

# NPort PCG SDK 2 Programmer's Guide

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[www.moxa.com/product](http://www.moxa.com/product)



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# **NPort PCG SDK 2 Programmer's Guide**

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NPort Programmable Communication Gateway SDK 2 is designed for users who would like to run their own proprietary application on NPort 5200-P Programmable Communication Gateway. PCG SDK 2 comes with a Moxa embedded OS (Moxa OS), TCP/IP communication stack, and Software Development Kit (SDK) and Windows utility that allow system integrators to create their own proprietary solution that doesn't use traditional PCs.

## MOXA OS Ver. 2.x

Moxa PCG SDK 2 has an embedded, small footprint OS developed by Moxa Technologies Co., Ltd. It was developed originally for TCP/IP-based Terminal Server products starting in 1993. It is a powerful and reliable software platform with a user-friendly SDK. The major features of Moxa OS Ver. 2.0 are:

- 16-bit, Unix-like embedded operating system
- Small footprint (< 300 KB, including the TCP/IP protocol stack)
- Non-preemptive multi-thread system
- Stream I/O
- Standard BSD Sockets for TCP/IP programming with multi-TCP session support

## PCG SDK 2

To assist in the development of PCG applications, Moxa provides a comprehensive and easy-to-use SDK (Software Development Kit), designed for use on Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP platforms. The main features of PCG SDK 2 are:

- Borland™ Turbo C 2.01 compiler
- SDK libraries with more than 100 function calls
- SDK Manager and EXE2AP utilities for software download and troubleshooting
- PComm Terminal Emulator
- More than 20 example programs
- Documentation

PCG SDK V2 has the following programming features:

- Up to 192 KB of user program space (large mode in Turbo C)
- Up to 160 KB of flash memory access space

Other advanced features include:

- EXE2FRM utility for advanced application deployment
- PCGCI library for utility development

## SDK Function Group Overview

The SDK Library contains several groups of function calls. The following table lists the function call groups along with their primary function.

SDK Library Function Group Overview	
Function Call Group	Description
Serial I/O API	Serial communication function calls that follow the same style as PComm Library. This API includes communication parameters, character read/write, block read/write, I/O control, break generation, and more.
BSD Socket API	Standard BSD Socket API for TCP/IP programming. Supports TCP and UDP communication.
Simplified Socket API	Simplified TCP/IP programming. Supports TCP and UDP communication.
System Control API	Overall system control for NPort Module, including system configuration, system restart, system timeout counter.
Flash ROM Access API	Read, write, erase user storage space on flash.
Debug API	Sending messages to the debug window in SDK Manager.
Thread Control API	Multi-thread functions to control thread open, close, suspend, resume, and get thread status.
Time Server API	Set and retrieve time server, time zone, and time zone index.
Memory Management API	Allocate and free system memory dynamically.

Refer to “NPort PCG SDK 2 API Reference” for detailed information on how to use each of these functions.

# 2

## Installing SDK

---

This chapter covers the following items:

- System Requirements
- How to install PCG SDK2 utilities and Library
- How to install the Turbo C compiler and environmental variables
- The location of Libraries and Example Files

### System Requirements

You will need to have the following items available to use SDK's development tools:

- Windows 9x, NT, Me, 2000, or XP operating system
- At least 64 MB of RAM
- At least 15 MB of hard disk space

### Installing PCG SDK2

To install PCG SDK 2 on a Windows system, insert the software CD-ROM included with the product into your computer's CD-ROM drive, and then run the installation program:

CDROM:\Programmable version\SDK\setup.exe

and then follow the onscreen instructions to complete the installation.

### Desktop Icon

The SDK Manager installation program gives you the option of placing the icon shown at the right, which serves as a shortcut to SDK Manager, on your desktop. Simply double click on the icon to start SDK Manager.



## PCG SDK2 Directories and Files

The installation program installs the following files on your computer's hard drive:

Directory	Sub Directory\Files	Description
...\PCGSDK2	Example\	SDK example files
	INCLUDE\	Contains all header files
	INCLUDE\SDKCONF.H	System Configuration API and Time Server API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKDBG.H	Debug symbol API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKFLASH.H	Flash access API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKNET.H	Simplified Sockets API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKSIO.H	Serial I/O API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKSOCK.H	BSD socket API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKSYS.H	System API declarations
	INCLUDE\SDKTASK.H	Thread Control API declarations
	LIBRARY\	Contains the SDK Library files
	LIBRARY\C0SDK.OBJ	Object code for all APIs
	LIBRARY\MOXA_SDK.LIB	API library for SDK
	Utility\	Contains SDK Manager, EXE2AP, EXE2FRM, MoxaTerm utilities, along with corresponding help files
	Pcgcilib\LIBRARY\	Contains the library for utility development under Windows
	Pcgcilib\LIBRARY\PCGCI.dll	DLL file for PCGCI (Programmable Communication Gateway Configuration Interface) API
	Pcgcilib\LIBRARY\pcgci.h	Declaration file for PCGCI API
	Pcgcilib\LIBRARY\Pcgci.lib	Library file for PCGCI API
	Pcgcilib\LIBRARY\pcgci.lib	Library file for PCGCI API
	Pcgcilib\LIBRARY\pcgci.chm	PCGCI help file
	Pcgcilib\EXAMPLE\	Example programs for PCGCI



## Installing Turbo C

To install Turbo C on a Windows system, run the installation program:

CD ROM:\Programmable version\TurboC\tcsetup.exe

and then follow the onscreen instructions to complete the installation.

### Turbo C Directories and Files

The installation program installs the following files on your computer's hard drive:

Directory	Sub Directory\Files	Description
\TC	TCC.EXE	Turbo C 2.01 compiler
	TLINK.EXE	Turbo C 2.01 linker
	\INCLUDE\	Include file for Turbo C.
	\LIB\	Library file for Turbo C

### Setting up Environment Variables

During the installation procedure, the TC setup program (tcsetup.exe) automatically sets up your environment variables for the Turbo C compiler. You may also set up the environment variables manually from Control panel → System, or you can add a command line to autoexec.bat.

Assuming that SDK manager was installed in the directory C:\PCGSDK2 and Turbo C was installed in C:\TC, the command lines are as follows:

```
path=c:\tc;%path%
set INCLUDE=c:\tc\include
set LIB=c:\tc\lib
```

# 3

## Developing User Applications

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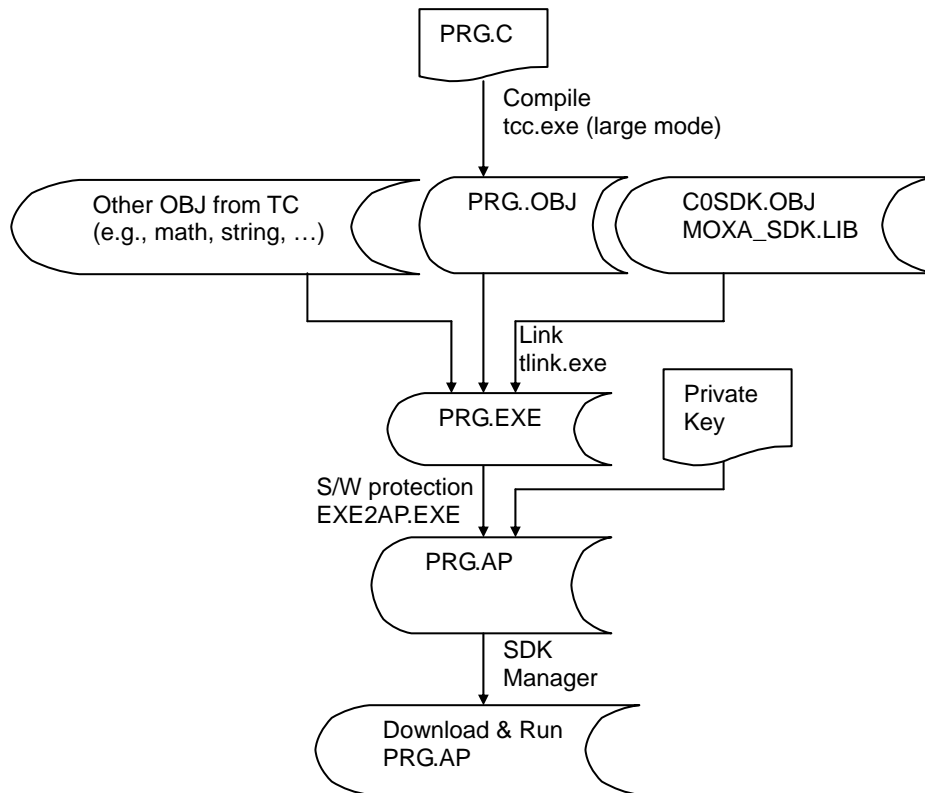
In this chapter, we cover the following items:

