



115VIF-DIN 115 VAC Input Interface Board Instruction & Software Manual

For Crane & Hoist Pendant Applications

- WJ200 Series
- SJ700 Series



Hitachi Inverters

NOTE: REFER ALSO TO WJ200 OR SJ700 SERIES INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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After reading this manual, keep it handy for future reference.

Hitachi America, Ltd.

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Document History

January 2013 is the first edition.

Chapter 1 – General Description

The 115VIF-DIN is an interface board is used to translate 115 VAC control signals – from crane and hoist operator pendant stations – to the 24 VDC logical input signals required by the WJ200 or SJ700 series of Hitachi inverters.

The board provides optical isolation between the 115 VAC pendant voltages and the inverter control inputs. The necessary logic functions to perform application-specific crane and hoist functions are not embedded on the interface board.

Before using this product, please read this manual and the inverter manual, and be sure to follow all safety precautions noted therein. After unpacking the 115VIF-DIN board, carefully inspect it for any defect or damage.

115VIF-DIN Carton Contents

(1) 115VIF-DIN Interface Board

WARRANTY

The warranty period under normal installation and handling conditions shall be eighteen (18) months from the date of purchase, or twelve (12) months from the date of installation, whichever occurs first. The warranty shall cover repair or replacement, at Hitachi's sole discretion, of the 115VIF-DIN interface board.

Service in the following cases, even within the warranty period, shall be to the customers account:

- 1. Malfunction or damage caused by misuse, modification or unauthorized repair.
- 2. Malfunction or damage caused by mishandling, dropping, etc., after delivery.
- 3. Malfunction or damage caused by fire, earthquake, flood, lightning, abnormal input voltage, contamination, or other natural disasters.

If service is required for the product at your worksite, all expenses associated with field repair are the purchaser's responsibility. This warranty only covers service at Hitachi designated service facilities.

If making a warranty claims in reference to the above, please contact the distributor from whom you purchased the 115VIF-DIN, and provide the model number, purchase date, installation date, failure date and description of damage, malfunction, or missing components.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



HIGH VOLTAGE: This symbol indicates high voltage. It calls your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to you and other persons operating this equipment. Read the message and follow the instructions carefully.



WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, can result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, can result in minor to moderate injury, or serious damage to the product. The situation described in the CAUTION may, if not avoided, lead to serious results. Important safety measures are described in CAUTION (as well as WARNING), so be sure to observe them.



HIGH VOLTAGE: Motor control equipment and electronic controllers are connected to hazardous line voltages. When servicing drives and electronic controllers, there may be exposed components with housings or protrusions at or above line potential. Extreme care should be taken to protect against shock. Stand on an insulating pad and make it a habit to use only one hand when checking components. Always work with another person in case an emergency occurs. Disconnect power before checking controllers or performing maintenance. Be sure equipment is properly grounded. Wear safety glasses whenever working on electronic controllers or rotating machinery.



WARNING: This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified electrical maintenance personnel familiar with the construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.



WARNING: HAZARD OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK. DISCONNECT INCOMING POWER BEFORE WORKING ON THIS CONTROL.



WARNING: Wait at least ten (10) minutes after turning OFF the input power supply before performing maintenance or an inspection. Otherwise, there is the danger of electric shock.



WARNING: Do not install or remove the 115VIF-DIN interface board while the inverter or external control circuits are energized. Otherwise there is the danger of electric shock and/or fire.



WARNING: Never modify the board. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.



CAUTION: Alarm connection may contain hazardous live voltage even when inverter is disconnected. When removing the front cover for maintenance or inspection, confirm that incoming power for alarm connection is completely disconnected.



WARNING: Do not touch the surface or terminals of the 115VIF-DIN interface board while the inverter or external control circuit is energized; otherwise there is the danger of electric shock.

Chapter 2 – Installation and Wiring

Orientation to Product Features

Figure 2-1 below shows the 115VIF-DIN interface.



Figure 2-1, 115VIF-DIN

Installing the Interface Board



WARNING: Remove power from the inverter and wait at least five minutes before moving to the next

step. Open and remove the lower terminal cover. Confirm that the DC bus is fully discharged before proceeding further. Also confirm that the external 115 VAC control circuits are deactivated and locked out before proceeding. Otherwise, there is danger of electric shock, injury or death.

General

The 115VIF-DIN interface board may be used with either the WJ200 or SJ700 series of inverters. Follow the appropriate installation instructions on the next pages for the particular model series in which you are installing the board. The board's 115 VAC-side wiring (from the pendant) and the corresponding AC input functions are the same, regardless of which inverter series you are using.

