



WM24-96

Universal Utility Meter Contatore Universale

USER MANUAL MANUALE ISTRUZIONI



Modular system Tecnologia modulare

CARLO GAVAZZI

WM24-96: Modular Universal Utility Meter and Power Analyzer

Plug and play module system; ener-THUM CARLO GAURZI gy meters, gas and water meter. These are only a few among many other functions performed by your WM24-96. What's more. Carlo Gavazzi means ISO9001 certification. a working experience of many decades and a widespread presence all over the world. All this because we want our customers to have the top service and the top products.

Welcome in the Carlo Gavazzi world and compliments for your smart choice. Visit our website and evaluate our range of products: www.carlogavazzi.com

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2 Index

CARLO GAVAZZI WM24-96, modular universal utility meter and power analyzer FW rev. 01

TO BEGIN WITH	.04
Front panel description	.04
List and description of displayed measuring pages	.04
PROGRAMMING	.09
■ Access to the main menu	.09
■ Change password	.09
■ System	.10
■ CT ratio	.10
■ VT ratio	.11
■ Dmd calculation	.11
■ Access to the energy meters menus	.13
The functions of the Energy Meters submenu.	.13
Digital outputs	.16
Digital output 1	.16
Pulse digital output	.16
Alarm digital output	.18
Digital output 2	.19
■ Setting of serial communication port address	.20
Digital filter	.20
End of programming	.21
■ Reset of total gas, water, energy meters	.21
■ Reset of partial gas, water, energy meters	.22
■ How to prevent key-pad programming	.22
USEFUL INFORMATION	.23
Example of how to use the digital filter	.23
■ What is ASY?	.24
Retransmitted variables	.24
■ Alarm digital output	.25



Front Panel Description

4

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INSTALLATION	.26
Operations preliminary to the installation	.26
■ Front panel cut-out	.27
Position of slots and relevant modules	.28
■ Connection of optional modules	.31
■ 1-phase electrical diagrams	.34
■ 3-phase electrical diagrams	.34
TECHNICAL FEATURES	.36



We suggest you to keep the original packing in case it is necessary to return the instrument to our Technical Service Department. In order to achieve the best results with your instrument, we recommend you to read this instruction manual carefully.

HOW TO USE THE SYMBOLS



Go to the page where the previous main subject is described.



Go to the page where the next main subject is described.



Go to the page where the subject written on the top of the current page starts.

Go to the page where the subject written on the top of the current page ends.



This symbol indicates a particularly important subject or information.



This symbol indicates that more details are given on the current subject.



1	



Display "tot -1 .Cn



Front Panel Description



List and Description of Displayed

Measuring Pages

When the instrument is switched on it shows the page below:



To begin with 5



6 To begin with

The energy meter pages are different according to the setting of the instrument (see energy meter menu on pag.13).

■ If you choose "tot" the instrument displays:



Generated capacitive reactive energy: integration of the sum of single phase reactive powers of quadrant 4 only.

Consumed capacitive reactive energy: integration of the sum of single phase reactive powers of quadrant 2 only.

Generated inductive reactive energy: integration of the sum of single phase reactive powers of quadrant 3 only.

Consumed inductive reactive energy: integration of the sum of single phase reactive powers of quadrant 1 only.

Generated active energy: integration of the sum of single phase negative active powers only.

8

"tot-Prd



To begin with 7



Consumed active energy: integration of the sum of positive single phase active powers only.

■ If you choose "tot-1.Cn" the instrument displays all the pages displayed in the "tot" selection as well as:

1680543.0 <u>685 ' M3</u> ▲ ▼ 1680543.0 <u>685 M3</u> ▲ ▼ GAS meter as m³, night tariff.

GAS meter as m³, day tariff.

■ If you choose "tot-2.Cn" the instrument displays all the pages displayed in the "tot" selection as well as:



If you choose "tot-Prd" the instrument displays:



Reactive energy consumed during tariff 1: integration of the system active power only if positive (same is also for tariff 2, 3 and 4).

Active energy consumed during tariff 1: integration of the system active power only if positive (same is for tariff 2, 3 and 4).

