Q7-951

Qseven Carrier Board
User's Manual

A14720205

Copyright

Trademarks

FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

Table of Contents

About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.

2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.

3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.

4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequencial damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.

2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.

3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.

4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.

5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.

Important:
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:
- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:
- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

Battery:
- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

About the Package

The system board package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

☑ One motherboard
☑ One Serial ATA data cable
☑ One power cable
☑ One COM cable
☑ One DVD
☑ One QR (Quick Reference)

The system board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- A CPU
- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

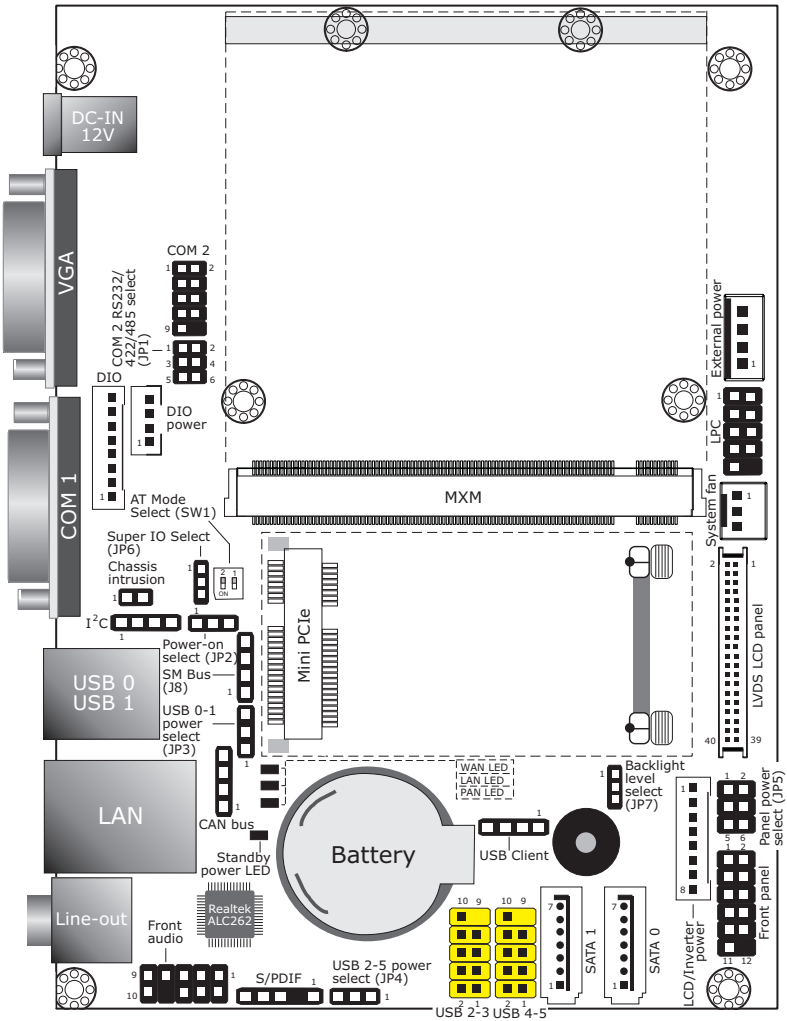
Specifications

Graphics	• Chrontel CH7317B (SDVO to RGB DAC)
Audio	• Realtek ALC262 audio codec • 2-channel audio output
Serial ATA	• Two Serial ATA ports • SATA speed up to 3Gb/s (SATA 2.0)
TPM	• Infineon SLB9635TT12
I/O Chip	• Winbond 83627DHG-P controller • LPC interface • Supports system fan • Default I/O port address "2Eh"
Damage Free Intelligence	• Monitors system temperature and overheat alarm • Monitors system fan speed and failure alarm
Temperature	• 0°C to 60°C
Humidity	• Operating: 10% to 90%
Rear Panel I/O Ports	• 1 12V DC-in jack • 1 DB-15 VGA port • 1 DB-9 RS232 serial port • 2 USB 2.0/1.1 ports • 1 RJ45 LAN port • 1 line-out jack

I/O Connectors	• 2 connectors for 4 external USB 2.0/1.1 ports • 1 connector for an external RS232/422/485 serial port • 1 LPC connector • 1 I^2C connector • 1 CAN-bus connector • 1 USB client connector • 1 LVDS LCD panel connector - 18/24-bit single channel • 1 LCD/inverter power connector • 1 8-bit Digital I/O connector • 1 Digital I/O power connector • 1 audio connector for line-in, line-out and mic-in jacks • 1 S/PDIF connector • 2 Serial ATA connectors • 1 4-pin 12V/5V power connector • 1 chassis intrusion connector • 1 front panel connector • 1 fan connector
Expansion Slots	• 1 SD/SDIO/MMC socket • 1 mini PCIe socket
Board to board Connectors	• One MXM connector
PCB	• 3.5” form factor • 102mm (4.02”) x 147mm (5.79”)

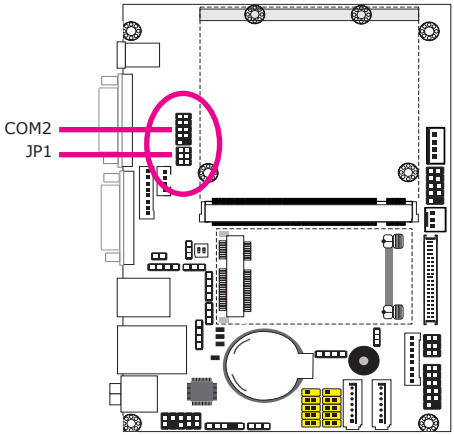
Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

