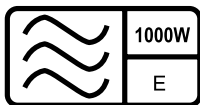
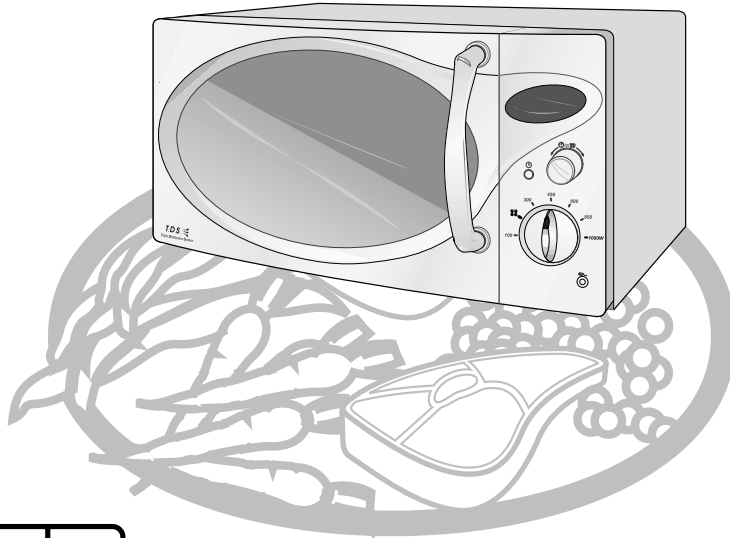


**SAMSUNG**

# MICROWAVE OVEN

## Owner's Instructions and Cooking Guide

**M1927N / M1917N**



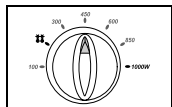
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## Quick Look-up Guide

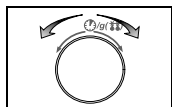
GB

### Model :M1927N

#### *If you want to cook some food*

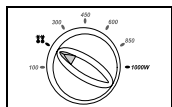


1. Place the food in the oven.  
Select the power level by rotating the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob.

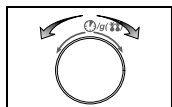


2. Select the cooking time by rotating the **Time/Weight** (🕒/g(🔥🔥)) dial.  
Result : Cooking starts after about two seconds.

#### *If you want to defrost some food*

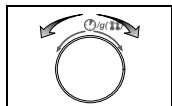


1. Turn the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob to the **Defrost** (🔥🔥) symbol.



2. Turn the **Time/Weight** (🕒/g(🔥🔥)) dial to select the appropriate weight.  
Result : Cooking starts after about two seconds.

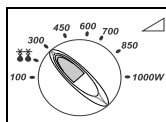
#### *If you want to adjust the cooking time*



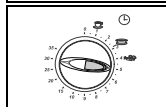
- Leave the food in the oven.  
Turn the **Time/Weight** (🕒/g(🔥🔥)) dial to the desired time  
Result : Cooking starts after about two seconds.

### Model :M1917N

#### *If you want to cook some food*

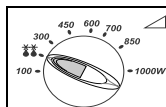


1. Place the food in the oven.  
Select the power level by rotating the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob.

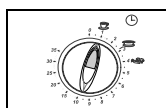


2. Select the cooking time by rotating the **TIMER** knob.

#### *If you want to defrost some food*

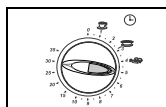


1. Turn the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob to **Defrost** (🔥🔥) symbol.



2. Turn the **TIMER** knob to select the appropriate time.

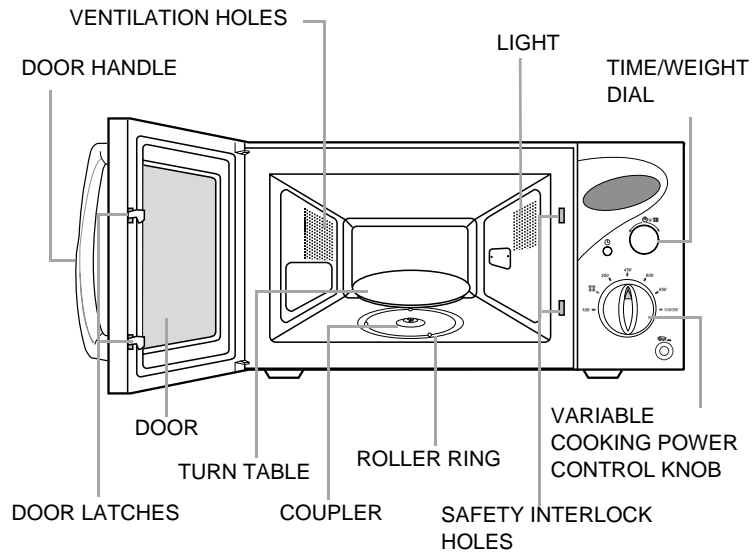
#### *If you want to adjust the cooking time*



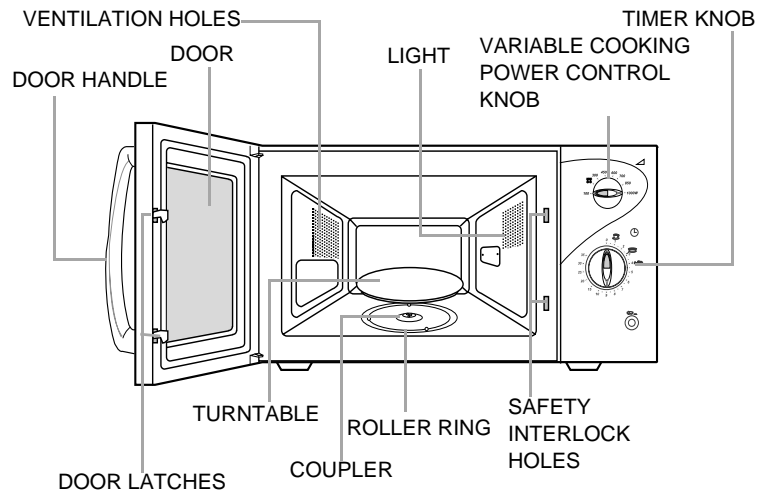
- Leave the food in the oven.  
Turn the **TIMER** knob to desired time.

## Oven

### Model :M1927N



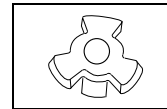
### Model :M1917N



## Accessories

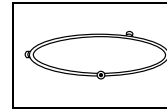
Depending on the model that you have purchased, you are supplied with several accessories that can be used in a variety of ways.

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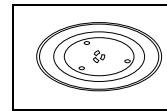
1. **Coupler**, already placed over the motor shaft in the base of the oven.

