

Cutler-Hammer Intelligent Technologies (IT) S811 Soft Starter Installation and Setup Guide

Introduction

The Cutler-Hammer® Intelligent Technologies (IT) Soft Starter from Eaton's electrical business is an electronic self-contained, panel or enclosure mounted motor soft starting device. It provides three-phase induction motors with a smooth start, both mechanically and electrically. The IT line of soft starters utilizes six SCRs connected in a full wave power bridge. The voltage and current applied to the motor is controlled by varying the SCR conduction period. This, in turn, controls the torque developed by the motor. After the motor reaches speed, a bypass contactor is energized to bypass the SCRs.

The IT Soft Starter is designed to fulfill the industrial service requirements of applications such as chiller starters, pump panels and machine tools.

The IT Soft Starter meets all relevant specifications set forth by ICS-1, ICS-2, ICS-5, UL 508, IEC 60947-4-2, CSA C22.2 No. 14 and CE.

This leaflet covers basic installation and setup. A copy of the IT S811 Soft Starter User Manual (Pub. No. MN03902002E) is downloadable at www.EatonElectrical.com or contact Eaton.

No publication can take into account every possible situation. If you require further assistance with any aspect of this product or a particular application, feel free to contact us.

QCPort Communications

QCPort is a protocol developed to provide communications between Eaton's Cutler-Hammer IT control products and does not need to be set up for basic local operation of the S811 Soft Starter. The RJ12 connectors (Chan 0, Chan 1) and the 8-position DIP switch located on the front cover relate to the QCPort communication setup. QCPort application and setup information *is not covered in this publication*. Contact your local Eaton representative or see the QCPort System Install Manual, Pub. No. MN05001002E for more information.

Inspection

General

Upon receipt of the unit, verify that the catalog number and unit options stated on the shipping container match those stated on the order/purchase form.

Inspect the equipment upon delivery. Report any carton damage to the carrier prior to accepting the delivery. Have this information noted on the freight bill. Eaton is not responsible for damage incurred in shipping.

Unpacking

Remove all packing material from the unit. Be sure to remove all packing material from lug location. Also, make sure no packing material is left behind that would block the airflow to the fan.

Check the unit for any signs of shipping damage. If damage to the product is found after unpacking, report it to the freight company. Retain the packing materials for the carrier to review.

Verify that the unit's catalog number and options match those stated on the order/purchase form.

Storage

It is recommended that the unit be stored in its original shipping box/crate until it is to be installed.

The unit should be stored in a location where:

- The ambient temperature is between -58°F and 158°F (-50°C and 70°C)
- The relative humidity is between 0% and 95%, non-condensing
- The environment is dry, clean, and non-corrosive
- The unit will not be subjected to high shock or vibration conditions

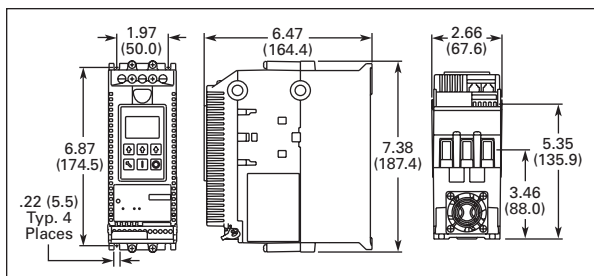


Figure 1: Model S811N (65 mm)

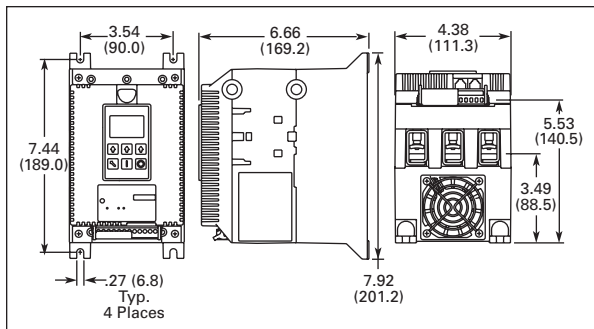


Figure 2: Model S811R (110 mm)

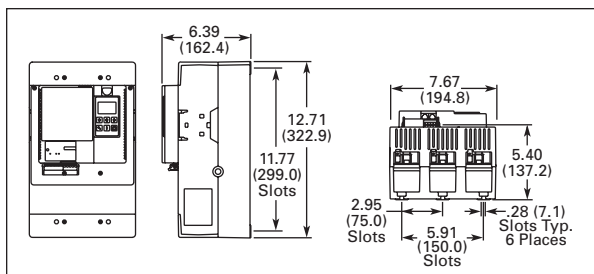


Figure 3: Model S811T (200 mm)

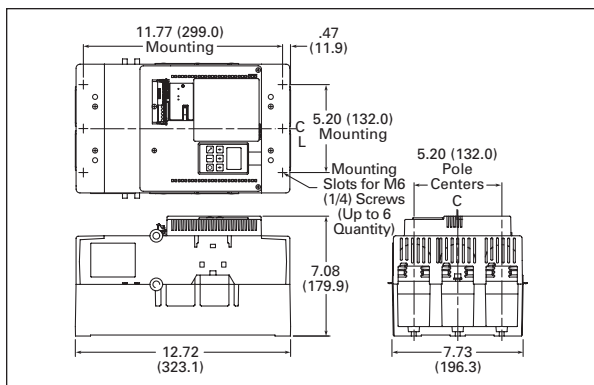


Figure 4: Model S811U (200 mm)

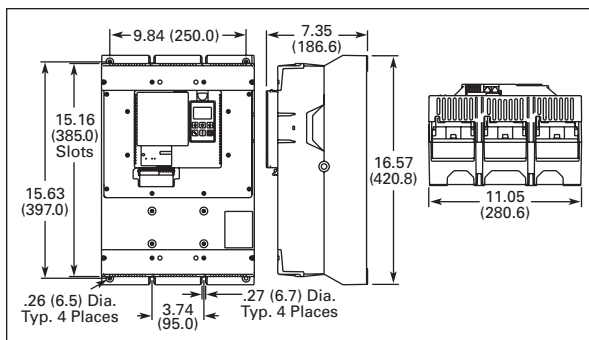


Figure 5: Model S811V (290 mm)