System Board Layout



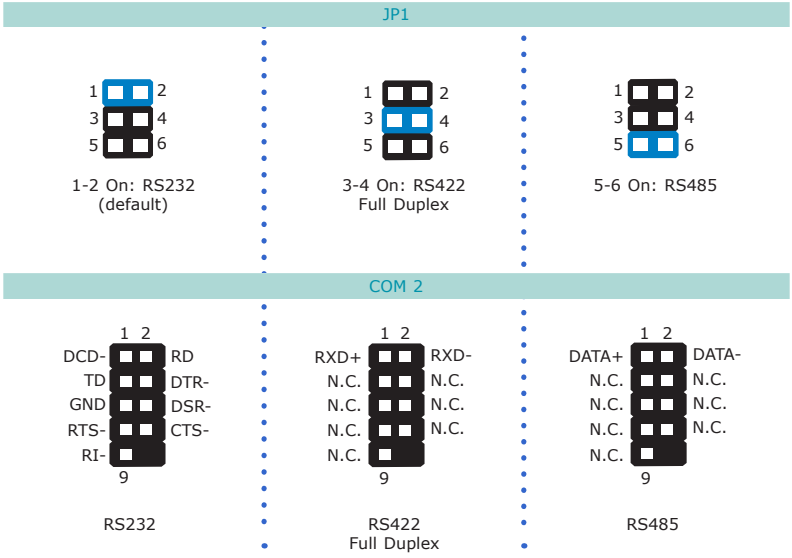
Jumper Settings

COM2 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select

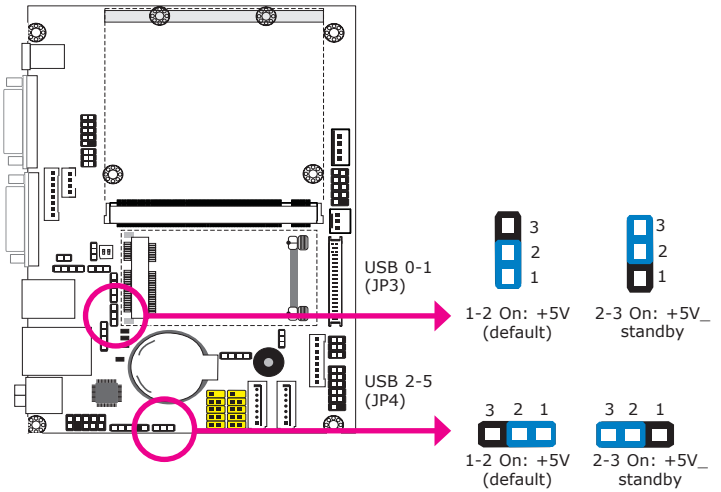


JP1 is used to configure COM 2 to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485.

The pin function of COM 2 will vary according to the jumper's setting.



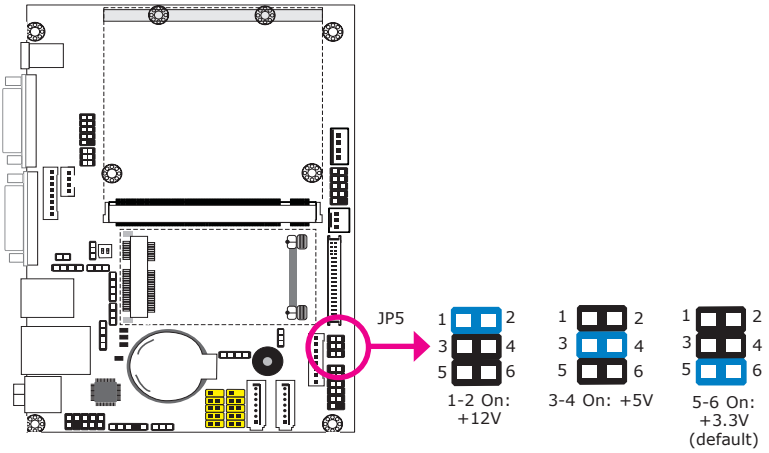
USB Power Select



JP3 (for USB 0-1) and JP4 (for USB 2-5) are used to select the power of the USB ports. Selecting +5V_standby will allow you to use a USB keyboard to wake up the system.

Important:
If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥1.5A. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥2A.

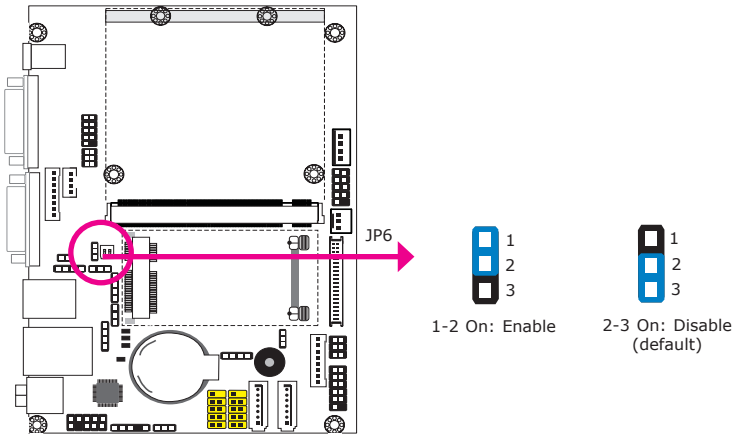
Panel Power Select



JP5 is used to select the power supplied to the LCD panel.

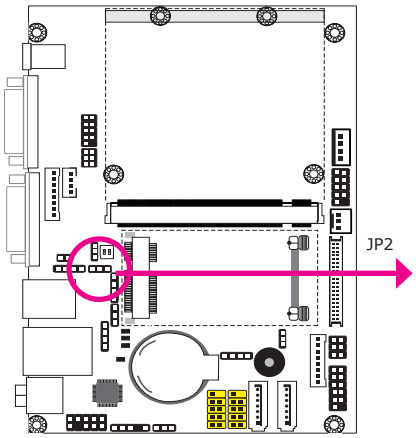
Important:
Before powering-on the system, make sure JP5's setting matches the LCD panel's specification. Selecting the incorrect voltage will seriously damage the LCD panel.

Super IO Select



JP6 is used to select enable or disable the super IO select.

Power-on Select



1 3
1-2 On: Power-on via power button

1 3
2-3 On: Power-on After G3 (default)

To power-on after G3:

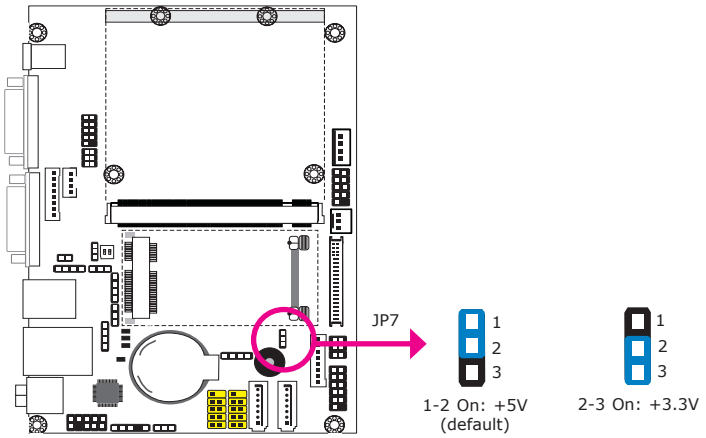
1. Set JP2 pins 2 and 3 to On.
2. Set the "After G3" field to **Power Off/WOL**.
3. Set the "GbE Wake Up From S5" to **Enabled**.

