

December 2010

No. OCH491

SERVICE MANUAL

Series PCA Ceiling Suspended R410A

Indoor unit [Model names] [Service Ref.]

PCA-RP50KAQ PCA-RP50KAQ

PCA-RP60KAQ PCA-RP60KAQ

PCA-RP71KAQ PCA-RP71KAQ

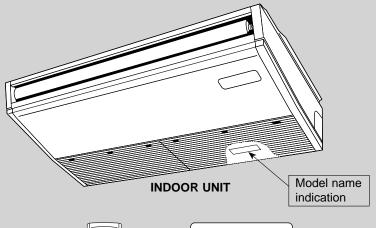
PCA-RP100KAQ PCA-RP100KAQ

PCA-RP125KAQ PCA-RP125KAQ

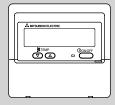
PCA-RP140KAQ PCA-RP140KAQ

NOTE:

- This manual describes only service data of the indoor units.
- RoHS compliant products have <G> mark on the spec name plate.







WIRED REMOTE CONTROLLER (Option)

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PARTS CATALOG (OCB491)



1

REFERENCE MANUAL

1-1. OUTDOOR UNIT'S SERVICE MANUAL

Service Ref.	Service Manual No.
PUHZ-RP50/60/71VHA4 PUHZ-RP100/125/140VKA PUHZ-RP100/125/140/200/250YKA PUHZ-RP200YKAR1	OCH451 OCB451
PU(H)-P71/100VHAR3.UK PU(H)-P71/100/125/140YHAR3.UK	OC379
PUHZ-P100/125/140VHA3R2.UK PUHZ-P100/125/140YHAR1.UK	OCH415 / OCB415
PUHZ-P200/250YHA3R2	OCH424 / OCB424
SUZ-KA50/60/71VA2.TH	OCH472
SUZ-KA50/60/71VA2.TH-A	OCH473

1-2. TECHNICAL DATA BOOK

Series (Outdoor unit)	Manual No.
SUZ-KA • VA	OCS03
PUHZ-RP • HA4 PUHZ-RP • KA	OCS16
PUHZ-P • VHA3 PUHZ-P • YHAR3	OCS17

Note:

The phrase "Wired remote controller" in this service manual refers only to the PAR-21MAA.

If you need any information for the PAR-30MAA, please refer to the instruction book included in PAR-30MAA box.

SAFETY PRECAUTION

2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilising refrigerant R410A

Use new refrigerant pipes.

In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the followings.

- · For RP100, 125 and 140, be sure to perform replacement operation before test run.
- Change flare nut to the one provided with this product. Use a newly flared pipe.
- · Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Store the piping to be used indoors during installation, and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold	Flare tool			
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge			
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant			
	charging scale			

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

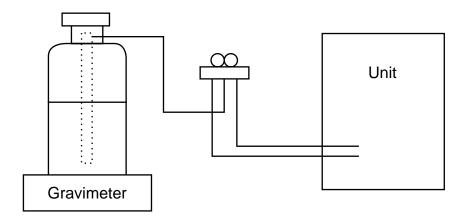
[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



[3] Service tools

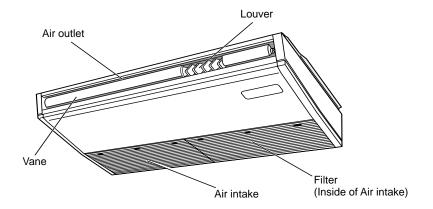
Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications	
1	Gauge manifold	· Only for R410A	
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)	
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.	
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A	
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.	
3	Electronic scale		
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.	
(5)	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.	
6	Refrigerant charge base	-	
7	Refrigerant cylinder	· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)	
		· Cylinder with syphon	
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_	

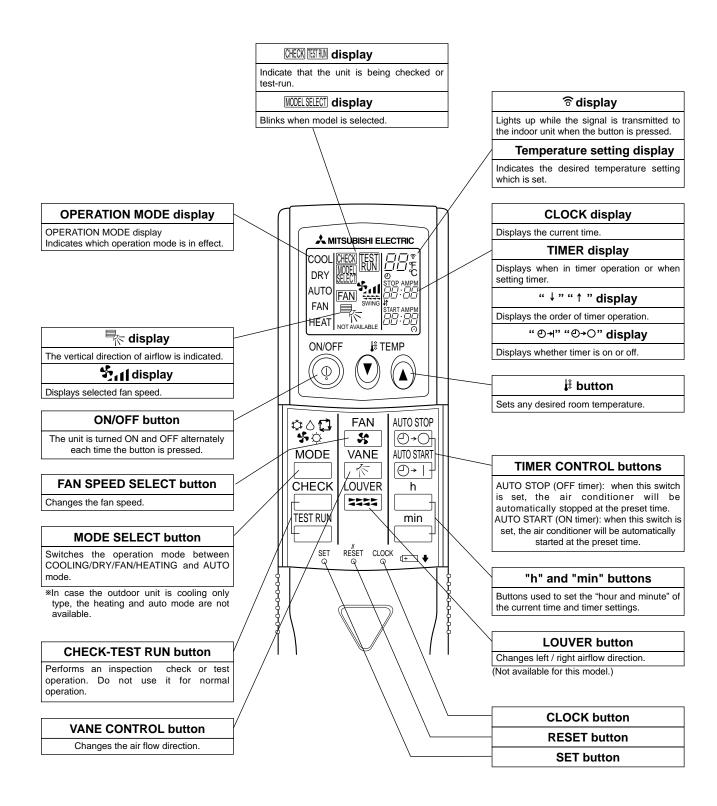
PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

• Indoor Unit

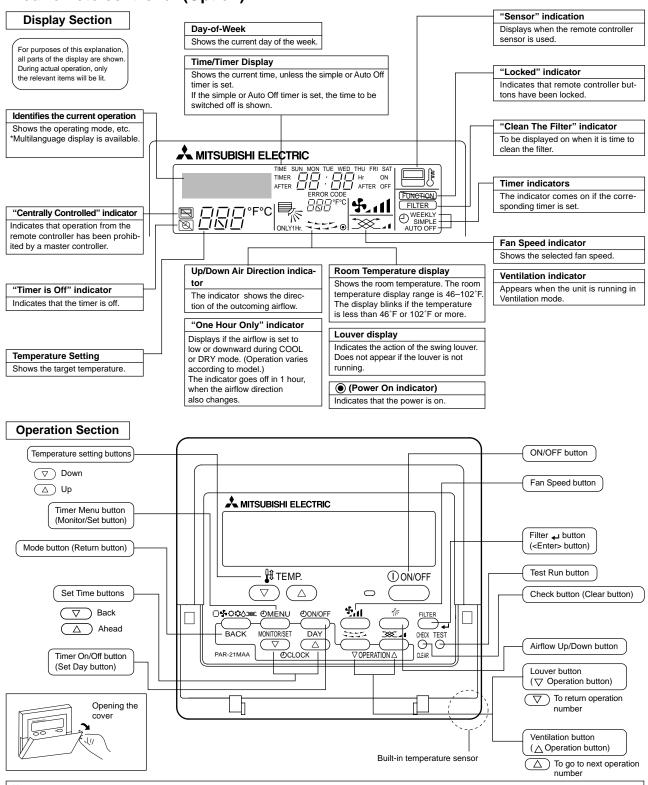
3



Wireless remote controller (Option)



Wired remote controller (Option)



Note:

- "PLEASE WAIT" message
 - This message is displayed for approximately 3 minutes when power is supplied to the indoor unit or when the unit is recovering from a power failure.
- "NOT AVAILABLE" message
 - This message is displayed if an invalid button is pressed (to operate a function that the indoor unit does not have).

If a single remote controller is used to operate multiple indoor units simultaneously that are different types, this message will not be displayed as far as any of the indoor units is equipped with the function.

4

SPECIFICATIONS

4-1. SPECIFICATIONS

	Service F	Ref.			PCA-RP	50KAQ	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating	
	Power supply(phase, cycle, voltage)				Single phase,	50Hz, 230V	
		Input		kW	0.05	0.05	
		Running current		Α	0.37	0.37	
	External f	External finish			Munsell 6.4	Y 8.9/0.4	
L	Heat exchanger				Plate fi	in coil	
I L	Fan Fan(drive) x No.				Sirocco fan (direct) x 2		
		Fan motor output		kW	0.09	90	
lK		Airflow(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	10-11-13-15(355-390-460-530)		
INDOOR		External static press	sure	Pa(mmAq)	0(direct blow)		
뮏		control & Thermost			Remote controller & built-in		
-	Noise level(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		ım1-High)	dB	32-34-3	37-40	
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	26(1)	
	Dimensio	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	960(37-	13/16)	
			D	mm(in.)	680(26	6-3/4)	
		Н		mm(in.)	230(9-1/16)		
	Weight			kg(lbs)	25(5	25(55)	

	Service F	Ref.			PCA-RP0	60KAQ	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating	
	Power supply(phase, cycle, voltage)				Single phase,	50Hz, 230V	
		Input		kW	0.06	0.06	
		Running current		Α	0.39	0.39	
	External f	External finish			Munsell 6.4	Y 8.9/0.4	
l.	Heat exchanger				Plate fi	n coil	
	Fan Fan(drive) x No.				Sirocco fan	(direct) x 3	
		Fan motor output		kW	0.09	95	
lK		Airflow(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	15-16-17-19(530-565-600-670)		
INDOOR		External static press	sure	Pa(mmAq)	O(direct blow)		
닏	Operation	control & Thermost	at		Remote contro	Remote controller & built-in	
-	Noise leve	el(Low-Medium2-Mediu	ım1-High)	dB	33-35-3	37-40	
	Field drain	n pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	26(1)	
	Dimensio	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	1,280(5	0-3/8)	
		D		mm(in.)	680(26	6-3/4)	
	Н		Н	mm(in.)	230(9-	1/16)	
	Weight			kg(lbs)	32(7	71)	