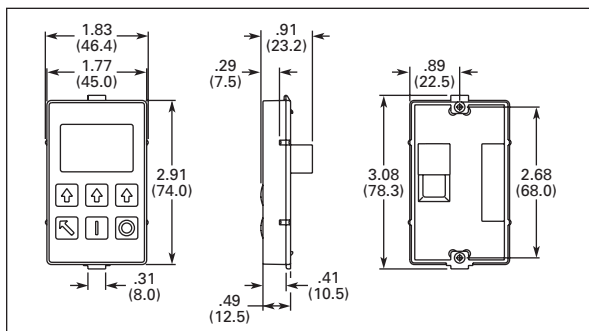


Figure 6: DIM Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)

Table 1: Mounting Hardware and Torque Specifications

Frame Size in. (mm)	Screw Size	Washer Size	Qty. Req.	Torque Req.	Weight of Unit in lb. (kg)
S811N					
2.55 (65)	#10 – 32 x 0.5	Standard #10 Lockwasher & Flat Washer	4	15 lb-in (1.7 Nm)	5.8 (2.6)
S811R					
4.33 (110)	1/4 – 20 x 0.625	Standard 1/4 in. Lockwasher & Flat Washer	4	25 lb-in (2.8 Nm)	10.5 (4.8)
S811T, S811U					
7.87 (200)	1/4 – 20 x 0.625	Standard 1/4 in. Lockwasher & Flat Washer	6	30 lb-in (3.4 Nm)	48 (21.8) ^①
S811V					
11.42 (290)	1/4 – 20 x 1.5 Grade 8 Allen head hex cap screws	Quantity: 4 ID: 0.270 OD: 0.495 — 0.505 Max. 0.055 Thick Quantity: 4 Special Washer	8	50 lb-in (5.6 Nm)	103 (46.8) ^②
Included with V Frame Units					

① Weight with lugs. Weight without lugs is 41 (18.6).

② Weight with lugs. Weight without lugs is 91 (41.4).

Table 2: Environmental Requirements

Operating Temperature Range	-40°F to 122°F (-40°C to 50°C) DIM LCD -4°F to 158°F (-20°C to 70°C)
Storage Temperature Range	-58°F to 158°F (-50°C to 70°C) DIM LCD -22°F to 176°F (-30°C to 80°C)
Elevation	Above 2000 meters consult factory
Humidity	Functional to 95% non-condensing
Operating Orientation	Any orientation in the vertical plane
Pollution Degree IEC 60947-1	3
Shock Resistance	15g in any direction
Vibration Resistance	3g in any direction

Mounting Instructions

The **IT** Soft Starter is easy to mount. It does not require any special tools.

To aid you with panel layout, refer to the dimension drawings shown in **Figures 1** through **5**. Drill and tap holes per mounting hole/slot locations as shown.

To mount the unit, use all the hardware specified in **Table 1** of this leaflet. Tighten to the torque specified.

Danger High Voltage

Hazardous voltage can cause electric shock and burns. To avoid shock hazard, disconnect all power to the controller, motor or other control devices before any work is performed on this equipment. Failure to do so will result in personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Do not apply a disconnect device on the output of the **IT** Soft Starter unless a means to turn off the soft starter when disconnect switch is open is utilized. Opening disconnect while the **IT** Soft Starter is operating may cause a malfunction. Closing disconnect switch while the **IT** Soft Starter is operating will result in a soft starter failure and potential equipment damage and personnel hazard.

Danger Haute Tension

Une tension électrique dangereuse peut causer des chocs électriques et des brûlures. Pour éviter des chocs électriques, débrancher l'alimentation du contrôleur, du moteur ou des autres appareils de contrôle avant d'y effectuer du travail. L'observation de ces instructions entraînera des blessures corporelles graves, la mort ou des dégâts matériels substantiels.

Ne pas appliquer un appareil de sectionnement sur la sortie du démarreur progressif **IT** à moins qu'un moyen d'éteindre le démarreur progressif quand l'interrupteur de sectionnement est ouvert soit utilisé. Le fait d'ouvrir l'interrupteur de sectionnement pendant le fonctionnement du démarreur progressif **IT** peut entraîner une défaillance. Le fait d'éteindre l'interrupteur de sectionnement pendant le fonctionnement du démarreur progressif **IT** entraînera la défaillance du démarreur progressif et des dégâts à l'équipement ou risque au personnel.

Peligro alto voltaje

Voltajes peligrosos que pueden causar descargas eléctricas y quemaduras. Para evitar descargas eléctricas, desconecte la alimentación del controlador, del motor u otros dispositivos de control antes de efectuar cualquier trabajo en el equipo. El incumplimiento de estas medidas ocasionará lesiones personales, la muerte o daños importantes al material.

No aplique un dispositivo de desconexión a la salida del arrancador **IT** Soft Starter a menos que se utilice un medio para apagar el arrancador cuando el interruptor de desconexión está abierto. La apertura del interruptor de desconexión mientras el arrancador **IT** está operando puede ocasionar un funcionamiento incorrecto. El cierre del interruptor de desconexión mientras el arrancador **IT** está operando producirá una falla de dicho arrancador, como también potenciales daños a los equipos y riesgo para el personal.

Power Wiring

Using the wiring diagrams in **Figures 7 – 10** and **Table 3** below as guides, connect the Line, Motor, and Power Supply wiring in accordance with appropriate local and national codes. For more detailed information and special applications refer to the **IT** S811 Soft Starter User Manual (Pub. No. MN03902002E).

Note: To provide optimum motor protection the Line and Motor power wiring should be tightly bundled and run perpendicular to the orientation of the S811.

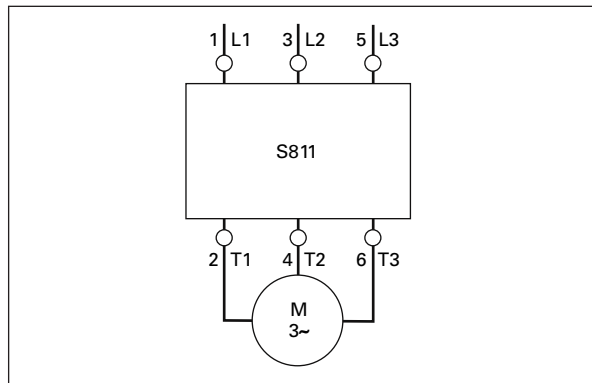


Figure 7: Line Connected Soft Starter Power Wiring Diagram

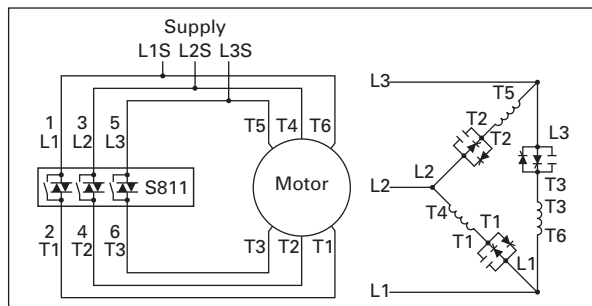


Figure 8: Inside-the-Delta Connected Soft Starter Power Wiring Diagram for a 6-Lead Motor

