

THE DELTA PATHOLOGY GROUP, L.L.C.

Service Manual



Patient Preparation
Specimen Collection
Labeling
Fixation
Handling
Transportation

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Contact Information:

Client Services:

Location	Address	Phone
Shreveport	2915 Missouri	318-621-8820
Shreveport	One St. Mary Place	318-681-4471
Alexandria	211 Fourth St.	318-796-3180
Alexandria	3330 Masonic Drive	318-561-4154
Monroe	309 Jackson Street	318-966-4105
Lafayette	611 Landry Street	337-289-4383
Lafayette	4600 Ambassador Caffery	337-521-9363
Crowley	1307 Crowley Rayne Hwy., Suite D	337-783-3159

All Locations:

Delta Pathology Group, LLC 2915 Missouri St. Shreveport, La 71109	Delta Pathology Group, LLC @Christus Schumpert One St. Mary Place, Shreveport, La 71101
Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ WK Bossier 2400 Hospital Drive, Suite 130 Bossier, La. 71111	Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ Shreveport Surgery 745 Olive Street, Shreveport, La. 71104
Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ Rapides Regional 211 Fourth St., Box 30113, Alexandria, La. 71301	Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ St. Francis Cabrini 3330 Masonic Dr., Alexandria, La. 71310
Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ St. Francis Medical 309 Jackson St., Monroe, La. 71201	Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ St. Francis North Hospital 3421 Medical Park Dr., Monroe, La. 71203
Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ Our Lady of Lourdes 611 St. Landry St., Lafayette, La. 70506	Delta Pathology Group, LLC @ Women's and Children Hospital, 4600 Ambassador Caffrey, Lafayette, La 70508
Delta Pathology Group, L.L.C @ Crowley 1307 Crowley Rayne Hwy., Suite D Crowley, La. 70526	

Supply Orders/Fax Supply Orders:

Fax All Orders: 318-621-0108

Phone All Orders: 364-2087 or 1-800-530-5088

Web:

www.deltapathology.com

www.deltamdx.com

Laboratory

- ❖ **Directory**
- ❖ **Medical Staff**
- ❖ **Scope of Services**
- ❖ **Quality Assurance**
- ❖ **Privacy Practices**
- ❖ **Authorization for Release**
- ❖ **Completing a Requisition**
- ❖ **Specimen and Slide Labeling**
- ❖ **Referral Testing**
- ❖ **Submission of Specimens**
- ❖ **Stains and Specialty Testing**

Directory

COLLEGE OF AMERICAN PATHOLOGISTS ACCREDITED

CAP # 20113-02	CLIA # 19D0463379	2915 Missouri Ave Shreveport, La. 71109
CAP # 20101-01	CLIA # 19D0664460	One St. Mary Place Shreveport, La. 71101
CAP # 7199493	CLIA # 19D1070597	WK Bossier Health Center 2400 Hospital Dr., Suite 130 Bossier, La. 71111
CAP # 7225076	CLIA # 19D1099427	Shreveport Surgery Center 745 Olive St. Shreveport, La. 71104
CAP # 20144-04	CLIA # 19D0935738	211 4 TH St. Box 30113 Alexandria, La. 71301
CAP # 7523234-01	CLIA # 19D2014888	3330 Masonic Drive Alexandria, La 71301
CAP # 7204273	CLIA # 19D1075141	309 Jackson St. Monroe, La. 71210
CAP # 7204312	CLIA # 19D1075143	3421 Medical Park Dr. Monroe, La. 71203
CAP # 7520585	CLIA # 19D2010173	611 St. Landry St. Lafayette, La. 70506
CAP # 7524918	CLIA # 19D2014889	4600 Ambassador Caffrey Lafayette, La. 70508
N/A	CLIA# 19D1073946	1307 Crowley Raine Hwy. Suite D. Crowley, La. 70526

After Hours and Weekends: Contact the respective hospital laboratory for the pathologist on-call or call the respective hospital for assistance. The pathologist on call will be paged. For your convenience location numbers are listed (see page three).

Diplomats American Board of Pathology

William N. Ball, Jr., M.D., FCAP
Carrie L. Bearden, M.D., FCAP
Richard J. Blanchard, Jr., M.D., FCAP
Stephen P. Blanchard, M.D., FCAP
M'Liss Crosier, M.D., FCAP
William Eggers, M.D., FCAP
Bruce Gray, M.D., FCAP
Janis Gulick, M.D., FCAP
James Hair, M.D., FCAP
Stephanie Hanson, M.D., FCAP
G. Kenneth Harrison, M.D., FCAP
J. Steven Heard, M.D., FCAP
Bruce Herrington, M.D., FCAP
Vivek K. Khare, M.D., FCAP
J. Anthony Lee, M.D., FCAP
William Liles, M.D., FCAP
Joan Marshak, M.D., FCAP
Bernadette McLaren, M.D., FCAP
Michael Miguez, M.D., FCAP
Sudha G. Pillarisetti, M.D., FCAP
Ronald N. Padgett, M.D., FCAP
Louis J. Sardenga, M.D., FCAP
F. Thomas Siskron, III, M.D., FCAP
Gregory Wellman, M.D., FCAP
David J. Werner, M.D., FCAP
W. Allen Wesche, M.D., FCAP
R. Bruce Williams, M.D., FCAP

Medical Staff

The Delta Pathology Group, L.L.C., is an independent pathology group with services and laboratories in North, Central and South Louisiana. The group is comprised of a staff of twenty-seven pathologists with boards in anatomic and clinical pathology. Specialties represented in the group include, Dermatopathology, Cytopathology, Hematopathology, and Pediatric Pathology, providing extensive diagnostic abilities for clinicians and patients. The molecular diagnostics and cytogenetics divisions extend the diagnostic ability of the group to provide timely diagnostic services for improved patient care.

The Delta Pathology Group, L.L.C. provides services for over forty hospitals. The pathologists serve as Laboratory Directors and provide twenty-four hour coverage for the needs of staff, physicians, and patients.

The Delta Pathology Group, L.L. C. participates in the College of American Pathologists accreditation program and also serve as inspectors for other laboratories through the CAP peer review program.

Scope of Services

Diagnostic Services and Consultation

- Anatomic and clinical pathology
- Full service anatomic pathology laboratory serving local and regional clients
- Advanced testing methodologies available in-house
- Rapid test reporting through our electronic reporting system
- Rapid turn around time of test results

Anatomic Pathology Service

- Breast Pathology
- Cytopathology, including thin layer technology
- Dermatopathology
- Gastrointestinal Pathology
- Genitourinary Pathology
- Gynecologic Pathology
- Hematopathology
- Pediatric Pathology
- Surgical Pathology
- Veterinary Pathology
- Flow Cytometry Service
- Immunohistochemistry and FISH Technology
- Molecular & Cytogenetic testing

Support Service

- Consultative Services through Pathology Resource Network, L.L.C.
 - Administrative Consultation
 - Management
 - Compliance Service
 - Billing Services
 - Accounting /Payroll
 - Human Resources
- Stat Service
- Courier Representative
- Client Service
- Client Representative
- Pathologist availability 24/7
- Laboratory Directorship
- Information Technology
- Connectivity
- EMR
- Web Portal

Quality Control and Quality Assurance Practice

Anatomic Pathology:

- I. Quality Assessment
 - Random review of all surgical pathology diagnoses.
 - 100% review of all frozen section diagnoses.
 - 100% review of consultations from outside sources.
- II. Daily intradepartmental consultations.
- III. Clinical information and previous test results are compared with the current testing for internal quality assurance.
- IV. Pathologists participate in the College of American Pathologists Performance Improvement Program (PIP) and Q-Probes.

