

PM3200 series

User manual

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Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

As standards, specifications and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this publication.

Safety information

Important information

Read these instructions carefully and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this bulletin or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of either symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

⚠ DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

Please note

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction, installation, and operation of electrical equipment and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

Notices

FCC Part 15 notice

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CAN ICES-3 (B) /NMB-3(B)

About the book

Document scope

This manual is intended for use by designers, system builders and maintenance technicians with an understanding of electrical distribution systems and monitoring devices.

Validity note

The PM3200 series power meters are used to measure electrical parameters of an installation or a part of an installation.

This function meets the requirements for:

- installation monitoring,
- alarming on consumption drifts,
- consumption monitoring,
- evaluation of energy items (cost, accounting, and so on),
- logging of historical consumption,
- identifying harmonic disturbances.

This function also satisfies the power-saving incentives implemented by many countries.

Related documents

| Title of documentation | Reference number |
|---|------------------|
| Power Meters Installation sheet: PM3200 / PM3210 (Chinese, English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish) | S1B46605 |

| | |
|---|----------|
| Power Meters Installation sheet: PM3200 / PM3210 (Czech, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, Hungarian, Norwegian, Polish, Swedish) | S1B62913 |
| Power Meters Installation sheet: PM3250 / PM3255 (Chinese, English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish) | S1B46607 |
| Power Meters Installation sheet: PM3250 / PM3255 (Czech, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, Hungarian, Norwegian, Polish, Swedish) | S1B62914 |

You can download these technical publications and other technical information from www.schneider-electric.com.

Chapter 1 Safety precautions

Installation, wiring, testing and service must be performed in accordance with all local and national electrical codes.

Carefully read and follow the safety precautions outlined below.

⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, CSA Z462 or applicable local standards.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Turn off all power supplying this device and the equipment in which it is installed before working on the device or equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.
- Before performing visual inspections, tests, or maintenance on this equipment, disconnect all sources of electric power. Assume that all circuits are live until they have been completely de-energized, tested and tagged. Pay particular attention to the design of the power system. Consider all power supply sources, particularly the potential for backfeed.
- Do not exceed the device's ratings for maximum limits.
- Replace all devices, doors and covers before turning on power to this equipment.
- Never short the secondary of a voltage transformer (VT).
- Never open circuit a current transformer (CT).
- Always use grounded external CTs for current inputs.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

UNINTENDED OPERATION

Do not use the meter for critical control or protection applications where human or equipment safety relies on the operation of the control circuit.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

⚠ WARNING**INACCURATE DATA RESULTS**

- Do not rely solely on data displayed on the front panel or in software to determine if the device is functioning correctly or meeting all applicable standards and compliances.
- Do not use data displayed on the front panel or in software as a substitute for proper workplace practices or equipment maintenance.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Chapter 2 Overview

Meter overview

The PM3200 series power meters provide accurate 3-phase electrical parameters monitoring.

The offer is composed of 4 commercial references described below.

Functions

The product functions of power meters provide the various measurement capabilities required to monitor an electrical installation such as current, voltage, power, power factor, frequency, and energy.

The key features are:

- electrical parameters monitoring such as I, In, U, V, PQS, E, PF, Hz
- power/current demand, peak demand
- time-stamped alarms
- minimum/maximum values for many parameters
- management of up to 4 tariffs
- up to 2 digital inputs and 2 digital outputs
- Modbus communication

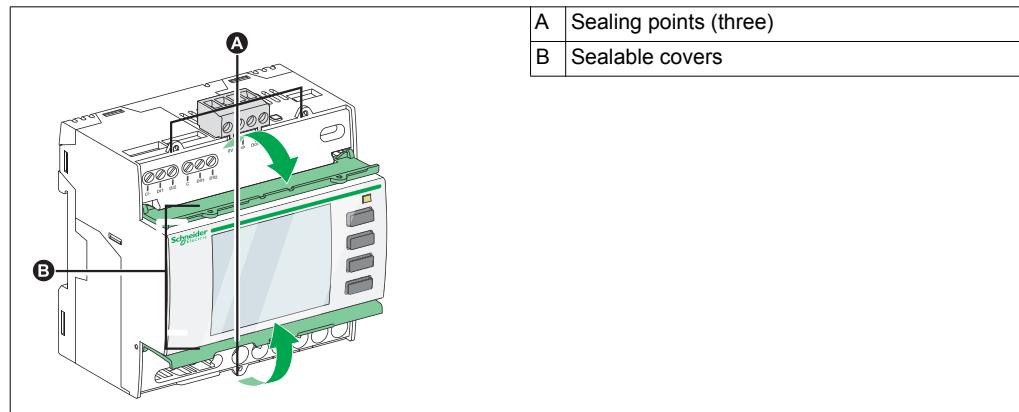
Main Characteristics

| Function | PM3200 | PM3210 | PM3250 | PM3255 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Measurement inputs through CTs (1 A, 5 A) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Measurement inputs through VTs | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Four quadrant energy measurements | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Electrical measurements (I, In, V, PQS, PF, Hz) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| THD current and voltage | — | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Current, power demand, present | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Current, power demand, peak | — | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Minimum/maximum of instantaneous values | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Power demand logs | — | — | — | ✓ |
| Energy consumption log (day, week, month) | — | — | — | ✓ |
| Multi-tariff (internal clock) | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Multi-tariff (external control by DI) | — | — | — | 4 |
| Multi-tariff (external control by communication) | — | — | 4 | 4 |
| Measurement display | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Digital inputs/Digital outputs | — | 0/1 | — | 2/2 |
| Alarms with time stamping | — | 5 | 5 | 15 |
| Modbus communication | — | — | ✓ | ✓ |
| Width (18 mm module in DIN Rail mounting) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

Physical Description

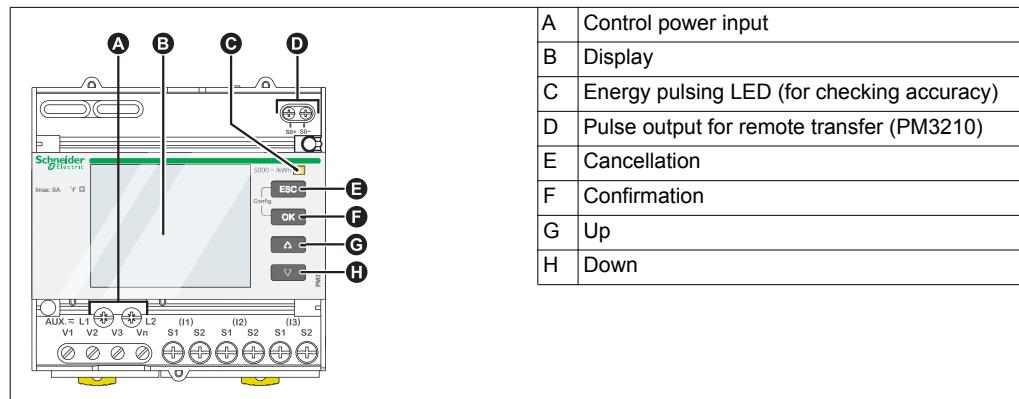
All meters: meter sealing points

All meters have sealing covers and three sealing points to help prevent access to inputs, outputs, current, and voltage connections.



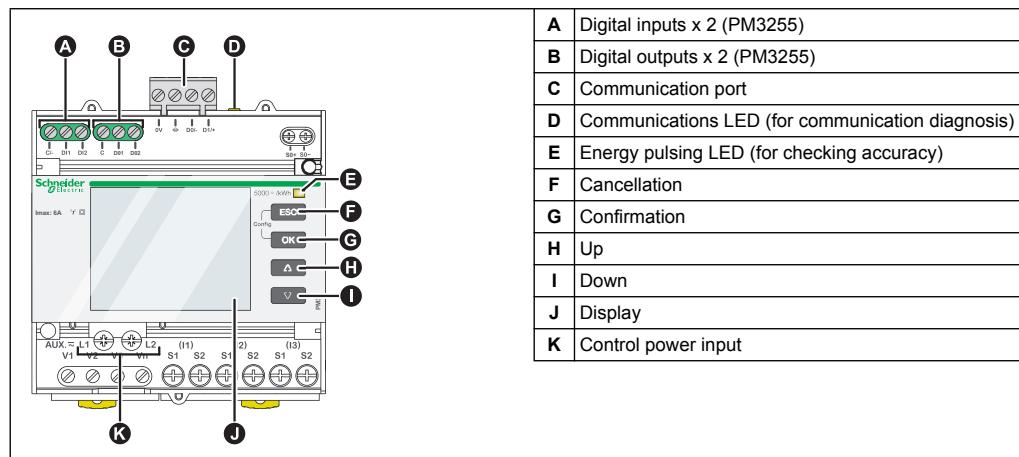
PM3200 / PM3210

The various features of the listed power meters are shown in the diagram below:



PM3250 / PM3255

The various features of the listed power meters are shown in the diagram below:



Chapter 3 Installation

Safety Precautions

⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

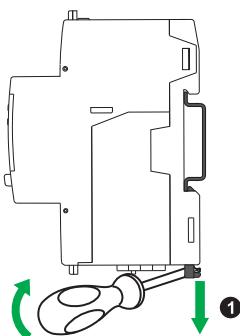
- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, CSA Z462 or applicable local standards.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Turn off all power supplying this device and the equipment in which it is installed before working on the device or equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.
- Replace all devices, doors and covers before turning on power to this equipment.
- Do not exceed the device's ratings for maximum limits.
- Never short the secondary of a voltage transformer (VT).
- Never open circuit a current transformer (CT).
- Always use grounded external CTs for current inputs.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

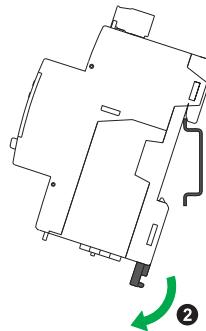
1. Turn off all power supplying this device and the equipment in which it is installed before working on it.
2. Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm that all power is off.

Removing from a DIN rail

1. Using a flat screwdriver (≤ 6.5 mm / 0.25 in), lower the locking clip to release the device.



2. Lift the device up to free it from the DIN rail.



Input, output and communications wiring

⚠ WARNING

HAZARD OF UNINTENDED OPERATION

- Do not use the meter for critical control or protection applications where human or equipment safety relies on the operation of the control circuit.
- Be aware that an unexpected change of state of the digital outputs may result when the supply power to the meter is interrupted.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

PM3255 digital input and output considerations

- The digital outputs of PM3255 are polarity independent.
- The digital inputs and outputs of PM3255 are electrically independent.

Chapter 4 Functions

Power Meter Characteristics

The power meter measures currents and voltages and reports real-time RMS values for all 3-phases and neutral. In addition, the power meter calculates power factor, real power, reactive power, and more.

The following sections list the metering characteristics of the power meter.

Real-Time Measuring

The following table lists the metering characteristics of the power meter for the real-time measurement:

| Characteristics | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Current | Per phase, neutral, and average of 3 phases |
| Voltage | L-L, L-N, and average of 3 phases |
| Frequency | 40...70 Hz |
| Active power | Total and per phase (signed) |
| Reactive power | Total and per phase (signed) |
| Apparent power | Total and per phase |
| Power factor (True) | Total and per phase 0.000 to 1 (signed) by display 0.000 to 2 (signed) by communications |
| Tangent phi (Reactive factor) | Total |
| Current unbalance | Per phase, most unbalanced of 3 phases |
| Voltage unbalance | L-L, most unbalanced of 3 phases L-N, most unbalanced of 3 phases |

Minimum/Maximum Values

When any one-second real-time reading reaches its highest or lowest value, the power meter saves the minimum and maximum values in its nonvolatile memory.

From the power meter display, you can:

- view all min./max. values since the last reset and the reset date and time.
- reset min./max. values.

All running min./max. values are arithmetic minimum and maximum values. For example, the minimum phase A-N voltage is the lowest value in the range from 0 to 1 MV that has occurred since last reset of the min./max. values.

The power meter provides time stamping for 6 minimum/maximum values.

The following table lists the minimum and maximum values stored in the power meter:

| Characteristics | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Current | Per phase, neutral, and average ¹ Minimum: lowest of 3 phases ² Maximum: highest of 3 phases ² |
| Voltage | L-L and L-N per phase and average |
| Frequency | — |
| Active power | Per phase ¹ and total |

| Characteristics | Description |
|--|--|
| Reactive power | Per phase ¹ and total |
| Apparent power | Per phase ¹ and total |
| Power factor | Per phase ¹ and total |
| Tangent phi (Reactive factor) | Total ¹ |
| THD current (PM3210, PM3250, and PM3255) | Maximum: Per phase, neutral, and highest of 3 phase ² Minimum: Per phase ¹ and neutral ¹ |
| THD voltage (PM3210, PM3250, and PM3255) | L-L and L-N per phase ¹ Maximum: Highest of 3 phases ² Minimum: Lowest of 3 phases ² |

¹ Available only by communications

² Available only on the display

Demand Readings

The power meter provides the following demand readings.

| Characteristics | Description |
|---|--|
| Current | Per phase, neutral, and average ¹ |
| Active, reactive, apparent power | Total |
| Peak Demand Values (PM3210, PM3250, and PM3255) | |
| Current | Per phase, neutral, and average ¹ |
| Active, reactive, apparent power | Total |

¹ Available only by communications

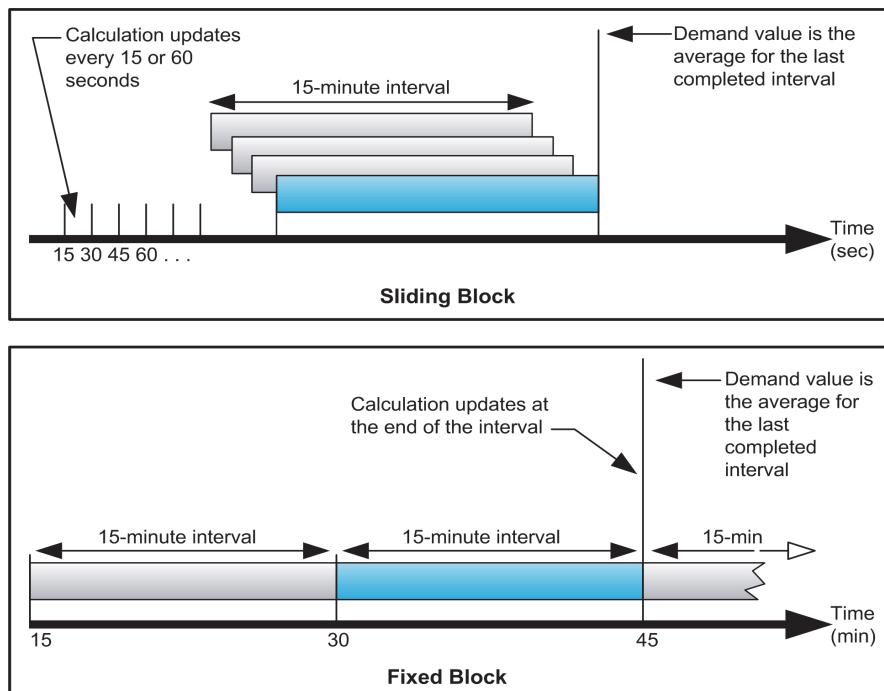
Demand Calculation Methods

Power demand is the energy accumulated during a specified period divided by the length of the period. Current demand is calculated using arithmetical integration of the current RMS values during a time period, divided by the length of the period. How the power meter performs this calculation depends on the selected method. To be compatible with electric utility billing practices, the power meter provides block interval power/current demand calculations.

