6218-I2 Wireless Router User's Guide

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A Important Safety Instructions

- 1. Read and follow all warning notices and instructions marked on the product or included in the manual.
- 2. Slots and openings in the cabinet are provided for ventilation. To ensure reliable operation of the product and to protect it from overheating, these slots and openings must not be blocked or covered.
- 3. Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord and do not locate the product where persons will walk on the power cord.
- 4. Do not attempt to service this product yourself, as opening or removing covers may expose you to dangerous high voltage points or other risks. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.
- 5. General purpose cables are used with this product for connection to the network. Special cables, which may be required by the regulatory inspection authority for the installation site, are the responsibility of the customer. Use a UL Listed, CSA certified, minimum No. 24 AWG line cord for connection to the Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) network.
- 6. When installed in the final configuration, the product must comply with the applicable Safety Standards and regulatory requirements of the country in which it is installed. If necessary, consult with the appropriate regulatory agencies and inspection authorities to ensure compliance.
- 7. A rare phenomenon can create a voltage potential between the earth grounds of two or more buildings. If products installed in separate buildings are interconnected, the voltage potential may cause a hazardous condition. Consult a qualified electrical consultant to determine whether or not this phenomenon exists and, if necessary, implement corrective action prior to interconnecting the products.
- 8. Input power to this product must be provided by one of the following: (1) a UL Listed/CSA certified power source with a Class 2 or Limited Power Source (LPS) output for use in North America, or (2) a certified transformer, with a Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) output having a maximum of 240 VA available, for use in the country of installation.
- 9. In addition, since the equipment is to be used with telecommunications circuits, take the following precautions:
 - Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm.
 - Never install telephone jacks in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
 - Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
 - Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines.
 - Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
 - Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.

CE Marking

When the product is marked with the CE mark on the equipment label, a supporting Declaration of Conformity may be downloaded from the Zhone World Wide Web site at www.zhone.com.

FCC Part 15 Declaration

An FCC Declaration of Conformity may be downloaded from the Zhone World Wide Web site at www.zhone.com.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The authority to operate this equipment is conditioned by the requirement that no modifications will be made to the equipment unless the changes or modifications are expressly approved by the responsible party.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- n Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- n Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- n Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- n Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Notice to Users of the United States Telephone Network

The following notice applies to versions of the modem that have been FCC Part 68 approved.

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the Administrative Council for Terminal Attachment (ACTA). On the bottom side of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format US:AAAEQ##TXXXX. If requested, this number must be provided to the Telephone Company.

This equipment is intended to connect to the Public Switched Telephone Network through a Universal Service Order Code (USOC) type RJ11C jack. A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by the ACTA. A compliant telephone cord and modular

plug is provided with this product. It has been designed to be connected to a compatible modular jack that is also compliant.

The Ringer Equivalence Number (or REN) is used to determine the number of devices that may be connected to a telephone line. Excessive RENs on a telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most but not all areas, the sum of RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to a line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the local Telephone Company. The REN for this product is part of the product identifier that has the format US:AAAEQ##TXXXX. The digits represented by ## are the REN without a decimal point. For example, 03 represents a REN of 0.3.

If the modem causes harm to the telephone network, the Telephone Company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice is not practical, the Telephone Company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The Telephone Company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens, the Telephone Company will provide advance notice in order for you to make necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service. If trouble is experienced with the modem, refer to the repair and warranty information in this document.

If the equipment is causing harm to the telephone network, the Telephone Company may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved.

The user may make no repairs to the equipment.

Connection to party line service is subject to state tariffs. Contact the state public utility commission, public service commission or corporation commission for information.

If the site has specially wired alarm equipment connected to the telephone line, ensure the installation of the modem does not disable the alarm equipment. If you have questions about what will disable alarm equipment, consult your Telephone Company or a qualified installer.

Notice to Users of the Canadian Telephone Network

NOTICE: This equipment meets the applicable Industry Canada Terminal Equipment Technical Specifications. This is confirmed by the registration number. The abbreviation IC before the registration number signifies that registration was performed based on a Declaration of Conformity indicating that Industry Canada technical specifications were met. It does not imply that Industry Canada approved the equipment.

NOTICE: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this terminal equipment is labeled on the equipment. The REN assigned to each terminal equipment provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the

requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed five.

If your equipment is in need of repair, contact your local sales representative, service representative, or distributor directly.

A CANADA - EMI NOTICE:

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian interference-causing equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du règlement sur le matérial brouilleur du Canada.

Japan Notices

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会(VCCI)の基準に基づくクラスB情報技術装置です。この装置は、家庭環境で使用することを目的としていますが、この装置がラジオやテレビジョン受信機に近接して使用されると、受信障害を引き起こすことがあります。

取扱説明書に従って正しい取り扱いをして下さい。

This is a Class B product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference from Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this is used near a radio or television receiver in a domestic environment, it may cause radio interference. Install and use the equipment according to the instruction manual.

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

Document Purpose and Intended Audience

This guide contains detailed information about the 6218-I2 router. It is intended for all users of the router.

Document Summary

Section	Description
Chapter 1, Introduction	Describes the features of the router.
Chapter 2, Hardware Installation and PC Setup	Shows how to connect the router and set up your PC to manage the router.
Chapter 3, Device Information	Explains how to use the web interface to obtain statistics and other information about the router.
Chapter 4, Quick Setup	Describes the Quick Setup configuration process.
Chapter 5, Advanced Setup	Describes configuration of the advanced router features.
Chapter 6, Diagnostics	Describes the test screen.
Chapter 7, Management	Describes the management functions of the router, including backing up and restoring configuration settings, viewing the system log, configuraing access control, and upgrading software.
Appendix A, Specifications	Lists the specifications of the router.
Index	Lists key terms, concepts, and sections in alphabetical order.

Product-Related Documents

Complete documentation for Zhone products is available online at **www.zhone.com**.

Contacting Global Service and Support

Contact Global Service and Support (GSS) if you have any questions about this or other Zhone products. Before contacting GSS, make sure you have the following information:

- Zhone product you are using
- System configuration
- Software version running on the system
- Description of the issue

Technical Support

If you require assistance with the installation or operation of your product, or if you want to return a product for repair under warranty, contact GSS. The contact information is as follows:

E-mail support@zhone.com

Telephone (North America) 877-ZHONE20

Telephone (International) 510-777-7133

Internet www.zhone.com/support

If you purchased the product from an authorized dealer, distributor, Value Added Reseller (VAR), or third party, contact that supplier for technical assistance and warranty support.

Service Requirements

If the product malfunctions, all repairs must be performed by the manufacturer or a Zhone-authorized agent. It is the responsibility of users requiring service to report the need for service to GSS.

INTRODUCTION

Introduction

Congratulations on becoming the owner of a 6218 wireless router.

This User's Guide will show you how to set up the router, and how to customize its configuration to get the most out of this product.

Features

The 6218 router has the following features:

- Built-in Asynchronous Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) modem which offers G.dmt, G.lite, T1.413, ADSL2, Annex L, and ADSL2+ to meet different linking speeds from your Internet Service Provider (ISP)
- Four 10/100BaseT Ethernet ports to provide Internet connectivity to computers on your Local Area Network (LAN)
- 802.11g Wi-Fi wireless support to provide Internet connectivity to all wireless devices on your LAN
- Easy-to-use configuration program accessible through a standard web browser

System Requirements

In order to use the 6218 wireless router for Internet access, you must have the following:

- ADSL service subscription from your ISP
- A PC with:
 - An Ethernet 10/100BaseT network interface card
 - A processor equivalent to or faster than a Pentium II 133 MHz
 - 32 MB RAM or greater
 - Windows 95b, 98, 98SE, 2000, ME, NT, or XP (Note: Windows 95 requires the installation of the Winsock program, not included.)
 - (Optional) An Ethernet hub or switch, if you wish to connect the router to several computers on an Ethernet network.
 - For system configuration using the supplied web-based program: a web browser such as Internet Explorer Version 6.0 or later. Netscape is not supported.

Parts List

In addition to this document, your 6218 wireless router should come with the following:

- 6218 wireless router
- Power adapter
- Ethernet cable (RJ45, straight-through type)
- Phone cable (RJ11)

Front Panel

The front panel contains LED indicators that show the status of the unit.

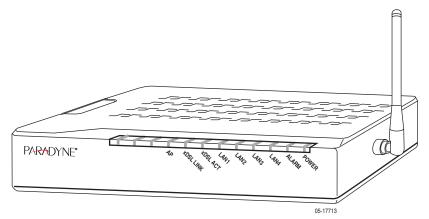


Figure 1: Front Panel LEDs

Table 1: Front Panel Label and LEDs

Label	Color	Function
xDSL LNK	Green	On: ADSL link is established.
		Flashing: ADSL link is established and active.
		Off: No ADSL link.
xDSL ACT	Green	Off: No PPP connection is established or the connection is not used.
		Blinking: a PPP connection is being attempted.
		Solid: A PPP connection is established.
		Flickering: There is activity over the link.
LAN 1-4	Green	On: The Ethernet interface is successfully connected to a device through the LAN port.
		Flashing: Data transfer at LAN connection
		Off: No LAN link
ALARM	Red	On: ADSL is not connected.
		Off: ADSL is connected.
POWER	Green	On: Unit is powered on.
		Off: Unit is powered off.

