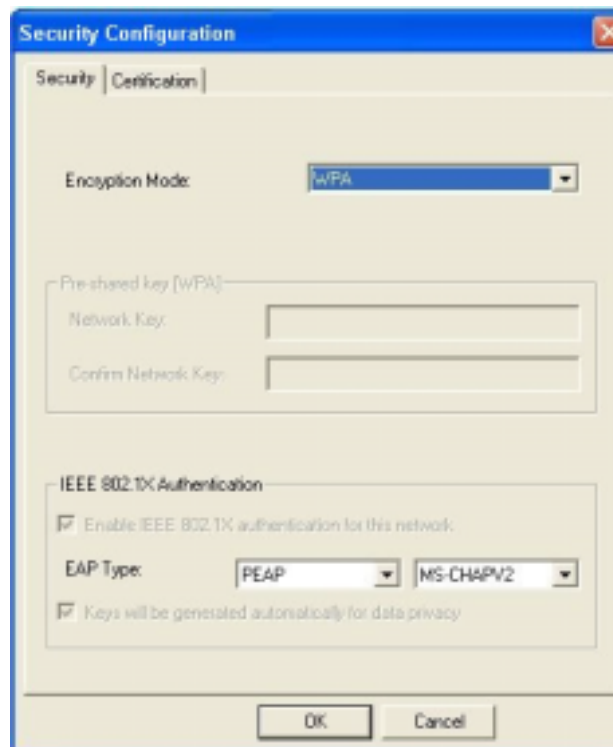11   Click the **Close** box to exit the configuration software.

That's it! You have configured WPA security for your wireless connection, and you're ready to use the Internet.

Certificate (WPA2-Enterprise and WPA)
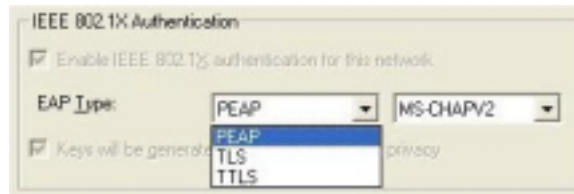
A certificate is issued to a wireless network user by a Certificate Authority – often the corporate network administrator – to confirm the user's identity, thereby maintaining network security.

If you are linking to a corporate network that uses an authentication server and you have configured WPA2 Enterprise or WPA security, your MIS staff will assist you in completing the Certification information.
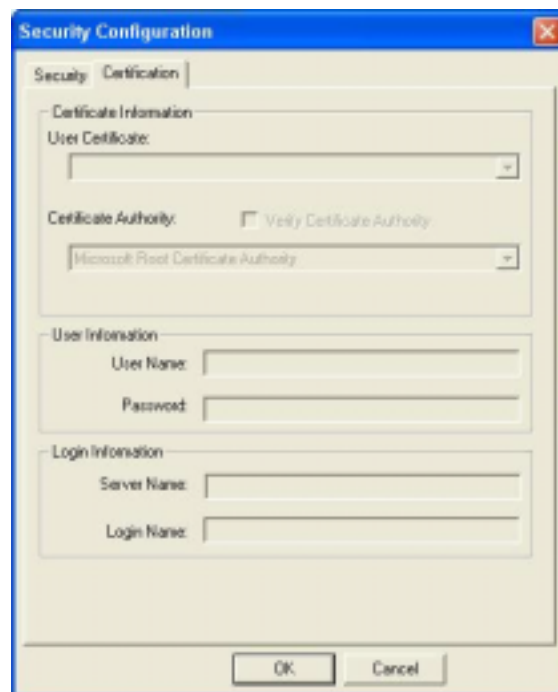
Changing your Security Setting

If the type of security on your wireless network changes, you need to modify your security settings.

On the **Configuration** tab, click the **Configure Security** button to select a different security option and enter the required information.

3

Advanced Options

*The **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card** utility provides options so you can create profiles, monitor the signal strength of your network connection, scan available networks, and specify advanced settings. This chapter tells you when and how to use each of these options.*

Creating Profiles

A profile is a collection of settings needed for a particular wireless connection. If you plan to use more than one network, you can create a profile for each one and then switch to its profile when you want to connect to that particular network.

