Kramer Electronics, Ltd.



USER MANUAL

Model:

VP-81KSi

8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher

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1 Introduction

Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better! Our 1,000-plus different models now appear in 11 groups¹ that are clearly defined by function.

Congratulations on purchasing your Kramer **VP-81KSi** 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher.

The VP-81KSi is ideal for:

- Display systems requiring simple input selection
- Remote monitoring of computer activity in schools and businesses
- Rental/staging applications
- Multimedia and presentation source selection

The package includes the following items:

- VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher
- Infrared **RC-IR3** remote control transmitter (including the required battery and a separate user manual²)
- One SI-1VGA *Remote Step-in Module* and user manual²
- Power cord
- This user manual²

2 Getting Started

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment
- Review the contents of this user manual
- Use Kramer high performance high resolution cables³

2.1 Quick Start

This quick start chart summarizes the basic setup and operation steps.

Adapters; GROUP 11: Sierra Products

³ The complete list of Kramer cables is available from http://www.kramerelectronics.com



¹ GROUP 1: Distribution Amplifiers; GROUP 2: Switchers and Matrix Switchers; GROUP 3: Control Systems; GROUP 4:

Format/Standards Converters; GROUP 5: Range Extenders and Repeaters; GROUP 6: Specialty AV Products; GROUP 7: Scan Converters and Scalers; GROUP 8: Cables and Connectors; GROUP 9: Room Connectivity; GROUP 10: Accessories and Rack

² Download up-to-date Kramer user manuals from http://www.kramerelectronics.com

Getting Started



3 Overview

The **VP-81KSi** routes any input to both outputs, using 15-pin HD female connectors for the computer graphics video signals, a 3.5mm mini jack for the unbalanced stereo audio Output 1 signal, and a detachable terminal block connector for the balanced stereo audio Output 2 signal.

In particular, the VP-81KSi:

- Has a very high video bandwidth ensuring transparent WUXGA performance
- Features audio-follow-video (AFV) in which all operations relate to both the video and the audio channels, or audio breakaway option, in which video and audio channels are switched independently
- Features volume control
- Includes the Kramer innovative integrated sync processing Kr-isp[™] technology, which lets you achieve a sharp, stable image even when the sync level is too low, by restoring the sync signal waveform
- Up to eight units can be cascaded to provide a single "virtual" switcher with up to 57 inputs
- Supports the SI-1VGA *Remote Step-in Panel* for remote inputs and remote step-in control

You can control the VP-81KSi using the front panel buttons, or remotely via:

- RS-485 or RS-232 serial commands transmitted by a touch screen system, PC or other serial controller
- Ethernet over a LAN using a Web browser
- The SI-1VGA Remote Step-in Panel
- The Kramer **RC-IR3** Infrared Remote Control Transmitter or infrared remote extension cable transmitter (optional)
- Remote, contact closure switches

To achieve the best performance:

- Connect only good quality connection cables, thus avoiding interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables)
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality and position your **VP-81KSi** away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust





3.1 Defining EDID

The Extended Display Identification Data (EDID¹) is a data-structure, provided by a display that describes its capabilities to a graphics card (that is connected to the display's source). The EDID enables the PC or laptop to "know" what kind of monitor is connected to the output. The EDID includes the manufacturer's name, product type, timing data supported by the display, display size, luminance data and (for digital displays only) pixel mapping data.

¹ Defined by a standard published by the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA)

4 Defining the VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher

Figure 1 and Table 1 define the front panel of the **VP-81KSi** 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher.



Figure 1: VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature		Function
1	IR Sensor		Receiver for the IR Remote Control signal
2	IR LED		Lights yellow when the unit receives an IR signal
3 INPUT SELECTOR Buttons		tons	Press to select the input (from 1 to 8) to switch to the outputs.
			The button lights red if it is selected and there is no input signal.
			The button lights green if it is not selected but there is an input signal at that input.
			The button lights violet if it is selected and there is an input signal connected
4	AUDIO Button		Press to execute audio related actions.
			The button lights when the audio mode is operational
5	VIDEO Button		Press to execute video related actions.
			The button lights when the video mode is operational
6	AUDIO GAIN Buttons	+	Press to increase the audio output level of the selected input ¹
7	AUDIO GAIN BULIONS	-	Press to decrease the audio output level of the selected input ¹

Table 1: VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher Front Panel Features

¹ While the AUDIO button is lit





Figure 2: VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher Rear Panel

Table 2: VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher Rear Panel Features

#	Feature	Function
8	VIDEO INPUT 15-pin HD (F) Connectors	Connect to the VGA (up to WUXGA) sources (from 1 to 8)
9	Mach # DIP-switches	DIP-switches 1, 2 and 3 assign the RS-485 machine number (see Section 6.6.1)
10	TERM DIP-switch	DIP-switch 4 sets the RS-485 termination on or off (see Section 6.6.1)
11	RS-485 Terminal Block	Connect to RS-485 port on a remote controller or another VP-81KSi (see Section 6.6)
12	AUDIO INPUT 3.5mm Mini Jacks	Connect to the unbalanced stereo audio sources (from 1 to 8)
13	RS-232-1 9-pin D-sub Port (F)	Connect to the RS-232 port on a remote controller (see Section 6.3)
14	RS-232-2 9-pin D-sub Port (M)	Connect to an RS-232 controllable device (for example, a projector, see Figure 3)
15	ETHERNET RJ-45 Connector	Connect to a remote controller via a LAN (see Section 6.9)
16	AV ON CAT 5 RJ-45 Connector	Connect to a compatible TP receiver (for example, TP-122)
17	REMOTE IR 3.5mm Mini Jack	Connect to an external IR receiver unit for controlling the machine via an IR remote controller (see Section 4.1)
18	Mains Power Connector	Connect to the AC mains supply
19	Main Power Fuse	Fuse for protecting the unit
20	Mains Power Switch	AC mains switch
21	OUTPUT 15-pin HD Connector	Connect to the VGA (up to WUXGA) acceptor
22	AUDIO OUT 1 3.5mm Mini Jack	Connect to the unbalanced stereo audio acceptor
23	AUDIO OUT 2 Terminal Block Connector	Connect to the balanced stereo audio acceptor
24	REMOTE Switch Terminal Block	Connect to contact closure switches for duplicating the function of the front panel Input Selector buttons (see Section 6.2)
25	PROG. Button	For the use of Kramer technical support only
26	FACTORY RESET Button	Press and hold while turning the unit on to reset all parameters to factory default values (see Table 7)

4.1 Using the IR Transmitter for the VP-81KSi

You can use the **RC-IR3** IR transmitter to operate the machine via the built-in IR receiver on the front panel or, instead, via an optional external IR receiver¹. The external IR receiver can be located 15m (49ft) away from the machine. This distance can be extended to up to 60m (197ft) when used with three extension cables²

Before using the external IR receiver, be sure to arrange for your Kramer dealer to insert the internal IR connection cable³ with the 3.5mm jack that fits into the REMOTE IR opening on the rear panel. Connect the external IR receiver to the REMOTE IR 3.5mm jack.

¹ Model: C-A35M/IRR-50 2 Model: C-A35M/A35F-50 3 P/N: 505-70434010-S



5 Installing in a Rack

This section describes the preparation and installation of the unit in a rack.

Before installing in a rack, be sure that the environment is within the recommended range:

OPERATING TEMPERATURE:	0° to +55°C (32° to 131°F)
STORAGE TEMPERATURE:	-45° to +72°C (-49° to 162°F)
HUMIDITY:	10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing

CAUTION!

When installing on a 19" rack, avoid hazards by taking care that:

1. It is located within the recommended environmental conditions, as the operating ambient temperature of a closed or multi unit rack assembly may exceed the room ambient temperature.

2. Once rack mounted, enough air will still flow around the machine.

3. The machine is placed straight in the correct horizontal position.

4. You do not overload the circuit(s). When connecting the machine to the supply circuit, overloading the circuits might have a detrimental effect on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Refer to the appropriate nameplate ratings for information. For example, for fuse replacement, see the value printed on the product label.

5. The machine is earthed (grounded) in a reliable way and is connected only to an electricity socket with grounding. Pay particular attention to situations where electricity is supplied indirectly (when the power cord is not plugged directly into the socket in the wall), for example, when using an extension cable or a power strip, and that you use only the power cord that is supplied with the machine.

To rack-mount a machine:

1. Attach both ear brackets to the machine. To do so, remove the screws from each side of the machine (3 on each side), and replace those screws through the ear brackets.



2. Place the ears of the machine against the rack rails, and insert the proper screws (not provided) through each of the four holes in the rack ears. Note:

• In some models, the front panel may feature built-in rack ears

 Detachable rack ears can be removed for desktop use

 Always mount the machine in the rack before you attach any cables or connect the machine to the power

 If you are using a Kramer rack adapter kit (for a machine that is not 19"), see the Rack Adapters user manual for installation instructions available from our Web site

6 Connecting the VP-81KSi 8x1 UXGA/Audio STEP-IN Switcher



To connect¹ the VP-81KSi, as illustrated in the example in Figure 3:

- Connect up to eight² SI-1VGA *Remote Step-in Panels* to the VP-81KSi 15-pin HD VIDEO INPUT connectors³ and to the 3.5mm mini jacks (from 1 to 8).
- 2. Connect up to eight WUXGA computer graphics sources to the **SI-1VGA** 15-pin HD video connectors.
- 3. Connect up to eight unbalanced audio sources to the 3.5mm mini jack audio connectors on the SI-1VGA panels.
- 4. Connect the 15-pin HD VIDEO OUTPUT connector to a WUXGA acceptor (for example, a projector).

