

SURGICAL LIGHTING SYSTEM

INSTALLATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

MEDICAL ILLUMINATION INTERNATIONAL, INC

System Two LED Agency Approvals



Medical Electrical Equipment
With respect to electric shock, fire
And mechanical hazards only
In accordance with IEC60601-1:2006 / CAN/CSA C22.2
No.601.1-M90 with updates 1 & 2
Classifications:

- 1. Protection against electrical shock (5.1, 5.2). Class I permanently connected,
- 2. Protection against harmful ingress of water (5.3). None.
- 3. Degree of safety in the presence of flammable anesthetics or oxygen (5.5). Not suitable for use in the presence of flammable anesthetics or oxygen.
- 4. Mode of operation (5.6). Continuous
- 5. Surgical luminaries (IEC60601-2-41)



Electromagnetic compatibility for immunity
And emissions in accordance with
EN-60601-1-2(2001) Class B and CISPR 22 (1997) Class B

Medical Electrical Equipment
Particular requirements for the safety of surgical
luminaries and luminaires for diagnosis
In accordance with IEC-60601-2-41

Intended use: Professional Medical Lighting for Hospital, Clinic, Minor Surgery, Examination or Diagnosis, within suitable facilities designated for such purposes. This light system is mounted centrally in a room such that access is available all around the operating environment.

User interface: The System Two LED lighting systems are intended to be used by medical professionals in surgeries and exam rooms. The functional interfaces are 360 degree positioning horizontally and vertically +20° to -62°. The lamp head can be rotated approximately 330 degrees. An ON/OFF button is provided with 5 levels of dimming and Endo mode.

Misuses: For any purpose or use at any facility other than stated above. Caution shall be exercised when positioning the light head and avoid contact or collision with the patent, other medical professionals or other lights/equipment.



Surgical Lighting System Installation and Service Manual

Table of Contents

Section 1	4
Definition of Terms	4
List of symbols	6
System Two LED models	
The following System Two LED models are covered in this manual:	7
Limited Warranty	8
Section 2	10
Mechanical Specifications	10
Electrical Specifications	10
Optical Specifications	
Environmental Specifications	11
Section 3	12
Pre-Installation	12
Guidelines	
Ceiling Rod Calculation, Solo Mount	14
Ceiling Rod Calculation, Duo Mount	
Ceiling Rod Calculation, Trio Mount	16
General Information	
Ceiling Mount Installation	19
Electrical Connection	19
Arm Cable Termination	
Light Head Attachment and Locking Pin Removal	28
Section 4	29
Operating Instructions	29
Head and Arm Movement	
Section 5	
Safety Tips & Warnings	
Section 5	
Safety Tips & Warnings (cont'd)	31
Section 6	
Fuse Replacement	
Arm Adjustment	
Head Adjustment	
Arm Friction Adjustment	35
Handle Sterilization	
Cleaning Instructions	
Section 7	
Troubleshooting	38



Surgical Lighting System Installation and Service Manual

Table of Illustrations

Figure 1: Mounting Dimensions for Ceiling Casting	13
Figure 2: Ceiling Rod Calculation Solo Mount	14
Figure 3: Ceiling Rod Calculation Duo Mount	15
Figure 4: Ceiling Rod Calculation Trio Mount	16
Figure 5: Shown, sub-assemblies for a Solo, ceiling mount.	18
Figure 6: Ceiling Mount	19
Figure 7: Unpacking and installation setup.	20
Figure 8: Installation setup	21
Figure 9: Arm and Ceiling Casting Assembly	23
Figure 10: Ceiling & Shaft dowel pin insertion	24
Figure 11: Ceiling & Shaft dowel pin locking	25
Figure 12: Arm Cable termination	26
Figure 13: Locking Pin Removal	28
Figure 14: Head and Arm Movement	29
Figure 15: Fuse Replacement	32
Figure 16: Arm Adjustment	33
Figure 17: Light Head Adjustment	34
Figure 18: Arm Friction Adjustment	35
Figure 19: Handle Sterilization	36

Definition of Terms

I.E.C. International Electrotechnical Commission

ETL Edison Testing Laboratories

Medical Electrical Equipment

Electrical equipment intended to diagnose, treat the patient under medical supervision. Electrical equipment that transfers light energy to the patient.

Central Illuminance

Illuminance of light head measured at 1 meter from the light emitting area with no obstructions. The value is expressed in Foot-candles or Lux.

Light Field Center

The point of maximum illuminance in lighted area. This is the reference point for light field size and light distribution measurements.

Light Field Diameter

The diameter of the circle where illuminance reaches 10% of light field center illuminance.

Depth of Illumination

The distance above and below 1 meter to where the central Illuminance is reduced to 20%.

Shadow Dilution

The ability of the equipment to minimize the impact of shadows in the working area due to partial obstruction by the operator or other medical personnel.

Correlated Color Temperature

The color temperature of the light fixture when compared to a blackbody radiator expressed in degrees Kelvin.

Total Irradiance

The total amount of energy imparted to the patient by the lighting system expressed in Watts/meter squared.

Color Rendering Index (CRI)

A method of how well a light source will render other colors when illuminating them based upon eight CIE chromaticity coordinates measured with a spectroradiometer.

Sterilizable Handle

An easily removable device that when properly sterilized maintains a sterile area in order to handle it under aseptic conditions when attached to the equipment.

Definition of Terms (cont'd)

Head/Yoke Assembly

The part of the device which includes the light source, heat removal system and light focusing system.

Arm Assembly – Extension/Articulating Arm

Horizontal section of the positioning arm with pivots that is used to increase the area covered by the light head and articulating arm. The articulating arm allows for vertical positioning of the light head.

Light Mounting

Support apparatus used to connect arm assembly/light head to a fixed surface, consisting of either a single, double or triple ceiling mount.

Neutral Conductor (common)

In an AC circuit, the return line for current.

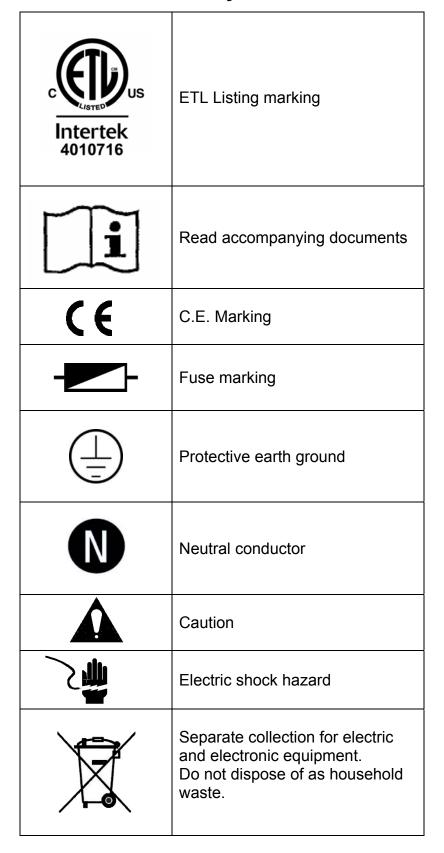
Protective earth ground

The conductor used to connect the non-current-carrying metal parts of equipment, raceways, and other enclosures to the system grounded conductor, the grounding electrode conductor, or both, of the circuit at the service equipment or at the source of a separately derived system.

