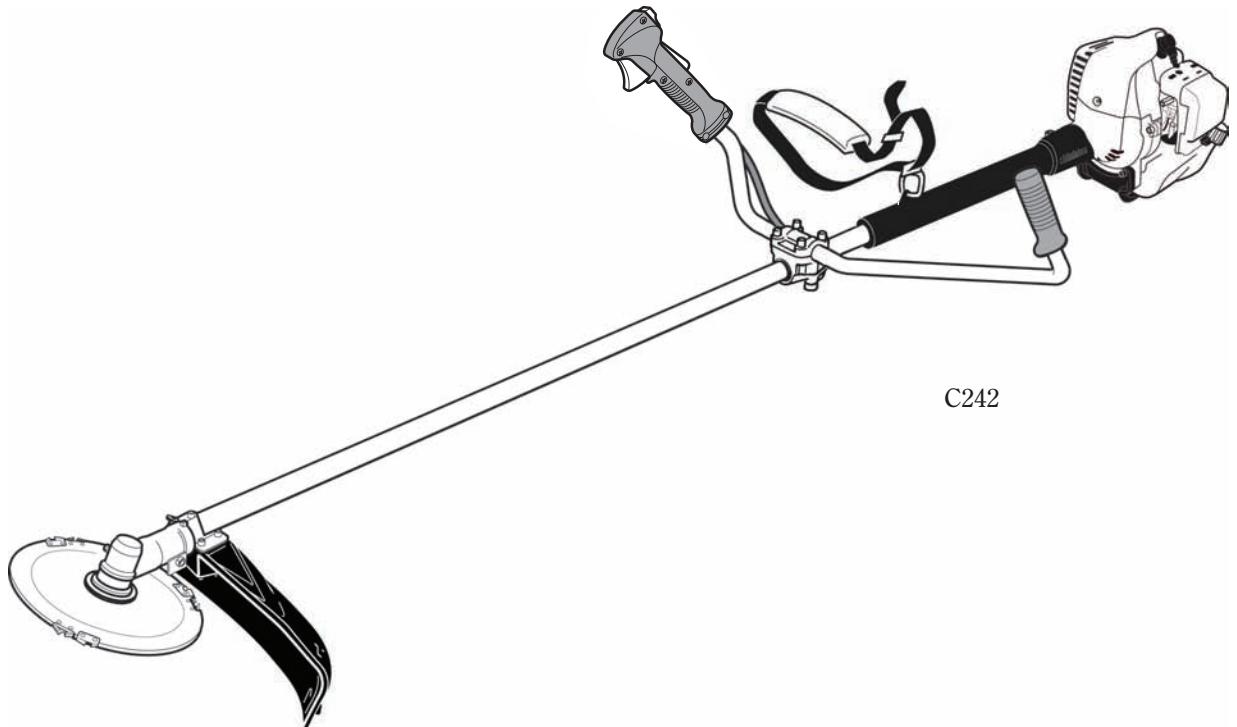


SHINDAIWA OWNER'S/OPERATOR'S MANUAL

C242 BRUSHCUTTER



C242



WARNING!

Minimize the risk of injury to yourself and others! Read this manual and familiarize yourself with the contents. Always wear eye and hearing protection when operating this unit.

Introduction

The Shindaiwa 242 Series hand held power equipment has been designed and built to deliver superior performance and reliability without compromise to quality, comfort, safety or durability.

Shindaiwa engines represent the leading edge of high-performance engine technology, delivering exceptionally high power with remarkably low displacement and weight. As an owner/operator, you'll soon discover for yourself why Shindaiwa is simply in a class by itself!

IMPORTANT!

The information contained in this owner's/operator's manual describes units available at the time of publication.

Shindaiwa Inc. reserves the right to make changes to products without prior notice, and without obligation to make alterations to units previously manufactured.



WARNING!

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Attention Statements

Throughout this manual are special "attention statements".



WARNING!

A statement preceded by the triangular attention symbol and the word "WARNING" contains information that should be acted upon to prevent serious bodily injury.

CAUTION!

A statement preceded by the word "CAUTION" contains information that should be acted upon to prevent mechanical damage.

IMPORTANT!

A statement preceded by the word "IMPORTANT" is one that possesses special significance.

NOTE:

A statement preceded by the word "NOTE" contains information that is handy to know and may make your job easier.

Safety Instructions

Work Safely

Shindaiwa trimmers operate at very high speeds and can do serious damage or injury if they are misused or abused. Never allow a person without training or instruction to operate this unit!



WARNING!

Never make unauthorized attachment installations. Do not use attachments not approved by Shindaiwa for use on this unit.

Stay Alert

You must be physically and mentally fit to operate this unit safely.



WARNING!



Never operate power equipment of any kind if you are tired or if you are under the influence of alcohol, drugs, medication or any other substance that could affect your ability or judgement.



WARNING!

Minimize the Risk of Fire

NEVER smoke or light fires near the engine.

ALWAYS stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling. Avoid overfilling and wipe off any fuel that may have spilled.

ALWAYS inspect the unit for fuel leaks before each use. During each refill, check that no fuel leaks from around the fuel cap and/or fuel tank. If fuel leaks are evident, stop using the unit immediately. Fuel leaks must be repaired before using the unit.

ALWAYS move the unit to a place well away from a fuel storage area or other readily flammable materials before starting the engine.

NEVER place flammable material close to the engine muffler.

NEVER operate the engine without the spark arrester screen in place.



Read and follow this operators manual. Failure to do so could result in serious injury.



Wear eye and hearing protection at all times during the operation of this unit.



Keep bystanders at least 50 feet (15 m) away during operation.



Beware of thrown or ricocheted objects.



Do not operate this unit with a blade unless the unit is equipped with a Shindaiwa-approved handlebar or barrier.



Always wear a harness when operating this unit with a blade. A harness is also recommended when using trimmer line.



If unit is used as a brushcutter, beware of blade thrust. A jammed blade can cause the unit to jerk suddenly and may cause the operator to lose control of the unit.

IMPORTANT!

The operational procedures described in this manual are intended to help you get the most from this unit as well as to protect you and others from harm. These procedures are guidelines for safe operation under most conditions, and are not intended to replace any safety rules and/or laws that may be in force in your area. If you have questions regarding your 242 series hand held power equipment, or if you do not understand something in this manual, your Shindaiwa dealer will be glad to assist you. You may also contact Shindaiwa Inc. at the address printed on the back of this Manual.

Safety Instructions



WARNING! Use Good Judgment

ALWAYS wear eye protection to shield against thrown objects.

NEVER run the engine when transporting the unit.

NEVER run the engine indoors! Make sure there is always good ventilation. Fumes from engine exhaust can cause serious injury or death.

ALWAYS clear your work area of trash or hidden debris that could be thrown back at you or toward a bystander.

ALWAYS use the proper cutting tool for the job.

ALWAYS stop the engine immediately if it suddenly begins to vibrate or shake. Inspect for broken, missing or improperly installed parts or attachments.

NEVER extend trimming line beyond the length specified for your unit.

ALWAYS keep the unit as clean as practical. Keep it free of loose vegetation, mud, etc.

ALWAYS hold the unit firmly with both hands when cutting or trimming, and maintain control at all times.

ALWAYS keep the handles clean.

ALWAYS disconnect the spark plug wire before performing any maintenance work.

ALWAYS, if a saw blade should bind fast in a cut, shut off the engine immediately. Push the branch or tree to ease the bind and free the blade.

The Properly Equipped Operator

Wear close-fitting clothing to protect legs and arms. Gloves offer added protection and are strongly recommended. Do not wear clothing or jewelry that could get caught in machinery or underbrush.

Secure hair so it is above shoulder level. NEVER wear shorts!

Wear hearing protection devices and a broad-brimmed hat or helmet.

Always wear eye protection such as goggles or safety glasses.

Always operate with both hands firmly gripping the unit.

Always make sure the appropriate cutting attachment shield is correctly installed and in good condition.

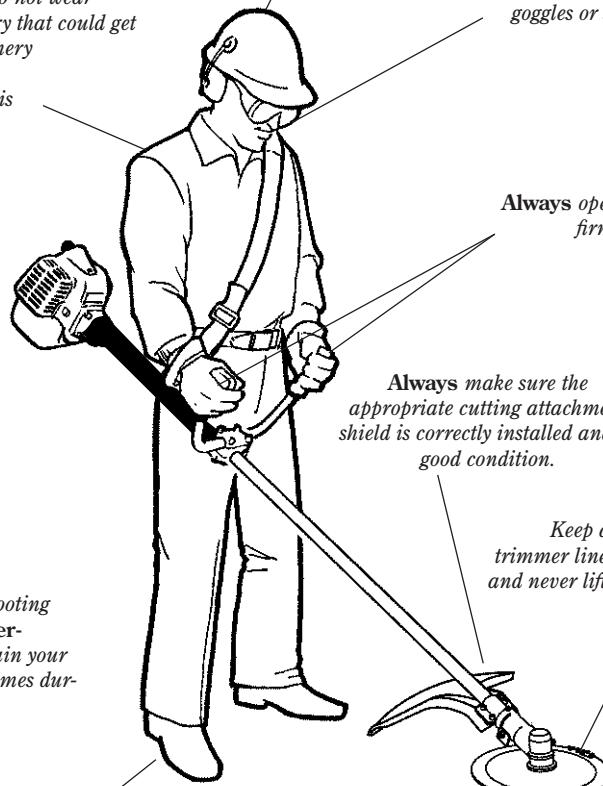
Keep away from the rotating trimmer line or blade at all times, and never lift a moving attachment above waist-high.

Keep a proper footing and do not over-reach—maintain your balance at all times during operation.

Wear appropriate footwear (non-skid boots or shoes): do not wear open-toed shoes or sandals. Never operate the unit while barefoot!

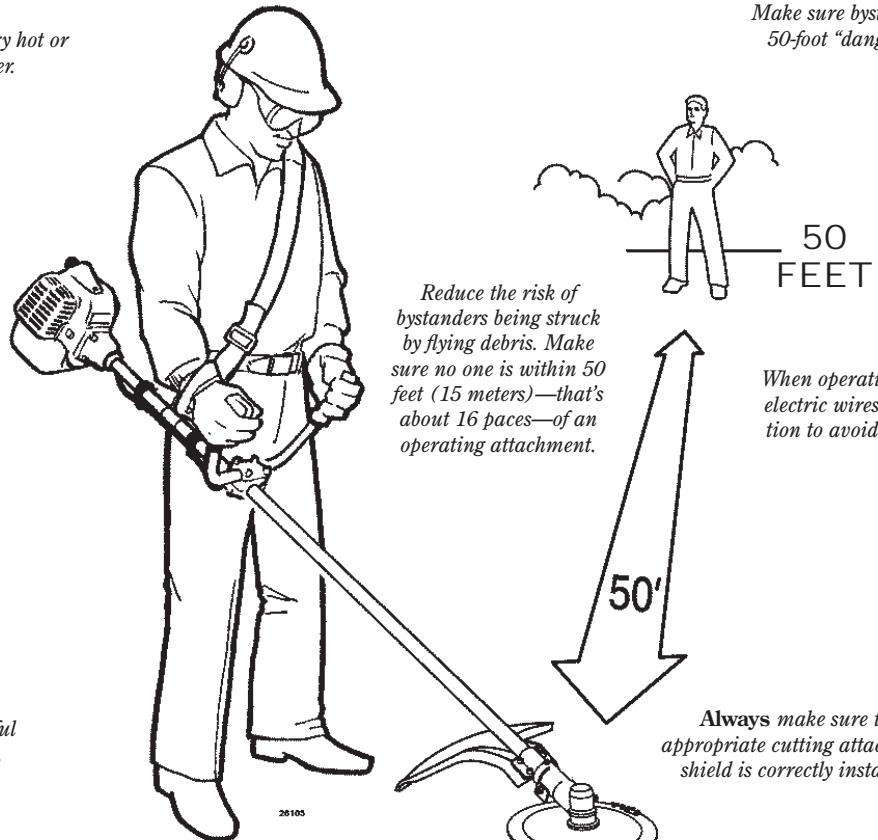
Always wear a shoulder strap or a harness when operating a unit equipped with a blade.

Figure 1



Be Aware of the Working Environment

Avoid long-term operation in very hot or very cold weather.



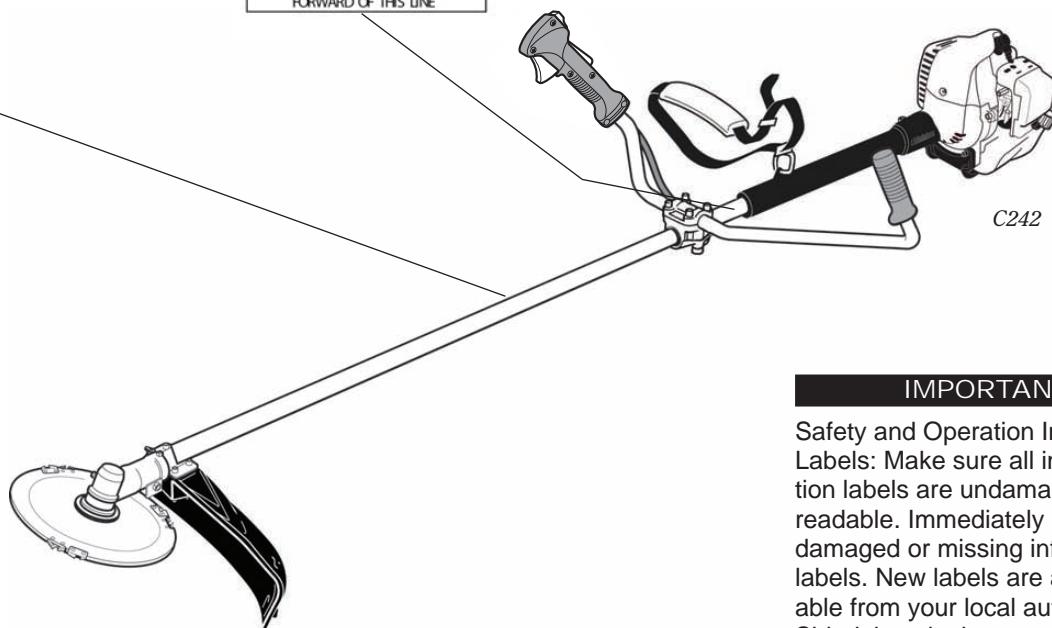
Make sure bystanders or observers outside the 50-foot "danger zone" wear eye protection.

Figure 2

Safety Labels



This label indicates the minimum distance between front handle and rear grip per ANSI B175.3.



IMPORTANT!

Safety and Operation Information Labels: Make sure all information labels are undamaged and readable. Immediately replace damaged or missing information labels. New labels are available from your local authorized Shindaiwa dealer.

Figure 3

Product Description

C242 BRUSHCUTTER

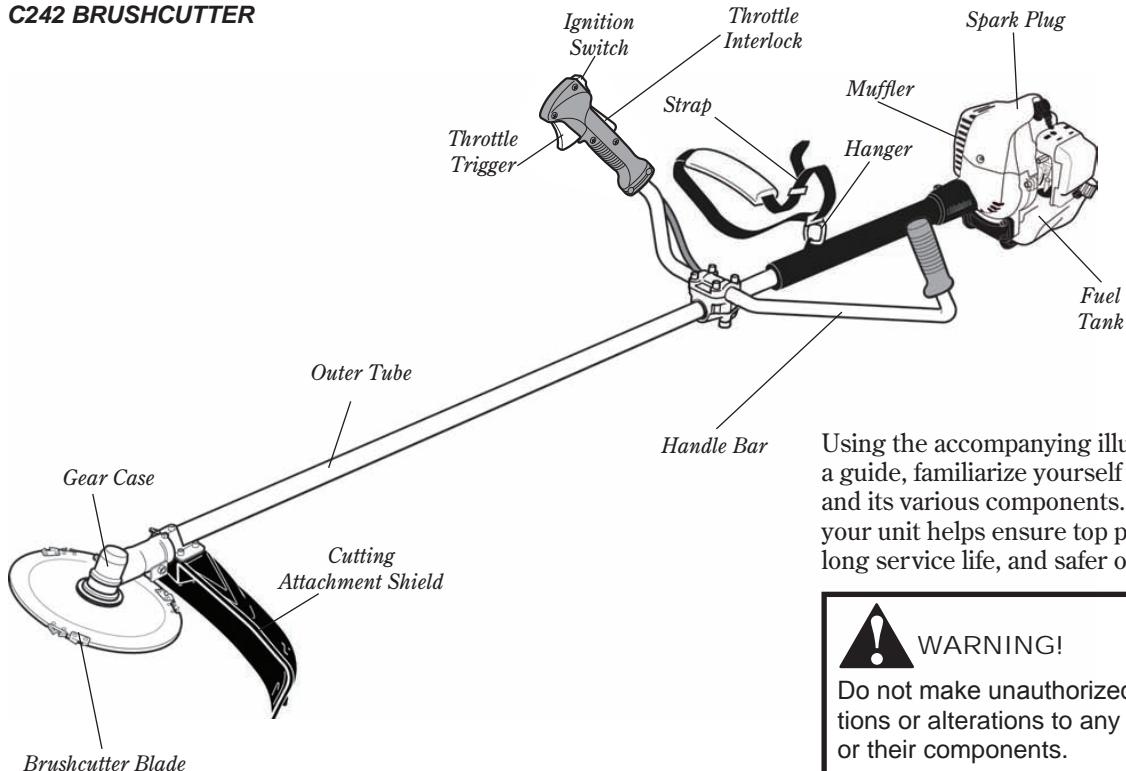


Figure 4

Using the accompanying illustrations as a guide, familiarize yourself with this unit and its various components. Understanding your unit helps ensure top performance, long service life, and safer operation.



