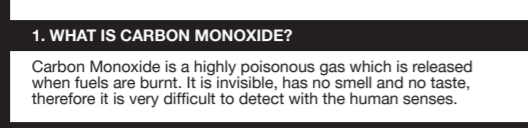


INTRODUCTION
Thank you for purchasing this alarm which is designed to detect the presence of Carbon Monoxide (CO) gas. This manual contains information on the installation and the operation of the SF340 modular Carbon Monoxide alarm.

THIS ALARM SHOULD ONLY BE INSTALLED BY A QUALIFIED PERSON. ALL ELECTRICAL WIRING SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT WIRING REGULATIONS OF THE INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS.



1. WHAT IS CARBON MONOXIDE?
Carbon Monoxide is a highly poisonous gas which is released when fuels are burnt. It is invisible, has no smell and no taste, therefore it is very difficult to detect with the human senses.

Potential danger areas in your home

Gas, coal or wood fire	Boiler or water heater	Water heater	Portable gas or paraffin heater
Clogged chimney or flue	Car fumes from garage	Portable cooking equipment used in enclosed areas	Kitchen cooker

Carbon Monoxide Alarm Model SF340 Series

CAREFULLY READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL BEFORE USING THE ALARM. RETAIN THE MANUAL IN A SAFER PLACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE. PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THE SAFETY WARNINGS. BE SURE TO PASS THE MANUAL ON TO ANY SUBSEQUENT USERS OF THE ALARM. WHEN INSTALLING THIS ALARM FOR USE BY OTHERS PLEASE LEAVE THIS MANUAL OR A COPY WITH THE END USER.

This manual covers the following models:
SF340E 230V, 50Hz Standard Model
SF340F 230V, 50Hz Output Model (for relay and interconnect feature)
SF340J 12/24Vdc Output Model (for relay and interconnect feature)

Each of the models above comes complete with:
SF340M Carbon Monoxide Sensor Module including battery back-up and electrochemical gas sensing system.

WARNING
Actuation of your Carbon Monoxide (CO) alarm indicates the presence of Carbon Monoxide (CO) which can KILL YOU.

This Carbon Monoxide ALARM MAY NOT PROTECT PEOPLE WHO ARE AT SPECIAL RISK BY REASON OF AGE, PREGNANCY OR MEDICAL CONDITION. THESE INDIVIDUALS MAY CONSIDER USING WARNING DEVICES WHICH PROVIDE AUDIBLE AND VISUAL SIGNALS FOR Carbon Monoxide CONCENTRATION ABOVE 30PPM. ALWAYS CONSULT YOUR GENERAL PRACTICE MEDICAL PRACTITIONER. A Carbon Monoxide ALARM IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR A SMOKE ALARM OR A COMBUSTIBLE GAS DETECTOR.

This Carbon Monoxide alarm is designed to detect Carbon Monoxide gas from any source of combustion including wood, coal, coke, oil, petrol and gas.

- Designed to detect smoke fire or any other gas.
- To be seen as a substitute for the proper servicing of fuel-burning appliances or the sweeping of chimneys.
- To be used on an intermittent basis, or as a portable alarm for the spillage of combustion products from fuel burning appliances or chimneys.

CAUTION
This Carbon Monoxide alarm is designed for indoor use only. Do not expose to rain or moisture. Do not knock or drop the alarm. Do not tamper with the alarm as this could cause electric shock or alarm malfunction. The alarm will not protect against the risk of Carbon Monoxide poisoning when the battery back up is no longer functioning. This alarm will only indicate the presence of Carbon Monoxide gas at the sensor. Carbon Monoxide gas may be present in other areas. Do not panic.

TESTING YOUR ALARM
A green power light indicates power is supplied. The alarm should be tested weekly by pushing and holding the test button on the front of the unit. The alarm signal should sound. If relay models are in use or units are interconnected please be aware that the relay function will be activated upon test.

CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF ALARM
The outside casing of the alarm should be wiped occasionally with a cloth. Ensure that the holes on the front are kept clear of dust. Do NOT USE CLEANING AGENTS, BLEACH OR POLISH.