For example, you may want to set up profiles for a work network and a home network, each of which has different configuration settings. By creating two profiles, you can store the settings for each network and then switch quickly and easily from one network to the other by selecting the appropriate profile.

1 On your desktop, double-click the Zoom **Wireless-G PC Card** icon.
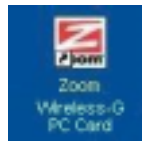
2 On the **Configuration** tab, in the **Profile** text box, enter a name for the profile you want to create.

For example, let's say you have a small home network to which you want to be able to switch quickly when you arrive home. Give the profile the name "Home":
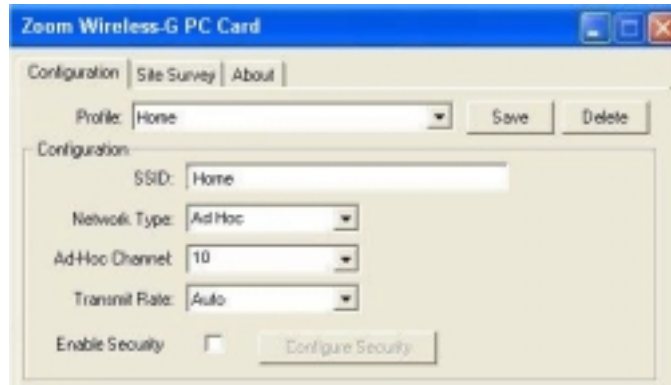
3 In the Configuration area, enter the following settings:

- **SSID** – Enter the network name. In the example above, the SSID is **Home**.

- **Network Type** – From the drop-down list, select **Ad Hoc.**

- **Ad Hoc channel** – From the drop-down list, select the channel used by the other device(s) in the network. If you are setting up the first computer in the network, select a channel.

  Also, to avoid interference, it is desirable to have a 5-channel difference between your channel and the channel being used by another network within range. Click **Site Survey**, then **Rescan** to check the channel settings of other networks within range.

  If you are unsure of which channel to use, select the default, Channel 6.

- **Transmit Rate** – Select **Auto** to allow your device to adjust automatically in the case of interference or a weak connection. If you want to specify a fixed speed, choose one from the drop-down list. Most people should select **Auto**.

- **Enable Security** – Select this check box to open the
  Security Configuration window. Note: If you are setting
  up an ad hoc network, as in this example, only WEP
  security is available to you.
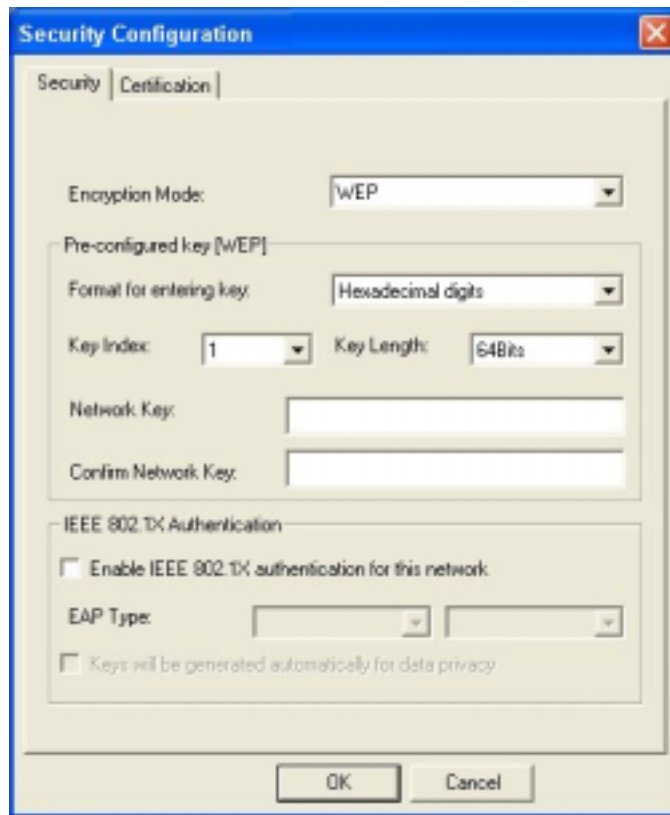
After you enter your security settings, click **OK** to return
to the **Configuration** tab.