For block interval demand calculations, you select a block of time (interval) that the power meter uses for the demand calculation and the mode the meter uses to handle the interval. 2 different modes are possible:

- Fixed block - Select an interval from 1 to 60 minutes (in 1 minute increments). The power meter calculates and updates the demand at the end of each interval.
- Sliding block - Select an interval from 1 to 60 minutes (in 1 minute increments). For demand intervals less than 15 minutes, the value is updated every 15 seconds. For demand intervals of 15 minutes and greater, the demand value is updated every 60 seconds. The power meter displays the demand value for the last completed interval.

The following figures illustrate the 2 ways to calculate demand power using the block method. For illustration purposes, the interval is set to 15 minutes.



Peak Demand

In nonvolatile memory, the power meter maintains a maximum operating demand value called peak demand. The peak is the highest value (absolute value) for each of these readings since the last reset.

You can reset peak demand values from the power meter display. You should reset peak demand after changes to basic power meter setup such as CT ratio or power system configuration.

Energy Readings

The power meter calculates and stores total and partial energy values for active, reactive, and apparent energy.

You can view energy values from the display. The resolution of the energy value automatically changes from kWh to MWh (kVAh to MVARh).

The energy values automatically resets to 0 when it reaches the limit of 1×10^6 MWh, 1×10^6 MVAh, or 1×10^6 MVARh. Manual reset of total energy is not allowed. You can reset the partial energy values including partial energy import, energy by tariff, and phase energy manually using the display.

Energy values can be reported over communications as 64-bit signed integers. The units are always Wh, VARh, or VAh.

The following table lists the energy readings from the power meter:

| Characteristics | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Energy values (import) | |
| Active energy | Total and per phase, partial, by tariff 0 to 1×10^{12} Wh Auto reset to 0 in case of over limit |
| Reactive energy | Total and per phase, partial 0 to 1×10^{12} VARh Auto reset to 0 in case of over limit |
| Apparent energy | Total and per phase, partial 0 to 1×10^{12} VAh Auto reset to 0 in case of over limit |
| Energy values (export) | |
| Active energy | Total 0 to 1×10^{12} Wh Auto reset to 0 in case of over limit |
| Reactive energy | Total 0 to 1×10^{12} VARh Auto reset to 0 in case of over limit |
| Apparent energy | Total 0 to 1×10^{12} VAh Auto reset to 0 in case of over limit |

Power Quality Analysis Values

The power quality analysis values use the following abbreviations:

- HC (Harmonic Content) = $\sqrt{(H_2^2 + H_3^2 + H_4^2 + \dots)}$
- H1 = Fundamental Content
- THD (Total Harmonic Distortion) = HC/H1 X 100%

THD provides a measure of the total distortion present in a waveform. THD is the ratio of harmonic content to the fundamental and provides a general indication of the quality of a waveform. THD is calculated for both voltage and current.

The following table lists the power quality values of the power meter:

| Power quality values (PM3210, PM3250, and PM3255) | |
|---|---|
| Characteristics | Description |
| THD | Per phase current and per phase voltage (L-L and L-N) Most distorted of 3 phases Average of 3 phases ¹ |

¹ Available only by communications

Other Characteristics

The following table lists other characteristics of the power meter:

| Characteristics | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Reset | |
| Epart | Per phase, partial, by tariff energy values |
| Minimum and maximum values | — |
| Peak demand values | — |
| Local or remote setup | |
| Distribution system type | – Three-phase 3-wire or 4-wire with 1, 2, or 3 CTs, – Single-phase 2-wire or 3-wire with 1 or 2 CTs, with or without VTs |
| Current transformers rating | Primary 5 to 32,767 A Secondary 5 A, 1 A |
| Voltage transformers rating | Primary 1,000,000 Vmax Secondary 100, 110, 115, 120 |
| Current demand calculation method | 1 to 60 minutes |
| Power demand calculation method | 1 to 60 minutes |

Alarms

Overview

The power meter provides setpoint-driven alarms. The alarms include:

| Alarms | PM3210, PM3250 | PM3255 |
|--|----------------|--------|
| Standard alarms | | |
| Over Current, Phase | ✓ | ✓ |
| Under Current, Phase | — | ✓ |
| Over Voltage, L-L | — | ✓ |
| Under Voltage, L-L | ✓ | ✓ |
| Over Voltage, L-N | — | ✓ |
| Under Voltage, L-N | ✓ | ✓ |
| Over Power, Total Active | ✓ | ✓ |
| Over Power, Total Reactive | — | ✓ |
| Over Power, Total Apparent | ✓ | ✓ |
| Leading Power Factor, Total | — | ✓ |
| Lagging Power Factor, Total | — | ✓ |
| Over Demand, Total Active Power, Present | — | ✓ |
| Over Demand, Total Apparent Power, Present | — | ✓ |
| Over THD-U, Phase | — | ✓ |
| Under Power, Total Active | ✓ | ✓ |
| Over THD-I, Phase | — | ✓ |
| Over THD-V, Phase | — | ✓ |
| Customized Alarms | | |
| Over Energy, Total Active | — | ✓ |

Alarms Configuration

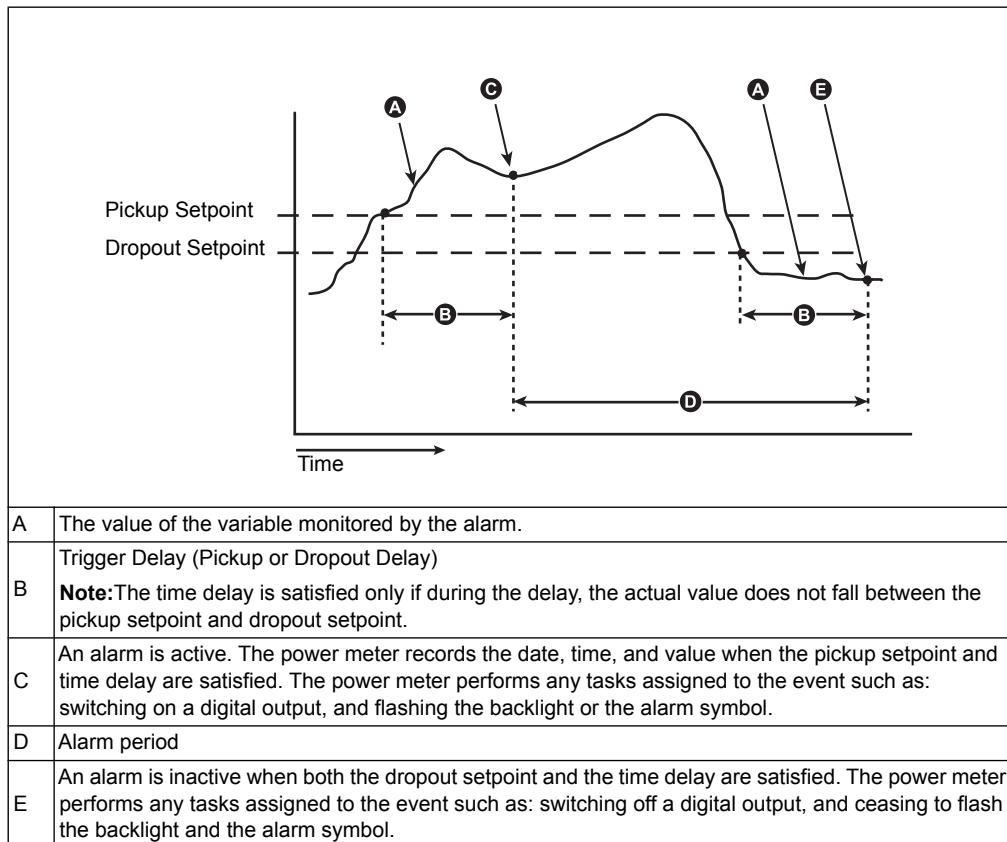
For the standard alarms, you must configure the following features by using the display or communication:

- Pickup setpoint

- Trigger delay (Pickup/Dropout delay)
- Dropout setpoint (Deviation percentage from pickup setpoint)

Among the standard alarms, dropout setpoint and trigger delay are common features of all the alarms. Pickup setpoint is identical for each alarm.

For more information on how the meter handles the setpoint-driven alarms, refer to the figure below.



For the Over Energy alarm, you also need to configure the method, which refers to the energy accumulation and detection period.

The 3 options are:

- Day method: the energy accumulation starts at 8:03 A.M. every day and clears up at 8:03 A.M. the next day.
- Week method: the energy accumulation starts at 8:03 A.M. every Sunday and clears up at 8:03 A.M. the next Sunday.
- Month method: the energy accumulation starts at 8:03 A.M. on the first day of the month and clears up at 8:03 A.M. on the first day of the next month.

When the accumulated energy pickup setpoint and time delay are satisfied, the alarm is active. When the accumulated energy dropout setpoint and time delay are satisfied, the alarm is inactive.

View Alarm Status on the display

The alarm status summary page includes the following items:

- Tot Enable: displays total number of the alarms enabled by the user in the alarm configuration.

- Tot Active: displays total number of the active alarms. One active alarm with several entries is considered as one. For example, over current at phase 1 creates the first entry, over current at phase 2 creates the second entry, but the total number of the active alarms is one.
- Output: refers to the association with digital output (DO).

The alarm level 2 page lists the number of entries of the active and logged alarms.

The logged alarm entries include the active alarms and the historic alarms. One alarm that has occurred several times can create several active or logged entries.

The alarm level 3 page lists the detailed information of each active/log entry.

NOTE: When an active alarm is not present and you enter the log entry list, the meter considers this to mean that you have acknowledged all the logged alarms.

Alarm Activity and History

The active alarm list holds 20 entries at a time. The list works as a circular buffer, replacing the oldest entries with the newest entries. The information in the active alarm list is volatile. When the power meter resets, this list is reinitialized.

The alarm history log holds 20 entries of alarms that have disappeared. The log also works as a circular buffer. This information is nonvolatile.

Using an Alarm to Control a Digital Output

You can associate a digital output with an alarm. See “Input/output capabilities” on page 21 for more information.

Input/output capabilities

|  WARNING |
|--|
| HAZARD OF UNINTENDED OPERATION |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not use the meter for critical control or protection applications where human or equipment safety relies on the operation of the control circuit. • Be aware that an unexpected change of state of the digital outputs may result when the supply power to the meter is interrupted. <p>Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.</p> |

Digital Inputs (PM3255)

The power meter can accept 2 digital inputs designated as DI1 and DI2.

The digital inputs have 4 operating modes:

- Normal Input Status: use for simple ON/OFF digital inputs. The digital inputs can be OF or SD signals of a circuit breaker.
- Multi-tariff Control: you can control the tariff either through communications, the internal clock or by 1 or 2 tariff inputs. Tariff control through the tariff inputs is performed by applying a proper combination of ON or OFF signal to the inputs. Each combination of ON or OFF signal results in the power meter registering the energy in a particular tariff register. Refer to the table below for input coding.
- Input Metering: you can configure the meter in input metering modes to collect the pulses for WAGES application. To activate this function, set the input metering pulse

frequency (pulse/unit). The meter counts the number of pulses and calculates the number of units. Pulse width or pulse stop less than 10 milliseconds is invalid for pulse counting.

- Energy Reset: energy reset function resets partial energy, energy by tariff, and energy by phase. Reset is activated by an ON signal lasting for over 10 milliseconds.

The following table describes the input coding in binary format:

| Input voltage | Active tariff |
|--|-----------------|
| Meter with 4 tariffs: | |
| DI1/DI2 = OFF/OFF | Tariff 1 active |
| DI1/DI2 = OFF/ON | Tariff 2 active |
| DI1/DI2 = ON/OFF | Tariff 3 active |
| DI1/DI2 = ON/ON | Tariff 4 active |
| Meter with 2 tariffs: | |
| (always associated with DI1, and DI2 can be left floating or configured as other mode) | |
| DI1 = OFF | Tariff 1 active |
| DI1 = ON | Tariff 2 active |

Pulse Output (PM3210)

Pulse output is used for active energy pulse output only. You can configure the pulse frequency (pulse/kWh) and the pulse width. The minimum pulse width is 50 ms. The pulse stop is equal or longer than the pulse width. The pulse output indicates the primary energy consumption considering transformer ratios. You should set a proper value of pulse frequency and pulse width to avoid pulse missing due to over-counting.

Digital Outputs (PM3255)

The power meter has 2 solid-state relay outputs (DO1 and DO2). The relay outputs have 4 operation modes:

- Alarm: the output is controlled by the power meter in response to an alarm condition. The output turns On (relay closed) when at least one alarm is active. The output turns Off (relay open) when the alarm is deactivated.
- Energy Output: you can use DO1 only for active energy pulse output and DO2 only for reactive energy pulse output. You can configure the pulse frequency (pulse/kWh or pulse/kVArh) and the pulse width.
- Disable: the digital output function is disabled.
- External: the output is controlled by the power meter in response to a command 21000.

Multi-tariff

The power meter provides multi-tariff energy accumulation. It supports up to 4 tariffs.

The tariff switching has the following 3 kinds of control modes:

- Digital input
- Communication
- Internal real-time clock (RTC)

You can configure the control mode by using the display (all the 3 modes) or by using communication (not for RTC).