	Service F	Ref.			PCA-RP	71KAQ	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating	
	Power su	pply(phase, cycle, vo	oltage)		Single phase,	50Hz, 230V	
		Input		kW	0.06	0.06	
		Running current		Α	0.42	0.42	
	External f	inish			Munsell 6.4	Y 8.9/0.4	
L	Heat exchanger				Plate fi	n coil	
LIND	Fan	Fan(drive) x No.			Sirocco fan ((direct) x 3	
		Fan motor output		kW	0.095		
18		Airflow(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	16-17-18-20(565-600-635-705)		
INDOOR			xternal static pressure		0(direct blow)		
뉟	Operation	control & Thermost	at		Remote contro	oller & built-in	
-	Noise leve	l(Low-Medium2-Mediu	ım1-High)	dB	35-37-3	35-37-39-41	
	Field drain	n pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	26(1	1)	
	Dimensio	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	1,280(5	0-3/8)	
		D		mm(in.)	680(26	5-3/4)	
	H		Н	mm(in.)	230(9-1/16)		
	Weight	Weight kg(lbs)			32(7	32(71)	

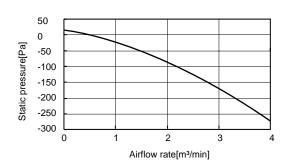
	Service F	Ref.			PCA-RP1	I00KAQ	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating	
	Power su	Power supply(phase, cycle, voltage)			Single phase	, 50Hz, 230V	
		Input		kW	0.09	0.09	
		Running current		Α	0.65	0.65	
UNIT	External f	External finish			Munsell 6.	4Y 8.9/0.4	
	Heat exchanger				Plate	fin coil	
	Fan	Fan Fan(drive) x No.			Sirocco fan (direct) × 4		
		Fan motor output		kW	0.1	0.160	
ЭR		Airflow(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	22-24-26-28(775-850-920-990)		
INDOOR		External static pressure		Pa(mmAq)	0(direc	0(direct blow)	
닐	Operation	n control & Thermosta	at		Remote contr	Remote controller & built-in	
_		el(Low-Medium2-Mediu	ım1-High)	dB	37-39	-41-43	
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	26	(1)	
	Dimensio	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	1,60	0(63)	
		D H		mm(in.)	680(2	6-3/4)	
				mm(in.)	230(9	230(9-1/16)	
1	Weight			kg(lbs)	36(79)	

	Service I	Ref.			PCA-RP	125KAQ	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating	
	Power supply(phase, cycle, voltage)				Single phase	e, 50Hz, 230V	
		Input		kW	0.11	0.11	
		Running current		Α	0.76	0.76	
	External	finish			Munsell 6	.4Y 8.9/0.4	
ᇈ	Heat exchanger				Plate	fin coil	
L N	Fan Fan(drive) × No.			Sirocco far	n (direct) × 4		
		Fan motor output		kW	0.	0.160	
INDOOR		Airflow(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	23-25-27-29(81	23-25-27-29(810-885-955-1025)	
١ŏ		External static pressure		Pa(mmAq)	0(dire	0(direct blow)	
닏	Operation	n control & Thermost	at		Remote cont	Remote controller & built-in	
-	Noise leve	el(Low-Medium2-Mediu	ım1-High)	dB	39-41	39-41-43-45	
	Field drai	in pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	26	6(1)	
	Dimensio	ons	W	mm(in.)	1,60	00(63)	
		D		mm(in.)	680(2	26-3/4)	
			Н	mm(in.)	230(9	230(9-1/16)	
	Weight	Weight		kg(lbs)	38	38(84)	

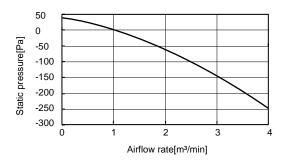
	Service F	Ref.			PCA-RP1	40KAQ
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	Power supply(phase, cycle, voltage)			Single phase	, 50Hz, 230V
		Input		kW	0.14	0.14
		Running current		Α	0.90	0.90
	External f				Munsell 6.4	4Y 8.9/0.4
ᆫ	Heat exchanger				Plate f	in coil
LINI	Fan	Fan(drive) × No.			Sirocco fan	(direct) × 4
		Fan motor output		kW	0.1	60
lg.		Airflow(Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min(CFM)	24-26-29-32(850-920-1025-1130)	
ΙŎ		External static pressure		Pa(mmAq)	0(direct blow)	
INDOOR		control & Thermost			Remote controller & built-in	
-		I(Low-Medium2-Mediu	ım1-High)	dB	41-43-	45-48
		n pipe O.D.		mm(in.)	26	(1)
	Dimension	Dimensions W D H		mm(in.)	1,600	0(63)
				mm(in.)	680(2)	6-3/4)
				mm(in.)	230(9-	-1/16)
	Weight kg(lbs)		kg(lbs)	39(39(86)	

4-2. FRESH AIR INTAKE AMOUNT & STATIC PRESSURE CHARACTERISTICS

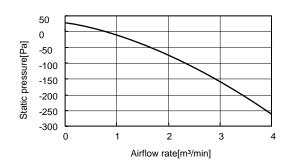
■ PCA-RP50KAQ



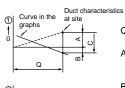
■ PCA-RP100, 125, 140KAQ

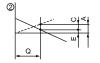


■ PCA-RP60, 71KAQ



How to read curves







- Q...Designed amount of fresh air intake
- A···Static pressure loss of fresh air intake duct system with airflow amount Q <Pa>
- B···Forced static pressure at air conditioner inlet with airflow amount Q <Pa>
- C···Static pressure of booster fan with airflow amount Q <Pa>
- D···Static pressure loss increase amount of fresh air intake duct system for airflow amount Q <Pa>
- E···Static pressure of indoor unit with airflow amount Q <Pa>
- $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Qa} \cdots \text{Estimated} & \text{amount of fresh air} \\ & \text{intake without D} & & \text{<m}^3\text{/min>} \end{array}$

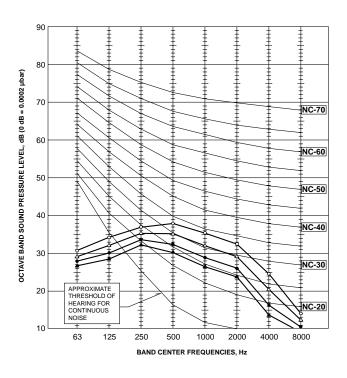
NOISE CRITERION CURVES

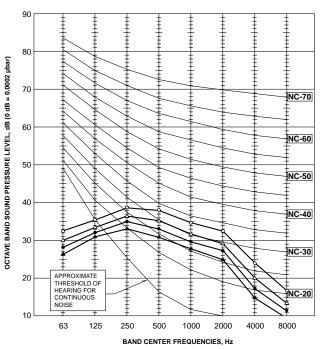
PCA-RP50KAQ

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	40	$\bigg\}$
Medium1	37	<u> </u>
Medium2	34	•
Low	32	1

PCA-RP60KAQ

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	40	$\overset{\diamond}{\longrightarrow}$
Medium1	37	<u> </u>
Medium2	35	•
Low	33	_



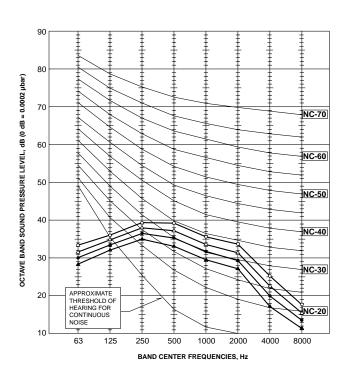


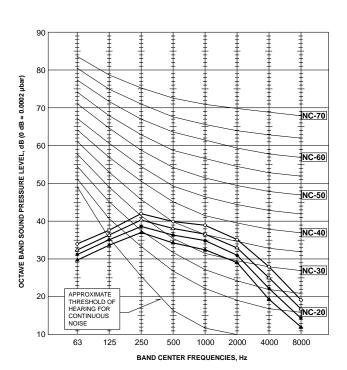
PCA-RP71KAQ

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	41	
Medium1	39	<u> </u>
Medium2	37	•
Low	35	1

PCA-RP100KAQ

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	43	0
Medium1	41	ΔΔ
Medium2	39	•
Low	37	A



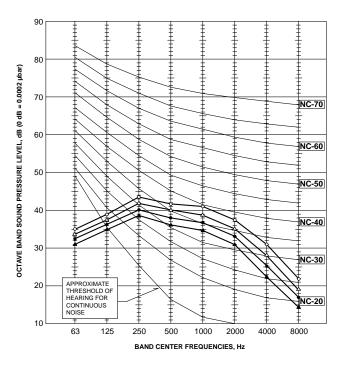


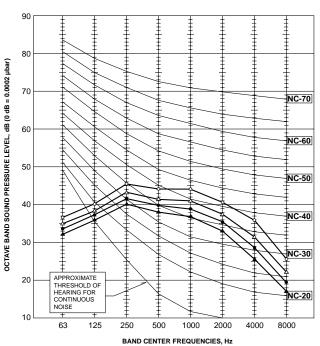
PCA-RP125KAQ

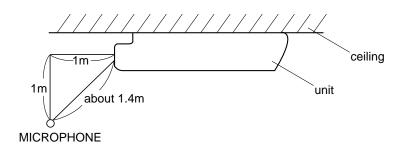
NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	45	
Medium1	43	ΔΔ
Medium2	41	•—•
Low	39	

