

# USER MANUAL

## WATER-PROOF SENSORLESS BRUSHLESS SPEED CONTROLLER ( RTR VERSION )

### 【DECLARATION】

Thanks for purchasing our electronic speed controller (ESC). The power system for RC model can be very dangerous, so please read this manual carefully. In that we have no control over the correct use, installation, application, or maintenance of our products, no liability shall be assumed nor accepted for any damages, losses or costs resulting from the use of the product.

### 【FEATURES】

1. Water-proof and dust-proof. The ESC can work under water for a short time.  
(Please remove the cooling fan when running car in water, and after running, please make the ESC clean and then dry it to avoid the oxidation to copper connectors)
2. Specially designed for RC car and truck, with excellent start-up, acceleration and linearity features.
3. Compatible with sensorless brushless motor.
4. 2 running modes ("Forward with brake" mode, "Forward/Backward with brake" mode).
5. Proportional ABS brake function with 4 steps of maximum brake force adjustment, 8 steps of drag-brake force adjustment.
6. 4 start modes ("Punch") from "Soft" to "Very aggressive" to be suitable for different chassis, tires and tracks.
7. Multiple protection features: Low voltage cut-off protection for Lipo or NiMH battery / Over-heat protection / Throttle signal loss protection / Motor blocked protection.
8. Easily programmed with the "SET" button on the ESC or with the LED Program Card.

### 【SPECIFICATIONS】

| Model               | WP-S16-RTR   | WP-S10C-RTR   | WP-S10D-RTR<br>WP-S10DS-RTR                        | WP-S10E-RTR   |  |
|---------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| Cont. Current       | 25A  | 45A   | 60A  | 45A   |  |
| Burst Current       | 90A  | 260A  | 390A   | 220A  |  |
| Resistance          | 0.005 ohm  | 0.0012 ohm  | 0.0007 ohm   | 0.0012 ohm  |  |
| Car Applicable      | 1/18, 1/16 scale   | 1/10 scale on-road and off-road   |  |   |  |
| Motor Limit         | 2S Lipo<br>6 cells<br>NiMH                                 | On-road: ≥12T<br>Off-road: ≥18T<br>2040 size motor  | On-road: ≥9T<br>Off-road: ≥12T<br>3650 size motor  | On-road: ≥5.5T<br>Off-road: ≥9T<br>3650 size motor  | On-road: ≥9T<br>Off-road: ≥12T<br>3650 size motor  |
|                     | 3S Lipo<br>9 cells<br>NiMH                                 | On-road: ≥18T<br>Off-road: ≥24T<br>2040 size motor  | On-road: ≥12T<br>Off-road: ≥18T<br>3650 size motor | On-road: ≥8.5T<br>Off-road: ≥13T<br>3650 size motor | On-road: ≥12T<br>Off-road: ≥18T<br>3650 size motor |
| Battery             | 4-9 cells NiMH<br>or 2-3S Lipo<br>w/without cooling<br>fan | 4-9 Cells NiMH or 2-3S Lipo<br>1) For 4-6 cells NiMH or 2S Lipo: You needn't change the 5V cooling fan on the ESC;<br>2) For 7-9 cells NiMH or 3S Lipo: You must change the original 5V cooling fan to 12V cooling fan, or supply the 5V cooling fan from the receiver (5-6V); (*Note1) |  |   |  |
| Built-in BEC        | 6V/1A  | 6V/2A   |  |   |  |
| Program Port        | Rx Wire  | Multiplexed with cooling fan port   |  |   |  |
| Motor Type          | Sensorless Brushless                                       |   |  |   |  |
| Dimension           | 36*28*16   | 49*34*35  | WP-S10D-RTR: 49*34*35<br>WP-S10DS-RTR: 49*32*41    | 48.5*38*32  |  |
| Weight (with wires) | 38g  | 75g   | 75g  | 90g   |  |

Note1: Please remove the cooling fan when running the ESC in water. For more information about the high voltage cooling fan, please refer to the brief introduction on page 3.

