

6416yz A-Net Interface Card

User Guide





Certifications

ETL/cETL Listed

EMC: EN 55103-1, EN 55103-2, SAA AS/NZS 1053

Conforms to: IEC 60065, EN 60065, UL 60065

Certified to: CAN/CSA E60065, KETI

RoHS Status: Pb-free





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WARNING!



NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE

REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY

- To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, do not expose this product to rain or other types of moisture.
- Operating Temperature: 10°C to 50°C (50°F to 122°F)



CAUTION

Risk of electric shock!

Do Not Open

AVIS: Risque de choc electrique!

Ne pas ouvrir



WARNING!

To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock do not expose this product to rain or moisture.

CAUTION:

- Using any audio system at high volume levels can cause permanent damage to your hearing.
- · Set your system volume as low as possible.
- Avoid prolonged exposure to excessive sound pressure levels.

IMPORTANT:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Changes or modifications to the product not expressly approved by Aviom, Inc. could void the user's FCC authority to operate the equipment.

Important Safety Instructions

- 1. Read these instructions.
- 2. Keep these instructions
- 3. Heed all warnings.
- 4. Follow all instructions.
- 5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
- 6. Clean only with a dry cloth.
- Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- 9. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or groundingtype plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
- Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched, particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit the apparatus.
- Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.



- 12. Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
- 13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
- 14. Refer all servicing to qualified personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as when the power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, the unit does not operate normally, or it has been dropped.
- 15. The solid line over dashed line symbol (______) indicates that the input voltage must be a DC voltage.

Warranty Information

Your Authorized Aviom Dealer:

Name: ______

Address: ______

Please record the following information for future reference:

Date of Purchase:

Serial Number of Your Aviom Product: _____

Your Authorized Aviom Dealer is your primary source for service and support. The information recorded above will be helpful in communicating with your Authorized Aviom Dealer should you need to contact Aviom Customer Service. If you have any questions concerning the use of this unit, please contact your Authorized Aviom Dealer first. For additional technical support, check the Aviom website at www.Aviom.com.

To fulfill warranty requirements, your Aviom product should be serviced only at an authorized Aviom service center. The Aviom serial number label must appear on the outside of the unit, or the Aviom warranty is void.

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Aviom, Inc. Limited Warranty

Aviom, Inc. warrants this product against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of the original retail purchase.

This warranty does not apply if the equipment has been damaged due to misuse, abuse, accident, or problems with electrical power. The warranty also does not apply if the product has been modified in any way, or if the product serial number has been damaged, modified, or removed.

If a defect is discovered, first write or call Aviom, Inc. to obtain a Return Authorization number. No service will be performed on any product returned without prior authorization. Aviom, Inc. will, at its discretion, repair or replace the product at no charge to you. The product must be returned during the warranty period, with transportation charges prepaid to Aviom, Inc., 1157 Phoenixville Pike, Suite 201, West Chester, PA 19380, USA. You must use the product's original packing materials for shipment. Shipments should be insured for the value of the product. Include your name, address, phone number, description of the problem, and copy of the original bill of sale with the shipment. The Return Authorization number should be written on the outside of the box.

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Failure to observe the following warnings may lead to risk of serious injury from fire or electric shock.

Before installing the 6416Y2 card, you must refer to the owner's manual of the host device or to the Yamaha website to verify that your host device supports this card, and to verify the number of cards that can be installed in combination with other Yamaha or third-party cards.

- Do not attempt to disassemble or modify the card. Do not apply excessive force to board connectors or other board components. (Mishandling the board may lead to shock, fire hazard, or equipment failure.)
- You must turn off the power of your device before you begin installing the 6416Y2 card.
- Be sure to disconnect the power cable from the main unit before installing this card (to eliminate shock hazard).



Caution

Failure to observe the following precautions may lead to personal injury, or may result in damage to equipment or other property.

- Do not touch the board's metallic leads (pins) when handling the card. (Pins are sharp and may cause hand cuts.)
- The card is electrostatic-sensitive. Before handling the card, you should briefly touch the main unit's metal casing with your bare hand so as to drain off any static charge from your body.

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Welcome

Thank you for purchasing the 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card for use with Yamaha® digital products that support the mini-YGDAI (MY) card format. This User Guide is designed to familiarize you with the features and functions of your new Pro64™ product. In developing the Pro64 Series, we have made every effort to make the user interface as easy to use and understand as possible. We encourage you to read the manual completely, as some of the powerful features of your new product may not be immediately apparent.

Features

The 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is a 16-channel Pro64 A-Net® I/O expansion card for Yamaha's digital devices including digital mixing consoles and the Digital Mix Engine™ (DME) products. It provides a host of professional features designed to make audio networking with Pro64 Series products easy to set up and configure in a variety of professional audio situations.

6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card Features:

- Compatible with Yamaha mini-YGDAI (MY) expansion card format
- Sixteen input and output channels (Note: 8 channels only on the PM1D console)
- Inputs from the console can be individually activated into the Pro64 network
- A-Net base slot range can be independently set for inputs and output banks
- The 6416Y2 card can be both the Pro64 network Control Master and the network Clock Master
- Flexible and robust clocking allows simple console-toconsole digital connections
- Front-panel Stereo Link DIP switches for channel pairing for use with Pro16 Personal Mixers
- Two A-Net network ports
- EtherCon® RJ45 network connectors
- Support for Pro64 Virtual Data Cables[™] (VDC[™])
- Variable sample rates: 44.1/48kHz or 88.2/96kHz
- RS-232/422 Virtual Data Cable I/O (compatible with the Yamaha remote control protocol)
- Multiple cards can be installed per console or DME

Package Contents

Check the contents of the shipping box carefully before making connections and continuing with installation.

The contents of the 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card box includes:

- One 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card
- User Guide

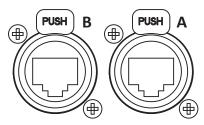
✓ Note Retain the protective bag that encloses the 6416Y2 card. The card is static-sensitive. Use the bag whenever the card will be transported without being installed in a Yamaha device.

The EtherCon Connector

Pro64 Series products feature locking connectors for all network I/O. The Neutrik® EtherCon® connector is a dual RJ45-type connector that can receive a standard Category 5e cable or a cable fitted with the special locking EtherCon connector.

When using a standard Cat-5e cable, plug the cable into the center of the EtherCon jack; release the cable by pressing on the small plastic tab built into the cable connector.

The locking EtherCon connector is similar to an XLR plug, the kind commonly used on microphone cables. Insert an EtherCon-equipped cable into the jack until it clicks and locks in place. To remove the cable, press on the metal release tab at the top of the panel-mounted EtherCon jack and pull the connector outward.



The 6416Y2 has two A-Net ports, labeled A and B.

Cat-5e Cables

All Cat-5e connections between A-Net devices should use Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable. The cable can be of the stranded or solid type; solid wire performs better over long distances, while stranded wire is

more flexible and easier to manipulate and therefore easier to work with in a live performance situation.

Cables designated as Cat-5e in Pro64 documentation can be interchanged with any Cat-6 (or better) cable. Cables will be referred to simply as "Cat-5e."

Connectors on Cat-5e cables used with Pro64 devices can be of the standard RJ45 variety or locking Neutrik EtherCon type.

DIP Switches

Illustrations of Pro64 DIP switch components in this document will indicate the switch handles in black.



In this diagram, all switches are in the down position.

Compatibility

The Aviom 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is compatible with the following Yamaha devices:

Device	Mini-YGDAI Expansion Slots
AW2816	1
AW4416	1
AW2400	1
O1V96	1
O2R96	4
DM1000	2
DM2000	6
DME24N	2
DME64N	4
PM5D/PM5D-RH	4
DSP5D	2
PM1D (8 channels only)	8
M7CL-32, M7CL-48	3

Cleaning

Before cleaning a Pro64 product, turn off the power switch and unplug the unit from the AC power source.

To clean the surface of the Pro64 product use a clean, soft lint-free cloth that has been slightly moistened with water only. For tougher dirt, use a cloth slightly dampened with water or with a mild detergent. Always be sure to dry the surface of the unit before proceeding with use.

When cleaning your Aviom products, never spray cleaners directly onto the product surfaces. Instead, spray a small amount of the cleaning solution onto a clean cloth first. Then use the dampened cloth to clean the product.

Never use solvents or abrasive cleaners on the finished surfaces of your Aviom products.