**Purpose** The coupler rotates the turntable.



2. **Roller ring**, to be placed in the centre of the oven.

**Purpose** The roller ring supports the turntable.



3. **Turntable**, to be placed on the roller ring with the centre fitting to the coupler.

**Purpose** The turntable serves as the main cooking surface; it can be easily removed for cleaning.

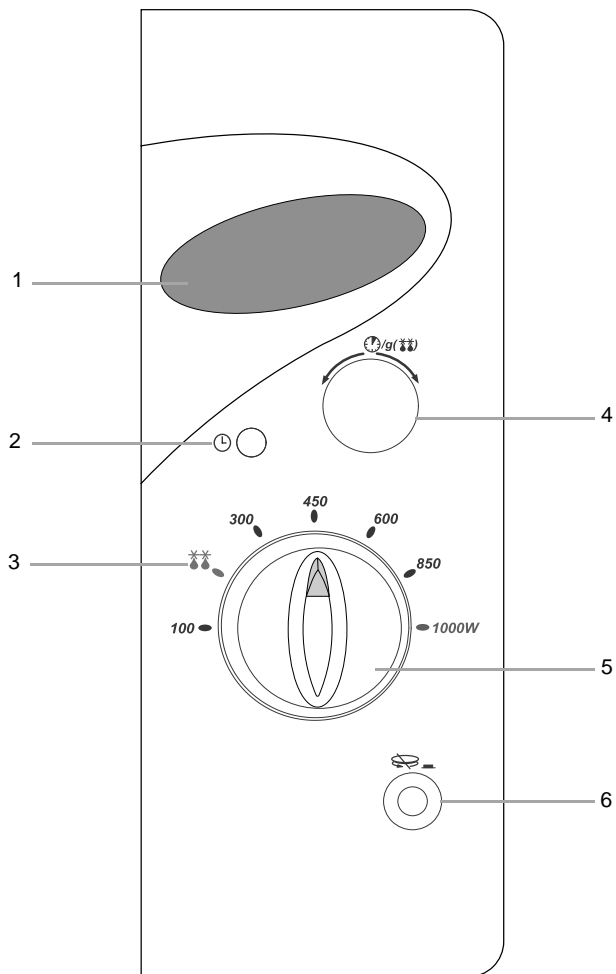


**DO NOT** operate the microwave oven without the roller ring and turntable.

# Control Panel

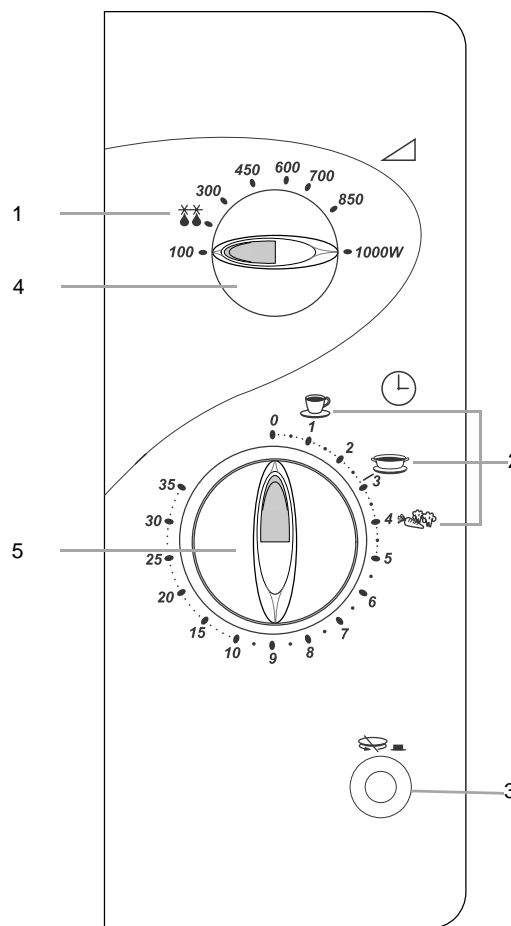
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Model :M1927N



- 1. DISPLAY
- 2. CLOCK SETTING BUTTON
- 3. DEFROST
- 4. TIME/WEIGHT DIAL
- 5. VARIABLE COOKING POWER CONTROL KNOB
- 6. TURNTABLE ON/OFF BUTTON

Model :M1917N



- 1. DEFROST
- 2. INSTANT REHEAT
- 3. TURNTABLE ON/OFF BUTTON
- 4. VARIABLE COOKING POWER CONTROL KNOB
- 5. TIMER KNOB

## Using this Instruction Booklet

You have just purchased a SAMSUNG microwave oven. Your Owner's Instructions contain much valuable information on cooking with your microwave oven:

- *Safety precautions*
- *Suitable accessories and cookware*
- *Useful cooking tips*

Inside the cover you will find a quick look-up guide explaining three basic cooking operations:

- *Cooking food*
- *Defrosting food*
- *Adding extra cooking time*

At the front of the booklet you will find illustrations of the oven, and more importantly the control panel, so that you can find the buttons more easily.

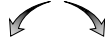
The step-by-step procedures use three different symbols.



**Importante**



**Nota**



**Turn**

### **PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY**

Failure to observe the following safety precautions may result in harmful exposure to microwave energy.

- Under no circumstances should any attempt be made to operate the oven with the door open or to tamper with the safety interlocks (door latches) or to insert anything into the safety interlock holes.
- Do not place any object between the oven door and front face or allow food or cleaner residues to accumulate on sealing surfaces. Ensure that the door and door sealing surfaces are kept clean by wiping after use first with a damp cloth and then with a soft dry cloth.
- Do not operate the oven if it is damaged until it has been repaired by a qualified microwave service technician trained by the manufacturer. It is particularly important that the oven door closes properly and that there is no damage to the:
  - Door, door seals and sealing surfaces
  - Door hinges (broken or loose)
  - Power cable
- The oven should not be adjusted or repaired by anyone other than a properly qualified microwave service technician trained by the manufacturer.

# Safety Precautions

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## Important Safety Instructions.

*Read Carefully and keep for future reference.*

*Before cooking food or liquids in your microwave oven, please check that the following safety precautions are taken.*

- DO NOT** use any metallic cookware in the microwave oven:
  - Metallic containers
  - Dinnerware with gold or silver trimmings
  - Skewers, forks, etc.