Rear Panel

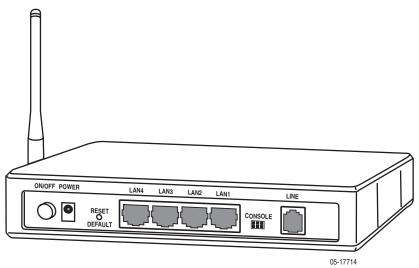


Figure 2: Back Panel

The rear panel contains the ports for the router's data and power connections.

Table 2: Rear Panel Labels and Connectors

Label	Function
LINE	Connects to your ADSL line
LAN 1–4	Connects the router to Ethernet devices on your LAN, such as your PC's Ethernet port, or the uplink port on a hub or switch
RESET/DEFAULT	To reset the router to its default settings
POWER	Connects to the supplied power adapter

HARDWARE INSTALLATION AND PC SETUP

Overview

This chapter provides basic instructions for connecting the router to a computer or a LAN and to the Internet using DSL. The first part provides instructions to set up the hardware, and the second part describes how to prepare your PC for use with the router.

It is assumed that you have already subscribed to DSL service with your Internet service provider (ISP).

Connecting the Hardware

Shut down your PC and any other equipment before connecting it to the router. To connect your router:

- 1 Verify that the router's power switch is in the Off (outward) position. Verify that any PCs and other LAN devices you will attach (such as hubs or switches) are turned off.
- **2** Use the provided modular phone cable to connect the LINE jack of the router to your RJ11 wall jack.
- **3** Use the provided Ethernet cable to connect your computer to the router. Attach one end of the Ethernet cable to one of the LAN ports on the back of the router and connect the other end to the Ethernet port or Network Interface Card (NIC) in your PC.
 - Connect any other PCs, hubs, and switches to the remaining LAN ports. Either a crossover or a straight-through Ethernet cable can be used: the router determines the type of signal required.
- **4** Connect the cylindrical power plug into the POWER connector on the back of the device. Next:
 - If you have a wall-mount adapter, plug the AC adapter into a wall outlet or a power strip.
 - If you have a table-top adapter, use the AC power cord to connect the adapter to a wall outlet or power strip.

The supplied power adapter may look different than the one illustrated here.

- **5** Turn on your PC and any other LAN devices, such as hubs or switches.
- **6** Turn on the router using its power switch.
- 7 Verify that the router's LEDs are illuminated as shown in Table 3.

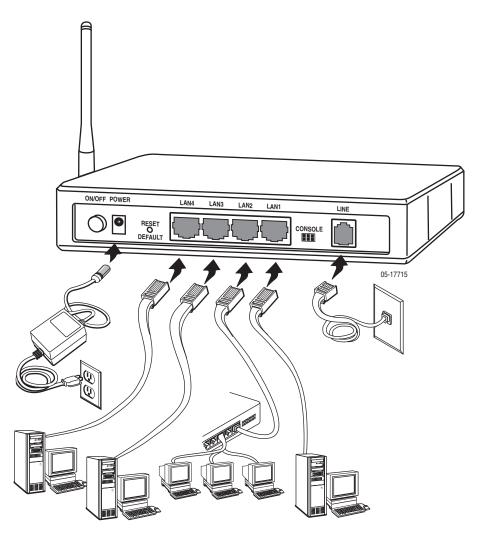


Figure 3: Hardware Installation

Table 3: LED Indicators

This LED	Should be:
POWER	Solid green to indicate that the device is turned on. If this light is not on, check if the power adapter is attached to the router and plugged into an AC power source.
STATUS	Solid green to indicate that the router can communicate with your ISP via ADSL, or flashing when the router is trying to connect to your ISP.
ACTIVITY	Flashing when the device is sending or receiving data over the ADSL connection.
LAN	Solid green to indicate that the device can communicate with your PC via Ethernet, or flashing when the router is sending or receiving data over Ethernet.

If the LEDs are illuminated as expected, the router is working properly.

Configuring Your Computer

Before you can access the router over the LAN you have to configure your PC's TCP/IP address to be 192.168.1.x (where x is any number between 3 and 254), with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. Your router's default IP address is 192.168.1.1.

If you know the version of Windows that you use, go to the appropriate section below to learn how to set the IP address of your PC. To determine the version of Windows running on your PC, click on the Windows Start button, then click on Run... in the Start menu. Type **winver** in the Open selection box and click on OK.

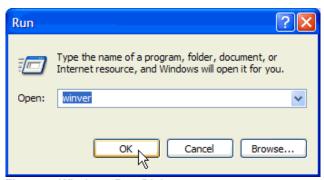


Figure 4: Windows Run Dialog

The Windows version is displayed.



Figure 5: Windows Version

Windows XP

- 1 In the Windows task bar, click on the Start button, and then click on Control Panel.
- **2** Double-click on the Network Connections icon.
- 3 In the LAN or High-Speed Internet window, right-click on the icon corresponding to your network interface card (NIC), and select Properties. (Often this icon is labeled Local Area Connection). The Local Area Connection dialog box displays with a list of currently installed network items.
- **4** Ensure that the check box to the left of the item labeled Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) is checked, and click on Properties.

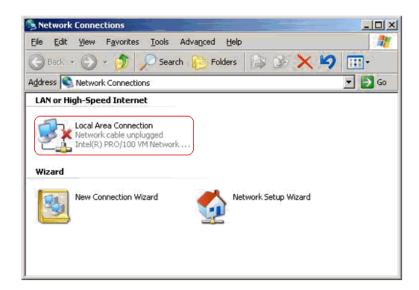


Figure 6: Network Connections (Windows XP)

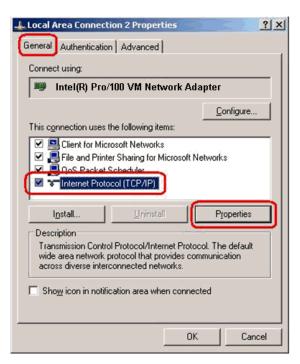


Figure 7: Local Area Connection Properties (Windows XP)

5 In the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box, click on the radio button labeled Use the following IP address. Type an address between 192.168.1.3 and 192.168.1.254 in the IP Address field (192.168.1.20 is shown here as an example) and 255.255.255.0 in the Subnet Mask field.

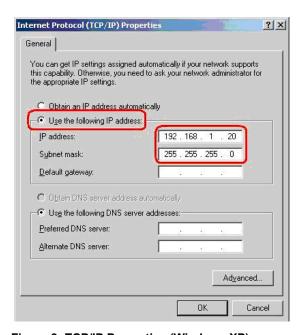


Figure 8: TCP/IP Properties (Windows XP)

6. Click on OK twice to confirm your changes, and close the Control Panel.

Windows 2000

- 1 In the Windows task bar, click on the Start button, point to Settings, and then click on Control Panel.
- **2** Double-click on the Network and Dial-up Connections icon.
- **3** In the Network and Dial-up Connections window, right-click on the Local Area Connection icon, and then select Properties.
 - The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box display a list of currently installed network components. If the list includes Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), the protocol has already been enabled; skip to Step 10.
- **4** If Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) does not appear as an installed component, click on Install.
- **5** In the Select Network Component Type dialog box, select Protocol, and then click on Add.
- **6** Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) in the Network Protocols list, and then click on OK.
 - You may be prompted to install files from your Windows 2000 installation CD or other medium. Follow the instructions to install the files.
- 7 If prompted, click on OK to restart your computer with the new settings.
- **8** After restarting your PC, double-click on the Network and Dial-up Connections icon in the Control Panel.
- **9** In Network and Dial-up Connections window, right-click on the Local Area Connection icon, and then select Properties.
- **10** In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click on Properties.
- 11 In the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box, click on the radio button labeled Use the following IP address. Type an address between 192.168.1.3 and 192.168.1.254 in the IP Address field and 255.255.255.0 in the Subnet Mask field
- **12** Click on OK twice to confirm and save your changes, and then close the Control Panel

Windows ME

- 1 In the Windows task bar, click on the Start button, point to Settings, and then click on Control Panel.
- **2** Double-click on the Network and Dial-up Connections icon.
- **3** In the Network and Dial-up Connections window, right-click on the Network icon, and then select Properties.