Cytology:

- I. The quality control rescreen of negative PAP smears exceeding the CLIA mandated minimum of 10%.
- I. Continuous monitoring of cytotechnologists' performance with appropriate remedial actions including reassessment of workload limits and focused quality control procedures resulting in quality improvement.
- III. Clinical information and previous test results are compared with the current testing for internal quality assurance.
- IV. The cytotechnologists and pathologists participate in two national glass slide programs designed by cytopathology educators and professionals to provide diagnostic assessment, continuing education, and quality assurance within the laboratory. Workshops, seminars, and ASCP teleconferences are also attended.

Flow Cytometry:

- I. Extensive procedural and instrumental quality control.
- II. Subscribe to College of American Pathologists proficiency testing service to ensure competency of staff and quality of results.
- III. Clinical information and previous test results are compared with the current testing for internal quality assurance

NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MIGHT BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Understanding Your Health Record/Information: Each time you visit a hospital, physician, or other health care provider, a record of your visit is made. Typically, this record contains your symptoms, examination and test results, diagnoses, treatment, and a plan for your future care or treatment. It may also contain correspondence and other administrative documents. All of this information, often referred to as your health or medical record, serves as a:

- Basis for planning your care and treatment;
- Means of communication among the many health professionals who contribute to your care;
- Legal document describing the care you received;
- Means by which you or a third-party payor can verify that services billed were actually provided;
- Tool for educating health professionals;
- Source of data for medical research;
- Source of information for public health officials charged with improving the health of the nation;
- Source of data for planning and marketing; and
- Tool with which we can assess and continually work to improve the care we render and the outcomes we achieve.

“Protected Health Information” refers to information about you, including demographic information, that may identify you and that relates to your past, present or future physical or mental health or condition and related healthcare services.

Your Health Information Rights: Although your health record is the physical property of the health practitioner or facility that compiled it, the information belongs to you. You have the right to:

1. Inspect and copy your health record. In order to inspect or obtain a copy of your health record, you must submit a written request to Jonnie Branam, privacy officer, at the Missouri location. The form for your request to inspect or copy your health record is available at our office. Additionally, you can contact our office at the telephone number listed and request that a copy of the form be mailed to you. If you request a copy of the information, we may charge a fee as permitted by Louisiana law for the costs of copying, mailing, or other supplies associated with your request.

Your request to inspect and copy your health record can be denied by Delta Pathology in certain very limited circumstances. If you are denied access to medical information, you may request that the denial be reviewed.

2. Amendment to your health record. If you feel that medical information maintained by Delta Pathology is incorrect or incomplete, you may ask Delta Pathology to amend the information. You have the right to request an amendment to your health record only during the time the information is kept by, or on behalf of, Delta Pathology.

To request an amendment, your request must be made in writing and submitted to Jonnie Branam, privacy officer, at the Missouri. In addition, you must provide a reason that supports your request. The form for your request, for an amendment to your health record is available at our office. Additionally, you can contact our office at the telephone number listed and request that a copy of the form be mailed to you.

We may deny your request for an amendment to your health record if it is not in writing or does not include a reason that supports the request. In addition, we may deny your request if you ask us to amend information that:

- Was not created by Delta Pathology;
- Was created by a person or entity who is no longer available to make the amendment;
- Is not part of the medical information kept by or for this office;
- Is not part of the information which you would be permitted to inspect and copy; or
- Is accurate and complete medical information.

If your request for an amendment is denied, you have the right to file a statement of disagreement. Delta Pathology also has the right to prepare a rebuttal to your statement of disagreement and will provide you with a copy of any rebuttal.

3. Request restrictions. You have the right to request a restriction or limitation on the medical information we use or disclose about you for treatment, payment or healthcare operations. You also have the right to request a limit on the medical information we disclose about you to someone who is involved in your care or the payment for your care, like a family member or friend. For example, you could request that we not use or disclose information about a medical procedure that you had.

We are not required to agree to your request. If we do agree, we will comply with your request unless the information is needed to provide you emergency treatment. To request restrictions, you must make your request in writing to Delta Pathology at the address listed above. In your request you must tell us (1) what information you want to limit; (2) whether you want to limit the use, disclosure or both; and (3) to

whom you want the limits to apply, for example, disclosures to your child. The form for your request for a restriction/limitation

on medical information disclosed is available at our office. Additionally, you can contact our office at the telephone number listed above and request that a copy of the form be mailed to you.

4. A paper copy of this notice. You have the right to obtain a copy of this notice. You may ask us to give you a copy of the notice at any time.

You may obtain a paper copy of this notice by contacting Jonnie Branam, privacy officer, at the address listed above.

5. Obtaining an accounting of disclosures of your health information. You have the right to obtain an accounting of disclosures of your health information other than for treatment, payment or healthcare operations. To exercise this right you must submit your request in writing to Delta Pathology at the address listed above. The form for your request for an accounting of disclosures is available at our office. Additionally, you can contact our office at the telephone number listed above and request that a copy of the form be mailed to you. Your request must state a time period that may not be longer than six years and may not include dates prior to April 14, 2003. The first list you request within a 12-month period will be free. For additional lists, we may charge you for the cost of providing the list. We will notify you of the cost involved and you may choose to withdraw or modify your request at that time before any costs are incurred.

6. Request confidential communications. You have the right to request that we communicate with you about medical matters in a certain way or at a certain location. For example, you can we only contact you at work or mail. We will accommodate all reasonable requests to the best of our ability. To request confidential communications, you make your request in writing to Delta Pathology at the address shown above. We will not ask you for the reason for your Pathology at the address shown above. We will not ask you for the reason for your request. Your request must specify how or where you wish to be contacted.

Our Responsibilities: Our medical practice is required by law to:

- maintain the privacy of your health information;
- provide you with this notice as to our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to information we collect and maintain about you;
- abide by the terms of this notice;
- notify you if we are unable to agree to a requested restriction; and
- accommodate reasonable requests you may have to communicate health information by alternative means or alternative locations.

We will not use or disclose your information without your consent or authorization except as provided by law or described in this notice.

Examples of Disclosures for Treatment, Payment and Healthcare Operations: The following are examples of when your health information can be disclosed pursuant to law:

We Will Use Your Health Information For Treatment. Your protected health information will be used and disclosed to coordinate your healthcare and any related services. For example, information obtained by a nurse or physician or other member of your healthcare team will be recorded in your record and used to determine the course of treatment. Your physician will document in your record the physician's expectations of the members of your healthcare team. Members of your healthcare team will then record the actions they took and their observations. This will allow the physician to determine how you are responding to the physician's suggested treatment. We will also provide your physician, or a subsequent healthcare provider, with copies of various reports that should assist that individual or those individuals in treating you.

We Will Use Your Health Information For Payment. Your protected health information must be used and disclosed in order to obtain payment for the medical services you receive. For example, a bill may be sent to you or a third-party payer for the medical services provided to you. The information on or accompanying the bill may include information that identifies you, as well as your diagnosis, procedures, and supplies used. In the event that payment is not made, we may also provide limited information to certain collection agencies, attorneys, credit reporting agencies and other organizations as necessary to collect for services rendered.

We Will Use Your Health Information For Healthcare Operations. Your protected health information will be used to facilitate this medical practice's operations and business activities. For example, a physician or an administrative representative with our office may use information in your health record to assess the care and outcomes in your case and others like it. This information will then be used in an effort to continually improve the quality and effectiveness of the healthcare and services we provide.

