PHOSPHORUS-FREE

WINTERIZER WEED&FEED

STOP READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.
- Do not use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

INSTRUCTIONS

STA-GREEN® Phosphorus-Free Winterizer Weed & Feed is a combination of three pre-emerged Killers—2,4-D, mecoprop-p, and dicamba. This herbicide controls a wide range of lawn weeds, including dandelion, chickweed, knotweed, plantain, henbit, spurge and many others commonly found in home lawns. In addition, a 26-0-12 fertilizer provides a supply of plant nutrients.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Do not use on dichondra, carpetgrass, "Floratam" St Augustinegrass, creeping bentgrass, or turfgrass where desirable clovers are present.

Do not apply this product to newly seeded grasses until well established or after the second or third mowing.

Do not use this product on flowers, vegetables, groundcovers, gardens or landscape plantings including shrubs and trees. Do not exceed specified dosage for any area and do not apply this product within the drip line of over surface roots of trees, shrubs, and other ornamentals.

Reseeding or overseeding areas may occur three (3) weeks after the application of this product.

Do not use this product on or near desirable plants and avoid spreading granules onto exposed root systems or adventitious shoots (thizomes) within the drip line of the roots of desirable trees or other desirable woody plants.

Do not apply directly to or near water, storm drains, gutters, sewers or drainage ditches. Do not apply within 25 feet of rivers, fishponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, bays and oceans. Do not apply when windy. Apply this product directly to your lawn, and sweep any product landing on the driveway, sidewalk, gutter, or street back onto the treated area. To prevent product run-off, do not over water the treated area(s) to the point of runoff or apply when raining or when rain is expected that day.

WHEN TO APPLY

Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing in early fall.

Apply when the air is calm to ensure uniform coverage and avoid spreading granules onto flowers, vegetables, and ornamental shrubbery.

Possible retreatment may be necessary if lawn is heavily overrun by weeds, if adverse low moisture conditions prevail, or if weeds are in a state of poor growth.

HOW TO APPLY

For use on Kentucky bluegrass, fescue spp., perennial ryegrass, common bermudagrass, bahiagrass, zoysiagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass, hybrid bermudagrass, and colonial bentgrass. Apply 2.8 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass. A second application may be made in approximately 30 days. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

THIS PRODUCT CONTROLS THE FOLLOWING LIST OF GROWING WEEDS

Amaranth, purple
Amaranth, spiny
Asiatic Jasmine
Asiatic, white heath
Asiatic, wild
Asiatic, wild prairie
Artichoke
Bedstraw, Addresses
Bedstraw, Catchweed
Bedstraw, smooth
Bedstraw, Southern
Bedstraw, stinkweed
Beggarticks, hairy
Bindweed, Fall
Bindweed, Field
Bindweed, Hedge
Bindweed, Japanese
Bittercress, hairy
Bitterweed
Black-eyed Susan
Black Medic
Blood flower milkweed
Brassbuttons
Brassbuttons
Bristly oxtongue
Buckhorn
Buckhorn
Bullnettle
Bullthistle
Burclover
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)
Buttercup, creeping
Buttercup, creeping
Buttonweed, common
Buttonweed
Buttonweed, Virginia
Carolina geranium (wild)
Carpetweed
Catsear
Catsear, spotted (false dandelion)
Chamber bitter
Chickweed, common
Chickweed, mouseear
Chicory, common
Chicory
Cinquefoil
Clover, annual
Clover, alpine
Clover, big hop
Clover, red
Clover, strawberry
Clover, white dutch
Clover, white sweet
Clover, white
Cocklebur
Cocklebur
Cocklebur, oriental
Common mallow
Common mullein
Corn Spurry
Crabgrass, crownpreweed
Creeping Jenny
Creeping charlie
Creeping Jenny, brush
Cudweed
Daisy, English
Dandelion
Dandelion, common
Dandelion, false
Dichondra
Dogfennel
Dock, curly
Doghaze
Doghaze
Dollarweed (Pennywort)
Dove weed
Dove weed
Eclipta
False sunflower
False sunflower
False flax
Filaree, redstem
Filaree, whitestem
Flatlaine, daisy (annual)
Flatlaine, hairy
Galinsoga, hairy
Galinsoga, smallflower
Ground ivy
Groundsel
Groundsel
Hairy Vetchpea
Hawkweed, meadow
Hawkweed, orange
Hawkweed, orange
Hawkweed, yellow
Hawkweed
Heartleaf drymary
Hemp
Henbit
Hoary cress
Horsenettle
Horsenettle
Houseweed
Johnny jumpup violet
Knotweed
Knotweed, prostrate
Kochia
Lespedezas
Lespedeza
Mallow, alkali
Mallow, cut leaf
Mallow, common
Mallow, dwarf
Mallow, venice
Marsh
Matchweed
Matchweed
Mayweed
Mayweed
Morningglory, bigleaf
Morningglory, ivyleaf
Morningglory, Mexican
Morningglory, red
Morningglory, tall
Morningglory, wooly
Mugwort
Mustard, bull
Mustard, black
Mustard, blue
Mustard, hedge
Mustard, hoary
Mustard, tansy
Mustard, tumble
Mustard, wild
Mustard, wormseed
Nettle, stinging (burning)
Nettle, wild
Nutsedge, purple
Parsley-piert
Pearlwort
Pearlwort
Pennycress (Fenchweed)
Peppergrass, bigpod
Peppergrass, virginia
(Peppergrass)
Pigweed, redroot
Pigweed, redroot
Pigweed, russian
Pigweed, tumble
Pigweed, tumble
Pineapple weed
Plantain, blackseed
Plantain, blackseed
Plantain, bracted
Plantain, buckhorn
Plantain, buckhorn
Plantain, hoary
Plantain, narrow
Plantain, slender
Plantain, woolly
Poison ivy
Poison oak
Pokeweed
Prickly lettuce
Prickly lettuce (compass plant)
Prickly sida
Purslane, common
Purslane
Purslane
Purslane