Command number 2060 is used to configure the control mode by communication. See “Communication via Modbus” on page 39 for more details.

The following table presents the rules to change multi-tariff control mode by Modbus command:

| From | To |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Disable | – Communication – Digital input |
| RTC | Communication |
| Communication | Disable |

DI Control Mode (PM3255)

In the DI control mode, the tariff switching is triggered by the change in input status of DI. See “Digital Inputs (PM3255)” on page 21 for more details.

NOTE: If you change DI mode to other operation modes (normal input status, input metering, or energy reset) while multi-tariff control mode is in DI control mode, the multi-tariff function is automatically disabled.

NOTE: If you change multi-tariff control mode to other control modes (communication or internal RTC) while DI is configured for multi-tariff function, the DI operation mode automatically changes to normal input status.

Communication Control Mode (PM3250, PM3255)

In the communication control mode, the tariff switching is triggered by command number 2008. See “Communication via Modbus” on page 39 for more details.

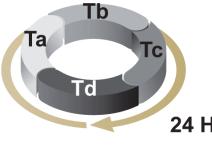
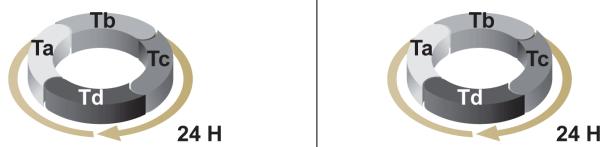
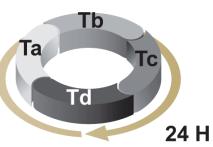
Real-time clock (RTC) Control Mode

In RTC control mode, the tariff switching is triggered by the real-time clock.

You can configure RTC control mode by using the display. The configuration includes the selection of schedule mode and the setup of 1 or 2 schedulers depending on the schedule modes.

The 2 schedule modes for RTC trigger are:

- Day mode: weekdays and weekend share the same peak and peak-off duration and only 1 scheduler should be set.
- Week mode: the tariff management of weekdays and weekends are controlled separately, and 2 schedulers should be set.

| | Weekdays | Weekend |
|-----------|--|---|
| Day mode | |  |
| Week mode |  |  |

A scheduler supports a maximum of 4 time segments (Ta, Tb, Tc, and Td) for maximum 4 tariffs (T1, T2, T3, and T4). You can assign Ta, Tb, Tc, or Td to any tariff if any

adjacent time segment has a different tariff. A valid scheduler always starts from T_a segment, and skipping time segments is not allowed.



In the setup of a schedule, you should define the tariff switching time for each target tariff. In the application, when the set switching time is reached, the tariff switches automatically.

Data Logging (PM3255)

The power meter provides energy logs. Energy day log can be read as a log file. The 3 types of energy log can be read as registers.

The following table lists the maximum number of entries of each log:

| Log Type | Max. Entries Stored |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Energy log (daily) | 45 |
| Energy log (weekly) | 30 |
| Energy log (monthly) | 13 |

Energy Log

The meter has the log for accumulated active energy.

The energy log entry structure is shown in the following table:

| Log Entry | Log date / time 4 registers | Energy value 4 registers |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|

The 3 log types are:

- Day: the log interval is 1 day. The logging occurs at 8:03 A.M. every day and the accumulated active energy for the previous 24 hours is logged.
- Week: the log interval is 1 week. The logging occurs at 8:03 A.M. every Sunday and the accumulated active energy for the previous week is logged.
- Month: the log interval is 1 month. The logging occurs at 8:03 A.M. on the first day of each month and the accumulated active energy for the previous month is logged.

You must use the display to configure the energy log. The day log, week log, and month log are enabled or disabled together during the configuration. However, the energy accumulation always starts from the fixed log time instead of the time of log enabled.

You can access day log, week log, and month log by reading the registers.

Special Notes for Energy Log

- If the date/time is not set by the user after the date/time resets due to previous power interruption, energy keeps accumulating. After the date/time is set and the log time is reached, all the accumulated energy is written into the log.
- If you reset the date, the log entries with log date after the reset date are not erased.
- When the log time is reached, the meter checks the enable/disable status of the energy log. The meter logs the accumulated energy if the status is enabled and discards if the status is disabled. The accumulated energy resets to 0.
- The energy log is circular. If the number of the log entries exceeds the maximum, the oldest log entries are overwritten.

Chapter 5 Meter operation

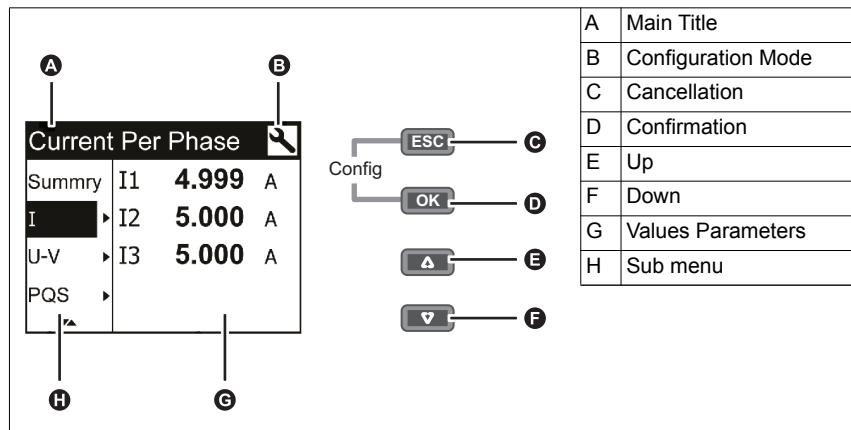
Introduction

The power meter features a front panel with signaling LEDs, a graphic display, and contextual menu buttons for accessing the information required to operate the power meter and modify parameter settings.

The Navigation menu allows you to display, configure, and reset parameters.

General display

The general display of the power meters is shown in the following picture:



Status information

The display and the LED on the power meters indicate the device current status.

| LED Indicator | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| 5000 flashes / kWh | |
| OFF | Off/ no counting |
| Flashing | On, with counting |
| ON | Over counting due to wrong configuration or overload |

The backlight and diagnosis/alarm icon indicate the device status.

|  |  | Description |
|---|--|--|
|  OFF | – | Off |
|  ON/Dim | OFF | LCD is in power saving mode |
|  ON/Normal | OFF | Normal working status |
|  Flashing |  Flashing | Alarm/Diagnosis is active. |
|  ON/Dim |  Flashing | Alarm/Diagnosis is active for 3 hours and LCD is in power saving mode. |
|  ON/Normal  ON/Dim |  ON | Not active alarm. Logged alarms are not acknowledged by the user. |

Configuration mode

Settings for all power meters

The following settings can be configured in configuration mode:

| Function | PM3200 | PM3210 | PM3250 | PM3255 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Wiring | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| CT and VT Ratio | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Nominal frequency | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Date/Time | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Multi-tariffs | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Demand | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Log | – | – | – | √ |
| Digital Outputs | – | – | – | √ |
| Digital Inputs | – | – | – | √ |
| Pulse Output | – | √ | – | – |
| Communication | – | – | √ | √ |
| Password (High and Low) | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Alarms | – | √ | √ | √ |
| Front panel display | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Language | √ | √ | √ | √ |

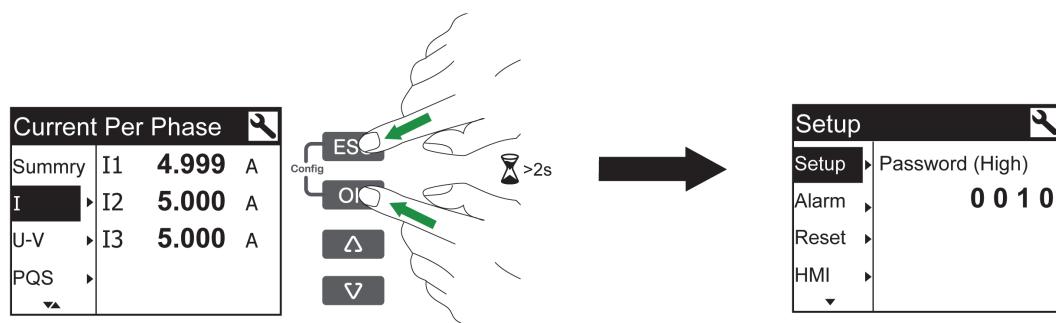
The default factory settings are listed in the following table:

| Function | Factory settings |
|---------------------|---|
| Wiring | 3PH4W; VT Direction connection; 3 CTs on I1, I2, and I3 |
| CT Ratio | CT Secondary = 5 A; CT Primary = 5 A |
| VT Ratio | NA |
| Nominal frequency | 50 Hz |
| Nominal phase order | A-B-C |
| Date/Time | 1-Jan-2000/00:00:00 |
| Multi-tariffs | Disable |
| Demand | Method: sliding block; Interval: 15 minutes |
| Power demand log | Disable |
| Energy log | Disable |
| Digital outputs | Disable |

| Function | Factory settings |
|--------------------------|--|
| Digital inputs | Input status |
| Pulse output | 100 pulse/kWh, pulse width: 100 millisecond |
| Communication | Baud Rate = 19 200; Parity = EVEN; Address = 1 |
| Password | High: 0010; Low: 0000 |
| Alarms | Disable |
| Front panel display LCD | Backlight: 4; Contrast: 5 |
| Front panel display mode | Full screen: Enable; Auto scroll: Disable |
| Language | English |

Enter the configuration mode

The diagram below illustrates the various elements for operating the power meters:



▲ or ▼ Selection button to change or select parameter values

OK Confirmation button

ESC Cancellation button

To enter the configuration mode, hold OK and ESC for 2 seconds.

The following figures describe in details the configuration navigation, see “Modifying parameters” on page 27 to change the default selection.

Modifying parameters

There are two methods for modifying a parameter, depending on the type of parameter:

- selecting a value in a list (for example, selecting 1PH2W L-N from a list of available power systems), or
- modifying a numerical value, digit by digit (for example, entering a value for the date, time or VT primary).

NOTE: Before you modify any parameters, ensure that you are familiar with the display functionality and navigation structure of your device in configuration mode.

Selecting the value in a list

To select a value in a list:

- Use the ▼ or ▲ button to scroll through the parameter values until you reach the desired value.
- Press OK to confirm the new parameter value.

Modifying the numerical value

When you modify a numerical value, the digit on the far right side is selected by default (except for Date/Time). The parameters listed below are the only ones for which you set a numerical value:

- Date
- Time
- Voltage Transformer (VT) Primary
- Current Transformer (CT) Primary
- Password
- Modbus address of the power meter
- Pickup Setpoint
- Dropout Setpoint
- Time delay/Interval duration

To modify a numerical value:

1. Use the **▼** or **▲** button to modify the selected digit.
2. Press **OK** to confirm the new parameter value and to shift to the next digit. Modify the next digit, if needed, or press **OK**.
3. Continue to move through the digits until you reach the last digit then press **OK** again to confirm the new parameter value.

NOTE: If you enter an invalid setting and press OK, the cursor stays in the field for that parameter until you enter a valid value.

Cancelling an entry

To cancel the current parameter entry, press the **ESC** button. The screen reverts to the previous display.

Clock setting

You must reset the time to account for any time change (for example, to switch the time from standard time to daylight savings time).

The power meter retains the date and time settings before the interruption.

Setting

To set the date and time, see "Modifying the numerical value" on page 28.

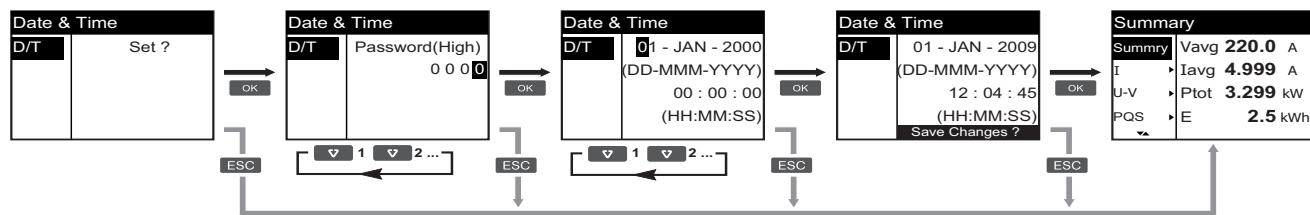
Date/time format

The date is displayed in the format: DD-MMM-YYYY.

The time is displayed using the 24-hour clock in the format: hh:mm:ss.

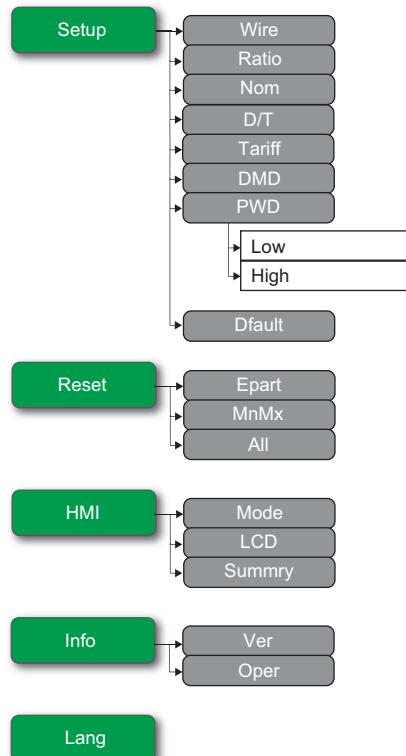
Clock setting menu

The following diagram illustrates how to set the clock when you initially power up the device or after a power failure. To set the clock during normal operation, see the configuration mode menu tree for your device.