Reason: Electric arcing or sparking may occur and may damage the oven.
- DO NOT** heat:
  - Airtight or vacuum-sealed bottles, jars, containers  
Ex) Baby food jars
  - Airtight food.  
Ex) Eggs, nuts in shells, tomatoes

Reason: The increase in pressure may cause them to explode.  
Tip: Remove lids and pierce skins, bags, etc.
- DO NOT** operate the microwave oven when it is empty.  
Reason: The oven walls may be damaged.  
Tip: Leave a glass of water inside the oven at all times.  
The water will absorb the microwaves if you accidentally set the oven going when it is empty.
- DO NOT** cover the rear ventilation slots with cloths or paper.  
Reason: The cloths or paper may catch fire as hot air is evacuated from the oven.
- ALWAYS** use oven gloves when removing a dish from the oven.  
Reason: Some dishes absorb microwaves and heat is always transferred from the food to the dish. The dishes are therefore hot.
- DO NOT** touch heating elements or interior oven walls.  
Reason: These walls may be hot enough to burn even after cooking has finished, even though they do not appear to be so. Do not allow inflammable materials to come into contact with any interior area of the oven. Let the oven cool down first.
- To reduce the risk of fire in the oven cavity:
  - Do not store flammable materials in the oven
  - Remove wire twist ties from paper or plastic bags
  - Do not use your microwave oven to dry newspapers
  - If smoke is observed, keep the oven door closed and switch off or disconnect the oven from the power supply
- Take particular care when heating liquids and baby foods.
  - ALWAYS allow a standing time of at least 20 seconds after the oven has been switched off so that the temperature can equalize.
  - Stir during heating, if necessary, and ALWAYS stir after heating.
  - Take care when handling the container after heating. You may burn yourself if the container is too hot.

- A risk of delayed eruptive boiling exists.
  - To prevent delayed boiling and possible scalding, you should put a plastic spoon or glass stick into the beverages and stir before, during and after heating.  
Reason: During the heating of liquids the boiling point can be delayed; this means that eruptive boiling can start after the container is removed from the oven. You may scald yourself.
  - In the event of scalding, follow these FIRST AID instructions:
    - \* Immerse the scalded area in cold water for at least 10 minutes.
    - \* Cover with a clean, dry dressing.
    - \* Do not apply any creams, oils or lotions.
  - **NEVER** fill the container to the top and choose a container that is wider at the top than at the bottom to prevent the liquid from boiling over. Bottles with narrow necks may also explode if overheated.
  - **ALWAYS** check the temperature of baby food or milk before giving it to the baby.
  - **NEVER** heat a baby's bottle with the teat on, as the bottle may explode if overheated.
- Be careful not to damage the power cable.
    - Do not immerse the power cable or plug in water and keep the power cable away from heated surfaces.
    - Do not operate this appliance if it has a damaged power cable or plug.
  - Stand at arm's length from the oven when opening the door.  
Reason: The hot air or steam released may cause scalding.
  - Keep the inside of the oven clean.  
Reason: Food particles or spattered oils stuck to oven walls or floor can cause paint damage and reduce the efficiency of the oven.
  - You may notice a "Clicking" sound during operation (especially when the oven is in defrosting).  
Reason: This sound is normal when the electrical power output is changing.
  - When the microwave oven is operating without any load, the power will be cut off automatically for safety. You can operate normally after letting it stand for over 30 minutes.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

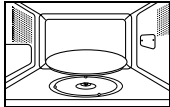
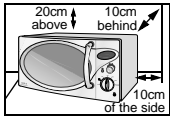
- During cooking, you should look into the oven from time to time when food is being heated or cooked in disposable containers of plastic, paper or other combustible materials.

## IMPORTANT

Young children should **NEVER** be allowed to use or play with the microwave oven. Nor should they be left unattended near the microwave oven when it is in use. Items of interest to children should not be stored or hidden just above the oven.

## Installing Your Microwave oven

Place the oven on a flat, level surface that strong enough to safely bear the weight of the oven.



1. When you install your oven, make sure there is adequate ventilation for your oven by leaving at least 10 cm (4 inches) of space behind and, on the sides of the oven and 20 cm (8 inches) of space above.
2. Remove all packing materials inside the oven. Install the roller ring and turntable. Check that the turntable rotates freely.
3. This microwave oven has to be positioned so that plug is accessible.

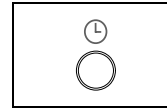
- ✎ **Never** block the air vents as the oven may overheat and automatically switch itself off. It will remain inoperable until it has cooled sufficiently.
- ✎ For your personal safety, plug the cable into a 3-pin, 230 Volt, 50Hz, AC earthed socket. If the power cable of this appliance is damaged, it must be replaced by a special cable PENCON(UD13A1).
- ✎ **Do not** install the microwave oven in hot or damp surroundings like next to a traditional oven or radiator. The power supply specifications of the oven must be respected and any extension cable used must be of the same standard as the power cable supplied with the oven. Wipe the interior and the door seal with a damp cloth before using your microwave oven for the first time.


## Setting the Time(M1927N)

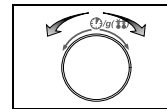
Your microwave oven has an inbuilt clock. The time can be displayed in either the 24-hour or 12-hour notation. You must set the clock:

- When you first install your microwave oven
- After a power failure

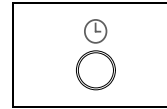
- ☒ Do not forget to reset the clock when you switch to and from summer or winter time.




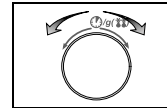
1. To display the time in the..Then press the  button...  
24-hour notation                      Once  
12-hour notation                      Twice



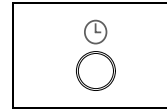
2. Turn the **Time/Weight**() dial to set the hour.




3. Press the  button.



4. Turn the **Time/Weight**() dial to set the minute.



5. Press the  button.

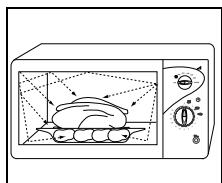
## How a Microwave Oven Works

Microwaves are high-frequency electromagnetic waves; the energy released enables food to be cooked or reheated without changing either the form or the colour.

You can use your microwave oven to:

- Defrost
- Instant Reheat (M1917N only)
- Cook

### Cooking Principle



1. The microwaves generated by the magnetron are distributed uniformly as the food rotates on the turntable. The food is thus cooked evenly.
2. The microwaves are absorbed by the food up to a depth of about 1 inch (2.5 cm). Cooking then continues as the heat is dissipated within the food.
3. Cooking times vary according to the recipient used and the properties of the food:
  - Quantity and density
  - Water content
  - Initial temperature (refrigerated or not)

As the centre of the food is cooked by heat dissipation, cooking continues even when you have taken the food out of the oven. Standing times specified in recipes and in this booklet must therefore be respected to ensure:

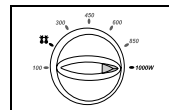
- Even cooking of the food right to the centre
- The same temperature throughout the food

## Checking that Your Oven is Operating Correctly

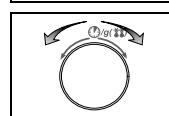
The following simple procedure enables you to check that your oven is working correctly at all times.