WARNING!

Do not make unauthorized modifications or alterations to any of these units or their components.

Specifications C242

C242 dry weight (less attachments).....	12.4 lb./5.6 kg
Engine model.....	S242E
Engine type.....	2 cycle catalyst
Bore x stroke.....	1.3 x 1.1 in./33 mm x 28 mm
Displacement.....	1.5 cu. in./23.9 cc
Maximum power	1.0 HP/0.8 kW @ 8,000 RPM (min ¹)
Fuel/oil ratio.....	50:1 with ISO-L-EGD or JASO FC class 2-cycle mixing oil*
Carburetor type	Walbro WYK, diaphragm-type
Fuel tank capacity	22.3 oz./670 ml
Ignition	One-piece electronic, transistor-controlled
Spark plug.....	NGK BPMR6A

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

This unit comes fully assembled with the exception of the handlebar, cutting attachment shield and cutting attachment.

Prior to Assembly

Before assembling, make sure you have all the components required for a complete unit and inspect unit and components for any damage.

- Engine/Outer tube assembly
- Handlebar and Throttle assembly
- Cutting attachment shield
- Cutting attachment
- Kit containing cutting attachment shield mounting bracket and hardware, this owner's/operator's manual and tool kit for routine maintenance. Tool kits vary by model and may include a hex wrench, and a spark plug/screwdriver combination wrench.

Air cleaner type	Non-reversible foam filter element
Starting method	Recoil
Stopping method	Slide switch
Transmission type.....	Automatic, centrifugal clutch w/bevel gear
EPA Emission Compliance Period**	Category A

** The EPA emission compliance referred to on the emission compliance label located on the engine, indicates the number of operating hours for which the engine has been shown to meet Federal emission requirements. Category C = 50 hours (Moderate), B = 125 hours (Intermediate) and A = 300 hours (Extended).



* OME meets or exceeds these specifications and is recommended for all Shindaiwa products.

IMPORTANT!

The terms "left", "left-hand", and "LH"; "right", "right-hand", and "RH"; "front" and "rear" refer to directions as viewed by the operator during normal operation.

Assembly

Cutting Attachment Shield

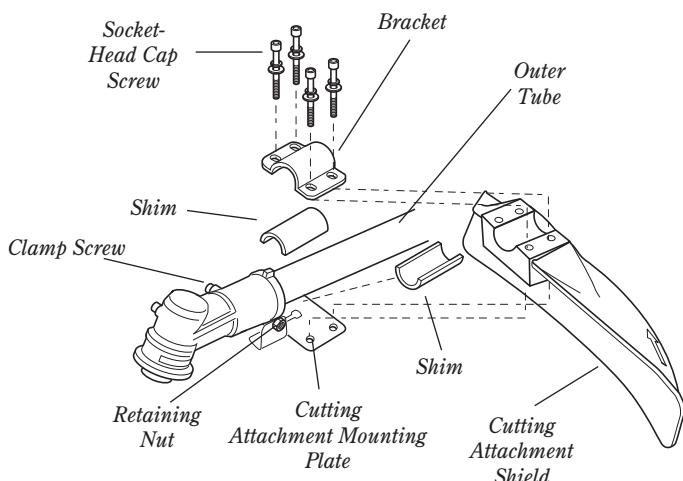


Figure 5

Cutting Attachment Shield

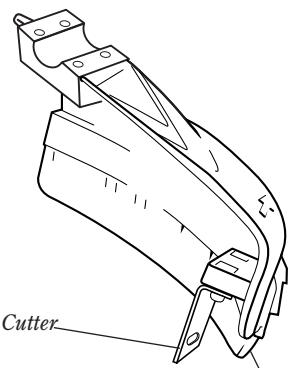


Figure 5A

Install the Cutting Attachment Shield C242

1. Insert the cutting attachment shield between the outer tube and the cutting attachment mounting plate. See Figure 5.

NOTE:

It may be necessary to loosen the retaining nut and clamp screw to adjust cutting attachment shield mounting plate.

2. Fit the two shims and the bracket over the outer tube and loosely install the four socket-head screws. See Figure 5.
3. Tighten the four socket-head cap screws to secure the cutting attachment shield.
4. Re-tighten clamp screw and retaining nut.

CAUTION!

Make sure the clamp screw and retaining nut are securely tightened before tightening the four socket-head cap screws.



WARNING!

NEVER operate the unit without the cutting attachment shield installed and tightly secured!

Sub-Shield C242

(when trimmer head is in use)

1. Attach the shield extension to the cutting attachment shield. See figure 6.



WARNING!

NEVER use this machine without sub-shield when using a trimmer head.

Cutting Attachment Shield

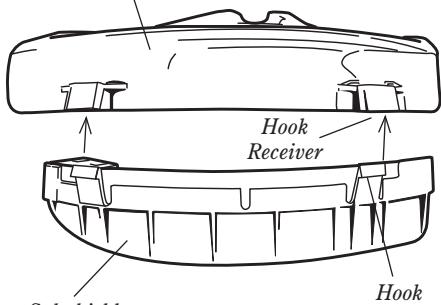


Figure 6

CAUTION!

Make sure the sub-shield is completely hooked at the hook receiver.

Assembly (Continued)

Handle Bar C242

Install the handlebar:

1. Use the 4 mm hex wrench to remove the lower cap retaining screws from the handlebar bracket. Remove the cap from the bracket. See Figure 7.
2. Position the handle on the outer tube forward of Handle Positioning Label as shown in Figure 7. Reassemble the lower cap to the handlebar bracket in the reverse order of disassembly.
3. Locate the handle in the best position for operator comfort.
4. Firmly tighten both lower cap retaining screws.
5. Install the protector sleeve on the outer tube. See Figure 7.

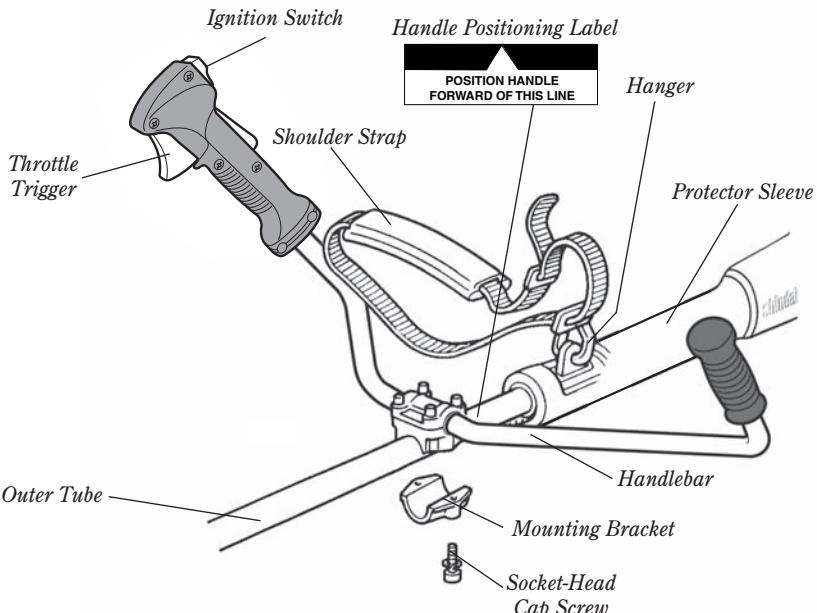


Figure 7

C242

Adjustments

Adjust Throttle Lever Free Play

The throttle lever free play should be approximately 3/16-1/4 inch (4-6 mm). See Figure 8. Make sure that the throttle lever operates smoothly without binding. If it becomes necessary to adjust the lever free play, follow the procedures and illustrations that follow.

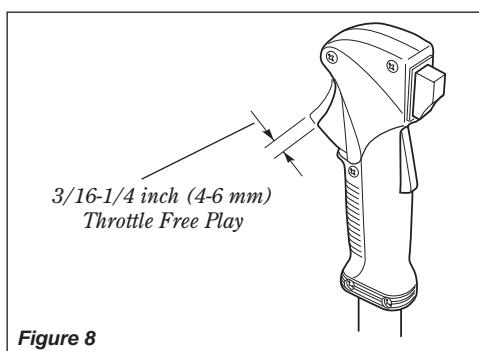


Figure 8

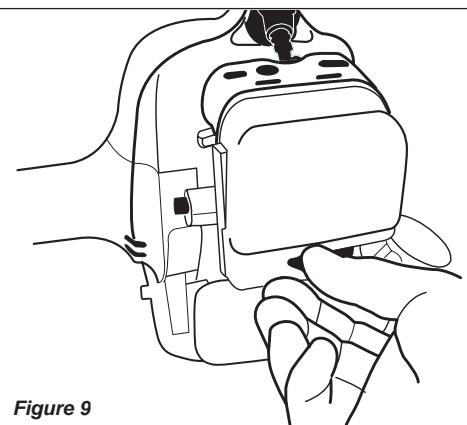


Figure 9

1. Loosen the air cleaner cover knob and remove the air cleaner cover. See Figure 9.
2. Loosen the lock nut on the cable adjuster. See Figure 10.

3. Turn the cable adjuster in or out as required to obtain proper free play 3/16-1/4 inch (4-6 mm). See Figure 10.

4. Tighten the locknut.

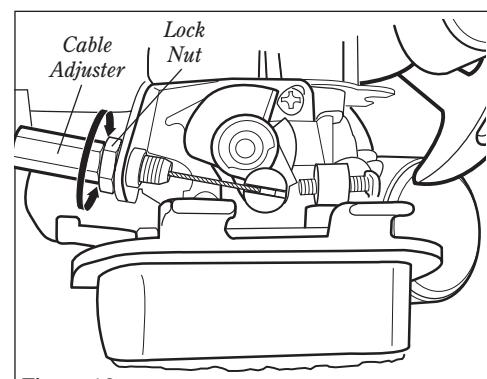


Figure 10

5. Reinstall the air cleaner cover.

Installing a Trimmer Head

NOTE:

The C242 is shipped with Holder A, Holder B, shaft bolt, and bolt guard installed. The shaft bolt is a LEFT-HAND thread. Remove it by turning CLOCKWISE!

1. With the gear case output shaft facing up, rotate the gearshaft and holder A until the hole in holder A aligns with the matching hole in the gear case flange, and then lock the holder to the gear by inserting the long end of the hex wrench through both holes. See Figure 11A.
2. Using the combination spark plug/screwdriver wrench, remove the shaft bolt and bolt guard. See Figure 11A.

NOTE:

Make sure holder B is installed on the gear-case with the splined hole engaging the gear-case shaft.

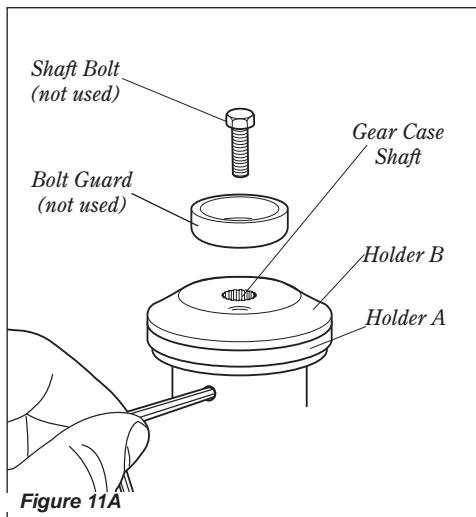


Figure 11A

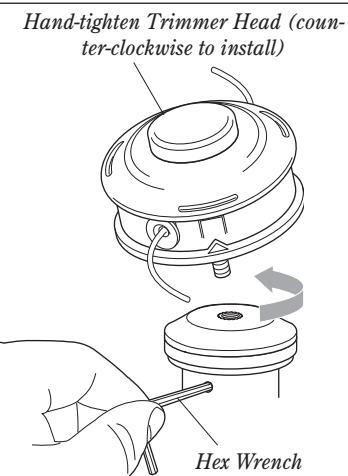


Figure 11B

The C242 should now be completely assembled to operate as a trimmer.

3. Using the hex wrench to secure Holder A, install and hand-tighten the trimmer head (counter-clockwise to install). See Figure 11B.
5. Remove the hex wrench from the gear case and holder.

Installing a Blade

Turn the C242 upside down so the gear case output shaft is facing UP and remove the shaft bolt, bolt guard and holder B from the gear case shaft.

1. Align the hole in blade holder A with the matching hole in the gear case flange and then temporarily lock the output shaft by inserting a hex wrench through both holes. See Figure 12.

2. Fit the blade over the flange on holder A. See Figure 13.

IMPORTANT!

Both holders must be flat against the surface of the blade.

3. Install blade holder B on the output shaft. See Figure 13.
4. Install the bolt guard and then the blade retaining bolt. Using the combination spark plug wrench/screwdriver, tighten the bolt firmly in a counter-clockwise direction. The holder B must fit flush against the blade.
5. Remove the hex wrench.

The C242 should now be completely assembled and ready for use with a blade.

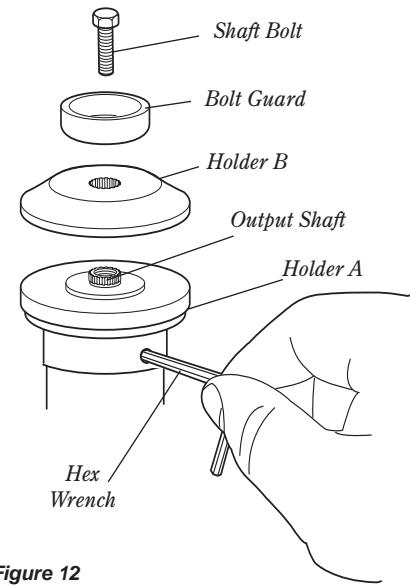


Figure 12

CAUTION!

Install the blade so its printed surface is visible to the operator when the brushcutter is in the normal operating position.



WARNING!

The blade must fit flat against the holder flange. The blade mounting hole must be centered over the raised boss on blade holder A.



WARNING!

Holder B must fit flush against the blade with the splines engaged to the output shaft.

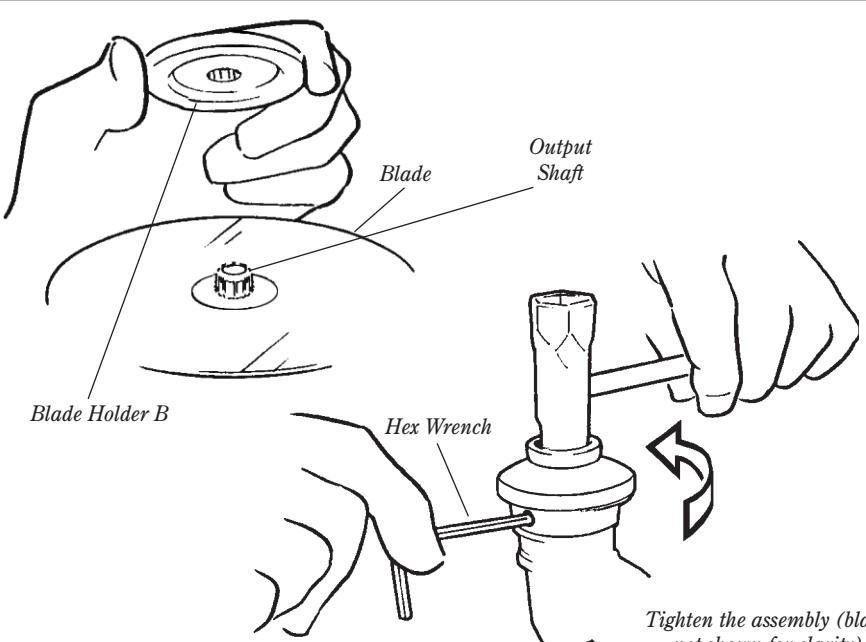


Figure 13

Mixing Fuel

CAUTION!

Some types of gasoline contain alcohol as an oxygenate. Oxygenated gasoline may cause increased operating temperatures. Under certain conditions, alcohol-based gasoline may also reduce the lubricating qualities of some 2-cycle mixing oils. Never use any type of gasoline containing more than 10% alcohol by volume! Generic oils and some outboard oils may not be intended for use in high-performance 2-cycle engines, and should never be used in your Shindaiwa engine.