PCA-RP140KAQ

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	48	$\bigg\}$
Medium1	45	4
Medium2	43	•
Low	41	1

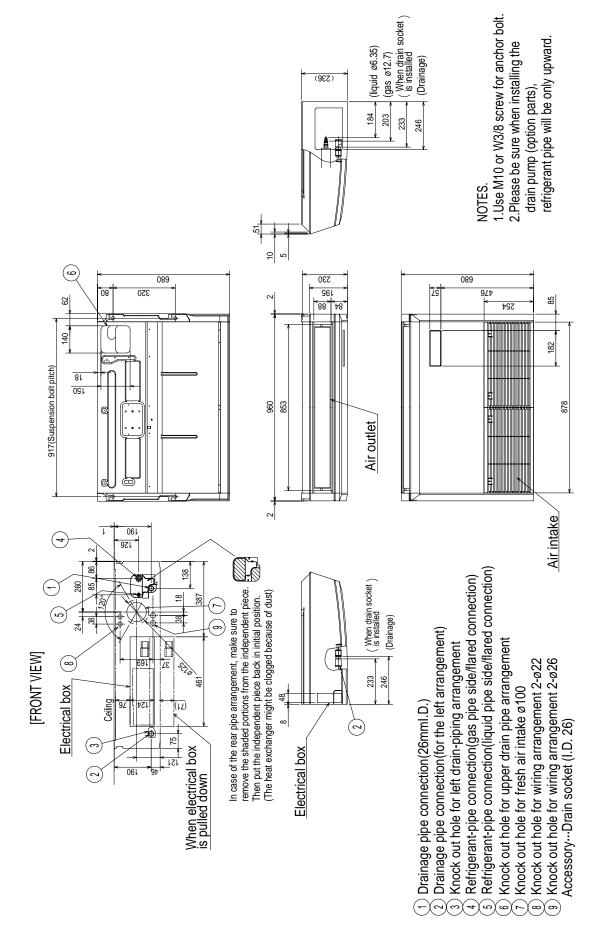






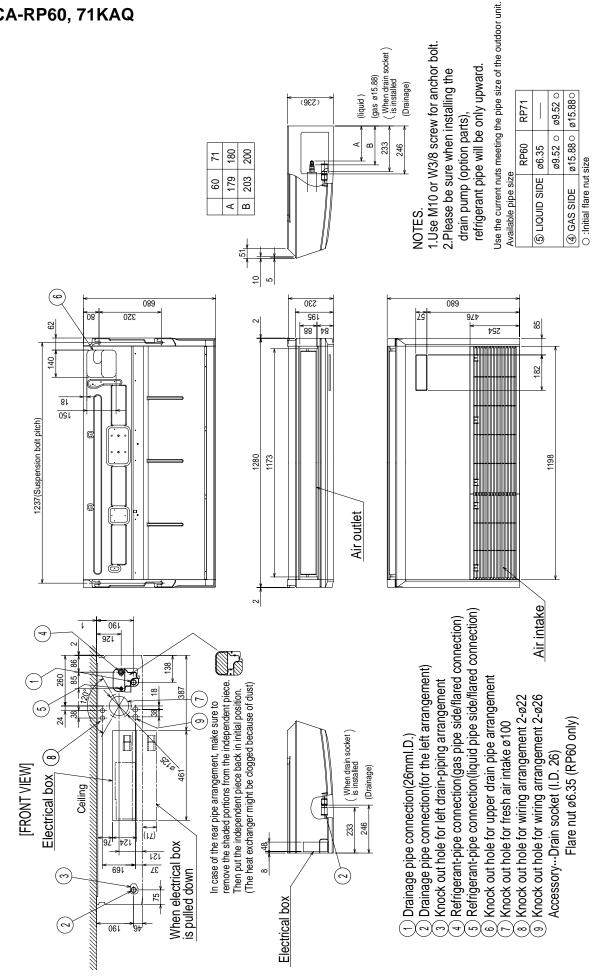
OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

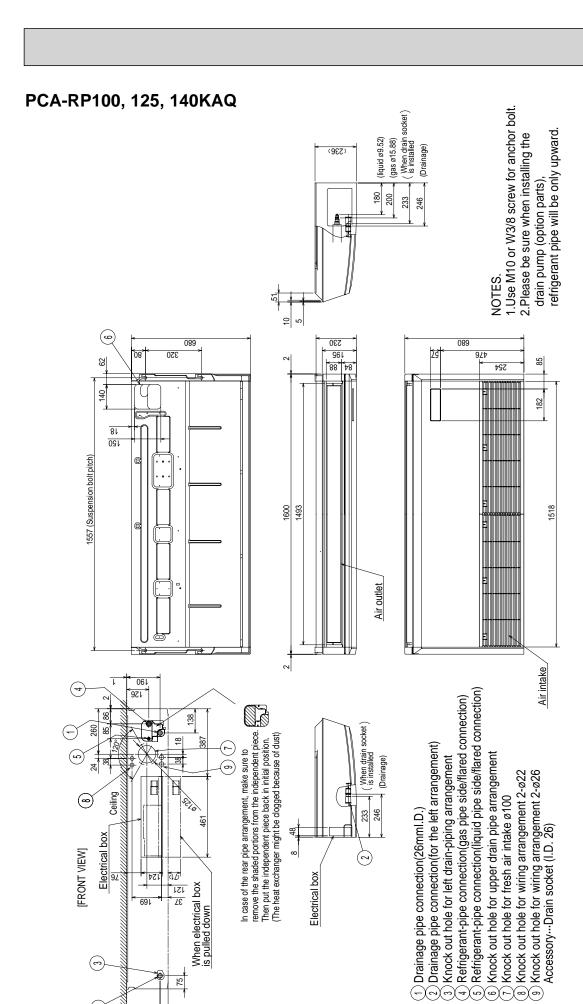
PCA-RP50KAQ Unit: mm



PCA-RP60, 71KAQ

Unit: mm

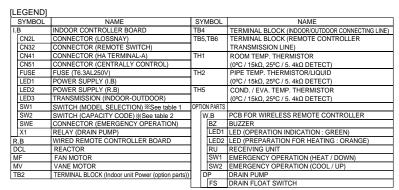




Unit : mm

WIRING DIAGRAM

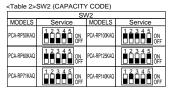
PCA-RP50KAQ PCA-RP60KAQ PCA-RP71KAQ PCA-RP100KAQ PCA-RP125KAQ PCA-RP140KAQ

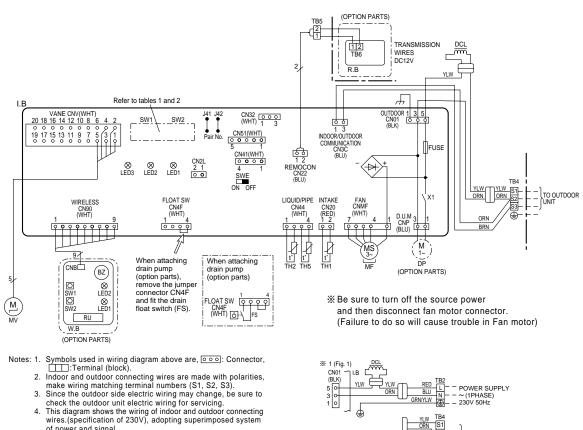


The black square (\mathbf{n}) indicates a switch position.

<Table 1> SW1 (MODEL SELECTION)



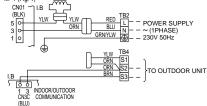




- wires (specialization of both and signal).

 **1: When work to Supply power separately to indoor and outdoor units was applied, refer to Fig 1.

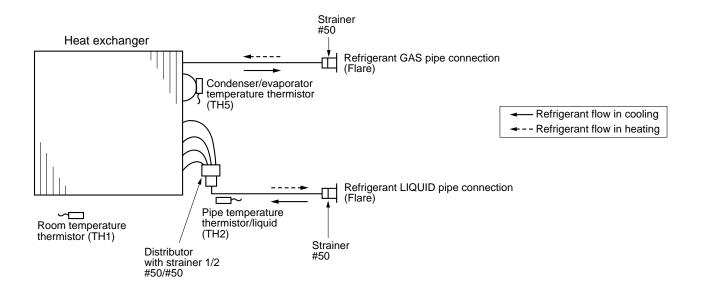
 **2: For power supply system of this unit, refer to the caution label located near this diagram.



8

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PCA-RP50KAQ PCA-RP60KAQ PCA-RP71KAQ PCA-RP100KAQ PCA-RP125KAQ PCA-RP140KAQ



TROUBLESHOOTING

9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

9

<Error code display by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past error codes are logged and displayed on the wired remote controller or controller board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service and the trouble reoccurrence at field are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Error code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reoccurring.	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "9-3. Self-diagnosis action table".
	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena".
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 ①Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise and etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring and etc. ②Reset error code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. ③There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller and etc.
	Not logged	 ①Re-check the abnormal symptom. ②Conduct trouble shooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena". ③Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. ④There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller and etc.