4 In the **Configuration** area, click the **Apply** button to save
the settings.

5 Click the **Save** button to save the Profile.

Monitoring Link Status

The **Status** area on the **Configuration** tab displays information about your wireless connection:
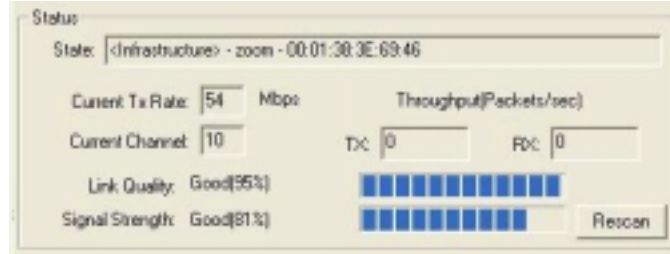
- **State**: (Infrastructure only) The name and the MAC address of the wireless access point to which your computer is connected.
- **Current Tx** (Transmission) **Rate**: Highest transmission speed in **M**ega**b**ytes **p**er **s**econd of the last received packet.
- **Current Channel**: The Wi-Fi frequency channel.
- **Throughput (Packets/sec)**: TX = number of packets transmitted per second without errors. RX = number of packets received per second without errors.

- **Link Quality** (Infrastructure only): The transmission quality of the last received packet.
  80 – 100% = Excellent
  60 – 80% = Good
  40 – 60% = Fair
  Under 40% = Poor or no connection
- **Signal Strength** (Infrastructure only): The transmission signal strength of the last received packet, expressed as a percent of maximum allowable power.
  80 – 100% = Excellent
  60 – 80% = Good
  40 – 60% = Fair
  Under 40% = Poor or no signal strength

Using Site Survey and Rescan

Use the **Site Survey** window and the **Rescan** button when you need to do any of the following:

- Find a list of network names (ESSIDs) so you can connect to a network

- Identify the MAC address (BSSID) of your wireless access point or wireless router

- Check the channel difference between your network and other networks within range

- Check the network type (infrastructure or ad hoc) of your network

- Verify whether security is enabled for your network

To use this window, click the **Site Survey** tab, then click the **Rescan** button to refresh the list.
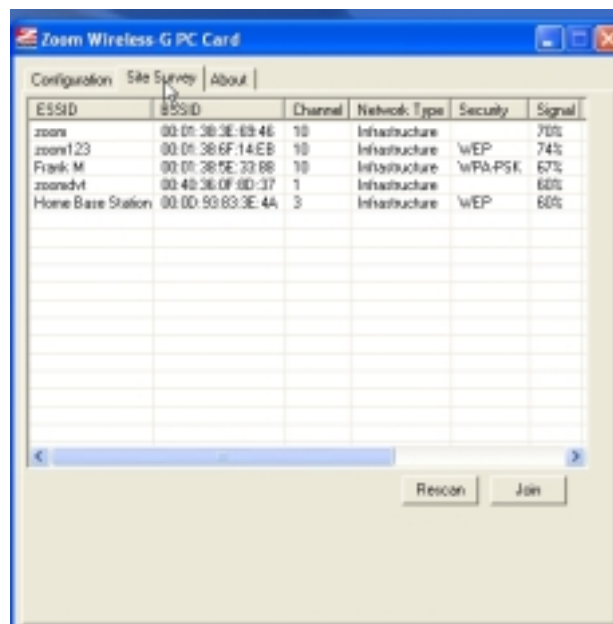
The information displayed on the **Site Survey** tab is as follows:

- **ESSID** (**E**xtended **S**ervice **S**et **Id**entifier): An Extended Service Set consists of two or more Basic Service Sets (see below). An ESSID, also known as an SSID or Network Name, is chosen by the person who sets up the network. The ESSID is a code attached to all packets sent over an infrastructure wireless network. The code can contain up to 32 alphanumeric characters. All devices in the network must share the same ESSID.

