

500-2 Service Manual

500-2 Service Manual

Contents

Chapter 1	General
Chapter 2	Radio Overview
Chapter 3	Mode Introduction
Chapter 4	Disassembly For Repair
Chapter 5	Circuit Description
Chapter 6	PCB Layout
Chapter 7	Adjustment
Chapter 8	Bill Of Materials
Chapter 9	Charger
Chapter 10	Block and Schematic

Appendix 1 Abbreviations

Appendix 2 Main Technical Indexes

Appendix 3 Trouble Shooting

Chapter 1 General

1.1 Introduction

This manual applies to the service and maintenance of 500-2 radios, and is for the engineers and professional technicians that have been trained by our company. In this manual you can find all the information of product service. Our company reserve the rights to modify the product construction and specification without notice in order to enhance product performance and quality.

Read this manual before repairing the product.

1.2 Attention

Safety

Do not touch the antenna connector with your skin directly. .

Do not reverse the power polarities.

Do not turn on the radio before the antenna and load connection is completed.

Do not contact the damaged antenna when transmitting, or may make lightly burning on the skin.

Electromagnetism Interference

It's prohibited to use or repair the radio in the following places:

Hospital, health center, air port

Any area with a potentially explosive atmosphere (e.g. fuel and chemical storage and transport devices etc.)

Any area of dynamite or exploder.

Change Components

All the components used in repair service should be supplied by our company.

Other components of the same models available on the market are not surely able to use in this product and we do not guarantee the quality of the product using such components.

1.3 Service

All the products of our company are subject to the service warranty.

After-sales service will be provided, and the length of warranty is stated by our company.

The radio and its accessories are all in the warranty. However, in one of the following cases, charge free service will be not available.

No valid service warranty or original invoice.

Malfunction caused by disassemble, repair or reconstruct the radio by the users without permission.

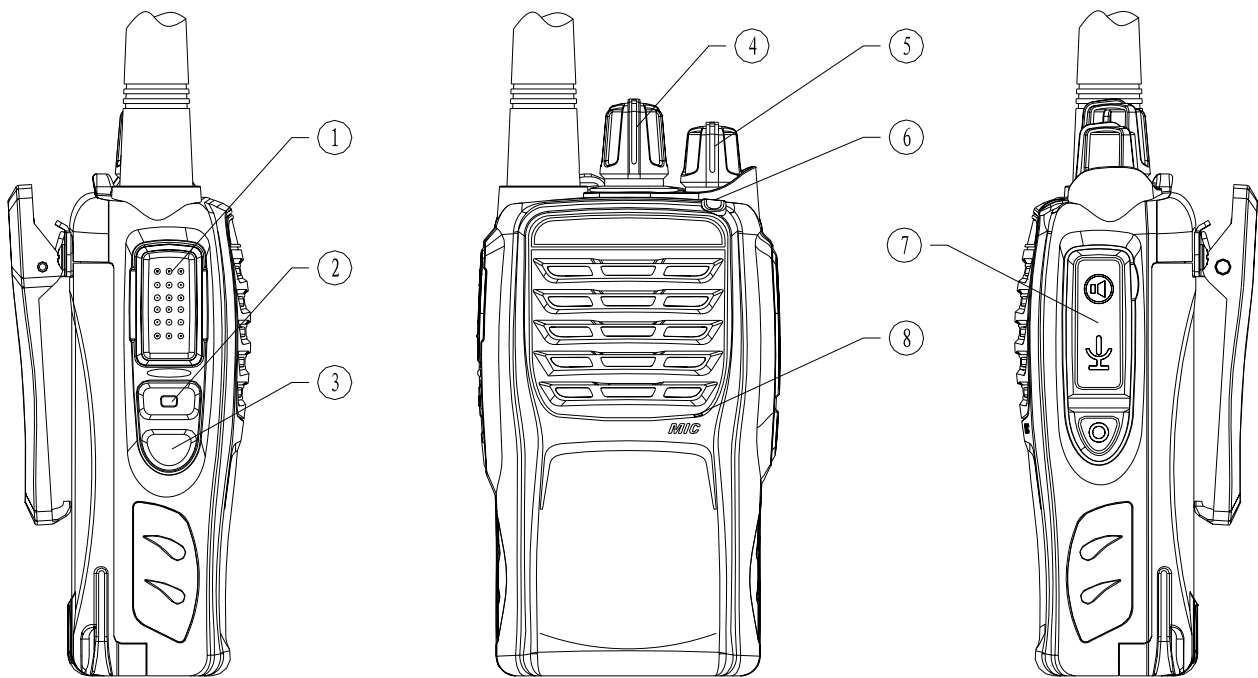
Wear and tear or any man-made sabotage such as mechanical damage, burning or water

leaking.

Product serial number has been damage or the product trademark is difficult to identify.

Beyond the warranty time, lifetime service is still available with paid. And we also provide service components to service stations and staff.

Chapter 2 Radio Overview



1. PTT (PUSH-TO-TALK) Button

To make a call, press and hold the PTT button, then speak into the microphone in normal voice. Release the PTT button to receive signals.

2. Side Button 1 (Programmable Button)

3. Side Button 2(Programmable Button)

4. Channel Selector

Rotate to select channel 1~16.

5. Power/Volume Knob

Turn clockwise to switch on the radio.

Turn counterclockwise till a click is heard to switch off the radio.

Rotate to adjust the volume after turning on the radio.

6. LED Indicator

LED Indicates Status/Alert. Green LED lights when a carrier is detected in the current channel. Red LED lights during transmission. Orange LED flashes when receiving the Radio ID 5-Tone signaling or 2-Tone signaling or MDC signaling. Green LED flashes when scanning. Red LED flashes when low battery.

7. Speaker/Microphone Jacks

Used to connect the optional speaker/microphone.

8. MIC Input

Please keep your mouth about 10 cm (3-4 inches) away from the microphone input to achieve the best voice quality. If the distance is too far or too close to the radio, it will affect the voice quality.

Programmable Button Function

The dealer can program the Side Button 1, Side Button 2 and the Top Button with the following Optional functions:

None (No Function)
Annunciation Selection
Talkaround
Call1/Call2/Call3/Call4
Lone Work
Emergency Call
Cancel Emergency Call
Scan
Noise Channel Delete
Call Forward
H/M/L Power Switch
Squelch Adjust
Monitor Momentary/Call Cancel
Monitor/Call Cancel
Squelch Off Momentary/Call Cancel
Squelch Off/Call Cancel
Lock Keyboard
Battery Check
Surveillance
CTCSS Scan/Forever Save CH
CTCSS Scan/Save CH

Chapter 3 Mode Introduction

Mode combinations

Mode		Function	How to access
User Mode		For normal use	Power on
PC Mode	Data Programming mode	Reading and writing frequency data and other functions	Receive instructions from the PC
	Test Mode	Used to tune the radio using the PC.	Receive instructions from the PC
	Firmware Upgrading Mode	Upgrades the software when new features are added	Receive instructions from the PC

User Mode:

You can enter User Mode (conventional communication mode) by turning on the power switch. Users in the mode can use the defined function of the radio.

Data programming mode:

Before leaving the factory, the radio has been set in factory. However, due to different requirements of users, functional parameters of the radio such as working frequency, channels, CTCSS/DCS and auto scanning, etc. should be set again. Therefore, the company has specially designed a set of 500 Programming software with friendly interface, convenient operation and visualized display for setting functional parameters of the radio. Steps for setting the functional parameters of the interphone by computer are as follows:

1. Install 500 Programming software on the computer.
2. As shown in the figure below, connect the radio to the computer through a special serial or USB programming cable.

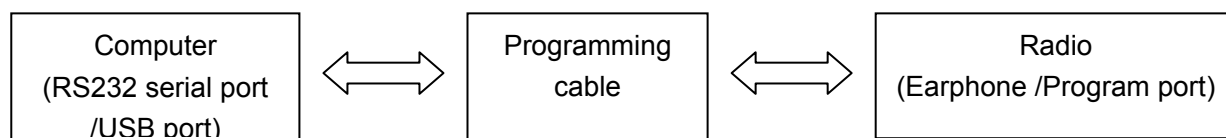


Figure 3-1

3. Turn on the power of the computer.

4. Turn on the power of the interphone.
5. Click on 500 Programming software icon to perform the program.
6. In the main menu of the programming software, click on [Read] to read the parameters of the radio into the computer; click on [Write] to write the parameters set in the computer into the radio.

Caution:

1. Before editing for the first time, the data should be read from the interphone and properly backed up.
2. If the edited data cannot work normally after being written into the interphone, please open the backup data and rewrite them.
3. "Model Information" is the important information of the interphone and should not be altered.

Test Mode

According to Figure 3-1, connect the radio to the computer with the special programming cable.

Warning: Before entering the Test Mode, please first connect a high-frequency load of 50 ohm to the antenna port of the radio or connect the radio a certain test instrument.

With the 500 Programming Software, you can enter the adjustment status in Computer Test Mode to adjust the following parameters of the radio:

- (1) Frequency stability
- (2) RF transmitting high power
- (3) RF transmitting Middle power
- (4) RF transmitting Low power
- (5) Maximum TX voice deviation
- (6) VOX1(Tight)
- (7) VOX10
- (8) 2/5 tone deviation
- (9) DTMF deviation
- (10) MSK deviation
- (11) DCS/LTR balance
- (12) DCS deviation
- (13) LSD deviation
- (14) CTCSS(67.0Hz) deviation
- (15) CTCSS(254.1Hz) deviation
- (16) Battery warning level
- (17) RX Sensitivity
- (18) DCS RX middle level
- (19) RX squelch 9 open level
- (20) RX squelch 9 close level
- (21) RX squelch 1 open level
- (22) RX squelch 1 close level

- (23) RSSI(-120dBm)
- (24) RSSI(-70dBm)

Firmware Upgrading Mode

The radio is equipped with an internal FLASH ROM, it can be upgraded if required.

1. Connect the radio to the PC with a proper programming cable, then power on the radio.
2. Run computer programming software.
3. Select the right "com port" you connected and the upgrading firmware and then click on "E.P" to start downloading.
4. Turn off the radio and exit the programming software.

Chapter 4 Disassembly For Repair

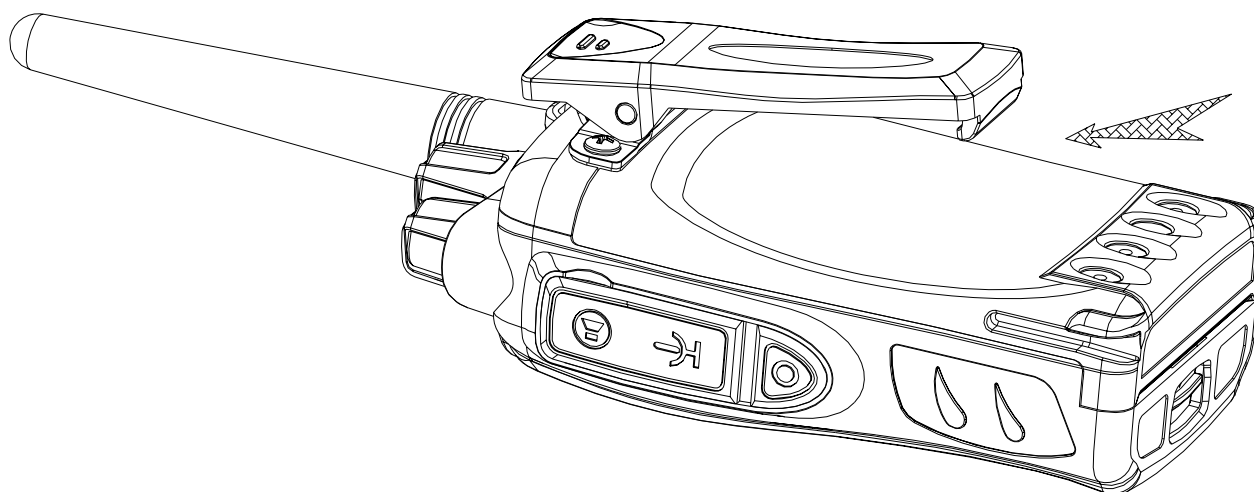
The radio is a kind of sophisticated communication equipment with small and fine mechanical structure. You should assemble and disassemble it carefully during the maintenance process. The Instruction for assembly and disassembly are as follows:

Installing/Removing the Battery Pack

To install the battery, please place it into the groove on the top of the radio chassis about 5mm away from latch.

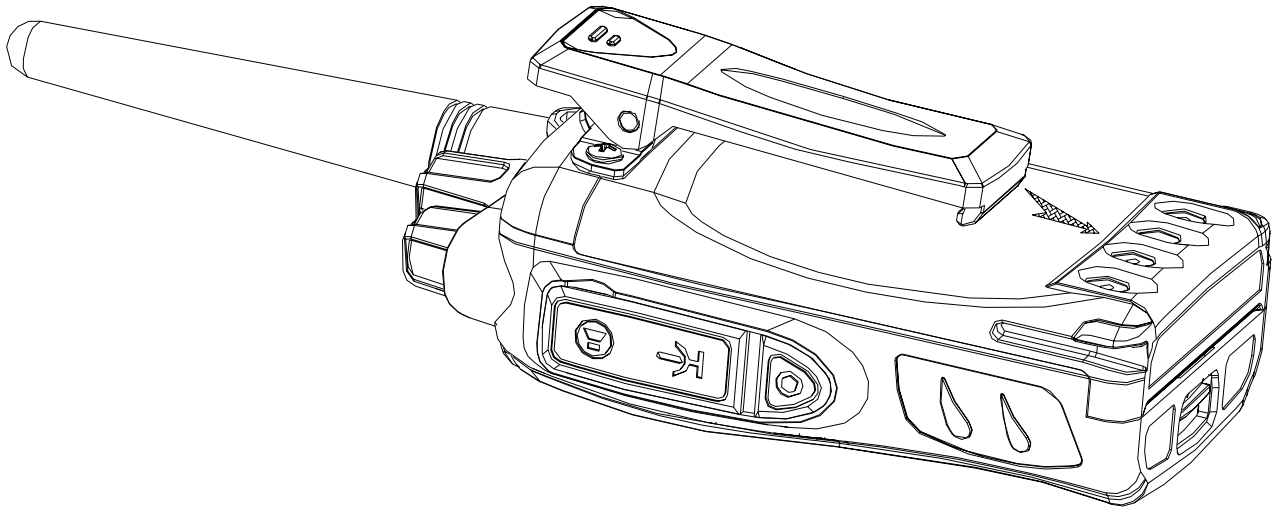
If the radio has the belt clip installed, you will have to press one side of the clip, to raise it and slide the battery in proper position.

Press the battery with your fingers and push the battery until you hear a latch click, the battery is now installed.



Removing the battery pack:

If you want to remove the battery from the radio, first press the battery latch located on the bottom of the radio, and then press down to slide the battery about 5mm to release the latch.