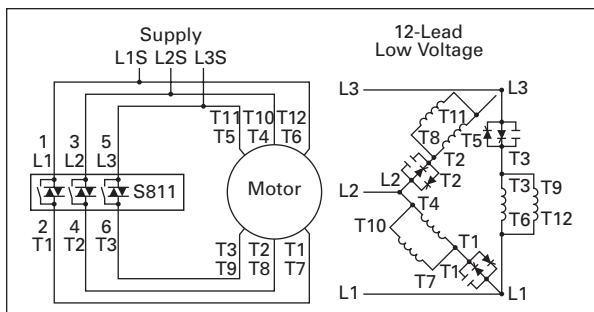


Figure 9: Inside-the-Delta Connected Soft Starter Power Wiring Diagram for a 12-Lead Low Voltage Motor

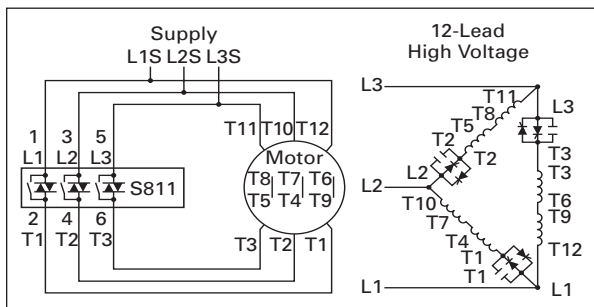


Figure 10: Inside-the-Delta Connected Soft Starter Power Wiring Diagram for a 12-Lead High Voltage Motor

Table 3: Power Wire Sizing and Torque Requirements

Number of Conductors	Lug Type	Wire Sizes Cu 75°C Only	Torque Requirements
Frame Size — N			
1	Box Lug	2 AWG	50 lb-in (5.6 Nm)
		4 – 6 AWG	45 lb-in (5.0 Nm)
		8 AWG	40 lb-in (4.5 Nm)
		10 – 14 AWG	35 lb-in (4.0 Nm)

Frame Size — R			
1	Box Lug	14 – 8 AWG (2.5 – 10 mm ²)	90 – 100 lb-in (10.1 – 11.3 Nm)
		6 – 4 AWG (16 – 25 mm ²)	
		3 – 3/0 AWG (27 – 95 mm ²)	

Frame Size — T (see Note)			
2	(2) EML22	4 – 1/0 MCM (21.2 – 53.5 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
1	(2) EML23	4/0 – 500 MCM ₂ (107 – 240 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
2 ②	(2) EML24	4/0 – 500 MCM ₂ (107 – 240 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
1	(2) EML25	2/0 – 300 MCM ₂ (70 – 150 mm ²)	225 lb-in (25.5 N•m)
2	(2) EML26	2/0 – 300 MCM ₂ (70 – 150 mm ²)	225 lb-in (25.5 N•m)

Frame Size — U (see Note)			
2	(2) EML24	4/0 – 500 MCM ₂ (107 – 240 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
	(2) EML26	2/0 – 300 MCM ₂ (70 – 150 mm ²)	225 lb-in (25.5 N•m)

Frame Size — V (see Note)			
2 ②	(2) EML28	4/0 – 500 MCM ₂ (107 – 240 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
4 ②	(2) EML30	4/0 – 500 MCM ₂ (107 – 240 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
6 ③②	(2) EML32	4/0 – 500 MCM ₂ (107 – 240 mm ²)	250 lb-in (28.3 N•m)
4	(2) EML33	2/0 – 300 MCM ₂ (70 – 150 mm ²)	225 lb-in (25.5 N•m)

① Requires special lug cover. Check with Eaton for availability.

② CSA approved 350 MCM – 500 MCM.

Note: For T, U and V frames, optional lug kits are shown (EML**) and may be required for your installation.

Control Wiring

Figures 11, 12 and 13 illustrate typical connection diagrams for the control circuit options described. In these diagrams the soft starter is represented by the removable wiring connector. All other items shown are not included but may be purchased from Eaton.

Control wiring is connected to the **17**. S811 Soft Starter by a 12-pin terminal block located at the front of the unit. Using the wiring diagrams in **Figures 11, 12 and 13** and **Tables 4 and 5** as guides, connect the control wiring as required for your application.

Table 4: S811 Terminal Block Control Wiring

Name	Terminal Block Designation (Pin)	Factory Default	Input	Connections
Circuit Common	-	—	Negative	Power supply connections: – Connect power supply negative to pin “-” and to system ground – Connect +24V DC output to pin “+” Note: To avoid voltage drop during bypass contactor inrush, a minimum of 14 AWG wire should be used between the power supply and the “+” and “-” inputs at the S811 terminal block.
Power	+	—	24V DC nominal (see 24V DC Power Supply Requirements section for sizing of power supply)	
Permissive	P	Hardwired STOP	24V DC only (maintained input)	Pin “P”, permissive, must be energized (+24V DC) to enable operation of the unit. If power is removed from the permissive circuit at any time, the unit will begin a STOP command. If a soft stop is selected, the soft stop will begin and run to time-out.
Input 1	1	START	24V DC only (momentary input)	Applying 24V DC to Input 1 while P is energized will initiate a START. As shipped from the factory this input is “level” sensitive.
Input 2	2	JOG	24V DC only (momentary input)	Input 2 is JOG. Applying 24V DC to this input while P is energized will initiate a JOG.
Input 3	3	HAND/AUTO	24V DC only Must be maintained for control from the terminal block	Input 3 is HAND. Hand must be energized to enable control (START/JOG) through the terminal block.
Input 4	4	Fault RESET	24V DC only	Input 4 is Fault RESET. Energizing this input will reset a fault only after the fault condition has been corrected.
Relay1 Form A NO Contact	13	Common	3 Amps, @ 230V AC/24V DC, 3 Amps, Max (Resistive) Switching	NO Form A contact: As shipped from the factory this programmable contact closes when the starter’s bypass contactor is energized. It will remain closed until a STOP is initiated. The motor may continue to run even after the STOP is initiated until the stop ramp has been completed.
	14	NO De-energized		
Form C Common	95	Common	Form C Common for 96 and 98	Form C contacts: As shipped from the factory these programmable contacts will change status when a Fault occurs.
Relay2 Form C NC Contact	96	NC De-energized	3 Amps, @ 230V AC/24V DC, 3 Amps, Max (Resistive) Switching	
Relay2 Form C NO Contact	98	NO De-energized	3 Amps, @ 230V AC/24V DC, 3 Amps, Max (Resistive) Switching	