Consumed total reactive energy: integration of the system reactive power only if positive.

Consumed total active energy: integration of the system active power only if positive.

Once the energy meter pages are finished, the instrument will display some pages related to the variables connected to the alarm.



Display of alarm settings (AL1 and AL2 if both alarms have been set). It displays the variable connected to the alarm.

The scrolling of the measuring pages is cyclic, at the end of the cycle, you go back to the first page (see page 4).











Access to the main menu

Access to the main menu

To access to the programming menus from the measuring and display phase, press the $\[S]\]$ key : when the instrument asks for the password, enter the correct PASS value by means of the $\[A]\]$ and $\[V]\]$ keys; afterwards confirm by means of the

S key. If the password is correct (when the instrument is new, the password is 0), the instrument goes to the main functions menu.



When the "AL" box (normally used for the alarm indication) is active during the programming phase, it means that the displayed value can be modified. This rule applies to all the programming menus.



Change Password

This function allows the operator to choose the desired password value (from 0 to 1000). Choose the "CnG.PASS" function by means of the \triangle and \bigtriangledown keys, then press \bigcirc to modify PASS, enter the desired value by means of the \triangle and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm the new value with the \bigcirc key.



22



En. meters Menu



AL

SYSEEn

SYSEEn

545EEn

3P.n

<u> 38 n</u>

30

S

S



This function allows the operator to select the electrical system choosing between three-phase with neutral (3P.n) and three-phase without neutral (3P).

Choose by means of 🔺 and 💌

the "SySTEn" function, press S to enter the menu; then, select the desired system by means of the

▲ and ▼ keys and confirm with

CT ratio

This function allows the user to select the value of the CT ratio. Example: if the CT primary (current transformer) has a current of 300A and the secondary has a current of 5A, the CT ratio corresponds to 60 (obtained by carrying out the following calculation: 300/5).

Choose the "Ct.rAtio" function by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys; to enter the menu press \bigcirc ; then select the desired value by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm the new value with \bigcirc .

Synchronization



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22





VT ratio

This function allows the user to select the value of the VT ratio. Example: if the primary of the connected VT (voltage transformer) is of 20kV and the secondary is 100V, the VT ratio will correspond to 200 (obtained by carrying out the following calculation: 2000/100). Choose the "Vt.rAtio" function by means of the and keys; to enter the menu press **S**, then select the desired value by means

of the **A** and **V** keys and confirm it with **S**.

By changing the VT and CT ratio, the energy meters are reset.



Dmd calculation

This function allows the user to select the integration time of the W and VA demand value. To enter these functions select "P.int t" from the main menu by the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys; to enter the menu press \frown . Set the minutes by means of the \frown and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm the new value with \frown .



Digital Input Table

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22





If, for example, you select the value "15 minutes", the instrument calculates the demand value and updates the value every 15 minutes. See the diagram below.



t1 is the selected integration period

SYNCHRONIZATION OF THE POWER DEMAND CALCULATION

The synchronization enables the WM24-96, by means of the digital inputs, to start the integration of the power demand at the same time as the official watthour meter. The synchronization can be carried out in two ways:

- Without digital input module: the reset and the start of the energy integration are carried out when the instrument is switched on;
- With the digital input module: the synch. starts when one of the digital inputs changes status (that is to say when the tariff changes). Any following change of status resets and synchronizes again the calculation of the power demand.



CountEr S [ουηζες

Access to the energy

meters menu

This function allows the user to choose the parameters for the management of the energy meters. Choose the function "COUntEr" by means of the () and 💌 keys: to confirm the value and enter the submenu press **S**. By means of the 🔺 and 💌 keys, it's possible to scroll all the functions relating to the energy meters that will be described in detail below.



The functions of the Energy Meters submenu.