9-2. MALFUNCTION-DIAGNOSIS METHOD BY REMOTE CONTROLLER

<In case of trouble during operation>

When a malfunction occurs to air conditioner, both indoor unit and outdoor unit will stop and operation lamp blinks to inform unusual stop.

<Malfunction-diagnosis method at maintenance service>

■Wireless remote controller(Option)

Refrigerant address display A MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CHECK 00 CHECK display Temperature button #TEMP ON/OFF ① lackON/OFF button AUTO STOP **\$0** FAN 35 ⊕ → ○ MODE VANE UTO STAR HOUR 个 ⊕ → | button CHECK LOUVER CHECK TEST RUN min button CLOCK ← ◆

[Procedure]

- 1. Press the CHECK button twice.
- "CHECK" lights, and refrigerant address "00" flashes.
- · Check that the remote controller's display has stopped before continuing.
- 2. Press the temperature () (a) buttons.
- · Select the refrigerant address of the indoor unit for the self-diagnosis.

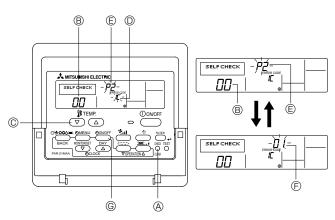
Note: Set refrigerant address using the outdoor unit's DIP switch (SW1). (For more information, see the outdoor unit installation manual.)

- 3. Point the remote controller at the sensor on the indoor unit and press the HOUR button.
- If an air conditioner error occurs, the indoor unit's sensor emits an intermittent buzzer sound, the operation light flashes, and the error code is output. (It takes 3 seconds at most for error

code to appear.)

- 4. Point the remote controller at the The check mode is cancelled. sensor on the indoor unit and press the ON/OFF button.

■Wired remote controller(Option)



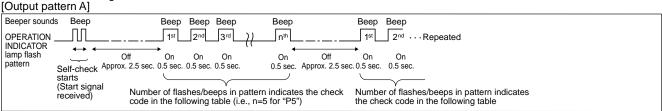
- ① Turn on the power.
- 2 Press the [CHECK] button twice.
- 3 Set address with [TEMP] button if system control is used.
- 4 Press the [ON/OFF] button to stop the self-check.
 - **A** CHECK button
 - ® Address
 - © TEMP, button
 - IC : Indoor unit OC: Outdoor unit
 - © Check code -: No trouble generated in the past. FFFF: No corresponding unit.
 - Duit No.
 - © Timer ON/OFF button

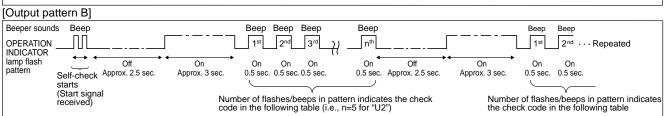
<To delete check code>

- ① Display the error code on the self-check result display screen.
- ② The address for self-check will blink when the ⑤ ② ON/OFF button is pressed twice within 3 seconds.

To be continued to the next page.

• Refer to the following tables for details on the check codes.





[Output pattern A] Errors detected by indoor unit

Output pattern Aj Enois detected by indoor drift				
Wireless remote controller	Wired remote controller			
Beeper sounds/OPERATION		Symptom	Remark	
INDICATOR lamp flashes	Check code	Symptom	INGIIIAIN	
(Number of times)				
1	P1	Intake sensor error		
2	P2	Pipe (TH2) sensor error		
2	P9	Pipe (TH5) sensor error		
3	E6,E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error		
4	P4	Drain sensor error/Float switch connector (CN4F) open		
5	P5	Drain pump error		
3	PA	Forced compressor stop(due to water leakage abnormality)		
6 P6		Freezing/Overheating protection operation		
7	EE	Communication error between indoor and outdoor units		
8	P8	Pipe temperature error		
9 E4, E5 Remote controller		Remote controller signal receiving error		
10		-		
11	11 – –			
12	Fb	Indoor unit control system error (memory error, etc.)		
_	E0, E3	Remote controller transmission error		
 E1, E2 Remote controller control board error 				

[Output pattern B] Errors detected by unit other than indoor unit (outdoor unit, etc.)

[Output pattern B] Errors detected by this other than indoor this (outdoor this, ote.)				
	Wired remote controller			
Beeper sounds/OPERATION		Symptom	Remark	
INDICATOR lamp flashes	Check code	Cymptom	Remark	
(Number of times)				
1	E9	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error		
1	E9	(Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)		
2	UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption		
3	U3,U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors	For details, check	
4	UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked)	the LED display	
F	110	Abnormal high discharging temperature/49C operated/	of the outdoor controller board. As for outdoor unit, refer to	
5	U2	insufficient refrigerant		
•	114 114	Abnormal high pressure (63H operated)/Overheating		
6	U1,Ud	protection operation		
7	U5	Abnormal temperature of heat sink	outdoor unit's	
8	U8	Outdoor unit fan protection stop	service manual.	
9	U6	Compressor overcurrent interruption/Abnormal of power module		
10	U7	Abnormality of super heat due to low discharge temperature		
44	110 1111	Abnormality such as overvoltage or voltage shortage and		
11	U9,UH	abnormal synchronous signal to main circuit/Current sensor error		
12	_	-		
13	_	-		
14	Others	Other errors (Refer to the technical manual for the outdoor unit.)		

^{*1} If the beeper does not sound again after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received and the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp does not come on, there are no error records.
*2 If the beeper sounds 3 times continuously "beep, beep, beep (0.4 + 0.4 + 0.4 sec.)" after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received, the specified refrigerant address is incorrect.
• On wireless remote controller

The continuous buzzer sounds from receiving section of indoor unit. Blink of operation lamp

On wired remote controller Check code displayed in the LCD.

• On wireless remote controller

The continuous buzzer sounds from receiving section of indoor unit.

- Blink of operation lamp
- On wired remote controller Check code displayed in the LCD.
- If the unit cannot be operated properly after test run, refer to the following table to find the cause.

Symptom			Cause	
Wired remote controller		LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	Cause	
PLEASE WAIT	For about 2 minutes after power-on	After LED 1, 2 are lighted, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lighted. (Correct operation)	•For about 2 minutes following power-on,operation of the remote controller is not possible due to system start-up. (Correct operation)	
PLEASE WAIT → Error code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lighted. → LED 1, 2 blink.	Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3)	
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on	Only LED 1 is lighted. → LED 1 blinks twice, LED 2 blinks once.	 Incorrect wiring between indoor and outdoor units (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3) Remote controller wire short 	

On the wireless remote controller with condition above, following phenomena take place.

- No signals from the remote controller can be received.
- Operation lamp is blinking.
 The buzzer makes a short ping sound.

Note:

Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the indoor controller, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller. This LED lights only in the case of the indoor unit which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between indoor and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the indoor and outdoor units. Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

9-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the details of display such as F, U, and other E.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P1	Room temperature thermistor (TH1) ① The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation. Short: -90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective indoor controller board	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. 0°C15.0kΩ 10°C 9.6kΩ 20°C 6.3kΩ 30°C 4.3kΩ 40°C 3.0kΩ If you put force on (draw or bend) the lead wire with measuring resistance value of thermistor, breaking of wire or contact failure can be detected. ② Check contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-7. Turn the power on again and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Check room temperature display on remote controller. Replace indoor controller board if there is abnormal difference with actual room temperature. Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.
P2	Pipe temperature thermistor/Liquid (TH2) ① The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating (except defrosting) operation Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	 Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective refrigerant circuit is causing thermistor temperature of 90°C or more or -40°C or less. Defective indoor controller board 	 ①—③ Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1) above. ② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-7. Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Check pipe iquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If pipe iquid> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defective. ⑤ Check pipe iquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If there is extremely difference with actual pipe iquid> temperature, replace indoor controller board. Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.
P4	Contact failure of drain float switch (CN4F) Extract when the connector of drain float switch is disconnected. (③ and ④ of connector CN4F is not short-circuited.) Constantly detected during operation	Contact failure of connector (Insert failure) Defective indoor controller board	Check contact failure of float switch connector. Turn the power on again and check after inserting connector again. Operate with connector (CN4F) short-circuited. Replace indoor controller board if abnormality reappears.
P5	Drain over flow protection operation Suspensive abnormality, if drain float switch is detected to be underwater for 1 minute and 30 seconds continuously with drain pump on. Compressor and indoor fan will be turned off. Drain pump is abnormal if the condition above is detected during suspensive abnormality. Constantly detected during drain pump operation	Malfunction of drain pump Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe Defective drain float switch Catch of drain float switch or malfunction of moving parts cause drain float switch to be detected under water (Switch On) Defective indoor-controller board	The check if drain pump operates. Check drain function. Remove drain float switch connector CN4F and check if it is short (Switch On) with the moving part of float switch UP, or OPEN with the moving part of float switch down. Replace float switch if it is short with the moving part of float switch down. Replace indoor controller board if it is short-circuited between 3-4 of the drain float switch connector CN4F and abnormality reappears. It is not abnormal if there is no problem about the above-mentioned Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Freezing/overheating protection is operating ① Freezing protection (Cooling mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe quid or condenser/evaporator> temperature stays under -15°C for 3 minutes, 3 minutes after the	(Cooling or drying mode) ① Clogged filter (reduced airflow) ② Short cycle of air path ③ Low-load (low temperature) operation out of the tolerance range ④ Defective indoor fan motor	(Cooling or drying mode) ① Check clogs of the filter. ② Remove blockage. ④ Refer to 9-6.
	compressor started. Abnormal if it stays under -15°C for 3 minutes again within 16 minutes after 6-minute resume prevention mode.	Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defective.	© Relei tu 9-6.
		 ⑤ Defective outdoor fan control ⑥ Overcharge of refrigerant ⑦ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) 	⑤ Check outdoor fan motor.⑥⑦ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
P6	② Overheating protection (Heating mode) The units is in 6 minute resume prevention mode if pipe quid or con- denser/evaporator> temperature is detected as over 70°C after the com-	(Heating mode) ① Clogged filter (reduced airflow) ② Short cycle of air path ③ Over-load (high temperature) operation out of the tolerance range	(Heating mode) ① Check clogs of the filter. ② Remove blockage.
	pressor started. Abnormal if the tem- perature of over 70°C is detected again within 30 minutes after 6 minute resume	 Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defec- 	④ Refer to 9-6.
	prevention mode.	 intuor controller board is defective. ⑤ Defective outdoor fan control ⑥ Overcharge of refrigerant ⑦ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) ⑧ Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective. 	 ⑤ Check outdoor fan motor. ⑥~®Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
	Pipe temperature <cooling mode=""> Detected as abnormal when the pipe temperature is not in the cooling range 3 minutes after compressor start and 6 minutes after the liquid or condenser/evaporator pipe is out of cooling range.</cooling>	Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature thermistor Shortage of refrigerant Disconnected holder of pipe</liquid>	①~④ Check pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board. Pipe quid or condenser/evaporator> temperature display is indicated by setting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit</liquid>
P8	Note 1) It takes at least 9 minutes to detect. Note 2) Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode. Cooling range: -3 °C ≧ (TH-TH1) TH: Lower temperature between: liquid pipe temperature (TH2) and condenser/evaporator temperature (TH5) TH1: Intake temperature	<pre>cvaporator></pre> thermistor Defective refrigerant circuit② Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection)③ Converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection)④ Defective detection of indoor	board as follows. Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool(PAC-SK52ST)'. 3Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.
	<heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/ evaporator pipe temperature is not in heating range within 20 minutes.</heating>	room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor (a) Stop valve is not opened completely.</condenser>	
	Note 3) It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality. Note 4) It excludes the period of defrosting. (Detection restarts when defrosting mode is over.) Heating range: 3 °C ≦ (TH5-TH1)		