Table 5: Terminal Block Specifications

Wire Size	Number of Conductors	Torque
22 – 14 AWG (0.33 – 2.5 mm ²)	2	3.5 lb-in (0.4 Nm)
12 AWG (4.0 mm ²)	1	3.5 lb-in (0.4 Nm)



12 Pin TB for Control Wiring

24V DC Power Supply Requirements

A 24V DC power supply for your S811 Soft Starter must meet the following requirements:

- Minimum steady state power: 25 watts
- Minimum bypass contactor inrush: 240 watts for 150 mS
- Maximum voltage: 30V DC
- Minimum voltage: 19.2V DC

It is recommended that one of the following Cutler-Hammer power supplies shown in **Table 6** be used.

Table 6: Power Supply Ratings

Catalog Number	Steady State Wattage	Surge Wattage	Input Voltage
PSS55A	55W	250W	115V AC
PSS55B	55W	250W	230V AC
PSS55C	55W	250W	360 – 480V AC

Protective Features

Table 7: S811 Protective Features ^①

Protective Feature	Setting	Factory Default	Parameter (Protections Menu)
Overload	32 – 100% ^②	32%	<i>Overld Trip FLA</i>
Trip Class	5, 10, 20 and 30	20	<i>Ovrlid Trip Class</i>
Overload	Enable, Disable ^③	Enabled	<i>Overload Fault</i>
Auto Reset	Manual, Auto	Manual	<i>Reset Mode</i>
Jam	Enable, Disable	Enabled	<i>Jam Fault</i>
Stall	Enable, Disable	Enabled	<i>Stall Fault</i>
Phase Loss	Enable, Disable	Enabled	<i>Phase Loss Fault</i>
Phase Reversal	Enable, Disable	Enabled, ABC	<i>Phase Rev Fault</i>
Phase Imbalance	Enable, Disable	Enabled	<i>Phase Imb Fault</i>
Undercurrent	1 – 100% FLA	6% FLA	<i>Lo I Trip % FLA</i>
Rated Voltage	115 – 690V	480V	—
Undervoltage	Enable, Disable 1 – 99% rated voltage ^④	Enabled, 90%	<i>Lo Volt Trip</i> <i>Lo Volt Level</i>
Overvoltage	Enable, Disable 101 – 120% rated voltage	Enabled, 110%	<i>Hi Volt Trip</i> <i>Hi Volt Level</i>

^① See S811 User Manual (Pub. No. MN03902002E) for a complete list of protective features.

^② Of rated current.

^③ Disabled until next power cycle.

^④ 80V AC fixed trip.

Programming the S811

A Digital Interface Module (DIM) is used to program all models of the **IT** S811 Soft Starter.

Using the DIM

Referring to **Figures 14** and **15** —

- The Status Bar at the top of the display indicates the operating and communicating status of the S811 and DIM.
- The three Soft Key Functions at the bottom of the display indicate the functions of the Soft Keys (pushbuttons) directly below them. The Soft Key Functions will change as you navigate through the different menus of the DIM.
- The center of the display shows the value of the selected S811 parameter. The default display at power-up is “3 ϕ Line Currents”.
- **Pages 14 – 21** show how the S811’s parameters are organized within the menu structure. Navigating through the menus down to the parameters is straightforward if you understand a few basic concepts.
 1. The Escape Key (ESC) moves you from the User Display to the Parameter Edit Screen.
 2. The PREV and NEXT soft keys (**Figure 15**) scroll from menu to menu (left and right).
 3. The far right soft key will allow you to take action (Enter, Edit, More, Send, ...) to “drill down” into the menu or parameter.
 4. When you enter a menu, the Previous and Next soft keys scroll from parameter to parameter (up and down) in that menu.
 5. The Escape Key backs you out of the current parameter or menu.

For further information on the operation, including access levels of the DIM, refer to the **IT** S811 Soft Starter User Manual (Pub. No. MN03902002E) available at the Eaton Electrical Web Site www.EatonElectrical.com.

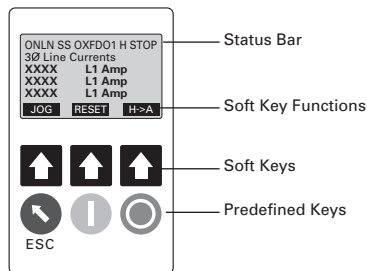


Figure 14: Digital Interface Module (DIM) — Display Mode

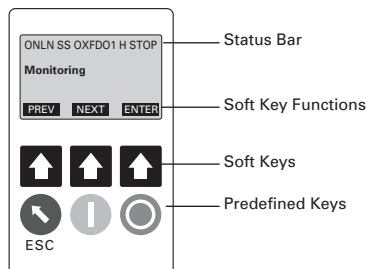


Figure 15: Digital Interface Module (DIM) — Parameter Edit Mode

Soft Starter Operating Modes

The **IT** S811 Soft Starter will start a motor and its load in one of two modes, Voltage Ramp or Current Limit. The mode is set by the *Start Method* parameter.

Voltage Ramp Start

Starting at an initial value set by the *Initial Torque* parameter, the voltage applied to the motor is gradually increased at a rate that will reach rated voltage at the time set by the *Soft Start Time* parameter. As the voltage increases, the motor develops torque that accelerates the load. When the S811 senses that the motor is up to speed, it quickly completes the voltage ramp and closes the bypass contactor.

It should be noted that a lightly loaded motor takes less torque, and thus lower voltage and time, to accelerate to full speed. For this case the S811 will go into bypass before the ramp reaches full voltage. In other words, the S811 may go into bypass before the *Soft Start Time* has elapsed.

