

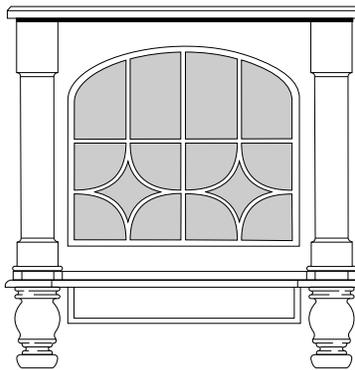
# Comfort Glow®

## (VENT-FREE) PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### OWNER'S OPERATION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

Model SL30PT Series Thermostat Control Gas Log Heater  
(Burner System For Cast Iron Stoves)

SL30PT



Patent Pending

**WARNING:** If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- **WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**
  - Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

**WARNING:** The SL30PT series vent-free gas log heater is only approved for use in the Comfort Glow series cast iron stove models CISC and CISG.

**WARNING:** Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for correct installation and operational procedures. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

**WARNING:** This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to *Air for Combustion and Ventilation* section on page 4 of this manual.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket\*, permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate.  
This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

\* Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### SAFETY INFORMATION

#### WARNINGS

**IMPORTANT:** Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate, or service this heater. Improper use of this heater can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock, and carbon monoxide poisoning.

** DANGER:** Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death!

**Carbon Monoxide Poisoning:** Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness, or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. **Get fresh air at once!** Have heater serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, and those at high altitudes.

**Propane/LP Gas:** Propane/LP gas is odorless. An odor-making agent is added to the gas. The odor helps you detect a gas leak. However, the odor added to the gas can fade. Gas may be present even though no odor exists.

Make certain you read and understand all Warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to safe and proper operation of this heater.

** WARNING:** Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

** WARNING:** Do not allow fans to blow directly into the stove. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Ceiling fans can create drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Altered burner patterns can cause sooting.

** WARNING:** Do not use a blower insert, heat exchanger insert or other accessory not approved for use with this heater.

**Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.**

**Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance. Never place any objects on the heater.**

**Stove becomes very hot when running heater. Keep children and adults away from hot surface to avoid burns or clothing ignition. Heater will remain hot for a time after shutdown. Allow surface to cool before touching.**

**Carefully supervise young children when they are in the room with fireplace.**

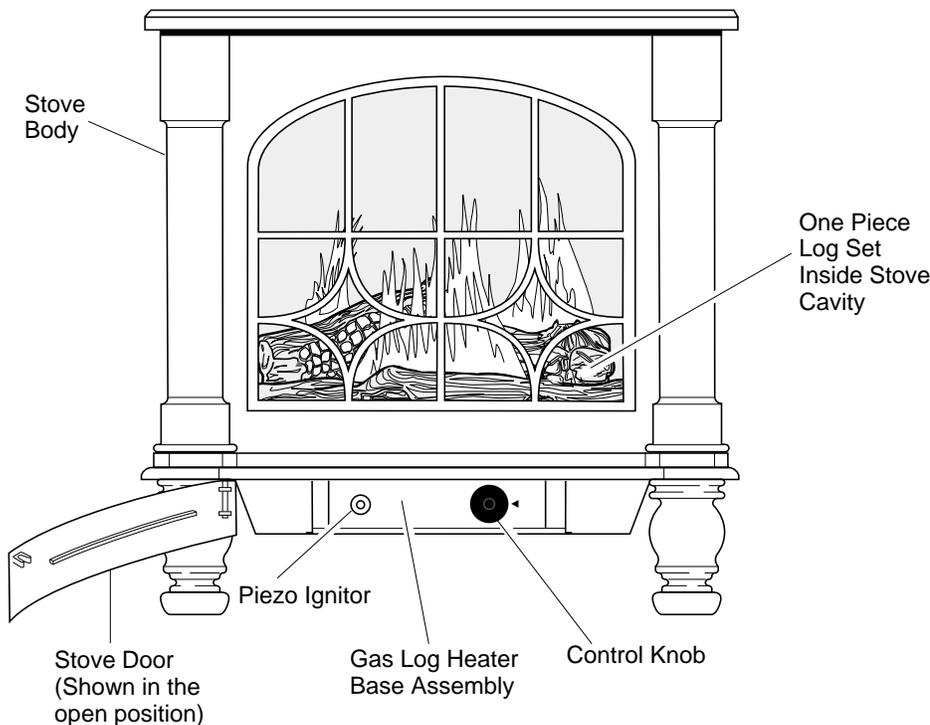
**Keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.**

1. This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.
2. Do not place propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Locate propane/LP supply tank(s) outdoors.
3. If you smell gas
  - shut off gas supply
  - do not try to light any appliance
  - do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building
  - immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions
  - if you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department
4. This heater shall not be installed in a bedroom or bathroom.
5. Do not place stove directly on carpeting, vinyl tile, or any combustible material other than wood. The stove must set on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.
6. Do not use this stove as a wood burning fireplace. Use only model SL30PT vent-free gas log heater.

7. Do not add extra logs or ornaments such as pine cones, vermiculite, or rock wool. Using these added items can cause sooting.
8. This log heater is designed to be smokeless. If logs ever appear to smoke, turn off heater and call a qualified service person. *Note:* During initial operation, slight smoking could occur due to log curing and heater burning manufacturing residues.
9. To prevent the creation of soot, follow the instructions in *Cleaning and Maintenance*, page 15.
10. Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, or similar products, turn heater off. If heated, the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.
11. This heater needs fresh, outside air ventilation to run properly. This heater has an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS shuts down the heater if not enough fresh air is available. See *Air for Combustion and Ventilation*, pages 4 through 6. If heater keeps shutting off, see *Troubleshooting*, pages 16 through 18.
12. Do not run heater
  - where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored
  - under dusty conditions
13. Do not use this stove to cook food or burn paper or other objects.
14. Do not use heater if any part has been exposed to or under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
15. Do not operate heater if any log is broken. Do not operate heater if a log is chipped (dime-sized or larger).
16. Turn heater off and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.
17. Operating heater above elevations of 4,500 feet could cause pilot outage.
18. To prevent performance problems, the use of a propane/LP tank of less than 100 lb. capacity is not recommended.

# OWNER'S MANUAL

## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION



**Figure 1 - Typical Stove Cabinet Model with Comfort Glow Gas Log Heater**

## LOCAL CODES

Install and use heater with care. Follow all local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the latest edition of *The National Fuel Gas Code ANS Z223.1*, also known as NFPA 54\*.

\*Available from:

American National Standards Institute, Inc.  
1430 Broadway  
New York, NY 10018

National Fire Protection Association, Inc.  
Batterymarch Park  
Quincy, MA 02269

## PRODUCT FEATURES

### OPERATION

This heater is clean burning. It requires no outside venting. There is no heat loss out a vent or up a chimney. Heat is generated by realistic, dancing yellow flames. This heater is designed for vent-free operation. State and local codes in some areas prohibit the use of vent-free heaters.

### SAFETY PILOT

This heater has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS/pilot is a required feature for vent-free room heaters. The ODS/pilot shuts off the heater if there is not enough fresh air.

### PIEZO IGNITION SYSTEM

This heater has a piezo ignitor. This system requires no matches, batteries, or other sources to light heater.

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

**⚠ WARNING: This heater shall not be installed in a confined space or unusually tight construction unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air. Read the following instructions to insure proper fresh air for this and other fuel-burning appliances in your home.**

Today's homes are built more energy efficient than ever. New materials, increased insulation, and new construction methods help reduce heat loss in homes. Home owners weather strip and caulk around windows and doors to keep the cold air out and the warm air in. During heating months, home owners want their homes as airtight as possible.

While it is good to make your home energy efficient, your home needs to breathe. Fresh air must enter your home. All fuel-burning appliances need fresh air for proper combustion and ventilation.

Exhaust fans, fireplaces, clothes dryers, and fuel burning appliances draw air from the house to operate. You must provide adequate fresh air for these appliances. This will insure proper venting of vented fuel-burning appliances.

### PROVIDING ADEQUATE VENTILATION

The following are excerpts from *National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANS Z223.1, Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation*.

All spaces in homes fall into one of the three following ventilation classifications:

1. Unusually Tight Construction
2. Unconfined Space
3. Confined Space

The information on pages 4 through 6 will help you classify your space and provide adequate ventilation.

#### Unusually Tight Construction

The air that leaks around doors and windows may provide enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, in buildings of unusually tight construction, you must provide additional fresh air.

**Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:**

- a. walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm ( $6 \times 10^{-11}$  kg per pa-sec- $m^2$ ) or less with openings gasketed or sealed **and**
- b. weather stripping has been added on openable windows and doors **and**
- c. caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical, and gas lines, and at other openings.

**If your home meets all of the three criteria above, you must provide additional fresh air. See *Ventilation Air From Outdoors*, page 6.**

**If your home does not meet all of the three criteria above, proceed to *Determining Fresh-Air Flow For Heater Location*, page 5.**

### Confined and Unconfined Space

*The National Fuel Gas Code ANS Z223.1* defines a confined space as a space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu per hour (4.8 m<sup>3</sup> per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space and an unconfined space as a space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu per hour (4.8 m<sup>3</sup> per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed\*, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space.

This heater shall not be installed in a confined space or unusually tight construction unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

\* Adjoining rooms are communicating only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between them.

## AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

**Continued**

### DETERMINING FRESH-AIR FLOW FOR HEATER LOCATION

#### Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space

Use this work sheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space.