CAUTION!

This engine is designed to operate on a 50:1 mixture consisting of unleaded gasoline and ISO-L-EGD or JASO FC class 2-cycle mixing oil only. Use of non-approved mixing oils can lead to excessive carbon deposits.

Examples of 50:1 mixing quantities

- 1 gallon of gasoline to 2.6 oz. mixing oil
- 5 liters of gasoline to 100 ml. mixing oil

IMPORTANT!

Mix only enough fuel for your immediate needs! If fuel must be stored longer than 30 days and **Shindaiwa ONE** oil with fuel stabilizer is not used, it should first be treated with a fuel stabilizer such as STA-BIL™.

Shindaiwa

ONE Oil is a registered JASO FC classified oil and also meets or exceeds ISO-L-EGD performance requirements. Shindaiwa One is recommended for use in all Shindaiwa low emissions engines and also includes a fuel stabilizer.

Filling the Fuel Tank



WARNING!

Minimize the risk of fire!

- STOP engine before refueling.
- ALWAYS allow the engine to cool before refueling!
- Wipe all spilled fuel and move the engine at least 10 feet (3 meters) from the fueling point and source before restarting!
- NEVER start or operate this unit if there is a fuel leak.

- NEVER start or operate this unit if the carburetor, fuel lines, fuel tank and/or fuel tank cap are damaged.
- NEVER smoke or light any fires near the engine or fuel source!
- NEVER place any flammable material near the engine muffler!
- NEVER operate the engine without the muffler and spark arrester in good working condition.

1. Place the trimmer on a flat, level surface.
2. Clear any dirt or other debris from around the fuel filler cap.
3. Remove the fuel cap, and fill the tank with clean, fresh fuel.
4. Reinstall the fuel filler cap and tighten firmly.

Starting the Engine

IMPORTANT!

Engine ignition is controlled by a two position switch mounted on the throttle housing labeled, "I" for ON or START and "O" for OFF or STOP.

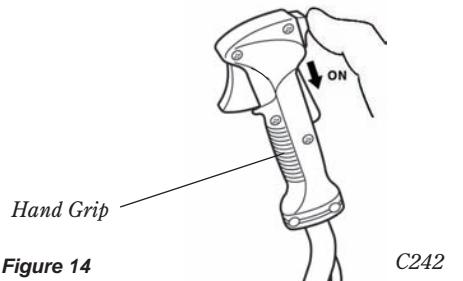
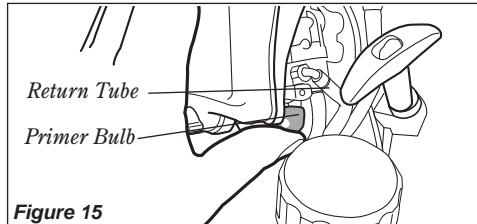


Figure 14

1. Slide the ignition switch to the "ON" position. See Figure 14.



2. Press the primer bulb until fuel can be seen flowing in the transparent return tube.

IMPORTANT!

The primer system only pushes fuel through the carburetor. Repeatedly pressing the primer bulb will not flood the engine with fuel.

3. Set the choke lever to the CLOSED position if engine is cold.

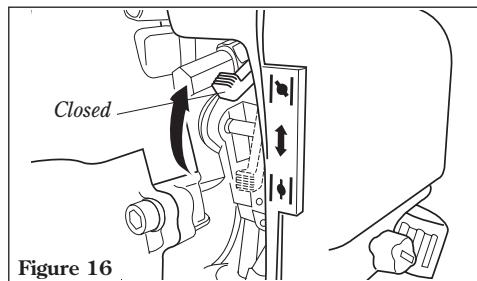


Figure 16

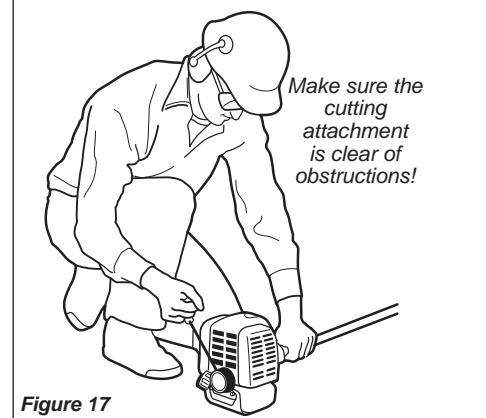


Figure 17

4. While holding the outer tube firmly with left hand. Use your other hand to slowly pull the recoil starter handle until resistance is felt, then pull quickly to start the engine.

CAUTION!

Do not pull the recoil starter to the end of the rope travel. Pulling the recoil starter to the end of the rope travel can damage the starter.

Starting the Engine (continued)



WARNING!

The cutting attachment may rotate when the engine is started!

- When the engine starts, slowly move the choke lever to the "OPEN" position. See Figure 18. (If the engine stops after the initial start, close the choke and restart.)

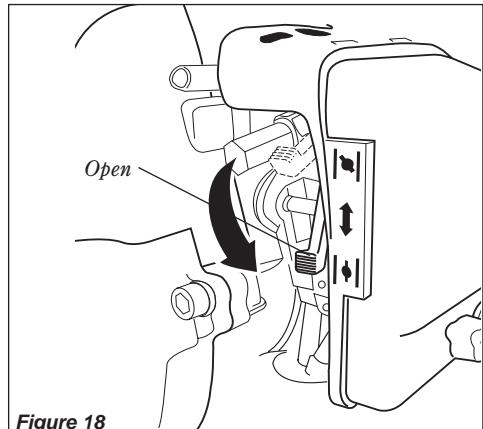


Figure 18



WARNING!

Never start the engine from the operating position.

IMPORTANT!

If the engine fails to start after several attempts with the choke in the closed position, the engine may be flooded with fuel. If flooding is suspected, move the choke lever to the open position and repeatedly pull the recoil starter to remove excess fuel and start the engine. If the engine still fails to start, refer to the troubleshooting section of this manual.

When the Engine Starts...

- After the engine starts, allow the engine to warm up at idle 2 or 3 minutes before operating the unit.
- After the engine is warm, pick up the unit and clip on the shoulder strap. See page 12.
- Advancing the throttle makes the cutting attachment turn faster; releasing the throttle permits the attachment to stop turning. If the cutting attachment continues to rotate when the engine returns to idle, carburetor idle speed should be adjusted (see "Adjusting Engine Idle" below).

Stopping the Engine

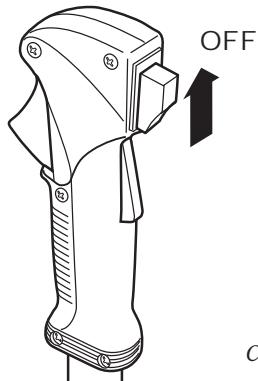


Figure 19

Idle the engine briefly before stopping (about 2 minutes), then slide the ignition switch to the "O" (Engine OFF) position.

Adjusting Engine Idle

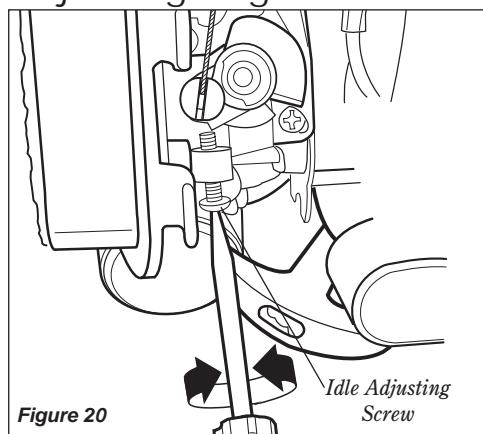


Figure 20

The engine must return to idle speed whenever the throttle lever is released. Idle speed is adjustable, and must be set low enough to permit the engine clutch to disengage the cutting attachment.

Idle Speed Adjustment



WARNING!

The cutting attachment must NEVER rotate at engine idle! If the idle speed cannot be adjusted by the procedure described here, return the trimmer to your Shindaiwa dealer for inspection.

- Place the trimmer on the ground, then start the engine, and then allow it to idle 2-3 minutes until warm.
- If the attachment rotates when the engine is at idle, reduce the idle speed by turning the idle adjustment screw counter-clockwise. See Figure 20.
- If a tachometer is available, the engine idle speed should be final adjusted to 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min^{-1}).
- Carburetor fuel mixture adjustments are preset at factory and cannot be serviced in the field.

Checking Unit Condition

NEVER operate the unit with the cutting attachment shield or other protective devices removed!



WARNING!

A cutting attachment shield or other protective device is no guarantee of protection against ricochet. **YOU MUST ALWAYS GUARD AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS!**

Use only authorized Shindaiwa parts and accessories with your Shindaiwa trimmer.

Do not make modifications to this unit without written approval from Shindaiwa, Inc.

ALWAYS make sure the cutting attachment is properly installed and firmly tightened before operation.

NEVER use a cracked or warped cutting attachment: replace it with a serviceable one.

ALWAYS make sure the cutting attachment fits properly into the appropriate attachment holder. If a properly installed attachment vibrates, replace the attachment with new one and re-check.

ALWAYS stop the engine immediately and check for damage if you strike a foreign object or if the unit becomes tangled. Do not operate with broken or damaged equipment.

NEVER allow the engine to run at high RPM without a load. Doing so could damage the engine.

NEVER operate a unit with worn or damaged fasteners or attachment holders.

Shoulder Strap C242

IMPORTANT!

Adjust the shoulder strap so the shoulder pad rests comfortably on the off-side shoulder and the cutting path of the cutting attachment is parallel to the ground. Make sure all hooks and adjustment devices are secure.



WARNING!

Always wear a shoulder strap or harness when operating this unit. Using a harness with a brushcutter allows you to maintain proper control of the unit and reduces fatigue during extended operation.



Figure 21

Cutting Grass—Units equipped with a trimmer head

Your Shindaiwa unit may be equipped with one of several Shindaiwa trimmer head models, each with features for specific applications and/or operational requirements.

NOTE:

For proper operation, always refer to the instructions accompanying the trimmer head being used. Available trimmer head styles include:

- **Semi-automatic.** Trimmer line is indexed when the operator taps the trimmer head on the ground during operation.
- **Manual.** The operator indexes line manually with the grass trimmer stopped.
- **Fixed.** The operator must stop the unit and add new lengths of trimmer line manually.
- **Flail.** This device, designed for clearing weeds and light brush, features three nylon blades attached to the head by pivots.

NOTE:

Additional hardware may be required to mount the Fixed Line or the Flail type trimmer heads.

CAUTION!

Do not push the rotating line into trees, wire fences or any material that could tangle or break line ends.

Engine Operating Speeds

Operate the unit at full throttle while cutting grass.

CAUTION!

Operation of trimmer without a cutting attachment shield and using excessive line length can lead to premature clutch failure.

CAUTION!

Operation at low RPM can lead to premature clutch failure.

Hold the trimmer so the trimmer head is angled slightly into the area to be cut. To ensure maximum trimmer-line service life, cut only with the tip of the trimmer line. Cut grass by swinging the trimmer from left to right. Keep the trimmer head horizontal. See Figure 22.

Trimming and Mowing Grass

RETURN PATH → CUTTING PATH

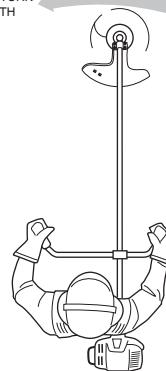


Figure 22

Edging

Tilt the handle about 100° to the left (from horizontal) and move forward, holding the trimmer vertically as shown in Figure 23.

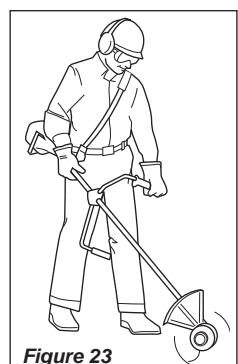


Figure 23

Using a Blade C242



WARNING!

- Before working with a blade-equipped unit, always inspect and clean the area of objects that could interfere with or damage the blade.
- Never use a blade near sidewalks, fence posts, buildings or other objects that could cause injury or damage.
- Never use a blade for purposes other than those for which it was designed.
- Whenever you strike a hard object with a blade, always stop the brushcutter and carefully inspect the blade for damage. NEVER OPERATE THE BRUSHCUTTER WITH A DAMAGED BLADE!
- A blade-equipped unit must be equipped with a bicycle-type handlebar or barrier bar as well as a harness or shoulder strap.
- Always make sure the cutting attachment shield is properly installed before operating this unit.

Blade Thrust

'Blade thrust' is a sudden sideways or backward motion of the brushcutter. Such motion may occur when the blade jams or catches on an object such as a sapling tree or tree stump. BE CONSTANTLY ALERT FOR BLADE THRUST AND GUARD AGAINST ITS EFFECTS!

Brushcutter Handlebar

A brushcutter handlebar or barrier bar helps prevent the operator from moving forward, or the unit moving rearward, thus preventing inadvertent bodily contact with the blade. ALWAYS KEEP THE HANDLEBAR OR BARRIER BAR SECURELY IN PLACE ON THE UNIT!

Brushcutter Shoulder Strap

A shoulder strap provides additional protection against blade thrust. In addition, a shoulder strap gives significant support and comfort to help ensure safe and efficient operation.

When operating a C242 with a blade, make sure both the handle and shoulder strap are adjusted to the size of the operator using the unit.

Engine Operating Speeds

Operate the unit at full throttle while cutting. Best fuel efficiency is obtained by releasing the throttle when swinging back after a cut.

- To prevent possible engine damage, do not allow the brushcutter to run at high speeds without a load.
- Avoid operating the engine at low speeds. Doing so can lead to rapid clutch wear. In addition, slow-speed operation tends to cause grass and debris to wrap around the cutting head.

Operating Units with a Blade

The blade rotates counter-clockwise. For best performance and to minimize being stuck by debris, move the blade from right to left while advancing on your work. Position the blade so cuts are made between the blade's 8 o'clock and 10 o'clock positions (as viewed from above). DO NOT cut between the 10 o'clock and 5 o'clock positions.



WARNING!

When cutting wood with a saw, feed the blade slowly—never strike or "slam" a spinning blade against the wood.



WARNING!

DO NOT use 2-tooth or non-Shindaiwa approved 4-tooth cutting blades with Shindaiwa trimmers and brushcutters.

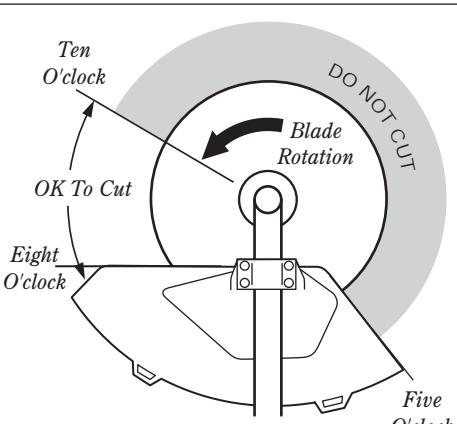


Figure 24

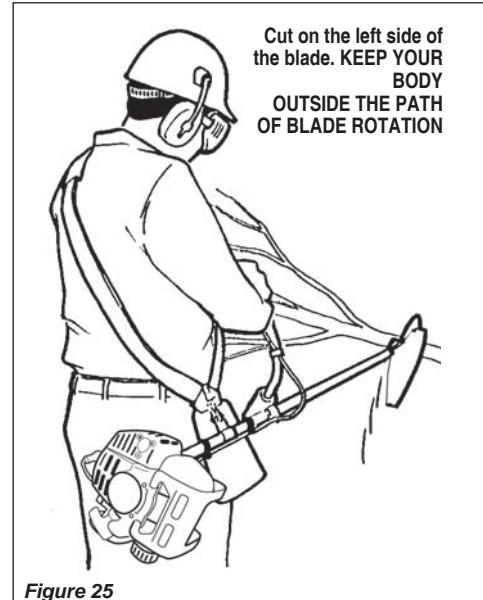


Figure 25

Vertical Cuts

Hold the brushcutter with the blade at a 90° angle to the ground so the blade's bottom edge rotates toward the operator. Move the blade from top to bottom through the cut, and cut only with the bottom edge of the blade.



WARNING!

When making vertical cuts, never allow the blade to exceed waist height.

General Maintenance

IMPORTANT!

MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT OR REPAIR OF EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES AND SYSTEMS MAY BE PERFORMED BY ANY REPAIR ESTABLISHMENT OR INDIVIDUAL; HOWEVER, WARRANTY REPAIRS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A DEALER OR SERVICE CENTER AUTHORIZED BY SHINDAIWA CORPORATION. THE USE OF PARTS THAT ARE NOT EQUIVALENT IN PERFORMANCE AND DURABILITY TO AUTHORIZED PARTS MAY IMPAIR THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM AND MAY HAVE A BEARING ON THE OUTCOME OF A WARRANTY CLAIM.