³ The cable used must connect all 15 pins



¹ Be sure that the power is switched off on each device before connecting it to your VP-81KSi. After connecting all the devices to your

VP-81KSi, switch on the power of the VP-81KSi, and then switch on the power of each device

² You do not have to connect all the inputs

- 5. Connect the RJ-45 AV ON CAT 5 output connector to a compatible TP receiver (for example, TP-120).
- 6. Connect the unbalanced audio 3.5mm AUDIO OUTPUT jack to an unbalanced audio acceptor (for example, power amplifier).
- Connect the balanced audio 5-pin terminal block (see <u>Section 6.1</u>) to an audio acceptor¹.
- 8. Connect up to eight remote, contact closure input selection switches to the REMOTE terminal block (see <u>Section 6.2</u>).
- 9. Connect a PC over a LAN to the Ethernet for remote operation.
- 10. Set the DIP-switches (see <u>Section 6.6.1</u>) for remote operation. You can connect a PC and/or controller to the:
 - RS-232 port (see <u>Section 6.3</u>)
 - RS-485 port (see <u>Section 6.6.1</u>)
- 11. Connect¹ the power $cord^2$.

6.1 Connecting the Balanced/Unbalanced Stereo Audio Output

This section illustrates how to wire the devices to the balanced audio output:

- A balanced stereo output connection, see Figure 4
- An unbalanced stereo output connection, see Figure 5



Figure 4: Balanced Stereo Audio Connection



Figure 5: Unbalanced Stereo Audio Connection

¹ Not shown in the illustration

² We recommend that you use only the power cord that is supplied with this machine

6.2 Connecting Remote Contact Closure Input Selection Switches

You can connect remote input selection switches to the Remote terminal block on the rear panel of the **VP-81KSi** which enables you to remotely activate the relevant input.

The following example (see Figure 6) illustrates three switches (A, B and C) connected to remotely controlled inputs 1, 2 and 3 respectively (up to eight switches can be connected). Pressing switch A causes input 1 on the **VP-81KSi** to be the active input, pressing switch B causes input 2 to be the active input, and pressing switch C causes input 3 to be the active input.



Figure 6: Remote Input Selection Switch Wiring

To connect remote input selection switches as illustrated in the example in Figure 6:

- 1. Connect Switch A to pins 1 and G^1 on the terminal block.
- 2. Connect Switch B to pins 2 and G^1 on the terminal block.
- 3. Connect Switch C to pins 3 and G^1 on the terminal block.
- 4. If required, repeat for a total of up to eight switches.

6.3 Connecting the SI-1VGA Remote Step-in Module

For detailed instructions refer to the **SI-1VGA** Step-in Module Installation Instructions².

To connect an SI-1VGA remote step-in module to the VP-81KSi as illustrated in the example in <u>Figure 7</u>:

1. Mount the SI-1VGA in either the TBUS-10 or the K-POD301.

² Available for download from http://www.kramerelectronics.com



¹ You can connect any of the switches to either of the two Gnd connections

- Using a 15-pin HD (male to male) cable¹, connect the 15-pin HD connector on the rear of the SI-1VGA to the corresponding input on the rear of the VP-81KSi.
- Using an audio cable with 3.5mm mini jacks at both ends², connect the 3.5mm mini connector on the rear of the SI-1VGA to the corresponding audio input on the rear of the VP-81KSi.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for each SI-1VGA remote step-in module.



Figure 7: Connecting the SI-1VGA

6.4 Connecting the AV ON CAT 5 Twisted Pair Output

You can connect the **VP-81KSi** to any compatible Kramer TP (Twisted Pair) receiver, for example, TP-120 (no audio) or TP-122 (with audio).

For further details, refer to the relevant TP receiver user manual³.

6.5 Connecting to the VP-81KSi via the RS-232 Port

You can connect to the **VP-81KSi** via an RS-232 connection using, for example, a PC.

To connect to the VP-81KSi via RS-232:

• Connect the RS-232 9-pin D-sub rear panel port on the **VP-81KSi** unit via a 9-wire straight cable (pin 2 to pin 2, pin 3 to pin 3, pin 5 to pin 5) to the RS-232 9-pin D-sub port on your PC

¹ For example, Kramer C-GM/GM

² For example, Kramer C-A35M/A35M

³ Available for download from http://www.kramerelectronics.com

6.6 Connecting to the VP-81KSi via the RS-485 Port

You can operate the **VP-81KSi** via the RS-485 port from a distance of up to 1200m (3900ft) using any device equipped with an RS-485 port (for example, a PC). For successful communication, you must set the RS-485 machine number and bus termination.

To connect a device with a RS-485 port to the VP-81KSi:

- Connect the A (+) pin on the RS-485 port of the PC to the A (+) pin on the RS-485 port on the rear panel of the **VP-81KSi**
- Connect the B (-) pin on the RS-485 port of the PC to the B (-) pin on the RS-485 port on the rear panel of the **VP-81KSi**
- Connect the G pin on the RS-485 port of the PC to the G pin on the RS-485 port on the rear panel of the **VP-81KSi**

6.6.1 Setting the RS-485 Machine Number and Bus Termination DIP-switches

This section describes the **VP-81KSi** DIP-switch settings that determine the RS-485 machine number and bus termination.

Figure 8 illustrates the factory default DIP-switch positions.



Figure 8: RS-485 DIP-switches

Table 3: RS-485 DIP-switch Settings

DIP-switch Number	Function
1, 2, 3	Machine number (see <u>Table 4</u>) Default—All off (up), machine number 1
4	RS-485 Bus Termination Default—Off (up)

DIP-switches 1, 2 and 3 determine the RS-485 machine number of the **VP-81KSi**. When several **VP-81KSi** units are connected, the machine number determines the unique identity of the **VP-81KSi** on the bus (see <u>Table 4</u>).

Note:

- When using a stand-alone **VP-81KSi** unit, set the machine number to 1 (factory default)
- When connecting more than one **VP-81KSi**, set the first machine (connected via RS-232) to be machine number 1. The other **VP-81KSi** units must each be set to a unique machine number between 2 and 16



Machine Number	1	2	3
1 (Default)	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	OFF	OFF	ON
3	OFF	ON	OFF
4	OFF	ON	ON
5	ON	OFF	OFF
6	ON	OFF	ON
7	ON	ON	OFF
8	ON	ON	ON

Table 4: Machine Number DIP-switch Settings

DIP-switch 4 sets the RS-485 bus termination of the **VP-81KSi**. Only the first and last physical units on the RS-485 bus must be terminated, all others must be unterminated. Moving the DIP-switch up turns the termination off (default), moving the switch down turns the termination on.

6.6.2 Connecting and Controlling Multiple VP-81KSi Devices

You can daisy-chain up to eight **VP-81KSi** devices with operation via RS-232 from a PC or serial controller.

To daisy-chain up to eight VP-81KSi devices:

- 1. Connect the RS-232 port¹ on the first **VP-81KSi** device to the PC (see <u>Section 6.3</u>).
- 2. Connect the RS-485 terminal block port on the first device to the RS-485 port on the second device, and so on for all devices.
- 3. Set the DIP-switches (see <u>Section 6.6.1</u>) as follows:
 - The first device is machine number 1 and the following seven devices are machine numbers 2 to 8
 - Terminate the first and last physical devices, that is, in this example terminate machine numbers 1 and 8. Ensure that all other devices are unterminated

6.7 Cascading Multiple VP-81KSi Devices

You can cascade up to eight **VP-81KSi** devices to build a single "virtual" switcher with up to 57 inputs and one output as illustrated in <u>Figure 9</u>.

To cascade up to eight VP-81KSi devices:

- 1. Connect the output on the Master **VP-81KSi** to the video acceptor (for example, a projector).
- 2. Connect Input 1 on the Master VP-81KSi to the output of the second device.
- 3. Connect Input 1 on the second **VP-81KSi** to the output of the third device, and so on for all devices.

¹ Alternatively, the RS-485 port could be used for PC control

Note: Audio connections must follow the same connection scheme as the video connections.

- 4. Set the DIP-switches (see <u>Section 6.6.1</u>) as follows:
 - The first device is machine number 1 (Master) and the following seven devices are machine numbers 2 to 8
 - Terminate the first and last physical devices, that is, terminate machine numbers 1 and 8. Ensure that all other devices are unterminated



Figure 9: Cascading up to Eight VP-81KSi Devices

Note: The video acceptor must be connected to the Master output. The outputs of all other devices may be connected to any input on the subsequent device.

For operation of cascaded VP-81KSi devices, see Section 7.4.

6.8 Controlling a Remote RS-232 Device

Use the Kramer **K-Config** software¹ to define macros sent from the RS-232-2 port to remote RS-232 serial devices (for example, a projector). For instructions on using the **K-Config** software, see the **K-Config** software guide.

A computer running the **K-Config** software can be connected to the **VP-81KSi** via either the RS-232-1 serial or the Ethernet ports.

¹ Download the latest version from http://www.kramerelectronics.com/support/?soft=k-config



You can configure RS-232-2 port command macros to send any data on one of the two possible triggers:

- The "Device startup" trigger. This trigger is generated when one or more signals are detected on any of the inputs and can be used for example, to activate a projector connected to the output of the **VP-81KSi**
- The "Device inactivity" trigger. This trigger is generated when there is no signal detected on any input during the inactivity timeout period (which is set using the **K-Config** software to be between 0 and 180 minutes). This trigger can be used for example, to deactivate a projector connected to the output of the **VP-81KSi**

6.9 Connecting to the VP-81KSi via the Ethernet Port

You can connect the VP-81KSi via the Ethernet in the following ways:

- For direct connection to the PC, use a crossover cable (see <u>Section 6.9.1</u>)
- For connection via a network hub or network router, use a straight through cable (see Section 6.9.2)

Note: The following instructions are valid only if your PC uses a fixed IP address. If your PC receives an IP address from a DHCP server, consult your IT department regarding a suitable IP address.

6.9.1 Connecting Directly to the Ethernet Port

You can connect the Ethernet port of the **VP-81KSi** to the Ethernet port on your PC via a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.

This type of connection is recommended for identification of the factory default IP address of the **VP-81KSi** during the initial configuration

To connect the VP-81KSi directly to a PC:

- 1. Using a crossover cable, connect the **VP-81KSi** to the PC via the Ethernet port on both units.
- 2. On the PC, click Start > Control Panel.
- 3. Double-click Network Connections.
- 4. Right-click, and from the menu select **Properties**. The **Local Area Connection Properties** window appears.