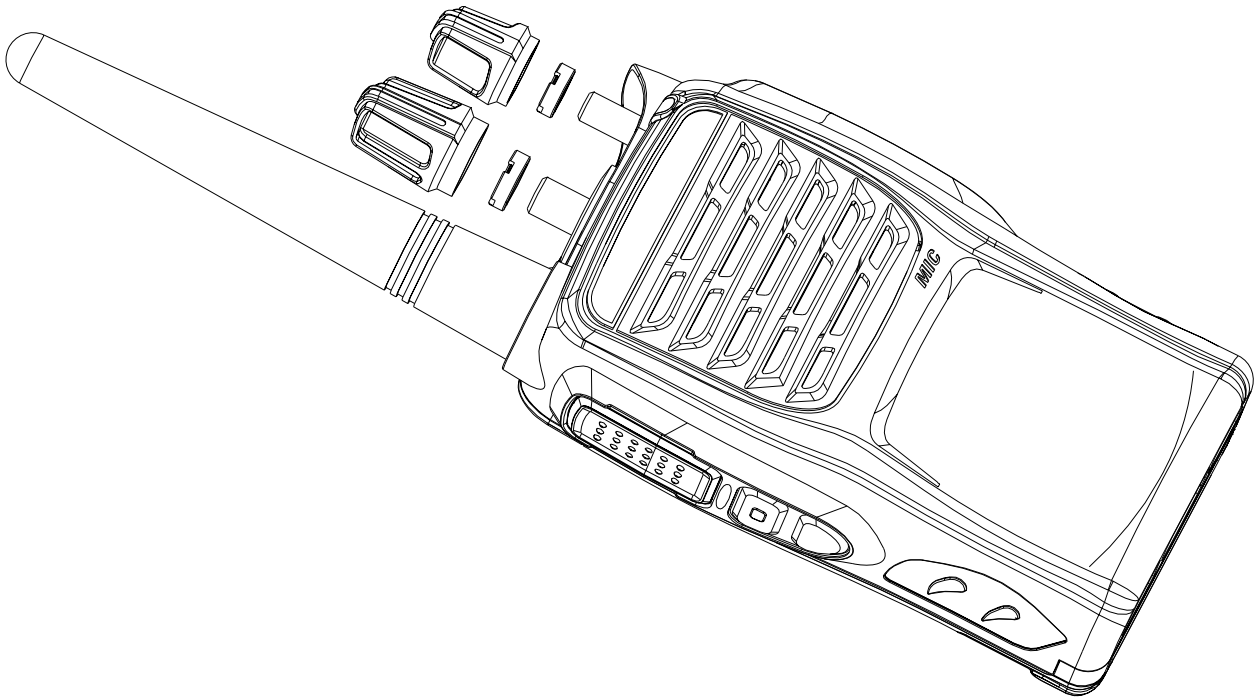
**Notice:**

- * Do not short-circuit the battery terminals or dispose the battery in fire.
- * Do not disassemble the battery case.

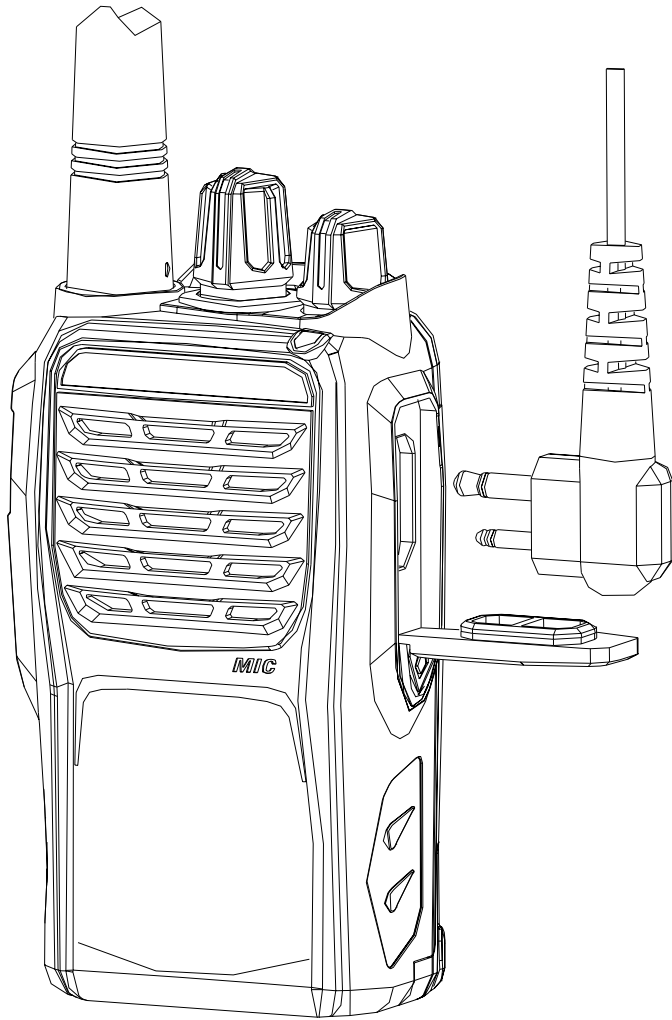
Installing/Removing Antenna, Channel Selector, Power/Volume Knob

Screw the antenna out of the connector at the top of the radio by holding the bottom of the antenna and turn it counter clockwise until apart.

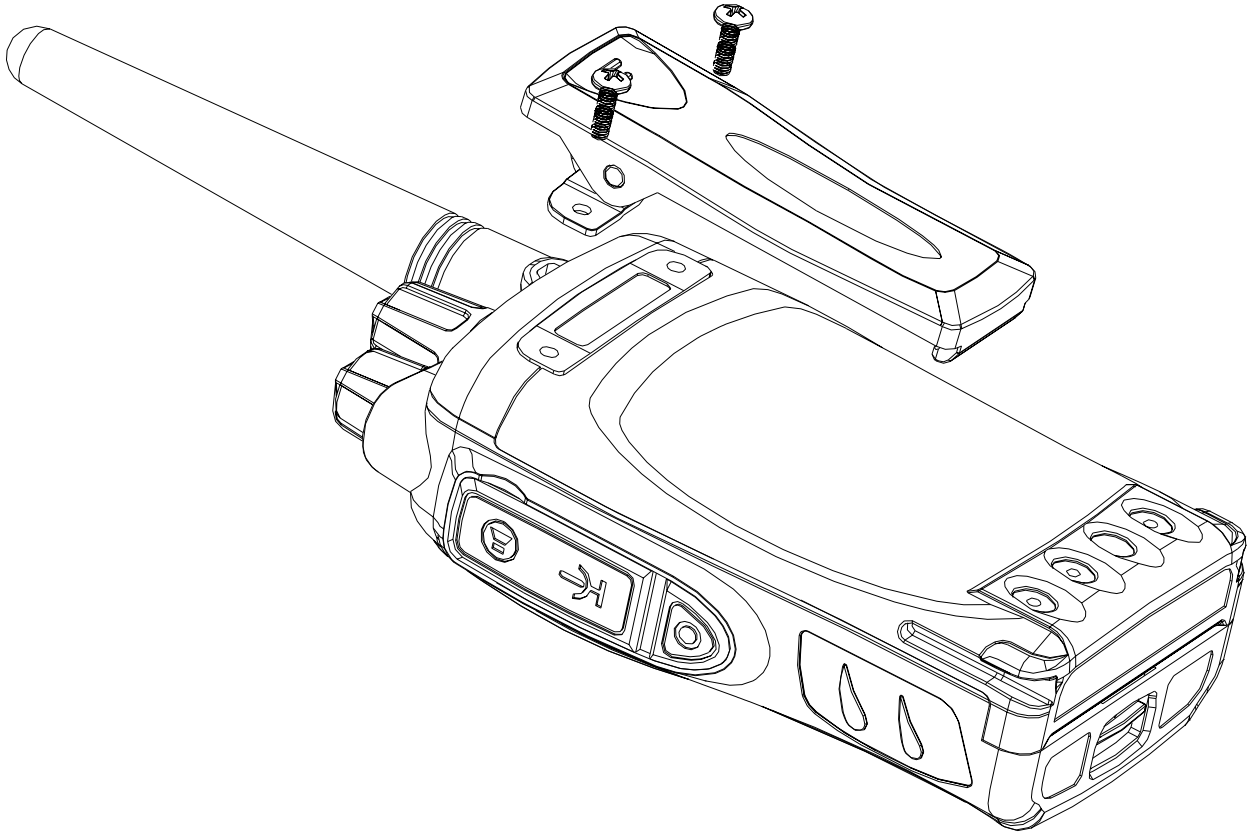
Using a smooth tool or a tool protected with cloth to hold or prize up from the bottom of channel selector or volume knob until apart, then screw the two screws under the channel selector and volume knob using the special tool.

**Install external speaker/MIC**

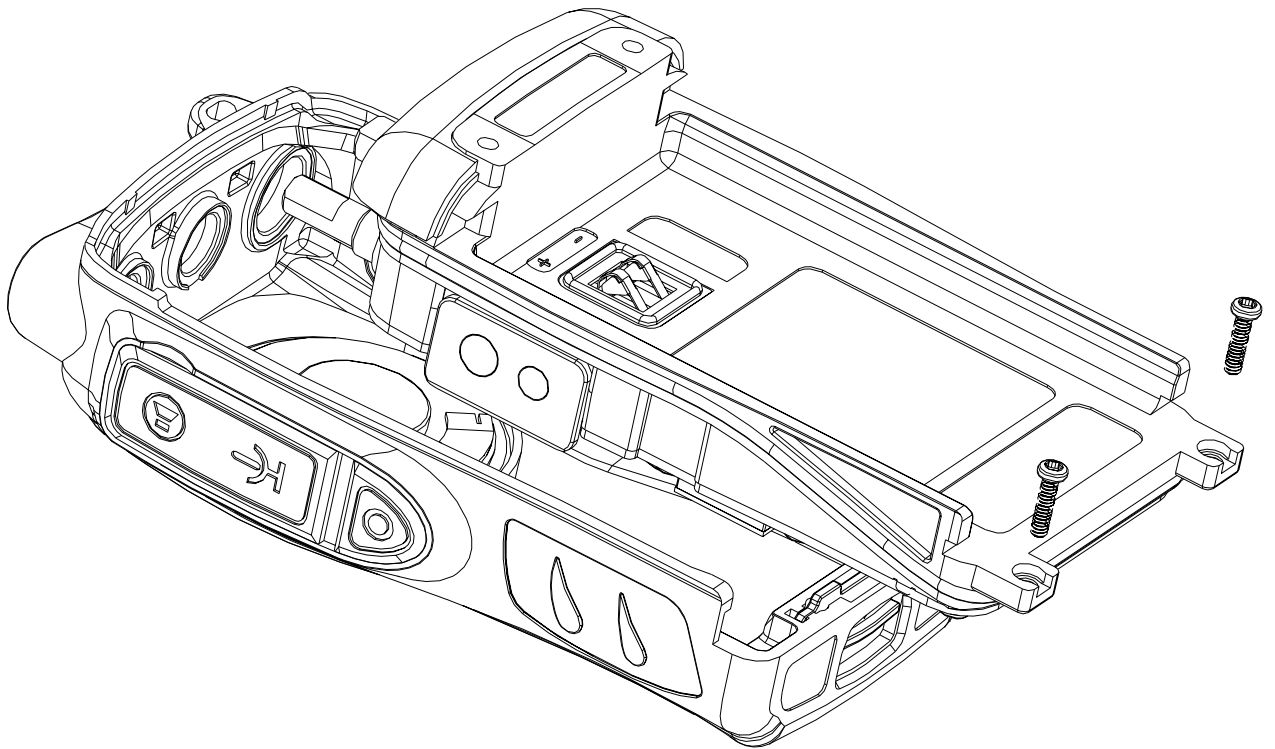
Open the cover of the jack for external speaker/MIC, and then insert the plug of the external speaker or microphone into the jack on the radio. When inserting the accessory plug, make sure it is properly aligned (straight) to avoid internal damage to the connector in the radio.

**Installing/Removing the Belt Clip**

Use the 2 screws (M2.5x8.0) supplied with the radio and fix these screws on the holes in the radio clip and into the holes in the aluminum case. If you want to remove the clip from the radio, just unscrew them, and remove the clip, you can put the screws back to make sure you do not lose them.

