

Operators Manual

Peristaltic Dispenser

PD12 OEM

1 Table of Contents:

1	Table of Contents:	2
2	Declaration of incorporation	3
3	PD12 important notice	4
4	Caution	5
5	Incorporation of PD12 OEM.	6
6	General information	7
6.1	Unpacking and inspection	7
6.2	The peristaltic principle.....	8
7	Installation	9
7.1	Addressing of filling station.....	9
8	Control	10
8.1	Dispenser head	10
8.2	Status LED's.....	10
9	Dispensing with PD12	11
9.1	Vessel Placement.....	11
9.2	Tube size.....	12
9.3	Nature of fill media	13
9.4	Priming tubes	13
9.5	Drip.....	13
9.6	Hard Feed	13
10	Tube assembly	14
10.1	Assembly of Y-connectors.....	14
10.2	Placing tubes in the pump head	14
11	Programming	16
11.1	Programming principle	16
11.2	PD12 parameters	16
12	Cleaning and maintenance	17
12.1	Daily cleaning	17
12.2	Sterilization.....	17
12.3	Maintenance.....	17
13	Change of voltage	18
14	COPYRIGHT	18

2 Declaration of incorporation

We Flexicon A/S
 Frejasvej 2-6
 DK-4100 Ringsted

declare on our sole responsibility that the product:

Peristaltic Dispenser - **PD12 OEM**

Model: 61-153-014



to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the essential health and safety requirements and the following standard(s):

DS/EN 60204 Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines

according to the provisions in the Directive:


2006/42/EC	On the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to machinery.
73/23/EEC	On the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits
2004/108/EC	On the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility

AS THE PD12 OEM IS TO BE INCORPORATED INTO ANOTHER MACHINE, THIS MACHINE MUST BE DECLARED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE PROVISIONS IN THE DIRECTIVE 2006/42/EC, BEFORE PD12 OEM IS PUT INTO SERVICE.

	
Model	PD12 OEM
Serial No.	xxxx xxxx
Supply	230V/50Hz/150W
Year	2007
	

Ringsted, October 2007 Flemming Jørgensen
 Signature



	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 4 of 18

3 PD12 important notice

There are 4 versions of the PD12.

The PD12 I (Individual).

The PD12 P (Panelmount).

The PD12 PS (Panelmount with shaft seal)

The PD12 OEM (Separate dispenser head with shaft seal and control unit for incorporation)

The 4 versions share the same functions and programming routines. They also share the same components for the dispenser head regarding parts acting on the peristaltic tube.

The main difference is that the PD12 I has its own separate cabinet for placing the machine on a table, the PD12 P and PD12 PS are mounted through a panel, and the PD12 OEM is intended for incorporation in another cabinet or filling machine.

Besides there are differences in the way the versions are connected to power supply and to the external pump controller (MC12).

In the last sections of the manual we will describe the connections and interfaces.

For the remainder of this manual the PD12 will be designated as follows:

PD12: for general descriptions covering both versions.

PD12 xx: for descriptions specific to the "xx" version.

WATSON MARLOW Flexicon	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 5 of 18

4 Caution

This manual should be read before using the PD12.

Explanations to the pictograms:

Warning against touching/Warning against opening:



Warning against high voltage:



When operating the PD12, make sure that the dispenser head is closed.

The mains switch is used for emergency stopping.

The PD12 should only be used for dosing and filling of liquid fluids.

The PD12 must be placed on a stable bed plate and in such a way, that it is not exposed to great humidity, high temperatures or other abnormal operating-environments. It is not to be used in explosion hazardous environments.


It is prohibited to maintain or clean the PD12, when it is connected to the power supply.

It is prohibited for unauthorised personnel to open the cover of the PD12's electrical parts.

Always remember that the PD12 must be earthed by way of the switch.

Handle the filling needles with caution.

The pump must not run dry.