- Application Development Flow
- Software tools required for application development
- Software key protection
- Application deployment

In order to give you a better understanding of the development flow, we'll use the example program PRG.C to illustrate.

## Application Development Flow

The following flowchart illustrates the standard process for developing your applications.

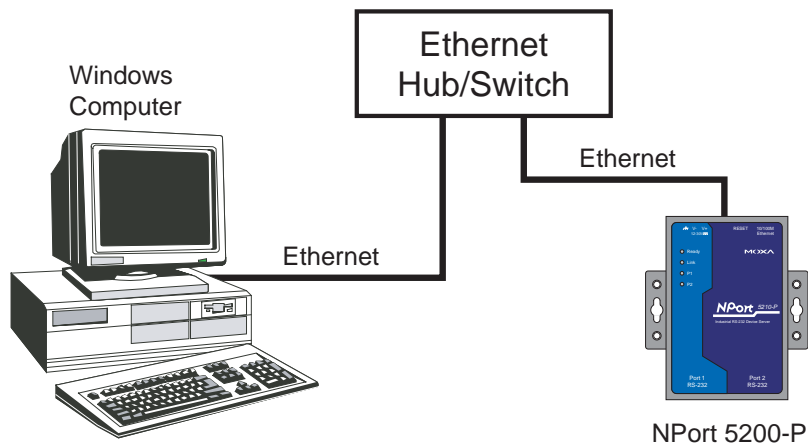


## Development System

Before getting started on application development, you need to make sure that all of the required equipment is set up and ready to go. Take NPort 5200-P as an example. The basic configuration needed for application development is as follows:

- Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP computer with SDK installed
- NPort 5200-P with power adapter
- Ethernet hub/switch (or use a cross-over Ethernet cable to link the computer and NPort directly)
- Two Ethernet cables

The basic wiring needed to set up a development system is as shown below.



## Source Code Editing

Since the Turbo C compiler and linker work under the traditional DOS environment or windows command prompt, we recommend using `\TC\TC.EXE` to edit your source code, or simply type "edit" on the command line and then hit Enter to start Windows' built-in editor.

You may also use "notepad" or any other text editor to write and edit source code. Turbo C's IDE environment is another good option. However, the environment variables need to be manually configured since NPort SDK works mainly from command line mode.

For example, to edit the file `SDKser23.c`, first open a Command Prompt, use the `cd` (change directory) command to open the folder `C:\PCGSDK2\Example\Serial`, and then type **edit** `SDKser23.c`. You should now be able to view and edit the file `SDKser23.c`.

## Compiling and Linking your Application

Under PCG SDK, compiling and linking is done from DOS command mode. Because of this, you will need to create a make file before compiling and linking a program.

### Creating a Make File

For tcc.exe, the following parameters should be enabled or properly assigned.

- I – assign include files directory.
- L – assign library files directory.
- O – optimize jumps.
- Z – maximum register usage.
- l – 80186/286 instructions.
- ml – large mode
- c – compile only
- w – enable all warnings

For tlink.exe, the following parameters should be enabled or properly assigned.

- s – detailed map of segment.

For instance, the make file for C:\PCGSDK2\Example\Serial\SDKser23.c is as follows.

```
C:\PCGSDK2\Example\Serial> type sdkser23.bat
tcc -I..\..\include -L..\..\library -O -Z -l -ml -c -w SDKser23.c
tlink /s ....\library\C0sdk+SDKser23,SDKser23,SDKser23,....\library\moxa_sdk
```

\*1. Please note that C0sdk.obj must be placed in the first position when linking object codes. If not, the entry point of the program will be incorrect.

### Generating an EXE file

You should be able to generate an EXE file after compiling and linking a program without receiving any error messages. For example, after you run the make file, SDKser23.bat, in C:\PCGSDK2\Example\Serial, the file SDKser23.exe is generated in the same directory.

## Using EXE2AP

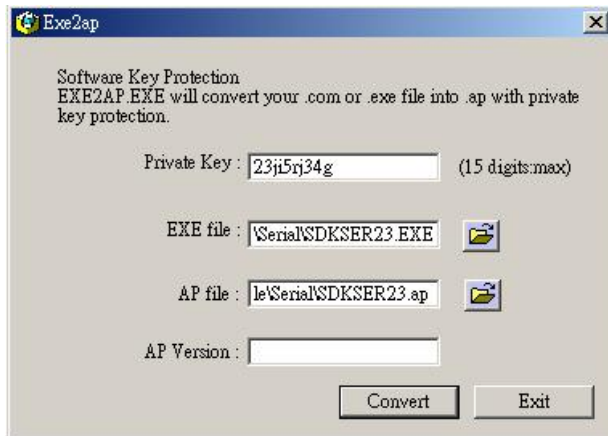
After successfully generating an EXE file, you will need to use Exe2ap.exe to convert the EXE file into an AP file that has an embedded "Private Key." This must be done before downloading the AP file to the NPort.

### Protect Your Software with Private Key

System integrators often provide their proprietary knowledge to solve particular problems for their customers. Once you start providing NPort PCG as a platform for other users, you will need to manage and protect your intellectual property that is embedded in the NPort PCG. For this reason, Moxa PCG provides a private key that you can embed into your application (AP). The target PCG should have the same private key, which can be set up with SDK Manager. The Moxa OS automatically checks to make sure that the private key in the AP and kernel match.

### Embedding a Private Key in your Application

To embed a private key in the target AP (e.g., sdkser23.exe) first run the program Exe2ap.



Next, take the following steps to complete the process of embedding a private key:

1. Type the private key in the "Private Key" field. E.g., you could choose "23ji5rj34g" as the private key.
2. Click on the folder icon to the right of **EXE** file and then navigate to the EXE file you would like to convert (e.g., SDKSER23.EXE).
3. The name of the target AP file (SDKSER23.AP, for this example) will appear in the **Protected User Application** text input box. If desired, you can change the file name, or click on the folder icon and navigate to a different folder in which you would like to store the resulting AP file.
4. Prior to downloading and running the AP file, use SDK Manager to set up the same private key for the NPort. Refer to next section for more details.

## Embedding a Private Key from the Command Line

To give program developers a convenient alternative for producing an AP, EXE2AP can also be activated from the Windows command Prompt. Enter the command in the following format:

```
EXE2AP -Kxxxxxxx -Syyyyyyyyy.yyy -Dzzzzzzzz
```

### Argument description

- K Private key. Select a key with at most 15 characters or numbers (e.g., you could choose private key = 23ji5rj34g).
- S Source file. The source EXE file.
- D AP file. Note that you should not type the file extension name since it is predefined as "AP".