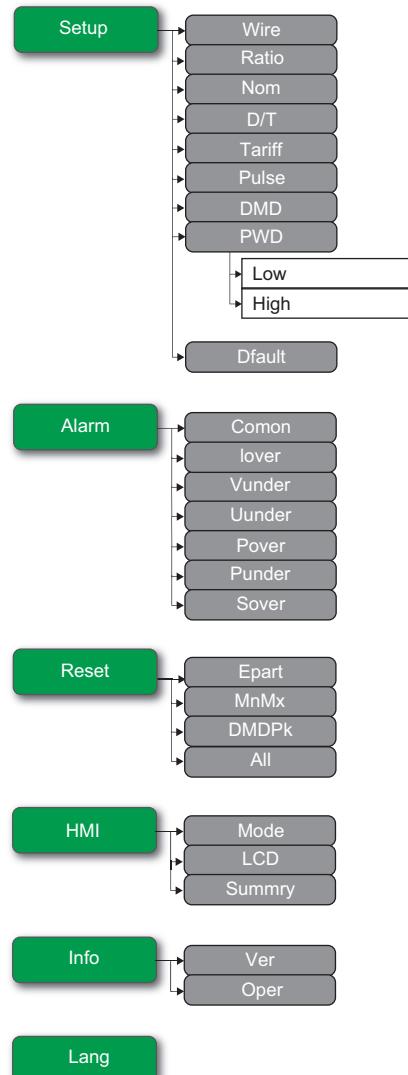


Configuration mode menu trees

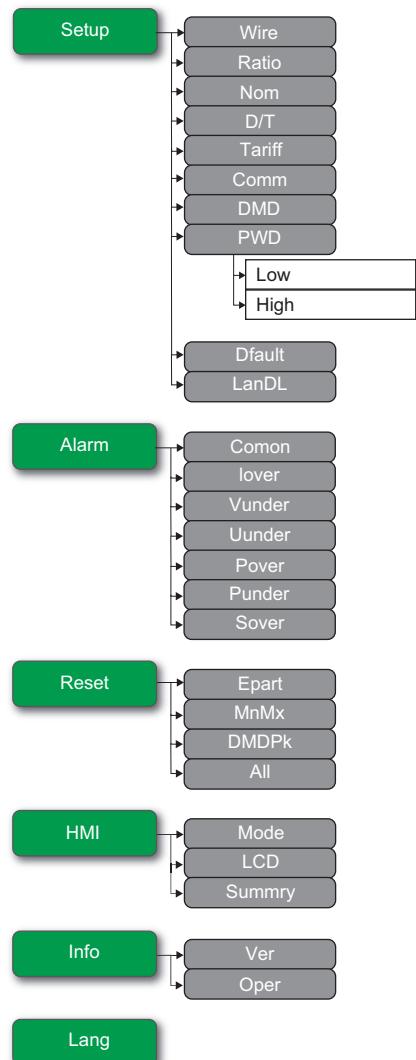
Configuration mode menu tree for PM3200



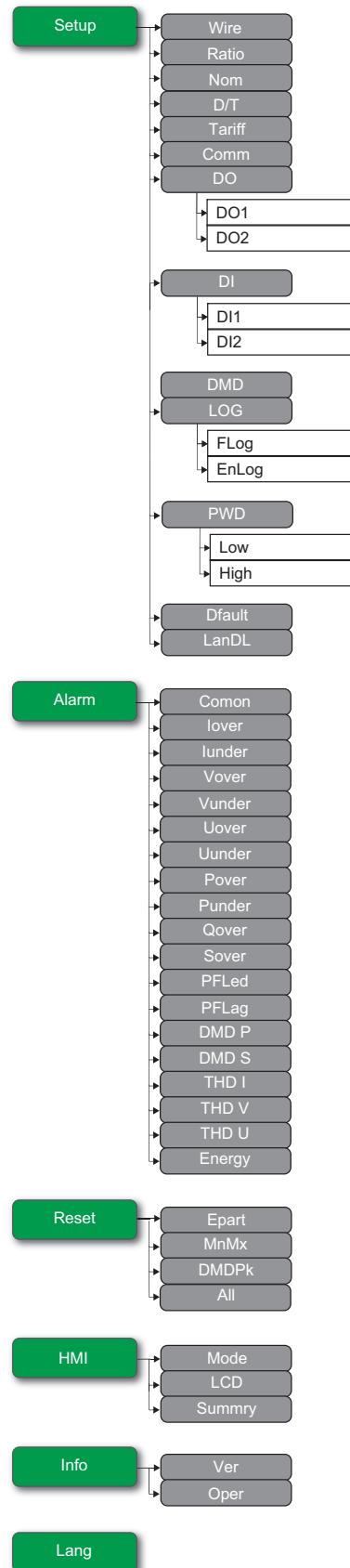
Configuration mode menu tree for PM3210



Configuration mode menu tree for PM3250



Configuration mode menu tree for PM3255



Display mode

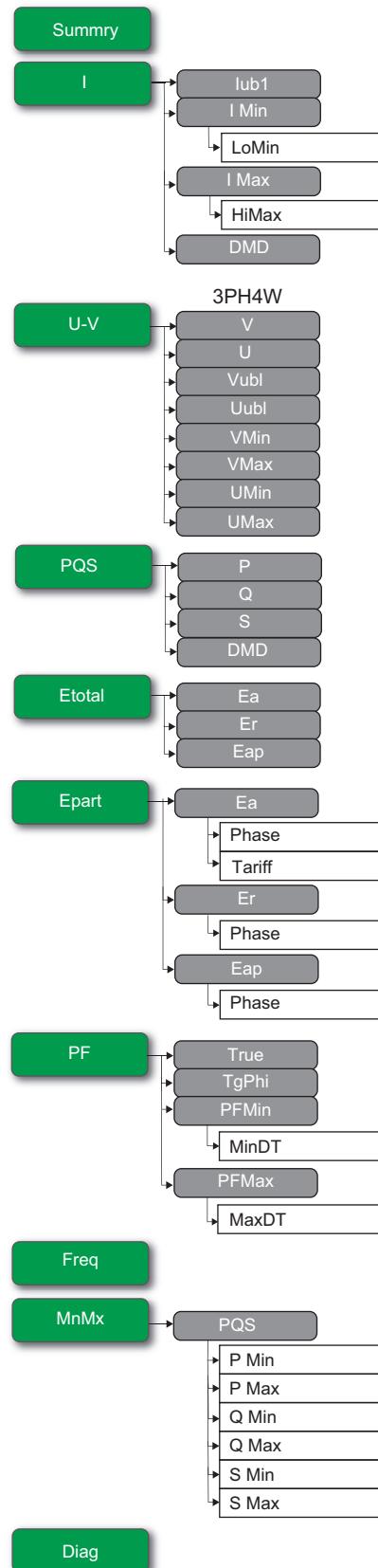
Enter the display mode

If Full Screen mode is enabled, press any key to switch from Full Screen mode to Display mode.

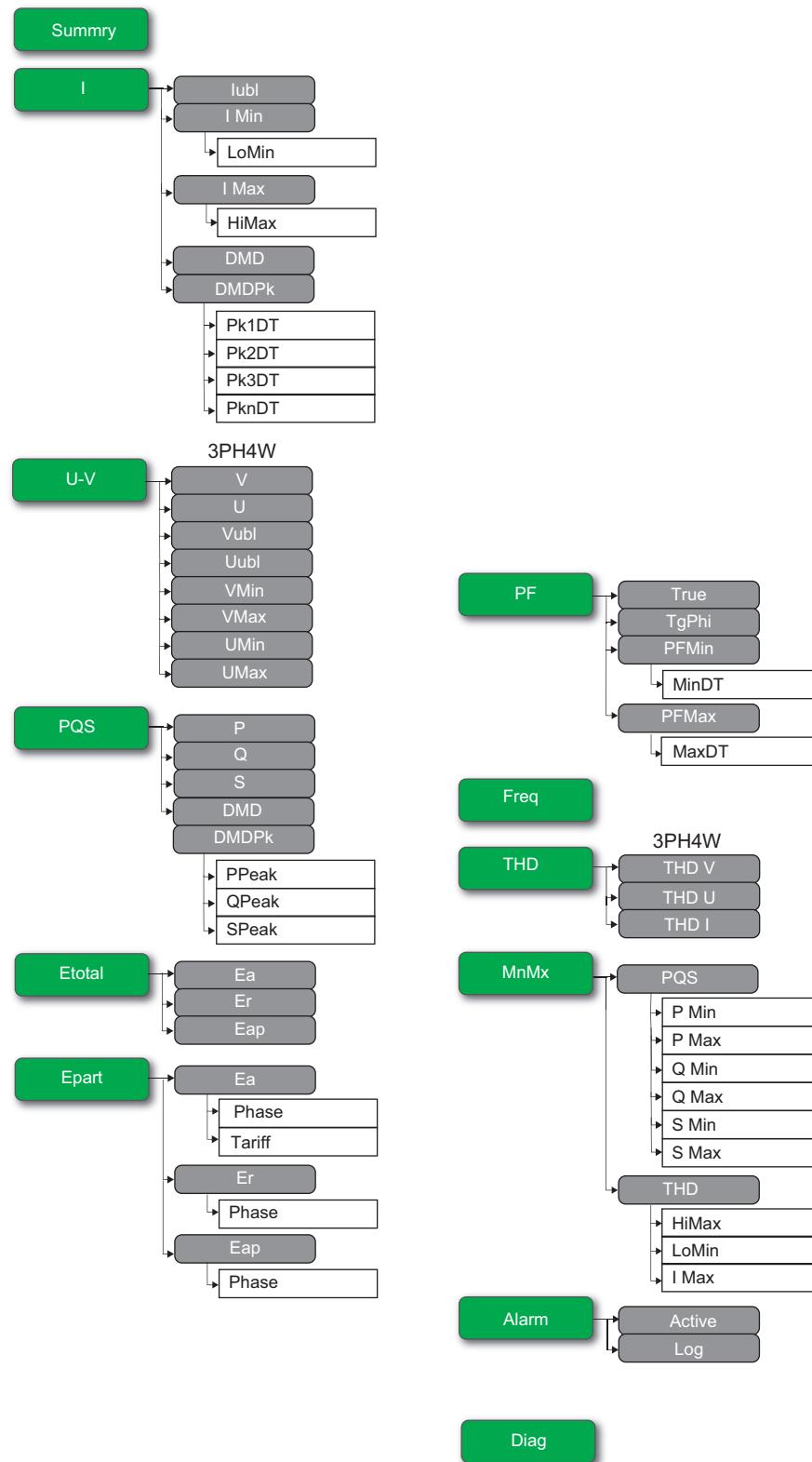


If Full Screen mode is disabled, press **ESC** to switch from Configuration mode (Setup page) to Display mode.

Display mode menu tree for PM3200



Display mode menu tree for PM3210/ PM3250/ PM3255



Full Screen mode

The main title and the sub menu in full screen mode are hidden and the values are expanded to full screen. The following screen illustrates an example of full screen page:

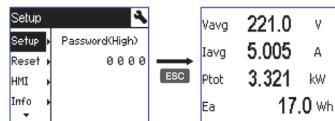


Full screen mode is enabled by default. You can modify full screen enable/disable information, auto scroll enable/disable, and auto scroll interval.

| Full Screen | Auto Scroll | Auto Scroll Interval | Description |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------|--|
| Enable | Disable | Any value | Fixed summary page at full screen mode. |
| Enable | Enable | Any value | Auto scrolling pages at full screen mode. The interval between any 2 scrolling pages is the value specified. |
| Disable | - | - | Full screen mode disabled. |

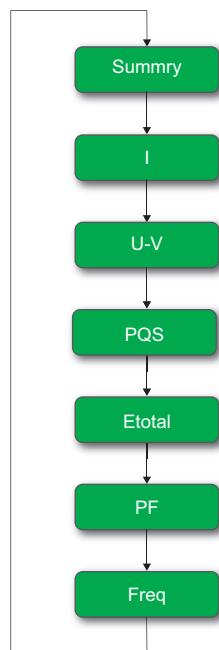
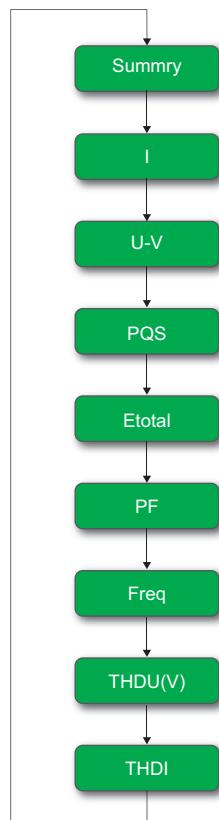
Enter the Full Screen mode

If Full Screen mode is enabled, press **ESC** to switch from Configuration mode (Setup page) to Full Screen mode.



Display mode automatically switches to full screen mode if five minutes passes without a key press.



Full Screen mode menu tree for PM3200**Full Screen mode menu tree for PM3210/ PM3250/ PM3255**

Chapter 6 Communication via Modbus

Modbus communications overview

Modbus RTU protocol is available on the PM3250 and PM3255. The information in this section assumes that you have an advanced understanding of Modbus communications, your communications network and the power system that your meter is connected to.

Modbus communications settings

Before communicating with the device using Modbus protocol, use the HMI to configure the following settings:

| Parameters | Authorized Values | Default Value |
|------------|--|---------------|
| Baud rate | – 9600 Baud – 19 200 Baud – 38 400 Baud | 19 200 Baud |
| Parity | – Odd – Even – None number of stop bits = 1 | Even |
| Address | 1–247 | 1 |

Signaling of Communication Activity

The yellow communication LED indicates the status of communication between the meter and the master as follows:

| If... | Then... |
|---------------------|--|
| the LED is flashing | communication with the device has been correctly established. |
| the LED is off | there is no active communication between the master and the slave. |

Modbus Functions

Function List

Introduction

There are 3 different ways of using the Modbus communication:

- by sending commands using the command interface (see “Command Interface” on page 41).
- by reading the Modbus registers (see “Modbus Register Table” on page 46).
- by reading the Device Identification (see “Read Device Identification” on page 61).

Description

The table below describes the three supported Modbus functions:

| Function Code | | Function Name |
|---------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Decimal | Hexadecimal | |
| 3 | 0x03 | Read Holding Registers |
| 16 | 0x10 | Write Multiple Registers |

| Function Code | | Function Name |
|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Decimal | Hexadecimal | |
| 43/14 | 0x2B/0x0E | Read Device Identification |

For example:

- To read different parameters from the power meter, use the function 3 (Read).
- To change the tariff, use the function 16 (Write) to send a command to the power meter.