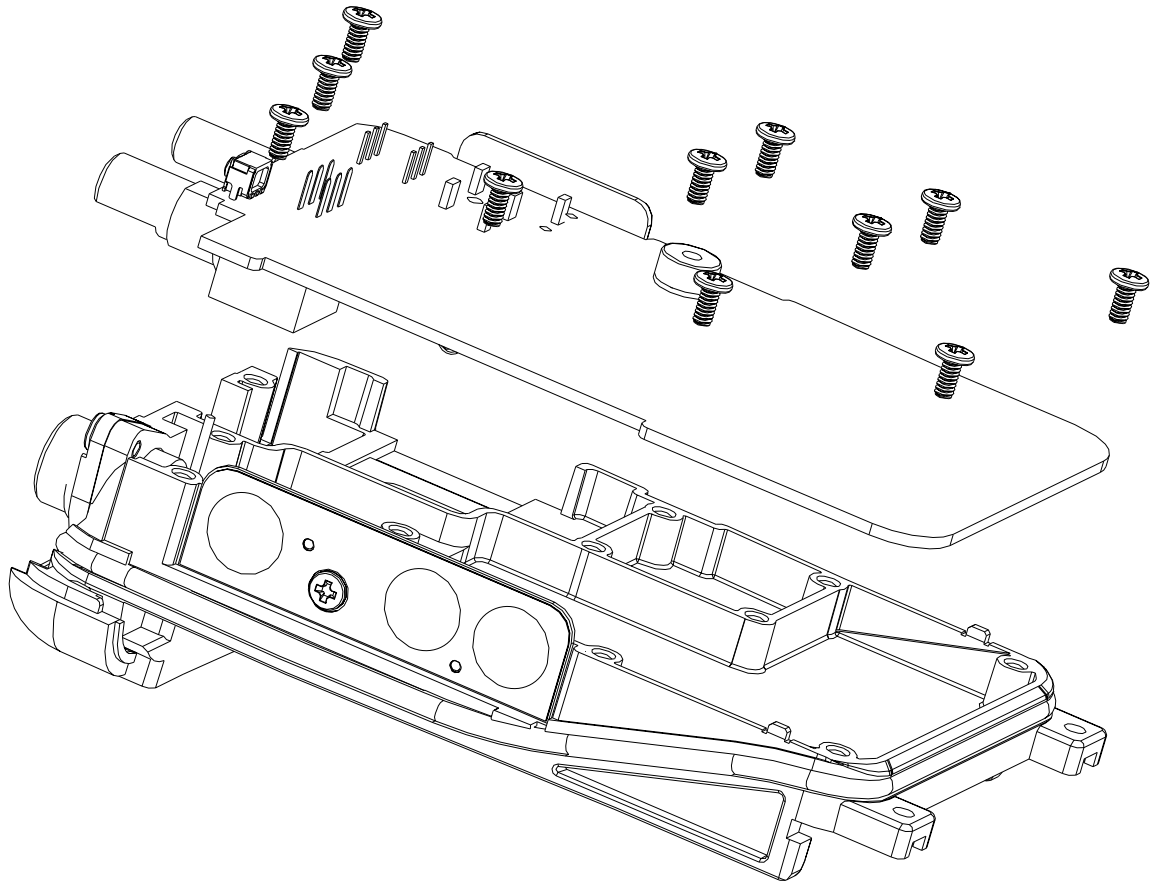


Installing/Removing the Chassis, PCB

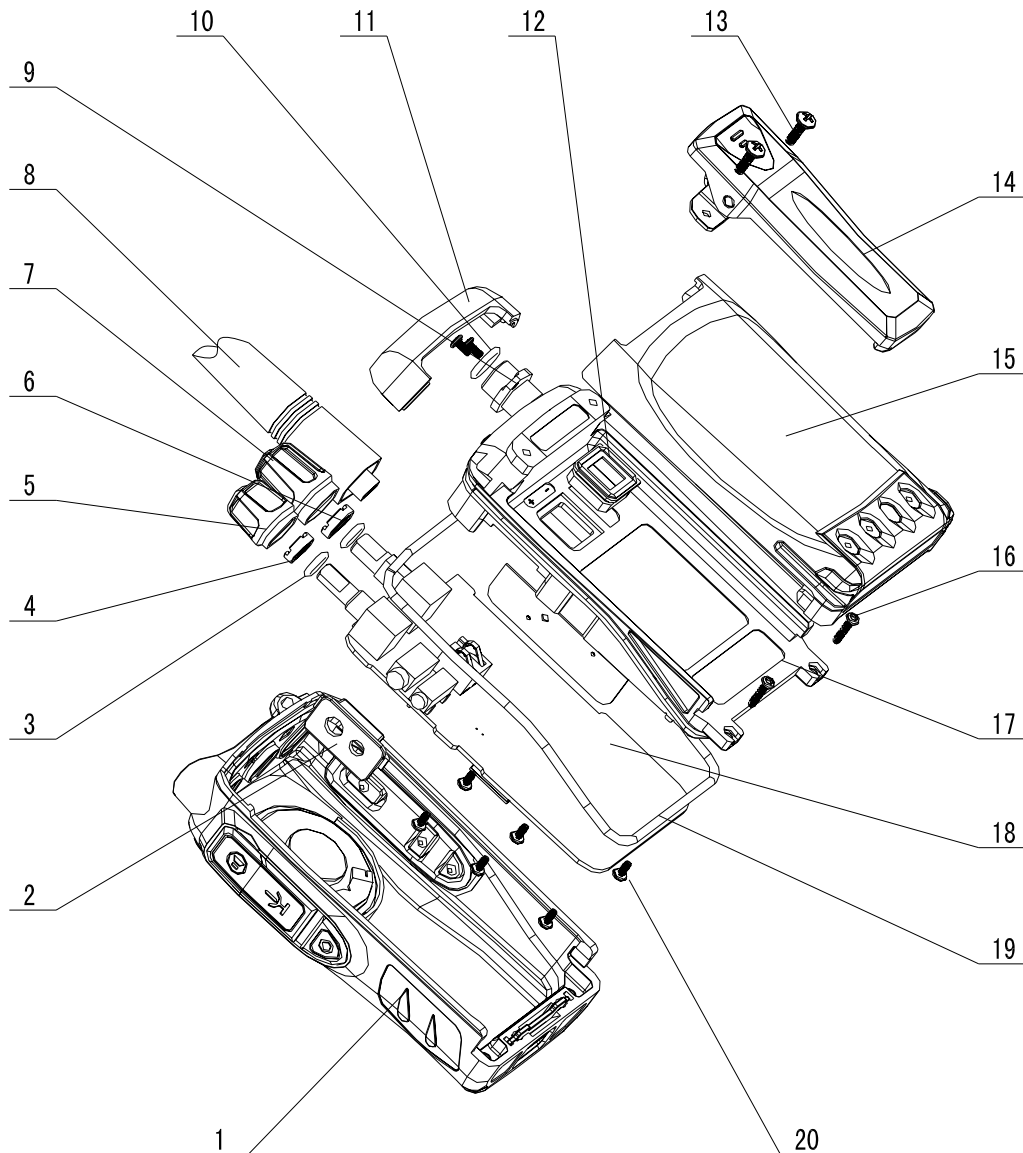


1. Remove the antenna, channel selector and power/volume knob and two screws under the channel selector and volume knob.
2. Screw off the two screws at the bottom of the radio by a hexagon screwdriver.
3. Pry up the aluminum shell by peaking a straight screwdriver in the cross-slot at the bottom of the aluminum shell, and then pull out the surface shell after placing the aluminum shell inclined to the back; but please be careful not to snap off the cable of the speaker.
4. Screw off the 11 screws on the PCB by a cross screwdriver.
5. Unsolder the endpoints of the antenna , PTT key board and speaker by an electric iron, then remove the main board.

After the disassembly above, you can carry out corresponding reparation and debugging according to the actual malfunction.



Exploded View of the Parts



No.	Parts No.	Description	Qty.
1	604CU50001001	Cabinet asm.	1
2	2010CU600004X	Ear phone cabinet	1
3	2020CU500004X	O-ring $\Phi 5 \times 1.5$	2
4	304060250001X	Volume screw M6X0.75X2.5 special shape brass	1
5	2010CU600006X	Volume knob black	1
6	304070250001X	Volume screw M7X0.75X2.5 special shape brass	1
7	2010CU600007X	Encoder knob black	1
8	7100500240471	Antenna	1
9	2030CU600003X	SMA RF socket	1
10	2020CU500003X	O-ring $\Phi 7 \times 1.5$	1
11	2010CU600005X	radio top cover black	1
12	2020CU500002X	2 PIN power socket washer	1

13	301250607001X	machine screw M2.5X6.0 PB(+) black Ni-plate	2
14	7110CLP02001	CLP-02 clip asm.	1
15	70600CB03001	Battery CB-03 (OR CB-05 70600CB05001)	1
16	301200807001X	Machine screw M2.0X8.0	2
17	2030CU500001X	AL cabinet polishing ADC 12	1
18	1010500200102	Main PCB	1
19	2020CU500001X	cabinet waterproof ring	1
20	301200407001X	machine screw M2.0X4.0	14

Exchangeable part list

No.	Parts No.	Description	Qty.
	604CU50001001	Cabinet asm.	
1	2010CU500001X	Radio front cabinet black	1
2	2010CU600010X	Light-guider clear PC	1
3	2010CU600002X	PTT plastic key black	1
4	2010CU600003X	Ear phone plastic plug	1
5	2010CU600008X	Ear phone cover black	1
6	2020CU600001X	PTT silicon key block	1
7	306003301001X	Φ36mm air filter nylon weave	1
8	1211361601001	Speaker Φ36mm	1
9	2040CU600004X	7mm mic air filter Φ7.0X4.5X0.2	1
10	2020CU600004X	Mic waterproof washer	1
11	2010CU600009X	Battery locker black	1
12	2030CU600004X	Spring Φ2.3X10.5 Φ0.25	2
	604CU50001002	AL cabinet asm.	
1	2030CU500001X	AL cabinet	1
2	2010CU600005X	Radio top cover black	1
3	2020CU500001X	Cabinet waterproof ring orange	1
4	2020CU500002X	Power socket washer	1
5	301250607001X	Machine screw M2.5X6.0	2
	2010CU600006X	Volume knob	
	2010CU600007X	Encoder knob	
	7110CLP02001	CLP-02 Clip	

Chapter 5 Circuit Description

5.1 Frequency configuration

The reference frequency of frequency synthesizer is provided by 12.8MHz crystal oscillator X1 TCXO. The receiver adopts quadric mixing mode. The first IF is 38.85MHz, and the second IF is 450kHz. The first local oscillation signal of the receiver is produced by frequency synthesizer and the second local oscillation signal selects the 3rd harmonics of 12.8MHz of crystal oscillator X1 TCXO. The signal of transmitter is produced by frequency synthesizer directly.

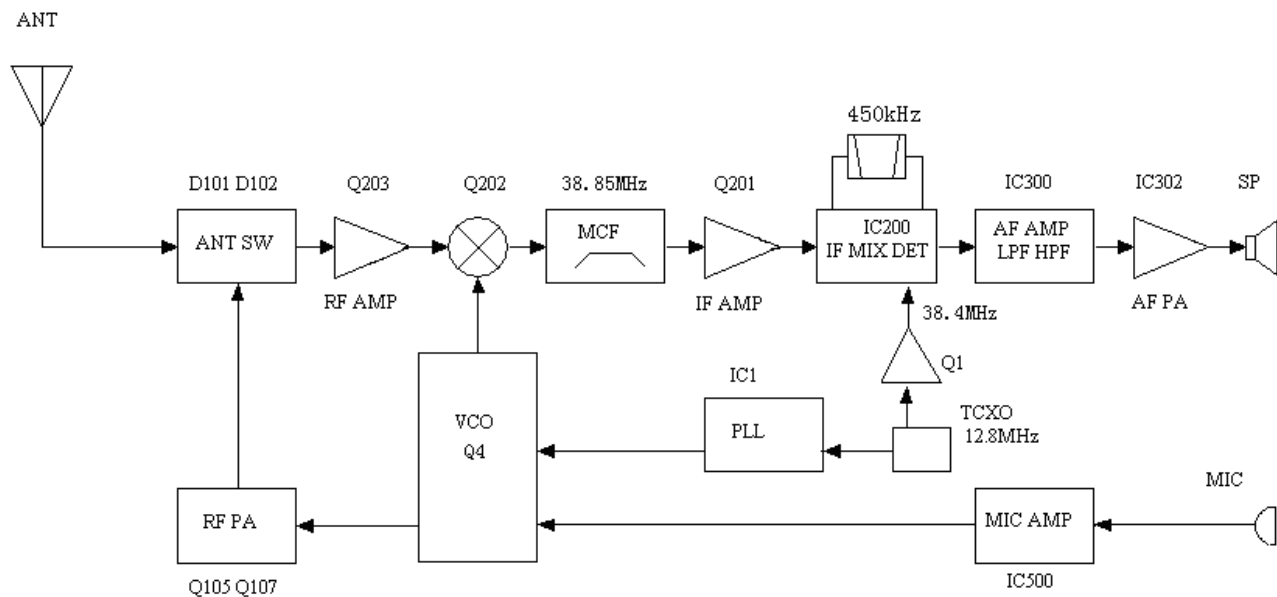


Figure 5. 1 Frequency configuration

5.2 Receiver (Rx)

The receiver is double conversion superheterodyne, designed to operate in the frequency range of 400 to 470MHz, The frequency configuration in Fig 2

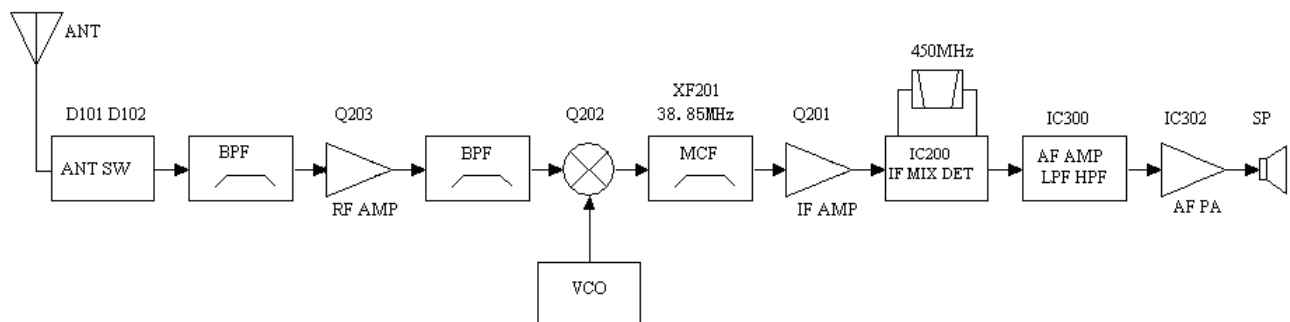


Figure 5.2 Receiver section configuration**Front End of Receiver**

Signals from the antenna are filtered by BPF which consists of C235 C236 C233 C604 C252 C951 C234 C255 C260 L211 L209 L208 D201 D202 and D204 via RX/TX switch (D101 D102 and D103). After being filtered out the useless out-of-band signals, the signals are amplified by LNA consisting of Q203 and external components.

Signals from LNA are filtered again by BPF which consists of C228 C226 C238 C229 C227 C239 C947 C259 C948 L214 L204 L203 D905 D206 and D206 before entering the 1st mixer (Q202).

The PWM wave is output by MCU composed of 58 foot and then commutated to adjustable voltage after filtering to change the capacity of varactor diode D905 D203 D206 D201 D202 and D204 to control the center frequency of BPF.

1st mixer

The first IF (51.65MHz) signal is produced after mixing of the receiving signal from LNA and the 1st local oscillation signal from frequency synthesizer. The first IF signal is filtered out adjacent channel and other useless signals by crystal filter (XF201).

IF Circuit

The 1st IF signal from crystal filter is amplified by the first IF amplifier (Q201) before processing of IC in IF(IC200, GT3136).

IF IC consists of the 2nd mixer, 2nd local oscillation, IF amplifier, limiter, frequency discriminator and noise amplifier.

Frequency (12.8MHz) produced by TCXO(X1) is amplified and then selects 3rd harmonics (38.4MHz) as the second local oscillator signal source. The second IF signals (450kHz) are generated after signals mixing of the second local oscillation (38.4MHz) and the first IF (38.85MHz) in IC200. Audio signals are demodulated and outputted by IC200 after the second IF signals are amplified and limited in IC200 and then filtered by ceramic filter(450kHz).

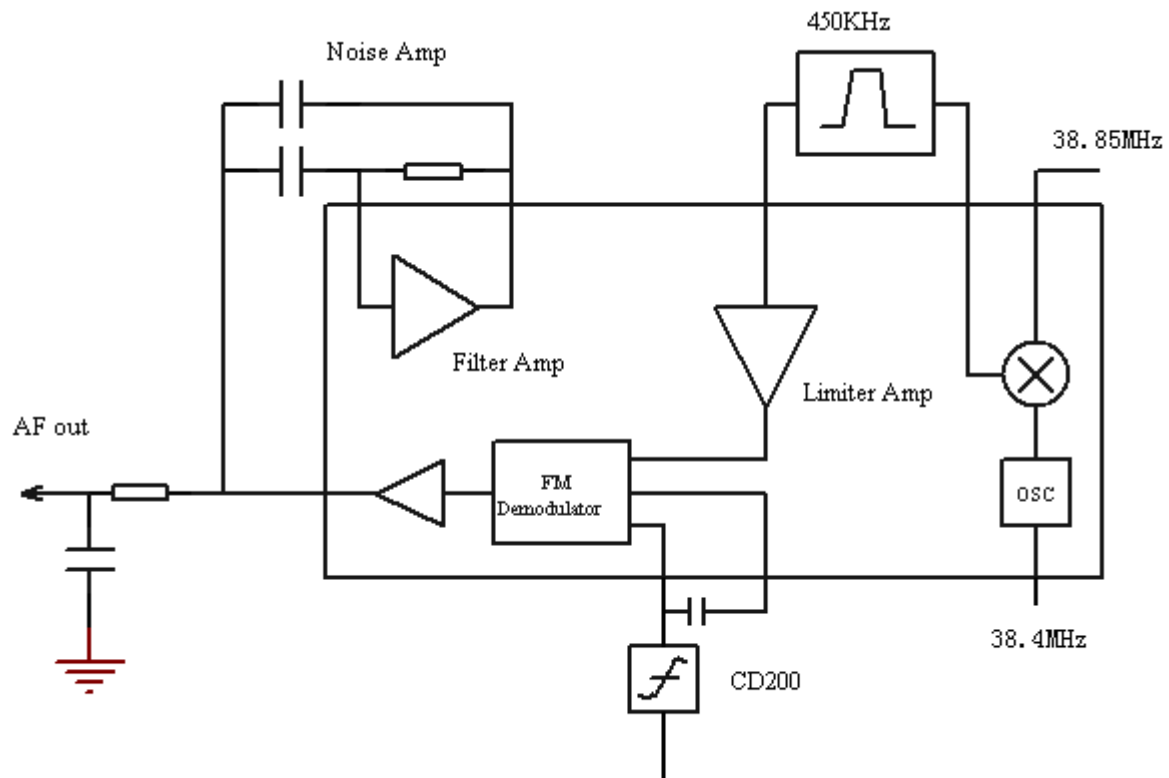


Figure 5.3 Schematic Diagram for IF System

Receiving Audio Signal Processing:

The audio processing circuit of receiver consists of IC300 and the peripheral circuit. Voice signals from IC200 are sent to IC301 (CTCSS signaling filter circuit) and IC300-D respectively after amplified in IC300-C. After that, the signals are removed of the HF and LF components after amplification, de-emphasis and filtering by other units of IC300, and only audit components from 300 to 3000Hz can be sent to audio power amplifier (IC302) after amplified in Q300 and adjusted by volume potentiometers.