IMPORTANT
Ideally it is recommended that a Carbon Monoxide alarm should be installed in or near to every room which contains a fuel burning appliance such as gas fires, central heating boilers, room heaters, water heaters, cookers, grills etc.
Ensure that the alarm buzzer can be heard by all those who are intended to hear it.
Seek medical help if it is suspected that a member of the household is suffering from Carbon Monoxide poisoning.

IF FURTHER DETAILS ARE REQUIRED THAT DO NOT APPEAR IN THIS MANUAL PLEASE CONTACT HONEYWELL ANALYTICS.

PACK CONTENTS
Models SF340E, SF340F, SF340J will contain:
 One alarm
 One Sensor Module (SF340M)
 One instruction manual
 One installation kit, consisting of:
 Two wall plugs
 Two wall fixing screws
 Two electrical mounting screws

SPECIFICATION
Models: SF340E, F, J
 Gas Detected: Carbon Monoxide
 Detection Principle: Electro-chemical cell
 Alarm indication: Flashing red light and audible alarm

Alarm Levels:
 150ppm Between 10 and 30 minutes
 350ppm Within 6 minutes (as required by BS7860: 1996)

Supply Voltage Range:
 SF340E, F, J 230V±10% or 240V±10%
 SF340J 12Vdc ±10% or 24Vdc ±10%

Operating Temperature: -5°C to 40°C
Humidity Range: 30 to 90% RH
Warm-up Time after Initial Switch On: 5 years.
Normal Module Operating Life: 5 years.
Backup Battery Life when in Alarm: At least 5 days.
Dimensions: 110mm x 110 mm x 65mm.
Weight: Approximately 575g.

DISPOSAL WARNING: Do not dispose of in fire

GUARANTEE
We guarantee your new gas alarm for five years, from the date of purchase and under normal use and service, to be free from defects in materials and workmanship. During this period we will, at our discretion, repair, replace or refund the price of any part of the gas alarm which is found to be defective in either materials or workmanship providing this occurs under normal use and service. We shall, however, be under no obligation to repair, replace or refund the price of units which are found to be defective in any way due to damage, neglect, unreasonable use or which have been tampered with or modified. Defective units which are found to be returned, in suitable packaging, along with proof of purchase to Honeywell Analytics, 4 Stinson Road, Nuffield Industrial Estate, Poole BH17 0RZ. An accompanying letter should state clearly any problem with the gas alarm. This guarantee does not affect your statutory rights.

2. REPLACEMENT WARNING
When the backup battery in the SF340M module needs replacing the audible alarm will emit a single short beep once every 60 seconds. The battery must then be replaced. The red light will flash once every 60 seconds as normal. See Section 10 on batteries.

Module replacement warning
When the module (SF340M) needs replacing, the audible alarm will sound two short beeps every 60 seconds. The module must then be replaced. The red light will flash once every 60 seconds as normal.

7. SF340 SERIES FEATURES
All units are powered by a primary power source (e.g. 230V or 12/24Vdc) and contain a replaceable Module which houses the battery backup and gas sensing systems.

POWER LIGHT (all SF340 models)
The green power light will illuminate when the primary power source is connected and working (230V or 12/24Vdc according to model). This light will illuminate even when the Module is not fitted.

ALARM/CONFIDENCE LIGHT (all SF340 models)
In normal operation the red light will flash once per minute to indicate that the unit is operating correctly. This light will flash whether the Module is powered from the primary power source or the battery backup. In the alarm condition it will flash five times per second.

AUDIBLE ALARM (all SF340 models)
In the alarm condition the buzzer will sound. Models SF340E, SF340A and SF340M will emit a Morse Code signal for 'CO' (- - - - -). Models SF340F and SF340J will give a continuous buzzer sound and this will continue for 90 seconds after the alarm light has stopped. Where models SF340F and SF340J are interconnected, all units connected will sound the continuous alarm signal. Only units in alarm will have a continuously flashing alarm light.