The BIOS fields are in the "South Bridge Configuration" submenu (Chipset menu) of the AMI BIOS utility.

To power-on via AC Power:

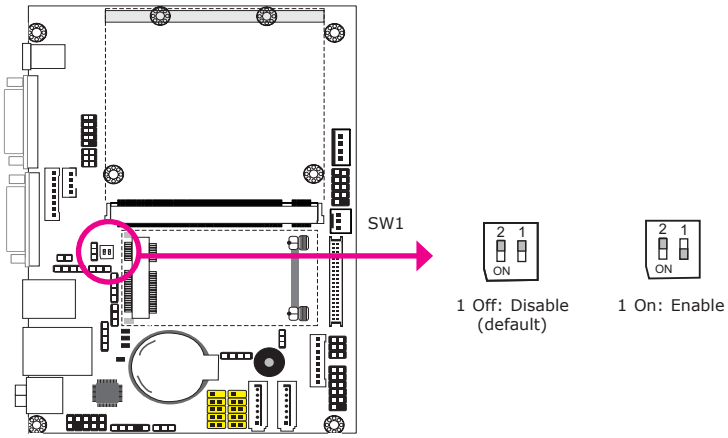
1. Set JP2 pins 2 and 3 to On.
2. Set the "After G3" field to **Power On**.

Backlight Control Level Select



JP7 is used to select the backlight control level +5V or +3.3V.

AT Mode Select



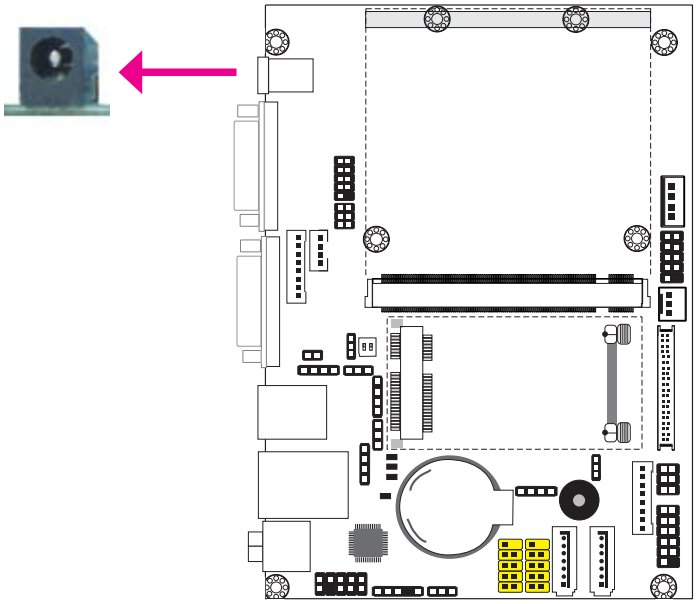
SW1 is used to select switch 1 to enable or disable the function.

Rear Panel I/O Ports

The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

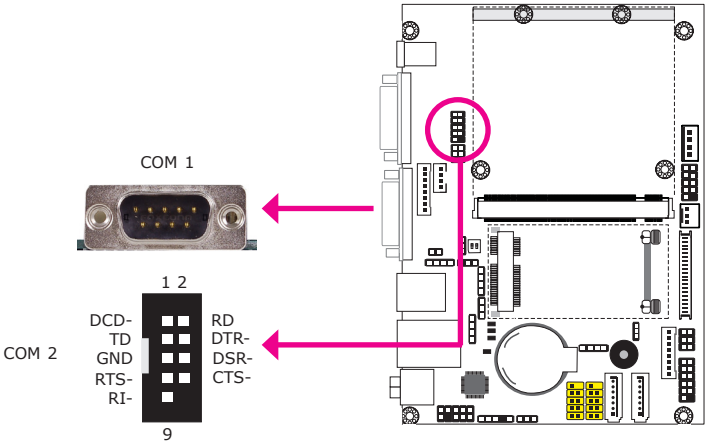
- DC-in
- VGA port
- COM1 port
- LAN port
- 2 USB ports
- Line-out jack

DC-in 12V



This jack provides maximum of 60W power and is considered a low power solution. Connect a DC power cord to this jack. Use a power adapter with 12V DC output voltage. Using a voltage higher than the recommended one may fail to boot the system or cause damage to the system board.

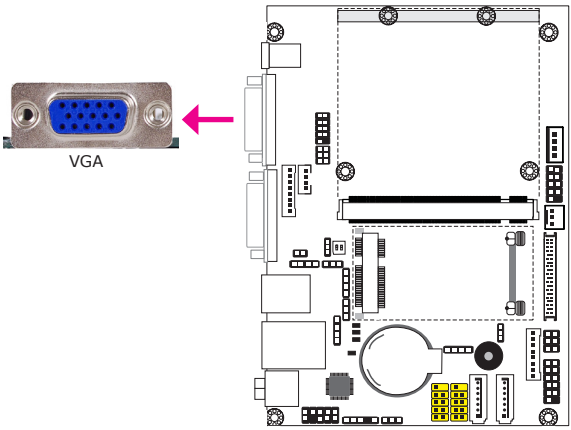
Serial (COM) Ports



The system board is equipped with 1 onboard serial port (COM 1). It is also equipped with a 9-pin connector for connecting an external serial port (COM 2).

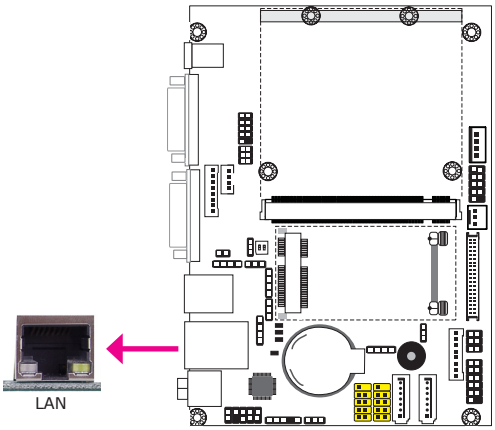
The serial ports are RS-232 asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices. To connect COM 2, please refer to the following description. The serial port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the cable connector to the 9-pin connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of the connector.

