TECHNICAL DATA & SERVICE MANUAL

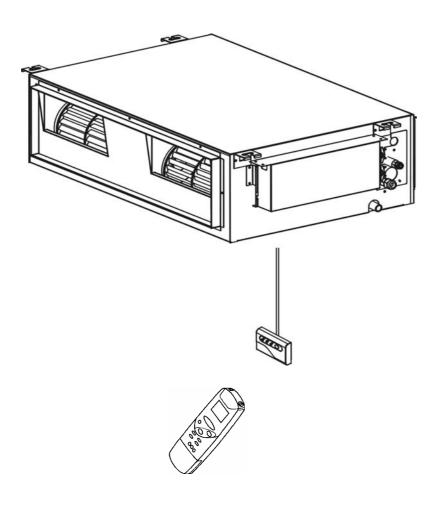


INDOOR UNIT: DSAF184MR5IA-

DSAF224MR5IA-

SPLIT SYSTEM AIR CONDITIONER

Model No.	Product Code No.
DSAF184MR5IA-	387106974
DSAF224MR5IA-	387106981



IMPORTANT! Please read before installation

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards.

For the installer or service person, it is important to install or service the system so that it operates safely and efficiently.

For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- · Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- · Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- · Observe all local, state and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.
- •The unit must be supplied with a dedicated electrical line.



WARNING

This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



CAUTION

This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

If necessary, get help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions.

If you require help for a special problem, contact our sale/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

In case of improper installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

 During installation, connect before the refrigerant system and then the wiring one; proceed in the reverse orden when removing the units.

WARNING

When wiring



ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED ELECTRICIANS SHOULD ATTEMPT TO WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked, to ensure the grounding.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system.
 Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring.

Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury and death.

- · Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- The Yellow/Green wire cannot be used for any connection different from the ground connection.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.
- Do not allow wiring to touch the refrigerant tubing, compressor, or any moving parts of the fan.
- Do not use multi-core cable when wiring the power supply and control lines. Use separate cables for each type of line.

When transporting

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminium fins on the air conditioner can cut your fingers.

When installing...

... In a ceiling

Make sure the ceiling is strong enough to hold the unit-weight. It may be necessary to build a strong wooden or metal frame to provide added support.

... In a room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating", which can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

... In moist or uneven locations

Use a raised concrete base to provide a solid level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents damage and abnormal vibrations.

... In area with strong winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

... In a snowy area (for heat pump-type systems)

Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher then drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

When connecting refrigerant tubing

- · Keep all tubing runs as short as possible.
- Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them; screw by hand and then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- · Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

NOTE:

Depending on the system type, liquid and gas lines may be either narrow or wide. Therefore, to avoid confusion, the refrigerant tubing for your particular model is specified as narrow tube for liquid, wide tube for gas.

When servicing

- Turn the power OFF at the main power board before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- · Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site after the work, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced
- Ventilate the room during the installation or testing the refrigeration system; make sure that, after the installation, no gas leaks are present, because this could produce toxic gas and dangerous if in contact with flames or heat-sources.

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1. SPECIFICATIONS

1-1 Unit Specifications

DSAF184MR5IA-

Power source		220 - 240V ~ 50Hz
Voltage rating		230V
Performance		Cooling
Capacity		See catalogue with the requested matching
Air circulation (High/Med./Low)	m³/h	865/645/455
External static pressure (High)	Pa (mm W.G.)	49(5) at shipment - 69 (7) with booster cable
Features		
Controls/Temperature controls		Microprocessor/ I.C. thermostat
Control unit		Wireless remote control unit

Controls/Temperature controls			Microprocessor/ I.C. thermostat
Control unit			Wireless remote control unit
Timer			ON/OFF 24 hours & Daily program, 1-hour Of
Fan speed			3 and Auto /1(Hi)
Air Filter			Washable
Operation sound (*)	High/Med./Low	dB-A	54/47/42
Refrigerant tubing connections			Flare type
Refrigerant	Narrow tube	mm(in.)	6,35 (1/4)
tube diameter	Wide tube	mm(in.)	9,52 (3/8)
Refrigerant		, ,	R410A

mensions & Weight				
Dimensions	Unit	Height	mm	266
		Width	mm	571
		Depth	mm	1058
Package dimensions	Unit	Height	mm	365
		Width	mm	745
		Depth	mm	1292
		Volume	m3	0,35
Weight	Unit	Net	kg	35
		Shipping	kg	39

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

^(*) Power level measured at operating conditions (HIGH speed / 5mmH20 external static pressure) and inside discharge air duct

DSAF224MR5IA-

tube diameter

Refrigerant

Power source

Voltage rating			230V
Performance			Cooling
Capacity			See catalogue with the requested matching
Air circulation (High/Med./Low)		m³/h	985/760/530
External static pressure (High)	Pa (r	mm W.G.)	49(5) at shipment - 69 (7) with booster cable
•			
Features			
Controls/Temperature controls			Microprocessor/ I.C. thermostat
Control unit			Wireless remote control unit
Timer			ON/OFF 24 hours & Daily program, 1-hour OFF
Fan speed			3 and Auto /1(Hi)
Air Filter			Washable
Operation sound (*)	High/Med./Low	dB-A	57/49/46
Refrigerant tubing connections			Flare type
Refrigerant	Narrow tube	mm(in.)	6,35 (1/4)

Dimensions & Weight				
Dimensions	Unit	Height	mm	266
		Width	mm	571
		Depth	mm	1058
Package dimensions	Unit	Height	mm	365
		Width	mm	745
		Depth	mm	1292
		Volume	m3	0,35
Weight	Unit	Net	kg	35
		Shipping	kg	39

mm(in.)