Choose the desired function by

means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys,

press S to confirm. It's possible to choose the following combinations:

tot: it enables the combination of total and partial meters (see page 6).

tot Prd: it enables the combination of total and partial meters: tariff t1, t2, t3 and t4 are managed by the digital inputs (see page 8);



22



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s

S

PrES[RL <u>0</u>] [n] S ▲注▼ [ountEr tot 2[n





tot 1.Cn: it enables the combination of total en. meters and day-time and nighttime GAS meters (see also "Display pages" on page 7). Press S to select "PrESCAL Cn1", then enter by means of the A V keys the weight of every pulse of the IN2 digital input of the GAS

meters and confirm with **S**. The same input IN2 increases alternatively the day-time and night-time GAS meters depending on the status of IN3. **tot 2.Cn**: it enables the combination of

total energy meters and Water and Gas meters (see also "Display pages" on

page 7). Press S to select "PrESCAL

Cn1" then enter by means of the

keys the weight of every pulse of the IN3 digital input of the water meters,

confirm with **S** and go to the "PrESCAL Cn2" submenu.

Enter by means of the \bigtriangleup keys the weight of every pulse of the IN2 digital input of the Gas meter, then confirm with [S].

The prescaler (PrESCAL) sets the weight of the input pulses of the digital input module; e.g.: by setting the prescaler at 10, for each received pulse the meter increases by 10 (10, 20, 30, etc.). The range of the prescaler varies from 0.1 to 100.0.

Main Menu 9

22



Digital Outputs



The increase of the Water, Gas meters, the selection of night/day tariff of the gas meters or the change of tariff (t1, t2 t3, t4) is carried out thanks to the combination of the input pulses to the AQ1038 or AQ1042 digital input module, according to the

following table:

SETTING OF	DIGITAL	INPUTS	RESULT	
INSTRUMENT	IN 3	IN 2		
Setting "tot Prd"	ON	ON	Tariff 1	
Display of total and par-	OFF	ON	Tariff 2	
tial multi-tariff energy meters.	ON	OFF	Tariff 3	
	OFF	ON	Tariff 4	
Setting "tot 1.Cn" Display of total en.	ON	Increase of	GAS night tariff	
meters and GAS day/night tariff.	OFF	meters (*)	GAS day tariff	
Setting "tot 2.Cn" Display of total energy meters, GAS and WATER.	Increase of WATER meters (*)	Increase of GAS meters (*)		

(*) The pulse corresponds to an increase of the various meters by the pre-set weight.

If the IN 1 contact is closed (3 digital inputs module), the programming from key pad is inhibited.

The synchronisation starts at the status modification of the digital inputs (IN2 and IN3) when the instrument is set to "tot" or "tot-Prd".











put on page 18

Digital output 2 on page 19





11

Digital Outputs

Digital Output 1

This function enables to set the parameters of the digital outputs. Choose the "diGout" function by

means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys, to

enter the menu press S. Then, select one of the following options;

PUL: access to the retransmission functions of the totalized energy by means of pulses (see pulse digital output);

ALr: access to alarm functions (see alarm digital output); To enter

to relevant menu press S;

rEn: enables the activation of the output by means of the serial communication. Confirm with **S** to enable the function.

Pulse digital output

Select "diGout1 PUL" by means of

the **A** and **V** keys: press **S** to enter the relevant programming submenu, then choose the meter to be retransmitted among the available ones.

Alarm Output

22





The list displaying the en. meters to be retransmitted varies depending on the chosen setting of the instrument, that is, depending on the "en. meter" selection chosen among: "tot", "tot-Prd", "tot-

1.Cn". "tot-2.Cn". as reported in the table below:

IF THE SELECTION IS tot, tot-1.Cn, tot-2.Cn:	IF THE SELECTION IS tot-Prd:
kWh (consumed)	kWh tot (total energy meter)
kWh- (generated)	kvarh tot (total en. meter)
kvarh ind (cons. inductive)	kWh t1 (energy meter tariff 1)
kvarh -ind (gen. inductive)	kvarh t1 (energy meter tariff 1)
kvarh CAP (cons. capacitive)	and so on for the other
kvarh -CAP (gen. capacitive)	tariffs t2-t3-t4.

EXAMPLE OF DISPLAY



Scroll the energy meters displayed by means of 🔺 💌 and

choose the desired one by means of **S**, then the instrument displays the page where the pulses to be associated to the energy are indicated.