For example, to generate the AP file from the command line, add the following line after tlink in the batch file.

```
C:\PCGSDK2\UTILITY\Exe2ap>Exe2ap -K23ji5rj34g -Sc:\pcgsdk2\example\serial\sdks  
er23.exe -Dc:\pcgsdk2\example\serial\sdkser23
```

```
C:\PCGSDK2\UTILITY\Exe2ap>exe2ap -K23ji5rj34g -Sc:\pcgsdk2\example\serial\sdkser  
23.exe -Dc:\pcgsdk2\example\serial\sdkser23_
```

## Using SDK Manager

After the application has been successfully compiled and linked, it time to use SDK Manager. SDK Manager is a utility that provides the following functions.

- Search and locate NPort PCGs.
- Change the IP, Netmask, Gateway, default serial comm parameters, and private key for PCG.
- AP download
- Debug window

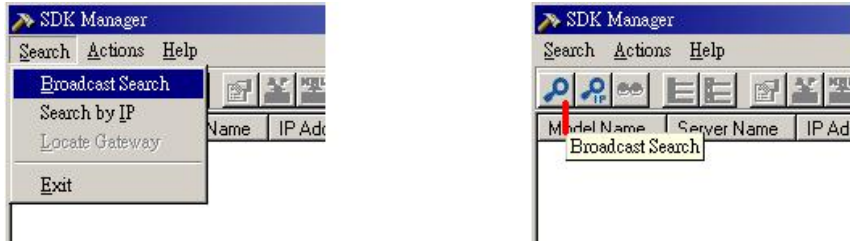
## Searching for NPort PCGs

The Search Menu provides two different methods to search the network for an NPort PCG.

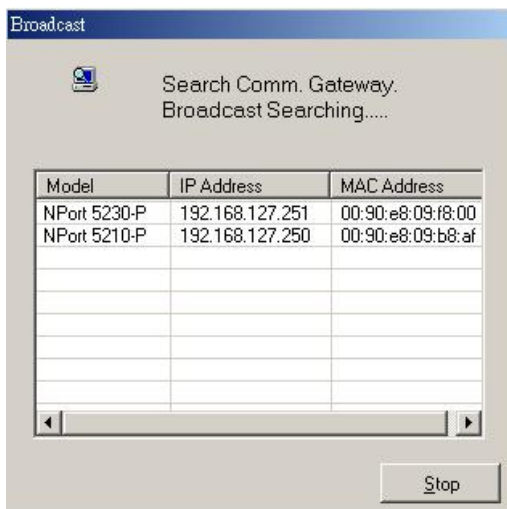
**Broadcast Search** is used to locate all NPort PCGs connected to the same LAN as the host, and **Search by IP** is used to locate a specific NPort PCG, particularly if it is located outside the LAN and can only be accessed by going through a router. The Search Menu also provides the **Locate Gateway** function that can be used to identify a particular NPort PCG.

Broadcast Search

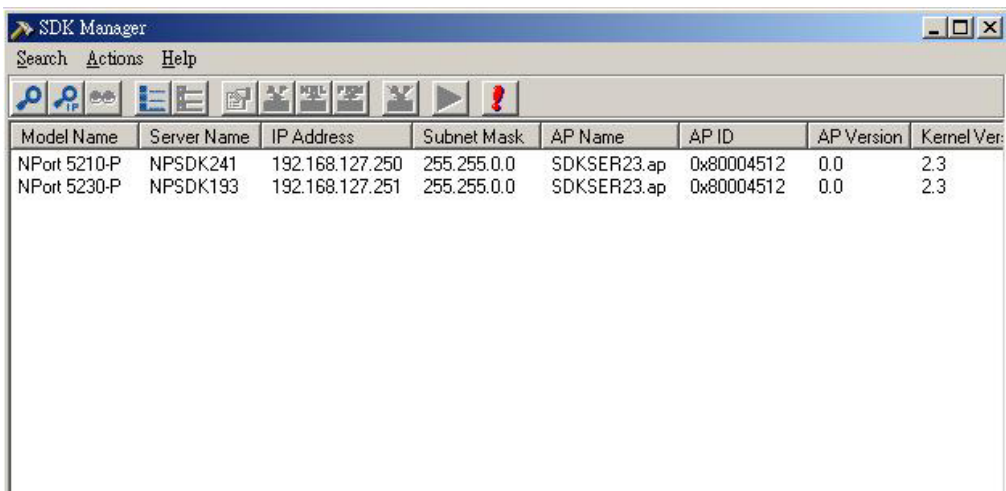
To access this function, select **Broadcast Search** under the **Search** menu, or click on the **Broadcast Search** toolbar icon.



The **Broadcast** window will display the progress of the search.



Once the search is complete, the **Model Name**, **Serial No.**, **Server Name**, **AP ID**, **MAC Address**, **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **OP Mode** of each NPort that was located will be displayed in the SDK Manager window.





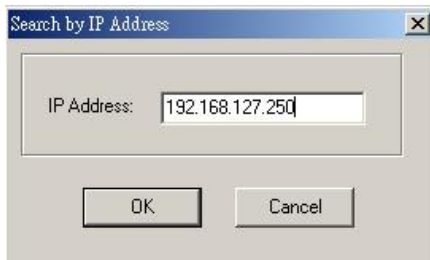
**NOTE** *The default IP address of an NPort PCG 5200-P series product is 192.168.127.254, with subnet mask set to 255.255.255.0.*

### Search by IP

To access this function, select **Search by IP** under the **Search** menu, or click on the **Search** by IP toolbar icon.



When the **Search by IP Address** window opens, type the IP address in the text input box, and then click **OK**.

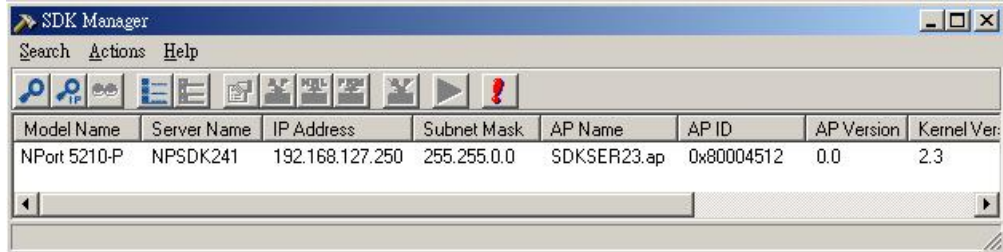


The **Search by IP** window will display the progress of the search.



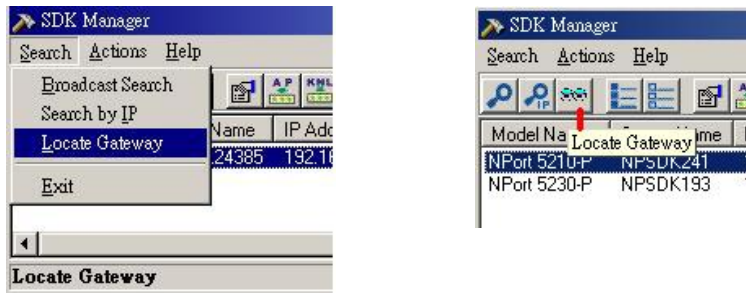
**NOTE** *If you receive the **Specified device not found** error message, as shown above, and the NPort PCG is located on the same LAN as the host, try using Broadcast Search, or change the host computer's IP address and/or Netmask so that the computer and NPort PCG are on the same subnet.*

If the search is successful, the **Model Name**, **Serial No.**, **Module Name**, **AP ID**, **MAC Address**, **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **OP Mode** of the NPort will be displayed in the SDK Manager window.