BATTERY BACKUP (all SF340 models)
All models in the SF340 series have a battery backup feature. This powers the alarm in the event of a primary power failure (230V or 12/24Vdc according to model).

TEST BUTTON (all SF340 models)
All models in the SF340 series have a test button. This will cause the audible and visual alarm signals to be given. If the relay and interconnect options are used, these will also operate when the test button is pressed. Note that for models SF340F and SF340J the buzzer will sound and the relay will operate for 90 seconds.

RELAY OUTPUT (Models SF340F & SF340J)
The relay provides a single pole changeover (SPCO) volt free contact which can be used to signal to a control panel or switch an external alarm siren or gas valve. The relay contacts are rated at 3A 230Vac and will change state when the unit goes into the alarm condition or when the test button is pressed. When the unit comes out of the alarm condition the relay will automatically revert to its original state after a delay of 90 seconds.

INTERCONNECT (Models SF340F & SF340J)
The interconnect facility enables up to 20 SF340F or SF340J models to be connected together. If one unit goes into the alarm condition the audible alarm on all interconnected units will sound. This alarm signal is a continuous tone. The unit that caused the alarm can be identified as it will flash five times per minute continuously flashing alarm light. When the unit comes out of the alarm condition the alarm light will stop giving the alarm signal. After a delay of 90 seconds the buzzer of all interconnected units will stop sounding and the relays will reset.

8. HOW SHOULD I INSTALL MY ALARM?
Mild exposure: Slight headache, nausea, vomiting, fatigue (often described as "flu-like") symptoms.
Medium exposure: Severe throbbing headache, drowsiness, confusion, fast heart rate.
Extreme exposure: Unconsciousness, convulsions, cardiorespiratory failure, death.

Many reported cases of Carbon Monoxide poisoning indicate that while victims are aware they are not well, they become so disoriented that they are unable to save themselves by either exiting the building or calling for assistance. It is also important to note that young children and pets may be the first to be affected.

3. IN WHICH ROOM SHOULD I PUT THE ALARM?
Ideally you should have an alarm in or near every room which contains a fuel-burning appliance.
However, if you have more than one appliance but only one alarm, you should take the following into consideration when deciding where best to put the alarm:
 • If there is a fuel burning appliance in a room where people sleep, you should put the alarm in that room.
 • If there is a fuel burning appliance in a room you use a lot such as a sitting room, you should put the alarm in that room.
 • If you live in a bed-sit put the alarm as far away from the sleeping appliance as possible, but near to the room where you sleep.
 • If the fuel burning appliance is in a room not normally used (e.g. a boiler room) put the alarm just outside the room so you will be able to hear it.

4. WHERE SHOULD I PUT THE ALARM?
Carbon Monoxide has a similar density to warm air. To ensure the most effective use is made of the alarm it should be fitted at least 1.5m (5ft) above floor level and at least 1.85m (6ft) from the fuel burning appliance. Where air naturally rises, it is better to install the unit higher rather than lower. The SF340 Series can be fitted on the wall or on the ceiling.

5. WHERE NOT TO PUT THE ALARM
Do not place the alarm in the following areas:
 • Outside the building.
 • In or below a cupboard.
 • In a damp or humid area.
 • Directly above a sink or cooker.
 • Next to a door or window or anywhere it could be affected by drafts.
 • Where the airflow to the alarm could be obstructed by curtains or furniture.
 • Where dust or dirt could collect below the sensor.
 • Where the temperature could drop and blow -5°C or rise above 40°C.
 • Within 6 minutes (as required by BS7860: 1996)

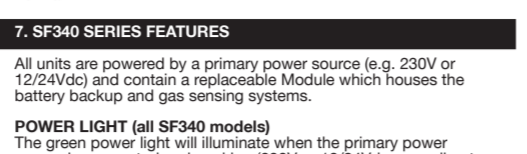
6. OPERATING OF THE ALARM
When the unit is powered from the primary power source (e.g. 230Vac, 12/24Vdc), the green light will be illuminated. (The green light will not be illuminated when the battery backup is in use.)
When no Carbon Monoxide is present the red alarm light will flash approximately once every 60 seconds. This indicates the alarm is working correctly.