Business Associates. There are some services provided to our practice through contracts with business associates. Examples of business associates include laboratory and pathology services, collection agencies, and a copying service used when making copies of your health record. When these services are contracted, we may disclose your health information to our business associates to enable them to perform their contracted services and to bill you or your third-party payer for services rendered. We require the business associates to appropriately safeguard your protected health information.

Notification. We may use or disclose information to notify or assist in notifying a family member, personal representative, or another person responsible for your care of your location and general condition.

Communication With Family. Unless you object, health professionals, using their best judgment, may disclose to a family member, other relative, close personal friend or any other person you identity, health information relevant to that person's involvement in your care or payment related to your care.

Research. We may disclose information to researchers when their research has been approved by the appropriate institutional review board that has reviewed the research protocol and established protocols to ensure the privacy of your health information.

Health Oversight Activities. We may disclose your health information to health agencies during the course of audits, investigations, inspections, licensure and other proceedings. Health Oversight Agencies that seek this information include governmental agencies that oversee the healthcare system, government benefit and regulatory programs and civil rights laws.

Judicial And Administrative Proceedings. We may disclose your health information in the course of any administrative or judicial proceeding.

Deceased Person Information. We may disclosure your health information to coroners, medical examiners and funeral directors.

Public Safety. We may disclose your health information to authorized federal officers in order to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of particular person or the general public.

National Security. We may disclose your health information for military, intelligence, counterintelligence, and other national security activities authorized by law.

Organ Procurement Organizations. Consistent with applicable law, we may disclose health information to organ procurement organizations or other entities engaged in the procurement, banking or transplantation of organs for the purpose of tissue donation and transplant.

Marketing. We may contact you to provide appointment reminders or information about treatment alternatives or other health-related benefits and services that may be of interest and benefit to you.

Food And Drug Administration (FDA). We may disclose to the FDA health information relative to adverse events with respect to food, supplements, product and product defects, or post marketing surveillance information to enable product recalls, repairs or replacement

Workers' Compensation. We may disclose health information to the extent authorized by, and to the extent necessary to comply with, laws relating to workers' compensation or other similar programs established by law.

Public Health. As required by law, we may disclose your health information to public health or legal authorities charged with preventing or controlling disease, injury or disability.

Correctional Institution. Should you be an inmate of a correctional institution, we may disclose to the institution, or agents thereof, health information necessary for your health and the health and safety of other individuals.

Law Enforcement. We may disclose certain health information for law enforcement purposes as required by law or in response to a valid subpoena.

Change Of Ownership. In the event that this practice is sold or merged with another organization, your health information will become the property of the new owner.

Other Disclosures. Federal law makes provisions for your health information to be released to an appropriate health oversight agency, public health authority or attorney, provided that a work force member or business associate believes in good faith that we have engaged in unlawful conduct or have otherwise violated professional or clinic standards and are potentially endangering one or more patients, workers or the public.

For More Information or to Report a Problem: If you have a question about our privacy policies or believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may contact Jonnie Branam, privacy officer, at 2915 Missouri Avenue, Shreveport, Louisiana 71109 (318) 621-8820. Additionally, you may file a complaint with the Secretary of Safety of Health and Human Services. There will be no retaliation against an individual for filing a complaint.

Should our information practices change, we will make the new version available to you upon request. Please make request to 2915 Missouri Avenue, Shreveport, Louisiana 71109.



The Delta Pathology Group, L.L.C.
Authorization for Release of Information
Fax (318) 212-4189

Full Name: _____

Date of Birth: _____ Social Security Number: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip code _____

Daytime Telephone Number: _____ Evening Telephone Number _____

I hereby authorize Delta Pathology to release my information to:

Information to be released: _____ Dates: _____ ☐ All dates included

1. ☐ Lab reports

2. ☐ Other: _____

3. Purpose of Disclosure:

4. ☐ Changing Physicians ☐ Consultation ☐ Continuing Care ☐ Legal

5. ☐ Workers' Compensation ☐ School ☐ Insurance

I understand that this authorization may only be used for the disclosure listed above, and that the authorization will expire 30 days after I have signed it. I understand that it will become a part of my medical record.

I understand that I may revoke this authorization at any time by notifying Delta Pathology in writing, and that it will be effective on the date notified except to the extent that action has already been taken in reliance upon it.

I understand that information used or disclosed pursuant to this authorization may be subject to re-disclosure by the recipient and no longer be protected by Federal privacy regulations.

I understand that if I choose not to authorize the release of information, my healthcare and payment for my healthcare will not be affected.

I understand that I may see and obtain a copy of the records described in this authorization upon my request. Additionally, I may receive a copy of this authorization upon request.

I understand that Delta Pathology may receive compensation for the use or disclosure listed on this authorization.

Patient/Representative Signature

Date:

Records Disclosed by (Authorized Personnel Only)

Date:

Accession numbers released:

Client Instructions for Completing Requisition

The information required is essential to assure positive patient identification, improve diagnostic accuracy, compare clinical information, and to compare the current findings with other test results. ***Italics text = Required Information***

The histology requisition requirements are as follows:

1. The *patient's legal name* (no nicknames). If prior specimens have been submitted with another name within the past ten years, please include this information in parentheses. The patient information area has been shadowed for facilities using addressographs.
2. Patient's address and phone number.
3. The *Social Security Number, if available* (vital for positive patient identification).
4. The *date of birth* (vital for positive patient identification).
5. *Sex* of patient.
6. Attending *physician's name* and *consultant's names*.
7. *Date of collection* and time. (Time of collection must be entered for breast tissue due to regulations regarding proper fixation time.)
8. *Mark test requested*. (Refer to specified testing sections of Service Manual)
9. *Specimen Source*
10. Individual responsible for bill.
11. *Insurance information* for billing.
12. *Any pertinent medical history*.

Additional cytology requisition requirements are as follows:

1. The *source of the specimen* is essential when assessing specimen adequacy of PAP smears (i.e., vaginal, cervix, endocervix, vaginal cuff, cervical stump). The specimen source must also be provided for non-gynecological specimens.
2. Indicate if a Pap is a conventional glass slide or a liquid based methodology.

3. If special stains are required on non-gynecological specimens, specify the type under “other.”
4. *Advanced Beneficiary Notice (ABN)* is a separate form required for a *Medicare patient* that does not have a diagnosis placing them at risk for gynecological cancer.
5. *Applicable clinical information* and the *LMP (last menstrual period)*.
6. *Medicare information regarding the type of PAP* under MEDICARE ONLY.
7. *High risk factors for gynecological cancer*.
8. *Previous abnormal PAP(s), treatment, or gynecological biopsies*. (This includes chemotherapy, radiation, and history of cancer).
9. *Any pertinent patient history*.

Custom printed requisitions available are:

- **Histology**
- **Cytology**
- **Dermatopathology**
- **Gastroenterology**
- **Breast**

Always verify your hospital/ clinic/ physician name on your custom printed requisitions upon receipt to ensure you have the correct account information. This ensures that patient reports are directed back to the correct account.

Client Specimen Labeling Requirements

This applies to labeling for:

- All surgical pathology
- All non-gynecological cytology specimens
- All gynecological cytology specimens
- HPV-DNA testing
- All flow cytometry
- All cytogenetics and molecular testing, as applicable

In addition to the specimen site (as applicable), include **TWO** identifiers on the specimen container. The patient's name is a mandatory requirement. The patient's name and second identifier should match the information on the submitting requisition. Secondary identifiers include:

- Date of birth
- Social security number
- Unique random identifier (i.e. patient medical record number)

Multiple containers should be identified with the specimen site (as applicable) and **TWO** identifiers.

