

InStep IV User Manual **For Version I 5.06D**

Relevant for hardware revision 0 and 1

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Overview

The InStep IV control module is intended to be used in conjunction with a stepper drive and motor or a servodrive with step input and a servomotor. It provides stop/start registration control of processes such as self-adhesive labelling, overprinting etc. This operation can be speed synchronised with another operation such as the product conveyor or printing machine.

It is housed in a DIN rail mountable enclosure. The enclosure can be opened by operating two small catches to enable the user to configure the unit via several jumpers located inside. This allows for diversified applications while maintaining the same hardware minimising the need for several units to be kept for spares.

The enclosure has 16 screw terminals and a five way bus connector on the bottom. The bus has two connections for the RS-485 half-duplex communications bus, two connections for a differential master encoder input and one connection for ground. Up to 32 units may be daisy chained or multi-dropped to allow a user interface/PLC to control several axes of motion. It is also possible to order the module with the RJ-12 jacks for communications and 24V master encoder input so it becomes compatible with the older InStep I modules (Option /G, Rev. 0 only).

All inputs are independently jumperable to change their polarity for use with either sinking (NPN) or sourcing (PNP) input devices. The outputs can be changed for sinking or sourcing type but all must be the same type.

The amount of I/O available is in fact limited by the terminals fitted to this enclosure and an expansion board is available which will plug onto the existing board and then fit into a wider enclosure that has 24 terminals. This provides more I/O and many other options.

There is a green and a red LED on the front. The green LED is to indicate that the internal 5V supply is functional and the red LED indicates [status](#).

In order to minimise the amount of firmware versions two of the input terminals have jumpers which can select 1 of 3 available input signals and two of the output terminals can be jumpered to one or more of 4 available output signals. Also there are 8 jumpers to select various options. Three of these will usually be used to select the unit's address on the multidrop network.

Wiring

Power

A power supply of between 12 and 28 volts DC is required to be connected to terminals 1 and 2. The total power requirement is 100mA plus input and output currents.

Inputs

All input are required to either sink or source between 5 and 12mA at between 12 and 28 volts DC. Unless option /G is ordered the master encoder input is five volt differential RS-422/RS485. Refer to [jumper description table](#) to select polarity of inputs.

Outputs

All outputs can sink or source up to 100mA each at the same voltage as supplied to the power supply terminals. Unless option /G is ordered the STEP output is five volt differential RS-422/RS485. Refer to configuration section for changing polarity. Note that at this time only NPN outputs are available. As of Hardware Revision 1 PNP is now optional again.

Serial Communications

The serial communications via the bus connector is two wire (half-duplex mode) only. If the /G option is ordered the serial communications is via two RJ-12 connectors and can be full-duplex 4-wire or half-duplex two wire type. Option /G not available on Rev. 1 PCB's. Rev. 1 provides for one RJ45 socket to be optionally fitted for comms and power.

Configuration

Configuration consists of selecting the appropriate jumpers for your application and installing the appropriate output driver IC in position IC9. The jumpers are fully explained in the jumper description table. The unit is normally supplied with an NPN output driver IC, however it can be ordered with a PNP type or changed in the field. The correct IC for NPN outputs is ULN2801A (Rev. 0) and ULN2803 for Rev. 1. PNP for Rev. 1 only is UDN2985. Be sure to set jumpers J9 and J10 correctly to match the installed IC or damage will result!

Mounting

The InStep module can be mounted on 35mm DIN rail and should be mounted with terminals 1 to 4 uppermost and the rail clip at the bottom. If the InStep module is disassembled to facilitate the changing of jumpers etc, it should be reassembled so that terminals 13 to 16 are at the rail clip end of the housing. If the module must be mounted on a vertically mounted DIN rail it should be mounted with terminal 1 lowermost. This would place the side label uppermost.

Serial Communications

Up to 32 modules may be daisy chained together to allow one master device to communicate with all units using only one communication port. The address of each unit is selected via the first three jumpers on the option port. Commands are issued by the master device in the system and the modules either simply act on this command or respond if it was a query type command.

All messages to and from the InStep modules have the following field format:

Header, Address, Command, Optional value, Carriage return and an optional checksum.

e.g.: 1[0]P2AB<CR>[CHK]

Where,

- The semicolon character (3B hex) is the header. All messages on the network begin with this header character.
- 1 is the destination address on the network. The PLC or computer, etc is always address zero. Jumpers on the [Option Port](#) set the address of the InStep units. The valid range is 1 to 8 ASCII.
- [0] is the senders address in ASCII. This field is optional and is selected along with the checksum.
- P is the command. All messages from the master have this field. All responses from the InStep modules do not have this field. Refer to the [InStep Command Summary](#) for more details
- 2AB is the value. Whether this field exists and its width depends on the command. All responses from the InStep modules have this field.
- <CR> is the message terminator. All messages are terminated by a carriage return (0D hex) character.
- [CHK] is a message checksum. It is the two's complement of the preceding bytes. This field is optional but must/will be present if it is selected at bit 5 of [OPTION2](#).

Some commands are queries only and so no value field is allowed.

Some command values are in decimal ASCII others are in hexadecimal ASCII.

All response values are in hexadecimal ASCII.

All hex digits A to F must be in upper case.

Leading zeroes are not required in commands but are tolerated.

Leading zeroes are always returned to the width of the value field.

Space and Line Feed characters in commands are ignored.

Responses are always directed to address zero.

By setting bit 4 of [OPTION2](#), commands that do not expect a response and successful setting type commands can be made to return an <ACK> character. Out of range data or invalid commands will result in a <NAK>. When this is not set, or prior to I5.04, the only response is the result of the query or a '<?<BEL>' to indicate an error.

Out of range characters in data will cause unpredictable results. (i.e. other than 0 to 9 and A to F)

A semicolon anywhere in the command string (except the checksum position) will clear the input buffer and start a new command/query reception. Previously the semicolon header was only scanned for after the previous string was terminated by a carriage return. This meant that if a carriage return was garbled or lost the next string would be appended to the previous one and both then ignored, as it would be an invalid

string. Also the backspace character (08) will delete the previous character sent. This does not apply to the header or address characters!

Command Descriptions

A - Advance

Function Sets the advance value or queries the current value.
Range 0 to 65,535 decimal in command, 0 to FFFF hexadecimal in response.
Default 300 (12C hex). 330 (14A hex) I5.05J to I5.05P. Was 180 (B4 hex.) prior to I5.05J
Description This command sets the number of steps to move after the gap sensor has activated. If a value is entered that is less than the decel (F command) setting the stored value will be equal to the decel setting. If the decel is adjusted this value must be entered again to adjust the entered advance value. If the speed compensation is selected on the option port, it is necessary to observe minimum values of advance so that the compensation can function correctly. The amount of compensation varies with the speed (higher speed more compensation, maybe up to 200 steps). In addition to this there must be sufficient advance to do the deceleration which may be up to 100 steps depending on the speed. At present it is necessary to re-calculate (re-enter) the label length if the advance is changed in gap-skip mode. As of I5.05L changing the advance value will reset the missing label length and restart the auto-teaching function.

B - Batch Count *Not implemented yet (Temporary use implemented)*

Function Sets or queries the batch counter. (Sets fixed move length).
Range 0 to FFFFFFF hexadecimal. (0 to 65,535 dec in command, 0 to FFFF hex in response).
Default 0
Description This command forces a value into the batch counter register. Normally used to reset the count. (Sets the length in steps of the move done when the fixed move mode is activated).

C - Total Count

Function Sets or queries the total label counter. (Implemented in I5.04L)
Range 0 to 99 decimal
Default 0
Description This command forces a value into the total counter register. Normally used to reset the count. Counter only counts to 99 then rolls over back to 0. It is up to the master controller to extend this count to a larger number by periodic polling.

D - Coder Delay *Partial implementation*

Function Sets or queries the coder delay.
Range 0 to FFFF
Default 0
Description This command sets the delay in steps between either the start of dispensing or the stopping and the print signal coming on depending on the type of batch coder selected. At the moment 0 disables and any value enables with a small delay. Any odd value causes checking for a printer OK signal at IN4, even values look for a printer faulty signal.

E - Enable

Function Enables the dispensing of labels.
Range 0 or 1
Default Depends on state of J28. (Refer to [Option Port Table](#))
Description When set to 1 enables the dispensing of labels at the next product sensor activation or when set to 0 disables the dispensing of labels at the end of the currently dispensing label. Also used to reset faults.

e – End of Reel Setpoint

Function	Sets or queries the setpoint of the End of Reel counter.
Range	0 to FF
Default	3
Description	How the “end of reel count” functions is determined by bit 6 in Option2. With this bit on, the setting here is the number of labels that can be dispensed in between operations of the ‘end of reel’ sensor. The sensor detects the movement of the label reel. In this mode, the number set here is usually quite low. With the bit off, it sets the number of labels that can be dispensed after the ‘end of reel’ sensor activates. The sensor detects that the label reel is low in diameter. The setting is usually larger in order to allow the reel to become very close to finished before the head stops. In both modes, the setting depends on the label length.