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P9	Pipe temperature thermistor/ Condenser-Evaporator (TH5) ① The unit is in 3-minute resume protection mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not get back to normal within 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation (except defrosting) Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Temperature of thermistor is 90°C or more or -40°C or less caused by defective refrigerant circuit. Defective indoor controller board	One content of the properties of the proper
E0 or E4	Remote controller transmission error(E0)/signal receiving error(E4) ① Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Error code: E0) ② Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Error code: E0) ① Abnormal if indoor controller board can not receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Error code: E4) ② Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Error code: E4)	Ocontact failure at transmission wire of remote controller All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Miswiring of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant addresses "0". Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller.	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller. Set one of the remote controllers "main" if there is no problem with the action above. Check wiring of remote controller. Total wiring length: max. 500m (Do not use cable x 3 or more.) The number of connecting indoor units: max. 16 units The number of connecting remote controller: max. 2 units When it is not the above-mentioned problem of □-3 Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, Remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller. c)When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality. If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal.
E3 or E5	Remote controller transmission error(E3)/signal receiving error(E5) ① Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Error code: E3) ② Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time and compares the received and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3) ① Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5) ② Indoor controller board receives transmitted data at the same time and compares the received and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Error code: E5)	1 2 remote controllers are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote controllers) 2 Remote controller is connected with 2 indoor units or more. 3 Repetition of refrigerant address 4 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller 5 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board 6 Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller.	Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub. Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit. The address changes to a separate setting. When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. b)When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c)When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
E6	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) ① Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. ② Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes. ③ Consider the unit abnormal under the following condition: When 2 or more indoor units are connected to an outdoor unit, indoor controller board cannot receive a signal for 3 minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals.	Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	* Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) Refer to outdoor unit service manual. ① Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit or outdoor unit. Check all the units in case of twin triple indoor unit system. ②-④ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board. * Other indoor controller board may have defect in case of twin triple indoor unit system.
E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if "1" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though indoor controller board has transmitted "0".	Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into power supply. Noise has entered into outdoor control wire.	①-③ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.
Fb	Indoor controller board Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the indoor controller board.	Defective indoor controller board	① Replace indoor controller board.
E1 or E2	Remote controller control board ① Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Error code: E1) ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Error code: E2)	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.
PA	Forced compressor stop (due to water leakage abnormality) The unit has a water leakage abnormality when the following conditions, a) and b), are satisfied while the abovementioned detection is performed. a) The intake temperature subtracted with liquid pipe temperature detects to be less than -10°C for a total of 30 minutes. (When the drain sensor is detected to be NOT soaked in the water, the detection record of a) and b) will be cleared.) b) Drain float switch detects to be in the water for more than 15 minutes. *Once the water leakage abnormality is detected, abnormality state will not be released until the main power is reset.	 ① Drain pump trouble ② Drain defective Drain pump clogging Drain pipe clogging ③ Open circuit of float switch ④ Contact failure of float switch connector ⑤ Dew condensation on float switch Drain water descends along lead wire. Drain water waving due to filter clogging. ⑥ Extension piping connection difference at twin, triple, quadruple system. ⑦ Miswiring of indoor/outdoor connecting at twin, triple, quadruple system. ⑨ Room temperature thermistor/ liquid pipe temperature thermistor detection is defective. ③ Room temperature thermistor detection is defective. 	 Check the drain pump. Check whether water can be drained. Check the resistance of the float switch. Check the connector contact failure. Check the float switch leadwire mounted. Check the filter clogging. Check the piping connection. Check the indoor/outdoor connecting wires. Check the room temperature display of remote controller. Check the indoor liquid pipe temperature display of outdoor controller board.

9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the detail of remote controller.

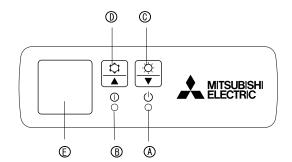
	controller.	
Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure
(1)LED2 on indoor controller board is off.	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also off. Power supply of rated voltage is not supplied to outdoor unit.	 ① Check the voltage of outdoor power supply terminal block (L, N) or (L₃, N). • When AC 220~240V is not detected, check the power wiring to outdoor unit and the breaker. • When AC 220~240V is detected, check ② (below).
	② Defective outdoor controller circuit board	 ② Check the voltage between outdoor terminal block \$1 and \$2. • When AC 220-240V is not detected, —check the fuse on outdoor controller circuit board. —check the wiring connection. • When AC 220-240V is detected, check ③ (below).
	③ Power supply of 220~240V is not supplied to indoor unit.	 © (below). © Check the voltage between indoor terminal block S1 and S2. • When AC 220~240V is not detected, check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for miswiring. • When AC 220~240V is detected, check (a) (below).
	Defective indoor controller board	Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem are found, indoor controller board is defective.
	(For the separate indoor/outdoor unit power sup-	
	ply system)Power supply of 220~240V AC is not supplied to indoor unit.	Check the voltage of indoor power supply terminal block (L,N). When AC220~240V is not detected, check the power supply wiring. When AC220~240V is detected,
	② The connectors of the optional replacement kit are not used.	check ② (below). ② Check that there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors. • When there are problems in the method of connecting the connectors, connect the connector correctly referring to installation manual of an optional kit.
	③ Defective indoor controller board	When there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors, check ③ (below). ③ Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem are found, indoor controller board is defective.
	When LED1 on indoor controller board is lit. Mis-setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit (There is no unit corresponding to refrigerant address "0".)	① Check again the setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit. Set the refrigerant address to "0". (For grouping control system under which 2 or more outdoor units are connected, set one of the units to "0".) Set refrigerant address using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the detail of remote controller.

Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure
(2)LED2 on indoor controller board is blinking.	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also blinking. Connection failure of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire	Check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for connection failure.
	When LED1 is lit. Miswiring of remote controller wires Under twin triple indoor unit system, 2 or more indoor units are wired together.	① Check the connection of remote controller wires in case of twin triple indoor unit system. When 2 or more indoor units are wired in one refrigerant system, connect remote controller wires to one of those units.
	② Refrigerant address for outdoor unit is wrong or not set. Under grouping control system, there are some units whose refrigerant address is 0.	② Check the setting of refrigerant address in case of grouping control system. If there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0 in one group, set one of the units to 0 using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.
	③ Short-cut of remote controller wires④ Defective remote controller	Remove remote controller wires and check LED2 on indoor controller board. When LED2 is blinking, check the short-cut of remote controller wires. When LED2 is lit, connect remote controller wires again and: if LED2 is blinking, remote controller is defective; if LED2 is lit, connection failure of remote controller terminal block etc. has returned to normal.
(3)Upward/downward vane performance failure	The vane is not downward during defrosting and heat preparation and when the thermostat is OFF in HEAT mode. (Working of COOL protection function) Vane motor does not rotate. Defective vane motor Breaking of wire or connection failure of connector Upward/downward vane does not work. The vane is set to fixed position.	Normal operation (The vane is set to horizontal regardless of remote control.) Check ② (left). • Check the vane motor. (Refer to "How to check the parts".) • Check for breaking of wire or connection failure of connector. Normal operation (Each connector on vane motor side is disconnected or setting the fixed vanes by wired remote controller.)
(4)Receiver for wireless remote controller	Weak batteries of wireless remote controller. Contact failure of connector (CNB) on wireless remote controller board (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector (CN90) on indoor controller board (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector between wireless remote controller board and indoor controller board	① Replace batteries of wireless remote controller. ②~④ Check contact failure of each connector. If no problems are found of connector, replace indoor controller board. When the same trouble occurs even if indoor controller board is replaced, replace wireless remote controller board.