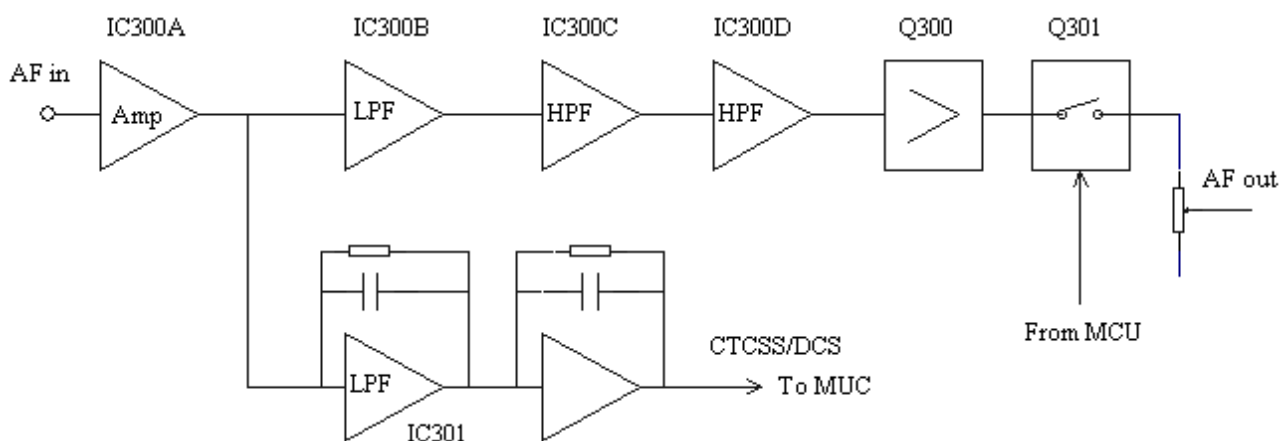


Figure 5.4 Schematic Diagram for Audio Processing of Receiver

Squelch Circuit

Part of the AF signal from the IC200 enters the FM IC again, and the noise component is amplified and rectified by a filter and an amplifier to produce a DC voltage corresponding to the noise level.

The DC signal from the FM IC goes to the analog port of the microprocessor (IC403). IC403 determines whether to output sounds from the speaker by checking whether the input voltage is higher or lower than the preset value.

To output sounds from the speaker, IC403 sends a high signal to the MUTE and AFCO lines and turns IC302 on through Q302, Q304 and Q305.

Audio Power Amplification

The audio power amplifying circuit consists of IC302 and the peripheral components.

The signals are amplified by audio power amplifier to drive the speaker after collecting the receiving audio signals, voice signals and warning tone signals. The warning tone has no volume limitation.

When AFCO is high level, Q304 is on, IC302 begins to work and the speaker sounds. Speaker Impedance: 16ohm

CTCSS Signal filtering

The audio signals after demodulation in IC200 may contain CTCSS (continuous tone control squelch system) or DCS (digital squelch) signals. The spectrum component of CTCSS/DCS is 67 to 250Hz. The filtering circuit composed of IC301 can filter out signals except CTCSS/DCS spectrum, which makes MCU decode the CTCSS/DCS more accurately.

5.3 Transmitter (Tx)

Transmitter Power Amplifier

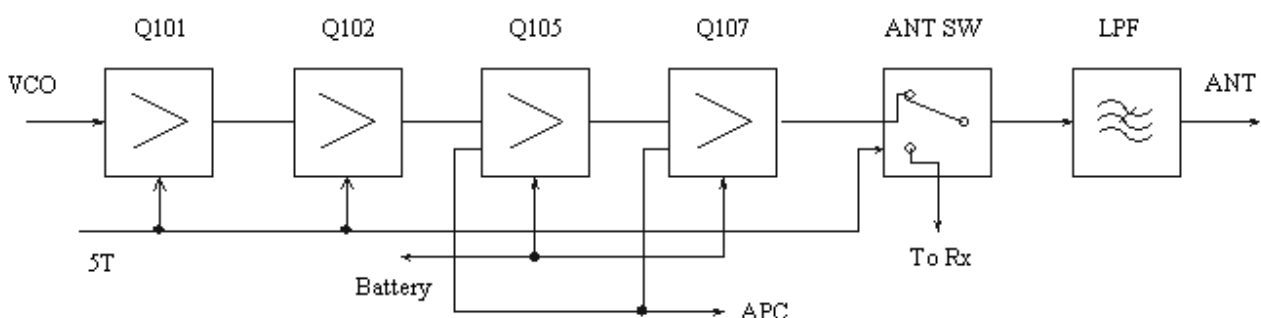


Figure 5.5 Schematic Diagram for Power Amplifier and Antenna Switch

The modulated RF signals from VCO are amplified by Q101, Q102 and Q105 before the power amplification in Q107.

Gate bias of Q105 and Q107 is controlled by APC circuit, so the output power of transmitter can be controlled conveniently by changing the gate bias voltage.

APC (Automatic Power Control)

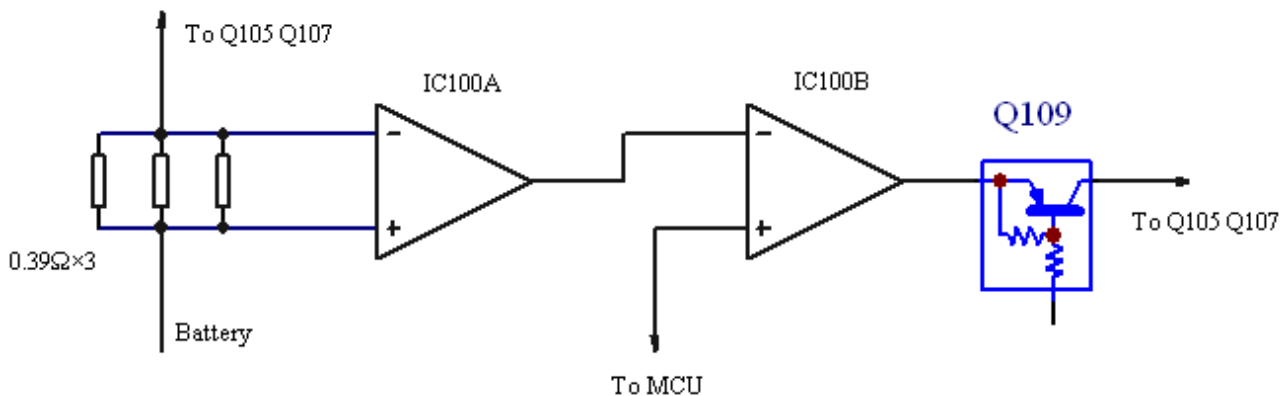


Figure 5.6 Schematic Diagram for APC Circuit

R130 R131 and R132 are power amplification current detector, IC100A is power amplification current sampling amplifier and IC00B is power comparison amplifier.

The power amplification current and IC100A output will increase with oversized output power of transmitter. When the output voltage of IC100B decreases, the bias voltage of Q105 and Q107 will decrease, finally the output power of transmitter will decrease or vice versa. Thus, the output power of transmitter will keep stable under any different working condition.

MCU can set the power by changing the voltage input to IC100B.

Audio Signal Processing of Transmitter

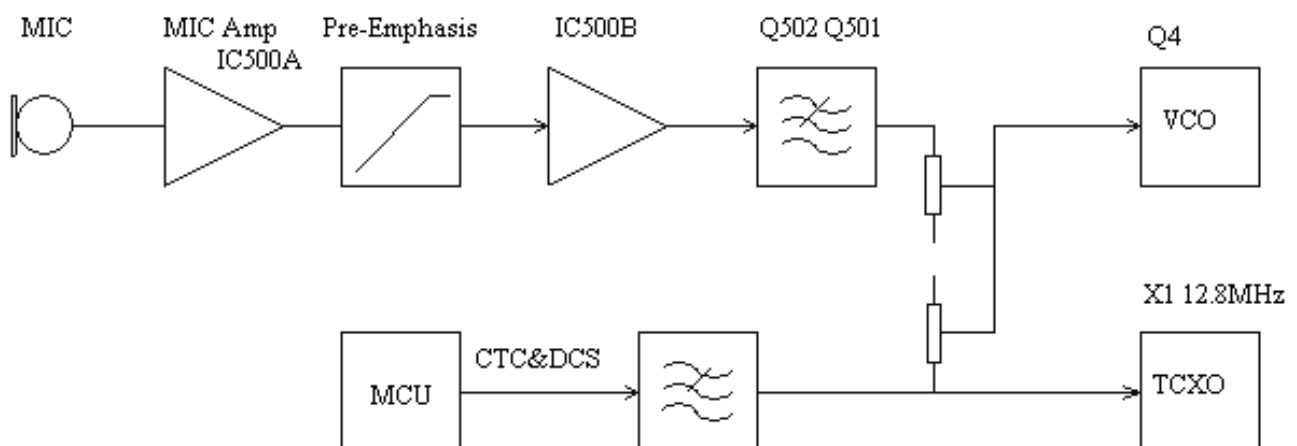


Figure 5.7 Schematic Diagram for Audit Circuit of Receiver

The audio signal processing circuit of Transmitter consists of IC500 and the peripheral components. Voice signals from MIC are sent to VCO for modulation together with CTCSS/DCS after amplification, limitation and filtering.

AGC circuit consists of D500, D501 and Q503. The signal amplitude is reduced to ensure no distortion in case of oversized MIC signal.

Q504, the power switch of voice processing circuit, controlled by MCU, will give power supply to IC500 only during transmission.

J501 is the socket for external MIC, and the internal MIC will disconnect automatically when using external MIC, but the internal PTT is still effective.

5.4 PLL Frequency Synthesizer

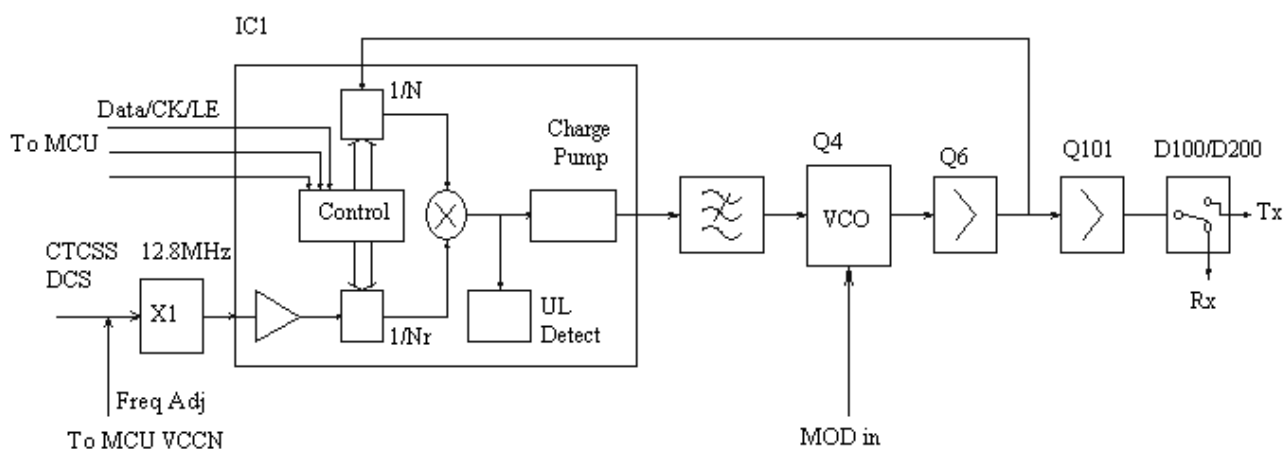


Figure 5.8 Schematic Diagram for Frequency Synthesizer

The 500-2 adopts PLL frequency synthesizer.

Frequency synthesizer consists of reference oscillator, voltage controlled oscillator (VCO), programmable frequency divider (PFD), phase comparator and low pass filter (LPF).

RX VCO Unit consists of Q4 D2 D4 L14 C35 C41 C44 C45 and D1 Q5.

TX VCO Unit consists of Q4 D2 D4 L14 C35 C41 C44 and C45, D5 is the modulation circuit of VCO.

IC1 (MB15E03) is PLL integrated circuit and contains programmable parametric frequency divider (PPFD), programmable frequency divider (PFD), phase comparator and charge pump, etc.

Low pass filter consists of R5 R7 R9 R10 C12 C15 and C18.

Reference frequency is provided by X1 (TCXO, 12.8MHz).

Reference frequency of TCXO (Temperature-controlled Crystal Oscillator) is divided by PPFD in IC1 to produce reference frequency of 5kHz or 6.25kHz (controlled by MCU based on the set channel frequency).

The oscillation frequency of VCO is compared with reference frequency to produce error signal after divided by PFD in IC1. The error signal is filtered by low pass filter before changing the VCO frequency to the set value in VCO (it is locking).

$$N = F_{VCO} / F_R$$

N: Division Frequency

F_{VCO} : VCO Oscillation Frequency

F_R : Reference Frequency

Lock lost detection: When PLL is out of lock, IC pin14 will output low level signal to MCU, and then MCU prohibit transmitter from transmitting with a warning tone.

Q8, the power filter, can provide PLL with more purified power to reduce the noise of frequency synthesizer.

5.5 Voice Circuit

The station is equipped with Voice Prompt Function, which is very useful during night or under dark condition.

The speaker will voice the current channel number when changing the channel every time because of the voice memory chip (IC401), which stores channel voice prompts.

5.6 Power Supply:

The station use lithium battery (7.4V, 1300mAh), while transmitter amplifier circuit (Q105 Q107) and receiver audio amplifier (IC302) use battery directly for power supply, and other circuits use regulated voltage (5V and 3V).

IC404: micro-power voltage stabilizer of 3V LDO, provides power (3V) of heavy current for the station together with Q10 and Q30.