- **BSSID** (**B**asic **S**ervice **S**et **Id**entifier): A Basic Service Set consists of a wireless access point connected to wired network and a set of wireless devices. In an infrastructure network, the BSSID is the MAC address of the wireless router or wireless access point. In an ad hoc network, the BSSID is the MAC address of the first computer in the network to be powered up.

- **Channel**: The Wi-Fi frequency channel.

- **Network Type**: Infrastructure or Ad Hoc (see page 10).

- **Security**: The type of security configured for the network.

- **Signal**: The strength and quality of your transmissions.

- **Supported rates** (data transfer speeds): In networks using older (802.11b) equipment, the maximum data rate is typically 11Mb/s, while in networks using 802.11g equipment the maximum rate is 54Mb/s. In networks that include both new and older equipment, the maximum rate is 18. The rates depend on signal strength and quality.

Advanced Configuration

To access this window, click the **Advanced** button on the **Configuration** tab.
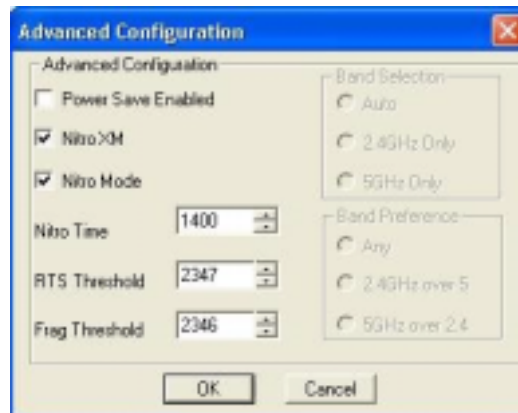
- **Power Save Enabled**: When you select this option, the Wireless-G PC Card adapter immediately signals the access point that it is in Power Save mode. The access point buffers all packets until it is polled by the adapter.
  Note: The access point you use must also support Power Save.

- **Nitro XM**: Selected by default. This technology lets devices communicate directly with each other while they remain linked to a Nitro XM-enabled access point. Nitro XM enables data compression and can significantly enhance data transfer speed.

- **Nitro Mode**: Selected by default. Provides special protocol enhancements to improve the throughput of your wireless connection.

- **RTS** (**R**equest **T**o **S**end) **Threshold**: This is a mechanism designed to ensure that all devices in a network can send data to the access point. If some laptops are having trouble communicating, enter the maximum packet size of data to be sent – 0 to 1500 is recommended. If the packet size exceeds the value you set, RTS will be activated. The default is **Disabled** (2347).

- **Frag** (Data fragmentation) **Threshold:** If your adapter often transmits large files, you can set a limit on packet size. If the limit is exceeded, the adapter will split the packet. The default is **Disabled** (2346).

Appendix A

TCP/IP Settings

By default, Windows is set for dynamic addressing (DHCP). Generally, this is the correct setting for an Infrastructure network, but needs to be changed if you are using an Ad Hoc network. (Note: Use our instructions as a basic guide. Advanced users will know other ways to set up their networks.)

Please go to the section that corresponds to your Windows operating system.

Windows XP

1 Follow these steps to open the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog box.

   a From the desktop, click the **Start** button, select **Control Panel**, and then click **Network Connections**.

   b Right-click the **Wireless Network Connection** icon, and select **Properties**.

   c In the **Wireless Network Connection Properties** dialog box, select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** from the list, and click the **Properties** button.

   d If you have an ad hoc network, continue with step 2a. If you have an infrastructure network, continue with step 3a. If you're not sure what kind of network you have, refer to page 10.