Alarm conditions
When the unit detects Carbon Monoxide, the alarm signal is given continuously. The red light will flash and the buzzer will sound. When the unit has been in alarm for a period of 40 minutes, the alarm signal will be given once every 60 seconds.

Return to normal operation
When the Carbon Monoxide disperses, the alarm will automatically stop. The red light will flash approximately once every 60 seconds (normal operation.)

3. Connect the black or blue (neutral) wire of the supply to the terminal marked N.
4. No connection must be made to the mains supply earth. (Refer to later section for Relay and Interconnect Connections)

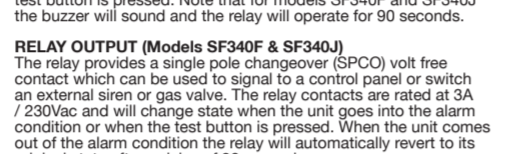
Important: The power supply securing screw must be tightened to ensure electrical safety.



Model SF340J
1. The SF340J must be supplied from a 12Vdc or 24Vdc supply. No external fuse is required as a fuse is incorporated in the unit.
2. Connect the positive supply wire (+12Vdc or +24Vdc) to the appropriate terminal, marked on the base of the unit.
3. Connect the negative supply wire (0V) to the terminal marked 0V.
4. No connection must be made to the supply earth. (Refer to following section for Relay and Interconnect Connections)

RELAY CONNECTIONS (Models SF340F & SF340J only)
The relay connections are made using the terminal block on the connection board marked RELAY O/P. Connections to the relay volt free contacts are as follows:
N/C - Normally closed
COM - Common
N/O - Normally open
The relay contacts are rated at 3 Amps / 230Vac.

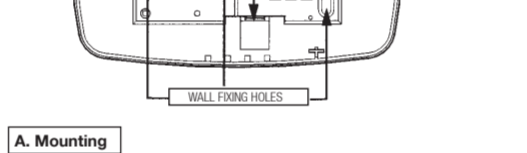
INTERCONNECT CONNECTIONS (Models SF340F & SF340J only)
The interconnect system is made using the terminal block on the connection board marked INTERCONNECT. Units are connected in series as follows:
I/C - Connect to I/C terminals of other SF340F or SF340J alarms
I/C OV - Connect to I/C OV terminals of other SF340F or SF340J alarms
A maximum of 20 units can be interconnected.



RELAY OUTPUT (Models SF340F & SF340J)
The relay provides a single pole changeover (SPCO) volt free contact which can be used to signal to a control panel or switch an external alarm siren or gas valve. The relay contacts are rated at 3A 230Vac and will change state when the unit goes into the alarm condition or when the test button is pressed. When the unit comes out of the alarm condition the relay will automatically revert to its original state after a delay of 90 seconds.

INTERCONNECT (Models SF340F & SF340J)
The interconnect facility enables up to 20 SF340F or SF340J models to be connected together. If one unit goes into the alarm condition the audible alarm on all interconnected units will sound. This alarm signal is a continuous tone. The unit that caused the alarm can be identified as it will flash five times per minute continuously flashing alarm light. When the unit comes out of the alarm condition the alarm light will stop giving the alarm signal. After a delay of 90 seconds the buzzer of all interconnected units will stop sounding and the relays will reset.

8. HOW SHOULD I INSTALL MY ALARM?
Important: The power supply securing screw must be tightened to ensure electrical safety.

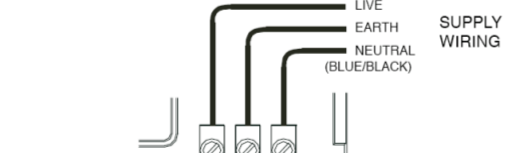


C. Fitting the Module and Turning On
All SF340 models
The sensor module SF340M is used for all the SF340 series units. Simply fit the Module to the installed base and power supply unit and gently push down until it clips into place. The red alarm light will illuminate for approximately 10 seconds when the module is fitted.
NOTE: The Module must have the backup battery fitted for the alarm to operate correctly. This applies even if the primary power supply is present (230Vac, 12Vdc or 24Vdc as appropriate). If no battery is fitted or the battery is flat the audible alarm will sound continuously when the unit is installed and the primary power source is switched on.
Fit the outer cover of the unit by pushing until the clips at either end hold the cover in place.