Table Format

Register tables have the following columns:

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | Size | Type | Units | Range | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------------|
|------------------|-----------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------------|

- **Register Address:** Modbus address of register encoded in the Modbus frame, in decimal (dec)
- **Action:** The read/write/write by command property of the register
- **Size:** The data size in Int16
- **Type:** The encoding data type
- **Units:** The unit of the register value
- **Range:** The permitted values for this variable, usually a subset of what the format allows
- **Description:** Provides information about the register and the values that apply

Unit Table

The following data types appear in the Modbus register list:

| Type | Description | Range |
|----------|-------------------------|--|
| UInt16 | 16-bit unsigned integer | 0–65535 |
| Int16 | 16-bit signed integer | -32768–+32767 |
| UInt32 | 32-bit unsigned integer | 0–4 294 967 295 |
| Int64 | 64 bit unsigned integer | 0–18 446 744 073 709 551 615 |
| UTF8 | 8-bit field | multibyte character encoding for Unicode |
| Float32 | 32-bit value | Standard representation IEEE for floating number (with single precision) |
| Bitmap | – | – |
| DATETIME | See below | – |

DATETIME format:

| Word | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|----|---|---|--------|--------------|----|---|---------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | | |
| 1 | Reserved (0) | | | | | | | | R4 (0) | Year (0–127) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 0 | | | | Month (1–12) | | | | WD (0) | | | | Day (1–31) | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | SU (0) | 0 | Hour (0–23) | | | | | | | | iV | 0 | Minute (0–59) | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Millisecond (0–59999) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Word | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| R4 : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Month : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Day : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hour : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minute : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Millisecond : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WD (day of the week) : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SU (summer time) : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| iV (validity of received data) : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Command Interface

Description

The command interface allows you to configure the power meter by sending specific command requests using Modbus function 16.

Command Request

The following table describes a Modbus command request:

| Slave Number | Function Code | Command block | | | CRC |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------|--|--|----------|
| | | Register Address | Command Description | | |
| 1–247 | 16 (W) | 5250 (up to 5374) | The command is made of a command number and a set of parameters. See the detailed description of each command in the command list. NOTE: All the reserved parameters can be considered as any value, e.g. 0. | | Checking |

The following table describes a command block:

| Register Address | Content | Size (Int16) | Data (example) |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| 5250 | Command Number | 1 | 2008 (Set Tariff) |
| 5251 | (Reserved) | 1 | 0 |
| 5252–5374 | Parameter | n | 4 (Tariff=4) NOTE: Command number 2008 supports only one parameter with the size of 1. |

Command Result

The command result can be obtained by reading registers 5375 and 5376.

The following table describes the command result:

| Register Address | Content | Size (Int16) | Data (example) |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 5375 | Requested Command Number | 1 | 2008 (Set Tariff) |
| 5376 | Result ¹ | 1 | 0 (Valid Operation) |

¹ List of Command Result codes:

- 0 = Valid Operation
- 3000 = Invalid Command
- 3001 = Invalid Parameter

- 3002 = Invalid Number of Parameters
- 3007 = Operation Not Performed

Command List

Set Date/Time

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-----------|-------------|
| 1003 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 2000–2099 | Year |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1–12 | Month |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1–31 | Day |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0–23 | Hour |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0–59 | Minute |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0–59 | Second |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Set Wiring

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|---------|------|------------------------|--|
| 2000 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1, 2, 3, 11, 13 | Power System Configuration 0 = 1PH2W L-N 1 = 1PH2W L-L 2 = 1PH3W L-L-N 3 = 3PH3W 11 = 3PH4W 13 = 1PH4W L-N |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | Hz | 50, 60 | Nominal Frequency |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | V | VT Secondary–1000000.0 | VT Primary |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | V | 100, 110, 115, 120 | VT Secondary |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1, 2, 3 | Number of CTs |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | A | 1–32767 | CT Primary |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | A | 1, 5 | CT Secondary |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1, 2 | VT Connection type: 0 = Direct Connect 1 = Delta (2 VTs) 2 = Wye (3 VTs) |

Demand System Setup

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|--------------------|--|
| 2002 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1, 2 | Demand method: 1 = Timed interval sliding block 2 = Timed interval fixed block |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | min | 10, 15, 20, 30, 60 | Demand interval duration |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Set Pulse Output (PM3255)

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|---------|-------------|----------------------------|---|
| 2003 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1 | Pulse Output 0 = DO1 Disable 1 = DO1 Enable |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | pulse/kWh | 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 500 | Active Energy Pulse Frequency |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 2 | 0 = DO2 Disable 2 = DO2 Enable |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | pulse/kVArh | 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 500 | Reactive Energy Pulse Frequency |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| 2038 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | ms | 50, 100, 200, 300 | Energy Pulse Duration |

Set Tariff

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-------|---|
| 2060 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0–3 | Multi-tariff mode: 0 = Disable Multi-tariff 1 = Use COM as Tariff Control (maximum 4 tariffs) 2 = Use DI1 as Tariff Control (2 tariffs) 3 = Use 2 Digital inputs as Tariff Control (4 tariffs) 4 = Use RTC as Tariff Control (maximum 4 tariffs) |
| 2008 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1–4 | Tariff ¹ 1 = T1 2 = T2 3 = T3 4 = T4 |

¹ Only if Multi-Tariff is controlled by communications.

Reset All Minimum/Maximum

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-------|-------------|
| 2009 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Reset All Peak Demands

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-------|-------------|
| 2015 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Set Digital Input as Partial Energy Reset (PM3255)

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|------------|--|
| 6017 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1, 2, 3 | Digital Input to Associate: 0 = None 1 = DI1 2 = DI2 3 = DI1 and DI2 |

Input Metering Setup (PM3255)

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|---------|------|--|--|
| 6014 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1, 2 | Input Metering Channel |
| | W | 20 | UTF8 | – | string size ≤ 40 | Label |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | 1–10000 | Pulse Weight |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | Input Metering Channel 1: 0, 1 Input Metering Channel 2: 0, 2 | Digital Input Association: 0 = None 1 = DI1 2 = DI2 |

Alarm Setup

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|---|--------------|------|---------|------|---------------------------------|--|
| 7000 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | (1) (2) | Alarm ID |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1 | 0 = Disable 1 = Enable |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) | Pickup Setpoint |
| | W | 2 | UInt32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | UInt32 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 4 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| 20000 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 2 | Float32 | – | 0.0–99.0 | Dropout Setpoint |
| | W | 2 | UInt32 | – | 0–999999 | Trip Time Delay |
| | W | 1 | Bitmap | – | 0, 1, 2, 3 | PM3250: Reserved PM3255: Digital Output to Associate: 0 = None 1 = DO1 2 = DO2 3 = DO1 and DO2 |
| 20001 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| NOTE: | | | | | | |
| (1) PM3250: 1, 6, 8, 9, 11, 30 | | | | | | |
| (2) PM3255: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 19, 28, 30, 31, 32, 41 | | | | | | |
| (3) Alarm ID 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 19: 0.0–9999999.0 | | | | | | |
| (4) Alarm ID 9, 10, 16, 30: –9999999.0–9999999.0 | | | | | | |
| (5) Alarm ID 12, 13: –2.0–2.0 | | | | | | |
| (6) Alarm ID 28, 31, 32: 0.0–1000.0 | | | | | | |
| (7) Alarm ID 41: 0–999999999 | | | | | | |

Communications Setup

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|---------|---|
| 5000 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1–247 | Address |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1, 2 | Baud Rate 0 = 9600 1 = 19 200 2 = 38 400 |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1, 2 | Parity 0 = Even 1 = Odd 2 = None |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Reset Partial Energy Counters

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-------|-------------|
| 2020 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Reset Input Metering Counter (PM3255)

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-------|-------------|
| 2023 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |

Set External Control from Digital Output (PM3255)

| Command Number | Action (R/W) | Size | Type | Unit | Range | Description |
|----------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-------|--|
| 21000 | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | – | (Reserved) |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 1, 2 | Digital Output ID 1 = DO1 2 = DO2 |
| | W | 1 | UInt16 | – | 0, 1 | Digital Output Status 0 = Open 1 = Close |

Modbus Register Table

Register List

System

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|------|-------|-------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 30 | R | R | 20 | UTF8 | – | Meter Name |
| 50 | R | R | 20 | UTF8 | – | Meter Model |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 70 | R | R | 20 | UTF8 | — | Manufacturer |
| 130 | R | R | 2 | UInt32 | — | Serial Number |
| 132 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Date of Manufacture |
| 136 | R | R | 5 | UTF8 | — | Hardware Revision |
| 1637 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Present Firmware Version (DLF format): X.Y.ZTT |
| 1701 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Present Language Version (DLF format): X.Y.ZTT |
| 1845–1848 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 X 4 | UInt16 | — | Date/Time Reg. 1845: Year 0-99 (year from 2000 to 2099) Reg. 1846: Month (b11:b8), Weekday (b7:b5), Day (b4:b0) Reg. 1847: Hour (b12:b8) and Minute (b5:b0) Reg. 1848: Millisecond |

Meter Setup and Status

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|--------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 2004 | R | R | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Meter Operation Timer Status |
| 2014 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Number of Phases |
| 2015 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Number of Wires |
| 2016 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | — | Power System Configuration: 0 = 1PH2W L-N 1 = 1PH2W L-L 2 = 1PH3W L-L with N 3 = 3PH3W 11 = 3PH4W 13 = 1PH4W multi-L with N |
| 2017 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | Hz | Nominal Frequency |
| 2024 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | — | Nominal Phase Order: 0 = A-B-C 1 = C-B-A |
| 2025 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Number VTs |
| 2026 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | V | VT Primary |
| 2028 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | V | VT Secondary |
| 2029 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | — | Number CTs |
| 2030 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | A | CT Primary |
| 2031 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | A | CT Secondary |
| 2036 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | — | VT Connection Type: 0 = Direct Connect 1 = 3PH3W (2 VTs) 2 = 3PH4W (3 VTs) |

Energy Pulse Output Setup

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|--|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Energy Output Pulses (Global Settings) | | | | | | |
| 2129 | — | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | Millisecond | Energy Pulse Duration |
| Active Energy Pulse Output Channel | | | | | | |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 2131 | – | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | – | Digital Output Association: 0 = Disable 1 = DO1 enable for active energy pulse output |
| 2132 | – | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | pulse/kWh | Active Energy Pulse Frequency |
| Reactive Energy Pulse Output Channel | | | | | | |
| 2135 | – | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | – | Digital Output Association: 0 = Disable 1 = DO2 enable for reactive energy pulse output |
| 2136 | – | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | pulse/kVARh | Reactive Energy Pulse Frequency |

Command Interface

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 5250 | R/W | R/W | 1 | UInt16 | – | Requested Command |
| 5252 | R/W | R/W | 1 | UInt16 | – | Command Parameter 001 |
| 5374 | R/W | R/W | 1 | UInt16 | – | Command Parameter 123 |
| 5375 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | – | Command Status |
| 5376 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | – | Command Result codes: 0 = Valid Operation 3000 = Invalid Command 3001 = Invalid Parameter 3002 = Invalid Number of Parameters 3007 = Operation Not Performed |
| 5377 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | – | Command Data 001 |
| 5499 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | – | Command Data 123 |

Communications

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 6500 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | – | Protocol 0 = Modbus |
| 6501 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | – | Address |
| 6502 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | – | Baud Rate: 0 = 9600 1 = 19 200 2 = 38 400 |
| 6503 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | – | Parity: 0 = Even 1 = Odd 2 = None |

Input Metering Setup

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|------------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Input Metering Channel 01 | | | | | | |
| 7032 | — | R/WC | 20 | UTF8 | — | Label |
| 7052 | — | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | pulse/unit | Pulse Frequency |
| 7055 | — | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | — | Digital Input Association: 0 = DI1 disable for input metering 1 = DI1 enable for input metering |
| Input Metering Channel 02 | | | | | | |
| 7056 | — | R/WC | 20 | UTF8 | — | Label |
| 7076 | — | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | pulse/unit | Pulse Frequency |
| 7079 | — | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | — | Digital Input Association: 0 = DI2 disable for input metering 2 = DI2 enable for input metering |

Digital Inputs

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 7274 | — | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Digital Input 1 Control Mode: 0 = Normal (Input Status) 2 = Multi-tariff Control 3 = Input Metering 5 = Energy Reset (Partial Energy, Energy by Tariff, Phase Energy) |
| 7298 | — | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Digital Input 2 Control Mode |
| 8905 | — | R | 2 | Bitmap | — | Digital Input Status: 0 = Relay-Open 1 = Relay-Closed Bit 1 = DI1 status Bit 2 = DI2 status |

Digital Outputs

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 9673 | — | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Digital Output 1 Control Mode Status: 2 = Alarm 3 = Energy 0xFFFF = Disable |
| 9681 | — | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Digital Output 2 Control Mode Status |
| 9667 | — | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | Digital Output Status: 0 = Relay-Open 1 = Relay-Closed Bit 1 = DO1 status Bit 2 = DO2 status |

Basic Meter Data

Current, voltage, power, power factor and frequency

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| 3000 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | I1: phase 1 current |
| 3002 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | I2: phase 2 current |
| 3004 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | I3: phase 3 current |
| 3006 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | In: Neutral current |
| 3010 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current Avg |
| Voltage | | | | | | |
| 3020 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L1-L2 |
| 3022 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L2-L3 |
| 3024 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L3-L1 |
| 3026 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L-L Avg |
| 3028 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L1-N |
| 3030 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L2-N |
| 3032 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L3-N |
| 3036 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Voltage L-N Avg |
| Power | | | | | | |
| 3054 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Active Power Phase 1 |
| 3056 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Active Power Phase 2 |
| 3058 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Active Power Phase 3 |
| 3060 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Total Active Power |
| 3062 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Reactive Power Phase 1 |
| 3064 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Reactive Power Phase 2 |
| 3066 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Reactive Power Phase 3 |
| 3068 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Total Reactive Power |
| 3070 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Apparent Power Phase 1 |
| 3072 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Apparent Power Phase 2 |
| 3074 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Apparent Power Phase 3 |
| 3076 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Total Apparent Power |
| Power Factor | | | | | | |
| 3078 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Power Factor Phase 1 (Complex format) |
| 3080 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Power Factor Phase 2 (Complex format) |
| 3082 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Power Factor Phase 3 (Complex format) |
| 3084 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Power Factor Total: -2<PF<-1: Quad 2, active power negative, capacitive -1<PF<0: Quad 3, active power negative, inductive 0<PF<1: Quad 1, active power positive, inductive 1<PF<2: Quad 4, active power positive, capacitive |
| Current Unbalance | | | | | | |
| 3012 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Current Unbalance I1 |
| 3014 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Current Unbalance I2 |
| 3016 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Current Unbalance I3 |
| 3018 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Current Unbalance Worst |
| Voltage Unbalance | | | | | | |
| 3038 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L1-L2 |
| 3040 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L2-L3 |
| 3042 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L3-L1 |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|-----------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 3044 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L-L Worst |
| 3046 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L1-N |
| 3048 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L2-N |
| 3050 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L3-N |
| 3052 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Voltage Unbalance L-N Worst |
| Tangent Phi (Reactive Factor) | | | | | | |
| 3108 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Tangent Phi, Total |
| Frequency | | | | | | |
| 3110 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Hz | Frequency |
| Temperature | | | | | | |
| 3132 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | °C | Temperature |