- The Network Properties dialog box displays a list of currently installed network components. If the list includes Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), the protocol has already been enabled; skip to Step 11.
- **4** If Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) does not appear as an installed component, click on Add.
- **5** In the Select Network Component Type dialog box, select Protocol, and then click on Add.
- **6** Select Microsoft in the Manufacturers box.
- **7** Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) in the Network Protocols list, and then click on OK.
 - You may be prompted to install files from your Windows Me installation CD or other media. Follow the instructions to install the files.
- **8** If prompted, click on OK to restart your computer with the new settings.
- **9** After restarting your PC, double-click on the Network and Dial-up Connections icon in the Control Panel.
- **10** In Network and Dial-up Connections window, right-click on the Network icon, and then select Properties.
- **11** In the Network Properties dialog box, select TCP/IP, and then click on Properties.
- **12** In the TCP/IP Settings dialog box, click on the radio button labeled Use the following IP address. Type an address between 192.168.1.3 and 192.168.1.254 in the IP Address field and 255.255.255.0 in the Subnet Mask field.
- **13** Click on OK twice to confirm and save your changes, and then close the Control Panel.

Windows 95 and Windows 98

- 1 In the Windows task bar, click on the Start button, point to Settings, and then click on Control Panel.
- **2** Double-click on the Network icon.
 - The Network dialog box displays a list of currently installed network components. If the list includes TCP/IP, the protocol has already been enabled. Skip to step 9.
- **3** If TCP/IP does not appear as an installed component, click on Add. The Select Network Component Type dialog box appears.
- **4** Select Protocol, and then click on Add.

 The Select Network Protocol dialog box appears.
- **5** Click on Microsoft in the Manufacturers list box, and then click on TCP/IP in the Network Protocols list box.
- **6** Click on OK to return to the Network dialog box, and then click on OK again.

- You may be prompted to install files from your Windows 95/98 installation CD. Follow the instructions to install the files.
- **7** Click on OK to restart the PC and complete the TCP/IP installation.
- **8** After restarting your PC, open the Control Panel window, and then click on the Network icon.
- **9** Select the network component labeled TCP/IP, and then click on Properties.
 - If you have multiple TCP/IP listings, select the listing associated with your network card or adapter.
- **10** In the TCP/IP Properties dialog box, click on the IP Address tab.
- 11 Click in the radio button labeled Use the following IP address. Type an address between 192.168.1.3 and 192.168.1.254 in the IP Address field and 255.255.255.0 in the Subnet Mask field.
- **12** Click on OK twice to confirm and save your changes. You will be prompted to restart Windows. Click on Yes.

Windows NT 4.0

- 1 In the Windows NT task bar, click on the Start button, point to Settings, and then click on Control Panel.
- 2 In the Control Panel window, double click on the Network icon.
- **3** In the Network dialog box, click on the Protocols tab.

 The Protocols tab displays a list of currently installed network protocols. If the list includes TCP/IP, the protocol has already been enabled. Skip to Step 9.
- **4** If TCP/IP does not appear as an installed component, click on Add.
- **5** In the Select Network Protocol dialog box, select TCP/IP, and then click on OK.
 - You may be prompted to install files from your Windows NT installation CD or other medium. Follow the instructions to install the files.
 - After all files are installed, a window appears to inform you that a TCP/IP service called DHCP can be set up to dynamically assign IP information.
- **6** Click on Yes to continue, and then click on OK, if prompted, to restart your computer.
- **7** After restarting your PC, open the Control Panel window, and then double-click on the Network icon.
- **8** In the Network dialog box, click on the Protocols tab.
- **9** In the Protocols tab, select TCP/IP, and then click on Properties.
- **10** In the Microsoft TCP/IP Properties dialog box, click on the radio button labeled Use the following IP address. Type an address between

192.168.1.3 and 192.168.1.254 in the IP Address field and 255.255.255.0 in the Subnet Mask field.

11 Click on OK twice to confirm and save your changes, and then close the Control Panel.

Logging in to Your Router

This section shows how to connect to the router's web interface, configure settings, and observe some statistics of your Internet connection.

1 Open your Web browser, and type the following URL in the address/location box, and press Enter:

http://192.168.1.1

This is the default IP address for the LAN port on the router.

A login screen appears.



Figure 9: Login Screen

If you have problem connecting to the router, verify that your PC is properly configured within the subnet of the router's default IP address 192.168.1.1. Setup is described in *Configuring Your Computer on page 20*.

2 Enter your user name and password, and then click on OK to display the home page of the router's web interface. There are two default user name and password combinations:

Table 4: Default User Names and Passwords

User Name	Password	Capability
user	user	Can display device status, but cannot change or save configuration options.
admin	admin	Can perform all functions.

You can change the passwords at any time.

The home page is shown in Figure 10.

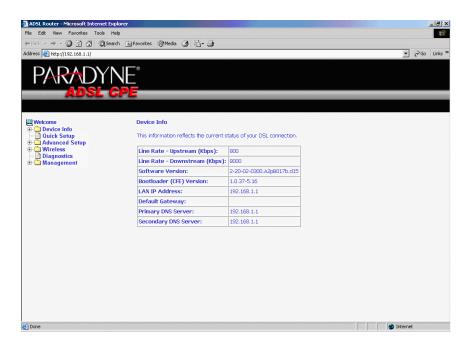


Figure 10: Web Interface Home Page

DEVICE INFORMATION

Status Summary

Display the general status report for the router by clicking on Summary under Device Info (Figure 11).

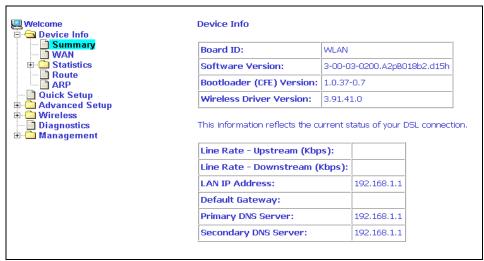


Figure 11: Status Summary

WAN

Display the WAN status report from the by clicking on WAN under Device Info (Figure 12).

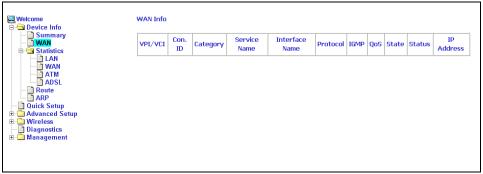


Figure 12: WAN Status

When a WAN connection is configured, the screen looks like Figure 13.



Figure 13: WAN Status with WAN Connection

LAN Statistics

Display LAN statistics by clicking on LAN under Statistics (Figure 14).

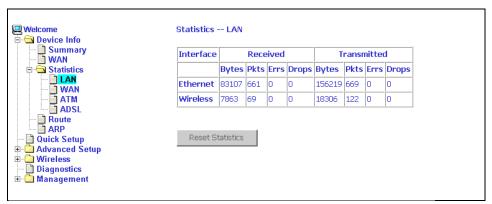


Figure 14: LAN Statistics

WAN Statistics

Display WAN statistics by clicking on WAN under Statistics (Figure 15).

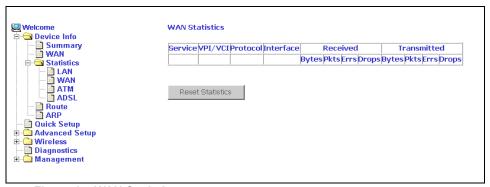


Figure 15: WAN Statistics

ATM Statistics

Display ATM statistics by clicking on ATM under Statistics (Figure 16).

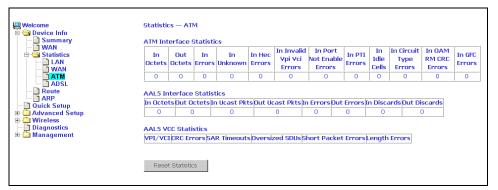


Figure 16: ATM Statistics

ADSL Statistics

Display ADSL statistics by clicking on ADSL under Statistics (Figure 17).

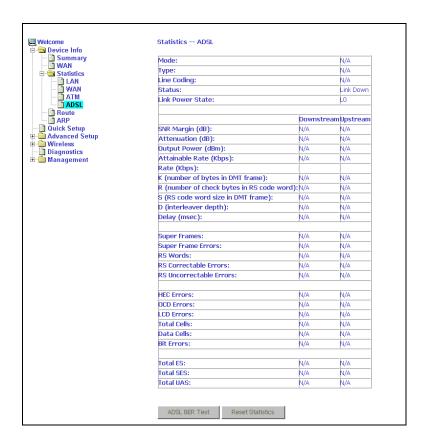


Figure 17: ADSL Status

ADSL BER Test

The ADSL Bit Error Rate (BER) test determines the quality of the ADSL connection. The test is performed by transferring idle cells containing a known pattern and comparing the received data with this known pattern to check for any errors (Figure 18 and Figure 19).

To run a BER test:

- 1 Click on the ADSL BER Test button.
- **2** Select the test duration and click on Start
- **3** Check the result.