Off Center Moment

The unit of measurement for torque which is caused by an off-center load. Measured in footpounds.

List of symbols



System Two LED models

The following System Two LED models are covered in this manual:

SD2	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 120 W
SD2P3	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 120 W
SD2M1	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 120 W
SD2VR	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 120 W
SD2D2	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 240 W
SD2D2P3	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 240 W
SD2D2M1	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 240 W
SD2D2VR	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 240 W
SD2D2D2	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 360 W

Medical Illumination International, Inc. Lighting Equipment

Limited Warranty

This document comprises the general terms of your product's Limited Warranty. By accepting the shipment of the product, the owner/purchaser agrees to adhere to the warranty terms and conditions expressed herein.

Medical Illumination International, Inc. ("Medical Illumination") Lighting Equipment is warranted against defective material and/or workmanship, excluding normal replacement parts (e.g. bulbs, sterilizable handles or glass items), for a period of three (3) years from the date of shipment. This Limited Warranty applies exclusively to the repair or replacement of parts recognized as defective by Medical Illumination that are in normal use and have not been modified or repaired by unauthorized personnel.

This Limited Warranty extends only to the first retail purchaser of a product, and is not transferable or assignable. This warranty supersedes all other guarantees or warranties, expressed or implied.

WARRANTY SERVICE & REPAIRS

Medical Illumination does not provide (or give any compensation for) outside repair services or field labor. Therefore, in the event of a failure covered under this warranty, please take the following immediate action:

- 1. Contact Medical Illumination via phone at (818) 838-3025, through our website at http://www.medillum.com, or by facsimile at (818) 838-3725.
 - A. Be prepared to give the model number, serial number, and full description of the failure.
 - B. Our Customer Service department will attempt to solve the problem over the phone. If it becomes necessary to send the product to the factory for repair, you will be provided with a Return Authorization number. Products sent to the factory without a Return Authorization number will not be accepted.
- 2. It is the retail purchaser's obligation to arrange for shipment return of a product to the factory for warranty service, which shall be at the retail purchaser's expense. Carefully package the light component (light head, arm assembly, mount assembly, etc.) and return it, freight prepaid and insured, with the Return Authorization number clearly marked on the outside of the box, to:

Medical Illumination 547 Library Street San Fernando, CA 91340 RA#_____

Damage resulting from inadequate packing is not covered by this warranty, and shipping insurance does not cover damage due to inadequate packing. We recommend that the package be insured against loss or in-transit damage. Medical Illumination cannot be held responsible for in-transit loss or damage. In the event that freight-related damage should occur, Medical Illumination will notify you immediately so that you can file a damage claim with the proper freight carrier.

Medical Illumination Limited Warranty (cont'd)

Within the aforementioned time period of three (3) years from date of shipment, Medical Illumination will evaluate the returned product, repair as appropriate, and ship the product back to you with freight costs prepaid by the Company. In the event that non-warranty damage or failure is discovered, you will be contacted before any repairs are performed.

EXCLUSIONS

This Limited Warranty does <u>not</u> cover the following:

- Any field labor or outside services (electricians, contractors, installation services, routine maintenance or other repair services)
- Damage to the product resulting from tampering, accident, abuse, negligence, alteration, or other causes unrelated to problems with material and/or workmanship
- Damage due to improper installation, use, cleaning or maintenance, as outlined in the Installation and Service Manual for the product
- Labor costs associated with removing, re-packaging for shipment or reinstalling product

PRODUCT RETURNS:

Please contact the authorized dealer from whom the product was purchased to inquire about a product return. Additional terms and conditions set by the dealer may apply for any returned items.

SHIPMENT DAMAGE:

If the initial shipment of your purchased product arrived in damaged condition, please leave the packaging and its contents intact and contact Medical Illumination immediately.

Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Value
Weights:	
Solo ceiling mount assembly*	Approximately 73.5 lbs (33.3 Kg)
Duo ceiling mount assembly*	Approximately 104.5 lbs (47.4 Kg)
Trio ceiling mount assembly*	Approximately 155.5 lbs (70.5 Kg)
Light head assembly (*Note: The weight of the Ceiling Cast assembly is included.)	Approximately 28.1 lbs (12.7 Kg)
Dimensions:	
Ceiling casting	17.0" (431.8 mm) Dia. x 4.7" (119.4 mm) deep
Ceiling rod	2.5" (63.5 mm) Dia. x 9.0"-43.0"(228.6 -1092.2 mm)
	long (depending on ceiling height)
Arm (articulated)	4.0" (102 mm) Dia. (tapered) x 26.0" (660 mm) long
Light head assembly	25.5" (648 mm) Dia. 4.75" (120 mm) deep
Rotations:	
Ceiling mount/extension arm interface	Continuous
Articulating/extension arm interface	Continuous
Articulating arm vertical movement	+15 Degrees, -65 Degrees
Articulating arm/Yoke interface	Continuous
Yoke/lamp head interface	+/-165 Degrees (330° range)

Electrical Specifications

Parameters	Value
Voltage Input Voltage	100 - 240 VAC 50/60 Hz – Single Phase
LED life	50,000 hours (average)
Power:	
Solo	120 Watts
Duo	240 Watts
Trio	360 Watts

Optical Specifications

Parameter	Value	
Correlated Color Temperature Irradiance Color Rendering Index (CRI R1-R8=RA) Color Rendering Index R9	4,200 °Kelvin ±300°K 128 W/m² (1 m) 87 87	
Parameter	Value	
Focal length Central illuminance (full intensity) Dimming – 5 Intensity Levels (Indicated by 5 LED's on 2 indicator strips located 180° apart) Endo Mode (18 LED's triangulated 120° apart) Light field diameter (adjustable) Depth of illumination Diameter (d50) Illuminance (one mask) Illuminance (two masks) Illuminance at bottom of standard tube Illuminance at bottom of standard tube with one mask Illuminance at bottom of standard tube with two masks	39.4" (1 meter) 130,000 +/- 5K Lux. 100% 87.5% 75% 62.5% 50% 130,000 113,750 97,500 81,250 65,000 8,500 Lux 9.5" - 14" (229mm - 356mm) 32.3" 5.5" (127mm - 140mm) 6,930 fc 5,800 fc 12,300 fc 6,750 fc 5,600 fc	

Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Value
Ambient / Operating temperature	41°F to 104°F (5° to 40° Celsius)
Storage temperature range	-4°F to 122°F (-20° to 50° Celsius)
Humidity	10% - 90% relative humidity
Pressure	100 kPA (@<2K meters)

Pre-Installation Guidelines

SPECIAL NOTE: Installation and repair of this equipment should be performed by a qualified mechanical contractor only. Medical Illumination International, Inc. does not warranty any damage occurring as a result of improper installation.

It is recommended that this installation manual be completely reviewed prior to installation.

Before installation, check to ensure the following minimum conditions are provided:

The structural ceiling mount is designed to support a vertical load of 300 lbs (trio) and an off-center moment of 960 ft-lbs, the solo light is significantly less. The structural mount should meet all local building codes.