Energy, energy by tariff and input metering

Most energy values are available in both signed 64-bit integer and 32-bit floating point format.

| Resets and active tariff information | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|---|
| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Energy Reset (Partial Energy, Energy by Tariff, Phase Energy) | | | | | | |
| 3252 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Energy Reset Date/Time |
| Energy by Tariff Import | | | | | | |
| 4191 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | - | Active Tariff (Only modifiable in case of COM Control Mode Enabled): 0 = multi-tariff disabled 1-4 = rate 1 to rate 4 |
| Input Metering | | | | | | |
| 3554 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Input Metering Accumulation Reset Date/Time |

| Energy values – 64-bit integer | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Total Energy | | | | | | |
| 3204 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Total Active Energy Import |
| 3208 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Total Active Energy Export |
| 3220 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VARh | Total Reactive Energy Import |
| 3224 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VARh | Total Reactive Energy Export |
| 3236 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VAh | Total Apparent Energy Import |
| 3240 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VAh | Total Apparent Energy Export |
| Energy Reset (Partial Energy, Energy by Tariff, Phase Energy) | | | | | | |
| 3252 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Energy Reset Date/Time |
| Partial Energy Import | | | | | | |
| 3256 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Partial Active Energy Import |
| 3272 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VARh | Partial Reactive Energy Import |
| 3288 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VAh | Partial Apparent Energy Import |
| Phase Energy Import | | | | | | |
| 3518 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Active Energy Import Phase 1 |

| Energy values – 64-bit integer | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|---|
| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 3522 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Active Energy Import Phase 2 |
| 3526 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Active Energy Import Phase 3 |
| 3530 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VARh | Reactive Energy Import Phase 1 |
| 3534 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VARh | Reactive Energy Import Phase 2 |
| 3538 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VARh | Reactive Energy Import Phase 3 |
| 3542 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VAh | Apparent Energy Import Phase 1 |
| 3546 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VAh | Apparent Energy Import Phase 2 |
| 3550 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | VAh | Apparent Energy Import Phase 3 |
| Energy by Tariff Import | | | | | | |
| 4196 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Rate 1 Active Energy Import |
| 4200 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Rate 2 Active Energy Import |
| 4204 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Rate 3 Active Energy Import |
| 4208 | R | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Rate 4 Active Energy Import |
| Input Metering | | | | | | |
| 3554 | – | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Input Metering Accumulation Reset Date/Time |
| 3558 | – | R | 4 | Int64 | Unit | Input Metering Accumulation Channel 01 |
| 3562 | – | R | 4 | Int64 | Unit | Input Metering Accumulation Channel 02 |

| Energy values – 32-bit floating point | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Total Energy | | | | | | |
| 45166 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Total Active Energy Import |
| 45168 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Total Active Energy Export |
| 45170 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VARh | Total Reactive Energy Import |
| 45172 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VARh | Total Reactive Energy Export |
| 45174 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VAh | Total Apparent Energy Import |
| 45176 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VAh | Total Apparent Energy Export |
| Partial Energy Import | | | | | | |
| 45178 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Partial Active Energy Import |
| 45180 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VARh | Partial Reactive Energy Import |
| 45182 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VAh | Partial Apparent Energy Import |
| Phase Energy Import | | | | | | |
| 45184 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Active Energy Import Phase 1 |
| 45186 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Active Energy Import Phase 2 |
| 45188 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Active Energy Import Phase 3 |
| 45190 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VARh | Reactive Energy Import Phase 1 |
| 45192 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VARh | Reactive Energy Import Phase 2 |
| 45194 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VARh | Reactive Energy Import Phase 3 |
| 45196 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VAh | Apparent Energy Import Phase 1 |
| 45198 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VAh | Apparent Energy Import Phase 2 |
| 45200 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | VAh | Apparent Energy Import Phase 3 |
| Energy by Tariff Import | | | | | | |
| 45206 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Rate 1 Active Energy Import |
| 45208 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Rate 2 Active Energy Import |
| 45210 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Rate 3 Active Energy Import |
| 45212 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Rate 4 Active Energy Import |
| Input Metering | | | | | | |

| Energy values – 32-bit floating point | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|--|
| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 45202 | – | R | 2 | Float32 | Unit | Input Metering Accumulation Channel 01 |
| 45204 | – | R | 2 | Float32 | Unit | Input Metering Accumulation Channel 02 |

Demand

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|--------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Demand System (Global) | | | | | | |
| 3701 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | – | Demand Method: 1 = Timed Interval Sliding Block 2 = Timed Interval Fixed Block |
| 3702 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | UInt16 | Minute | Demand Interval Duration |
| 3706 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Demand Peak Reset Date/Time |
| Power/Current Demand | | | | | | |
| 3766 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Active Power Present Demand |
| 3770 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Active Power Peak Demand |
| 3772 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Active Power Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3782 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Reactive Power Present Demand |
| 3786 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Reactive Power Peak Demand |
| 3788 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Reactive Power Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3798 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Apparent Power Present Demand |
| 3802 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Apparent Power Peak Demand |
| 3804 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Apparent Power Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3814 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current I1 Present Demand |
| 3818 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current I1 Peak Demand |
| 3820 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Current I1 Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3830 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current I2 Present Demand |
| 3834 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current I2 Peak Demand |
| 3836 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Current I2 Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3846 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current I3 Present Demand |
| 3850 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current I3 Peak Demand |
| 3852 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Current I3 Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3862 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current In Present Demand |
| 3866 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current In Peak Demand |
| 3868 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Current In Peak Demand Date/Time |
| 3878 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current Avg Present Demand |
| 3882 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Current Avg Peak Demand |
| 3884 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Current Avg Peak Demand Date/Time |

MinMax Reset

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 27214 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | – | Minimum/Maximum Reset Date/Time |

Minimum Values

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|---|-----------------|--------|------|----------|-------|--------------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| 27218 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Minimum Current I1 |
| 27220 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Minimum Current I2 |
| 27222 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Minimum Current I3 |
| 27224 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Minimum Current N |
| 27228 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Minimum Current Avg |
| Voltage | | | | | | |
| 27238 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L1-L2 |
| 27240 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L2-L3 |
| 27242 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L3-L1 |
| 27244 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L-L Avg |
| 27246 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L1-N |
| 27248 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L2-N |
| 27250 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L3-N |
| 27254 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Minimum Voltage L-N Avg |
| Power | | | | | | |
| 27272 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Minimum Active Power Phase 1 |
| 27274 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Minimum Active Power Phase 2 |
| 27276 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Minimum Active Power Phase 3 |
| 27278 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Minimum Active Power Total |
| 27280 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Minimum Reactive Power Phase 1 |
| 27282 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Minimum Reactive Power Phase 2 |
| 27284 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Minimum Reactive Power Phase 3 |
| 27286 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Minimum Reactive Power Total |
| 27288 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Minimum Apparent Power Phase 1 |
| 27290 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Minimum Apparent Power Phase 2 |
| 27292 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Minimum Apparent Power Phase 3 |
| 27294 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Minimum Apparent Power Total |
| Power Factor | | | | | | |
| 27306 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Minimum Power Factor Phase 1 |
| 27308 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Minimum Power Factor Phase 2 |
| 27310 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Minimum Power Factor Phase 3 |
| 27312 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Minimum Power Factor Total |
| Tangent Phi (Reactive Factor) | | | | | | |
| 27336 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Minimum Tangent Phi, Total |
| Total Harmonic Distortion, Current | | | | | | |
| 27338 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Current I1 |
| 27340 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Current I2 |
| 27342 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Current I3 |
| 27344 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Current N |
| Total Harmonic Distortion, Voltage | | | | | | |
| 27360 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L1-L2 |
| 27362 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L2-L3 |
| 27364 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L3-L1 |
| 27366 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L-L Avg |
| 27368 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L1-N |
| 27370 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L2-N |
| 27372 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L3-N |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|-----------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 27376 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Minimum THD Voltage L-N Avg |
| Frequency | | | | | | |
| 27616 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Hz | Minimum Frequency |

Maximum Values

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|---|-----------------|--------|------|----------|-------|--------------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| 27694 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Maximum Current I1 |
| 27696 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Maximum Current I2 |
| 27698 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Maximum Current I3 |
| 27700 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Maximum Current N |
| 27704 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Maximum Current Avg |
| Voltage | | | | | | |
| 27714 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L1-L2 |
| 27716 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L2-L3 |
| 27718 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L3-L1 |
| 27720 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L-L Avg |
| 27722 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L1-N |
| 27724 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L2-N |
| 27726 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L3-N |
| 27730 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | V | Maximum Voltage L-N Avg |
| Power | | | | | | |
| 27748 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Maximum Active Power Phase 1 |
| 27750 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Maximum Active Power Phase 2 |
| 27752 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Maximum Active Power Phase 3 |
| 27754 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Maximum Active Power Total |
| 27756 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Maximum Reactive Power Phase 1 |
| 27758 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Maximum Reactive Power Phase 2 |
| 27760 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Maximum Reactive Power Phase 3 |
| 27762 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Maximum Reactive Power Total |
| 27764 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Maximum Apparent Power Phase 1 |
| 27766 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Maximum Apparent Power Phase 2 |
| 27768 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Maximum Apparent Power Phase 3 |
| 27770 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Maximum Apparent Power Total |
| Power Factor | | | | | | |
| 27782 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Maximum Power Factor Phase 1 |
| 27784 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Maximum Power Factor Phase 2 |
| 27786 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Maximum Power Factor Phase 3 |
| 27788 | R | R | 2 | 4Q FP PF | - | Maximum Power Factor Total |
| Tangent Phi (Reactive Factor) | | | | | | |
| 27812 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | - | Maximum Tangent Phi, Total |
| Total Harmonic Distortion, Current | | | | | | |
| 27814 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Current I1 |
| 27816 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Current I2 |
| 27818 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Current I3 |
| 27820 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Current N |
| Total Harmonic Distortion, Voltage | | | | | | |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|---------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 27836 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L1-L2 |
| 27838 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L2-L3 |
| 27840 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L3-L1 |
| 27842 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L-L |
| 27844 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L1-N |
| 27846 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L2-N |
| 27848 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L3-N |
| 27852 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | Maximum THD Voltage L-N |
| Frequency | | | | | | |
| 28092 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | Hz | Maximum Frequency |

MinMax with Time Stamp

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 45130 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Minimum Current of I1,I2,I3 - Date/Time |
| 45134 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Minimum Current of I1,I2,I3 - Value |
| 45136 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Minimum Power Factor Total - Date/Time |
| 45140 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | — | Minimum Power Factor Total - Value |
| 45142 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Maximum Current of I1,I2,I3 - Date/Time |
| 45146 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | A | Maximum Current of I1,I2,I3 - Value |
| 45148 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Maximum Active Power Total - Date/Time |
| 45152 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kW | Maximum Active Power Total - Value |
| 45154 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Maximum Apparent Power Total - Date/Time |
| 45158 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Maximum Apparent Power Total - Value |
| 45160 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Maximum Power Factor Total - Date/Time |
| 45164 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | — | Maximum Power Factor Total - Value |

Power Quality

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|-------|-------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 45100 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Current I1 |
| 45102 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Current I2 |
| 45104 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Current I3 |
| 45106 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Current Neutral |
| 45108 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Phase Current Worst |
| 45110 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L1-L2 |
| 45112 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L2-L3 |
| 45114 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L3-L1 |
| 45116 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L-L Avg |
| 45118 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L-L Worst |
| 45120 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L1-N |
| 45122 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L2-N |
| 45124 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L3-N |
| 45126 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L-N Avg |
| 45128 | R | R | 2 | Float32 | % | THD Voltage L-N Worst |