About A-Net

Aviom's A-Net® is the only networking technology conceived, designed, and optimized for managing and distributing audio using ordinary Cat-5e cables. As implemented in the Pro64™ Series products, A-Net can transmit up to 128 channels of uncompressed 24-bit audio with the reliability and fidelity of analog, and the power and flexibility of a true digital network.

Pro64 A-Net allows variable sample rates in three ranges, from 44.1kHz± to 192kHz±, with ultra-low latency, jitter, and wander. Pro64 devices can be connected in any combination of serial (daisy-chain) or parallel (star) topologies. Cable runs between Pro64 devices can be up to 400 feet (120 meters) on Cat-5e¹, and miles on fiber optics (with Aviom fibercapable equipment).

Because A-Net is designed specifically for audio, the technological limitations of Ethernet and Ethernet-based products are removed, while audio performance and system flexibility are increased. A-Net incorporates Aviom's unique patented and patent-pending algorithms for controlling clock jitter and wander, as well as system-wide latency—regardless of an installation's size, design, or clocking setup. A-Net offers significant advantages in fidelity, performance, and flexibility over Ethernet-based products.

A-Net uses the "physical" layer of Ethernet, but it eliminates all the protocol elements that are designed for computers and IT-style networking. In audio applications, these other layers reduce efficiency, impose system restrictions, and introduce latency and timing instability. By eliminating Ethernet data structures, A-Net creates a superior network, with enhanced audio performance. With A-Net and the Pro64 Series, Aviom continues to break new ground in the design and development of innovative digital audio networking technologies and solutions.

Pro64 Series Supporte	d Sample Rates	
Sample Rate	Minimum	Maximum
1x 44.1/48kHz	39.7kHz	52kHz
2x 88.2/96kHz	79.4kHz	104kHz
4x 176.4/192kHz	158.8kHz	208kHz

¹ Cat-5e, Cat-6, or better, Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable

Clocking

The Pro64 network offers the most flexible clocking and synchronization options in the industry. Pro64 devices support three ranges of variable sample rates, from 44.1/48kHz± to 192kHz±. Because no sample rate converters are used, audio transmission is kept fast and clean, eliminating the audio artifacts and signal degradation inherent to sample rate conversion—even when syncing to an external clock source.

Any Pro64 I/O module can be designated the Clock Master for the network, generating and distributing its internal clock. Digital I/O modules are capable of syncing to and distributing an external clock from a Word Clock or AES3 source.

Control Data

The Pro64 Series has built-in, dedicated bandwidth for 14 channels of non-audio control data through the use of Aviom's innovative Virtual Data Cables™. These data streams are always available to carry MIDI, RS-232, RS-422, or GPIO (General Purpose I/O), and they never compete with the audio channels for network resources, regardless of the system configuration. (Not all VDC™ data types are supported on every Pro64 module.)

Because VDC inputs are simply incorporated into the A-Net stream, these control signals can be transmitted over very long cable runs and even across an entire Pro64 network, significantly expanding the applications possible with MIDI, RS-232/422, and GPIO. And as with audio signals, VDC control data can be input anywhere and output anywhere else in the network.

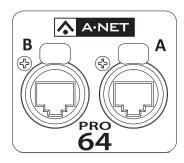
A-Net Ports

Pro64 I/O modules have dual A-Net ports, labeled A and B. Both ports carry a bidirectional A-Net stream at all times. (That is, both ports are always transmitting and receiving A-Net data.) Pro64 networks can be configured in one of two operational modes, Auto Mode or Manual Mode, depending on the requirements of a particular system.

In Auto Mode, there are no connection rules; connect a Cat-5e cable to either the A or B port and the system does the rest. Auto Mode provides a true audio network with 64 available "Slots" for transporting audio (at 44.1/48kHz). Every audio Slot is available everywhere in the system, with no upstream/downstream restrictions.

In Manual Mode, the Pro64 network becomes a 64x64 system (at 48kHz), similar to a traditional stage-to-FOH snake. At every point in the Manual

Mode network, two 64-channel streams are available on the cable and in each module. The configuration of the cables and ports has an impact on the makeup of the network and the distribution of audio signals. The user can direct A-Net data from an input module to a specific port (A, B, or both). Output modules can be configured to output audio signals from a specific port (A or B).



Support For Pro16 Series Products

Pro64 Series products can be combined with Pro16™ Series output products such as the Pro16 Monitor Mixing System by adding the Pro64 ASI A-Net Systems Interface. This 1U module converts Pro64 data to Pro16 data, providing up to four streams of 16-channel data (depending on the Pro64 sample rate) that can be used with A-16II and A-16R Personal Mixers, A-Net Distributors, and AN-16/o Output Modules. The ASI is not compatible with the A-Net output of Pro16 input devices such as the AN-16/i, AN-16/i-M, the Y1 console interface card (for Yamaha digital products) and D-16c card (for DiGiCo® digital products).

Pro64 User Interface

This section outlines some basic concepts of operation for Pro64 products. Pro64 I/O devices have some common user interface elements that make setting up an audio network easy to understand. Although the 6416Y2 is set up using DIP switches, its interface elements are similar to other Pro64 hardware I/O modules that use buttons and LEDs for comparable features (seen in some of the examples). Any combination of Pro64 devices can be used when setting up a network.

A-Net Slot

Pro64 I/O devices come in a variety of configurations (8-channel, 16-channel, etc.). To allow a large number of hardware audio input devices to be available to the Pro64 audio network, Aviom has implemented the concept of the A-Net Slot to simplify the configuration of potentially complex audio networks. Simply put, an A-Net Slot is a place in the network where an audio input resource (analog or digital) is assigned.

A Pro64 audio network will always have a finite number of A-Net Slots available that can be addressed by an unlimited number of hardware channels. The actual number of available Slots is determined by the current sample rate.

Slots versus Channels

You might be wondering why Aviom chose to refer to the audio I/O resources in the Pro64 Series products as "Slots." Why not just call them "channels"?

We did this to avoid confusion between references to *hardware* audio resources and *network* audio resources. The word "channel" is ambiguous and may cause confusion when configuring an audio network. "Channel" appears in many contexts, including audio mixing consoles, mic preamps, DSP processors, and DAW software.

We use the word "channel" when referring to the *physical* audio inputs—analog or digital—on a piece of hardware (such as the 16 line-level XLR input jacks on the 6416i Input Module or a Yamaha console resource such as a direct output or aux bus send). Each of these audio inputs can be made active and added to the network individually, and it is only when *activated* that they use any network resources (the A-Net Slots). To allow this functionality, Pro64 products separate the hardware resources from the available network resources by giving each hardware input channel a switch or button that allows it to be added to the

network as needed. (The 6416Y2 card uses DIP switches.)

It is these activated hardware resources that are being referred to as "Slots." Pro64 audio networks can potentially have a greater number of audio channels and hardware I/O devices connected than the network can make use of at one time. This provides flexibility without requiring constant re-patching.

Keep in mind that a Pro64 A-Net network can only manage a specific number of Slots at a time, and this number varies with the sample rate being used. The maximums are 64 Slots in Auto Mode at the 48kHz sampling rate and 64x64 Slots in Manual Mode at 48kHz.

In summary, think of "channels" as hardware resources that can be added to the network as needed and "Slots" as locations within the digital audio network pipeline that A-Net uses to move data throughout the network.

Slots and Sample Rate

The current system-wide sample rate will determine the number of A-Net Slots that are available. Auto Mode and Manual Mode have the same number of Slots at each sample rate; only the direction of the data is different.

Sample Rate	A-Net Slots	Yamaha Compatibility
44.1kHz	64	Yes
48kHz	64	Yes
88.2kHz	32	Yes
96kHz	32	Yes
176.4kHz	16	No
192kHz	16	No

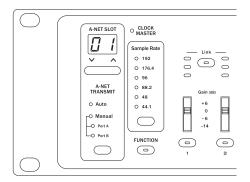
Even though the network sample rate may change the available number of A-Net Slots, the capacity of a hardware device does not change. That is, a 16-channel input module in a 96kHz network can still have all of its channels activated; all of its physical inputs can operate at 96kHz.

The current sample rate will also affect the display of available A-Net Slot ranges. Slot ranges will always have the same maximum number as seen in the sample rate chart. At 96kHz, for example, only Slots 1 through 32 are available; the Slot range from 33 to 64 is inactive and unavailable at 96kHz. Slot ranges outside the maximum for the current sample rate can be selected, but attempting to activate a channel in an unavailable range will result in an error message on hardware I/O modules (the selected channel button, A-Net Slot range, and sample rate LEDs will all flash). Note that console interfaces such as the 6416Y2 card have no A-Net Slot displays and cannot display these error messages.