WARNING!

Before performing any maintenance, repair or cleaning work on the unit, make sure the engine and cutting attachment are completely stopped. Disconnect the spark plug wire before performing service or maintenance work.



WARNING!

Non-standard parts may not operate properly with your unit and may cause damage and lead to personal injury.

NOTE:

Using non-standard replacement parts could invalidate your Shindaiwa warranty.

Muffler

This unit must never be operated with a faulty or missing spark arrester or muffler. Make sure the muffler is well secured and in good condition. A worn or damaged muffler is a fire hazard and may also cause hearing loss.

Spark Plug

Keep the spark plug and wire connections tight and clean.

Fasteners

Make sure nuts, bolts, and screws (except carburetor adjusting screws) are tight.

Blades

Keep blades sharp and check blade condition frequently. If a blade's performance changes suddenly, stop the engine and check the blade for cracks or other damage. Replace a damaged blade IMMEDIATELY!



WARNING!

- Never repair a damaged blade by welding, straightening, or by modifying its shape. An altered blade may break during operation, resulting in serious personal injury.

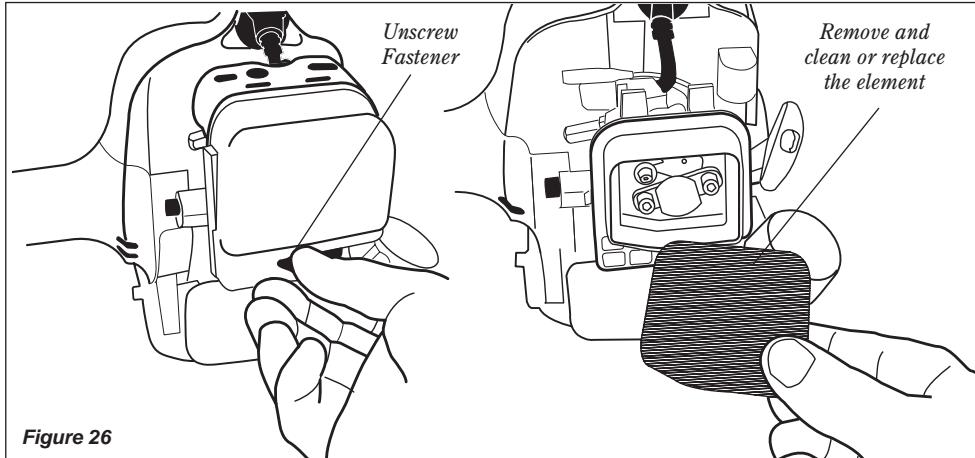
- Blades are **not** interchangeable between Shindaiwa edgers and trimmer/brushcutter models. Operating any unit with a blade or attachment not approved for that unit can be hazardous and may cause serious injury.

Daily Maintenance

Prior to each work day, perform the following:

- Remove dirt or debris from the engine, check the cooling fins and air cleaner for clogging and clean them as necessary.
- Carefully remove any accumulation of dirt or debris from the muffler or the fuel tank. Dirt build-up in these areas could cause engine overheating, induce premature wear, or create a fire hazard.
- Check for loose or missing screws or components. Make sure the cutting attachment is securely fastened.
- Check the entire unit for leaking fuel or grease.

10-Hour Maintenance

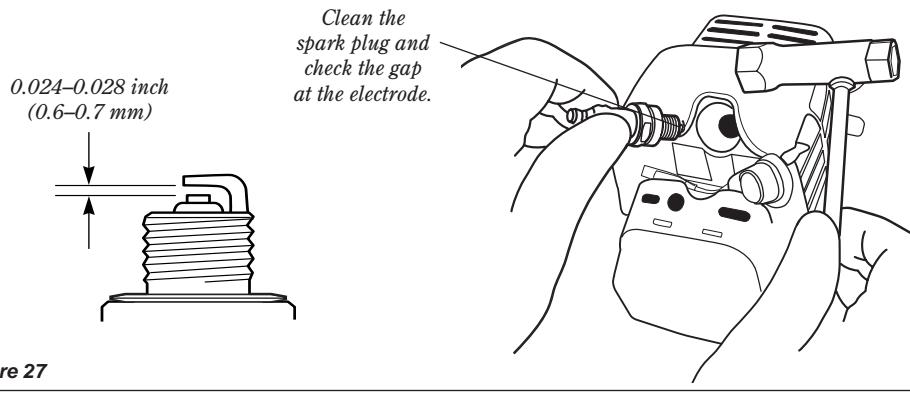


Every 10 hours of operation (more frequently in dusty or dirty conditions):

Remove the air cleaner element. See Figure 26. Clean or replace as necessary. To clean element: wash it thoroughly in soap and water. Let it dry before reinstalling the element.

CAUTION!

Do not operate the unit if the air cleaner or element is damaged, or if the element is wet.



Every 10 to 15 hours of operation:

Remove and clean the spark plug. Adjust the spark plug electrode gap to 0.024 - 0.028 inch (0.6 - 0.7 mm). If the spark plug must be replaced, use only an NGK BPMR6A or equivalent resistor type spark plug of the correct heat range. See Figure 27.

CAUTION!

Before removing the spark plug, clean the area around the plug to prevent dirt and debris from getting into the engine's internal parts.

50-hour Maintenance

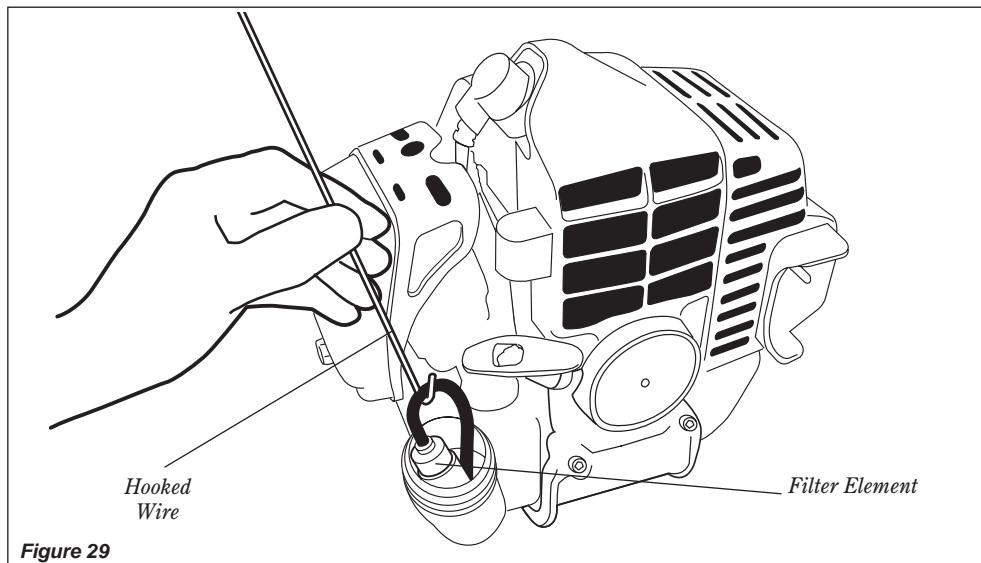
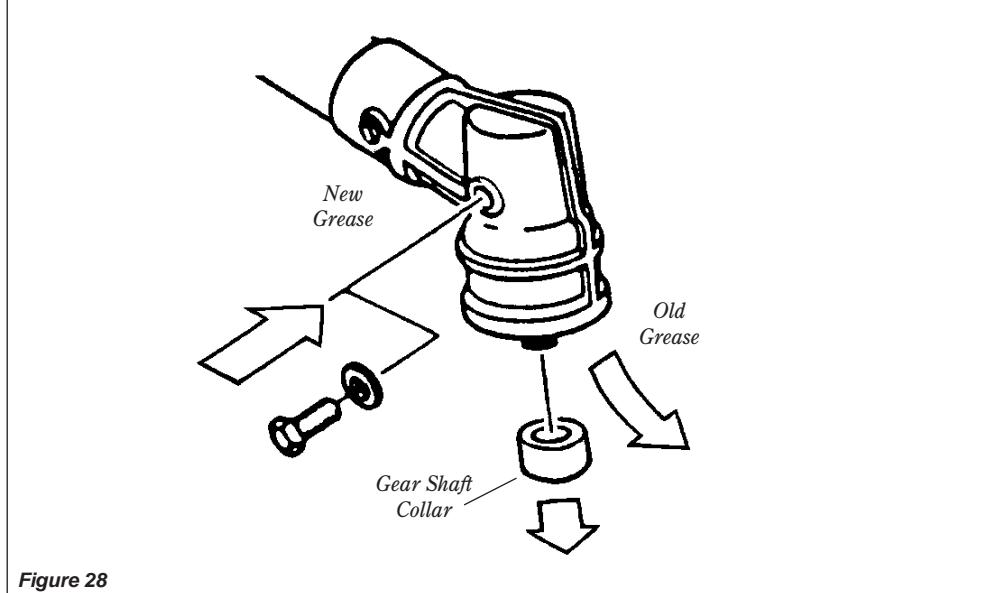
Every 50 hours of operation (more frequently in dusty or dirty conditions):

- Remove and clean the cylinder cover and clean grass and dirt from the cylinder fins.
- Remove the cutting attachment, cutting attachment holder and gear shaft collar. Remove the filler plug from the side of the gear case and press new grease into the gear case until old grease is pushed out. Use only lithium-base grease such as Shindaiwa Gear Case Lubricant or equivalent. See Figure 28.
- Lubricate main shaft splines.
- Use a hooked wire to extract the fuel filter from inside the fuel tank. See Figure 29.

CAUTION!

Make sure you do not pierce the fuel line with the end of the hooked wire. The line is delicate and can be damaged easily.

Remove and replace the filter element. Before reinstalling the new filter element, inspect the condition of all the fuel system components (fuel pick-up line, fuel return line, tank vent line, tank vent, fuel cap and fuel tank). If damage, splitting or deterioration is noted, the unit should be removed from service until it can be inspected or repaired by a Shindaiwa-trained service technician.



135-hour Maintenance

Every 135 hours of operation,
remove and clean the muffler.



WARNING!

Never operate this trimmer with a damaged or missing muffler or spark arrester! Operating with missing or damaged exhaust components is a fire hazard, and can also damage your hearing!

1. Remove the spark plug boot.
2. With a 3 mm hex wrench remove the 1 muffler cover and 3 engine cover screws and the engine cover. See Figure 30.
3. With a Phillips type screwdriver remove the 5 screws holding the spark arrester screen and cover to the muffler. See Figure 30.
4. Remove the screen and clean it with a stiff bristle brush.
5. With a 4 mm hex wrench remove the 3 muffler bolts and the muffler. See Figure 30.
6. Inspect the cylinder exhaust port for any carbon buildup.
7. Gently tap the muffler on a wood surface to dislodge any loose carbon.

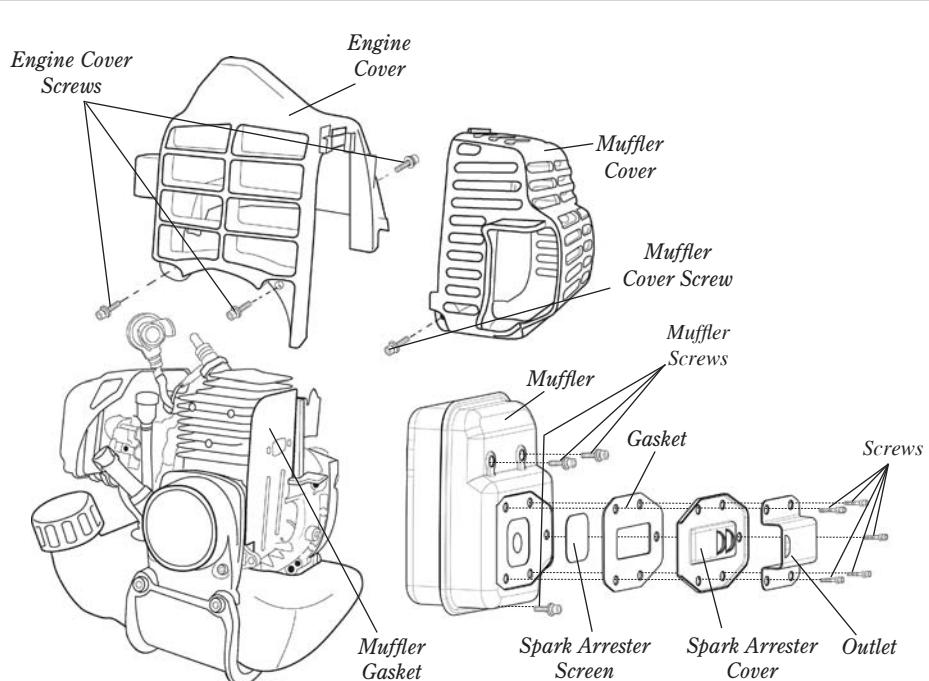


Figure 30

IMPORTANT!

If you note excessive carbon buildup, consult with an authorized Shindaiwa servicing dealer.

8. Reassemble the spark arrester, muffler and engine cover in the reverse order of disassembly.

Long Term Storage

Whenever the unit will not be used for 30 days or longer, use the following procedures to prepare it for storage:

- Clean external parts thoroughly.
- Drain all the fuel from the fuel tank.

IMPORTANT!

All stored fuels should be stabilized with a fuel stabilizer such as STA-BIL™, if **Shindaiwa ONE** oil with fuel stabilizer is not used.

CAUTION!

Gasoline stored in the carburetor for extended periods can cause hard starting and could also lead to increased service and maintenance cost.

- Remove the remaining fuel from the fuel lines and carburetor.
- 1. Prime the primer bulb until no more fuel is passing through.
- 2. Start and run the engine until it stops running.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the engine will no longer start.

■ Remove the spark plug and pour about 1/4 ounce of 2-cycle mixing oil into the cylinder through the spark plug hole. Slowly pull the recoil starter 2 or 3 times so oil will evenly coat the interior of the engine. Reinstall the spark plug.

- Before storing the unit, repair or replace any worn or damaged parts.
- Remove the air cleaner element from the carburetor and clean it thoroughly with soap and water. Let dry and reassemble the element.
- Store the unit in a clean, dust-free area.

Blade Sharpening

When the cutting edges of the blade become dull, they can be resharpened with a few strokes of a file.

In order to keep the blade in balance, all cutting edges must be sharpened equally.

Shindaiwa Tornado™ Blade

To sharpen the cutters on a Shindaiwa Tornado Blade, use a 7/32-inch round file. File the leading edge of each tooth to a razor edge. The top plate of each tooth should angle back 30°.

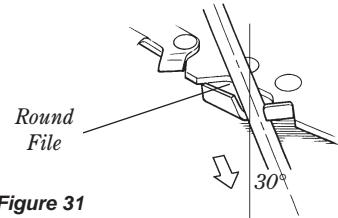


Figure 31



WARNING!

Sharpen only the cutting teeth of a blade. DO NOT alter the contour of the blade in any way.

Multiple-tooth Circular Blade

Use a round file to maintain a radius of 0.04 to 0.06" (1 to 1.5 mm) at the base of each tooth. Cutting edges must be offset equally on each side.

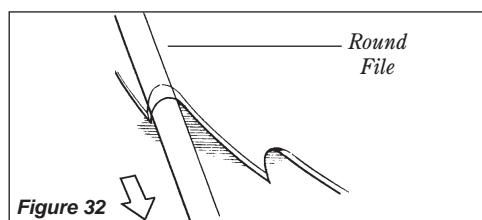


Figure 32

Troubleshooting Guide

ENGINE DOES NOT START

What To Check	Possible Cause	Remedy
Does the engine crank? NO	Faulty recoil starter. Fluid in the crankcase. Internal damage.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
YES Good compression? NO	Loose spark plug. Excess wear on cylinder, piston, rings.	Tighten and re-test. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
YES Does the tank contain fresh fuel of the proper grade? NO	Fuel incorrect, stale or contaminated; mixture incorrect.	Refill with fresh, clean unleaded gasoline with a pump octane of 87 or higher mixed with a 2-cycle air cooled mixing oil that meets or exceeds ISO-L-EGD and/or JASO FC classified oils at 50:1 gasoline/oil ratio.
YES Is fuel visible and moving in the return line when priming? NO	Check for clogged fuel filter and/or vent. Priming pump not functioning properly.	Replace fuel filter or vent as required; restart. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
YES Is there spark at the spark plug wire terminal? NO	The ignition switch is in "O" (OFF) position. Shorted ignition ground. Faulty ignition unit.	Move switch to "I" (ON) position and restart. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
YES Check the spark plug.	If the plug is wet, excess fuel may be in the cylinder. The plug is fouled or improperly gapped. The plug is damaged internally or of the wrong size.	Crank the engine with the plug removed, reinstall the plug and restart. Clean and regap the plug to 0.024 - 0.028 inch (0.6 - 0.7 mm). Restart. Replace the plug with an NGK BPMR6A or equivalent resistor type spark plug of the correct heat range. Set spark plug electrode gap to 0.024 - 0.028 inch (0.6 - 0.7 mm).