F - Forward label *Not implemented yet (Temporary use implemented)*

Function	Allows the labeller to skip over a missing label to prevent one product not being labelled. (Number of Deceleration Steps during end of advance.)
Range	0 to FF
Default	0 or off (prior to I5.05J was 10, I5.05J to I5.05P was 107, I5.05Q and on is 100)
Description	The number of labels between the gap sensor and the peeler bar is set here. When the missing label approaches the peeler bar a double length index is performed to skip over the missing label allowing all products to be labelled. (Temporarily used for number of deceleration steps. Re-enter advance after changing this value!) As of Ver. 5.05 this decel setting is disabled. You can still request the current setting. Do not adjust this value!

f – Fault Status

Function	Allows the query of the reason for the last disable
Range	0 to 4FF (Prior to I5.06 was 0 to FF)
Default	N/A
Description	Refer to the Red LED Flash Code table for the correlation between the value returned here and the reason for the disable.

G - Manual Dispense (Go)

Function	Starts the label sequence independent of the product sensor.
Range	No value allowed!
Default	N/A
Description	This command allows the operator to dispense a label without having to operate the product sensor. Any product delay is bypassed and only one label is dispensed if in two label mode. Also if the master is stopped the label will be dispensed at the set speed rate.

H - Batch Preset *Not implemented yet*

Function	Sets or queries the batch preset value.
Range	0 to FFFFFFFF hexadecimal
Default	0 or off
Description	This command sets the count at which the batch counter will activate the output and reset the counter.

I - I - Input Port Status

Function	Returns a value indicating the status of the input port.
Range	No value allowed!
Default	N/A
Description	This command returns two hex digits representing the status of the 8 bit input port. A value of 00 is all off. Refer to the port assignment tables for the function of each input.

J - J - Jig Delay/Blanking Mode

Function	Sets or queries the jig delay or blanking mode.
Range	0 to 65,535 decimal in command, 0 to FFFF hexadecimal in response.
Default	0 or off
Description	This command sets the steps between product detection and activating the jig solenoid output. A value greater than zero enables Jig Control Mode. If you select this mode you must select a mode with the 'U' command as well! As of version 5.05E setting this command to 1 enables blanking mode rather than Jig Control mode. See "j" command below.

j - j - Jig Hold Delay/Blanking Length

Function	Sets or queries the jig hold delay.
Range	0 to 65,535 decimal in command, 0 to FFFF hexadecimal in response.
Default	0 or off
Description	In Jig Control Mode this command sets the length between the dispense stopping and the deactivation of the jig solenoid. It is up to the operator to ensure correct product spacing. You must ensure the product is released before the following product is detected by the product sensor or that product will be ignored. In Blanking Mode this setting sets the length that the product sensor is ignored for after the label stops. In addition when blanking mode is set, the product sensor is re-confirmed to be on at the completion of the product delay. If only this product sensor confirmation is required, simply set a very short blanking length. Blanking is useful when the trailing edge of the product has a possible second trigger point because of a hole or handle etc. The product sensor re-confirmation is very good for preventing false dispenses caused by product sensor activation while the machine is stopped. This setting is only used when in Jig Control Mode or Blanking Mode which is enabled by the J command above, so you can leave the value in here always.

K - K - Air Blast Time

Function	Sets or queries the air blast time.
Range	0 to 255 decimal in command, 0 to FF in response.
Default	0 or off
Description	This command sets the air blast time in milliseconds. The air blast is for machines with an air box attachment. The air blast time occurs after the product delay and before the label starts to move.

L - Length Measuring

Function	Turns the length measuring function on or off.
Range	0, 1 or 2, Two is invalid since I5.05L
Default	0 or off
Description	This command turns the length measuring function on (1) or off (0). When turned on the number of steps to dispense the label is transmitted to the master device shortly after the label is dispensed. Value returned is number of steps in hexadecimal. From version I5.04 to I5.05K, whilst length measuring mode is on, the "L2" command can be issued. This will calculate the "no gap skip" missing label length and if successful, turn length measuring off.

I – Average Length

Function	Displays the average length in steps.
Range	No value allowed!
Default	0000 hex
Description	This command can be used to determine whether the automatically calculated missing label length is in use and what the average dispense length is. When the unit is first powered up the value will be zero. Also it can be reset by a change to either the advance value (A)/t or six consecutive labels have been dispensed that are all more than 99 counts different from the current value.

M - Master Speed

Function	Queries the speed of the master encoder.
Range	No value allowed!
Default	N/A
Description	This command allows the user to check the operation of the master encoder. To convert the value returned into a rate in kHz, divide the lowest 4 digits into 1250 decimal. i.e. Speed (kHz) = 1250/Value. If value is 1F4 then $1250/500 = 2.5\text{kHz}$. Note: This is the time between the last two encoder pulses so when the encoder has a stopped a value will still be indicated. The returned value is actually 6 digits of hexadecimal, the first digit indicates whether or not the master is considered as stopped or not. (1 = stopped and so value is invalid, 0 = running and value following is valid). The second digit is used internally to detect a stopped condition. It will normally show 8 except at extremely low encoder rates.

N - Missing Label Length

Function	Sets or queries distance required to trip on missing label fault.
Range	0 to 65,535 decimal in command, 0 to FFFF hexadecimal in response.
Default	<I5.05Y is 48 (12,288 steps), I5.05Y & I5.06 is 64 and >I5.06 is 80 (20480 steps or 620mm at 33p/mm or 1.024m @ 20p/mm)
Description	The missing label function can work in either of two ways: If the value entered here is less than 128 (63 prior to I5.03) the missing label function works as before except that the number of steps is set differently. The number of steps at which the labeller will stop is 256 times the value set here. So a value of 16 gives the same as the old default value of 5 ($256 \times 16 = 4096$). This gives a much more precise way to set the trip point. If the value is greater than 127 the "no gap skip" style of missing label is implemented. This allows the labeller to skip past missing labels (or blocked label gaps) as if they never happened. Since I5.05J and L (not K) auto-teach missing label is implemented. This automatically sets this value. As there is no way at the moment to switch off auto-teach setting this value is not very useful. A value of 0 here disables the missing label function and the motor will run works by simulating the label gaps presence at the number of counts specified here. So the number entered here should be the label length minus the label advance setting. If the actual gap occurs after the gap is simulated, the actual gap position will override the simulated one to maintain correct registration. If you change the advance

after setting this value you should redo this setting to cater for the new advance value. If the “gap skip” is done four times consecutively the labeller will disable and turn on the Missing Label and Bussed Fault Outputs. Also, refer to L command. Note forever if no gap is seen. 0 also stops auto-teaching of this setting as of version I5.05P. Care must be exercised when using low values of advance at high speed. As the gap is ignored after the web starts to decelerate it is possible that no correction is done when the gap comes along after the gap has been simulated and deceleration has already started.

O - Output Port Status

Function Returns a value indicating the status of the output port.
Range 0 to FF hexadecimal
Default N/A
Description This command allows the user to force the state of the output port bits. As a query it returns two hex digits representing the status of the 8-bit output port. A value of 00 is all off. Refer to the [port assignment tables](#) for the function of each output.

P - Position

Function Sets or queries the label position value.
Range 0 to 65,535 decimal in command, 0 to FFFF hexadecimal in response.
Default 0
Description This command sets the delay in steps between the product sensor activation and the start of dispense effectively changing the position of the label on the product.

Q and q - Quit

Function Used to stop the dispense of a label.
Range No value allowed!
Default N/A
Description This command stops the label dispense independent of the gap sensor. ‘Q’ simulates the gap sensor signal; ‘q’ causes instant deceleration and stop (i.e. no advance).

R - Ramp Select

Function Sets or queries the acceleration ramp.
Range 0 to 13 (Was 0 to 5 prior to V5.05A)
Default 4 (Was 3 prior to V 5.05B)
Description This command selects 1 of 14 acceleration ramp profiles. A value of 13 is the softest. As of V5.05A the ramps are now linear whereas previously they had very high rates of acceleration towards the end of the curve. The acceleration profiles are performed over the following number of steps.

Ramp Number	Number of Steps
0	10
1	15
2	20
3	30
4	40
5	50
6	60
7	75
8	85
9	100
10	125
11	150
12	175

13	200
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r – High Page Register Read

- Function** Returns the value stored at the specified High Page Register address. Value in command is an index added to 1800 hexadecimal
- Range** 0 to A hexadecimal in command as index, no data is latched SRS. 0 to FF returned as data.
- Default** N/A
- Description** This command is for debugging purposes only and requires an intimate knowledge of the MPU hardware to interpret the responses.

