



"G5" Stainless Steel Disc Brake Owners Manual

# **Stainless Steel Disc Brake Instructions**

The advantages disc brakes have over drum brakes include:

- Greater fade resistance
- Self-adjusting
- · Greater stopping power
- Self-cleaning
- Less maintenance
- . Easy visual inspection without removing any parts

Tie Down Engineering G5 Stainless Steel disc brakes with aluminum caliper have many exclusive features not found on automotive type brakes modified for trailer use. Please visit our web site www.tiedown.com for further information on features and benefits.

G5 Stainless Steel disc brakes are designed to activate when the vehicle's brakes are applied. As the vehicle stops or slows, the momentum of the trailer pushes forward developing pressure in the actuator (master cylinder), used to apply pressure to the brakes.

### **Operating Information**

Read and understand the towing instructions for your tow vehicle, trailer and actuator. Check your trailer frequently for any leaks in the hydraulic system, which includes the actuator, brake lines and brakes.

If the trailer is used in salt water, it is highly recommended that you rinse off the brakes with fresh water after each use to reduce the effects of saltwater corrosion and salt build-up (residue).

Your trailer should tow easily. Disc brakes operate at a higher temperature than drum brakes. This is normal and is very similar to the way disc brakes operate on your vehicle. If for any reason your trailer does not tow easily or wants to veer to one side, stop and investigate immediately and solve the problem.

Towing a trailer (even a trailer with brakes) puts an added load on the tow vehicle's handling and braking capabilities. Do not follow to closely; you will need extra distance to maneuver and to stop.

Towing downhill puts added stress on both the tow vehicle and the trailer. Slow down before you start on an incline and maintain a controlled downhill speed with repeated application of brakes followed by a cooling period when brakes are not applied. It is very important to start off with a slow speed and maintain it rather than trying to slow down from a higher speed. Should you feel the brakes on the trailer or tow vehicle are running hot or showing signs of fade, stop immediately on the side of the road and allow the brakes to cool before resuming your trip.

## **Stainless Steel Disc Brake Instructions**

Should you feel that the tow vehicle brakes or trailer brakes are not working properly; have the tow vehicle and trailer brake system inspected. Make sure your trailer's GVWR is within the tow vehicles capacity. If your trailer has multiple axles, verify that the GVWR of the trailer does not exceed the capacity of the brakes, which is 3750 lbs on 10-inch (5 lug) brakes and 6000 lbs on 12-inch (6 lug) brakes, per axle. Some states require brakes on all axles.

Check with your state laws and the state laws of where you will be using your trailer prior to towing.

After long trips or downhill towing, your brakes could become very hot and it is a good idea to let them cool down before submerging in cold water. The change in temperature of very hot brakes submerged in water creates additional stress on the parts and could cause damage to your brakes.

Pads must be replaced when the friction material is  $3/32^{\circ}\pm$  or less. Original Tie Down Engineering brake pads for the G5 Stainless Steel disc brakes have a ceramic pad material and a stainless steel backing plate that aids in corrosion resistance. Disc brakes require the use of flexible brake lines attached to the caliper. The calipers "float" and should not be used with metal brake lines that will restrict movement and cause overheating or brake failure. If you are replacing existing brakes and using the existing metal brake lines, either replace metal brake lines with a Tie Down Engineering brake line kit or add flexible extensions to the metal lines to connect to the disc brake calipers.

Disc brakes require the use of an actuator designed for disc brakes. If you are replacing drum brakes, you must also change the actuator to a disc brake model. Using a drum brake actuator with disc brakes will cause overheating, loss of braking power and possible brake failure.

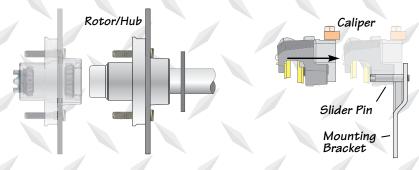
Use DOT 3 brake fluid only. DOT 3 can be labeled as "synthetic".