VGA Port



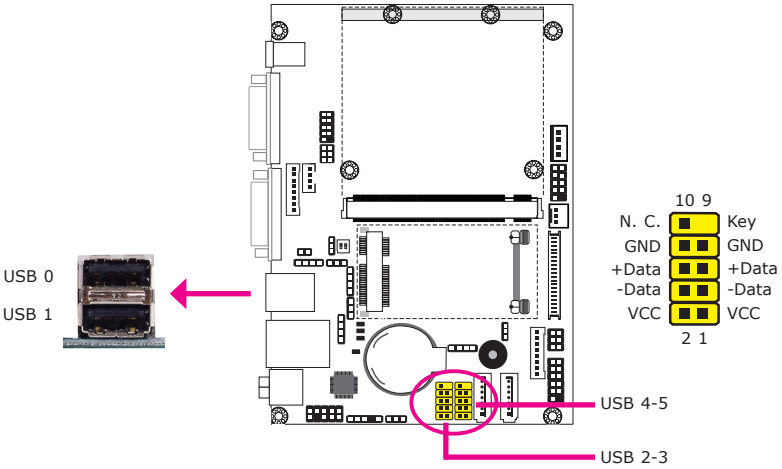
The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor's 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port. After you plug the monitor's cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

RJ45 LAN Port



The onboard RJ45 LAN port allows the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

Universal Serial Bus Connectors



USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The system board is equipped with four onboard USB 2.0/1.1 ports. The USB 4-5 and USB 2-3 connectors allow you to connect 4 additional USB 2.0/1.1 ports. The additional USB ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the cable connector to a USB connector.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard

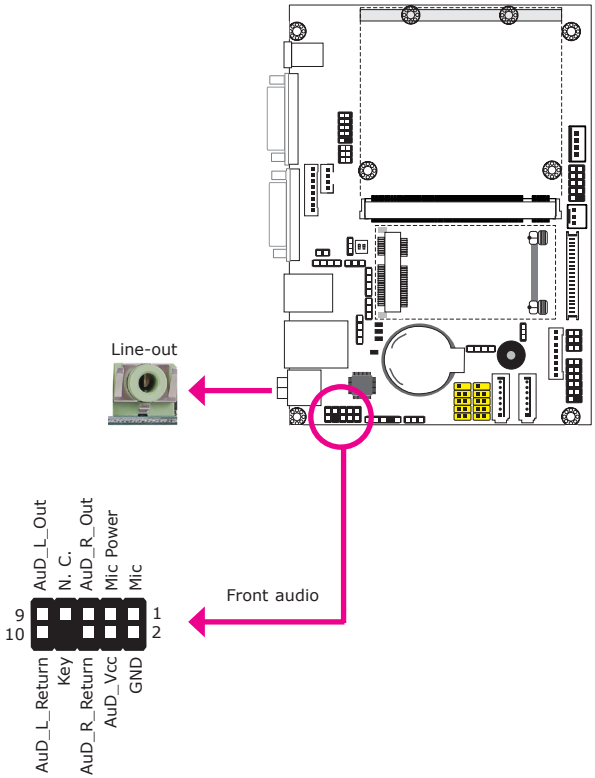
The Wake-On-USB Keyboard function allows you to use a USB keyboard to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function:

- **Jumper Setting:**

  JP4 must be set to "2-3 On: +5V_standby". Refer to "USB Power Select" in this chapter for more information.

Important:
If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥1.5A. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥2A.

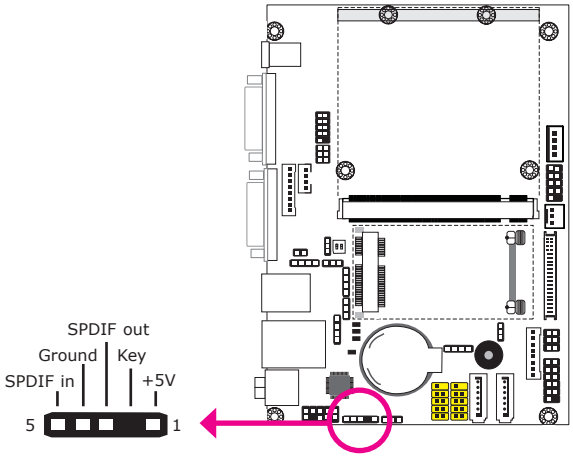
Audio



This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.

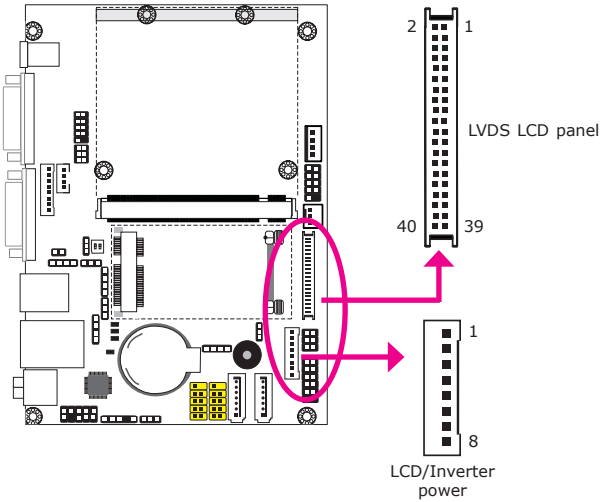
I/O Connectors

S/PDIF Connector



The S/PDIF connector is used to connect external S/PDIF ports. Your S/PDIF ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then connect the audio cable to the S/PDIF connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the connector.

LVDS LCD Panel Connector
LCD/Inverter Power Connector



The system board allows you to connect a LCD Display Panel by means of the LVDS LCD panel connector and the LCD/Inverter power connector. These connectors transmit video signals and power from the system board to the LCD Display Panel.

Refer to the next page for the pin functions of these connectors.

Jumper Settings

Refer to the "Jumper Settings" section in this chapter for settings relevant to the LCD panel.