S - Set Speed

- Function** Sets or queries the set speed
- Range** 0 to 9999 in command, 0 to FFFF hexadecimal in response.
- Default** 120 hex, As of I5.05Q default is now 200 hex. Or equivalent to S9537
- Description** This command sets the speed of dispensing when no master encoder is used. Sync ratio of zero must be set for this value to take effect. Also this value will be used if a manual dispense is done with the master stopped. A value in the 9000's is typical with a larger number being a faster speed. Now as of I5.05S the default set speed depends on J29. If on the default is 200hex (S9537) or when off it is 120hex (S9761) also the scaling was changed slightly. The returned value is not scaled!

T - Two Label Spacing

- Function** Sets or queries the two label spacing value
- Range** 0 to 65,535 in command, 0 to FFFF in response.
- Default** 0 or off
- Description** This command sets the number of steps to pause between the first and second label of a set. A value of 0 turns this function off. Note that as of V 5.05D there is a minimum spacing caused by the deceleration/acceleration between the two labels. Prior to this version the first label stopped with no deceleration and the second started with no acceleration

t - Two Label Spacing Advance

- Function** Sets or queries the two label spacing advance value
- Range** 0 to 65,535 in command, 0 to FFFF in response.
- Default** 300 (12C hex.)
- Description** This command sets the number of steps of advance for the first label of a two label set. This is set the same as 'A' if the labels are the same size in the set and often different if the labels are different lengths. Note that labels of different lengths in a two label set causes confusion for the auto setting missing label as it does not measure the two labels separately. This will be upgraded in the future.

U – Spin Up Delay

- Function** Sets or queries the spin up delay.
- Range** 0 to 65,535 in command, 0 to FFFF in response.
- Default** 0 or off
- Description** This command can enable one of two modes. A value of 1 puts the InStep into “Jig Only Mode”. In this mode the normal product sensor is ignored and the sequence is started by the “Jig In” input. When a larger value is entered, the “Orient Jig Mode” is turned on. This command sets the number of steps to pause before the registration scanner is enabled. This is to ensure the product is spinning in the jig at the correct speed. In orient jig mode the normal product scanner is ignored and the cycle is initiated by a sensor connected to the “Jig In” input. This initiates the spin up delay. When this is complete, the sensor connected

to the “Colour Sensor” input is enabled. When the colour sensor sees a leading edge the normal dispense sequence is started. A value of 0 turns both jig modes off.

u - Option Port 3

Function Sets or queries the Option3 port status. Implemented in V I5.05M
Range 00 to FF.
Default 00.
Description Two hex digits representing the status of the 8-bit option3 port. A value of 00 is all off.
 Bit 0 – Fixed Pull Mode.
 Only bit 0 is used at this time. Setting the other bits will have no effect.

V - Version

Function Queries the version number of the installed firmware.
Range No value allowed!
Default N/A
Description This command returns the installed firmware’s version number in the following format:
 A letter to indicate the type.
 A major version number followed by a decimal point.
 Two minor version digits to indicate revision level.
 A space or letter to indicate special versions.

v – Serial Number

Function Queries the serial number of the device.
Range No value allowed!
Default N/A
Description This command returns the serial number in the following format:
 A letter to indicate the number or versions this unit has had. (A is original)
 The serial number in decimal in a fixed six digit format.

W - Option Port (DIP Switch)

Function returns a value indicating the option port status.
Range No value allowed!
Default N/A
Description Returns two hex digits representing the status of the 8-bit option port, refer to the [port assignment tables](#) for the jumper functions. A value of 00 is all off. Also used to load a new setting. Bit 0 corresponds to J24.

w - Option Port 2

Function Sets or queries the Option2 port status.
Range 00 to FF.
Default 00.
Description Two hex digits representing the status of the 8-bit option2 port. A value of 00 is all off.
 Bit 7 – Output frequency equals input frequency. 0 is normal Out = In x 2 (Double)
 Bit 6 – End of Reel Mode. When on selects reel turning detection type and when off selects reel diameter low or no web type detection. Set to 0 if no end of reel sensor is fitted.
 Bit 5 – Use Checksum. When set it is necessary to send a two’s complement checksum byte after the <CR> byte. Responses will then include this byte also.
 Bit 4 – Acknowledge mode. <ACK> and <NAK> sent/expected.
 Bit 3 – Stepper Boost. When on changes the servo enable output function to a stepper drive boost.
 Bit 2 – Servo OK input polarity. 0 is Off = OK. 1 is On = OK.
 Bit 1 – Orientation Error Enable.

Bit 0 – Gap Sensor Gate Mode. (I5.05H) was Fixed Pull Mode prior to this.

X - Examine RAM

Function	Returns the value stored at the specified RAM address.
Range	0 to 9FF hexadecimal in command as address, 0 to FF returned as data. The range for address is limited by the MPU. GT16 = 47F, GT16A = 87F
Default	N/A
Description	This command is for debugging purposes only and requires an intimate knowledge of the firmware to interpret the responses.

Y - Synchronisation Ratio

Function	Sets or queries the sync ratio
Range	0 to 255 decimal in command, 0 to FF in response.
Default	128 decimal (80 hex) or 100%
Description	This command sets the sync ratio between the master encoder and the output pulse rate FF is 50%, 10 is 800% Refer to table for correct value. A value of 0 causes the master encoder to be ignored and the set speed value to take effect.

Z - Internal Port

Function	Returns a value indicating the internal port status or can force output bits.
Range	0 to FF
Default	N/A
Description	Returns two hex digits representing the status of the 8 bit internal port, refer to the port assignment table for individual bit functions and states. A value can be written to the port in order to force the state of the output bits on that port, the input bits remain unaffected.

[- Write RAM

Function	Writes the specified data into the specified RAM location.
Range	0 to 9FF hexadecimal in command as address, 0 to FF returned as data. The range for address is limited by the MPU. GT16 = 47F, GT16A = 87F
Default	N/A
Description	This command has a special data format, there are two data fields separated by a comma. The data in front of the comma is the address to write to and the data after the comma is the data to be written. This command is for debugging purposes only and requires an intimate knowledge of the firmware to use it successfully.

Inputs

All inputs are selectable for NPN (1 to 2) or PNP (2 to 3) input devices. The function of each input follows.

PRODSENS - Product Sensor

This input initiates the labelling sequence. It starts with a transition from off to on of this input. See jumper J7 for input polarity selection. Terminal 9 on a standard InStep.

GAPSENS - Gap Sensor

This is the registration input. It is normally connected to a fork sensor that detects the gap between the labels on the backing paper. The label advance starts counting with an off to on transition of this input. See jumper J8 for input polarity selection. Terminal 10 on a standard InStep.

Master Encoder

This is where the encoder for the product speed is connected. The encoder is usually coupled to the conveyor, turret or vacuum belt of the machine. The pulses per rev of the

encoder and its gearing to the conveyor / belt should be selected so that the rate is the same as the step rate of the motor. It is best to be on the low side of one to one if this cannot be achieved. The encoder should have a 5V differential output. If the /G option is fitted the encoder should have a 24 volt NPN/PNP output. Terminal 11 becomes the A input. Without /G the master encode is connected to the [buss connector](#), usually via a HeadUnit. The HeadUnit also allows for the correct scaling of the encoders pulse rate.

IN1 – Colour Sensor (Product Sensor 2)

This input only functions in Orientation Mode. It triggers the labelling cycle just as the normal product scanner does however only after the orient part of the cycle is complete. See jumper J1 for input polarity selection. Terminal 5 on a standard InStep.

IN2 – Jig In Sensor/Product Gate/Gap Sensor Gate

This input is usually a proximity detector mounted on the orientation jig to indicate when the jig is closed. It initiates the spin up delay in orient jig mode. If option port jumper J31 is installed this input becomes the product sensor gate input. In this mode this input must be on before a product detection will start the dispense cycle. If bit 0 of 'w' command is set this input becomes a gate signal for the gap sensor ($\geq I5.05H$) See jumper J2 for input polarity selection. Terminal 6 on a standard InStep.

IN3 – End of Reel

This input is either connected to a sensor that detects a low diameter of labels on the unwind reel or one that pulses as the unwind reel turns. Refer to the description of '[e – End of Reel Setpoint](#)' menu. See jumper J3 for input polarity selection. Terminal 7 on a standard InStep

IN4 – Printer OK

This input is connected to the printer OK/fault output of the printer controlled by the InStep module. When the printer is enabled by the Coder Delay (D) command with an odd value this input must be on otherwise the InStep is disabled and the bussed fault output is turned on. If an even value is used in D the input must be off for printer OK. The printer fault input is only checked just after the label dispense is completed. This allows it to possibly serve as an actual print confirmation input (from a contrast scanner for instance) or just a simple printer fault signal monitor. See jumper J4 for input polarity selection. On a standard InStep, J21 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 8, 2 to 3 is terminal 12.