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 🏾 💽 🔀
General Advanced
Connect using:
Intel(R) 82566DC-2 Gigabit Network (Configure
This connection uses the following items:
Client for Microsoft Networks P. Ele and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks OS Packet Scheduler Soft Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.
 Show icon in notification area when connected ✓ Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity
OK Cancel

Figure 10: Local Area Connection Properties Window

- 5. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) (see Figure 10).
- 6. Click the **Properties** button.
- 7. Select Use the following IP address, and fill in the details as shown in Figure 11.

nternet Protocol (TCP/IP) Pro	perties ? 💈
General	
	utomatically if your network supports to ask your network administrator for
🔘 Obtain an IP address automati	ically
• Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 38
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	19.0.0.0
Obtain DNS server address au	utomatically
Use the following DNS server	addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced
	OK Cancel

Figure 11: Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties Window

8. Click OK.

6.9.2 Connecting via a Network Hub, Switch, or Router

You can connect the Ethernet port of the **VP-81KSi** to the Ethernet port on a network hub, switch, or router, via a straight through cable with RJ-45 connectors. The **VP-81KSi** Ethernet port has to be configured to be compatible with your network (see Section 6.9.3).

6.9.3 Configuring the Ethernet Port on the VP-81KSi

To configure the Ethernet port on the **VP-81KSi**, download the **P3K Ethernet Configuration** software¹ to your PC, extract the files to a folder, and install the software.

To configure the VP-81KSi Ethernet port:

- 1. Click Start > All Programs > Kramer > P3K Wizard The P3K Wizard window appears.
- 2. Click Connect.

The **Connect** window appears.

💿 By IP	Enter IP address And Port	
	IP: 192 . 168 . 1 . Port: 50000	39
	Factory Default Add	ress
	KRAMER_0000	
Serial		
Serial Select Port —		

Figure 12: Connect Window

3. Select one of the following methods to connect to the Ethernet port of the **VP-81KSi**:

¹ Available from http://www.kramerelectronics.com

- Ethernet, if you are connected via an Ethernet cable. Enter the IP address¹ or the machine name The default IP address is 192.168.1.39 and the default name for the unit is KRAMER_XXXX²
- Serial, if you are connected via a serial port. Select the COM port from the Select Port drop-down list.
- 4. Click OK.

The **Device Properties** window appears.

Name KRAMER_0000 Model VP-8KS Serial Number 0 UDP local Post 50000 TCP local post 50000 K-NeHD 1	
Name KRAMER_0000 Model VP-8KSi Serial Number 0 UDP local port 5000 K-NekID 1	
Name KRAMER_0000 Model VP-80KS Seidl Number 0 UDP local Pot 50000 TCP local pot 5000 K-NeHD 1	
Model VP-8K5 Serial Number 0 UDP local Port 50000 TCP local port 5000 K-NeHD 1	
Setial Number 0 UDP local Fort 50000 TCP local port 50000 K-NeHD 1	
UDP local Post 50000 TCP local post 5000 K-NeHD 1	
TCP local port 5000 K-NeHD 1	
K-Net/D 1	
MAC	
IP 192.168.1.39 Firmware file	
Gateway 0.0.0.0	Browse
Mask 255.255.0.0	
Firmware 00.09.00.2332	
Build Date 2010/01/14	
DHCP Enabled	
	Start Upgrade
	Start Upgrade
Set	
	Close

Figure 13: Device Properties Window

- 5. Make the required changes.
- 6. Click **Set** to save changes, or click **Close** to exit and not save the changes.

7 Operating the VP-81KSi Locally via the Front Panel Buttons

Powering up the **VP-81KSi** recalls the previous settings (that is, the state of the unit when it was powered down) from the non-volatile memory.

7.1 Using the Front Panel INPUT SELECTOR Buttons

Table 5 describes the input selector button illumination descriptions.

² The four digits are the last four digits of the machine's serial number.



¹ The default IP address is 192.168.1.39

Button Color	Selected	Input Signal
Red	Yes	No
Green	No	Yes
Violet	Yes	Yes
Button does not light	No	Yes or no

Table 5: Button Illumination Descriptions

To switch an input to the outputs, press one of the eight front panel INPUT SELECTOR buttons. The INPUT SELECTOR button lights (see <u>Table 5</u>) and switches the input simultaneously to both the VGA and AV ON CAT 5 TP outputs.

7.2 Using the Audio-Follow-Video/Breakaway Modes

By default, the **VP-81KSi** switches in AFV (Audio-Follow-Video) mode in which all operations relate to both the video and audio. When in this mode, both the VIDEO and the AUDIO buttons are lit.

7.2.1 Operating in Breakaway Mode

To operate in breakaway mode in which video and audio channels switch independently:

• Press either the VIDEO button or the AUDIO button. If the VIDEO button lights, the switching relates just to video (and the audio remains unchanged) If the AUDIO button lights, the switching relates only to audio (and the video remains unchanged)

7.2.2 Switching to Audio Follow Video Mode

To switch to AFV (Audio Follow Video) mode:

• Press the VIDEO and the AUDIO buttons simultaneously

7.3 Setting the Audio Output Gain

You can set the audio output gain using the AUDIO GAIN + and - buttons.

To set the audio output gain:

- 1. Press an input button.
 - The input button lights.
- 2. Press either the AUDIO GAIN + (to increase) or AUDIO GAIN (to decrease) button to vary the gain.

7.4 Operating Cascaded VP-81KSi Devices

Selecting an input on a device selects the required input and automatically selects the interconnected input on the subsequent device.

Given the example illustrated in <u>Figure 9</u>, pressing Input 4 on device 2, selects Input 4 on device 2 and automatically selects Input 1 on the Master device.

Pressing Input 5 button on device 8 selects Input 5 on device 8 and automatically selects Input 1 on all subsequent devices.

8 Operating the VP-81KSi Remotely

You can operate the **VP-81KSi** remotely using the **Kramer K-Single Control Software** on a PC. For full details, see the **Kramer Control Software** *Online Guide*.

The VP-81KSi can be operated remotely via any of the following methods:

- The Kramer RC-IR3 Infra-Red Remote Control transmitter
- Contact closure switches (for connecting, see <u>Section 6.2</u>)
- SI-1VGA Remote Step-in Panel (for connecting, see Section 6.3)
- RS-232 (for connecting, see <u>Section 6.4</u>)
- RS-485 (for connecting, see <u>Section 6.6</u>)
- Ethernet over a LAN using a Web browser (see <u>Section 9</u>)

9 Operating the VP-81KSi Remotely using a Web Browser

The embedded Web pages can be used to remotely operate the **VP-81KSi** using a Web browser and an Ethernet connection.

Before attempting to connect:

- Perform the procedures in <u>Section 6.9</u>.
- Ensure that the Java[™] software is installed and functioning correctly on your computer. If not, download it from <u>www.java.com</u>
- Ensure that your browser is supported—Microsoft IE (V6.0 and higher), Google Chrome, Firefox (V3.0 and higher).

To check that Java is installed and running correctly, browse to http://www.java.com/en/download/help/testvm.xml

This page runs a test and displays a Java success (see Figure 14) or failure message.



Figure 14: Java Test Page Success Message



If you do not see the success message, follow the instructions on the page to:

- Load and enable Java
- Enable Javascript in your browser

9.1 To Log On to the VP-81KSi Web Pages

To log on to VP-81KSi Web pages:

- 1. Open your Internet browser.
- 2. Type the unit's IP number (see <u>Table 7</u>) in the Address bar of your browser.



The Loading page appears.

```
Kramer Electronics Web K-Router
```

	Loading
?	To view this page you must: • Install JAVA. • Enable JAVA in your browser. • Enable JavaScript in your browser.
ī	© 2009 www.kramerelectronics.com

Figure 15: The Loading Page

The first time that you run the program, the Warning-Security screen appears.

Operating the VP-81KSi Remotely using a Web Browser

Warning - Sec	curity 🛛 🔀
00000 0000000	ation's digital signature cannot be verified.
Name: Publisher: From:	K_Applet Kramer Electronics http://192.168.1.39 rust content from this publisher. Run Cancel
	digital signature cannot be verified by a trusted source. Only More Information you trust the origin of the application.

Figure 16: First Time Security Warning

3. Click Run.

The main switching control Home page is displayed which shows a graphical interpretation of the front panel (see Figure 17).

The Web pages let you control the **VP-8x8AK** via the Ethernet. The menu appears on the left side of the screen. There are three remote operation Web pages:

- The switching matrix (see <u>Section 9.2</u>)
- Audio gain control (See <u>Section 9.3</u>)
- Configuration (See <u>Section 9.4</u>)

A description of each Web page is displayed if you hover your mouse over the

question mark **!** that appears on the left side of the screen.

9.2 The Switching Matrix Page

The **VP-81KSi** switching matrix page lets you route any or all of the eight inputs to the output by clicking the audio and/or video signal indicators (purple and blue, respectively).



Kramer Electronics	Web K-Router							
VP-81K-SI AUDIO GAIN CONFIGURATIONS	Audio	Video	AFV	Online	Offline	Take	Cancel	
?	Ou 1 1 2 1 3 1 4							
	In 5 In 6							~

Operating the VP-81KSi Remotely using a Web Browser

Figure 17: VP-81KSi Switching Matrix Page

You can perform the following operations via this Web page:

- Operate in the AFV mode or switch the audio and video separately, by clicking the Audio, Video or AFV buttons (see <u>Section 9.2.1</u>)
- Select an audio and/or video signal¹ by clicking that signal indicator
- Operate in the At Once or Confirm mode (see Section 9.2.2)
- Click the lock icon 🖸 to lock or unlock the front panel

9.2.1 Switching an Input to an Output

To switch an input to an output (for example, input 4 to output 1):

- Click on the dark blue AFV mode button. (To switch only the video or audio channel, click on purple Audio or blue Video button respectively.) The border of the button turns dark.
- 2. Click on the switching point within the matrix (In 4 to Out 1). The audio/video signal indicators move to the In 4 to Out 1 switching matrix box, indicating that In 4 is now switched to Out 1.