A-Net Base Slot

Since the capacity of the Pro64 network could be as high as 64 A-Net Slots, Pro64 hardware I/O devices need a way of routing a selected hardware channel to a selected network Slot. The 6416Y2 uses a block of DIP switch (referred to as SW9) to select a base Slot range, in groups of 16 channels. See page 36 for more info on A-Net Slot setup.

For Pro64 hardware I/O devices, the upper left corner of the front panel contains a dedicated A-Net Slot display. Its associated inc/dec buttons are used to select a range of Slots that the hardware device will address.



The A-Net Slot display and its inc/dec buttons are used to set the base Slot for a Pro64 I/O module.

The following tables show examples of the channel-to-Slot correlation for 16-channel Pro64 Series modules in a network running at the 48kHz sample rate. The numbers in the Base Slot column will appear in the A-Net Slot display of all I/O modules (the 6416Y2 has no Slot display).

				16-Ch	anne	l Pro6	4 Mo	dule F	lardu	are C	hann	els				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Base Slot		A-Net Slot														
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64

The use of Slot assignments allows for easy reconfiguration of audio networks and sharing of hardware I/O resources and data without physical re-patching.

A-Net Slot Example

The following example shows the power of the Pro64 network and the A-Net Slots concept.

The range of A-Net Slots used in the example has been limited to the group from 1 to 16 for simplicity.

This graphic represents a Pro64 product set to Slot range 1.

Slot	Cha	anne	el I													
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

One 16-channel input module is placed in each of four rooms of a production facility, designated as Studios A, B, C, and D. One 16-channel output module is installed in the facility's Studio E. All modules are set to Slot range 1 (shown in grey).

						S	tudio	A Inp	uts							
Slot Channel																
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

						S	tudio	B Inp	uts							
Slot	Channel															
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

						S	tudio	CInp	uts							
Slot	Cha	anne	el													
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

						S	tudio	D Inp	uts							
Slot	Slot Channel															
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

						St	udio	E Out _l	outs							
Slot	Cha	nne	el													
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

By activating a group of channels on each of the four input modules, a total of sixteen inputs are used (indicated by reverse text). All of these inputs are available on the network at every output module. The operator in Studio E can use the sixteen inputs from Studios A, B, C, and D simultaneously.

The order in which the Pro64 devices are connected is irrelevant.

Studio A Inputs																
Slot		Channel														
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
				Studio B Inputs												
Slot		Channel														
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
								_								
						5	tudio	CInp	uts							
Slot		Channel														
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
						Studio D Inputs										
Slot		Cha	ann	el												
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
				Studio E Outputs												
Slot		Ch	ann	el									V			
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Network Modes

A Pro64 audio network can be set to operate in one of two modes, Auto or Manual. The network mode can be selected on the front panel of the I/O device designated as the system's Control Master or from the 6416Y2 DIP switches in block SW9. See page 36 for more info on A-Net Slot setup.

Both modes are fully bidirectional at all times, regardless of the system layout or design.

Auto Mode

Pro64's Auto Mode takes most of the work out of managing resources in an audio network. This is the "everything everywhere" mode. Input channels made active in the network can be seen and used by all devices in the network, regardless of how the modules are connected and regardless of the physical location of any module. Output modules do not need to follow input modules as in a traditional analog system. In Auto Mode, both A-Net ports (A and B) function identically.

Once configured for Auto Mode, the system ensures that only one hardware input channel is activated into a given A-Net Slot. There is no limit to the number of hardware output channels that can use a given A-Net Slot. The actual number of available Slots is determined by the current sample rate. The maximum number of available Slots (active channels) is 64 at the 44.1/48kHz sample rate.

Sample Rate	Available A-Net Slots in Auto Mode			
44.1/48kHz	64			
88.2/96kHz	32			
176.4/192kHz	16			

Manual Mode

When more than 64 channels are needed in a network, Manual Mode can be used to provide configurations of up to 64x64 channels. Two unique 64-channel streams are available at each module. In Manual Mode, the A and B A-Net port connections can be used to direct and route A-Net data.

Pro64 input modules can send their audio inputs to either or both A-Net ports, while output modules can listen to data from either port. For a traditional stage-to-FOH snake system, this allows the user to configure a system with up to 64 sends from the stage and another unique stream of up to 64 returns to the stage.

Manual Mode operation removes the restrictions of unique channel-to-Slot-range relationships found in Auto Mode. Slots can be overwritten, allowing the user to replace channels from one part of the network with new data. This means that, while no more than 128 channels can be in the network at a particular location, there is no practical limit to the total number of audio channels in the system.

The number of available Slots in Manual Mode is dependent upon the current sample rate.

Sample Rate	Available A-Net Slots in Manual Mode			
44.1/48kHz	64x64			
88.2/96kHz	32x32			
176.4/192kHz *	16x16 *			

^{*} The Pro64 176.4 and 192kHZ network sample rates are not compatible with Yamaha devices.

Control Master

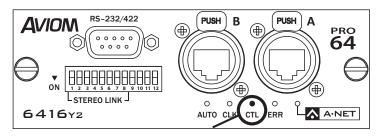
In every Pro64 network, one device will always be designated as the Control Master, the device that manages all A-Net resources for the network. The Control Master can be any I/O module in the network, and can be assigned or changed by the user as needed. Only one device can be assigned as Control Master in a Pro64 network at a time; an A-Net Pro64 network cannot function without a Control Master.

The functions of the Control Master include:

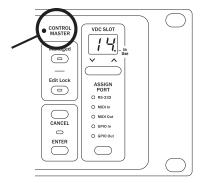
- · System resource and information management
- Setting network mode (Auto or Manual)
- Management of active channels (Slots) in Auto Mode
- System-level command and control functions
- Keeping track of all Pro64 devices in the network (by type and quantity)
- · Control of the current system-wide sample rate
- Clock Master (analog modules only)
- System lock via password on/off
- · Management of Virtual Data Cable (VDC) resources
- Management of stereo link status
- · Requests to enter Managed Mode

The Control Master status is identified with a red LED on the front panel of the device currently assigned as the Control Master. Depending on the type of device (rack-mounted I/O module or console interface card), the method used for designating Control Master status may be different.

The Control Master LED is labeled CTL on the 6416Y2 card.



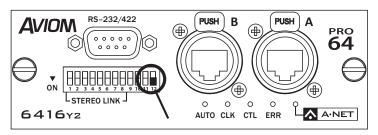
The Control Master LED (abbreviated as "CTL") on the 6416Y2 card



Only one device in a Pro64 network can be designated as the Control Master. Here, a Pro64 I/O module is shown.

Setting Control Master Status

Setting the 6416Y2 to be the network Control Master is done using the DIP switches found on the front panel. The Control Master is set with switch 12, found in the same DIP switch block as the Stereo Link section of the interface.



DIP switch 12 (shown in black) is used to set the Control Master status for a 6416Y2 card.

Move DIP switch 12 to the down position to make the 6416Y2 card the Control Master.

✓ Note: When a 6416Y2 card is set to be Control Master, it is automatically set to be the Clock Master.

Control Master Functions

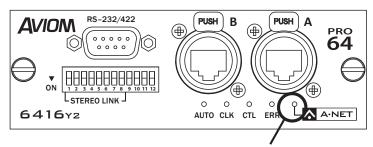
This section describes the individual functions of the Control Master device in a Pro64 network.

Enumeration

When the Control Master is powered on, its first job is to identify and count all connected A-Net modules in the network in a process called *enumeration*. The time for this process will vary based upon the number of Pro64 modules in a system. This process cannot begin until the host Yamaha device has finished its own power-up cycle when a 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is the Control Master.

Enumeration is an automated process performed by the command and control portion of the A-Net software. There are no user-controllable functions or settings.

During the enumeration process, all connected A-Net modules will flash their blue A-Net LEDs, indicating that a request to be added to the network is being made. Once granted entry by the Control Master, the individual module's blue A-Net LED will light solid to indicate that it is now receiving valid A-Net packets and is part of the Pro64 network.



The blue LED is used to indicate network status.

If valid A-Net packets are not received, the module will reset and wait until a valid A-Net stream is detected.

During enumeration, any conflicts will also be resolved. For example, consider a new Auto Mode installation using eight input modules set to the same A-Net Slot range with all channels activated during a bench configuration. When all these input modules are connected and then powered up, only one of them will be allowed to have all 16 channels activated. The remaining seven modules will have their audio channels deactivated.