Client Slide Labeling

Submitted slides may be labeled with one identifier, but two identifiers are preferred. Labeling of cardboard slide holder **IS NOT** acceptable labeling; be sure that the **slide** is labeled.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Surgical pathology specimens must be labeled and requisitions prepared in the room where the surgical procedure is performed at the time of collection.

Client Submission Requirements (Referral Testing)

1. Fill out a Delta Pathology Requisition including the following additional information:
(Please see client instructions for completing requisition in this manual)
 - Patient's full name
 - Source of specimen
 - Your Case #
 - All required billing information
2. Place the paraffin filled block in a transport bag with requisition.
3. Transport to the laboratory at **room temperature**. (See overnight transportation services note if shipping location is out of town.)

Client Submission Requirements for Overnight Transportation Services

1. Place labeled container(s) in biohazard bag containing absorbent padding.
2. Place requisition in the side-pocket of the sealed biohazard bag.
3. Place specimen bags into a large secondary zip-lock bag.
4. Place large bag containing specimens into the priority overnight shipping box.
5. Place pre-printed overnight label on the box for shipping.

Important Note: If multiple boxes are shipped same day (containing specimens), please be sure that EACH box includes an overnight label and ALL boxes are taped (bundled) together. If shipping BLOCKS, please include ice packs when the temperature threatens the survival of blocks. Please be sure that an overnight slip is visible for the overnight courier. All packages should meet IATA regulations

Surgical Pathology

Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

Patient preparation for all histology specimens is according to the instructions specified by the patient's physician, unless otherwise specified in the procedure for each specimen type.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

Refer to instructions for completing requisition section.

SPECIMEN LABELING

1. Identify tissue specimens by clearly labeling the specimen containers with patient's first and last name, printed label, or with a hospital addressograph label. Each container must have two patient identifiers. These identifiers must be documented on the requisition. **SEE CLIENT SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION IN THIS MANUAL.**
2. Containers must be identified with the specimen site on the container and the corresponding information on the requisition.
3. Use facility guidelines for obtaining proper patient identification.

COLLECTION, HANDLING, FIXATION AND TRANSPORTATION

NOTE: Unfixed specimens and/or specimens held overnight should be refrigerated.

Gross and Microscopic Examination

1. Surgical specimens for routine gross and microscopic examination are submitted in 10% neutral buffered formalin (NBF). The amount of 10% formalin should be 10 times the amount of tissue.
2. ***DO NOT ADD 10% formalin*** to cytology specimens, flow specimens, specimens submitted for cytogenetics, frozen section specimens, cultures, or specimens tested by another methodology that may require another fixative or no fixative.
3. Label specimen according to labeling instructions. Complete requisition according to requirements. Place the specimen container in the large section of a biohazard transport bag and seal the completed requisition in the outer section. Submit specimen to the laboratory.

Test Name:	Surgical Pathology
Methodology:	Standard Histology Process(es)
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 24 hours of receipt. Special studies may require more time
Specimen Collection Supplies:	10% Neutral Buffered Formalin
Specimen Collection:	Surgical collection as deemed by appropriate physician/surgeon
Handling:	Maintain at room temperature; Unfixed specimens or specimens held overnight should be refrigerated
Specimen Requirements:	Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Frozen Section
Methodology:	Diagnosis of tissue by pathologist while surgery is being performed
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Evaluation of routine specimens within 20 minutes of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Petri dish (sterile preferred)
Specimen Collection:	Specimen submitted fresh
Handling:	See above. Immediately transport to laboratory & notify personnel of delivery
Specimen Requirements:	Fresh tissue or submitted in saline; Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature unless delayed transport then refrigerate
Rejection Criteria:	Formalin fixation
Department:	Histology

***Note: If frozen section is transported to the lab, place tissue in a saline filled container.**

Test Name:	Amputated Limbs
Methodology:	Standard Histology Process(es)
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 24 hours of receipt. Special studies may require more time
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Absorbent cloth, large biohazard bag x2
Specimen Collection:	Surgical collection as deemed by appropriate physician/surgeon
Handling:	Deliver immediately to laboratory, if delayed refrigerate
Specimen Requirements:	Ensure specimen is contained with no leakage and properly labeled. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature; see above for delays
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Bone Marrow Aspiration and biopsy
Methodology:	Microscopic examination by pathologist
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 24 hours of receipt. Special studies may require more time
Specimen Collection Supplies:	10% Neutral Buffered Formalin, slides
Specimen Collection:	• Immediately place biopsy in 10% NBF • Minimum of six smears from aspirate. • 1 cc of bone marrow aspirate in sodium heparin (green top), if flow cytometry is requested • 1 cc of bone marrow aspirate in sodium heparin (green top), if cytogenetics are requested • Allow aspirate to clot and then place in 10% NBF • Submit at least two peripheral blood smears and most recent CBC
Handling:	Maintain bone marrow, peripheral blood and solid tissue at room temperature.
Specimen Requirements:	See above for minimum volumes. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Flow Cytometry

Surgical Procedure performed by Pathologist- Nursing instructions:

- Schedule by telephone at least 18-24 hours in advance when possible.
- Provide a surgery permit form signed by patient.
- Order necessary medication and bone marrow tray from hospital central supply.

Test Name:	Breast Tissue
Methodology:	Standard Histology Process(es)
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 48 hours of receipt. Special studies may require more time
Specimen Collection Supplies:	10% Neutral Buffered Formalin (10x the amount of tissue)
Specimen Collection:	Time of collection and time placed in fixative must be clearly written on the requisition
Handling:	A minimum of six hours and a maximum of 48 hours fixation for valid results. Maintain at room temperature.
Specimen Requirements:	Breast requisition. See above for minimum and maximum fixation time. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Immunofluorescent Tissue Examination
Methodology:	Immunofluorescent Microscopy examination
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually after 48 hours of receipt.
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Saline or Michel’s fixative
Specimen Collection:	Immediately cover with appropriate fixative
Handling:	A minimum of six hours and a maximum of 48 hours fixation for valid results. Maintain at room temperature.
Specimen Requirements:	Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Kidney Biopsy
Methodology:	Light, electron, and immunofluorescent Microscopy examination
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Two weeks after receipt of specimen
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Saline
Specimen Collection:	Immediately place in saline soaked gauze
Handling:	Specimen will be forwarded unaltered to designated reference facility
Specimen Requirements:	Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Muscle Biopsy
Methodology:	Light, electron, and immunofluorescent Microscopy examination
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section. Notify the laboratory one working day in advance
Reporting time:	Two weeks after receipt of specimen
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Saline
Specimen Collection:	• Dampen two gauze sponges (4x4) • Remove one to three muscle tissue specimens approximately 1cm in length and 0.5 to 1.0 cm in diameter - do not traumatize specimen • Place muscle biopsy between wet gauze sponges • Place in Petri dish/ screw cap container and put in a container of WET ice
Handling:	Submit to laboratory immediately. See above for correct amount of tissue
Specimen Requirements:	See above for correct amount of tissue. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Collection instructions not followed. Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Nerve Biopsy
Methodology:	Light, electron, and immunofluorescent Microscopy examination
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section. Notify the laboratory one working day in advance
Reporting time:	Two weeks after receipt of specimen
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Saline
Specimen Collection:	• Dampen two gauze sponges (4x4) • Remove a 2- 3 cm sural nerve tagged at proximal end – do not traumatize specimen • Place nerve biopsy between wet gauze sponges • Place in Petri dish/screw cap container and put in a container of WET ice
Handling:	Submit to laboratory immediately. See above for correct amount of tissue
Specimen Requirements:	See above for correct amount of tissue. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Test Name:	Prostate Biopsy
Methodology:	Standard histology process(es)
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section.
Reporting time:	24- 48 hours after receipt of specimen
Specimen Collection Supplies:	10% Neutral Buffered Formalin
Specimen Collection:	Collections kits
Handling:	Perform biopsy procedure. Place biopsy specimen directly into labeled specimen collection vial. Secure tightly.
Specimen Requirements:	Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Histology

Non-gynecological Cytology Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

Patient preparation for all non-gynecological specimens is according to the instructions specified by the patient's physician, unless otherwise specified in the collection, fixation, and handling and transportation procedure for each specimen type.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

Refer instructions for completing requisition section.