IN5 – Servodrive OK

This input is connected to the OK or fault output of the servo/stepper drive. See [Option2](#) command for input polarity setting. It stops and disables labelling when changes to the selected faulty state. As of V5.04F this input is only checked when labelling is enabled. As of V5.05A, when faulty the drive pulses are stopped and the drive enable is dropped immediately. Previously it was only done at the end of the dispense cycle. J22 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 8, 2 to 3 is terminal 12.

IN6 - Disable (Bussed Fault In)

This input disables the labelling when on. It is normally used in the "bussed" mode where jumper J34 on InStep (or J60 on the Expansion Board) is installed. When several units are connected together via their IN6 or OUT7 terminals all units will be disabled when a fault occurs on any one unit. See J6 for input polarity selection. On a standard InStep J23 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 8, 2 to 3 is terminal 12. Note: IN6 and OUT7 polarities must be the same and on InStep J20 and J23 must be set correctly to bring them out to terminals.

Outputs

All outputs are selectable for NPN or PNP however they must all be one or the other. Selection is made by changing IC9. For NPN use ULN2801A. No PNP option at present. Jumpers J9 and J10 must be set to suit.

STEP – Step Signal

This differential output is used to drive the pulse input of the stepper or servo drive. Terminal 11 is A/ and terminal 12 is A. If jumper J37 is set 1 to 2 the STEP signal is available as an open collector NPN signal on terminal 3. If using the differential output to the drive, J37 should be set 2 to 3.

OUT1 – Coder

This output is the start trigger for a date coder etc. Jumper J27 selects whether the coder is of the type that prints while the web is stationary (e.g. hot stamp) or moving (e.g. ink jet). Terminal 13 on a standard InStep.

OUT2 – Servo Enable

This output is used to enable/disable a servo/stepper drive when a fault occurs or it is commanded so. May also be used to enable/disable web winder drives as well. Terminal 14 on a standard InStep.

OUT3 – Missing Label (Labeller Fault)/Rewind Inverter Enable

This output is turned on when a missing label has been detected. It is reset by sending the “E1” command. As of I5.05K this output changes function to Rewind Inverter Enable if checksums are enabled in the w command. Terminal 15 on a standard InStep.

OUT4 – Jig Solenoid

This output connects to the solenoid that controls jig closure. J17 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 16, 2 to 3 is terminal 4

OUT5 – Air Blast

This output is turned on when an air blast time is entered with the K command at the end of the product delay and before the servo starts to move. J18 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 16, 2 to 3 is terminal 4.

OUT6 – Air Assist

This output is turned on at the start of the servo moving and off at the beginning of decel. J19 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 16, 2 to 3 is terminal 4.

OUT7 – Bussed Fault Out

This output is turned on when there is a fault. Please refer to [the table](#) for all the faults. Fault code 02 and greater will turn the output on. The enable command clears the faults. This output can be tied to input 6 with J34 on a standard InStep to implement the “bussed fault” mode. J20 controls which terminal this signal is connected to. 1 to 2 is terminal 16, 2 to 3 is terminal 4.

Tables

InStep Command Summary

Command	Without Data	With Data	Data Range	Default
A	Returns <u>A</u> dvance Value	Sets Label <u>A</u> dvance	0 to 65535	330 dec.
B	Returns <u>B</u> atch Count	Sets <u>B</u> atch Count	0 to 65535	0
C	Returns Total <u>C</u> ount	Sets Total <u>C</u> ount	0 to 99	N/A
D	Returns Coder <u>D</u> elay	Sets Coder <u>D</u> elay	0 to FFFF	?
E	Returns <u>E</u> nable Status	Sets <u>E</u> nable On or Off	0 or 1	0
e	Returns <u>E</u> OR Setpoint	Sets EOR Setpoint	0 to 255	3
F	Returns <u>F</u> orward Label Value	Sets <u>F</u> orward Label Count	0 to FF	10 dec.
f	Returns reason for disable.	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	0 to FF	N/A
G	Manual Dispense (<u>G</u> o)	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	N/A	N/A
H	Returns Batch <u>P</u> reset Value	Sets Batch <u>P</u> reset	0 to FFFFFFFF	0
I	Returns <u>I</u> nput Port Status	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	0 to FF	N/A
J	Returns <u>J</u> ig Delay	Sets <u>J</u> ig Delay	0 to 65535	0
j	Returns Jig Hold Delay	Sets Jig Hold Delay	0 to 65535	0
K	Returns Air Blast Time	Sets Air Blast Time	0 to 8191	0
L	Returns <u>L</u> ength Measure Status	Sets <u>L</u> ength Measure On or Off or sets mislab value	0, 1 or 2	0
l	Returns Average <u>L</u> ength	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	0 to FFFF	N/A
M	Returns <u>M</u> aster Speed	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	0 to 1FFFFFFF	N/A
N	Returns Missing Label Status	Sets Missing Label Length	0 to 65535 <3.20 0 to 8	16 5
O	Returns <u>O</u> utput Port Status	Sets <u>O</u> utput Port Bits	0 to FF	N/A
P	Returns Label <u>P</u> osition Value	Sets Label <u>P</u> osition	0 to 65535	0
Q	Manual Stop Dispense (<u>Q</u> uit)	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	N/A	N/A
q	Manual Instant Stop	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	N/A	N/A
R	Returns Selected <u>R</u> amp	Selects Acceleration <u>R</u> amp	0 to 13	4
S	Returns <u>S</u> et Speed	Sets <u>S</u> et Speed	0 to 9999	9743 d
T	Returns <u>T</u> wo Label Spacing Value	Sets <u>T</u> wo Label Spacing	0 to 65535	0
t	Returns <u>T</u> wo Label 1 st Label Advance	Sets <u>T</u> wo Label 1 st Label Advance	0 to 65535	330 dec.
U	Returns Spin <u>U</u> p Delay Value	Sets Spin <u>U</u> p Delay	0 to 65535	0
u	Returns Option Port 3 Status	Sets Option3 Port	00 to FF	0
V	Returns Firmware <u>V</u> ersion	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	A0.00 to Z9.99Z	N/A
v	Returns Serial Number	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	A000000 to Z999999	N/A
W	Returns Option Port Status	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	0 to FF	N/A
w	Returns Option2 Status	Sets Option2 Port	0 to FF	0
X	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	Returns RAM value	0 to 9FF	N/A
Y	Returns Sync Ratio	Sets Sync Ratio	0 to 255	128 dec
Z	Returns Internal Port Status	Sets Internal Port Output Bits	0 to FF	N/A
[Returns ?<BELL><CR>	Write data to RAM location	0,0 to 9FF,FF	N/A
Any Other	Returns ?<BELL><CR>	Returns ?<BELL><CR>		

Option Port Assignment

Option Number	Jumper Number	Description	Notes
1	J24	Address Bit One	Refer address selection table
2	J25	Address Bit Two	Refer address selection table
3	J26	Address Bit Three	Refer address selection table
4	J27	Coder Type Select	On = Moving Type ¹
5	J28	Enable State On Power Up Select	On = Enabled at power up
6	J29	Select Direct coupled motor or 2:1 belt drive (Prior to 5.05C was SIG)	On = Direct, Off = 2:1 belt drive (Was on for SIG) Also On is 20 pulses per millimetre, Off is 33.
7	J30	Speed Compensation Factor	On = Apply for Servodrives
8	J31	Product Sensor Gate	On = Gate sig Req'd on IN2.

Input Port Assignment

Input Number	Description	Terminal Number	Notes
1	Colour Sensor	5	Orient Mode Only
2	Jig In Sensor / Prod Gate	6	Orient Mode / J31 / 'w' command
3	End of Reel Proximity	7	Refer to the 'e' & 'w' commands
4	Printer OK	8/12	Terminal 12 only available with Opt. /G
5	Servo OK	8/12	Used in Commander systems (J22 1-2)
6	Disable (Bussed Fault In)	8/12	Linked to Output 7 by J34
7	Product Sensor	9	Product detection Sensor
8	Gap Sensor	10	Label Gap Sensor

Output Port Assignment

Output Number	Description	Terminal Number	Notes
1	Coder	13	Refer to Note 1
2	Servo Enable	14	
3	Missing Label	15	On = Missing label Fault
4	Jig Solenoid	16/4	
5	Air Blast	16/4	
6	Air Assist	16/4	
7	Bussed Fault Out	16/4	
8	Out 8	3	No signal assigned yet

¹ When moving type coder is selected and enabled via the D command, the output will come on just after the acceleration has completed and turn off just after the label stops. The opposite will occur when this jumper is off.