**Space:** Includes the room in which you will install heater plus any adjoining rooms with doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

1. Determine the volume of the space (length x width x height).

Length x Width x Height = \_\_\_\_\_ cu. ft. (volume of space)

*Example:* Space size 20 ft. (length) x 16 ft. (width) x 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space)

If additional ventilation to adjoining room is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of the space.

2. Divide the space volume by 50 cubic feet to determine the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support.

\_\_\_\_\_ (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = (maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

*Example:* 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = 51.2 or 51,200 (maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

3. Add the Btu/Hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space.

Vent-free heater \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

Gas water heater\* \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

Gas furnace \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

Vented gas heater \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

Gas fireplace logs \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

Other gas appliances\* + \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

Total = \_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr

*Example:*

Gas water heater	40,000	Btu/Hr	
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Vent-free heater	+	30,000	Btu/Hr
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Total	=	70,000	Btu/Hr
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\* Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct-vent draws combustion air from the outdoors and vents to the outdoors.

4. Compare the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support with the actual amount of Btu/Hr used.

\_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr (maximum the space can support)

\_\_\_\_\_ Btu/Hr (actual amount of Btu/Hr used)

*Example:* 51,200 Btu/Hr (maximum the space can support)

70,000 Btu/Hr (actual amount of Btu/Hr used)

The space in the above example is a confined space because the actual Btu/Hr used is more than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:

- A. Rework worksheet, adding the space of an adjoining room. If the extra space provides an unconfined space, remove door to adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See *Ventilation Air From Inside Building*, page 6.
- B. Vent room directly to the outdoors. See *Ventilation Air From Outdoors*, page 6.
- C. Install a lower Btu/Hr heater, if lower Btu/Hr size makes room unconfined.

If the actual Btu/Hr used is less than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. You will need no additional fresh air ventilation.

**⚠ WARNING:** If the area in which the heater may be operated is smaller than that defined as an unconfined space or if the building is of unusually tight construction, provide adequate combustion and ventilation air by one of the methods described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANS Z223.1, Section 5.3* or applicable local codes.

*Continued*

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

*Continued*

#### VENTILATION AIR

##### Ventilation Air From Inside Building

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Figure 2). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, Figure 2). Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANS Z223.1, Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

**⚠ WARNING: Rework worksheet, adding the space of the adjoining unconfined space. The combined spaces must have enough fresh air to supply all appliances in both spaces.**

##### Ventilation Air From Outdoors

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANS Z223.1, Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

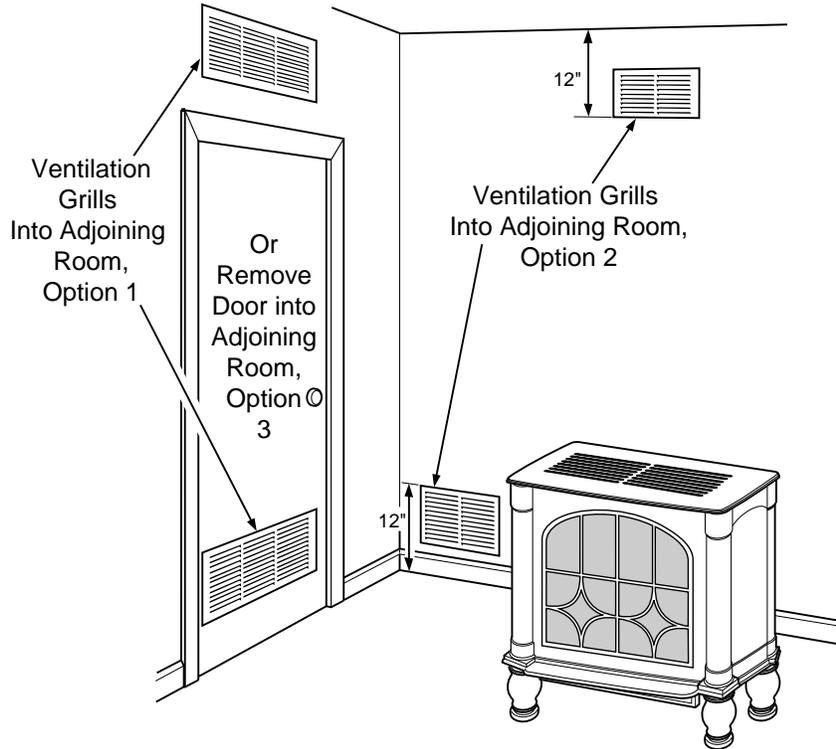


Figure 2 - Ventilation Air from Inside Building

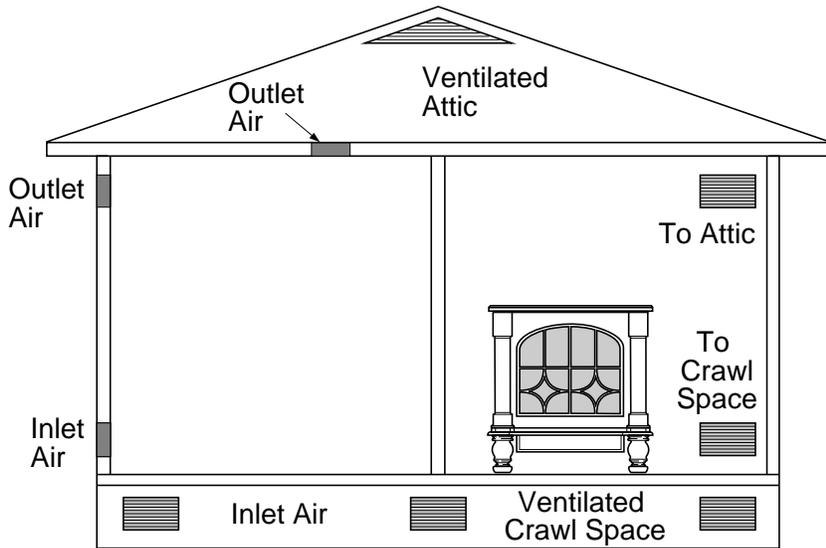


Figure 3 - Ventilation Air from Outdoors

## INSTALLATION

**NOTICE:** This heater is intended for use as supplemental heat. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. Do not install this heater as your primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run system's circulating blower while using heater. This will help circulate the heat throughout the house. In the event of a power outage, you can use this heater as your primary heat source.

**WARNING:** A qualified service person must install heater. Follow all local codes.

**WARNING:** Never install the heater

- in a bedroom or bathroom
- in a recreational vehicle
- where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 42 inches from the front, top, or sides of the heater
- in high traffic areas
- in windy or drafty areas

**CAUTION:** This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to heater. Installing heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating heater where impurities (such as tobacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.) in the air exist, may discolor walls.

**IMPORTANT:** Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing heater in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form from too much moisture. See *Air for Combustion and Ventilation*, pages 4 through 6.

### CHECK GAS TYPE

Use only propane/LP gas. If your gas supply is not propane/LP gas, do not install heater. Call dealer where you bought heater for proper type heater.

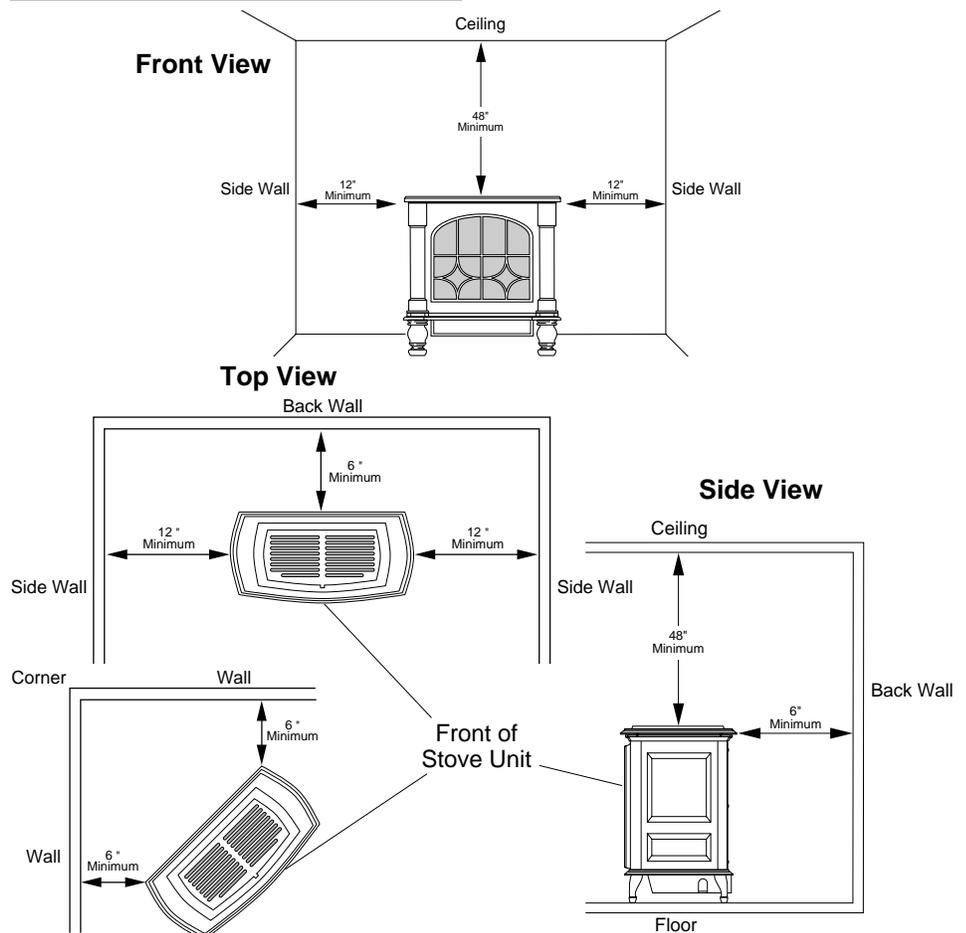
### CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES (Vent-Free Operation Only)

**WARNING:** Maintain the minimum clearances. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling, and adjoining side and back walls.