### DO NOT USE SILICONE BASED BRAKE FLUID.

When backing a trailer with disc brakes, you must have a lockout device on the actuator or preferably an electrically operated solenoid to stop brake pressure to the disc brakes. The solenoid is mounted at the rear of the actuator, between the master cylinder and brake line. The solenoid has a wire that is connected to your back up lights. When the tow vehicle transmission is put in reverse, the reverse light voltage activates the solenoid. This will either stop or redirect the brake fluid to keep the brakes from operating while in reverse.

# "G5" Installation/Replacement Instructions for 9.6" 5-Lug Stainless Steel Disc Brakes

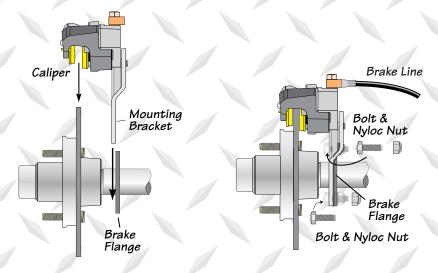
- Elevate the trailer on a level surface using the trailer manufacturer's instructions.
   Always use jack stands for support. Do not depend on a jack to support the trailer.
   Block wheels to keep trailer from rolling.
- 2. If installation is on a completed trailer, remove tire/wheel.
- 3. Disc Brakes require the use of flexible brake lines attached to the caliper. The calipers "float" and should not be used with metal brake lines that will restrict movement and cause overheating or brake failure. If you are replacing existing brakes and have metal brake lines, either replace the metal brake lines with a Tie Down Engineering flexible brake line kit or add flexible extensions to the metal lines to connect to the disc brake calipers.
- Remove existing brakes or hubs. Clean spindles with a soft cloth to remove old grease and containments. Coat the spindle with a light coat of clean oil or grease to allow a smooth installation of the hub/rotor.
- 5. Place the G5 hub/rotor on the spindle. Install the washer and castle nut supplied with your axle, Rotate the hub while tightening the spindle nut to approximately 50 ft lbs. This translates into full hand pressure with a 12" long set of pliers or 12" long wrench.



Install rotor/hub on spindle

Slide caliper onto the slider pins

- 6. Loosen the spindle nut to remove the torque, do not rotate hub.
- 7. Tighten the spindle nut until snug, backing out only to line up the locking tang washer or cotter pin to the first available position.
- 8. Bend the locking tang tab or cotter pin in place.
- 9. Your G5 brakes come with pre-assembled mounting brackets and stainless steel slider pins. D0 NOT REMOVE SLIDER PINS. If the slider pins are removed for any reason the threads must be cleaned and a new coat of "permanent" Loctite® must be applied. Clean and apply Loctite® to threads on the mounting plate. Be careful not to get Loctite® on slider pins or bushings. Torque slider pins to 40 ft. lbs



Slide caliper/mounting bracket over rotor

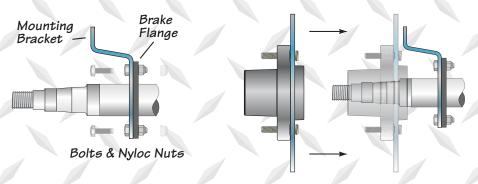
Bolt mounting bracket to the brake flange

- 10. Slide the assembled caliper onto the slider pins. Attach the assembled mounting plate to the brake flanges on the axle, after sliding the caliper over the stainless steel rotor. Preferred positions are 12:00, 9:00 and 3:00 "o-clock" or to the backside. The brake flange will determine the exact positioning. Use 7/16"x 1-1/4" zinc hex bolts, lock nuts/washers and torque to 40 ft. lbs.
- 11. Replace grease cap.
- 12. Caliper has a swivel inlet connector for the brake hose and a stainless steel bleeder valve. The bleeder valve should have the top or highest position on the caliper. Position the swivel brake connector so that the brake line easily connects to the caliper. Tighten the bolt on the swivel connector to 20 ft. lbs.
- 13. Connect the flexible brake line to the swivel connector.
- 14. Repeat this assembly for the other wheels.
- 15. Install tire/wheel assembly(s), tighten wheel nuts to Trailer manufacturer or wheel manufacture's specifications. Test wheel for excessive tightness or excessive play. Re-tension spindle nut if necessary.
- 16. Bleed brakes according to the trailer actuator's instructions.
- 17. Road test vehicle in a safe place before traveling on main roads in traffic.

