# YAMAHA®

## AUTHORIZED PRODUCT MANUAL



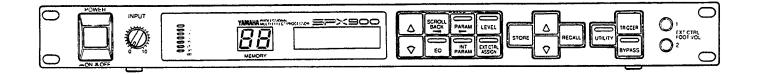
**Professional Multi-effect Processor** 

# YAMAHA



### **Professional Multi-effect Processor**

**Operation Manual** 



#### INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your acquisition of a Yamaha SPX900 Professional Multi-effect Processor. The SPX900 is a highly sophisticated digital reverberation and effects system which offers 50 preset effect programs including accurate simulations of natural reverberation and early-reflections, delay and echo effects, gated effects, modulation effects, a versatile compressor, a harmonic exciter, multiple effects which function as several SPX900 units in one, freeze (sampling) programs and others. With a sampling frequency of 44.1 kHz, it delivers full, flat frequency response from 20 Hz to 20 kHz for exceptionally clean, "transparent" effect sound. The preset effect programs can be edited, re-titled, and stored in any of 49 RAM user memory locations. Individual two-band parametric EQ and dynamic filter parameters are provided for each effect program for precise tonal tailoring. In addition to the basic effect and EQ parameters, the SPX900 offers a list of "internal parameters" which provide exacting control over the effect sound. The SPX900 is also MIDI compatible, with a MIDI IN terminal that allows MIDI selection of effect programs, and a switchable MIDI THRU/OUT terminal. When switched to OUT, edited programs stored in internal RAM can be dumped to a MIDI data recorder or other data storage device. Programs thus stored can be reloaded when necessary via the MIDI IN terminal. As an extra touch of convenience the SPX900's input and output terminals can be switched to match -20 dBm or +4 dBm line levels + providing compatibility with a broader range of sound equipment.

In order to fully take advantage of all the capability offered by the SPX900 Professional Multi-effect Processor, we urge you to read this operation manual thoroughly – and keep it in a safe place for later reference.

#### FCC INFORMATION

While the following statements are provided to comply with FCC Regulations in the United States, the corrective measures listed below are applicable worldwide.

This series of Yamaha professional music equipment uses frequencies that appear in the radio frequency range and if installed in the immediate proximity of some types of audio or video devices (within three meters), interference may occur. This series of Yamaha professional music equipment has been type tested and found to comply with the specifications set for a class B computing device in accordance with those specifications listed in subpart J of part 15 of the FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide a reasonable measure of protection against such interference. However, this does not guarantee that interference will not occur. If your professional music equipment should besuspected of causing interference with other electronic devices, verification can be made by turning your professional music equipment off and on. If the interference continues when your equipment is off, the equipment is not the source of interference. If your equipment does appear to be the source of the interference, you should try to correct the situation by using one or more of the following measures:

Relocate either the equipment or the electronic device that is being affected by the interference. Utilize power outlets for the professional music equipment and the device being affected that are on different branch (circuit breaker or fuse) circuits, or install AC line filters.

In the case of radio or TV interference, relocate the antenna or, if the antenna lead-in is 300 ohm ribbon lead, change the lead-in to a co-axial type cable.

if these corrective measures do not produce satisfactory results, please contact your authorized Yamaha professional products dealer for suggestions and/or corrective measures.

If you cannot locate a franchised Yamaha professional products dealer in your general area contact the Electronic Service Department, Yamaha Corporation of America, 6600 Orangethorpe Ave., Buena Park, CA 90620, U.S.A.

If for any reason, you should need additional information relating to radio or TV interference, you may find a booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful:

"How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems". This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C. 20402 - Stock No. 004-000-00345-4.

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### 1. AVOID EXCESSIVE HEAT, HUMIDITY, DUST AND VIBRATION

Keep the unit away from locations where it is likely to be exposed to high temperatures or humidity – such as near radiators, stoves, etc. Also avoid locations which are subject to excessive dust accumulation or vibration which could cause mechanical damage.

#### 2. AVOID PHYSICAL SHOCKS

Strong physical shocks to the unit can cause damage. Handle it with care.

### 3. DO NOT OPEN THE CASE OR ATTEMPT REPAIRS OR MODIFICATIONS YOURSELF

This product contains no user-serviceable parts. Refer all maintenance to qualified Yamaha service personnel. Opening the case and/or tampering with the internal circuitry will void the warranty.

### 4. MAKE SURE POWER IS OFF BEFORE MAKING OR REMOVING CONNECTIONS

Always turn the power OFF prior to connecting or disconnecting cables. This is important to prevent damage to the unit itself as well as other connected equipment.

#### 5. HANDLE CABLES CAREFULLY

Always plug and unplug cables – including the AC cord – by gripping the connector, not the cord.

#### 6. CLEAN WITH A SOFT DRY CLOTH

Never use solvents such as benzine or thinner to clean the unit. Wipe clean with a soft, dry cloth.

#### 7. ALWAYS USE THE CORRECT POWER SUPPLY

Make sure that the power supply voltage specified on the rear panel matches your local AC mains supply.

#### 8. ELECTRICAL INTERFERENCE

Since the SPX900 contains digital circuitry, it may cause interference and noise if placed too close to TV sets, radios or similar equipment. If such a problem does occur, move the SPX900 further away from the affected equipment.

#### 9. BACKUP BATTERY

The SPX900 contains a long-life lithium battery which maintains the contents of the buffer and user memory locations even when the unit is turned OFF. With normal use the battery should last for approximately 5 years. If the battery voltage falls below the safe level, however, the "\*\*\* WARNING \*\*\* LOW BATTERY" display will appear on the LCD when the power is first turned ON. If this occurs, have the battery replaced by a qualified Yamaha service center. Do not attempt to replace the battery yourself!

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM

Connecting the Plug and Cord

WARNING: THIS APPARATUS MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT. The wires in this mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

GREEN-AND-YELLOW : EARTH

BLUE : NEUTRAL

BROWN : LIVE

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured GREEN-AND-YELLOW must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked by the letter E or by the safety earth symbol  $\frac{1}{2}$  or coloured GREEN or GREEN-AND-YELLOW.

The wire which is coloured BLUE must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured BLACK.

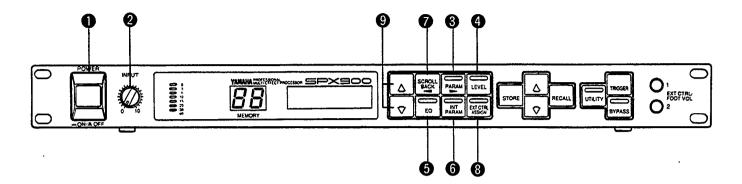
The wire which is coloured BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured RED.

#### CANADA

THIS APPARATUS COMPLIES WITH THE "CLASS B" LIMITS FOR RADIO NOISE EMISSIONS SET OUT IN RADIO INTERFERENCE REGULATIONS.

CET APPAREIL EST CONFORME AUX NORMES "CLASSE B". POUR BRUITS RADIO-ELECTRIQUES. TEL QUE SPECIFIER DANS LE REGLEMENT SUR LE BROUILLAGE RADIOELECTRIQUE.

#### THE FRONT PANEL



#### Power ON/OFF Switch

Press to turn power ON, press again to turn power OFF. When the power is turned ON, the last program and parameter selected will be automatically recalled.

#### 2 Input Level Control

This control varies the input level of the input from approximately -90 dB to +10 dB when the rear-panel input level switch is set to +4 dB. and between approximately -110 dB and -14 dB when the input level switch is set to -20 dB.

#### PARAM ► Key

Accesses the main effect parameters for each program. Each time the PARAM key is pressed the next parameter in the selected program's "parameter set" is called. It is also possible to scroll backward through the parameter set by using the SCROLL BACK key (7). Once the desired parameter has been selected its value or setting can be changed using the parameter \(\Delta\) :and \(\subseteq\) keys (9). The PARAM key is also used for cursor control (forward cursor movement) in some utility functions.

 Details under "THE PROGRAMS & PARAMETERS" starting on page 9

#### 4 LEVEL Key

Accesses the output level and balance parameters for each program. Once the LEVEL key has been pressed, both the LEVEL key and SCROLL BACK (7) key can be used to select parameters. Once the desired parameter has been selected its value or setting can be changed using the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys (9).

• Details on page 9

#### 6 EQ Key

Accesses the digital equalizer or dynamic filter parameters for each program. Once the EQ key has been pressed, both the EQ key and SCROLL BACK (7) key can be used to select parameters. Once the desired parameter has been selected its value or setting can be changed using the parameter △ and ▽ keys (9).

• Details on page 9

#### **6** INT PARAM Key

Accesses a special set of internal parameters for each effect program. Once the INT PARAM key has been pressed, both the INT PARAM key and SCROLL BACK (7) key can be used to select parameters. Once the desired parameter has been selected its value or setting can be changed using the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys (9).

• Details under "THE PROGRAMS & PARAMETERS" starting on page 9

#### **⑦** SCROLL BACK Key

When any set of parameters is selected – PARAM, LEVEL, EQ, or INT PARAM – the SCROLL BACK key can be used to scroll backward through the available parameters while the PARAM (3), LEVEL (4), EQ (5) or INT PARAMETER (6) key scrolls forward. according to the parameter set selected. The preceding parameter in the current set is selected each time the SCROLL BACK key is pressed. The SCROLL BACK key is also used for cursor control (backward cursor movement) in some utility functions.

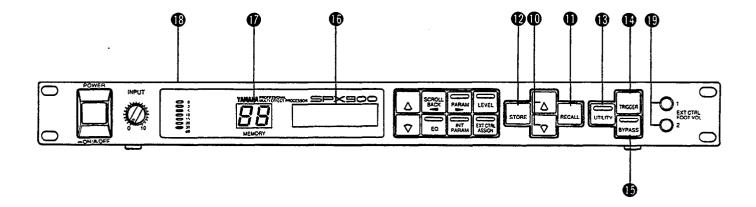
#### **8** EXT CTRL ASSIGN Key

This key makes it possible to assign any parameters (PARAM, LEVEL, EQ or INT PARAM) to external controllers connected to the front-panel EXT CTRL/FOOT VOL 1 and 2 jacks (19). These controllers can then be used to control the assigned parameter in real time. Yamaha FC7 Foot Controllers are recommended.

• Details on page 8

#### Parameter and Keys

These keys are used to change parameter values when parameters are selected for editing (after the PARAM, LEVEL, EQ or INT PARAM key has been pressed). The parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys are also used to program several UTILITY functions. The  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys can be pressed briefly to change values in single steps, or held down for rapid continuous incrementing or decrementing of the selected value. While holding down either the  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  key, pressing the other key ( $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ ) causes the incrementing or decrementing process to be carried out more rapidly.



#### Program Select and Keys

These keys are used to select any of the SPX900's memory locations. The  $\triangle$  key increments (increases) the memory location number while the  $\nabla$  key decrements (decreases) the memory location number. Holding either key down causes continuous scrolling in the specified direction.

• Details on page 6

#### RECALL Key

When a new memory location number has been selected using the program select  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys, the RECALL key must be pressed to activate the selected effect.

• Details on page 6

#### STORE Key

This key is used to store edited effect programs into one of the user memory locations between 51 and 99.

• Details on page 7

#### **(B)** UTILITY Key

This key accesses a set of utility functions allowing editing of effect titles. creation of original early-reflection patterns, MIDI control programming, footswitch recall range programming and others.

• Details on page 27

#### TRIGGER Key

The TRIGGER key allows manual triggering of any SPX900 effect program that has trigger parameters. The reverb programs, for example, include a triggerable gate. and the freeze programs allow triggering of recording and playback. The TRIGGER key has the same function as a footswitch plugged into the rear-panel TRIGGER jack (THE CONNECTOR PANEL, 5).

#### **BYPASS** Key

The BYPASS key switches the selected effect ON or OFF, leaving only the direct signal when BYPASS is active. The BYPASS key has the same function as a footswitch plugged into the rear-panel BYPASS jack (THE CONNECTOR PANEL. 3).

• Details on page 6

#### (6) LCD (Liquid Crystal Display)

This 16-character x 2-line liquid crystal display panel normally displays the title of the selected effect on the top line and a selected parameter and its value on the bottom line. One or both lines may also be used to display error messages or warnings. "M" will be displayed in the upper right comer while receiving the MIDI DATA.

#### **1** LED Memory Number Display

This 2-digit numeric display shows the number of the currently selected memory location (1-99). When the LED display is continuously lit the effect corresponding to the number displayed is active. When the LED display is flashing, this indicates that a new memory location has been selected but has not yet been recalled, leaving the previously selected effect active.

#### 13 Input Level Meter

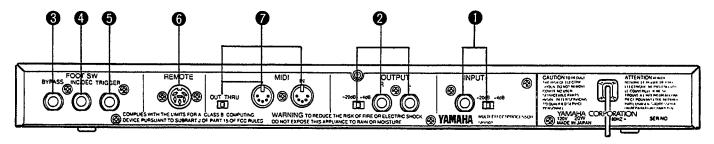
The input level meter consists of SEVEN LED segments, corresponding to -42 dB, -36 dB, -30 dB, -24 dB, -18 dB, -12 dB, and -6 dB input level.

#### **(P)** EXT CTRL/FOOT VOL 1 and 2 Jacks

Optional Yamaha FC7 Foot Controllers plugged into these jacks can be used to directly control SPX900 effect program parameters. The parameters to be controlled are assigned to the controllers using the EXT CTRL ASSIGN key (8).

• Details on page 8

#### THE CONNECTOR PANEL



(US & CANADA MODEL)

#### INPUT Connector and Level Switch

The input jack is standard 1/4" monaural phono type. The level switch selects either -20 dB or +4 dB nominal input level.

#### L & R OUTPUT Connectors and Level Switch

The stereo outputs from the SPX900. The output jacks are standard 1/4" monaural phono types. The level switch selects either -20 dB or +4 dB nominal output level.

#### BYPASS Footswitch Jack

An optional Yamaha FC5 footswitch or equivalent connected to this jack can be used for foot control of the BYPASS function.

• Details on page 6

#### 4 IN/DEC Footswitch Jack

An optional Yamaha FC5 footswitch or equivalent connected to this jack can be used to recall a range of programs specified by the UTILITY mode F.SW MEMORY RECALL RANGE function.

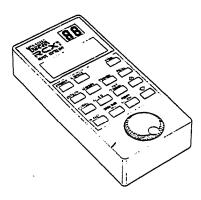
• Details on page 30

#### **6** TRIGGER Footswitch Jack

The TRIGGER footswitch jack accepts a Yamaha FC5 or equivalent footswitch for foot-controlled triggering of any SPX900 effect program that has trigger parameters. The reverb programs, for example, include a triggerable gate, and the freeze programs allow triggering of recording and playback. A footswitch connected to the TRIGGER jack has the same function as the front-panel TRIGGER key (THE FRONT PANEL, 14).

#### **6** REMOTE Connector

The optional Yamaha RCX1 Remote Control Unit can be plugged in here (cable supplied with RCX1) for convinient remote control capability.



#### MIDI IN and THRU/OUT Terminals

MIDI signals from external MIDI devices can be fed to the MIDI IN terminal to remotely select effects, set the pitch shift of the pitch change effects, set the pitch of freeze-program playback and set the MIDI triggering. When the switch controlling the remaining MIDI terminal is set to THRU, the terminal simply re-transmits data received at the MIDI IN terminal allowing daisy-chaining of MIDI devices. When set to OUT, the internal RAM memory contents may be dumped to a MIDI data recorder for large-volume. long-term storage. Program data thus stored can be reloaded later via the MIDI IN terminal (see BULK OUT 1 & BULK OUT 2 on page 29).

#### **MEMORY CONFIGURATION**

The SPX900 has a total of 99 internal memory locations. Locations 1 through 50 are READ-ONLY MEMORY containing 50 preset effect programs. These locations cannot be written to or changed in any way. The preset effect programs contained in memory locations 1 through 50 are:

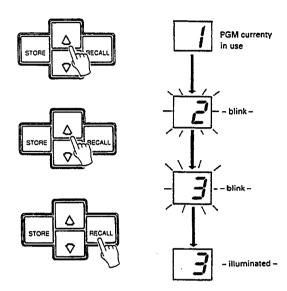
1. REV1 HALL	26. SYMPHONIC
2. REV2 HALL&GATE	27. ADR-NOISE GATE
3. REV3 ROOM 1	28. PITCH CHANGE 1
4. REV4 ROOM 2	29. PITCH CHANGE 2
5. REV5 ROOM 3	30. PITCH CHANGE 3
6. REV6 WHITE ROOM	31. MONO PITCH
7. REV7 VOCAL 1	32. FREEZE
8. REV8 VOCAL 2	33. PAN
9. REV9 PLATE	34. TRIGGERED PAN
10. REV10 PLATE&GATE	35. COMPRESSOR
11. REV11 TUNNEL	36. DISTORTION
12. REV12 CANYON	37. EXCITER
13. REV13 BASEMENT	38. MULTI (ECH&REV) 1
14. PERCUSSION ER	39. MULTI (ECH&REV) 2
15. GATE REVERB	40. MULTI (CHO&REV) 1
16. REVERSE GATE	41. MULTI (CHO&REV) 2
17. PROGRAMMABLE ER	42. MULTI (CHO&REV) 3
18. DELAY L, R	43. MULTI (SYM+REV) 1
19. DELAY L, C, R	44. MULTI (SYM+REV) 2
20. STEREO ECHO	45. MULTI (SYM+REV) 3
21. STEREO FLANGE	46. MULTI (EXC&REV) 1
22. CHORUS 1	47. MULTI (EXC&REV) 2
23. CHORUS 2	48. PLATE+HALL
24. STEREO PHASING	49. ER+REV
25. TREMOLO	50. ECHO+REV

Locations 51 through 99 are READ/WRITE MEMORY which can be used to store your own edited versions of the preset programs.

#### **SELECTING AN EFFECT/MEMORY LOCATION**

- Effects and memory locations can only be selected when the utility mode is not active (the UTILITY KEY indicator is not lit). If the UTILITY key indicator is lit. press and hold the UTILITY key until its indicator goes out and the utility mode is exited.
- 2. Press the program select of or the total or of the terms of the terms of the terms of these keys down for continuous incrementing or decrementing. The name of the program corresponding to the currently selected memory location will be shown on the LCD. Note that at this stage the LED memory number display is flashing, indicating that although a new location has been selected. its contents have not yet been recalled.

 When the desired memory location/effect has been selected. press the RECALL key. The LED memory number display will stop flashing and the selected effect will be engaged.



#### BYPASSING THE EFFECT

There are two ways to switch the selected effect in and out: 1) with the control panel BYPASS switch and 2) with a footswitch connected to the connector-panel BYPASS footswitch jack. An optional Yamaha FC5 Footswitch can be used for foot-bypass control. In either case – when the control-panel BYPASS key or BYPASS footswitch is pressed -the LED in the BYPASS key will light to indicate that the selected program is currently being bypassed and the input signal is directly routed to the output terminals (i.e. the effect is OFF). Press the BYPASS key or footswitch a second time to turn off the BYPASS Key LED and turn the effect back ON.

### ACCESSING & EDITING THE PROGRAM PARAMETERS

Each SPX900 program has 4 different groups of parameters which are accessed by pressing the corresponding parameter select keys:

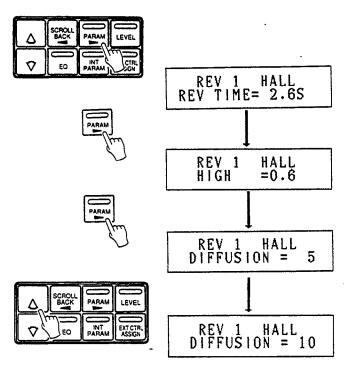
KEY	ACCESSES
PARAM	The main effect parameters for each program.
	These parameters will vary according the type
	of program.
LEVEL	The BALANCE and OUT LVL parameters for
	each program.
EQ	The equalization or dynamic filter parameters
	for each program.
INT PARAM	Special "fine control" parameters for each
	program. These parameters will vary
	according to the type of program.

To call a specific group of parameters for the currently selected effect program, press the appropriate parameter select key. The next parameter within the group is called each time the parameter select key for that group is pressed. In any parameter group, the SCROLL BACK key can be used to scroll backwards through the parameters. For example, subsequent presses on the LEVEL parameter select key call the following parameters:

#### BALANCE → OUT LVL → BALANCE → etc.

The complete procedure for calling and editing parameters is:

- 1. Select and recall the program to be edited.
- Press the parameter select key corresponding to the group of parameters to be edited (PARAM, LEVEL, EQ or INT PARAM) and the first of the selected group's parameters will appear on the bottom line of the LCD.
- 3. Once the desired parameter has been called. its value can be edited using the parameter △ and ▽ keys. The △ key increases (increments) the value while the ▽ key decreases (decrements) the value. Either key can be held down for continuous incrementing or decrementing. While holding down either the △ or ▽ key, pressing the other key (△ or ▽) causes the incrementing or decrementing process to be carried out more rapidly.

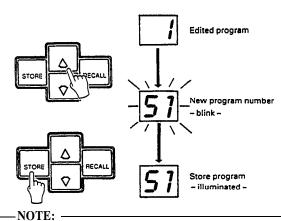


In this way you can go through and edit any number of the parameters to create the required effect. If, however, you select and recall a new program without first storing your edited parameters in a memory location between 51 and 99, any changes you have made will be lost and will have to be re-programmed. If you want to keep an edited program, use the STORE operation described below.

#### STORING EFFECTS

In order to store an edited effect for later recall you need to do the following:

- After editing the effect, select a memory location between 51 and 99 by using the program select and keys, and its title will be displayed on the LCD. Do not recall the selected memory location.
- 3. Press the STORE key to store the edited effect in the selected memory location. The title of the effect stored will appear on the LCD (this may later be edited to create your own effect title using the UTILITY mode TITLE EDIT function described on page 27). The LED memory number display will stop flashing and the stored memory location will become the active effect.



You CANNOT store edited data to memory locations 1 through 50. If you attempt to do this the LCD will show "\*\*\* READ ONLY \*\*\*".

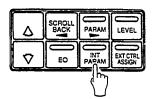
#### - NOTE: -

Once an effect has been stored in a memory location between 51 and 99, its parameters can be further edited in the new memory location. Such changes will be lost if a different effect is selected and recalled, however, unless the STORE function is used to store the changes. Changes may be stored to the current memory location number (51 - 99) simply by pressing the STORE key.

#### **EXTERNAL CONTROL ASSIGNMENT**

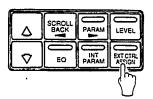
The SPX900 allows two different parameters of a selected effect to be controlled by optional foot controllers (Yamaha FC7) connected to the front-panel EXT CTRL/FOOT VOL1 and 2 jacks. The EXT CTRL ASSIGN key is used to assign the desired effect parameters to the foot controllers used, and to set the required control range. External control assignments made for an effect program can be stored in the user memory area (51-99) along with the effect (using the STORE function described above). so that the assignments made are recalled whenever that memory location is selected.

- 1. Select the desired effect program.
- Select the parameter to be assigned to an external foot controller (PARAM, LEVEL, EQ or INT PARAM parameters can be assigned).



REV1 HALL TRG. LEVEL= 0

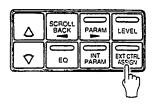
3. Press the EXT CTRL ASSIGN key. The name of the selected effect program will remain on the upper line of the LCD. and one of the following parameters will appear on the lower line:



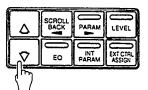
REV1 HALL FVOL1 REV TIME

In the actual display, "XXXXXXXX" will be the name of the default parameter for the selected effect program. The EXT CTRL ASSIGN key can be used to scroll forward through the above parameters. and the SCROLL BACK key can be used to scroll backwards.

4. To assign the selected parameter to the EXT CTRL/FOOT VOL1 or EXT CTRL/FOOT VOL2 controller. use the EXT CTRL ASSIGN or SCROLL BACK key to call the "FVOL1 XXXXXXXXX" or "FVOL2 XXXXXXXX" parameter.



REV1 HALL FVOL2 BALANCE  Press either the parameter △or ▽ key and the parameter you called within the selected effect program will be assigned to the foot controller indicated on the display (FVOL1 or FVOL2).



REV1 HALL FVOL2 TRG. LEVEL

6. Use the "MIN" and "MAX" parameters for the appropriate controller to set the control range. If the parameter to be controlled has a range of 0 to 100%, for example, setting the MIN parameter to 20 and the MAX parameter to 80 will allow the foot controller to vary the selected parameter from 20% to 80% of its total range.

#### -NOTE: -

Either or both controllers may be assigned. When both controllers are used, each can be assigned a different parameter within the selected effect program.

#### NOTE:

External control assignments will be lost if a different memory location is selected without first storing the assigned effect program into one of the user memory locations (51 - 99) using the STORE function.

#### - NOTE: -

MIDI control change messages received via the MIDI IN connector can also be used to control assigned parameters. See "MIDI CTRL ASSIGN" on page 29.

#### -CAUTION! -

When setting the range and storing it in the program. always make sure the preset values for the assigned parameters are included within the set range.

When setting the range, confirm the values for MIN and MAX with the controller, and always make sure the preset values are inside the externally set values.

If the preset values are outside the specified range, there may be no response to the controller when a recall operation is carried out.

### PARAMETERS PROVIDED FOR ALL PROGRAMS

#### LEVEL PARAMETERS (Accessed via LEVEL key)

#### Effect/Direct Signal Balance (BALANCE): 0 - 100%

This parameter adjusts the balance between the direct sound and effect signals. At 100% only the effect sound is delivered from the SPX900 outputs, while at 0% only the direct sound is output. At a setting of 50%, the direct and effect sounds are output in approximately equal proportions.

#### Effect Output Level (OUT LVL): 0 - 200%

This parameter sets the overall output level of the effect program. This is particularly handy for matching levels between different effects.

#### DUAL EFFECT PROGRAM (PROGRAMS 48 - 50) LEVEL PARAMETERS

The level parameters available for the dual effect programs (programs 48-50) are the same as those for the other programs, except that separate parameters are provided for the left and right channels.