Carefully follow the instructions below. This stove is a freestanding unit designed to set directly on the floor. **IMPORTANT:** You must maintain minimum wall and ceiling clearances during installation. The minimum clearances are shown in Figure 4. Measure from outermost point of stove top.

### Minimum Wall and Ceiling Clearances (see Figure 4)

- Clearances from outermost point of stove top to any combustibile side wall should not be less than 12 inches.
- Clearances from outermost point of stove top to any combustibile back wall should not be less than 6 inches (Includes Corner Installations).
- Clearances from the stove top to the ceiling should not be less than 48 inches.



**Figure 4 - Minimum Clearance to Walls and Ceiling (Stove May Vary Depending on Model)**

*Continued*

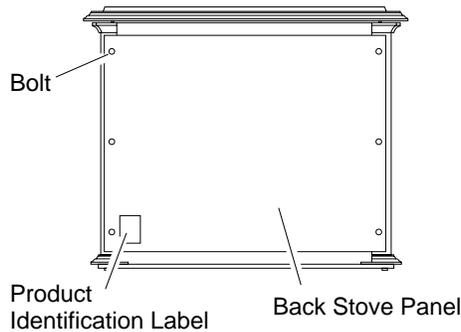
## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### INSTALLATION

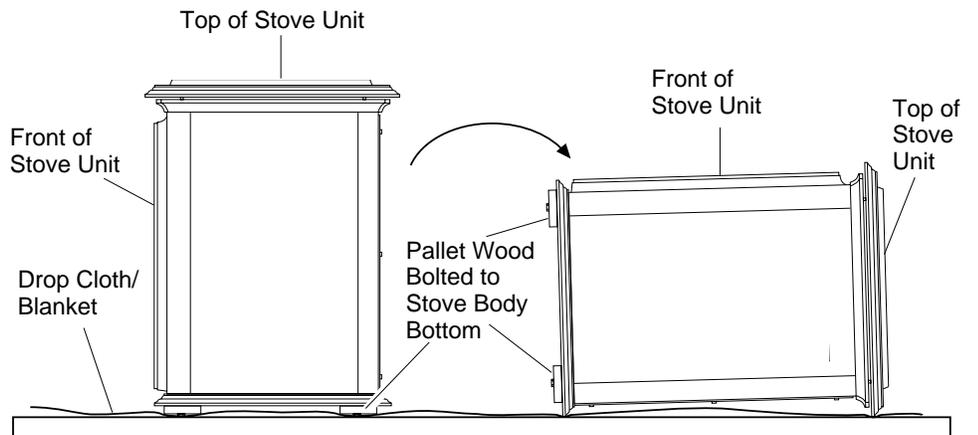
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#### STOVE CAVITY ASSEMBLY

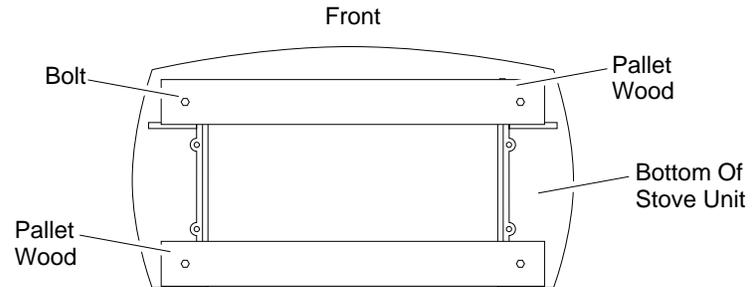
1. Lift off corrugated box enclosing stove body crating.
2. Remove all screws fastening the wood frame enclosure. Spread wood frame open and lift away from plastic-bagged stove body. The bottom pieces of pallet wood will remain bolted to the stove body.
3. Remove plastic bag from stove body.
4. Remove back panel from stove (see Figure 5). Use an adjustable wrench or a 10 mm socket. Remove six (6) bolts and washers. Keep bolts and washers to reattach back panel later.
5. Remove all contents from inside stove cavity. Contents include:
  - (1) - Stove bottom
  - (4) - Legs (Amity models include leg leveler bolts)
  - (1) - Bottom door
  - (1) - Top grate
  - (1) - Hardware kit bag with fasteners
6. Carefully lay stove body on back to attach bottom components to stove body (see Figure 6). Rest stove on drop cloth or blanket to avoid scratching stove edges.
7. Remove remaining pallet wood attached to bottom of stove body (see Figure 7). Use an adjustable wrench to remove bolts.
8. Fasten each leg to stove with four (4) bolts. Use a flat screw driver to tighten bolt to leg. Thread bolt in tapped holes on stove body (see Figure 8 and Figure 9, page 9).



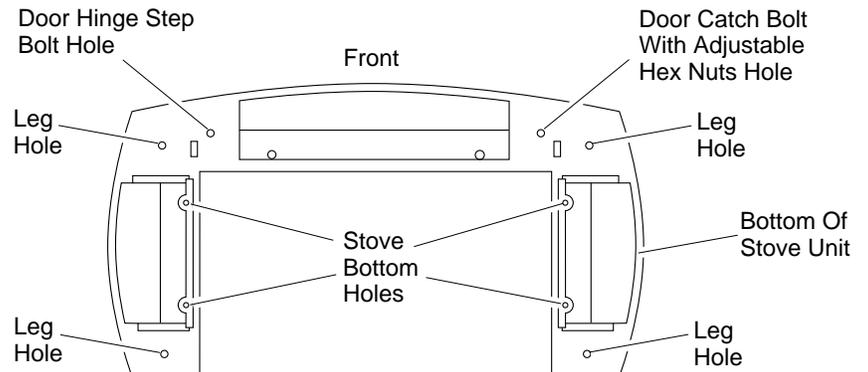
**Figure 5 - Removing Back Panel**



**Figure 6 - Laying Down Stove On Side (Stove Style May Vary Depending on Model)**



**Figure 7 - Removing Pallet Wood From The Bottom of The Stove**

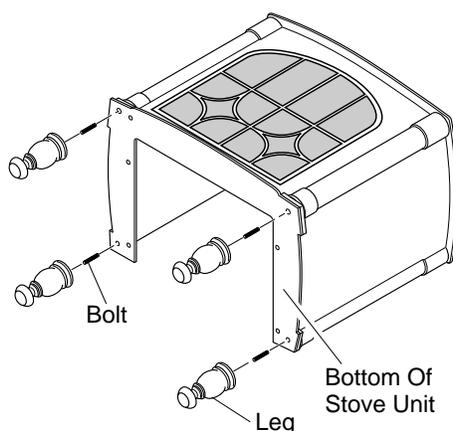


**Figure 8 - Locating Threaded Holes for Stove Bottom, Legs, and Door Attachment (Appearance May Vary Depending on Model)**

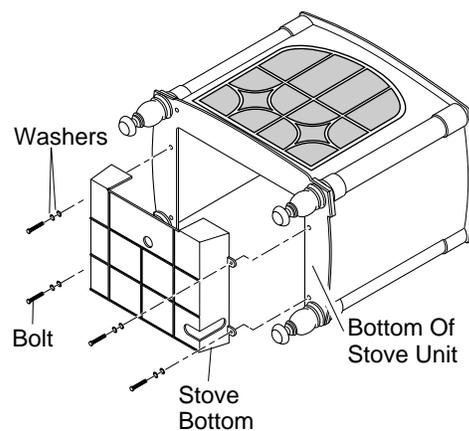
## INSTALLATION

### Continued

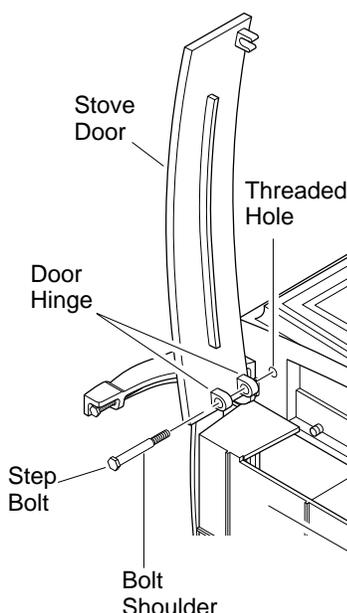
9. Fasten stove bottom to stove with four (4) M6 x 1 - 25mm bolts. Use a flat washer and lock washer with each bolt. Tighten bolts into threaded holes on stove body (see Figure 8, page 8 and 10). Use an adjustable wrench or a 10mm socket.
10. Attach stove door by inserting step bolt through door hinge pivot holes and into threaded hole in stove body (see Figure 11). Use an adjustable wrench or a 12mm socket to fasten step bolt. Tighten step bolt until snug. Make sure door moves freely.
11. Install door catch bolt (M8 x 1.25-55mm with two M8 hex nuts) into threaded hole on stove body (see Figure 8, page 8). Use an adjustable wrench or a 12mm socket. The catch bolt has two hex nuts attached to it (see Figure 12). The top nut is a bolt stop and the bottom nut is for door leveling adjustment.
12. Check general catch bolt alignment with door claw. Make final adjustment and door leveling after stove is in normal standing position.
13. Carefully lift stove back up on its four attached legs.
14. If available, install gas log heater inside stove cavity before installing the back panel (see *Installing Gas Log Heater Into Stove*, page 10).
15. Fasten back panel to stove with six (6) M6 x 1 - 20mm bolts and washers. Make sure product identification label is located on the outside in lower left-hand corner.