VERY IMPORTANT,
RE-CHECK LUG NUTS FOR PROPER TORQUE AFTER 25 MILES OF USE.

# "G5" Installation/Replacement Instructions for 12" 6-Lug Stainless Steel Disc Brakes

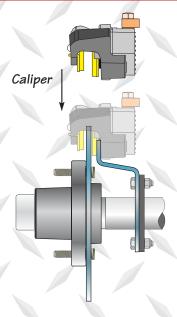
- Elevate the trailer on a level surface using the trailer manufacturer's instructions.
   Always use jack stands for support. Do not depend on a jack to support the trailer.
   Block wheels to keep trailer from rolling.
- 2. If installation is on a completed trailer, remove tire/wheel.
- 3. Disc Brakes require the use of flexible brake lines attached to the caliper. The calipers "float" and should not be used with metal brake lines that will restrict movement and cause overheating or brake failure. If you are replacing existing brakes and have metal brake lines, either replace the metal brake lines with a Tie Down Engineering flexible brake line kit or add flexible extensions to the metal lines to connect to the disc brake calipers.
- 4. Remove existing brakes or hubs. Clean spindles with a soft cloth to remove old grease and containments. Coat the spindle with a light coat of clean oil or grease to allow a smooth installation of the hub/rotor.

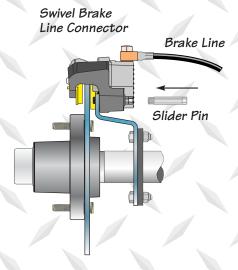


# Bolt the mounting bracket to the front of the brake flange

Install rotor/hub on spindle

- Attach the mounting bracket to the front of the brake flanges on the axle.
   Preferred positions are 12:00, 9:00 and 3:00 "o-clock" or to the backside. The brake flange will determine the exact positioning. Use 7/16"x 1-1/4" zinc hex bolts, lock nuts/washers and torque to 40 ft. lbs.
- 6. Place the G5 hub/rotor on the spindle. Install the washer and castle nut supplied with your axle, Rotate the hub while tightening the spindle nut to approximately 50 ft lbs. This translates into full hand pressure with a 12" long set of pliers or 12" long wrench.
- 7. Loosen the spindle nut to remove the torque, do not rotate hub.
- Tighten the spindle nut until snug, backing out only to line up the locking tang washer or cotter pin to the first available position.
- 9. Bend the locking tang tab or set cotter pin in place.
- 10. Replace dust/grease cap.