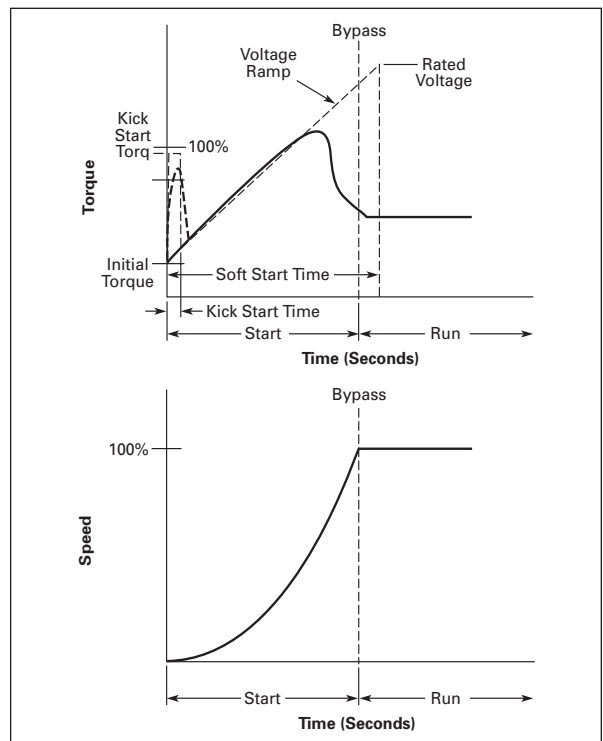


Figure 16: Ramp Start

Current Limit Start

During a Current Limit Start the S811 applies a constant voltage to the motor, resulting in limited current flowing through the motor’s windings. This mode is typically used when it is necessary to limit current during start due to line power limitations or other considerations. The level of current is set by the *Initial Torque* parameter.

Note: Current Limit Starts are not recommended on variable torque load applications such as fans and pumps.

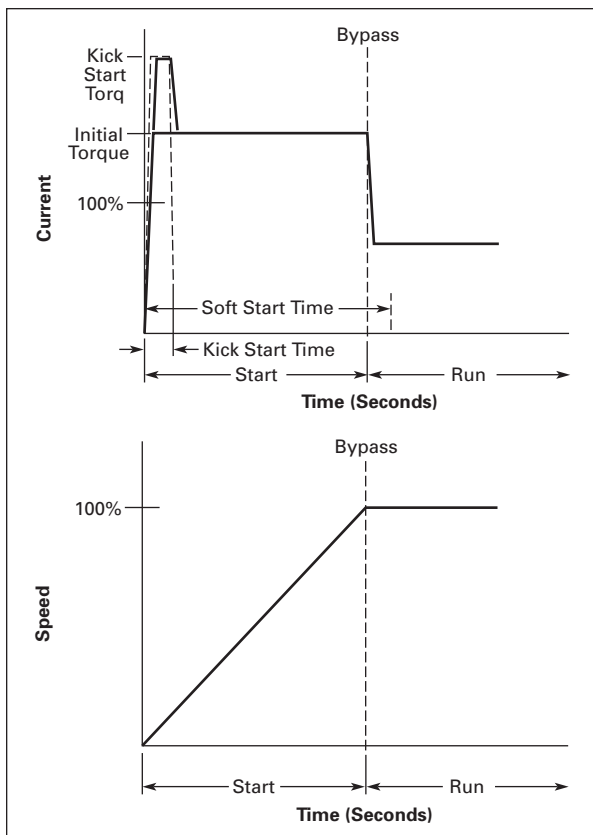


Figure 17: Current Limit Start

Kick Start — This feature provides an initial boost in torque to overcome the initial static friction in some applications. The level of torque boost is set by the *Kick Start Torq* parameter and the duration of the “kick” is set by the *Kick Start Time* parameter. Setting the *Kick Start Time* to 0 disables this feature.

Soft Stop — This feature is used for applications that require a controlled extended stop. It is designed for high frictional loads that tend to stop suddenly when voltage to the motor is removed.

Note: This function will not stop the motor any faster than it would normally take to coast to a stop under load.

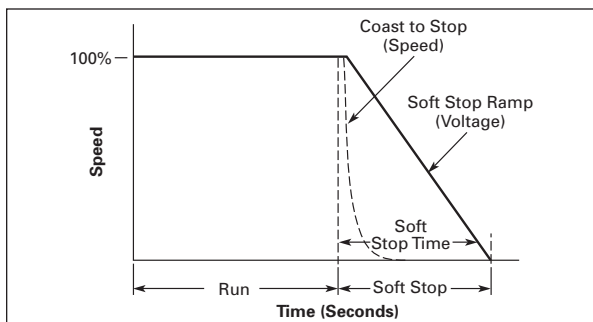


Figure 18: Soft Stop

IMPORTANT:

Note the following items before you begin.

1. P and Hand inputs must be energized (24V DC) to enable starting of the soft starter from the terminal block.
2. To Start: Apply 24V DC to Input 1 while the P input is energized.
3. To initiate a Stop, remove the P input.
4. For 2-wire control, jumper P and Input 1 together.
5. **After an Overload Trip, the S811 Soft Starter cannot be restarted until the prescribed cool-down time has elapsed.** Cycling power does not reset the timer. If 24V DC power is removed, the soft starter will remember the remaining time and will resume the cool-down timing when power is again applied.
6. On Frames R, T, U and V when the S811 goes into bypass, a sound similar to contactor chatter can be heard. This sound is the result of multiple contactors closing one after the other in a very short period. It is normal operation intended to reduce the surge current requirements of your power supply.

Danger

The S811 has the ability to respond to commands from an automated network controller. Consequently the soft starter may start unexpectedly in response to these commands. To insure the safety of personnel and equipment, always remove power before accessing the electrical and/or mechanical equipment.

Danger

Le S811 à la capacité de répondre aux commandes d'un contrôleur de réseau automatisé. Donc le démarreur progressif peut démarrer soudainement en réponse à ces commandes. Pour s'assurer la sécurité du personnel et de l'équipement, toujours débrancher l'alimentation avant d'accéder à l'équipement électrique et/ou mécanique.

Peligro

El S811 tiene la capacidad de responder a comandos de un controlador de red automatizado. Por lo tanto, el arrancador suave podría arrancar de improviso en respuesta a estos comandos. Para garantizar la seguridad del personal y del equipo, siempre desconecte la energía antes de acceder al equipo eléctrico o mecánico.

Quick Setup

Configuring the S811 Soft Starter

After all power and control connections have been made and you have read and understood the different operating modes of the soft starter, it is time to program it for your application. As shipped from the factory, the S811 Soft Starter's default configuration is sufficient for basic operation but may require some configuration to “tune” it for your application. The following basic setup procedure assumes you understand how to navigate through the S811's parameter menu using the Digital Interface Module (DIM) and that the S811 is in its Factory (Out-of-Box) state. Refer to the S811 User Manual (Pub. No. MN03902002E), Chapter 8, for a detailed explanation of the DIM.