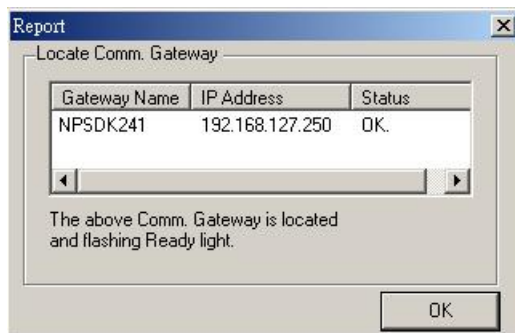


### Locate Gateway

The **Locate Gateway** function is used to find the physical location of a PCG unit when there are multiple NPort PCGs on the same network. To use this function, first click on the device you would like to locate to highlight the device's information, and then select **Locate Gateway** under the Search menu, or click on the **Locate Gateway** toolbar icon.



If the **Locate Result** is **OK**, then the Ready light on the located NPort PCG unit will blink steadily, and the buzzer will beep once per second, allowing you to identify the NPort PCG and IP Address.



Click on **OK** to cause the NPort PCG unit's Ready light to stop blinking.

## Selecting/Deselecting NPort PCG

The **Select All** and **Deselect All** functions are provided to make it easier to download the AP, Kernel, and Firmware to multiple NPort 5200-P series.

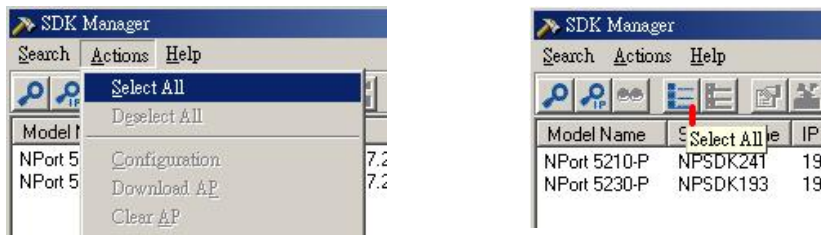
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**NOTE** *SDK Manager includes a **multi-selection** capability. Hold down the Ctrl key to select multiple NPort PCGs that are not listed in order, or hold down the Shift key to select all NPort PCG listed between the first and last NPort PCG that you click on.*

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### Select All

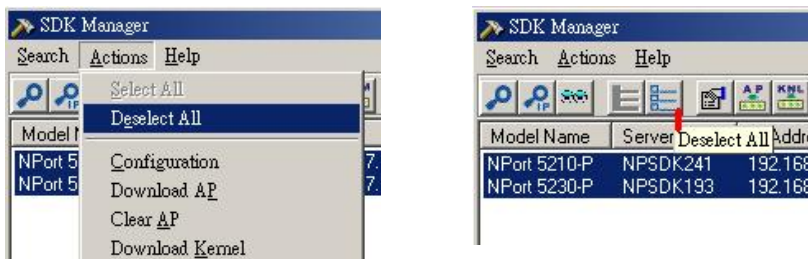
The **Select All** function is used to select all NPort PCGs listed in the SDK Manager window. To use this function, select **Select All** under the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Select All** toolbar icon.



This will cause all NPort PCGs listed in SDK Manager window to become highlighted.

### Deselect All

The **Deselect All** function is used to deselect all NPort PCGs listed in the SDK Manager window. To use this function, select **Deselect All** under the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Deselect All** toolbar icon.



This will cause all NPort PCGs listed in the SDK Manager window to become unhighlighted.

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**NOTE** When working with more than one NPort PCG 5200-P Series product connected to the same network, be sure to assign a unique IP address to each device.

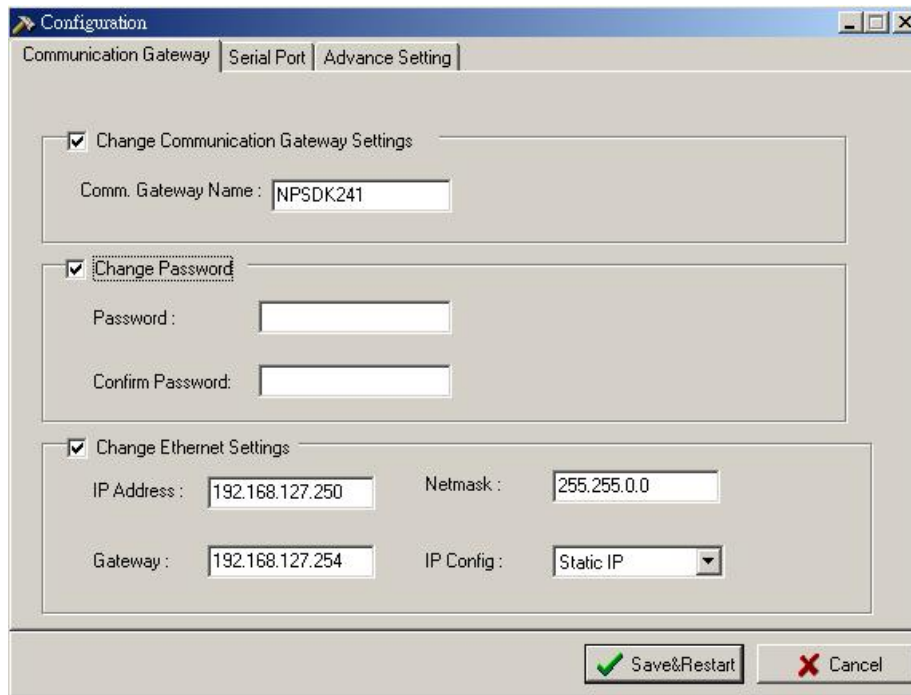
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## Configuring an NPort PCG

To use this function, select **Configuration** under the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Configuration** toolbar icon. The **Configuration** window opens with the **Comm. Gateway** tab selected. Each of the six **Configuration** window tabs is discussed in the following subsections.

### Communication Gateway

To make changes, first click in the **Gateway** box, and then modify **Gateway Name** and network settings.



Server Settings		
Setting	Options	Comments
Module Name	<i>Alphanumeric</i>	Determined by user.

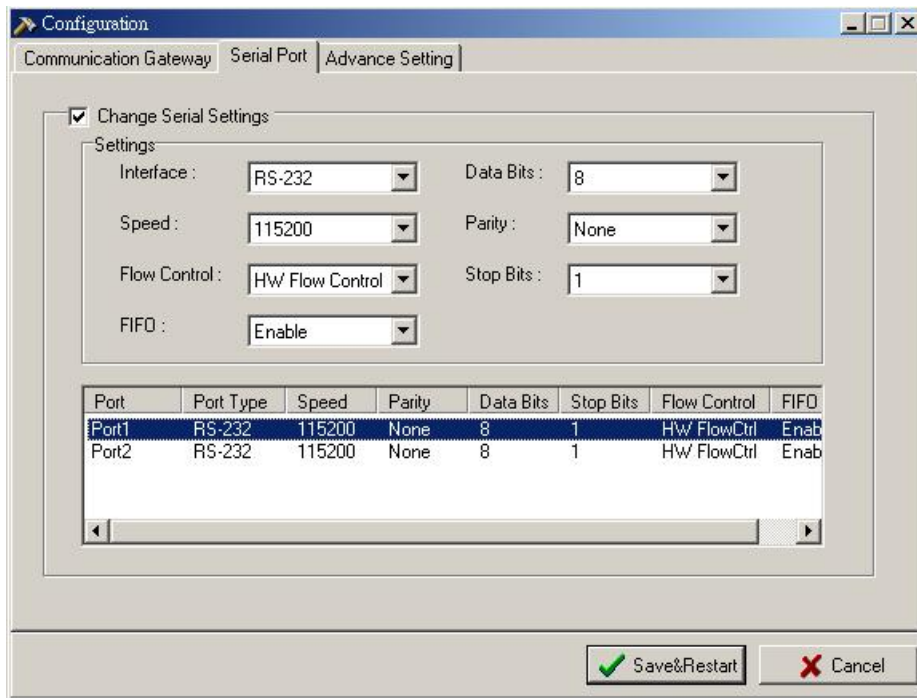
Password Settings		
Setting	Options	Comments
Password	<i>Alphanumeric</i>	Maximum number of characters allowed is 16.
Confirm Password	<i>Alphanumeric</i>	Retype the Password entered in the first box.