BALANCE 1 = Effect 1 Balance

BALANCE 2 = Effect 2 Balance

OUT LVL 1 = Effect 1 Output Level

OUT LVL 2 = Effect 2 Output Level

#### EQ PARAMETERS (Accessed via EQ key)

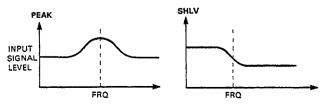
When the EQ key is pressed, you are presented with three choices: "OFF" (the default setting), "EQ" (2-band parametric equalizer mode), or "D.FLT" (Dynamic Filter mode). Use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to select the desired mode of operation. The EQ mode provides 2-band parametric equalization, while the Dynamic Filter mode provides a filter which can be automatically swept across a specified frequency range by the SPX900's internal low frequency oscillator or the level of the input signal.

#### PARAMETERS AVAILABLE IN THE "EQ" MODE

### Low EQ Peaking or Shelving Response (LOW EQ): PEAK, SHLV

### High EQ Peaking or Shelving Response (HIGH EQ): PEAK, SHLV

These parameters determine whether the corresponding band has a peaking or shelving filter response.

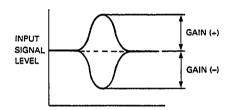


#### Low EQ Frequency (LOW FRQ): 32 Hz - 2.2 kHz High EQ Frequency (HIGH FRQ): 500 Hz - 16 kHz

These parameters determine the center frequency for equalization in the corresponding band. In the shelving mode, these parameters represent the turn over frequency rather than the center frequencies.

#### Low EQ Gain (LOW GAIN): -15 - +15 dB High EQ Gain (HIGH GAIN): -15 - +15 dB

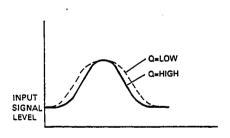
These parameters determine the amount of boost or cut applied to the corresponding EQ band.



### Low EQ Bandwidth (LOW Q): 0.1 – 5.0 (PEAK mode only)

### High EQ Bandwidth (HI Q): 0.1 – 5.0 (PEAK mode only)

These parameters determine the bandwidth of the corresponding EQ band. A setting of 5.0 produces the narrowest bandwidth (sharpest response), and the minimum setting of 0.1 produces the widest bandwidth (broadest response). Note that the "Q" parameters for the low and high bands only function when the corresponding band is set to the PEAK mode.



#### PARAMETERS AVAILABLE IN THE "D.FLT" MODE

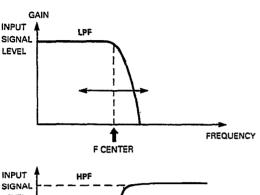
#### Control Type (CTL TYPE): LFO, LEVEL

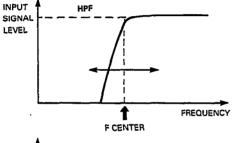
Determines whether the sweep of the dynamic filter is controlled by the SPX900's LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator) or the level of the input signal.

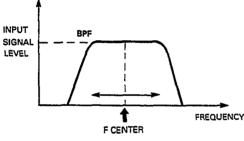
#### Filter Type (FLT TYPE): LPF, HPF, BPF, PEQ

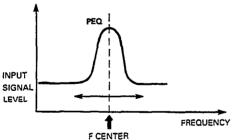
Determines the response of the dynamic filter:

LPF = Low Pass Filter HPF = High Pass Filter BPF = Band Pass Filter PEQ = Parametric EQ









#### Center Frequency (F CENTER): 32 Hz - 16 kHz

Sets the starting center frequency of the dynamic filter.

#### Frequency Depth (F DEPTH): 0 - 8 octaves

Determines the maximum sweep range of the dynamic filter.

### Filter Gain (GAIN): -18, -12, -6, 6, 12, 18 dB (when FLT TYPE = PEQ only)

Determines the gain of the dynamic filter when the PEQ filter type is selected. Minus values create a notch response while positive values create a peaking response.

#### Bandwidth (Q): LOW, HIGH

Sets the bandwidth of the dynamic filter.

#### Filter Shift Direction (SHIFT): UP, DOWN

Determines which direction the dynamic filter will sweep in from the starting point.

#### Filter Sensitivity (SENSITIVITY): 1 - 10

Adjusts the sensitivity of the dynamic filter. Higher settings create a greater degree of sweep for the same change in input level (LEVEL control type).

#### Filter Decay (DECAY): 1 - 10

Determines the speed at which the dynamic filter will return to the starting frequency after activation.

### Low Frequency Oscillator Frequency (LF0 FRQ): 0.1 – 10.0 Hz

Sets the LFO frequency and thus the speed of dynamic filter sweep when the LFO control type is selected.

#### <u>DUAL EFFECT PROGRAM (PROGRAMS 48 - 50)</u> EQ PARAMETERS

The EQ parameters for the dual effect programs (programs 48-50) are the same as for the other programs. except that separate EQ parameters are provided for the each effects when the "EQ" mode is selected.

- 1 LOW EQ = Effect 1 Low EQ
- 1 LOW F = Effect 1 Low Frequency
- 1 LOW G = Effect 1 Low Gain
- 1 LOW 0 = Effect 1 Low Bandwidth
- 1 HI EQ = Effect 1 High EQ
- 1 HI F = Effect 1 High Frequency
- 1 HI G = Effect 7 High Gain
- 1 HI Q = Effect 1 High Bandwidth
- 2 LOW EQ = Effect 2 Low EQ
- 2 LOW F = Effect 2 Low Frequency
- 2 LOW G = Effect 2 Low Gain
- 2 LOW Q = Effect 2 Low Bandwidth
- 2 HI EQ = Effect 2 High EQ
- 2 HI F = Effect 2 High Frequency
- 2 HI G = Effect 2 High Gain
- 2 HI Q = Effect 2 High Bandwidth

#### **REVERB PROGRAMS**

- 1. REV1 HALL
- 2. REV2 HALL&GATE
- 3. REV3 ROOM 1
- 4. REV4 ROOM 2
- 5. REV5 ROOM 3
- 7. REV7 VOCAL 1
- 8. REV8 VOCAL 2
- 9. REV9 PLATE
- 10. REV10 PLATE&GATE

Reverberation is the warm musical "ambience" you experience when listening to music in a hall or other properly-designed acoustic environment. The SPX900 offers several different reverb effects, simulating types of reverberation you would experience in halls, in smaller rooms, reverb effects ideally suited to vocals, the type of reverberation produced artificially by a plate reverberator.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Reverb Time (REV TIME):

0.3 - 480 seconds (1. REV1 HALL, 2. REV2
HALL&GATE, 7. REV7 VOCAL 1,

8. REV8 VOCAL 2)

0.1- 480 seconds (3. REV3 ROOM 1,4. REV4
ROOM 2,5. REV5 ROOM 3,9.
REV9 PLATE, 10. REV10
PLATE&GATE)

The length of time it takes for the level of reverberation at 1 kHz to decrease by 60 dB – virtually to silence. In a live setting, this depends on several factors: room size, room shape, type of reflective surfaces, and others.

**High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (HIGH):** 0.1 – 1.0 Natural reverberation varies according to the frequency of the sound. The higher the frequency, the more sound tends to be absorbed by walls, furnishings and even air. These two parameters allow alteration of the high-frequency and low-frequency reverb times in relation to the overall reverb time.

#### Diffusion (DIFFUSION): 0 - 10

The complexity of the many reflections that make up reverberation varies according to the shape of the room and its contents. In the SPX900 the term "diffusion" refers to the complexity of these reflections. If the DIFFUSION parameter is set to "0," minimum complexity and therefore a clearer, more straightforward reverb effect is produced. As the DIFFUSION value is increased, the complexity of the reflections increases producing a thicker, richer sound.

#### Initial Delay (INI DLY): 0.1 - 200.0 milliseconds

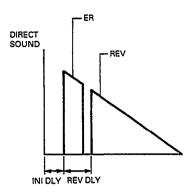
This represents the time delay between the direct sound of an instrument in a concert hall and the first of the many reflections that make up reverberation.

### High-pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRQ.): THRU, 32 Hz - 1.0 kHz

Permits rolling off the low-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The HPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### Low-pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRQ.): 1.0 – 16 kHz,

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.



### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

### Early Reflection/Reverb Balance (ER/REV BAL.): 0 - 100%

This parameter determines the level balance between the early-reflection portion and final reverberation portion of the reverb sound. At 100% only the early-reflection sound will be produced. At 0% only the final reverberation sound will be produced. A setting of about 50% produces both the early-reflection and final reverberation sounds at equal level.

#### Reverb Delay (REV DLY): 0.1 - 100.0 milliseconds

Sets the delay between the beginning of the early reflections— the initial group of sparse reflections that precede the dense reverb sound— and the beginning of the reverb sound.

#### Density (DENSITY): 0 - 4

This parameter determines the density of the reverb reflections (i.e. the average amount of time between reflections). A setting of 1 produces minimum reverb density for a more spacious sound, while a setting of 4 produces the most dense, "tightest" reverberation.

#### Trigger Level (TRG. LEVEL): 0 - 100

Determines the level of the input signal required to trigger "opening" of the reverb program gate. At 100% only very high-level input signals will trigger the gate, while at 1% even the tiniest input signal will trigger the gate.

### Trigger Delay (TRG. DLY): -100 - +100.0 milliseconds

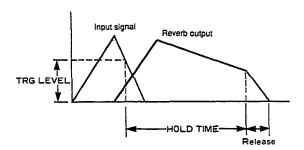
Produces a delay between the time at which the gate is triggered and that at which it actually opens.

#### Hold Time (HOLD): 1 - 24,000 milliseconds

Determines how long the gate stays open. allowing the signal to pass.

#### Release Time (RELEASE): 3 - 24,000 milliseconds

Determines how long it takes for the gate to close fully after the HOLD TIME has ended.



#### MIDI Trigger (MIDI TRG.): OFF, ON

When this parameter is turned ON, a KEY ON EVENT message from an external MIDI keyboard can be used to trigger the gate. A KEY ON EVENT message is transmitted whenever a note on a MIDI keyboard is played.

NOTE

This effect can also be triggered by the front-panel TRIGGER key or a footswitch plugged into the rear-panel TRIGGER jack.

#### ECHO ROOM REVERB PROGRAMS

- 6. REV6 WHITE ROOM
- **11. REV11 TUNNEL**
- 12. REV12 CANYON
- **13. REV13 BASEMENT**

This is a special type of reverberation in which you have extensive control over the room's dimensions and other parameters.

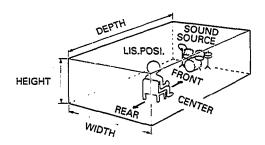
### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAMETER KEY

#### Reverb Time (REV TIME): 0.3 - 100.0 seconds

The length of time it takes for the level of reverberation at 1 kHz to decrease by 60 dB – virtually to silence. In a live setting, this depends on several factors: room size, room shape, type of reflective surfaces, and others.

Room Width (WIDTH): 0.5 – 34.0 meters Room Height (HEIGHT): 0.5 – 34.0 meters Room Depth (DEPTH): 0.5 – 34.0 meters

These parameters make it possible to specify the main dimensions of the echo room in meters. Basically, the larger the dimensions of the room the longer the reverb sound.



#### Wall Variance (WALL VARY): 0 - 30

Irregularity factor refers to the relationship of the wall surfaces in the echo room. At a setting of 1 all walls are parallel. Higher settings increase the angles between the wall surfaces. causing a distinct change in the reverb sound.

**Listening Position (LIS. POSI.): FRONT, CENT., REAR** Allows position the "listener" to the front, center or rear of the echo room in relation to the source sound.

### High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (HIGH): x0.1 - x1.0

Natural reverberation varies according to the frequency of the sound. The higher the frequency, the more sound tends to be absorbed by walls, furnishings and even air. These two parameters allow alteration of the high-frequency and low-frequency reverb times in relation to the overall reverb time.

#### Diffusion (DIFFUSION): 0 - 10

The complexity of the many reflections that make up reverberation varies according to the shape of the room and its contents. In the SPX900 the term "diffusion" refers to the complexity of these reflections. If the DIFFUSION parameter is set to "0." minimum complexity and therefore a clearer, more straightforward reverb effect is produced. As the DIFFUSION value is increased, the complexity of the reflections increases producing a thicker, richer sound.

#### Initial Delay (INI DLY): 0.1 - 200.0 milliseconds

This represents the time delay between the direct sound of an instrument in a concert hall and the first of the many reflections that make up reverberation.

### High-pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRO.): THRU, 32 Hz - 1.0 kHz

Permits rolling off the low-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The HPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### Low-pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRO.): 1.0 – 16 kHz, THRU

Same as other reverbs.

#### Width Fine: -100 - + 100

This sets the value specified with WIDTH as the reference value (0) and is the parameter for fine adjustment.

#### Height Fine: -100 - +100

This sets the value specified with HEIGHT as the reference value (0) and is the parameter for further fine adjustment.

#### Depth Fine: -100 - +100

This sets the value specified with DEPTH as the reference value (0) and is the parameter for further fine adjustment.

#### Wall Vary Fine (W. VARY FINE): -100 - +100

This sets each of the value specified with WIDTH, HEIGHT, DEPTH, and WALL VARY as the reference value (0) and is the parameter for further fine adjustment.

#### W. Decay: RT x 0.1 - 10.0

Among the REV components, this sets the reverberation time of the REV components specified with WIDTH to a multiplier value corresponding to the REV TIME. It simulates the acoustic properties of the side walls.

H. Decay: RT x 0.1 - 10.0 D. Decay: RT x 0.1 10.0

In the same way as for W. Decay, this sets a multiplier value corresponding to REV TIME for reverberation time felt in relation to the HEIGHT (vertical direction) in the height direction and that felt for the DEPTH in the front-to-back direction. It also simulates the acoustic properties of the walls in the vertical and front-to-back directions.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM

These are same as REVERB Programs.

#### EARLY REFLECTION PROGRAMS

- **14. PERCUSSION ER**
- 15. GATE REVERB
- **16. REVERSE GATE**
- **17. PROGRAMMABLE ER**

These effects are created using different groupings of "early reflections" – the first cluster of reflections that occurs after the direct sound but before the dense reflections that are known as reverberation begin.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Early Reflection Pattern Type (TYPE):

PERCUSSION ER: S-HALL, L-HALL, RANDOM,

REVERSE, PLATE, SPRING

PROGRAMMABLE ER: USER-A, USER-B,

USER-C, USER-D

GATE REVERB & REVERSE GATE: TYPE A,

TYPE B

In the PERCUSSION ER program the TYPE parameter selects one of six different patterns of early reflections. S-HALL produces a typical grouping of early reflections that would occur in a performing environment such as a small hall. L-HALL simulates the early reflection pattern of a larger hall. RANDOM produces an irregular series of reflections that could not occur naturally. REVERSE generates a series of reflections that increase in level – like the effect produced by playing a recorded reverberation sound backwards. PLATE produces a typical grouping of reflections that would occur in a plate reverb unit. and SPRING produces the same for spring type reverb unit.

In the PROGRAMMABLE ER program the TYPE parameter selects one of the four user-programmed early reflection patterns: USER-A, USER-B. USER-C or USER-D. The USER early reflection patterns are programmed using the utility-mode "USER ER EDIT" function (see "USER ER EDIT" on page 27 for details).

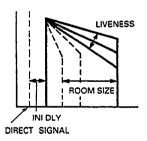
In the GATE REVERB and REVERSE GATE programs the TYPE parameter selects either TYPE-A or TYPE-B.

#### Room Size (ROOM SIZE): 0.1 - 25.0

This parameter sets the time intervals between the early reflections – a feature of natural early reflections which is directly proportional to the size of the room.

#### Liveness (LIVENESS): 0 - 10

"Liveness" refers to the rate at which the reflected sounds fade. An acoustically "dead" room is simulated by setting this parameter to zero. Increasing the value of this parameter creates an increasingly "live" sound, simulating an increasing area of reflective surfaces in the room.



#### Diffusion (DIFFUSION): 0 - 10

The complexity of the many reflections that make up reverberation varies according to the shape of the room and its contents. In the SPX900 the term "diffusion" refers to the complexity of these reflections. If the DIFFUSION parameter is set to "0." minimum complexity and therefore a clearer, more straightforward early reflection effect is produced. As the DIFFUSION value is increased, the complexity of the reflections increases producing a thicker, richer sound.

#### Initial Delay (INI DLY): 0.1 - 400.0 milliseconds

Initial delay is the time between the beginning of the direct sound and the beginning of the early reflections.

### High-pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRQ.): THRU, 32 Hz – 1.0 kHz

Permits rolling off the low-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The HPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### Low-pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRQ.): 1.0 – 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM

Number of Early Reflections (ER NUMBER): 1 - 19 This parameter directly sets the number of early reflections produced from 1 to 19.

Feedback Delay (FB DELAY): 0.1 - 900.0 milliseconds

Feedback Gain (FB GAIN): -99 - +99% Feedback High-frequency Ratio (FB HIGH): x 0.1x 1.0

The feedback parameters permit thickening and/or extending the early reflection sound. Feedback causes the early reflections to generate more early reflections of themselves. thus the FB GAIN parameter determines how many times (for how long) the early reflections are repeated. The FB DELAY parameter sets a delay time between the beginning of the original early-reflections and the first of the repeats caused by feedback. Shorter FB DELAY times simply thicken the early-reflection sound, while longer FB DELAY times can create extended or repeated early reflection effects. FB HIGH determines how much of the high-frequency content of the original early reflections is fed back. The lower the setting, the less of the original high frequencies are fed back. This causes a gradual decrease in high frequency content at each repeat.

#### Density (DENSITY):

PERCUSSION ER: 1 – 3
PROGRAMMABLE ER. GATE REVERB. REVERSE
GAGE: 0 – 3

This parameter determines the density of the reverb reflections (i.e. the average amount of time between reflections). A setting of 0 or 1 produces minimum reverb density for a more spacious sound, while a setting of 3 produces the most dense, "tightest" reverberation.

#### **DELAY PROGRAM**

■ 18. DELAY L, R

■ 19. DELAY L, C, R

These sophisticated delay effects offer independently variable left and right channel delays. DELAY L, C, R additionally has

a variable center-channel delay.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Left Channel Delay (Lch DLY): 0.1 – 1480.0 milliseconds

Right Channel Delay (Rch DLY): 0.1 - 1480.0 milliseconds

Center Channel Delay (Cch DLY): 0.1 – 1480.0 milliseconds (18. DELAY L, C, R only)

These parameters individually set the time between the direct sound of the instrument and the first repeat heard from the left. right and center channels.

### Center Channel Level (Cch LVL): -200 - +200% (18. DELAY L, C, R only)

Adjusts the level of the center-channel delay signal.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

Feedback 1 Delay (FB1 DLY): 0.1 - 1480.0 milliseconds

Feedback 2 Delay (FB2 DLY): 0.1 - 1480.0 milliseconds

Two separate feedback loops are provided in the delay program, and these parameters determine the amount of delay applied to each feedback signal.

#### Feedback 1 Gain (FB1 GAIN): -99% - +99% Feedback 2 Gain (FB2 GAIN): -99% - +99%

Set the amount of delay signal fed back to the input of the processor. The higher the feedback gain setting, the greater the number of delayed repeats produced by the corresponding feedback loop.

#### High Frequency Feedback (HIGH): x0.1 - x1.0

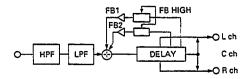
Controls feedback in the high-frequency range. The high-frequency feedback is reduced as the value of this parameter is decreased.

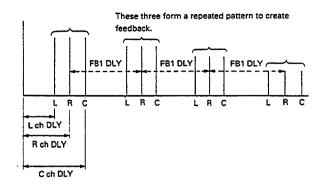
### High-pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRQ.): THRU, 32 Hz - 1.0 kHz

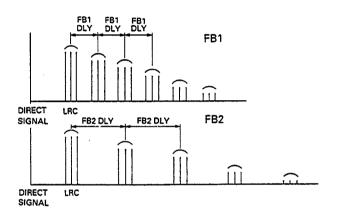
Permits rolling off the low-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The HPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### Low-pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRQ.): 1.0 – 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.







#### **ECHO PROGRAM**

#### **■ 20. STEREO ECHO**

The stereo echo effect offers independently variable left and right channel initial delays and echo intervals.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

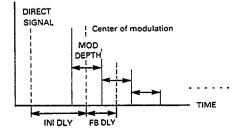
Left Channel Feed Back Delay (LFB DLY):

0.1 - 740.0 milliseconds

Right Channel Feed Back Delay (RFB DLY):

0.1 - 740.0 milliseconds

After the initial delay produced by the INI DLY parameters. the time between subsequent repeats is determined by the left and right channel interval parameters.



Left Channel Feedback Gain (Lch F. B): -99% - +99% Right Channel Feedback Gain (Rch F.B):

Right Channel Feedback Gain (Rch F.B): -99% - +99%

Individually set the amount of the left or right channel delay signal fed back to the input of the processor. The higher the feedback gain setting, the greater the number of delayed repeats produced for the corresponding channel.

#### High Frequency Feedback (HIGH): x0.1 - x1.0

Controls feedback in the high-frequency range. The high-frequency feedback is reduced as the value of this parameter is decreased.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

Left Channel Initial Delay (L INI DLY): 0.1 - 740.0 milliseconds

Right Channel Initial Delay (R INI DLY): 0.1 – 740.0 milliseconds

These parameters individually set the time between the direct sound of the instrument and the first repeat heard from the left and right channels.

### High-pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRQ.): THRU, 32 Hz - 1.0 kHz

Permits rolling off the low-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The HPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### Low-pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRQ.): 1.0 – 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

#### MODULATION PROGRAMS

- 21. STEREO FLANGE
- **22. CHORUS 1**
- **23. CHORUS 2**
- **24. STEREO PHASING**
- **25. TREMOLO**
- **■** 26. SYMPHONIC

The stereo flange effects produce a pleasant "swirling" sound which can effectively thicken and add warmth to the sound of an instrument. The chorus effect is produced by varying the delay between two identical signals. thus producing a complex varying "comb filter" effect.

Phasing is basically a "gentler" version of the flange effect, lending a smooth. animated quality to the original sound. The tremolo effect is produced in the same way as the flange effect, but has a "bigger," more sweeping sound. The symphonic effect adds richness and life to the sound.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Please note that STEREO PHASING does not have the F.B GAIN parameter listed below, while TREMOLO and SYMPHONIC have only the MOD FRQ and MOD DEPTH parameters.

### Modulation Frequency (MOD. FRQ): 0.05 Hz - 40.0 Hz

Sets the speed of modulation, and hence the rate at which the effect varies.

**Modulation Depth (1, 2) (MOD. DEPTH): 0% – 100%** Sets the amount of delay time variation. thus adjusting the depth of the effect.

### Modulation Delay (1, 2) (MOD. DLY): 0.1 – 100 milliseconds

This sets the basic delay time from the initial direct sound to the beginning of the flange effect.

**Phase (PHASE): -180.0 deg - +180.0 deg** (STEREO FLANGE) Sets the pahse between MOD. DLY 1 and 2.

#### Feedback Gain (F.B. GAIN): 0% - 99%

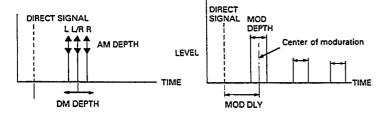
Determines the amount of flange signal which is fed back to the input of the processor for further modulation. More feedback increases the overall complexity, "strength" and decay time of the effect.

### Delay Time Modulation Depth (DM DEPTH): 0% - 100 %

(CHORUS effects) Sets the amount of the width of the shaking between L and R channel.

### Amplitude Modulation Depth (AM DEPTH): 0% – 100%

(CHORUS effects) Sets the amount of the width of amplitude variation.



### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM

### High-pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRQ): THRU, 32 Hz - 1.0 kHz

Permits rolling off the low-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The HPF is OFF when set to THRU.

### Low-pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRQ): 1 – 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the reverb signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

#### NOISE GATE

#### **■ 27. ADR-NOISE GATE**

This program uses a "gate" to pass or shut off the input signal in a number of ways. It can be used to pass just a short segment of a longer input signal. or it can be set up to pass only signals that exceed a specified level. In the latter case this program functions as a "noise gate." It is also possible to create reverse gate type effects in which the gain increases gradually after the effect is triggered.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

#### Trigger Level (TRG. LEVEL): 0 - 100%

Determines the level of the input signal required to trigger "opening" of the gate. At 100% only very high-level input signals will trigger the gate, while at 0% even the tiniest input signal will trigger the gate.

### Trigger Delay (TRG. DLY): -100 - +100.0 milliseconds

Produces a delay between the time at which the gate is triggered and that at which it actually opens. If a minus value is programmed, the input signal is delayed so that, effectively. the gate opens before the signal appears.

#### Trigger Mask (TRG. MSK): 3 - 24000 milliseconds

This parameter makes it impossible to re-trigger the gate function until the programmed time has elapsed.

#### Attack Time (ATTACK): 3 - 24000 milliseconds

Determines how long it takes for the gate to open fully from the time it begins to open.

#### Decay Time (DECAY): 3 - 24000 milliseconds

Determines the length of time it takes for the gate envelope to fall to DECAY LEVEL after it is fully open.

#### Decay Level (DECAY LVL): 0 - 100%

Determines the level at which the gate remains open for the HOLD TIME. The lower the value, the lower the HOLD gate level.

#### Hold Time (HOLD): 1 – 24000 milliseconds

Determines how long the gate stays open, allowing the signal to pass at the DECAY LEVEL after the first decay and prior to beginning of the RELEASE TIME.

#### Release Time (RELEASE): 3 - 24000 milliseconds

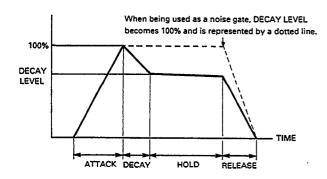
Determines how long it takes for the gate to close fully after the HOLD TIME has ended.

