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POOR FUEL ECONOMY

[TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS]

While fuel consumption is drastically increased during city driving, short-run operation, stop and go driving, extended winter warm-up periods, etc., as opposed to "trip" mileage, an attempt should be made to determine these factors when confronted with "poor mileage" conditions. However, since the operator is not always at fault, the following is offered.

- ① Operator depressing accelerator more than usual due to low engine power
 - Poor ignition
 - Low intake air amount
 - Electric spark advance control malfunction
 - Clutch slipping
 - Exhaust component restricted
- 2 Air/Fuel mixture too rich
 - High fuel line pressure

- ③ Alcohol blended fuel used④ High vehicle load
- - Low tire pressure
 - Unrecommended tire used
- Brake dragging
 Fuel cut control malfunction
- 6 High idle speed (Refer to page F-36)

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION	
1	Check factors other than engine • Low tire pressure • Unrecommended tire used — page Q-3 • Unrecommended tire used	Yes	Go to next step	
	 Clutch slipping Brake dragging Exhaust component resticted ¬ page H-3 ¬ page P-27 ¬ page F-115	No	Repair	
2	Check if air hoses are connected correctly page F-93	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Repair	□ page F–93
3	Check if air cleaner element is clean page F-75	Yes	Go to next step	
		No	Replace	c page F–75
4	Check if "00" is displayed on Self-Diagnosis Checker with ignition switch ON	Yes	Go to next step	
	SYSTEM SELECT 1 TEST SW SELF TEST SELECT SW A	No	Malfunction Code No. displayed Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence) "88" flashes Check ECU terminal 1F voltage Voltage: Approx. 12V (Ignition switch ON) □ If OK, replace ECU □ If not OK, check wiring between ECU and Self-Diagnosis Checker	□ page F-80 □ page F-128 □ page F-127 □ page F-7
5	Check switches for correct operation with Self- Diagnosis Checker Monitor Lamp and ignition	Yes	Go to next step	
	Switch ON page F-89 SYSTEM SELECT 1 MONITOR LAMP TEST SW SELECT SW A SELECT SW A	No	Lamp not ON/OFF with specified switch Check for cause (Refer to specified check sequence) Lamp always ON Check wiring between ECU terminal 1F and Self-Diagnosis Checker	c page F–90 c page F–7

STEP	INSPECTION		· ACTION
6	Check if ECU terminal voltages are OK (2D, 2N, 2O, 2P, 2Q, 2U and 2V)	Yes	Go to next step
	∕⇔ page F–129	No	Check for cause (Refer to "Check Point for Each Terminal") page F-132
7	Check if fuel cut operation is OK during deceleration	Yes	Go to next step
	Fuel cut: Above 1,900 rpm after warm-up	No	Try known good ECU
8	Check for correct ignition timing at idle page F-75	Yes	Go to next step
	Ignition timing: 10° ± 1° BTDC		
	GND TEN		
	CONNECT TERMINALS	No	Adjust page F-75
9	Check for correct fuel line pressure at idle page F-111	Yes	Go to next step
	Fuel line pressure: 216—265 kPa (2.2—2.7 kg/cm², 31—38 psi)	i.	
		No	High pressure Check if vacuum hose to pressure regulator is damaged or poorly con- nected
	INSTALL CLAMPS		 ⇒ If OK, replace pressure regulator
10	Run engine several minutes at idle and check if fuel line pressure is held after ignition switch turned OFF	Yes	Go to next step
	□ page F-102 Fuel line pressure: More than 147 kPa		
	(1.5 kg/cm ² , 21 psi) for 5 min.		
	PRESSURE	İ	
		No	Check injector for fuel leakage page F-113
	MINIMUM		
	IGNITION 5 MIN. SWITCH OFF		
11	Change fuel to another brand	l	1
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