Initial Configuration

For proper operation of the S811, these settings must be set prior to use:

1. It is suggested that the S811 Soft Starter be configured before applying the line voltage. Apply 24V DC to the (+) and (-) connections of the S811 terminal block. "Eaton Cutler-Hammer" will be displayed by the DIM while the S811 is powering up. When power-up is complete the DIM should display "3 Ø Line Currents".

Note: If anything else is displayed, go to Chapter 8 of the S811 User Manual, Troubleshooting, for information on getting the S811 back to a known state.

2. Using the DIM, review the parameter settings in the "Soft Start Config", "Overload Config" and "Protection Setup" menus. The following setup procedures will use the factory default settings unless changed by you.

Note: Refer to the Menu structure shown on **Pages 10 – 13** for the location and more information on the parameters referenced in this setup.

3. In the Overload Config menu set the *Overld Trip FLA* parameter to the motor's nameplate rated current. This setting assumes the motor has a 1.15 Service Factor.
4. Set *Ovrld Trip Class* parameter for the desired overload trip characteristic (curve).
5. In the Protection Setup menu set the *Motor Rated Volt* parameter to the motor's operating voltage.
6. If auto fault reset is required, set the *Reset Mode* parameter in the Soft Start Config menu to Auto (and *Start Control* to Level (default)). **Note:** Auto Reset is intended for unattended installations where there is no danger to personnel or other equipment when the motor starts without warning. If Auto Reset is enabled, **CAUTION must be exercised to assure that any restart occurs in a safe manner.**
7. Apply the Mains voltage and verify that no fault is present. If a fault is indicated, display the Diagnostic menu's *Device Status* parameter to determine the source of the fault. Each fault is described in the S811 User Manual, Chapter 8, Troubleshooting.
 - A Phase Reversal Fault commonly occurs on new installations. It can be remedied by either changing the *Phase Sequence* parameter from ABC to ACB in the Protection Setup menu or removing Mains power and switching the incoming line connections at L1 and L2 of the S811.
8. Using the DIM, Jog the motor just enough to verify that the direction of rotation is correct. If it is not, remove all power to the S811 and the motor and swap two of the motor's winding connections.
9. The S811 should now function properly for most applications. Adjust other parameters to meet your application needs. If satisfactory results are not obtained, see next section for more detailed setup.

Advanced Setup

If Stall faults occur or satisfactory operation is not achieved with the quick setup in the previous section, the problem is most likely related to the torque or time settings. The following procedures using the Soft Start Config menu are suggested as alternatives.

Voltage Ramp Start Configuration

1. Initial parameter settings:
 - *Start Method* = Voltage Ramp
 - *Initial Torque* = 50%
 - *Soft Start Time* = 60 sec
 - *Kick Start Torq* = 0% (fans and pumps), 75% (high breakaway loads)
 - *Kick Start Time* = 0 sec (fans and pumps), 1 sec (high breakaway loads)
 - *Soft Stop Time* = 60 sec
2. Start the motor and determine the worst case starting conditions. Adjust *Initial Torque* for smooth start without hesitation. Rotation should begin within 2 seconds.
3. If Stall Faults occur at the end of the ramp time, increase *Initial Torque*, *Kick Start Torq & Time* and/or *Soft Start Time* to get into bypass before the Soft Start Time elapses. Also, verify that the motor is not overloaded.
4. Adjust the *Soft Stop Time* for the desired stopping time.

Current Limit Start Configuration

1. Initial settings:
 - *Start Method* = Current Limit
 - *Initial Torque* = 50%
 - *Soft Start Time* = 120 sec
 - *Kick Start Torq* = 0%
 - *Kick Start Time* = 0 sec (disabled)
 - *Soft Stop Time* = 60 sec
2. Start the motor and determine the worst case starting conditions. Adjust *Initial Torque* for smooth start without hesitation. Rotation should begin within 2 seconds and the motor should smoothly accelerate to full speed.
3. If Stall Faults occur, increase *Initial Torque* and/or *Soft Start Time* to get into bypass before the Soft Start Time elapses. Also, verify that the motor is not overloaded.
4. After suitable performance has been achieved, determine the starting time to bypass and set *Soft Start Time* at 1.25 times this time. For example, if it takes 10 seconds to accelerate the motor and go into bypass, set the *Soft Start Time* for 12.5 seconds.
5. Adjust the *Soft Stop Time* for the desired stopping time.

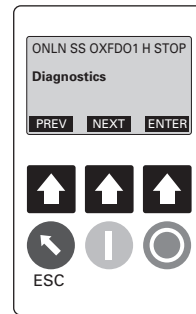
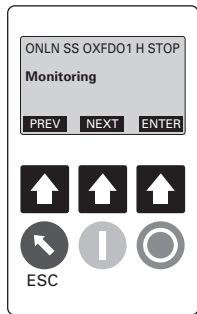
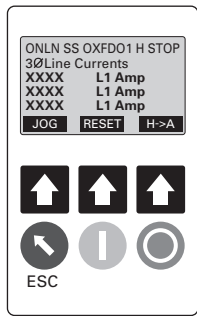
Fault Codes