2 For Ad Hoc Networks: Complete the following to set static IP addressing:

   a Ensure that **Obtain an IP address automatically** is <u>not</u> selected. Then select the buttons labeled: **Use the following IP address** and **Use the following DNS server addresses**.

b   If this is the first computer to be set up in the ad hoc network, enter **10.0.0.5** for an **IP address**. If you are adding it to an existing ad hoc network, increment the last digit by one, for example, **10.0.0.6**, **10.0.0.7**

c   Enter **255.255.255.0** for **Subnet mask**. The **Subnet mask** should be the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

d   Enter **10.0.0.5** for **Default gateway** and **Preferred DNS server**. (This is the IP address of the first computer that was set up in your ad hoc network.) The **Default Gateway** and **Preferred DNS server** should be the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

e   Click **OK** twice.

That's it! You have set static IP addressing for a Windows XP computer in an ad hoc network.

3   For Infrastructure Networks: To verify your DHCP settings, complete the following:

a   Ensure that **Obtain an IP address automatically** is selected.

b   Ensure that either **Obtain a DNS server address automatically** or **Enable DNS** is selected. All text boxes for static IP addressing should be blank.

c   Click **OK** twice to exit.

That's it! You have verified your DHCP settings for a Windows XP computer in an infrastructure network.

Windows 2000

1 Follow these steps to open the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog box.

   a From the desktop, click the **Start** button, point to **Settings**, then click **Network and Dial-up Connections**.

   b Right-click the **Local Area Connection** icon, and select **Properties**.

   c In the **Properties** dialog box, in the **Connect Using** box, make sure the **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card adapter** is displayed.

   From the **Components** list, select **Internet Protocol** (**TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button.

   d If you have an ad hoc network, continue with step 2. If you have an infrastructure network, continue with step 3.

2 Complete the following steps to set static IP addressing:

   a In the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog box, ensure that **Obtain an IP address automatically** is not selected. Then make sure the buttons labeled **Use the following IP address** and **Use the following DNS server addresses** are selected.

   b If this is the first computer to be set up in the ad hoc network, enter **10.0.0.5** for **IP address**. If you are adding it to an existing ad hoc network, increment the last digit by one, for example, **10.0.0.6**, **10.0.0.7**

   c Enter **255.255.255.0** for **Subnet mask**. The **Subnet mask** remains the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

   d Enter **10.0.0.5** for **Default gateway** and **Preferred DNS server**. (This is the IP address of the first computer that was set up in your ad hoc network.) The **Default Gateway** and **Preferred DNS server** should be the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

---

e   Click **OK** twice.

That's it! You have set static IP addressing for a Windows 2000 computer in an ad hoc network.

3   For Infrastructure Networks: To verify your DHCP settings, complete the following:

a   Ensure that **Obtain an IP address automatically** is selected.

b   Ensure that either **Obtain a DNS server address automatically** or **Enable DNS** is selected. All text boxes for static IP addressing should be blank.

c   Click **OK** twice to exit.

That's it! You have verified the DHCP settings for your Windows 2000 computer in an infrastructure network.

Windows 98SE/Me

1   Follow these steps to open the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog box:

a   From the desktop, click the **Start** button, point to **Settings**, then click **Control Panel**.

b   In the **Control Panel** window, double-click the **Network** icon.

c   In the **Network** dialog box, select the **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card TCP/IP** from the list, click the **Properties** button and then click **OK**.

d   If you have an ad hoc network, continue with step 2a. If you have an infrastructure network, continue with step 3a.

2   Complete the following to set static IP addressing:

a   Ensure that **Obtain an IP address automatically** is not selected. Then click the **Specify an IP Address** button.

b If this is the first computer to be set up in the ad hoc network, enter **10.0.0.5** for **IP address**. If you are adding a computer to an existing ad hoc network, increment the last digit by one, for example, **10.0.0.6**, **10.0.0.7**

c Enter **255.255.255.0** for **Subnet mask**. The **Subnet mask** should be the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

d Click the **Gateway** tab and enter **10.0.0.5** for **Default Gateway**. (This is the IP address of the first computer that was set up in your ad hoc network.) The **Default Gateway** should be the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

e Enter **10.0.0.5** for **Preferred DNS server**. (This is the IP address of the first computer that was set up in your ad hoc network.) Click the **DNS Configuration** tab then click **Enable DNS**. Enter **10.0.0.5** for **Preferred DNS server**. The **Preferred DNS server** should be the same for each computer in your ad hoc network.

f Click **OK** twice.