Alarm Digital Output

This function allows the user to set the parameters of the alarm digital output. Choose the "diGout1- ALr" function by means of the **() ()** keys: to enter the menu press **()**. Then, set the following parameters:

VAr: choose the variable to be associated to the alarm activation

by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm with \bigcirc .

rnG: choose the decimal point position.

on: activation set-point, value of the variable over which the alarm is activated. Select the value of the variable

by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm it with S;

oFF: deactivation set-point, value of the variable over which the alarm is deactivated. Select the value of the

variable by means of the () and

v keys and confirm it with **s**; **nd:** normally de-energized output when there is no alarm.

nE: normally energized output when there is no alarm.

Select the output status by means

of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm it with \bigcirc ;



Digital Filter 20

22







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SEC: delay time from the detection of the alarm and the activation of the output. Choose the value of the delay time in seconds by means of the ▲ and ▼ keys (up to 255 seconds) and confirm with **S**.

Digital Output 2

PUL: access to the retransmission functions of the totalized energy by means of pulses (see pulse digital output on page 16).

ALr: access to alarm functions (see alarm output on page 18). To enter

the relevant menu press **S**; **rEn**: enables the activation of the

output by means of the serial com-

munication. Confirm with **S** to enable the function.









RS422/485 Serial port address

Select "AddrESS" from the main menu by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys; to enter the menu press \bigcirc , then set the desired serial address value (from 1 to 255) by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm it with \bigcirc .

Digital Filter

Select "FiLtEr" by means of the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys: to enter the menu press \bigcirc . Select the parameters to be set with the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys, to enter the menu press \bigcirc . There are two parameters: - rnG, sets the operating range of the digital filter. The value is expressed as % of the full scale value: set the desired value (from 0 to 100%) by means of the \bigstar and \bigtriangledown keys and confirm it with \bigcirc ;

- Coe, sets the filtering coefficient of the instantaneous measurements. Set the desired value (from 1 to 16) by means of the ▲ and ▼ keys and confirm it with S. By increasing the value both the stability and the settling time of the measurements are increased. See also "Example 2" in Useful Information on page 23.







End of programming

To exit from programming and go back to the measuring mode, select "End" from the main menu by means of the \checkmark and \blacktriangle keys, confirm it with \blacksquare .



Reset of total meters

Select "rESEt tot" from main menu by means of the Select "keys, then confirm with S. When the instrument asks for the reset, choose, by means of the Keys: "no" to avoid the reset or "yes" to confirm it.

Then, press **S** to carry out the command.





How to prevent the programming by key-pad



It is possible to prevent any access to programming by modifying the switch in the power supply slot (see the drawing on the left), or closing the contact N 1 of the digital input module if present.

Turn the switch using a little screwdriver.

- Free programming.
- Lock programming.





The variables measured by the instrument are correct if the polarities of the inputs have been observed (as shown in the figure below); if not, measuring and retransmission errors may occur due to the wrong direction of the current flowing in the primary / secondary of the connected current transformer.



Example 2 "Use of digital filter": it's necessary to stabilize the displayed value of the VL1-N variable that varies between 222V and 228V. The parameters of the digital filter are to be set as follows:

• rnG: the variable varies within the average value, the amplitude of which is equal to $\pm 1.3\%$ of the variable's rated value, calculated as follows:

 $(228-222)/2=\pm 3V$, then $\pm 3^{*}100/231V=\pm 1.3\%$, where 231V is the phase-neutral rated value of a 400V input range. The "range" parameter, that corresponds to the action range of the digital filter, is set at a value which is slightly higher than the percentage amplitude of the fluctuation: e.g. 2%.

• CoE: if the new value acquired by the instrument is within the filter's action range, then the new displayed value is calculated by summing algebraically to the previous value the variation divided by the filtering coefficient. As a consequence, a value which is higher than this coefficient implies a longer settling time and therefore improves the stability. The latter can also be improved by increasing the filtering coefficient: the admitted values are within 1 and 16. Enter the value in consecutive attempts until you reach the desired stability.