#### MIDI Trigger (MIDI TRG.): OFF, ON

When this parameter is turned ON, a KEY ON EVENT message from an external MIDI keyboard can be used to trigger the gate. A KEY ON EVENT message is transmitted whenever a note on a MIDI keyboard is played.

#### - NOTE:

This effect can also be triggered by the front-panel TRIGGER key or a footswitch plugged into the rear-panel TRIGGER jack.



### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

High-Pass Filter Frequency (HPF FRQ.): THRU, 32 Hz - 1.0 kHz

Low-Pass Filter Frequency (LPF FRQ.): 1.0 – 16 kHz, THRU

#### PITCH CHANGE PROGRAMS

- **28. PITCH CHANGE 1**
- 29. PITCH CHANGE 2
- **30. PITCH CHANGE 3**
- 31. MONO PITCH

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

#### **■ 28. PITCH CHANGE 1**

PITCH CHANGE 1 makes it possible to produce two independently pitch-shifted output notes in addition to the direct signal, so you can create three-part harmonies with a single input note. Both pitch-shifted notes appear at the center of the stereo sound field.

#### 1st Pitch Shift (1 PITCH): -24 - +24 2nd Pitch Shift (2 PITCH): -24 - +24

Set the pitch of the first or second pitch-shifted note between two octaves below (-24) and two octaves above (+24) the input note.

#### 1st Fine Tuning (1 FINE): -100 - +100 2nd Fine Tuning (2 FINE): -100 - +100

Permit fine tuning of the first or second pitch-shifted note in 1-cent steps.

#### 1st Delay Time (1 DLY): 0.1 - 650.0 milliseconds 2nd Delay Time (2 DLY): 0.1 - 650.0 milliseconds

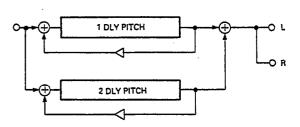
Determines the time delay between input of the original note and output of the first or second pitch-shifted note.

#### 1st Feedback Gain (1 F.B.): -99 - +99% 2nd Feedback Gain (2 F.B.): -99 - +99%

When this parameter is set to 0. only a single pitch-shifted sound is produced after the DELAY time has elapsed. As the value of this parameter is increased, however, more and more delayed repeats are produced, each pitch-shifted up or down from the previous repeat according to the setting of the PITCH parameter.

#### 1st Level (1 LEVEL): 0 - 100% 2nd Level (2 LEVEL): 0 - 100%

These parameters determine the levels of the first and second pitch-shifted notes.



#### **29. PITCH CHANGE 2**

Like the PITCH CHANGE 1 program, PITCH CHANGE 2 produces 2 pitch-shifted notes in addition to the original input note. In this program, however, the two pitch-shifted notes are independently fed to the left and right channel outputs (the direct sound is positioned at the center of the stereo sound field) for a true stereo harmony effect.

#### Left Pitch Shift (L PITCH): -24 - +24 Right Pitch Shift (R PITCH): -24 - +24

Set the pitch of the left or right channel pitch-shifted note between two octaves below (-24) and two octaves above (+24) the input note.

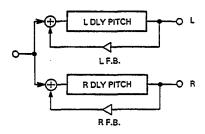
#### Left Fine Tuning (L FINE): -100 - +100Right Fine Tuning (R FINE): -100 - +100

Permit fine tuning of the left or right channel pitch-shifted note in 1-cent steps.

Left Delay Time (L DLY): 0.1 – 650.0 milliseconds Right Delay Time (R DLY): 0.1 – 650.0 milliseconds Determine the time delay between input of the original note and output of the left or right channel pitch-shifted note.

#### Left Feedback Gain (L.F.B.): -99 - +99% Right Feedback Gain (R. F. B): -99 - +99%

When this parameter is set to 0, only a single pitch-shifted sound is produced after the DELAY time has elapsed. As the value of this parameter is increased, however. more and more delayed repeats are produced. each pitch-shifted up or down from the previous repeat according to the setting of the PITCH parameter.



#### **30. PITCH CHANGE 3**

PITCH CHANGE 3 offers the "thickest" and most complex sound by allowing the creation of three pitch-shifted notes in addition to the direct sound.

1st Pitch Shift (1 PITCH): -24 - +24 2nd Pitch Shift (2 PITCH): -24 - +24 3rd Pitch Shift (3 PITCH): -24 - +24

Set the pitch of the first, second or third pitch-shifted note between two octaves below (-24) and two octaves above (+24) the input note.

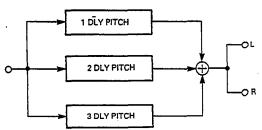
1st Fine Tuning (1 FINE): -100 - +100 2nd Fine Tuning (2 FINE): -100 - +100 3rd Fine Tuning (3 FINE): -100 - +100

Permit fine tuning of the first, second or third pitch-shifted note in 1-cent steps.

1st Delay Time (1 DLY): 0.1 – 1400.0 milliseconds 2nd Delay Time (2 DLY): 0.1 – 1400.0 milliseconds 3rd Delay Time (3 DLY): 0.1 – 1400.0 milliseconds Determines the time delay between input of the original note and output of the first, second or third pitch-shifted note.

1st Level (1 LEVEL): 0 - 100% 2nd Level (2 LEVEL): 0 - 100% 3rd Level (3 LEVEL): 0 - 100%

These parameters determine the levels of the first, second and third pitch-shifted notes.



#### ■ 31. MONO PITCH

The MONO PITCH program produces a single pitch-shifted note. The PITCH parameter can be varied while playing (using an external controller, for example) to provide smooth, real-time pitch variation.



#### Pitch Shift (PITCH): -24 - +24

Set the pitch of the pitch-shifted note between two octaves below (-24) and two octaves above (+24) the input note.

#### Fine Tuning (PITCH FINE): -100 - +100

Permit fine tuning of the pitch-shifted note in 1-cent steps.

#### Delay Time (DELAY): 0.1 - 1400.0 milliseconds

Determine the time delay between input of the original note and output of the pitch-shifted note.

#### Feedback Gain (FB GAIN): -99 - +99%

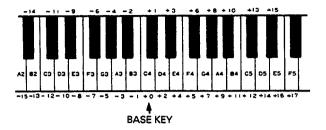
When this parameter is set to 0, only a single pitch-shifted sound is produced after the DELAY time has elapsed. As the value of this parameter is increased, however. more and more delayed repeats are produced, each pitch-shifted up or down from the previous repeat according to the setting of the PITCH parameter.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

#### Base Key (BASE KEY): OFF, C1 - C6

This parameter sets the "BASE KEY" for an external MIDI synthesizer used to control the PITCH parameter (the MIDI OUT terminal of the synthesizer must be connected to the SPX900 MIDI IN terminal, and the SPX900 must be set to receive on the MIDI channel on which the synthesizer is transmitting). If, for example, the BASE KEY parameter is set to C4, pressing the C3 key on the synthesizer (C3 is one octave lower than C4) will set the pitch change value to -12. Pressing D4 on the keyboard would produce a pitch increase of one whole-tone (+2). When two keys are pressed, the highest note determines the pitch of the 1 PITCH or L PITCH sound, and the lower note determines the pitch of the 2 PITCH or R PITCH sound. With the STEREO PITCH program the last note pressed takes priority. If a key more than two octaves higher or lower than the BASE KEY is pressed, the resultant pitch change setting will still be within the -24 to +24 range,

as shown in the illustration below. If the BASE KEY parameter is set OFF, pitch cannot be controlled via the MIDI IN terminal.



#### FREEZE PROGRAM

#### n 32. FREEZE

The FREEZE program allows sampling (digital recording) and playback of sounds received at the SPX900's inputs. The FREEZE program allows sampling for a maximum of 1.35 seconds.

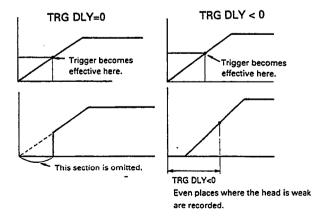
#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

#### Record Mode (REC. MODE): MANUAL, AUTO

Determines how sampling is to be triggered. If MANUAL is selected, sampling is initiated either by pressing the parameter △ key, the TRIGGER key, or a footswitch connected to the rear-panel TRIGGER jack. If AUTO is selected, sampling is automatically triggered by any input signal of sufficient level.

### Trigger Delay (TRG. DLY): -1350 - +1000 milliseconds

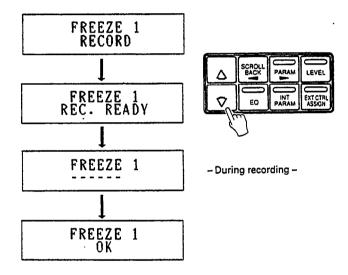
This parameter sets a delay between triggering and actual initiation of the sampling process. If a negative value is specified, input signals are temporarily stored and the sound is sampled from the specified time <u>before</u> the trigger occurs.



#### Record Ready (RECORD):

The RECORD display must be called before sampling can begin. With the RECORD display showing, press the parameter △ key and display will change to RECORD READY. Sampling can now be starting using either the MANUAL or AUTO method described above. The display changes to "----" while sampling is in progress, and then to "OK" when sampling is complete. Any previous data in the freeze memory is erased when the RECORD function is executed.

The sampled sound can now be played back by pressing the TRIGGER key or a footswitch connected to the rear-panel TRIGGER jack. Pitched playback of the sampled sound is possible by transmitting MIDI note ON messages to the SPX900's MIDI IN connector from a MIDI keyboard or other device (e.g. play a key on the keyboard).



#### Overdub Ready (OVERDUB):

RECORD (see above) is used to sample a new sound. OVERDUB is used to record a new sound over a previously recorded sound. Call the OVERDUB display and begin overdubbing by using either the MANUAL or AUTO method described above. The display changes to "——" while overdubbing is in progress, and then to "OK" when overdubbing is complete. OVERDUB can be repeated as many times as necessary.

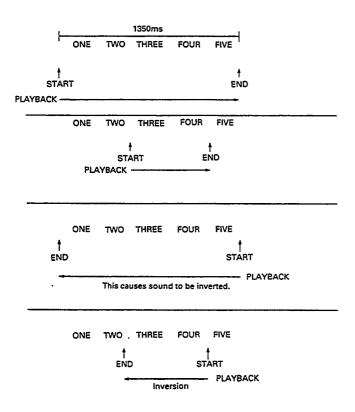
The initially recorded and overdubbed sound can now be played back by pressing the TRIGGER key or a footswitch connected to the rear-panel TRIGGER jack. Playback can also be triggered by an input signal of sufficient amplitude if the INPUT TRG parameter is on. Pitched playback of the sampled sound is possible by transmitting MIDI note ON messages to the SPX900's MIDI IN connector from a MIDI keyboard'or other device (e.g. play a key on the keyboard).

### Playback Start Point (START): 0 - 1350.0 milliseconds

Total sample time is 1350 milliseconds (1.35 seconds). This parameter determines at what point playback will begin when a trigger occurs.

#### Playback End Point (END): 0 - 1350.0 milliseconds

This parameter determines at what point playback will end. If the END point is set to a time earlier than the START point (above), the sampled sound will be played back in reverse.



#### Playback Pitch (PITCH): -24 - +24

Determines the pitch of the playback sound in semitone increments. PITCH can be varied from two octaves below (-24) to two octaves above (+24) the original pitch of the sampled sound.

### Playback Pitch Fine Tuning (PITCH FINE): -100 - +100

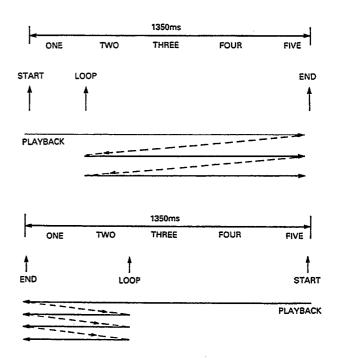
Permits fine tuning of the playback pitch in one-cent increments (a cent is 1/100th of a semitone).

### Playback Loop Point (LOOP): 0 - 1350.0 milliseconds

This parameter sets the "Loop" point of the sampled sound. Playback is immediately resumed from the LOOP point as soon as the END point is reached. The sampled sound will therefore play continuously as long as the trigger is held ON.

#### Loop Fine Adjust (LOOP FINE): -200 - +200

This parameter allows fine adjustment of the LOOP point, making it possible to create the smoothest transition between the END and LOOP points.



### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

#### Base Key (BASE KEY): OFF, C1 - C6

This parameter sets the "BASE KEY" for an external MIDI synthesizer used to control pitched playback of the sampled sound (the MIDI OUT terminal of the synthesizer must be connected to the SPX900 MIDI IN terminal, and the SPX900 must be set to receive on the MIDI channel on which the synthesizer is transmitting). If, for example, the BASE KEY parameter is set to C4, pressing the C3 key on the synthesizer (C3 is one octave lower than C4) will cause the sampled sound to play one octave lower than its normal pitch. If a key more than two octaves higher or lower than the BASE KEY is pressed, the resultant pitch change setting will still be within the -24 to +24 range, as shown in the illustration below. If the BASE KEY parameter is set OFF, pitch cannot be controlled via the MIDI IN terminal.

#### PAN PROGRAMS

#### n 33. PAN n 34. TRIGGERED PAN

There are two Pan Programs:

## PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY n 33. PAN

This is a very sophisticated pan program that allows creation of "rotary" pan in addition to straightforward pan effects.

### Pan Type (TYPE): $L \rightarrow R$ , $L \leftarrow R$ , $L \leftrightarrow R$ , L-TURN, R-TURN

Determines the direction in which the sound sweeps across the stereo sound field. The L-TURN and R-TURN parameters produce a pan which seems to rotate toward and away from the listener in the specified direction.

#### Pan Speed (PAN SPEED): 0.05 - 40.00 Hz

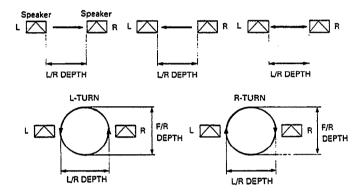
Sets the speed of the PAN effect (i.e. how rapidly the signal sweeps from channel to channel).

#### Front/Rear Depth (F/R DEPTH): 0 - 100%

When the L-TURN or R-TURN pan type is selected, this parameter sets the apparent depth of the sweep from front to rear

#### Left/Right Depth (L/R DEPTH): 0 - 100%

Sets the "depth" of the pan sweep from left to right and right to left.



#### **■ 34. TRIGGERED PAN**

When triggered, this program automatically pans the sound image between left and right or right and left in the stereo sound field – with programmable attack, pan and release rates.

#### Trigger Level (TRG. LEVEL): 1 - 100

Determines the level of the input signal required to trigger the panning effect. At 100% only very high-level input signals will trigger the pan, while at 0% even the tiniest input signal will trigger the pan.

### Trigger Delay (TRG. DLY): -100 - +100.0 milliseconds

Produces a delay between the time at which the effect is triggered and that at which it actually begins. If a minus value is programmed, the input signal is delayed so that, effectively, the effect begins before the signal appears.

**Trigger Mask (TRG. MSK):** 3 – 24000 milliseconds This parameter makes it impossible to re-trigger the effect until the programmed time has elapsed.

### Attack Time (ATTACK): 3 – 24000 milliseconds

Determines how rapidly the panning effect begins.

# **Panning Time (PANNING): 3 – 24000 milliseconds**Determines how long it takes to complete the main portion of the pan.

Release Time (RELEASE): 3 – 24000 milliseconds Determines the speed of the end of the pan.

#### Pan Direction (DIRECTION): $L \rightarrow R$ , $L \leftarrow R$

Determines the direction in which the sound sweeps across the stereo sound field.

#### Left/Right Channel Balance (L/R BALANCE): 0 - 100%

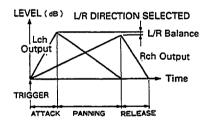
Determines the maximum extent of the pan sweep. For example, a setting of 100% produce a full pan from the extreme left to right or vice versa, while a setting of 50% a pan that is more restricted in its width across the stereo sound field.

#### MIDI Trigger (MIDI TRG.): OFF, ON

When this parameter is turned ON, a KEY ON EVENT message from an external MIDI keyboard can be used to trigger the pan. A KEY ON EVENT message is transmitted whenever a note on a MIDI keyboard is played.

#### - NOTE:

This effect can also be triggered by the front-panel TRIGGER key or a footswitch plugged into the rear-panel TRIGGER jack.



### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

HPF FRQ, LPF FRQ

#### **COMPRESSOR PROGRAM**

#### ■ 35. COMPRESSOR

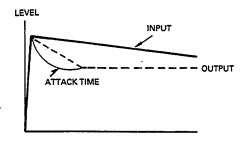
This extremely versatile compressor program allows creation of a wide range of compression and limiting effects. It can simply be used to reduce the dynamic range of a signal, to smooth out the sound of an electric bass or add sustain to an electric guitar. It can help to reduce volume fluctuations as a vocalist moves closer to or away from a microphone, or limit the maximum level of a signal to prevent overloading certain types of amplification of recording equipment. The COMPRESSOR program is a stereo compressor in which the

higher signal level + left- or right-channel + is used for gain control.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

#### Attack Time (ATTACK): 1 - 40 milliseconds

Determines how long it takes for full compression to be reached after the effect is triggered (i.e. the THRESHOLD level is exceeded). The right ATTACK setting is essential to preserve the natural initial attack sound of the instrument used – or modify it as desired.



#### Release Time (RELEASE): 10 - 2,000 milliseconds

Determines how long it takes for compression to be relased after the input signal drops below the THRESHOLD level. The RELEASE setting is important to preserve the natural release sound of the instrument used. Too short a RELEASE setting will cause the sound to be cut off unnaturally.

#### Threshold Level (THRESHOLD): -48 - -6 dB

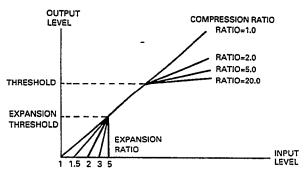
Determines the level of the input signal at which the compression effect begins. Set at a low level (-48 dB) all input signals will be compressed. At a higher level, only those signals exceeding the THRESHOLD level will be compressed, thus producing a limiting effect. The THRESHOLD level must be set to match the level and characteristics of the instrument being used. as well as the desired effect.

#### Compression Ratio (RATIO): 1.0 - 20.0

This parameter sets the "amount" of compression applied to the input signal. A setting of 1.0 produces no compression. while a setting of 20 produces maximum compression.

### Expansion Threshold (EXPAND THRS): -72 - -30 dB Expansion Ratio (RATIO): 1.0 - 5.0

These parameters can be used to cut out low-level noise. Expansion is applied to signal levels below the set expander threshold.

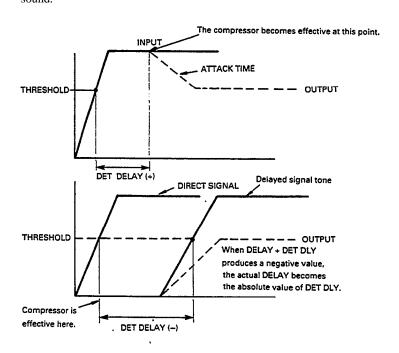


### Initial Delay Time (DELAY): 0.1 - 1400.0 milliseconds

Determines the time delay between the direct sound and the compressed effect sound.

#### Detect Delay (DET. DLY): -50 - +50 milliseconds

This parameter sets an initial delay between the time the input signal begins (the time the THRESHOLD level is exceeded) and the time the compression effect begins. This delay can be used to allow the initial attack of an instrument to come through completely unaffected while the rest of the signal is compressed. A minus DET DLY setting causes the compressed sound to appear before the direct instrument sound.



### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAMETER KEY

#### Detector High Pass Filter Frequency (DET. HPF): THRU, 500 Hz - 8 kHz

Allows compression to be applied to a specific range of frequencies. Compression is only applied to frequencies higher than the set DET. HPF frequency. Compression is applied to all frequencies when this parameter is set to THRU.

#### DISTORTION PROGRAM

#### **■**36. DISTORTION

The distortion program is capable of producing an extremely broad range of distortion sounds.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

#### Distortion (DISTORTION): 0 - 100%

This parameter sets the "degree" of distortion produced. A setting of 0 produces a perfectly clean sound, while a setting of 100 produces the most heavily distorted sound.

### Midrange EQ Frequency (MID FRQ): 250 Hz - 5.6 kHz

Sets the mid-frequency range to be boosted or cut using the next parameter: MID GAIN.

#### Midrange EQ Gain (MID GAIN): -12 - +12 dB

Boosts or cuts response in the frequency range set by the MID FRQ parameter (above). A setting of 0 produces no boost or cut. Minus settings (e.g. -6 dB) cut response in the selected frequency range, while plus settings (e.g. +12 dB) boost response.

#### Treble Boost/Cut (TREBLE): -12 - + 12 dB

Permits boosting or cutting the high-frequency range. Minus settings (e.g: -6 dB) reduce the high-frequency content of the sound, while plus settings (e.g: +6 dB) emphasize the high-frequencies.

**Distortion Delay (DELAY): 0.1 – 1480.0 milliseconds**Sets the delay between the direct sound and the beginning of the distortion effect.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

#### Trigger Level (TRG. LEVEL): 0 - 100

The level of the input signal which allows the gate to open (or applies a trigger, in other words) can be set. The larger the value, the larger the input signal needed to open the gate. If this is not specified, the gate will not open.

#### Release Time (RELEASE): 3 ms - 24000 ms

Tis is the time between the point where the gate begins to close and the point where it is fully closed. The larger the value, the smoother the cut-off of the reverberation sound becomes.

#### **EXCITER PROGRAM**

#### **■ 37. EXCITER**

This program artificially adds appropriate harmonics to the input signal, adding luster-and effectively bringing "buried' sounds to the foreground.

#### HPF FRQ: 500 Hz - 16 kHz

Determines the range of high harmonics added to the input sound. The smaller the value, the greater the range of high harmonics applied.

#### ENHANCE: 0 - 100%

Sets the level of the harmonics added to the input sound. The higher the value, the greater the exciter effect.

#### Exciter/Direct Sound Mix (MIX LVL): 0 - 100%

Sets the mixture or balance between the direct input sound and the applied harmonics.

DELAY: 0.1 - 740.0 ms

#### **MULTI-EFFECT PROGRAMS**

- 38. MULTI(ECH&REV) 1
- 39. MULTI(ECH&REV) 2
- 40. MULTI(CHO&REV) 1
- 41. MULTI(CHO&REV) 2
- 42. MULTI(CHO&REV) 3
- # 43. MULTI(SYM+REV) 1
- **44.** MULTI(SYM+REV) 2
- # 45. MULTI(SYM+REV) 3
- 46. MULTI(EXC&REV) 1
- **47. MULTI(EXC&REV) 2**

The SPX900 multi-effect programs combine compressor, distortion, equalizer or dynamic filter (access via EQ key), reverb and chorus or exciter effects. Refer to the effect configuration diagram for each program to understand how the various effects are "connected."

In all cases the first parameter display allows turning each effect ON or OFF. Use the PARAM and SCROLL BACK keys to move the underline cursor to the desired effect, then use the parameter  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  key to turn the effect ON of OFF:

MULTI(CHO&REV)1
•CO oDI •CH •RV

"O" = OFF. "●" = ON. In this example display COMPRESSOR (CO). CHORUS (CH) and REVERB (RV) are ON. while DISTORTION (DI) is OFF.

Once the desired effects have been selected, use the PARAM key to move on to the main parameters. Only parameters for effects that are turned ON will appear.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

All of the multi-effect programs have both COMPRESSOR and DISTORTION: however, all parameters for these are accessed through the INT PARAM key.

Compressor Attack (CO. ATTACK): Refer to COMPRESSOR on page 22.

Compressor Release (CO. RELS): 10 – 1000 ms. Refer to COMPRESSOR on page 22.

Compressor Threshold (CO. THRSLD): -42 – - 12 dB, Refer to COMPRESSOR on page 22.

Compressor Ratio (CO. RATIO): Refer to COMPRESSOR on page 22.

Distortion (DI. DIST): Refer to Distortion on page 23.

Distortion Mid Frequency (DI. MID F): Refer to DISTORTION on page 23.

Distortion Mid Gain (DI. MID G): Refer to DISTORTION on page 23.

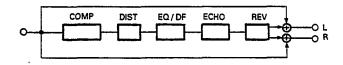
Distortion Treble (DI. TRBL): Refer to DISTORTION on page 23.

Trigger Level (TRG. LEVEL): Refer to DISTORTION on page 23.

Release Time (Release): Refer to DISTORTION on page 23.

#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

- 38. MULTI(ECH&REV) 1
- **■** 39. MULTI(ECH&REV) 2



Feed Back Delay (EC. FBDLY): 0.1-700.0 ms. Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Feed Back Gain (EC. F.B.): Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

High Frequency Feed Back Gain (EC. HIGH): Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Initial Delay (EC. INDLY): 0.1 - 700.0 ms. Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Reverb Time (RV. RT): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

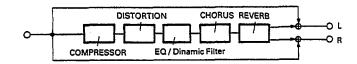
High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (RV. HIGH): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Initial Delay Time (RV. DLY): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

#### Reverb Mix Level (RV. MIX): 0 - 100%

Determines the mix between the signal entering the reverb processor and the reverb sound.

- 40. MULTI(CHO&REV) 1
- 41. MULTI(CHO&REV) 2
- 42. MULTI(CHO&REV) 3



Chorus Frequency (CH. FRQ.): 0.05 - 40 Hz

### Chorus Delay Modulation Depth (CH. DM DEPTH): 0% – 100%

This sets the amount by which the delay time of one delay signal is varied in relation to the other, and thus the depth of the CHORUS effect.

### Chorus Amplitude Modulation Depth (CH. AM DEPTH): 0% - 100%

Sets the amount by which the amplitude (level) of the input signal is varied.

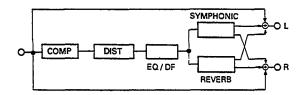
Reverb Time (RV. RT): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (RV. HIGH): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Reverb Initial Delay (RV. DLY): 0.1 - 800.0 ms. Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Reverb Mix Level (RV. MIX): Refer to MULTI (ECH&REV) on page 24.