First, place a bowl of water on the turntable. Then, close the door.

### Model : M1927N



1. Set the power level to maximum by turning the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob.



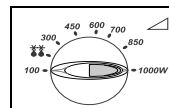
2. Set the time 4 to 5 minutes by turning the **Time/Weight** (g/g) dial.

The water should then be boiling.

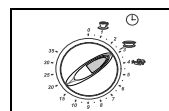
Result : Cooking starts after about two seconds.

- 1) Cooking starts and when it has finished the oven beeps four times.
- 2) The end reminder signal will beep 3 times (once every minute).
- 3) The current time is displayed again.

### Model : M1917N



1. Set the power level to maximum by turning **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob.



2. Set the time 4 to 5 minutes by turning the **TIMER** knob. The water should then be boiling.




The oven must be plugged into an appropriate wall socket. The turntable must be in position in the oven. If a power level other than the maximum is used, the water takes longer to boil.



## What to Do if You are in Doubt or Have a Problem

If you have any of the problems listed below try the solutions given.

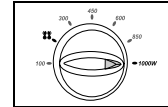
- ◆ This is normal.
  - Condensation inside the oven
  - Air flow around the door and outer casing
  - Light reflection around the door and outer casing
  - Steam escaping from around the door or vents
  
- ◆ The oven does not start when you turn the **Time/Weight**() dial. (M1927N)
  - Is the door completely closed?
  
- ◆ The oven does not start when you turn the **TIMER** knob.(M1917N)
  - Is the door completely closed?
  
- ◆ The food is not cooked at all
  - Have you set the timer correctly?
  - Is the door closed?
  - Have you overloaded the electric circuit and caused a fuse to blow or a breaker to be triggered?
  
- ◆ The food is either overcooked or undercooked
  - Was the appropriate cooking length set for the type of food?
  - Was an appropriate power level chosen?
  
- ◆ Sparking and cracking occur inside the oven (arcing)
  - Have you used a dish with metal trimmings?
  - Have you left a fork or other metal utensil inside the oven?
  - Is aluminium foil too close to the inside walls?
  
- ◆ The oven causes interference with radios or televisions
  - Slight interference may be observed on televisions or radios when the oven is operating. This is normal.To solve this problem, install the oven away from televisions, radios and aerials.
  - If interference is detected by the oven's microprocessor, the display may be reset.To solve this problem, disconnect the power plug and reconnect it. Reset the time.(M1927N)
  
- ☒ If the above guidelines do not enable you to solve the problem, contact your local dealer or SAMSUNG after-sales service.

## Cooking / Reheating

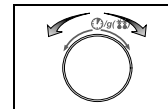
*The following procedure explains how to cook or reheat food. ALWAYS check your cooking settings before leaving the oven unattended.*


*First, place the food in the centre of the turntable. Then, close the door.*

### Model : M1927N

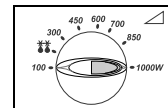


1. Set the power level to maximum by turning **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob. **(MAXIMUM POWER : 1000 W)**

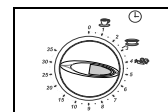


2. Set the time by turning the **Time / Weight**() dial.  
Result : The oven light comes on and the turntable starts rotating.
  - 1) Cooking starts and when it has finished the oven beeps four times.
  - 2) The end reminder signal will beep 3 times (once every minute).
  - 3) The current time is displayed again.

### Model : M1917N



1. Set the power level to maximum by turning **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob. **(MAXIMUM POWER: 1000 W)**



2. Set the time by turning **TIMER** knob.  
Result : The oven light comes on and the turntable starts rotating.



**Never** switch the microwave oven on when it is empty.



You can change the power level during cooking by turning the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob.

## Power Levels

You can choose among the power levels below.

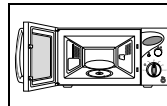
Power Level	Output
FULL	1000 W
HIGH	850 W
REHEAT(M1917N only)	700 W
MEDIUM HIGH	600 W
MEDIUM	450 W
MEDIUM LOW	300 W
DEFROST(☼☼)	180 W
LOW / KEEP WARM	100 W

- ☒ If you select higher power level, the cooking time must be decreased.
- ☒ If you select lower power level, the cooking time must be increased.

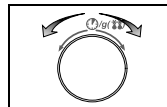
## Stopping the Cooking

You can stop cooking at any time to check the food.

### Model : M1927N



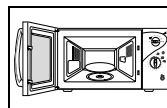
1. To stop temporarily;  
Open the door.  
**Result :** Cooking stops. To resume cooking, close the door.



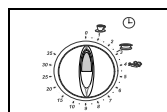
2. To stop Completely;  
Turn the **Time / Weight**(☼/g(☼☼)) dial to the left.  
"0" will be displayed.



### Model : M1917N



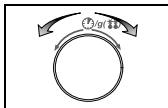
1. To stop temporarily;  
Open the door.  
**Result :** Cooking stops. To resume cooking, close the door.



2. To stop Completely;  
Turn the **TIMER** knob to "0".

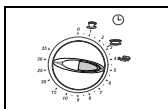
## Adjusting the Cooking Time

### Model : M1927N



Adjust the remaining cooking time by rotating the **Time / Weight** (🕒/g(🍖)) dial.  
Turn the dial right or left to increase the cooking time of your food during the cooking process.

### Model : M1917N

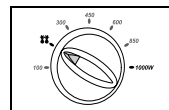


Adjust the remaining cooking time by rotating the **TIMER** knob.

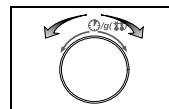
## Using the Auto Defrosting Feature(M1927N)

*The Defrost feature enables you to defrost meat, poultry or fish.*

*First, place the frozen food in the centre of the turntable and close the door.*



1. Turn the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob to the **Defrost** (🍖) symbol.



2. Turn the **Timer/Weight** (🕒/g(🍖)) dial select the appropriate weight.

Result :

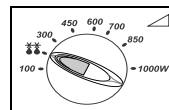
- ◆ Defrosting begins.
- ◆ The cooking time will be converted automatically after you set the weight.

☒ Use only recipients that are microwave-safe.