Ethernet Port		
IP Address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	<i>Available with multi-selection</i> When multiple target NPort PCGs are selected, they will all be configured with the same IP address.
Netmask	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	<i>Available with multi-selection</i> Define a range of IPs by inputting Start and End values. These IP addresses will be assigned in sequence to selected NPort, in order of their appearance in the Manager window.
Gateway	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	User defined IP address
IP Config	<i>Static IP</i>	Use Pre-defined IP address in "IP Address"
	<i>DHCP</i>	Use DHCP protocol requests for IP address
	<i>DHCP+BOOTP</i>	The DHCP Server assigns the IP address, Netmask, Gateway, DNS, and Time Server. If the DHCP Server does not respond, the BOOTP Server assigns the IP address.
	<i>BOOTP</i>	Use BOOTP protocol requests for IP address

### Serial Port Tab

This section of the Configuration window allows you to modify the serial communication parameters. The modified parameters will be saved in the NPort PCG's flash ROM.

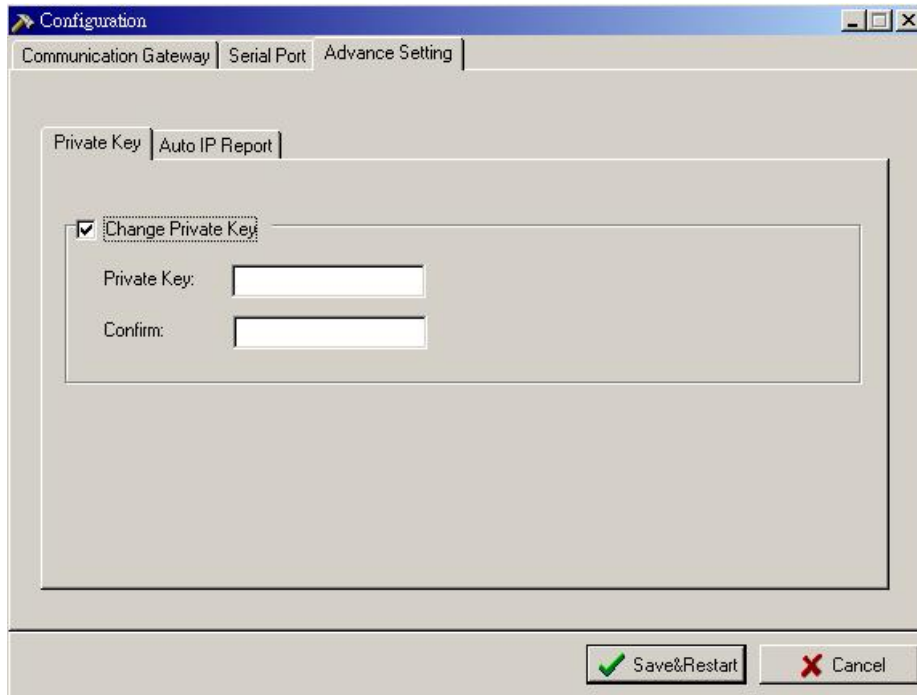
To make changes, first click in the **Change Serial Settings** box, and then click on the port in the display area in the bottom part of the window to make changes to the configuration of the serial ports.



Serial Port Settings	
Setting	Options
Interface	RS-232, RS-422 (including 4-wire RS-485) or 2-wire RS-485
Speed	50 to 230.4kbps
Flow Control	None, HW Flow Control, SW Flow Control
FIFO Mode	Enable, Disable
Data Bits	5, 6, 7, 8
Parity	None, Even, Odd, Space, Mark
Stop Bits	1, 2

Private Key Tab

As mentioned above, a private key is required for both the AP and the NPort PCG. To embed the private key in the NPort PCG, first click in the **Change Private Key** box, and then enter the **Private Key** in the Private Key input box. Finally, enter the same Private Key in the **Confirm** box.

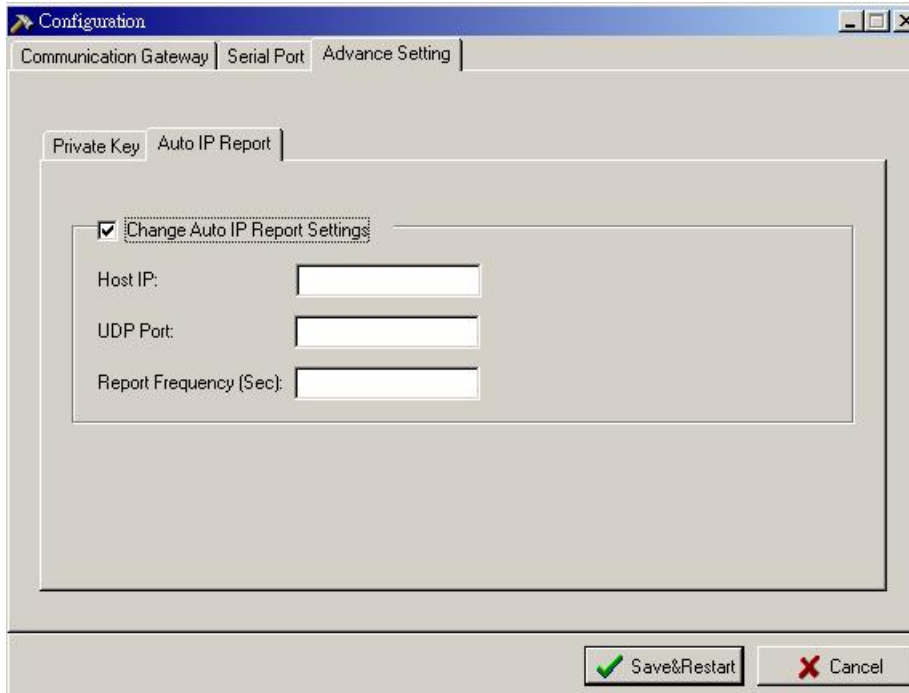


Private Key Settings		
Setting	Options	Comments
Private Key Input	<i>Alphanumeric</i>	Maximum number of alphanumeric characters allowed is 15.
Confirm Private Key	<i>Alphanumeric</i>	Retype the Private Key entered in the first box.

Auto IP Report

In a dynamic IP environment (DHCP, BOOTP), the NPort PCG's IP address changes from time to time, making it hard for the host computer to locate the NPort PCG. To solve this problem, NPort PCG automatically reports its location to a remote host computer. The Location Report section of the Configuration window allows you to set up the IP address corresponding to a specified UDP port for a host computer. The **Report Frequency (Sec)** setting determines how frequently the location report is issued. You can use the PCGCI library to develop software that learns the location of a remote NPort. Refer to the PCGCI Library help file, **C:\PCGSDK2\Pcgclib\LIBRARY \pcgci.chm**, for more details.