	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 6 of 18

5 Incorporation of PD12 OEM.


Before putting the PD12 OEM into service, the following actions must be observed.

The tube-bridge check sensor, installed in the dispenser head, must be connected to the control unit as described in PD12 OEM Installation Manual.

OR

External safety switch for means of preventing pinching hazards in the dispenser head, must be connected to the control unit as described in PD12 OEM Installation Manual.

Hazards from rotating coupling on dispenser head, must be prevented by mounting of drive system in closed cabinet, or by a protection cover.

	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 7 of 18

6 General information

6.1 Unpacking and inspection

PD12 is a peristaltic filler in the Flexicon Multi Filling System (FMFS). The PD12 can not do fillings by itself, but must be connected to Flexicons control unit, the MC12, or to a PC with RS485 multidrop communication.

Please check that all ordered items have been received and that no items were damaged during transport. In case of any defects or omissions, please contact Flexicon A/S or your supplier immediately.

When ordering spare parts or accessories for the PD12, please state the serial number stamped. The serial number is stamped on the label on the control unit of the PD12 OEM.

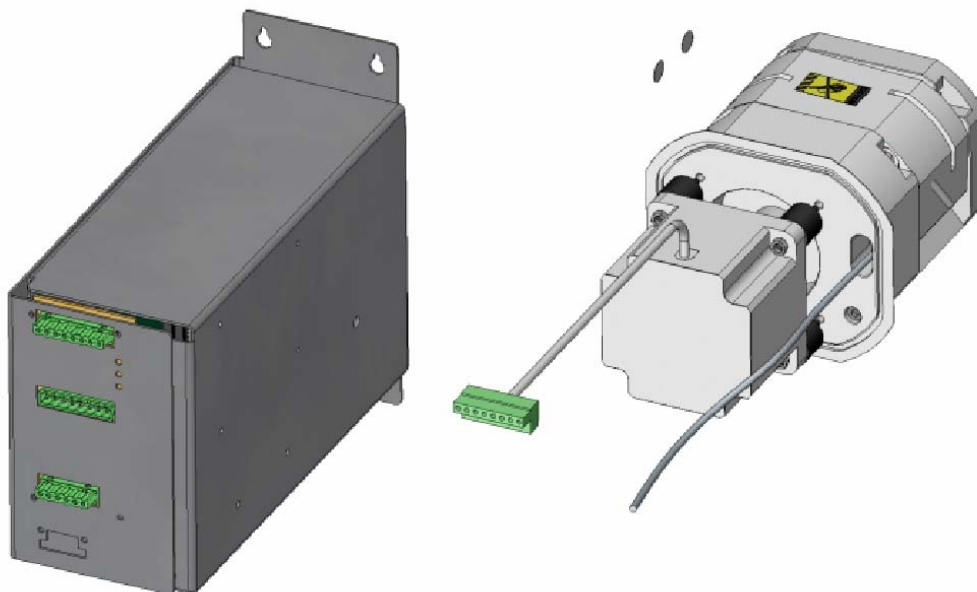



Fig. 6-1

ALWAYS REMEMBER that this machine must be earthed.

	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 8 of 18

6.2 *The peristaltic principle*

PD12 operates with a peristaltic dispenser head (tube pump), where the liquid only comes into contact with the flexible tube, the tube connections and the filling needle. The tubes are usually made of silicone, but other materials can also be used.

The dispenser head is designed in such a way that sterilized tubes can be assembled in the head without affecting the sterility. Flexicons tubes are produced of raw materials medically approved by for instance the FDA. The tubes are delivered in sealed packages and are provided with a batch number which makes it possible to trace the tubes all the way back to the raw material source.

For this reason the PD12 is specially suited for aseptic applications and for preventing cross-contamination among different products.

The dispenser head is self-priming, and the dispenser head itself can stand to be run dry. It is recommended not to let the dispenser head be run dry for a long period WITH CONNECTED TUBES, since this will lead to particle release.