CONTROL MASTER

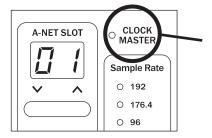
17

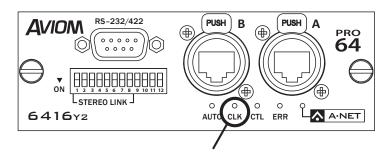
Adding Pro64 Modules to a Network

When a new Pro64 device is added to an existing network, the new device makes a request to the Control Master for inclusion in the network. During this time, the new module's blue A-Net LED will flash. When the new module has been enumerated by the Control Master, its blue A-Net LED will then light solidly to indicate that the Control Master has granted the module access to the network. Adding a new module will interrupt network operation briefly.

Control Master and Clock Source

By default, the device designated as Control Master in a network consisting of all analog modules is also the device in control of the network master clock. The front-panel Clock Master LED lights to indicate that a module is designated as the master clock device.





The red Clock Master LED lights when a Pro64 device is the Control Master.

When an analog I/O module is the Control Master, there is no other analog module that can be used as a clock source in an all-analog network. When a 6416Y2 console interface card is part of an audio network, the 6416Y2 can be used as a Clock Master for the network; it

must also be the network's Control Master to have control over clock functions. When a 6416Y2 card is the Clock Master, its clock is derived from the Yamaha host device. (Multiple 6416Y2 cards can be used in a Yamaha host device, but only one can be set to be Control Master and Clock Master.)

External clock sources on digital modules can include:

- The internal clock reference from the Yamaha device
- Word Clock received via the external Word Clock inputs on a Yamaha device
- Word Clock via the dedicated BNC Word Clock jack on a Pro64 digital I/O device, such as the 6416dio Digital I/O Module
- AES3 (AES/EBU) from an AES3 digital stream on a Pro64 digital I/O module

Clock Errors

If a clock error occurs, the Clock Master LED will blink indicating that an error has occurred. Common causes for a clock error include:

- Attempting to change the sample rate on a device other than the Clock Master
- Attempting to change the clock source when the network is password protected
- Removing or changing external clock sources on a digital I/O module
- Incorrect configuration of an external clock source on a digital I/O module

Network Sample Rate

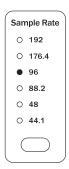
When an analog device is the Control Master, the Control Master is automatically designated as the Clock Master. It will remain the Clock Master until a different analog module is made the Control Master or until a digital module such as the 6416Y2 card is added to the network and is assigned to be the Control Master and Clock Master.

The network's internal master clock is derived from the sample rate currently in use. The sample rate also affects the total number of available A-Net Slots available for use in the network.

The Clock Master LED on the 6416Y2 card (labeled CLK) will light automatically when its host is powered on if the 6416Y2 card is Control Master and Clock Master for the Pro64 network. When a 6416Y2 card is Control Master, the network clock is derived from the Yamaha host

device. That clock reference can be the Yamaha host's internal clock or an external clock to which the Yamaha host device is synced. Changes to the host's sample rate will affect available A-Net Slots.

The Sample Rate section of a rack-mounted hardware I/O module's front-panel interface (e.g., 6416i Input Module) includes a group of LED indicators for displaying the current network sample rate. One LED will be lit at all times. The 6416Y2 card has no such LEDs. However, the current sample rate information will be sent to all Pro64 network devices when a 6416Y2 card is Control Master/Clock Master.



The sample rate display on Pro64 I/O modules will display the current network-wide sample rate when a 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is the Clock Master, receiving its clock from the Yamaha host device.

The current sample rate for the network will be displayed on all I/O modules in the network, and will update to reflect any changes made from the Yamaha host (such as changing the sample rate from 48kHz to 96kHz). Only one sample rate can be used at a time in a Pro64 network.

Changing the Sample Rate

Changing the sample rate when a 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is the Clock Master is done from within the Yamaha user interface. Changing the sample rate will affect the number of available A-Net Slots when the sample rate changes from the 1x range (44.1/48kHz), to the 2x range (88.2/96kHz), or vice versa. Note that only sample rates up to 96kHz are supported by Yamaha digital devices.

Auto/Manual Mode Selection

The Control Master can be used to set the current network mode to Auto or Manual. As with the system-wide sample rate, the network mode is also a global setting. Only one Pro64 device can be Control Master in a network. Changes to the network mode must be made from the Control Master.

The 6416Y2 is configured using DIP switches, with DIP Switch Block 9 (SW9) on the circuit board used to set the network mode. This means

that changes to the Pro64 network mode require the host Yamaha device to be powered down so that the 6416Y2 card can be removed.

Changing the Network Mode

To change the network mode from a 6416Y2 card that is the network Control Master, move switch 1 in Switch Block SW9 to the desired position, down for Auto Mode, or up for Manual Mode. The Control Master will update the display on all modules in the network to reflect the mode change once the network is restarted.

Managed Mode

Managed Mode requires the use of a computer with the Pro64 network for tasks such as software/firmware updates, system monitoring, control, and editing. The Control Master is the only module that can allow the network to enter Managed Mode.

Entering Managed Mode requires that the 6416Y2 card be the network's Control Master. DIP Switch Block 9 (SW9) is used to set the network for Managed Mode operation. This means that changes to the Pro64 network mode require the host Yamaha device to be powered down so that the 6416Y2 card can be removed.

To change the network mode from a 6416Y2 card that is the network Control Master, move switch 10 in SW9 to the *up* position Once the network enters Managed Mode, all rack-mount I/O modules will light their Managed LEDs. Note that the 6416Y2 does not have a Managed Mode LED.

To manage a Pro64 network with a PC, the PC needs to be connected to the Control Master using a DB9 null modem cable connected to the RS-232 port. The 6416Y2 card must be set for RS-232 operation and not for RS-422; this is done from DIP Switch Block 4 (SW4) on the circuit board. See page 32 for more information.

Exiting Managed Mode also requires that the host Yamaha device be powered down so that the 6416Y2 card can be removed to have DIP switch settings changed.

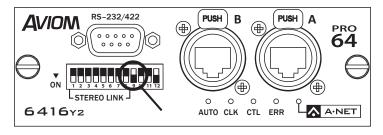
Password Protection

A Pro64 network can be password protected from the Control Master only. Once protected, the front-panel interface on all modules is locked, preventing changes to A-Net Slots, sample rate, clock source, channel activation, stereo links, and Virtual Data Cable assignments. Hardware

switches, such as gain settings on input and output modules, and rear-panel DIP switches are in the analog domain and are not affected. Password protection remains in force even when a system is power cycled.

All Pro64 hardware I/O devices except console interface cards ship with a default password. The 6416Y2 card can be used to lock the network, but no password is available.

To lock the Pro64 network, move switch 9 in the front-panel DIP switch block to the *down* position. Changes to the network lock status will be instantly reflected on other network modules. No edits are possible until the network is unlocked. When the 6416Y2 card is Control Master, simply move switch 9 in the front-panel DIP switch block to the *up* position to unlock the network and allow changes to be made.



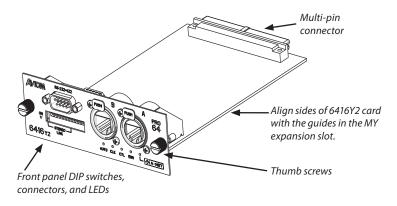
DIP Switch 9 on the front panel can be used to lock the Pro64 network.

Installing the 6416Y2 Card

The 6416Y2 card can be used in any MY (mini-YGDAI) expansion slot in a Yamaha digital mixing console or compatible digital product (see the list on page 3). The specific number of available expansion slots varies with each model. Yamaha expansion slots are identified by number, starting with "Slot 1." Within an MY expansion slot, its audio resources are referred to as "channels," numbered from 1 to 16. (The PM1D is limited to 8-channel operation.)

✓ Note The 6416Y2 card is electrostatic-sensitive. Before handling the card, you should briefly touch the main (host) unit's metal casing with your bare hand to drain off any static charge from your body.

The components of the card are indicated in the diagram below.



✓ Note: Before installing the 6416Y2 card in a compatible Yamaha digital device, be sure to read the DIP switch configuration section of this User Guide (page 30). Some Pro64 network and audio routing settings cannot be changed once the card has been connected to the Yamaha device since they are changed via DIP switches found on the circuit board of the card itself.