A structural mount that does not meet these minimum conditions can cause serious injury and/or property damage.

Failure to use the correct mounting hardware can cause the arm/head assembly to become unstable, causing serious injury and/or property damage. If the ceiling mounting surface is not level, shim the ceiling casting to level the assembly.



525 watts @ 2.5 amperes.

Failure to level the ceiling casting may cause unwanted arm "drifting" during use.

- It is recommended that the System Two LED surgical lighting system be mounted directly over a 4-0 junction box. If this is not possible the input power supply lines should be wired in accordance with all applicable building codes.
- The supply circuit line must be as follows: 120 VAC lights-110-120 VAC 50/60 Hz, single phase, three wire, capable of supplying 525 watts @ 5 amperes. 230 VAC lights- 220-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, single phase, three wire, capable of supplying
- The power supply circuit must be in compliance with all applicable building codes.
- The light head switches secondary transformer power only. It is recommended that the System Two LED Surgical Lighting System is connected to its own supply circuit with integral circuit breaker. The circuit breaker will act as the supply main disconnect switch.
- The MAINS ground wire, which is green with a yellow stripe and has a ring-type terminal at the end, should be securely fastened to the ceiling casting with a screw and lock washer. as shown in Figure: 6 Ceiling Mount (see Common Ground).

Failure to provide a circuit meeting these minimum standards or complying with local building codes can cause a shock hazard.

Check the length of the ceiling rod supplied to make sure that it is the proper length to install and operate the light without interference or over reach. (See ceiling Rod Calculation on pages 14-16).

Pre-Installation Guidelines

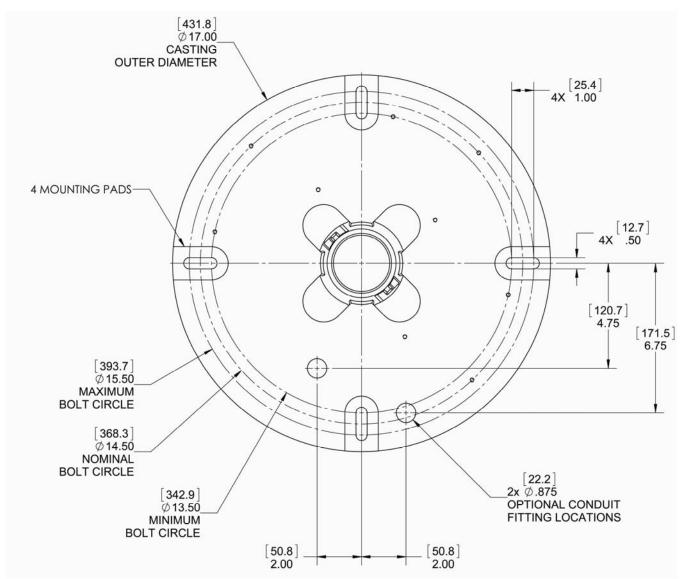


Figure 1: Mounting Dimensions for Ceiling Casting

Top View

[Dimensions with brackets are in millimeters]

Ceiling Rod Calculation, Solo Mount

Use the following table to select the correct length ceiling rod for your application.

Ceiling Mounting Height "Y"-Value	Ceiling Rod Length	"X"-Value	Head Room to Bottom of Extension Arm "Y"-Value – X-Value
8' (2,438mm)	N/A	20.0" (508.0mm)	76" (1.9m)
9' (2,743mm)	9.4" (238.7mm)	29.4" (746.8mm)	78.6" (2.0m)
9'6" (2,896m)	13" (330.2mm)	33.0" (838.2mm)	81" (2.1m)
10' (3,048mm)	19" (482.6mm)	39.0" (990.6mm)	81" (2.1m)
10'6" (3,200mm)	25" (635.0mm)	45.0" (1,143.0mm)	81" (2.1m)
11' (3,352mm)	31" (787.4mm)	51.0" (1,295.4mm)	81" (2.1m)
12' (3,658mm)	43" (1092.2mm)	63.0" (1,600.2mm)	81" (2.1m)

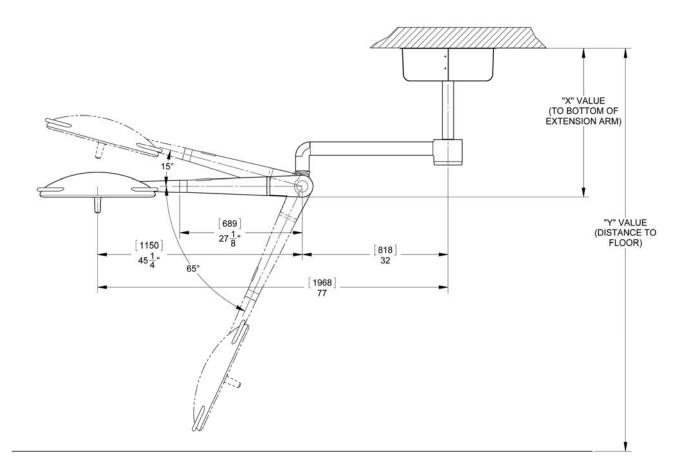


Figure 2: Ceiling Rod Calculation Solo Mount

Ceiling Rod Calculation, Duo Mount

Use the following table to select the correct length ceiling rod for your application.

Ceiling Mounting Height "Y"-Value	Ceiling Rod Length	"X"-Value	Head Room to Bottom of Extension Arm Y-Value – X-Value
8'6" (2,591m)	N/A	25.0" (635.0mm)	77" (1.8m)
9' (2,743mm)	9.4" (239mm)	34.4" (874mm)	73.6" (1.9m)
9'6" (2,896mm)	13" (330.2mm)	38.0" (965mm)	76" (1.9m)
10' (3,048mm)	19" (482.6mm)	44.0" (1,118mm)	76" (1.9m)
10'6" (3,200mm)	25" (635.0mm)	50.0" (1,270mm)	76" (1.9m)
11' (3,353mm)	31" (787.4mm)	56.0" (1,422mm)	76" (1.9m)
12' (3,658mm)	43" (1092.2mm)	68.0" (1,727mm)	76" (1.9m)

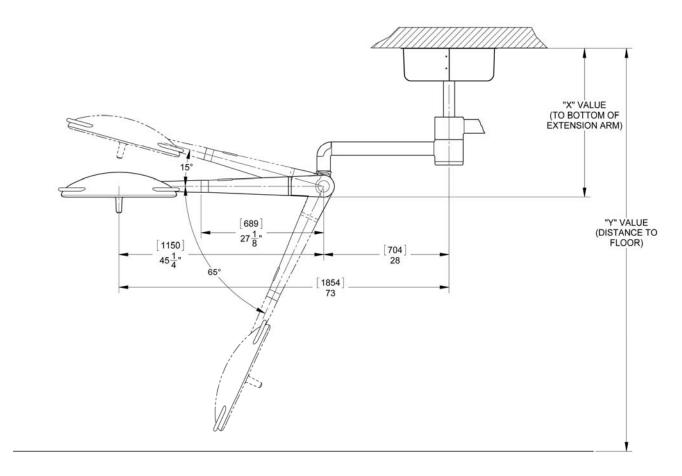


Figure 3: Ceiling Rod Calculation Duo Mount

Ceiling Rod Calculation, Trio Mount

Use the following table to select the correct length ceiling rod for your application.