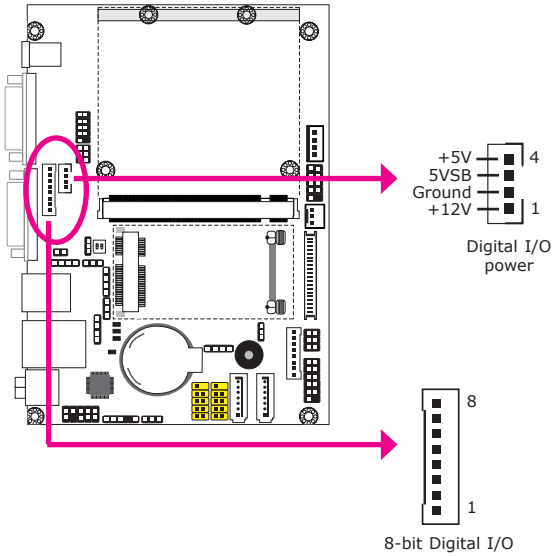
LVDS LCD Panel Connector

Pins	Function	Pins	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDS_Out3+	4	LVDS_Out7+
5	LVDS_Out3-	6	LVDS_Out7-
7	GND	8	GND
9	LVDS_Out2+	10	LVDS_Out6+
11	LVDS_Out2-	12	LVDS_Out6-
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_Out1+	16	LVDS_Out5+
17	LVDS_Out1-	18	LVDS_Out5-
19	GND	20	GND
21	LVDS_Out0+	22	LVDS_Out4+
23	LVDS_Out0-	24	LVDS_Out4-
25	GND	26	GND
27	LVDS_CLK1+	28	LVDS_CLK2+
29	LVDS_CLK1-	30	LVDS_CLK2-
31	GND	32	GND
33	LVDS_DDCCLK	34	N. C.
35	LVDS_DDCDAA	36	N. C.
37	Panel Power	38	Panel Power
39	Panel Power	40	Panel Power

LCD/Inverter Power Connector

Pins	Function
1	GND
2	GND
3	Panel Inverter Brightness Voltage Control
4	Panel Power
5	+3.3V
6	Panel Backlight On/Off Control
7	+12V
8	+12V

Digital I/O Connector
Digital I/O Power Connector

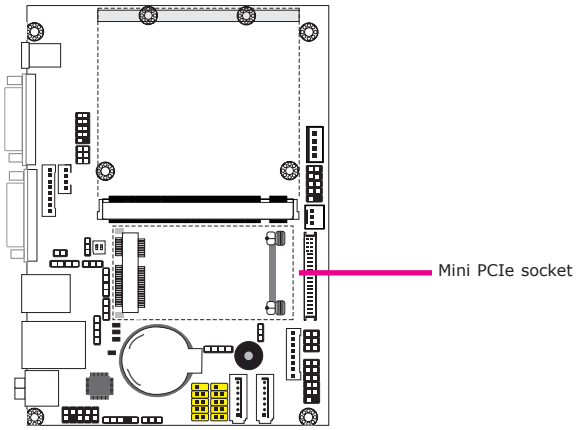


The Digital I/O connector provides powering-on function to an external device that is connected to this connector.

Digital I/O Connector

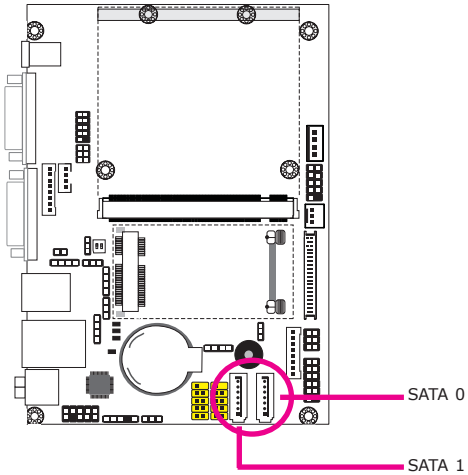
Pins	Function
1	DIO0
2	DIO1
3	DIO2
4	DIO3
5	DIO4
6	DIO5
7	DIO6
8	DIO7

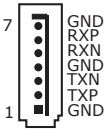
Mini PCIe



The Mini PCIe socket is used to install a Mini PCIe card. Mini PCIe card is a small form factor PCIe card with the same signal protocol, electrical definitions, and configuration definitions as the conventional PCI.

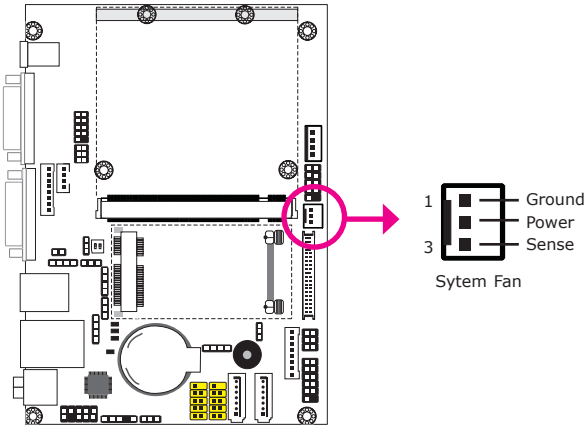
SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors





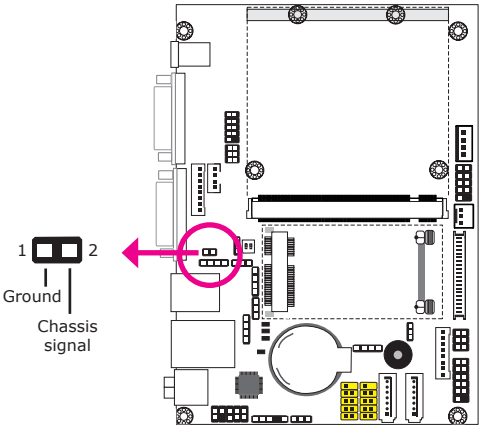
The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect Serial ATA devices. Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

Cooling Fan Connectors



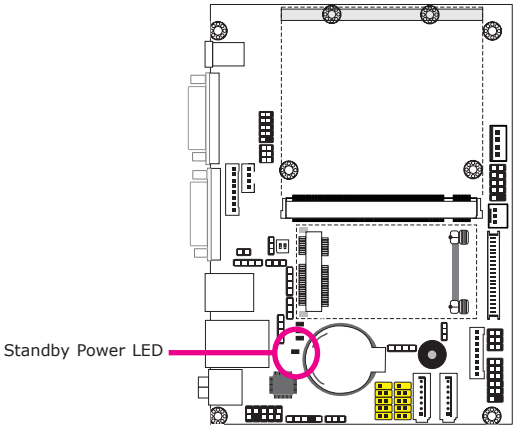
The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