IC902: 5V LDO

Q405: 5T switch (controlled by MCU)

5T: supply power for the front end of transmitter

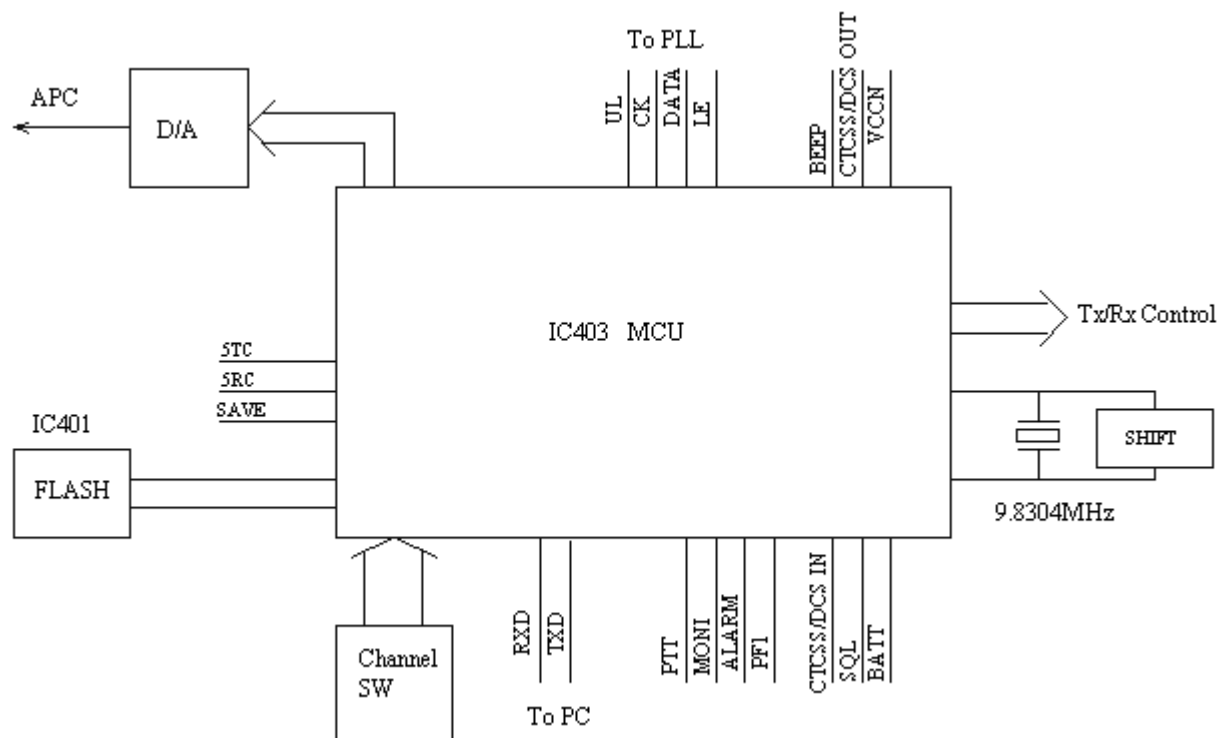
Q408: 5R switch (controlled by MCU)

5R: supply power for the units such as RF amplification, mixing, IF processing and audio signal processing.

Q910: 5C switch (controlled by MCU)

5C: the power (5V), controlled by power-down mode, is the supply power of frequency synthesizer.

5.7 MCU Unit:



5.9 Schematic Diagram for MCU Unit

MCU Unit controls the operation of every unit to realize all functions of the 500-2
Communication with external PC

State data access

Control PLL for the generation, receiving and transmitting of local oscillation frequency

Access to the current channel state

Control LED status indicator

Control power supplied condition of every unit

Detect action of every function key

Produce CTCSS signal

Produce DCS signal

Produce power controlled signal

Finish CTCSS decoding

Finish DCS decoding

Squelch detection and control

Control voice prompt content

Memory (FLASH)

Channel data, voice data and other function setting data and parameter adjustment data.

CTCSS/DCS signal coding and decoding:

CTCSS/DCS signals from MCU (pin22 and pin18 output) are sent to VCO and TCXO for modulation respectively after filtering by R500 R501 C500 C501 and R504 R503 C920 C921.

CTCSS/DCS signals from receiver are sent to MCU(pin52) for decoding, and then MCU test if there are CTCSS/DCS signals with the same setting of the station to decide whether open the speaker or not.

CTCSS (continuous tone control squelch system, hereinafter referred to as CTCSS), is a kind of squelch control system with modulation on carrier and continuous sub-audio signals as pilot tone. If CTCSS function is set, the call is available only at the same CTCSS frequency of both receiving and transmitting parties to avoid the disturbance of other signals.

The station has 39 groups of standard CTCSS frequency for your selection, such as Table 5.1.

CTCSS signals produced by MCU are sent to VCO for modulation after filtered the HF components over 300Hz in low pass filter composed by RC.

Table 5.1 CTCSS Frequency Table

No.	Frequency [Hz]	No.	Frequency [Hz]	No.	Frequency [Hz]	No.	Frequency [Hz]
1	67.0	11	94.8	21	131.8	31	186.2
2	69.3	12	97.4	22	136.5	32	192.8
3	71.9	13	100.0	23	141.3	33	203.5
4	74.4	14	103.5	24	146.2	34	210.7
5	77.0	15	107.2	25	151.4	35	218.1
6	79.7	16	110.9	26	156.7	36	225.7
7	82.5	17	114.8	27	162.2	37	233.6
8	85.4	18	118.8	28	167.9	38	241.8
9	88.5	19	123.0	29	173.8	39	250.3
10	91.5	20	127.3	30	179.9		

DCS signaling:

DCS (Digital code squelch), is a kind of continuous digital code modulated on carrier with voice signal and used for squelch control. If DCS function is set, the speaker is available only when receiving the same DCS code to avoid the disturbance of useless signals.

The station has 83 kinds of standard codes including positive and inverse code for your selection, such as Table 2.

DCS signals produced by MCU (PWM waveform) are sent to VCO and TCXO for modulation (the HF components of DCS signals are modulated by VCO, while the LF components by TCXO) after filtered the HF components over 300Hz in low pass filter composed by RC.

CTCSS/DCS signals from receiver are sent to MCU for decoding, and then MCU test if there are DCS codes with the same setting of the station to decide whether open the speaker or not.

Table 5.2 DCS Coding Schedule

023	114	174	315	445	631
025	115	205	331	464	632
026	116	223	343	465	654
031	125	226	346	466	662
032	131	243	351	503	664
043	132	244	364	506	703
047	134	245	365	516	712
051	143	251	371	532	723
054	152	261	411	546	731
065	155	263	412	565	732
071	156	265	413	606	734
072	162	271	423	612	743
073	165	306	431	624	754
074	172	311	432	627	

5.8 Description of Semiconductor Devices

The distribution of each pin goes as the table 5.3.

Table 5.3---Definition of CPU Base Pin:

Pin No.	Port Name	Pin Name	I/O	Active Level	Function
1	APCSW	P33	O	H	APC switch
2	PTT	P34	I	L	PTT switch input
3	MODE	-	-	-	Connect this pin to VCC via a 4.7K resistor(*Burn)

4	SK1	P43	I	L	SIDE KEY1 input
5	SK2	P44	I	L	SIDE KEY2 input
6	RESET	-	I	L	CUP reset (*Burn)
7	XOUT	-	O	-	MCU clock
8	VSS	-	-	-	GND
9	XIN	-	I	-	MCU clock
10	VCC	-	-	-	+3V
11	BSHIFT	P54	O	H	Beat shift switch
12	F_CS	P53	O	L	FLASH chip select output
13	F_DI	P52	O	-	FLASH data in
14	F_CLK	P51	O	-	FLASH serial clock output
15	F_DIO	P50	I/O	-	FLASH data input/output
16	NC	P27	O	-	
17	VCCN	P26	O	-	Frequency regulation output (PWM)
18	DCSTCXO	P25	O	-	CTCSS/DCS output (PWM)
19	PLL_CLK	P24	O	H	PLL clock Output
20	PLL_DAT	P23	O	-	PLL data Output
21	PLL_EN	P22	O	H	PLL enable
22	DCSVCO	P21	O	-	CTCSS/DCS output (PWM)
23	PLL_UL	P20	I	H	PLL unlock detect pin
24	RXVCO	P17	O	H	TX/RX VCO selection(H,RX)
25	BEEP_AF	P16	O	-	Local Beep Control Pin
26	RXD0	P15	I	-	Serial data
27	TXD0	P14	O	-	Serial data
28	GLED	P86	O	H	Green LED
29	RLED	P85	O	H	Red LED
30	NC	P84	O		
31	TDIN	P83	I	TRFI	TONE data input
32	ALARMC	P82	O	L	Alarm switch control (H: Controlled by Volume Switch
					L: Emergency siren maximum volume)
33	DEV2	P81	O	-	Voice deviation adjustment 2
34	DEV1	P80	O	-	Voice deviation adjustment 1
35	NARROW	P60	O	H	12.5KHz
36	MIDDLE	P45	O	H	20KHz
37	TXD1	P66	O	-	Reserved
38	RXD1	P67	I	-	Reserved
39	MIC_MUTE	P65	O	L	MIC mute L: MIC mute
40	5TC	P64	O	H	Transmitting power control
41	EXTPTT	P63	I	L	External PTT switch input
42	SAVE	P31	O	H	Battery power control H: Power save

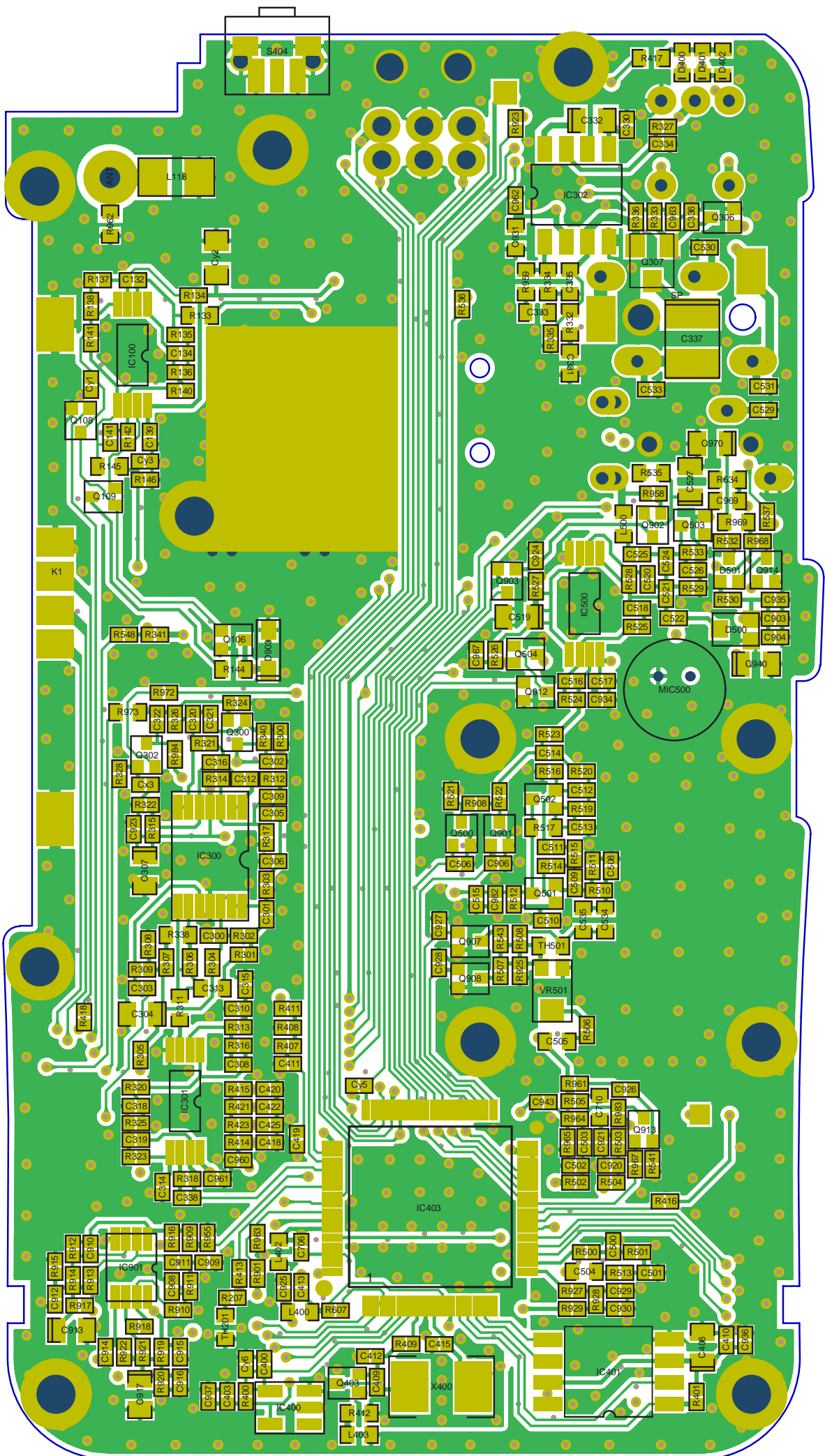
43	5RC	P30	O	H	Receiving power control
44	ENC0	P36	I	-	Channel selector input
45	ENC1	P32	I	-	Channel selector input
46	ENC2	P13	I	-	Channel selector input
47	ENC3	P12	I	-	Channel selector input
48	VOX	P11	I	AN9	VOX level input
49	BATT	P10	I	AN8	Battery voltage input
50	AFCO	P00	O	L	Audio Amplification Power
51	SPKSW	P01	O	L	Audio amplifier control
52	DCS_IN	P02	I	AN5	CTCSS/DCS input Recording level input
53	NC	P03	I		
54	BUSY	P04	I	AN3	Busy level input
55	TOPKEY	P62	I	L	TOPKEY input
56	RXMUTE	P61	O	H	RX audio mute
57	RSSI	P05	I	AN2	Received Signal Strength Indicator input
58	PCTV	P06	O	DA0	APC/BPF control output
59	AVSS	-	I		GND
60	DTMF	P07	O	DA1	DTMF/Beep output
61	VREF	-	I		+3V
62	AVCC	-	I		+3V
63	NC	P37	O		
64	RX_W/N	P53	O	H	RX Wide/Narrow switch

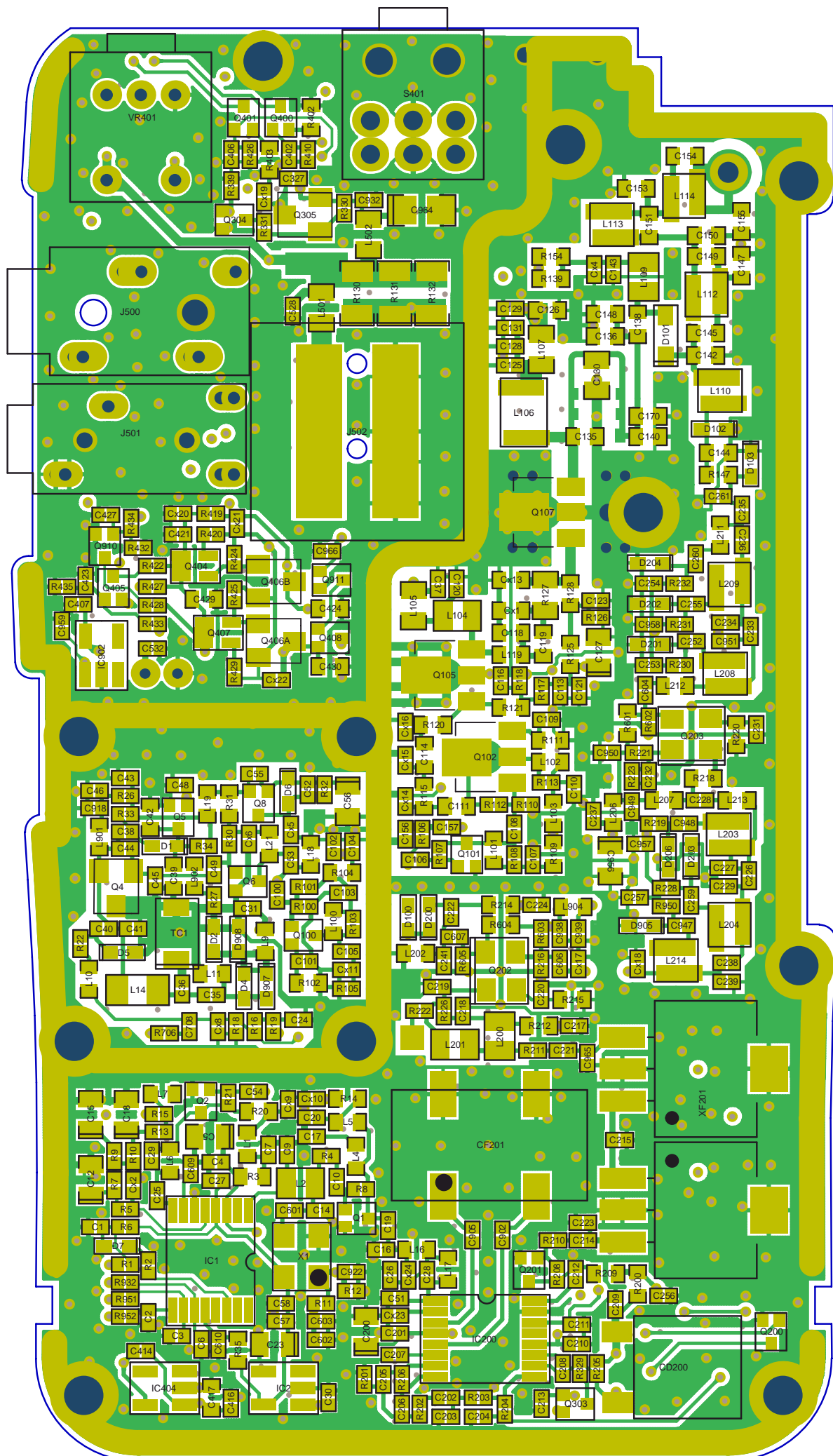
Table 5.4 Functional description of semiconductor device