Models SF340E, SF340F, SF340J
1. Remove the outer cover of the unit by gently pushing in the 2 edge clips. Remove the power supply unit by pushing in the lower clip and lifting off.
2. Decide where the electrical supply cable is to enter the unit and cut out the appropriate cable hole. Push the cable through the hole. The unit is surface mounted, standard 16mm x 25mm electrical trunking must be used for the cable.
3. The unit has been designed to be either surface or flush against an end. Remove the module fixing screw (if fitted) and unclip the Module from the installed base and power supply unit. The replacement Module can simply be clipped into the power supply unit and the fixing screw and chassis heating pad removed.
NOTE: The Module must have the backup battery fitted for the alarm to operate correctly. This applies even if the primary power supply is present (230Vac, 12Vdc or 24Vdc as appropriate). If no battery is fitted or the battery is flat the audible alarm will sound continuously when the unit is installed and the primary power source is switched on.
Push the test button and hold until the audible alarm signal is given and the red light flashes.
Fit the outer cover of the unit by pushing until the clips at either end hold the cover in place.

9. HOW DO I REPLACE THE SENSOR MODULE?
All SF340 models
Remove the outer cover of the unit by gently pushing in the clips at either end. Remove the module fixing screw (if fitted) and unclip the Module from the installed base and power supply unit. The replacement Module can simply be clipped into the power supply unit and the fixing screw and chassis heating pad removed.
NOTE: The Module must have the backup battery fitted for the alarm to operate correctly. This applies even if the primary power supply is present (230Vac, 12Vdc or 24Vdc as appropriate). If no battery is fitted or the battery is flat the audible alarm will sound continuously when the unit is installed and the primary power source is switched on.
Push the test button and hold until the audible alarm signal is given and the red light flashes. The unit is now ready and working.

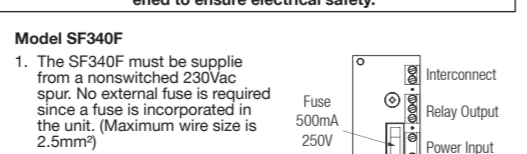
10. BATTERIES
Only the following batteries are suitable replacements for the SF340M backup battery:
 Duracell MN1604
 Rayovac A1604
 Gold Peak 1604A
 Energizer GLR61522
 To replace the backup battery, remove the Module from the unit (see section 9), unclip the battery and replace with a fresh battery. Refit the Module and outer cover to the unit and push and hold the test button until the audible alarm signal is given and the red light flashes.



11. WHAT SHOULD I DO IF MY ALARM SOUNDS?
If your alarm sounds, please proceed as follows:
 ✓ Open all doors and windows to ventilate the area and allow the Carbon Monoxide to disperse.
 ✓ Where possible turn off all fuelled appliances and stop using them.
 ✓ Evacuate the property leaving the doors and windows open.
 ✓ Ring the gas or other fuel supplier on their emergency number and explain the problem. Keep their number in a prominent place.
 ✓ Do not re-enter the property until the alarm has stopped.
 ✓ Get medical help immediately for anyone suffering from the effects of Carbon Monoxide poisoning such as, headache, nausea etc and advise that Carbon Monoxide poisoning is suspected.
 ✓ Do not use the appliances again until they have been checked by an expert and the fault located and cleared. In the case of gas appliances this should be a CORGI registered installer.

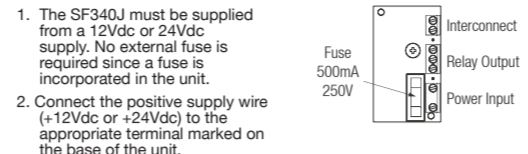
Important: The power supply securing screw must be tightened to ensure electrical safety.