Table 8: Troubleshooting Fault Table

Fault Code	Possible Problem	Possible Solution
1	Firmware Incompatibility or Hardware failure.	Call Eaton support.
3	Internal Communications Fault – Communications to DSP have been interrupted. Possible electrical noise or hardware failure.	Try a 24V DC control voltage power cycle to attempt to clear problem. Verify that the S811 is properly grounded. Call Eaton support if the problem persists.
4	Low Control Voltage Fault – The external 24V power supply voltage is dropping below the minimum required to control the motor.	Use recommended 24V power supplies with enough current sourcing capability to close contactors. Verify correct wire size used to connect power supply to S811. (See power supply specification for more details.) Verify connections are secure.
5	Power Pole Over Temperature Fault – The S811 has detected the internal SCR temperature is excessive. Operating environment above specified maximum temperature, ventilation holes blocked, fans are not operational, starts per hour exceed specifications, sensor failure on circuit board, bypass contactor(s) failed to close.	Ventilate to specified maximum temperatures, clear obstructions, verify fans are operational, verify control system is not exceeding the specified maximum starts per hour.
6	Phase Loss Fault – Extreme phase imbalance condition. Incoming phase disconnected, blown fuse.	Repair broken connection, replace fuse.
7	Phase Imbalance Fault – The imbalance of the incoming phases exceeds the trip threshold.	Correct imbalance problem with mains. Increase the <i>xx Imbalance Fault</i> <i>xx</i> parameters or disable the fault if the other issues cannot be resolved. Make sure your system can tolerate the imbalance.
9	Under Load Fault – Current supplied to the motor is below trip threshold. Linkage or belt driven by motor is broken, a clutch or other load engagement device is not operating, the motor is not loaded to the trip current.	Repair/replace broken belts, linkage, or clutch, and/or increase load. Reduce <i>Low I Trip % FLA</i> to an acceptable value (0% will disable).
10	Over Current Fault – only active in bypass if the Jam Fault is disabled. Current exceeds the fault threshold.	Disconnect power from S811 and any other equipment. Remove obstruction in motor drive train. Verify S811 is properly sized for the application.
11	Jam Fault – While in bypass an obstruction has slowed or stalled the motor resulting in extreme motor current.	Disconnect power from S811 and any other equipment and remove obstruction. Jam Fault can be disabled if trips occur during normal operation. Over Current Fault will provide protection at a higher current threshold.
13	Bypass Failure Fault – S811 detected that the internal bypass contact(s) did not close. Possibly opened due to excessive shock or 24V DC control voltage sag (insufficient voltage to maintain contact closure).	Verify control power and wire size meets specifications. Reduce shock or vibration. Call Eaton support if the problem persists.
14	Overload Fault – Motor has been overloaded for an extended period of time.	Reduce the motor's load. Verify the <i>Overld Trip FLA</i> and/or <i>Overld Trip Class</i> if the overloads are infrequent and are set to match the motor and system. Note: Exceeding nameplate ratings will shorten equipment life. If fault happens during motor start: verify the control system is not exceeding the specified maximum starts per hour. Increase the initial torque to bring the motor up to speed faster.
18	Instantaneous Over Current Fault – Starting current excessive. Load too great.	Reduce starting load, increase soft starter capacity (be sure model ratings can handle current demands). Call Eaton support for application assistance.
32	Internal NV Memory Fault – Internal memory error.	Call Eaton support.

Table 8: Troubleshooting Fault Table, continued

Fault Code	Possible Problem	Possible Solution
36	Communications Loss Stop Fault – Communications to a remote network controller was lost while motor was running. Device was disconnected or the connection broken.	Reattach network controller, replace connection cable. Call Eaton support if the problem persists.
38	Temperature Sensor Fault – Temperature sensor or interconnection failure.	Call Eaton support. Fault can be disabled, but S811 will not be protected against failures caused by excessive internal temperatures.
39	Internal CPU Fault – Firmware Incompatibility or Hardware failure.	Call Eaton support.
42	Under Voltage Fault – Incoming AC line voltage below trip threshold. Device connected to incorrect mains supply voltage.	Connect to correct supply voltage. Verify <i>Motor Rated Volt</i> is set to correct value. It may be necessary to reduce this setting for soft mains.
43	Over Voltage Fault – Incoming AC line voltage above trip threshold. Device connected to incorrect mains supply voltage.	Connect to correct supply voltage. Verify <i>Motor Rated Volt</i> is set to correct value. It may be necessary to increase this setting for high mains.
44	Motor Voltage Phase Reversal Fault – incoming line phase rotation sequence opposite of device setting.	Set <i>Phase Sequence</i> to match incoming sequence. If motor is turning in wrong direction swap two motor connection leads. If mains leads need to be changed, swap incoming leads and set <i>Phase Sequence</i> to match incoming sequence. If an upstream reverser is used, disable <i>Phase Rev Fault</i> .
55	Motor Control Command Device Missing Fault – A motor control command device (DIM, Cover Control, or similar device) was removed.	Re-attach motor control command device and reset the fault. If the motor command device is to be permanently removed, purge it from the S811's motor control command device list (press and hold the recessed RESET button on the front of the S811 for six seconds). The STATUS LED will change to amber when the action has started and any detached motor control device has been removed from the S811's list.
56	Internal Communications Fault 2 – The motor was stopped because of an internal communications error. Possible electrical noise or hardware failure.	Try a 24V DC control voltage power cycle to attempt to clear problem. Verify the S811 is properly grounded. Call Eaton support if the problem persists.
57	Internal Program Memory Fault – one or more internal memory locations have been corrupted.	Cycle 24V DC power to the S811. Call Eaton support if fault persists.
58	SCR Not Firing Fault – SCR is not conducting when gated. Incoming phase lost. Special application – undersized or high impedance motor, SCR malfunctioning, circuitry damaged by megger testing.	Re-apply lost phase. Review S811 application. Call Eaton support if problem persists.
59	Shorted SCR fault – SCR is shorted from over current abuse, bypass contactor welded shut, application/configuration issues.	Call Eaton support if problem persists.
60	SCR Over Current Fault – Excessive SCR Current prior to bypass. Only active when Stall Fault is disabled. Motor should be up to speed prior to bypass.	Increase <i>Soft Start Time</i> and/or <i>Initial Torque</i> . Reduce starting load. Verify S811 is properly sized.
61	Mains AC Voltage Loss Fault – fuses blown, disconnect open, or breaker tripped.	Replace fuses, close disconnect, or reset breaker.
63	Motor Stall Fault – S811 could not engage the bypass contactors at the end of the motor start time because the start current was too high. Motor did not reach full speed during the start time.	Lengthen <i>Soft Start Time</i> and/or increase <i>Initial Torque</i> . Loads that are heavily loaded during a start such as fans will often need an initial torque setting much greater than the factory default.
64	Voltage Zero Cross Lost Fault – Mains lost, phase L1 or L3 lost.	Restore mains or lost phases. Call Eaton support if problem persists.