Internal Port Assignment

Bit Number	Description	Notes
0	PC0	Connector EXP2 Pin 5
1	PC1	Connector EXP1 Pin 10
2	PC2	Connector EXP1 Pin 8
3	PC3	Connector J36 Pin 1
4	Red LED	0 = LED On
5	Option Port Load Output	1 = Load enabled
6	RS-485 Receive Enable Output	0 = Receiver enabled
7	Not on MCU	

Synchronisation Value Table

Sync Percent	Value in Dec	Value in Hex	Sync Percent	Value in Dec	Value in Hex
50	255	FF	160	80	50
60	213	D5	170	75	4B
70	183	B7	180	71	47
80	160	A0	190	67	43
90	142	8E	200	64	40
100	128	80	250	51	33
110	116	74	300	42	2A
120	106	6A	400	32	20
130	98	62	600	21	15
140	91	5B	800	16	10
150	85	55			

To calculate the value to use with the Y command, use the following formula:

$$Y \text{ value} = 12800 / \text{Sync in percent}$$

Address Selection Table

Bit 3 J26	Bit 2 J25	Bit 1 J24	Address
Off	Off	On	1
Off	On	Off	2
Off	On	On	3
On	Off	Off	4
On	Off	On	5
On	On	Off	6
On	On	On	7
Off	Off	Off	8

InStep Jumper Descriptions

Jumper	Description	Default
J1 to J8	These three point jumpers select the polarity of the signal required to operate the inputs. Jump 1 to 2 for sinking (NPN) type input devices. Jump 2 to 3 for sourcing (PNP) type input devices. J1 to J6 correspond to input 1 to 6 respectively. J7 is for the product sensor input. J8 is for the label sensor input.	1 to 2 jumpered
J9 and J10	These jumpers are set to match the type of output driver IC installed in position IC9. Jump both 1 to 2 for NPN type IC (ULN2801A Rev. 0) Jump both 2 to 3 for PNP type IC (Not available on Rev. 0) Note: jumpers must be set correctly or damage will result!	1 to 2 jumpered
J11 and J12	These jumpers connect the transmit and receive signals between the RS 485 driver IC and the microcontroller. They are always installed except when an option card connects to these pins	1 to 2 jumpered linked by a track on rear side.
J13 and J14	J13 connects signal TXA to RXA on the serial port connectors. J14 connects signal TXB to RXB on the serial port connectors. These are both jumpered for 2 wire half-duplex RS485 comms and both off for 4 wire full duplex RS485/RS422 comms. Rev. 1 PCB's do not have this jumper, it is permanently jumpered.	1 to 2 jumpered
J15 and J16	These jumpers connect a resistive termination network to the receive lines of the serial port connectors. These are both jumpered to connect the termination network. Note: The termination network should only be connected in the last unit connected to the RS485/RS422 network. Rev. 1 PCB's do not have this jumper, R11 to R13 must be soldered in to provide network termination now.	Jumpers off
J17 to J20	These jumpers connect output signals OUT4, OUT5, OUT6 and OUT7 to either output terminal 16 (OUTA) or terminal 4 (OUTB). As there are insufficient terminals for all the signals available, these jumpers allow the user to choose which signals are brought out to the terminals. Jumpering 1 to 2 brings the respective signal out on OUTA and jumpering 2 to 3 connects it to OUTB. Beware of possible conflict with inputs if J38 is 2 to 3.	J17, 1 to 2 jumpered J20, 2 to 3 jumpered J18 and J19 jumpers off
J21 to J23	These jumpers connect input terminals 8 (INA) and 12 (INB) to either input signal IN4, IN5 or IN6. As there are insufficient terminals for all the signals available, these jumpers allow the user to choose which signals are connected to the terminals. Jumpering 1 to 2 connects the respective signal to INA and jumpering 2 to 3 connects it to INB. When differential STEP out is fitted (normally is) pin 3 of J21 to J23 is not fitted as this is used for differential output. Rev. 1 is different.	J21, 1 to 2 jumpered J22, jumper off J23, jumper off If used with commander then J22 only is jumpered 1 to 2.
J24 to J31	These jumpers select various software options. These options may change with the software version. Refer to separate table for usage	Refer to option port table.
J32 and J33	These jumpers are set to match the polarity of the output of the master encoder connected to terminal 11. Jumper J32 and J33 1 to 2 for NPN output encoders. Jumper J33 2 to 3 and J32/1 to J33/1 for PNP output encoders. These pins are not fitted unless option /G is ordered.	J32, 1 to 2 jumpered J33, 1 to 2 jumpered
J34	This jumper when installed connects IN6 to OUT7 for a bussed fault line to use between multiple units. Ensure J6 is set to match output IC if this jumper is fitted. J34 is actually pins 1 & 2 of P6. Rev. 1 PCB's have this linked via a track on the rear.	Installed

J36	Used to route additional signals to Rev. 1 Exp. Board only.	Not Fitted
J37	When set 1-2 routes signal TCMP through the output driver and on to terminal 3 for use as an NPN STEP output. If fitted 2-3 the PB7 signal is connected to produce OUT8 on term. 3.	If option /G, 1 to 2 otherwise 2 to 3.
J38	Rev. 1 PCB's only and is wrongly marked J34 (near R11). Routes pin 3 of J21 to J23 to either OUTA (1 to 2) or INB/STEPA (2 to 3)	Jumpered 1 to 2 by a track on rear of PCB

InStepIV Terminal Descriptions

Terminal Number	Terminal Name	Description	Comment
1	+24V	Connect a 12 to 28 volt power supply to this terminal to provide the InStep module with power.	
2	0V	This is the 0 volt reference terminal for the power supply and the I/O terminals.	
3	OUT8 /G = STEP	This is a general purpose output as yet unassigned. If /G option it is STEP output.	Polarity depends on IC9 Refer to jumper J37
4	OUTB	This is an output terminal. Its function depends on jumpers J17 to J20. Polarity depends on IC9.	J17 2 to 3 equals OUT4 J18 2 to 3 equals OUT5 J19 2 to 3 equals OUT6 J20 2 to 3 equals OUT7
5	IN1	Product Sensor 2 input.	J1 controls polarity
6	IN2	Jig In/Product Gate input.	J2 controls polarity
7	IN3	End of Reel input	J3 controls polarity
8	INA	This is an input terminal. Its function depends on jumpers J21 to J23	J21 1 to 2 equals IN4 J22 1 to 2 equals IN5 J23 1 to 2 equals IN6
9	PRODSENS	This is the product sensor input terminal.	J7 controls polarity
10	GAPSENS	This is the label gap sensor input terminal.	J8 controls polarity
11	Step A/ /G = ENC	This is the differential step output A. If option /G this is the master encoder input terminal.	J32 and J33 control polarity
12	Step A/ /G = INB	This is the differential step output A/ If option /G is fitted it is INB. Its function depends on jumpers J21 to J23. J21-23 pin 3 not fitted without /G	J21 2 to 3 equals IN4 J22 2 to 3 equals IN5 J23 2 to 3 equals IN6
13	OUT1	Printer output.	Polarity depends on IC9
14	OUT2	Servo Enable/Stepper Boost output.	Polarity depends on IC9
15	OUT3	Missing Label output	Polarity depends on IC9
16	OUTA	This is an output terminal. Its function depends on jumpers J17 to J20. Polarity depends on IC9.	J17 1 to 2 equals OUT4 J18 1 to 2 equals OUT5 J19 1 to 2 equals OUT6 J20 1 to 2 equals OUT7

Buss Connector Descriptions

Terminal Number	Terminal Name	Description
1	Enc. A	Master Encoder Input RS-485 channel A.
2	Enc. A/	Master Encoder Input RS-485 channel A/.
3	0V	0 volts reference.
4	485A	RS-485 communications A side.
5	485B	RS-485 communications B side.