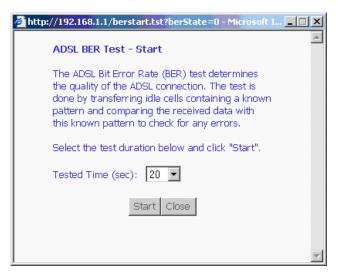


Figure 18: ADSL BER Test — Start

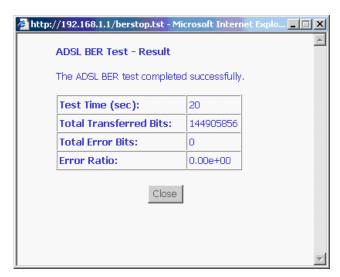


Figure 19: ADSL BER Test — Result

Route

Obtain the Routing status report by clicking on the Route item under Device Info (Figure 20)

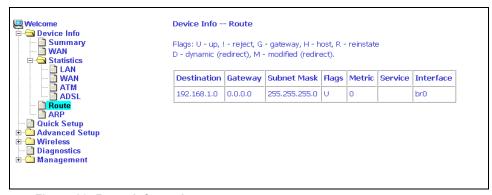


Figure 20: Route Information

ARP

Display the ARP status report by clicking on ARP under Device Info (Figure 21)

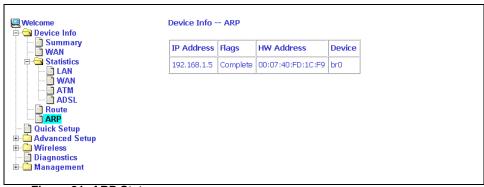


Figure 21: ARP Status

QUICK SETUP

Quick Setup with Auto-Connect Enabled

Auto-connect will automatically detect the first usable PVC and automatically detect PPPoE, PPPoA, and Bridge Protocol (with DHCP Server available). To use auto-connect:

1 Select Quick Setup. The Quick Setup initial screen appears.



Figure 22: Quick Setup Initial Screen

2 Select DSL Auto-Connect, then click on Next. The progress information screen appears.



Figure 23: Detecting Available PVC

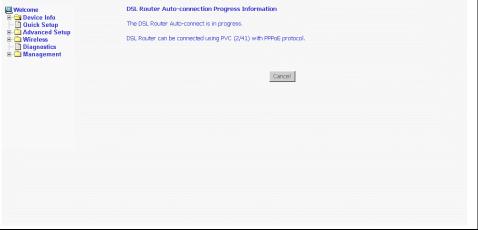


Figure 24: Detecting available PVC - Available PVC Detected

Quick Setup with Auto-Connect Disabled

- 1 Select Quick Setup. The Quick Setup initial screen appears.
- **2** Verify that DSL Auto-Connect is not selected. Entry boxes for VPI and VCI appear when DSL Auto-Connect is not selected.
- **3** Specify VPI and VCI as directed by your ISP.

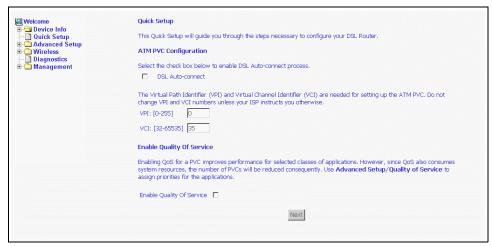


Figure 25: Specifying VPI and VCI

4 Click on Next. The Connection Type screen appears.

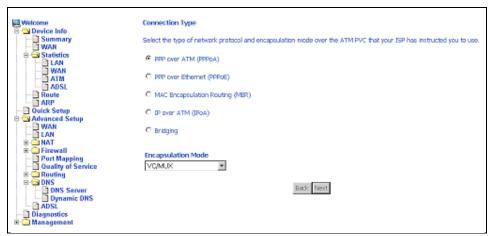


Figure 26: Connection Type

5 Select the protocol and encapsulation type required by your ISP.

6 Click on Next. Further parameters for the selected protocol are presented. For example, if you selected PPPoA, the PPP Username and Password screen appears.

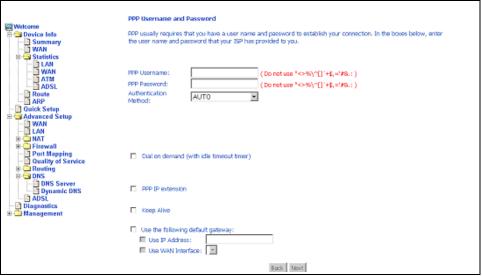


Figure 27: PPP Username and Password

7 Click on Next. The Network Address Translation Settings screen appears.

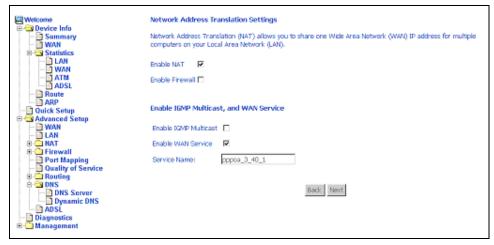


Figure 28: NAT Settings

8 Enter the settings specified by your ISP and click on Next. The Device Setup screen appears.

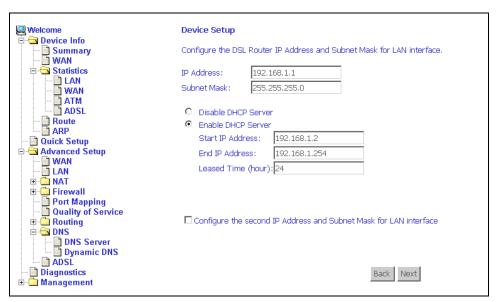


Figure 29: Device Setup

9 If desired, configure configure the DSL Router IP address and Subnet Mask for the LAN interface to correspond to your LAN's IP Subnet. If you want the DHCP server to automatically assign IP addresses, then enable the DHCP server and enter the range of IP addresses that the DHCP server can assign to your computers. Disable the DHCP server if you would like to manually assign IP addresses.

If you have a second IP address and subnet mask for the LAN interface, click on the checkbox to configure it.

10 Click on Next to continue. The WAN Setup Summary screen displays all WAN settings that you have made. Check that the settings are correct before clicking on the Save / Reboot button. Clicking on Save / Reboot saves your settings and restarts your router.



Figure 30: WAN Setup - Summary

ADVANCED SETUP

WAN

Set up WAN parameters as directed by your ISP.

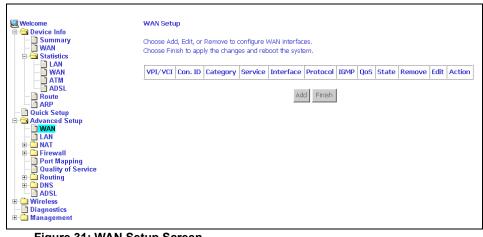


Figure 31: WAN Setup Screen

Add Function – ATM PVC Configuration

If you want to add a new rule for the WAN interface, click on the Add button. The ATM PVC Configuration screen appears. The ATM PVC Configuration screen allows you to configure an ATM PVC identifier (VPI and VCI) and select a service category.

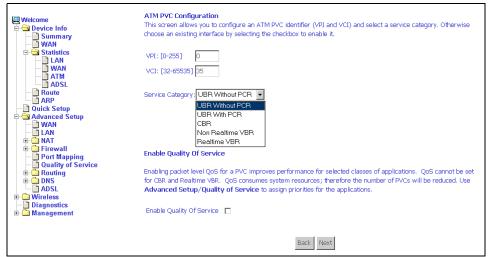


Figure 32: ATM PVC Configuration Screen

Verify the following values with your ISP before you change them.

- VPI (Virtual Path Identifier) The valid range is 0 to 255.
- VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) The valid range is 32 to 65535.
- Service Category Five classes of traffic defined are defined:
 - UBR Without PCR (Unspecified Bit Rate without Peak Cell Rate)
 - UBR With PCR (Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate) UBR service is suitable for applications that can tolerate variable delays and some cell loss, such as data transfer, messaging, distribution, and retrieval, and remote terminal applications such as telecommuting.
 - CBR (Constant Bit Rate) Used by applications that require a fixed data rate that is continuously available during the connection time. It is commonly used for uncompressed audio and video information such as videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), and audio and video distribution and retrieval.
 - Non-Realtime VBR (Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate) Can be used for data transfers that have critical response-time requirements such as airline reservations, banking transactions, and process monitoring.
 - Realtime VBR (Real-time Variable Bit Rate) Used for time-sensitive applications such as real-time video. Rt-VBR service allows the network more flexibility than CBR.

Connection Type Screen

1 Select the type of network protocol and encapsulation mode over the ATM PVC that your ISP has instructed you to use, then click on Next button.