Wide tube

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

12,7 (1/2)

R410A

220 - 240V ~ 50Hz

^(*) Power level measured at operating conditions (HIGH speed / 5mmH20 external static pressure) and inside discharge air duct

1-2 Major Component Specifications

DSAF184MR5IA-

Co	ntroller PCB	
	Part No.	CB-UMRV183EH
	Controls	Microprocessor
	Control circuit fuse	250 V - 3,15 A

Remote Control Unit	RCS-3MVHPS4E

n & Fan Motor				
Туре			Centrifugal fan	
Q'ty Dia. and le	enght	mm	2 Ø 160 / L 240	
Fan motor modelC)'ty		3FGB-CO-65-38 5V/11	
No. Of polesrpm (2	230 V)		4 1106/834/678	
Running Amps		Α	0,6	
Power input		W	138	
Coil resistance (Ambient temp. 20 °C)		Ω	BLU-BRN: 68	
			BRN-BLK: 9	
			BLK-GRY: 36	
			GRY-VLT: 18	
			VLT-RED: 18	
			BRN-YEL: 105	
Safety devices	Туре		Internal thermal protector - 7AM 037 A 5	
	Operating temp. Open	°C	150 ± 5K	
Run capacitor		μF	2	
	_	VAC	450	

Hea	at Exch. Coil		
	Coil		Aluminium plate fin / Copper tube
	Rows		3
	Fin pitch	mm	1,6
	face area	m2	0,168

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

^(*) Fan speeds: H / M / L measured at operating conditions(HIGH speed / 5mmH20 external static pressure)

DSAF224MR5IA-

Controller PCB	
Part No.	CB-UMRV223EH
Controls	Microprocessor
Control circuit fuse	250 V - 3,15 A

Remote Control Unit	RCS-3MVHPS4E

Туре			Centrifugal fan	
Q'ty Dia. and le	enght	mm	2 Ø 160 / L 240	
Fan motor modelQ	!'ty		3FGB-CO-65-38 5V/11	
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Safety devices	Туре		Internal thermal protector - 7AM 037 A 5	
	Operating temp. Open	°C	150 ± 5K	
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He	Heat Exch. Coil			
	Coil		Aluminium plate fin / Copper tube	
	Rows		3	
	Fin pitch	mm	1,6	
	face area	m2	0,168	

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

(*) Fan speeds: H / M / L measured at operating conditions(HIGH speed / 5mmH20 external static pressure)

1-3 Other Component Specifications

DSAF184MR5IA-DSAF224MR5IA-

Trasformer (TR)		ATR-I55
Rating	Primary	AC 230 V, 50/60 Hz
	Secondary	13.7 V - 0.4 A
	Capacity	5.48 VA
Coil resistance	Ω (at 25°C)	Primary (WHT-WHT): 307 ± 10%
	, ,	Secondary (BRN-BRN): 1.8 ± 10%
Thermal cut-off temp.		150°C

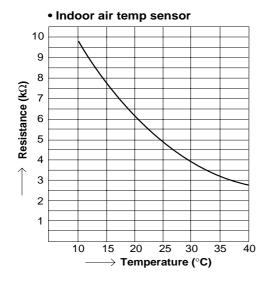
Thermistor (Coil sensor TH1)		DTN-C583G3U-TKS121B	
Resistance	κΩ	0 °C: 188,0 ± 4%	

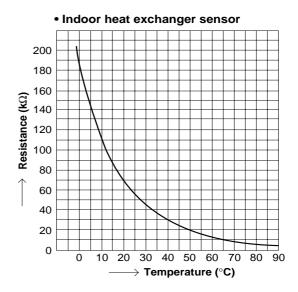
Thermistor (Room sensor TH2)		DTN-C502H3T-TKS128B	
Resistance	κΩ	25 °C: 5,0 ± 3%	

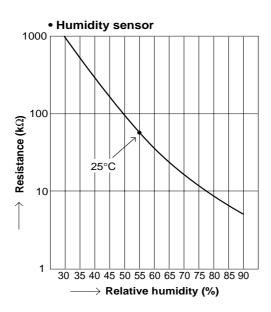
Thermistor (Humidity sensor TH3)			C7-M3-SY	
Resis	stance	κΩ	25°C - 60% RH (± 5% RH): 31,0	