SPECIMEN LABELING

Smears on Glass Slides

1. Write the patient's first and last name on the frosted end of a glass slide with a #2 lead pencil. Labeling the slide holder is not properly labeling the specimen, since it is discarded upon receipt in the laboratory. **SEE CLIENT SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION.**
2. Use facility guidelines for obtaining proper patient identification. (patient name, social security number).
3. If smears are taken from different anatomic sites (i.e., right and left), identify the site on the frosted end of the slide with the corresponding information on the requisition.
4. Refer to fixation instructions.
5. Label specimen according to labeling instructions. Complete requisition according to requirements. Place the specimen container in the large section of a biohazard transport bag and the completed requisition in the outer section. Submit to the laboratory

Specimen Containers

1. Identify fluid specimens by clearly labeling the specimen containers with patient's first and last name, printed label, or with a hospital addressograph label. **SEE CLIENT SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION.**

2. Use facility guidelines for obtaining proper patient identification
3. Multiple containers must be identified with the specimen source on the container and the corresponding information on the requisition.
4. Label specimen according to labeling instructions. Complete requisition according to requirements. Place the specimen container in the large section of a biohazard transport bag and the completed requisition in the outer section. Submit to the laboratory.

COLLECTION, HANDLING, FIXATION AND TRANSPORTATION

FIXATION FOR NONGYNECOLOGICAL SPECIMENS

Smears on glass slides

1. **Immediately spray fix smear** with cytology spray fixative.
2. **Do not spray fix smears for Diff Quik staining.**
3. Allow specimen to dry before closing slide holder.
4. Close cover and secure with rubber band.

Fluids and Aspirations

1. Use only CytoLyt fixative (for all fluid specimens other than the PAP Test) or Preservcyt (for PAP test and superficial skin smears such as Tzanck smears).
2. If CytoLyt or Preservcyt is not available, **DO NOT** add any other type of fixative.
3. If you do not have CytoLyt, call the lab for fixation instructions.
4. **DO NOT ADD FIXATIVE TO SPECIMENS THAT MAY REQUIRE MICROBIOLOGIC TESTING.**

Test Name:	Body Cavity, Joint, and Cerebrospinal
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Syringe and Needle Clean, 100ml- 1000ml container
Specimen Collection:	Collect in a container with 3 units of Heparin per ml
Handling:	• Pleural fluids and synovial fluids can be refrigerated • Do not submit more than 200ml • Tighten lids securely to prevent leakage
Specimen Requirements:	If a delay in processing (more than 8 hours), refrigerate. Do not add a fixative. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Breast Fluids
Methodology:	Cytology
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Touch Preps: Glass slides, spray fixative or 95% alcohol Aspirations: Syringe and Needle, CytoLyt
Specimen Collection:	• Touch preparation on glass • Immediately place slide in a container of 95% alcohol or spray fix. Slide should not air dry. • Place slides in a slide holder and close securely • If aspirated, collect a minimum of 2ml • Place in a CytoLyt vial • Tighten lid securely to prevent leakage
Handling:	• See Above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Brushings- bronchial, esophageal, gastric & ureteropelvic
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	CytoLyt fixative, brush
Specimen Collection:	Brush is passed through the scope, after brush is withdrawn if conventional smears are desired rapidly rotate the brush onto a slide and immediately place smear in a container of 95% alcohol or spray fix. Slide should not air dry. The brush may be placed in cytolyt fixative and submitted
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Cerebrospinal Fluid
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	*CytoLyt fixative(for cytology)
Specimen Collection:	• Collect 2-5 ml • Do NOT add fixative to specimen that may require microbiologic testing or flow analysis • Tighten lid securely to prevent leakage
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

***When cytopathology is used in conjunction with flow cytometry and other immunological techniques, a more accurate diagnosis is obtained for: (1.) classification of leukemia and lymphomas in cerebrospinal fluids, (2.)cryptococcus, and (3.)metastatic tumors to the central nervous system.**

Test Name:	Fine Needle Aspirate
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Needle, 22 gauge or smaller recommend ,10-20 cc syringe, slides spray fixative,slide folder, Cytolyt fixative
Specimen Collection:	• Prepare not more than 4-6 slides by expelling a small droplet opposite the frosted end. Place another slide over the droplet. Quickly pull the top and bottom slides apart to spread • For thyroid and lymph nodes label 2 smears for Diff Quik staining allow to air dry (Diff Quick Only). • Immediately spray fix smears using cytology spray fixative. Allow to dry • Rinse remaining material from syringe in a small contain of CytoLyt for thin layer preparation and/or cell block. • Tighten lid securely
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Urine
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Urine container or cytolyt fixative
Specimen Collection:	• Catheterized or voided specimens as directed by physician • Collect 50-100 ml • Add CytoLyt to specimen in equal volume • Tighten lid securely to prevent leakage
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Sputum
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Cytolyt Fixative
Specimen Collection:	• Overnight accumulation yield the best diagnostic results • Collect one specimen a day 3 consecutive days to ensure maximum of diagnostic accuracy • Post bronchoscopy sputums are more likely to contain diagnostic material
Handling:	• Add CytoLyt to the specimen – Do not add CytoLyt if microbiology test are ordered. • Tighten lid securely • If only one container and cultures are ordered send to microbiology first
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Tzanck Smear
Methodology:	Cytology
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Slides Wooden spatula or tongue blade Spray fixative Slide folder
Specimen Collection:	• Scrape lesion with wooden spatula or tongue blade and spread cellular material obtain on glass slide • Immediately spray fix smears with cytology fixative • Place in cardboard cover and allow to dry before closing cover
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Washing- bronchial, esophageal, gastric & ureteropelvic
Methodology:	Cytology, Hologic ThinPrep
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Sterile specimen container
Specimen Collection:	• Collect in sterile container • Use separate containers for cytology and microbiology (include site) • Do not add fixative to specimens • Tighten lids securely to prevent leakage • Include special stain information when requested
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Gynecological Cytology –PAP Test Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

For an optimal Pap test the patient should be instructed to:

1. Schedule the appointment at mid-cycle.
2. Not use vaginal medication, vaginal contraceptives, or douches for 48 hours prior to appointment.
3. Not have intercourse for 24 hours before the appointment.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

Refer instructions for completing requisition section.

SPECIMEN LABELING

Conventional Smears

1. Write the patient's first and last name on the frosted end of a glass slide with a #2 lead. **SEE CLIENT SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION.**
2. Labeling the slide holder is not proper labeling, since the holder is discarded upon receipt in the laboratory.

