

Structured Troubleshooting



Sebastian Büttrich, wire.less.dk
edit: September 2009, Pokhara, Nepal



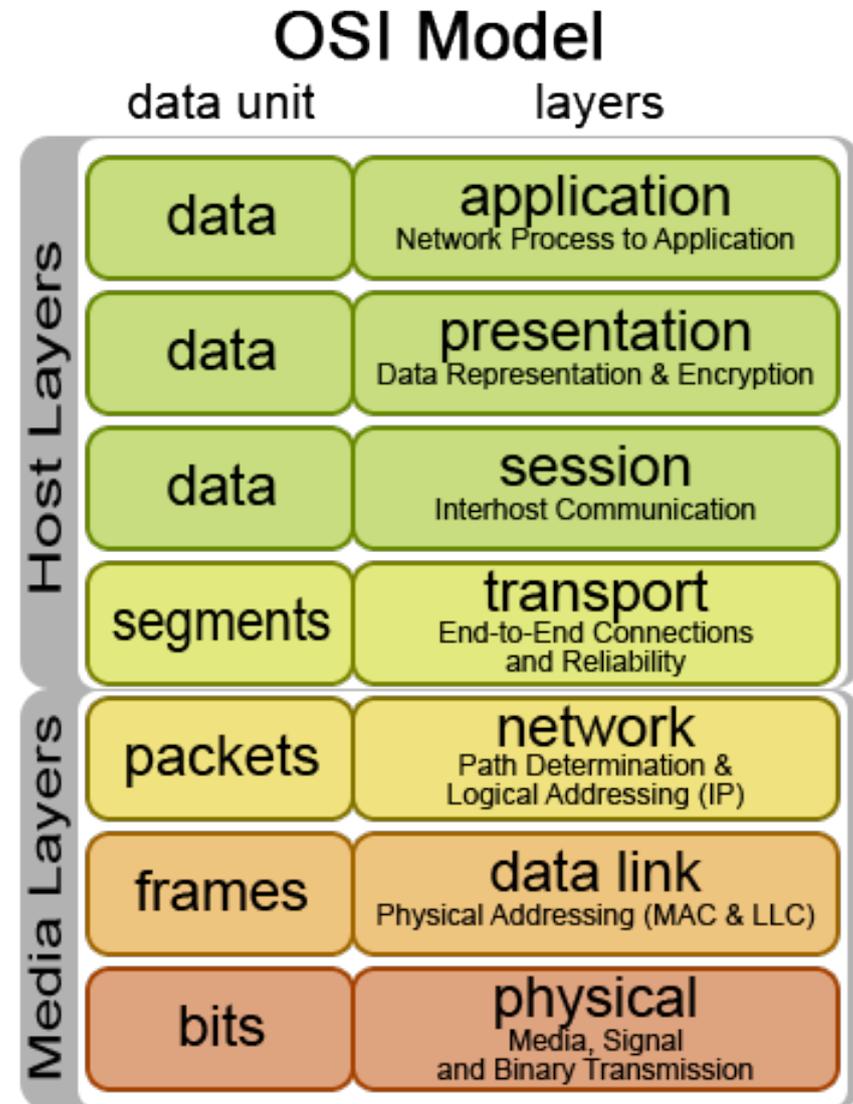
<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/>

Remember

- **Layer model of networking**
- **YES/NO questions to find problem**
- **Be sure about Interfaces**
- **Write down what you find!**
- **Pen and paper!**

Layer Model of Networking

- **Physical Layer**
Wireless, Ethernet cable, etc
- **Link Layer**
Wireless Modes, SSID, Channels
- **Network Layer**
IP settings
- **Transport Layer**
TCP
- **Higher Layers, e.g. Applications**
ftp, email, browser



Ask YES/NO questions and draw conclusion

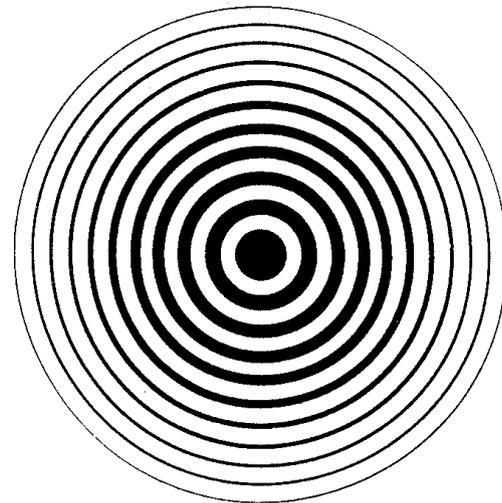
- **Start for example on IP layer - with ping**
- **For example: Can I ping all local network?
If YES: then all cables and wireless links
on local network are ok - you dont need to
check them further!
If NO: go down in layers and check
physical connections, links, associations**
- **For example:
Can I ping 74.125.77.104? YES
Can I ping google.com.np? NO
if I can ping 74.125.77.104, but not
google.com.np ==> DNS problem**

Ask YES/NO questions and draw conclusion

- **Conclusions let you exclude problem areas:**

for example, if everything is fine on local network, but not internet - then your local cable or antenna is NOT the problem

- **That way,
make circle
around problem
smaller and smaller**



Interfaces

- **Remember that all devices have interfaces, and often more than one**
- **IP addresses belong to interface, not machine**
- **Example: Wireless router Linksys WRT54 has WAN/Internet interface + Local Network (LAN) interface**
- **Example: if all is fine on LAN, but WAN can not connect: continue with checking only WAN side**

Write down what you find

- **Always write down all settings, configurations!**
- **Write down all YES/NO questions and the answers.**
- **Write down all the conclusions.**



<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/>

Sources: this presentation from <http://wirelessu.org>