9-5. EMERGENCY OPERATION

9-5-1. When wireless remote controller fails or its battery is exhausted



When the remote controller cannot be used

When the batteries of the remote controller run out or the remote controller malfunctions, the emergency operation can be done using the emergency buttons on the grille.

- **(A)** DEFROST/STAND BY lamp
- **®** Operation lamp
- © Emergency operation switch (heating)
- Receiver

Starting operation

- To operate the cooling mode, press the the button to for more than 2 seconds.
- To operate the heating mode, press the button for more than 2 seconds
- * Lighting of the Operation lamp ® means the start of operation.

Note:

Details of emergency mode are as shown below.

Operation mode	COOL	HEAT
Set temperature	24°C	24°C
Fan speed	High	High
Airflow direction	Horizontal	Downward 5

Stopping operation

• To stop operation, press the \heartsuit button 0 or the \heartsuit button 0.

9-5-2. When wired remote controller or indoor unit microprocessor fails

- 1. When the wired remote control or the indoor unit microprocessor has failed, but all other components work properly, if you set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board ON, the indoor unit will begin emergency operation. When emergency operation is activated, the indoor unit operates as follows:
 - (1) Indoor fan is running at high speed. (2) Drain pump is operating. (option)
- * Note on the wireless remote control: when the remote control does not function, it is possible to activate emergency operation by using the indoor unit emergency operation switch (SW1, SW2 of the wireless signal receiver board).

However, if the indoor unit microprocessor has failed, it is necessary to proceed with points (2) and (3) below as in the case of the wired remote controller.

2. When you activate emergency operation of the cooling or heating, you have to set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board and activate emergency operation of the outdoor unit.

For details on how to activate emergency operation of the outdoor unit, refer to the outdoor unit wiring diagram. Note: Emergency operation will not work unless outdoor unit is PU series.

- 3. Before you activate emergency operation, check the following points:
- (1) Emergency operation cannot be activated when:
 - the outdoor unit malfunctions. the indoor fan malfunctions.
 - when it has detected the malfunction of drain pump during self-diagnosing.
- (2) Emergency operation becomes continuous only by switching the power source on/off.

ON/OFF on the remote control or temperature control etc. does not function.

- (3) Avoid operating for a long time when the outdoor unit begins defrosting while emergency operation of the heating is activated because it will start to blow cold air.
- (4) Emergency cooling should be limited to 10 hours maximum (The indoor unit heat exchanger may freeze).
- (5) After emergency operation has been deactivated, set the switches etc. to their original positions.
- (6) Movement of the vanes does not work in emergency operation, therefore you have to slowly set them manually to the appropriate position.

9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS

PCA-RP50KAQ PCA-RP60KAQ PCA-RP71KAQ PCA-RP100KAQ PCA-RP125KAQ PCA-RP140KAQ

Parts name	Check points				
Room temperature thermistor (TH1) Liquid pipe thermistor	Disconnect the conne (At the ambient temper			stance with a tester.	
(TH2) Condenser/evaporator	Normal	Abnormal		(Refer to Thermistor characteristic graph.)	
temperature thermistor (TH5)	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ	Open or shor	t		
Vane motor (MV)	Measure the resistand (At the ambient temporal)			ith a tester.	
White —	Connector	Normal		Abnormal	
Orange Red Blue Yellow	Red - Yellow Red - Blue Red - Orange Red - White	300Ω		Open or short	
Drain pump (DP) (Option)	Measure the resistant (Winding temperature		minals wi	th a tester.	
1	Normal	Abnormal			
3	290Ω	Open or shor	t		
Drain float switch (FS) Moving part	Measure the resistance	ce between the terr	minals wi	th a tester.	
1 Nioving pair	State of moving part	Normal		Abnormal	Switch
2	UP	Short	Oth	er than short	☐ ☐ Magnet
3	DOWN	Open	Oth	er than open	
(Option)					Moving part

9-6-1. Thermistor

<Thermistor Characteristic graph>

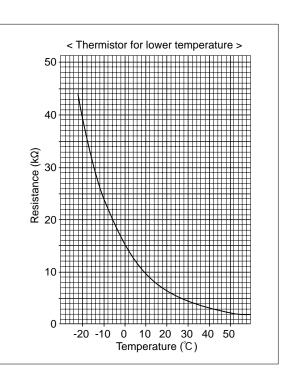
Thermistor for lower temperature Room temperature thermistor(TH1) Pipe temperature thermistor/liquid(TH2) Condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor(TH5)

Thermistor R₀=15k Ω ± 3% Fixed number of B=3480 $\pm 2\%$

Rt=15exp { 3480(
$$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273}$$
) }

0℃ 15kΩ10℃ $9.6k\Omega$ $\mathbf{6.3k}\Omega$ 20℃ $5.4k\Omega$

25℃ $\mathbf{4.3k}\Omega$ 30℃ 40°C $\mathbf{3.0k}\Omega$

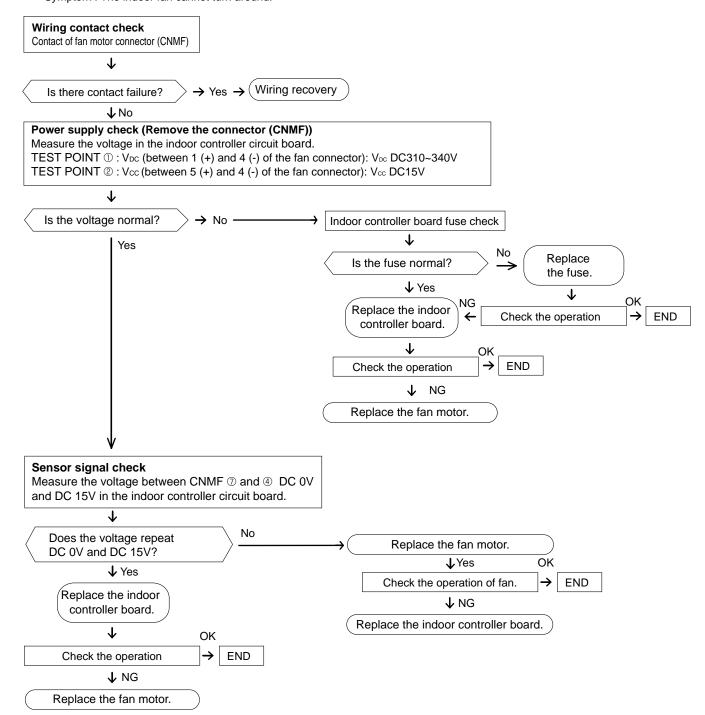


9-6-2. DC Fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

- ① Notes
 - · High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNMF) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
 - Do not pull out the connector (CNMF) for the motor with the power supply on.
 - (It causes trouble of the indoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- ② Self check

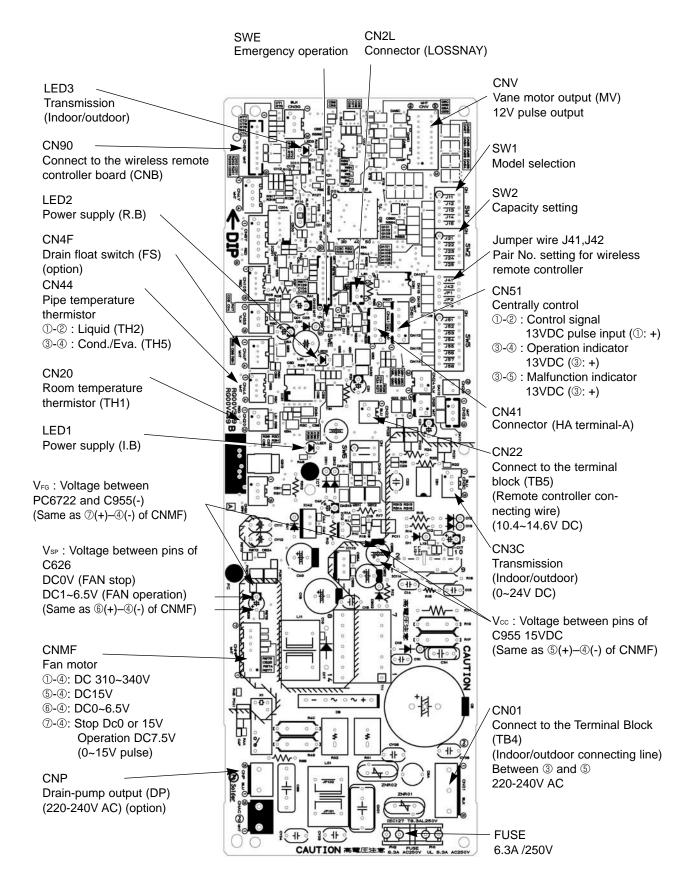
Symptom: The indoor fan cannot turn around.