Liquid Based Methodology

1. Identify specimen by clearly labeling the specimen vial with patient's first and last name and second identifier. **SEE CLIENTS SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION.**
2. A printed label or an addressograph label with the patient identification can be affixed to the vial.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND FIXATION

CONVENTIONAL SMEARS

Spatula and Cervical Brush Combination, Smear Preparation, and Fixation

Spatula

1. Begin rotation of the spatula starting and ending at the 9 o' clock (or counterclockwise rotation starting and ending at 3 o' clock) to position the spatula so that collected material is retained on the upper horizontal surface as the instrument is removed.
2. Rotate the spatula 360° around the circumference of the cervical os and ectocervix, while maintaining firm contact with the epithelial surface.
3. To prepare a one slide smear, do not smear and spray fix the spatula specimen at this time.
4. Rest the spatula, specimen side down, on the labeled glass slide.

Cervical Brush

1. To prevent drying of the first specimen, collect the brush specimen immediately.
2. Insert the cervical brush into the os with gentle pressure and rotate only 90° to 180° to minimize bleeding.

Note: Cervical brushes are not approved for use on pregnant patients or inflamed tissue.

Broom Collection, Smear Preparation and Fixation

1. Insert central bristles into os until lateral bristles bend against the ectocervix.
2. Maintaining gentle pressure, rotate broom 360° three to five times in the same direction.
3. Transfer sample to a labeled glass slide using one paint stroke with each side of brush in the same direction to exact same area of slide.
4. Holding the spray nozzle about 12 inches from the slide, immediately spray fix the smear with a cytology spray fixative.

5. Place in a cardboard slide holder.
6. Do not cover cardboard slide holder until specimen has dried.

Liquid Based Methodology

Notes:

1. Patient should not douche for 24hrs before the PAP smear is obtained.
2. Ideally the smear should be obtained at mid cycle because morphology is most easily interpreted at this time, although it is not essential.
3. Always avoid the use of lubrication jellies. These materials significantly obscure cellular detail.
4. Materials listed may be obtained from the cytology laboratory upon request.

Test Name:	Conventional PAP
Methodology:	Cytology
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	95% in 3-5days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Spatula, Cervical brush
Specimen Collection:	Spatula and Cervical brush • With a single stroke, spread material with spatula evenly • Start from the frosted area to the end of slide • Cover only half of slide- leave the remainder for the brush specimen • On remain half of slide, roll brush across by twirling handle • Immediately spray fix the smeary with cytology spray fixative holding 12 inches away • Place in cardboard holder • Do Not cover cardboard slide holder until specimen has dried Broom • Insert until bristles bend against ectocervix • Maintain gentle pressure, rotate 360 degrees, three to five times in same direction • Transfer sample to glass slide using paint stroke with each side of brush in same direction to same area of slide • Immediately spray fix the smear with cytology spray fixative • Place in cardboard slide holder • Do Not cover cardboard slide holder until specimen has dried
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

Test Name:	Thin Prep
Methodology:	Liquid based Hologic ThinPrep Pap Test
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	95% in 3-5 days
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Papette or spatula/brush combination
Specimen Collection:	• Collect cervical specimen according to collection specification • Rinse cellular material off collection device by pressing the bristles of papette on the bottom of vial about ten times • Twirl the brush between thumb and forefinger to assure complete rinsing of specimen into PreservCyt • If spatula/brush combination is used, swish brush and spatula in the same vial enough times to completely dislodge cellular material • Cap vial by lining torque mark on lid an vial
Handling:	See above
Specimen Requirements:	Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or inappropriate fixative
Department:	Cytology

HPV-DNA

Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

For an optimal PAP and HPV-DNA test the patient should be instructed to:

1. Schedule the appointment at mid-cycle.
2. Not use vaginal medication, vaginal contraceptives, or douches for 48 hours prior to appointment.
3. Not have intercourse for 24 hours before the appointment.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

Refer instructions for completing requisition section.

SPECIMEN LABELING

1. Identify specimen by clearly labeling the specimen vial with patient's first and last name and a second identifier. **SEE CLIENT SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION.**
2. A printed label or an addressograph label with the patient identification can be affixed to the vial.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND FIXATION

Liquid Based Vial for PAP Test

Collect the PAP specimen according to instructions in GYN-PAP section of this manual. One aliquot from the vial will be used for the PAP test and another for the HPV-DNA

Collect the HPV testing sample after the PAP smear sample has been taken, if both are done on the same visit. If the HPV testing sample is to be collected at the time of colposcopy, collect the sample before acetic acid or any other type of solution is applied.

ORDERING, HANDLING, AND TRANSPORTATION

1. Under COLLECTION METHOD on cytology requisition, indicate Liquid Based.

2. Under ADDITIONAL TESTING REQUESTED, indicate if testing is for PAP & HPV-DNA (regardless of diagnosis) or HPV-DNA only.
3. Indicate if Low Risk and High Risk or if only High Risk probes are requested.
4. For reflex testing check for HPV only if Pap is ASCUS or ASCUS/Low Grade.
5. Reflex Orders for HPV-DNA testing on all ASCUS, ASCUS/Low Grade PAPS can be requested.
6. Label specimen according to labeling instructions. Complete requisition according to requirements. Place the specimen container in the large section of a biohazard transport bag and the completed requisition in the outer section. Submit to the laboratory.

Test Name:	HPV-DNA
Methodology:	Digene Hybrid Capture
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section-Batched three time per week
Reporting time:	Usually two days from order time unless it is a reflex order
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Spatula, Cervical brush
Specimen Collection:	See thin prep instruction. One aliquot from the vial will be used
Handling:	Indicate liquid based
Specimen Requirements:	Select correct probe. Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or out of date vial
Department:	Cytology

Gonorrhea & Chlamydia

Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

1. Schedule the appointment at mid-cycle.
2. Not use vaginal medication, vaginal contraceptives, or douches for 48 hours prior to appointment.
3. Not have intercourse for 24 hours before the appointment.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

Refer instructions for completing requisition section.

SPECIMEN LABELING

1. Identify specimen by clearly labeling the specimen vial with patient's first and last name and a second identifier. **SEE CLIENT SPECIMEN LABELING REQUIREMENTS SECTION.**
2. A printed label or an addressograph label with the patient identification can be affixed to the vial.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND FIXATION

Liquid Based Vial for PAP Test

Collect the PAP specimen according to instructions in GYN-PAP section of this manual. One aliquot from the vial will be used for the PAP test and another for the Gonorrhea & Chlamydia

ORDERING, HANDLING, AND TRANSPORTATION

1. Under COLLECTION METHOD on cytology requisition, indicate Liquid Based or Conventional.
2. Under ADDITIONAL TESTING REQUESTED, indicate if testing is for PAP & HPV-DNA or HPV-DNA only.
3. Indicate if Low Risk and High Risk or if only High Risk probes are requested.

Test Name:	Gonorrhea & Chlamydia
Methodology:	Gen –Probe Aptima Combo 2 Assay
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section-Run batch daily
Reporting time:	Usually 2 days from the date of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Thin prep vial
Specimen Collection:	See thin prep instruction. One aliquot from the vial will be used
Handling:	Indicate liquid based
Specimen Requirements:	Select correct probe. Label according to labeling instructions. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature
Rejection Criteria:	Unlabeled specimen or out of date vial
Department:	Cytology

Flow Cytometry

CD3-Quantitation CD4 Panel Leukemia/Lymphoma Immunotyping

Flow cytometry utilizes the most up to date instrumentation available to sort and analyze cells from peripheral blood, bone marrow and tissue specimens.

Cell surface markers present in suspected leukemia/lymphoma cases may aid in identifying the tumor lineage for diagnostic and prognostic purposes. Identification of cell types present can give an adequate assessment of a patient's immune status.