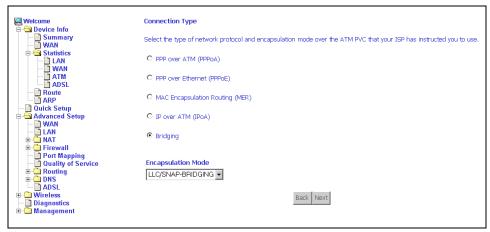


Figure 33: Connection Type Screen

2 Select a connection type and click on Next. In this example, the Bridge Service screen appears.

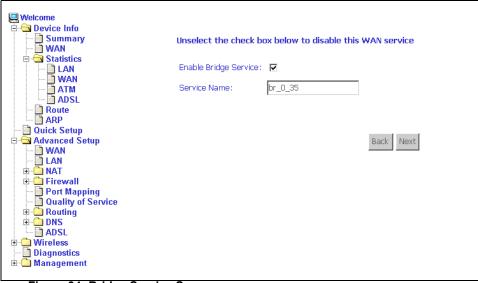


Figure 34: Bridge Service Screen

3 Enter or select the parameters presented for the service type, and click on Next. The WAN Setup - Summary screen appears.

WAN Setup - Summary

1 Make sure that the settings on the WAN Setup - Summary screen match the settings provided by your ISP. If all settings are correct, click on the Save button to save these settings; if not, click on the Back button to make any modifications. If you want to change any item after saving, click on the Edit button to make any modifications.

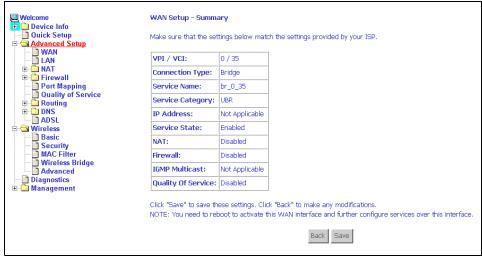


Figure 35: WAN Setup Summary

2 Activate this WAN interface by clicking on the Finish button and further configuring services over this interface. The router supports up to five WAN connections.

Remove Function

If you want to delete a connection from the listed WAN setup, click in the Remove check box next to the item, then click on the Remove button.

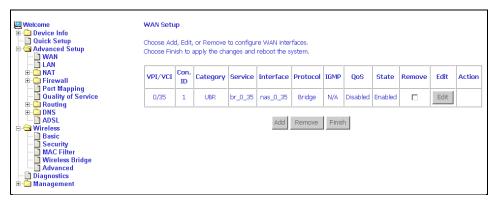


Figure 36: WAN Setup List

WAN Setup Finish

After you change any item in WAN Setup, click on the Finish button to apply the changes and reboot the system.

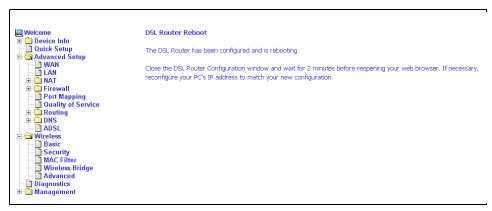


Figure 37: WAN Setup Reboot Message

Local Area Network (LAN) Setup

You can configure the DSL Router IP address and Subnet Mask for the LAN interface to conform your LAN's IP Subnet.

The Save button only saves the LAN configuration data. The Save/Reboot button saves the LAN configuration data and reboots the router to make the new configuration effective.



Figure 38: LAN Setup

NAT

You can configure the Virtual Server, Port Triggering, and DMZ Host when NAT is enabled.

Virtual Servers

A virtual server allows you to direct incoming traffic from the WAN side to a specific IP address on the LAN side. Click on the Add button to add a virtual server.

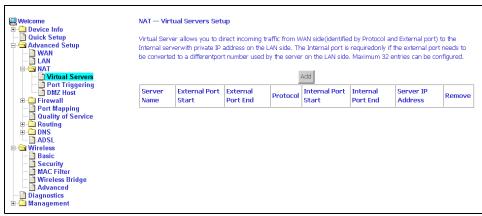


Figure 39: NAT Virtual Server Setup

You can select a Service or make new one. Enter the Server IP Address, then click on Save/Apply to submit your configuration.

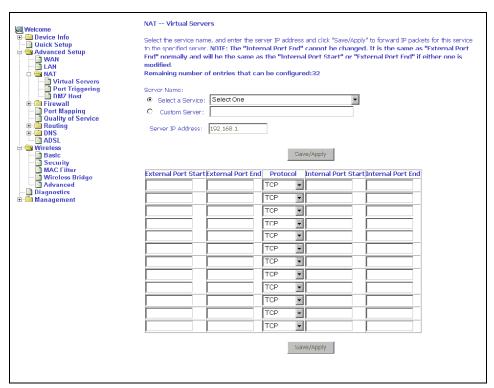


Figure 40: Virtual Server Add Screen

On this screen you can view and delete servers. Click in the check box under Remove and click on the Remove button to delete selected virtual servers.

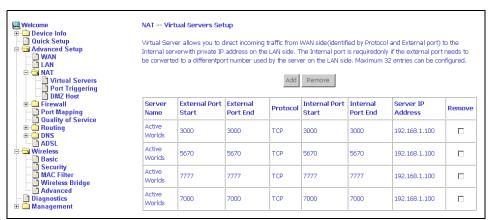


Figure 41: Removing Selected Virtual Servers

Port Triggering

Click the on the Add button to add Port Triggering for your Internet application.

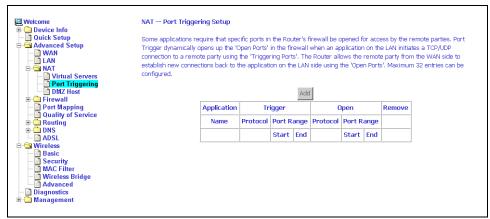


Figure 42: Port Triggering Setup Page

You can select an application every time or create new one for your application. Then click on Save/Apply to save your settings.

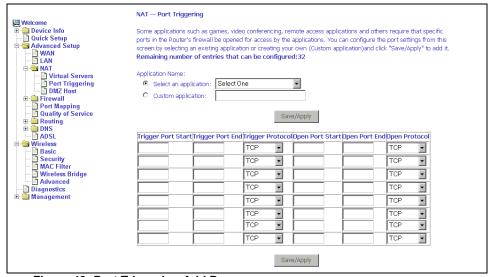


Figure 43: Port Triggering Add Page

The Port Triggering list screen appears after you save your selections. You can delete an entry by clicking in the Remove column then clicking on the Remove button.

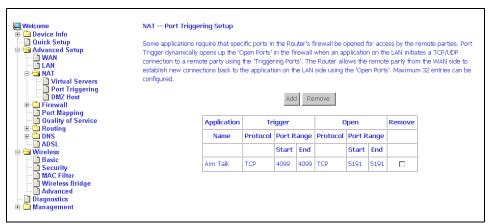


Figure 44: Port Triggering List

DMZ Host

You can define the IP address of the DMZ Host on this screen. Enter the IP address and click on Save/Apply.

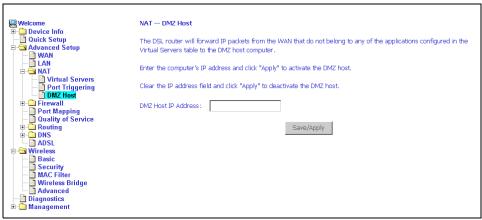


Figure 45: DMZ Host Setup

Firewall

For security reasons, firewall options can be configured only from the LAN side of the router.

IP Filtering – Outgoing

The outgoing filter will block the traffic from the LAN side to the WAN side. Click on Add to create filters.



Figure 46: IP Filtering - Outgoing Filter Setup

Input the filter name, source information (from the LAN side), and Destination information (from the WAN side). Then click on Save/Apply.

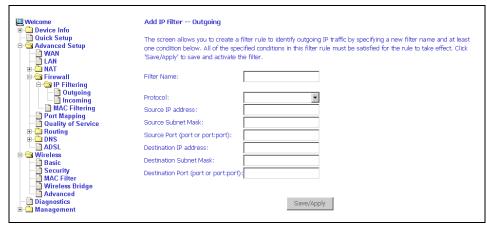


Figure 47: IP Filtering - Outgoing Filter Add Page

IP Filtering – Incoming

Incoming filter filters the traffic from the WAN side to the LAN side. Click on Add to add incoming filter settings.



Figure 48: IP Filtering - Incoming Filter Setup Page

Enter a filter name, information about the source address (from the WAN side), and information about the destination address (to the LAN side). Select the protocol and WAN interface. Then click on Save/Apply to add the setting.

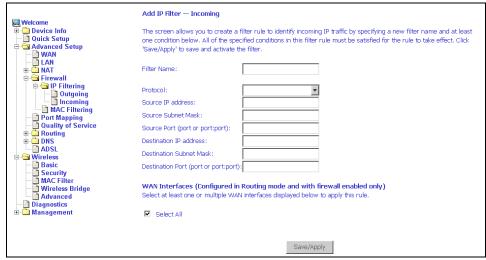


Figure 49: IP Filtering - Incoming Filter Add

Firewall - MAC Filtering

MAC filtering can forward or block traffic by MAC address. You can change the policy or add settings to the MAC filtering table using the MAC Filtering Setup screen.



Figure 50: IP Filtering - MAC Filtering Setup

If you click on Change Policy, a confirmation dialog lets you verify your change.