LOW POWER OUTPUT

What To Check	Possible Cause	Remedy
Is the engine overheating?	Operator is overworking the unit. Carburetor mixture is too lean. Improper fuel ratio. Fan, fan cover, cylinder fins dirty or damaged. Carbon deposits on the piston or in the muffler.	Shorten trimmer line. Cut at a slower rate. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer. Refill with fresh, clean unleaded gasoline with a pump octane of 87 or higher mixed with a 2-cycle air cooled mixing oil that meets or exceeds ISO-L-EGD and/or JASO FC classified oils at 50:1 gasoline/oil ratio. Clean, repair or replace as necessary. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
Engine is rough at all speeds. May also have black smoke and/or unburned fuel at the exhaust.	Clogged air cleaner element. Loose or damaged spark plug. Air leakage or clogged fuel line. Water in the fuel. Piston seizure Faulty carburetor and/or diaphragm.	Service the air cleaner element. Tighten or replace. Repair or replace filter and/or fuel line. Replace the fuel. See page 10. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
Engine is knocking.	Overheating condition. Improper fuel. Carbon deposits in the combustion chamber.	See above (Engine overheating). Check fuel octane rating; check for presence of alcohol in the fuel (page 10). Refuel as necessary. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
Poor acceleration.	Clogged air filter. Clogged fuel filter. Lean fuel/air mixture. Idle speed set too low.	Clean the air filter. Replace the fuel filter. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer. Adjust: 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min ⁻¹)
Engine stops abruptly.	Switch turned off. Fuel tank empty. Clogged fuel filter. Water in fuel. Shorted spark plug or loose terminal. Ignition failure. Piston seizure.	Reset the switch and restart. Refuel. See page 10. Replace fuel filter. Drain; replace with clean fuel. See page 10. Clean and replace spark plug, tighten the terminal. Replace the ignition unit. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
Engine difficult to shut off.	Ground (stop) wire is disconnected or switch is defective. Overheating due to incorrect spark plug. Overheated engine.	Test and replace as required. Idle engine until cool. Clean and regap the plug to 0.024 - 0.028 inch (0.6 - 0.7 mm). Correct plug: NGK BPMR6A or equivalent resistor type spark plug of the correct range. Idle engine until cool.
Cutting attachment rotates at idle.	Engine idle too high. Broken clutch spring or worn clutch spring boss. Loose attachment holder.	Set Idle: 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min ⁻¹) Replace spring/shoes as required, check idle speed. Inspect and re-tighten holders securely.
Engine will not idle down.	Engine idle set too high. Engine has an air leak.	Set Idle: 3,000 (± 250) RPM (min ⁻¹) Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
Excessive vibration.	Warped or damaged cutting attachment. Loose gearcase. Bent main shaft/worn or damaged bushings. Trimmer line not wound properly on spool.	Inspect and replace attachment as required. Tighten gearcase securely. Inspect and replace as necessary. Rewind trimmer line.
Cutting attachment will not rotate.	Shaft not installed in powerhead or gearcase. Broken shaft. Damaged gearcase.	Inspect and reinstall as required. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

Emission System Warranty Statement

Your Warranty Rights and Obligations

The California Air Resources Board, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and Shindaiwa Corporation are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your new small off-road (non-road) engine.

In California, new small off-road engines must be designed, built, and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. In other states, new 1997 and later non-road engines must meet the Federal EPA's stringent anti-smog standards. Shindaiwa Corporation must warrant the emission control system on your small off-road engine for the periods of time listed below, provided there has been no abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance of your small off-road engine.

Your engine emission control system includes parts such as the carburetor, the ignition system and, if equipped, the catalytic converter. These components are specifically listed below.

Where a warrantable condition exists, Shindaiwa Corporation will repair your small off-road engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts, and labor.

Manufacturer's Warranty Coverage

When sold within the U.S., this engine's emission control system is warranted for a period of two (2) years from the date this product is first delivered to the original retail purchaser.

During the warranty period, Shindaiwa Corporation will, at their option, repair or replace any defective emission-related component on this engine. During the original Warranty Period, these Warranty Rights are automatically transferable to subsequent owners of this product.

What is Covered by this Warranty

1. Carburetor Internal Components

- Throttle Valve, Needle, Jet, Metering Diaphragm

2. Ignition System Components

- Ignition Coil
- Flywheel Rotor

3. Catalytic Converter (if originally equipped)

The emission control system for your particular Shindaiwa engine may also include certain related hoses and connectors.

shindaiwa

Shindaiwa Inc.
11975 S.W. Herman Rd.
Tualatin, Oregon 97062
Telephone: 503 692-3070
Fax: 503 692-6696
www.shindaiwa.com

Shindaiwa Corporation
6-2-11 Ozuka-Nishi
Asaminami-Ku, Hiroshima
731-3167, Japan
Telephone: 81-82-849-2220
Fax: 81-82-849-2481

Owners Warranty Responsibilities

As the small off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in this owners manual. Shindaiwa Corporation recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your small off-road engine, but Shindaiwa Corporation cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

As the small off-road engine owner, you should be aware, however, that Shindaiwa Corporation may deny you warranty coverage if your small off-road engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance, or unapproved modifications.

You are responsible for presenting your small off-road engine to an authorized Shindaiwa Dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact a Shindaiwa customer service representative at (503) 692-3070 or your local Shindaiwa Dealer.

Consequential Damages

In the event that other component parts of this product are damaged by the failure of a warranted part, Shindaiwa Corporation will repair or replace such component parts at no charge to you.

What is Not Covered

- Failures caused by abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance procedures.
- Failures caused by the use of modified or non-approved parts or attachments.

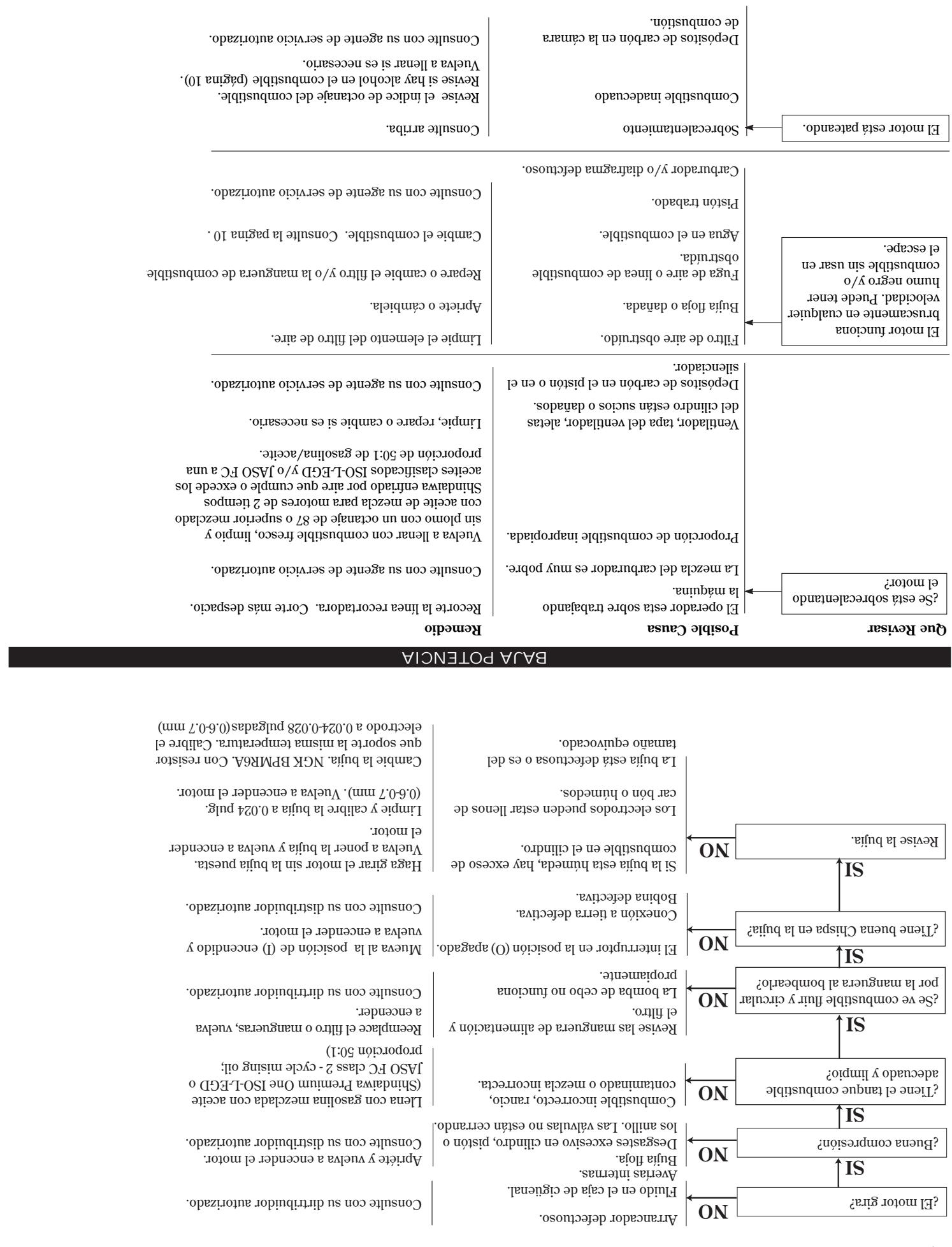
This Warranty is Administered by:

Shindaiwa Inc.
11975 S.W. Herman Rd.
Tualatin, OR 97062
(503) 692-3070

©2006 Shindaiwa, Inc.
Part Number 81359
Revision 8/06

Shindaiwa is a registered trademark
of Shindaiwa, Inc.
Specifications subject to change without notice.

Guía Diagnóstico (continuación)



Almacene la madera
y libre de polvo.

- Antes de almaccenar la máquina, repárate o cambie cualquier pieza dañada o gastada.
 - Retirar el elemento del filtro de aire y limpiarlo minuciosamente con agua y jabón. Déje que seque y vuelva a ensamblar el elemento.

reducir la basura y vivir de forma más sostenible. Los motores de 2 tiempos en el mecanismo de la máquina están diseñados para una duración más larga y eficiente. La velocidad del motor es de 26 revoluciones por minuto, lo que permite una mayor eficiencia energética y menor impacto ambiental.

30 grados

Lima redonda

Figura 33

- Retire el resto del combustible en las tuberías de combustible y carburador.
- Empuje la bombilla de cébado hasta que el combustible deje de pasar.
- Arriague y mantenga prendido el motor hasta que pare de funcionar.
- Repita los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que el motor ya no arranque.

Gasolina almacena en el carbura-
dor por períodos largos puede causar
un arranque duro y puede conducir
a un aumento en costo de servicio y
mantenimiento.

Afilado de Discos

!IMPORTANTE!

- Drene todo combustible en el tanque.
 - Impide las partes exteriores y aplicue una capa ligera de aceite a todas las superficies metálicas.
 - Procédimientos para preparar su almacenamiento:
 - usada por 30 días o más, siغا los siguientes pasos

Cada 135 horas Mantenimiento

Cada 135 horas de operación, retire y limpie el silenciador.

Nunca opere la máquina con un silenciador o guardachispas dañado o faltante! De lo contrario, puede ser un riesgo de incendio y podría también causar daños a sus oídos.

ADVERTENCIA!



Retire el capuchón de bujía.

2. Con una llave hexagonal de 3 mm retire la cubierta del motor y los tornillos de la tapa del motor y la tapa del motor.

3. Con un destornillador de cruz retire la cubierta del motor y la tapa del motor.

4. Retire la maya y limpie con un cepillo de cerdas gruesas.

5. Con una llave hexagonal de 3 mm retire los pernos del silenciador y el silenciador.

6. Inspeccione el escape del cilindro en busca de acumulación de carbono.

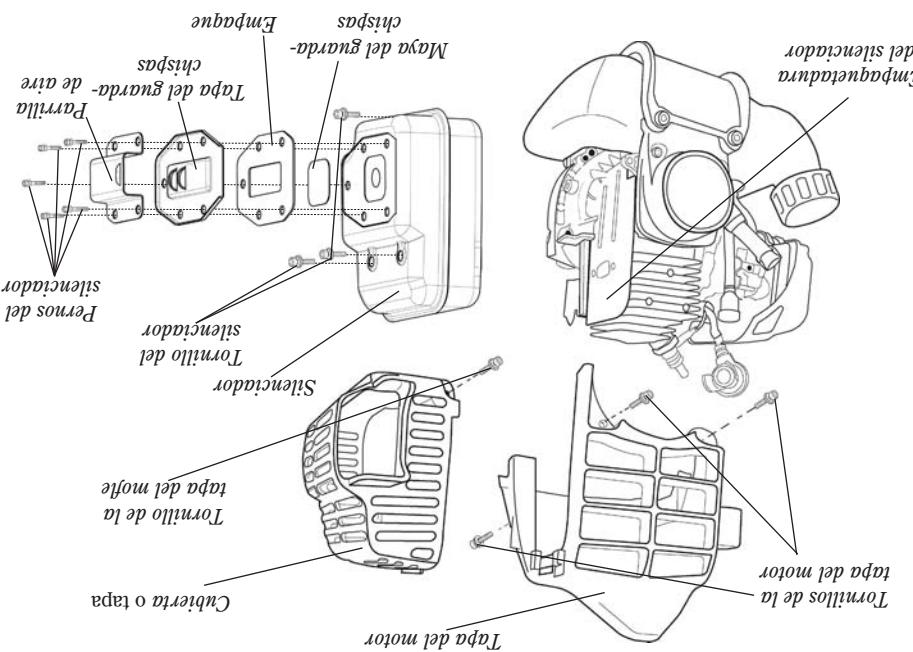
7. Suavemente golpee el silenciador sobre un superficie de madera para deshacerse de cualquier carbono suelto.

¡IMPORANTE!

Si nota acumulación excesiva de carbono, consulte con su centro de servicio o distribuidor autorizado Shindaiwa.

8. Vuelva a ensamblar el guardachispas, el reversa al orden de desembaje.

Figura 30



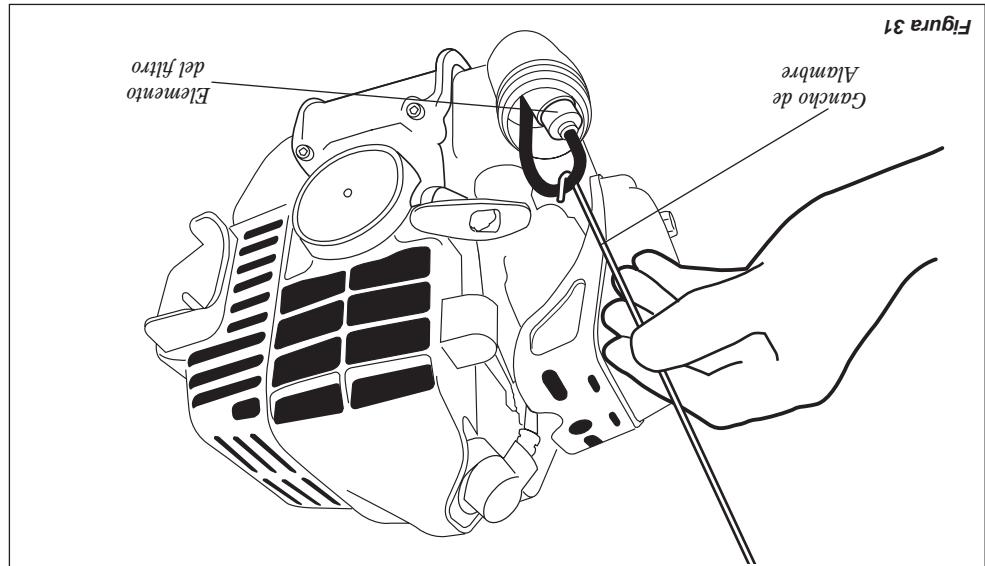


Figura 31

Reírse y reemplazar el elemento del filtro. A menudo se remueve el filtro, inspección de la condición de todo los componentes del sistema de combustible (manguera de alimentación, manguera del ventilador, ventilador, tapa y tanque). Si descubre daños, quebraduras o deformación, retire los quebrados y repárelos o reemplázelos. La unidad de operación hasta que pueda ser inspeccionada o reparada por un técnico de servicios de mantenimiento. Servicio de mantenimiento por Shimbawra.

Aséguire de no perfruar la tuberia de combustible con la punta del gancho de alambre, p'nes esta linea es delicada y se pude de dachar facilmente.

!PRECAUCIÓN!