Model SF340F
1. The SF340F must be supplied from a non-switched 230Vac spur. No external fuse is required since a fuse is incorporated in the unit. (Maximum wire size is 2.5mm²)
2. Connect the red or brown (live) wire of the supply to the terminal marked L on the connection board fitted to the base of the unit.



3. Connect the black or blue (neutral) wire of the supply to the terminal marked N.
4. No connection must be made to the mains supply earth. (Refer to later section for Relay and Interconnect Connections)

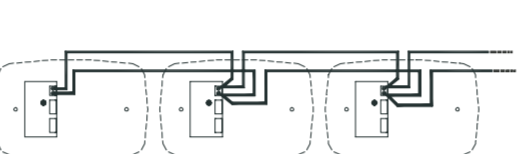
Important: The power supply securing screw must be tightened to ensure electrical safety.



Model SF340J
1. The SF340J must be supplied from a 12Vdc or 24Vdc supply. No external fuse is required as a fuse is incorporated in the unit.
2. Connect the positive supply wire (+12Vdc or +24Vdc) to the appropriate terminal, marked on the base of the unit.
3. Connect the negative supply wire (0V) to the terminal marked 0V.
4. No connection must be made to the supply earth. (Refer to following section for Relay and Interconnect Connections)

RELAY CONNECTIONS (Models SF340F & SF340J only)
The relay connections are made using the terminal block on the connection board marked RELAY O/P. Connections to the relay volt free contacts are as follows:
N/C - Normally closed
COM - Common
N/O - Normally open
The relay contacts are rated at 3 Amps / 230Vac.

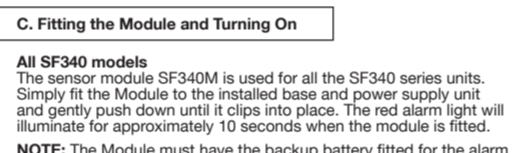
INTERCONNECT CONNECTIONS (Models SF340F & SF340J only)
The interconnect system is made using the terminal block on the connection board marked INTERCONNECT. Units are connected in series as follows:
I/C - Connect to I/C terminals of other SF340F or SF340J alarms
I/C OV - Connect to I/C OV terminals of other SF340F or SF340J alarms
A maximum of 20 units can be interconnected.



RELAY OUTPUT (Models SF340F & SF340J)
The relay provides a single pole changeover (SPCO) volt free contact which can be used to signal to a control panel or switch an external alarm siren or gas valve. The relay contacts are rated at 3A 230Vac and will change state when the unit goes into the alarm condition or when the test button is pressed. When the unit comes out of the alarm condition the relay will automatically revert to its original state after a delay of 90 seconds.

INTERCONNECT (Models SF340F & SF340J)
The interconnect facility enables up to 20 SF340F or SF340J models to be connected together. If one unit goes into the alarm condition the audible alarm on all interconnected units will sound. This alarm signal is a continuous tone. The unit that caused the alarm can be identified as it will flash five times per minute continuously flashing alarm light. When the unit comes out of the alarm condition the alarm light will stop giving the alarm signal. After a delay of 90 seconds the buzzer of all interconnected units will stop sounding and the relays will reset.

8. HOW SHOULD I INSTALL MY ALARM?
Important: The power supply securing screw must be tightened to ensure electrical safety.

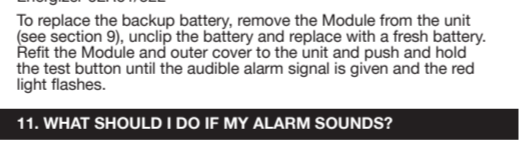


C. Fitting the Module and Turning On
All SF340 models
The sensor module SF340M is used for all the SF340 series units. Simply fit the Module to the installed base and power supply unit and gently push down until it clips into place. The red alarm light will illuminate for approximately 10 seconds when the module is fitted.
NOTE: The Module must have the backup battery fitted for the alarm to operate correctly. This applies even if the primary power supply is present (230Vac, 12Vdc or 24Vdc as appropriate). If no battery is fitted or the battery is flat the audible alarm will sound continuously when the unit is installed and the primary power source is switched on.
Fit the outer cover of the unit by pushing until the clips at either end hold the cover in place.