Figure 51: IP Filtering - MAC Filtering Policy Change Confirmation

If you want to add a setting to the MAC filtering table, enter the Source and Destination MAC address, and select protocol type, frame direction, and WAN interface. Then click on Save/Apply to save it.

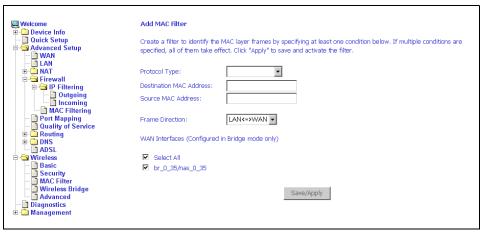


Figure 52: IP Filtering - MAC Filtering Add Page

Port Mapping

Use the Port Mapping screen to map multiple ports to a PVC and create bridging groups. Each group will perform as an independent network.



Figure 53: Port Mapping

To create a new mapping group:

1 Click on Add. The Port Mapping Configuration screen appears.

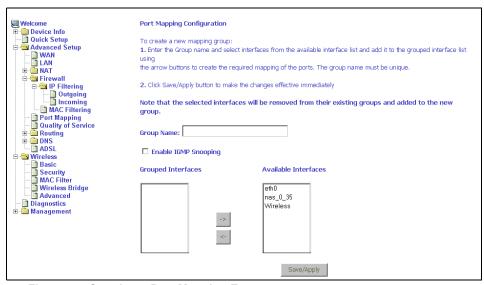


Figure 54: Creating a Port Mapping Entry

- **2** Enter a unique Group name.
- **3** Select interfaces from the available interface list and add them to the grouped interface list using the arrow buttons to create the required mapping of the ports.

4 Click on Save/Apply.

Quality of Service

You can configure the Quality of Service to apply different priorities to traffic on the router.

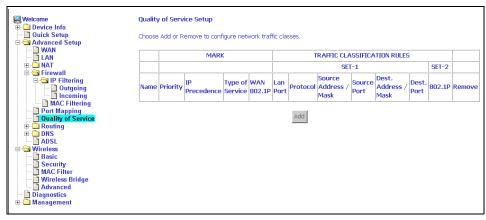


Figure 55: Quality of Service Setup

Click on Add and the Add Network Traffic Class Rule screen appears. To add a rule:

- 1 Give a name to this traffic class.
- **2** Assign a priority level-low, medium, and high-to this traffic class.
- **3** Select an IP precedence from the range of 0–7.
- 4 Enter an IP Type of Service from the following selections-
 - Normal Service
 - Minimize Cost
 - Maximize Reliability
 - Maximize Throughput
 - Minimize Delay
- **5** Last, enter the traffic conditions for the class such as the protocol (TCP / UDP, TCP, UDP, or ICMP) to be used.
- **6** Click on Save / Apply to save the settings.

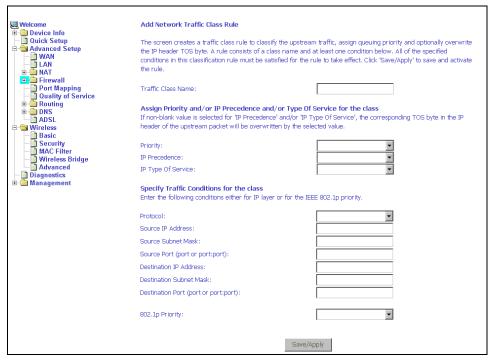


Figure 56: Quality of Service Add Screen

Routing – Default Gateway

You can change the Default Gateway on the Routing - Default Gateway screen. By default the Enable Automatic Assigned Default Gateway box is checked.



Figure 57: Default Gateway Setup

If you want to specify the default gateway address, then uncheck the box as seen below. Enter the default gateway address and, optionally, the WAN interface you will use. Click on Save / Apply to save the settings.

If you add or change the default gateway address, you must reboot the router to put the new default gateway IP address into effect.

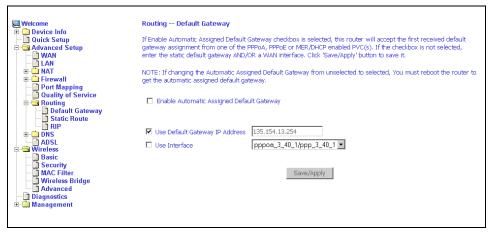


Figure 58: Default Gateway Setup

Routing - Static Route

Use the Routing - Static Route screen to add a static route to the routing table.



Figure 59: Static Route Setup

Enter the route information and click on Save/Apply to make it active. No reboot is required.

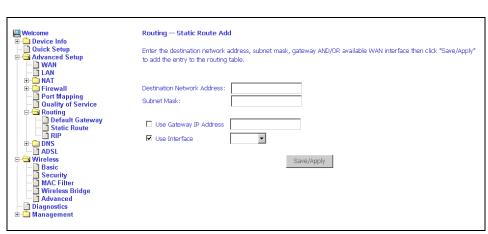


Figure 60: Static Route Add

Routing – RIP

If RIP is enabled, the router operation can be configured as Active or Passive.

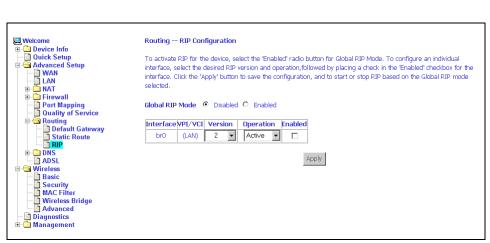


Figure 61: RIP Setup

DNS Server

Use the DNS Server screen to request automatic assignment of a DNS or to specify a primary and secondary DNS.



Figure 62: DNS Setup

Dynamic DNS

Use the Dynamic DNS screen to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname, allowing your router to be easily accessed from anywhere on the Internet.

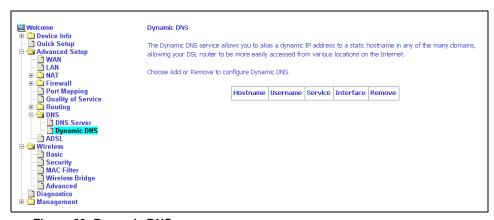


Figure 63: Dynamic DNS

To set up a Dynamic DNS entry:

1 Click on Add. The Add Dynamic DNS screen appears.



Figure 64: Adding a Dynamic DNS Entry

- **2** Select a D-DNS Provider from the drop-down list.
- **3** Enter the Hostname you have selected for the interface.
- **4** Select the router Interface from the drop-down list.
- **5** Enter the information you used to register with the dynamic DNS service: for DynDNS, enter your Username and Password; for TOZ, enter your E-mail address and Key.
- **6** Click on Save/Apply.

ADSL

There are three major items in the ADSL settings.



Figure 65: DSL Settings

Modulation Methods

The following modulation methods are supported by the 6218 wireless router:

- G.dmt Enabled
- Glite Enabled
- T1.413 Enabled
- ADSL Enabled
- Annex L Enabled
- ADSL2+ Enabled.

Do not change this setting unless so directed by your ISP.

Phone Line Pair

The 6218 wireless router supports phone lines on pins 2 and 3 or pins 1 and 4 to connect your ADSL line. If your phone system uses pins 2 and 3, attach a normal RJ11 cable to the router and select "Inner pair" on the screen; if your phone system uses pins 1 and 4, attach the phone with the supplied RJ11 cable and select "Outer pair" on the screen.

Capability

The following are included under Capability:

- Bitswap Enable
- SRA (Seamless Rate Adaptation) Enable

Do not change these settings unless so directed by your ISP.

DSL Advanced Settings

Do not change the DSL Advanced Settings unless so directed by your ISP. To view the DSL Advanced Settings screen, click on the Advanced Settings button on the DSL Settings screen (see Figure 65).

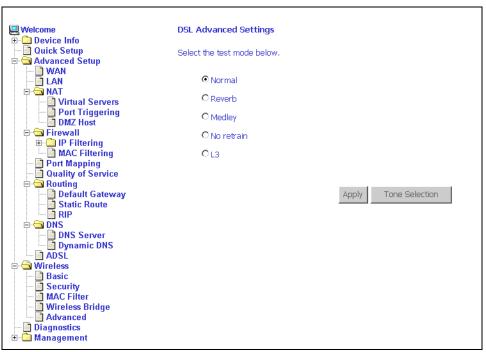


Figure 66: DSL Advanced Settings

There are five test modes between the router and your ISP:

- Normal test: Puts the router in a test mode in which it only sends a Normal signal.
- Reverb test: Puts the router in a test mode in which it only sends a Reverb signal.
- Medley test: Puts the router in a test mode in which it only sends a Medley signal.

- No Retrain: In this mode the router will try to establish a connection as in normal mode, but once the connection is up it will not retrain if the signal is lost.
- L3: Puts the router into the L3 power state.

Select a test mode and click on Apply. Then click on Tone Selection.

Tone Selection

To view the ADSL Tone Settings screen, click on the Tone Selection button of the DSL Advanced Settings screen (see Figure 66).