Ceiling Mounting Height "Y"-Value	Ceiling Rod Length	"X"-Value	Head Room to Bottom of Extension Arm (Y-Value – X-Value)
9'0" (2.7m)	N/A	30.0" (762mm)	78" (1.7m)
9'6" (2.9m)	9.4" (238.7mm)	39.4" (1,001mm)	74.6" (1.8m)
10'0" (3.0m)	13" (330.2mm)	43.0" (1,092mm)	77" (1.8m)
10'6" (3.2m)	19" (482.6mm)	49.0" (1,245mm)	77" (1.8m)
11'0" (3.3m)	25" (635.0mm)	55.0" (1,397mm)	77" (1.8m)
12'0" (3.6m)	31" (787.4mm)	61.0" (1,549mm)	83" (1.8m)

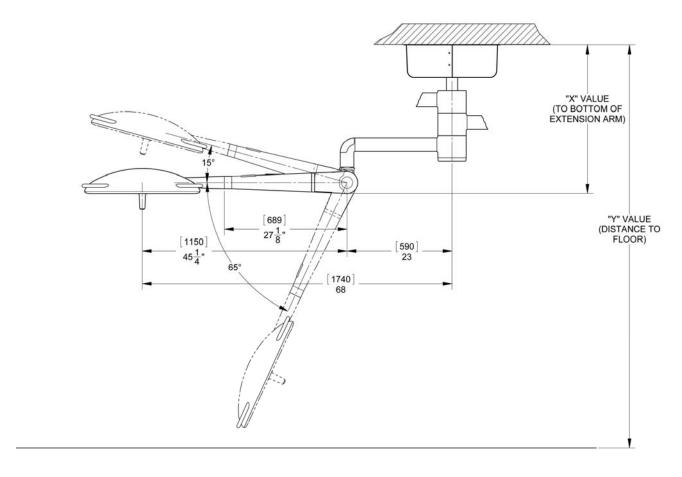


Figure 4: Ceiling Rod Calculation Trio Mount

General Information

The System Two LED, ceiling mounted, orbital lighting system is offered in three arm configurations, Solo, Duo & Trio. The system is shipped in separate cartons. The ceiling casting assembly, hardware kit and this manual are in one carton. The arm assembly and ceiling rod/adapter assembly are in one carton. The Light Head/Yoke assemblies are located in individual cartons.

Note: There are 6 standard length extension rods for different ceiling heights. Verify that your ceiling rod length is correct for your ceiling height.

Note: Ceilings under 8 ½ feet do not require an extension rod and adapter. If not correct please contact customer service. For ceiling heights greater than 11 feet the ceiling rod/adapter assembly will be shipped separately. Prior to installation ensure that all components shown in Figure 5 are present.

WHEN REMOVING PARTS FROM THE SHIPPING CARTONS, BE CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE COMPONENTS.

IMPORTANT: THOROUGHLY CHECK EACH BOX FOR PARTS THAT MAY BE LOCATED IN AREAS THAT CAN BE OVERLOOKED.

Installation Ceiling Mount

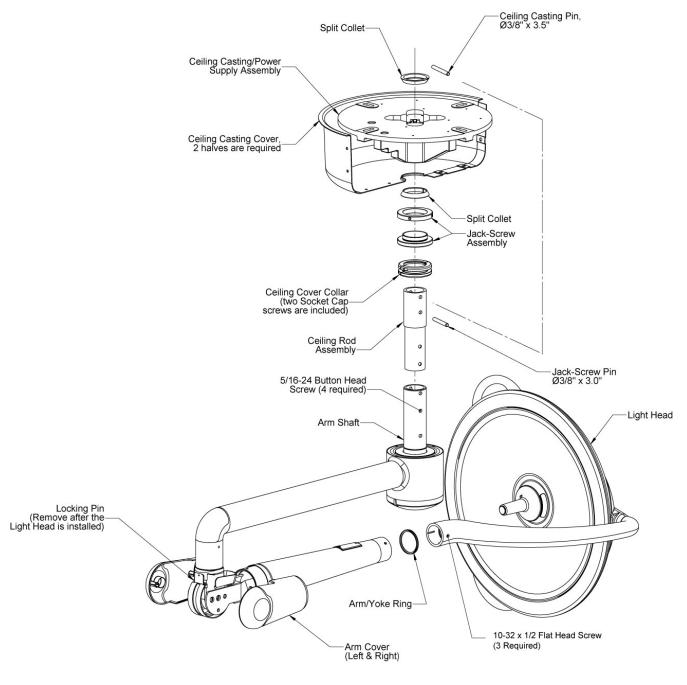
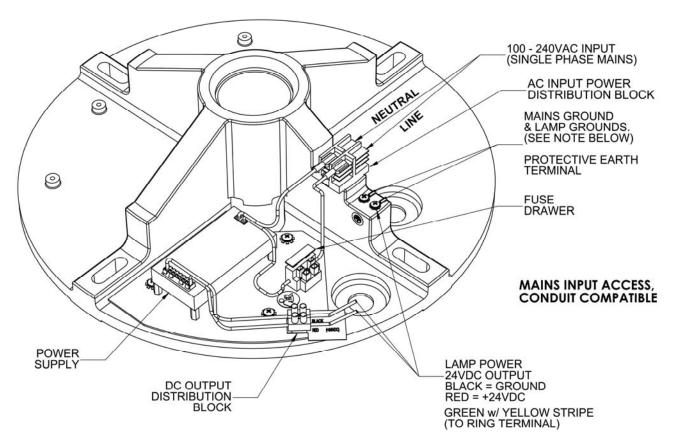


Figure 5: Shown, sub-assemblies for a Solo, ceiling mount.

The same installation applies for the Duo & Trio.

Note: Do not remove locking pin until light head is installed on arm.

Installation Ceiling Mount



Ceiling Mount Installation

Figure 6: Ceiling Mount

(Note: Shown as a Solo with Power Supply)

Electrical Connection

Note:

Protective Earth Ground Warning: To avoid risk of electrical shock, this equipment must only be connected to supply mains with protective earth ground.

When connecting the System Two LED to power ensure that all connections are made in accordance with the local building code standards. See Figure 12 for electrical connection.

Installation Ceiling Mount

Locate the cartons containing the arm assembly and the ceiling casting and unpack following the instructions on the outside of the container. Remove the contents such that the arm assembly is sitting by its self on top of the lower packing foam component. Assemble the arm assembly with the ceiling mounting components shown in Figure 8.

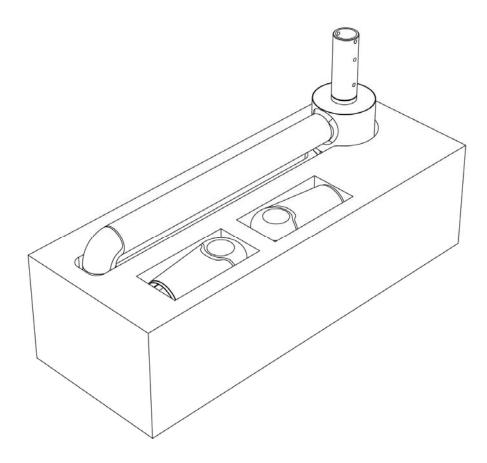


Figure 7: Unpacking and installation setup.