Models SF340E, SF340F, SF340J
1. Remove the outer cover of the unit by gently pushing in the 2 edge clips. Remove the power supply unit by pushing in the lower clip and lifting off.
2. Decide where the electrical supply cable is to enter the unit and cut out the appropriate cable hole. Push the cable through the hole. The unit is surface mounted, standard 16mm x 25mm electrical trunking must be used for the cable.
3. The unit has been designed to be either surface or flush against an end. Remove the module fixing screw (if fitted) and unclip the Module from the installed base and power supply unit. The replacement Module can simply be clipped into the power supply unit and the fixing screw and chassis heating pad removed.
NOTE: The Module must have the backup battery fitted for the alarm to operate correctly. This applies even if the primary power supply is present (230Vac, 12Vdc or 24Vdc as appropriate). If no battery is fitted or the battery is flat the audible alarm will sound continuously when the unit is installed and the primary power source is switched on.
Push the test button and hold until the audible alarm signal is given and the red light flashes.
Fit the outer cover of the unit by pushing until the clips at either end hold the cover in place.

9. HOW DO I REPLACE THE SENSOR MODULE?
All SF340 models
Remove the outer cover of the unit by gently pushing in the clips at either end. Remove the module fixing screw (if fitted) and unclip the Module from the installed base and power supply unit. The replacement Module can simply be clipped into the power supply unit and the fixing screw and chassis heating pad removed.
NOTE: The Module must have the backup battery fitted for the alarm to operate correctly. This applies even if the primary power supply is present (230Vac, 12Vdc or 24Vdc as appropriate). If no battery is fitted or the battery is flat the audible alarm will sound continuously when the unit is installed and the primary power source is switched on.
Push the test button and hold until the audible alarm signal is given and the red light flashes. The unit is now ready and working.

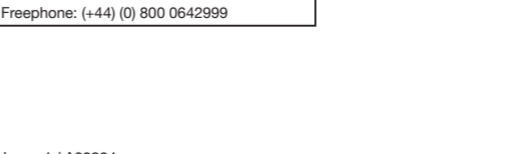
10. BATTERIES
Only the following batteries are suitable replacements for the SF340M backup battery:
 Duracell MN1604
 Rayovac A1604
 Gold Peak 1604A
 Energizer GLR61522
 To replace the backup battery, remove the Module from the unit (see section 9), unclip the battery and replace with a fresh battery. Refit the Module and outer cover to the unit and push and hold the test button until the audible alarm signal is given and the red light flashes.



11. WHAT SHOULD I DO IF MY ALARM SOUNDS?
If your alarm sounds, please proceed as follows:
 ✓ Open all doors and windows to ventilate the area and allow the Carbon Monoxide to disperse.
 ✓ Where possible turn off all fuelled appliances and stop using them.
 ✓ Evacuate the property leaving the doors and windows open.
 ✓ Ring the gas or other fuel supplier on their emergency number and explain the problem. Keep their number in a prominent place.
 ✓ Do not re-enter the property until the alarm has stopped.
 ✓ Get medical help immediately for anyone suffering from the effects of Carbon Monoxide poisoning such as, headache, nausea etc and advise that Carbon Monoxide poisoning is suspected.
 ✓ Do not use the appliances again until they have been checked by an expert and the fault located and cleared. In the case of gas appliances this should be a CORGI registered installer.

Important: The power supply securing screw must be tightened to ensure electrical safety.

Model SF340F
1. The SF340F must be supplied from a non-switched 230Vac spur. No external fuse is required since a fuse is incorporated in the unit. (Maximum wire size is 2.5mm²)
2. Connect the red or brown (live) wire of the supply to the terminal marked L on the connection board fitted to the base of the unit.



Nous vous remercions d'avoir acheté ce détecteur, qui est conçu pour détecter la présence de monoxyde de carbone. La présente notice contient des informations pour l'installation et le fonctionnement du détecteur de gaz SF340.