Drain pump			
Model		PC 309564003	
Rating Voltage		220/240V - 50Hz	
	Input	14W	
Total head capacity		0,4 l/min	

Sa	fety float switch	
	Model	BI 1300 2725
	Contact rating	230V AC/DC - 0,5A



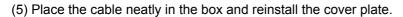


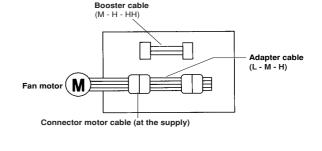


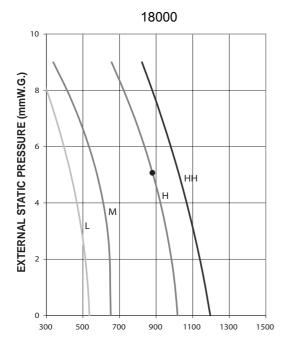
1-4 Indoor Fan Performance

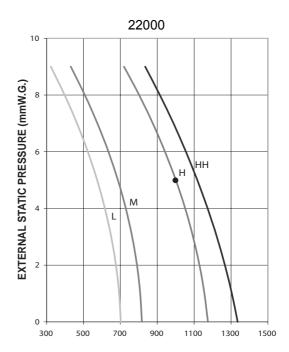
If external static pressure is too great (due to long extension of ducts, for example), the air flow volume may drop too low at each air outlet. This problem may be solved by increasing the fan speed using the following procedure:

- (1) Remove the screw on the electrical component box and remove the cover plate.
- (2) Disconnect the fan motor sockets in the box.
- (3) Replace the adapter cable with the booster cable (sockets at both ends).
- (4) Securely connect the booster cable sockets between the disconnected fan motor sockets in step 2 as shown in the Figure.









NOTE HH: Using the booster cable H: At shipment

How to read the diagram

The vertical axis is the external static pressure (mm W.G.) while the horizontal axis represents the AIR FLOW (m³/h).

The characteristic curves for "HH", "H", "M" and "L" fan speed control are shown.

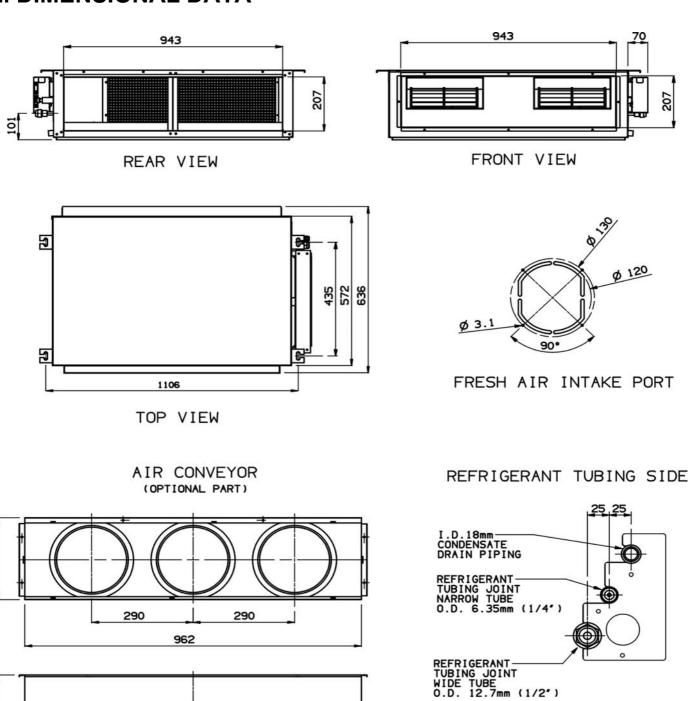
The nameplate values are shown based on the "H" air flow rate.

For the type 18000 the flow rate is 875 m³/h while the external static pressure is 5 mm W.G. at H position; for the type 22000 the flow rate is 1000 m³/h while the external static pressure is 5 mm W.G. at H position.

2. DIMENSIONAL DATA

Ø 200

Ø 200

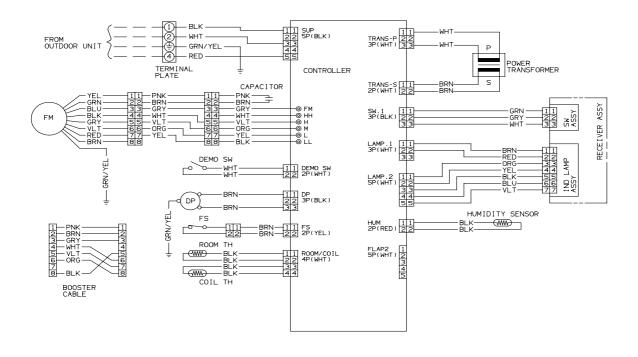


Units: mm

Ø 200

3. ELECTRICAL DATA

3-1 Electric Wiring Diagrams



4. FUNCTIONS

4-1. Operation Functions

■ Functions of the main unit controller

① OFF (Self-diagnostics)

(2) ON

4 DEMO

- : Used to stop the unit when the remote controller is unavailable.
- Used when service inspection is performed.During normal operation: Starts operation

from the remote controller.