9-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

Indoor controller board

PCA-RP50KAQ PCA-RP60KAQ PCA-RP71KAQ PCA-RP100KAQ PCA-RP125KAQ PCA-RP140KAQ



9-8. FUNCTIONS OF DIP SWITCH AND JUMPER WIRE

Each function is controlled by the dip switch and the jumper wire on control P.C. board. SW1 and SW2 are equipped only for service parts.

Model setting and capacity setting are memorized in the nonvolatile memory of the control P.C. board of the unit.

(Marks in the table below) Umper wire (\bigcirc : Short \times : Open) The black square (\blacksquare) indicates a switch position.

Jumper wire	Functions	Setting by the dip switch and jumper wire	Remarks
SW1	Model settings	For service board 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	
SW2	Capacity settings	MODELS Service board PCA-RP50KAQ 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF PCA-RP60KAQ 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF PCA-RP71KAQ 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF PCA-RP100KAQ 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF PCA-RP125KAQ 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF PCA-RP140KAQ 1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	
J41 J42	Pair number setting with wireless remote controller	Wireless remote controller setting Use of the control of the co	<initial setting=""> Wireless remote controller: 0 Control PCB: ○ (for both J41 and J42) Four pair number settings are supported. The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor control PCB (J41/J42) are given in the table on the left. ('×' in the table indicates the jumper line is disconnected.)</initial>
JP1	Unit type setting	Model JP1 Without TH5 O With TH5 ×	There is no jumper (JP1) because these models have the cond./eva. temperature thermistor (TH5).
JP3	Indoor controller board type setting	Indoor controller board type JP3 For product × Service parts	

SPECIAL FUNCTION

10-1. ROTATION FUNCTION (AND BACK-UP FUNCTION, 2ND STAGE CUT-IN FUNCTION)

10-1-1. Operation

(1) Rotation function (and Back-up function)

• Outline of functions

- · Main and sub unit operate alternately according to the interval of rotation setting.
- * Main and sub unit should be set by refrigerant address. (Outdoor Dip switch setting)

Refrigerant address "00" → Main unit

Refrigerant address "01" → Sub unit

· When error occurs to one unit, another unit will start operation. (Back-up function)

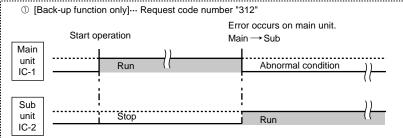
System constraint

- This function is available only by the grouping control system (INDOOR UNIT : OUTDOOR UNIT=1:1) of 2 refrigerant groups. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- · Main indoor unit should be connected for wired remote controller and the transmission line (TB5) for main and sub unit should also be connected. (Refer to Fig. 1)

(This function cannot be set by wireless remote controller.)

· Set refrigerant address of each unit. (Dip switch on the outdoor unit---Refrigerant address 00/01)

Operation pattern



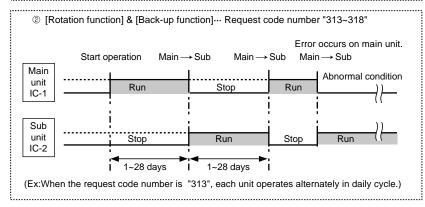


Fig. 1 Refrigerant address Refrigerant address "00 OC-1 OC-2 Main Sub 3(2) 3(2) unit unit IC-1 IC-2 2 RC

OC : Outdoor unit

RC: Wired remote controller

Note:

- · When the unit is restarted to operate after turning off the power or OFF operation, the unit which was operating will start operation.
- To operate the main unit, refer to the 10-1-2. and set the request code No. which is not the same as the current one, and set again the former request code No.

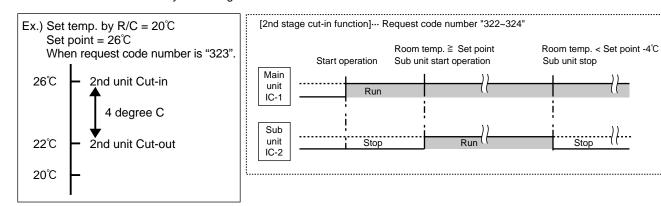
(2) 2nd stage cut-in function

Outline of functions

- · When the 1st unit can NOT supply with sufficient capacity for exceptionally high-demand conditions and the actual room temperature reaches set point *, the 2nd unit starts operation in conjunction with the 1st unit.
- Once the actual room temperature goes down to 4 degrees C below set point *, the 2nd unit stops operation automatically. (* set point = set temperature by R/C (remote controller) + 4, 6, 8°C (selectable))
- · Number of operating units is determined according to the room temperature and set point.
- · When room temperature becomes higher than set point, standby unit starts. (2 units operation)
- · When room temperature falls below set point -4°C, standby unit stops. (1 unit operation)

System constraint

· This function is available only in cooling mode.



10-1-2. How to set rotation function (Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)

You can set these functions by wired remote controller. (Maintenance monitor)

NOTICE -

Both main and sub unit should be set in same setting.

Every time replacing indoor controller board for servicing, the function should be set again.

(1) Request Code List

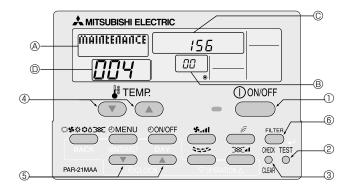
Rotation setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	Initial setting
No.1 (310)	Monitoring the request code of current setting.	
No.2 (311)	Rotation and Back-up OFF (Normal group control operation)	0
No.3 (312)	Back-up function only	
No.4 (313)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 1day) and back-up function	
No.5 (314)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 3days) and back-up function	
No.6 (315)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 5days) and back-up function	
No.7 (316)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 7days) and back-up function	
No.8 (317)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 14days) and back-up function	
No.9 (318)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 28days) and back-up function	

2nd unit cut-in setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	
No.1 (320)	Monitoring the request code of current setting.	
No.2 (321)	Cut-in function OFF	0
No.3 (322)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 4°C (7.2°F)	
No.4 (323)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 6°C (10.8°F)	
No.5 (324)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 8°C (14.4°F)	

(2) Setting method of each function by wired remote controller



- B: Refrigerant address
- C: Data display area
- D: Request code display area

- 1. Stop operation(①).
- 2. Press the TEST button (②) for 3 seconds so that [Maintenance mode] appears on the screen (③). After a while, [00] appears in the refrigerant address number display area.(at ③)
- 3. Press the CHECK button (③) for 3 seconds to switch to [Maintenance monitor].

 Note) It is not possible to switch to [Maintenance monitor] during data request in maintenance mode (i.e., while "----" is blinking) since no buttons are operative.

[----] appears on the screen (0) when [Maintenance monitor] is activated. (The display (0) now allows you to set a request code No.)

- 5. Press the [CLOCK (value of the desired request code No.("311~318", "321~324")
- 6. Press the FILTER button (⑥) to perform function setting.

 If above setting operations are done correctly, "Request code number will appear in data display area.(⑥)

 [Example: When the "311" of "Request code number" is set, [311] appears on the screen.(⑥)]

[Reference]

You can check current "request code number" setting by setting the "request code number" ("310" or "320") and pressing the FILTER button.(6)

[Example: When the current setting is "Setting No.2(Request code 311)", [311] appears on the screen.(©)]

7. To return to normal mode, press the (OON/OFF) button (①).

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

PCA-RP50KAQ PCA-RP60KAQ PCA-RP71KAQ PCA-RP100KAQ PCA-RP125KAQ PCA-RP140KAQ

Be careful when removing heavy parts.

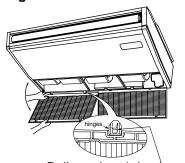
(Photo: PCA-RP125KAQ)

OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Removing the air intake grille

- (1) Slide the air intake grille holding knobs (at 2 or 3 locations) to the rear to open the air intake grille. (See Figure 1)
- (2) While the air intake grille left open, push the stoppers on the rear hinges (at 2 or 3 locations) to pull out the air intake grille. (See Figure 2)

Figure 2



Pull out the air intake grille

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS



2. Removing the indoor controller board and the electrical box

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the beam by removing screws. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 2 screws from the electrical cover, and remove the electrical cover.
- (4) Remove 2 screws from the electrical box and pull the electrical box downward. Temporarily secure the electrical box using 2 hooks in
- the back of electrical box.(5) Disconnect the connectors on the indoor controller board.