Monitoring

Menu 1

	Parameter	Units	Access Level
1	3Ø Line Currents	Amps	0
2	3Ø Pole Voltages	Volts	0
3	Thermal Memory	%	0
4	Current as % FLA	%	0
5	Pole Temp °C	°C	0
6	DC Cntrl Voltage	Volts	0
7	Device Temp °C	°C	0
8	Start Count	Starts	0
9	3Ø Pole Currents	Amps	0
10	Ave Pole Current	Amps	0
11	Ave Line Current	Amps	0

Diagnostics

Menu 2

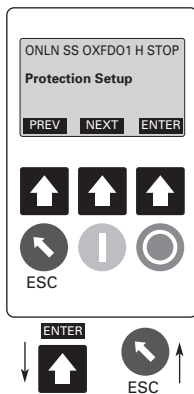
	Parameter	Units	Access Level
1	Device Status		0
2	Fault/Warn List		0
3	Fault/Warn Queue		0
4	Motor Fault Bits		3
5	Motor Status		0
6	Motor Control		3
7	Breaker Status		3





Soft Start Config		Menu 3				
	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
1	Start Method		0	3	0	2
2	Soft Start Time	Sec	0.5	180	20	1
3	Initial Torque	%	0	100	45	1
4	Pump Stop Time	Sec	5	120	10	1
5	Soft Stop Time	Sec	0	60	0	1
6	Kick Start Time	Sec	0	2	0	1
7	Kick Start Torq	%	0	100	0	1
8	Start Control		0	1	1	2
9	Reset Mode		0	1	0	2
10	Relay1 Config		0	5	2	2
11	Relay2 Config		0	5	0	2

Overload Config		Menu 4				
	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
1	Overld Trip FLA	Amps	12	1000	21	2
2	Ovrld Trip Class		5	30	20	2
3	Overload Fault		0	1	1	2
4	Ovld On Start	Sec	0	1	1	2



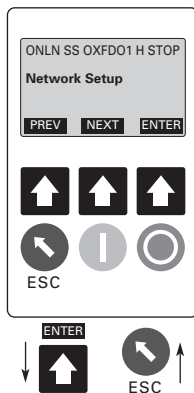
Protection Setup Menu 5

	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
1	Phase Sequence		0	1	0	2
2	Phase Rev Fault		0	1	0	2
3	Motor Rated Volt	Volts	115	600	480	2
4	Low Volt Trip		0	1	1	2
5	Low Volt Level	%	1	99	90	2
6	Low Volt Trip Dly	Sec	1	60	3	2
7	Hi Volt Trip		0	1	1	2
8	Hi Volt Level	%	101	120	110	2
9	Hi Volt Trip Dly	Sec	1	60	3	2
10	V Imbal Trip Lev	%	1	100	6	2
11	V Imbal Trip Dly	Sec	1	60	0.5	2
12	Phase Loss Fault		0	1	1	2

(Continued at right)

Protection Setup (Continued) Menu 5

	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
13	Phase Loss % Trp	%	1	100	80	2
14	Phase Loss Trip Dly	Sec	1	60	0.5	2
15	Low I Trip % FLA	%	0	100	6	2
16	Phase Imb Fault		0	1	1	2
17	I Imbal Trip Lev	%	1	100	40	2
18	I Imbal Trip Dly	Sec	1	60	0.5	2
19	SCR Short Fault		0	1	1	2
20	SCR Conduct Fault		0	1	1	2
21	Jam Fault		0	1	1	2
22	Stall Fault		0	1	1	2
23	Temp Sense Fault		0	1	1	2

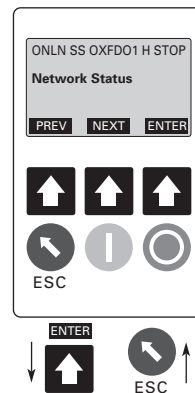


Network Setup

Menu 6

	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
1	Language Select					1
2	Comm Loss Action		0	7	0	3
3	Mot Ctrl Timeout	mSec			2000	3
4	Trans MC Timeout	mSec	①		2000	3
5	Term Resistor		0	1	1	3
6	Baud Rate		0	6		3
7	Device Mode		0	4		3
8	Production Intvl	mSec				3
9	Consumpt Intvl	mSec				3
10	Production List					3
11	Consumption List					3

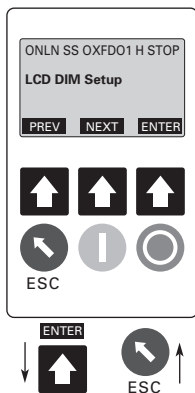
① Note: A 0 setting will disable this feature until the next factory reset.



Network Status

Menu 7

	Parameter	Access Level
1	Firmware Version	0
2	Hardware Version	0
3	QCP Fault Status	3
4	Node ID	3
5	Device ID Tag	3
6	Slave Address	3
7	Production Dest	3
8	Device Identity	3
9	Config CRC	0
10	Parameter List	3
11	Language List	3



LCD DIM Setup Menu

	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
1	Access Level				2	0
2	Password					0
3	Access Timeout	Secs	0	600	600	3
4	User Var 1				100	3
5	User Var 1 Scale				1	3
6	User Var 1 Desc					3
7	User Var 1 Units					3
8	User Var 2				0	3
9	User Var 2 Scale				1	3
10	User Var 2 Desc					3
11	User Var 2 Units					3
12	Backlight Level				3	0
13	Backlight Time	Secs	0	300	0	0
14	Screen Contrast				15	0
15	Scan For Devices					2
16	Identify Node					0
17	Start Discovery					2
18	Reset-Soft					2
19	Reset-Factory					3
20	Reset-App Cfg					2
21	Reset-App Fault					2
22	Reset-Commission					2
23	Clear Fault Que					0
24	Get Register					2
25	Set Register					3

(Continued at right)

LCD DIM Setup Menu (Continued)

	Parameter	Units	Min	Max	Default	Access Level
26	Run Delay	Secs			0.3	3
27	Transient Source				Disabled	3
28	Refresh Rate	mSec			250	3
29	Firmware Version					0
30	Term Resistor				Enabled	1
31	Inactive Timeout	Secs	0 ①	65535	0	2
32	Fault Disp Time	Secs	0	30	0	2
33	Production Data					3
34	Consumption Data					3
35	Status					3
36	App Status					0
37	Motor Control					2
38	Motor Status					2
39	Device Temp °C					0
40	Device Identity					2
41	Config CRC					2
42	Node ID					0
43	Device Mode					3
44	Baud Rate					3
45	Production Dest					2
46	Device ID Tag				LCD DIM	0
47	Production Intvl	mSec			100	3
48	Consumpt Intvl	mSec			2000	3
49	Language List				0	0
50	Language Select				0	0

① Note: Do not set less than 10 seconds. Except: 0 setting disables timeout.

**For additional information on
this product, please call our
Customer-Support Center at:
1-800-356-1243**

**For service or start-up assistance,
24 hours/day, 7 days/week please
call 1-800-498-2678**