To install the 6416Y2 card:

- Start with the power to the Yamaha digital device off.
- Remove the Yamaha device's power cord from the wall receptacle.
- Remove the cover plate on the Yamaha device's expansion slot to expose the expansion connections.
- Discharge any built-up static charge by touching the metal casing of the host Yamaha unit.
- Remove the 6416Y2 card from its protective anti-static sleeve.
- Ensure that the 6416Y2 card DIP switches are set properly for your application at this time.
- Slide the 6416Y2 card into place, aligning the sides of the card with the support guides in the expansion slot.
- Press the 6416Y2 card firmly in place to attach the multi-pin connectors on the card to those on the expansion slot backplane on the Yamaha device.
- Tighten the thumb screws on the 6416Y2 to secure it.
- · Power up the Yamaha digital device.
- Connect the 6416Y2 to a Pro64 network.

Once the Aviom expansion card has had its DIP switches configured and is installed in the Yamaha host device, all audio routing to/from the 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is done from within the Yamaha device's user interface. Consult the documentation that came with your Yamaha product for more specific signal routing information.

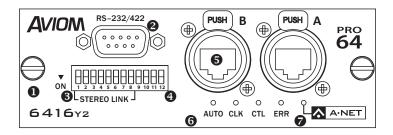
✓ Note: Always power off the Yamaha host device before removing the 6416Y2 card.

Installing Multiple 6416Y2 Cards

A Yamaha host device can support as many Pro64 A-Net cards as it has available MY (mini-YGDAI) expansion slots. When multiple 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Cards are installed in a Yamaha host device, they need to be connected via their A-Net ports. Simply use a short Cat-5e cable to interconnect the 6416Y2 cards.

A list of compatible Yamaha products and the number of available MY expansion slots on each appears on page 3.

6416Y2 Card Components



- 1. Thumb Screws
- RS-232/422 DB9 connector
- DIP Switches 1-8 Stereo Link
- 4. DIP Switches 9-12 system control
- 5. Locking EtherCon RJ45 A-Net connections
- Auto Mode, Clock Master (CLK), Control Master (CTL), and Error (ERR) LEDs
- 7. A-Net active LED

Front Panel Features

This section describes the features and functions of the front panel of the 6416Y2 A-Net card interface.

Thumb Screws

The two permanently attached thumb screws on the 6416Y2 card are used to secure the card to an expansion slot in the Yamaha device. Always make sure that both thumb screws are firmly attached when using or transporting the Yamaha device with a 6416Y2 installed.

RS-232/422 Port

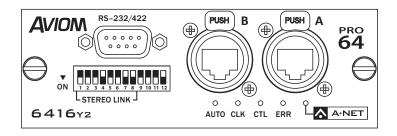
The nine-pin DB9 RS-232/422 port can be configured to send/receive control data from the Yamaha interface or from the Pro64 Virtual Data Cables. Selection of RS-232 or RS-422 and baud rate configuration is done via the DIP switches on the circuit board of the 6416Y2 card.

Each type of control data communication—RS-232 and RS-422—requires a unique cable. RS-232 requires a null modem cable; RS-422

requires a straight-through cable.

DIP Switches

There is one 12-position DIP switch block on the front panel of the 6416Y2, referred to as SW7 in the diagrams that follow. Note the mounting direction of the DIP switches; to activate a switch on SW7, move it to the *down* position. The default setting for all switches in this block is *up*.



In this diagram, channels 7-8, 13-14, and 15-16 are stereo linked. This 6416Y2 is also the network Control Master. DIP switch handles are indicated in black.

Clock and Control DIP Switches

Within front panel DIP Switch Block SW7 is a group of four system-level DIP switches. These control the system lock via password, local/remote control, firmware update status, and Control Master vs. Slave status respectively.

Switch	Function Off (up)	Function On (down)		
1-8	Single channel control	Stereo Link (per channel pair: 1-2, 3-4, etc.)		
9	System Unlocked	System Locked		
10	Local Control	Remote PC Control		
11	Local Code Update Off (This switch is scanned only at power up.)	Local Code Update Active		
12	Slave Device	Control Master		

Stereo Link DIP Switches

Eight Stereo Link DIP switches are provided allowing odd-even channels to be paired for use with Aviom Pro16 personal monitor products such as the A-16II and A-16R Personal Mixers. (This application requires the ASI A-Net Systems Interface.) Each DIP switch controls a pair of channels. Stereo Link information will be passed to all Pro64 modules. If applicable, a Stereo Link LED will light on Pro64 output modules such as the analog 6416o Output Module and 6416dio Digital I/O Module when stereo information is present in the network.

System Lock

DIP switch 9 controls the Password Lock feature, allowing all devices in the network to be locked from a single location. Unlike Pro64 hardware I/O devices, there is no way to set a password code on the 6416Y2 card. The Pro64 network is locked/unlocked immediately when the DIP switch is moved. No edits are possible when the network is locked.

Remote/Local Control

Use DIP switch 10 to set the 6416Y2 card for Local control (up) or Remote PC control (down). All DIP switch settings are scanned and applied at the time the Yamaha host device is powered up if the 6416Y2 card is set for Local control. DIP switch settings are not scanned and applied when the Yamaha host device starts up if the card is set for Remote control.

Local Code Update

The Local Code Update DIP switch is used in conjunction with the Pro64 firmware update application. Note that this switch is scanned only when the host Yamaha device is powered up. Changing the position of this DIP switch requires a reboot of the host device for the switch position to be recognized.

Control Master/Slave

DIP switch 12 is used to set the 6416Y2 card as either the network Control Master (down) or as a slave device (up). Note that only one Pro64 device can be Control Master in a network. Although this DIP switch setting can be changed on the fly, note that the Pro64 network will need to reset if a new Control Master device is selected. Audio and control data are interrupted while the network resets.

A-Net Ports

Two Pro64 A-Net ports are provided on the 6416Y2 card, labeled A and B. Each port has a Neutrik® EtherCon® connector and can support standard RJ45 cables or those fitted with the heavy-duty EtherCon plug.

Multiple 6416Y2 cards can be used in compatible Yamaha devices by linking them together via the A-Net ports with a short Cat-5e jumper cable.

Front Panel LEDs

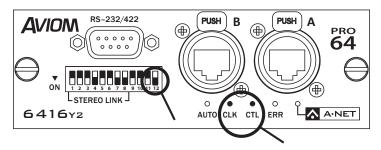
A set of five LEDs on the front panel of the 6416Y2 card is used to inform the user of various network conditions and/or error states as described below.

Auto LED

The Auto LED will be on and lit yellow to indicate that the Pro64 network is running in Auto Mode. In the off state, this LED indicates that the network is operating in Manual or Managed Mode.

Control Master (CTL) LED

The yellow Control Master (CTL) LED indicates that the 6416Y2 card is set to be the network's Control Master. A 6416Y2 card set to be the network's Control Master is automatically set to be the network Clock Master as well. Only one Pro64 device can be set to be the Control Master. When off, this LED state indicates that the card is a slave device. For more info about the Control Master, see page 15.



Here, DIP switch 12 is in the down position, making this 6416Y2 card the Pro64 network Control Master. When DIP switch 12 is in the down position, both the Control Master (CTL) and Clock Master (CLK) LEDs will be lit. This 6416Y2 card is also the Clock Master when it is set to be the Control Master. (DIP switch handles are shown in black.)

Clock (CLK) LED

The Clock (CLK) LED will light yellow when the 6416Y2 card is set to be the Pro64 network's Control Master, which automatically sets the card to be the network Clock Master. When the 6416Y2 card functions as the network Clock Master, its clock is derived from the Yamaha host device.

Only one Clock Master is possible in a Pro64 network. The Clock LED will remain unlit when the 6416Y2 card is a slave device to another clock source (either the Pro64 network internal clock or from an external Word Clock reference connected to a Pro64 digital I/O module such as the 6416dio).

Error (ERR) LED

The Error LED will light red to indicate errors in enumeration, configuration, or clocking.

A-Net LED

Whenever a valid A-Net connection is detected, the blue A-Net LED will light solid. The A-Net LED will flash during the network enumeration process as Pro64 devices are added to the network, or during a firmware update. If no valid Pro64 A-Net signal is detected, the A-Net LED remains off.

Circuit Board DIP Switches

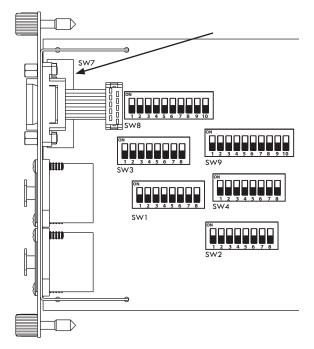
The 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card is configured using DIP switches. Each block of switches is labeled on the circuit board with the abbreviation "SW" followed by a number. There is one DIP switch block on the front face of the card (SW7), and there are six DIP switch blocks on the card's circuit board. These will be hidden once the card is installed.