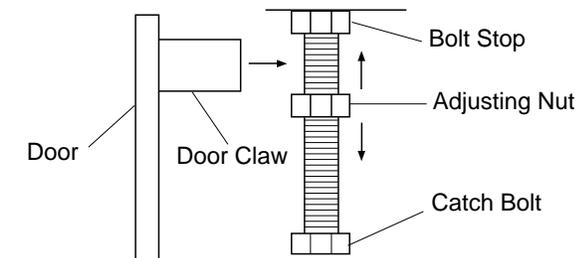
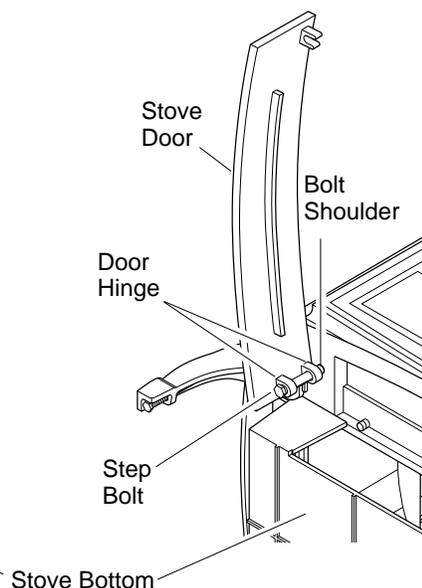
**Figure 9 - Attaching Stove Legs**



**Figure 10 - Attaching Stove Bottom**



**Figure 11 - Attaching Stove Door (Appearance May Vary Depending on Model)**



**Figure 12 - Catch Bolt and Door Claw Orientation**

Continued

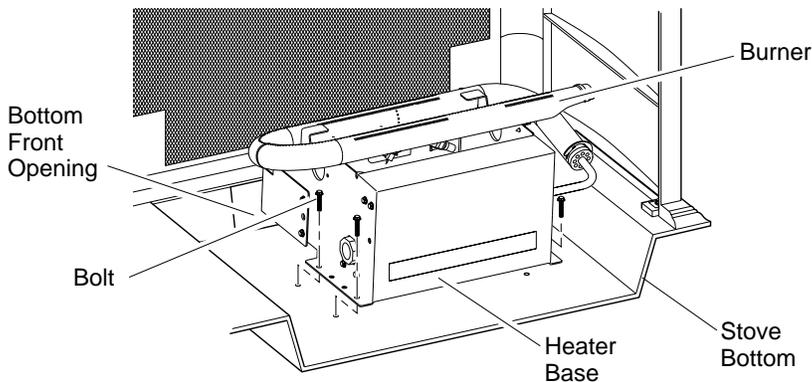
## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### INSTALLATION

#### Continued

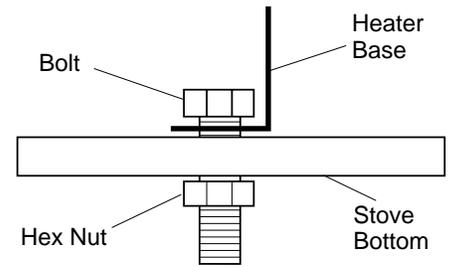
#### INSTALLING GAS LOG HEATER INTO STOVE

1. Remove log and gas log heater from carton. **Note:** Do not pick up gas log heater by the burner itself. This could damage heater. Always handle the gas log heater by the heater base only.
2. Remove all protective packaging applied to log and gas log heater for shipment.
3. Check all items for any shipping damage. If damaged, promptly inform dealer where you bought heater.
4. If not already removed, remove back panel from assembled stove body (see Figure 5, page 8). Use an adjustable wrench or a 10 mm socket. Remove six (6) bolts and washers. Keep bolts and washers to reattach back panel later.
5. Set gas log heater inside stove (see Figure 13). Make sure control knob extensions pass through bottom front opening.
6. Align outside holes on heater base with four (4) mounting holes on the stove bottom (see Figure 13).

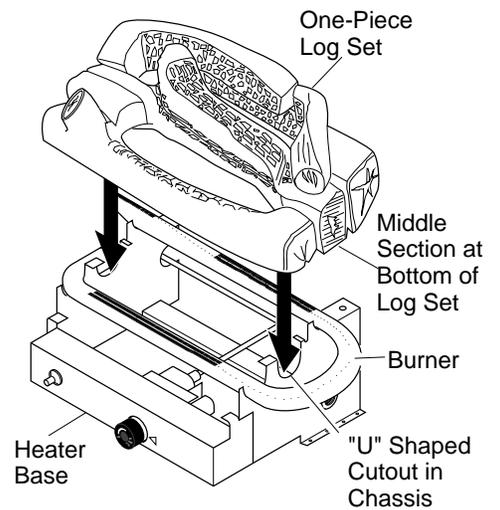


**Figure 13 - Placing Heater Base In Stove Cavity (Appearance May Vary Depending on Model)**

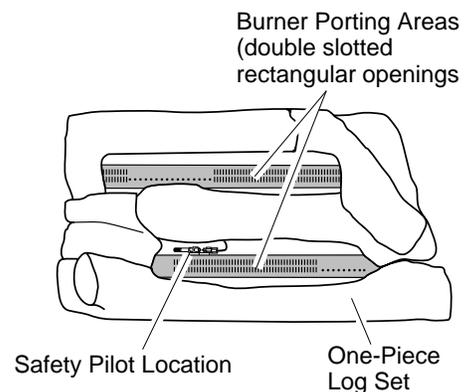
7. Fasten heater base to stove bottom with #10-24 x .50 bolts and hex nuts provided with gas log heater (see Figure 14). Attachment hardware is factory packed inside plastic bag with installation manual and owner's registration card. Push bolt through heater base mounting hole and through stove bottom. Connect hex nut to bolt on underside of stove bottom. The bolt hex head is for a 5/16" socket and the hex nuts are for a 3/8" socket. If sockets are not available, use adjustable wrenches.
8. Set one-piece log on heater base as shown in Figure 15. Make sure middle section at bottom of log is seated into "U" shaped cutout in center of heater base. Log will fit securely on base. **IMPORTANT:** Make sure log does not cover any burner ports and does not touch the stove cavity (see Figure 16).
9. Fasten back panel to stove with six (6) M6 x 1.20mm bolts and washers. Make sure product identification label is located on the outside lower left-hand corner.
10. Place freestanding stove in desired position in room. Be sure to maintain clearances to combustibles as outlined on page 7.



**Figure 14 - Fastening Heater Base to Stove Drop Bottom**



**Figure 15 - Installing One-Piece Stove Log Set**



**Figure 16 - Top View of One-Piece Log Set on Gas Log Heater**

## INSTALLATION

### Continued

### CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY

**⚠ WARNING:** This appliance requires a 1/2" NPT (National Pipe Thread) inlet connection to the pressure regulator.

**⚠ WARNING:** A qualified service person must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

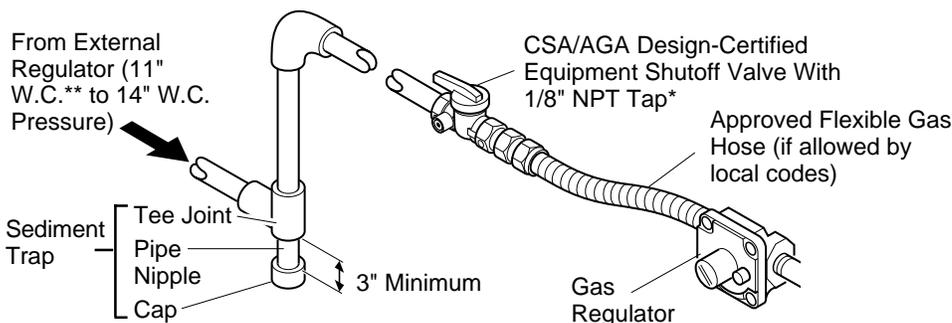
**⚠ CAUTION:** Never connect heater directly to the propane/LP supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the heater and propane/LP supply.

#### Installation Items Needed

Before installing heater, make sure you have the items listed below.

- piping (check local codes)
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas)
- equipment shutoff valve \*
- test gauge connection \*
- sediment trap
- tee joint
- pipe wrench

\* An CSA/AGA design-certified equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the optional CSA/AGA design-certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer. See *Accessories*, page 19.