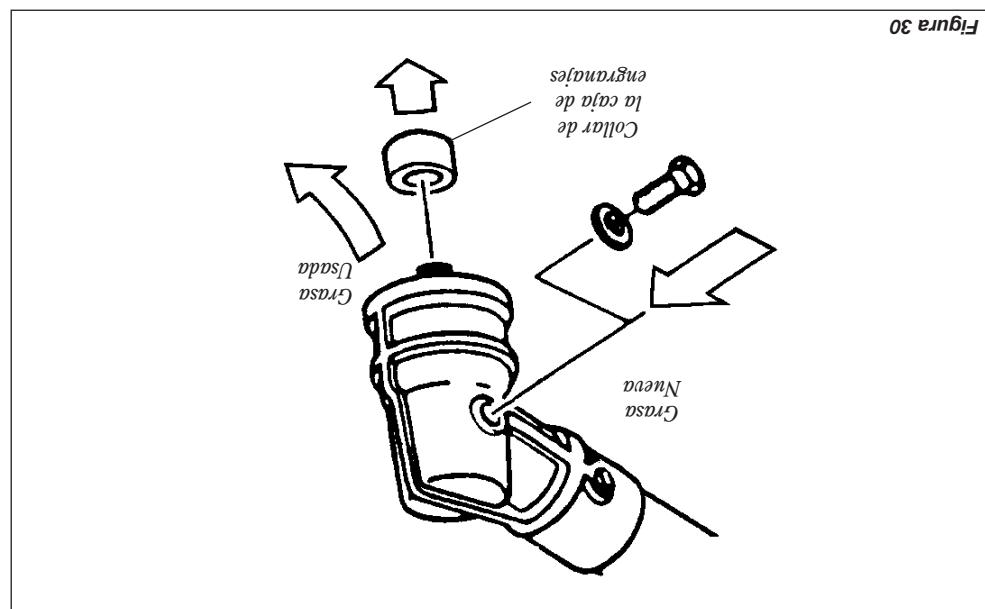


Figura 30

- Retirar el accesorio de corte, el soporte del accesorio de collar de la caja de engranajes. Retirar la tuerca del almenadur del costado de la caja de engranajes. Retirar la base de la caja hasta que la grasa nueva en la caja se introduzca dentro de la caja.
- Use solamente grasa a base de litio, tal como grasa Shimadwa para Caja de engranajes o su equivalente. Consulte la figura 30.
- Lubrifique las estriadas del eje principal. Use un gamcho de alambre para extraer el filtro de combustible del tanque de combustible. Consulte la figura 31.

- Retirar y limpiar la tapa del clímdro y limpiar la maleza y la suciedad en las alejas del clímdro

Cada 50 horas de operación
(más frecuentemente
bajo condiciones sucias o
en climas calurosos).

Mantenimiento Cada 50 Horas

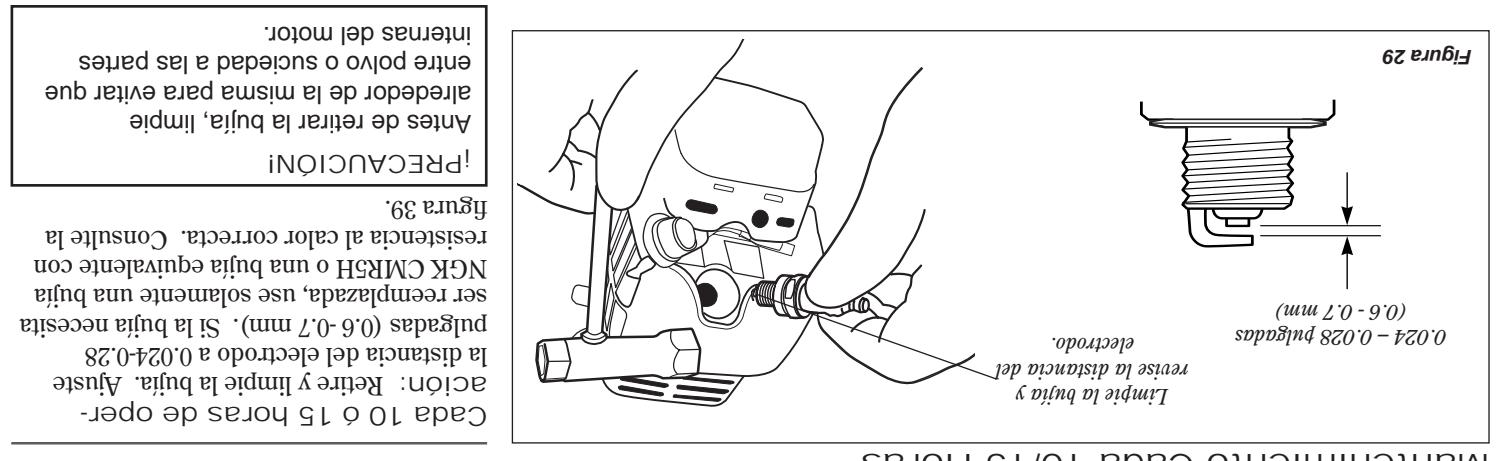


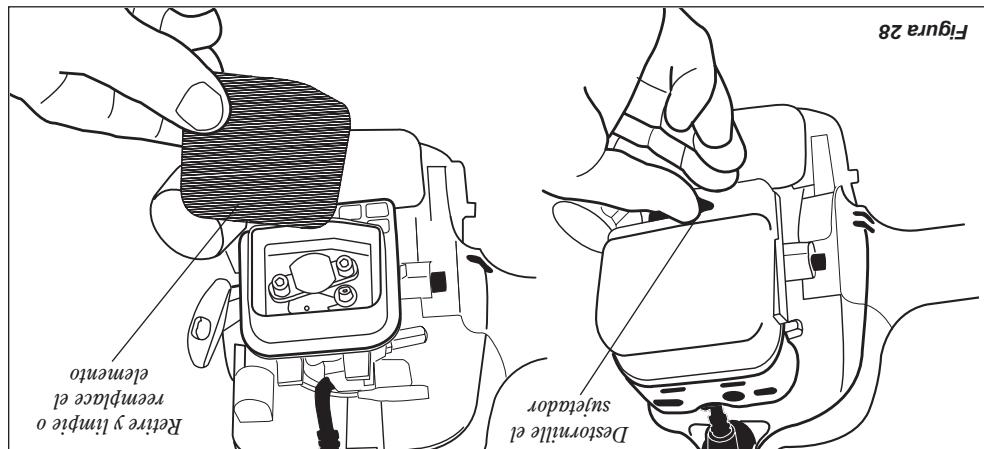
Figura 29

!PRECAUCION!
Antes de retirar la batería, limpíe
alrededor de la misma para evitar que
entre polvo o suciedad a las partes
interiores del motor.

Cada 10 o 15 horas de operación: Retire y limpie la bujía. Ajuste la distancia del electrodos a 0,024-0,028 pulgadas (0,6-0,7 mm). Si la bujía necesita reemplazarla, use solamente una bujía NGK CMR5H o una bujía equivalente con resistencia al calor correcta. Consulte la figura 39.

Mantenimiento Cada 10/15 Horas

Figura 28



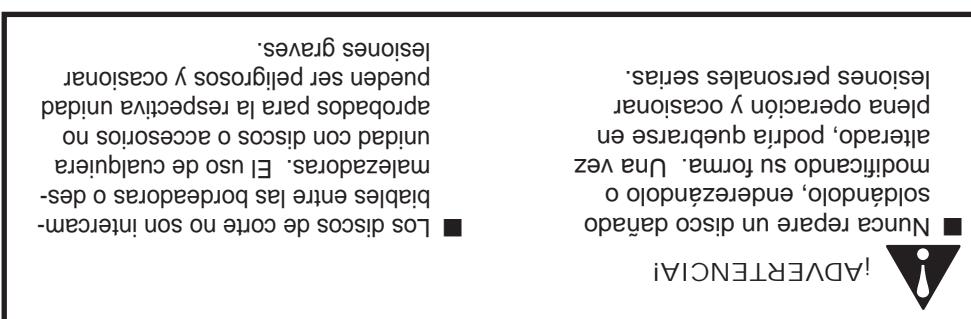
Mantenimiento Cada 10 Horas

incedio.

- Revisa que no falten terminos y que no estén flojos. Certícorse de que el accesoario de corte este firmemente asegurado.
 - Revisa la máquina entera en busca de goteo de combustible o grasa.

■ Retire toda tor, revise la efectúe lo necesario.

Mantenimiento Diario



INMEDIAMENTE

Mantenga los discos sellados y revise la condición del disco frecuentemente. Si el rendimiento de un disco cambia repetidamente, pare el motor y revise el disco en busca de rajaduras u otro daño. Reemplace el disco dañado.

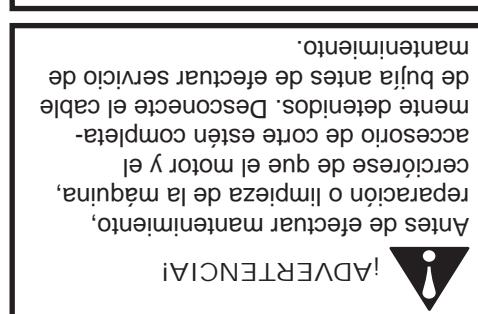
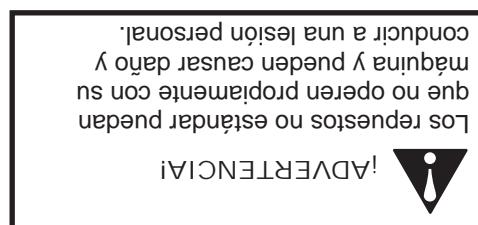
Cerclorise de que las tuerca, pernos y tornillos (a excepción de los tornillos de ajuste del carburador) están apretados.

Situaciones

Bujia
audition.

Esta máquina nunca debía ser operada con un guardachispas o silenciodor de efectos sonoros ni en la parte superior usada o dada a los pasajeros. Una silenciodor usada o dada a los pasajeros debe imponerse y puede causar la perdida de audición.

Silenciator
su garantiia Shindaiwa.



NOTA:

Mantenimiento General

!IMPORTANTE!

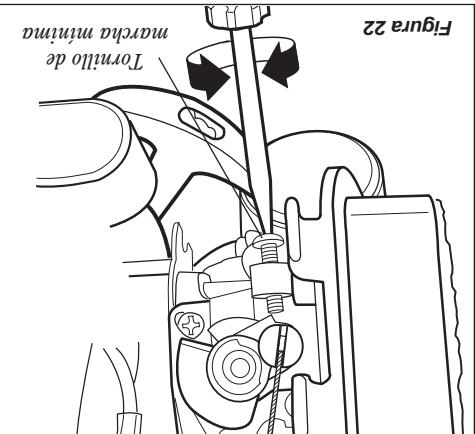
EL MANTENIMIENTO, REMPLAZO O REPARACION DE LOS SISTEMAS Y DISPOSITIVOS DE CONTROL DE EMISIONES PUEDEN SER EFECTUADOS POR CUALQUIER ESTABLECIMIENTO INDIVIDUAL; SIN embargo, LAS REPARACIONES DE GARANTIA DEBEN SER EFECTUADAS POR SU CENTRO AUTORIZADO POR SHINDAIWA CORPO. DE SERVICIO O DISTRIBUIDOR AU- RATIOM EL USO DE PARTES QUE NO SON EQUIVALENTES EN RENDIMIENTO Y DURABILIDAD A LAS PARTES AUTORIZADAS PUEDEN AFECTAR LA EFEKTIVIDAD DE SU SISTEMA DE CONTROL DE EMISIONES Y PUEDEN INFULENCIAR EL RESULTADO DE SU RECLAMO DE GARANTIA.

- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Acelerando el acelerador hace que el accesorio pare de girar. Si el accesorio libera el acelerador permite que el motor regresa a marcha mínima, la marcha mínima del motor y déjelo funcionar en marcha mínima durante 2 ó 3 minutos hasta que caliente.
- 1. Coloque la podadora en el suelo, luego encienda el motor y déjelo funcionar en marcha mínima durante 2 ó 3 minutos hasta que caliente.
- 2. Si el accesorio de corta marcha mínima del motor es la palanca del acelerador es cuando la palanca de marcha mínima cuando la palanca del embrague del motor libera el embrague del motor libre de acceso a la palanca de marcha mínima, reduzca la marcha mínima, gireando el tornillo de ajuste de marcha mínima en el sentido contrario a las agujas del reloj. Consulte la figura 22.
- 3. Si tiene un tacómetro disponible, la velocidad constante a las agujas del reloj se debe ajustar a 3,000 RPM (± 250 RPM (min⁻¹)).
- 4. Los ajustes de mezcla de carburador son preajustados en la fábrica y no pueden ser cambiados en el campo.

ADVERTENCIA!

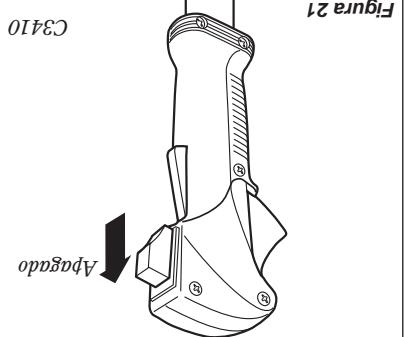
Ajuste de Marcha Mínima

El motor debe retornar a marcha mínima cuando el embrague del motor libera el embrague del motor libre de acceso a la palanca de marcha mínima, reduzca la marcha mínima, gireando el tornillo de ajuste de marcha mínima en el sentido contrario a las agujas del reloj. Consulte la figura 22.



Ajuste de Marcha Mínima del Motor

- Ponga el motor en marcha mínima por dos o tres minutos antes de apagarlo, luego deslice el interruptor de ignición a la posición "O" (motor apagado).



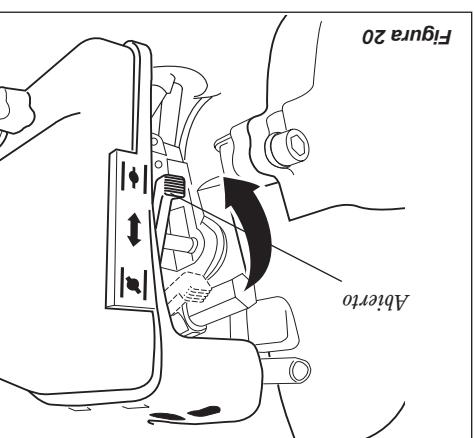
Parada del Motor

- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Acelerando el acelerador hace que el accesorio libera el acelerador permite que el motor regresa a marcha mínima, la marcha mínima del motor y déjelo funcionar en marcha mínima durante 2 ó 3 minutos hasta que caliente.
- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.

IMPORTANTE!

Nunca aranque el motor desde la posición de operación.

ADVERTENCIA!



- Despues de arranque el motor, muéva la palanca del ceñidor, ciérre la palanca del arranque inicial, ciérre la palanca del ceñidor y vuelva a arrancar.

Arranque del Motor (continuación)

El accesorio de corta pude da que gire cuando encienda el motor.

ADVERTENCIA!

- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.

IMPORTANTE!

Nunca aranque el motor desde la posición de operación.

ADVERTENCIA!

- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.
- Despues de que el motor se caliente, levante la máquina y asegúrelo a un poste si así es la equipada. Consulte la página 12.

- Despues de arranque el motor, muéva la palanca del ceñidor, ciérre la palanca del arranque inicial, ciérre la palanca del ceñidor y vuelva a arrancar.
- Despues de arranque el motor, muéva la palanca del ceñidor, ciérre la palanca del arranque inicial, ciérre la palanca del ceñidor y vuelva a arrancar.
- Despues de arranque el motor, muéva la palanca del ceñidor, ciérre la palanca del arranque inicial, ciérre la palanca del ceñidor y vuelva a arrancar.

!PRECAUCION!

No jale el arrancador recluir hasta el final de la Cuerda. De lo contrario, puede darse el arrancador.

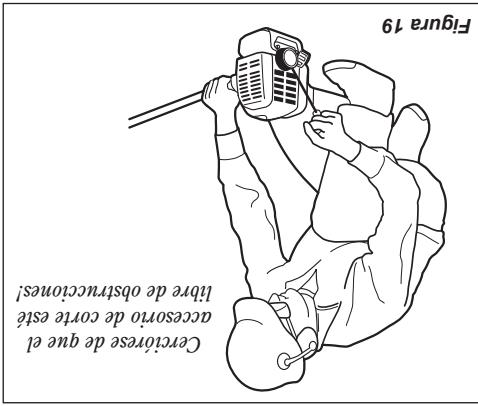


Figura 19

!IMPORATANTE!

- 3. Posicione la palanca del cebador en la posi-
ción CLOSER (cerrodo) si el motor esta frio.
- do no ahogará el motor con combustible.
- ionando repetidamente la bombilla de ceba-
do para que el carburador. Pres-
- combustible a través del carburador. Pres-
- La bomba de cebado solamente empuja

!IMPORTANTE!

El encendido del motor es a controlado por un interruptor de dos posiciones montado en el mango del acelerador indicado "I".

!IMPORTANTE!