AC Input Wiring – Connecting the Pendant to the 115VIF-DIN Interface Board

Connect the pendant 115 VAC input wiring to the terminals marked AC1 through AC5 on the 115VIF-DIN, with NEU (neutral of the pendant control signals) as their common terminal. AC1 thru AC5 are connected to the HOT side of the pendant control signals, coming from the pendant's pushbutton contacts. The board's AC input terminal functions are as follows:

| INPUT | HOIST | TRAVERSE | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| AC1 (Note 1) | Up PB | Forward/Left PB | |
| AC2 (Note 1) | Down PB | Reverse/Right PB | |
| AC3 | Increase/2 nd speed | Increase/2 nd speed | |
| AC4 (Note 2) | Jumpered to HOT | Horizontal over-travel limit (NC sensor input; open-circuit forces inverter to MIN speed) | |
| AC5 (Note 2) | Up over-travel photo limit (NC sensor input; open-circuit stops/prevents UP motion – only DOWN motion is possible) | Jumpered to HOT | |
| AC6 AC7 Common | Not used/no connection (NOTE: Neutral to be connected to AC Common) | Not used/no connection | |

Note 1: Inputs AC1 and AC2 functions are symmetrical with respect to direction in traverse applications. In hoist applications, however, AC1 *must* be used for UP and AC2 *must* be used for DOWN.

Note 2: AC4 and AC5 inputs are intended to be used with over-travel limit sensors. These are secondary safeties, over and above N.C. limit switches that would be wired in series with the AC1 and AC2 pendant inputs. They are "fail-safe" inputs, for use with N.C. type sensors. In this way, a cut wire will have the same effect (inhibited of motion) as a sensor being triggered.

Connecting the Board to the Inverter

The method of connection of the 115VIF to the inverter depends on the inverter model. Refer to the appropriate section below for the inverter model you have. If using for traverse application, AC1 and AC2 are symmetrical in purpose. Please jumper AC4 and AC5 for non-hoist applications.

WJ200



Figure 2-3, 115VIF-DIN wired to WJ200 Inverter inputs with pendant

SJ700

When installed for use with an SJ700 inverter, the 115VIF-DIN must be mounted within the panel and in close proximity to the inverter. Please connect wiring leads (20 AWG) pigtail leads from the 115VIF-DIN to the I/O terminal strip of the SJ700 inverter. Connect the leads one by one to intelligent input terminals on the inverter following the same numeration coding as labeled and similarly shown on the 115VIF-DIN interface label, see Figure 2-3 on page 7. Also the FW must be used to activate the EzSQ program.

Open-Loop vs. Closed-Loop SJ700

For open-loop applications: the UP (blue) wire from the pigtail is connected to the FW terminal. In this case there is *no connection* to intelligent input 1, which is configured for no function [NO].

For closed-loop (encoder feedback) applications: the UP (blue) wire from the pigtail is connected to intelligent input terminal 1, which is configured for [MI1] function. Refer to parameter tables in Chapter 3.

Sinking/Sourcing Input Set-up

On the SJ700, the factory default setting for the intelligent inputs is for *sinking* logic. The 115VIF-DIN interface requires the inputs be set for *sourcing* logic for proper operation. To change the logic setting, locate the small metal jumper bar on the intelligent input terminal strip. Then:

- 1) Remove the jumper from its default position (shown below) between the P24 terminal and PLC terminal.
- 2) Reinstall the jumper between the PLC terminal and the CM1 terminal



Chapter 3 – Configuring the Inverter

The configuration of inverter parameters will depend on the specific functionality and performance required for your application. The basic functionality of the board is designed to interface with a two pushbutton, two-position (two-speed) momentary contact type pendant commonly used for crane and hoist applications. This is the basis for the descriptions of the functions of the board presented in this manual. The setup in the table below will result in infinitely variable speeds between the programmed MIN and MAX speeds. The defined functions of the pushbuttons are as follows:



UP, first detent: UP – accelerate to minimum speed UP, second detent: UP – increase speed while held, up to MAX speed (or go to second speed, see page 11)

DOWN, first detent: DOWN – accelerate to minimum speed (RESET fault when inverter is STOPPED and in a fault state) DOWN, second detent: DOWN – increase speed, up to MAX speed (or go to second speed, see page 11)

Pushing either the UP or DOWN pushbutton to the first position causes the inverter to go to the minimum configured speed in that direction. Pushing that button further to its second position will cause speed to increase in that direction. Releasing back to first position will hold that last speed. Releasing the pushbutton all the way will cause the inverter to come to a stop. If that button is re-pressed to the first position before stop is reached, that speed will be maintained. In order to achieve this basic functionality, the installation of the EzSQ C&H program must be downloaded to the inverter through the use of Hitachi ProDriveNext software. The software is available to download from our company website.