- 43. MULTI(SYM+REV) 1
- 44. MULTI(SYM+REV) 2
- 45. MULTI(SYM+REV) 3



Symphonic Frequency (SY. FRQ): Refer to SYMPHONIC on page 16.

Symphonic Depth (SY. DEPTH): Refer to SYMPHONIC on page 16.

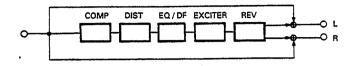
Reverb Time(RV. RT): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (RV. HIGH): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Reverb Initial Delay (RV. DLY): 0.1 – 800.0 ms. Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Reverb Mix Level (RV. MIX): Refer to MULTI(ECH&REV) on page 24.

#### ■ 46. MULTI(EXC&REV) 1 ■ 47. MULTI(EXC&REV) 2



The COMPRESSOR. DISTORTION and REVERB parameters for this program are the same as for MULTI (CHO&REV) and MULTI (SYM+REV), described above. When the EXCITER (EX) effect is turned ON, the following parameters also appear:

EX. HPFF: Refer to EXCITER on page 23.

EX. ENHANCE: Refer to EXCITER on page 23.

EX. MIX LVL: Refer to EXCITER on page 23.

Reverb Time (RV. RT): Refer to REV 1 HALL on page 11.

High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (RV. HIGH): Refer to REV 1 HALL on page 11.

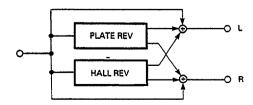
Reverb Initial Delay (RV. DLY): 0.1 - 800.0 ms. Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Reverb Mix Level (RV. MIX): Refer to MULTI (ECH&REV) on page 24.

#### **DUAL EFFECT PROGRAMS**

The dual effect programs provide different effects for the left (1) and right (2) channels. Internal parameters provided for each of the dual effect programs determine whether the output is mixed and delivered in stereo or each channel functions independently (i.e. mono output x 2).

#### ■ 48. PLATE+HALL



#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Plate Reverb Time (PLT RT): 0.3 - 480.0 s. Refer to REV9 PLATE on page 11.

Plate High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (PLT HIGH): Refer to REV9 PLATE on page 11.

Plate Diffusion (PLT DIF): Refer to REV9 PLATE on page 11.

Plate Initial Delay (PLT DLY): Refer to REV9 PLATE on page 11.

Hall Reverb Time (HAL RT): Refer to REV 1 HALL on page 11.

Hall High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (HAL HIGH): Refer to REV 1 HALL on page 11.

Hall Diffusion (HAL DIF): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

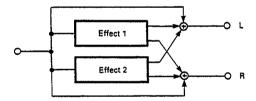
Hall Initial Delay (HAL DLY): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM

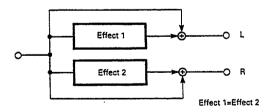
### Stereo or Mono x 2 Output (OUT MODE): ST, MONO x 2

When set to ST (stereo), the output of the left and right-channel processors are mixed and the output signal is delivered in stereo. When MONO x 2 is selected the left and right-channel processors are completely independent.

MODE=STEREO



MODE=MONO x 2



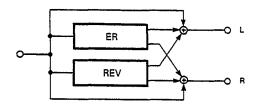
#### Plate Low-pass Filter Frequency (PLT LPF): 1- 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the PLATE signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

#### Hall Low-pass Filter Frequency (HAL LPF): 1– 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the HALL signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

#### **■** 49.ER+REV



#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Early Reflection Type (ER TYPE): Refer to PERCUSSION ER on page 13.

Early Reflection Room Size (ROOM SIZE): 0.1 - 10.0, Refer to PERCUSSION ER on page 13.

Early Reflection Liveness (LIVENESS): Refer to PERCUSSION ER on page 13.

Early Reflection Diffusion (ER DIFF): Refer to PERCUSSION ER on page 13.

Early Reflection Initial Delay (ER DLY): 0.1 – 300.0 ms, Refer to PERCUSSION ER on page 13.

Rev Reverb Time (REV RT): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Rev High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (REV HIGH): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Rev Diffusion (REV DIFF): Refer to REV 1 HALL on page 11

Rev Initial Delay (REV DLY): 0.1 – 300.0 ms, Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

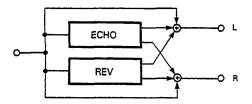
### Stereo or Mono x 2 Output (OUT MODE): ST, MONO x 2

When set to ST (stereo), the output of the left and right-channel processors are mixed and the, output signal is delivered in stereo. When MONO x 2 is selected the left and right-channel processors are completely independent.

### Reverb Low-pass Filter Frequency (REV LPF): 1.0 – 16 kHz. THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the REV signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

#### ■ 50.ECHO+REV



#### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE PARAM KEY

Echo Left Channel Delay (LFB DLY): 0.1–350.0 ms, Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Echo Left Channel Feedback (Lch F. B): Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Echo Right Channel Delay (RFB DLY):  $0.1-350.0~\mathrm{ms}$ . Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Echo Right Channel Feedback (Rch F. B): Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Echo High Frequency Feedback (ECHO HIGH): Refer to STEREO ECHO on page 15.

Rev Reverb Time (REV RT): Refer to REV 1 HALL on page 11.

Rev High Frequency Reverb Time Ratio (REV HIGH): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Rev Diffusion (REV DIF): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

Rev Initial Delay (REV DLY): Refer to REV1 HALL on page 11.

### PARAMETERS ACCESSED BY THE INT PARAM KEY

### Stereo or Mono x 2 Output (OUT MODE): ST, MONO x 2

When set to ST (stereo), the outputs of the left and right-channel processors are mixed and the output signal is delivered in stereo. When MONO x 2 is selected the left and right-channel processors are completely independent.

### Reverb Low-pass Filter Frequency (REV LPF): 1.0 – 16 kHz, THRU

Permits rolling off the high-frequency content of the REV signal above the set frequency. The LPF is OFF when set to THRU.

#### 4: UTILITY FUNCTIONS

The SPX900 UTILITY key provides access to a number of important functions. Each press on the UTILITY key advances to the next function until the UTILITY mode is exited:

TITLE EDIT  $\rightarrow$  DIGITAL IN ATT.  $\rightarrow$  USER ER EDIT  $\rightarrow$  MEMORY PROTECT  $\rightarrow$  MIDI CONTROL  $\rightarrow$  MIDI PGM CHANGE  $\rightarrow$  MIDI CTRL ASSIGN  $\rightarrow$  BULK OUT 1  $\rightarrow$  BULK OUT 2  $\rightarrow$  F.SW MEMORY RCL  $\rightarrow$  exit UTILITY mode.

It is also possible to scroll forward or backward through the utility functions by using the program select  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys. The UTILITY mode can be exited at any time by pressing and holding the UTILITY key until its indicator goes out and the UTILITY mode is exited.

#### TITLE EDIT

This function makes it possible to create original titles for programs you edit and store in memory locations 51 through 99. The TITLE EDIT function is the first one to appear when the UTILITY key is pressed. The "TITLE EDIT" function name appears on the bottom line of the LCD, and an underline cursor appears at the first character position on the top line. The PARAM and SCROLL BACK keys are used to move the cursor back and forth, while the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys are used to select a new character for the current cursor position. Simply move the cursor to each character position in turn, selecting the appropriate characters at each position. The available characters are as follows:

										Firs	st sp	oace					
#	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	٧	Α	В	С	D	E	F
G	н	ı	J	к	٦	М	N	0	Ρ	Q	æ	s	T	כ	>	W	Х
Y	z		а	ä	b	С	đ	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m	n
0	: 0	р	q	r	s	t	u	ü	٧	*	×	у	z		1	]	<
>	:	•	*	+	-	=	&	1			•	%	!	?		-	
٢	J	••		_	ァ	7	1	1	ゥ	י	Ŧ	I	オ	ক	カ	+	2
4	=	サ	シ	ス	セ	ソ	Þ	チ	ッ	ッ	テ	۲	ナ	=	ヌ	ネ	1
^	۲	っ	^	ホ	₹	1	۸	×	ŧ	ヤ	+	ュ	٦	3	3	ラ	IJ
ル	レ	_	ヮ	7	ン		i						-				

#### - NOTE:

If you attempt to use the TITLE EDIT function while a ROM memory location (1–50) is selected the "RAM (51 – 99) ONLY" display will appear on the top line of the LCD and title editing will not be possible.

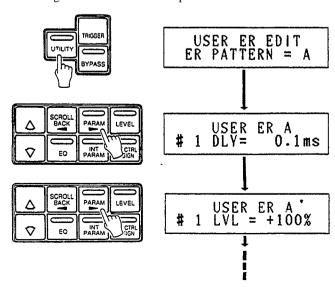
#### DIGITAL IN ATT.

This function makes it possible to vary the input level at the digital circuit from 0dB to -60dB. Adjusting the level through this DIGITAL IN ATT. rather than through analog input volume will improve the S/N ratio.

#### **USER ER EDIT**

This function makes it possible to create up to four original ER (Early Reflection) patterns – A, B, C and D – that can be selected and used by the PROGRAMMABLE ER effect program. Each pattern is comprised of up to 19 separate reflections. The delay, level a stereo position (pan) of each reflection can be individually programmed.

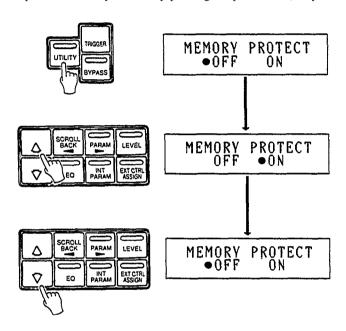
- 1. Use the UTILITY key to call the USER ER EDIT function.
- 3. Press the PARAM key to call the "# 1 DLY=" parameter, and use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to program the delay time for the first early reflection.
- 4. Press the PARAM key to call the "# 1 LVL=" parameter, and use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to program the level for the first early reflection.
- 5. Press the PARAM key to call the "# 1 PAN=" parameter, and use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to program the pan (stereo) position from -45 degrees (fully left) to +45 degrees (fully right) for the first early reflection.
- 6. Press the PARAM key to move on to the DLY, LVL and PAN parameters for the second and subsequent reflections (up to 19) and program each as above. The SCROLL BACK key can be used at any time to scroll backwards through the USER ER EDIT parameters.



#### **MEMORY PROTECT**

The MEMORY PROTECT function must be OFF prior to performing a STORE operation. If you attempt to execute a STORE while MEMORY PROTECT is ON. the "PROTECTED" display will appear and the STORE operation will be aborted.

- 1. Press the UTILITY key a few times until the MEMORY PROTECT function appears.
- 2. MEMORY PROTECT can be turned ON by pressing the parameter  $\triangle$  key and off by pressing the parameter  $\nabla$  key.

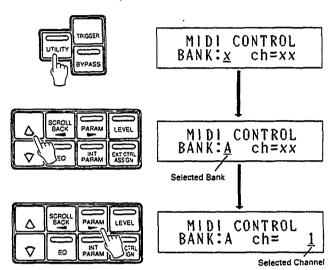


#### MIDI CONTROL & MIDI PGM CHANGE

The SPX900 makes it possible to select specific programs via external MIDI control. You can set up the SPX900, for example, so that when you select a voice on a synthesizer the most appropriate effect for that voice is automatically selected. This is accomplished because each time you select a voice on your MIDI synthesizer it transmits the corresponding MIDI PROGRAM CHANGE NUMBER. The SPX900 receives this PROGRAM CHANGE NUMBER and selects the effect program that you have assigned to it using the MIDI PROG CHANGE function which will be described below. The SPX900 also accepts MIDI KEY ON EVENT messages to trigger some of the gate effects, and MIDI KEY ON NUMBERS to set the PITCH parameter of the PITCH CHANGE effects. The SPX900 actually can be programmed with four completely independent sets of MIDI PROGRAM CHANGE NUMBER/MEMORY NUMBER assignments. Each of these is contained in a different "bank": A. B, C or D. Each BANK may also be programmed to receive on a different MIDI channel. An example of the way the four banks may be programmed with different receive channels and program number/memory number assignments is given below:

#### Bank Selection and MIDI Channel Programming

- 1. Press the UTILITY key until the MIDI CONTROL function appears.
- 2. The underline cursor should be under the BANK parameter. Use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to select the bank you wish to program.
- 3. Move the cursor to the "ch=" parameter by pressing the PARAM key. then use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to set the receive MIDI channel (1 + 16), the OMNI mode (all channels can be received), or turn MIDI reception OFF for the selected bank. The underline cursor can be moved back to the BANK parameter if necessary by pressing the SCROLL BACK key.

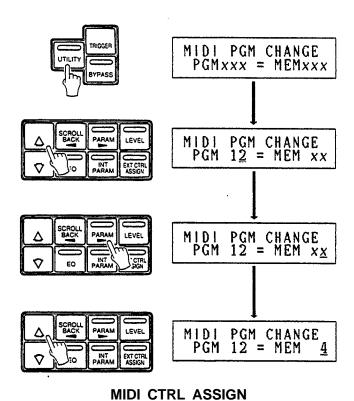


#### Assigning Effects to MIDI Program Change Numbers

- 1. Select the MIDI PGM CHANGE function using the UTILITY key or program select ♠ and ♦ keys. The underline cursor should be under the PGM parameter.
- 2. Use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to select the program change number to which a new SPX900 memory location number is to be assigned. The range of available program change numbers is from 1 to 128.
- 3. Move the underline cursor to the MEM parameter by pressing the PARAM key. Use the parameter △ and ▽ keys to select the memory location number containing the effect which is to be assigned to the currently selected program change number.
- Move the underline cursor back to the PGM parameter and repeat the above steps to assign as many program change numbers as necessary.

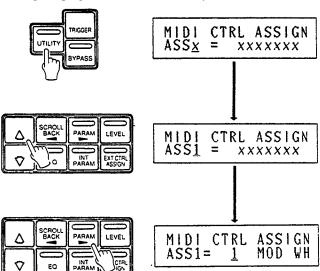
#### -NOTE:

The program number/memory number assignments made are stored in the BANK selected in the previous MIDI CONTROL function. To program the program change/memory number assignments for a different BANK, return to the MIDI CONTROL function, select the desired BANK, then program the required assignments.



This function makes it possible to use MIDI control change message to control the parameters assigned to the EXT CTRL/ FOOT VOL 1 and 2 controllers (see "EXTERNAL CONTROL ASSIGNMENT" on page 8).

- 1. Use the UTILITY key to call the MIDI CTRL ASSIGN function.
- 2. The underline cursor should be under the ASS (Assign) parameter. Use the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys to select either ASS1 for control of the parameter assigned to FVOL1, or ASS2 for control of the parameter assigned to FVOL2.
- 3. Press the PARAM \rightharpoonup key to move the cursor to the rightmost parameter and select the MIDI control change message you will use to control the assigned parameter. using the program select  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys.



OFF	No control change numbers accepted
0	Control change number 0
1 MOD WH	Modulation Wheel
2 BREATH	Breath Controller
3	Control change number 3
4 FOOT C	Foot Controller
5 PORT T	Portamento Time
6 DATA E	Data Entry
7 VOLUME	Volume
8 - 63	Control change numbers 8 through 63
64 SUST SW	Sustain Switch
65 PORT SW	Portament Switch
66 SUST P	Sustain Pedal
67 SOFT P	Soft Pedal
68 - 95	Control change number 68 through 95
	(Switch)
96 – 120	Control change number 96 through 120

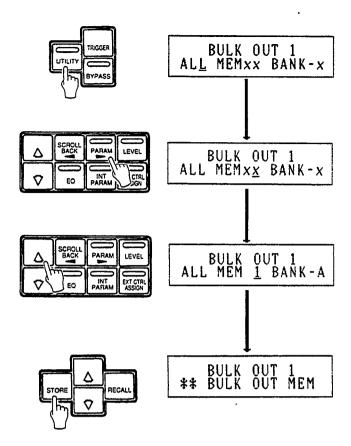
If, for example, you select 1 MOD WH, the assigned parameter can be controlled from the modulation wheel of a synthesizer connected to the SPX900 MIDI IN connector (assuming that the MIDI channels are properly matched). The cursor can be moved back to the ASS parameter if necessary by pressing the SCROLL BACK key.

#### **BULK OUT 1 & BULK OUT 2**

This function permits dumping program data and/or BANK MIDI assignments via the MIDI OUT terminal (The MIDI THRU/OUT terminal must be switched to MIDI). This permits transferring data to a second SPX900, or storing the data on a MIDI data recorder. The SPX900 automatically reloads data received from a MIDI data recorder into the appropriate memory locations.\*

The BULK OUT 1 function permits dumping all SPX900 memory data (ALL), independent memory locations (MEM), and independent program change assignment banks (BANK). The BULK OUT 2 function permits dumping user early reflection patterns (USER.ER) or all system data (SYSTEM. current system status).

- 1. Use the UTILITY key to select the BULK OUT 1 or BULK OUT 2 function.
- 2. Use the PARAM and SCROLL BACK keys to select the data group to be dumped (ALL, MEM, BANK, USER.ER or SYSTEM).
- 3. If you selected ALL or SYSTEM, simply press the STORE key to execute the bulk dump.
- 4. If you select MEM, BANK or USER.ER, use the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys to select the desired memory location number, bank or user reflection pattern, then press STORE to execute the BULK DUMP operation. Selecting \$\frac{1}{2}\$ instead of a number will cause all the memories, all the banks, or all the user reflection patterns to be transmitted.

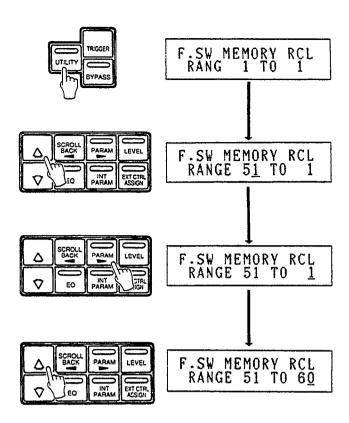


\*A bulk dump will only be received by the SPX900 if its MEMORY PROTECT function is OFF and the MIDI channel is the same as that of the transmitting equipment. Since bulk data from a second SPX900, for example, is loaded into the memory location(s) that it was transmitted from, make sure that those locations do not contain important data that will be overwritten.

#### F.SW MEMORY RCL

The SPX900 permits memory selection via an optional Yamaha FC5 footswitch connected to the "INC/DEC" footswitch jack. The F.SW MEMORY RCL function permits setting the range of memory location numbers that will be selected when the footswitch is pressed.

- 1. Use the UTILITY key to call the F-SW MEMORY RCL function. The underline cursor should be located under the first memory number in the range.
- 2. Use the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys to enter the first number in the range.
- 3. Press the PARAM key to move the cursor to the second number in the range.
- 4. Use the parameter  $\triangle$  and  $\nabla$  keys to enter the second number in the range.



ex.) F.SW MEMORY RCL RANGE 51 TO 60

#### F. SW MEMORY RCL RANGE 51 TO 60

If, for example, the RANGE parameter is set to "51 TO 60" as shown in the LCD illustration above, each time the footswitch is pressed the next highest memory location will be selected until the last number in the specified range is reached. After the last number in the specified range, the first (lowest) number is selected and the process repeated.

#### ex.) F.SW MEMORY RCL RANGE 54 TO 51

Reverse sequences can be programmed by entering the highest number in the range before the lowest, as shown below.

#### F. SW MEMORY RCL RANGE 54 TO 51

In this case the selection sequence is:  $54 \rightarrow 53 \rightarrow 52 \rightarrow 51 \rightarrow 54$ , etc.

### 5: DATA & SPECIFICATIONS

#### ROM CONTENTS AND CONTROLLABLE PARAMETERS

Name						į		ă	Parameter Name			CTR	CTRL No.
KAY   1						a .	<del></del>		Value Range Preset Value			PARAME	PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX
	Name	Function		-				Parameter					
CFF   CFF		Key	-	2	3	Þ	£	8	7	8	6	10	11
133 - 600.05   0 - 10   0 - 10   0 - 10   0 - 10   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	7		REV TIME	HIGH	DIFFUSION	INIDLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.					
Color   Colo		That's	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	-	2.	\	\	\	\	\
Ship			2.6 s	9.0	5	30.0 ms	THRS	8.0 kHz					
Correction   Cor		[-	ER/REV BAL	REV DLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.	\		
Corr		PAUL P	0 ~ 100 %	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0~4	0~100	-100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
Corr			20%	0.1 ms	4	0	7.0 ms	150 ms	5 ms	OFF			
Colored   Colo		[s											
REV TIME			5 ~	•								BALANCE	OUTIVI
Color   Color O		Ext C. T.	REV TIME	BALANCE	\	\	\		\	\	רניאנו	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
Column   C		100 m	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~100.0 %	\		_	_				160%	130 %
Column   C	~		REV TIME	HGH	DIFFUSION	INIDLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.					
ENREV BAL   REV DLY   DENSITY   TRG.LEVEL   TRG.DLY   HOLD   RELEASE   MIDITRG.	ATE	поч	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0~10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	٠.	.2	\	\	\	\	\
C			2.6 s	9.0	9	0.1 ms	THRU	16 KHz		\	_	_	\
10   100 %   1.0			ERIREV BAL	REV DLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TAG.			
40%   1.0 ms   4   35   -7.0 ms   120 ms   23 ms   OFF		PARAU	0 ~ 100 %	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0~4	0~100	-100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
Color   Colo	_		40%	1.0 ms	4	35	- 7.0 ms	120 ms	23 ms	OFF			
THEY TIME   BALANCE   BA		Î 02	. 150										
REV TIME   BALANCE   Co. 1			<u>-</u>	2								BALANCE	OUTLYL
14   16   16   17   18   18   18   18   18   18   18		EN CIA.	REV TIME	BALANCE	\	\	\	\		\	] §	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
REV TIME   HIGH   DIFFUSION   INI DLY   HPF FRQ.   LPF FRQ.			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~100.0 %	/			/	/			100 %	130 %
14 S   0.1 - 1.00   0.1 - 200.0 ms   1   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	OM 1		REV TIME	HIGH	DIFFUSION	INIDLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.					
FERREW BAL   REV DLY   DENSITY   TRG.LEVEL   TRG.DLY   HOLD   RELEASE   MIDITRG.		******	0.1 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0~10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	1.1	2. THR!!	\	\	\	\	\
0 - 100 % 0.1 - 100.0 ms 0 - 4 0 0 - 100 0.00-+100.0 ms 1 - 24000 ms 3 - 24000 ms 0 FF, ON  40 % 0.1 ms 4 0 - 7.0 ms 150 ms 5 ms OFF  LOW EQ LOW FRO. LOW GAIN HIEQ HI FRO. HIGHGAIN HIGHO  PEAK, SHLV 100 Hz + 15 dB PEAK, SHLV 500 - 16 kHz - 15 - +15 dB 0.1 - 5.0  ↑ 2  HEVTIME BALANCE  LOW GAIN 100 Hz + 2 dB PEAK 8.0 kHz + 2 dB 0.6  □ 100 + 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 100 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 200 + 2  □ 100 + 2  □			ERVREV BAL	REV DLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.			
40% 0.1 ms 4 0 -7.0 ms 150 ms 5 ms OFF  LOW EQ LOW FRQ. LOW GAIN HIEQ HI FRQ. HIGH Q. HIGH Q. FRQ. 500 - 16 kHz -15 - +15 dB 0.1 - 5.0  ●EQ SHLV 100 Hz +2 dB PEAK 8.0 kHz +2 dB 0.6  1 2 1 - 15 - 15 - 15 dB 0.1 - 5.0  HEVTIME BALANCE HEAL		_ =	0~100%	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0~4	0~100	100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
LOWEQ   LOWFRO.   LOWGAIN   HIEQ   HIFRO.   HIGHGAIN   HIGHQ			40%	0.1 ms	4	0	– 7.0 шs	150 ms	5 ms	OFF			
⊕EQ         SHLV         100 Hz         +2 dB         PEAK, SHLV         500 - 16 kHz         -15 - +15 dB         0.1 - 5.0           1         2         SHLV         100 Hz         +2 dB         PEAK         8.0 kHz         +2 dB         0.6           REV TIME         BALANCE         BALANCE         Ext         Ext         Ext				LOW EQ	LOW FRO.	LOWGAIN	HIEO	HI FRO.	HIGH GAIN	HIGHO			
2   1   2   100 Hz   +2 dB   PEAK   8.0 kHz   +2 dB   0.6			-	PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 ~ + 15 dB	PEAK, SHLV	500 - 16 kHz	- 15~+ 15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\	\
HEVTIME BALANCE			<b>€</b> 0	SHLV	100 Hz	+2dB	PEAK	8.0 kHz	+2dB	9.0			
ALEV TIME BALANCE		G g	- 1	2							0	BALANCE	OUT LVL
		ASSCA	HEV IIME	BALANCE 00-1000%	\	\	\	\	\	\	T T T	100 %	420%