L'INSTALLATION DE CE DETECTEUR NE DOIT ETRE CONFIEE QU'A UNE PERSONNE COMPETENTE. LE CÂBLAGE ELECTRIQUE DOIT ETRE INSTALLE CONFORMEMENT A LA REGLEMENTATION DE CÂBLAGE EN VIGUEUR DE L'ORGANISME RESPONSABLE DES INSTALLATIONS ELECTRIQUES.

1. NATURE DU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE
Le monoxyde de carbone (CO) est un gaz extrêmement toxique, émis lors de la combustion de combustibles. Du fait qu'il est invisible et inodore, il est très difficile à détecter.

Zones ménagères potentiellement dangereuses

Feu de gaz, charbon ou bois	Réchauds portables au gaz ou à la paraffine	Chauffage-chauffage	Réchauds portables au gaz ou à la paraffine
Cheminée obturée	Gaz d'échappement provenant du garage	Réchauds portables utilisés dans des locaux fermés	Cuisinières

Dans des conditions d'utilisation normales, la quantité de monoxyde de carbone émise dans des locaux bien ventilés, où se trouvent des appareils bien entretenus, est tellement faible que la présence d'une quantité de monoxyde de carbone dégageant peut survenir dans les cas suivants:
 1. Présence d'un appareil à combustion défectueux ou mal entretenu.
 2. Tuyaux d'évacuation partiellement ou totalement obturés.
 3. Mauvaise ventilation des locaux.
 Les conditions suivantes peuvent donner lieu à des cas de présence transitoire de monoxyde de carbone:
 1. Déversements excessifs ou inversion du retournement des appareils en fonction, provoqués par des conditions ambiantes, comme :
 i. Direction du vent/ou du débit d'air, y compris des rafales de vent. Air lourd dans les tuyaux (air froid humide avec longues périodes entre les chauffages).
 ii. Pression différentielle négative due à l'utilisation de ventilateurs de refroidissement.
 iii. Utilisation simultanée de plusieurs appareils à combustion se partageant un volume d'air limité dans les locaux.
 iv. Détachement de raccords de tuyaux de refroidissement (câble-linge, chauffe-eau ou chaudières).
 v. Obstructions dans les conduites de refroidissement ou conduites de refroidissement de forme non traditionnelle, qui risquent d'amplifier les situations susmentionnées.
 2. Installation protégée d'appareils à combustion sans conduite de refroidissement.
 3. Inversions de température risquant de bloquer des conduites de refroidissement à proximité du sol.
 4. Voiture dont le moteur tourne dans un garage ouvert ou contenu à une maison.

2. SYMPTOMES D'INTOXICATION AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE
Les symptômes suivants se rapportent à l'intoxication au monoxyde de carbone :
 • Maux de tête légers, nausées, vomissements, fatigue (souvent décrite comme les symptômes « semblables à ceux de la grippe »)
Exposition moyenne : Maux de tête lancinants, somnolence, confusion, rythme cardiaque élevé.
Exposition extrême : Perte de conscience, convulsions, arrêt cardiorespiratoire, mort.

IL N'EST PAS CONÇU POUR :
 • Détecter la présence de fumée, d'incendies ou d'autres gaz.
 • Remplacer l'entretien normal d'appareils à combustion ou le nettoyage des cheminées.
 • Être utilisé de façon intermittente ou comme alarme portable pour le déversement de produits de combustion d'appareils de combustion ou de cheminées.

ATTENTION
L'activation de votre détecteur au monoxyde de carbone indique la présence de monoxyde de carbone (CO), un gaz QUI TUE. CE DETECTEUR DE MONOXYDE DE CARBONE PEUT NE PAS PROTEGER LES FEMMES ENCEINTEES OU LES PERSONNES POUR LESQUELLES L'EXPOSITION AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE PRESENTE UN DANGER PARTICULIER EN RAISON DE LEUR AGE OU DE LEUR ETAT DE SANTE. CES PERSONNES DOIVENT CONSIDERER L'UTILISER DES DISPOSITIFS D'AVERTISSEMENT VISUEL ET AUD