Alarms

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | | | | | |
| Alarm Status | | | | | | | | | | |
| Activated Alarm Bitmaps | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11021 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | 0 = Alarm is inactive 1 = Alarm is active BitN = Alarm ID N (1-16) | | | | |
| 11022 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (17-32) | | | | |
| 11023 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (33-40) BitN fixed to 0 | | | | |
| 11024 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (41-56) BitN fixed to 0 for PM3250 | | | | |
| Enabled Alarm Bitmaps | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11040 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | 0 = Alarm is disabled 1 = Alarm is enabled BitN = Alarm ID N (1-16) | | | | |
| 11041 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (17-32) | | | | |
| 11042 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (33-40) BitN fixed to 0 | | | | |
| 11043 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (41-56) BitN fixed to 0 for PM3250 | | | | |
| Unacknowledged Alarm Bitmaps | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11078 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | 0 = Historic alarms are acknowledged by the user 1 = Historic alarms are unacknowledged by the user BitN = Alarm ID N (1-16) | | | | |
| 11079 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (17-32) | | | | |
| 11080 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (33-40) BitN fixed to 0 | | | | |
| 11081 | R | R | 1 | Bitmap | — | BitN = Alarm ID N (41-56) BitN fixed to 0 for PM3250 | | | | |
| Alarm Event Queue | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11113 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Size of Event Queue: fixed as 20 | | | | |
| 11114 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Number of entries in Event Queue | | | | |
| 11115 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Entry number of Most Recent Event | | | | |
| Entry 001 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11116 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Entry Number | | | | |
| 11117 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Date/Time | | | | |
| 11121 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Record Type: 0xFF10 = UInt16 0xFF40 = Float32 | | | | |
| 11122 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Register Number or Event Code: Primary Event: Modbus Address of the Unit Secondary Event: Event Code | | | | |
| 11123 | R | R | 4 | UInt16 | — | Value: Primary Event: Alarm Attributes Register Address. Secondary Event: Worst value of source registers. | | | | |
| 11127 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Sequence Number | | | | |
| Entry 020 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11344 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Entry Number | | | | |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|--------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 11345 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Date/Time |
| 11349 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Record Type |
| 11350 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Register Number or Event Code |
| 11351 | R | R | 4 | UInt16 | — | Value |
| 11355 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Sequence Number |
| Alarm History Log | | | | | | |
| 12316 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Size of History Log |
| 12317 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Number of entries in History Log |
| 12318 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Entry number of most Recent Event |
| Entry 001 | | | | | | |
| 12319 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Entry Number |
| 12320 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Date/Time |
| 12324 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Record Type: 0xFF10 = UInt16 0xFF40 = Float32 |
| 12325 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Register Number or Event Code: Primary Event: Modbus Address of the Unit Secondary Event: Event Code |
| 12326 | R | R | 4 | UInt16 | — | Value: Primary Event: Alarm Attributes Register Address Secondary Event: Worst value of source registers |
| 12330 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Sequence Number |
| Entry 020 | | | | | | |
| 12547 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Entry Number |
| 12548 | R | R | 4 | Date/Time | — | Date/Time |
| 12552 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Record Type |
| 12553 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Register Number or Event Code |
| 12554 | R | R | 4 | UInt16 | — | Value |
| 12558 | R | R | 1 | UInt16 | — | Sequence Number |
| 1- Second Alarms - Standard | | | | | | |
| Over Current, Phase | | | | | | Alarm ID = 1 |
| 14005 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | A | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14007 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14009 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint Deviation percentage from pickup setpoint |
| 14011 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay Same as pickup time delay |
| 14013 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | — | Digital Outputs to Associate: 0 = Unassociated 1 = Associated Bit0 = DO1 association Bit1 = DO2 association |
| Under Current, Phase | | | | | | Alarm ID = 2 |
| 14025 | — | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | A | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14027 | — | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14029 | — | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14031 | — | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14033 | — | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | — | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Voltage, L-L | | | | | | Alarm ID = 5 |
| 14085 | — | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | V | Pickup Setpoint |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|---------|---------------|------------------------------|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 14087 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14089 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14091 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14093 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Under Voltage, L-L | | | | | Alarm ID = 6 | |
| 14105 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | V | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14107 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14109 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14111 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14113 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Voltage, L-N | | | | | Alarm ID = 7 | |
| 14125 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | V | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14127 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14129 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14131 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14133 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Under Voltage, L-N | | | | | Alarm ID = 8 | |
| 14145 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | V | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14147 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14149 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14151 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14153 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Power, Total Active | | | | | Alarm ID = 9 | |
| 14165 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | kW | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14167 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14169 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14171 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14173 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Power, Total Reactive | | | | | Alarm ID = 10 | |
| 14185 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | kVAR | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14187 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14189 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14191 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14193 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Power, Total Apparent | | | | | Alarm ID = 11 | |
| 14205 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14207 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14209 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14211 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14213 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Leading Power Factor, Total | | | | | Alarm ID = 12 | |
| 14225 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | - | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14227 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14229 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14231 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14233 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Lagging Power Factor, Total | | | | | Alarm ID = 13 | |
| 14245 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | - | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14247 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14249 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|--|-----------------|--------|------|---------------|--------|---|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| 14251 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14253 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Demand, Total Active Power, Present | | | | Alarm ID = 16 | | |
| 14305 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | kW | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14307 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14309 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14311 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14313 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over Demand, Total Apparent Power, Present | | | | Alarm ID = 22 | | |
| 14425 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | kVA | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14427 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14429 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14431 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14433 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over THD-U, Phase | | | | Alarm ID = 28 | | |
| 14545 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14547 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14549 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14551 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14553 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Under Power, Total Active | | | | Alarm ID = 30 | | |
| 14825 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | kW | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14827 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14829 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14831 | R/WC | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14833 | R/WC | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over THD-I, Phase | | | | Alarm ID = 31 | | |
| 14865 | - | - | 2 | Float32 | % | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14867 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14869 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14871 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14873 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| Over THD-V, Phase | | | | Alarm ID = 32 | | |
| 14905 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14907 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14909 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14911 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14913 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |
| 1-Second Alarms - Custom | | | | | | |
| Over Energy, Total Active | | | | Alarm ID = 41 | | |
| 14942 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt16 | - | Source Register: ENERGY_LOG_DAY_REALTIME_VALUE: 41504 ENERGY_LOG_WEEK_REALTIME_VALUE: 41874 ENERGY_LOG_MONTH_REALTIME_VALUE: 42043 |
| 14945 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | Wh | Pickup Setpoint |
| 14947 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Pickup Time Delay |
| 14949 | - | R/WC | 2 | Float32 | % | Dropout Setpoint |
| 14951 | - | R/WC | 2 | UInt32 | Second | Dropout Time Delay |
| 14953 | - | R/WC | 1 | Bitmap | - | Digital Outputs to Associate |

Energy Log

| Register Address | Action (R/W/WC) | | Size | Type | Units | Description |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|--|
| | PM3250 | PM3255 | | | | |
| Energy Log - Day | | | | | | |
| 45600 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Enable/Disable: 0x0000 = Disable 0xFFFF = Enable |
| 45601 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Maximum Entry Number |
| 45602 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Current Entry Number |
| 45603 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Latest Entry ID |
| 45604 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Oldest Entry ID |
| 45605 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Real-time Value of Current Day |
| 45609 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Entry 001 Date/Time |
| 45613 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Entry 001 Value |
| 45961 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Entry 045 Date/Time |
| 45965 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Entry 045 Value |
| Energy Log - Week | | | | | | |
| 45969 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Enable/Disable: 0x0000 = Disable 0xFFFF = Enable |
| 45970 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Maximum Entry Number |
| 45971 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Current Entry Number |
| 45972 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Latest Entry ID |
| 45973 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Oldest Entry ID |
| 45974 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Real-time Value of Current Day |
| 45978 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Entry 001 Date/Time |
| 45982 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Entry 001 Value |
| 46130 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Entry 020 Date/Time |
| 46134 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Entry 020 Value |
| Energy Log - Month | | | | | | |
| 46138 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Enable/Disable: 0x0000 = Disable 0xFFFF = Enable |
| 46139 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Maximum Entry Number |
| 46140 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Current Entry Number |
| 46141 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Latest Entry ID |
| 46142 | - | R | 1 | UInt16 | - | Oldest Entry ID |
| 46143 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Real-time Value of Current Day |
| 46147 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Entry 001 Date/Time |
| 46151 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Entry 001 Value |
| 46243 | - | R | 4 | Date/Time | - | Entry 013 Date/Time |
| 46247 | - | R | 4 | Int64 | Wh | Entry 013 Value |

Read Device Identification

Register List

Read Device Identification

The power meter supports the Basic Device Identification with the mandatory objects:

- VendorName

- ProductCode
- Revision Number

| ObjectID | Object Name/Description | Object Length | Object Value | Note |
|----------|-------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| 0x00 | VendorName | 16 | SchneiderElectric | – |
| 0x01 | ProductCode | 11 | METSEPM3200 METSEPM3210 METSEPM3250 METSEPM3255 | The ProductCode is identical to the catalog number of each reference |
| 0x02 | MajorMinorRevision | 04 | V1.0 | Equivalent to X.Y in register 1637 |

The Read Device ID code 01 and 04 are supported:

- 01 = request to get the basic device identification (stream access)
- 04 = request to get one specific identification objective (individual access)

The Modbus request and response are compliant with “Chapter 6.20 43 / 14 (0x2B / 0x0E) Read Device Identification” of Modbus Application Protocol Specification.

Chapter 7 Specifications

Electrical characteristics

| | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Measurement accuracy | IEC61557-12 | x/5 A CTs: PMD/Sx/K55/0.5 x/1 A CTs: IEC61557-12 PMD/Sx/K55/1 |
| | Current | x/5 A CTs: ±0.3%, 0.5 – 6 A x/1 A CTs: ±0.5%, 0.1 – 1.2 A |
| | Voltage | ±0.3%, 50 – 330 V L-N or 80 – 570 V L-L |
| | Power factor | x/5 A CTs: ±0.005, 0.5 A – 6 A x/1A CTs: 0.1 – 1.2 A 0.5 L – 0.8 C |
| | Active/Apparent power | x/5 A CTs: Class 0.5 x/1 A CTs: Class 1 |
| | Reactive power | Class 2 |
| | Frequency | 45 – 65 Hz ±0.05% |
| | Active energy | x/5 A CTs: IEC62053-22 Class 0.5s x/1 A CTs: IEC62053-21 Class 1 |
| | Reactive energy | IEC62053-23 Class 2 |
| | | |
| Voltage inputs | Measured voltage | Wye: 60 – 277 V L-N, 100 – 480 V L-L ± 20% Delta: 100 – 480 V L-L ± 20% |
| | Overload | 332 V L-N or 575 V L-L |
| | Frequency | 50 / 60 Hz ±10% |
| | Minimum wire temperature rating required | 90 °C (194 °F) |
| | Impedance | 3 MΩ |
| | Burden | 0.2 VA |
| | Measurement category | III |
| | Wire | 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 8 mm (0.31 in) |
| | Torque | 0.5 N·m (4.4 in·lb) |
| Current inputs | Nominal current | 1 A or 5 A Requires x/5A or x/1A current transformers |
| | Measured current | 20 mA – 6 A |
| | Withstand | 10 A continuous, 20 A at 10 sec/hr |
| | Impedance | < 1 mΩ |
| | Burden | < 0.036 VA at 6 A |
| | Minimum wire temperature rating required | 90 °C (194 °F) |
| | Wire | 6 mm ² (10 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 8 mm (0.31 in) |
| | Torque | 0.8 N·m (7.0 in·lb) |
| | | |
| Control power | Operating range | AC: 100 – 277 V L-N, 173 – 480 V L-L ±20% DC: 100 – 300 V |
| | Frequency | 45 – 65 Hz |
| | Burden | AC: 5 VA DC: 3 W |
| | Wire | 6 mm ² (10 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 8 mm (0.31 in) |
| | Torque | 0.8 N·m (7.0 in·lb) |
| | Installation category | III |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Digital output (PM3255) | Number | 2 |
| | Type | Solid-state relay |
| | Load voltage | 5 – 40 V DC |
| | Maximum load current | 50 mA |
| | Output resistance | 50 Ω maximum |
| | Isolation | 3.75 kV |
| | Wire | 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 6 mm (0.23 in) |
| | Torque | 0.5 N·m (4.4 in·lb) |
| Pulse output (PM3210) | Number | 1 |
| | Type | Opto-coupler output for remote transfer IEC62053-31 compatible (S0 format output) |
| | Pulses / kWh | Configurable |
| | Voltage | 5 – 30 V DC |
| | Current | 1 – 15 mA |
| | Pulse width | Configurable, 50 ms minimum |
| | Isolation | 3.75 kV |
| | Wire | 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 6 mm (0.23 in) |
| Digital input (PM3255) | Torque | 0.5 N·m (4.4 in·lb) |
| | Number | 2 |
| | Type | Type 1 opto-coupler inputs IEC 61131-2 compatible |
| | Maximum input | Voltage: 40 V DC Current: 4 mA |
| | OFF state | 0 – 5 V DC |
| | ON state | 11 – 40 V DC |
| | Nominal voltage | 24 V DC |
| | Isolation | 3.75 kV |
| | Wire | 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 6 mm (0.23 in) |
| | Torque | 0.5 N·m (4.4 in·lb) |

Mechanical characteristics

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Weight | 0.26 kg (0.57 lb) |
| IP degree of protection | Front panel IP40 |
| | Meter body IP20 |
| Display dimensions | 43 x 34.6 mm (1.7 x 1.3 in) |
| Display resolution | 128 x 96 |
| Display data update rate | 1 second |
| Energy pulsing LED | 5000 flashes / kWh without consideration of transformer ratios |

Environmental characteristics

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Operating temperature | -25 to +55 °C (-13 to +131 °F) (K55) |
| Storage temperature | -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) (K55) |
| Humidity rating | 5 to 95% RH non-condensing at 50 °C (122 °F) |
| Pollution degree | 2 |
| Altitude | < 2000 m (6561 ft) |
| Location | Not suitable for wet locations Indoor use only |

EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Electrostatic discharge | Level IV (IEC61000-4-2) |
| Immunity to radiated fields | Level III (IEC61000-4-3) |
| Immunity to fast transients | Level IV (IEC61000-4-4) |
| Immunity to surge | Level IV (IEC61000-4-5) |
| Conducted immunity | Level III (IEC61000-4-6) |
| Immunity to power frequency magnetic fields | 0.5 mT (IEC61000-4-8) |
| Conducted and radiated emissions | Class B (EN55022) |

Safety and standards

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Safety | CE as per IEC61010-1 |
| Protective class | II Double insulated for user accessible parts |
| Standard compliance | IEC61557-12, EN61557-12 IEC61010-1, UL61010-1 IEC62053-11, IEC62053-21, IEC62053-22, IEC62053-23 EN50470-1, EN50470-3 |

Modbus RS-485 communications

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Modbus RS-485 (PM3250 / PM3255) | Number of ports | 1 |
| | Parity | Even, Odd, None |
| | Baud rate | 9600, 19200, 38400 |
| | Number of stop bits | 1 |
| | Isolation | 4 kV, double insulation |
| | Wire | 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG) |
| | Wire strip length | 7 mm (0.28 in) |
| | Torque | 0.5 N·m (4.4 in·lb) |

Real-time clock

| | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Type | Quartz crystal based |
| Clock drift | < 2.5 s/day (30 ppm) at 25 °C (77 °F) |

Chapter 8 Maintenance and Troubleshooting

Password Recovery

If you forget your password, contact Technical Support.

Language Download

You can download new language files onto the power meter over communications using DLF3000 software. Both DLF software and language pack firmware files are available as free downloads from www.schneider-electric.com.

Enabling language download on the meter

You must use the meter display to enable the download of new language files before you download the files to your meter.

1. Navigate to **Setup > LanDL** and click **OK**.
2. Click **OK** to confirm.

Troubleshooting

This meter does not contain any user-serviceable parts. If the meter requires service, contact your local sales representative.

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE ENERGY METER

- Do not open the energy meter case.
- Do not attempt to repair any components of the energy meter.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Do not open the power meter. Opening the power meter voids the warranty.

The combination of the backlight and the symbol  helps you to troubleshoot the power meter. Refer to “Status information” on page 25 for more details.