Chassis Intrusion Connector



The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

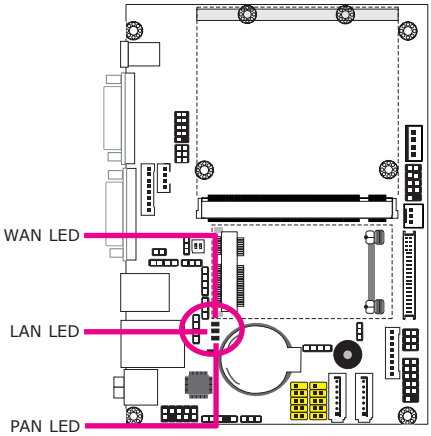
Standby Power LED



Standby Power LED

This LED will lit red when the system is in the standby mode. It indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

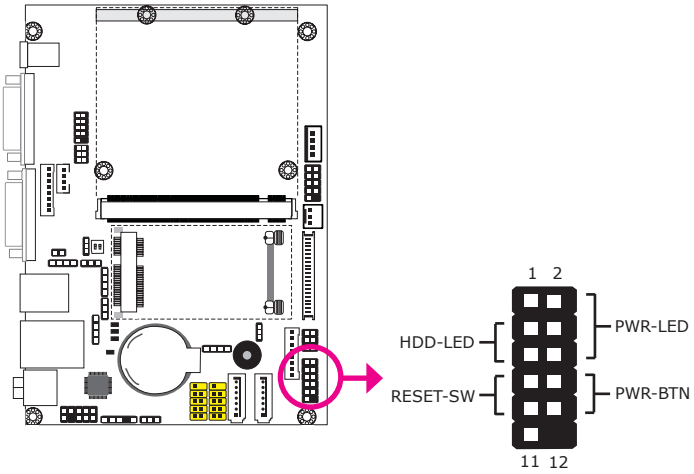
WAN LED, LAN LED, PAN LED



Active low signals. These signals are used to allow the PCI Express, Mini Card add-in card to provide status indicators via LED devices that will be provided by the system.

State	PAN LED	LAN LED	WAN LED
OFF	Not powered	Not powered	Not powered
ON	Powered; ready to transmit or receive	Powered, associated, and authenticated but not transmitting or receiving	Powered, associated, and authenticated but not transmitting or receiving
Slow Blink	N/A	Powered but not associated or authenticated; searching	Powered but not associated or authenticated; searching
Intermittent Blink	Activity proportional to transmitting/ receiving speed	Activity proportional to transmitting/ receiving speed	Activity proportional to transmitting/ receiving speed For voice applications , turning off and on the intermittent blink based on the ring pulse cycle can indicate a ring event.

Front Panel Connectors



HDD-LED - HDD LED

This LED will light when the hard drive is being accessed.

RESET SW - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

PWR-BTN - Power Switch

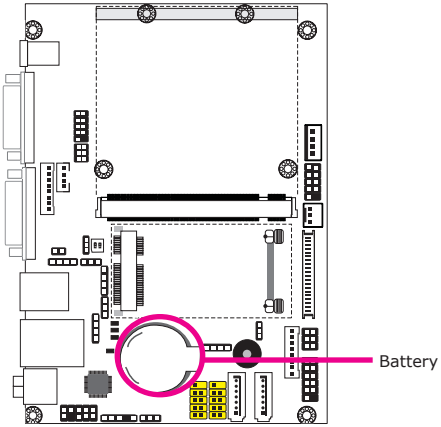
This switch is used to power on or off the system.

PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will light. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
N. C.	1	N. C.	PWR-LED	2 4 6	LED Power LED Power Signal
HDD-LED	3 5	HDD Power Signal	PWR-BTN	8 10	Signal Ground
RESET SW	7 9	Ground RST Signal			
N. C.	11	N. C.	Key	12	Key

Battery

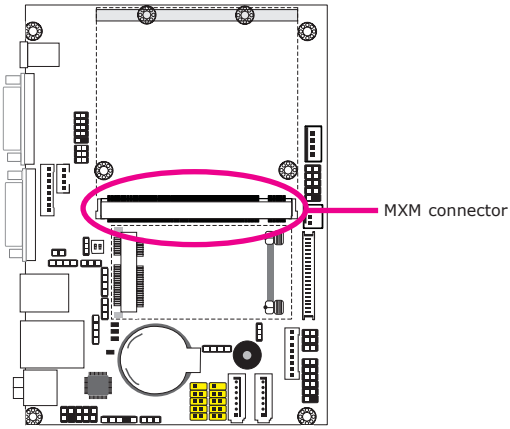


The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

Safety Measures

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

MXM Connector

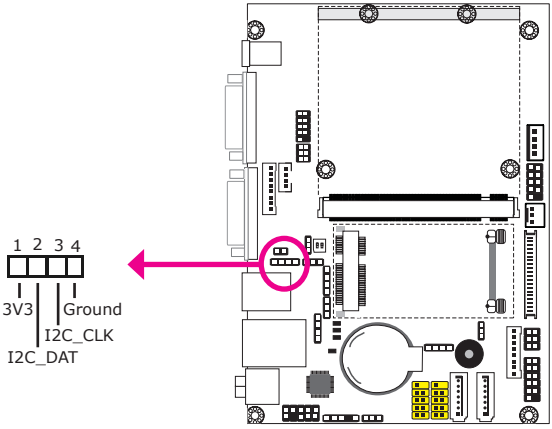


The MXM connector is used to interface the carrier board with a Qseven board. Refer to the following page for the pin function of this connector.