I: IHHU, 32 H2 ~ 1.0 KH. > 10 ~ 16 kH; THRII

O3 JN Marie	] z	] =	] =	ا	[] s		 [] \( \)	<b>a</b>	Parameter Name Value Range		ET CIR.	PARAME	CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME
] <b>,</b> [	] <b>,</b> [	] <b>,</b> [	] <b>,</b> [	PARAV		,			Preset Value		ASSGV	MIN	MIN ~ MAX
Memory Program Name Function								Parameter					
Key 1 2 3	1 2			က		4	9	9	7	8	6	10	11
REV4 ROOM 2 REV TIME HIGH DIFFUSION	REV TIME HIGH	HIGH		DIFFUSIO	2	INI DLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.					
0.1 ~ 480.0 s 0.1 ~ 1.0 0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 480.0 s 0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.	0 ~ 10		0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	.1	.2	\	\	\	\	\
1.0s 0.4 6	0.4	0.4		9		10.0 ms	THRU	6.3 kHz					
ERIREV BAL REV DLY DENSITY	1 ERITEV BAL REV DLY	REV DLY		DENSIT	٠,	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.			
*** 0~100 % 0.1~100.0 ms 0~4	0 ~ 100 % 0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms		0~4		0~100	.100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
55 %	. 55 % 0.1 ms	0.1 ms		4		0	-7.0 ms	150 ms	5 шs	OFF			
LOW EQ LOW FRO.	Lóweg			LOW FR	~	LOW GAIN	HEQ	HI FRO.	HI GAIN	HIQ			
60 PEAK, SHLV 32 ~ 2.2 kHz	PEAK, SHLV			32 ~ 2.2 k	HZ.	-15 ~ + 15 dB	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ + 15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\	\
●EQ SHLV 80 Hz	SHLV	SHLV	_	2H 08		₽ 7+	PEAK	10 KHz	8P 0	0.7			
1 2	-	2	2									BALANCE	OUTLVL
Ext cin REV TIME BALANCE	REV TIME		BALANCE			\	\	\	\	\	TWU T	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.00 ~ 100.0 %		0.0 ~100.0 %									100%	130%
REV5 ROOM 3 FINE HIGH DIFFUSION	REV TIME HIGH	нвн		DIFFUSIO	2	INI DLY	HPF FRQ.	LPF FRO.					
PARM 0.1 ~ 480.0 \$ 0.1 ~ 1.0 0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 480.0 s 0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 1.0		0 ~ 10		0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	-	.2	\	\	\	\	\
0.7 0.3 6	0.3	0.3		9		0.1 ms	THRU	10 kHz					
EN'HEV BAL REV DLY DENSITY	ERMEY BAL REV DLY	REV DLY		DENSIT		TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	ПОТВ	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.			
Ht 0~100% 0.1~100.0 ms 0~4	0 ~ 100 % 0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	sm	0~4		0~100	100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
73% 0.1 ms 4	73% 0.1 ms	0.1 ms		4		0	-7.0 ms	150 ms	5 ms	OFF	/		
- HO	_	je					\	\		\			\
-	-	2	2		$\setminus$							BALANCE	OUTLVL
KNICIA REV TIME BALANCE	REV TIME		BALANCE			\	\	\	\	\	רפעני	0~100%	0 ~ 200%
0.0 - 100.0 % 0.0 - 100.0 %	0.0 ~ 100.0 % 0.0 ~100.0	0.0 ~100.0	0.0 ~100.0 %	\								100 %	135 %

1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 KHz

						İ	ļ	<b>P</b>	Parameter Name			CTR	CTRL No.
					[] ≽	[ 2	" [] §		Value Range		] §	PARAMET	PARAMETER NAME
S	SINGLE			,	PARIN				Preset Value		ASSON	WIN	MIN ~ MAX
Memory	Program Name	Function				İ	!	Parameter			:		
	•	Key	_	2	က	4	5	9	7	æ	6	10	#
9	REV6 WHITE		REV TIME	HLOW	HEIGHT	DEPTH	WALL VARY	LIS. POSI.	HIGH	DIFFUSION	IDIOLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.
	ROOM		0.3 ~ 100.0 s	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0~30	£.	x 0.1 ~ x 1.0	0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	1,	.5
		[-	1.2 s	19.4 m	8.3 m	13.7 m	7	FRONT	0.7	5	25.0 ms	THRU	8.0 kHz
		NAA.	12	 €2	7	<b>\$</b>	92	=	<b>æ</b>				
			WIDTH FINE	HEIGHT FINE	DEPTH FINE	W. VARY FINE	<u> </u>	H DECAY	D DECAY				
			- 100 ~ + 100	- 100 ~ + 100	- 100 ~ + 100	- 100 ~ + 100	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	\	\	\	\
			0	0	•	0	x 1.0	x 1.0	x 1.2				
			BAL	REV DLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MID! TRG.			
		2		0.1 ~ 300.0 ms	0~4	0 ~ 100	-100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
			1	50.0 ms		0	-7.0 тs	150 ms	5 ms	OFF			
		្រួន											
			150	_	\		_						
				2								BALANCE	OUTLVL
		Ed Cik Asson	REV TIME	BALANCE	\	\		\	\	\	) ğ	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~100.0 %								100%	130 %
7	REV7 VOCAL 1		NEV TIME	HIGH	DIFFUSION	INI DLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.					
		PANA	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	-	, 5	\	\	\	\	\
			2.6 s	0.7	8	60.0 ms	63 Hz	THRU					
			ERVREV BAL	REV OLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.	_		\
		] =	0~100%	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0~4	0~100	100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
			65 %	0.1 ms	4	0	-5.0 ms	150 ms	5 ms	OFF			
				LOW EQ	LOW FRO.	LOW GAIN	D MOT	HEO	HI FRO.	HI GAIN			
		] 8		PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	-15~+15dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	-15~+15dB	\	\	\
			•E0	PEAK	500 Hz	-2 dB	1.0	SHLV	16k Hz	0 dB			
			-								E	BALANCE	OUTLYL
		Enter	REV TIME	BALANCE	\	\	\	\	\	\	ונאנו	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.00 ~ 100.0 %			7					100%	130 %

1 : THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 KHz : 2: 1.0 ~ 16 KHz, THRU : 3: FRONT, CENT., REAR

Г	Π	$\Box$			$\overline{}$			_		_			7			$\neg$	<u></u>			$\overline{}$			<u> </u>			1		_
CTRL No.	PARAMETER NAME	MIN ~ MAX		=	_	\		_	\			\	7	OUTLYL	0.0 ~ 200%	135 %		\		_	\		_	\		OUT LVE	0.0 ~ 200%	
CTF	PARAME	NIM		t)		\			\			\		BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%		\			\			\		BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	
	Ext CIAL	ASSCH		6		\			\		HIQ	0.1 ~ 5.0	9.0		] §			\			\			\		[	TENET .	]
				8		\		MIDI TRG.	OFF, ON	OFF	HI GAIN	- 15 ~ +15 dB	+2dB		· -			\		MIDI TRG.	OFF, ON	OFF	HI GAIN	-15~+15dB	+1dB		\	\
Parameter Name	Value Range	Preset Value		7		\		RELEASE	3 ~ 24000 ms	5 ms	HI FRO.	500 ~ 16 kHz	10 kHz		\			\		RELEASE	3 ~ 24000 ms	5 ms	HI FRO.	500 ~ 16 kHz	10 KHz		\	`
4	1		Parameter	8	LPF FRO.	.5	THRU	HOLD	1 ~ 24000 ms	150 ms	HEO	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK		\	_	LPF FRO.	.2	8.0 kHz	QTOH .	1 ~ 24000 ms	150 ms	HIEQ	PEAK, SHLV	SHLV		\	`
				9	HPF FRO.	-	80 Hz	TRG. DLY	100.0~+100.0ms	-5.0 ms	D.MOT	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.7		\	\	HPF FRO.		SH E9	TRG. DLY	100.0~+100.0ms	-7.0 ms	D MOT	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.5		\	`
	[] s			4	SIN	0.1 ~ 2 ms	50.0ms	TRG. LEVEL	0~100	0	LOWGAIN	~ 15~+15 dB	0 dB		\		INI DLY	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	10.0 ms	TRG. LEVEL	0 ~ 100	0	LOW GAIN	- 15 ~ + 15 dB	+2dB		\	`
	[] %	PARKE		3	DIFFUSION	0~10	9	DENSITY	0~4	4	LOW FRO.	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	100 Hz		\	\	DIFFUSION	0~10	9	DENSITY	0~4	2	LOW FRO.	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	100 Hz		\	`
	0	,		2	HOH	0.1 ~ 1≙		REV DLY	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	7.0 ms	LOWEQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK	2	BALANCE	0.0~100.0%	HOH	0.1 ~ 1.0	9.0	HEV DLY	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0.1 ms	LOWEQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK	2	BALANCE	
				-	REV TIME	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	1.2 s	ER/REV BAL	0~100%	% 06		and second second second second second	<b>●</b> E0	-	REV TIME	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	REV TIME	0.1 ~ 480.0 s	2.6 s	ER/REV BAL	0~100%	35 %			●E0	_	REV TIME	
			Function	Kev		C MANA			Û æ	- Nove		ຼີເຂ			Edicin			] #g			[] &			3.[				2000
		SINGLE	Program Name		SEVS VOG L2	3		1			•			•		-	REV9 PLATE											
		SIS	Memory		~	,			-								o	,							-			_

\* 1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz \* 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU

	ļ	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>	[] =	[] s	<u>"</u>		Parameter Name Value Range		EXT CIR.	CTR PARAMET	CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME
•	•	•	<u> </u>	لـــا	PARKU	•			Preset Value		NSSSN .	NIW	MIN ~ MAX
Memory Program Name Function	Parameter Parameter video value inches	Parameter Parameter video value inches						Parameter					
	1 2	1 2		က		4	2	8	7	8	6	10	11
	REV TIME HIGH	HIGH		DIFFUS	8	INI DLY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRQ.					
0 0.1~1.0 0	0.1 ~ 480.0 s 0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 1.0	_	0-1	0	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	-	2.	\		\	\	\
0.4	0.4	0.4	$\dashv$	9		10.0 ms	2H 29	8.0 kHz					
ERNREV BAL REV DLY D	ERNREV BAL REV DLY	REV DLY		DENS	≥	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	L	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.	\		
14004 0 - 100 % 0.1 ~ 100.0 ms 0 ~ 4	0~100% 0.1~100.0 ms	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms		0~4		0~100	-100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON		\	\
TOWED LOS	TOW EQ	LOW EQ	+	LOWE	g	LOWGAIN	TOMO	HEO	⊞ FRO.	HI GAIN			
69	PEAK, SHLV			32 ~ 2.2	꿏	- 15 ~ + 15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ + 15 dB		\	\
●EQ PEAK 100 Hz	PEAK	PEAK		100 H;		42 dB	0.5	SHLV	10 kHz	+1 dB			
-	-	1 2	2	)								BALANCE	OUT LVL
Ext city REV TIME BALANCE	REV TIME		BALANCE	\		\	\	\	\	\	186	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
0.00~100.0% 0.0~100.0%	0.00 ~ 100.0 %	_	0.0 ~100.0 %									100%	130%
REV11 TUNNEL REV TIME WIDTH HEIGHT	HIDIM	HIDIM		HEIGH		HLdag	WALL VARY	LI8, POSI.	₩	DIFFUSION	וסוסרא	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.
0.3~100.0s 0.5~34.0m 0.5~34.0m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m		0.5 ~ 34.0	ε	0.5~34.0 m	0~30	ε.	× 0.1 ~ × 1.0	0~10.0	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	١.	2.
5.5s 19.4m 9.1m	5.5 s 19.4 m	19.4 m		9.1 m		14.2 m	16	FRONT	0.7	9	25.0 ms	THRU	8.0 kHz
	12 13	13	13 14	14		15	16	+	<del>6</del>				
WIDTH FINE HEIGHT FINE DEPTH FINE	HEIGHT FINE	HEIGHT FINE	뿣	DEPTHFI	끷	W. VARY FINE	W DECAY	H DECAY	DDECAY				
160 160 160 160 160	- 100 ~ + 100	- 100 ~ + 100	8	- 100 - +	8	- 100 ~ + 100	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	\	\	\	\
				0		0	x 1.0	x 1.0	× 1.0				
ER/REV BAL REV DLY DENSITY	ENREY BAL REV DLY	REV DLY	:	DENSI	>	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	HELEASE	MIDI TRG.			
	0 ~ 100 % 0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms		0~4		0~100	100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
40% 32.0 ms 4	40 % 32.0 ms	32.0 ms		4		0	– 7.0 ms	150 ms	5 ms	OFF			
					$\overline{}$								
180	<u> </u>	T #8		\		\	\	\	\				
1 2	1 2	2	1								<u> </u>	BALANCE	OUTLVL
ERTGIN REV TIME BALANCE	REV TIME BALANC	BALANC	BALANCE			\	\	\	\	\	E E	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
0.00~100.0% 0.0~100.0%	0.0 ~ 100.0 %		0.0 ~100.0 %				7	7	7			100%	130%

1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU 3: FRONT, CENT., REAR

								ă	Parameter Name	Γ		CTRL No.	No.
				C	<u> </u>	[.	î		Value Range		ا	PARAMET	PARAMETER NAME
Š	SINGLE			PJRIU	Nierd	g .	1EVEL		Preset Value		NSSON	MIN ~ MAX	MAX
Memory	Prooram Name	Function			1	; i		Parameter					
No.		Key	-	2	3	4	5	မွ	7	8	8	<b>Q</b>	=
22	REV12 CANYON		REV TIME	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DEPTH	WALL VARY	LIS. POSI.	HIGH	DIFFUSION	1010LY	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.
			0.3 ~ 100.0 s	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0~30	.3	0.1 ~ 1.0	0~10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	-	.5
			12.0 s	9.4 m	17.1 m	25.8 m	13	REAR	0.3	9	90.0 ms	<b>署</b>	6.3 kHz
		mere	12	13	14	15	91	17	18				
			WIDTH FINE	HEIGHT FINE	DEPTH FINE	W. VARY FINE	W DECAY	НОЕСАУ	DDECAY				
			- 100 - + 100	-100 -+ 100	- 100 ~ + 100	- 100 ~ + 100	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	\	\	\	\
			0	0	0	0	x 1.2	×1.0	x 1.0	\ \ \ \			
			ERIBEY BAL	REV DLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.			
		<b>*</b>	% 001 ~ 0	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0~4	001~0	100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
			70%	40.0 ms	4	0	– 7.0 ms	150 ms	5 ms	OFF			
				FLTTYPE	FCENTER	F DEPTH	GAIN *5	8	LFO FRQ.		<u></u>		
		] &	Andreas de la companya de la company	۶.	32 ~ 16 kHz	0~8001	9.	LOW HIGH	0.1 ~ 10.0 Hz	\	\	\	\
			●D. FLT	PEO	250 Hz	3 oct	+ 18 dB	MOT	2.5 Hz				
			_	~					\			BALANCE	OUTLYL
		E E E	REV TIME	BALANCE	\	\	\	\	\	\	BVE.	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200%
			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.00~100.0%							* 4.2.2.4	100 %	130%
52	REV13		REV TIME	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DEPTH	WALL VARY	LIS. POSI.	HE.	DIFFUSION	וסוסרא	HPF FRO.	LPF FRO.
<b>:</b>	BASEMENT		0.3 ~ 100.0 s	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0.5 ~ 34.0 m	0~30	.3	0.1 ~ 1.0	0~10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	-	, 5
			0.6 s	4.6 m	7.2 m	16.2 m	15	CENT.	9.0	9	5.0 тѕ	THRU	10 kHz
		PARKU	12	13	14	15	16	-11	18				
	- c la-mad		WIDTH FINE	HEIGHT FINE	DEPTH FINE	W. VARY FINE	W DECAY	H DECAY	D DECAY				
			- 100 ~ + 100	- 100 ~ + 100	-100 -+ 100	- 100 ~ + 100	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	RT x 0.1 ~ 10.0	\	\	\	\
			0	0	0	0	× 0.8	× 1.0	x 1.2			1	
			ER/REV BAL	HEV DLY	DENSITY	TRG. LEVEL	TRG. DLY	HOLD	RELEASE	MIDI TRG.			
		t v	0 ~ 100 %	0.1 ~ 100.0 ms	0~4	0~100	-100.0~+100.0ms	1 ~ 24000 ms	3 ~ 24000 ms	OFF, ON	\	\	\
			% 0.2	50.0 ms	4	0	-7.0 ms	150 ms	5 ms	PF			
	•			FLT TYPE	F CENTER	FDEPTH	0	LFO FRO.					
		8		٠4	32 ~ 16 kHz	0 ~ 8 oct	гом, нівн	0.1 ~ 10.0 Hz	\	\	\	\	\
			●D. FLT	占	630 Hz	0 oct	row	2.8 Hz			1	\\ \;	1
		7 % 5 %	1	2 DAI ANCE							E MAI	BALANCE 0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 - 200%
		ASSG	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~100.0 %	_	\		\				100 %	135%
:			1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									

Add-6

<sup>• 4:</sup> LPF, HPF, BPF, PEO • 5: Display on = FLT TYPE = PEO only • 6: – 18, – 12, – 6, 6, 12, 18 (dB)

CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX		10 11						$\rightarrow$	m %	100% 130%	\ \ \			\			$\rightarrow$	BALANCE OUT LVL 0.0 ~ 100 % 0.0 ~ 200%	100 % 130%		\ \						BALANCE OUT LVL	-	-	
EN CIR.		6										\		\				7. 18.0			\				01.50	0.4		C.J.		
		8		\		\						\		\							\				HI GAIN	+2dB				
Parameter Name Value Range Preset Value		,	LPF FRQ.	10 kHz		\				hrrho	.2	10 kHz		\						LPF FRO.	.2	0.0 KM2	,		FRQ.	56 kH2				
	Parameter	9	HPF FRQ.	32 Hz		\				our ruo	HPF FRG.	THRU		\						HPF FRO.		DHING.			PEAK SHIV	PFAK				
LE THE STATE OF TH		2	INI DLY 0 1 ~ 400 0 ms	10.0 ms	DENSITY	1~3				3 TO (11)	0.1 ~ 400.0 ms	10.0 ms	DENSITY	0~3	3					INI DLY	0.1 ~ 400.0 ms	IO.O.IIIS	DENSILY 0 - 3	3	LOWQ	0.1 - 3.0	5			
[] 8		¥	DIFFUSION	9	FB HIGH	x 0.1 ~ x 1.0				10101111111	URFUSION 0 ~ 10	10	FB HIGH	x 0.1 ~ x 1.0	0.7					DIFFUSION	0~10	0 4	×0.1 ~ × 1.0	0.7	LOW GAIN	- 13 + 13 up	3			
MYANA (C.)		က	LIVENESS	8	FB GAIN	%66 + ~ 66				acaitain.	LIVENESS 0 ~ 10	5	FB GAIN	~66 + ~66 <del>-</del>	%0					LIVENESS	0 ~ 10	8	- 99 ~ + 99 %	+ 10 %	LOW FRO.	32 ~ 2.4 NU2				
rkein (		2	ROOM SIZE	2.0	FB DLY	0.1 ~ 900.0 ms			2 BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	0.1 ~ 25.0	2.0	FB DLY	0.1 ~ 900.0 ms	150.0 ms			2 BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	ROOM SIZE	0.1 ~ 25.0	3.0	FB DLY 0.1 ~ 900.0 ms	130.0 ms	LOW EQ	rcan, salev	2	BALANCE	NING NING	
		-	TYPE	RANDOM	ER NUMBER	1 ~ 19		OFF	1 ROOM SIZE	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	TYPE	TYPE-A	ER NUMBER	1 - 19	19		OFF	1 ROOM SIZE	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	TYPE	4	IYPE-B	1 - 19	19		ĐĐ.	-	ROOM SIZE	SE, PLATE, SPR	
	Function	Key	0		[2	PARM	[ s		Ext CIR. Ass GN		C.:3			T See		្ជែន		EXI CIM.	Towar I		поста		I I NAVA			8		f 3 Extcha Asson	Z Z YDOM, REVER	
SINGLE	Program Name	1	PERCUSSION ER								GATE REVERB			-						REVERSE	GATE					-			1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU 3: S-HALL, L-HALL, RANDOM, REVERSE, PLATE, SPRING	TYPE – A, B
is	Memory	No.	14								ह									16									- N H	<del>4</del>

Add-7

			_			Κ					<del>,</del>																		
CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME	MIN ~ MAX		Ŧ				\			OUT LVI.	0.0 ~ 200%	130%		\		\			OUTLVL	0.0 ~ 200%	100%							0.0 ~ 200%	100%
CT	MIN		10		\		\		_	BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%		\		\			BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100 %							BALANCE 0.0 ~ 100 %	100 %
Ext CIA	ASSGN		6		_		\		_		] 🖁			_		\				] #			\					C S	]
			8		\		\				\			\		\				\					\				
Parameter Name Value Range	Preset Value		7	LPF FRO.	10 kHz									\	LPF FRO.	.2	8.0 kHz			\				LPF FRO.	10 kHz				
		Parameter	9	HPF FRO.	THRU		\				\				HRF FRQ	-	THE			\				HAF FRO.	THRU				
0 \$			S	INI DLY 0.1 ~ 400.0 ms	10.0 ms	DENSITY	3				\			\	HIGH	x0.1 ~ x 1.0	1.0			\				HIGH	1.0				
[] s	,		4	DIFFUSION 0~10	4	FB HIGH	0.7				\			\	FB2 GAIN	% 66 + ~ 66 <del>-</del>	0%			\		Cch LVI. -200~+200%	+100%	FB2 GAIN	0 %				
[] E	6 May		င	LIVENESS 0 - 10	8	FB GAIN									FB2 DLY	0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms	250.0 ms			\		Cch DLY 0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms	300.0 ms	FB2 DLY	200.0 ms				
	,		2	0.1 ~ 25.0	3.5	FBDLY	150.0 ms			2	BALANCE	0.00~100.0%	<b>Rch DLY</b> 0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms		FB1 GAIN	% 66 + ~ 66 -	%0		2	BALANCE	0.00~100.0%	Rch DLY 0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms	200.0 ms	FBI GAIN	0%			2 BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %
		•	-	TYPE 3	USER . A	ER NUMBER	£ 65		OFF	1	ROOM SIZE	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	<b>Lch DLY</b> 0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms	125.0 ms	FB1 OLY	0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms	125.0 ms	OFF	-	Lch DLY	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	Lch DLY 0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms	100.0 ms	FB1 DLY	100.0 ms		PF	1 Lch OLY	0.0 ~ 100.0 %
		Function	Key	C		٤	PANA	[] 8		[	EXTCIN. ASSCH		CE33			S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		() ()		EXTCIAL		]		j] æ	PANA	<b>အ</b> ြာ		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Toxon
	SINGLE	Program Name		PROGRAMMABLE ER				•			<del></del>		DELAY L, R				1		<u> </u>			DELAY L, C, R					1		
	SIS	Memory	ŝ	11									18									ę.				<del></del>			

<sup>\* 1:</sup> THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz \* 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU \* 3: USER ~A, USER ~B, USER ~C, USER ~D

	<del></del> ,							x			γ												,						
CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME	MIN ~ MAX		<b>;</b>						NITIO	0.0~200%	100%		\		\			WI THO	0.0 ~ 200%	100%				\		\		0.0 - 200%	100%
PARAME	NIM		9				_		PAI ANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%				\			BAI ANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%								<b>BALANCE</b> 0.0 ~ 100 %	100%
EN COM	V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V		6							0 \$			_		\				[] ¥	-	_				ΒH	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.7	C 5	
			æ				\				_		\		\									\	HI GAIN	-15~+15dB	0 dB		
Parameter Name Value Range	Preset Value		7	/						\		FB GAIN	30 %		\										HI FRQ.	500 ~ 16 kHz	10 kHz		
<b>d</b>		Parameter	မွ							\		PHASE 1800* + 180 Odeo	+ 67.5 deg		\		,					_		\	HEQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK		
[] ¥			so.	HIGH ×0.1 ~ × 1.0	0.0							MOD, DLY 2 0.1 ~ 100 0 ms	10.0 ms		\							\			O MOT	0.1 ~ 5.0	2.1		
[] a	]		4	Rch F.B. - 99 ~ + 99 %	+ 58 %	LPF FRO.	THRU			\	\	MOD. DEPTH 2 0~100%	40%		\							\		\	LOW GAIN	- 15 ~ + 15 dB	-6 dB		
] %	, mw.		က	RFB DLY 0.1 ~ 740.0 ms	178.0 ms	HRF FRO.	THRU				\	MOD. DLY 1	3.0 ms		\						AM. DEPTH 0 ~ 100 %	40 %		\	LOW FRQ.	32 ~ 2.2 KHz	700 Hz		
C D	<u>,</u>		2	Lch F.B. -99~+99%	% 09 +	RINI DLY	0.1 ms		•	BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	MOD, DEPTH 1	70%	LPF FRO.	2.	THRU		•	2 BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	DW. DEPTH	20 %	LPF FRO.	THRU	LOWEQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK	2 BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %
				LFB DLY 0 1 ~ 740 0 ms	170.0 ms	LINI DLY 0.1 ~ 740 0 ms	0.1 ms		<u>+</u>	LFB DLY	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	MOD. FRO.	1.45 Hz	HPF FRO.	-	THRU	1.10	io •	MOD. FRO.	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	MOD. FRO.	0.40 Hz	HPF FRO.	THRU			●EQ	1 MOD, FRO.	0.00 ~ 100.0 %
		Function	Key	C 30		[]*	SANUE.	[] ss		[] [8]	ASSECT	nwa Mara			e e e e e		<u></u> () 8		EST CIP.		L			Pauli		្ទ		CT.1 Ext CIP.	мэхх
	SINGLE	Program Name		STEREO ECHO								STEREO FLANGE		·				•	,		CHORUS 1			•			<u>_</u>		
	SII	Memory	No.	8					-			21									ដ				•				

• 1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz • 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU

CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX		10 11						\ \ \	DAI ANCE	+	╁		\					\ \		BALANCE OUT LVI. 0.0 - 100 % 0.0 - 200 %	╁		\					\ \ \	4	BALANCE OUT LVL	-	
Extern = Assor		6						\		] §			\	_		\		\					\		\	_		\				
		8		\				\		\	\					\		\					\		\	\		\			\	
Parameter Name Value Range Preset Value		7					HI GAIN	-15~+15dB	00.3+	\	\		\			\	LFO FRO.	0.1 ~ 10.0 Hz	2.6 Hz				\		\			\			/	
31	Parameter	9					HI FRO.	500 ~ 16 KHZ	0.0 NI 12		\						σ	сом, нівн	TOW				\		\	\		\				
( <del>)</del> (58)	į	2		\			HIEO	PEAK, SHLV	GIILV	\	\		\			\	GAIN*4	٠٤	+ 12 dB				\		\	_		\				
[] =		4					LOWGAIN	20 cl + ~ cl -			\		\			\	FDEPTH	0 ~ 8 oct	3 oct				\		\	_		\				
mara Inc		က	AM. DEPTH 0 ~ 100 %	45 %			LOW FRO.	32 ~ 2.2 KHZ	01010	\		1	0	4.3 ms		_	FCENTER	32 ~ 16 kHz	2.0 kHz				\		\			\				ήι
T Mayor		2	DM. DEPTH 0 ~ 100 %	20 %	LPF FRQ.	14 KHz	LOWEQ	SHI V	6	BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	мор. ОЕРТН	0 ~ 100 %	% 06	LPF FRO.	12 KHz	FLT TYPE	.3	PEQ	2 BALANCE	0.00~100.0%	MOD. DEPTH	0 ~ 100%	I DE ERO	. 2	THRU		\	1	2 BAI ANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	.I TYPE = PEQ or 6, 12, 18 (dB)
		-	MOD. FRO 0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	0.70 Hz	HPF FRQ.	THRU		Ę.	-	MOD. FRQ	0.00 ~ 100.0 %	MOD. FRO.	0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	0.65 Hz	HPF FRO.	THRU			●D. FLT	MOD. FRO.	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	MOD. FRO	0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	HDE FRO	-	THRU		27.0	15	MOD FBO	0.1 ~ 15.0 %	' 4: Display on = FLT TYPE = PEQ only ' 5: - 18, - 12, - 6, 6, 12, 18 (dB)
	Function	Key	L)		[] ¥	PARCA	<u></u> [] s			External		ũ	MMM		[]≆	Patria		8		EXTERNA ASSESSED		[	ATT OF THE PERSON		وَ حَالَ		0	ε		farcing	ASSON	
SINGLE	Program Name		CHORUS 2									STEREO	PHASING									TREMOLO					-					' 1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz ' 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU ' 3: LPF, HPF, BPF, PEO
SI	Memory	No.	23									24										22		•								1.5.