 Emergency operation: When the remote controller is unavailable, moving this switch from the OFF position to the ON position starts automatic operation.

starts automatic operation. **FEST**: • Used when operating performance are

3 TEST : • Used who checked.

 Used when pump-down is carried out. (Operates at the rated frequency. At this time, the main unit lamp flashes, and the remote controller signal cannot be

received.)

: • This function is for shop displays. Ordinarily it is not used.

· Used during servicing.

■ Automatic operation

Operating mode selection

When automatic operation is selected, the indoor and outdoor temperature sensors function, and either HEAT, DRY, or COOL mode operation is selected automatically.

		Indoor temperature				Set temperature
		(Approx.) 15	°C 2	2°C 27	°C	(standard)
ature	(Approx.)				COOL mode	27°C
Outdoor air temperature	20°C –	HE. mo		DRY mode	mode	Temperature at which operation starts (Range: 20 – 26°C)
Outc	.00					24°C

 When multiple indoor units are connected and this unit is started while another indoor unit is operating, the operating mode is as shown in the table below.

Operating mode before change	Multi operating mode	Operating mode after change
HEAT	COOL	DRY
HEAI	DRY	DRY
COOL	HEAT	HEAT
DRY	HEAT	HEAT

 If the remote controller is used to start automatic operation, a differing-mode check is performed if the operating modes are not the same.

Desired-temperature memory

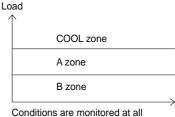
• The set temperature in the program can be changed as desired within the range of $\pm 4^{\circ} C$. This temperature can then be stored. During automatic operation, press the temperature setting buttons to change the temperature.

■ SENSOR DRY

During automatic operation, the system adjusts the room temperature and fan speed according to the conditions in the room, in order to maintain a comfortable room environment.

SENSOR DRY operation

• DRY operation is as shown in the figure below.



Conditions are monitored at all times when the room temperature is below 15°C.

DRY A

The compressor operation frequency varies depending on the relative humidity.

The indoor fan operates with 1/f fluctuation.

DRY B

The compressor operates at a low operating frequency. The indoor fan operates with 1/f fluctuation.

Monitor

- Monitoring operation takes place when the room temperature is below 15°C.
- When the monitoring range is entered, the compressor stops, and the indoor fan operates at LL.

■ PAM-α control

 In order to further improve inverter performance, control is switched between PWM control at low operation speeds, and PAM control at high operation speeds, making the most effective use of power.

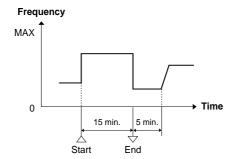
■ HIGH POWER

Raises the power but remains in the same operating mode. This function is set with the HIGH POWER button on the remote controller.

(It is set regardless of the temperature and fan speed settings.)

• HIGH POWER operation from the remote controller

The unit operates at maximum output for 15 minutes, regardless of the desired temperature. The fan speed is 1 step above "High."



NOTE

- When HIGH POWER operation ends, the unit operates at low Hz for 5 minutes, regardless of the thermostat OFF conditions.
- When in DRY mode, operation is in the cooling zone.
- When in HEAT mode, defrosting does not occur during HIGH POWER operation.
- If HIGH POWER is set while defrosting is in progress, HIGH POWER operation begins after defrosting ends.
- HIGH POWER operation cannot be set from the remote controller when the unit is stopped.
- HIGH POWER operation and ECONOMY operation cannot be used at the same time. The function set last takes priority.

■ ECONOMY

- When ECONOMY operation is set, the temperature and fan speed settings will be adjusted automatically to allow comfortable sleep.
- When ECONOMY operation is set, "
 mark" appears on the remote controller.

COOL and DRY modes

- The indoor unit fan speed is automatically lowered for quiet operation.
- The temperature setting is raised by 1°C one hour after ECONOMY operation is set.

HEAT mode

- The indoor unit and outdoor unit fan speeds are automatically lowered for quiet operation.
- The temperature setting is lowered by 3°C one hour after ECONOMY operation is set.

In addition, the temperature setting is lowered by 4°C after two hours have passed.

■ Lamp colors

Operation lamp

HEAT operation : Red
DRY operation : Orange
COOL operation : Green
TIMER lamp : Green

■ ON timer operation

- Operation starts when the time set for the ON timer is reached. When a time is set, the TIMER lamp illuminates.
- The below comfort timer programming is performed.
 A comfort time is calculated from the set temperature and the room temperature, either 60 minutes prior or 30 minutes prior to the set ON timer time, and operation is started in advance of the set ON time. (The indoor fan speed is "Medium.")

[COOL]

Indoor temperature – Set temperature = Temperature difference **IHEAT1**

Set temperature – Indoor temperature = Temperature difference

Temperature difference (°C)	Advance start time (min.)
12 < Temperature difference	60
6 < Temperature difference	30

NOTE

This function does not operate if the ON timer standby time is less than 30 minutes.

■ OFF timer operation

 Operation stops when the time set for the OFF timer is reached.