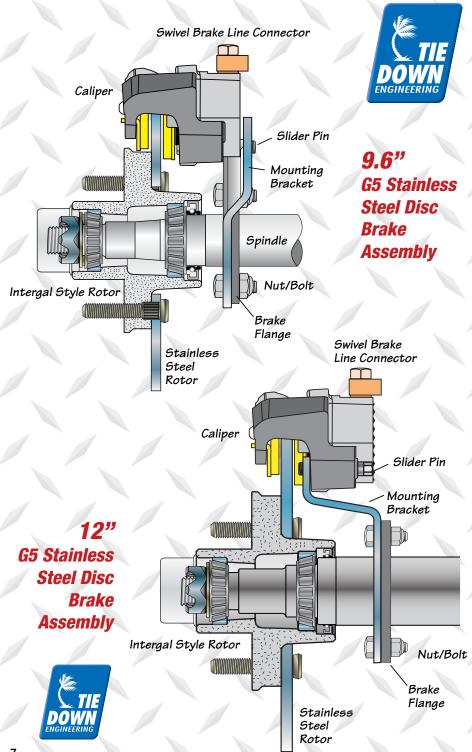


Slide the caliper over the mounting bracket and rotor

Install and tighten the slider pins to 40 ft. lbs. Attach brake lines

- 11. Slide the G5 caliper over the rotor and between both brake pads
- 12. Install slider pins. Clean and apply Loctite® to threads on the mounting plate. Be careful not to get Loctite® on slider pins or bushings. Torque slider pins to 40 ft. lbs. NOTE: The slider pins come pre-coated with Loctite®. If the slider pins are installed then REMOVED for any reason the threads must be cleaned and a new coat of "permanent" Loctite® must be applied.
- 13. Caliper has a swivel inlet connector for the brake hose and a stainless steel bleeder valve. The bleeder valve should have the top or highest position on the caliper. Position the swivel brake connector so that the brake line easily connects to the caliper. Tighten the bolt on the swivel connector to 20 ft. lbs.
- 14. Connect the flexible brake line to the swivel connector.
- 15. Repeat this assembly for the other wheels.
- Install tire/wheel assembly(s), tighten wheel nuts to Trailer manufacturer or wheel manufacture's specifications. Test wheel for excessive tightness or excessive play. Re-tension spindle nut if necessary.
- 17. Bleed brakes according to the trailer actuator's instructions.
- 18. Road test vehicle in a safe place before traveling on main roads in traffic.

VERY IMPORTANT,
RE-CHECK LUG NUTS FOR PROPER TORQUE AFTER 25 MILES OF USE.



# **Replacing Brake Pads**

- Elevate the trailer on a level surface using the trailer manufacturer's instructions.
   Always use jack stands for support. Do not depend on a jack to support the trailer.
   Block wheels to keep trailer from rolling.
- Remove the tire/wheel assembly. Inspect the rotor surface. Check for excessive wear or grooves that may affect braking. Original rotor thickness is .313 in.; minimum thickness is .25 in.
- Inspect brake pads. Minimum thickness is 3/32°±. Pads should be replaced if less then minimum thickness.

### 9.6" G5 Brake Pad Replacement

- 4. Remove the caliper by first removing the four mounting botts from the mounting bracket and brake flange. Lift the mounting bracket and caliper assembly off of the rotor. Be careful to hold the caliper in place so that it does not fall and pull on the brake hose The inside pad is spring loaded in the caliper piston. Pry this pad out gently with a flat blade screwdriver. The outside pad is held in place with a center mounted spring tab. After removing the inside pad, the outside pad can be pulled from the caliper.
- Clean the rotor with a brake cleaning spray. Replace brake pads in the reverse order. For ease of assembly, make sure the piston in the caliper is fully depressed into the caliper.
- 6. Re-attach the mounting bracket to the axle brake flange, sliding the caliper over the rotor. Tighten the four mounting bracket bolts. Torque bolts to 40 lbs.
- 7. Should you remove the slider pins for any reason, clean the threads on the slider bolt and mounting plate and apply a coating of Loctite or similar brand of thread lock. Tighten slider pins to 40 ft lbs. DO NOT REASSEMBLE WITHOUT APPLYING LOCTITE® TO THE SLIDER PIN THREADS AND THE BACKING PLATE. SLIDER PINS WITH OUT LOCKTITE® APPLIED COULD BACK OUT AND CAUSE PERMANENT DAMAGE TO YOUR BRAKES AND TRAILER.