To make changes, first click in the **Auto IP Report** tab, and then enter **Host IP**, **UDP Port**, and **Report Frequency (Sec)**.



Location Report Settings		
Setting	Options	Comments
Host IP	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	IP of a remote host computer. Leave this field blank to disable this function.
Listen Port	0 to 65535	Host computer's UDP listen port.
Report Frequency (Sec)	0 to 60 sec	Set to 0 to disable this function.

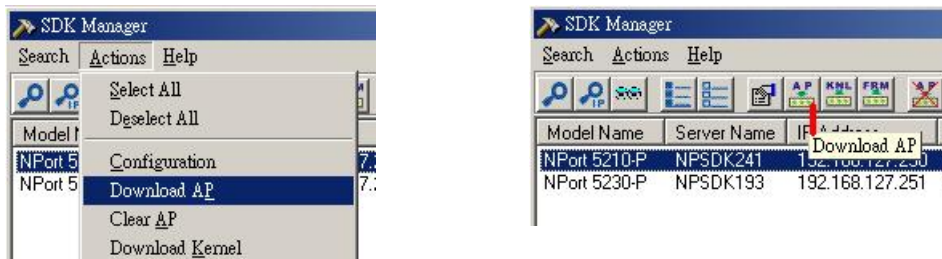


## Application Download

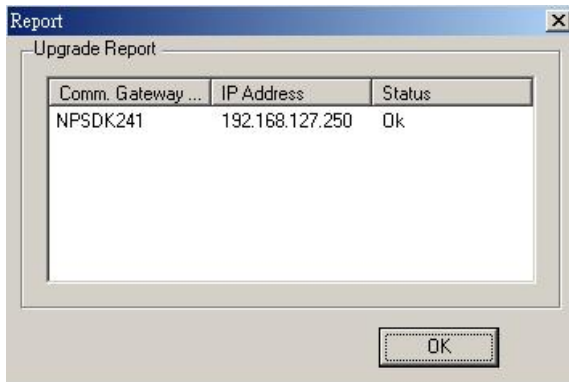
Up to this point, we have only discussed how to configure the NPort PCG's network and other parameters. The next thing to do is download the prepared application (AP) to the NPort PCG testing.

### Download AP

To download the AP, first select **Download AP** from the **Actions** menu, or click on the Download AP toolbar icon.

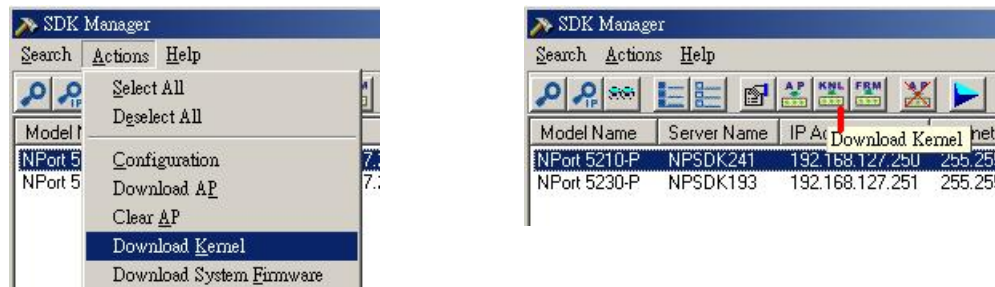


Use the **Open** button to navigate to the folder that contains the AP file, or just type the AP filename directly in the Filename input box. Click **OK** to start downloading the AP. The following window appears when the AP has finished downloading.

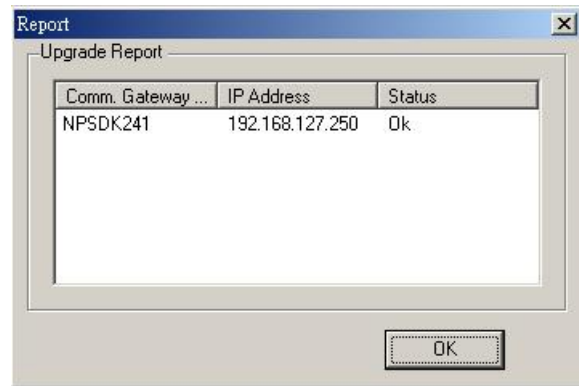


### Download Kernel

The kernel for NPort PCG is preloaded before shipment. When you receive an updated kernel from Moxa, you can use the Download Kernel function to update the kernel yourself. To download the kernel to the NPort PCG, first select **Download Kernel** from the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Download Kernel** toolbar icon.



Use the **Open** button to navigate to the folder that contains the kernel file, or just type the kernel filename directly in the Filename input box. Click **OK** to start downloading the kernel. The following window appears when the kernel has finished downloading.



### Run Application / Debug

You should now be ready to run your application, but first we need to discuss the two NPort PCG operation modes.

#### Choose Running Mode or Developing Mode

NPort 5200-P provides two operation modes, which are selected by jumper (jumper JP4 for NPort 5210; jumper JP2 for NPort 5230). The jumpers are located on NPort 5200-P's circuit board, so to select between the two modes, first remove the outer cover.

##### Developing Mode

NPort 5210: Short jumper JP4
NPort 5230: Short jumper JP2

When set for **Developing Mode**, the PCG will not start running the application automatically after the system is rebooted. To start the application, select **Run Application / Debug** from the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Run Application / Debug** toolbar icon. We suggest setting the operation mode to Developing Mode when going through the debugging process.

##### Running Mode

NPort 5210: Do NOT short jumper JP4
NPort 5230: Do NOT short jumper JP2

When set for **Running Mode**, the PCG automatically executes the application after the system boots up. However, you can stop the application from within SDK Manager. This mode is suitable for regular shipment.

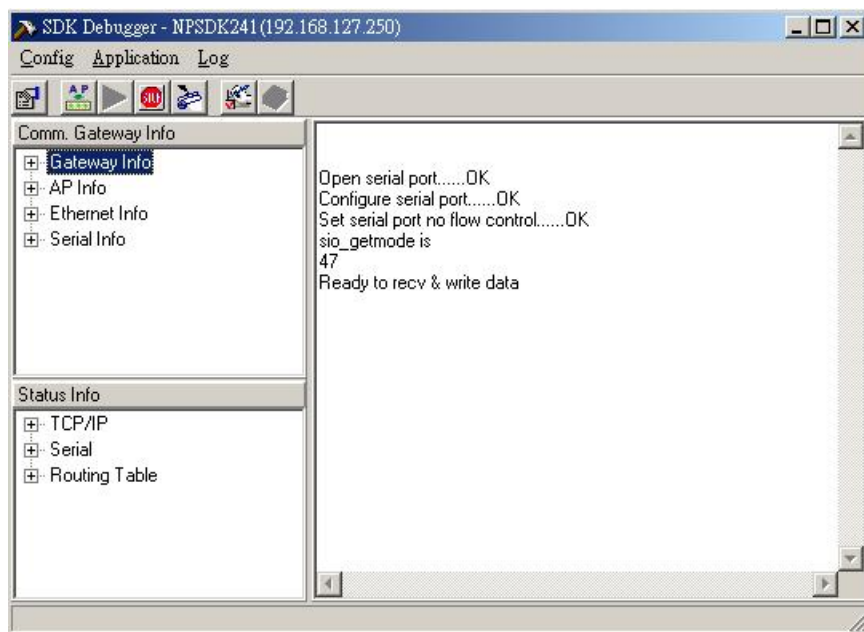
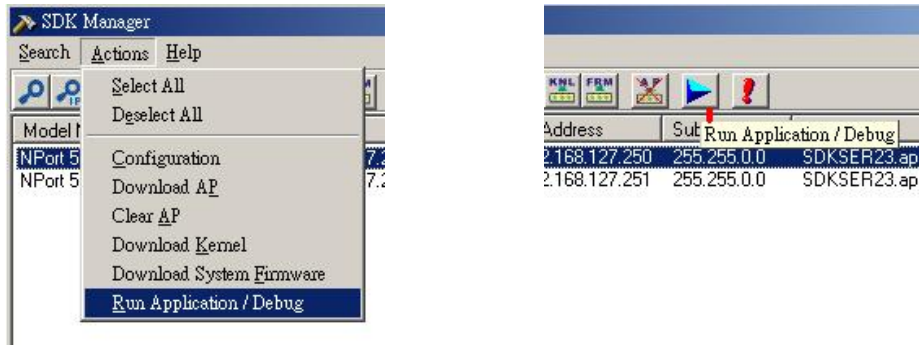
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**NOTE** NPort PCG 5200-P servers are set to Running Mode by default.  
 NPort PCG 5200-ST servers are set to Developing Mode by default.