Add-10

		<b></b> ,																						
CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX		#						OUTLYL	0.0 ~ 200 %	100 %						OUTLVL	0.0 ~ 200 %	100%		\			OUTLVL	0.0 ~ 200 % 100 %
CTF PARAME MIN		10						BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%						BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%	2 LEVEL	100 %			BALANCE	100 % 001
FICE, SECOLO		6		_					ję		MODITHG.	OFF				I	C d	]	2 F.B.	%0			[1.1	T (EUK)
		8							\		RELEASE 3~24000 ms	5 ms					\		2 DLY	20.0 ms				
Parameter Name Value Range Preset Value		7							\		HOLD 1 ~ 24000 ms						\		2 FINE	8-				
<b>d</b>	Parameter	9							\		DECAY LVL	100%							2 PITCH	0				
[T]		2							\		<b>DECAY</b> 3 ~ 24000 ms	5 ms					\		1 LEVEL	100 %				
69	:	4							\		ATTACK 3~24000 ms	5 ms							1 F.B.	0/ 66 + 66-				
nadds 32 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	•	ဇ							\		TRG. MSK	1							1 01.7					
PARAY		8	MOD. DEPTH 0 ~ 100 %	% 09	LPF FRO.	THRU		23	BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	TRG. DLY	- 7.0 ms	LPF FRO.	THRU		~	BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %	1 FINE	8+			84	BALANCE 0.0 ~ 100.0 %
		-	MOD. FRO. 0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	0.70 Hz	HPF FRQ.	250 Hz	330	-	MOD. DEPTH	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	<b>TRG. LEVEL</b>	65	HPF FRG.	THRU		-	TRG. LEVEL	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	1 PITCH	0	FBASE KEY OFF, C1~C6 C3	OFF	1	1 PITCH 0.0 ~100.0 %
·	Function	Key	L 1		C IX		(E)		Externa Asses		CC.3		C ST		( os )		fatche Asson				mere 19	- e	Ē	ASSON
SINGLE	Program Name		SYMPHONIC								ADR-NOISE GATE								PITCH CHANGE 1					
SIS	Memory	No.	56								27								8	····				

\* 1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz \* 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU

	,			[] #	[] =	0 \$		Parameter Name Value Range		Er CF,	CTR	CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME
			•	6 nyaya				Preset Value		ASSIGN	MIN	MIN ~ MAX
Program Name Function							Parameter					
Key		-	2	3	4	ĸ	8	7	. 8	6	10	11
	•	<b>L РІТСН</b>	LFINE	רפרג	L.F.B.	R PITCH	R FINE	H DLY	R F. B.			
**************************************		-24~+24	- 100 ~ + 100	0.1 ~ 650.0 ms	% 66 + ~ 66 -	-24~+24	- 100 ~ + 100	0.1 ~ 650.0 ms	% 66 + ~ 66 <del>-</del>	\	\	\
	-,	0	#	0.1 ms	%0	0	6-	0.1 ms	%0			
L WWW	<u> </u>	BASEKEY OFF, C1 ~ C6 C3										
]s		OFF										
	1 -	-	2								BALANCE	OUTLVL
		L PITCH	BALANCE	\	\	\	\	\	\	] 를	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
5	_	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.00~100.0%	_	_	\	\		\		100 <i>%</i>	100 %
		1 PITCH	FINE	101.4	1 LEVEL	2 PITCH	2 FINE	2017	2 LEVEL	3 PITCH	3 FINE	3 DLY
		- 24 ~ +24		0.1 ~ 1400.0 ms	0 ~ 100 %	-24~+24	- 100 ~ + 100	0.1 ~ 1400.0 ms	0~100%	-24~+24	- 100 ~ + 100	0.1 ~ 1400.0 ms
0 \$		6+	+5	0.1 ms	100%	+ 4	0	0.1 ms	100%	-5	+2	0.1 ms
	7	3 LEVEL										
		0~100% 100%	\	/	/		\					
] a go		BASE KEV OFF, C1 ~ C6 C3										
[] e		OFF										
En Cla	o≝3	1 РІТСН	2 BALANCE							[ ] W	BALANCE 0.0 ~ 100 %	OUT LVL 0.0 ~ 200 %
		0.00 ~ 100.0 %	0.00-100.0%								100%	% 001

• 1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz • 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU

						<u> </u>	T	П	_			Λ	<u> </u>		i	<del> </del>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		$\neg$
CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX		=					OUTLVL	0.0 ~ 200 %	100%		_			\	OUTLVL	100 %					00T LVL 0.0 - 200 %	100 %
CTI PARAME MIN		<b>0</b> ‡					BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100 %	PITCH FINE - 100 ~ + 100	0			\	BALANCE	100%					BALANCE 0.0 ~ 100 %	100%
Exten-		6						160		PITCH 24 +24	0			\	2 1						- 1111	
		8						\	\	END 0 ~ 1350 ms	1350 ms					\						
Parameter Name Value Range Preset Value		7						\		LOOP FINE -200~+200	0					_		\				
	Parameter	8						\		LOOP 0 ~ 1350 ms	1000 ms					\		\				
= (11/1)		9	j					\		<b>START</b> 0 ~ 1350 ms	0 ms					_						
(E)		4	FB GAIN -99~+99%	%0				\		OVER DUB						\	LADEPTH	0 ~ 100 % 80 %				
NAMA STATE	:	တ	DELAY 0.1 ~ 1400.0 ms	0.1 ms				\	\	RECORD	-			\		\	F/R DEPTH	0~100% 80%				
nerd		7	PITCH FINE - 100 ~ + 100	0			~	BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	<b>TRG. DLY</b> -1350~+1000ms	- 50 ms			\	2	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	SPEED	0.05 ~ 40.00 Hz 0.50 Hz	LPF FRO.		2 BALANCE	0.0 ~100.0 %
		-	PITCH 24~+24	. 0	BASEKEY OFF, C1~C6 C3	0FF	-	PITCH	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	REC. MODE MANUAL, AUTO	AUTO	BASE KEY OFF, C 1 ~ C 6 C3		0FF	1	0.0 ~ 100.0 %	PANTYPE	L-TURN	HPF FRO.	OFF	1 PAN TYPE	0.0 ~100.0 %
	Function	Көу	CEE		NAM.	[]\$		EXICIAL ASSON		T MAKE		MADY WASYA	] a		T T	ASSCA		PARA	J W MON	C e	Externa Asses	$\Box$
SINGLE	Program Name		MONO PITCH							FREEZE							PAN		•	·	J	
Silv	Метогу	Ş.	31							32		•		<del></del>			æ				,	

\* 1: L - A; L \* A; L \* A; L \* TURN, R-TURN \* 2: THRU, 32 Hz- 1.0 kHz \* 3: 1.0 - 16 kHz, THRU

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	$\overline{}$	_
2dB 0.1 ~ 1480.0 ms 0.1	AIN TREBLE 12 dB -12 -+ 12 dB 18 +2 dB 19 +2 dB 19 +2 dB 14 -15 -+ 15 dB 14 +12 dB 14	2 OUT LVL 0.0 ~ 100.0 % MID FRO. MID GAIN TREBI 250Hz ~ 5.6kHz — 12 ~ + 12 dB 3 ~ 24000 ms 8:0 ms LOW EQ LOW FRO. LOW GA 8:1 LOW EQ LOW FRO. LOW GA SHLY 200 Hz + 12 dB 8:0 ms LOW EQ LOW FRO. LOW GA SHLY 200 Hz + 12 dB 0.0 ~ 100.0 %

1; THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz 2: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU 3: THRU, 500 Hz ~ 8.0 kHz

								٦	Parameter Name	, [		CTR	CTRL No.
				0	£ []	[] s	0 3	"	Value Range		[] (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	PARAME	PARAMETER NAME
S	SINGLE				, watta				Preset Value		VSON	NIW	MIN ~ MAX
Mamory	Mamory Drogram Name   Function	Function						Parameter					
No.	,	Key	1	2	3	4	\$	9	7	8	6	10	=
37	EXCITER		HPE FRO.	ENHANCE	MIXIN	DELAY	\			<u> </u>	_		
		T AVANA	500 Hz ~ 16 kHz	0~100%	0 - 100 %	0.1 ~ 740.0 ms	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
		]	8.0 kHz	%08	100%	2.0 ms		7					
			NOT AVAILABLE					_	_	\	_		
		] # 3		\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
				\				1					
		[] æ					_		\				
			OFF	\	_	_	\	\					
			-	2								BALANCE	OUT LVL
و دروا		C. C.	HPF FRO	MIXIV	\	\	<u> </u>	\	\	\	E E	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
		POSSA.	1%	0.0 ~ 100.0 %							]	100 %	100 %

									Parameter Name			CI	CTRL No.
				0	[] =	0 :	0		Value Banne		<b>"</b>	DARAME	DARAMETER NAME
2	MULTI			6 Liverin	6 merd	e .			Preset Value		EXICIR. ASSON	WIN	MIN ~ MAX
Memory	Program Name	Œ						Parameter					
<b>№</b>		Key	-	2	3	4	5	9		8	6	10	11
8	MULTI		CO DI EC RV	CO DI EC RV	CO DI EC RV	CODIECRY	EC. FBDLY	EC, F,B	EC, HIGH	EC. INDLY	RV. RT	RV. HIGH	RV. DLY
	(ECH&REV)1		00,€00	O 01, ● 01	QEC, Q EC	Q RV, RV	0.1 ~ 700.0 ms	~66-	×0.1 ~× 1.0	0.1 ~ 700.0 ms	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms
		0	a 8	10 O	● EC	<b>●</b> RV	461.5 ms	+ 25 %	6.0	10.0 ms	2.6 s	0.7	10.0 ms
			12				•						
			RV MIX										
			0~100%	\	\	\	\	\	\		\	\	\
			30 %		/					/			\
			TRG. LEVEL	HELEASE									
		# Nave	0~100	3 ~ 24000 тs	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
			30	106 ms	/						\		\
				DE WO1	LOW FRO	NIVO MOT	DMOT	HIEO	HIFRO	HIGAIN	₩O		
		8		PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	90 51 + ~ 51 -	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\
			• E0	PEAK	280 Hz	42 dB	0.7	PEAK	ZHX OJ	0	0.7	_	_
			-	2								BALANCE	OUTLVL
		Erf cife.	EC. F. 8	RV. RT	\	\	\	\	\	\	] §	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
			0.0 ~ 100 .0 %	0.00~100.0%							]	100%	100%
39	MULTI		CODIECRY	CODIECRY	CO DI EC RV	CO DI EC RV	EC. FBDLY	EC F.B	ес. нісн	EC. INDLY	AV. AT	RV. HIGH	RV. OLY
	(ECH&REV)2		O CO, ● CO	O 01, ● 01	O EC, D EC	QRV, BRV	0.1 ~ 700.0 ms	- 99 ~ + 99 %	×0.1~×1.0	0.1 ~ 700.0 ms	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms
			00 👅	IQ 🖜	<b>⊕</b> EC	● RV	480.0 ms	+ 32 %	7.0	0.1 ms	1.2 s	0.7	10.0 ms
		- LANANA	12										
			RV MIX		_								
			0 ~ 100 %		\	\		\	\	\	\	\	
			CO. ATTACK	CO. RELS	CO. THRSLD	CO. RATIO	DI. DIST	DI. MID F	DI.MIDG	OI. TRBL	TRG. LEVEL	RELEASE	
		]=}	1 ~ 40 ms	10 ~ 1000 ms	-42 ~ -12 dB	1.0 ~ 20.0	0 ~ 100 %	250 Hz~5.6 kHz	-12~+12dB	-12~+12dB	0~100	3 ~ 24000 ms	\
		]	20 ms	200 ms	-16 dB	7.0	% 0/	450 Hz	+2 dB	+2dB	35	106 ms	\
				LOWED	LOW FRO	LOW GAIN	D MOT	HEO	HIFRO	HIGAIN	HIQ		
		8		PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	-15~+15dB	0.1~5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\
			● E0	PEAK	250 Hz	+6 dB	0.7	PEAK	6.3 kHz	0 dB	0.7		
		0	1	2							[3	BALANCE	OUTLVL
		Ext Cla.	DI. DIST	EC. F. B	\	\	\	\	\	\	THE STATE OF	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %		/	_	\	<u> </u>	\	]	100 %	100%

<u>-</u> -		6 mww	6 mora		, Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr Nr	[] e	# []#]		Parameter Name Value Range Preset Value		Errcin, **	PARAMET MIN	CTRL No. PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX
E								Parameter					
Key 1	-		2		3	4	<b>3</b> C	9		8	6	10	11
MULTI CEST CODICHRY CODICHRY COLOGNEY CONTRANT C	CODICHRY CODICHRY	CODICHRV		ଅ ପ	CO CH CH RV	CODICH RV	CH. FRQ 0.05 ~ 40.00 Hz	CH. DM DEPTH 0 ~ 100 %	CH. AM DEPTH 0~100%	RV. RT 0.3 ~ 480.0 s	RV. HIGH 0.1 ~ 1.0	RV, DLY 0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	RV. MIX 0 ~ 100 %
IQ CO 00 0	IQ CO 00 0	IQ Q	$\vdash$		₩ ₩	₩ FR	0.85 Hz	%09	%0%	2.0 s	9.0	10.0 ms	25 %
CO. ATTACK CO. HELS	CO. ATTACK CO. HELS	CO. RELS		S	CO. THRSLD	CO. RATIO	TRO. LEVEL	RELEASE					
1 - 40 ms 10 - 1000 ms - 42 -	1 ~ 40 ms 10 ~ 1000 ms	10 ~ 1000 ms	_	2	-4212 dB	1.0 ~ 20.0	0~100	3 ~ 24000 ms	\	\	\	\	\
TOWED T	TOW EQ	TOW EQ	+	<b>₹</b>	E GE	LOWGAIN	0.MOT	H EQ	HIFRO	HIGAIN	ξ		
PEAK, SHLV	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK, SHLV	-	32~2	2 KH2	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	
● EQ PEAK 800 Hz	PEAK	PEAK	$\dashv$	8	H2	-4 dB	3.9	PEAK	8.0 kHz	+6dB	0.4		
		$\dashv$	2	`	$\overline{\ }$							BALANCE	OUT LVI.
Assert CH. FRO BALANCE 0.0 - 100.0 % 0.0 - 100.0 %	CH. FRO	- -	BALANCE 0.0 ~ 100.0 %			\	\	\	\	\	IEWL	0.0 ~ 100 % 100 %	200 %
CODICHRY	CODICH RV CODICH RV	CODICHRV	₹	8	SH R	CODICHRY	CH. FRQ	CH. DIN DEPTH	CH. DM DEPTH CH. AM DEPTH	RV. RT	RV. HIGH	RV. OLY	RV. MIX
Q01, <b>©</b> 01	QC0, @C0 QDI, @DI	Q01, <b>9</b> Di	<u></u>	OCH,	F	$\Box$	0.05 ~ 40.00 Hz	0~100%	0~100%	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	0 ~ 100 %
H)	IO <b>●</b>	IO <b>●</b>		<b>⊙</b>	Ξ	<b>⊕</b> RV	0.60 Hz	20 %	30%	2.6 s	0.7	20.0 ms	25 %
CO. ATTACK CO. RELS CO. THRSLD	CO. ATTACK CO. RELS	CO. HELS		CO. TH	SLD	CO. RATIO	DI, DIST	DI. MID F	DI.MIDG	OI. TRBL	TRG. LEVEL	RELEASE	
<u>چ</u>	1~40 ms 10~1000 ms	10 ~ 1000 ms	-	42 1	2dB	1.0 ~ 20.0	0~100%	250 Hz~5.6 kHz	-12~+12 dB	-12~+12d8	0 ~ 100	3 ~ 24000 ms	\
23 ms 300 ms	23 ms 300 ms	300 ms	$\dashv$	-18 d	_	5.0	% OOJ	260 Hz	+6 dB	989	99	106 ms	
LOW EQ	LOW EQ	-	-	E0₩ FF	g	LOW GAIN	LOW O	HEO	HIFRO	HIGAIN	ΒĦ		\
PEAK, SHLV 32	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK, SHLV	─+	32 ~ 2.2	X¥2	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\
● EQ PEAK 315 Hz	PEAK	PEAK	+	3151	12	+6 dB	0.7	PEAK	7.0 kHz	+6dB	0.7		
-	1 200	-	2	`	/						0	BALANCE	OUTLVL
0.0~100.0% 0.0~100.0%	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %		0.0 ~ 100 .0 %.			\		\	\	\		100 %	100 %
CODICHRY CODICHRY	CODICHRY CODICHRY	CODICHRY	≥	8	CODICHRY	CODICHRY	CH. FRO	CH, DIN DEPTH	CH. DIA DEPTH CH. AM DEPTH	HV.H	RV. HIGH	RV. DLY	RV. MIX
1)3 ransu QCO, €CO QDI, €	0°0, €00 Q01, € D1	ODI, ● DI	5	O CH,	H CH	QRV, BRV	0.05 ~ 40.00 Hz	0~100%	0~100%	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	0~100%
03 G	10 <b>●</b> 00 O	IQ 看		•	<b>.</b>	● RV	ZH 08:0	80%	40%	2.4 s	0.7	20.0 ms	16 %
DI.DIST DI.MIDE DI.MIDG	DI.DIST DI. AND F	D). HID F		10 10	)a	DI. TRBL	TRG, LEVEL	RELEASE					\
nt 0 ~ 100 % 250 Hz~5.6 KHz -12 ~ +12 dB	0 ~ 100 % 250 Hz~5.6 kHz	250 Hz~5.6 kHz		-12~+	12 dB	-12 ~ +12 dB	0~100	3 ~ 24000 тs	\	\	\	\	\
20%	2H 099	2H 099		9+	B	0 dB	35	106 ms					
FLT TYPE F CENTER	FLTTYPE			FCEN	TER	FOEPTH	GAIN * 2	o	LFO FRO.				
1. 35~1	-			32~1	32 ~ 16 kHz	0 ~ 8 oct	€.	LOW, HIGH	0.1 ~ 10.0 Hz	\	\	\	\
● D. FLT PEQ 5	PEQ	PEQ		3	2H VS	0 oct	+ 12 dB	HIGH	2.5 KHz				
$\dashv$	-	$\dashv$	2								[]	BALANCE	OUTLVL
F CENIER 01.0151	P. CENIER 9.0 ~ 65.0 %		0.0 ~ 100 %	$\setminus \mid$								0.0 ~ 100 % 100 %	100 %

' 1: LPF, HPF, BPF, PEQ ' 2: Display on = FLT TYPE = PEQ only ' 3: -18, -12, -6, 6, 12, 18 (dB)

Add-17

	밑			/	_		/	\ \		\			<u> </u>	%0	%	/	_		<u></u>		_	<u></u>			3	%0	%	_	<del></del>					<u></u>			7	%	
CTRL No.	PARAMETER NAME MIN ~ MAX		=		\			<u> </u>					OUTLVL	0.0 ~ 200 %	100%		_			/			/		OUTLYL	0.0 ~ 200 %	100%		/			/			/		OUTLVL	0.0 - 200%	100 %
CTE	PARAME		0	RV. MIX	0 ~ 100 %	20%		\		\	\		BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	400 <i>%</i>	RV. MIX	0~100%	18%		\			\		BALANCE	0.0 - 100 %	100 %	RV. MIX	0 ~ 100 %	40%	RELEASE	3 ~ 24000 ms	150 ms		\		BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 %	100%
	EXICIAL ASSECT		6	RV. DLY	0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	30.0 ms	\	\	7	ΒO	0.1~5.0	);i	[]	<b>LÉWI</b>		RV. DLY	0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	20.0 ms	_	\		으	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.7	[	ie i		RV. DLY	0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	35.0 ms	TRG. LEVEL	0~100	35	HIQ	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.7		I ENTE	
			8	RV. HIGH	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.8		\		HI GAIN	- 15 ~ +15 dB	900+	\	\		RV. HIGH	0.1 ~ 1.0	9.0	_	\		HI GAIN	- 15 ~ +15 dB	+4dB	_	\		RV. HIGH	0.1 ~ 1.0	9.0	DI. TRBL	-12 ~ +12 dB	-2 dB	HI GAIN	- 15 ~ +15 dB	41 dB			\
Parameter Name	Value Range Preset Value		7	RV. HT	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	2.6 s		\		H FRO	500 ~ 16 kHz	7.0 KHZ	\	\		RV. RT	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	1.8 s	_	\		H FRO	500 ~ 16 kHz	7.0 kHz		\		RV. RT	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.3 s	DI. MID G	-12 ~ +12 dB	+3 dB	HI FRO	500 ~ 16 kHz	5.0 kHz		\	
ď	"	Parameter	9	SY, DEPTH	0 ~ 100 %	48 %	RELEASE	3 ~ 24000 ms	150 ms	HEO	PEAK, SHLV	PEAN	\	\		SY. DEPTH	0~100%	30 %		\		HEQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK		\		SY. DEPTH	0 ~ 100 %	35 %	DI. MID F	250 Hz~5.6 kHz	700 Hz	HEO	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK		\	
			5	SY. FRQ	0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	2H 58'0	TRG, LEVEL	0~100	35	LOWQ	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.7	\	\		SY. FRO	0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	2.90 Hz		\		LOWQ	0.1~5.0	0.3		\		SY. FRO	0.05 ~ 40.0 Hz	0.15 Hz	DI.DIST	0~100%	100%	LOWQ	0.1 ~ 5.0	0.7		\	/
	[] æ		4	CODISYRV	O RV, PRV	<b>⊕</b> RV	CO. RATIO	1.0 ~ 20.0	2.0	LOW GAIN	-15~+15dB	n or	\	\		CO DI SY RV	Q RV, CRV	● RV		\		LOW GAIN	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0 dB		\		CO DI SY RV	Q RV, ● RV	● RV	CO. RATIO	1.0 ~ 20.0	3.0	LOW GAIN	-15~+15dB	+5 dB		\	_
	nrara II.		3	CO DI SY RV	OSY, SY	AS ●	CO. THRSLD	-42 ~ -12 dB	-12 dB	LOW FRO.	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	2H GIE	\	\		CO DI SY RV	OSY, ⊕SY	AS <b>●</b>		\		LOW FRQ	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	100 Hz		\		CO DI SY RV	QSY, ⊕SY	SY	CO. THRSLD	-42 ~ -12 dB	- 12 dB	LOW FRO	32 ~ 2.2 KHz	355 Hz		\	\
	Brewn .		2	CODISYRY	ODI, DOI	IQ O	CO, RELS	10 ~ 1000 ms	200 ms	LOW EQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAR	7	BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %	CO DI SY RV	ODI, 👲 DI	10 O	RELEASE	3 ~ 24000 ms	150 ms	LOW EQ	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK	2	BALANCE	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %	CO DI SY RV	ODI, DOI	io 🗨	CO. RELS	10 ~ 1000 ms	500 ms	D3 MO1	PEAK, SHLV	PEAK	2	SY. DEPTH	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %
			-	CODISYRV	000, €00	O) <b>●</b>	CO. ATTACK	1 ~ 40 ms	9тs			2	-	SY. DEPTH	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %	CO DI SY RV	OCO, <b>⊕</b> CO	00 O	TAG. LEVEL	0~100	35			• E0	-	SY. DEPTH	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %	CO DI SY RV	OCO, 9 CO	<b>⊕</b> CO	CO. ATTACK	1 ~ 40 ms	23 ms			• EQ	-	DI. DIST	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %   0.0 ~ 100 .0 %
		Function	Key		PASSA			PAN.		( )	9		[:3	extern Assov			PAUG		[6.3]	PARW			្ទ			EXT CIR. ASS GV			pwwa			7			] s		[:	Exicing Asson	
	MULTI	Program Name		MULTI	(SYM+REV)1											MULTI	(SYM+REV)2											MULTI	(SYM+REV)3										
	M	Memory	No.	43												44												45											