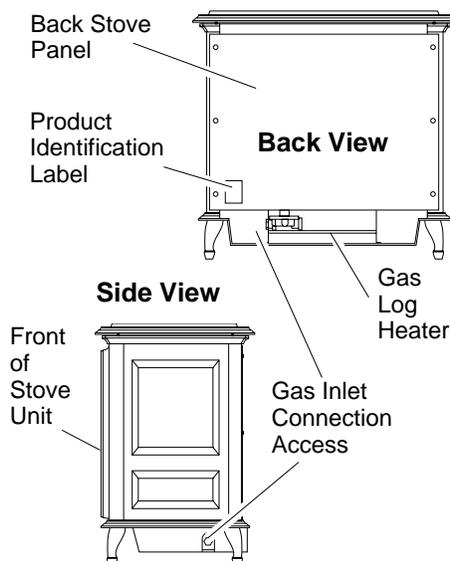
**Figure 19 - Gas Connection**

\* Purchase the optional CSA/AGA design-certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer. See *Accessories*, page 19.

\*\*Minimum inlet pressure for purpose of input adjustment.

The gas inlet connection for the stove heater is located on the lower right-hand side of the stove when viewed from the front of the unit. The gas connection can be made either through the bottom right side or through the lower back opening as illustrated in Figure 17. Make sure gas log heater is secured to the stove cavity assembly.

The installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator will reduce incoming gas pressure. You must reduce incoming gas pressure to between 11 and 14 inches of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure, heater regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in Figure 18. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.



**Figure 17 - Gas Regulator Location and Gas Line Access Into Stove Cabinet**

**⚠ WARNING:** Never connect heater to private (non-utility) gas wells. This gas is commonly known as wellhead gas.

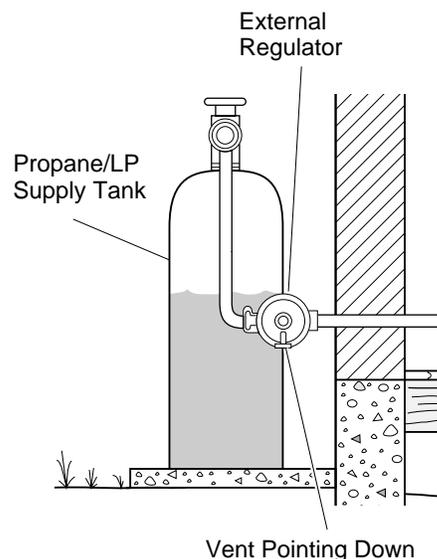
**⚠ CAUTION:** Use only new, black iron or steel pipe. Internally-tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use pipe of 1/2" diameter or greater to allow proper gas volume to heater. If pipe is too small, undue loss of pressure will occur.

Installation must include a equipment shutoff valve, union, and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach for test gauge hook up. NPT tap must be upstream from heater (see Figure 19).

**IMPORTANT:** Install equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. The equipment shutoff valve is for turning on or shutting off the gas to the appliance.

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged heater valves.

**⚠ CAUTION:** Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to liquid petroleum (LP) gas.



**Figure 18 - External Regulator With Vent Pointing Down**

*Continued*

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### INSTALLATION

#### Continued

We recommend that you install a sediment trap in supply line as shown in Figure 19, page 11. Locate sediment trap where it is within reach for cleaning. Install in piping system between fuel supply and heater. Locate sediment trap where trapped matter is not likely to freeze. A sediment trap traps moisture and contaminants. This keeps them from going into heater controls. If sediment trap is not installed or is installed wrong, heater may not run properly.

**CAUTION:** Avoid damage to regulator. Hold gas regulator with wrench when connecting it to gas piping and/or fittings.

### CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

**WARNING:** Test all gas piping and connections for leaks after installing or servicing. Correct all leaks at once.

**WARNING:** Never use an open flame to check for a leak. Apply a mixture of liquid soap and water to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak. Correct all leaks at once.

**CAUTION:** Make sure external regulator has been installed between propane/LP supply and heater. See guidelines under *Connecting to Gas Supply*, page 11.

### Pressure Testing Gas Supply Piping System

#### Test Pressures In Excess Of 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

1. Disconnect appliance with its appliance main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve from gas supply piping system. Pressures in excess of 1/2 psig will damage heater regulator.
2. Cap off open end of gas pipe where equipment shutoff valve was connected.

3. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening propane/LP supply tank valve.
4. Check all joints of gas supply piping system. Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Reconnect heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply. Check reconnected fittings for leaks.

#### Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

1. Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 20).
2. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening propane/LP supply tank valve.
3. Check all joints from gas meter to equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 21). Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
4. Correct all leaks at once.

### Pressure Testing Heater Gas Connections

1. Open equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 20).
2. Open propane/LP supply tank valve.
3. Make sure control knob of heater is in the OFF position.
4. Check all joints from equipment shutoff valve to control valve (see Figure 21). Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Light heater (see *Operating Heater*, page 13). Check all other internal joints for leaks.
7. Turn off heater (see *To Turn Off Gas to Appliance*, page 13).

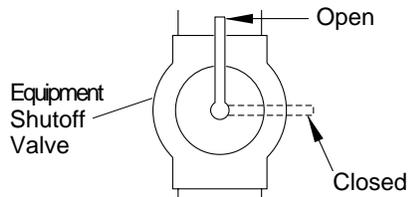


Figure 20 - Equipment Shutoff Valve

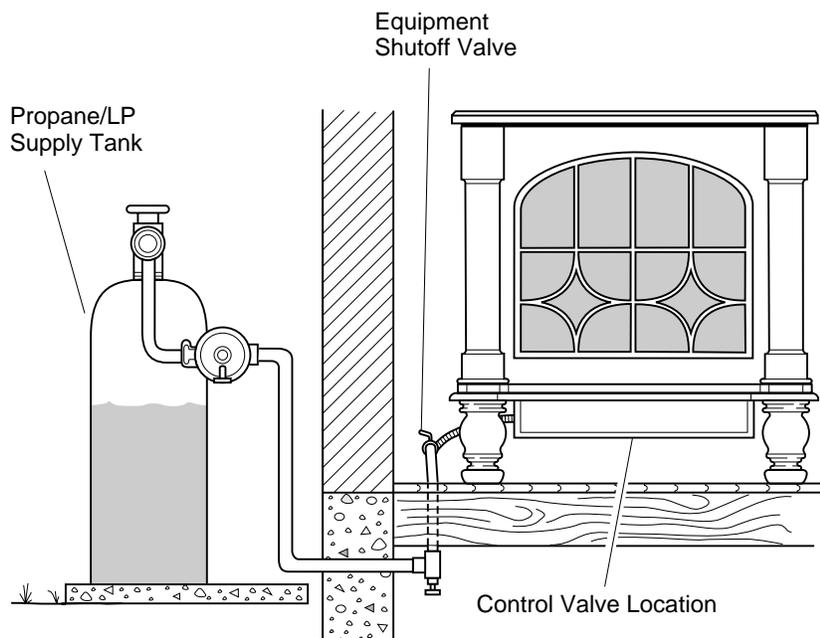


Figure 21 - Checking Gas Joints

## OPERATING HEATER

### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

**⚠ WARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. **BEFORE LIGHTING** smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

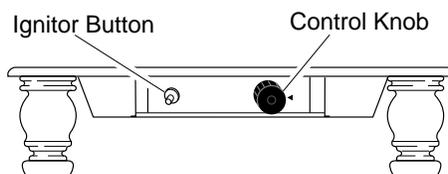
#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician or gas supplier. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
  - D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

## LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

**NOTICE:** During initial operation of new heater, burning logs will give off a paper-burning smell. Orange flame will also be present. Open a window to vent smell. This will only last a few hours.

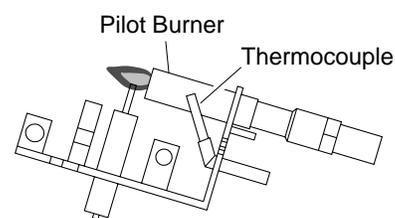
1. **STOP!** Read the safety information, column 1.
2. Make sure equipment shutoff valve is fully open.
3. Turn control knob clockwise  to the OFF position.
4. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, **STOP!** Follow "B" in the safety information, column 1. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
5. Turn control knob counterclockwise  to the PILOT position. Press in control knob for five (5) seconds (see Figure 22).  
**Note:** You may be running this heater for the first time after hooking up to gas supply. If so, the control knob may need to be pressed in for 30 seconds or less. This will allow air to bleed from the gas system.
6. With control knob pressed in, press and release ignitor button. This will light pilot. The pilot is attached to the front burner. If needed, keep pressing ignitor button until pilot lights.  
**Note:** If pilot does not stay lit, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs. Until repairs are made, light pilot with match. To light pilot with match, see *Manual Lighting Procedure*, page 14.



**Figure 22- Control Knob and Ignitor Button Location**

7. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob.
  - If control knob does not pop out when released, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs.

**Note:** If pilot goes out, repeat steps 3 through 7. This heater has a safety interlock system. Wait one (1) minute for system to reset before lighting pilot again.
8. Turn control knob counterclockwise  to desired heating level. The burners should light. Set control knob to any heat level between HI and LO.



**Figure 23 - Pilot**

**⚠ CAUTION:** Do not try to adjust heating levels by using the equipment shutoff valve.

## TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

### Shutting Off Heater

Turn control knob clockwise  to the OFF position.

### Shutting Off Burners Only (pilot stays lit)

Turn control knob clockwise  to the PILOT position.

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### OPERATING HEATER

*Continued*

#### THERMOSTAT CONTROL OPERATION

The thermostat control knob can be set to any comfort level between Hi and Lo. The thermostat will gradually modulate the heat output and flame height from higher to lower settings, or pilot, in order to maintain the comfort level you select. The ideal comfort setting will vary by household depending upon the amount of space to be heated, the output of the central heating system, etc.