A peristaltic dispenser head is not suitable for viscous products.

7 Installation

For installation of PD12 OEM into filling machine, see separate PD12 OEM Installation Manual.

7.1 Addressing of filling station

Address	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
SW1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
SW2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
SW3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
SW4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Fig. 7.1

Address "1" is the factory setting of PD12.

If the PD12 is one of several filling stations in a system, none of the stations may have the same address and it must therefore be changed.

Change of address is performed via a dip-switch placed at the bottom of the PD12. This change may only be carried out when the machine is turned off at the main isolator.

Addresses between 1 and 16 may be chosen, and Fig. 7.1 shows the various combinations.

8 Control

8.1 Dispenser head

The dispenser head can work with six different tube diameters. The dispenser head is mounted with "quick change tube bridge".

The dispenser head works with two parallel tubes which are squeezed by six rollers mounted on ball bearings. The rollers in the two sections are offset in order to eliminate pulsing.

8.2 Status LED's



Fig. 8.1

- | | | |
|----|--------|--|
| 1. | power | Red LED when 24VDC supply of control system is on. |
| 2. | online | Green LED when communicating with MC12. |
| 3. | busy 2 | Red LED when dispenser is running. |

9 Dispensing with PD12

For optimal dispensing with the PD12, the following should be observed:

9.1	Vessel Placement.....	11
9.2	Tube size.....	12
9.3	Nature of fill media	13
9.4	Priming tubes	13
9.5	Drip.....	13
9.6	Hard Feed	13

9.1 Vessel Placement

In order to build up adequate pressure and reduce friction, it is recommendable to place the vessel containing fill media at the same level as pump head or preferably above the pump head level. Placing the vessel higher than pump head level provides positive product support and may reduce the calibration interval. It is also recommended to place the vessel as close as possible to the pump on suction side.