The following table lists the functions of the various DIP switch blocks on the 6416Y2. Note the locations of the various switches on the diagram that follows the table. Also note that Switch Block SW7 is on the front panel of the card, facing the user.

DIP Switch Block Functions

Switch Label	Location	Total Switches	Function(s)
SW1	Circuit board	8	Activation on/off for channels 1-8 from the Yamaha device being routed into the Pro64 network
SW2	Circuit board	8	Activation on/off for channels 9-16 from the Yamaha device being routed into the Pro64 network
SW3	Circuit board	8	Configuration of RS-232/422 Virtual Data Cable (VDC) on Yamaha backplane (not supported on all Yamaha digital products)
SW4	Circuit board	8	Configuration of RS-232/422 Virtual Data Cable (VDC) on rear panel of 6416Y2 card
SW7	Front panel	12	Stereo Link, Network Password Lock, Local/Remote control, Code Update on/off, Control Master/Slave configuration
SW8	Circuit board	10	VDC Port configuration
SW9	Circuit board	10	Pro64 Network Mode, Transmit/ Receive Port and Slot selection, Managed Mode on/off

[✓] **Note:** Always power off the Yamaha host device before removing the 6416Y2 card to make changes to any DIP switch settings.



This diagram shows the locations of the 6416Y2 DIP switches. The arrow indicates SW7, on the front of the card. (DIP switch handles are indicated in black.)

DIP Switch Functions

The individual DIP switch functions for circuit board switch blocks SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW8, and SW9 are detailed in this section.

DIP Switch Block 1 (SW1)

Use Switch Block 1 (SW1) to activate channels 1-8 on the 6416Y2 card and assign them to Slots within the Pro64 network. In the down position, channels 1-8 are off; move a DIP switch to the up position to activate a channel and assign it to the Pro64 network.

The default position for the SW1 DIP switches is down (channel-to-Slot activation is off).

✓ Note: Signals from the Yamaha device cannot be routed into the Pro64 network unless these DIP switches are activated.

DIP Switch Block 2 (SW2)

Switch Block 2 (SW2) is used to assign channels 9-16 on the 6416Y2 card to Slots in the Pro64 network when operating in MY16 Mode (channels 9-16 are not available in MY8 Mode). In the down position, channels 9-16 are off; move a DIP switch to the up position to activate a channel, which assigns it to a Slot and makes it available throughout the network.

✓ Note: Routing an audio resource from within the Yamaha user interface to the 6416Y2 installed in an expansion slot requires that the SW1 and SW2 Slot activation DIP switch settings be set correctly in order to pass digital information from the Yamaha device to the Pro64 network.

The exact Pro64 Slot range to which the channels from the 6416Y2 card are routed is determined by the settings of DIP switches 5 and 6 on block SW9.

The default position for the SW2 switches is down (channel-to-Slot activation is off). When operating in MY8 mode, leaving these switches in the down position will help avoid potential Slot availability conflicts with other Pro64 devices in the network.

A blank DIP switch template is provided at the end of this User Guide to allow you to record and save 6416Y2 card settings.

DIP Switch Blocks 3 and 4 (SW3, SW4)

There are two sets of RS-232/422 Virtual Data Cable (VDC) ports available on the 6416Y2 card, one on the backplane of the card itself, SW3, (currently not supported on all Yamaha digital products; consult Yamaha for compatibility information), and another on the front panel of the card, SW4. Baud rates for these ports are independently controlled by DIP Switch Blocks SW3 and SW4 respectively. There are eight DIP switches on each block.

The switches on SW3 and SW4 have the following functions.

Switch	Function Off (down)	Function On (up)
1	One Stop Bit	Two Stop Bits
2	7 Data Bits	8 Data Bits
3	Parity Even	Parity Odd
4	No Parity	Parity
5		
6	Baud Rate	e Select
7	See Baud R	ate Table
8		

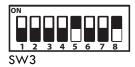
Baud Rate Table

Use the following table to set baud rates for DIP switches 5-8 in either Switch Block SW3 or SW4. The down position is off and the up position is on for each DIP switch.

	DIP Switches in Block 3 or 4 (SW3, SW4)			
Baud Rate	5	6	7	8
1200	off	off	off	off
2400	on	off	off	off
4800	off	on	off	off
7200	on	on	off	off
9600	off	off	on	off
14400	on	off	on	off
19200	off	on	on	off
28800	on	on	on	off
38400	off	off	off	on
57600	on	off	off	on
31250 (MIDI)	off	on	off	on

✓ **N**ote: The default baud rate used by Yamaha mic preamps is 38400.

The individual DIP switches in each Switch Block are numbered 1-8, from left to right.



This example shows Switch Block SW3 set for a baud rate of 57600.

The pinout of the RS-232/422 jack on the 6416Y2 card appears later in this document. See page 42 for more information.

DIP Switch Block 8 (SW8)

SW8 is used to select either RS-232 or RS-422 operation for the data ports on the 6416Y2 card and to assign these ports to the 14 available VDC Slots in the Pro64 network.

Block SW8 has ten individual DIP switches, whose functions are outlined in the table below.

DIP Switch BI	DIP Switch Block 8 (SW8) Functions				
Switch	Function Off (down)	Function On (up)			
1	DB9 port on front of card communicates using RS-232	DB9 port on front of card communicates using RS-422			
2	Backplane RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 0 *	Backplane RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 0			
3	Backplane RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 1	Backplane RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 1			
4	Backplane RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 2	Backplane RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 2			
5	Front panel RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 0 *	Front panel RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 0			
6	Front panel RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 1	Front panel RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 1			
7	Front panel RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 2	Front panel RS-232/422 VDC Slot Assignment 2			
8	Reserved	Reserved			
9	Reserved	Reserved			
10	MY8 Mode	MY16 Mode			

^{*} See tables below for specific DIP switch settings for VDC assignments.

The default setting for DIP switch 1 is RS-232.

VDC connections to the Yamaha backplane (switches 2, 3, and 4, are not supported on all Yamaha digital products; consult Yamaha for compatibility information.)

VDC Slot Assignments - Backplane VDC Port

Combinations of switches 2, 3, and 4 within SW8 are used to assign Virtual Data Cable Slots for the backplane VDC port. The following table lists the possible settings for the 14 VDC Slots available in a Pro64 network.

Note that RS-232/422 communication always requires a pair of Virtual Data Cable Slots and that this pair must always be an odd-even combination of VDCs. The down position is off and the up position is on for each DIP switch.

VDC Slot Assignments for the Backplane VDC Port - Switch Block SW8				
VDC Slot Pair	DIP Switch 2 DIP Switch 3 DIP Swit			
OFF	off	off	off	
1 & 2	on	off	off	
3 & 4	off	on	off	
5 & 6	on	on	off	
7 & 8	off	off	on	
9 & 10 on		off	on	
11 & 12	off	on	on	
13 & 14	on	on	on	

VDC Slot Assignments - Front Panel VDC Port

Switches 5, 6, and 7 are used to assign Virtual Data Cable Slots for the front panel RS-232/422 VDC port. The following table lists the possible settings for the 14 VDC Slot assignments available in a Pro64 network.

RS-232/422 communication always requires a pair of Virtual Data Cable Slots; this pair must always be an odd-even combination of VDCs.

The default setting for DIP switch 1 in block SW8 is RS-232.

VDC Slot Assignments for the Front Panel VDC Port - Switch Block SW8				
VDC Slot Pair	DIP Switch 5 DIP Switch 6 DIP Switch			
OFF	off	off	off	
1 & 2	on	off	off	
3 & 4	off	on	off	
5 & 6	on	on	off	
7 & 8	off	off	on	
9 & 10 on		off	on	
11 & 12	off	on	on	
13 & 14	on	on	on	

The individual DIP switches on block SW8 are numbered 1-10, from left to right.



This example shows block SW8 with an RS-422 port assigned to VDC Slot 5-6. Switch handles are shown in black.

MY8 and MY16 Mode Operation

Yamaha digital products can operate in either 8-channel or 16-channel modes (called MY8 and MY16 respectively). MY8 Mode allows eight channels per expansion card at sample rates up to 96kHz. MY16 Mode operation allows up to 16 channels per expansion card at the 44.1/48kHz sample rate. The 6416Y2 can be set to accommodate these modes by setting DIP switch 10. The default setting (down) is MY8 Mode.