**Note:** Selecting the Hi setting with the control knob will cause the burner to remain fully on, without modulating down in most cases.

#### MANUAL LIGHTING PROCEDURE

1. Follow steps 1 through 5 under *Lighting Instructions*, page 13.
2. Depress control knob and light pilot with match.
3. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob. Now follow step 8 in *Lighting Instructions*, page 13.

### INSPECTING BURNERS

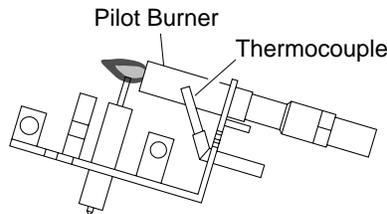
Check pilot flame pattern and burner flame patterns often.

#### PILOT FLAME PATTERN

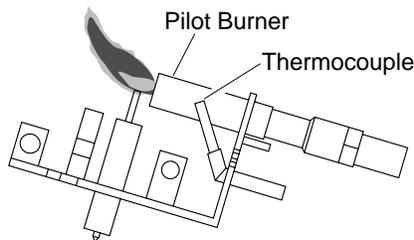
Figure 24 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 25 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermocouple cools, the heater will shut down.

If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 25

- turn heater off (see *To Turn Off Gas to Appliance*, page 13)
- see *Troubleshooting*, pages 16 through 18



**Figure 24 - Correct Pilot Flame Pattern**



**Figure 25 - Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern**

### SPECIFICATIONS

Btu (Variable)	16,000/30,000
Type Gas	Propane/LP Only
Ignition	Piezo
Pressure Manifold	8" W.C.
Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water)	
Maximum	14"
Minimum*	11"
Shipping Weight	28 lbs.

\* For input adjustment

### SERVICE HINTS

#### When Gas Pressure Is Too Low

- pilot will not stay lit
- burners will have delayed ignition
- heater will not produce specified heat

#### When Gas Quality Is Bad

- pilot will not stay lit
- burners will produce flames and soot
- heater will backfire when lit

You may feel your gas pressure is too low or gas quality is bad. If so, contact your local propane/LP gas supplier.

### TECHNICAL SERVICE

You may have further questions about installation, operation, or troubleshooting.

If so, contact DESA International's Technical Service Department at 1-800-DESA LOG (1-800-337-2564).

You can also visit DESA International's technical service web site at [www.desatech.com](http://www.desatech.com).

## CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

**⚠ WARNING: Turn off heater and let cool before cleaning.**

**⚠ CAUTION: You must keep control areas, burner, and circulating air passageways of heater clean. Inspect these areas of heater before each use. Have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person. Heater may need more frequent cleaning due to excessive lint from carpeting, pet hair, etc.**

### CLEANING BURNER INJECTOR HOLDER AND PILOT AIR INLET HOLE

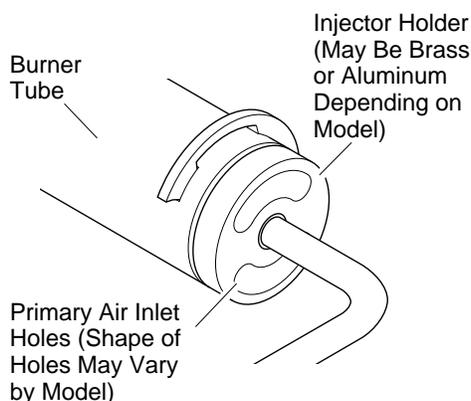
The primary air inlet holes allow the proper amount of air to mix with the gas. This provides a clean burning flame. Keep these holes clear of dust, dirt, and lint. Clean these air inlet holes prior to each heating season. Blocked air holes will create soot. We recommend that you clean the unit every three months during operation and have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person.

We also recommend that you keep the burner tube and pilot assembly clean and free of dust and dirt. To clean these parts we recommend using compressed air no greater than 30 PSI. Your local computer store, hardware store, or home center may carry compressed air in a can. You can use a vacuum cleaner in the blow position. If using compressed air in a can, please follow the directions on the can. If you don't follow directions on the can, you could damage the pilot assembly. **Note:** Removing the rear panel and top grates of your stove will make cleaning easier.

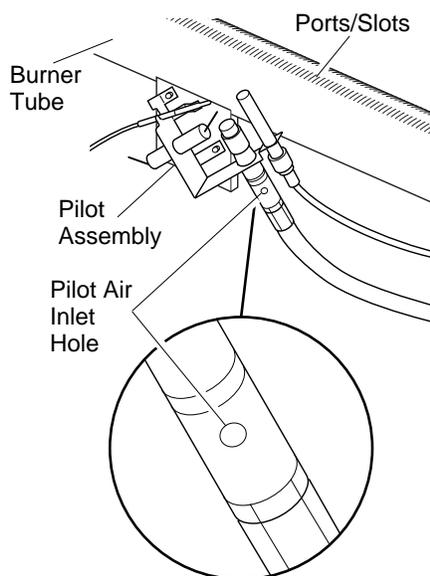
1. Shut off the unit, including the pilot. Allow the unit to cool for at least thirty minutes.
2. Inspect burner, pilot, and primary air inlet holes on injector holder for dust and dirt (see Figure 26).
3. Blow air through the ports/slots and holes in the burner.

4. Check the injector holder located at the end of the burner tube again. Remove any large particles of dust, dirt, lint, or pet hair with a soft cloth or vacuum cleaner nozzle.
5. Blow air into the primary air holes on the injector holder.
6. In case any large clumps of dust have now been pushed into the burner repeat steps 3 and 4.

Clean the pilot assembly also. A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in the pilot assembly. There is a small pilot air inlet hole about two inches from where the pilot flame comes out of the pilot assembly (see Figure 27). With the unit off, lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. You may blow through a drinking straw if compressed air is not available.



**Figure 26 - Injector Holder On Outlet Burner Tube**



**Figure 27 - Pilot Inlet Air Hole**

### LOGS

- If you remove logs for cleaning, refer to *Installing Gas Log Heater into Stove*, page 10, to properly replace logs.
- Replace log(s) if broken or chipped (dime-sized or larger).

### MAIN BURNER

Periodically inspect all burner flame holes with the heater running. All slotted burner flame holes should be open with yellow flame present. All round burner flame holes should be open with a small blue flame present. Some burner flame holes may become blocked by debris or rust, with no flame present. If so, turn off heater and let cool. Either remove blockage or replace burner. Blocked burner flame holes will create soot.

Review your video included with your heater for additional cleaning instructions.

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### TROUBLESHOOTING

*Note:* For additional help, visit DESA International's Technical Service web site at [www.desatech.com](http://www.desatech.com).

**⚠ WARNING:** Turn off heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.

**⚠ CAUTION:** Never use a wire, needle, or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit.

*Note:* All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
When ignitor button is pressed, there is no spark at ODS/pilot	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ignitor electrode not connected to ignitor cable</li> <li>Ignitor cable pinched or wet</li> <li>Broken ignitor cable</li> <li>Bad piezo ignitor</li> <li>Ignitor electrode broken</li> <li>Ignitor electrode positioned wrong</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reconnect ignitor cable</li> <li>Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry</li> <li>Replace ignitor cable</li> <li>Replace piezo ignitor</li> <li>Replace piezo ignitor</li> <li>Replace piezo ignitor</li> </ol>
When ignitor button is pressed, there is spark at ODS/pilot but no ignition	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gas supply turned off or equipment shutoff valve closed</li> <li>Control knob not in PILOT position</li> <li>Control knob not pressed in while in PILOT position</li> <li>Air in gas lines when installed</li> <li>ODS/pilot is clogged</li> <li>Gas regulator setting is not correct</li> <li>Depleted gas supply</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn on gas supply or open equipment shutoff valve</li> <li>Turn control knob to PILOT position</li> <li>Press in control knob while in PILOT position</li> <li>Continue holding down control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed</li> <li>Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15) or replace ODS/pilot assembly</li> <li>Replace gas control</li> <li>Contact local propane/LP gas company</li> </ol>
ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Control knob not fully pressed in</li> <li>Control knob not pressed in long enough</li> <li>Equipment shutoff valve not fully open</li> <li>Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Low gas pressure</li> <li>Dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot</li> </ol> </li> <li>Thermocouple connection loose at control valve</li> <li>Thermocouple damaged</li> <li>Control valve damaged</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press in control knob fully</li> <li>After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 30 seconds</li> <li>Fully open equipment shutoff valve</li> <li>A) Contact local propane/LP gas company  B) Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15) or replace ODS/pilot assembly</li> <li>Hand tighten until snug, then tighten 1/4 turn more</li> <li>Replace thermocouple</li> <li>Replace control valve</li> </ol>