¹ Depending on the operation mode (Audio, Video or AFV)



Figure 18: Switching an Input to an Output

9.2.2 Operating in the Confirm Mode

By default, the device is set to the At-Once mode.

To operate in the Confirm mode:

- 1. Click the red **Offline** button. The border of the button turns dark.
- Click the desired switching-point in the switching matrix. Audio/video indicator outlines appear on the matrix and the Take and Cancel buttons turn blue.



Figure 19: Switching an Input to an Output

3. Click either Take to accept the changes or Cancel to abandon them.



Click the Online button to exit the Confirm mode.
 If you click the Online button before you click the TAKE button, the following warning shown in Figure 20 appears.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
2	This operation will cancel all changes made since pressing the Take button. Do you want to proceed?
	OK Cancel

Figure 20: Exiting Offline Warning

Clicking **OK** cancels all changes made. Clicking **Cancel** returns you to the switching matrix screen with the changes made but not saved.

9.3 The Audio Gain Page

The Audio Gain screen lets you set the gain for each of the input and the output channels.

Kramer Electronics	Kramer Electronics Web K-Router				
VP-81K-SI Audio gain Configurations	Input Gain: 01 - 0 Output Gain: 01 - 3	+			
?					

Figure 21: Audio Gain Page

To change an input or output gain:

- 1. Using the Input Gain or Output Gain drop-down list, select the channel number.
- Click and hold the + or button to increase or decrease the gain respectively. Each click on the + or – button increases/decreases the audio gain by 0.5 units.

9.4 The Configurations Page

The Configurations page lets you view some Ethernet settings and change others (see <u>Figure 22</u>). Fields with a white background are editable; fields with a blue background are read-only.

To change the configuration definitions:

1. Click **CONFIGURATIONS**. The Configurations Web page appears.

Kramer Electronics Web K-Router

- 2. Modify the values as required.
- 3. Click the blue **Submit** button to apply changes or Cancel to abandon them. A confirmation window appears asking if you are sure you want to change the network settings.
- 4. Click Yes.

A window appears informing you that the configuration has been successfully changed.

- 5. Click OK
- 6. If the IP address has been changed, close your browser and reload the Web page using the new IP address.

VP-81K-SI AUDIO GAIN	Name:	KRAMER_0000
CONFIGURATIONS	Model:	VP-81KSI
	Serial Number:	0
	Firmware version:	00.09.00.3290
	MAC Address:	ff-ff-ff-ff-ff
	IP Address:	192.168.001.039
	DHCP:	
2	Gateway:	000.000.000.000
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.000.000
	Submit	Cancel

Figure 22: Configurations Page



10 Upgrading the Firmware

For instructions on upgrading the firmware, see the document *Updating the VP-81KSi Firmware Using P3K Software*.

The latest version of firmware and installation instructions can be downloaded from the Kramer Web site at <u>www.kramerelectronics.com</u>.

11 EDID

Each input on the **VP-81KSi** has a factory default EDID loaded (see Section 14). The EDID for each input can be changed independently by uploading an EDID binary file to each input via the RS-232 port using Kramer EDID Designer¹.

¹ Available for download from http://www.kramerelectronics.com

12 Technical Specifications

Table 6 lists the technical specifications¹ of the **VP-81KSi**.

Table 6: Technical Specifications of the VP-81KSi

INPUTS:	8 XGA on 15-pin HD (F) connectors		
	8 Unbalanced stereo audio on 3.5mm mini jacks		
OUTPUTS:	1 XGA on 15-pin HD connector		
	1 TP on RJ-45 connector		
	1 unbalanced stereo audio on a 3.5	mm mini jack	
	1 balanced audio stereo on a 5-pin	detachable terminal block	
MAX. OUTPUT LEVEL:	VIDEO: 2Vpp	AUDIO: Stereo Unbalanced 7.8Vpp Stereo Balanced 15.6Vpp differential (17dBu)	
BANDWIDTH (-3dB):	VIDEO: Out 440MHz CAT 5 (Rec Out) 150MHz	AUDIO: Stereo Unbalanced 20kHz Stereo Balanced 20kHz	
RESOLUTION:	VIDEO: VGA up to WUXGA	÷	
DIFF. GAIN:	VIDEO: XGA 0.04%		
DIFF. PHASE:	VIDEO: UXGA: 0.07Deg		
K FACTOR:	VIDEO: UXGA 0.2%		
S/N RATIO:	VIDEO: UXGA 68.3dB to 5MHz	AUDIO: Stereo Unbalanced 74dB @1kHz	
		Stereo Balanced 74.4dB @1kHz CAT5 (Rec Out) 69.8dB	
CROSSTALK (all hostile):	VIDEO: UXGA –52dB to 5MHz	AUDIO: Local Stereo Unbalanced –73dB @1kHz Local Stereo Balanced <72dB @1kHz	
VOLUME CONTROL:	AUDIO: Stereo Unbalanced -65.4 to 25.8dB Stereo Balanced -59.4 to 31.8dB		
COUPLING:	VIDEO: UXGA—DC AUDIO: Stereo Unbalanced—In AC, Out DC TP Out—DC Stereo Balanced—In AC, Out DC		
AUDIO THD + NOISE:	Stereo Unbalanced 0.08% Stereo Balanced 0.08%		
AUDIO 2nd HARMONIC:	Stereo Unbalanced 0.001% Stereo Balanced 0.001%		
POWER SOURCE:	100-240V AC 50/60Hz 29VA		
DIMENSIONS:	43.6cm x 19.1cm x 4.4cm (19" x 7.5" x 1U) W, D, H rack-mountable		
WEIGHT:	1.7kg (3.8lbs) approx.		
ACCESSORIES:	Power cord, Windows [®] -based Kramer control software, RC-IR3 Infrared Remote Control transmitter, one SI-1VGA Remote Step-in module		
OPTIONS:	External remote IR receiver cable ² ; 15m extension cable ³ , SI-1VGA Remote Step-in Module		

2 P/N: C-A35M/IRR-50

³ P/N: C-A35M/A35F-50



¹ Specifications are subject to change without notice

13 Communication Parameters

<u>Table 7</u> lists the communication parameters as used in Kramer Electronics products.

RS-232						
Protocol 2000			Protocol 3000 (Default)			
Baud Rate:		9600	Baud Rate:		115,200	
Data Bits:		8	Data Bits:		8	
Stop Bits:		1	Stop Bits:		1	
Parity:		None	Parity:		None	
Command Format:		HEX	Command Forma	ıt:	ASCII	
Example (Output 1	to Input 1):	0x01, 0x81, 0x81, 0x81	Example (Output	1 to Input 1):	#AV 1>1 <cr></cr>	
Switching Protocol						
P2000 -> P3000			P3000 -> P2000			
Command:	mand: 0x38, 0x80, 0x83, 0x81		Command:	#P2000 <cr></cr>		
Front Panel:	Front Panel: Press and hold Output 1 and Output 3 simultaneously		Front Panel:	Press and hold Output 2 simu		
Ethernet Factory Default Values						
IP Address: 192.168.1.39 Power cycle the unit while p			pressing the Factory	Reset button, I	ocated on the	
Mask: 255.255.255.0		rear panel of the unit.				
Gateway: 192.168.1.1						
TCP Port #: 5000						
UDP Port #: 50000						

14 Default EDID

The default EDID is stored in all inputs.

Color characteristics Default color space..... sRGB Display gamma....... 2.00 Red chromaticity....... Rx 0.611 - Ry 0.329 Green chromaticity....... Bx 0.312 - Gy 0.559 Blue chromaticity....... Bx 0.148 - By 0.131 White point (default).... Wx 0.320 - Wy 0.336 Additional descriptors... None

Timing characteristics Range limits..... Not available

GTF standard..... Not supported Additional descriptors... None Preferred timing...... Yes Native/preferred timing.. 1024x768p at 60Hz (4:3) Modeline...... "1024x768" 65.000 1024 1048 1184 1344 768 771 777 806 -hsync -vsync Detailed timing #1..... 1280x800p at 60Hz (1:1) Modeline...... "1280x800" 71.000 1280 1328 1360 1440 800 803 809 823 +hsync -vsync Standard timings supported 640 x 480p at 60Hz - IBM VGA 640 x 480p at 67Hz - Apple Mac II 640 x 480p at 72Hz - VESA 640 x 480p at 75Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 56Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 60Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 72Hz - VESA 800 x 600p at 75Hz - VESA 1024 x 768p at 60Hz - VESA 1024 x 768p at 70Hz - VESA 1024 x 768p at 75Hz - VESA 1280 x 1024p at 75Hz - VESA 1280 x 1024p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1280 x 960p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1400 x 1050p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1440 x 900p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1600 x 1200p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1920 x 1200p at 60Hz - VESA STD 1920 x 1080p at 60Hz - VESA STD Report information Date generated 12/7/2010 Software revision...... 2.43.0.822 Operating system...... 5.1.2600.2.Service Pack 3 Raw data

00,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,00,2E,4D,08,08,02,00,00,00,A,13,01,03,6E,24,1D,64,EE,9C,20,9C,54,4F,8F,26,21,52,56, 3F,CF,00,81,80,81,40,90,40,95,00,A9,40,D1,00,D1,C0,01,01,64,19,00,40,41,00,26,30,18,88,36,00,30,E4,10,00,00, 18,BC,1B,00,A0,50,20,17,30,30,20,36,00,20,20,00,00,00,00,00,FC,00,56,50,2D,38,31,4B,2D,53,49,0A,20,20, 20,000,00,01,00,56,50,2D,38,31,4B,2D,53,49,20,0A,20,20,00,68

15 Table of ASCII Codes for Serial Communication (Protocol 3000)

<u>Table 8</u> lists the ASCII values to switch an input to an output for a single **VP-81KSi** device. For more detailed information, see Protocol 3000 <u>Section 17.2</u>.