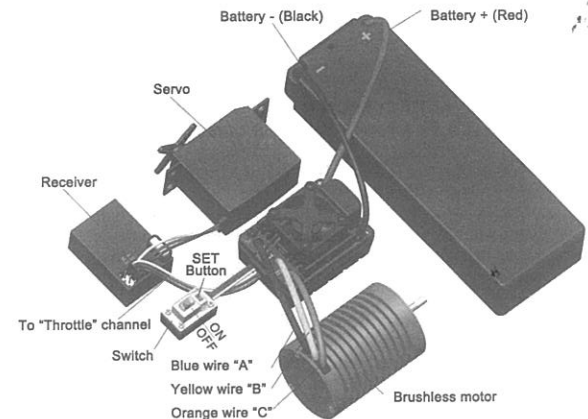
### 【BEGIN TO USE THE NEW ESC】

#### 1. Connect the ESC, motor, receiver, battery and servo according to the following diagram

"+" and "-" wires of the ESC are connected with the battery pack, and #A, #B and #C are connected with the motor wires. The "SET" button is used for programming the ESC.

The control cable of the ESC (trio wires with black, red and white color) is connected with the throttle channel of the receiver (Usually CH2).

1The #A, #B, #C wires of the ESC can be connected with the motor wires freely (without any order). If the motor runs in the opposite direction, please swap any two wire connections.



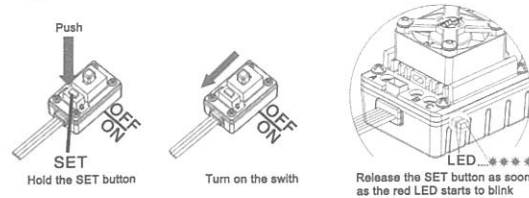
**Note:** You can use the transmitter to set the throttle channel to the "Reverse" direction, and then the motor will run oppositely. Please calibrate the throttle range again after changing the direction of throttle channel.

**2. Throttle Range Setting (Throttle Range Calibration)**

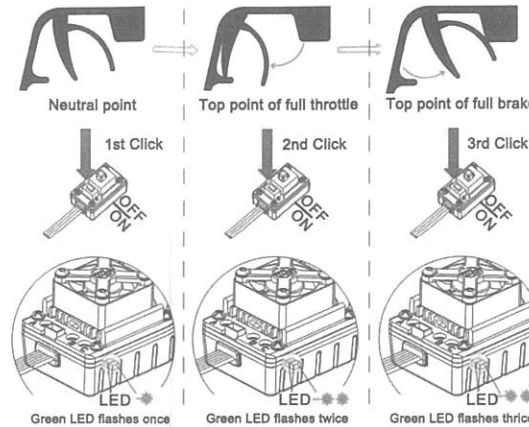
In order to make the ESC match the throttle range, you must calibrate it when you begin to use a new ESC, or a new transmitter, or after changing the settings of the neutral position of throttle channel, ATV or EPA parameters, otherwise the ESC cannot work properly.

There are 3 points need to be set, they are the top point of "forward," "backward" and the neutral point. The following pictures show how to set the throttle range with a Futaba™ transmitter.

- A) Switch off the ESC, turn on the transmitter, set the direction of throttle channel to "REV", set the "EPA/ATV" value of throttle channel to "100%", and disable the "ABS" brake function of your transmitter. (\*Note2)
- B) Hold the "SET" key and then switch on the ESC, when the red LED begins to flash, release the key immediately. (Please check the picture on the right side)



- C) Set the THREE points according to the steps shown in the picture on the right side.
  - 1) Neutral point
  - 2) End point of forward direction
  - 3) End point of backward direction
- D) When the process of calibration is finished, the motor can be started after 3 seconds.



*Note2: If you don't release the "SET" key after the red LED begins to flash, the ESC will enter the program mode, in such a case, please switch off the ESC and re-calibrate the throttle range again from step A to step D.*

**3. The LED Status in Normal Running**

- a) In normal use, if the throttle stick is in the neutral range, neither the red LED nor the green LED lights.
- b) The red LED lights when the car is run forward or backward and it will flash quickly when the car is braking.
- c) The green LED lights when the throttle stick is moved to the top point of the forward zone (that is: full throttle).