24 Useful Information

What is ASY

The ASY variable allows the user to control the symmetry of the delta voltages (for systems without neutral) and star voltages (for systems with neutral). The variable is calculated according to the following formula:

> ASY= <u>Vmax - Vmin</u>*100 Vavg

Where: Vmax is the max. value among VL1-N, VL2-N, VL3-N Vmin is the min. value among VL1-N, VL2-N, VL3-N Vavg is the average: (VL1-N, VL2-N, VL3-N)/3

The variable is not displayed by the instrument, but can be retransmitted by the analogue or RS422 / 485 output and can be controlled by means of the alarm.

Retransmitted variables

N°	Variable	3-ph with neutral	3-ph with- out neutral	Notes		
1	V L-NΣ	х		$\Sigma = system$		
2	V L-LΣ	х	х	$\Sigma = system$		
3	WΣ	х	х	$\Sigma = system$		
4	varΣ	х	х	$\Sigma = system$		
5	VAΣ	х	х	$\Sigma = system$		
6	PFΣ	х	х	$\Sigma = system$		
7	PF	х	х			
8	VA dmd	х	х			
9	W dmd	х	х			
10	ASY	х	х	asymmetry		
11	The energy meters as per table on page 17					
12	All instantaneous variables (powers, currents, voltages)					

25

23

Digital Output 2 19



Alarm digital output

The activation of the alarm can be up or down depending on how the ON and OFF parameters have been set, as per the following table:

ON-OFF VALUES STATUS	ALARM TYPE		
$ON \ge OFF$	UP		
ON < OFF	DOWN		

Displaying of programming menu



It may be useful to know that the menus displayed by the instrument depend on its configuration; e.g.: the instrument will not display the menu relevant to the digital outputs if the optional module is not inserted.



It is important that the instrument is switched off when you plug-in or disconnect the modules.



26 Installation

Preliminary operations

Before switching the instrument on, make sure that the power supply voltage corresponds to what is shown on the side label of the relevant module.

Before mounting the modules

To know in which slot every module is to be mounted, refer to the figure on page 28. For a correct mounting of the instrument, insert the modules in the relevant slots, then, at the end, enter the central module, which can be a blind type module or an RS232 communication module. The central module will help fixing also the other modules in the relevant slots. To remove the modules use a screwdriver as shown in the picture below.

Gently depress the two fixing tabs. Directions 1-4.

Remove the central module from its slot: press your thumb towards points 2-5.



Extract the c e n t r a l module.

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21

End of Programming

Any other slots that are not used must be filled with the relevant blind plug modules supplied with the instrument.

35





Overall dimensions and panel cut-out







Mounting

Insert the instrument (holding its front) and fasten it (from the back) by fixing the two lateral brackets (1) (supplied with the instrument) to the appropriate location (2), using the two screws (3) supplied with the instrument.



28 Installation

Position of the slots and relevant modules



Available modules

Relay digital output modules





Installation **29**

DESCRIPTION	Α	В	С	D	PU	PS	IM
RS485/RS422 serial port		1					
RS232 serial port					1		
Single relay output			1	1			
Single open collector output			1	1			
Dual relay output			1	1			
Dual open coll. output			1	1			
3 digital inputs			1				
3 digital inputs +AUX			1				
Power supply						1	
Measuring inputs							~

Open collector digital output modules





Digital input modules



AQ1038 3 digital inputs



AQ1042 3 digital inputs + aux

Serial port modules





AR1039 RS232 serial port

AR1034 RS485/422 serial port



Power supply modules



AP1025 24VAC Power supply AP1024 48VAC Power supply AP1023 115VAC Power supply AP1022

AP1020

AP1021

90-260 VAC/DC Power supply 230VAC Power supply

26

35

18-60VAC/DC Power supply





32

Constants



Optional module connections

Digital inputs



Connection by NPN transistor. AQ1042 Digital input module.



Connection by PNP transistor. AQ1042 Digital input module.



Connection by contacts. AQ1042 Digital input module.



26

Modules Position

29

Connection by contacts. AQ1038 Digital input module.





Relay output



AO1058 Single relay output



AO1035 Dual relay output

Open collector output



AO1059 Single open collector output AO1036 Dual open collector output This diagram is valid also for the single output open collector module.