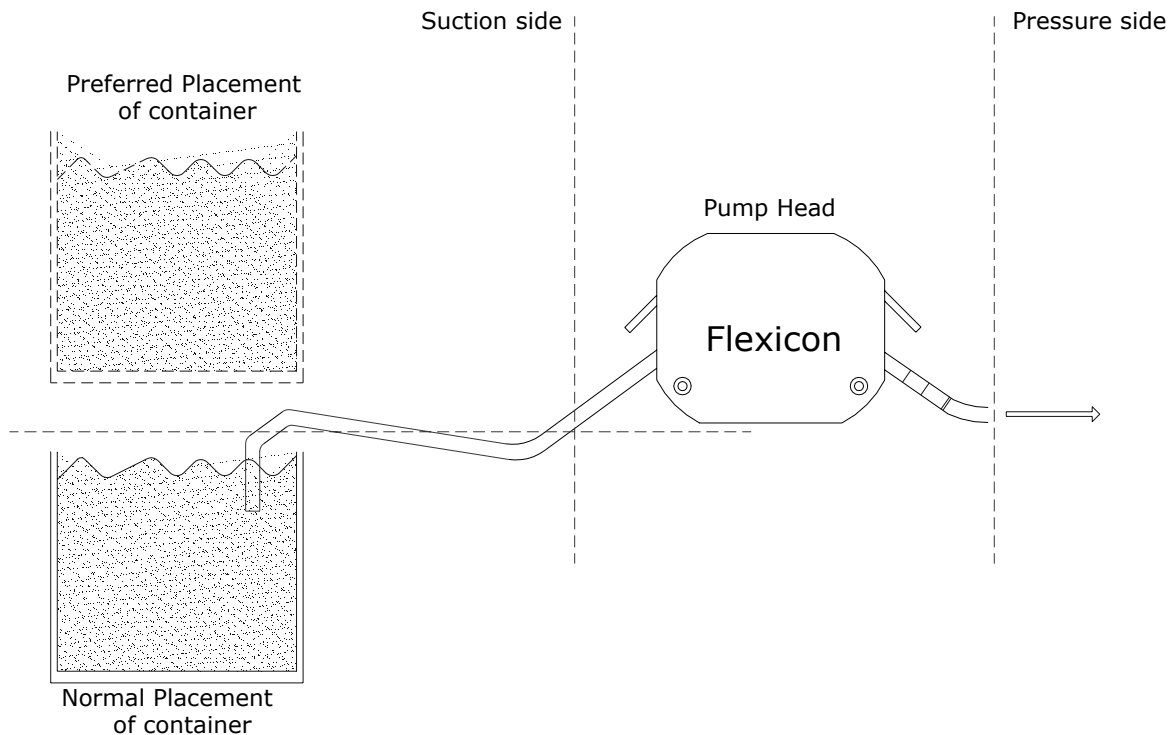


Fig. 9-1

9.2 Tube size

Tubes must be selected according to the application and volume to be filled. Use the table shown below for choice of tubes according to minimum volume to be filled.

PD12 can operate with six different tube dimensions chosen according to the volume to be dispensed. The tubes are designated by their internal diameters (i.d.) in millimetres. This value is always used as designation for the individual tube, and this is also the value to be entered in function 2 at the MC12 master controller.

PD12P can operate with the tubing and Y-connectors listed in the table below.

In order to obtain stable and good results, the choice of tubing may be made according to the following guidelines:

Volume (ml)	Nozzle (mm i.d.)	Flexicon spare part no.	Tubing (mm i.d.)	Flexicon spare part no.		Y-Connector (o.d.)	Flexicon spare part no.
				Peroxide	Platinum		
0.01 – 0.40	0.6	30-030-006	0.5	84-301-005	84-102-005	2.4	84-011-002
0.40 – 1.00	1.0	30-030-010	0.8	84-301-008	84-102-008	2.4	84-011-002
1.00 – 2.00	1.6	30-030-016	1.2	84-301-012	84-102-012	3.6	84-011-004
2.00 – 3.40	3.2	30-030-032	1.6	84-301-016	84-102-016	3.6	84-011-004
3.40 – 14.0	4.5	30-030-045	3.2	84-301-032	84-102-032	5.9	84-011-006
14.0 – 24.0	6.0	30-030-060	4.8	84-301-048	84-102-048	7.2	84-011-008
24.0 – 44.0	8.0	30-030-080	6.0	84-301-060	84-102-060	9.5	84-011-010
>44.0 ml	8.0*	30-030-080	8.0	84-301-080	84-102-080	12.4	84-011-012

- use non-return valve
-


Fig. 9-2

Above mentioned tubes are silicone tubes and supplied by Flexicon A/S. These can be sterilised by autoclaving.

Tubes must be cut in the right length in order to achieve optimised dispensing. It is recommendable that the tubes are of such length that can allow placing the vessel close to the pump head.

The tube ends must always be kept below the liquid level of the suction vessel in order to keep the tubes from sucking air.

Avoid having tubes close to the bottom of product vessel.

	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 13 of 18

9.3 Nature of fill media

The peristaltic dispensers are not suitable for viscous products. For viscous product can another type of dispenser from Flexicon be used. In the case that the PD12 should be used and the product is of viscous nature, then heating the product before dispensing with PD12 is recommended.

Another consideration is the surface tension of liquid. Product with high surface tension tends to produce drip. Due to this fact it is difficult to have sufficient cut off after every individual dispensing. When filling with small volumes and high surface tension present drips are often produced and constitute inaccuracy.

Filling with large volume and high surface tension might have tendency to suck air back in the filling line.

9.4 Priming tubes

In order to evacuate air from the tubes and prepare the tubes for filling, it is necessary to prime the tubes. Priming must be done adequately and continued until the tube material hysteresis disappears as well as any air bubbles.