**[ALERT TONES]**

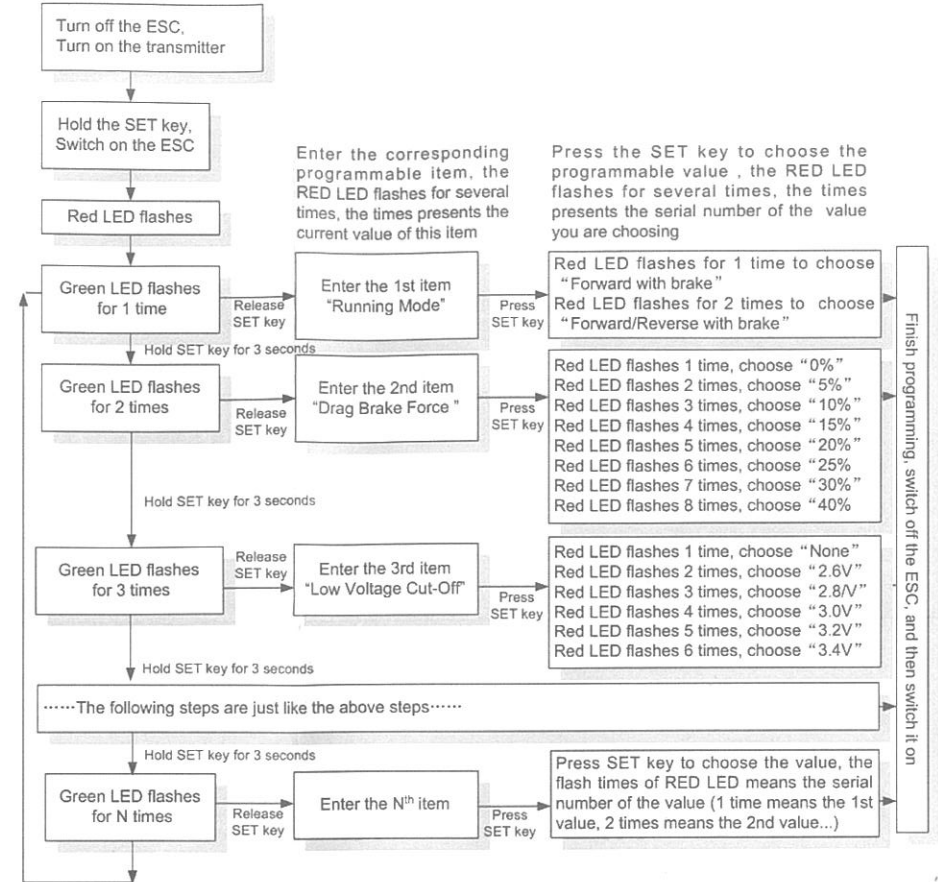
1. Input voltage abnormal alert tone: The ESC begins to check the input voltage when power on, if it is out of the normal range, such an alert tone will be emitted: "beep-beep-, beep-beep-, beep-beep-" (There is 1 second time interval between every "beep-beep-" tone).
2. Throttle signal abnormal alert tone: When the ESC can't detect the normal throttle signal, such an alert tone will be emitted: "beep-, beep-, beep-" (There is 2 seconds time interval between every "beep-" tone).

**[PROTECTION FUNCTION]**

1. Low voltage cut-off protection: If the voltage of a Lipo battery pack is lower than the threshold for 2 seconds, the ESC will cut off the output power. Please note that the ESC cannot be restarted if the voltage of each Lipo cell is lower than 3.5V. For NiMH battery packs, if the voltage of the whole NiMH battery pack is higher than 9.0V but lower than 12V, it will be considered as a 3S Lipo; If it is lower than 9.0V, it will be considered as a 2S Lipo. For example, if the NiMH battery pack is 8.0V, and the threshold is set to 2.6V/Cell, it is considered as a 2S Lipo, and the low-voltage cut-off threshold for this NiMH battery pack is 2.6\*2=5.2V.
2. Over-heat protection: When the temperature of the ESC is over a factory preset threshold for 5 seconds, the ESC will cut off the output power. You can disable the over-heat protection function for competition race.
3. Throttle signal loss protection: The ESC will cut off the output power if the throttle signal is lost for 0.2 second.