	Video	Audio
IN 1	#V 1>1 CR	#A 1>1 CR
IN 2	#V 2>1 CR	#A 2>1 CR
IN 3	#V 3>1 CR	#A 3>1 CR
IN 4	#V 4>1 CR	#A 4>1 CR
IN 5	#V 5>1 CR	#A 5>1 CR
IN 6	#V 6>1 CR	#A 6>1 CR
IN 7	#V 7>1 CR	#A 7>1 CR
IN 8	#V 8>1 CR	#A 8>1 CR

Table 8: VP-81KSi Video and Audio Signal Codes

<u>Table 9</u> lists the codes that set the audio input gain. For more detailed information, see <u>Section 17.2</u>.



INPUT 1	INPUT 5	INPUT X*	Level [Rel]
#AUD-LVL 1,1, -63CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,5, -63CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,X, -63CR	-63dB Mute
:			
#AUD-LVL 1,1, -50CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,5, -50CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,X, -50CR	-50dB
:			
#AUD-LVL 1,1, 0CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,5, 0CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,X, 0CR	0dB
:			
#AUD-LVL 1,1, 7CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,5, 7CR	 #AUD-LVL 1,X, 7CR	+7dB (Max)

Table 9: VP-81KSi Audio Input Gain Codes

* Where X is the input number from 1 - 8. For example, for channel 7 and relative level -50dB, #AUD-LVL 1,7, -50CR

<u>Table 10</u> lists the codes that set the video and audio output gain. For more detailed information, see <u>Section 17.1.2</u>.

OUTPUT 1	Level [Rel]
#AUD-LVL 2,1, -30CR	-30dB
#AUD-LVL 2,1, 0CR	0dB
#AUD-LVL 2,1, 20CR	+20dB

Table 10: VP-81KSi Audio and Audio Output Gain Codes

16 Table of Hex Codes for Serial Communication (Protocol 2000)

<u>Table 11</u> lists the Hex values to switch an input to an output for a single **VP-81KSi** machine. For more detailed information, see Protocol 2000^{1} (see <u>Section 17.3</u>).

	Video	Audio
IN 1	01, 81, 81, 81	02, 81, 81, 81
IN 2	01, 82, 81, 81	02, 82, 81, 81
IN 3	01, 83, 81, 81	02, 83, 81, 81
IN 4	01, 84, 81, 81	02, 84, 81, 81
IN 5	01, 85, 81, 81	02, 85, 81, 81
IN 6	01, 86, 81, 81	02, 86, 81, 81
IN 7	01, 87, 81, 81	02, 87, 81, 81
IN 8	01, 88, 81, 81	02, 88, 81, 81

Table 11: VP-81KSi Hex Codes for Protocol 2000

Table 12 lists the Hex codes that increase or decrease audio input gain. Table 12: VP-81KSi Hex Codes that Increase/Decrease Audio Input Gain

IN 1 IN 2 IN 3 IN 4 IN 5 IN 6 IN 7 IN 8 18 84 86 81 18 81 86 81 18 82 86 81 18 83 86 81 18 85 86 81 18 86 86 81 18 87 86 81 18 88 86 81 Increase

Table 13 lists the Hex codes that set the audio input gain.

18 82 87 81 18 83 87 81 18 84 87 81 18 85 87 81

18 88 87 81

18 86 87 81 18 87 87 81

Decrease

18 81 87 81

¹ Go to the Technical Support section of our Web site at http://www.kramerelectronics.com
Note: Before sending any of the codes in <u>Table 13</u>, the command **2A 86 80 81** must be sent.

IN 1	IN 2	IN 3	IN 4	IN 5	IN 6	IN 7	IN 8	Level [Rel]
16 81 80* 81	16 82 80* 81	16 83 80* 81	16 84 80* 81	16 85 80* 81	16 86 80* 81	16 87 80* 81	16 88 80* 81	-63dB Mute
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
16 81 8D [*] 81	16 82 8D [*] 81	16 83 8D [*] 81	16 84 8D [*] 81	16 85 8D [*] 81	16 86 8D [*] 81	16 87 8D [*] 81	16 88 8D [*] 81	-50dB
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
16 81 BF [*] 81	16 82 BF [*] 81	16 83 BF [*] 81	16 84 BF [*] 81	16 85 BF [*] 81	16 86 BF [*] 81	16 87 BF [*] 81	16 88 BF [*] 81	0dB
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
16 81 C6 [*] 81	16 82 C6 [*] 81	16 83 C6 [*] 81	16 84 C6 [*] 81	16 85 C6 [*] 81	16 86 C6 [*] 81	16 87 C6 [*] 81	16 88 C6 [*] 81	+7dB (Max)

Table 13: Hex Codes that Set the Audio Input Gain

* BYTE 3 = 0x80 + Gain Value (0x00-0x46)

Table 14 lists the Hex codes that increase or decrease the audio output gain.

Table 14: VP-8x8AK Hex Codes for Increasing/Decreasing the Output Gain

	OUT 1	OUT 2	OUT 3	OUT 4	OUT 5	OUT 6	OUT 7	OUT 8
Increase	18 81 80 81	18 82 80 81	18 83 80 81	18 84 80 81	18 85 80 81	18 86 80 81	18 87 80 81	18 88 80 81
Decrease	18 81 81 81	18 82 81 81	18 83 81 81	18 84 81 81	18 85 81 81	18 86 81 81	18 87 81 81	18 88 81 81

Table 15 lists the Hex codes that set the audio output gain.

Before sending the any of the codes in <u>Table 15</u>, the command 2A 87 80 81 must be sent.

OUT 1	Level [Rel]
16 81 80* 81	-30dB
16 81 9E [*] 81	0dB
:	
16 81 B2 [*] 81	+20dB

Table 15: Hex Codes for Setting the Audio Output Gain

*BYTE 3 = 0x80 + Gain Value (0x00-0x32)

17 Kramer Protocol

Section 17.1 describes how to switch between Protocol 3000 and Protocol¹ 2000.

By default, the **VP-81KSi** is set to protocol 3000 (see <u>Section 17.2</u>) but is also compatible with Kramer's Protocol 2000 (see <u>Section 17.3</u>).

¹ You can download our user-friendly "Software for Calculating Hex Codes for Protocol 2000" from the technical support section at http://www.kramerelectronics.com



17.1 Switching Protocols

You can switch protocols either via the front panel buttons (see <u>Section 17.1.1</u>) or the protocol commands (see <u>Section 17.1.2</u>).

17.1.1 Switching Protocols via the Front Panel Buttons

To switch from protocol 3000 to protocol 2000 via the:

- Front panel buttons, press the IN 1 and IN 2 button simultaneously
- Infrared remote control transmitter, press the TAKE button and then 13

To switch from protocol 2000 to protocol 3000 via the:

- Front panel buttons, press the IN 1 and IN 3 button simultaneously
- Infrared remote control transmitter, press the TAKE button and then 16

17.1.2 Switching Protocols via Protocol Commands

To switch from protocol 3000 to protocol 2000, send the following command: **#P2000<CR>**

To switch from protocol 2000 to protocol 3000, send the following command:

0x38, 0x80, 0x83, 0x81

The Windows[®]-based Kramer control software¹ operates with Protocol 2000. If the **VP-81KSi** is set to Protocol 3000, it is automatically switched to Protocol 2000.

17.2 Kramer Protocol 3000

This RS-232/RS-485 communication protocol lets you control the machine from any standard terminal software (for example, Windows[®] HyperTerminal Application).

17.2.1 Protocol 3000 Syntax

Host message format:

Start	Address (optional)	Body	Delimiter
#	Destination_id@	message	CR

Simple command (commands string with only one command without addressing):

start	body	delimiter
#	Command SP Parameter_1,Parameter_2,	CR

Commands string (formal syntax with commands concatenation and addressing):

¹ Download the latest software from our Web site at http://www.kramerelectronics.com

Address(a) Command 1 Parameter 1 1, Parameter 1 2,... |Command 2 Parameter2 1, Parameter2 2,... |Command 3 Parameter3 1, Parameter3 2,...**CR**

Device message format:

Start	Address (optional)	Body	Delimiter
~	Sender_id@	message	CRLF

Device long response (Echoing command):

Start	Address (optional)	Body	Delimiter
~	Sender_id@	command SP [param1 ,param2] result	

CR = Carriage return (ASCII 13 = 0x0D)

LF = Line feed (ASCII
$$10 = 0x0A$$
)
SP = Space (ASCII $32 = 0x20$)

17.2.2 Command Part Details

Command:

Sequence of ASCII letters ('A'-'Z', 'a'-'z' and '-').

Command will separate from parameters with at least single space.

Parameters:

Sequence of Alfa-Numeric ASCII chars ('0'-'0','A'-'Z','a'-'z' and some special chars for specific commands), parameters will be separated by commas.

Message string:

Every command must to be entered as part of message string that begin with message starting char and end with message closing char, note that string can contain more then one command separated by pipe ("|") char.

Message starting char:

'#' for host command\query.

'~' for machine response.

Device address (Optional, for Knet):

Knet Device ID follow by '@' char.

Query sign = '?', will follow after some commands to define query request.

Message closing char =

Host messages - Carriage Return (ASCII 13), will be referred to by CR in this document.

Machine messages - Carriage Return (ASCII 13) + Line-Feed (ASCII 10), will be referred to by CRLF.

Spaces between parameters or command parts will be ignored.

Commands chain separator char:

When message string contains more than one command, commands will be separated by pipe ("|").



Commands entering:

If terminal software used to connect over serial \ ethernet \ USB port, that possible to directly enter all commands characters (CR will be entered by Enter key, that key send also [L], but this char will be ignored by commands parser).

Sending commands from some controllers (like Crestron) require coding some characters in special form (like \X##). Anyway, there is a way to enter all ASCII characters, so it is possible to send all commands also from controller.

(Similar way can use for URL $\$ Telnet support that maybe will be added in future).

Commands forms:

Some commands have short name syntax beside the full name to allow faster typing, response is always in long syntax.

Commands chaining:

It is possible to enter multiple commands in same string by "|' char (pipe).

In this case the **message starting char** and the **message closing char** will be entered just one time, in the string beginning and at the end.

All the commands in string will not execute until the closing char will be entered.