[Removing the electrical box]

(6) Disconnect the wires from the terminal blocks and pull out the electrical box. (See Photo 2)

[Removing the indoor controller board]

(6) Remove the 6 supports from the indoor controller board and remove the indoor controller board. (See Photo 3)

Photo 1

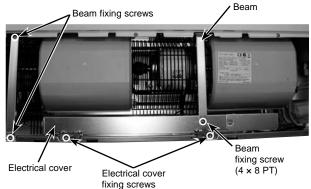


Photo 2

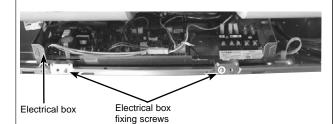
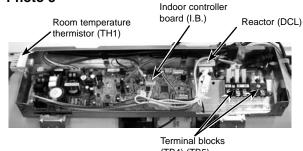


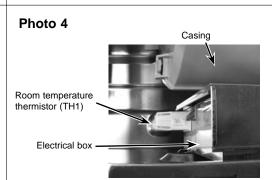
Photo 3



3. Removing the room temperature thermistor (TH1)

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the beam by removing screws. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 2 screws from the electrical cover, and remove the electrical cover.
- (4) Remove 2 screws from the electrical box and pull the electrical box downward.
 - Temporarily secure the electrical box using 2 hooks in the back of electrical box.
- (5) Disconnect the connector CN20 (red) from the indoor controller board.
- (6) Remove the sensor holder from the electrical box and remove the thermistor form the holder.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS



4. Removing the fan motor and right side fan

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the beam by removing screws. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 2 screws from the electrical cover, and remove the electrical cover.
- (4) Remove 2 screws from the electrical box and pull the electrical box downward.
- (5) Temporarily secure the electrical box using 2 hooks in the back of electrical box.
- (6) Remove 4 screws fixing fan guard of the fan motor. (2 screws : See Photo 5 / 2 screws : Upper the electrical box)
- (7) Remove 2 screws fixing fan guard of piping side and remove the fan guard. (See Photo 6)
- (8) Remove the lower casing while pressing the 4 catches of the casing (right side of the fan motor).
- (9) Loosen the 2 set screws (2 hexagon set screws) of connecting joint and slide the fan motor to the left. (See Photo 5)
- (10) Remove the motor piece (left and right, each 1 screw). (See Photo 5)
- (11) Remove the fan motor and right side fan together.
- (12) Loosen the set screw (hexagon set screw) of fan and remove the fan from the shaft. (See Photo 7, 8)

Photo 5

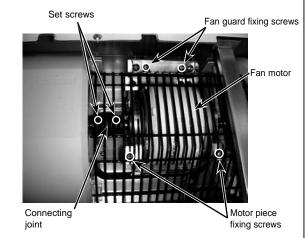


Photo 6

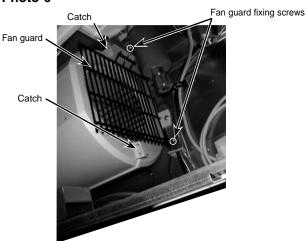


Photo 7

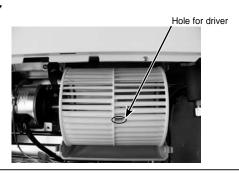


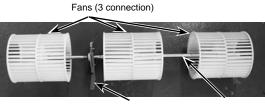
Photo 8



5. Removing the fan (3 connection)

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the beam by removing screws. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 2 screws from the electrical cover, and remove the electrical cover.
- (4) Remove 2 screws from the electrical box and pull the electrical box downward.
 - Temporarily secure the electrical box using 2 hooks in the back of electrical box.
- (5) Remove 4 screws from the fan guard of the fan motor. (See Photo 5)
- (6) Remove 2 screws from the left side beam and remove the beam. (See Photo 1)
- (7) Remove the 3 screws from center fan guard and remove the fan guard. (2 screws : See Photo 9 / 1 screw : Drain pan side)
- (8) Remove 2 screws from the left fan guard and remove the fan guard. (See Photo 10)
- (9) Loosen 2 set screws (2 hexagon set screws) of connecting joint. (See Photo 5)
- (10) Remove 3 lower casings while pressing each 4 catches of the casing.
- (11) Remove the 4 screws from the bearing support. (See Photo 11)
- (12) Slide the connecting joint to the left and remove the fans and shaft together. (See Photo 12)
- (13) Remove the fan from the shaft. (See Photo 7, 8)

Photo 12



Bearing support Shaft

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS

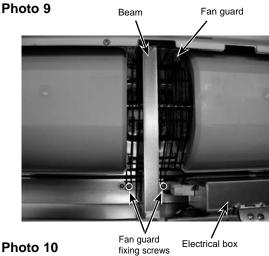
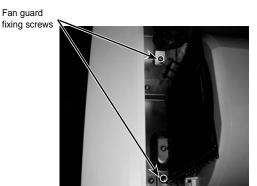
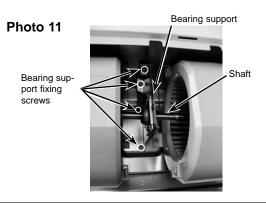


Photo 10





6. Removing the side panel

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the screws from the side panel, and remove the side panel by sliding the panel to the front.
- (3) Unhook the side panel support hanger, and then slide the side panel forward to remove it.

Figure 4

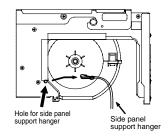
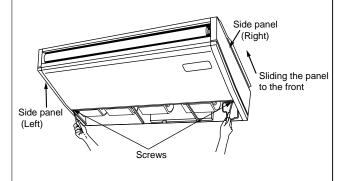


Figure 3

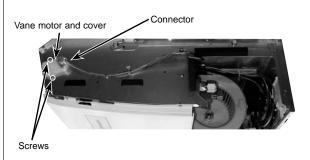


7. Removing the vane motor

- (1) Remove the air intake. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the right side panel. (See Figure 3, 4)
- (3) Remove the connector of vane motor.
- (4) Remove 2 screws of vane motor cover , then remove vane motor.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS

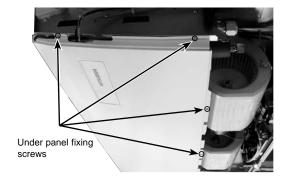
Photo 13



8. Removing the under panel

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the left and right side panels. (See Figure 3, 4)
- (3) Remove the beam. (See Photo 1)
- (4) Remove the electrical cover. (See Photo 1)
- (5) Pull the electrical box downward. (See Photo 2)
- (6) (Wireless remote controller receiver type only) Disconnect the connector CNB from the PCB for wireless remote controller and remove the clamp and strap for wires.
- (7) Remove 8 screws from the under panel.
- (8) Move the under panel forward by about 10mm and remove the under panel.

Photo 14



9. Removing the drain pan

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1,2)
- (2) Remove the side panel (right and left). (See Figure 3, 4)
- (3) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 14)
 Remove the screws of the right and left side drain pan.
 (See Photo 15)
- (4) Remove 2 insulation in centre of the drain pan, and after removing 2 screws with washer, remove the drain pan. (See Photo 16,17)

(Note)

Please be aware that there might be some drainage left in the drain pan when you remove the drain pan.

Photo 15

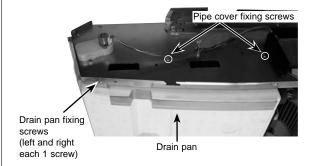
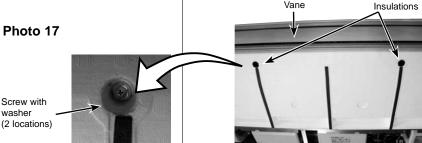


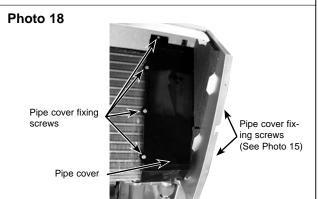
Photo 16

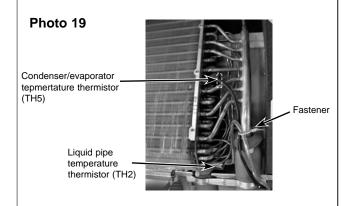


10. Removing the thermistors/Liquid pipe (TH2) and condenser/evaporator (TH5)

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the left and right side panels. (See Figure 3,4)
- (3) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 14)
- (4) Remove the drain pan. (See Photo 15, 16, 17)
- (5) Disconnect the connector CN44 (white) from the indoor controller board.
- (6) Remove 6 screws from the pipe cover and remove the pipe cover. (See Photo 15, 18)
- (7) Remove the fastener for wires and remove the thermistors (TH2 and TH5) from each holder. (See Photo 19)

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS

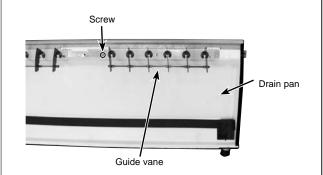




11. Removing the guide vane

- (1) Remove the intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the side panel (right and left). (See Figure 3, 4)
- (3) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 14)
- (4) Remove the drain pan. (See Photo 15,16,17)
- (5) Remove the screw from the guide vane, then remove the guide vane.

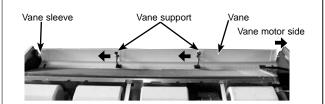
Photo 20



12. Removing the Auto vane

- (1) Remove the intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the right side panel. (See Figure 3, 4)
- (3) Remove the vane motor and cover. (See Photo 13)
- (4) Slide the auto vane to the vane motor side.
- (5) Remove 2 axes from each vane support pushing the vane support to the vane sleeve side.

Photo 21



13. Removing the heat exchanger

- (1) Remove the air intake grille. (See Figure 1, 2)
- (2) Remove the beam. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the electrical cover. (See Photo 1)
- (4) Pull the electrical box downward. (See Photo 2)
- (5) Remove the left and right side panels. (See Figure 3)
- (6) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 14)
- (7) Remove the drain pan. (See Photo 15,16,17)
- (8) Remove the pipe cover. (See Photo 18)
- (9) Remove the pipe thermistors (TH2 and TH5) from each holder. (See Photo 19)
- (10) Remove the pipe band fixing screw and remove the pipe band. (See Photo 22)
- (11) Remove 2 screws from the heat exchanger and remove the heat exchanger.

PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS

Photo 22

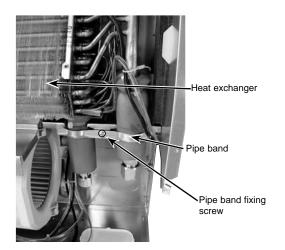
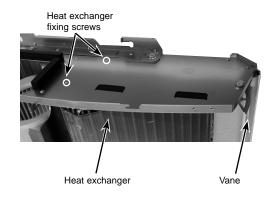


Photo 23





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