9.5 Drip

When dispensing very small volumes, the last drop of the filling constitutes a big part of the total filling. Therefore it is necessary to take necessary measures for avoiding the last drop. For small volumes a dumping nozzle system can be applied to eliminate the last drop of filling.

When dispensing with very large volumes, the shape of nozzle and the filling speed required may not always be compatible. For this reason consideration should be done if using non-return valve or forced back-suction is necessary.

Flexicon dispensers offer back-suction (reversing) after every individual dispensing.

9.6 Hard Feed

When dispensing with small tubes, counter pressure on the pressure side of pump head might constitute inaccuracy and instability in filling (hard feed). In some cases the problem can be resolved by using a larger tube on the pressure side (after Y-connector).

10 Tube assembly

10.1 Assembly of Y-connectors

Since the dispenser head of PD12 is fitted with a double rotor, two suction tubes are used all the way through the dispenser head. These two suction tubes are joined by a Y-connector just behind the dispenser head.

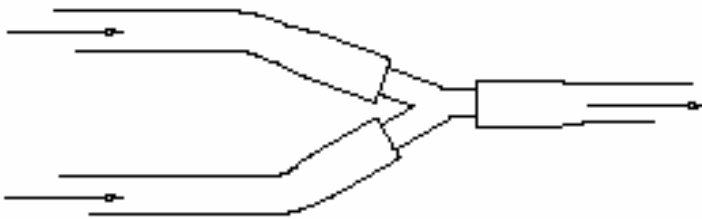


Fig. 10.1

The chosen tube is joint by a Y-connector as shown in Fig. 10.1. Since the Y- connectors are made from polypropylene, the total tube system can be sterilized in an autoclave.

10.2 Placing tubes in the pump head

After selecting a suitable tube diameter and after fitting the tubes with Y- connector and filling needle, assemble the tubes in the dispenser head.

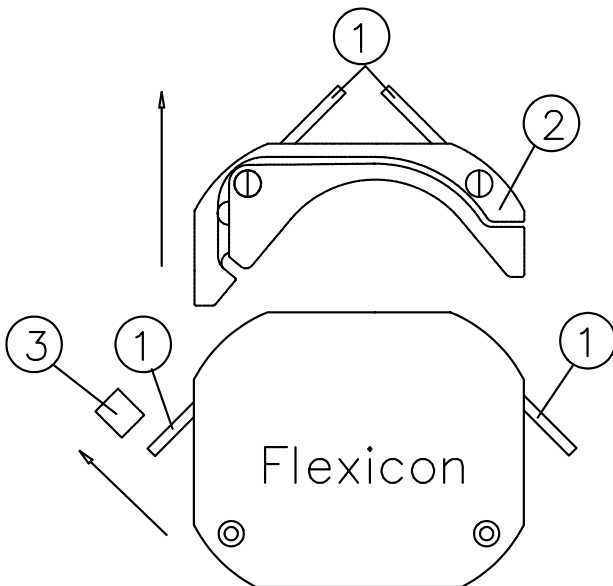
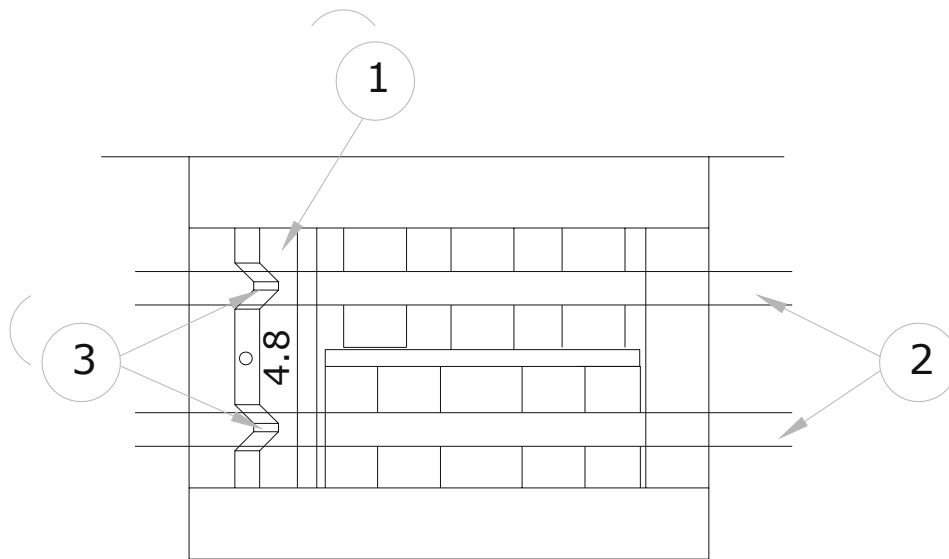