Installation Ceiling Mount

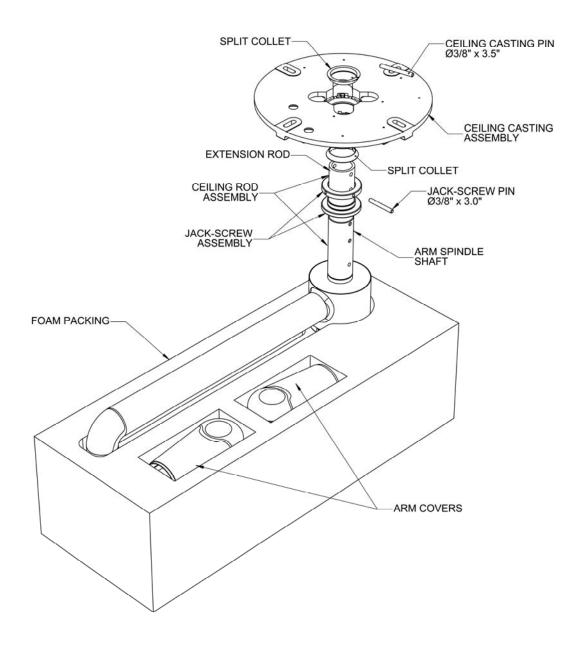


Figure 8: Installation setup

For ceiling heights 8 ½ - 12 feet (this will vary for solo, duo & trio)

Before installing the ceiling casting assembly to the arm spindle shaft, verify the appropriate extension rod length has been ordered and supplied (see figures 2, 3 or 4 on pages 14, 15 or 16). With the appropriate extension rod, place the large arm ring over the ceiling rod/adapter, and slide the ceiling rod assembly into the spindle shaft, aligning the four screw holes (see figure 8).

Installation Setup (cont'd)

Install four ⁵/₁₆-24 button head screws to secure the arm shaft to the ceiling rod/adapter.

Complete the assembly as shown in figure 8.

Failure to tighten the ⁵/₁₆-24 button head screws can cause the arm/head assembly to become unstable causing serious injury and/or property damage.

For all ceiling heights

Insert the 3/8 x 3" long dowel pin into the 3rd thru hole from the end of the shaft. Screw the two parts of the Jack-Screw assembly together. Slide the Jack-Screw assembly over the shaft, so that the 3" long dowel pin is fully seated into the notch on the Jack-Screw (see figure 8).

Slide one of the split tapered collets onto the shaft, tapered end pointed toward the end of the shaft (see figure 8).

Slide the ceiling casting onto the spindle shaft.

Place the other split tapered collet into the tapered counter bore in the top side of the casting and then insert the cable(s) thru the shaft hole in the ceiling casting and thru the collet.

Insert the 3.5" dowel pin thru the access holes in the ceiling casting and into end hole in the spindle shaft. Make sure the pin is on top of the split collet.

Rotate the ceiling casting counter clockwise such that the dowel pin slides up the locking notch ramp and into the locking slot (see figures 10 & 11).

Make sure that both dowel pins are seated into their respective slots. Failure to do so could result in damaging the light head arm assembly or cause personal injury.

Hand-tighten the Jack-Screw assembly removing most of the play. Final tightening must be accomplished after the ceiling casting has been bolted in place. Use the two Jack-Screw tightening rods in the hardware kit to tighten.

Feed the arm power cables thru the ceiling casting large access holes and connect each arm power cable to the appropriate power-supply (see Fig 12 on Page 26). Using the lower packing foam component, hoist or lift the arm assembly toward the ceiling. Using the foam packing component will prevent the arm from swinging around and assist the installation. The mains power input cable (not supplied) should be run through the large access holes nearest to the power distribution block.

Install the ceiling casting on the ceiling using four %" bolts and washers. It is recommended that only Grade 8 or equivalent fasteners be used for the installation. Make sure the ceiling casting is level. Note: Fasteners are not provided by Medical Illumination

Using the two Jack-Screw tightening bars, finish tightening the Jack-Screw (see figure 9). To assist tightening wiggle the arm assemble while tightening to remove any excess play. Make sure all play has been removed between the Jack-Screw, the spindle shaft and ceiling casting.