**[PROGRAM THE ESC]**

**1. Program Method**



**Note:**

- ★ In the program process, the motor will emit "Beep" tone at the same time when the LED is flashing.
- ★ We use a long time flash and long "Beep--" tone to represent number "5", so it is easy to identify the items of the big number.

For example, if the LED flashes as the following:

- "A long time flash" (Motor sounds "B---") = the No. 5 item
- "A long time flash + a short time flash" (Motor sounds "B--B") = the No. 6 item
- "A long time flash + 2 short times flash" (Motor sounds "B---BB") = the No. 7 item
- "A long time flash + 3 short times flash" (Motor sounds "B---BBB") = the No. 8 item

**2. Programmable Items list**

| Programmable Items               | Programmable Value |                                   |               |                          |            |            |     |     |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|
|                                  | 1                  | 2                                 | 3             | 4                        | 5          | 6          | 7   | 8   |
| 1. Running Mode                  | Forward with Brake | <i>Forward/Reverse with Brake</i> |               |                          |            |            |     |     |
| 2. Drag Brake Force              | 0%                 | 5%                                | 10%           | 15%                      | 20%        | 25%        | 30% | 40% |
| 3. Low Voltage Cut-Off Threshold | Non-Protection     | 2.6V /Cell                        | 2.8V /Cell    | <i>3.0V /Cell</i>        | 3.2V /Cell | 3.4V /Cell |     |     |
| 4. Start Mode (Punch)            | Level1 (Soft)      | Level2                            | <i>Level3</i> | Level4 (Very Aggressive) |            |            |     |     |
| 5. Maximum Brake Force           | 25%                | 50%                               | <i>75%</i>    | 100%                     |            |            |     |     |

**Attention:** The italic texts in the above form are the default settings.

**3. Programmable Items**

**3.1. Running Mode:** With "Forward with Brake" mode, the car can go forward and brake, but cannot go backward, this mode is suitable for competition; "Forward/Reverse with Brake" mode provides backward function, which is suitable for training.

**Note:** "Forward/Reverse with Brake" mode uses "Double-Click" method to make the car go backward. When you move the throttle stick from forward zone to backward zone for the first time, the ESC begins to brake the motor, the motor speeds down but it is still running, not completely stopped, so the backward action is NOT happened now. When the throttle stick is moved to the backward zone again (The 2<sup>nd</sup> "click"), if the motor speed is slowed down to zero (i.e. stopped), the backward action will be occurred. The "Double-Click" method can prevent mistakenly reverse when the brake function is frequently used in steering.

**3.2. Drag Brake Force:** Set the amount of drag brake applied at neutral throttle to simulate the slight braking effect of a neutral brushed motor while coasting.

**3.3. Low Voltage Cut-Off:** The function is mainly used to prevent the Lipo battery from over discharging. The ESC monitors the battery's voltage at any time, if the voltage is lower than the threshold, the output power will be reduced to 50% in 2 seconds. Please drive to the side of racing track as soon as possible and then stop the car, the ESC will completely cut off the output power in 10 seconds. The values listed in the table refer to the cut-off threshold for each Lipo cell.

**3.4. Start Mode (Also called "Punch"):** Select from "Level1 (Soft)" to "Level 4 (Very aggressive)" start mode as you like. Please note that if you choose "Level 4 (Very aggressive)", you should use good quality battery with powerful discharge ability, otherwise you cannot get the bursting start effect as you want. If the motor cannot run smoothly (that is: the motor is trembling), it may be caused by the weak discharge ability of the battery, please choose a better battery or increase the gear rate.