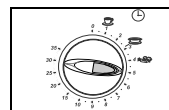
## Manual Defrosting Food (M1917N)

*The Defrost feature enables you to defrost meat, poultry fish or fruit.*

*First, place the frozen food in the centre of the turntable and close the door.*



1. Turn the **COOKING POWER CONTROL** knob to the **Defrost** (🍖) symbol.



2. Turn the **TIMER** knob to select the appropriate time.  
Result : Defrosting begins.

☒ Use only recipients that are microwave-safe.

☒ Select the Manual Defrosting function with a power level of 180W if you want to defrost food manually. For further details on manual defrosting and defrosting time, refer to the page 19 (M1917N only).



## Cookware Guide

To cook food in the microwave oven, the microwaves must be able to penetrate the food, without being reflected or absorbed by the dish used.

Care must therefore be taken when choosing the cookware. If the cookware is marked microwave-safe, you do not need to worry.

The following table lists various types of cookware and indicates whether and how they should be used in a microwave oven.

Cookware	Microwave-Safe	Comments
Aluminium foil	✓ X	Can be used in small quantities to protect areas against overcooking. Arcing can occur if the foil is too close to the oven wall or if too much foil is used.
Browning plate	✓	Do not preheat for more than eight minutes.
China and earthenware	✓	Porcelain, pottery, glazed earthenware and bone china are usually suitable, unless decorated with a metal trim.
Disposable polyester cardboard dishes	✓	Some frozen foods are packaged in these dishes.
<b>Fast-food packaging</b>		
• Polystyrene cups and containers	✓	Can be used to warm food. Overheating may cause the polystyrene to melt.
• Paper bags or newspaper	X	May catch fire.
• Recycled paper or metal trims	X	May cause arcing.
<b>Glassware</b>		
• Oven-to-table ware	✓	Can be used, unless decorated with a metal trim.
• Fine glassware	✓	Can be used to warm foods or liquids. Delicate glass may break or crack if heated suddenly.
• Glass jars	✓	Must remove the lid. Suitable for warming only.

<b>Metal</b>			
• Dishes	X		May cause arcing or fire.
• Freezer bag twist ties	X		
<b>Paper</b>			
• Plates, cups, napkins and Kitchen paper	✓		For short cooking times and warming. Also to absorb excess moisture.
• Recycled paper	X		May cause arcing.
<b>Plastic</b>			
• Containers	✓		Particularly if heat-resistant thermoplastic. Some other plastics may warp or discolour at high temperatures. Do not use Melamine plastic.
• Cling film	✓		Can be used to retain moisture. Should not touch the food. Take care when removing the film as hot steam will escape.
• Freezer bags	✓ X		Only if boilable or oven-proof. Should not be airtight. Prick with a fork, if necessary.
<b>Wax or grease-proof paper</b>	✓		Can be used to retain moisture and prevent spattering.

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# Cooking Guide

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## MICROWAVES

Microwave energy actually penetrates food, attracted and absorbed by its water, fat and sugar content. The microwaves cause the molecules in the food to move rapidly. The rapid move-ment of these molecules creates friction and the resulting heat cooks the food.

### COOKING

#### Cookware for microwave cooking:

Cookware must allow microwave energy to pass through it for maximum efficiency. Microwaves are reflected by metal, such as stainless steel, aluminium and copper, but they can penetrate through ceramic, glass, porcelain and plastic as well as paper and wood. So food must never be cooked in metal containers.

#### Foods suitable for microwave cooking:

Many kinds of food are suitable for microwave cooking, including fresh or frozen veg-etables, fruit, pasta, rice, grains, beans, fish, and meat. Sauces, custard, soups, steamed puddings, preserves, and chutneys can also be cooked in a microwave oven. Generally speaking, microwave cooking is ideal for any food that would normal-ly be prepared on a hob. Melting butter or chocolate, for example (see the chapter with special hints).

#### Covering during cooking

It is very important to cover the food during cooking because evaporated water rises as steam and contributes to the cooking process. Food can be covered in different ways: e.g. with a ceramic plate, plastic cover or microwave suitable cling film.

#### Standing times

It is important to allow standing time when you have finished cooking the food in order to allow the temperature within the food to even out.

## Cooking Guide for frozen vegetables

Use a suitable glass pyrex bowl with lid. Cook covered for the minimum time - see table. Continue cooking to get the result you prefer.

Stir twice during cooking and once after cooking. Add salt, herbs or butter after cooking. Cover during standing time.

Food	Portion	Power	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Spinach	300g	600W	10-11	2-3	Add 15 ml (1 tablespoon) cold water.
Broccoli	300g	600W	9-10	2-3	Add 15 ml (1 tbsp.) cold water.
Peas	300g	600W	8-9	2-3	Add 15 ml (1 tbsp.) cold water.
Green Beans	300g	600W	8½-9½	2-3	Add 15 ml (1 tbsp.) cold water.
Mixed Vegetables (carrots/peas/corn)	300g	600W	8-9	2-3	Add 15 ml (1 tbsp.) cold water.
Mixed Vegetables (Chinese style)	300g	600W	9-10	2-3	Add 15 ml (1 tbsp.) cold water.

# Cooking Guide

## Cooking Guide for fresh vegetables

Use a suitable glass pyrex bowl with lid. Add 30-45 ml cold water (2-3 tbsp.) for every 250 g unless another water quantity is recommended - see table. Cook covered for the minimum time - see table. Continue cooking to get the result you prefer. Stir once during and once after cooking. Add salt, herbs or butter after cooking. Cover during a standing time of 3 minutes.

Hint: Cut the fresh vegetables into even sized pieces. The smaller they are cut, the quicker they will cook.

All fresh vegetables should be cooked using full microwave power (1000 W).

Food	Portion	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Broccoli	250g 500g	4-4½ 7½-8	3	Prepare even sized florets. Arrange the stems to the centre.
Brussels Sprouts	250g	6-6½	3	Add 60-75 ml (5-6 tbsp.) water.
Carrots	250g	4½-5	3	Cut carrots into even sized slices.
Cauliflower	250g 500g	5-5½ 8-8½	3	Prepare even sized florets. Cut big florets into halves. Arrange stems to the centre.
Courgettes	250g	4-4½	3	Cut courgettes into slices. Add 30 ml (2 tbsp.) water or a knob of butter. Cook until just tender.
Egg Plants	250g	3-3½	3	Cut egg plants into small slices and sprinkle with 1 tablespoon lemon juice.
Leeks	250g	4-4½	3	Cut leeks into thick slices.
Mushrooms	125g 250g	1½-2 2½-3	3	Prepare small whole or sliced mushrooms. Do not add any water. Sprinkle with lemon juice. Spice with salt and pepper. Drain before serving.
Onions	250g	4½-5	3	Cut onions into slices or halves. Add only 15 ml (1 tbsp.) water.
Pepper	250g	4-4½	3	Cut pepper into small slices.
Potatoes	250g 500g	4½-5½ 7½-8½	3	Weigh the peeled potatoes and cut them into similar sized halves or quarters.
Turnip Cabbage	250g	5-5½	3	Cut turnip cabbage into small cubes.