								ية ا	Parameter Name			CTR	CTRL No.
				Буело	[] ;;	ြ ဧ	D §	11	Value Range		EXTCIPL	PARAMET	PARAMETER NAME
¥	MULTI			<u>,</u>		]			Preset Value		Ass 42	WIIN	MIN ~ MAX
Memory	Program Name	Function						Parameter					
No.		Key	-	7	င	Þ	\$	9	7	8	6	10	11
46	MULTI		CODIEXRV	CO DI EX RV	CO DI EX RV	CO DI EX RV	EX. HPF F	EX. ENHANCE	EX. MIXLVL	RV. RT	RV. HIGH	RV. OLY	RV. MIX
	(EXC&REV)1	אאנט	00€ 00€	Q DI, 👤 DI	OEX, ●EX	O RV, ●RV	500 Hz~16.0 kHz	0 ~ 100 %	0 ~ 100 %	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 800.0 ms	0 ~ 100 %
			O⊃ <b>●</b>	QDI	<b>●</b> EX	<b>⊕</b> RV	2.0 kHz	40%	% 09	2.0 s	8.0	20.0 ms	20%
			CO. ATTACK	CO. RELS	CO. THRSLD	CO. RATIO	TRG. LEVEL	RELEASE					
		PANA.	1 ~ 40 ms	10 ~ 1000 ms	-42 ~ -12 dB	1.0 ~ 20.0	0~100	3 ~ 24000 ms	\	\	\	\	\
			18 ms	300 ms	-12 dB	1.5	26	106 ms					\
	•			LOW EQ	LOW FRQ	LOW GAIN	LOW Q	HIEQ	HI FRO	HI GAIN	OH		
		ŝ		PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	-15 ~ +15 dB	0.1~2.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\
			● E0	PEAK	100 Hz	0 dB	2.0	PEAK	9.0 kHz	+2dB	0.7	_	\
			<b>-</b> -	2								BALANCE	OUTLVL
		Extern	EX.HPFF	BRANCE	\	\	\	\	\	\	TENES.	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %						\		100 %	100%
47	MULTI		CO DI EX RV	CODIEXRY	CO DI EX RV	CO DI EX RV	EX. HPF F	EX. ENHANCE	EX. MIX LVL	AV. RT	RV. HIGH	AV. DLY	RV. MIX
	(EXC&REV)2	FANA	೦೦೦, ಅ೦೦	QDI, <b>⊕</b> DI	QEX, ⊈EX	Q RV, ●RV 5	500 Hz~16.0 kHz	0~100%	0 ~ 100 %	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0.1 ~ 800.0 тs	0 ~ 100 %
	<b>!</b>		O) <b>●</b>	10 ei	EX	R	6.3 kHz	45 %	20%	1.2 s	0.5	10.0 ms	24 %
			CO. ATTACK	CO. RELS	CO. THRSLD	CO. RATIO	DI. DIST	D). MID F	DI. MID G	DI. TRBI.	TRG. LEVEL	RELEASE	
		PARKU	1 ~ 40 ms	10 ~ 1000 ms	-42 ~ -12 dB	1.0 ~ 20.0	0~100%	250 Hz ~ 5.6 kHz	-12~+12dB	-12 ~ +12 dB	0~100	3 ~ 24000 ms	\
			10 ms	200 ms	-13 dB	3.0	% 29	315 Hz	+6 dB	+2 dB	30	106 ms	\
				LOW EQ	LOW FRO	LOW GAIN	D M01	HEQ	HI FRO	HI GAIN	HIQ		
		8		PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1~2.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 KHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	\	\
	!	]	<ul><li>€0</li></ul>	PEAK	220 Hz	+6 dB	9.0	PEAK	6.3 kHz	+4 dB	0.3		
***************************************		E		2						<u> </u>		BALANCE	OUT LVI.
		EXI CIR. ASSGH	DI. DIST	EX. HPF F	\	\	\	\	\	\	itsu	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
			0.00 ~ 100.0 %	0.00 ~ 100.0 %								100%	100%

								ď	Parameter Name			CTB	CTRL No.
				0 3	[] ₹	[] a	0 \$	11	Value Range		[] [] []	PARAME	PARAMETER NAME
ቯ	DUAL			j	, mara				Preset Value		ASSON	MIN	MIN ~ MAX
Memory	Program Name	Function						Parameter					
No.		Key	-	2	8	4	<b>1</b> C	8	_	ω	6	9	=
48	PLATE+HALL		PLTRT	PLTHIGH	PLT DIFF	PLTDLY	HAL BT	HAL HIGH	HAL DIFF	HAL DLY			
		T. T.	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	0.3 ~.480.0 s	0.1 ~ 10	0~10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	_	\	\
			2.6 s	9.0	5	10.0 ms	2.6 s	9.0	2	30.0 ms	_		
			OUT MODE	PLTLPF	HALLPF								
		2	ST, MONO x 2	-		\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
			ST	8.0 KHz	8.0 KHz								
		[3											
		2		\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
			OFF										
			-	2						1. BALANCE	1. OUT L'VL	2. BALANCE	2. OUT LVL
		N SECOND	PLTRT	HAL RT	\	\	\	\	] §	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~500 %	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
			0.00~100.0%	0.0 ~ 100.0 %						100%	130 %	100%	130 %
<b>6</b>	ER+REV	E	ER TYPE	ROOM SIZE	LIVENESS	ERDIFF	ER DLY	REV TIME	HIGH	REV OIFF	REV DLY		
		2000	2,	0.1 ~ 10.0	0 ~ 10	0~10	0.1 ~ 300.0 ms	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1~1.0	0 ~ 10	0.1 ~ 300.0 ms	\	\
			RANDOM	3.2	10	10	160.0 ms	1.4 s	1.0	10	30.0 ms		
			OUTHODE	REVLPF									
		PANA.	ST, MONO x 2	7,	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
			ST	16 kHz									
	-			1. LOW EQ	1.LOWF	1, LOW G	1.HEQ	1. H.F	1. HIGH G	2. LOW EQ	2. LOW F	2. LOW G	2. LOW Q
•				PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0
		]:	<b>⊕</b> E0	SHLV	100 Hz	+ 2 dB	SHLV	12 kHz	0 dB	PEAK	125 Hz	0 dB	9.0
			12	13	11								
			2. HI EQ	2.HIF	2.HIG								
			PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	· 15 ~ +15 dB	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
		•	SHLV	8.0 kHz	+4dB								
			1	2						1. BALANCE	1. OUT LVL	2. BALANCE	2. OUT LVL
		ENCIA	ROOM SIZE	REV TIME	\	\	\	\	Tenar Tenar	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~200 %	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 200 %
			0.0 ~ 100 .0 %	0.0 ~ 100 .0 %						100 %	75 %	100%	200%

1: 1.0 ~ 16 kHz, THRU 12: S:Hall, L:Hall, Random, Reverse, Plate, Spring

								ď	Parameter Name			CTR	CTRL No.
				0 %	[] æ	[] &	" 0 \$	11	Value Range		EXICIAL	PARAMET	PARAMETER NAME
ā	DUAL.				6 mara	·			Preset Value		узки	WIIN	MIN ~ MAX
Memory	Memory   Program Name   Function	Function						Parameter					
No.	•	Key	-	2	3	4	9	9	7	8	8	10	=
20	ECHO+REV		LFB DLY	Lch F.B.	AFB DLY	Rch F.B	ЕСНО НІВН	REV TIME	REV HIGH	REV OIFF	REV OLY		
			0.1 ~ 350.0 ms	%66+~66 <del>-</del>	0.1 ~ 350.0 ms	%66+ ~ 66-	0.1~1.0	0.3 ~ 480.0 s	0.1 ~ 1.0	0~10	0.1 ~ 200.0 ms	\	\
			300.0 ms	+38%	333.3 ms	+ 38 %	8.0	2.6 s	0.7	10	30.0 ms		
			OUT MODE	TIM DEY	RINI DLY	REVLPF							\
		] %	ST, MONO x 2 0.1 ~ 350.0 ms	0.1 ~ 350.0 ms	0.1 ~ 350.0 ms	٠,	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
			ST	0.1 ms	0.1 ms	10 kHz							
										\	1		\
		] 8		\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
			#6	\									
			_	-Cv2		,				1. BALANCE	1. OUT LVL	2. BALANCE	2. OUT LVL
		] ៩	LFB DLY	REV TIME	\	\	\	\	תאו	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~500 %	0.0 ~ 100 %	0.0 ~ 500 %
			0.0 ~ 100.0 %	0.0 ~ 100.0 %						% 0.2	100%	94%	100 %

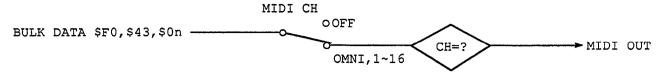
\* 1: THRU, 32 Hz ~ 1.0 kHz

	TVDE MEM No.	Drogram No.	Function					PARAMETER	ER				
			Key	-	2	3	4	5	8	2	8	6	10
		[ SINGLE/MULTI ]		EQ/OFF/D.FLT	LOW EQ	LOWFRQ	LOW GAIN	LOWQ	HIEQ	HIFRO	HI GAIN	HIQ	FLTTYPE
		TYPE	_ s	EQ/OFF/D.FLT	PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1~5.0	2.
		Dienlave 2 0											
		on EQ		11	12	13	14	15					
			<b>←</b>	FCENTER	F DEPTH	GAIN 3	٥	LFOFRQ					
	1~47	Disnlays 10 ~ 15		32 ~ 16 kHz	0 ~ 8 oct	-	гом, нісн	0.1 ~ 10.0 Hz	\	\	\	\	
		on D. FLT											
		•											
			<b>—</b>										
		( DUAL ) TYPE	E	EQ/OFF/D.FLT	1 LOW EQ	1 LOW F	1 LOW G	1 LOW Q	1HEO	IHF	1111.0	1 110	2 LOW EQ
			2	EQ/OFF/D. FLT	PEAK, SHLV	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK / SHLV
		Displays 2 ~ 17											
		3		11	12	13	14	91	91	4	<b>48</b>	61	20
•			4	2 LOW F	21.0W G	21.0WQ	2 HI EQ	2HIF	2 HIG	2HIQ	FLT TYPE	F CENTER	<b>F</b> DEPTH
7	48 ~ 30	Displays 16 × 23	_	32 ~ 2.2 kHz	- 15 × +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	PEAK, SHLV	500 ~ 16 kHz	- 15 ~ +15 dB	0.1 ~ 5.0	.3	32 ~ 16 kHz	0 ~ 8 oct
			ŕ	21	22	23							
			_	GAIN 3	٥	LFO FRO.							
				-	LOW, HIGH	0.1 ~ 10.0 Hz	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
										\			

1 = -18, -12, -6, 6, 12, 18 (dB) 2 = LPF, HPF, BPF, PEQ 3 = Display on = FLT TYPE = PEQ only

# **MIDI DATA FORMAT**

#### 1. Transmitting Conditions



#### 2. Transmitting Data

#### 2.1 System information

1) System Exclusive Messages

#### 1 MEMORY BULK DATA

MIDI DATA FORMAT Transmission is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. Data is transmitted when BULK OUT 1 is displayed and BULK OUT is executed, and when the MEMORY BULK DUMP REQUEST message is received. The data to be transmitted is the program of the memory number indicated. If the memory number is "\*", data is sent from Memory 51 to Memory 99 in succession.

# ① DONNEES DE BLOC DE MEMOIRES

La transmission du format des données MIDI (MIDI DATA FORMAT) est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Les données sont transmises lorsque BULK OUT1 est affiché et BULK OUT est exécuté ainsi que lorsque le message "MEMORY BULK DUMP REQUEST" (demande de vidage de bloc de mémoire) est reçu. Les données à transmettre sont le programme du numéro de mémoire indiqué. Si le numéro de mémoire est "\*", les données sont transmises de la mémoire 51 à la mémoire 99 à la suite les unes des autres.

#### ① Speicherblockdaten

Die Übertragung erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Wird die Meldung "BULK OUT 1" angezeigt nd geht ein Blockabwurfbefehl (Bulk dump request) ein, so wird ein Blockabwurf (Bulk dump) ausgeführt. Es werden dann die Daten übertragen, deren Speichernummer gerade angezeigt wird. Lautet die Speichernummer "\*", werden alle Benutzer-Speicher (51~99) der Reihe nach gesendet.

11110000(F0H) 01000011(43H) 0000nnnn(0nH)	n=0(channel	number1)~15	(channel	number16)
01111110(7EH)				
0000010(02H)				
00001010(0AH)				
01001100(4CH)"L"				
01001101(4DH)"M"				
00100000(20H)SPACE				
00100000(20H)SPACE				
00111000(38H)"8"				
00110110(36H)"6"				
00110011(33H)"3"				
00110110(36H)"6"				
01001101(4DH)"M"				
Ommmmmm	M=1(MEMORY	No.1)~99(MEMOR	Y No.99)	
0dddddd				
256BYTE				
0dddddd				
0eeeeee				
11110111(F7H)				
	01000011(43H) 0000nnnn(0nH) 011111110(7EH) 00000010(02H) 00001010(0AH) 01001100(4CH) "L" 01001101(4DH) "M" 00100000(20H)SPACE 00100000(20H)SPACE 00111000(38H) "8" 00110110(36H) "6" 00110011(33H) "3" 00110110(36H) "6" 01001101(4DH) "M" 0mmmmmmm 0ddddddd 0eeeeeee	01000011(43H) 0000nnnn(0nH) n=0(channel 01111110(7EH) 00000010(02H) 00001010(0AH) 01001101(4DH)"M" 00100100(20H)SPACE 00100000(20H)SPACE 00111000(38H)"8" 00110110(36H)"6" 00110011(33H)"3" 00110110(36H)"6" 01001101(4DH)"M" 0mmmmmmm 0ddddddd 0eeeeeee	01000011(43H) 0000nnnn(0nH)	01000011(43H) 0000nnnn(0nH)

- ② Bank Program Change Chart Bulk Data
  Transmission is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. Data
  is transmitted when BULK OUT 1 is displayed and BULK OUT is executed, and when
  the PROGRAM CHANGE CHART BULK DUMP REQUEST message is received. The data to be
  transmitted is the program change chart (the chart showing the correspondence
  between program numbers and memory numbers). If the bank number is "\*", the data
  from banks 1 4 (A D) is transmitted in succession.
- ② Données en bloc de la table des changements de programme du bank (Bank Programm Change Chart Bulk Data)

  La transmission est possible sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Les données sont transmises lorsque BULK OUT1 est affiché et BULK OUT est exécuté ainsi que lorsque le message PROGRAM CHANGE CHART BULK DUMP REQUEST (demande de vidage en bloc de la table des changements de programme ) est reçu. Les données à transmettre sont le tableau des changements de programme (le tableau indiquant la correspondance entre le numéros de programme et les numéros de mémoire). Si le numéro de programme est "\*", les données des banks 1-4 (A-D) sont transmises les unes après les autres.
- © Blockdaten der Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle einer Bank
  Die Übertragung erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Wird die
  Meldung "BULK OUT 2" angezeigt und geht ein Blockabwurfbefehl der
  Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle (Program change chart bulk dump request) ein,
  so wird der Abwurf ausgeführt. Es werden dann die Daten der ProgrammwechselZuordnungstabelle übertragen. (In dieser Tabelle wird jeder Speichernummer des
  SPX1000 eine MIDI-Programmwechselnummer zugeordnet). Lautet die Banknummer "\*",
  werden die Daten aller Bänke (A~D) der Reihe nach gesendet.

```
STATUS
               11110000(F0H)
ID No.
               01000011(43H)
                                     n=O(channel number1)~15 (channel number16)
SUB STATUS
               0000nnnn(0nH)
FORMAT No.
               01111110(7EH)
BYTE COUNT
               00000001(01H)
BYTE COUNT
               00001010(0AH)
               01001100(4CH)"L"
               01001101(4DH)"M"
               00100000(20H)SPACE
               00100000(20H)SPACE
               00111000(38H)"8"
               00110110(36H)"6"
               00110011(33H)"3"
               00110110(36H)"6"
DATA NAME
               01010100(54H)"T"
BANK No.
                                      Z=BANK 1~4(1=A, 2=B, 3=C, 4=D)
               0zzzzzz
DATA
               0ddddddd
                              128BYTE
                0ddddddd
CHECK SUM
               0eeeeeee
EOX
               11110111(F7H)
```

#### 3 User ER Pattern Bulk Data

Transmission is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. Data is transmitted when BULK OUT 2 is displayed and BULK OUT is executed, and when the USER ER PATTERN BULK DUMP REQUEST message is received. The data to be transmitted is that of the indicated pattern number. If the pattern number is "\*", patterns 1 - 4 (A - D) are transmitted in succession.

#### 3 Donnéees en bloc de motifs USER ER.

La transmission est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Les données sont transmises lorsque BULK OUT 2 est affiché et BULK OUT est exécuté ainsi que lorsque le message USER ER PATTERN BULK DUMP REQUEST (demande de vidage en bloc de motifs de reflexions précoces de l'utilisateur) est reçu. Les données à transmettre sont celles des numéros de motifs indiqués. Si le numéro de motif est "\*", les motifs 1-4 (A-D) sont transmis l'un après l'autre.

# 3 User ER-Programmblockdaten

Die Übertragung erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Wird die Meldung "BULK OUT 2" angezeigt und geht ein Blockabwurfbefehl der Erstreflexions-Musterprogramme (User ER pattern bulk dump request) ein, so wird der Abwurf ausgeführt. Es werden dann die Daten des angezeigten Speichers übertragen. Lautet die Speichernummer "\*", werden die Daten aller vier User-Speicher (A~D) der Reihe nach gesendet.

STATUS ID No.	11110000(F0H) 01000011(43H)			
SUB STATUS	0000nnnn(0nH)	n=0(Channel	No.1)~15(Channel	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110(7EH)			
BYTE COUNT	0000001(01H)			
BYTE COUNT	01101110(6EH)			
	01001100(4CH)"L"			
	01001101(4DH)"M"			
	00100000(20H)SPACE			
	00100000(20H)SPACE			
	00111000(38H)"8"			
	00110110(36H)"6"			
	00110011(33H)"3"			
	00110110(36H)"6"			
DATA NAME	01000101(45H)"E"			
ER PATTERN No.	0zzzzzz	Z=ER PATTER	$N 1 \sim 4 (1=A, 2=B,$	3=C, 4=D)
DATA	Oddddddd ——			
	228BYTE			
	0ddddddd —			
CHECK SUM	0eeeeee			
EOX	11110111(F7H)			

Add-25

# System Setup Bulk Data

Transmission is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. Data is transmitted when BULK OUT 2 is displayed and BULK OUT is executed, and when the SYSTEM SETUP DATA DUMP REQUEST message is received.

① Donées en bloc de configuration du système La transmission est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Les données sont transmises lorsque BULK OUT 2 est affiché et BULK OUT est exécuté ainsi que lorsque le message SYSTEM SETUP DATA DUMP REQUEST (demande de vidage des données de configuration du système) est reçu. -3-

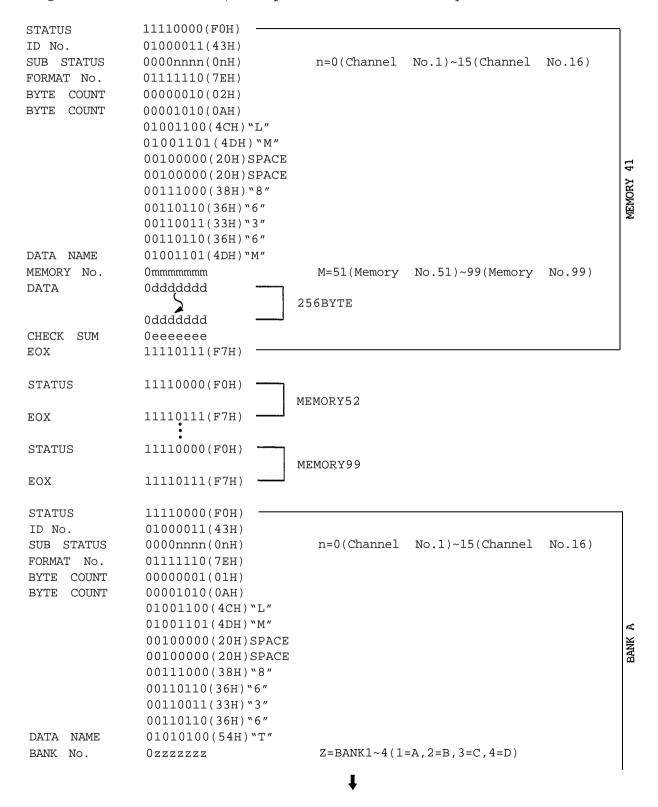
# Systemblockdaten

Die Übertragung erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Die Daten werden nur gesendet, wenn "BULK OUT 2" angezeigt und wenn ein Systemdaten-Abwurfbefehl (System setup data dump request) eingeht.

STATUS ID No.	11110000(F0H) 01000011(43H)			
SUB STATUS	0000nnnn(0nH)	n=0(Channel	$NO.1) \sim 15 (Channel)$	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110(7EH)			
BYTE COUNT	00000000(00H)			
BYTE COUNT	00011001(19H)			
	01001100(4CH)"L"			
	01001101(4DH)"M"			
	00100000(20H)SPACE			
	00100000(20H)SPACE			
	00111000(38H)"8"			
	00110110(36н)"6"			
	00110011(33H)"3"			
	00110110(36н)"6"			
DATA NAME	01010011(53H)"S"			
	00100000(20H)SPACE			
SOFT VERSION No.	0vvvvvv			
SOFT VERSION No.	0rrrrrr			
DATA	0ddddddd —			
	) 13BY	ΓE		
	0ddddddd			
CHECK SUM	0eeeeee			
EOX	11110111(F7H)			

- ⑤ 49 Memory/All Banks/All ER Patterns/System Setup Data/Bulk Data Transmission is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. Data is transmitted when BULK OUT 1 is displayed and ALL BULK OUT is executed. The data to be transmitted is the programs of Memory Nos. 51 − 99, all programs of the 4 bank change charts, the four ER patterns, and the System Setup data. The transmission order is as follows: programs of Memory Nos. 51 to 99, Bank A program change chart to Bank D program change chart, ER pattern A to ER pattern D, and System Setup data.
- ⑤ Données en bloc de 49 mémoires /Tous les banks/Tous les motifs ER/ Données de configuration du système La transmission est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Les données sont transmises lorsque BULK OUT1 est affiché et l'instruction ALL BULK OUT est exécutée. Les données à transmettre sont l'es programmes des mémoires Nos 51 99, tous les programmes des tables de changements de programmes des 4 banks, les quatres motifs ER et les données de configuration du système. L'ordre de transmission est le suivant: programmes de mémoires Nos 51 à 99, tables des changements de programmes des banks A à D, motifs ER A à D et données de configuration du système.

⑤ 49 Speicher/Alle Bänke/Alle ER-Speicher/System-Daten als Block Die Übertragung erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Die Daten werden nur gesendet, wenn "BULK OUT 1" angezeigt und wenn der Befehl "ALL BULK OUT" ausgeführt wird. Es werden folgende Daten übertragen: RAM-Speicher 51~99, alle Daten der vier Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabellen, die vier User-ER Speicher und die System-Daten. Die Übertragungsreihenfolge ist: RAM-Speicher, Programmwechseltabelle A~D, ER-Speicher A~D und die System-Daten.

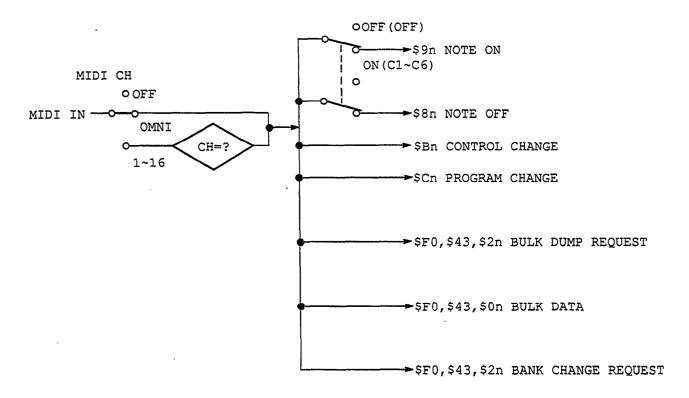


DATA	Oddddddd Oddddddd		128BYTE	
CHECK SUM EOX	Oeeeeeee 11110111(F7H)			
STATUS	11110000(F0H)		BANK B	
EOX	11110111(F7H)			
STATUS	11110000(F0H)		BANK C	
EOX	11110111(F7H)		BITAL C	
STATUS	11110000(F0H)	$\neg$	BANK D	
EOX	11110111(F7H)		DAIN D	
STATUS ID No. SUB STATUS FORMAT No. BYTE COUNT BYTE COUNT  DATA NAME ER PATTERN No. DATA CHECK SUM	11110000(F0H) 01000011(43H) 0000nnnn(0nH) 011111110(7EH) 00000001(01H) 01101110(6EH) 01001101(4CH) 01001101(4DH) 00100000(20H)S 00110000(38H) 00110110(36H) 00110110(36H) 00110110(36H) 0110011(45H) 02zzzzzz 0ddddddd 0eeeeeee	"M" SPACE SPACE "8" "6" "3"	n=0(Channel No.1)~15(Channel No.16)  R PATTERN Z=BANK1~4(1=A,2=B,3=C,4=D)  228BYTE	ER PATTERN A
EOX	11110111(F7H)			1
STATUS	11110000(F0H)		ER PATTERN B	
EOX	11110111(F7H)			
STATUS	11110000(F0H)		ER PATTERN C	
EOX	11110111(F7H	) ——		
STATUS	11110000(F0H)	) —	ER PATTERN D	
EOX	11110111(F7H)	) ——		

```
STATUS
                 11110000 (FOH)
ID No.
                 01000011 (43H)
                                    n=0(Channel No.1)~15(Channel No.16)
                 0000nnnn (0nH)
SUB STATUS
FORMAT No.
                 01111110 (7EH)
BYTE COUNT
                 0000000 (00H)
                 00011001 (19H)
BYTE COUNT
                 01001100 (4CH)"L"
                 01001101 (4DH)"M"
                 00100000 (20H)SPACE
                 00100000 (20H)SPACE
                 00111000 (38H)"8"
                 00110110 (36H) "6"
                 00110011 (33H)"3"
                 00110110 (36H) "6"
                 01010011 (53H)"S"
DATA NAME
                 00100000 (20H)
SOFT VERSION No. 0vvvvvv
SOFT VERSION No. orrrrrr
                 0ddddddd
                                     13BYTE
                 0ddddddd
CHECK SUM
                 0eeeeee
                 11110111 (F7H)
EOX
```

#### 3.Receiving Conditions

#### MIDI TRG. (BASE KEY)



## 4. Reception Data

#### 4-1. Channel information

1) Channel voice messages

#### 1 Note On

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. For programs of Memory Nos. 1 - 13, 27, and 34, if the parameter of MIDI TRG. is ON, this is received as a trigger.