**3.5. Maximum Brake Force:** The ESC provides proportional brake function. The brake force is related to the position of the throttle stick. Maximum brake force refers to the force when the throttle stick is located at the top point of the backward zone. A very large brake force can shorten the brake time, but it may damage the gears.

**4. Reset All Items To Default Values**

At any time when the throttle is located in neutral zone (except in the throttle calibration or programming mode), hold the "SET" key for over 3 seconds, the red LED and green LED will flash at the same time, which means each programmable item has been reset to its default value.

**[OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES]**

We provide the following optional accessories:

**1. Cooling fan (12V):** The high voltage fan is necessary when you use 3S Lipo or NiMH battery more than 6 cells.

**WARNING!** Please note the original cooling fan (5V) is only recommended to work with 2S Lipo or 4-6 cells NiMH battery. Please DON'T use it with a 3S Lipo or NiMH battery more than 6 cells. Please check the label of the cooling fan carefully to confirm its working voltage before using it.

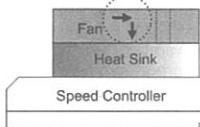
**2. LED Program Card (Digital LED Display)**

The LED Program Card is an optional accessory which needs to be purchased separately. It has a friendly user interface. The process of programming the ESC becomes quite easy and fast with this pocket sized device.

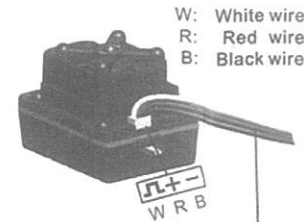
**Please connect the ESC to LED Program Card via the program port.**

- For WP-S16-RTR ESC, the program port is multiplexed with the Rx wire, please disconnect the Rx wires from receiver and then connect it to LED program card.

Mark: Direction of the airflow and the impeller

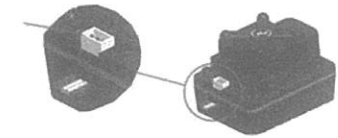


- For WP-S10C, S10D, S10DS, S10E ESC, the program port is multiplexed with the cooling fan port, please disconnect the cooling fan, and then use program cable to connect the fan port of the ESC to the LED program card.



Connect to LED Program Box

Cooling fan port



The cooling fan port is also a program port for the ESC

**[TROUBLE SHOOTING]**

| Trouble  | Possible Reason   | Solution  |
|--|---|---|
| After power on, motor can't work, no sound is emitted  | The connections between battery pack and ESC are not correct      | Check the power connections<br>Replace the connectors   |
| After power on, motor can't work, but emits "beep-beep-, beep-beep-" alert tone. (Every "beep-beep-" has a time interval of 1 second)                              | Input voltage is abnormal, too high or too low.                   | Check the voltage of the battery pack   |
| After power on, motor can't work, but emits "beep-, beep-, beep-" alert tone. (Every "beep-" has a time interval of about 2 seconds). And the red LED solid lights | Throttle signal is abnormal                                       | Check the transmitter and the receiver<br>Check the wire of the throttle channel  |
| After power on, motor can't work and the red LED blinks very quickly   | The neutral point of the throttle channel is changed              | Calibrate the throttle range for the ESC again, or adjust the trimmer of throttle channel (on the transmitter) to change the neutral point. |
| The motor runs in the opposite direction   | The wire connections between ESC and the motor need to be changed | Swap any two wire connections between the ESC and the motor.  |
| The motor suddenly stops running while in working state  | The throttle signal is lost                                       | Check the transmitter and the receiver<br>Check the wire of the throttle channel  |
| Random stop or restart or irregular working state  | The ESC has entered the Low Voltage Protection Mode               | Replace the battery pack  |
|  | Some connections are not reliable                                 | Check all the connections: battery pack connections, throttle signal wire, and motor connections, etc.                                      |
|  | There is strong electro-magnetic interference in flying field.    | Reset the ESC. If the function could not be resumed, you might need to move to another area to run the car.                                 |