The testing personnel and pathologists participate in the College of American Pathologist Proficiency Testing program that is designed to provide diagnostic assessment, continuing education, and quality assurance within the laboratory. Workshops, seminars, and teleconferences are attended.

Flow Cytometry

Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

Patient preparation for all flow cytometry specimens are according to the instructions specified by the patient's physician.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

1. Refer to the requisition requirements for Histopathology requisition.
2. In addition to the date collected, include time of collection.

SPECIMEN LABELING

1. Use facilities guidelines for obtaining proper patient identification.
2. Label the blood collection tube with the first and last name and second identifier in pen, or affix a printed label or an addressograph label. Indicate date/time collected on specimen. **SEE SPECIMEN LABELING SECTION.**

COLLECTION, HANDLING, FIXATION AND TRANSPORTATION

1. Collect specimens according to each of the following sections.
2. Mix specimens according to each of the following sections.
3. Label specimen according to labeling instructions, complete requisition according to requirements, place the specimen container in the large section of a biohazard transport bag and the completed requisition in the outer section and submit to the laboratory.
4. Transport to the laboratory at room temperature immediately.

Test Name:	CD3 Quantitation
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 24 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	EDTA (lavender top)
Specimen Collection:	• Collect one EDTA tube of blood • Mix by inverting tube 6-10 times • Minimum draw or 0.5 ml is adequate, if patient has normal WBC parameters (full draw preferred) • Include WBC results and differential collected on same day
Handling:	Do not refrigerate
Specimen Requirements:	See above. Follow all requirements. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature; transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Clotted, refrigerated, hemolyzed, frozen wrong anticoagulant, collected more than 48 hours
Department:	Flow Cytometry

Test Name:	CD4 Panel
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 24 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	EDTA (lavender top)
Specimen Collection:	• Collect one EDTA tube of blood • Mix by inverting tube 6-10 times • Minimum draw or 0.5 ml is adequate, if patient has normal WBC parameters (full draw preferred)
Handling:	Do not refrigerate
Specimen Requirements:	See above. Follow all requirements. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature; transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Clotted, refrigerated, hemolyzed, frozen wrong anticoagulant, collected more than 48 hours
Department:	Flow Cytometry

Test Name:	Blood- Leukemia/lymphoma Immunophenotyping
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 48 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	EDTA (lavender top)
Specimen Collection:	• Collect two EDTA tubes of blood • Mix by inverting tube 6-10 times • Minimum draw of 3 ml is adequate, if patient has significant abnormal cell population present (full draw preferred)
Handling:	Do not refrigerate
Specimen Requirements:	See above. Follow all requirements. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature, transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Clotted, refrigerated, hemolyzed, frozen, wrong anticoagulant collected, insufficient cell recovery, or samples too old for adequate cell viability
Department:	Flow Cytometry

Test Name:	Bone Marrow Aspirate- Leukemia/lymphoma Immunophenotyping
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 48 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	<u>SODIUM HEPARIN</u> (green top)
Specimen Collection:	• Collect 1ml of bone marrow aspirate • Minimum volume is dependent upon the cell count of the specimen. The processed cell count should be at least 0.5×10^6 mononucleated cells for setup of a complete monoclonal battery. • Place in Sodium Heparin (green top) tube (<i>EDTA –lavender top may be used if Sodium Heparin is not available</i>) • Mix tube 6- 10 times to inhibit coagulation
Handling:	Do not refrigerate
Specimen Requirements:	See above. Follow all requirements. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature; transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Clotted, refrigerated, hemolyzed, frozen, wrong anticoagulant, collected, insufficient cell recovery, or samples too old for adequate cell viability
Department:	Flow Cytometry

Test Name:	Tissue (node) - Leukemia/lymphoma Immunophenotyping
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 48 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	RPMI or equivalent medium Note: Sterile saline without a preservative is acceptable for short term usage and transport; must be received in the lab within 2 hours
Specimen Collection:	- At least 0.5×10^6 to the sixth mononucleated cells (<i>as a general rule, the equivalent of a 3mm cube of tissue with abundant lymphocytes is adequate</i>). - Maximum cell viability obtained within 24 hours - Store in a 2-8 degree centigrade refrigerator
Handling:	Store in a 2-8 degree centigrade refrigerator
Specimen Requirements:	See above. Follow all requirements. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Wet ice ; transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Incorrect or inadequate storage and/or preservative. Insufficient cell recovery. Sample too old for adequate cell viability

Test Name:	Cerebral Spinal Fluid - Leukemia/lymphoma Immunophenotyping
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 48 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Tube provided by client laboratory or hospital
Specimen Collection:	- Minimum volume dependent on the cell count 1.5 ml of CSF is usually sufficient - Smaller volumes may be used if there is a high cell count
Handling:	Specimen cannot be frozen
Specimen Requirements:	When cell counts are low the analysis may not be successful. See above. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature; transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Specimen cannot be frozen

Test Name:	Body Fluids - Leukemia/lymphoma Immunophenotyping
Methodology:	Flow cytometry
Performed:	Monday- Saturday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Reporting time:	Usually within 48 hours of receipt
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Specimen is sent neat (undiluted)
Specimen Collection:	20 ml of pleural fluid is usually sufficient
Handling:	Specimen cannot be frozen
Specimen Requirements:	Minimum volume of body fluid needed dependant on the cell count in specimen. Smaller volumes may be used if there is a high cell count. When cell counts are low the analysis may not be successful. Two patient identifiers; see client specimen labeling requirements in this manual
Transport:	Room temperature ; transport immediately
Rejection Criteria:	Specimen cannot be frozen

Lab to Lab Specialty Testing

- ❖ **Immunohistochemistry**
- ❖ **Special Stains**
- ❖ **Molecular Pathology**
- ❖ **Flow Cytometry**

DAB CHROMAGEN	
AAT-Alpha-antitrypsin	AFP-Alpha Fetaprotein
ALK-Anaplastic Lymphoma Kinase	BLC-2
BCL-6	Beta-Catenin
Ber-EP4-Anit Human Epithelial Antigen	B72.3 (TAG-72)
Ca125	Calcitonin
Calretinin	CD1A
CD3	CD4
CD5	CD7
CD8	CD10
CD15	CD20
CD23	CD30
CD31	CD34
CD56	CD68
CD79	CD99
CD117-C-KIT (GIST)	CD138
CEA	CDX2
Cyclin D1	Chromagrannin A
CK-LMW	CK-HMW (34 Beta E12)
CK 5/6	CK-PAN
CK7	CK8-18
CK20	CK-19
D240	Desmin
EGFR	EMA
ER-Estrogen Receptor	Factor 8
Fascin	Galactin-3
GCDFP-15	GFAP-Gilial Fibrillary Acidic Protein
H-Pylori	HCG
Hemoglobin A	HEP-Par1
Her2Neu by IHC	HHV-8
HMB45-Melanosome	Inhibin
Ki67	LCA
Mammoglobin	Mart-1/MELANA
MSA- Muscle Specific Actin	MOC-31- Epithelial Specific Antigen
Myeloperoxidase	
DAB CHROMAGEN	
E-Cadhedrin	Factor 13 A
Gastrin	Kappa
MSH-6	MSH-2
MLH-1	MUM-1
Lambda	Napsin A

DAB CHROMAGEN	
NSE	OCT 3/4
PAX2	PAX5
PIN4 Cocktail	P16
P53	P63
P501s	P504s
PLAP-Placental alkaline phosphatase	PR-Progesterone Receptor
PSA-Prostate specific antigen	PSAP- Prostatic Acid phosphatase
PSMA	RCC
S100	SMA-Smooth Muscle Actin
SMM- Smooth Muscle Myosin	Synaptophysin
TTF- 1 Thyroid Transcription	Thrombomodulin
Thyroglobulin	Tdt
Ubiquitin	Villin
Vimentin	WT1-Wilm's Tumor 1