Note: Buss connector not accessible with option /G
Pin 1 is at top (nearest screw terminal 1 to 4)

InStep Labelling Modes and Sequence Chart

Step No.	Step	Comments
1	Product Input On	All modes except Jig Only/Orient and Man Dispense
2	Product Gate Input On ²	Only if selected on option port (InStep I J31 or InStep II bit 7)
3	Jig Delay	Jig Control Mode Only ³ (Jig Delay > 0)
4	Jig Solenoid Output On	Jig Control Mode Only (Jig Delay > 0)
5	Jig In Input Off ^{4,5} (Jig In)	Jig modes only (Jig Only/Orient Mode starts here) (S U D > 0)
6	Spin Up Delay ⁶	Orient jig mode only (Spin Up Delay > 1)
7	Colour Sensor/Prod 2 Input ⁷	Orient jig mode only (Spin Up Delay > 1)
8	Label Position Delay	All modes except manual release
9	Air Blast Output On	Air Blast Mode Only (Man Dispense starts here) (AB Time > 0)
10	Air Blast Time	Air Blast Mode Only (Air Blast Time > 0)
11	Air Blast Output Off	Air Blast Mode Only (Air Blast Time > 0)
12	Air Assist Output On	All modes
13	Acceleration	All modes (Except 2 nd label of two label set)
14	Printer Output Off/On	Only if Printer enabled (D > 1) (Off/On selected on option port)
15	Run in Sync or Set Speed	All modes
16	Gap Sensor Input On	All modes
17	Label Advance	All modes (Gets setting from t command on 1 st label of 2 label)
18	Air Assist Output Off	All modes
19	Two Label Spacing Delay	Two Label Mode Only (Two Label Spacing > 0)
20	Back to step 9 on first pass	Two Label Mode Only (Two Label Spacing > 0)
21	Deceleration	All modes (Not done on 1 st label of 2 label set)
22	Knife Down On/Up Off	Knife Mode Only (Option2 bit 4 on and Knife Down Time > 0)
23	Knife Down Time	Knife Mode Only (Option2 bit 4 on and Knife Down Time > 0)
24	Knife Up On/Down Off	Knife Mode Only (Option2 bit 4 on and Knife Down Time > 0)
25	Jig Hold Delay	Jig Control Mode Only (Jig Delay > 0)
26	Jig Solenoid Output Off	Jig Control Mode Only (Jig Delay > 0)
27	Printer Output On/Off	Only if Printer enabled (D > 1) (Off/On selected on option port)
28	Product Input Enabled	Only if labelling still enabled (E = 1)

² If selected, the Gate Input must be on at the instant of the product sensor coming on or the sequence will restart. Therefore, the timing is always controlled by the Product Sensor Input.

³ When using Jig Control Mode you must select either Jig Only or Orient Jig Mode as well. If not, the sequence will stall after the Jig Solenoid is turned on.

⁴ The sense of the Jig In Sensor Input has been changed so that off = jig in. This was done to allow the use of a more standard N.O. proximity sensor in the orient jig mechanism.

⁵ Because the Product Gate and Jig In share the same input, it is not practical to have both enabled at the same time. However, this is not normally a limitation as gating is usually only used on a rotary type machine where an orientation jig cannot be fitted

⁶ The Spin Up Delay is used to ensure the product is spinning smoothly in the jig before the Colour Sensor/Prod 2 is enabled. This prevents false triggers from the Colour Sensor.

⁷ Sending at least a semicolon followed by the address over serial port while waiting for the colour sensor input to be activated will cause the sequence to reset without dispensing. This was changed in version I5.04N, now you need to send either the disable command (E0) or the manual dispense command (G) to release a jig waiting for the colour sensor to operate. Additionally you may force open the jig or re-activate the product sensor to cause an orientation error as before.

Serial Communication Sockets Pin Descriptions (Option /G only)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Comment
1	GND	0 volt or ground	
2	TXA	Transmit positive side	Transceive positive side if J13 installed
3	TXB	Transmit negative side	Transceive negative side if J14 installed
4	RXA	Receive positive side	Same as pin 2 if J13 installed
5	RXB	Receive negative side	Same as pin 3 if J14 installed
6	GND	0 volt or ground	

Note: Both serial communication sockets are wired together pin for pin. Two are provided to aid daisy chaining multiple units together. Pin 1 is the leftmost when looking at a plug with the cable leading away from you and the contacts facing down. When viewing the sockets, pin 1 is the one nearest terminals 9 to 12.

Servodrive Connections

InStep Signal	InStep Terminal	Signal Description	Mitsu J3-A CN1 Signal	Mitsu J3-A CN1 Terminal		
SERVENA	14	Servo Enable	SON	15		
Step A	11	Step positive side	PP	10		
Step A/	12	Step negative side	PG	11		
+24V	1	Power in positive	DICOM	20, 21		
0V	2	0 volt or ground	DOCOM	46, 47		
ServoOK	8 (J22 1-2)	Servo Healthy	ALM	48		

Note: The correct pulse multiplier in the Mitsubishi J3 servodrive is 109 for direct drives and 131 for 2:1 drives. This is often implemented in the servodrive as PA06:PA07 10900:100 or 131:1. Direct drives with version I5.05C to P used 65.53:1, implemented as 6553:100. The speed compensation tables are optimised for these values only. Refer to jumper J29 to select which table is in use.

Red LED Flash Codes

Red LED Status	Description	'f' Command
Off	Servo Enabled with no faults present	00
On	Servo Disabled and never been enabled since power on.	FF
1 Flash	Disabled via serial command 'E0'.	01
2 Flashes	Disabled due to missing label fault.	02*
3 Flashes	Disabled due to fault input being turned on.	04
4 Flashes	Disabled due to printer error being indicated	08
5 Flashes	Insufficient advance to allow for deceleration and speed compensation. Increase advance value or run slower.	10*
6 Flashes	Disabled due to Servo/Stepper Error	20
7 Flashes	Disabled due to End of Reel Detected	40
8 Flashes	Disabled due to Orientation Error	80

Note: The LED flashing feature is yet to be implemented. At present the LED simply indicates the enabled status, use the 'f' command query to determine cause.

* As of I5.06 the value returned by the 'f' command has two bytes the lower byte remains as above. The upper byte is as follows: Bit 0 indicates that the 't' command value is insufficient rather than the 'A' value when the lower code is 10. Bit 1 is dispense too long when lower byte is 02. Bit 2 is four simulations in a row when lower byte is 02. Note that versions prior to 5.06C return the two bytes in the incorrect order!

Hardware Modifications

In order to provide for special installations there are certain hardware modifications identified by a letter in the Options field of the device's label. They are described here. The InStepIV is also available in the "Plus" version as with the older InStep. This enclosure has 24 terminals and its own options described by a number. Please refer to the old InStep Plus manual for details on these options.

Option A

Special Additional card that plugs onto EXP1 and EXP2

It provides scaling from 0 to 10V to 0 to 3.3V and buffering.

The signal leaves the option PCB through pin 9 of EXP1 which is PB7 or AD7

Because of this J37 can not be 2-3.

Analogue signal comes in differently depending on whether the InStep is /G or not.
333/Orlando Webmaster uses /G so here the analogue signal comes in on EXP2/8 or Term 12 INB and so J21 to J23 can't use 2-3.

Later Webmasters (Hidec) use differential output so INB is taken for this purpose.

Therefore the input now comes in on J17+J18 pin3 or OUTB Term4

This now means no 2-3 on J17 to J20

Firmware is the same.

Option B

This is a wire link from IN5 to IRQ done by linking IC8/16 to the via near MPU/11.

This is for Webmaster splice loop for the head speed input as the KBI interrupts are more complex because of the two gap sensors.

Option C

This is for new Tagger feeder and knife versions it links IN1 to IRQ by linking P8(EXP2)/7 to nearest via.

This is because there are 3 interrupt sources on these which used to be prod/gap on IRQ and IN1 on KBI. Now prod/gap is KBI and IN1 is IRQ. Also for Tetra Pak belt feeder on rotary.

Option D

This is for Webmaster splice InStep (when differential out used not /G)

Later in Webmaster development when only Hidec and Orlando and 333's existed, a link was added from OUT6 of splice InStep to PROD input of headloop InStep. This caused a problem on non-/G type in that OUT6 could not come out of OUTB. All other outputs are used up. So this link between J37/2 and R9/6 was added to all to keep them the same. Not actually required on /G. Comes out on OUTB with J19 2-3.

Wire link is from InStep 1(splice) to InStep 3(headloop) b1/3 to b3/9 on Hidec which is non-/G. B1/4 to b3/9 at 333's

InStep IV Version Update Summary

Version I5.00 - 17/10/2005

Changes: First released version. None in use.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.00D - 25/06/2006

Changes: None.

Fixes: Has several I5.01 fixes as they were discovered here.

Additions: Special version that has a direction output for a Tetra-Pak machine.

Version I5.01A - 06/07/2006

Special version for label head of WebMaster, has pulse output for average web speed calculation. Based on I5.00 and I 3.25A

Changes: First applied version.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.02S - 18/07/2006

Special version for WebMaster Splice Loop control, based on I5.00

Changes: First applied version.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.02H - 24/07/2006

Special version for WebMaster head loop control, based on I5.00.

Changes: First applied version.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.01 - 11/08/2006

Changes: Changed TXENA to end of transmit delay, now is Hi-Z during delay. Changed default missing label from 16 to 48 to maintain old actual length.