Fig. 10.2

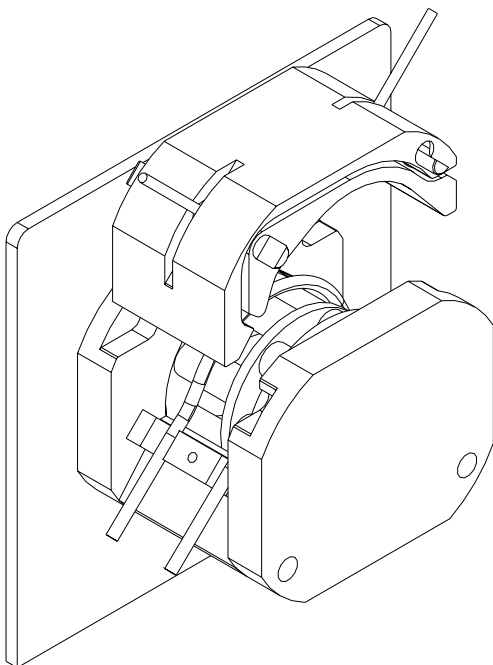
Open the dispenser head by turning the two locking pins (1) over the tube bridge (2), after which the tube bridge can be lifted up.

It will now be possible to remove the tube lock (3) from its dowel pin.


**Fig. 10.3**

Mount the correct tube lock (1) on its dowel pin and place the tubes (2) in the dispenser head. The Y-connector must be situated to the right of the dispenser head.

It is important that the tubes are situated in the two notches (3).
Now place the tube bridge in its tracks and engage the two locking pins.

**Fig. 10.4**

The tube ends must always be kept below the liquid level of the suction vessel in order to keep the tubes from sucking air.

	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 16 of 18

11 Programming

11.1 Programming principle

In the following, a parameter will be the value of a single function, i.e. volume, tube diameter or velocity. A program will be a complete set of parameters which together will constitute the PD12 work instructions.

The actual programming will be made on the MC12 and reference is made to the MC12 manual.

11.2 PD12 parameters

1. Volume

Value: ml

Range: 0.01 – 9999,9 ml. ml

PD12 can dispense from 0,5 to 9999 ml, but for volumes exceeding approx. 250 ml, the capacity will drop significantly.

If the volume is changed, a recalibration should be made.

2. Tubes

Value: Inside diameter (i.d.) in mm

Range: 0.5 - 0.8 - 1.6 - 3.2 - 4.8 - 6.0 - 8.0.

The tubes can be measured with the supplied tube gauge.

If the tube is changed, a new calibration must always be made.

3. Velocity

Value: Revolutions per minute (rpm)

Range: : 30 - 400 rpm for tubing above Ø1.6 id.

30 - 500 rpm for Ø3.2 id. tubing.

30 - 600 rpm for tubing smaller than Ø1.6 id.

If the velocity is changed, a recalibration should be made.

4. Acceleration/deceleration

Value: An integral number

Range: 1 – 100 for tubing larger than Ø3.2 id.

1 – 150 for Ø3.2 id. tubing

1 – 200 for tubing up to Ø1.6 id.