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### Start Application

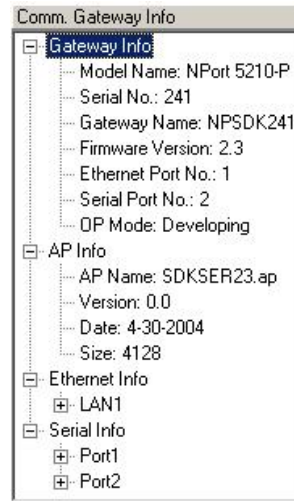
To start an application loaded in the NPort PCG, first select **Run Application /Debug** from the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Run Application /Debug** toolbar icon.



Gateway Info Area

The NPort PCG's basic configuration settings are shown in the **Comm. Gateway Info** area. The information includes the following:

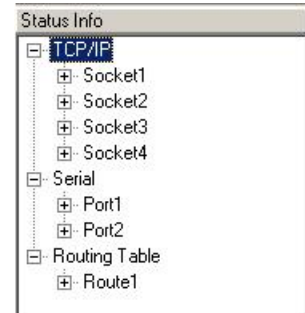
- **Server Info**—includes Model Name, Serial No., Server Name, Firmware Version, number of Serial Ports, number of Ethernet Ports, Watchdog Mode, and OP Mode.
- **AP Info**—includes latest AP Name and file location, Version, Date, and Size.
- **Ethernet Info**—includes MAC address, IP address, Netmask, and Gateway.
- **Serial Info**—includes serial communication parameters.



Status Info Area

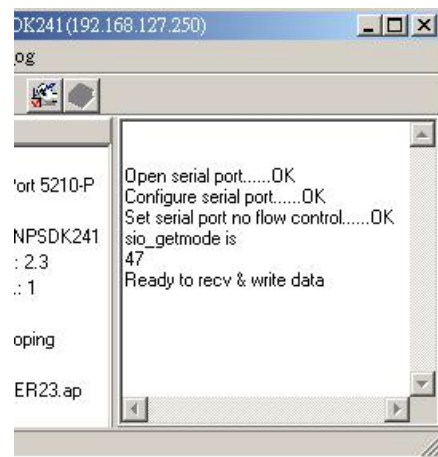
The **Status Info** area shows NPort PCG's online operation status. There are two main items.

- **Ethernet**—NPort PCG support up to ten user programmable TCP sessions. To monitor the usage of these TCP sessions from SDK Debugger, you can see Remote IP, Remote Port, Local IP, Local Port, Socket Type, and Connect Status.
- **Serial**—you can see the total Tx and Rx counts starting from when the SDK Debugger was activated. In addition, you can see line status, including RTS, DTR, CTS, DSR, and DCD.



Debug

The main debug approach for NPort PCG is to put the debug API in your source code as a debug symbol. The debug message will be sent to SDK's debug window via the Ethernet console. The "single step" and "break point" debug methods are currently not supported.



## Example Programs

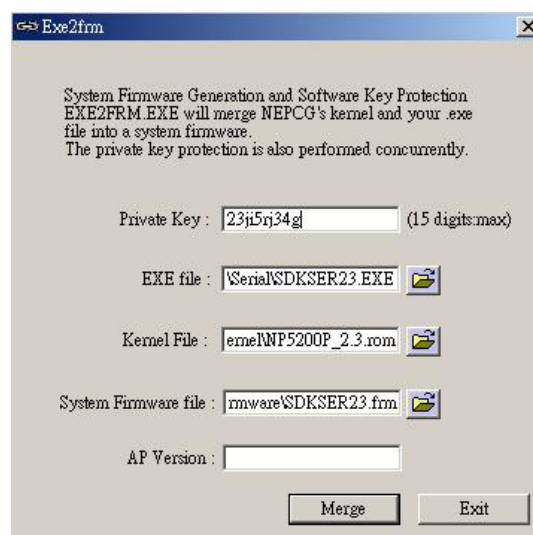
NPort PCG's SDK is a comprehensive utility designed to match a programmer's basic intuition. We've prepared several examples to let you quickly build up your first application. All of the example programs are in the folder \PCGSDK2\Example.

## Application Deployment

After your application has been tested and is ready to go, it's time to deliver the NPort PCG with your software. In this chapter, we offer several useful tips and tools that let you organize the production process efficiently.

### Creating System Firmware—EXE2FRM

In general, the AP file is downloaded to the NPort PCG separate from the kernel. However, PCG SDK provides you with another advanced tool, EXE2FRM, that is used to merge the kernel and AP file into a system firmware file. In this way, product delivery is made easier, and furthermore, the quality of the software is assured. The EXE2FRM program can be found in the C:\PCGSDK2\UTILITY\Exe2frm directory. For easy access, simply create a shortcut on your desktop to the EXE2FRM program. After starting the EXE2FRM program, the window shown at the right will appear.



To generate a system firmware file, you will need to input the Private Key, original EXE file, and Kernel file. The kernel file can be found in the **Kernel** folder on the CD-ROM, or can be downloaded from Moxa's web site at [www.moxa.com](http://www.moxa.com). After entering the above information, enter a file name for the generated System Firmware file. To download the System Firmware, open SDK Manager and locate the target NPort PCG, and then select **Download System Firmware** under the **Actions** menu, or click on the **Download System Firmware** toolbar icon.

## Command Line Usage

To speed up program development, EXE2FRM can also be activated from the DOS command line, as shown below. Simply type:

```
EXE2FRM -Kxxx -SYYYYYYYY.YYY -FYYYYYYYY.YYY -Dzzzzzzzz
```

### Argument description

- K Private key. Select a key with at most 15 characters or numbers (e.g., you could choose private key = 23ji5rj34g).
- S Source file. The source EXE file.
- F The file name for the kernel.
- D FRM file. Note that you should not type the file extension name since it is predefined as "AP".

For example, to generate an FRM file from the command line, add the following line after tlink in the batch file.

```
C:\PCGSDK2\UTILITY\Exe2frm>exe2frm -K23ji5rj34g  
-SC:\PCGSDK2\Example\Serial\SDKSER23.EXE  
-FD:\Kernel\NP5200P_2.3.rom  
-DC:\PCGSDK2\NP5200P_2.3
```

```
C:\PCGSDK2\UTILITY\Exe2frm>exe2frm -K23ji5rj34g -SC:\PCGSDK2\Example\Serial\SDKSER23.EXE -FD:\Kernel\NP5200P_2.3.rom -DC:\PCGSDK2\NP5200P_2.3
```

## Field Utility

SDK Manager is the main field utility for configuration and troubleshooting, but NPort PCG's SDK also provides you with a PCGCI Library that can be used for developing your own proprietary utility. For more information, please refer to next section.