That's it! You have set static IP addressing for a Windows 98SE/Me computer in an ad hoc network.

3 For Infrastructure Networks: To verify your DHCP settings, complete the following:

a Ensure that **Obtain an IP address automatically** is selected.

b Ensure that either **Obtain a DNS server address automatically** or **Enable DNS** is selected. All text boxes for static IP addressing should be blank.

c Click **OK** twice to exit.

That's it! You have verified the DHCP settings for your Windows 98SE/Me computer in an infrastructure network.

Appendix B

Troubleshooting

If your Zoom Wireless-G PC Card adapter is not working properly, try each of the following steps until you get it to work.

1 Make sure the adapter is firmly inserted into the laptop's PC card slot.

2 Turn the laptop off, then on, and then check to see if the adapter is working.

3 Make sure that the adapter is not physically damaged.

4 If possible, try installing the adapter on another laptop.

5 Run the **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card** utility. On the **Configuration** tab, make sure that the **SSID** and **Network Type** settings for the Wireless-G PC Card adapter are the same as these settings for the other wireless devices in your network.

   Then click the **Security** tab and check the security settings to make sure that the adapter has the same security settings as the other wireless devices in your wireless network. Make sure that your security key is the same – remember that the keys are case-sensitive.

6 Check your **TCP/IP** settings as described in **Appendix A** on page 34.

   - If you have an Infrastructure network, it's highly likely that you are using Dynamic Addressing (DHCP). In that case, make sure that your Zoom Wireless-G PC Card adapter's TCP/IP setting is **Obtain an IP Address Automatically**.

   - If you have an ad hoc network, make sure that your adapter's TCP/IP settings specify an IP address that's on the same subnet as the other devices in your ad hoc wireless network. For example, if the devices in your ad hoc network have IP addresses such as **10.0.0.1** through **10.0.0.8**, you could use the address **10.0.0.9**.

7 If the adapter still does not work, uninstall the software and then re-install it:

First, turn off your computer and unplug the adapter from the PC Card port. Then select **Start** – **All Programs** – **Zoom Wireless-G PC Card** – **Uninstall Zoom Wireless-G PC Card**. Follow the prompts to uninstall, then re-install the software (see page 5).

8 If the above solutions do not work, consult Technical Support. Please see **Appendix C: Zoom Technical Support Services** on page 41.

Appendix C

Zoom Technical Support Services

Zoom has a variety of technical support services available to our customers. We strive to provide convenient, professional support responsive to our customers' needs and capabilities. If you find yourself unable to get your Zoom product to operate, and you have thoroughly reviewed your owner's manual and all relevant documentation, please feel free to contact us for help.

For your records, and to facilitate Technical Support from either your equipment supplier or Zoom, please record the following information when you receive your Zoom product.

Product Information

Product Name

_____

Product Model Number

_____

Product Serial Number

_____

Date Installed

_____

The serial number is located on the bottom of the PC Card under the barcode. Please be sure to write the number down. This will greatly speed up your service and insure that the service representative is addressing the proper Zoom product.

Calls to Zoom's voice technical support staff are the most time consuming, and at times you may find it difficult to get through. We do not want you left on hold for long periods of time, so we limit the queue length. We recommend that you take the time to familiarize yourself with the other services described in this section before calling. Many questions can be answered more quickly using e-mail or our World Wide Web Home page.

World Wide Web

Zoom's Web page lets you send email for assistance, register on-line, access product reviews and descriptions, and do a whole lot more. Visit the Zoom Technical Support area for the latest Flash Files and Drivers for your Zoom Product. To access Zoom's Web page, please log onto your local Internet Service Provider, then go to the Web browser and select:
www.zoom.com

From Zoom's Homepage you can easily go to Technical Support or many other useful areas.