When a time is set, the TIMER lamp illuminates.

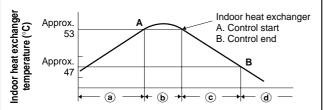
■ Timer backup

- If the indoor unit is unable to receive the timer time-end signal when the ON or OFF time is reached, then timer time-end occurs according to the indoor unit backup timer within approximately 26 minutes.
- Operation stops if there are no operator controls for 25 hours or longer after unit operation switched from OFF to ON by use of ON timer operation.

4-2. Protective Functions

■ Overload prevention during heating

During HEAT operation, the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is used to control the frequency and lessen the load on the compressor before the protective device is activated.

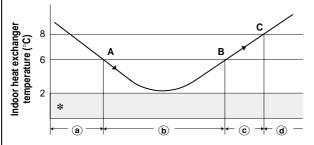


- a area: Automatic capacity control
- When Point A has been exceeded, the operation frequency is reduced by a certain proportion.
- © area: Frequency increase is prohibited.
- At Point B and below, overload prevention is ended and control is the same as in the (a) area.

■ Freeze prevention

During COOL or DRY operation, freezing is detected and operation is stopped when the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger matches the conditions below.

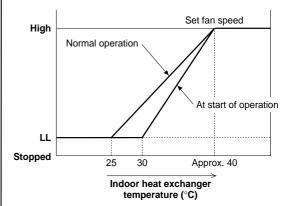
- Freeze-prevention operation is engaged when the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is below 6°C.
- ② Restart after freeze-prevention operation occurs when the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger reaches 8°C or above.



- a area: Automatic capacity control
- (b) When the temperature drops below Point A, the operation frequency is reduced by a certain proportion.
- © area: Frequency increase is prohibited.
- When the temperature reaches Point C or above, freezing prevention is ended and control is the same as in the a area.
- * When the temperature drops to below 2°C (continuously for 2 minutes or longer), the compressor stops.
 Once the freeze condition is detected, the air conditioner will work less than the maximum frequency until it is turned off.

■ Cold-air prevention during heating

During heating, the fan speed is set to "LL" (very low) or stopped. As the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger rises, the fan speed is changed to the set speed.



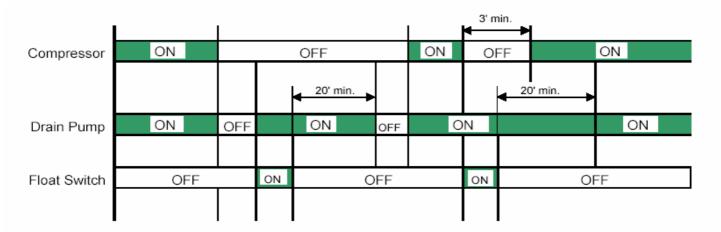
NOTE

- The fan speed is forcibly changed to "LL" beginning 30 seconds after the thermostat turns OFF.
- Normal operation refers to operation when the room temperature has approached the set temperature.
- When HEAT operation starts, the indoor fan is stopped until the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger reaches 20°C or higher, or until the room temperature reaches 15°C or higher.

■ Changing the remote controller address

- This prevents remote controller signal interference when two air conditioners are installed next to each other.
 Ordinarily, the address is set to A. If it is necessary to change the address, follow the procedure below. If 3 or more (up to 4) units are installed, use remote controllers that are intended for servicing use.
- ① Switch the address setting to "B" by removing the tab marked "A" on the remote controller.
- ② Insert dry-cell batteries into the remote controller and press the ACL button. Then attach the cover.
- ③ Open the air intake grille on the indoor unit, and move the operation switch to the DEMO position.
- Press the <u>ON/OFF</u> operation button on the remote controller. Check that the "beep" signal-received sound is heard from the indoor unit.
- S Move the operation switch to the ON position, and close the intake grille.
- ⑥ Operate the remote controller. Check that the "beep" signalreceived sound is heard from the indoor unit.

4-3. Drain Pump and Float Switch



NOTE:

Either in Heating or another mode or the unit is stopped, when the float switch is turned ON, the drain pump operates for 20 minutes minimum

5. TROUBLESHOOTING

■ Precautions before performing inspection or repair

- After checking the self-diagnostics monitor, turn the power OFF before starting inspection or repair.
- High-capacity electrolytic capacitors are used inside the outdoor unit controller (inverter). They retain an electrical charge (charging voltage DC 280 V) even after the power is turned OFF, and some time is required for the charge to dissipate. Be careful not to touch any electrified parts before the controller LED (red) turns OFF.

If the outdoor controller is normal, approximately 30 seconds will be required for the charge to dissipate. However, allow at least 5 minutes for the charge to dissipate if there is thought to be any trouble with the outdoor controller.

After inspection or repair is completed, be sure to move the operation switch to the DEMO position, turn the power ON, and erase the diagnostics contents.

■ Method of self-diagnostics

If the indoor unit operation lamp is flashing every 0.5 seconds, follow the procedure below to perform detailed trouble diagnostics.