## Cooking Guide for fresh fish

Use the power level and times in this table as guide lines for cooking.

Food	Portion	Power	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Fish Fillets	200 g 400 g	600 W	3½-4½ 6-7	3-5	Rinse with water, sprinkle with lemon juice and put the fish fillets on a flat glass pyrex plate. Cover with microwave cling film. Stand for 3-5 minutes.
Whole Fish	350 g(1) 700 g(2)	600W	4½-5½ 8-10	3-5	Rinse with water, sprinkle with lemon juice and put the fish in an oval glass pyrex dish(2 fishes head to tail). Cover with microwave cling film during cooking and standing time. Stand for 3-5 minutes.

# Cooking Guide

## Cooking Guide for rice and pasta

**Rice :** Use a large glass pyrex bowl with lid - rice doubles in volume during cook ing. Cook covered.  
After the cooking time is over, stir before standing time and salt or add herbs and butter.

Remark: the rice may not have absorbed all water after the cooking time is finished.

**Pasta :** Use a large glass pyrex bowl. Add boiling water, a pinch of salt and stir well. Cook uncovered.  
Stir occasionally during and after cooking. Cover during standing time and drain thoroughly afterwards.

Food	Portion	Power	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
White Rice (parboiled)	250g 375g	1000W	14-15 16½-17½	5	Add 500 ml cold water. Add 750 ml cold water.
Brown Rice (parboiled)	250g 375g	1000W	19-20 21-22	5-10	Add 500 ml cold water. Add 750 ml cold water.
Mixed Rice (rice + wild rice)	250g 375g	1000W	15-16 17½-18½	5	Add 500 ml cold water. Add 750 ml cold water.
Mixed Corn (rice + grain)	250g 375g	1000W	16-17 20-21	5-10	Add 400 ml cold water. Add 550 ml cold water.
Pasta	250g 500g	1000W	10-11 12-14	5	Add 1000 ml hot water. Add 2000 ml hot water.

## REHEATING

Your microwave oven will reheat food in a fraction of the time that conventional ovens and hobs normally take.

Use the power levels and reheating times in the following chart as a guide. The times in the chart consider liquids with a room temperature of about +18 to +20°C or a chilled food with a temperature of about +5 to +7°C.

### Arranging and covering

Avoid reheating large items such as joint of meat - they tend to overcook and dry out before the centre is piping hot. Reheating small pieces will be more successful.

### Power levels and stirring

Some foods can be reheated using 1000 W power while others should be reheated using 850W, 600 W, 450 W or even 300 W.

Check the tables for guidance. In general, it is better to reheat food using a lower power level, if the food is delicate, in large quantities, or if it is likely to heat up very quickly (mince pies, for example).

Stir well or turn food over during reheating for best results. When possible, stir again before serving.

Take particular care when heating liquids and baby foods. To prevent eruptive boiling of liquids and possible scalding , stir before, during and after heating. Keep them in the microwave oven during standing time. We recommend putting a

- plastic spoon or glass stick into the liquids. Avoid overheating (and therefore spoiling) the food.

It is preferable to underestimate cooking time and add extra heating time, if necessary.

### Heating and standing times

When reheating food for the first time, it is helpful to make a note of the time taken - for future reference.

Always make sure that the reheated food is piping hot throughout.

Allow food to stand for a short time after reheating - to let the temperature even out. The recommended standing time after reheating is 2-4 minutes, unless another time is recommended in the chart..

- Take particular care when heating liquids and baby food. See also the chapter with the safety precautions.



## Cooking Guide

### REHEATING LIQUIDS

Always allow a standing time of at least 20 seconds after the oven has been switched off to allow the temperature to even out. Stir during heating, if necessary, and ALWAYS stir after heating. To prevent eruptive boiling and possible scalding, you should put a spoon or glass stick into the beverages and stir before, during and after heating.

### REHEATING BABY FOOD

#### BABY FOOD:

Empty into a deep ceramic plate. Cover with plastic lid. Stir well after reheating! Let stand for 2-3 minutes before serving. Stir again and check the temperature. Recommended serving temperature: between 30-40°C.

#### BABY MILK:

Pour milk into a sterilised glass bottle. Reheat uncovered. Never heat a baby's bottle with teat on, as the bottle may explode if overheated. Shake well before standing time and again before serving! Always carefully check the temperature of baby milk or food before giving it to the baby. Recommended serving temperature: ca. 37°C.

#### REMARK:

Baby food particularly needs to be checked carefully before serving to prevent burns. Use the power levels and times in the next table as guide lines for reheating.

### Reheating Frozen Food

Use the power levels and times in this table as guide lines for reheating..

Food	Portion	Power	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Pasta (frozen)	400g	600W	15-17	3	Put frozen pasta, for example tortellini or ravioli in a flat glass pyrex dish. Cover with plastic lid. Stir occasionally during cooking and before standing.
Meat pieces in sauce (frozen)	450g	600W	14-16	3	Put frozen meal (e.g. chicken curry) in a flat glass dish as cover. Stir occasionally during cooking and before standing.
Soup (frozen)	500g	850W	12-14	3	Put frozen soup in a suitable sized glass pyrex dish with lid. Cook covered. Stir occasionally during cooking and before standing.
Yeast Dumpling (frozen)	150g 300g	600W	2-3 3-4	3	Put 2-4 frozen yeast dumplings side by side in a big glass pyrex bowl with lid. Moist the top of dumplings with cold water. Cook covered.

## Cooking Guide

### Reheating Baby Food and Milk

Use the power levels and times in this table as guide lines for reheating..

Food	Portion	Power	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Baby food (vegetables + meat)	190g	600W	30 sec.	2-3	Empty into ceramic deep plate. Cook covered. Stir after cooking time. Stand for 2-3 minutes. Before serving, stir well and check the temperature carefully.
Baby porridge (grain + milk + fruit)	190g	600W	20 sec.	2-3	Empty into ceramic deep plate. Cook covered. Stir after cooking time. Stand for 2-3 minutes. Before serving, stir well and check the temperature carefully.
Baby milk	100ml 200ml	300W	30-40 sec. 1 min 10 sec. -1 min 20 sec.	2-3	Stir or shake well and pour into a sterilised glass bottle. Place into the centre of turn-table. Cook uncovered. Shake well and stand for at least 2 minutes. Before serving, shake well and check the temperature carefully.