Arranque del Motor

1. Posicionar la manguina sobre una superficie plana y nivelada.
2. Retirar completamente el desposito de alrededor de la tapa de combustible.
3. Retirar la tapa de combustible y llenar el tanque con combustible fresco y limpio.
4. Reinstalar la tapa de combustible y apretar firmemente.

- Nunca encienda u opere esta máquina si el carburador, llaves de combustible y/o tapa de tanque o tanque de combustible se encuentran dañados.
- Nunca tireme o encienda fuegos cerca del motor o del combustible.
- Nunca cojude materia inflamable cerca del silenciodor del motor.
- Nunca cojude material inflamable cerca del esterín funcionaldo adecuadamente.

Llenando el Tanque de Combustible

El Acete Shmidaiwa ONE es un aceite regis-
trado de JASO FC Clasificada y también cumple
con los requisitos de rendimiento de ISO-
L-ECD. Shmidaiwa ONE es recomendado para
el uso en todo los motores Shmidaiwa de baja
emisión. Shmidaiwa ONE también incluye el
estabilizador de combustible.

- Use solamente gasolina rrescada, limpia y sin plomo, con indice de octanaje de 87 o superior.
- Mezcle todo el combustible con aceite de motor para motores de 2 tiempos en las dos ratios ISO-L-EDC y/o JASO FC a proporción por arriba que cumpla o exceda aceites clasifi-cados ISO-L-EDC y/o JASO FC a proporción de 50:1 gasolina/aceite.

PRECAUCIONES

Este motor es de arranque solamente para funcionar con una mezcla de 50:1 de gasolina sin plomo y aceite de mezclar para motores de 2 tiempos.

ISO-L-EGD o JASO FC. El uso de aceites de mezclar no autorizados puede conducir a excesos de depósitos de carbono.

!IMPORTANT

- 1 garrafa de gasolina por 2,0 onzas de aceite de mezclar.
- 5 litros de gasolina por 100 ml de aceite de mezclar.

Proporción de 50:1
-gemelos de carnes aderezadas al mezcla a

Ejemplos de cantidades de mezcla a

Ejemplos de cantidades de medida

PRECAUCIÓN!

Figura 17

Bombilla de Cebado

Tubo de Retorno

Figura 17

2. Presione la bomba de cebado hasta que vea pasar combusible por el tubo de retorno transparente.

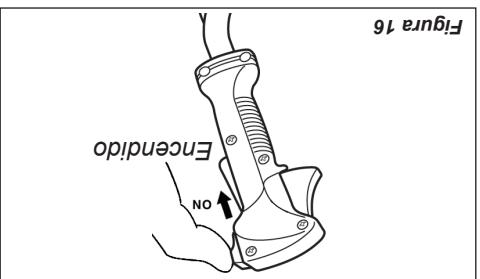


Figura 16

1. Deslice el interruptor hacia la posición de encendido "II". Vea la figura No. 16.

•(1)

- **Dismiñuya el riesgo de incendios**
 - Pare el motor antes de volver a llenar el tanque.
 - Siempre deje enfriar el motor antes de volver a llenar el tanque.
 - Limpie todo derriame de combustible y aleje el motor por lo menos 10 pies (3 metros) del deposito de combustible antes de volver a prender el motor el motor.
 - Nunca comience u opere esta máquina si existe una pendiente de combustible. ■

ADVERTENCIAS

que se agrega a los gases de escape. Los gases de escape contienen hidrógeno y carbono que se combina con el oxígeno del aire para formar agua y dióxido de carbono. El agua se condensa en vapor y el dióxido de carbono se disuelve en el agua para formar ácido carbónico.

Mezcla de Combustible

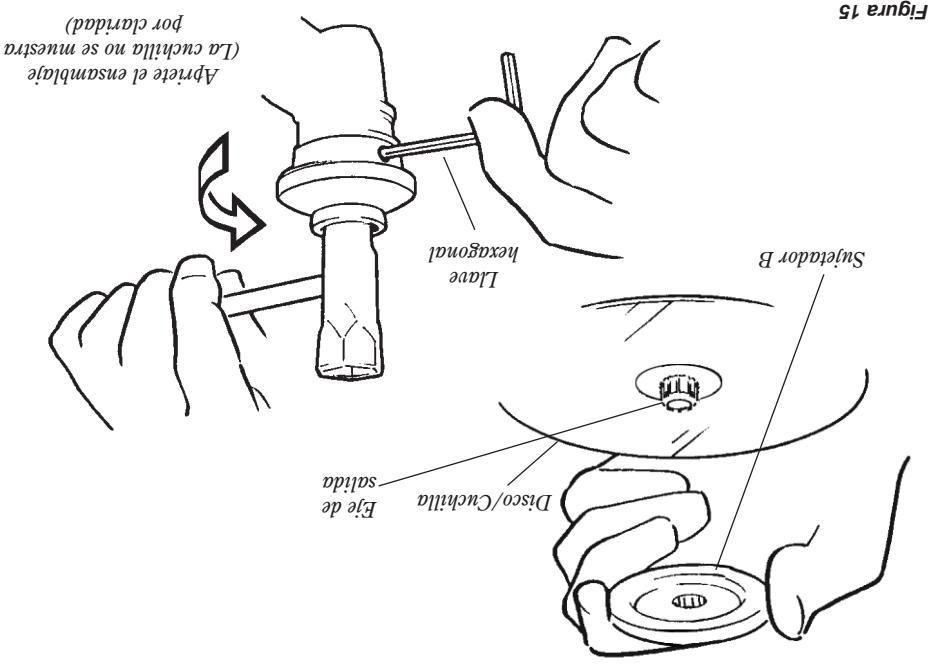
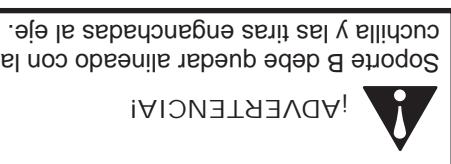
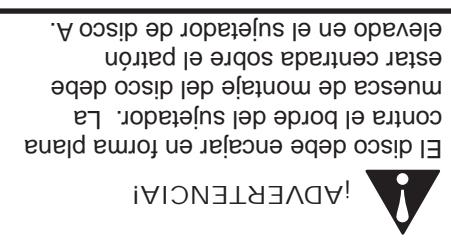


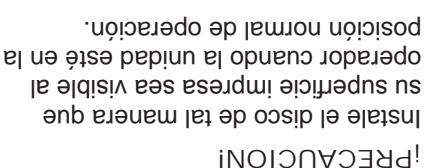
Figura 15



!ADVERTENCIA!



!ADVERTENCIA!



!PRECAUCIÓN!

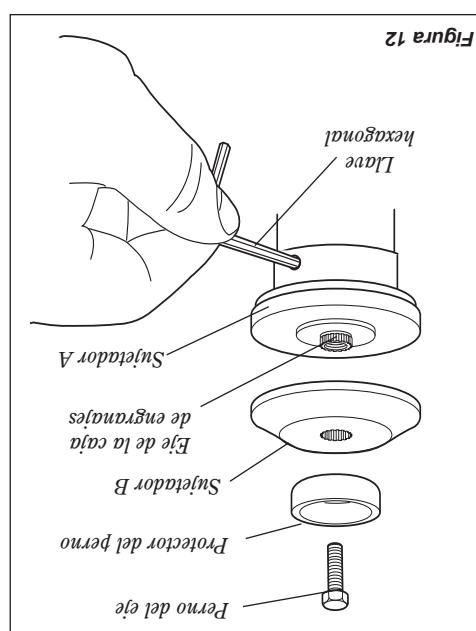
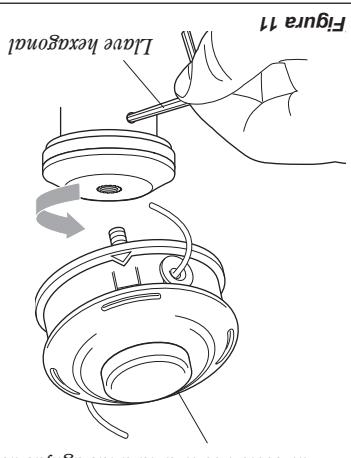


Figura 12

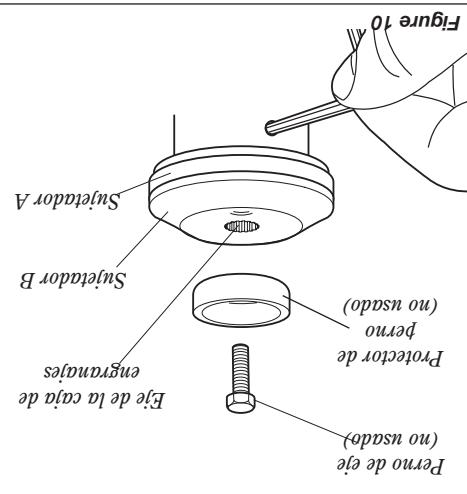
1. Amplíe la muéscala en el soporte A con la cuchilla sobre el reten de ambas muéscas. Consulte la figura 12.
2. Encuje la cuchilla sobre el reten de ambas muéscas. Consulte la figura 14.
3. Instale el sujetador B en el eje de salida. Consulte la figura 15. El reborde en el sujetador B debe rodar completamente el reten de seguridad, y debe completamente el reten de seguridad. El sujetador completo debe cubrir completamente el eje de salida.
4. Instale el protector de perno y luego apretadamente contra la cuchilla.
5. Retire la llave hexagonal.
6. Usando la llave de bujía/desatornillador combinado, apriete el perno firmemente en dirección contraria a las agujas del reloj. El soporte B debe quedar alineado con la cuchilla.
- Y lista para ser usada con una cuchilla.

Instalando la Cuchilla

Lámpara C242 debe estar ahora completamente ensamblada para ser operada como podadura o desmalezadora.



Cabezal apretado a mano (para instalar, gire en dirección contraria a las agujas del reloj).



Lámpara C3410 es enviada con el sujetador A, el sujetador B, el perno de eje, y el protector de perno instalado. El perno de eje, y el protector de perno deben de ser retirados. El perno de eje, y el protector de perno deben de ser reinstalados con el sujetador A, el sujetador B, el perno de eje, y el protector de perno.

NOTA:

1. Con el eje de la caja de la lámpara C3410, retire el sujetador A y el sujetador B. Retire el protector de eje de la caja de la lámpara C3410.

2. Usando la llave hexagonal de bujía,

asegúrese que el sujetador B es instalado en la caja de engranajes con la muñeca ranurada encasada con el eje de la caja de engranajes.

3. Usando la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A, instale y apriete con la mano el cabezal (para instalar, gire en dirección contraria a las agujas del reloj).

4. Retire la llave hexagonal de la caja de engranajes y del sujetador.

NOTA:

Consulte la figura 11.

asegúrese que el sujetador de ambas piezas de la caja de engranajes esté bien apretado en la caja de engranajes.

5. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

6. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

7. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

8. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

9. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

10. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

11. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

12. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

13. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

14. Instale la llave hexagonal para asegurar el sujetador A y el sujetador B.

Mangos C242

Ensamblaje (Continuación)

1. Use la llave hexagonal de 4 mm para retíralos los tornillos de retención de la abrazadera inferior del soporte del mango. Separar la tapa de la abrazadera, jísele en la posición de los espaciadores de 2" a instalar entre la abrazadera inferior y el tubo. Consulte la figura 5.

2. Posicione el mango sobre el tubo. Interno de detras de la abrazadera. Vuelva a ensamblar la cion del mango. Una vez ensamblado el mango en orden inverso desensamble. Consulte la figura 5.

3. Posicione el mango en una forma con forma para el operador. Consulte la figura 5.

4. Apriete firmemente ambos tornillos de retención de la tapa inferior.

5. Ajuste el cable inferior con las bandas que vienen en el kit de herramientas. Consulte la figura 5.

Ajuste la holgura del acelerador

La holgura del gatillo debe ser aproximadamente de 3/16-1/4 pulgadas (4.6 mm). Consulte la figura 6. Cerciorarse madamente de que el gatillo de acelerador no golpea como sea requerido para obtener la holgura apropiada 3/16-1/4 pulgadas (4.6 mm).

3. Gire el cable ajustador hacia dentro o hacia afuera como sea requerido para obtener la holgura apropiada (4.6 mm). Consulte la figura 7.

4. Apriete las tuercas de seguridad.

5. Reinstale la tapa del filtro de aire.

Figura 8

Figura 7

Figura 6

Figura 5A

Montaje C242

1. Use la llave hexagonal de 4 mm para retirar los tornillos de retención de la abrazadera inferior del soporte del mango. Separar la tapa de la abrazadera, jísele en la posición de los espaciadores de 2" a instalar entre la abrazadera inferior y el tubo. Consulte la figura 5.

2. Posicione el mango sobre el tubo. Interno de detras de la abrazadera. Vuelva a ensamblar la cion del mango. Una vez ensamblado el mango en orden inverso desensamble. Consulte la figura 5.

3. Posicione el mango en una forma con forma para el operador. Consulte la figura 5.

4. Apriete firmemente ambos tornillos de retención de la tapa inferior.

5. Ajuste el cable inferior con las bandas que vienen en el kit de herramientas. Consulte la figura 5.

Ajuste la holgura del acelerador

La holgura del gatillo debe ser aproximadamente de 3/16-1/4 pulgadas (4.6 mm). Consulte la figura 6. Cerciorarse madamente de que el gatillo de acelerador no golpea como sea requerido para obtener la holgura apropiada 3/16-1/4 pulgadas (4.6 mm).

3. Gire el cable ajustador hacia dentro o hacia afuera como sea requerido para obtener la holgura apropiada (4.6 mm). Consulte la figura 7.

4. Apriete las tuercas de seguridad.

5. Reinstale la tapa del filtro de aire.

Figura 8

Figura 7

Figura 6

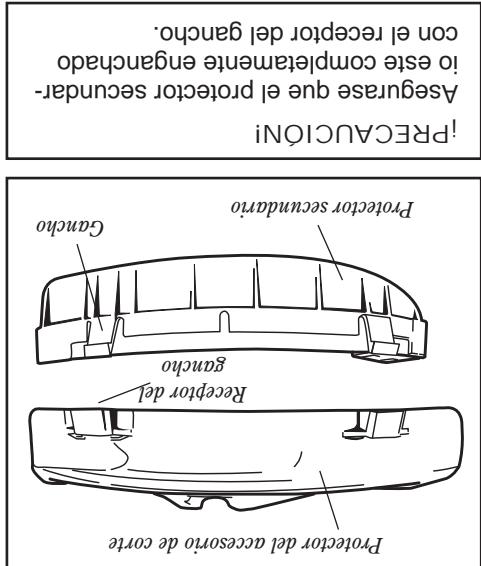
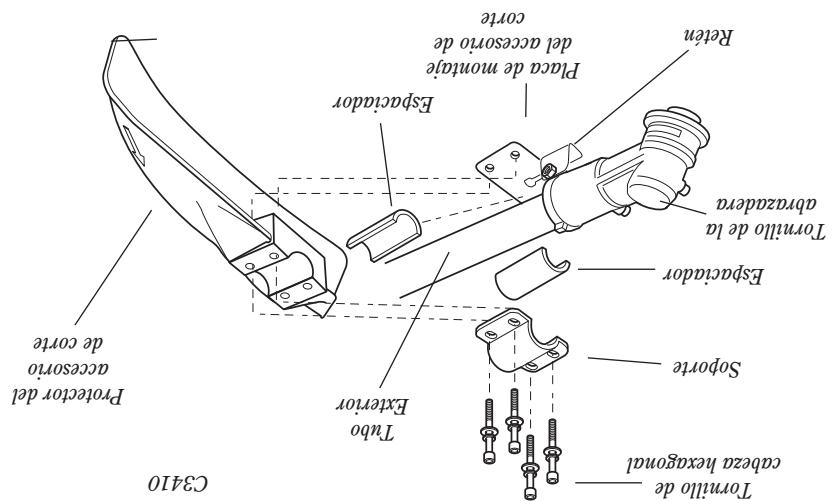
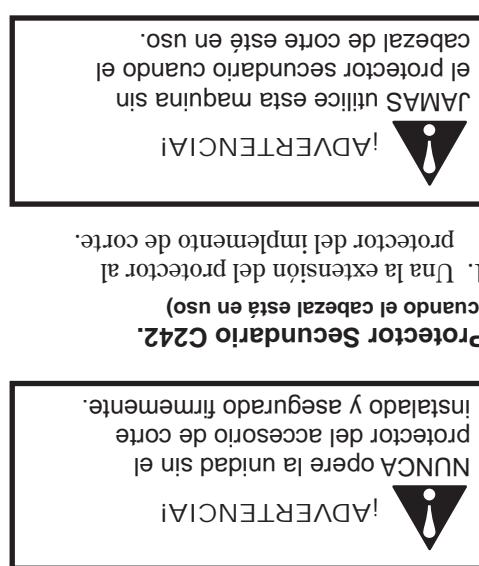


Figura 9A



Protector del accesorio de corte



!PRECAUCIÓN!