Separate response will be sent for every command in the chain.

Input string max length:

64 characters.

Backward support:

Design note: transparent supporting for protocol 2000 will be implemented by switch protocol command from protocol 3000 to protocol 2000, in protocol 2000 there is already such a command to switch protocol to ASCII protocol (#56 : H38 H80 H83 H81).

Table 16: Instruction Codes for Protocol 3000

Help commands					
Command	Syntax	Response			
Protocol Handshaking	#CR	~OK <mark>CRLF</mark>			

Device initiated messages					
Command	Syntax				
Start message	Kramer Electronics LTD. , Device Model Version Software Version				
Switcher actions	Switcher actions				
Audio-video channel has switched (AFV mode)	AV IN>OUT				
Video channel has switched (Breakaway mode)	VID IN>OUT				
Audio channel has switched (Breakaway mode)	AUD IN>OUT				

Result codes (errors)				
	Syntax			
No error. Command running succeeded	COMMAND PARAMETERS OK			
Protocol Errors				
Syntax Error	ERR001			
Command not available for this device	ERR002			
Parameter is out of range	ERR003			
Unauthorized access (running command without the match login).	ERR004			

Basic routing commands						
Command	Synt			ponse		
Switch audio & video	AV [/]>OUT , []>OUT , .	RESULT				
-	1		I.			
Switch video only	VID [M]>[OUT], [M]>[OUT], VID [M]>[OUT], [M]>[OUT], Short form: V [M]>[OUT], [M]>[OUT],					
Note: When AFV mode is activity show audio connections	ve, this command will switc status.	h also audio. If audio is	breakaway – device disp	lay mode will change to		
Switch audio only	AUD [//>OU7], [//>OU7] Short form: A [//>OU7],		AUD	T, <u>RESULT</u>		
Note: When AFV mode	is active, this command wil	l switch also video.				
Read video connection	VID? OUT Short form: V? OUT			VID IN>OUT		
	VID? *			VID [//>1, [//>2,		
Read audio connection				AUD IN>OUT		
Read addio connection	Short form: A? OUT			AUD [//]>007		
	AUD? *			AUD //\>1, //\>2,		
Parameters Description:						
IN = Input number or '0'						
OUT = Output number of	er between in and out para	ameters.				
Examples:						
Switch Video and Au	dio input 3 to output 7	#AV 3>7 CR	~AV 3>7 OK CR			
Switch Video input 21		#V 2>4CR	~VID 2>4 OK			
	to output 2 in machine					
number 6		#6@VID 4>2 <mark>CR</mark>	~6@VID 4>2 OI			
Disconnect Video and	d Audio Output 4	#AV 0>4 CR		~AV 0>4 OK CRLF		
Switch Video Input 3 to All Outputs		#V 3>* CR	~VID 3>* OK CF	RLF		
Chaining Multiple commands*	#AV 1>* V 3>4, 2>2, 82>			~AV 1>* OK CRLF		
commands	This switch an Audio and video outputs norminput 1,					
	Then switch video input 3 to output 4, video input 2 to output 2, video input and disconnect video output 2. OK[CRLF] VID 82>3 ERR###					
	Then switch audio input 3 to output 2,					
	Then disconnect audio output 1.					
	Then get status of all links			~AUD 0>1 OK CRLF ~V 1>1, 0>2, 1>3, 3>4		
	Commands processing sta each command after proc		esponse will sent for	CRLF		
	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 -				



Signal Status commands					
Command	Syntax	Response			
Change signal status		SIGNAL [NPUT], [STATUS			
Get signal status	SIGNAL? INPUT	SIGNAL INPUT, STATUS			

Parameters Description:

INPUT = Input number, ^{**} for all. **STATUS** = Signal state: "0" or "off" for not existent signal.

"1" or "on" for existent signal.

	Preset command	ls
Command	Syntax	Response
Store current connections to preset	PRST-STO PRESET	PRST-STO PRESET RESULT
	Short form: PSTO PRESET	
Recall saved preset	PRST-RCL PRESET	PRST-RCL PRESET RESULT
	Short form: PRCL PRESET	
Delete saved preset		
Delete saveu preset	PRST-DEL PRESET Short form: PDEL PRESET	PRST-DEL PRESET RESULT
Read video connections	PRST-VID? PRESET,OUT	PRST-VID PRESET, IN>OUT
from saved preset	Short form: PVID? PRESET,OUT	
	PRST-VID? PRESET, *	PRST-VID <u>PRESET</u> , M>1, M>2,
Read audio connections	PRST-AUD? PRESET OUT	PRST-AUD PRESET: INPOUT
from saved preset	Short form: PAUD? PRESET,OUT	
	PRST-AUD? PRESET, *	PRST-AUD <i>PRESET</i> : <i>IN</i> >1, <i>IN</i> >2,
Read saved presets list	PRST-LST?	PRST-LST PRESET, PRESET,
	Short form: PLST?	
Parameters Description	:	

PRESET = Preset number.

OUT = Output in preset to show for, '*' for all.

Examples:				
Store current Audio & Video connections to preset 5	#PRST-STR 5 CR	~PRST-STR 5 OK <mark>CRLF</mark>		
Recall Audio & Video connections from preset 3	#PRCL 3 CR	~PRST-RCL 3 OKCRLF		
Show source of video output 2 from preset 3	#PRST-VID? 3,2 CR	~PRST-VID 3: 4>2 CRLF		

	Operation commands			
Command	Syntax	Response		
Lock front panel	LOCK-FP LOCK-MODE	LOCK-FP LOCK-MODE RESULT		
	Short form: LCK LOCK-MODE			
Get front panel locking state	LOCK-FP?	LOCK-FP		
Parameters Description:				
LOCK-MODE = Front panel lock	ng state:			
"0" or "off" to unlock front panel buttons.				
"1" or "on" to lock front panel bu	ttons.			
Restart device	RESET	RESET OK		
	·	•		
0. 10.1.1	D0000	Deene OV		

Switch to protocol 2000*	P2000	P2000 OK
* Protocol 2000 has command to switch back to ASCII protocol (like protocol 3000)		

Audio parameters commands			
Command	Syntax	Response	
Set audio level in specific amplifier stage.	AUD-LVL STAGE, CHANNEL, VOLUME Short form: ADL STAGE, CHANNEL, VOLUME	AUD-LVL STAGE, CHANNEL, VOLUME RESULT	
Read audio volume level	AUD-LVL? STAGE, CHANNEL Short form: ADL? STAGE	AUD-LVL STAGE, CHANNEL, VOLUME	

Mute audio	MUTE MUTE-MODE	MUTE MUTE-MODE RESULT
------------	----------------	-----------------------

Parameters Description:

STAGE =

"In","Out"

or

Numeric value (present audio processing stage). For example: "0" for Input level, "1" for Pre-Amplifier, "2" for Amplifier (Out) etc.

CHANNEL = Input or Output

VOLUME = Audio parameter in Kramer units, precede minus sign for negative values.

++ increase current value

-- decrease current value

MUTE MODE = 1 – Mute

0 – Unmute

Machine info commands			
Command Syntax Response			
* Time settings commands require admin authorization			
Read in/outs count INFO-IO? IN INFO-IO: IN INPUTS_COUNT, OUT OUTPUTS_COUNT			

Read max presets	INFO-PRST?	INFO-PRST: VID PRESET_VIDEO_COUNT, AUD
count		PRESET_AUDIO_COUNT