# OWNER'S MANUAL

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### *Continued*

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Burner does not light after ODS/pilot is lit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Burner orifice clogged</li><li>2. Inlet gas pressure is too low</li><li>3. Burner orifice diameter is too small</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Clean burner (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15) or replace burner orifice</li><li>2. Contact local propane/LP gas company</li><li>3. Replace burner orifice</li></ol>
Delayed ignition burner	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Manifold pressure is too low</li><li>2. Burner orifice clogged</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Contact local propane/LP gas company</li><li>2. Clean burner (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15) or replace burner orifice</li></ol>
Burner backfiring during combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Burner orifice is clogged or damaged</li><li>2. Damaged burner</li><li>3. Gas regulator defective</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Clean burner (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15) or replace burner orifice</li><li>2. Replace damaged burner</li><li>3. Replace gas control</li></ol>
Slight smoke or odor during initial operation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Not enough air</li><li>2. Gas regulator defective</li><li>3. Residues from manufacturing processes and logs curing</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Check burner for dirt and debris. If found, clean burner (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15)</li><li>2. Replace gas control</li><li>3. Problem will stop after a few hours of operation</li></ol>
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Not enough combustion/ventilation air</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Refer to <i>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</i> requirements (page 4)</li></ol>
Heater produces a whistling noise when burner is lit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turning control knob to HI position when burner is cold</li><li>2. Air in gas line</li><li>3. Air passageways on heater blocked</li><li>4. Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turn control knob to LO position and let warm up for a minute</li><li>2. Operate burner until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local propane/LP gas company</li><li>3. Observe minimum installation clearances (see page 7)</li><li>4. Clean burner (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i>, page 15) or replace burner orifice</li></ol>
Dark residue on logs or inside of fireplace	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Improper log placement</li><li>2. Drafts or other air currents affecting flame pattern</li><li>3. Air holes at burner inlet blocked</li><li>4. Burner flame holes blocked</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Properly locate logs (see <i>Installing Gas Log Heater Into Stove</i>, page 10)</li><li>2. Eliminate source of drafts around heater</li><li>3. Clean out air holes at burner inlet. Periodically repeat as needed</li><li>4. Remove blockage or replace burner</li></ol>
White powder residue forming within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. When heated, vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc. turn into white powder residue</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turn heater off when using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, or similar products</li></ol>

## VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

### TROUBLESHOOTING

*Continued*



**WARNING:** If you smell gas

- Shut off gas supply.
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

*IMPORTANT:* Operating heater where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors. These odors will disappear over time.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Heater produces a clicking/ticking noise just after burner is lit or shut off	1. Metal expanding while heating or contracting while cooling	1. This is common with most heaters. If noise is excessive, contact qualified service person
Heater produces unwanted odors	1. Heater burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, cleaners, chemicals, new carpet, etc. (See <i>IMPORTANT</i> statement above) 2. Gas leak. <b>See Warning statement at top of page</b>	1. Open window and ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running 2. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i> , page 12)
Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates)	1. Not enough fresh air is available 2. Low line pressure 3. ODS/pilot is partially clogged	1. Open window and/or door for ventilation 2. Contact local propane/LP gas company 3. Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Cleaning and Maintenance</i> , page 15)
Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position	1. Gas leak. <b>See Warning statement at top of page</b> 2. Control valve defective	1. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i> , page 12) 2. Replace control valve
Gas odor during combustion	1. Foreign matter between control valve and burner 2. Gas leak. <b>See Warning statement at top of page</b>	1. Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter 2. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i> , page 12)

# OWNER'S MANUAL

## PARTS CENTRALS

These Parts Centrals are privately owned businesses. They have agreed to support our customer's needs by providing original replacement parts and accessories.

### **Baltimore Electric**

1348 Dixwell Avenue  
Hamden, CT 06514-0322  
1-800-397-7553  
203-248-7553  
Parts Department

### **Portable Heater Parts**

342 N. County Rd. 400 East  
Valparaiso, IN 46383-9704  
All States  
219-462-7441  
1-800-362-6951  
sales@portableheaterparts.com  
techservice@portableheaterparts.com

### **FBD**

1349 Adams Street  
Bowling Green, KY 42103-3414  
270-846-1199  
1-800-654-8534  
Fax: 1-800-846-0090  
franktalk@aol.com

### **Master Parts Dist.**

1251 Mound Ave NW  
Grand Rapids, MI 49504-2672  
616-791-0505  
1-800-446-1446  
Fax: 616-791-8270  
www.nbmc.com

### **Washer Equipment Co.**

1715 Main Street  
Kansas City, MO 64108-2195  
KS, MO, AR  
816-842-3911  
www.washerparts.com

### **East Coast Energy Products**

707 Broadway  
W. Long Branch, NJ 07764-1542  
732-870-8809  
1-800-755-8809  
www.njplaza.com/ecep

### **Tarantin Tank Co.**

P.O. Box 6129  
Freehold, NJ 07728-6129  
908-780-9340  
1-800-922-0724  
www.tarantin.com

### **Heater & Fireplace Store**

58 Halbe Lane  
Cape May Court, NJ 08210-1110  
609-390-1100  
Parts Department

### **Dayton Hardware**

P.O. Box 275  
North Dayton Station  
Dayton, OH 45404-0275  
All States  
937-258-3721  
OH 1-800-762-3426

### **Halco Enterprises**

208 Carter Drive, Unit 21  
West Chester, PA 19382-4500  
610-430-7717  
1-800-368-0803  
www.halcoenterprises.com

### **LA Porte's Parts & Service**

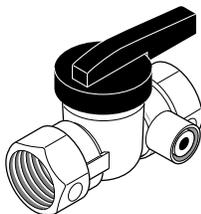
2444 N. 5th Street  
Hartsville, SC 29550-7704  
803-332-0191  
Parts Department

### **Cans Unlimited, Inc.**

P.O. Box 645  
Taylor, SC 29687-0013  
All States  
803-879-3009  
1-800-845-5301  
cuissales@aol.com

## ACCESSORIES

Purchase these heater accessories from your local dealer. If they can not supply these accessories, call DESA International's Parts Department at 1-800-972-7879 for referral information. You can also write to the address listed on the back page of this manual.



### **EQUIPMENT SHUTOFF VALVE GA5010**

For all models. Equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap. Fits 1/2" NPT pipe.

### **CLEANING KIT - CCK (Not Shown)**

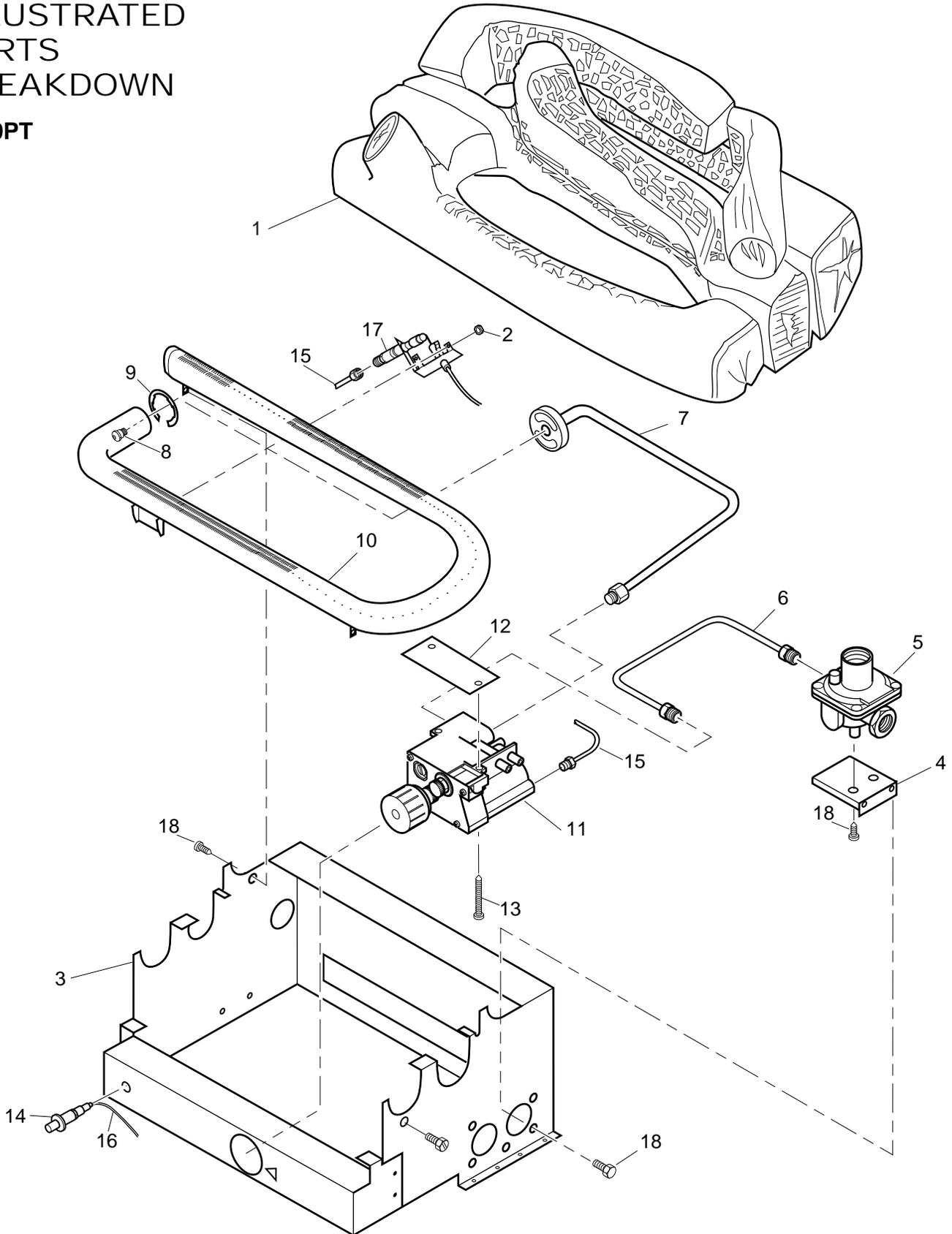
Your vent-free gas appliance requires regular cleaning and maintenance to prevent performance problems. This kit gives you the tools and instructions to make it easy to clean all critical areas of your appliance.