1	GND	2	GND
3	GBE_MDI3-	4	GBE_MDI2-
5	GBE_MDI3+	6	GBE_MDI2+
7	GBE_LINK100#	8	GBE_LINK1000#
9	GBE_MDI1-	10	GBE_MDI0-
11	GBE_MDI1+	12	GBE_MDI0+
13	GBE_LINK#	14	GBE_ACT#
15	GBE_CTREF	16	SUS_S5#
17	WAKE#	18	SUS_S3#
19	SUS_STAT#	20	PWRBTN#
21	SLP_BTN#	22	LID_BTN#
23	GND	24	GND
25	GND	26	PWGIN
27	BATLOW#	28	RSTBTN#
29	SATA0_TX+	30	SATA1_TX+
31	SATA0_TX-	32	SATA1_TX-
33	SATA0_ACT#	34	GND
35	SATA0_RX+	36	SATA1_RX+
37	SATA0_RX-	38	SATA1_RX-
39	GND	40	GND
41	BIOS_DISABLE#/BOOT_ALT#	42	SDIO_CLK
43	SDIO_CD#	44	SDIO_LED
45	SDIO_CMD	46	SDIO_WP
47	SDIO_PWR#	48	SDIO_DAT1
49	SDIO_DAT0	50	SDIO_DAT3
51	SDIO_DAT2	52	SDIO_DAT5
53	SDIO_DAT4	54	SDIO_DAT7
55	SDIO_DAT6	56	RSVD
57	GND	58	GND
59	HAD_SYNC	60	SMB_CLK
61	HAD_RST#	62	SMB_DAT
63	HAD_BITCLK	64	SMB_ALERT#
65	HAD_SDI	66	I2C_CLK
67	HAD_SDO	68	I2C_DAT
69	THRM#	70	WDTRIG#
71	THRMTRIP#	72	WDOUT
73	GND	74	GND
75	USB_P7-	76	USB_P6-
77	USB_P7+	78	USB_P6+
79	USB_6_7_OC#	80	USB_4_5_OC#
81	USB_P5-	82	USB_P4-
83	USB_P5+	84	USB_P4+
85	USB_2_3_OC#	86	USB_0_1_OC#
87	USB_P3-	88	USB_P2-
89	USB_P3+	90	USB_P2+
91	USB_CC	92	USB_ID
93	USB_P1-	94	USB_P0-
95	USB_P1+	96	USB_P0+
97	GND	98	GND
99	LVDS_A0+	100	LVDS_B0+
101	LVDS_A0-	102	LVDS_B0-
103	LVDS_A1+	104	LVDS_B1+
105	LVDS_A1-	106	LVDS_B1-
107	LVDS_A2+	108	LVDS_B2+
109	LVDS_A2-	110	LVDS_B2-
111	LVDS_PPEN	112	LVDS_BLEN
113	LVDS_A3+	114	LVDS_B3+
115	LVDS_A3-	116	LVDS_B3-
117	GND	118	GND
119	LVDS_A_CLK+	120	LVDS_B_CLK+
121	LVDS_A_CLK-	122	LVDS_B_CLK-
123	LVDS_BLT_CTRL/GP_PWM_OUT0	124	RSVD
125	LVDS_DID_DAT/GP_I2C_DAT	126	LVDS_BLC_DAT
127	LVDS_DID_CLK/GP_I2C_CLK	128	LVDS_BLC_CLK
129	CAN0_TX	130	CAN0_RX
131	SDVO_BCLK+	132	SDVO_INT+
133	SDVO_BCLK-	134	SDVO_INT-

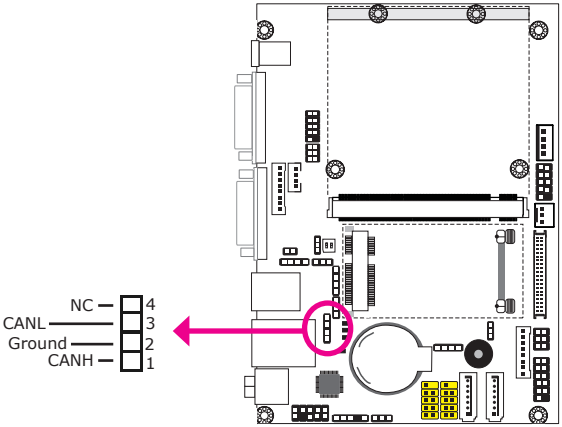
135	GND	136	GND
137	SDVO_GREEN+	138	SDVO_FLDSTALL+
139	SDVO_GREEN-	140	SDVO_FLDSTALL-
141	GND	142	GND
143	SDVO_BLUE+	144	SDVO_TVCLKIN+
145	SDVO_BLUE-	146	SDVO_TVCLKIN-
147	GND	148	GND
149	SDVO_RED+	150	SDVO_CTRL_DAT
151	SDVO_RED-	152	SDVO_CTRL_CLK
153	HDMI_HPD#	154	DP_HPD#
155	PCIE_CLK_REF+	156	PCIE_WAKE#
157	PCIE_CLK_REF-	158	PCIE_RST#
159	GND	160	GND
161	PCIE3_TX+	162	PCIE3_RX+
163	PCIE3_TX-	164	PCIE3_RX-
165	GND	166	GND
167	PCIE2_TX+	168	PCIE2_RX+
169	PCIE2_TX-	170	PPCIE2_RX-
171	EXCD0_PEAST#	172	EXCD1_PERST
173	PCIE1_TX+	174	PCIE1_RX+
175	PCIE1_TX-	176	PCIE1_RX-
177	EXCD0_CPPE#	178	EXCD1_CPPE#
179	PCIE0_TX+	180	PCIE0_RX+
181	PCIE0_TX-	182	PCIE0_RX-
183	GND	184	GND
185	LPC_AD0	186	LPC_AD1
187	LPC_AD2	188	LPC_AD3
189	LPC_CLK	190	LPC_FRAME#
191	SERIRQ	192	LPC_LDRQ#
193	VCC_RTC	194	SPKR
195	FAN_TACHOIN/GP_TIMER_IN	196	FAN_PWMOUT/GP_PWM_OUT1
197	GND	198	GND
199	SPI_MOS1	200	SPI_CS0#
201	SPI_MOS0	202	SPI_CS1#
203	SPI_SCK	204	MFG_NC4
205	5V_SB	206	5V_SB
207	MFG_NC0	208	MFG_NC2
209	MFG_NC1	210	MFG_NC3
211	VCC (+5V)	212	VCC (+5V)
213	VCC (+5V)	214	VCC (+5V)
215	VCC (+5V)	216	VCC (+5V)
217	VCC (+5V)	218	VCC (+5V)
219	VCC (+5V)	220	VCC (+5V)
221	VCC (+5V)	222	VCC (+5V)
223	VCC (+5V)	224	VCC (+5V)
225	VCC (+5V)	226	VCC (+5V)
227	VCC (+5V)	228	VCC (+5V)
229	VCC (+5V)	230	VCC (+5V)

I²C Connector



The 1-channel I²C bus interface conforms to the version 2.1 I²C bus specification. It operates as a master or slave device and supports a multi-master bus.