Fixes: Fixed a problem with FIXED command. Corrected incorrect polarity in signals to read option port. Fixed problem with stopped detection caused by now frequency out is 2 times input.

Additions: Rough version of speed compensation table added for 700W J3A servo. Uses old MR-C jumper setting. Is roughly suitable for 400W J3A as well.

Version I5.02A - 02/09/2006

See I5.01A

Changes: TXENA change and missing label change as per I5.01.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Speed compensation table as per I5.01.

Version I5.02 - 25/09/2006

Changes: Changed default values for set speed and advance. Set speed changed to 120 hex and advance changed to 190 decimal.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03S - 28/09/2006

Special version for WebMaster Splice Loop control, based on I5.02S.

Changes: None.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Added special purpose output to signal head loop In Step that the dancer arm is too high and it should stop. Implemented on output 6 (Air Assist) but linked across to OUT8 so signal exits on terminal 3.

Version I5.03H - 28/09/2006

Special version for WebMaster head loop control, based on I5.02H.

Changes: None.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Added special purpose input to stop movement when it is on. Implemented on Product Sensor input (Terminal 9)

Version X 5.00i - 21/10/2006

Changes: Special version for tagger infeed.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03y - 26/10/2006

Changes: Special version for first J3 type tagger. Use normal version with w80 command now. This one had forced output frequency = input frequency.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version X 5.00FK - 26/10/2006

Changes: Special version for taggers with J3 servos. Has assemble time switch for feeder or knife.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03 - 15/11/2006

Changes: Changed bit 7 of the 'w' command to make output frequency equal to input frequency (normally is double). This bit was for End of Reel mode in a Servotron.
Missing Label now changes type above 127 rather than above 63

Fixes: Red LED now correct if enable at power on selected on option port.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03T - 28/11/2006

Changes: Has two speed dispense for labels longer than pitch. Built on top of I5.03A. For 333's

Fixes: Removed redundant timer 2 interrupt service routine and vector. Needs doing in others!

Additions: None.

Version I5.04S - 19/12/2006

Changes: New version of loop controller for single loop WebMaster. For Cerebos machine

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.02B - 21/12/2006

Changes: Print signal activates on both labels of two label set. This is built on I5.02A and is for WebMaster with barcode checking to confirm front/back set over the join.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05S - 15/01/2007

Changes: New version of loop controller for single loop WebMaster. For Coastal Springs machine. This is really a continuation of development of 5.04S as first machine shipped before development finished. Both machines are now 5.05S

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.02C - 12/03/2006

Changes: Speeds up manual dispense over that of 5.02B on which this is based. Same change as 5.02 to 5.03.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.06S - 20/04/2007

Changes: None.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Added missing label type checking after end of reel detected. Web only travels about 2 metres before faulting on missing label. This is to handle dirty end of web sensors and false end of reel detection. This is for single loop type Webmaster loop control only!

Version I5.07S - 25/04/2007

Changes: Changed master speed calculation to a moving average type. This is to get faster startup of loop when web restarts after stopping, also gives smoother operation. . This is for single loop type Webmaster loop control only!

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.02D - 26/04/2007

Based on I5.02C

Changes: Sets missing label length to default when measuring turned on. This is to allow longer labels than currently taught to be taught in. Also gives a way to turn gap skip off. This version is for WebMaster head only at this stage. Supersedes I5.02C

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03t - 07/08/2007

Note: This is different from version I5.03T!

Changes: None.

Fixes: Based on I5.03. Has changes to eliminate false interrupts caused by noise. This often shows up as labels being dispensed on power up/down of machine's Estop circuit.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03u - 15/08/2007

Changes: None.

Fixes: Based on I5.03t. Has changes to fix red LED status at power up. Prior to this LED could power up off instead of on. After initial enable it functioned OK.

Additions: None.

Version I5.03v - 24/09/2007

Changes: Based on I5.03u. Adds change shown at I5.02D above to the current standard version

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.04 - 26/10/2007

- Changes:** Changes made to allow new 'A' version of the S08GT16 MPU to be used. All temporary variables now implemented on the stack. All InStepII references removed
- Fixes:** None.
- Additions:** Communications acknowledge and checksum added. End of Reel detection added from Servotron. Now if send G when stopped in sync mode will auto flip to set speed.

Version I5.04A – 12/11/2007

- Changes:** None.
- Fixes:** Acknowledge of 'D' and 'S' command fixed. Removed attempted acknowledge of 'E' command when setting mode. Fixed bug in 'j' command that would erase 'w' setting. Fixed ACK from 'G' command now sent at finish of label, 'G' is ignored if label moving in ACK mode. Fixed an issue when changing from U1 to U>1.
- Additions:** 'M' command response now has stopped status in first digit returned.

Version I5.04F – 16/04/2008 including B, C, E (D was a special)

- Changes:** (B) Changed servo error so only tested when enabled, allows polarity to be set without error. (C) Changed bussed fault in to like before 3.12B to allow reset while fault still present. (F) stops faults, bussed fault in and printer error from occurring when head is disabled. Prevents unnecessary messages on second commander keypad and also stops head form being enabled when these faults are reset.
- Fixes:** (E) Fixes an old problem where there was no manual dispense while waiting for jig closure with no jig control mode.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.04G - 26/09/2008

- Changes:** Based on I5.04F. Set or manual dispense speed rescaled to allow a higher maximum speed to be specified by the S command. 9999 now is equal to 32 (was 110).Default speed same as before as it is set in hexadecimal.
- Fixes:** None.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.04H - 9/12/2008

- Changes:** Based on I5.04G. Changed method of bailing out of an orientation jig operation where the colour scanner fails to detect the mark. Was just header found (just send a ;), now need to send at least the semicolon followed by the actual address of this module
- Fixes:** None.
- Additions:** Added orientation error like on Servotron. Mainly for when used with the Commander keypad. Requires bit 1 of the 'w' command to be set to work. Causes a disable and sets fault output if product sensor is reactivated while jig is closed.

Version I5.04T - 2/03/2009 - Special

- Changes:** None.
- Fixes:** None.
- Additions:** Based on I5.04H. Adds two speed dispense mode like older I5.03T. Old version was always on two speed. This one needs to be turned on with t and H commands.

Version I5.04J - 23/03/2009

- Changes:** None.
- Fixes:** Based on I5.04H. Fixes problem where there is actually one more advance pulse done than specified.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.05 - 23/03/2009

Changes: Based on I5.04H. Changes handling of H register where it is always assumed to be dirty. Changes the way acceleration and deceleration works to provide for more gentle curves to aid in very high speed machines. Incomplete! Not released.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.04K - 23/03/2009 - Special

Changes: Based on I5.04H. Changes where in the cycle the position delay starts when in straightening jig mode. The delay starts together with the Jig Delay. This was done as an experiment for the Paradise Beach machine.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.04L - 30/03/2009

Changes: None.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Based on I5.04H. Adds a label counter that counts to 99 and add back in the C command to set the counter value. Fails in conjunction with orientation jig mode.

Version I5.04N - 30/04/2009

Changes: Based on I5.04L. Changes the orient cycle part of the code. Introducing the counter polling from the Commander keypad caused issues with full orientation jig mode. The counter polling would release the jig and cancel the cycle. Now the colour sensor detection is done with interrupts to avoid these problems. Now the only ways to cancel a jig cycle where the colour sensor does not detect a mark are, force open the jig, cause orientation error by re-triggering the product sensor or sending the E0 command. Also the 'G' command will release a label and complete the jig cycle.

Fixes: Changes response to a further semicolon received before the previous line is handled. Now the line received bit is cleared to start completely over.

Additions: None.

Version I5.04P - 25/05/2009

Changes: None.

Fixes: A problem where if the checksum happens to equal “;” then it is taken as the header and not as the checksum. This has been an issue in all checksum versions to date.

Additions: Based on I5.04N. Adds a field for the senders' address in the communication protocol.

Version I5.04R - 23/07/2009

Changes: None.

Fixes: Based on I5.04P. Fixes a major problem when version I5.04P is in non-checksum mode. Problem was that only every second command/query is received. It worked correctly if in checksum mode e.g. Commander systems.

Additions: None.

Version I5.04S - 24/09/2009

Changes: None.

Fixes: Based on I5.04R. Fixes a problem in version I5.04N, P & R when used in orient jig mode. Also fixes another issue that has been around for a while, where if you end a orient jig sequence that fails to find the mark with a manual dispense, the next sequence is not done correctly.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05A - 09/02/2010

Changes: Based on I5.04S and I5.05. Changes acceleration curves to all linear profiles and expands the range available to 14. This version adds all of the I5.05 changes on top of version I5.04S. Also changes the reaction to a drive fault. Previously the drive was only disabled at the end of the label move now it is stopped and disabled instantly which aids in resetting some drives.