This program also will require a change in parameters that differ from factory default values, as described in the following table. The application will also write to these parameters as needed.

| Parameter Code | Function | Setting | Comment | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|---|--|
| F002 | Acceleration Time | Note 1 | Set a value between 1 and 3600 seconds, depending on application. If P031 is set to 03, acceleration is controlled by EzSQ. <i>This is field adjustable.</i> | |
| F003 | Deceleration Time | Note 1 | Set a value between 1 and 3600 seconds, depending on application. If P031 is set to 03, deceleration will be controlled by EzSQ. <i>This is field adjustable.</i> | |
| A001 | Frequency Command | 07 | Tells the inverter to read speed reference from EzSQ program. See note 3. | |
| A002 | Run Command | 01 | Tells the inverter to take the RUN command from the control terminals. | |
| A004 | Maximum Frequency | Note 1 | Depending on the motor limits and application requirements, set the appropriate value, (Must be equal or greater than P120 parameter) | |
| P120 | Upper Frequency Limit | Note 1 | Usually the same value as A004. See note 3. This is field adjustable. | |
| P110 | Lower Frequency Limit | Note 1 | Lowest speed for continuous operation (MIN speed), usually 6 to 10 Hz or so. This is the speed that will be commanded at the first pushbutton position See note 3. <i>This is field adjustable.</i> | |
| P001 | Stop Mode | 00 | For Non-Load Brake Hoist, or for traverse applications: 00 (factory default) | |
| D091 | Selection | 01 | For Load Brake Hoist applications: 01 (free-run or coast to stop) | |
| C001 | Terminal 1 Function | 56 | WJ200 = [MI1]. See note 3. | |
| | | no | SJ700 Open Loop = [NO] No function | |
| | | 56 | SJ700 Closed Loop = [MI1]. See note 3. | |

| | | | Program Flowchart and Index |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----|---|
| | Terminal 2 | 01 | SJ700 Open Loop = [RV] Reverse run |
| C002 | Function | 57 | WJ200 & SJ700 Closed Loop = [MI2]. See note 3. |
| C003 | Terminal 3 Function | 58 | EzSQ input 2 nd speed / increase speed. = [MI3]. See note 3. |
| C004 | Terminal 4 Function | 59 | EzSQ input. Horizontal over-travel limit. = [MI4]. See note 3. |
| C005 | Terminal 5 Function | 60 | EzSQ input. N.C. from hoist UP limit. =[MI5]. See note 3. |
| C006 | Terminal 6 Function | 18 | [RS] Reset on WJ200. |
| C007 | Terminal 7 Function | 62 | EzSQ input. This input switches the software from 2 speeds to infinite speed control. =[MI7]. See note 3. |
| C008 | Terminal 8 Function | no | [NO] No Function – Available on SJ700 only |
| C011 thru C016[DN] | Terminal Active State | 00 | All inputs should be configured for N.O. (normally open = active on) operation (Note 2) |
| C102 | Reset function selection | 2 | Makes the RESET [RS] input terminal (input 6) active only when the inverter is in the fault state. In this way, the pendant DOWN pushbutton can also used to reset an inverter fault. See note 3. |
| P031 | Accel / Decel Option | 03 | This allows the EzSQ software to determine the programmed acceleration and deceleration rates. If F002 and F003 are used, set to 00. |

Note 1: Actual setting is dependent on inverter capacity and your design requirements. Software controlled when applicable. Note 2: C011 to C018 in the case of SJ700 series

Note 3: The parameters initial values are set by activating the EzSQ program.

Other Required Settings

The following were previously noted in the Installation and Wiring chapter, but are important and bear repeating. Make sure the following steps were performed.

WJ200

Please confirm that the jumper bar/wire is between PLC and L, as explained in Chapter 2, for proper operation of the 115VIF-DIN interface board.

SJ700

The SR/SK DIP switch in close proximity to the terminal connection block must be in default "SR" position. Confirm that the source/sink jumper bar is between PLC and CM1, as explained in Chapter 2. Confirm the correct setting of B091 for load-brake vs. non-load-brake applications. Please verify the SJ700 parameter A017 is set to 01 and a jumper or closed contact is wired between P24 and FW to enable to program to run.

Software Use Set Up

The EzSQ program needs to be successfully downloaded to the inverter and activated through the A017 selection to 02. The software is designed to utilize the intelligent logic inputs to determine the rotation direction, and speed of the motor based on the various contact states as presented to the inverter through the 115VIF-DIN. Please remember to test the software with a disconnected load, and perform all activities and take all proper precautions before activating the software or inverter. Safety in operation should be the primary concern.

Please visit our website at <u>http://www.hitachi-america.us/ice/inverters/</u> for the ProDriveNext software and suggestive use crane and hoist program in our application notes section.