Asegúrese de que el tornillo sujetador y el retén estén debidamente apretados antes de apretar los cuatro tornillos de cabecera allen.

4. Volver a apretar el tornillo de la abrazadera al igual que la tuerca.

3. Apriete los cuatros tornillos de la cabecera
alineen para asegurar el protector del
accesorio de corete.

soporte sobre el tubo exterior e instale sin ajustar los cuatro tornillos de cabecera. Consulte la figura 9.

2. Coloque los dos espaciadores y el montaje del protector del accesorio de correa.

NOTA: Pueda que sea necesario dejar el retén y el forillo si el taller para lastrar la placa de

1. Miserte el prosector del accesoario de montaje. Consulte la figura 9.
2. Quite entre el tubo exterior y la placa de sujeción.

Instale el protector del accesorio de cortes C242.

Figura 9

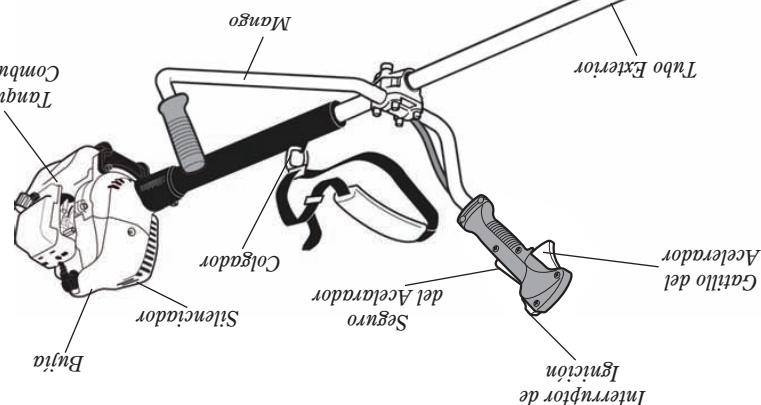
!IMPORTANTE!

Los términos "izquierda", "mano izquierda", "derecha", "mano derecha", y "RH", indican direcciones y "LH", "derecha", "izquierda", "derecha", y "RH", respectivamente. La mano que se usa para escribir es la mano derecha, y la otra mano es la mano izquierda. Los dedos de la mano derecha son los dedos del pulgar, el índice, el medio, el anular y el meñique. Los dedos de la mano izquierda son los dedos del pulgar, el índice, el medio, el anular y el meñique.

Shindaiwa cumple o excede estas especificaciones y es recomendada para todo los productos de Shindaiwa.

- Filtro de Aire.....Filtro de espuma no reversil
- Metodo de Arranque.....Metodo de Parada.....Metodo de Interrup
- Tipo de Transmision.....Automatica, embrague centralizada con engranajes helicoidales
- Periodo de Cumplimiento con Regulaciones de Emisiones EPA*.....Categorias

No haga modificaciones o alteració-
nes no autorizadas a ninguna de es-
tas máquinas ni a sus componentes.



Desmalezadora C242

Descripción del Producto

Kit contiene todo el soporte y utensilios
de metal para montar el protector del ac-
cesorio de corte, este manual del propi-
etario/oprador y juego de herramientas
para mantenimiento rutinario. Los kits
de herramientas variaran por modelo y
pueden incluir una llave hexagonal, llave
busija y destornillador, y una llave inglesa.

- Motor/Tubo de montaje del la parte exterior.
 - Mango y Accelerado completo.
 - Protección del accesorio de corte.
 - Accesorio de corte.
 - Kit contenido el soporte y utensilios

Antes de ensamblar, cerciorarse de que tenga todos los componentes necesarios para armar una máquina completa e inspeccionar la unidad y componentes en busca de daños.

Antes de Ensamblar

Esta unidad tiene completamente ensamblada con la excepción del mangos accesorio de corte y el protector del acelerador de corte.

Especificaciones sujetas a cambios sin previo aviso.

Modelo de MotorS242E
Diametro x Carrera.....1.3 x 1,1 in./33 mm x 28 mm
Cilindrada.....1.5 pulg. Cilíndricas/23.9 cc
Potencia Máxima.....1.0 HP/8 kW @8,000 RPM (min-1)
Combustible/Accetile.....50 l con ISO-L-ECD o JASO FC aceite de mezcla de motor 2 tiempos*
Tipo de CarburadorWalbro WYR, tipo diafragma
Capacidad del Tanque de Combustible22.3 onzas/670 ml
Sistema de EncendidoTransistor controlado por una píezza electrónica
(sin accesorios)12.4 libras/5.6 kg
C242 E SO SU Combustible	

Especificaciones C242

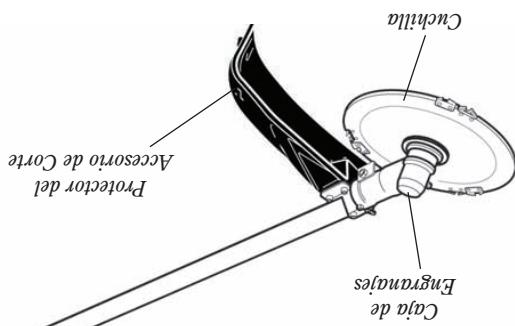


Figura 4

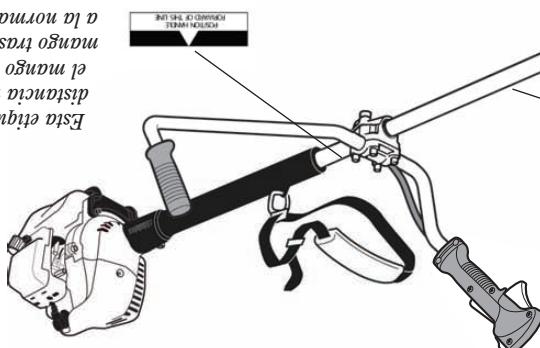
Figura 3



Etiquetas de Seguridad

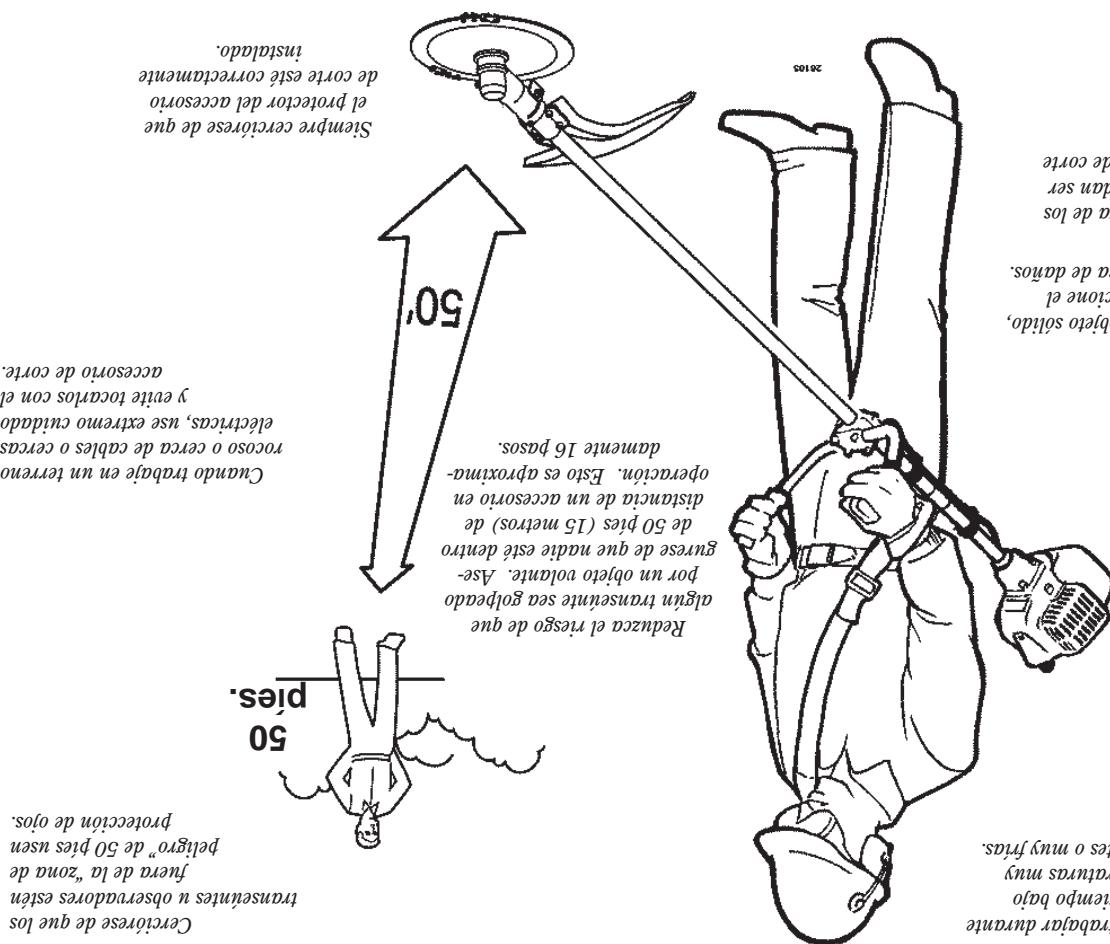
!IMPORTANTE!

Información de Operación:
Aségurese que toda las etiquetas estén libres de daños y legibles.
Reemplace inmediatamente estrenillas de dhasos y legibles.
Etiquetas dhasas o flatantes.
Etiqüetas nuevas están disponibles en su centro de servicio local
automizado de Shindawa.



C242

Figura 2



Este Alerta del Área de

Instrucciones de Seguridad El Operario Debidamente Equipado

Use Buen Júicio



!ADVERTENCIA!

SIMPRE use protección para los ojos como escudo contra objetos lanzados.

NUNCA opere el motor cuando transpore la unidad.

NUNCA opere la unidad en el interior! Cerciorase que siempre haya buena ventilación. El humo o gases del escape del motor pueden causar serias lesiones o la muerte.

SIMPRE mantenga su área de trabajo libre de basura u objetos que pudieran rebotar contra usted o contra transeuntes.

SIMPRE use el accesorio de corta apropiado.

NUNCA extienda el cable de nylon más allá de lo especificado para su manguina.

SIMPRE maneja la manguina lo más limpia posible. Mantenga la libre de vegetación, barro, etc.

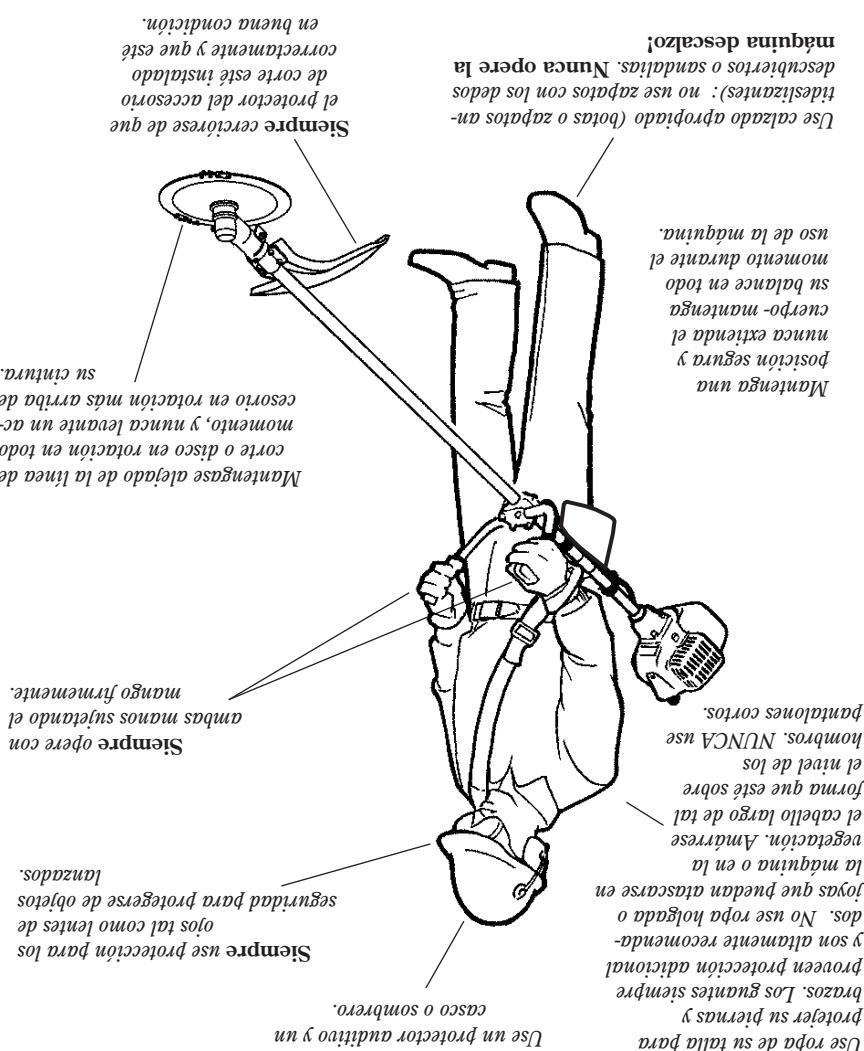
SIMPRE sujeté la manguina firmemente con ambas manos cuando corta o recorte, y mantenga mangos limpios.

SIMPRE, si el disco/cuchilla se rompe, suelte la manguina y mantenga el control en todo momento.

SIMPRE descocete el cable de arbol para liberar el disco/cuchilla.

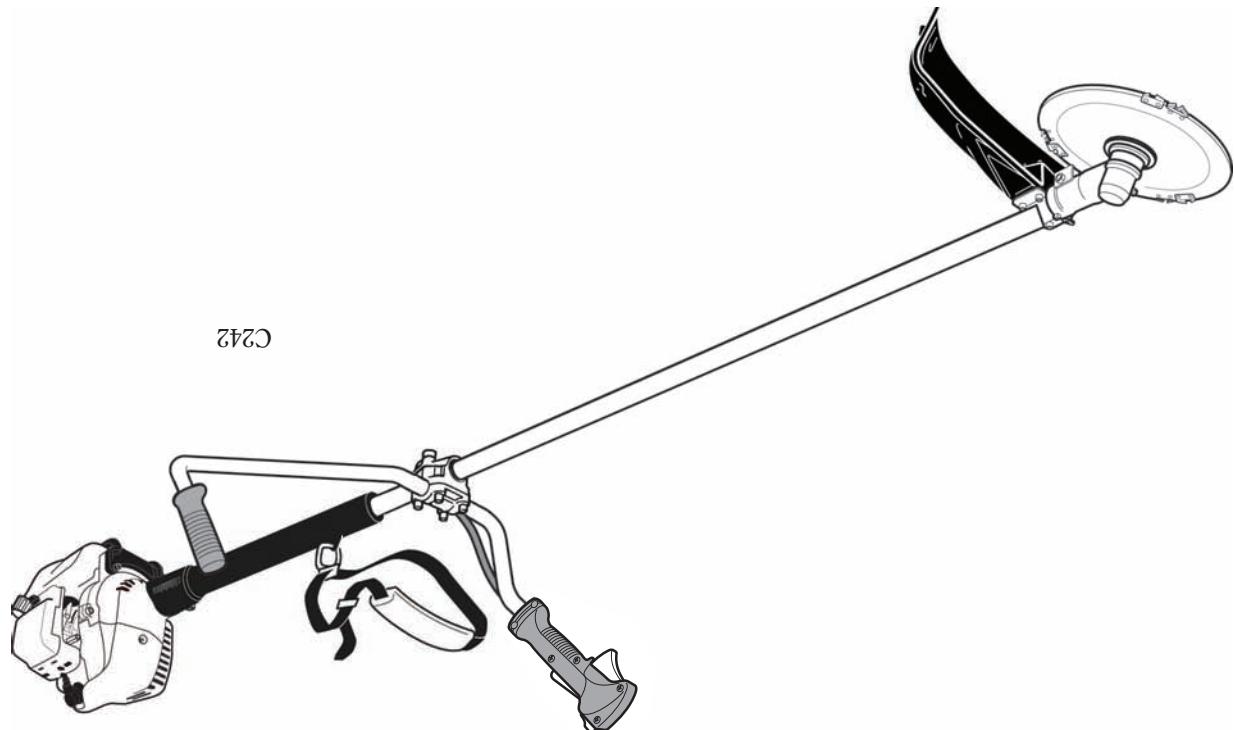
SIMPRE use un arnes cuando opere una unidad equipada con disco/cuchilla.

Figura 1



Disminuya el riesgo de sufrir lesiones o causar
lesiones a otros! Lea este manual y familiarícese con su
contenido. Siempre use protección para los ojos y oídos
cuando opere esta máquina.

!ADVERTENCIA



Desmalezadora C242

MANUAL DEL PROPIETARIO/OPERADOR SHINDAIWA