### Reheating Liquids and Food

Use the power levels and times in this table as guide lines for reheating.

Food	Portion	Power	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Drinks (coffee, tea and water)	150 ml (1 cup)	1000W	1-1½	1-2	Pour into cups and reheat uncovered: 1 cup in the centre, 2 cups opposite of each other, 3 cups in a circle. Keep in microwave oven during standing time and stir well.
	300 ml (2 cups)		1½-2		
	450 ml (3 cups)		2½-3		
	600 ml (4 cups)		3½-4		
Soup (chilled)	350g	1000W	3-4	2-3	Pour into a deep ceramic plate. Cover with plastic lid. Stir well after reheating. Stir again before serving.
	450g		3½-4½		
	550g		4-5		
Stew (chilled)	350g	600W	4½-5½	2-3	Put stew in a deep ceramic plate. Cover with plastic lid. Stir occasionally during reheating and again before standing and serving.
Pasta with sauce (chilled)	350g	600W	3½-4½	3	Put pasta (e.g. spaghetti or egg noodles) on a flat ceramic plate. Cover with microwave cling film. Stir before serving.
Filled pasta with sauce (chilled)	350g	600W	4-5	3	Put filled pasta (e.g. ravioli, tortellini) in a deep ceramic plate. Cover with plastic lid. Stir occasionally during reheating and again before standing and serving.
Plated Meal (chilled)	350g	600W	4½-5½	3	Plate a ready-to heat meal of 2-3 chilled components on a ceramic dish. Cover with microwave cling-film.
	450g		5½-6½		
	550g		6½-7½		

## Cooking Guide(continued)

### DEFROSTING(MI917N only)

Microwaves are an excellent way of defrosting frozen food. Microwaves gently defrost frozen food in a short period of time. This can be of great advantage, if unexpected guests suddenly show up.

Frozen poultry must be thoroughly thawed before cooking. Remove any metal ties and take it out of any wrapping to allow thawed liquid to drain away.

Put the frozen food on a dish without cover. Turn over halfway, drain off any liquid and remove any giblets as soon as possible.

Check the food occasionally to make sure that it does not feel warm. If smaller and thinner parts of the frozen food start to warm up, they can be shield by wrapping very small strips of aluminium foil around them during defrosting.

Should poultry start to warm up on the outer surface, stop thawing and allow it to stand for 20 minutes before continuing.

Leave the fish, meat and poultry to stand in order to complete defrosting. The standing time for complete defrosting will vary depending on the quantity defrosted. Please refer to the table below.

**Hint:** Flat food defrosts better than thick and smaller quantities need less time than bigger ones. Remember this hint while freezing and defrosting food.

For defrosting of frozen food with a temperature of about -18 to -20 °C, use the following table as a guide.

All frozen food should be defrosted using defrosting power level (180W, ).

Food	Portion	Time (min.)	Standing Time (min.)	Instructions
Meat				
Minced beef	200g 400g	7½ - 8½ 14 - 16	5-20	Place the meat on a flat ceramic plate. Shield thinner edges with aluminium foil. Turn over after half of defrosting time!
Pork steaks	250g	8½ - 9½		
Poultry				
Chicken pieces	500g (2 pc)	17 - 18	15-60	First, put chicken pieces first skin-side down, whole chicken first breast-side-down on a flat ceramic plate. Shield the thinner parts like wings and ends with aluminium foil. Turn over after half of defrosting time!
Whole chicken	900g	28 - 30		
Fish				
Fish fillets	200g (2 pc) 400g (4 pc)	7-8 14 - 15	15-20	Put frozen fish in the middle of a flat ceramic plate. Arrange the thinner parts under the thicker parts. Shield narrow ends with aluminium foil. Turn over after half of defrosting time!
Fruits				
Berries	250g	8 - 9	5 - 15	Distribute fruits on a flat, round glass dish (with a large diameter).
Bread				
Bread rolls (each ca. 50 g)	2 pc 4 pc	1½ - 2 3 - 3½	5 - 10	Arrange rolls in a circle or bread vertically(like a tower) on kitchen paper in the middle of turntable. Turn over after half of defrosting time!
Toast/ Sandwich	250g	6 - 6½		

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## Cooking Guide

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### SPECIAL HINTS

#### MELTING BUTTER

Put 50 g butter into a small deep glass dish. Cover with plastic lid. Heat for 30-40 seconds using 1000 W, until butter is melted.

#### MELTING CHOCOLATE

Put 100 g chocolate into a small deep glass dish. Heat for 3-5 minutes, using 450W until chocolate is melted. Stir once or twice during melting. Use oven gloves while taking out!

#### MELTING CRYSTALLIZED HONEY

Put 20 g crystallized honey into a small deep glass dish. Heat for 20-30 seconds using 300 W, until honey is melted.

#### MELTING GELATINE

Lay dry gelatine sheets (10 g) for 5 minutes into cold water. Put drained gelatine into a small glass pyrex bowl. Heat for 1 minute using 300 W. Stir after melting.

#### COOKING GLAZE/ICING (FOR CAKE AND GATEAUX)

Mix instant glaze (approximately 14 g) with 40 g sugar and 250 ml cold water. Cook uncovered in a glass pyrex bowl for 3½ to 4½ minutes using 1000 W, until glaze/icing is transparent. Stir twice during cooking.

#### COOKING JAM

Put 600 g fruits (for example mixed berries) in a suitable sized glass pyrex bowl with lid. Add 300 g preserving sugar and stir well. Cook covered for 10-12 minutes using 1000 W. Stir several times during cooking. Empty directly into small jam glasses with twist-off lids. Stand on lid for 5 minutes.

#### COOKING PUDDING

Mix pudding powder with sugar and milk (500 ml) by following the manufacturers instructions and stir well. Use a suitable sized glass pyrex bowl with lid. Cook covered for 6½ to 7½ minutes using 1000 W. Stir well several times during cooking.

#### BROWNING ALMOND SLICES

Spread 30 g sliced almonds evenly on a medium sized ceramic plate. Stir several times during browning for 3½ to 4½ minutes using 600 W. Let it stand for 2-3 minutes in the oven. Use oven gloves while taking out!