The frequency band of ADSL is split up into 256 separate tones, each spaced 4.3125 kHz apart. With each tone carrying separate data, the technique operates as if 256 separate modems were running in parallel. The tone range is from 0 to 31 for upstream and from 32 to 255 for downstream.

Do not change these settings unless so directed by your ISP.

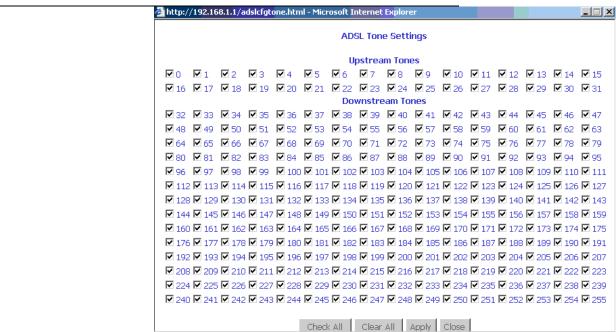


Figure 67: Tone Settings

Wireless

The Wireless screens let you configure the settings for wireless access, security, and protocols.

Wireless - Basic

The Wireless - Basic screen lets you enable or disable Wi-Fi capability in the router. The default setting for wireless is enabled. From this screen you can also hide the access point so others cannot see your ID on the network.

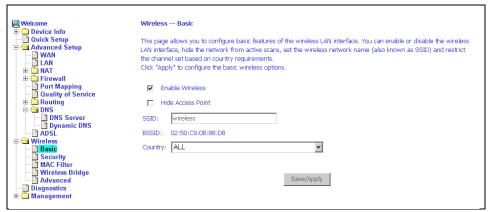


Figure 68: Wireless - Basic

Wireless - Security

The next screen is the Wireless - Security screen which allows you to select the network authentication method and to enable or disable WEP encryption. Note that depending on the network authentication that is selected, the screen will change accordingly so additional fields can be configured for the specific authentication method.

Network authentication methods include the following-

- Open Anyone can access the network. The default is a disabled WEP encryption setting.
- Shared WEP encryption is enabled and encryption key strength of 64-bit or 128-bit needs to be selected. Click on Set Encryption Keys to manually set the network encryption keys. Up to 4 different keys can be set and you can come back to select which one to use at any time.
- 802.1X Requires mutual authentication between a client station and the router by including a RADIUS-based authentication server. Information

- about the RADIUS server such as its IP address, port and key must be entered. WEP encryption is also enabled and the encryption strength must also be selected.
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) Usually used for the larger enterprise environment, it uses a RADIUS server and TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) encryption (instead of WEP encryption, which is disabled). TKIP uses 128-bit dynamic session keys (per user, per session, and per packet keys).
- WPA-PSK (Wi-Fi Protected Access Pre-Shared Key) WPA for home and SOHO environments using the same strong TKIP encryption, per-packet key construction, and key management that WPA provides in the enterprise environment. The main difference is that the password is entered manually. A Group Re-Key Interval time is also required.
- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2) Second generation of WPA, which
 uses AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) instead of TKIP as its
 encryption method. Network Re-Auth Interval is the time in which
 another key needs to be dynamically issued.
- WPA2-PSK (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 Pre-Shared Key) Suitable for home and SOHO environments, WPA2-PSK uses AES encryption and requires you to enter a password and a re-key interval time.
- Mixed WPA2 / WPA During transitional times for upgrades in the
 enterprise environment, this mixed authentication method allows
 upgraded users and users not yet upgraded to access the network via the
 router. RADIUS server information must be entered for WPA as well as a
 group re-key interval time. Both TKIP and AES are used.
- Mixed WPA2 / WPA-PSK Useful during transitional times for upgrades in the home or SOHO environment, a pre-shared key must be entered along with the group re-key interval time. Both TKIP and AES are also used.

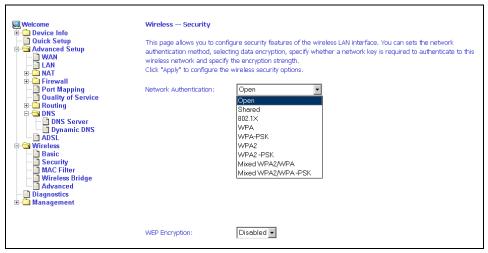


Figure 69: Wireless - Security

Wireless - MAC Filter

The MAC filter screen allows you to manage MAC address filters. Add the MAC addresses that you want to manage and then select the mode that you want to use to manage them. You can disable this feature or you can allow or deny access to the MAC addresses that you add to the list.



Figure 70: Wireless - MAC Filter

The following screen appears when you want to add a MAC address to the filter. Enter a MAC address in the form xx-xx-xx-xx-xx where each xx is a two-digit hexadecimal number (for example, 00-05-13-ba-c8-01), then click on the Save / Apply button.



Figure 71: Wireless – MAC Filter Add

Wireless - Bridge

The Wireless - Bridge screen lets you determine whether the router acts as an access point or a wireless bridge.



Figure 72: Wireless - Bridge

Wireless - Advanced

The Wireless - Advanced screen lets you configure advanced features of the wireless LAN network:

- AP Isolation If you select enable, then each of your wireless clients will not be able to communicate with each other.
- Band The default setting is 2.4GHz 802.11g
- Channel 802.11b and 802.11g use channels to limit interference from other devices. If you are experiencing interference with another 2.4 Ghz device such as a baby monitor, security alarm, or cordless phone, then change the channel on your router.
- Multicast Rate The rate at which a message is sent to a specified group of recipients.
- Basic Rate The set of data transfer rates that all the stations will be capable of using to receive frames from a wireless medium.
- Fragmentation Threshold Used to fragment packets which help improve performance in the presence of radio frequency (RF) interference.
- RTS Threshold (Request to Send Threshold) Determines the packet size of a transmission through the use of the router to help control traffic flow.
- DTIM Interval Sets the Wake-up interval for clients in power-saving mode.

- Beacon Interval A packet of information that is sent from a connected device to all other devices where it announces its availability and readiness. A beacon interval is a period of time (sent with the beacon) before sending the beacon again. The beacon interval may be adjusted in milliseconds (ms).
- Xpress Technology A technology that utilizes standards based on framebursting to achieve higher throughput. With Xpress Technology enabled, aggregate throughput (the sum of the individual throughput speeds of each client on the network) can improve by up to 25 percent in 802.11g only networks and up to 75 percent in mixed networks comprising 802.11g and 802.11b equipment.
- 54g Mode 54g is a proprietary Wi-Fi technology that provides higher speed, reach, and security.
- 54g Protection The 802.11g standards provide a protection method so 802.11g and 802.11b devices can co-exist in the same network without "speaking" at the same time. Do not disable 54g Protection if there is a possibility that a 802.11b device may need to use your wireless network. In Auto Mode, the wireless device will use RTS/CTS (Request to Send / Clear to Send) to improve 802.11g performance in mixed 802.11g/802.11b networks. Turn protection off to maximize 802.11g throughput under most conditions.
- WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) WMM provides QoS functionality for Wi-Fi multimedia applications by prioritizing traffic demands from different applications on the network.

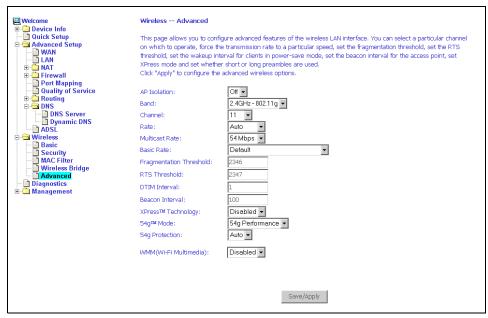


Figure 73: Wireless - Advanced

DIAGNOSTICS

Testing the DSL Connection

The diagnostics screen allows you to run diagnostic tests to check your DSL connection. The screen shows test results for three connections:

- Connection to your local network
- Connection to your DSL service provider
- Connection to your Internet service provider

Use the Test and Test with OAM F4 buttons to retest if necessary.

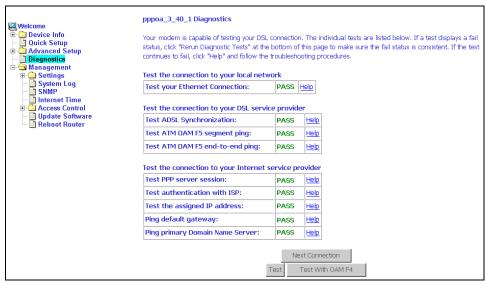


Figure 74: Diagnostics

MANAGEMENT

Saving and Restoring the Configuration

The configuration of your router can be backed up to a file, and also can be restored from a file. You can also restore the router to its factory default configuration.

Backing Up Configuration Settings

To back up your settings, select Management -> Settings -> Backup Settings.



Figure 75: Back Up Settings Screen

Verify that you would like to save the file.