Can-bus Connector

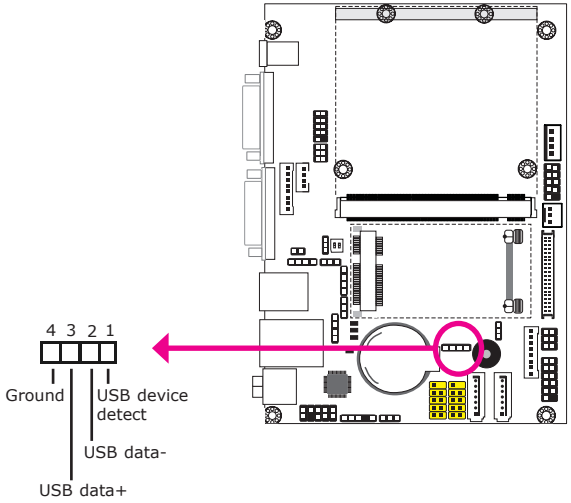


The CAN controller performs communication in accordance with the BOSCH CAN Protocol Version 2.0B Active[1] (standard format and extended format). The bit rate can be programmed to a maximum of 1Mbit/s. To connect the CAN controller module to the CAN bus, it is necessary to add transceiver hardware.

When communicating in a CAN network, individual message objects are configured. The message objects and the identifier masks for the receive filter for the received messages are stored in the message RAM.

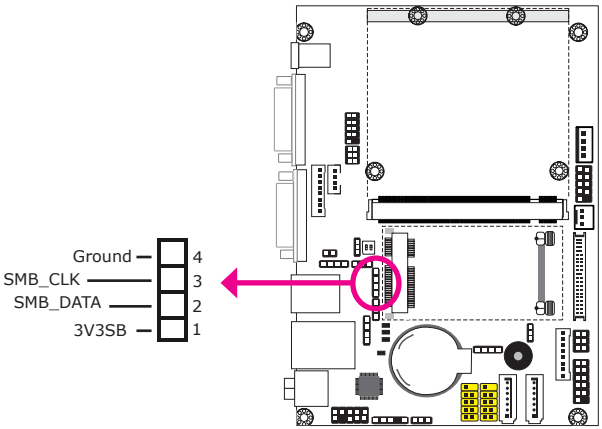
Controller Area Network (CAN or CAN-bus) is a message based protocol designed specifically for automotive applications but now is also used in other areas such as industrial automation and medical equipment.

USB Client Connector



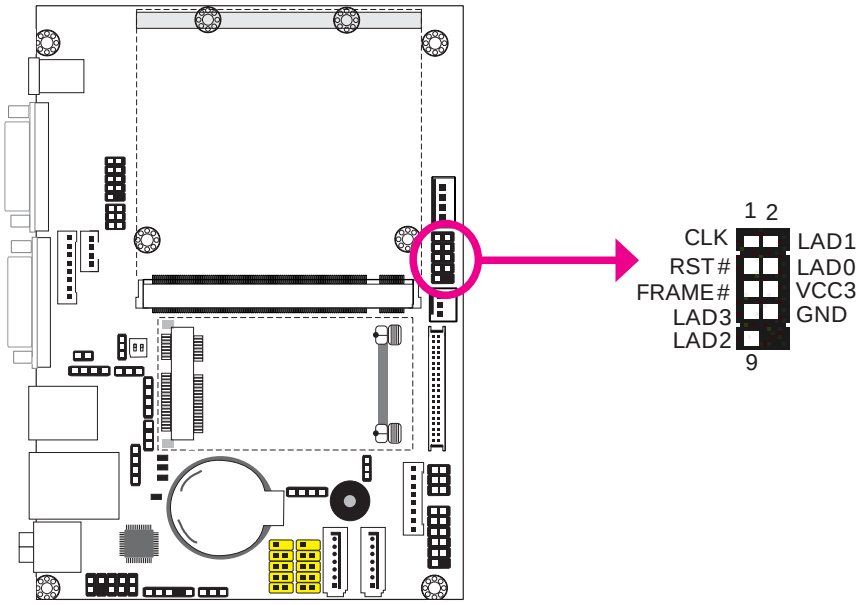
The USB client connector supports 1 port (1 USB device controller with 1 port) and high-speed (480Mbps) and full-speed (12Mbps) operations. It complies with USB 2.0/1.1 protocols.

SM bus



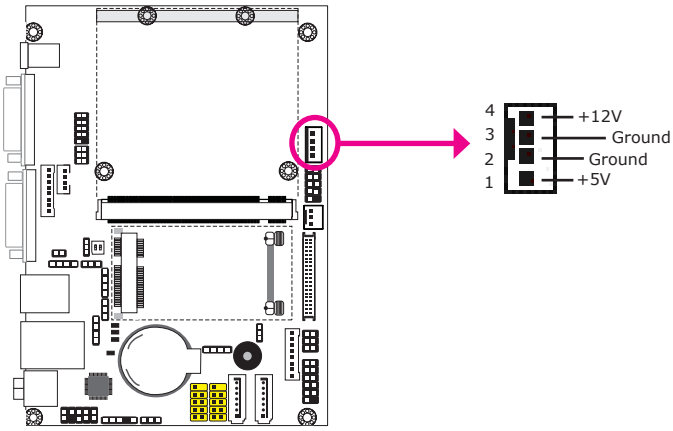
The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect SMBus devices. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

LPC connector



The Low Pin Count Interface was defined by Intel® Corporation to facilitate the industry's transition towards legacy free systems. It allows the integration of low-bandwidth legacy I/O components within the system, which are typically provided by a Super I/O controller. Furthermore, it can be used to interface firmware hubs, Trusted Platform Module (TPM) devices and embedded controller solutions. Data transfer on the LPC bus is implemented over a 4 bit serialized data interface, which uses a 33MHz LPC bus clock. For more information about LPC bus refer to the Intel® Low Pin Count Interface Specification Revision 1.1'.

External Power



The external powered is used to support +5V and +12V for the hard drive.