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## Cleaning Your Microwave Oven

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*The following parts of your microwave oven should be cleaned regularly to prevent grease and food particles from building up:*

- *Inside and outside surfaces*
- *Door and door seals*
- *Turntable and Roller rings*



**ALWAYS** ensure that the door seals are clean and the door closes properly.

1. Clean the outside surfaces with a soft cloth and warm, soapy water. Rinse and dry.
2. Remove any splashes or stains on the inside surfaces or on the roller ring with a soapy cloth. Rinse and dry.
3. To loosen hardened food particles and remove smells, place a cup of diluted lemon juice on the turntable and heat for ten minutes at maximum power.
4. Wash the dishwasher-safe plate whenever necessary.



**DO NOT** spill water in the vents. **NEVER** use any abrasive products or chemical solvents. Take particular care when cleaning the door seals to ensure that no particles:

- Accumulate
- Prevent the door from closing correctly

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## Storing and Repairing Your Microwave Oven

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*A few simple precautions should be taken when storing or having your microwave oven serviced.*

*The oven must not be used if the door or door seals are damaged:*

- **Broken hinge**
- **Deteriorated seals**
- **Distorted or bent oven casing**

*Only a qualified microwave service technician should perform repair.*

- ✎ **NEVER** remove the outer casing from the oven. If the oven is faulty and needs servicing or you are in doubt about its condition:
  - Unplug it from the wall socket
  - Contact the nearest after-sales service centre
- ☒ If you wish to store your oven away temporarily, choose a dry, dust-free place.  
Reason: Dust and damp may adversely affect the working parts in the oven.
- ☒ This microwave oven is not intended for commercial use.

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## Installation & Wiring Instructions

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### IMPORTANT NOTE :

The mains lead on this equipment is supplied with a moulded plug incorporating a fuse.

The value of the fuse is indicated on the pin face of the plug and, if it requires replacing, a fuse approved to BS1363 of the same rating must be used.

Never use the plug with the fuse cover omitted if the cover is detachable. If a replacement fuse cover is required, it must be of the same colour as the pin face of the plug.

Replacement covers are available from your Dealer. If the fitted plug is not suitable for the power points in your house or the cable is not long enough to

- reach a power point, you should obtain a suitable safety approved extension lead or consult your Dealer for assistance. However, if there is no alternative to cutting off the plug, remove the fuse and then safely dispose of the plug. Do not connect the plug to a mains socket, as there is a risk of shock hazard from the bared flexible cord.

## Wiring Instructions

### WARNING THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

This appliance must be earthed. In the event of an electrical short circuit, earthing reduces the risk of electric shock providing an escape wire for the electric current. The appliance is equipped with a mains lead which includes an earth wire for connecting to the earth terminal of your mains plug. The plug must be plugged into a socket that is properly installed and earthed.

☞ The wires in this mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

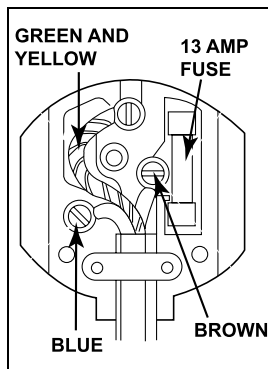
- Green-and yellow : Earth
- Blue : Neutral
- Brown : Live

- ◆ As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this appliance may not correspond with the coloured markings indentifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows.
- ◆ Connect the green-and yellow wire to the terminal in the plug marked with the letter E or the earth symbol (⊕) or coloured green or green-and-yellow.
- ◆ Connect the blue wire to the terminal marked with the letter N or coloured black.

☞ Consult a qualified electrician or service technician if in doubt about any of these instructions.

The manufacturer of this oven will not accept any liability for damage to persons or material for non observance of these requirements.

There are no user+serviceable parts inside the oven and if the mains lead of this appliance is damaged, it must only be replaced by qualified service personnel approved by the manufacturer because special tools are required.



### WARNING

Ensure that the plug and power cord are not damaged before use.

If you have any reason to remove the moulded plug from this appliance, immediately remove the fuse and dispose of the plug.

Do not connect the plug to a mains socket under any circumstances as there is a danger of electric shock.

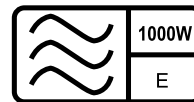
### CIRCUITS

Your microwave oven should be operated on a separate circuit from other appliances. Failure to do this may cause the circuit breaker to trip, the fuse to blow, or the food to cook more slowly.

## Cooking Instructions On Food Packaging

### Microwave Symbols

On the front of your oven there is a microwave oven symbol, as shown below. This symbol has been introduced for your benefit when cooking or reheating packaged food.



- Packaged food is also, increasingly, using a microwave symbol similar to the one below.

When you see this



- Symbol on food packaging, the cooking instructions are based on either the IEC Power Output Rating, or the Reheating Categories A, B, C, D or E.

## Cooking Instructions

The IEC Power Output rating is an internationally standardised rating, so all microwave manufacturers now use the same method of measuring power output. If food packaging gives cooking instructions based on IEC Power ratings, set cooking times according to the IEC Power of your oven.

For example :

If the cooking instructions are based on a 650W oven, then you will need to reduce some cooking time for the M1927N / M1917N (1000W)

Ready meals are now very convenient and popular. These are meals which are already prepared and cooked by the food manufacturer, and then frozen, chilled or vacuum sealed for long life.

Increasingly, heating times for such ready meals are being based on the Heating Categories A, B, C, D and E.

On this instance, simply match the heating category of your oven to the instructions on the food package, and set your timer accordingly.

For example :

If the heating instructions are 3 minutes on HIGH for a D category oven, then you will need to set your timer for less than 3 minutes on HIGH for the M1927N / M1917N (E category).



Always remember that cooking instructions are intended only as a guide. If you have followed the instructions and the food is still not piping hot throughout, simply return it to the oven and cook it until it is.

## Technical Specifications

**SAMSUNG strives to improve its products at all times. Both the design specifications and these user instructions are thus subject to change without notice.**

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<b>Model</b>	<b>M1927N / M1917N</b>
<b>Power source</b>	230V ~ 50 Hz
<b>Power consumption</b> Microwave	1400 W
<b>Output power</b>	100 W / 1000 W (IEC-705) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 240 V : 1000 W</li><li>• 230 V : 950 W</li></ul>
<b>Operating frequency</b>	2450 MHz
<b>Magnetron</b>	OM75P(31)
<b>Cooling method</b>	Cooling fan motor
<b>Dimensions (W x H x D)</b> Outside Oven cavity	517 x 297 x 379 mm 336 x 241 x 349 mm
<b>Volume</b>	28 liter
<b>Weight</b> Net	16 kg approx