Arm and Ceiling Casting Assembly

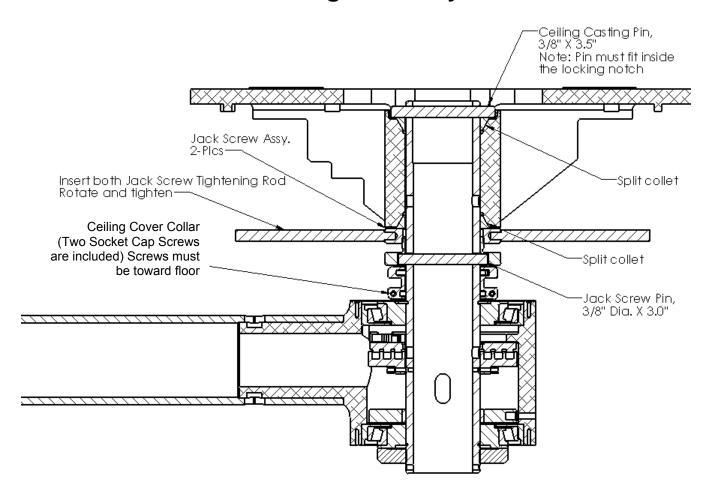


Figure 9: Arm and Ceiling Casting Assembly

Installation Ceiling Mount

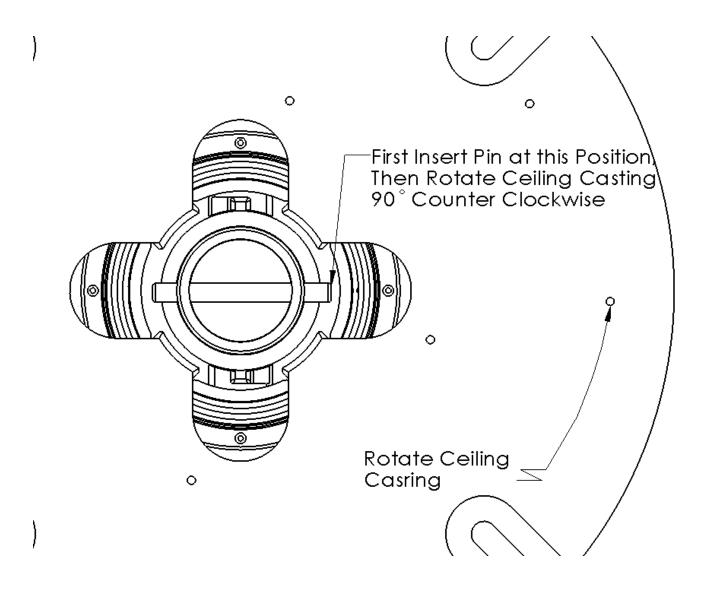


Figure 10: Ceiling & Shaft dowel pin insertion

Installation Ceiling Mount

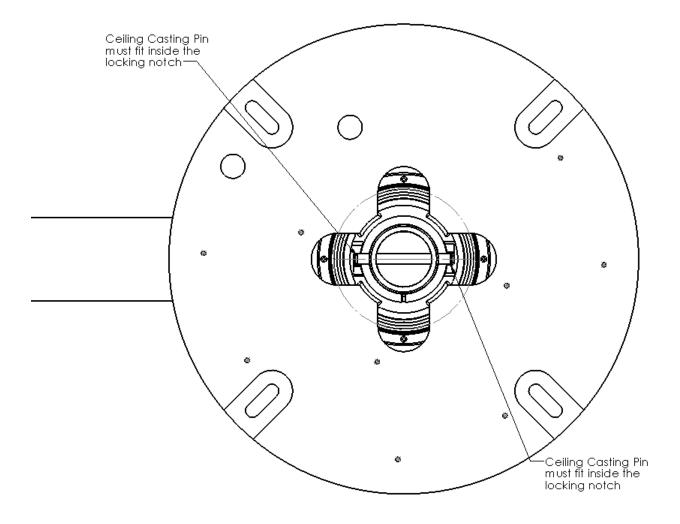


Figure 11: Ceiling & Shaft dowel pin locking.

The structural ceiling mount must be designed to support a vertical load of 300 lbs and an off center moment of 960 ft-lbs. The structural mount should meet all local building codes. A structural mount that does not meet these minimum conditions can cause serious injury and/or property damage.

Failure to use the correct mounting hardware can cause the arm/head assembly to become unstable, causing serious injury and/or property damage. If the ceiling mounting surface is not level, shim the ceiling casting to level the assembly.

A Failure to level the ceiling casting may cause unwanted arm "drifting" during use.

Arm Cable Termination

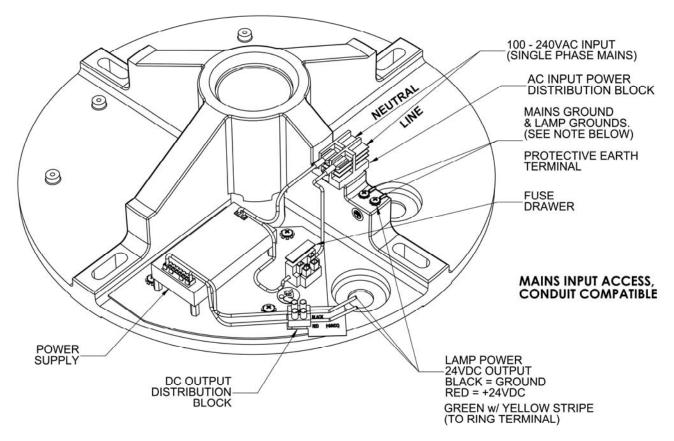


Figure 12: Arm Cable termination

(Note: Shown as a Solo with Power Supply)

Strip 3/16" (7mm) of insulation and twist the ends of each power cables from the Arm Assembly. Connect each one to the DC Output Power Distribution Block: First connect the Green w/ Yellow Strip lead to the Mains Earth Ground 🕀 terminal, the Black cable to the Ground and the Red cable to the +24VDC terminal.

Protective Earth Ground Warning, to avoid risk of electrical shock, this equipment must be only connected to supply mains with protective earth.



Ensure that the building mains supply is turned off before proceeding.



Provide supply mains in accordance with Local Electrical Code.

Ensure the input supply is Single Phase, between 100-240 VAC. This will be determined by your Country of Installation.

Arm Cable Termination (cont'd)

Secure the building ground wire to the protective earth terminal (ring lug and screw are already installed on the ceiling casting). The protective earth screw will be designated with a ground symbol. Strip the building mains line (Load and Neutral) power input cable ends; crimp on the two ¼ wide quick connect connectors provided in the hardware kit. Connect the Load input wire (from the Junction box) to the black wire on the AC Input Power Distribution Block and the Neutral to the White wire. Tie the two primary wires together (near the power distribution block) with the cable tie provided in the hardware kit.

Remove the two screws from the ceiling cover collar (see figure 9) using the Allen wrench provided in the hardware kit. Install the ceiling cover collar onto the ceiling shaft, insuring that two screws locations are positioned toward the floor. Tighten the two screws such that the collar does not slip down the rod by itself but can still be moved when pushed by hand.

Install the two ceiling casting covers in the groove on the ceiling collar. Install eight $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 screws provided in hardware kit to hold covers together. Slide the collar cover assembly, flush to the ceiling and tighten all screws.

Section 3 Light Head Attachment and Locking Pin Removal

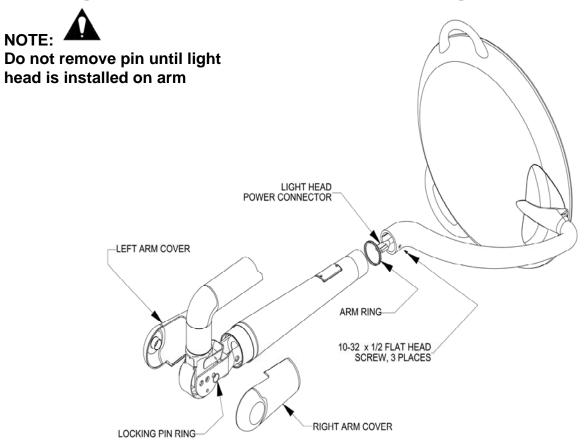


Figure 13: Locking Pin Removal

The arm assembly is shipped with a locking pin that prevents the arm from rotating vertically. Do not remove the locking pin until light head has been installed onto the arm assembly. Failure to do so can result in serious injury and/or property damage. Install the small arm ring onto arm assembly. Plug the Light Head Power Connector in the Arm into the Power Connector in the Yoke. Once connected, slide the head assembly over the shaft protruding from the arm and secure using three 10-32x1/2 flat head screws provided in the hardware kit.

Failure to install or tighten the three 10-32x1/2 flat head screws can cause the head assembly to fall causing serious injury and/or property damage.

Note: The pin must be removed before trying to operate the arm. Slightly pull the arm down releasing tension on the pin. The pin should easily pull out. Keep pin in a safe place for further use such as normal maintenance.

Remove the arm locking pin and install the plastic arm covers. Installation is now complete. Refer to the Operation Instructions before operating light and arm.

Operating Instructions

To position the light head and arm, firmly grasp the sterilizable handle and move the light head or arm to the desired location.

On/Off & Dimmer Control: To turn the light on or off, depress the on/off intensity button on the bottom of the sterilizable handle. To dim the light intensity, depress the dimming button on the sterilizable handle. The dimming consists of five (5) distinct increments with dimming values between 100 and 50% of total illuminance. The light head will automatically reset to full mode if the dimming button is depressed with the light on its lowest setting.