Fixes: Adds the advance fix from version I5.04J

Additions: None.

Version I5.05B - 23/02/2010

Changes: Based on I5.05A. Changes the default acceleration curve selected from 3 to 4. This more closely approximates the default curve of 3 in the older setup.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05C - 26/02/2010

Changes: Based on I5.05B. Changes the speed compensation table selected when J29 is fitted. Prior to this version, installing J29 selected a table optimised for a SIG servodrive with a 2:1 belt drive to the nip roller. Now the selected table is set up for the same 400W Mitsubishi servomotor as without J29 but direct drive to the nip roller rather than 2:1 belt drive.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05T - 18/03/2010 - Special

Changes: Based on I5.05C. Special two speed dispense version made for Parmalat rotary. Adds functionality from I5.03T to the current version with new accel etc.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05D - 06/04/2010

Changes: Based on I5.05C. Since I3.07, when in two label mode, no deceleration was performed at the end of dispense of the first label and no acceleration was performed at the beginning of the second label. This was done to allow small gaps between the two labels and overcome the different amount of deceleration done at different speeds. This is a problem when a stepper drive is utilised and so this version re-introduces deceleration and acceleration between the two labels with its inherent side effects.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05E - 24/06/2010

Changes: None.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Based on I5.05D. Adds Blanking Mode. This mode is selected by setting "J" to 1 and setting the desired blanking length in the "j" command. The blanking length starts at the end of the label dispense and delays the enabling of the product sensor until this length is finished. Also when this mode is selected, the product sensor is re-confirmed to be on at the completion of the product delay. This prevents false triggers especially ones made while the machine is paused.

Version I5.05F - 4/08/2010

Changes: Based on I5.05E. Changes to a separate "sent senders address" flag. Previously was a common flag for send and receive. Assists when used in multi master mode. Only relevant when checksums are enabled which causes sender address to be added to communications.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05G - 12/12/2010

Changes: None.

Fixes: Based on I5.05F. Fixed problem with debounce delay of gap enable. Now works like product sensor input only delays if required and rechecks gap sensor status before re-enabling. This has the effect that if the gap sensor is set to the wrong polarity it will never enable at higher speeds with normal labels (narrow gaps).

Additions: None.

Version I5.05H - 26/01/2011

Changes: None.

Fixes: Fixes a problem where a false gap trigger would cause a missing label now it resets and retries.

Additions: Based on I5.05G. Add a gate function to the Gap sensor. This is activated by bit 0 of the w command. When activated input two must be on before the gap signal is accepted.

Version I5.05J - 16/02/2011

Changes: Based on I5.05H. Stops label sequence from starting by the product scanner while the master is stopped. Also does auto-teach of the missing label setting. Changed default 'F' command value to 107 to match new decel introduced in I5.05A. Also change default advance "A" to 330 to allow for all of speed compensation and decel.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05K - 5/03/2011

Changes: None.

Fixes: Fixes faulty speed compensation on first label of a two label set which has existed for a long time. Fixed problem where two label mode does not work in conjunction with jig control mode which has existed since I5.05D.

Additions: Based on I5.05H. Add a rewind enable output in place of missing label fault output when communication checksums are enabled. This output will disable instantly on E0 always, where the servo enable may remain on until the current dispense is complete.

Version I5.05L – 29/03/2011 be careful of special versions with different values of HWIDTH!

Changes: Based on I5.05J&K combined. Removed the "L2" command and associated code as this is replaced by the auto teaching method. A change was made internally (HWIDTH) that makes high speed operation more stable and less prone to the drive stuttering under certain conditions, unfortunately this also reduces the maximum speed achievable.

Fixes: Fixes speed compensation on first label of two label set. Fixed a problem where the decel value forward was not applied to the advance value

Additions: Adds the changes made in J version to the K version.

Version I5.05W - 29/03/2011 - Special

Changes: Based on I5.05L. Adds the Webmaster specific changes from I5.04W on top of I5.05L and then applies some special customisations for the Hidec Webmaster. If used elsewhere then these customisations should probably be removed.

Fixes: None.

Additions: None.

Version I5.05M - 17/05/2011

Changes: Based on I5.05L. Fixed pull mode selection that was taken from Option 2 bit 0 in version I5.05H is reinstated at the new Option Port 3.

Fixes: None.

Additions: Adds the 'u' command for Option Port 3.

Version I5.05X - 18/03/2011 - Special

- Changes:** Based on I5.05L. Removes the special customisations from I5.05W. So it is L with Webmaster mods, can use for any Webmaster.
- Fixes:** None.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.05N - 10/06/2011

- Changes:** None.
- Fixes:** Based on I5.05M. Filters the fault inputs to avoid false triggers leading to disabling of labelling. This problem has only occurred very spasmodically and this modification has not been confirmed to be effective in preventing this issue.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.05P - 29/06/2011

- Changes:** None.
- Fixes:** None.
- Additions:** Based on I5.05N. When the 'N' command is set to 0 the auto-teaching of the missing label length is disabled. At any value other than 0, the auto-teaching is always active.

Version I5.05Q - 08/08/2011

- Changes:** Based on I5.05P. Because of the changes made in version 5.05L the speed compensation table for a direct drive 400W Mitsubishi drive has now been altered to suit a drive scaling of 20 pulses/mm. Prior to this all I5.xx versions were designed for a resolution of 33 pulses/mm. This now allows a much higher maximum web speed to be achieved. The settings in the drive should be (PA06/PA07) 10900/100. The 2:1 speed compensation table is still for a motor with a 33 pulse/mm resolution.
- Fixes:** Prior to this version, when the gap was simulated due to the missing label function the speed compensation was wrongly applied to the advance used. This has been corrected in this version. Now the raw advance value is used after the simulated gap position.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.05S - 26/02/2012

- Changes:** Based on I5.05Q. Due to the change of HWIDTH back in version L the maximum speed was limited. Version Q fixed this for 1:1 drive heads when the jumper J29 is installed, this allows for approximately 75m/min maximum with 20 pulses per millimetre. This version adjusts HWIDTH back to 16 when J29 is not installed. This allows 2:1 drives with 33 pulses per minute to still achieve high speeds for backwards compatibility.
- Fixes:** Adjusts default manual dispense speed to compensate for 20p/mm or 33p/mm depending on J29. Adjust the scaling of the S command as high values generated rates that could not be achieved due to the changes to HWIDTH.
- Additions:** Added the lower case L command to display the average dispense length calculated by the missing label auto setting feature. If the missing label has yet to be calculated the value 0000 is displayed.

Version I5.05V - 28/05/2012

- Changes:** Based on I5.05S. If there is insufficient advance to do deceleration and/or speed compensation a fault is generated and the labeller is disabled. Previously the deceleration or speed compensation was trimmed back to allow it to fit within the advance. This caused speed dependant errors in the stopping position.
- Fixes:** Fixed a problem where if the gapsensor value is set and a real label trailing edge is not seen during the dispense and the gap sensor goes off during the deceleration phase of the dispense the labeller would lock up and not dispense without creating an error.
- Additions:** None.

Version I5.05Y - 20/06/2012

Changes: Based on I5.05V. Change default mislab from 48 to 63.
Fixes: None.
Additions: None.

Version I5.05d - 20/06/2012 - Special

Changes: Based on I5.05Y. Old 500d mods applied to I5.05Y, still for TetraPak turner.
Fixes: None.
Additions: None.

Version I5.05t - 01/08/2012 - Special

Changes: Based on I5.05Y. Old I5.04T mods applied to I5.05Y, still for two speed dispense.
Fixes: None.
Additions: None.

Version I5.06 - 05/08/2012

Changes: Response to 'f' command changed to two bytes to narrow fault down further.
Fixes: Based on I5.05Y. Fixes problem when gap comes in during deceleration phase.
Additions: None.

Version I5.06A - 27/09/2012

Changes: Based on I5.06. Change default mislab from 63 to 80.
Fixes: None.
Additions: None.

Version I5.06B - 23/10/2012

Changes: None.
Fixes: Based on I5.06A. Three consecutive calculations of speed compensation exceeding advance setting are required to trigger a fault. Previously it was one, leading to false trips at low advance and stationary master encoder jitter.
Additions: None.

Version I5.06U - 30/10/2012 - Special

Changes: Based on I5.06B. Old I5.05U mods applied to I5.06B, is special quiet zone for orient jig mode.
Fixes: None.
Additions: None.

Version I5.06C - 03/05/2013

Changes: None.
Fixes: Based on I5.06B. Fix problem with two label first advance tripping on too small a value and fix incorrect response to 'f' command. The bytes were returned in the wrong order since I5.06.
Additions: None.

Version I5.06D - 22/03/2014

Changes: None.
Fixes: None.
Additions: Based on I5.06C. Lowercase 'r' command added.