For programs of Memory Nos. 28 - 32, this is received as a message to control pitch variation. The velocity value is ignored. Reception is not possible when the Base Key parameter is OFF.

#### Note activée

La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Pour les programmes de mémoire Nos 1-13. 27 et 34, si le paramètre de MIDI TRG. est ON, ceci est reçu en tant que message de déclenchement. Pour les programmes des mémoires Nos 28 - 32, ceci est reçu en tant que message de contrôle de la variation de hauteur. La valeur de vélocité est ignorée. La réception n'est pas possible lorsque le paramètre "Base Key" est OFF.

## 1 Note An

Der Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Ist die MIDI TRIGGER-Funktion der Programme  $1\sim13$ , 27 und 34 eingeschaltet, gelten die empfangenen Meldungen als Auslöser (Trigger).

Für die Programme 28 - 32 werden die empfangenen Meldungen zur Steuerung der Tonhöhe verwendet. Die Anschlagdynamik wird nicht ausgewertet. Der Empfang ist nur möglich, wenn der BASE KEY-Paremeter eingeschaltet ist.

STATUS 1001nnnn (9nH) n=0(Channel No.1)~15(Channel No.16)

NOTE No. 0kkkkkk  $k=0(C-2)\sim127$  (G8)

VELOCITY ovvvvvv v=0~127

#### 2 Note Off

This message is used when playback of the Memory No. 32 FREEZE 2 is finished. The velocity value is ignored. The reception conditions are the same as in  $\odot$  Note On.

#### 2 Note désactivée

Ce message est utilisé lorsque la reproduction de la mémoire No 32 FREEZE 2 est terminée. La valeur de vélocité est ignorée. Les conditions de réception sont les mêmes que pour 1> Note activée.

#### 2 Note Aus

Diese Meldung ist nur am Ende der Wiedergabe des Programmes 32. Freeze 2 notwendig. Die Anschlagdynamik wird nicht ausgewertet. Die Empfangsbedingugen sind dieselben wie die der Note-An-Meldungen (1).

STATUS 1000nnnn (8nH) n=0(Channel No.1)~15(Channel No.16)

NOTE No. 0kkkkkk  $k=0(C-2)\sim127$  (G8)

VELOCITY ovvvvvv v=0~127

# 3 Control Change

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When receiving, parameters can be controlled. Change them by using the corresponding controller based on the Control Assignment List.

#### 3 Changements de commande

La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Pendant la réception, les paramètres peuvent être contrôlés. Les changer en utilisant les commandes correspondantes spécifiées dans la liste des assignations de commandes.

#### 3 Steuerelementänderung

Der Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Mit den Steuerelement-Meldungen kann man bestimmte Parameter steuern. Hierfür muß ein Steuerelement zugeteilt werden.

STATUS 1011nnnn (BnH) n=0(CHANNEL NO.1)~15(CHANNEL NO.16)

CONTROL NO. Occcccc  $c=0\sim120$  CONTROL VALUE OVVVVVVV  $v=0\sim127$ 

## **④** Program Change

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When receiving, the desired program can be loaded, based on the program change chart of that particular bank.

# **④** Changement de programme

La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Pendant la réception, un programme appartenant au bank sélectionné peut être chargé.

#### ② Programmwechsel

Der Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Jede beliebige Speichernummer kann jeder beliebigen Programmwechselnummer zugeordnet werden. STATUS 1100nnnn (CnH) n=0 (CHANNEL NO.1)~15 (CHANNEL NO.16)

PROGRAM No. Oppppppp p=0~127

## 4-2. System Information

1) System exclusive messages

# 1 Memory Bulk Dump Request

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When this message is received, BULK OUT is executed for the program of the indicated memory number.

# O Demande de vidage en bloc de mémoires

La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Lorsque ce message est reçu, BULK OUT est exécuté pour le programme du numéro de mémoire indiqué.

#### ① Speicherblockabwurf-Befehl

Der Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Sobald dieser Befehl eingeht, wird der Blockabwurf (Bulk out) für den gerade aufgerufenen Speicher ausgeführt.

STATUS	11110000	(FOH)			
ID No.	01000011	(43H)			
SUB STATUS	0010nnnn	(2nH)	n=0(Channel	$No.1) \sim 15 (Channel$	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110	(7EH)			
	01001100	(4CH)"L"			
	01001101	(4DH)"M"			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00111000	(38H)"8"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
	00110011	(33H)"3"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
DATA NAME	01001101	(4DH)"M"			
MEMORY No.	0 mmmmmmm		M=41(memory	No.41)~99(MEMORY	No.99)
EOX	11110111	(F7H)			

# @ Program Change Chart Bulk Dump Request

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When this message is received, BULK OUT is executed for the program change chart (the chart showing the correspondence between program numbers and memory numbers) of the indicated bank.

- ② Demande de vidage en bloc de la table des changements de programme La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Lorsque ce message est reçu, BULK OUT est exécuté pour la table des changements de programme (la table indiquant la correspondance entre les numéros de programme et les numéros de mémoires) du bank indiqué.
- ② Blockdaten der Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle einer Bank
  Der Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Geht ein
  Blockabwurfbefehl der Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle (Program change chart
  bulk dump request) ein, so wird der Abwurf ausgeführt. Es werden dann die Daten
  der Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle übertragen.

STATUS	11110000	(FOH)			
ID No.	01000011	(43H)			
SUB STATUS	0010nnnn	(2nH)	n=0(Channel	No.1)~15(Channel	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110	(7EH)			
	01001100	(4CH)"L"			
	01001101	(4DH)"M"			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00111000	(38H)"8"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
	00110011	(33H)"3"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
DATA NAME	01010100	(54H)"T"			
BANK No.	0zzzzzzz		Z=BANK1~4(1:	=A,2=B,3=C,4=D)	
EOX	11110111	(F7H)			

# 3 User ER Pattern Bulk Dump Request

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When this message is received, BULK OUT is executed for the data of the indicated ER pattern number.

3 Demande de vidage en bloc des motifs ER de l'utilisateur La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Lorsque ce message est reçu. BULK OUT est exécuté pour les données du numéro de motif ER indiqué.

# ③ User ER-Programmblockdaten

Der Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Geht ein Blockabwurfbefehl der Erstreflexions-Musterprogramme (User ER pattern bulk dump request) ein, so wird der Abwurf ausgeführt. Es werden dann die Daten des angezeigten Speichers übertragen.

STATUS ID No.	11110000 01000011	(FOH) (43H)			
SUB STATUS	0010nnnn	(2nH)	n=0(Channel	No.1)~15(Channel	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110	(7EH)			
	01001100	(4CH)"L"			
	01001101	(4DH)"M"			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00111000	(38H)"8"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
	00110011	(33H)"3"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
DATA NAME	01000101	(45H)"E"			
ER PATTERN No.	0zzzzzzz		Z=ER PATTERN	$1 \sim 4(1=A, 2=B, 3=C,$	4=D)
EOX	11110111	(F7H)			

# ● System Setup Data Bulk Dump Request

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When this message is received, BULK OUT is executed for System Setup data.

⊕ Demande de vidage en bloc des données de configuration de système

La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné.

Lorsque ce message est reçu. BULK OUT est exécuté pour les données de configuration du système.

#### **④** Systemblockdaten

Er Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Die Daten werden nur gesendet, wenn ein Systemdaten-Abwurfbefehl (System setup data dump request) eingeht.

STATUS	11110000	(FOH)			
ID No.	01000011	(43H)			
SUB STATUS	0010nnnn	(2nH)	n=0(Channel	$No.1) \sim 15 (Channel$	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110	(7EH)			
	01001100	(4CH)"L"			
	01001101	(4DH)"M"			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00111000	(38H)"8"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
	00110011	(33H)"3"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
DATA NAME	01010011	(53H)"S"			
	00100000	(20H)			
EOX	11110111	(F7H)			

#### **5** Bank Change Request

Reception is enabled on the MIDI channel of the currently selected bank. When this message is received, the desired bank can be switched to.

# **6** Demande de changement de bank

La réception est validée sur le canal MIDI du bank actuellement sélectionné. Lorsque ce message est reçu, le bank souhaité peut être sélectionné.

#### ⑤ Bankanwahlbefehl

Er Empfang erfolgt auf dem Kanal der gerade angewählten Bank. Sobald dieser Befehl eingeht, kann die gewünschte Bank aufgerufen werden.

STATUS	11110000	(FOH)			
ID No.	01000011	(43H)			
SUB STATUS	0010nnnn	(2nH)	n=0(Channel	$No.1) \sim 15 (Channel$	No.16)
FORMAT No.	01111110	(7EH)			
	01001100	(4CH)"L"			
	01001101	(4DH)"M"			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00100000	(20H)SPACE			
	00111000	(38H)"8"			
	00110110	(36H)"6"			
	001110011	(33H)"3"			
	00110110	(36н)"б"			
DATA NAME	01010101	(55H)"U"			
BANK No.	0ZZZZZZZ		Z=BANK1~4(1:	=A,2=B,3=C,4=D)	
EOX	11110111	(F7H)			

# 6 Memory Bulk Data

Same as "Memory Bulk Data" for transmission.

- 6 Données de bloc de mémoire Idem que pour la transmission.
- 6 Speicherblockdaten

Siehe die "Speicherblockdaten" der Übertragung.

- ② Bank Program Change Chart Bulk Data

  Same as "Bank Program Change Chart Bulk Data" for transmission.
- ${\mathfrak O}$  Données en bloc des tables de changements de programme du bank Idem que pour la transmission
- Ø Blockdaten der Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle einer Bank Siehe die "Blockdaten der Programmwechsel-Zuordnungstabelle einer Bank" der Übertragung.
- ⑤ User ER Pattern Bulk Data
  Same as "User ER Pattern Bulk Data" for transmission.
- ® Donées en bloc des motifs ER de l'utilisateur Idem que pour la transmission.
- ⑤ User ER-Programmblockdaten
  Siehe die "User ER-Programmblockdaten" der Übertragung.
- System Setup Bulk Data
  Same as "System Setup Bulk Data" for transmission.
- 9 Données en bloc de configuration du'système Idem que pour la transmission.
- Systemblockdaten
  Siehe die "Systemblockdaten" der Übertragung.

When receiving from the MIDI Data Filer MDF1, a computer, or other sources, the time interval between data exchanges (F7  $\sim$  F0) with the other unit must be set to 30msec or longer.

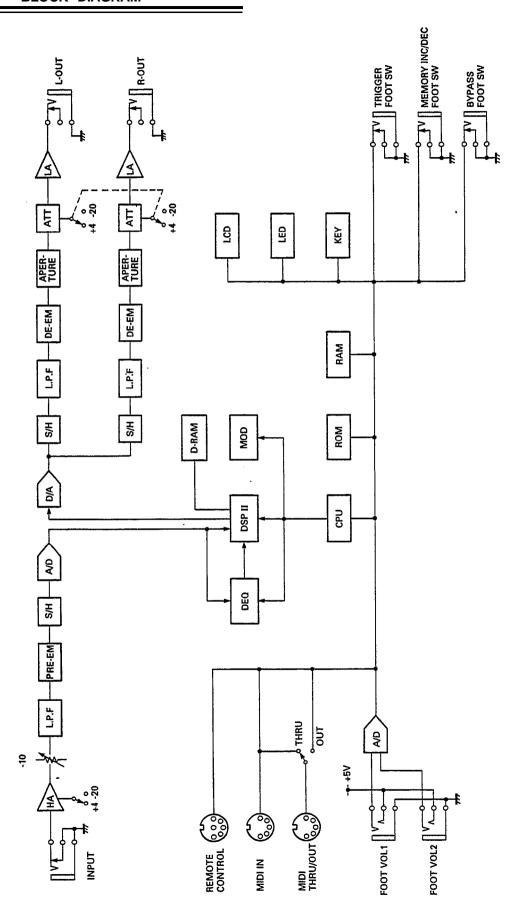
Lorsque les données sont reçues d'un "MIDI Data Filer" MDF1, d'un ordinateur ou d'une autre source, l'intervalle d'attente entre les échanges de données (F7  $\sim$  F0) avec l'autre appareil doit être fixe à 30 msec ou plus.

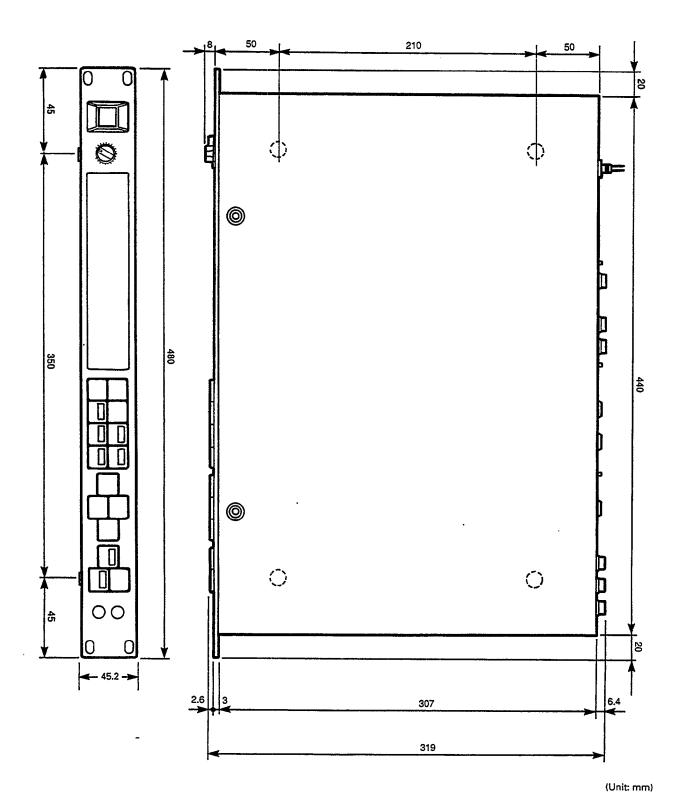
Sollen Daten vom MDF1 MIDI Data Filer, einem Computer oder anderen Geräten geladen werden, muß die Pause zwischen zwei Dateneinheiten (F7  $\sim$  F0) zumindest 30mSek betragen.

YAMAHA [ Professional Multi-Effect Processor ] Date: 11/4, 1988 Model SPX900 MIDI Implementation Chart Version: 1.0

model SPX900 MIDI implementation chart version . 1.0  + : Transmitted : Recognized : Remarks						
Fun	nction					
	Default : Changed :	x x	1- 16, off 1- 16, off	memorized		
Mode	Default : Messages : Altered :	x	OMNIoff/OMNIon : x : x	memorized		
Note Number :	True voice	X *******	0 - 127 x			
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF		X X			
After Touch		X X	X X			
Pitch Ber	nder	Х	. X			
	0 - 120	X	: 0	•		
Control	:		•			
Change			•			
		· •	• •	•		
		· !	:	•		
			: :	• •		
Prog Change:		X *********	: o 0 - 127	* : *1 :		
System E	xclusive	0	: 0	: Bulk Dump		
System : Common :	Song Sel	X X X	: x : x : x	•		
System Real Tim	:Clock e:Commands	: x	: x : x	+ : :		
: :.Al	cal ON/OFF l Notes OFF tive Sense set	<b>:</b> x	: x : x : o : x	* * 2 :		
Notes: *	1 = For pro 2 = Active	gram 1 - 128, mem sensing is recogn	ory #1 - #99 is s ized only in "fre	elected. eze".		

Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO o : Yes Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 4 : OMNI OFF, MONO x : No Add-36





# **SPECIFICATIONS**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERRISTICS** 

FREQ. RESPONSE 20Hz~20kHz
DYNAMIC RANGE 90dB (TYPICAL)
DISTORTION 0.03%(@1 kHz)

**INPUT** 

NUMBER OF CHANNELS UNBALANCED X1(PHONE JACK)
NOMINAL LEVEL +4/-20dBm SWITCHABLE

IMPEDANCE  $50 \text{K}\Omega$  (STEREO-IN),  $25 \text{K}\Omega$  (MONO)

LEVEL CONTROL ROTARY CONTINÚOUS

A/D CONVERSION

NUMBER OF CHANNELS 1 (AD CONVERTER X1)
SAMPLING FREQ. 44.1KHz (EXCEPT D-IN)

QUANTIZATION 16bits

D/ACONVERSION

NUMBER OF CHANNELS 2

SAMPLING FREQ. 44.1KHz (EXCEPT D-IN)

QUANTIZATION 16bits

OUTPUT

NUMBER OF CHANNEL UNBALANCED X2(PHONE JACK)

NOMINAL LEVEL +4/-20dBm SWITCHABLE

IMPEDANCE  $220\Omega$ 

**MEMORY** 

PRESETS (ROM) 1~50 USER MEMORY (RAM) 51~99

**MIDICONTROL** 

PROGRAM CHANGE (MEMORY SELECT) NOTE ON (MIDI BASE KEY SELECT, TRIGGER)

CONTROL CHANGE

BULKDUMP & LOAD (PARAMERTER DUMP)

FRONT PANEL

CONTROLS INPUT LEVEL

KEYS PARAM. INC/DEC, PARAMETER, SCROLL BACK,

LEVEL EQ, INT. PARAM, EXT CTRL ASSIGN

STORE, MEMORY INC/DEC,

RECALL,

UTILITY, TRIGGER, BYPASS 16 CHARA. X2 LINE LCD

2 DIGIT 7 SEGMENT LED (MEM#) 7 SEGMENT LED (LEVEL METER)

CONNECTORS EXT CTRL/FOOT VOL JACK X2

**REAR PANEL** 

DISPLAY

CONNECTORS INPUT (PHONE JACK X 1)

OUTPUT (PHONE JACK X 2) MIDI IN, THRU/OUT (DIN 5P X 2) TRIGGER (PHONE JACK)

MEMORY INC/DEC (PHÓNE JACK)

BYPASS (PHONE JACK)

SWITCHS INPUT LEVEL SW, OUTPUT LEVEL SW

MIDI THRU/OUT SW

**GENERAL** 

POWER SUPPLY US & CANADA: 120V, 60Hz, 20W

GENERAL: 220-240V, 50/60Hz, 20W

DIMENSIONS (W X H X D) 480 X 45.2 X 319 (mm)

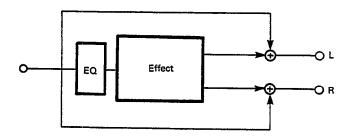
WEIGHT 4.4kg

• ()dB=0.775Vr.m.s

<sup>•</sup> Specifications and appearance subject to change without notice.

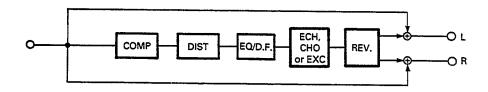
# **EFFECT MODE**

# ① SINGLE (No. 1 ~ 37)

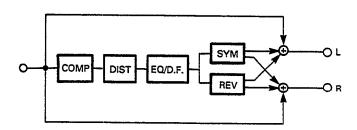


# ② MULTI (No. 38 ~ 47)

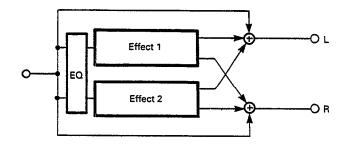
No.38 ~ 39 MULTI(ECH&REV) No.40 ~ 42 MULTI(CHO&REV) No.46 ~ 47 MULTI(EXC&REV)



No.43 ~ 45 MULTI(SYM+REV)



# ③ DUAL (No. 48 ~ 50)





Date: Programmer:

Memory No.	Program Title	Memory No.	Program Title	Memory No.	Program Title
1	REV1 HALL	34	TRIGGERED PAN	67	
2	REV2 HALL &GATE	35	COMPRESSOR	68	
3	REV3 ROOM 1	36	DISTORTION	69	
4	REV4 ROOM 2	37	EXCITER	70	
5	REV5 ROOM 3	38	MULTI(ECH&REV)1	71	
6	REV6 WHITE ROOM	39	MULTI(ECH&REV)2	72	
7	REV7 VOCAL 1	40	MULTI(CHO&REV)1	73	
8	REV8 VOCAL 2	41	MULTI(CHO&REV)2	74	
9	REV9 PLATE	42	MULTI(CHO&REV)3	75	
10	REV10PLATE&GATE	43	MULTI(SYM+REV)1	76	
11	REV11 TUNNEL	44	MULTI(SYM+REV)2	77	
12	REV12 CANYON	45	MULTI(SYM+REV)3	78	
13	REV13 BASEMENT	46	MULTI(EXC&REV)1	79	
14	PERCUSSION ER	47	MULTI(EXC&REV)2	80	
15	GATE REVERB	48	PLATE+HALL	81	
16	REVERSE GATE	49	ER+REV	82	
17	PROGRAMMABLE ER	50	ECHO+REV	83	
18	DELAY L, R	51		84	
19	DELAY L, C, R	52		85	
20	STEREO ECHO	53		86	
21	STEREO FLANGE	54		87	
22	CHORUS 1	55		88	
23	CHORUS 2	56		89	
24	STEREO PHASING	57		90	
25	TREMOLO	58		91	
26	SYMPHONIC	59		92	
27	ADR-NOISE GATE	60		93	
28	PITCH CHANGE 1	61		94	
29	PITCH CHANGE 2	62		95	
30	PITCH CHANGE 3	63		96	
31	MONO PITCH	64		97	
32	FREEZE	65		98	
33	PAN	66		99	
					<u> </u>



Memory No.:	Date:
Program Title:	Programmer:

Function	on Parameter										
Key	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
PARA	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
L											
NI.											
TAI						1				ł	
£0					<del></del>						
IEVEL					***************************************		<b></b>		<u></u>	<b></b>	
EXT CTAL ASSIGN											



# MIDI PROGRAM CHANGE NUMBER VS MEMORY (PROGRAM) NUMBER

BANK: Date: ch= Programmer: **PGM** MEM **PGM** MEM **PGM** MEM 87 **PGM** 2 PGM PGM MEM 45 MEM 88 MEM **PGM** 3 MEM PGM 46 MEM **PGM** 89 MEM **PGM** 4 MEM PGM 47 MEM **PGM** 90 MEM **PGM** 5 **PGM** 48 PGM MEM MEM MEM 91 6 49 **PGM** MEM **PGM** MEM **PGM** MEM 92 **PGM** 7 MEM **PGM** 50 MEM **PGM** MEM **PGM** 8 MEM PGM 51 MEM **PGM** 94 MEM PGM 9 **PGM** 52 MEM**PGM** MEM MFM 95 **PGM** 10 PGM 53 **PGM** MEM MEM MEM 96 **PGM** 11 MEM PGM 54 MEM **PGM** 97 MEM PGM 12 MEM **PGM** MEM PGM MEM 55 98 56 **PGM** 13 **PGM PGM** MEM MEM 99 MEM **PGM** 14 MEM PGM 57 MEM **PGM** 100 MEM PGM 15 MEM **PGM** 58 MEM **PGM** 101 MEM PGM 16 MEM **PGM** 59 MEM **PGM** 102 MEM **PGM** 17 MEM **PGM** 60 MEM **PGM** 103 MEM **PGM** PGM PGM MEM 18 MEM 61 MEM 104 **PGM** 19 MEM **PGM** 62 MEM **PGM** 105 MEM PGM **PGM** MEM 20 MEM 63 MEM **PGM** 106 **PGM** 21 MEM **PGM** 64 MEM PGM 107 MEM **PGM** 22 MEM **PGM** 65 MEM **PGM** 108 MEM PGM 23 MEM **PGM** 66 MEM **PGM** 109 MEM **PGM** 24 MEM **PGM** 67 MEM **PGM** 110 MEM PGM 25 MEM PGM 68 MEM PGM 111 MEM PGM 26 MEM PGM 69 MEM PGM 112 MEM **PGM** 70 27 MEM **PGM** MEM **PGM** 113 MEM **PGM** 28 MEM **PGM** 71 MEM PGM 114 MEM PGM **PGM** MEM **PGM** 115 MEM 29 MEM **PGM** PGM 73 PGM 30 MEM MEM 116 MEM **PGM** 31 MEM **PGM** 74 MEM **PGM** 117 MEM **PGM** 32 MEM **PGM** 75 MEM **PGM** 118 MEM **PGM** 33 MEM **PGM** 76 MEM **PGM** 119 MEM **PGM** PGM 77 MEM 34 MEM MEM **PGM** 120 **PGM** 35 MEM **PGM** 78 MEM PGM 121 MEM **PGM** 36 MEM **PGM** 79 MEM PGM 122 MEM **PGM** 37 MEM **PGM** 80 MEM **PGM** 123 MEM **PGM PGM** 81 **PGM** MEM 38 MEM MEM 124 **PGM** 39 MEM **PGM** 82 MEM **PGM** 125 MEM PGM MEM **PGM** 126 MEM 40 MEM 83 **PGM PGM** 41 MEM PGM 84 MEM PGM 127 MEM MEM **PGM** 42 **PGM** 85 MEM **PGM** 128 MEM **PGM** 43 MEM **PGM** MEM

# Litiumbatteri!

Bör endast bytas av servicepersonal. Explosionsfara vid felaktig hantering.

# VAROITUS!

Lithiumparisto, Räjähdysvaara. Pariston saa vaihtaa aiftoastaan alan ammattimies.

# ADVARSEL!

Lithiumbatteri! Eksplosionsfare. Udskiftning måa kun foretages af en sagkyndig, — og som beskrevet i servicemanualen.

# YAMAHA









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