The value of the load resistances (Rc) must be chosen so that the shortcircuit current is lower than 100mA; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30 VDC.





4-wire connection. Additional devices provided with RS485/RS422 (that is RS 1,2,3...N) are connected in parallel.



2-wire connection. Additional devices provided with RS485/RS422 (that is RS 1, 2, 3 ...N) are connected in parallel.



The termination of the serial output is carried out only on the last instrument of the network, by means of a jumper between (Rx+) and (T).

We recommend you to use the 4-wire connection: by means of the serial port the data are exchanged faster.



34 Installation

Electrical diagrams

Single-phase connection





CT connection

CT and VT connections

Three-phase, 4-wire, unbalanced load



CT connection (4-wire system)



CT and VT connections (4-wire system)









CT and VT connections (3-wire system)

3 CT and 3 VT connections (3-wire system)

ARON connection, 3-phase, 3-wire, unbalanced load





CT connection (3-wire system) ARON CT and VT connections (3-wire system) ARON



36 Technical Features



Number of inputs

Current: 3; Voltage: 4

Accuracy (display, RS232, RS485) In=5A; Pn= In* Un

Current: 0.003lb to 0.2lb: ±(0.5% rdg + 3DGT);

0.2lb to Imax: ±(0.5 rdg + 1DGT);

Phase-neutral voltage: Un range: ±(0.5% rdg + 1DGT) Frequency: ±0.1% Hz

Active power/energy: class 1 according to EN61036 Reactive power/energy: class 2 according to EN61268 Apparent power/energy: $\pm(1\% Pn+2dgt)$, (@25°C \pm 5°C, R.H. \leq 60%)

Temperature drift

≤ 200ppm/°C

Display refresh time

700ms

Back-lighted LCD 70 x 38mm

4x3¹/₂ dgt: instantaneous variables;

1x7¹/₂ dgt: energy meters.

Measurements

Current, voltage, power, power factor, frequency, energies. TRMS measurements of distorted waves.

Coupling type: direct.

Input impedance

208VLL 5(6)AAC (AV4): >200 k Ω (phase-neutral) 400VLL 5(6)AAC (AV5): >900 k Ω (phase-neutral) 100VLL 5(6)AAC (AV6): >200 k Ω (phase-neutral) 660VLL 5(6)AAC (AV7): >900 k Ω (phase-neutral)

Input/Output modules technical features

RS422/RS485 (on request) Multidrop bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)

Digital Inputs Connection

Digital Inputs







Technical Features 37

Connections: 2 or 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly on the instruments.

Addresses: from 1 to 255, selectable by key-pad Protocol: MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)

Data (bidirectional) Dynamic (reading only)

System and phase variables: see "display pages" on page 41 All configuration parameters, activation of the static output. **Data format:** 1 start bit, 8-data bit, no parity,1 stop bit. Baud-rate: 9600.

Insulation: By means of optocouplers, 4000 V_{RMS} between output and measuring input, 4000 V_{RMS} between output and power supply input.

RS232 (optional)

Bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) Connections: 3 wires, max. distance: 15m. Data format: 1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit. Baud-rate: 9600 bauds. Protocol: MODBUS (JBUS) Other features: as per RS422/485

Pulse outputs (optional)

Number of outputs: Up to 2

Type: from 1 to 100 programmable pulses V_{ON} 1.2 VDC/ max. 100 mA. V_{OFF} 30 VDC max.

The outputs can be connected to total and/or partial en. meters. **Pulse duration:** ON=220 ms, OFF \geq 220 ms according to DIN43864

Insulation: By means of opto-couplers, 4000 V_{RMS} between output and measuring input, 4000 V_{RMS} between output and power supply input.

Notes: outputs can be open collector or relay type (for the relay output refer to the technical features described in the alarms).





38 Technical Features

Alarm outputs (optional)

Number of outputs: up to 2, independent

Alarm type: up or down alarm, phase asymmetry

Control on the variables: All variables listed in the paragraph "retransmitted variables" on page 24 can be controlled.

Alarm set-point: can be modified from 0 to 100% of the displayed electrical scale.