DIP Switch Block 9 (SW9)

Switch Block SW9 controls network-level functions such as Auto/Manual Mode selection and A-Net transmit/receive settings.

DIP Switch Block 9 (SW9) Functions				
Switch	Function Off (down)	Function On (up)		
1	Auto Mode	Manual Mode		
2	A-Net Transmit Port (A, B, or A+B) Select 0 *	A-Net Transmit Port (A, B, or A+B) Select 0		
3	A-Net Transmit Port (A, B, or A+B) Select 1	A-Net Transmit Port (A, B, or A+B) Select 1		
4	A-Net Receive Port (A or B) Select *	A-Net Receive Port (A or B) Select		
5	Transmit Audio Base Slot Select 0 *	Transmit Audio Base Slot Select 0		
6	Transmit Audio Base Slot Select 1	Transmit Audio Base Slot Select 1		
7	7 Receive Audio Base Slot Receive Audio Base Slot Select 0 * Select 0			
8	Receive Audio Base Slot Select 1	Receive Audio Base Slot Select 1		
9	Reserved	Reserved		
10	Not Managed	Managed Mode		
* The tables that follow show DIP switch settings for transmit/receive.				

Network Mode (Auto/Manual)

The Pro64 network can be set to operate in either Auto Mode or Manual Mode using switch 1 in DIP Switch Block SW9. The default setting is Auto Mode.

A-Net Transmit Settings (Manual Mode)

The 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card can transmit its activated channels to A-Net Port A, B, or both when the network is running in Manual Mode. (This setting does not apply when the network is operating in Auto Mode.) Use switches 2 and 3 to direct A-Net data to a specific port.

A-Net Transmit Settings					
DIP Switch 2 DIP Switch 3					
Port A	off	off			
Port B	on	off			
Ports A and B	off	on			
Not supported	on	on			

A-Net Receive Settings (Manual Mode)

The 6416Y2 can receive A-Net data from the Pro64 network from Port A or Port B when the network is running in Manual Mode. (This setting does not apply when the network is operating in Auto Mode; both ports supply identical data.) Use switch 4 to direct A-Net data from a specific 6416Y2 port to the Yamaha device.

A-Net Receive Settings			
DIP Switch 4			
Port A	on		
Port B	off		

A-Net Transmit Base Slot Settings

The 6416Y2 card can transmit its activated channels to an 8-channel (MY8 Mode) or 16-channel (MY16 Mode) block of slots within the Pro64 network. Switches 5 and 6 are used to determine where in the network activated channels should be sent. Base Slot refers to the first channel number in a group of 8 or 16 channels.

A-Net Transmit Base Slot Settings					
MY16 Mode DIP Switch 5 DIP Switch 6 MY8 Mode					
Slots 1-16	off	off	Slots 1-8		
Slots 17-32	on	off	Slots 9-16		
Slots 33-48	off	on	Slots 17-24		
Slots 49-64	on	on	Slots 25-32		

Note that when running the Yamaha device or Pro64 network at sample rates higher than 48kHz, only Slots 1-32 are available.

A-Net Receive Base Slot Settings

Data from the Pro64 network can be assigned in blocks of 16 channels to the Yamaha host device. Switches 7 and 8 are used to determine from where in the network channels should be drawn. At the 44.1/48kHz sample rate, 64 channels are available.

A-Net Receive Base Slot Settings					
MY16 Mode DIP Switch 7 DIP Switch 8 MY8 Mode					
Slots 1-16	off	off	Slots 1-8		
Slots 17-32	on	off	Slots 9-16		
Slots 33-48	off	on	Slots 17-24		
Slots 49-64	on	on	Slots 25-32		

By default, A-Net Slots 1-16 are assigned to the host Yamaha device when operating the card in MY16 Mode. One group of 16 channels is always assigned to be available to the Yamaha host device. In MY8 Mode, 8 channels are available.

Managed Mode

Switch 10 in Switch Block SW9 sets the Pro64 network to operate in Managed Mode. This switch only functions when the 6416Y2 card is set to be the network's Control Master.

Managed Mode is used when updating firmware or whenever a computer is in control of a Pro64 network.

Remote Control of Yamaha Mic Preamps

Pro64 Virtual Data Cables can be used to send control data from a Yamaha digital console to Yamaha remote-controllable mic preamps such as the AD8HR. The Yamaha devices communicate using RS-422 at a 38.4k baud rate, with 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity.

Two Pro64 devices with built-in RS-422 capabilities are required to send Yamaha remote control information. The 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card and the 6416dio Digital I/O Module both have RS-422 capability. (Pro64 devices such as the 6416i Input Module and 6416o Output Module cannot be used in this application; they have only RS-232 connectivity in their VDC I/O sections.)

By connecting the RS-422 port on the Yamaha digital console to the RS-422 port on the 6416Y2 A-Net Interface Card, any changes made from the Yamaha control surface will be transmitted to the remote mic preamps via the VDC. Multiple Yamaha mic preamps can be controlled using this method by daisy chaining the RS-422 connections; each preamp is assigned a unique ID and can be addressed separately from within the Yamaha user interface. Note that daisy chaining multiple RS-422 connections requires a specially wired cable, as specified in the Yamaha documentation.

To send remote control data from a Yamaha digital console to a Yamaha digital mic preamp requires a short straight-through DB9 cable (also referred to as a serial cable) to connect the console to the 6416Y2 card. In a straight-through cable, pin 1 is connected to pin 1 on each end of the cable, pin 2 goes to pin 2, etc. A second DB9 cable is used to connect the second Pro64 device's RS-422 VDC port to the Yamaha mic preamps being remote controlled.

✓ NOTE: Do not use a crossover cable or null modem cable for this application.

Baud Rates

All devices connected in this application need to be set to the same baud rate. Configure the 6416Y2 card's DIP switches before installing it in the Yamaha console; its settings cannot be accessed once the card is installed.

Set up the devices as follows:

RS-422 Port	Baud Rate	Data Bits	Stop Bits	Parity
Yamaha Console	38.4 k	8	1	none
6416Y2 card	38.4 k	8	1	none
Remote Pro64 device	38.4 k	8	1	none

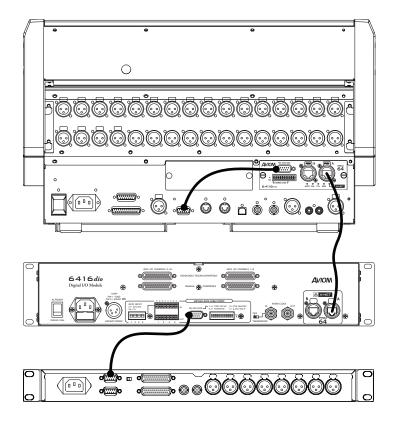
Setting Up

To send remote control data from a Yamaha console to a Yamaha mic preamp with a VDC:

- On the Yamaha digital console, set its RS-422 communication settings for 38.4k baud. (See the documentation that came with your Yamaha product for additional information on changing its control data communication parameters.)
- Set the 6416Y2 card's baud rate to 38.4k using the DIP switches on the card body. See page 33 for baud rate information.
- Activate a pair of VDC Slots on the 6416Y2 card, for example, Slots 1 and 2 (an odd-even pair is required).
- 4. Install the 6416Y2 card in the Yamaha console.
- 5. Connect a DB9 cable from the RS-422 port on the Yamaha console (labeled "Remote") to the RS-422 port on the 6416Y2 card.
- Connect the 6416Y2 card to another Pro64 device that has RS-422 capability with a Cat-5e cable (up to 400 feet, 120 meters).
- 7. On the second Pro64 device, such as the 6416dio Digital I/O Module, set its RS-422 baud rate to 38.4k.
- 8. Connect its RS-422 port to the first Yamaha mic preamp you want to control with a serial DB9 cable.
- 9. Connect additional Yamaha mic preamps by daisy chaining the RS-422 connections. This requires a special DB9 cable, as specified in the Yamaha documentation.
- 10. Power up all the devices.
- On the Pro64 device receiving the VDC control data, activate the same VDC Slots set up in Step 3 for the 6416Y2 card.

At this point changes to mic pre parameters can be made on the Yamaha control surface. Consult the documentation that came with your Yamaha product for information on selecting mic preamps to control and change specific parameters.

Connection Example



This diagram shows a DM1000 console with one 6416Y2 card installed connected to a 6416dio Digital I/O Module and an AD8HR mic preamp. RS-422 is connected between the DM1000 and the 6416Y2 card and between the 6416dio and the AD8HR. Remote control data travels over a pair of Virtual Data Cables.