factory default*	Machine info commands				
Command Syntax Response Protocol Handshaking #CR ~OK CRLF Read device model MODEL? MODEL [MACHINE_MODEL] Read device serial number SN? SN [SERIAL_NUMBER] Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION [MAJOR] [MINOR] [BUILD] [REVISION Set machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Read machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST [MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME] [RESULT] *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). [MACH-INE_NAME] = Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. [MACH-INE_NUMBER] [MACH-INE_NUMBER] [RESULT]		FACTORY FACTORY RES		FACTORY RE	SULT
Protocol Handshaking #CR ~OK CRLF Read device model MODEL? MODEL [MACHINE_MODEL] Read device serial number SN? SN SERIAL_NUMBER Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION [MAJOR]. [MINOR]. [BUILD]. [REVISION Set machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Read machine name NAME? NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST [MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME] [RESULT] *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). [MACHINE_NAME] = Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. [MACH-NUM] [OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER] Set machine id number [MACH-NUM] [MACH-NUM] [RESULT]			ld	entification con	nmands
Read device model MODEL? MODEL [MACHINE_MODEL] Read device serial number SN? SN [SERIAL_NUMBER] Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION [MAJOR]. [MINOR]. [BUILD]. [REVISION Set machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Result? Read machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Result? Read machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Result? Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST [MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME] RESULT] *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). [MACHINE_NAME] Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. [MACH-NUM [OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER]] [RESULT]	Command		Syn	Itax	Response
Read device model MODEL? MODEL [MACHINE_MODEL] Read device serial number SN? SN [SERIAL_NUMBER] Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION [MAJOR]. [MINOR]. [BUILD]. [REVISION Set machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Read machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] Result? Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST [MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME] RESULT] *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). [MACHINE_NAME] Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. [MACH-NUM [OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER]] [RESULT]					
Read device serial number SN? SN SERIAL_NUMBER Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION MAJOR MINOR BUILD REVISION Set machine name NAME MACHINE_NAME NAME MACHINE_NAME Read machine name NAME MACHINE_NAME NAME MACHINE_NAME Read machine name NAME? NAME MACHINE_NAME Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME MACHINE_NAME Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER NAME-RUME_NUMBER NACH-INE_NUMBER RESULT	Protocol Handshak	ting	#CR		~OK CRLF
Read device serial number SN? SN SERIAL_NUMBER Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION MAJOR MINOR BUILD REVISION Set machine name NAME MACHINE_NAME NAME MACHINE_NAME Read machine name NAME MACHINE_NAME NAME MACHINE_NAME Read machine name NAME? NAME MACHINE_NAME Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME MACHINE_NAME Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER NAME-RUME_NUMBER NACH-INE_NUMBER RESULT	Read device mod	ol	MODEL 2		
Read device firmware version VERSION? VERSION [MAJOR] [MINOR] [BUILD] [REVISION] Set machine name NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] RESULT] Read machine name NAME? NAME [MACHINE_NAME] NAME [MACHINE_NAME] RESULT] Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST [MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME] RESULT] *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). [MACHINE_NAME] = Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. [MACH-NUM] [MACH-NUM] [MACH-NUM] Set machine id number [MACHINE_NUMBER] [MACHINE_NUMBER] [RESULT]	Read device mou	ei	MODEL		MODEL MACHINE_MODEL
Set machine name NAME MACHINE_NAME NAME MACHINE_NAME Result Read machine name NAME? NAME MACHINE_NAME Result Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST NAME-RST MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME RESULT *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM RESULT	Read device serial nu	mber	SN?		SN SERIAL_NUMBER
Set machine name NAME MACHINE_NAME NAME MACHINE_NAME Result Read machine name NAME? NAME MACHINE_NAME Result Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST NAME-RST MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME RESULT *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM RESULT					
Read machine name NAME? NAME MACHINE_NAME Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST NAME-RST MAME-RST RESULT *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER		are	VERSION?		VERSION MAJOR IMINOR BUILD REVISION
Read machine name NAME? NAME MACHINE_NAME Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST NAME-RST MAME-RST RESULT *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER					
Reset machine name to factory default* NAME-RST NAME-RST NAME-RST RESULT *Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on). RESULT RESULT MACHINE NAME = Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER NAME-RST NAME-RST NAME-RST	Set machine nam	e		E_NAME	
factory default* In the control of	Read machine nar	ne	NAME?		NAME MACHINE_NAME
network using (with DNS feature on). MACHINE_NAME = Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACHINE_NUMBER NEW_MACHINE_NUMBER		e to	NAME-RST		NAME-RST MACHINE_FACTORY_NAME RESULT
MACHINE NAME = Up to 14 Alfa-Numeric chars. * Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number. Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACH-NUM MACHINE_NUMBER NEW_MACHINE_NUMBER	*Note: machine name not equal to model name. This name relevance for site viewer identification of specific machine or for network using (with DNS feature on)				
Set machine id number MACH-NUM MACH-NUM OLD_MACHINE_NUMBER MACHINE_NUMBER ,NEW_MACHINE_NUMBER RESULT					
MACHINE_NUMBER ,NEW_MACHINE_NUMBER RESULT	* Machine factory name = Model name + last 4 digits from serial number.				
MACHINE_NUMBER ,NEW_MACHINE_NUMBER RESULT					
	Set machine id num	ıber		IBER	
The sponse will send aller machine number has been changed. Of the replay with header will be.					
NEW MACHINE NUMBER @MACH-NUM OLD MACHINE NUMBER NEW MACHINE NUMBER OK					

Network settings commands			
Set IP Address	NET-IP [<i>P_ADDRESS</i> NTIP	NET-IP [P_ADDRESS RESULT]	
Read IP Address	NET-IP? NTIP?	NET-IP IP_ADDRESS	
Read MAC Address	NET-MAC? NTMC	NET-MAC MAC_ADDRESS	
Set subnet mask	NET-MASK SUBNET_MASK	NET-MASK SUBNET_MASK RESULT	

Set subnet mask	NET-MASK SUBNET_MASK	NET-MASK SUBNET_MASK RESULT
	NTMSK	
Read subnet mask	NET-MASK?	NET-MASK SUBNET MASK
	NTMSK?	
Set gateway address	NET-GATE GATEWAY_ADDRESS	NET-GATE GATEWAY_ADDRESS RESULT
	NTGT	
Read subnet mask	NET-GATE?	NET-GATE GATEWAY_ADDRESS

Set DHCP mode	NET-DHCP DHCP_MODE	NET-DHCP_DHCP_MODE RESULT

NTGT?

Network settings commands					
	NTDH				
Read subnet mask	NET-DHCP? NTDH?	NET-DHCP DHCP_MODE			
DHCP_MODE =	D act by factor (or ID act command)				

0 – Don't use DHCP (Use IP set by factory or IP set command).

1 – Try to use DHCP, if unavailable use IP as above.

Change protocol Ethernet port	ETH-PORT <u>PROTOCOL</u> , <u>PORT</u> ETHP	ETH-PORT PROTOCOL ,PORT RESULT		
Read protocol Ethernet port	ETH-PORT? <u>PROTOCOL</u> ETHP?	ETH-PORT PROTOCOL , PORT		
PROTOCOL = TCP / UDF	P (transport layer protocol)			
PORT = Ethernet port to enter protocol 3000 commands				
1-65535 = User defined port				
0 - reset port to factory default (50000 for UDP, 5000 for TCP)				

Advanced switching commands						
Command	Syntax	Response				
Set audio follow video mode	AFV AFV-MODE	AFV AFV-MODE RESULT				
Note:						
This command effect	t device front-panel mode and AUD\VID command					
Read audio follow video mode	AFV?	AFV AFV-MODE				
video mode						

AFV-MODE = Front panel AFV mode

"0" or "afv" to set front panel switching buttons in audio-follow-video state

"1" or "brk" to set front panel switching buttons in their previous state when audio

17.3 Kramer Protocol 2000

This RS-232/RS-485 communication protocol (Version 0.5) uses four bytes of information as defined below. For RS-232, a null-modem connection between the machine and controller is used. The default data rate is 9600 baud, with no parity, 8 data bits and 1 stop bit.

Table	17:	Protocol	Definitions
-------	-----	----------	-------------

MSB							LSB
	DESTINATION			INSTRU	ICTION		
0	D	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

1st byte

· · ·	,							
					INPUT			
	1	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0



2nd t	,yte	OUTPUT						
	1	O6	O5	04	O3	O2	01	00
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

3rd byte

. . . .

_					MA	CHINE NUMB	ER	
	1	OVR	х	M4	M3	M2	M1	MO
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

4th byte

1st BYTE: Bit 7 – Defined as 0.

D - "DESTINATION": 0 - for sending information to the switchers (from the PC);

1 - for sending to the PC (from the switcher).

N5...N0 - "INSTRUCTION"

The function that is to be performed by the switcher(s) is defined by the INSTRUCTION (6 bits). Similarly, if a function is performed via the machine's keyboard, then these bits are set with the INSTRUCTION NO., which was performed. The instruction codes are defined according to the table below (INSTRUCTION NO. is the value to be set for N5...N0).

2nd BYTE: Bit 7 – Defined as 1.

I6...I0 – "INPUT".

When switching (ie. instruction codes 1 and 2), the INPUT (7 bits) is set as the input number which is to be switched. Similarly, if switching is done via the machine's front-panel, then these bits are set with the INPUT NUMBER which was switched. For other operations, these bits are defined according to the table.

3rd BYTE: Bit 7 – Defined as 1. 06...00 – "OUTPUT".

When switching (ie. instruction codes 1 and 2), the OUTPUT (7 bits) is set as the output number which is to be switched. Similarly, if switching is done via the machine's front-panel, then these bits are set with the OUTPUT NUMBER which was switched. For other operations, these bits are defined according to the table.

4th BYTE: Bit 7 - Defined as 1.

Bit 5 – Don't care.

OVR - Machine number override.

M4...M0 - MACHINE NUMBER.

Used to address machines in a system via their <u>machine numbers</u>. When several machines are controlled from a single serial port, they are usually configured together with each machine having an individual machine number. If the OVR bit is set, then all machine numbers will accept (implement) the command, and the addressed machine will reply.

For a single machine controlled via the serial port, always set M4...M0 = 1, and make sure that the machine itself is configured as MACHINE NUMBER = 1.

Table 18: Instruction Codes for Protocol 2000

Note: All values in the table are decimal, unless otherwise stated

	INSTRUCTION	DEFINITION FOR S	NOTE	
#	DESCRIPTION	INPUT	OUTPUT	
0	RESET VIDEO	0	0	1
1	SWITCH VIDEO	Set equal to video input which is to be switched (0 = disconnect)	Set equal to video output which is to be switched (0 = to all the outputs)	2
2	SWITCH AUDIO	Set equal to audio input which is to be switched (0 = disconnect)	Set equal to audio output which is to be switched (0 = to all the outputs)	2

	INSTRUCTION	DEFINITION FOR	SPECIFIC INSTRUCTION	NOTE
#	DESCRIPTION	INPUT	OUTPUT	
3	STORE VIDEO STATUS	Set as SETUP #	0 - to store 1 - to delete	2, 3
4	RECALL VIDEO STATUS	Set as SETUP #	0	2.3
5	REQUEST STATUS OF A VIDEO OUTPUT	Set as SETUP #	Equal to output number whose status is required	4, 3
6	REQUEST STATUS OF AN AUDIO OUTPUT	Set as SETUP #	Equal to output number whose status is required	4, 3
8	BREAKAWAY SETTING	0	0 - audio-follow-video 1 - audio breakaway	2
11	REQUEST BREAKAWAY SETTING	Set as SETUP #	0 - Request audio breakaway setting	3, 4, 6
15	REQUEST WHETHER SETUP IS DEFINED / VALID INPUT IS DETECTED	SETUP # or Input #	0 - for checking if setup isdefined1 - for checking if input is valid	8
16	ERROR / BUSY	For invalid / valid input (i.e. OUTPUT byte = 4 or OUTPUT byte = 5), this byte is set as the input #	0 - error 1 - invalid instruction 2 - out of range 3 - machine busy 4 - invalid input 5 - valid input 6 - RX buffer overflow	9, 25
22	SET AUDIO PARAMETER	Equal to input / output number whose parameter is to be set (0 = all)	Set as parameter value	2, 24
24	INCREASE / DECREASE AUDIO PARAMETER	Equal to input / output number whose parameter is to be increased / decreased (0 = all)	0 - increase output 1 - decrease output	2
25	REQUEST AUDIO PARAMETER	Equal to input / output number whose parameter is requested	0	6, 24
30	LOCK FRONT PANEL	0 - Panel unlocked 1 - Panel locked	0	2
31	REQUEST WHETHER PANEL IS LOCKED	0	0	16
42	AUDIO PARAMETER SETTINGS FOR INSTRUCTIONS 22, 24, 25	INPUT Bit: I0 - 0=input; 1=output I1 - Left I2 - Right	0 - Gain 1 - Bass 2 - Treble 3 - Midrange 4 - Mix On	24
56	CHANGE TO ASCII	0	Kramer protocol 3000	19
61	IDENTIFY MACHINE	 video machine name audio machine name video software version audio software version 	 0 - Request first 4 digits 1 - Request first suffix 2 - Request second suffix 3 - Request third suffix 10 - Request first prefix 11 - Request second prefix 12 - Request third prefix 	13
62	DEFINE MACHINE	1 - number of inputs 2 - number of outputs 3 - number of setups	1 - for video 2 - for audio	14



NOTES on the above table:

NOTE 1 - When the master switcher is reset, (e.g. when it is turned on), the reset code is sent to the PC. If this code is sent to the switchers, it will reset according to the present power-down settings.