Item	Model	Function Description
IC1	MB15E03	Frequency Synthesizer
IC100	NJM2904	APC, Voltage Comparison, Driving
IC200	GT3136	Receiver 2 nd Local Oscillation, 2 nd IF Amplification, Limitation, Demodulation, Noise Amplification
IC300	NJM2902V	Receiver demodulated signal Amplification, Filtering
IC500	NJM2100V	MIC Amplification, Limitation, Filtering
IC302	TDA2822D	Audio Frequency Power Amplification
IC401	W25Q80	FLASH, Channel Frequency Data Storage, Function Setting Parameter, Debug Mode Parameter
IC403	R5F212BCSNFP	MCU

Chapter 6

500-2 PCB Layout





Chapter 7 ADJUSTMENT

7.1 Required Test Equipment

Table 7.1

Number	Name	Parameter requirements
1	Computer	Above P2, compatible IBM PC, WINDOWS 98/ME/2000/XPOperating System
2	Programming software	500 Programming software
3	Programming cable	Special Serial/USB (CPL-01) programming cable
4	Dubbing cable	CPL-02
5	DC regulator	Output voltage:7.5V, output electric current: $\geq 5A$
6	RF power meter	Test range: 0.5---10W Frequency range: 100MHz—500MHz Resistance: 50 Ω SWR ≤ 1.2
7	Frequency meter	Frequency range: 0.1—600MHz Frequency accuracy: higher than $\pm 1 \times 10^{-6}$ Sensitivity: higher than 100mV
8	Frequency deviator	Frequency range: DC—600MHz Test range: 0-- $\pm 5kHz$
9	DMM	Input resistance: above 10M Ω/V DC, capable of measuring voltage, electric current and resistance.
10	Audio signal generator	Frequency range:2---3000Hz Output level: 1---500mV
11	RF power attenuator	Decrement: 40db or 50db Receive power : higher than10W
12	Standard signal source	Frequency range:10MHz---1000MHz Output level:0.1uV~32mV (-127dBm~-17dBm)
13	Oscilloscope	Frequency range: DC~20MHz Test range: 10mV~20V
14	Audio Frequency voltmeter	Test range: 10mV~10V

Recommend how to use: item 6, 7, 8, 10, 11 and 12 which listed in the table can be substituted by integrated tester HP8920/HP8921.

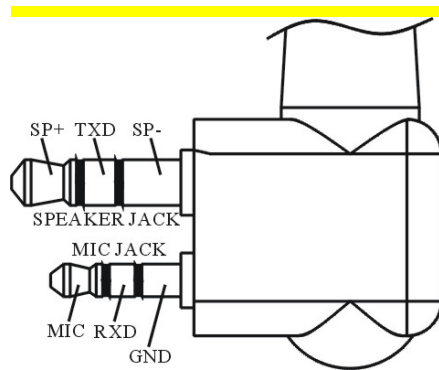


Figure 7.1 External Speaker/microphone Interface Definition

7.2 Adjustment Items

Some detection and adjustment shall be made to the station technical data after changing the components during the maintenance. The debugging introduction of some related circuits goes as follows:

Some parameters of the product can be adjusted by use of 500 Programming Software of our company. The adjustable parameters are as follows:

- (1) Frequency stability
- (2) RF transmitting high power
- (3) RF transmitting Middle power
- (4) RF transmitting Low power
- (5) Maximum TX voice deviation
- (6) VOX1(Tight)
- (7) VOX10
- (8) 2/5 tone deviation
- (9) DTMF deviation
- (10) MSK deviation
- (11) DCS/LTR balance
- (12) DCS deviation
- (13) LSD deviation
- (14) CTCSS(67.0Hz) deviation
- (15) CTCSS(254.1Hz) deviation
- (16) Battery warning level
- (17) RX Sensitivity
- (18) DCS RX middle level
- (19) RX squelch 9 open level
- (20) RX squelch 9 close level
- (21) RX squelch 1 open level
- (22) RX squelch 1 close level
- (23) RSSI(-120dBm)
- (24) RSSI(-70dBm)

Steps for adjustment:

- 1) Enter Computer Test Mode by selecting "Test Mode" in main menu of 500 Programming Software.
- 2) Select the items to be adjusted in choice menus, and then adjust the parameters by function keys on the computer keyboard.
- 3) Exit Computer Test Mode after adjustment.

7.3 Adjustment**7.3.1 VCO Adjustment**

Close "Power-saving Mode". Set receiving frequency to low frequency point (see Table 7.2) and in the receiving state, test voltage of PD by DMM and adjust fine-tuning capacitor TC1/TC2 to get CV voltage of $1.0V \pm 0.2V$

Set transmitting frequency to high frequency point (refer to Table 7.2), press PTT and test voltage of PD by DMM, which shall less than 4.0V

Table 7.2 High/ Intermediate/ Low Frequency Point of All Models

	Low Frequency Point	Intermediate Frequency Point	High Frequency Point
500-2	400.100 MHz	435.100 MHz	469.975 MHz

7.3.2 Frequency stability

Double-click to enter "Frequency Stability" in "Test Mode Manual" to achieve the rated transmitting frequency by adjusting the number from 0 to 255 (Error<100Hz).

7.3.3 RF transmitting power**High power**

Adjusts the transmitting power to 3.8-4.2W in the computer
(5 frequency points including Highest, High, Med, Low, lowest)

Middle Power

Adjust the transmitting power to 1.8-2.2W in the computer

Low Power

Adjust the transmitting power to 0.8-1.2W in the computer

7.3.4 Voice deviation**Maximum voice deviation**

Signal source: MOD:1kHz/120mV LPF:15kHz

Adjust the max frequency deviation in the computer adjustment mode.

mode.

3.9kHz---4.5kHz (wideband)

3.2kHz---3.9kHz (median band)

between 1.8kHz---2.3kHz (narrowband)

(2/5)TONE, DTMF, MSK Deviation

Adjust TONE, DTMF, MSK deviation in the computer adjustment mode.

3.2---4.0 kHz (wideband)

3.0kHz---3.6kHz (median band)

1.8---2.3kHz (narrowband)

VOX1, VOX10

Adjust VOX1, VOX10 microphone sensitivity in the computer adjustment mode.

VOX1 for 50mv and VOX10 for 5 mv

7.3.5 CTCSS/DCS deviation

DCS/LTR balance

Signal source: LPF: 300Hz

Adjust DCS/LTR balance in the computer adjustment mode.

Make the transmitting demodulation waveform be flat square wave.

DCS deviation

Signal source: LPF: 300Hz

Adjust DCS frequency deviation in the computer adjustment mode.

0.50kHz---0.85kHz (wideband)

0.50kHz ---0.65kHz (medium band)

0.25kHz--0.45kHz (narrowband)

The waveform shall be good.

LSD deviation

Reserved for the future.

CTCSS(67.0, 254.1Hz) deviation

Signal source: LPF:300Hz

Adjust CTCSS deviation in the computer adjustment mode.

0.50kHz---0.85kHz (wideband)

0.50kHz ---0.65kHz (medium band)

0.25kHz--0.45kHz (narrowband)

The waveform shall be good.

7.3.6 Battery warning level

Adjust the battery warning level in the computer adjustment mode.

Set the power supply voltage at 6.8V, and press start and then end.

7.3.7 Receive sensitivity

Adjust the sensitivity in the computer adjustment mode.
Make the sensitivity of all frequency points the highest
(provided the sensitivity is the highest, the better data)

7.3.8 Squelch adjustment

Adjust squelch in the computer adjustment mode.

Squelch 9 open

The signal level output is set to -118dBm (wideband) or -117dBm (narrowband)
Automatically records the corresponding squelch level.

Squelch 9 close

The signal level output is set to -120dBm(wideband) or -119dBm (narrowband)
Automatically records the corresponding squelch level.

Squelch 1 open

The signal level output is set to -124dBm (wideband) or -123dBm (narrowband)
Automatically records the corresponding squelch level

Squelch 1 close

The signal level output is set to -126dBm (wideband) or -125dBm (narrowband)
Automatically records the corresponding squelch level

7.3.9 RSSI adjustment

RSSI(-120dBm), RSSI(-70dBm)

The signal level output is set to -120dBm or -70dBm.
Automatically records the corresponding RSSI level.

Note: Voltage for the aforesaid tests: 7.5V +/-0.1V in room temperature

Chapter 8 500-2 BOM

500-2 PARTS LIST					No. TP-5002
					Ver 01C
No.	Parts No.	Description	Component Name/Specification	Qty.	Ref. No.
1					
2					
3	702CU5002001	500-2 UNIT			
4	701CU5002001	500-2 portable two-way radio		1	
5	605CU5000201	500-2 packaging BOM		1	
6	71200CT02001	CT-02 radio ring		1	
7	70700CP02001	CP-02 rapid charger		1	
8	7100500240471	CU500U1 ANTENNA (about 160mm)	CRAK435001010 400-470MHz	1	
9					
10	709CA02US001	Power Supply(DC 12V 500mA)	CA-02	1	
11	70600CB05001	Lithium-ion Battery 1300mAH 7.4V	CB-05	1	
12					
13					
14	701CU5002001	500-2 portable two-way radio			
15					
16		RESISTOR			
17	1090400050001	0402 CHIP R 0Ω	RC0402JR-070R	6	R4 R7 R13 R419 R901 R911
18	1090410150001	0402 CHIP R 100Ω	RC0402JR-07100R	5	R19 R26 R210 R211 R530
19	1090415150001	0402 CHIP R 150Ω	RC0402JR-07150R	1	R27
20	1090433150001	0402 CHIP R 330Ω	RC0402JR-07330R	2	R108 R113
21	1090456150001	0402 CHIP R 560Ω	RC0402JR-07560R	1	R5
22	1090468150001	0402 CHIP R 680Ω	RC0402JR-07680R	1	R110
23	1090482150001	0402 CHIP R 820Ω	RC0402JR-07820R	2	R429 R532
24	1090410250001	0402 CHIP R 1kΩ	RC0402JR-071K	16	R2 R9 R10 R222 R328 R407 R409 R413 R420 R427 R433 R434 R932 R951 R952 R967
25	1090415250001	0402 CHIP R 1.5kΩ	RC0402JR-071K5	4	R112 R331 R521 R525

26	1090418250001	0402 CHIP R 1.8kΩ	RC0402JR-071K8	4	R205 R329 R522 R908
27	1090422250001	0402 CHIP R 2.2kΩ	RC0402JR-072K2	5	R1 R226 R418 R536 R537
28	1090427250001	0402 CHIP R 2.7kΩ	RC0402JR-072K7	2	R422 R428
29	1090433250001	0402 CHIP R 3.3kΩ	RC0402JR-073K3	11	R100 R103 R105 R106 R203 R204 R303 R424 R425 R510 R548
30	1090439250001	0402 CHIP R 3.9kΩ	RC0402JR-073K9	1	R201
31	1090447250001	0402 CHIP R 4.7kΩ	RC0402JR-074K7	4	R32 R416 R607 R909
32	1090456250001	0402 CHIP R 5.6kΩ	RC0402JR-075K6	8	R101 R301 R302 R324 R326 R910 R914 R923
33	1090468250001	0402 CHIP R 6.8kΩ	RC0402JR-076K8	2	R523 R972
34	1090482250001	0402 CHIP R 8.2kΩ	RC0402JR-078K2	3	R339 R410 R426
35	1090410350001	0402 CHIP R 10kΩ	RC0402JR-0710K	16	R15 R33 R140 R308 R327 R432 R435 R501 R502 R503 R511 R516 R913 R920 R928 R964
36	1090412350001	0402 CHIP R 12kΩ	RC0402JR-0712K	2	R117 R312
37	1090415350001	0402 CHIP R 15kΩ	RC0402JR-0715K	3	R526 R527 R955
38	1090418350001	0402 CHIP R 18kΩ	RC0402JR-0718K	3	R305 R529 R919
39	1090422350001	0402 CHIP R 22kΩ	RC0402JR-0722K	7	R321 R500 R504 R506 R925 R927 R958
40	1090433350001	0402 CHIP R 33kΩ	RC0402JR-0733K	8	R508 R513 R514 R515 R519 R520 R929 R963
41	1090439350001	0402 CHIP R 39kΩ	RC0402JR-0739K	2	R313 R915
42	1090447350001	0402 CHIP R 47kΩ	RC0402JR-0747K	11	R22 R107 R118 R126 R141 R307 R320 R330 R917 R921 R968
43	1090451350001	0402 CHIP R 51kΩ	RC0402JR-0751K	1	R524
44	1090456350001	0402 CHIP R 56kΩ	RC0402JR-0756K	2	R216 R605
45	1090468350001	0402 CHIP R 68kΩ	RC0402JR-0768K	1	R602
46	1090482350001	0402 CHIP R 82kΩ	RC0402JR-0782K	3	R11 R543 R918
47	1090491350001	0402 CHIP R 91kΩ	RC0402JR-0791K	1	R300
48	1090410450001	0402 CHIP R 100kΩ	RC0402JR-07100K	14	R6 R21 R146 R221 R318 R323 R325 R341 R401 R408 R533 R541 R603 R961
49	1090412450001	0402 CHIP R 120kΩ	RC0402JR-07120K	2	R30 R340
50	1090415420001	0402 CHIP R 150kΩ	RC0402DR-07150K	6	R134 R135 R136 R137 R138 R507
51	1090418450001	0402 CHIP R 180kΩ	RC0402JR-07180K	2	R202 R306
52	1090422450001	0402 CHIP R 220kΩ	RC0402JR-07220K	6	R322 R411 R414 R415 R421 R423