RS-232/422 Pinout

The following table shows the pinout of the RS-232/422 jack. Note that in the pinout table, some transmit/receive functions (abbreviated as Tx/Rx) are different for RS-232 versus RS-422.

Pin	Function
1	No Connect
2	-Rx (RS-232), -Tx (RS-422)
3	–Tx (RS-232), –Rx (RS-422)
4	+Rx (RS-422)
5	Ground
6	+Tx (RS-422)
7	No Connect
8	No Connect
9	Ground

DB9 cables are available with male-to-male, female-to-female, and male-to-female connectors. Aviom's RS-232/422 port uses a male DB9 connector and therefore requires a cable with a female connector. The format of the connector at the other end of the cable (male/female) is dependent upon the equipment being connected to. However, connection to other equipment will usually require a female-to-female cable.

There are many different types of DB9 cables available, but Aviom selected a pinout for our DB9 connector that would allow both RS-232 and RS-422 connections to be made with off-the-shelf cables. A "null modem" cable should be used in RS-232 mode. Unfortunately, there are several different types of cables referred to as null modem cables. A true null modem cable crosses pins 2 & 3, 4 & 6, and 7 & 8. Pin 5 will be connected straight through, but pins 1 and 9 will not (though pin 1 will be connected to pin 6 at each end). An example of this type of cable is the L-Com CSNULL9FF-XA (where X = cable length).

An example of the type of null modem cable that should be avoided is the L-Com CSNULL9FF-X (where X = cable length). This is a straight-through cable with the exception of pins 2 and 3, which are crossed.

A true null modem cable is required for the interaction of the RS-422 termination on pin 4 of the connector with the RS-232 signals. On an RS-232 connector, pins 3, 4, and 7 are outputs; pins 1, 2, 6, and 8 are inputs. In a standard null modem cable, pin 4 at one end of the cable

will drive pins 1 and 6 at the other end. With a 100 ohm resistor across pins 3 and 4 on the Aviom DB9 connector, pin 3 (RS-232 –Tx) will drive pins 1 and 6 at the other end of the cable through the 100 ohm resistor. This isn't a problem for most modern RS-232 implementations as these signals are ignored, and both are inputs.

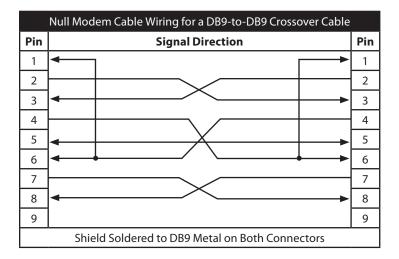
Although there is no standard DB9 pinout for RS-422, the 6416Y2 requires that a straight-through cable be used between the Aviom and Yamaha RS-422 ports. An example of this type of cable is the L-Com CRMN9FF-X (where X = cable length).

If a problem is encountered with the RS-232 operation, there are two things that can be done:

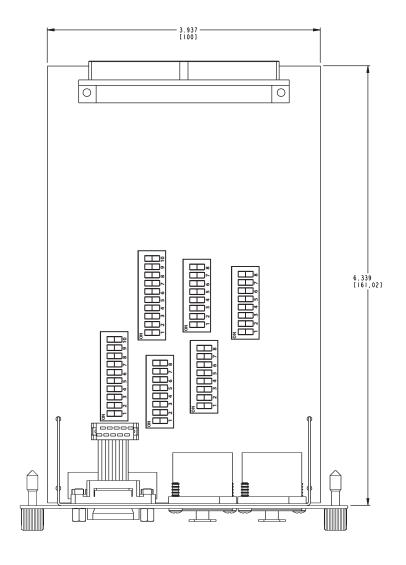
- 1. Try another brand of null modem cable.
- 2. Cut the wire in the cable going to pin 4. It isn't needed for RS-232 operation.

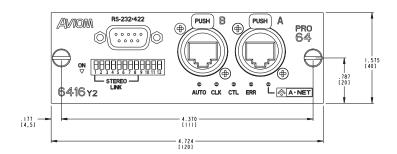
✓ Note The Aviom RS-232 port does not support the CD, DTR, DSR, RTS, CTS, or RI signals.

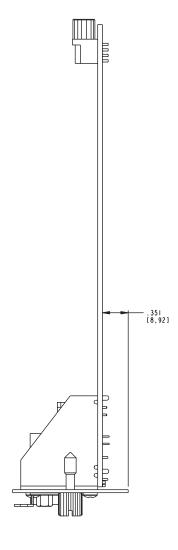
The following table showing the connections for a null modem DB9-to-DB9 crossover cable can be used when making your own cable.



Dimensions

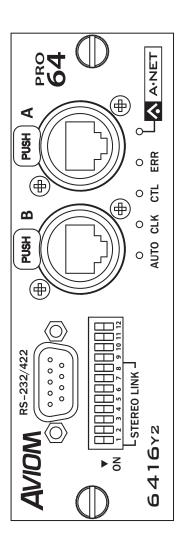


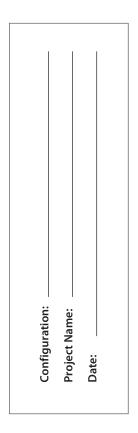


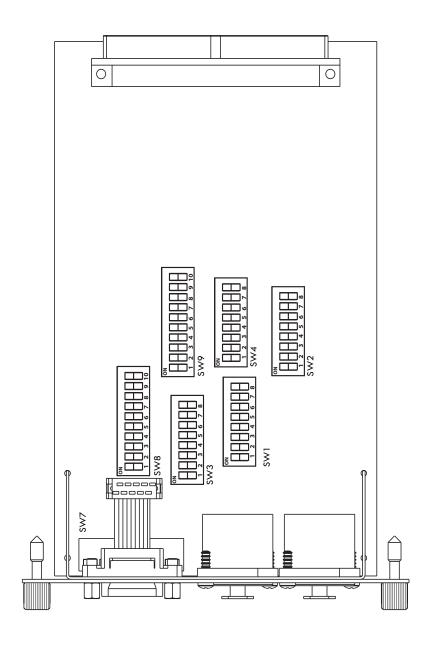


DIP Switch Templates

Use this pair of diagrams to notate settings for the configurations you use frequently. Copy this page to plain paper, enlarging if necessary, and mark DIP switch settings with a pen or marker.



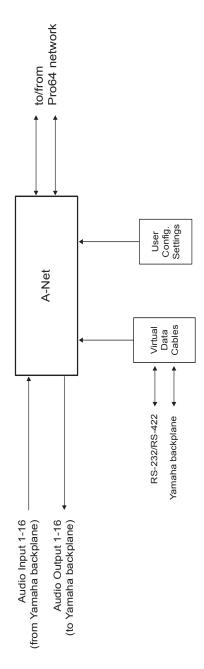




Specifications

Channels	Up to 16 digital inputs and 16 outputs simultaneously		
Interface Format	Yamaha mini-YGDAI (MY) Expansion Card; Supports 8- and 16-channel modes (MY8 and MY16)		
Sample Rate	1x: 44.1, 48kHz 2x: 88.2–96kHz The Pro64 176.4/192kHz sample rates are not supported.	24-bit resolution	
Sample Rate Ranges	1x: 39.7–52kHz; 2x: 79.4–104kHz;		
Maximum Ambient Temperature	50°C		
Virtual Data Cables	RS-232/RS-422 DB9 connector; DIP switch configuration		
	Control data from backplane routed to VDCs; DIP switch co (Backplane VDC is not suppor Yamaha digital devices.)	onfiguration	
A-Net	2 EtherCon RJ45 connectors		
A-Net Cable Length	400 feet (120 meters) between Pro64 devices		
Latency	<420µs (measured from Yamaha backplane to AES3 output, through the network)		
Generated Clock Jitter/Wander	1.8ns peak at Clock Master; 50ns peak at a Pro64 device 70 serial connections from the Clock Master (relative to the Clock Master's reference).		
Jitter/Wander Spectrum	Flat above 600Hz; increases 6dB/octave below 600Hz (inaudible due to masking). At the 70th serial connection, increased wander is due to inaudible spectral components below 60Hz.		
Power Supply	+3.3V, +5V, +15V supplied by the Yamaha host device		
Dimensions	4.75"w x 6.25"d x 1.5"h (120.7 x 158.8 x 38.1 mm)		
Weight	0.8 pounds (0.36 kilos)		
All Aviom products are designed and manufactured in the U.S.A.			

6416Y2 Card Block Diagram



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