The acceleration and the deceleration will always be the same.

The lowest value (1) will give the slowest acceleration.

The highest value (200) will give the fastest acceleration.

If the acceleration is changed, a recalibration should be made.

5. Reversing (back suction)

Value: An integral number


Range: 0 - 10

If the rotor is moved a little backwards (reversing) after the completion of fillings, a minor back suction will be created. This can prevent dripping from the filling needle.

The value "0" will give no reversing, but the value "10" will give maximum reversing.

ALWAYS make a recalibration if the reversing value is altered.

For other programming possibilities, reference is made to the MC12 manual.

	PD12 OEM Operators manual		
Re.: Operation	Rev.: 1.03	Date: 2008-06-04	Page 17 of 18

12 Cleaning and maintenance

12.1 Daily cleaning

As PD12 is not in direct contact with the dispensed product, daily cleaning will not be necessary except for the normal routine cleaning of production equipment.

Liquids must NOT be splashed onto the PD12. It may only be cleaned with a damp paper towel or a firmly wrung cloth.

The cabinet is made of stainless steel and anodized aluminium, and normal cleaning agents such as alcohol and isopropanol may be used.

12.2 Sterilization

If PD12 is placed in an aseptic environment, the sterilization may be made as described in section 5.1, or you may sterilize PD12 by gases observing the following precautions.

If you use gases that might injure and corrode contacts and other metals, air slots and sockets MUST be covered with tape.

12.3 Maintenance

As all movable parts in PD12 are maintenance-free, no maintenance is required apart from normal cleaning of the equipment.

Should service be needed, please contact Flexicon A/S or your supplier.

13 Change of voltage

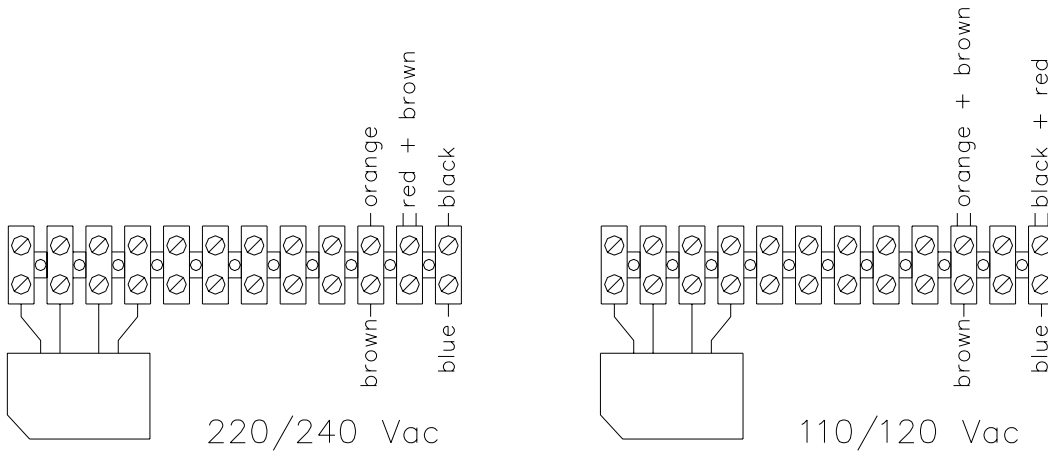


Fig. 13.1

The PD12 can be converted to accept another supply voltage.
The conversion can be made inside the machine by moving the cables of the transformer clamps.

14 COPYRIGHT

Copyright (c) 2007 Flexicon A/S. All rights to this manual belong to Flexicon A/S. Neither the complete manual nor parts of it may be translated, copied, printed or published in any form or by any means without permission in writing from Flexicon A/S

Flexicon A/S is convinced that the information of this manual is correct, but Flexicon A/S cannot be held responsible for it.

Flexicon A/S reserves the right to update and amend this manual without previous notice. Flexicon A/S is under no obligation to update manuals already published.