Smart Facts™ Q&A Search Engine (English Only)

Smart Facts™ is an automated intelligent database of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ's) about Zoom products. It allows you to search for solutions to your Technical Support questions, by product or via a powerful Keyword Search Engine. If you still cannot find a solution to your question, SmartFacts lets you access our Technicians via email for a personalized response. SmartFacts provides you with a way to track the history of your problem and to add or change the description without having to enter any information that was previously sent. SmartFacts can even contact you automatically if there is an update to your hardware or software that helps to address the question you had. You can access SmartFacts from **www.zoom.com/techsupport**

Contact Zoom by Email

You can email Zoom with any tech support questions you might have and one of our Technical Support Engineers will respond by email within 2 business days. You may request personal assistance via email at www.zoom.com/techmail. When emailing Zoom, be sure to include the following:

- Serial number of your adapter

- Your full name and address

- A detailed description of your problem

Contact Zoom by Phone

You can reach Technical Support by calling these numbers:

In the United States, call **(561) 241-4371**.

In the UK, call **0870 720 0090**.

From continental Europe, call **44 (0) 1252 580624**.

Return of Defective Units

Please contact your local distributor or reseller for Factory Authorized Repair or Replacement of your **In-Warranty Defective Product**. If you are unable to reach your distributor, you can contact the Zoom Factory Customer Service by calling:

US: (561) 241-7712

UK: 0870 720 0090

From continental Europe: 44 (0) 1252 580624

Please note that the customer is responsible for any charges (including brokerage or customs and duties) associated with shipping the defective unit to Zoom for repair. During the first year Zoom will pay return shipping to the customer by common carrier. After the first year the customer may be required to pay a shipping and handling fee. Any applicable customs, duties and brokerage charges to import the product are the responsibility of the customer. Zoom encourages all customers to return defective units to their respective reseller whenever possible.

Appendix D

Regulatory Information

U.S. FCC Part 15 Emissions Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

IEEE 802.11b or 802.11g operation of this product in the U.S.A. is firmware-limited to channels 1 through 11.

Industry Canada Emissions Statement

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1) this device may not cause interference and

2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Countries of Operation & Conditions of Use in the European Community

This device is intended to be operated in all countries of the European Community.

Requirements for indoor vs. outdoor operation, license requirements and allowed channels of operation apply in some countries as described below:

Note: The user must ensure that the channels of operation are in conformance with the spectrum usage rules for European Community countries as described below.

- This device will automatically limit the allowable channels, as determined by the setup program during installation, by examining the operating system's current country of operation. If the country of operation is not determined, the device will default to US settings. Use of the incorrect country of operation may result in operation not in accordance with local regulations, and may cause harmful interference to other systems. The user is obligated to ensure that the device is operating according to the channel limitations, indoor/outdoor restrictions and license requirements for each European Community country as described in this document. If configured incorrectly, you can contact technical support for instructions on changing the device's spectrum usage.

- This device may be operated indoors or outdoors in all countries of the European Community using the 2.4 GHz band: Channels 1 - 13, except where noted below.

    - In Italy the end-user must apply for a license from the national spectrum authority to operate this device outdoors.

    - In Belgium outdoor operation is only permitted using the 2.46 - 2.4835 GHz band: Channel 13.

    - In France outdoor operation is only permitted using the 2.4 - 2.454 GHz band: Channels 1 - 7.

Electrostatic Discharge Statement

The unit may require resetting after a severe electrostatic discharge event.