53	1090427450001	0402 CHIP R 270kΩ	RC0402JR-07270K	4	R16 R18 R316 R317
54	1090433450001	0402 CHIP R 330kΩ	RC0402JR-07330K	2	R8 R400
55	1090439450001	0402 CHIP R 390kΩ	RC0402JR-07390K	1	R315
56	1090447450001	0402 CHIP R 470kΩ	RC0402JR-07470K	6	R206 R309 R314 R333 R983 R984
57	1090468450001	0402 CHIP R 680kΩ	RC0402JR-07680K	3	R208 R912 R922
58	1090475450001	0402 CHIP R 750kΩ	RC0402JR-07750K	2	R505 R528
59	1090410550001	0402 CHIP R 1MΩ	RC0402JR-071M0	7	R142 R219 R228 R230 R231 R304 R950
60	1090418550001	0402 CHIP R 1.8MΩ	RC0402JR-071M8	1	R512
61					
62	1090600050001	0603 CHIP R 0Ω	RC0603JR-070R	5	L400 R120 R147 R311 R973
63	109064R750001	0603 CHIP R 4.7Ω	RC0603JR-074R7	2	R332 R959
64	1090610050001	0603 CHIP R 10Ω	RC0603JR-0710R	7	R3 R104 R115 R200 R334 R412 R417
65	1090622050001	0603 CHIP R 22Ω	RC0603JR-0722R	3	R109 R111 R218
66	1090647050001	0603 CHIP R 47Ω	RC0603JR-0747R	4	R121 R128 R212 R220
67	1090610150001	0603 CHIP R 100Ω	RC0603JR-07100R	3	R14 R31 R403
68	1090622150001	0603 CHIP R 220Ω	RC0603JR-07220R	2	R215 R402
69	1090627150001	0603 CHIP R 270Ω	RC0603JR-07270R	3	R102 R139 R154
70	1090647150001	0603 CHIP R 470Ω	RC0603JR-07470R	2	R535 R969
71	1090656150001	0603 CHIP R 560Ω	RC0603JR-07560R	1	R20
72	1090618250001	0603 CHIP R 1.8kΩ	RC0603JR-071K8	1	R534
73	1090622250001	0603 CHIP R 2.2kΩ	RC0603JR-072K2	1	R144
74	1090627250001	0603 CHIP R 2.7kΩ	RC0603JR-072K7	1	R209
75	1090610350001	0603 CHIP R 10kΩ	RC0603JR-0710K	2	R35 R214
76	1090647350001	0603 CHIP R 47kΩ	RC0603JR-0747K	2	R125 R338
77	1090668350001	0603 CHIP R 68kΩ	RC0603JR-0768K	1	R962
78	1090610450001	0603 CHIP R 100kΩ	RC0603JR-07100K	2	R601 R604
79	1090615420001	0603 CHIP R 150kΩ	RC0603DR-07150K	1	R133
80	1090618450001	0603 CHIP R 180kΩ	RC0603JR-07180K	1	R145
81	1090618550001	0603 CHIP R 1.8MΩ	RC0603JR-071M8	1	R517
82					
83	1090700050001	0805 CHIP R 0Ω	RC0805JR-070R	1	R127
84					
85	10910R3950001	1206 CHIP R 0.39Ω	RC1206JR-07R39	3	R130 R131 R132
86					
87	1101147300001	Adjustable resistance 47kΩ	EVM2NSX80BQ4 47K	1	VR501
88					
89					
90		CAPACITOR			

91	112043P500091	0402 CHIP C 0.5pF	GRM1555C1HR50B Z01D	2	C40 C49
92	1120431P00091	0402 CHIP C 1pF	GRM1555C1H1R0B Z01D	2	C226 C238
93	1120431P50091	0402 CHIP C 1.5pF	GRM1555C1H1R5B Z01D	1	C41
94	1120432P00091	0402 CHIP C 2pF	GRM1555C1H2R0B Z01D	2	C29 C951
95	1120433P00091	0402 CHIP C 3pF	GRM1555C1H3R0B Z01D	4	C45 C54 C233 C409
96	1120433P60091	0402 CHIP C 3.6pF	GRM1555C1H3R6B Z01D	1	C38
97	1120434P00091	0402 CHIP C 4pF	GRM1555C1H4R0B Z01D	1	C44
98	1120435P00091	0402 CHIP C 5pF	GRM1555C1H5R0B Z01D	1	C215
99	1120436P00091	0402 CHIP C 6pF	GRM1555C1H6R0B Z01D	5	C53 C105 C222 C234 C239
100	1120437P00091	0402 CHIP C 7pF	GRM1555C1H7R0B Z01D	1	C108
101	1120438P00091	0402 CHIP C 8pF	GRM1555C1H8R0B Z01D	3	C219 C227 C229
102	1120439P00091	0402 CHIP C 9pF	GRM1555C1H9R0B Z01D	1	C235
103	1120431005091	0402 CHIP C 10pF	GRM1555C1H100J Z01D	7	C9 C14 C16 C36 C412 C415 C516
104	1120432205091	0402 CHIP C 22pF	GRM1555C1H220J Z01D	2	C28 C100
105	1120433305091	0402 CHIP C 33pF	GRM1555C1H330J Z01D	4	C35 C202 C212 C255
106	1120434705091	0402 CHIP C 47pF	GRM1555C1H470J Z01D	1	C10
107	1120435605091	0402 CHIP C 56pF	GRM1555C1H560J Z01D	5	C208 C259 C338 C947 C948
108	1120436805091	0402 CHIP C 68pF	GRM1555C1H680J Z01D	2	C51 C252
109	1120431015091	0402 CHIP C 100pF	GRM1555C1H101J Z01D	6	C2 C3 C6 C31 C134 C910
110	1120432216091	0402 CHIP C 220pF	GRM155R71H221K A01D	6	C205 C206 C529 C530 C531 C533
111	1120433316091	0402 CHIP C 330pF	GRM155R71H331K A01D	2	C17 C26

112	1120434716091	0402 CHIP C 470pF	GRM155R71H471K A01D	63	C7 C24 C25 C27 C46 C48 C52 C55 C57 C101 C102 C103 C106 C107 C109 C110 C120 C121 C125 C129 C132 C139 C141 C143 C157 C203 C218 C224 C228 C231 C232 C236 C237 C253 C254 C257 C402 C403 C406 C410 C411 C414 C416 C427 C506 C517 C526 C528 C532 C601 C602 C604 C606 C607 C906 C927 C928 C938 C950 C957 C958 C966 C982
113	1120436816091	0402 CHIP C 680pF	GRM155R71H681K A01D	2	C510 C513
114	1120431026091	0402 CHIP C 1000pF	GRM155R71H102K A01D	13	C43 C116 C123 C314 C407 C521 C609 C610 C706 C912 C916 C922 C932
115	1120433326091	0402 CHIP C 3300pF	GRM155R71H332K A01D	5	C500 C509 C512 C920 C929
116	1120433926091	0402 CHIP C 3900pF	GRM155R71H392K A01D	1	C502
117	1120434726091	0402 CHIP C 4700pF	GRM155R71H472K A01D	1	C204
118	1120435626091	0402 CHIP C 5600pF	GRM155R71H562K A01D	1	C308
119	1120436826091	0402 CHIP C 6800pF	GRM155R71H682K A01D	4	C309 C501 C921 C930
120	1120438226091	0402 CHIP C 8200pF	GRM155R71H822K A01D	1	C300
121	1120431036071	0402 CHIP C 0.01μF	GRM155R71E103K A01D	34	C19 C20 C37 C128 C201 C214 C217 C220 C221 C305 C306 C312 C316 C330 C334 C336 C418 C420 C421 C422 C425 C508 C515 C603 C924 C934 C935 C936 C937 C939 C961 C962 C963 C967
122	1120431836071	0402 CHIP C 0.018μF	GRM155R71E183K A01D	1	C301

123	1120432236071	0402 CHIP C0.022μF	GRM155R71E223K A12D	2	C518 C520
124	1120432736051	0402 CHIP C0.027μF	GRM155R71C273K A01D	1	C524
125	1120433336051	0402 CHIP C0.033μF	GRM155R71C333K A01D	5	C318 C320 C321 C423 C503
126	1120434736051	0402 CHIP C0.047μF	GRM155R71C473K A01D	3	C319 C511 C514
127	1120431046031	0402 CHIP C 0.1μF	GRM155R61A104K A01D	31	C1 C4 C30 C58 C104 C113 C131 C156 C207 C209 C210 C211 C213 C256 C302 C303 C322 C327 C400 C419 C522 C525 C902 C905 C911 C914 C915 C918 C925 C943 C960
128	1120431056031	0402 CHIP C 1μF	GRM155R61A105K E15D	8	C310 C413 C903 C904 C923 C926 C949 C959
129					
130	1120631P00091	0603 CHIP C 1pF	GRM1885C1H1R0B Z01D	4	C135 C151 C154 C155
131	1120631P50091	0603 CHIP C 1.5pF	GRM1885C1H1R5B Z01D	1	C149
132	1120632P00091	0603 CHIP C 2pF	GRM1885C1H2R0B Z01D	3	C142 C144 C147
133	1120633P00091	0603 CHIP C 3pF	GRM1885C1H3R0B Z01D	2	C136 C153
134	1120635P00091	0603 CHIP C 5pF	GRM1885C1H5R0B Z01D	2	C140 C150
135	1120631805091	0603 CHIP C 18pF	GRM1885C1H180J A01D	1	C111
136	1120632705091	0603 CHIP C 27pF	GRM1885C1H270J A01D	2	C118 C138
137	1120636805091	0603 CHIP C 68pF	GRM1885C1H680J A01D	1	C145
138	1120634716091	0603 CHIP C 470pF	GRM188R71H471K A01D	2	C114 L213
139	1120631026091	0603 CHIP C 1000pF	GRM188R71H102K A01D	3	C39 C42 C119
140	1120631046091	0603 CHIP C 0.1μF	GRM188R71H104K A01D	3	C331 C333 C335
141	1120634746051	0603 CHIP C 0.47μF	GRM188R71C474K A01D	1	C931

142	1120631056051	0603 CHIP C 1 μ F	GRM188R61C105K A01D	11	C126 C313 C417 C424 C429 C430 C504 C505 C535 C710 C969
143					
144	1120732005091	0805 CHIP C 20pF	GRM2165C1H200J A01D	1	C130
145	1120731066031	0805 CHIP C 10 μ F	GRM21BR61A106K	14	C5 C23 C56 C127 C200 C304 C307 C332 C408 C519 C527 C940 C956 C970
146					
147	1120721047081	CHIP-TAN 0.1 μ F P	TC211P104M035A	2	C12 C18
148	1120721057051	CHIP-TAN 1 μ F P	TEESVP1C105M8R	1	C15
149	1121021066051	CHIP-TAN 10 μ F A	TEESVA1C106K8R	1	C964
150	1121221077021	CHIP-TAN 100 μ F	TEESVB20J107M8 R	1	C337
151					
152	1130110000001	CERAMIC TRIMMER CAP 10pF	TZY2Z100A001R00	1	TC1
153					
154					
155		INDUCTOR			
156	1170660100001	0603 FERRITE CHIP	BLM18AG601S	10	L1 L7 L10 L19 L103 L206 L402 L403 L500 L904
157	1170722100001	0805 FERRITE CHIP	BLM21PG221S	4	L104 L105 L501 L502
158	1170760000001	0805 FERRITE CHIP	BLM21PG600S	1	L107
159	1140618N28001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 8.2nH	MLG1608B8N2S	1	L119
160	1140611505001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 15nH	MLG1608B15NJ	1	L102
161	1140611805001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 18nH	MLG1608B18NJ	2	L6 L101
162	1140612205001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 22nH	MLG1608B22NJ	4	L21 L100 L202 L212
163	1140712205001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 22nH	C2012C22NJ	1	L14
164	1140611015001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 100nH	MLG1608BR10J	2	L9 L11
165	1140712215001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 220nH	C2012CR22J	1	L109
166	1140612215001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 220nH	MLG1608SR22J	4	L16 L17 L207 L901
167	1140713315001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 330nH	C2012CR33J	1	L200

168	1140624716001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 0.47 μ H	MLF1608AR47KT0 00	1	L4
169	1140715615001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 560nH	C2012CR56J	1	L201
170	1140625616001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 0.56 μ H	MLF1608DR56KT	1	L5
171	1140711025001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 1 μ H	C2012C1R0J	1	L2
172	1140623326001	SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR 3.3 μ H	MLF1608A3R3KT	1	L902
173	1152R351R6041	AIR-CORE COIL 4T	E20.35*1.6*4TR	9	L110 L112 L113 L114 L203 L204 L208 L209 L214
174	1152R351R6081	AIR-CORE COIL 8T	ER0.35*1.6*8	1	L106
175					
176		DIODE			
177	1030000137201	DIODE	1SS372	1	D500
178	1030000022201	DIODE	DAN222TL	1	D501
179	1030000013101	DIODE	HVU131TRF	1	D101
180	1030000211101	DIODE	MA2S111TX	2	D6 D7
181	1030000207701	DIODE	MA2S077	5	D1 D100 D102 D103 D200
182	1030019213201	LED(RED)	HT19-2132SURC-H HH	1	D400
183	1030019213202	LED(GREEN)	HT19-2132SYGC	2	D401 D402
184	1030000035001	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIODE	HVC350BTRF	5	D201 D202 D203 D206 D905
185	1030000127801	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIODE	1SV278	1	D5
186	1030000132501	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIODE	1SV325	2	D2 D4
187					
188		TRANSISTOR、FET			
189	1040002136201	TRANSISTOR	2SA1362-GR	3	Q305 Q406A Q406B
190	1040002461701	TRANSISTOR	2SC4617(S)	4	Q8 Q300 Q501 Q502
191	1040002498801	TRANSISTOR	2SC4988FRTR	1	Q102
192	1040002506601	TRANSISTOR	2SC5066-Y	7	Q1 Q2 Q6 Q100 Q101 Q201 Q503
193	1040000012301	TRANSISTOR	DTA123JE-TL	1	Q408
194	1040000014301	TRANSISTOR	DTA143ZETL	2	Q504 Q902
195	1040000014401	TRANSISTOR	DTA144EE-TL	2	Q109 Q303

196	1040000011401	TRANSISTOR	DTC114EE-TL	3	Q5 Q400 Q401
197	1040000014402	TRANSISTOR	DTC144EE-TL	14	Q106 Q108 Q200 Q304 Q306 Q403 Q405 Q903 Q907 Q908 Q910 Q911 Q912 Q914
198	1040000000301	TRANSISTOR	UMG3NTR	2	Q404 Q407
199	1050000230201	FET	ST2302	1	Q307
200	1050002182401	FET	2SK1824	4	Q302 Q500 Q901 Q913
201	1050000001201	FET	RD01MUS2-T113	1	Q105
202	1050000004601	FET	RFM04U6P	1	Q107
203	1050000250801	FET	2SK508-T1B(K52)	1	Q4
204	1050000331801	FET	3SK318	2	Q202 Q203
205					
206		IC			
207	1020620130201	LDO	XC6201P302MR	2	IC2 IC404
208	1020620150201	LDO	XC6201P502MR	1	IC902
209	1020000150301	PLL IC	MB15E03SL	1	IC1
210	1020000258001	FLASH IC	W25Q80BVSIG	1	IC401
211	1020000313601	FM IF DEMULATOR	GT3136	1	IC200
212	1020000521202	MICROPROCESSOR	R5F212B8SNFP	1	IC403
213	1020000210001	OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	NJM2100V	1	IC500
214	1020000290201	OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	NJM2902V	1	IC300
215	1020000290401	OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	NJM2904V	2	IC100 IC301
216	1020000282201	AUDIO PROCESSOR IC	TDA2822D	1	IC302
217					
218		OTHERS			
219	1221009830402	CHIP CRYSTAL RESONATOR	[5032SMD(glass)]	1	X400
220	1221012800002	TCXO	3225VCTCXO-12.8 MHz	1	X1
221	1080000388501	38.85MHz CRYSTAL FILTER	MCF-5×2(5KHz)	1	XF201
222	1010500200102	500-2 PCB	500-2V02.PCB	1	
223	1080000045001	Ceramic Filter	ELFY450G (or LTWC450G)	1	CF201
224					
225	1080004502401	Discriminator	JTM450C24	1	CD200
226	1212602762201	MIC ELEMENT	PF0-6027P-62±2dB	1	MIC500