*Comfort Glow*<sup>®</sup>

# VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

ILLUSTRATED  
PARTS  
BREAKDOWN

SL30PT



# OWNER'S MANUAL

## PARTS LIST

This list contains replaceable parts used in your stove. For replacement parts see *Parts Central* on page 19 of this manual.

### SL30PT

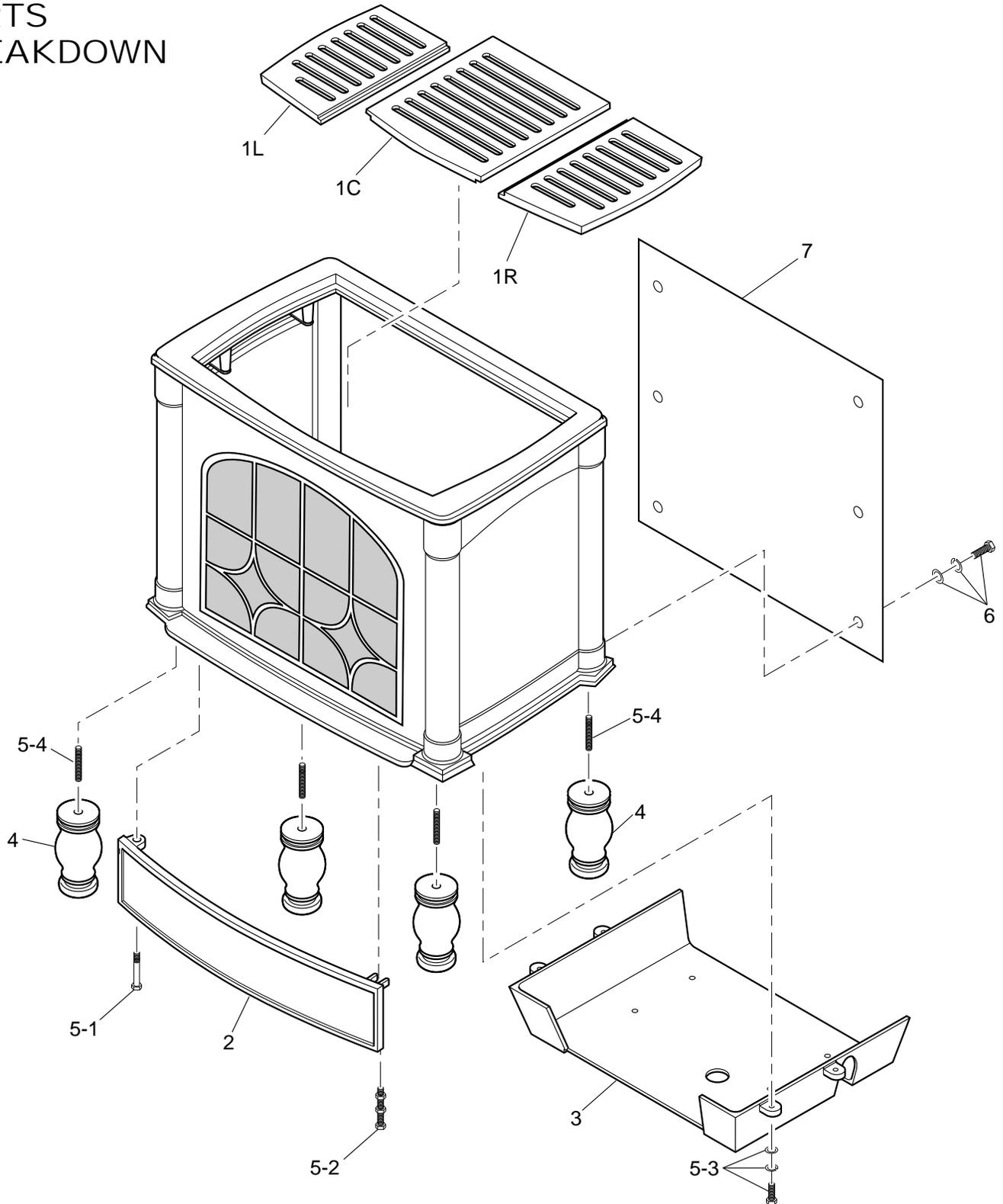
KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	104459-01	Stove Log	1
2	098249-01	Nut, M5	2
3	104384-03	Painted Base Assembly	1
4	104454-01	Bracket, Regulator	1
5	098867-10	Gas Regulator	1
6	104425-01	Inlet Tube	1
7	104422-02	Outlet Burner Tube	1
8	099056-19	Burner Orifice Injector	1
9	102843-01	Burner Clip	1
10	102980-01	Burner	1
11	101329-22	Control Valve	1
12	104472-01	Bracket	1
13	099211-01	Screw	2
14	102445-01	Piezo Ignitor	1
15	099387-13	Pilot Tube	1
16	098271-07	Ignitor Cable	1
17	104286-01	ODS Pilot (LP)	1
18	M11084-38	Screw, Hex Head (#8-18 x .38)	7
<b>PARTS AVAILABLE — NOT SHOWN</b>			
	100563-01	Warning Plate	1
	101054-01	Lighting Instructions Plate	1
	100565-01	Warning Plate Fastener	1
	101137-04	Hardware Kit	1
	104310-04	Information Video	1

*Comfort Glow*<sup>®</sup>

# VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS STOVE HEATER

ILLUSTRATED  
PARTS  
BREAKDOWN

CISC  
CISG



# OWNER'S MANUAL

## PARTS LIST

This list contains replaceable parts used in your stove. For replacement parts see *Parts Central* on page 19 of this manual.

**CISC**  
**CISG**

KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1L	104171-06	Top Grate with Screen - Left (Black Only)	1
1C	104171-05	Top Grate with Screen - Center (Black Only)	1
1R	104171-07	Top Grate with Screen - Right (Black Only)	1
2	104969-01	Bottom Door (Charcoal)	1
	104969-02	Bottom Door (Forest Green)	1
3	104174-03	Stove Dropped Bottom	1
4	104970-01	One Leg (Charcoal) (4 Total Per Stove)	1
	104970-02	One Leg (Forest Green) (4 Total Per Stove)	1
5	104971-01	Hardware Kit	1
5-1	*	Door Hinge Step Bolt With Shoulder (1 Per Unit)	1
5-2	*	Door Catch Bolt M8 x 1.25 - 55mm Long With Two M8 Hex Nuts (1 Per Unit)	1
5-3	*	Bottom Floor Bolts M6 x 1 - 25mm Long With Flat Washer And Lock Washer (4 Per Unit)	1
5-4	*	Leg Attachment Stud, Headless, Slotted, M10 x 1.5 - 40mm Long	4
6	104178-01	Back Panel Bolts M6 x 1 - 20mm Long With Flat Washer And Lock Washer (6 Per Unit)	1
7	104968-01	Stove Back Panel (Black Only)	1
<b>PARTS AVAILABLE — NOT SHOWN</b>			
	104108-08	Touch-up Spray Paint 12 oz Can (Charcoal)	1
	104108-05	Touch-up Spray Paint 12 oz Can (Forest Green)	1

\* Included In Hardware Kit

# WARRANTY INFORMATION

KEEP THIS WARRANTY

Model _____
Serial No. _____
Date Purchased _____

Always specify model and serial numbers when communicating with the factory.

We reserve the right to amend these specifications at any time without notice. The only warranty applicable is our standard written warranty. We make no other warranty, expressed or implied.

## LIMITED WARRANTY VENT-FREE PROPANE/LP GAS LOG HEATERS AND EMPIRE STOVE CHASSIS

DESA International warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and components for two (2) years from the date of first purchase, provided that the product has been properly installed, operated and maintained in accordance with all applicable instructions. To make a claim under this warranty the Bill of Sale or cancelled check must be presented.

This warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser. This warranty covers only the cost of part(s) required to restore this heater to proper operating condition. Warranty part(s) MUST be obtained through authorized dealers of this product and/or DESA International who will provide original factory replacement parts. Failure to use original factory replacement parts voids this warranty. The heater MUST be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with all local codes and instructions furnished with the unit.

This warranty does not apply to parts that are not in original condition because of normal wear and tear, or parts that fail or become damaged as a result of misuse, accidents, lack of proper maintenance or defects caused by improper installation. Travel, diagnostic cost, labor, transportation and any and all such other costs related to repairing a defective heater will be the responsibility of the owner.

TO THE FULL EXTENT ALLOWED BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION THAT GOVERNS THE SALE OF THE PRODUCT; THIS EXPRESS WARRANTY EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL OTHER EXPRESSED WARRANTIES AND LIMITS THE DURATION OF ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE TO TWO (2) YEARS FROM THE DATE OF FIRST PURCHASE; AND DESA INTERNATIONAL'S LIABILITY IS HEREBY LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT AND DESA INTERNATIONAL SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY OTHER DAMAGES WHATSOEVER INCLUDING INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow a limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts or an exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation on implied warranties, or exclusion or limitation on damages may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state.

For information about this warranty write:

**DESA**  
**INTERNATIONAL**

2701 Industrial Drive  
P.O. Box 90004  
Bowling Green, KY 42102-9004  
[www.desatech.com](http://www.desatech.com)



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104464-01  
Rev. C  
02/00