## Developing an NPort PCG Utility

NPort PCG SDK provides the NPort PCG Control Interface (PCGCI) Library for customers who want to develop their own utility for use on a Windows computer.

### PCGCI Library

PCGCI (NPort PCG Configuration Interface) is a set of APIs that run on a Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP systems to search, locate, and config the NPort PCG over the network. The PCGCI library can be found in the folder C:\PCGSDK2\Pcgcilib\LIBRARY. For more information, refer to document neci.chm in that directory. Examples are located in C:\PCGSDK2\Pcgcilib\EXAMPLE.

### AP ID

NPort PCG has a special parameter, called "AP ID," that is of particular interest to PCG SDK programmers who intend to repackage NPort PCG with their own application, new product name, and new model number. The AP ID can be used to distinguish between different application programs.

You can develop several versions of an application for use with different projects. In this case, it is necessary for the host utility to identify which application is running on the NPort PCG. NPort PCG uses the AP ID to identify which module is associated with which PCGCI API. The AP ID is stored in the System Parameter Block within the firmware.

To set up the AP ID, you will need to insert the following code at the beginning of your own source code (refer to the SDK Library System Control API).

```
void sys_Set_RegisterID( unsigned long id);
```

The AP ID can be read by SDK Manager, as well as by your own management utility created with PCGCI Library.

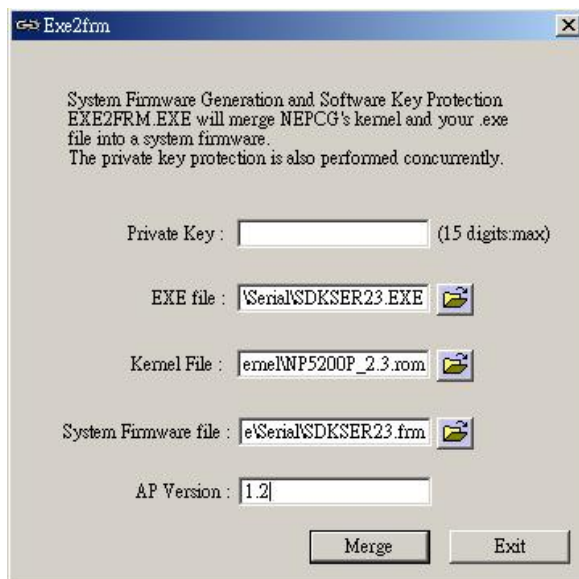
### AP Version

To modify the AP version of your application, add the following code in the c file.

```
char Ver[ ] = "SDK User AP V1.2";
```

You may also use Exe2ap or Exe2frm to modify the AP version directly, as illustrated in the following figures:





The AP version shows up in SDK Manager window.

AP Name	AP ID	AP Version
SDKSER23...	0x80004512	1.2

# 5

## Programming Notes

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This chapter provides a more in-depth explanation of the following topics.

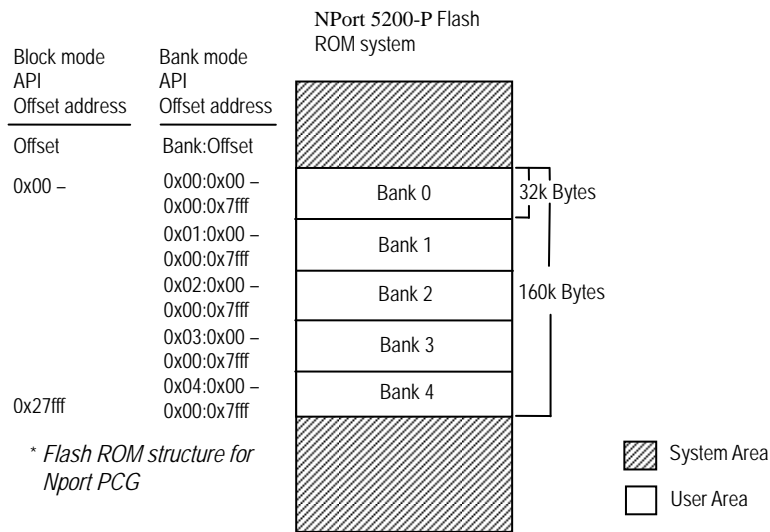
- Flash ROM Access
- Serial I/O Buffer

## Flash ROM Access

NPort PCG contains a block of flash memory that is available for data buffering, or to store a small amount of data. To make the operating system more efficient, there is no file system.

## Flash ROM Structure

The flash ROM structure is illustrated below.



NPort 5200-P have 160 KB of user program space. There are two modes for accessing data stored in the flash ROM.

1. Block mode

The API “flash\_xxxx( )” runs in block mode. The entire user area is treated as a block, with sequential addresses used for each byte of data. The location of data in the flash is specified by an offset address.

2. Bank mode

The API “sys\_flashxxx( )” runs in bank mode. Each bank contains 32 KB of flash memory. The location of data in the flash is specified by a combination of bank and offset addresses.

## Writing Data

Data is written sequentially into the flash according to your program's instructions. Each time data is written, the offset address automatically moves to the next writing point. For example, if the original offset address is 0x0100, and 20 bytes of data are stored, then the API moves the offset address to 0x0121.

The API "flash\_length()" gets the length of the data currently stored in the flash. The return code "-2" indicates that the bank is full. To reuse this bank, you first need to copy the data currently in the bank to another bank. After the bank is cleared by the API, you can again write data, starting at beginning of the bank.

## Reading Data

You may use the offset address in block mode or bank:offset in bank mode to retrieve any of the data in the flash memory.

## Erasing Data

Due to the characteristic of flash, each byte in the flash can only be written once. To re-write the same byte, you need to erase the entire bank.

## Serial I/O Buffer

The internal buffer for serial I/O is located in the kernel. There are 2 KB of buffer space for receiving data, and 4 KB for sending data.

In this chapter, we present a short list of Questions and Answers to assist you in solving frequently encountered problems.

**Question 1**

Why is SDK Manager unable to configure or start debugging the NPort PCG after searching for the NPort over a network?

**Answer 1**

SDK Manager uses UDP (which broadcasts packets over the network) to search for NPort PCGs installed on the network. The configuration and debugging functions use TCP communication. A typical error code from SDK Manager is “timeout”, “-2”. The following reasons could cause TCP communication in SDK Manager to fail, whereas UDP works fine.

- IP conflict
- Netmask setting
- Default gateway

The fastest solution is to reset the IP, netmask configuration to the same IP class for both PC and NPort PCG. In this case, also remove the default gateway.

**Question 2**

What is the difference between “Download AP” and “Download Firmware?”

**Answer 2**

1. “Download AP” is for downloading the Application Program to the NPort PCG, but “Download Firmware” involves downloading a file that combines the Application Program and “Kernel.”
2. The Firmware contains both the NPort PCG’s application program and kernel. This is convenient for developers when distributing the final software package to end users.

**Question 3**

Why is SDK Manager unable to download an AP to the NPort PCG, and you see error code “-5”?

**Answer 3**

The error code “-5” occurs when the Private Key on the NPort PCG and the AP are mismatched. The solution is to use SDK Manager to reset the Private Key of the NPort PCG to correct value.