NOTE

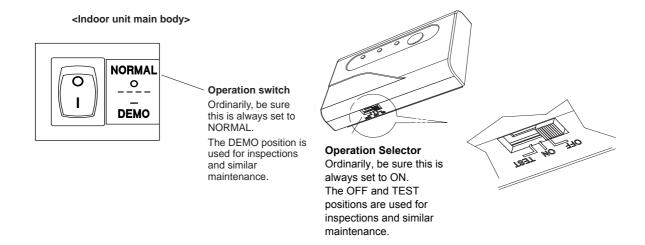
- 1: If the operation lamp flashes every 0.5 seconds immediately when the power is turned ON, there is an external ROM (OTP data) failure on the indoor circuit board or a board insertion problem, or the board has not been installed.
- 2: The failure mode is stored in memory even when the power is not ON. Follow the procedure below to perform diagnostics.

PROCEDURE

- 1 Turn the power switch ON.
- (2) Move the operation selector on the remote control receiver to OFF (self-diagnostics).
- (3) If there is a sensor failure or a protective function has activated, self-diagnostics lamps 1, 2, and 3 will illuminate in the following pattern: 5 seconds flashing (illuminated) + 2 seconds OFF. (Buzzer sounds once while lamps are OFF.)

Note: If there is no trouble, then self-diagnostics lamps 1, 2, and 3 do not illuminate, and the buzzer does not sound.

- 4 Diagnostics is completed when the buzzer sounds 3 beeps.
- (5) After inspection or repair is completed, be sure to move the operation switch on the indoor unit main body to the DEMO position, turn the power ON, and erase the diagnostics contents. Then move the operation selector on the remote control receiver to the OFF position and check that the diagnostics contents have been erased before using the unit.



Details of Self-Diagnostics

When the operation selector on the grille assy is moved from the ON or TEST position to the OFF (Self-diagnostics) position, the indicator lamps will flash (or remain ON) for 5 seconds and then turn OFF for 2 seconds (buzzer sounds once) to indicate the presence of a sensor failure or the activation of a protective function. Self-diagnostics is completed when the buzzer sounds 3 beeps. If there is no trouble, the lamps do not flash. Also note that the corresponding parts listed below may not be present in some models.

Ī	INDI	DICATION ON IND.U. ×OFF 增FLASHING ☆ON					
	TMR	OPR	SRV	CODE	DIAGNOSTICS ITEM	DIAGNOSTICS CONTENTS	
	X	₩.	×	S01	ROOM TEMPERATURE SENSOR FAILURE	1 SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT OR SHORT CIRCUIT	
	₩.	×	×	S02	INDOOR HEAT EXCHANGER SENSOR FAILURE	2 CONTACT FAILURE AT CONNECTOR OR OPEN CIRCUIT AT TERMINAL CRIMPING LOCATION (SHORT-CIRCUIT DETECTION ONLY FOR THE HUMIDITY SENSOR)	
	₩.	₩	\times	503	HUMIDITY SENSOR FAILURE	3 INDOOR/OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	×	X	₩	50 4	-COMPRESSOR TEMPERATURE SENSOR FAILURE -SH SENSOR FAILURE	1 SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT OR SHORT CIRCUIT	
	X	₩	₩.	S05	-OUTDOOR HEAT EXCHANGER SENSOR FAILURE -OUTDOOR NARROW TUBING SENSOR FAILURE	2 CONTACT FAILURE AT CONNECTOR OR OPEN CIRCUIT AT TERMINAL CRIMPING LOCATION 3 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	*	×	₩	506	-OUTDOOR AIR SENSOR TEMPERATURE FAILURE -OUTDOOR WIDE TUBING SENSOR FAILURE	3 OUTDOOK CIRCUIT BOARD TAILORE	
	₩.	₩.	₩.	S07	OUTDOOR ELECTRICAL CURRENT SENSOR FAILURE	OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	×	¤	X	E01	INDOOR/OUTDOOR COMMUNICATIONS FAILURE (SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS)	1 MISWIRING, 2 AC POWER FAILURE, 3 BLOWN FUSE, 4 POWER RELAY FAILURE, 5 INDOOR OR OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	₩	×	X	E02	-HIC CIRCUIT FAILURE -POWER TR CIRCUIT FAILURE	1 HIC OR POWER TR FAILURE, 2 OUTDOOR FAN DOES NOT TURN, 3 INSTANTANEOUS POWER OUTAGE, 4 SERVICE VALVE NOT OPENED, 5 OUTDOOR FAN BLOCKED, 6 CORTINUOUS OVERLOAD OPERATION, 7 COMPRESSOR FAILURE, 8 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	☆	¢	X	E03	OUTDOOR UNIT EXTERNAL ROM FAILURE	1 EXTERNAL ROM DATA FAILURE, 2 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	×	×	¢	E04	PEAK CURRENT CUT-OFF	1 INSTANTANEOUS POWER OUTAGE, 2 HIC OR POWER TR FAILURE, 3 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	×	×	α	E05	-PAM CIRCUIT FAILURE -ACTIVE CIRCUIT FAILURE	1 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE, 2 OUTDOOR POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE FAILURE	
	☆	×	₩	E06	COMPRESSOR DISCHARGE OVERHEAT PREVENTION	1 ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE FAILURE, 2 CAPILLARIES BLOCKED, 3 NO GAS, 4 CONTINUOUS OVERLOAD OPERATION, 5 OUTDOOR FAN DOES NOT TURN, 6 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	α	₩	₩	E07	INDOOR FAN OPERATING FAILURE	1 FAN MOTOR FAILURE, 2 CONTACT FAILURE AT CONNECTOR, 3 INDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	₩	ø	₩	E08	-4 WAY VALVE SWITCHING FAILURE -INDOOR ZERO-CROSS FAILURE	1 4 WAY VALVE FAILURE, 2 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	☆	*	*	E09	NO REFRIGERANT PROTECTION	1 SERVICE VALVE NOT OPENED. 2 NO REFRIGERANT	
	¤	≎	₩	E10	DC COMPRESSOR DRIVE CIRCUIT FAILURE	1 OPEN PHASE, 2 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	₩	₩	¤	E11	OUTDOOR AC FAN OPERATING FAILURE	1 FAN MOTOR FAILURE, 2 CONTACT FAILURE AT CONNECTOR, 3 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE	
	*	≎	≎	E12	-OUTDOOR SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS FAILURE -OUTDOOR HI-PRESSURE SW. OLR OPERATION -OUTDOOR POWER SUPPLY OPEN PHASE, OUTDOOR COIL FREEZING	1 MISHIR]NG. 2 BLOWN FUSE. 3 POWER RELAY FAILURE. OPEN PHASE. 5 OUTDOOR CIRCUIT BOARD FAILURE, 6 COMPRESSOR FAILURE	
	ಭ	*	ಭ	E13	FREEZE-PREVENTION OPERATION	1 INDOOR FAN SYSTEM FAILURE, 2 NO REFRIGERANT, 3 LOW-TEMPERATURE OPERATION	