The System Two LED also has an Endo (Endoscopy) Mode integrated into the lights' dimming capabilities. The output in this mode produces low level lighting for use during endoscopic surgery. To put the System Two LED into the Endo Mode, at any dimming level, press and hold the dimming button for 3 seconds.

To turn off the light, set the light into the Endo Mode by holding the dimming button for 3 seconds and then depress the dimming button once afterwards.

To adjust the light pattern (spot-size) grasp the sterilizable handle and rotate. Rotating the handle counterclockwise will increase the spot size. Rotating the handle clockwise will focus or tighten the spot. Note: Increasing the spot size can act as a dimmer as it will spread out the light pattern reducing intensity.

Head and Arm Movement

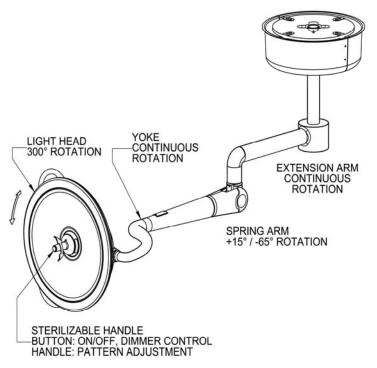


Figure 14: Head and Arm Movement (Solo light shown)

Safety Tips & Warnings

Only facility authorized maintenance personnel should troubleshoot and/or repair the System Two LED Surgical Lighting System. Troubleshooting by unauthorized personnel could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

No modification of this equipment is allowed.

Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer. If this equipment is modified, appropriate inspection and testing must be conducted to ensure continued safe use of the equipment.

Isolation from Supply Mains- The isolation shall be provided by the facility.

Appropriate Breakers with simultaneous action to all poles shall be made available.

The articulating arm is spring loaded. When removing the head/yoke ensure that the arm lock pin has been installed. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

The articulating arm is spring loaded. Never remove the arm lock pin until the head/yoke has been installed. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Follow the product manufacturer's instructions. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

If the unit fails any part of the preventive maintenance functional checks, repair the unit before use on any patient. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Do not use harsh cleaners, solvents, or detergents. Failure to do so could result in equipment damage.

A Do not use silicone based lubricants. Equipment damage could occur.

The front lens is supplied with a protective hard coat to resist scratching. Never use abrasive cleaners on the front lens. Failure to do so could result in equipment damage.

Turn off main power before any repairs are started. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Do not pinch any wires during installation. Pinched wires can cause an electrical shock hazard, resulting in personal injury and/or property damage.

Safety Tips & Warnings (cont'd)

Use only Medical Illumination fuses P/N 0001475 (250 VAC/1.6A slow-blow, Break Capacity: 150%, 1.6A @ 60 minutes min. 1000%, 1.6A @ 20ms min to 300ms max.) if replacement is necessary. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Do not expose the unit to excessive moisture. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Do not rest articles or liquids on top of the System Two LED Surgical Lighting System.

Spilled liquids will damage the light head and arm assemblies causing an electric shock hazard.

Fuse Replacement

Turn off main power before fuses are replaced. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

- To remove the ceiling cover halves, remove the eight ½-20 attachment screws that hold the covers together. Pull the halves apart. It may be necessary to loosen the two ceiling collar screws and slide the collar down the ceiling rod.
- Locate the FUSE HOLDER and pull the FUSE DRAWER out with your fingers.
 Note: A spare replacement fuse is located in the upper part of the fuse holder.
 Take out the blown fuse in the lower fuse holder and replace it with the fuse in the upper holder.
- Replace defective fuse with Medical Illumination P/N 0001475, 250VAC/1.6 amp slow-blow fuse, Break Capacity: 150%, 1.6A @ 60 minutes min. 1000%, 1.6A @ 20ms min to 300ms max.

Use only Medical Illumination fuses P/N 0001475, if replacement is necessary. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Replace ceiling covers and restore main power to the unit.

Note: Do not use light should it continue to blow fuses. Contact the factory immediately

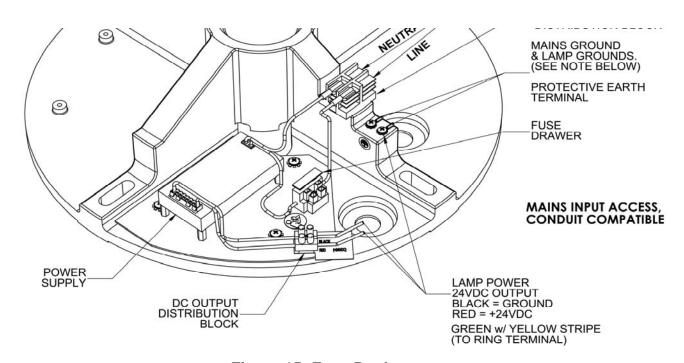


Figure 15: Fuse Replacement

Arm Adjustment

If the articulating arm will not maintain its vertical position (up or down), the spring inside the arm needs to be adjusted

- Remove the two screws on the access cover.
- Lower the arm and head until the adjustment holes in the spring tension adjustment nut is accessible.

Make sure the adjustment rod is firmly in the spring tension adjustment nut before adjusting the spring. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

• Turn the ¼" diameter rod clockwise to increase the tension in the spring (needed when light head tends to droop on arm). Turn the spring rod counterclockwise to decrease the tension in the spring. Continue to adjust until light head is again balanced.

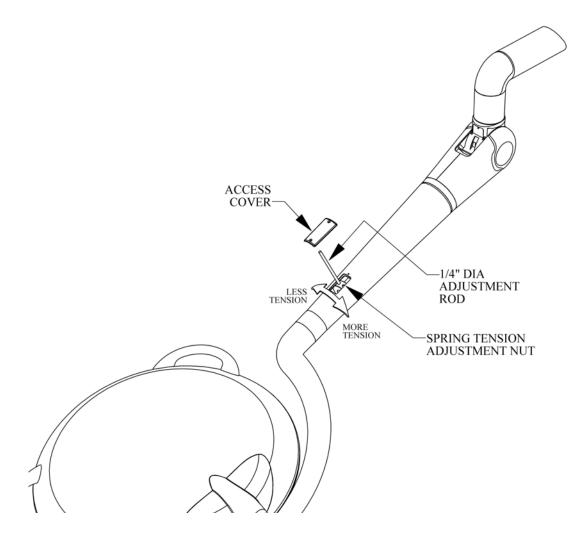


Figure 16: Arm Adjustment

Head Adjustment

- To adjust the friction between the head and the yoke, rotate the head until the hole in the yoke is exposed, as shown below.
- Insert the 5/16" Allen wrench into the hole and tighten the set screw to increase the head friction or loosen the set screw to decrease head friction.