227	1102210300001	POWER SWITCH	RP08110SNAX-V02-0000	1	VR401
228	1061001010001	ROTARY SWITCH	RE1001BA-V01-0001	1	S401
229	1230525200801	SOCKET(φ2.5)	PJ-D2008K	1	J501
230	1230535302701	SOCKET(φ3.5)	PJ-D3027	1	J500
231	1010600200202	CU600 KEY PCB	CU600pttV03.PCB	1	
232	1211361601001	SPEAKER	φ36 16Ω 1W	1	
233					
234					
235					
236		STRUCTURE			
237	2010CU500001A	CU500 radio front cabinet black		1	
238	2010CU600002A	CU600 PTT plastic key black PC+ABS 2950		1	
239	2010CU600003A	CU600 ear phone plastic plug black PC+ABS 2950		1	
240	2010CU600004A	CU600 ear phone cabinet PC+ABS 2950		1	
241	2010CU600005A	CU600 radio top cover black PC+ABS 2950		1	
242	2010CU600006A	CU600 volume knob black ABS 700		1	
243	2010CU600007A	CU600 encoder knob black ABS 700		1	
244	2010CU600008A	CU600 ear phone cover black TPU		1	
245	2010CU600009A	CU600 battery locker black PC+ABS 2950		1	
246	2010CU600010A	CU600 light-guider clear PC		1	
247	2020CU600001A	CU600 PTT silicon key block 60A 50% high spring silicon		1	
248	2020CU500001A	CU500 cabinet waterproof ring orange 40A 50% high spring silicon		1	
249	2020CU600004A	CU600 mic waterproof washer 60A 50% high spring silicon		1	
250	2020CU500002A	2 PIN power socket washer 60A 50% high spring silicon		1	
251	2020CU500003A	Φ7X1.5 waterproof ring high spring silicon		1	
252	2020CU500004A	Φ5X1.5 waterproof ring high spring silicon		1	
253	2030CU500001A	CU500 AL cabinet polishing ADC 12		1	
254	2030CU600002A	CU600 battery metal locker polishing SUS304		1	
255	2030CU600003A	SMA RF socket		1	
256	2030CU600004A	spring Φ2.3X10.5 Φ0.25 spring steel Ni-plate		2	
257	2040CU500001A	2 PIN power socket		1	J502
258	2040CU600002A	CU600 PTT metal dome plate		1	
259	306003301001A	Φ33mm air filter nylon weave		1	
260	2040CU600004A	7mm mic air filter Φ7.0X4.5X0.2		1	

261	304060250001A	encoder screw M7X0.75 special shape brass	1	
262	304070250001A	volume screw M6X0.75 special shape brass	1	
263	301200407001A	machine screw M2.0X4.0 PB(+) Ni-plate nylok blue patch	14	
264	301200807001A	machine screw M2.0X8.0 six lobe pan Ni-plate nylok blue patch	2	
265	301250607001A	machine screw M2.5X6.0 PB(+) black Ni-plate	2	
266	306006005001A	mic washer $\Phi 6.0 \times 0.5$ mm soft PVC	1	
267				
268				
269				
270				



Chapter 9 CP-02 Charger

9.1 General Description:

Function: intelligent rapid charging

Applicable battery: CB-05(1300mAh, 7.4V Li-ion battery)

Battery type identification: External

Input power supply: DC12 \pm 0.5V, 500mA, ripples <500mV

9.2 Operating environment

Temperature: -5 $^{\circ}$ C \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C-- +55 $^{\circ}$ C \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C

Humidity: 95%@40 $^{\circ}$ C

9.3 Safety requirements

In accordance with safety requirements of CCC, CE and UL, etc.

9.4 Technical Specifications

Current: 600 \pm 50mA

Max. charging time : 300 minutes

Max. Battery temperature: +55 $^{\circ}$ C

Specified voltage of charged battery:

Nickel-hydrogen battery: recovery the battery when the voltage < 3.7V; pre-charging when the voltage < 6.4 \pm 0.1V, when the battery voltage reaches 6.4 \pm 0.1V, the charging turns to rapid charging. When the battery voltage reaches 8.35V, the battery will be deemed as full and the charging will be stopped.

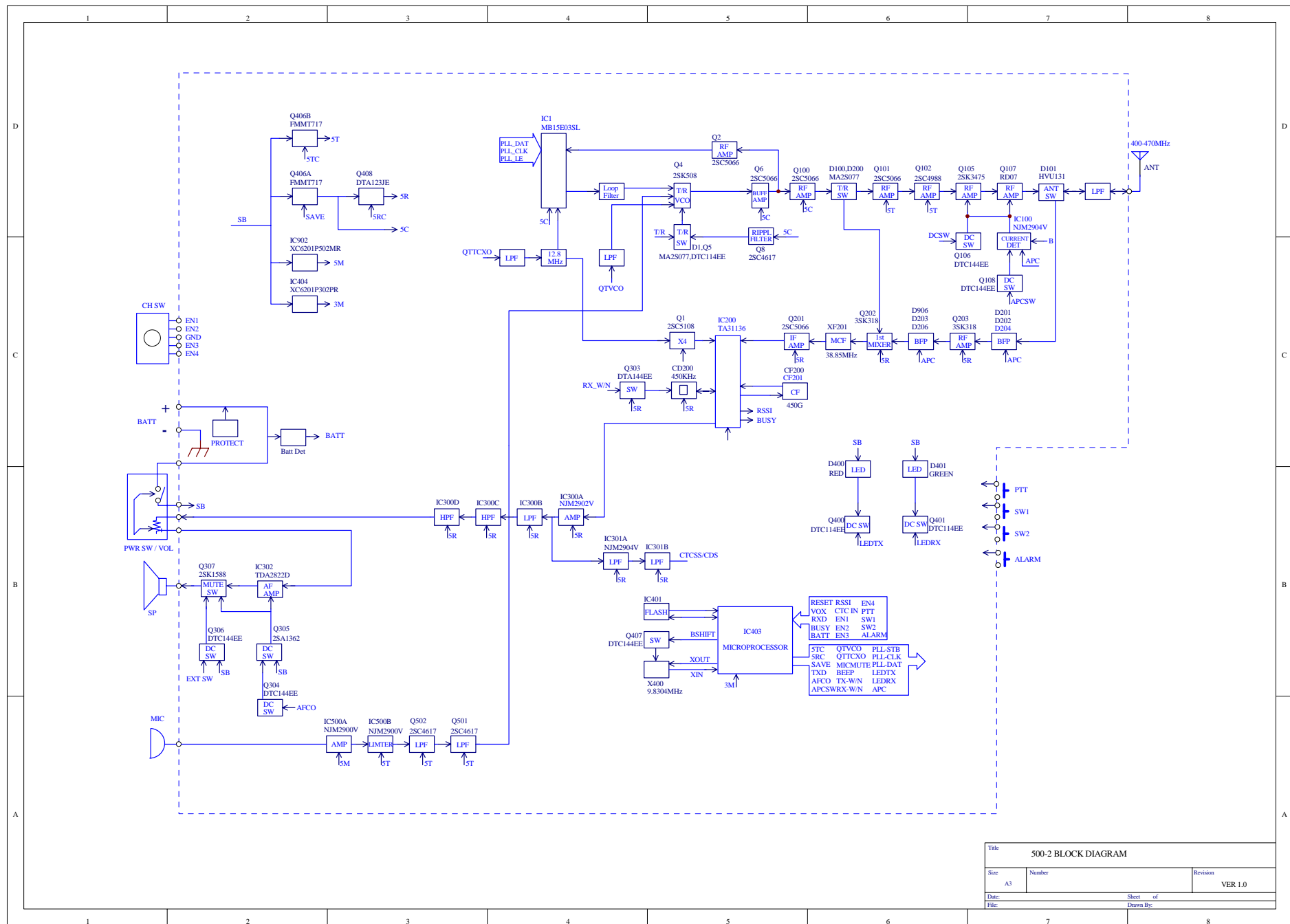
Li-ion battery: pre-charging when the voltage < 6.4 \pm 0.1V, when the battery voltage reaches 6.4 \pm 0.1V, the charging turns to rapid charging.

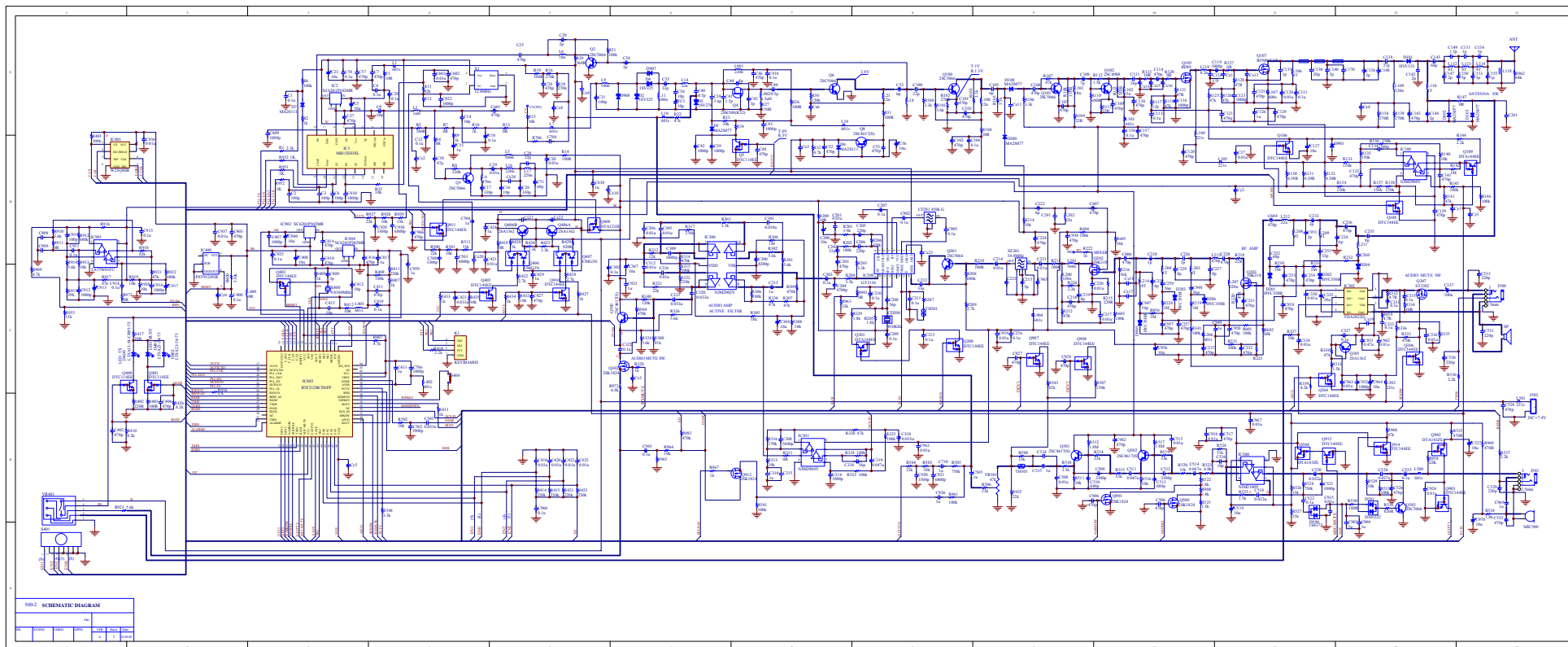
Charging process checking: battery voltage, battery temperature rise, $-\Delta V$, charging time, max. Battery temperature

9.5 LED Status Table:

LED Status	RED	GREEN
Standby/battery not installed	0.2s ON 4.5s OFF	/
charging	ON	/
Charging completed	/	ON
Error	0.2s ON 0.2s OFF	/

Chapter 10 Block and Schematic





Appendix 1 Abbreviations

AMP	(amplify, amplifier)
ANT	(antenna)
APC	(automatic power control)
BPF	(band pass filter)
CTCSS	(continuous tone control squelch system)
DCS	(Digital code squelch)
DEMOD	(demodulation)
HPF	(high pass filter)
IDC	(instantaneous deviation control)
IF	(intermediate frequency)
LED	(Light-Emitting Diode)
LNA	(low noise amplifier)
LPF	(low pass filter)
MCU	(micro control unit)
MIC	(microphone)
MOD	(modulation)
MONI	(monitor)
PLL	(phase lock loop)
PTT	(push-to-talk)
RX	(receiver)
SPK	(speaker)
TCXO	(Temperature Compensated Crystal Oscillators)
TX	(transmitter)
UL	(un-lock)
VCO	(voltage control oscillator)

Appendix 2: Main Technical Indexes

Technical Parameters	500-2
7.1 General Specification	
Frequency	(400 ~ 470) MHz
Number of channels	16 ↑
Channel separation	W:25 kHz /M:20KHz/N:12.5kHz
Working temperature	-30℃~ +60℃
Antenna Impedance	50Ω
Frequency Stability	±2.5ppm
Battery (Standard Configuration)	Lithium-ion Battery: 1300mAh 7.4V
Dimension (W×L×H)	97.5 mm ×53.5 mm×31 mm
Weight	230g (With battery and antenna)
7.2 Receiving part	
Sensitivity (12dB SINAD)	0.25μV(W) / 0.28μV(N)
Adjacent channel selectivity	W:≥ 70dB / N:≥60dB
Intermodulation immunity	≥70dB(±50, 100kHz)
Audio Output Power	1W (16Ω)
Audio distortion	≤5%
7.3 Transmitting part	
Transmitting Power	4W
Modulation Mode	F3E
Clutter and Harmonics	-36dBm < 1GHz, -30dBm > 1GHz
Residual FM (300~3000Hz)	W:≤-45 dB / N:≤-40dB
Audio distortion (300~3000Hz)	≤5%
Adjacent power	W:≥70dB / N:≥60dB
Max Frequency Offset	W:≤±5kHz / M:≤±4kHz /N:≤±2.5kHz

Appendix 3: Troubleshooting

No.	Problems	Solutions
1	The radio cannot be switched on or no display after switched on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Battery pack may not be installed properly. Remove the battery pack and install it again. ● Battery power may be insufficient. Recharge or replace the battery pack.
2	The battery power consume quickly after charging.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The battery life is finished; please replace it with a new battery pack.
3	Cannot talk to or hear other members in your group.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The frequency or CTCSS/DCS signaling are not identical and please reprogram it. ● Make sure the setting of the selective signaling 5-Tone in the RX Squelch Mode is proper. ● Beyond the radio efficient communication range.
4	Other voices from non-group members are heard on the channel.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Change the CTCSS/DCS tone, and make sure change the tone on all radios in your group. ● Please set 5-Tone selective signaling on the channel.
5	Communication range is too small.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Make sure the antenna is well connected. ● Make sure the antenna is the originally supplied one. ● Check if the battery power is in the normal state. ● Ask your local dealer to adjust the squelch level.
6	Unable to transmit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Make sure the PTT button has been pressed completely. ● Battery power may be insufficient. Recharge or replace the battery pack. ● Transmitting frequency has not been set on the channel and the radio has been remote killed.
7	Noise is too loud.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Battery power may be insufficient. Recharge or replace the battery pack. ● Beyond the efficient communication range.