### 12" G5 Brake Pad Replacement

- 4. Remove the caliper by first removing the two slider pins from the mounting bracket. Be careful to hold the caliper in place so that it does not fall and pull on the brake hose. The inside pad is spring loaded in the caliper piston. Pry this pad out gently with a flat blade screwdriver. The outside pad is held in place with a center mounted spring tab. After removing the inside pad, the outside pad can be pulled from the caliper.
- Clean the rotor with a brake cleaning spray. Replace brake pads in the reverse order. For ease of assembly, make sure the piston in the caliper is fully depressed into the caliper.
- 6. Re-attach the caliper to the mounting bracket, sliding the caliper over the rotor. Before installing the slider pins, the threads must be cleaned and a new coat of "permanent" Loctite® must be applied. Clean and apply Loctite® to threads on the mounting plate. Be careful not to get Loctite® on slider pins or bushings. Torque slider pins to 40 ft. lbs.

# 9.6" Stainless Steel Disc Brake Kit

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#	Parts	Part #
1	9.6" Stainless Steel Rotor w/GalvX Hub	46911X
2	Caliper Assembly	46910A
3	Ceramic/Stainless Steel Brake Pads	11351/11350
4	Adjustable Banjo Assembly	11341
	4A Brass Banjo Fitting	11337
	4B Stainless Steel Banjo Bolt	11338
	4C Copper Crush Washer (2)	11339
5	Stainless Steel Bleed Valve(1)	11246SS
6	Stainless Steel Slider Pins (2)	12114
7	Mounting Bracket	44687X
8	Dust Cap	17094
9	Cotter Pin 1/8" x 1-3/4" Zinc	10551
10	Castle Nut - 6 position	10665
10	Castle Nut - 12 position	10634
11	Washer - Flat Spindle 1"	10520
12	Outer Bearing (Cone) 1-1/16" (L44649)	11054
13	Outer Cup (Race) 1-1/16" (L44610)	11055
14	Studs 1/2"- 20 x 2.0" OAL	11123
15	Inner Cup (Race) 1-3/8" (L68111)	11061
16	Inner Bearing (Cone) 1-3/8" (L68149)	11060
17	Oil Seal - Triple Lip 1.719" (171255UC)	11088

# Ceramic Brake Pad Kit (Consumer Aftermarket) Ceramic Brake Pad Kit (OEM) 81114 Caliper Rebuild Kit 4(A, B & C) 3 1 1 1 14 15 16 17

Replacement Kits:

# 12" Stainless Steel Disc Brake Kit

#	Parts	Part #
1	12" Stainless Steel Rotor w/GalvX Hub	46912X
2	Caliper Assembly	46910A
3	Ceramic/Stainless Steel Brake Pads	11351/11350
4	Adapter Port Assembly	11341
	4A Brass Banjo Fitting	11337
	4B Stainless Steel Banjo Bolt	11338
	4C Copper Crush Washer (2)	11339
5	Stainless Steel Bleed Valve (1)	11246SS
6	Stainless Steel Slider Pins (2)	12114
7	Mounting Bracket	44688X
8	Dust Cap	46494
9	Cotter Pin 1/8" x 1-3/4" Zinc	10551
10	Castle Nut - 6 position	10665
10	Castle Nut - 12 position	10634
11	Washer - Flat Spindle 1"	10520
12	Outer Bearing (Cone) 1-1/4" (L15123)	11056
13	Outer Cup (Race) 1-1/4" (L15245)	11066
14	Stud 1/2" - 20 x 2.5" OAL (6)	11133
15	Inner Cup (Race) 1-3/4" (L25520)	11067
16	Inner Bearing (Cone) 1-3/4" (L25580)	11064
17	Oil Seal - Triple Lip 2.25" (225255UC)	11086

# Replacement Kits: Ceramic Brake Pad Kit (Consumer Aftermarket) 81252 Ceramic Brake Pad Kit (OEM) 81114 Caliper Rebuild Kit 46304RB **□**6 ₽ - 4(A, B & C) 10 11 13 12 14 15 16 17



# **G5 Stainless Steel Disc Brake Owners Manual**

For up to date instructions visit the "Marine Downloads" section at: www.tiedown.com



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