Two-Speed Operation

The inverter can easily be configured for two-speed operation or infinitely variable speed operation by using the following parameter settings in lieu of or in addition to those in the table above:

| Parameter Code | Function | Setting | Comment |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
| A017 | EzSQ Operation | 00, 01, 02 | 00 deactivates the C&H EZSQ software. 01 will activate the software when the terminal FW is active on SJ700 units. 02 will make EZSQ active at all times on WJ200 only. |
| C017 | Terminal 7 Status | 00, 01 | 00 is used for 2 speed operation. 01 is for infinite variable speed control |

The 2 speed control selection for the inverter is based on parameter C017, (C017=00) is applicable to pendant stations with two-position pushbuttons, and can be applied to hoist and/or traverse axes. With the above settings, at the first pushbutton position, the inverter will ramp to MIN speed as defined in parameter P110 and hold. On depressing the button to the second pushbutton position, the inverter will accelerate to the P120 parameter set speed and hold. Releasing the pushbutton back to the first position will cause the inverter to decelerate back to the MIN speed as set in P110 and hold. Releasing the pushbutton will cause the inverter to come to a stop.

Infinite Variable Speed Operation

Normal Operation

Once the inverter parameters are set as described in Chapter 3, you are ready to verify proper operation. It is recommended to first test the system with the motor mechanically disconnected from the crane or hoist, to ensure that any unexpected behavior will not damage the equipment or risk injury.

Energize the inverter and the pendant or other external control circuit power supplies, and press the pushbutton connected to input terminal AC1. This is the UP hoist or FORWARD/LEFT traverse input. Observe motor rotation. If direction is NOT correct, remove power from the inverter and wait 10 minutes for the capacitors to discharge. Then interchange any two motor leads. Restore power and repeat the initial test. Direction should now be correct. Once the corresponding AC1 pushbutton pressed to the first detent, the motor will accelerate in the forward direction, (corresponding to UP motion for the hoist), to the frequency set in P110 (MIN speed), and remain at that speed, unless:

- The pushbutton is released, in which case the motor will come to a stop, OR
- Ramp to a higher speed, while pushbutton is pushed to the second detent (AC3). If AC1 or AC 2 is maintained, and AC3 is subsequently released, the speed attained at that time will be maintained.
- Releasing AC1 or AC 2 at this point will cause the motor speed to ramp down or stop.
- If AC1 or AC 2 remains off long enough, the motor will come to a stop.
- If AC1 is re-activated at any speed above the MIN speed, then that speed will be maintained for the duration. If AC1 is reactivated at a speed below the MIN speed, the motor will accelerate to MIN speed and maintain that speed until one of the above events occurs.

The function of AC2 pushbutton is the same as the AC1 pushbutton, with the exception that rotation direction is reversed (corresponding to DOWN operation for a hoist).

Troubleshooting

| Symptom | Remedy |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Inverter will not accelerate beyond minimum speed | Input AC4 is not jumpered to HOT |
| Inverter will only turn the motor in one direction | Input AC5 is not jumpered to HOT |

Note: For other troubleshooting tips, refer to Chapter 6 of the pertinent inverter Instruction Manual

Electrical Specifications

The board does require power for the AC inputs, however, the outputs are powered from the inverter's internal 24 Vdc power supply, drawing approximately 21 mA. The AC inputs are optically isolated, and draw approximately 2 mA each. The outputs to the inverter have a 100 mA maximum capacity.

EzSQ Program Flowchart Diagram



| Functionality Table | (based on contact status) |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
|---------------------|---------------------------|

| <u>Up (AC1)</u> | <u>Up / Hi Speed</u> (AC1 &AC3) | Down (AC2) | Down / Hi Speed (AC2 & AC3) | Side Limit (AC4) | <u>Up Limit (AC5)</u> | Motor Output |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Open | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | No motor output |
| Closed | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Up at Min. speed or last speed |
| Closed | Closed | Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Up, accelerates to Max speed |
| Open | Open | Closed | Open | Closed | Closed | Down at Min. or last speed |
| Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed | Down, accelerates to Max. speed |
| Closed | Open | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Up, only at Min. speed |
| Closed | Closed | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Up, only at Min. speed |
| Open | Open | Closed | Open | Open | Closed | Down, only at Min. speed |
| Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Open | Closed | Down, only at Min. speed |
| Closed | Open | Open | Open | Closed | Open | No motor output |
| Closed | Closed | Open | Open | Closed | Open | No motor output |
| Open | Open | Closed | Open | Closed | Open | Down at Min. or last speed |
| Open | Open | Closed | Closed | Closed | Open | Down, accelerates to Max. speed |
| Closed | Open | Closed | Open | Closed | Closed | No motor output |
| Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed | No motor output |
| Closed | Closed | Closed | Open | Closed | Closed | No motor output |
| Closed | Open | Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed | No motor output |
| Closed | Closed | Closed | Closed | Open | Closed | No motor output |
| Closed | Closed | Closed | Open | Closed | Open | No motor output |

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