If the combination of the backlight and the symbol  indicates an active diagnosis, refer to “Meter operation” on page 25 to get the diagnostic code. If the diagnostic code persists after following the instructions below, please contact Technical Support.

| Diagnostic Code | PM3200 | PM3210 | PM3250 | PM3255 | Description | Possible Solution |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|--|
| - | √ | √ | √ | √ | LCD display is not visible. | Check and adjust LCD contrast/backlight settings. |
| - | √ | √ | √ | √ | Push buttons do not function. | Restart the power meter by power off and power on again. |
| 101, 102 | √ | √ | √ | √ | Metering stops due to internal error. Total energy consumption is displayed. | Enter the Configuration mode and implement Reset Config . |

| Diagnostic Code | PM3200 | PM3210 | PM3250 | PM3255 | Description | Possible Solution |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|---|
| 201 | √ | √ | √ | √ | Metering continues. Mismatch between frequency settings and frequency measurements. | Correct frequency settings according to the nominal frequency of the network. |
| 202 | √ | √ | √ | √ | Metering continues. Mismatch between wiring settings and wiring inputs. | Correct wiring settings according to wiring inputs. |
| 203 | √ | √ | √ | √ | Metering continues. Phase sequence reverses. | Check wire connections or correct wiring settings. |
| 205 | √ | √ | √ | √ | Metering continues. Date and time have been reset due to loss of power. | Set Date and Time. |
| 206 | — | √ | — | √ | Metering continues. Pulse is missing due to overload on energy pulse output. | Check the energy pulse output settings and correct if needed. |
| 207 | √ | √ | √ | √ | Metering continues. Abnormal internal clock function. | Restart the power meter by power off and power on again. |

Chapter 9 Power, energy and power factor

NOTE: The descriptions in this section assume that you are an electrical energy consumer, not a supplier.

Power (PQS)

A typical AC electrical system load has both resistive and reactive (inductive or capacitive) components. Resistive loads consume real power (P) and reactive loads consume reactive power (Q).

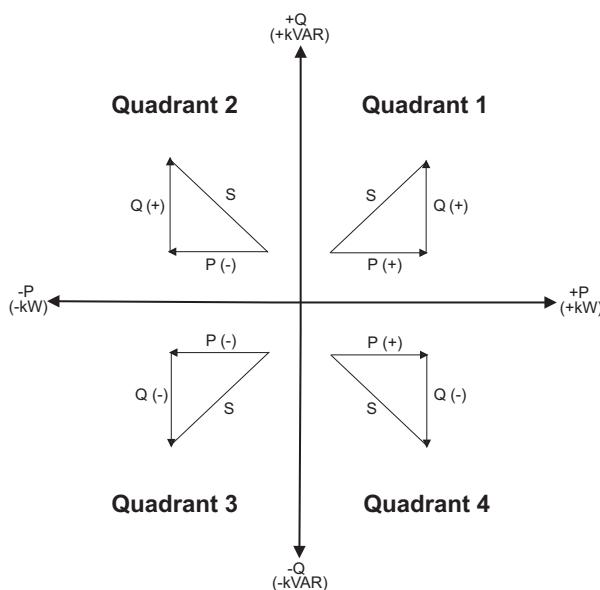
Apparent power (S) is the vector sum of real power (P) and reactive power (Q):

$$S = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$$

Real power is measured in watts (W or kW), reactive power is measured in vars (VAR or kVAR) and apparent power is measured in volt-amps (VA or kVA).

Power and the PQ coordinate system

The meter uses the values of real power (P) and reactive power (Q) on the PQ coordinate system to calculate apparent power.



Power flow

Positive power flow P(+) and Q(+) means power is flowing from the power source towards the load. Negative power flow P(-) and Q(-) means power is flowing from the load towards the power source.

Energy delivered (imported) / energy received (exported)

The meter interprets energy delivered (imported) or received (exported) according to the direction of real power (P) flow.

Energy delivered (imported) means positive real power flow (+P) and energy received (exported) means negative real power flow (-P).

| Quadrant | Real (P) power flow | Energy delivered (imported) or received (exported) |
|------------|---------------------|--|
| Quadrant 1 | Positive (+) | Energy delivered (imported) |
| Quadrant 2 | Negative (-) | Energy received (exported) |
| Quadrant 3 | Negative (-) | Energy received (exported) |
| Quadrant 4 | Positive (+) | Energy delivered (imported) |

Power factor (PF)

Power factor (PF) is the ratio of real power (P) to apparent power (S), and is a number between 0 and 1.

$$PF = \frac{P}{S}$$

An ideal, purely resistive load has no reactive components, so its power factor is one (PF = 1, or unity power factor). A purely inductive or capacitive load no resistive components, so its power factor is zero (PF = 0).

True PF and displacement PF

The meter supports true power factor and displacement power factor values:

- True power factor includes harmonic content.
- Displacement power factor only considers the fundamental frequency.

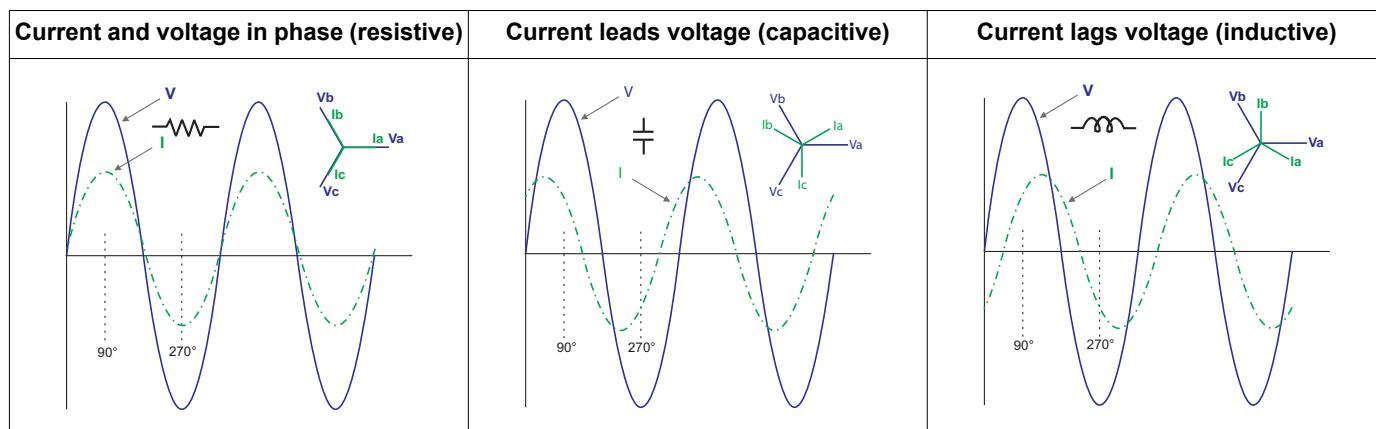
PF lead / lag convention

The meter correlates leading power factor (PF lead) or lagging power factor (PF lag) with whether the current waveform is leading or lagging the voltage waveform.

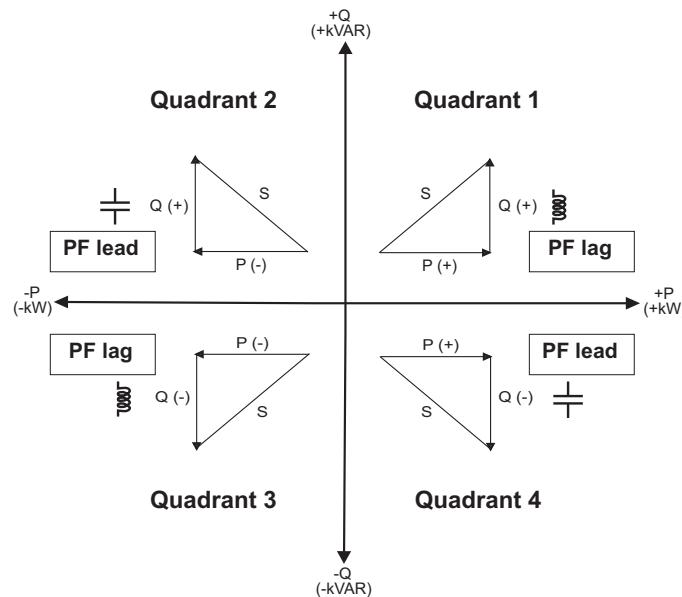
Current phase shift from voltage

For purely resistive loads the current waveform is in phase with the voltage waveform. For capacitive loads, current leads voltage. For inductive loads, current lags voltage.

Current lead / lag and load type



Power and PF lead / lag



PF lead / lag summary

| Quadrant | Current phase shift | Load type | PF lead / lag |
|------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------|
| Quadrant 1 | Current lags voltage | Inductive | PF lag |
| Quadrant 2 | Current leads voltage | Capacitive | PF lead |
| Quadrant 3 | Current lags voltage | Inductive | PF lag |
| Quadrant 4 | Current leads voltage | Capacitive | PF lead |

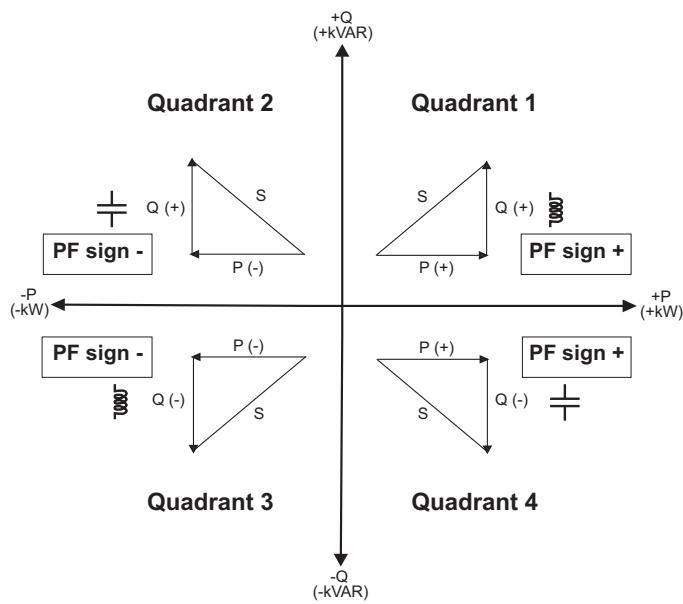
PF sign convention

The meter shows positive or negative power factor according to IEC standards.

PF sign in IEC mode

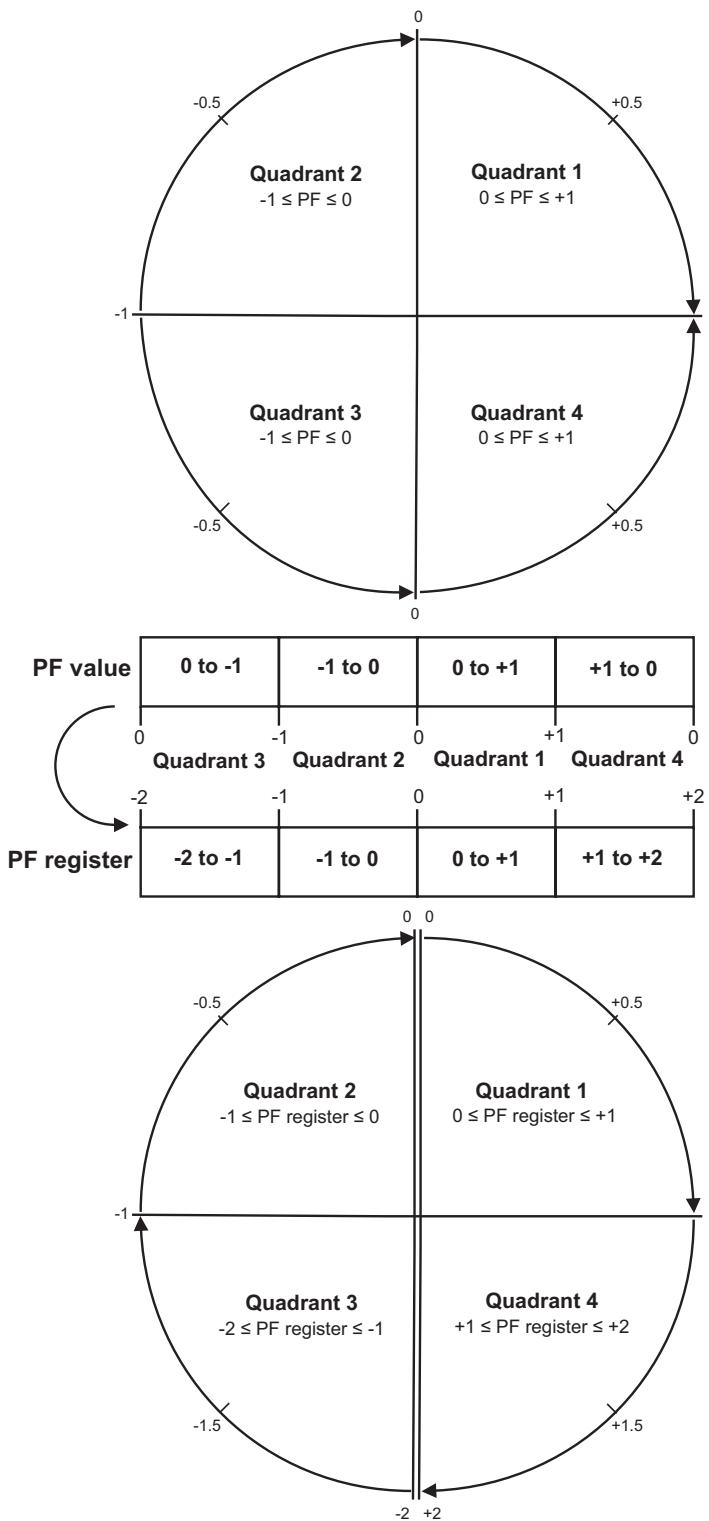
The meter correlates power factor sign (PF sign) with the direction of real power (P) flow.

- For positive real power ($+P$), the PF sign is positive (+).
- For negative real power ($-P$), the PF sign is negative (-).



Power factor register format

Each power factor value (PF value) occupies one floating point register for power factor (PF register). The meter performs a simple algorithm to the PF value then stores it in the PF register. The meter and software interpret the PF register for all reporting or data entry fields according to the following diagram:



PF value is calculated from the PF register value using the following formulas:

| Quadrant | PF range | PF register range | PF formula |
|------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Quadrant 1 | 0 to +1 | 0 to +1 | PF value = PF register value |
| Quadrant 2 | -1 to 0 | -1 to 0 | PF value = PF register value |
| Quadrant 3 | 0 to -1 | -2 to -1 | PF value = (-2) - (PF register value) |
| Quadrant 4 | +1 to 0 | +1 to +2 | PF value = (+2) - (PF register value) |

Related topics

- See “Communication via Modbus” on page 39 for information on the meter’s Modbus registers.

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