Other: Timer lamp flashes (3-second intervals): I/D float switch activated.

NOTE: If the operation lamp continues to flash (orange) even when the operation switch has been moved to

the OFF position, an indoor unit external ROM failure has occurred. (E14) After inspection or repair is completed, be sure to move the operation switch (on the electrical box) to the DEMO position,

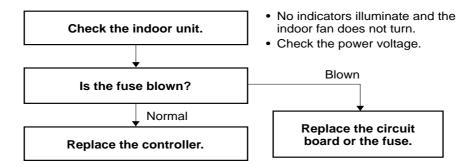
turn the power OFF and ON and erase the diagnostics contents.

Control 1 Control 2

		Control i	CONTROL 2	
*	Initial self- diagnostics	Short-circuit terminals 2 and 4 on the indoor unit terminal plate	Short-circuit terminals 2 and 3 on the outdoor unit terminal plate	Probable location of malfunction
		No change	-	Indoor unit circuit board failure
	Only operation lamp	Change: Operation lamp and Service	Change: Operation lamp and Service	Outdoor unit circuit board failure
	illuminates	lamp illuminate, and Timer lamp flashes	lamp illuminate, and Timer lamp flashes	
		Change: Operation lamp and Service	Change: only operation lamp illuminates	Failure (open circuit, contact failure,
		lamp illuminate, and Timer lamp flashes		etc.) in the inter-unit cable

- Turn the power OFF before performing short circuiting work.
- During the self-diagnostics check, the check results are the first indication when the operation switch is moved to OFF while the indicators are flashing after power ON →DEMO (5 seconds) →ON.
- Before performing the above checks, perform DEMO operation, and check that AC 220 V is output toterminals 1 and 2. If it is not output, there is a failure related to the indoor unit power.

■ If the self-diagnostics function fails to operate



<Checking the indoor and outdoor units>

■ Checking the indoor unit

No.	Control	Check items (unit operation)
1	Set operation selector of indoor unit main body to DEMO and start operation using the remote controller.	• The rated voltage must be present between inter-unit cables 1 and 2. • Connect a 5 k Ω resistor between inter-unit cables 2 and 3. When the voltage at both ends is measured, approximately 12–15 V DC must be output and the needle must fluctuate once every 8 seconds. In addition, insert an LED jig and check that the LED flickers once every 8 seconds.

[•] If there are no problems with the above, then check the outdoor unit.

■ Checking the outdoor unit

No.	Control	Check items (unit operation)
1	Apply the rated voltage between outdoor unit terminals 1 and 2.	The control panel LED (red) must illuminate.
2	Short-circuit the outdoor unit COM terminal to the T-RUN terminal.	The compressor and fan motor must turn ON.

 $[\]bullet$ If there are no problems with the above, then check the indoor unit.

Using the TEST/T-RUN terminals

T-RUN : Test run (compressor and fan motor turn ON.)
TEST/MV : Compresses time to 1/60th (accelerates operation by 60 times faster than normal).
Fully opens the electric expansion valve.