Declaration of Conformity

Declaration of Conformity	Overensstemmelseserklæring
Déclaration de conformité	Conformiteitsverklaring van de EU
Konformitätserklärung	Δήλωση Συμμόρφωσης
Dichiarazione di conformità	Deklaracja zgodności
Declaração de Conformidade	Declaración de conformidad
Konformitetsdeklaration	Cam kết về sự tuân thủ ở Châu Âu

Manufacturer/Producent/Fabrikant/ Constructeur/Hersteller/Κατασκευαστής/ Fabbricante/ Fabricante/Tillverkare/ Nhà sản xuất	**Zoom Technologies, Inc.** **207 South Street** **Boston, MA 02111 USA / 617-423-1072** **www.zoom.com**
Brand/Varemærke/Merk/Marque/Marke/ Μάρκα/Marchio/Marka/Marca/Thương hiệu	**Zoom Wireless-G PC Card Adapter**
Type/Typ/Μάρκα/Tipo/Kiểu mẫu	**Model 4412A**

The manufacturer declares under sole responsibility that this equipment is compliant to Directive 1999/5/EC via the following. This product is CE marked.

Producenten erklærer under eneansvar, at dette udstyr er i overensstemmelse med direktivet 1999/5/EC via følgende. Dette produkt er CE-mærket.

De fabrikant verklaart geheel onder eigen verantwoordelijkheid dat deze apparatuur voldoet aan Richtlijn 1999/5/ EC op grond van het onderstaande. Dit product is voorzien van de CE-markering.

Le constructeur déclare sous son entière responsabilité que ce matériel est conforme à la Directive 1999/5/EC via les documents ci-dessous. Ce produit a reçu le marquage CE.

Hiermit erklärt Zoom die Übereinstimmung des Gerätes modem mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Festlegungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EC. Dieses Produkt ist das gekennzeichnete CE.

Ο κατασκευαστής δηλώνει με αποκλειστική του ευθύνη ότι αυτό το προϊόν συμμορφώνεται με την Οδηγία 1999/5/EC μέσω των παρακάτω. Αυτό το προϊόν φέρει τη Σήμανση CE.

Il fornitore dichiara sotto la sola responsabilità che questa apparecchiatura è compliant a 1999/5/EC direttivo via quanto segue. Questo prodotto è CE contrassegnato.

Producent stwierdza że to urządzenie zostało wyprodukowane zgodnie z Dyrektywą 1999/5/EC. Jest to potwierdzone poprzez umieszczenie znaku CE na urządzeniu.

O fabricante declara sob sua exclusiva responsabilidade que este equipamento está em conformidade com a Directiva 1999/5/EC através do seguinte. Este produto possui Marcação CE.

El fabricante declara bajo su exclusiva responsabilidad que este equipo satisface la Directiva 1999/5/EC por medio de lo siguiente. Este producto tiene marca CE.

Nhà sản xuất cam kết với trách nhiệm của mình là thiết bị này tuân theo Hướng dẫn 1999/5/EC thông qua các mục sau. Sản phẩm này được đánh dấu là CE.

73/23/EEC – LVD	EN 60950-1:2001
89/336/EEC – EMC	EN 301 489-1, v1.4.1: 2002-08 EN 301 489-17, v1.2.1: 2002-08
1999/5/EC	EN 300 328, v1.6.1: 2004

CE

Andy Pollock
11 August, 2006
4412A/TF, Boston, MA, USA

Director, Hardware Engineering/Direktør, Hardware Engineering/Director, Sustaining Engineering /Directeur, Ingénierie de soutien/Direktør, Sustaining Engineering /Διευθυντής, Μηχανικής Διατήρησης /Direttore, Hardware Engineering /Dyrektor, Inżynieria ciągła/Director, Engenharia de Manutençã/Director, Ingeniería de apoyo/Giám Đốc Kỹ thuật Phần cứng

NOTICE

This document contains proprietary information protected by copyright, and this User's Guide and all the accompanying hardware, software, and documentation are copyrighted. No part of this document may be photocopied or reproduced by mechanical, electronic, or other means in any form.

The manufacturer does not warrant that the hardware will work properly in all environments and applications, and makes no warranty or representation, either expressed or implied, with respect to the quality, performance, merchantability, or fitness for a particular purpose of the software or documentation. The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes to the hardware, software, and documentation without obligation to notify any person or organization of the revision or change.

All brand and product names are the trademarks of their respective owners.

Wi-Fi® is a registered trademark of the Wi-Fi Alliance.

Microsoft® and Windows® are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.