RED CHROMAGEN
Factor13
HMB45
Mart1/ Melan A
S100

PANELS:
Breast Insitu
ER PR
Invasive A Breast
ER, PR, Ki67, HER2 by FISH & IHC
Esophagus
Alician Blue
Granuloma
AFB-FITE, AFB-FLO, GMS-FUNGUS, PAS-Fungus
Liver
Iron, Masson Trichrome, PASD, PAS
Carcinoid
Chromagrannin A, CD56, NSE, Synaptophysin
Hodgkins
CD3, CD15, CD20, CD30, FASCIN, LCA
Plasma Cell Dyscrasia
Kappa, Lambda by in situ
Prostate
Pin 4 Cocktail (HMW, P504, P63) dual stain

SKIN PANELS
Atypical Dermal Spindle Cell Tumor
CD31, CD68, Cytokeratin 5/6, HMB45, MART-1, S100, SMA
Bland Dermal Spindle Cell Tumor
CD34, Factor 8, S100, SMA
Melanoma
HMB45, MART-1, S100
Microsatellite Instability
MSH-6, MSH-2, MSH-1
Neuroendocrine Tumors of the Skin
Cytokeratin 7, Cytokeratin 20, Synaptophysin, TTF-1
Pagetoid Lesions
Cytokeratin 7, Pancytokeratin, EMA, Mart-1, S100
Small Blue Cell Tumors of the Dermis
CD3, CD20, Cytokeratin 7, Cytokeratin 20, pancytokeratin, SMA
Spongiotic Dermatitis in a Child
CD 1A, CD3, CD4, CD68, S100

SPECIAL STAINS	
AFB Fite	AFB Flo
Alcian Blue	Colloidal Fe
B&B Gram	DIF (Direct Immunofluoresence)
Congo Red	Elastic
Copper	GMS
Fontana Masson	Masson Trichrome
Iron	Mucicarmine
Melanin Bleach	PASD
PAS	Steiner for spirochetes
Reticulin	

FLOW CYTOMETRY
CD4 Profile
(Includes CD3, CD4 and CD8% and absolute values)
CD3
level
Leukemia/Lymphoma Panel
Blood
Bone Marrow
Body Fluid
Tissue/Lymph Node

MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY
Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization (FISH)
HER2Neu
In Situ Hybridization
HPV-Tissue
High and Low Risk
Kappa & Lambda- for Plasma Cell Dyscrasia
Hybrid Capture-Liquid Based Cytology
HPV High & Low Risk

Delta MDX Molecular & Cytogenetic Testing

**KRAS – BRAF testing
FISH for BCL 1, 2, and 6
Thrombophilia Risk Panel**

Delta MDX provides comprehensive cytogenetic analysis of neoplastic blood and bone marrow using traditional chromosome banding techniques.

Molecular pathology is an emerging specialty within the field of anatomic and clinical pathology that uses DNA analysis and specialized molecular techniques for the accurate classification and diagnosis of malignancies and infectious disease.

Additional tests are added to the Molecular & Cytogenetics test menu continually. Please contact the respective area for turn around times.

Molecular & Cytogenetic Testing

Preparation, Collection, Fixation and Transportation

Universal Precautions Required

PATIENT PREPARATION

Patient preparation for all molecular and cytogenetic specimens are according to the instructions specified by the patient's physician.

REQUISITION REQUIREMENTS

1. Refer to the requisition requirements for Histopathology requisition.
2. In addition to the date collected, include time of collection.

SPECIMEN LABELING

1. Use facilities guidelines for obtaining proper patient identification.
2. Label the blood collection tube with the first and last name and second identifier in pen, or affix a printed label or an addressograph label. Indicate date/time collected on specimen. **SEE SPECIMEN LABELING SECTION.**

COLLECTION, HANDLING, FIXATION AND TRANSPORTATION

1. Collect specimens according to each of the following sections.
2. Mix specimens according to each of the following sections.
3. Label specimen according to labeling instructions, complete requisition according to requirements, place the specimen container in the large section of a biohazard transport bag and the completed requisition in the outer section and submit to the laboratory.
4. Transport to the laboratory at room temperature immediately.

Test Name:	Cytogenetic Analysis- Oncology
Methodology:	Chromosome Analysis
Performed:	Monday- Friday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Specimen Collection Supplies:	One green top (sodium heparin) tube of bone marrow aspirate; one green top (sodium heparin) peripheral blood (blast count should be >5%)
Specimen Collection:	Bone marrow aspirate; Venous blood draw
Handling:	Bone marrow aspirate, peripheral blood- room temperature. On weekends, refrigeration recommended.
Specimen Requirements:	Preferred: 3 ml- 5 ml whole blood/bone marrow aspirate Minimum: 1 ml whole blood/ bone marrow aspirate
Transport:	Inside biohazard bag
Rejection Criteria:	Frozen. Wrong coagulant
Department:	Molecular Diagnostics & Cytogenetics

Test Name:	Thrombophilia Assay (Hypercoag panel, coag risk panel)
Methodology:	GenMark Dx Polymerase Chain Reaction/ Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Monday- Friday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Specimen Collection Supplies:	One purple EDTA tube- includes 4 mutations: Factor V Leiden, Prothrombin, 2 MTHFR mutations-may be ordered as single test
Specimen Collection:	Venous blood draw
Handling:	Whole blood room temperature, on weekend store in refrigerator
Specimen Requirements:	Preferred: 3 ml whole blood Minimum: 1 ml whole blood
Transport:	Inside biohazard bag
Rejection Criteria:	Frozen. Wrong coagulant
Department:	Molecular Diagnostics & Cytogenetics

Test Name:	BCL-1, BCL-2 &BCL-6
Methodology:	Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization
Performed:	Monday- Friday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Specimen Collection Supplies:	One purple EDTA tube- includes whole blood or paraffin embedded tissues or 3 positively charged slides, touch prep, fresh tissue, minimum 0.5 ml heparinized or EDTA bone marrow, 5 ml heparinized or EDTA blood, or fresh tissue in RPMI
Specimen Collection:	Universal precautions required
Handling:	Keep block cool, avoid excessive heat; whole blood 2-8 degrees; refrigerated fresh tissue
Specimen Requirements:	Tumor in tissue, minimum 3 slides, 5 ml whole blood, preferred specimen 1 ml bone marrow
Transport:	Refrigerate fresh tissue and ship within 24 hours with ice pack
Rejection Criteria:	No tumor present in tissue, tissue has be decalcified, labeling specifications not followed, incorrect fixative, frozen specimen
Department:	Molecular Diagnostics & Cytogenetics

Test Name:	Infiniti AutoGenomic KRAS/BRAF Assay
Methodology:	Microarray
Performed:	Monday- Friday. After hours and weekends: see table of contents for “directory” section
Specimen Collection Supplies:	Paraffin embedded tissue or 3 positively charged slides or paraffin embedded scrolls
Specimen Collection:	Universal precautions required
Handling:	Keep block cool and avoid excessive heat
Specimen Requirements:	Tumor in tissue, minimum 3 slides
Transport:	Keep cool and place inside a biohazard bag
Rejection Criteria:	No tumor present in tissue, tissue has be decalcified, labeling specifications not followed, incorrect fixative, frozen specimen
Department:	Molecular Diagnostics & Cytogenetics