TEST/T-RUN terminals

<Noise malfunction and electromagnetic interference>

An inverter A/C operates using pulse signal control and high frequencies. Therefore, it is susceptible to the effects of external noise, and is likely to cause electromagnetic interference with nearby wireless devices.

A noise filter is installed for ordinary use, preventing these problems. However, depending on the installation conditions, these effects may still occur. Please pay attention to the points listed below.

■ Noise malfunction

This refers to the application of high-frequency noise to the signal wires, resulting in abnormal signal pulses and malfunction.

Locations most susceptible to noise	Trouble	Correction
Locations near broadcast stations where there are strong electromagnetic waves Locations near amateur radio (short wave) stations Locations near electronic sewing machines and arc-welding machines	Either of the following trouble may occur. 1. The unit may stop suddenly during operation. 2. Indicator lamps may flicker.	(The fundamental concept is to make the system less susceptible to noise.) — Insulate for noise or distance from the noise source. — 1. Use shielded wires. 2. Move unit away from the noise source.

■ Electromagnetic interference

This refers to the noise generated by high-speed switching of the microcomputer and compressor. This noise radiates through space and returns to electric wiring, affecting any wireless devices (televisions, radios, etc.) located nearby.

Locations most susceptible to noise	Trouble	Correction
 A television or radio is located near the A/C and A/C wiring. The antenna cable for a television or radio is located close to the A/C and A/C wiring. Locations where television and radio signals are weak. 	Noise appears in the television picture, or the picture is distorted. Static occurs in the radio sound.	 Select a separate power source. Keep the A/C and A/C wiring at least 1 meter away from wireless devices and antenna cables. Change the wireless device's antenna to a high-sensitivity antenna. Change the antenna cable to a BS coaxial cable. Use a noise filter (for the wireless device). Use a signal booster.

6. CHECKING ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

6-1. Measurement of Insulation Resistance

 The insulation is in good condition if the resistance exceeds 2MΩ.

6-1-1. Power Supply Wires

Clamp the grounding terminal of the power plug with a lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on both the two power terminals. (Fig. 1)

Then, also measure the resistance between the grounding and other power terminals. (Fig. 1)

6-1-2. Indoor Unit

Clamp a metallic part of the unit with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on each terminal screw where power supply lines are connected on the terminal plate. (Fig. 2)

6-1-3. Outdoor Unit

Clamp an aluminum plate fin or copper tube with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on each terminal screw on the terminal plate. (Fig. 2) Note that the ground line terminal should be skipped for the check.

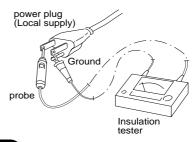
6-1-4. Measurement of Insulation Resistance for Electrical Parts

Disconnect the lead wires of the desired electric part from terminal plate, capacitor, etc. Similarly disconnect the connector. Then measure the insulation resistance. (Figs. 3 and 4)

NOTE

Refer to Electric Wiring Diagram.

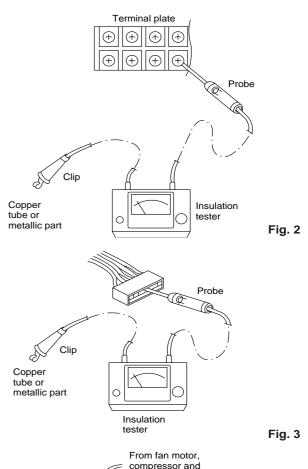
If the probe cannot enter the poles because the hole is too narrow then use a probe with a thinner pin.



NOTE

The shape of the power plug may differ from that of the air conditioner which you are servicing.

Fig. 1



other parts

Insulation

Fig. 4

Metallic

Clir

6-2. Checking Continuity of Fuse on PCB Ass'y

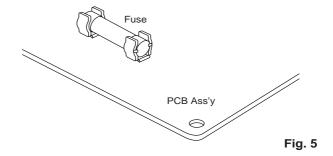
- Remove the PCB Ass'y from the electrical component box. Then pull out the fuse from the PCB Ass'y. (Fig. 5)
- Check for continuity using a multimeter as shown in Fig. 6.

6-3. Checking Motor Capacitor

Remove the lead wires from the capacitor terminals, and then place a probe on the capacitor terminals as shown in Fig. 7. Observe the deflection of the pointer, setting the resistance measuring range of the multimeter to the maximum value.

The capacitor is "good" if the pointer bounces to a great extent and then gradually returns to its original position.

The range of deflection and deflection time differ according to the capacity of the capacitor.



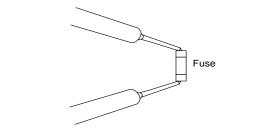


Fig. 6

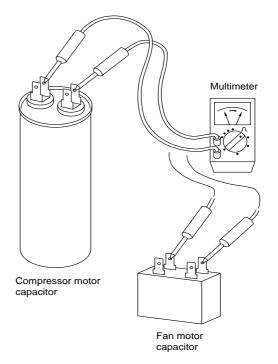


Fig. 7