Hysteresis: From 0 to 100% of the displayed scale **On-time delay:** from 0 to 255 sec

Relay status: selectable, normally disabled or normally enabled.

Output type: Relay, SPDT AC 1-8A, 250VAC; DC 12-5A, 24VDC; AC 15-2.5A, 250VAC; DC 13-2.5A, 24VDC

Min. response time: ≤ 150 ms, filters excluded, FFT excluded, on-time delay: "0"

Insulation: 4000 V_{RMS} between output and measuring input, 4000 V_{RMS} between output and power supply input.

Notes: Outputs can be open collector type or relay type (for the open collector type refer to the technical features described in the pulse outputs).

Digital inputs

AQ 1038: N. of inputs: 3 (free-of-voltage)

Reading voltage: 24VDC/1mA

AQ1042: N. of inputs: 3 + power supply inputs

Power supply inputs:

output voltage: 16V<+Aux<24VDC;

output current: Max 15mA.

Input frequency: Max 20Hz, duty cycle 50%

Close contact resistance: Max 1kΩ

Open contact resistance: Min 100kΩ

Insulation: 4000VRMS

Use of contact 1: lock of the programming from key-pad (when the contact is closed).

40

36



General Specifications

40 Tomata Contacts 2-3: to be used in one of the following ways:

- tariff selection (t1-t2-t3-t4) and synchronization;
- total meters for day-night GAS tariffs;
- total GAS and WATER meters ;

Software functions

Password: Numerical code of 4 dgts; 2 protection levels of the programming data

1st level: Password "0", no protection

2nd level: Password from 1 to 1000, all data are protected **Transformer ratio:** CT from 1 to 5000

VT from 1.0 to 1999, with CT x VT \leq 10000 max

Power dmd: Integration time programmable from 1 to 30 min **Filter:** operating range: from 0 to 100% of the electrical input scale

Filtering coefficient: 1 to 16

Filtering action: measurements, alarms, serial output

Display: up to 4 variables per page, 3-phase system with neutral:

- Page 1: V L1, V L2, V L3, V LN Σ
- Page 2: AL1, AL2, AL2
- Page 3: W L1, W L2, W L3
- Page 4: VA L1, VA L2, VA L3
- Page 5: var L1, var L2, var L3
- Page 6: PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PF Σ
- Page 7: W Σ , var Σ , PF Σ , Hz
- Page 8: W Σ , VA Σ , PF Σ , Hz
- Page 9: W dmd, VA dmd
- Counter pages depending on the instruments setting: Wh+ tot, Wh- tot, Wh tot, varh tot, varh L+ tot, varh L-, varh C+, varh C-, m3 day GAS, m3 night GAS, m3 GAS, m3 WATER, Wh t1, Wh t2, Wht 3, Wht4, varht1, varht2, varht3, varht4.



40 Technical features

Power supply specifications

90 to 260 VDC/VAC;18 to 60VDC/VAC;

24 VAC -15%+10% 50-60Hz; 48 VAC -15%+10% 50-60Hz; 115VAC -15%+10% 50-60Hz; 230 VAC -15%+10% 50-60Hz

General features

Operating temperature:

0 to $+50^{\circ}$ C (32 to 122°F) (H.R. < 90% non condensing) Storage temperature:

-10 to +60°C (14 to 140°F) (HR. < 90% non-condensing) Installation category: Cat. III (IEC 664)

Key-pad lock: by means of switch placed behind the display or by means of contact (if module 3 - input contacts - is present).

Insulation: 4000 V_{RMS} between inputs/outputs and ground Dielectric strength: 4000 V_{RMS} for 1 minute

■ ЕМС

Emissions: EN50082-1 (class A) residential, commercial and light industry environment. **Immunity:** EN 61000-6-2 (class A) industrial environment.

Other standards

Safety: IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1 Product: IEC 60688-1, EN 60688-1 Approvals: CE 5(6)A connections: screw-type, max. section 2.5 mm² (2 x 1.5mm²) Housing: Dimensions: 96x96x140 mm Material: ABS, NORYL, PC (front); self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0 Protection degree: Front: IP65 Connections: IP20 Weight: approx. 400 g (packing included)



36





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