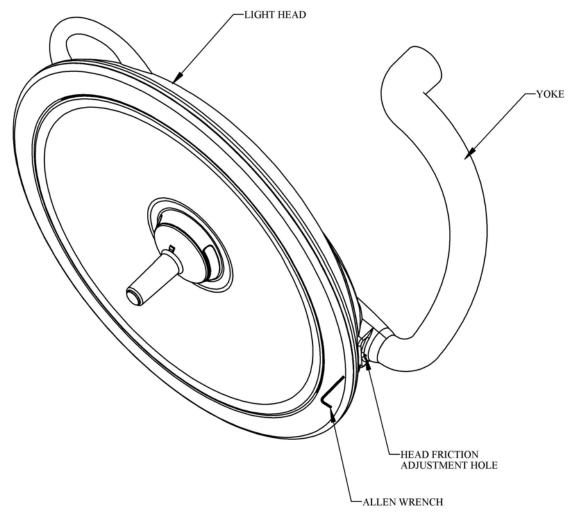


Figure 17: Light Head Adjustment

Arm Friction Adjustment

Before setting tension, check mount for level/flex

- All arm/head assemblies have an internal brake to eliminate arm/head drifting during
 use. These brakes are pre-adjusted at the factory. If the whole arm assembly and head
 is drifting, adjust the brake closest to the ceiling casting.
- Using the Allen wrench (supplied in the hardware kit) turn the 2 set screws located on the arm housing clockwise to increase friction or counterclockwise to decrease friction.
 If the head and articulating arm are drifting, adjust the brake located on the extension arm.
- Using the Allen wrench (supplied in the hardware kit) turn the set screw (2 locations) located on the elbow clockwise to increase friction or counterclockwise to decrease friction.

Note: If the Arm exhibits excessive drifting, check that the Ceiling Mount is level and that the mounting bolts are tight and the Jack-Screw is securely tightened (see figure 9).

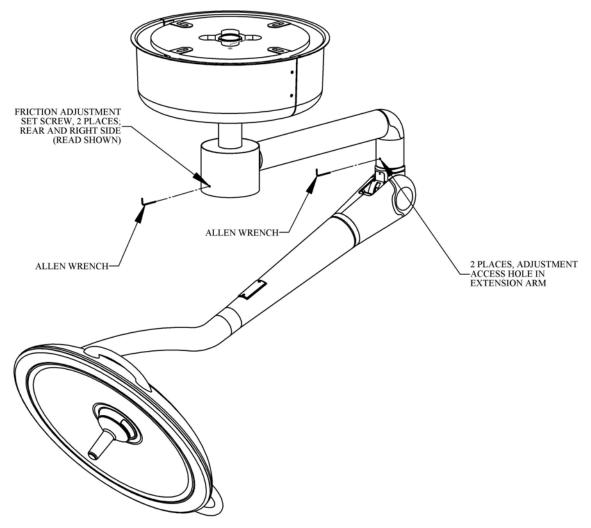


Figure 18: Arm Friction Adjustment (solo light shown)

Handle Sterilization

- Remove sterilizable handle by pressing the Handle Button near the base of the handle towards the center and pull the handle off the handle post.
- Sterilize the handle utilizing steam sterilization of minimum 250° Fahrenheit for a minimum of 30 minutes in compliance with AAMI-SSSa-1988 Good Hospital Practices, Steam Sterilization and Sterility Assurance, or equivalent method.

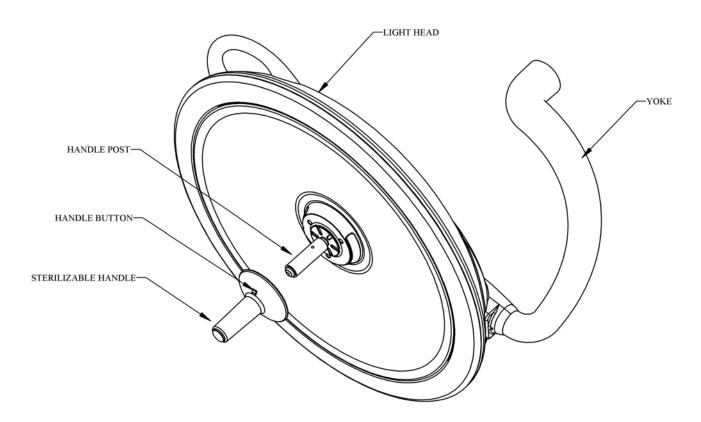


Figure 19: Handle Sterilization

Cleaning Instructions

- The front lens is made from a UV resistant polycarbonate plastic that has an external hard coating to resist scratching. Clean the lens using glass/plastic cleaner or mild soap and water mix. It is very important to use a clean, soft cloth to avoid any scratching of the diffuser. Never spray the cleaning fluid directly onto the lens surface, but instead spray into clean cloth and then wipe the lens.
- Clean the light housing and arm using mild soap and water mixture. Apply this mixture to a
 clean cloth and wipe down the light head and arm. Never spray the cleaning fluid directly
 onto the light head or arm, but instead spray onto clean cloth and then wipe the light head
 and arm.

Do not use harsh cleaners, solvents, or detergents. Failure to do so could result in equipment damage.

The front lens is supplied with a protective hard coat to resist scratching. Never use abrasive cleaners on the front lens. Failure to do so could result in equipment damage.

Do not expose the unit to excessive moisture. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and/or property damage.

Table 1: Preventative Maintenance Schedule

Function	Procedure
Bolts and nuts	Check to see that all mounting and attachment bolts, set screws, pins, etc. are in place and securely tightened. Replace any missing bolts and re-tighten as required.
Moving joints/Adjustments	Check to make sure all moving joints function properly along the mounting system and head and arm system. If the articulating arm does not position properly (drifts from original position) refer to arm adjustment. If the light head drifts refer to light head friction adjustment. If this does not solve the problem contact customer service as the unit may require factory repair
Overall appearance	Check the general aesthetics of the System Two LED Surgical Lighting System. The unit should be kept clean and dust free. Clean and dust as necessary.

Note: Maintenance schedules vary for each light depending on usage and operating instructions. An annual inspection of the equipment is recommended.

Note: Medical Illumination International Inc., recommends that the maintenance records for this equipment be kept on file at the health care facility.

Troubleshooting

Warning: Disconnect the light from the power supply before attempting any of the electrical checks mentioned below.

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Light will not turn on	 Power to unit is off Fuse is blown Exposed wires are cut or damaged Wire not connected correctly during installation Wire connections made during installation have disconnected No input power to light unit Disconnected wires at power supply No power output from power supply when input power to power supply is measured. 	 Turn on power (plug in unit) Replace fuse/fuses (check for correct fuse) Replace wire assembly Check all wiring connections Reconnect wires per the instructions Check power input connections and circuit breakers Reconnect wires Replace faulty power supply
Light does not maintain its position vertically	Spring tension or friction is incorrect. Additional equipment was added to unit.	Adjust spring Remove additional equipment from arm.
Arm/Head assembly does not maintain its position horizontally (Orbital)	Ceiling casting mount is not level. Ceiling casting mounting screw are loose. Arm/Head needs friction adjustment. Jack-Screw is loose.	Level ceiling casting mount by shimming. Tighten ceiling casting mounting fasteners. Tighten Jack-Screw.
Light head is loose (drifts) at yoke interface	Head needs friction adjustment.	Adjust light head (see light head friction adjustment)
Light head will not rotate at yoke interface	Light head is against internal stop.	Rotate head in opposite direction.
Articulating arm cannot be moved any lower	Arm is against internal stop.	Rotate arm in opposite direction.
Articulating arm cannot be raised any higher	Arm is against internal stop.	Rotate arm in opposite direction.