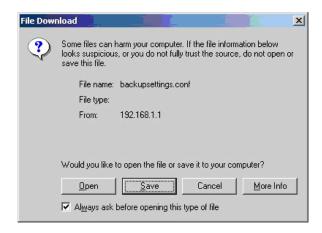


Figure 76: Backup Settings Upload Confirmation

Select the location where you want to save the file.

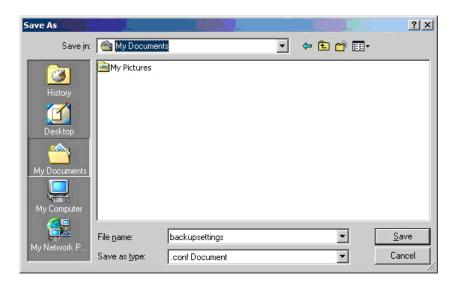


Figure 77: Backup Settings File Location

Restoring Configuration Settings

To restore saved settings, select Management -> Settings -> Restore User Settings.



Figure 78: Restore User Settings Screen

Select the backup file you want to restore and click on Update Settings.

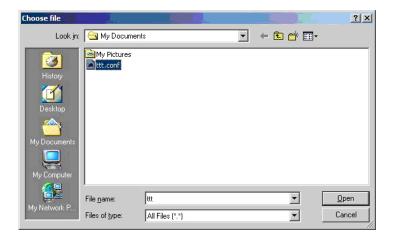


Figure 79: Restore Settings File Location

The router will restore settings and reboot to activate the restored settings.

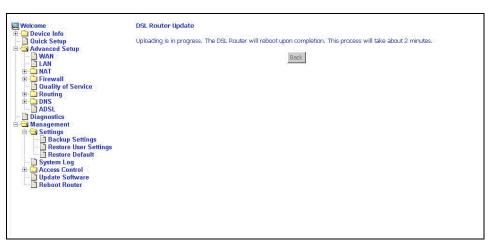


Figure 80: Upload in Progress Screen

Restoring Default Settings

Restore Default will erase all current settings and restore the router to factory default settings.

To restore the router to factory default settings, select Management -> Settings -> Restore Default.



Figure 81: Restore Default Settings Screen

Reply OK to the confirmation dialog.

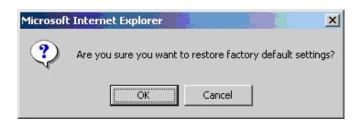


Figure 82: Restore Default Confirmation Dialog

The router will restore the default settings and reboot.

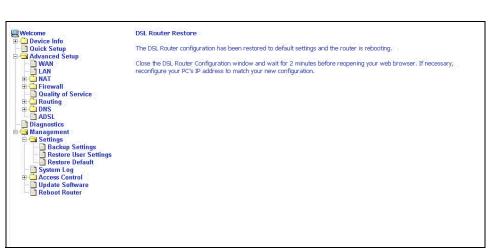


Figure 83: Restore Default Settings Reboot

System Log

The System Log dialog allows you to view the System Log and configure the System Log options.

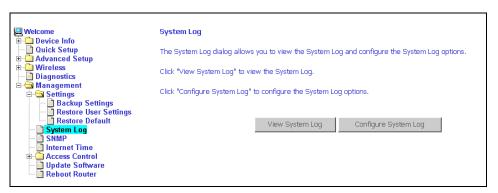


Figure 84: System Log

View System Log

Click on the "View System Log" button to check the log file.

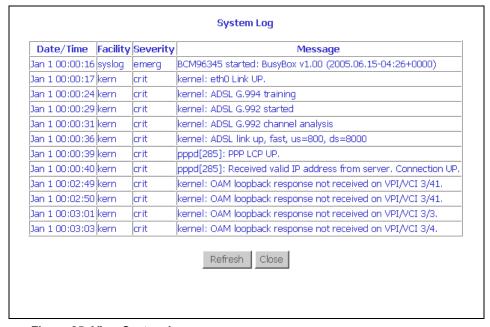


Figure 85: View System Log

Configure System Log

If the log is enabled, the system will log selected events: Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, Informational, and Debugging. All events above or equal to the selected log levels will be logged (maintained in the system log file) and displayed.

If the selected mode is Remote or Both, events will be sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of a remote system log server. If the selected mode is Local or Both, events will be recorded in the local memory.

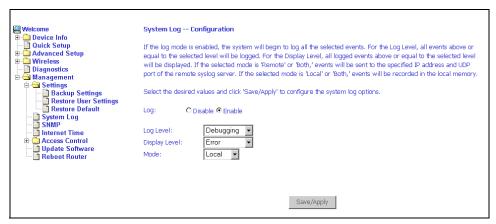


Figure 86: System Log Configuration

Select the desired values and click on the "Save/Apply" button to configure the system log options.

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in the router. Use the SNMP screen to set up parameters for SNMP access.

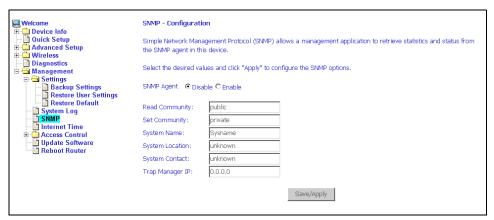


Figure 87: SNMP Screen

Select the desired values and click on Save/Apply to configure the SNMP options.

Internet Time

Use the Internet Time screen to specify whether the router uses Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) to obtain the time of day from NTP servers on the Internet.

To set up the router to obtain time from an NTP server:

1 Select "Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers". The SNTP fields appear.

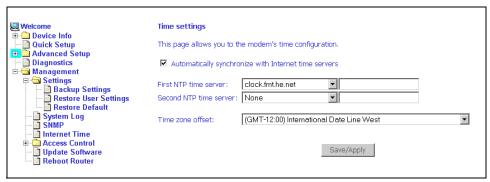


Figure 88: Internet Time Screen

- **2** Select NTP servers.
- **3** Specify the time zone offset for your router's location.
- **4** Click on Save/Apply.

Access Control – Services

You can enable or disable some services of your router by LAN or WAN. If no WAN connection is defined, only the LAN side can be configured.



Figure 89: Services Setup

Access Control - IP Addresses

Web access to the router can be limited when Access Control Mode is enabled. The IP addresses of allowed hosts can be added using Access Control -> IP Address.



Figure 90: IP Address Setup

To assign the IP address of the management station that is permitted to access the local management services, enter the IP address in the box and click on the Save/Apply button.



Figure 91: Access Control - IP Address Add Screen

Access Control – Passwords

Use Access Control -> Passwords to change a password. Select an account and enter the current password and the new password. Then click on Save/Apply.

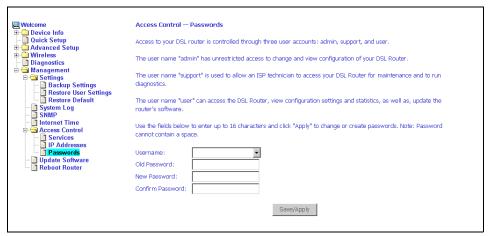


Figure 92: Access Control - Passwords Screen

Update Software

If your ISP releases new software for this router, follow these steps to perform an upgrade.

- 1. Obtain an updated software image file from your ISP.
- 2. Enter the path to the image file location or click on the "Browse" button to locate the image file.
- 3. Click on the Update Software button once to upload the new image file.

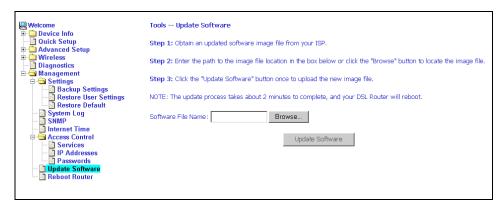


Figure 93: Update Software

Note

The update process takes about two minutes to complete, and your router will reboot automatically.

Reboot Router

Select Management -> Reboot Router to reboot the router using the web interface. The router will save the current configuration and reboot itself using the new configuration. The rebooting process takes about two minutes to complete.



Figure 94: Reboot Router Screen

SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Table 5: 6218-I2 Specifications

Specification	Criteria
DSL Protocol Support	ANSI T1.413 (Full Rate ADSL) ITU G.992.1 (DMT) ITU G.992.2 (G.lite) ITU G.992.3 (ADSL2) ITU G.992.5 (ADSL2+) ITU G.994.1 (G.hs) ITU G.997.1
Environment	Operating Temperature: 32° F to 104° F (0° C to 40° C) Storage Temperature: -4° F to 149° F (-20° C to 65° C) Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
Interfaces	DSL Line: RJ11 Ethernet: 10/100BaseT, RJ45 Wireless: 802.11b, 802.11g
Power	100 VAC, 50 Hz 110 VAC, 60 Hz 220 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Size	1.2" High x 6.5" Wide x 4.4" Deep (3.0 cm High x 16.5 cm Wide x 11.2 cm Deep)
Weight (Shipping)	1.5 lbs (0.7 kg)

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