NOTE 2 - These are bi-directional definitions. That is, if the switcher receives the code, it will perform the instruction; and if the instruction is performed (due to a keystroke operation on the front panel), then these codes are sent. For example, if the HEX code

01 85 88 83

was sent from the PC, then the switcher (machine 3) will switch input 5 to output 8. If the user switched input 1 to output 7 via the front panel keypad, then the switcher will send HEX codes:

41 81 87 83

to the PC.

When the PC sends one of the commands in this group to the switcher, then, if the instruction is valid, the switcher replies by sending to the PC the same four bytes that it was sent (except for the first byte, where the DESTINATION bit is set high).

NOTE 3 - SETUP # 0 is the present setting. SETUP # 1 and higher are the settings saved in the switcher's memory, (i.e. those used for Store and Recall).

NOTE 4 - The reply to a "REQUEST" instruction is as follows: the same instruction and INPUT codes as were sent are returned, and the OUTPUT is assigned the value of the requested parameter. The replies to instructions 10 and 11 are as per the definitions in instructions 7 and 8 respectively. For example, if the present status of machine number 5 is breakaway setting, then the reply to the HEX code

0B	80	80	85
would be	e HEX codes		
4B	80	81	85

NOTE 6 – If INPUT is set to 127 for these instructions, then, if the function is defined on this machine, it replies with OUTPUT=1. If the function is not defined, then the machine replies with OUTPUT=0, or with an error (invalid instruction code).

If the INPUT is set to 126 for these instructions, then, if possible, the machine will return the current setting of this function, even for the case that the function is not defined. For example, for a video switcher which always switches during the VIS of input #1, (and its VIS setting cannot be programmed otherwise), the reply to the HEX code

0A	FE	80	81 (ie. request VIS setting, with INPUT set as 126dec)
would be H	EX codes		
4A	FE	81	81 (ie. VIS setting = 1, which is defined as VIS from input #1).

NOTE 8 - The reply is as in TYPE 3 above, except that here the OUTPUT is assigned with the value 0 if the setup is not defined / no valid input is detected; or 1 if it is defined / valid input is detected.

NOTE 9 - An error code is returned to the PC if an invalid instruction code was sent to the switcher, or if a parameter associated with the instruction is out of range (e.g. trying to save to a setup greater than the highest one, or trying to switch an input or output greater than the highest one defined). This code is also returned to the PC if an RS-232 instruction is sent while the machine is being programmed via the front panel. Reception of this code by the switcher is not valid.

NOTE 10 - This code is reserved for internal use.

NOTE 13 - This is a request to identify the switcher/s in the system. If the OUTPUT is set as 0, and the INPUT is set as 1, 2, 5 or 7, the machine will send its name. The reply is the decimal value of the INPUT and OUTPUT. For example, for a 2216, the reply to the request to send the audio machine name would be (HEX codes):

7D 96 90 81 (i.e. 128dec+ 22dec for 2nd byte, and 128dec+ 16dec for 3rd byte).

If the request for identification is sent with the INPUT set as 3 or 4, the appropriate machine will send its software version number. Again, the reply would be the decimal value of the INPUT and OUTPUT - the INPUT representing the number in front of the decimal point, and the OUTPUT representing the number after it. For example, for version 3.5, the reply to the request to send the version number would be (HEX codes):

7D 83 85 81 (i.e. 128dec+ 3dec for 2nd byte, 128dec+ 5dec for 3rd byte).

If the OUTPUT is set as 1, then the ASCII coding of the lettering following the machine's name is sent. For example, for the VS-7588YC, the reply to the request to send the first suffix would be (HEX codes):		
7D D9 C3 81 (i.e. 128dec+ ASCII for "Y"; 128dec+ ASCII for "C").		
NOTE 14 - The number of inputs and outputs refers to the specific machine which is being addressed, not to the system. For example, if six 16X16 matrices are configured to make a 48X32 system (48 inputs, 32 outputs), the reply to the HEX code		
3E 82 81 82 (ie. request the number of outputs)		
would be HEX codes		
7E 82 90 82		
ie. 16 outputs		
NOTE 16 - The reply to the "REQUEST WHETHER PANEL IS LOCKED" is as in NOTE 4 above, except that here the OUTPUT is assigned with the value 0 if the panel is unlocked, or 1 if it is locked.		
NOTE 19 – After this instruction is sent, the unit will respond to the ASCII command set defined by the OUTPUT byte. The ASCII command to operate with the HEX command set must be sent in order to return to working with HEX codes.		
NOTE 24 – Further information needed in instructions 21, 22, 25 and 26 is sent using instruction 42 – which is sent prior to the instruction. For example, to request the audio gain value of right input # 9, send hex codes		
2A 84 80 81		
and then send HEX codes		
19 89 81 81.		
To set MIX mode, send hex codes		
2A 81 84 81		
and then send HEX codes		
16		
NOTE 25 - For units which detect the validity of the video inputs, Instruction 16 will be sent whenever the unit detects a change in the state of an input (in real-time).		
For example, if input 3 is detected as invalid, the unit will send the HEX codes		
10 83 84 81		
If input 7 is detected as valid, then the unit will send HEX codes		
10 87 85 81.		



LIMITED WARRANTY

We warrant this product free from defects in material and workmanship under the following terms.

HOW LONG IS THE WARRANTY

Labor and parts are warranted for seven years from the date of the first customer purchase.

WHO IS PROTECTED?

Only the first purchase customer may enforce this warranty.

WHAT IS COVERED AND WHAT IS NOT COVERED

Except as below, this warranty covers all defects in material or workmanship in this product. The following are not covered by the warranty:

- Any product which is not distributed by us or which is not purchased from an authorized Kramer dealer. If you are
 uncertain as to whether a dealer is authorized, please contact Kramer at one of the agents listed in the Web site
 www.kramerelectronics.com.
- Any product, on which the serial number has been defaced, modified or removed, or on which the WARRANTY VOID IF TAMPERED sticker has been torn, reattached, removed or otherwise interfered with.
- 3. Damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from:
 - i) Accident, misuse, abuse, neglect, fire, water, lightning or other acts of nature
 - ii) Product modification, or failure to follow instructions supplied with the product
 - iii) Repair or attempted repair by anyone not authorized by Kramer
 - iv) Any shipment of the product (claims must be presented to the carrier)
 - v) Removal or installation of the product
 - vi) Any other cause, which does not relate to a product defect
 - vii) Cartons, equipment enclosures, cables or accessories used in conjunction with the product

WHAT WE WILL PAY FOR AND WHAT WE WILL NOT PAY FOR

We will pay labor and material expenses for covered items. We will not pay for the following:

- 1. Removal or installations charges.
- Costs of initial technical adjustments (set-up), including adjustment of user controls or programming. These costs are the responsibility of the Kramer dealer from whom the product was purchased.
- 3. Shipping charges.

HOW YOU CAN GET WARRANTY SERVICE

- 1. To obtain service on you product, you must take or ship it prepaid to any authorized Kramer service center.
- Whenever warranty service is required, the original dated invoice (or a copy) must be presented as proof of warranty coverage, and should be included in any shipment of the product. Please also include in any mailing a contact name, company, address, and a description of the problem(s).
- 3. For the name of the nearest Kramer authorized service center, consult your authorized dealer.

LIMITATION OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES

All implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are limited in duration to the length of this warranty.

EXCLUSION OF DAMAGES

The liability of Kramer for any effective products is limited to the repair or replacement of the product at our option. Kramer shall not be liable for:

- 1. Damage to other property caused by defects in this product, damages based upon inconvenience, loss of use of the product, loss of time, commercial loss; or:
- Any other damages, whether incidental, consequential or otherwise. Some countries may not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts and/or do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations and exclusions may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary from place to place.

NOTE: All products returned to Kramer for service must have prior approval. This may be obtained from your dealer.

This equipment has been tested to determine compliance with the requirements of:

EN-50081:	"Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC);
	generic emission standard.
	Part 1: Residential, commercial and light industry"
EN-50082:	"Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) generic immunity standard
	Part 1: Residential, commercial and light industry environment".
CFR-47:	FCC* Rules and Regulations:
	Part 15: "Radio frequency devices
	Subpart B Unintentional radiators"
	Part 1: Residential, commercial and light industry environment FCC* Rules and Regulations: Part 15: "Radio frequency devices

CAUTION!

- Servicing the machines can only be done by an authorized Kramer technician. Any user who makes changes or modifications to the unit without the expressed approval of the manufacturer will void user authority to operate the equipment.
- Use the supplied DC power supply to feed power to the machine.
- Please use recommended interconnection cables to connect the machine to other components.
 - * FCC and CE approved using STP cable (for twisted pair products)



For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit <u>www.kramerelectronics.com</u> where updates to this user manual may be found. We welcome your questions, comments and feedback.



Safety Warning: Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening/servicing.







CE

P/N:

Kramer Electronics, Ltd. Web site: www.kramerelectronics.com E-mail: info@kramerel.com P/N: 2900-000657 REV 5

Rev: