

REFRIGERATOR SERVICE MANUAL

CAUTION BEFORE SERVICING THE UNIT, READ THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.



COLOR : STAINLESS(ST) SMOOTH BLACK(SB) SUPER WHITE(SW)

MODEL : LMX28988** LMX25988**

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Please read the following instructions before servicing your refrigerator.

- 1. Unplug the power before handling any elctrical componets.
- 2. Check the rated current, voltage, and capacity.
- 3. Take caution not to get water near any electrical components.
- 4. Use exact replacement parts.
- 5. Remove any objects from the top prior to tilting the product.

1. SPECIFICATIONS

1-1 LMX28988**

• 28 cu.ft.

ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS		ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
DOOR DESIGN	Side Rounded	VEGETA	VEGETABLE TRAY Clear Drawer Type	
DIMENSIONS (inches)	35 ³ / ₄ X 35 ³ / ₈ X 69 ³ / ₄ (WXDXH) 28cu.ft.	COMPRE	SSOR	Linear
NET WEIGHT (pounds)	165 kg. (364 lb)	EVAPOR	ATOR	Fin Tube Type
COOLING SYSTEM	Fan Cooling	CONDEN	SER	Spiral Condenser
TEMPERATURE CONTROL	Micom Control	REFRIGERANT		R-134a (145 g)
DEFROSTING SYSTEM	Full Automatic	LUBRICATING OIL		ISO10 (280 ml)
	Heater Defrost	DEFROS	TING DEVICE	SHEATH HEATER
DOOR FINISH	PCM, VCM, Stainless	LAMP	REFRIGERATOR	LED Module(24)
HANDLE TYPE	Bar	LAIVIE	FREEZER	LED Module(24)
INNER CASE	ABS Resin			
INSULATION	Polyurethane Foam			

DIMENSIONS





Description		LMX28988**
Depth w/ Handles	A	35 3/8 in
Depth w/o Handles	В	32 7/8 in
Depth w/o Door	С	29 in
Depth (Total with Door Open)	D	47 5/8 in
Height to Top of Case	E	68 3/8 in
Height to Top of Door Hinge	F	69 3/4 in
Width	G	35 3/4 in
Width (door open 90 deg. w/o handle)	н	39 1/4 in
Width (door open 90 deg. w/ handle)	I	44 1/4 in

1-2 LMX25988**

• 25 cu.ft.

ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS		ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
DOOR DESIGN	Side Rounded	VEGETA	GETABLE TRAY Clear Drawer Type	
DIMENSIONS (inches)	32 ²³ / ₃₂ X 35 ³ / ₈ X 69 ³ / ₄ (WXDXH) 25cu.ft.	COMPRE	SSOR	Linear
NET WEIGHT (pounds)	153kg (337lb)	EVAPOR	ATOR	Fin Tube Type
COOLING SYSTEM	Fan Cooling	CONDEN	SER	Spiral Condenser
TEMPERATURE CONTROL	Micom Control	REFRIGERANT		R-134a (130 g)
DEFROSTING SYSTEM	Full Automatic	LUBRICA	TING OIL	ISO10 (280 ml)
	Heater Defrost	DEFROS	TING DEVICE	SHEATH HEATER
DOOR FINISH	PCM, VCM, Stainless	LAMP	REFRIGERATOR	LED Module(18)
HANDLE TYPE	Bar	LAIVIE	FREEZER	LED Module(12)
INNER CASE	ABS Resin			
INSULATION	Polyurethane Foam			

DIMENSIONS





Description	LMX25988**	
Depth w/ Handles	Α	35 3/8 in
Depth w/o Handles	В	32 7/8 in
Depth w/o Door	С	29 in
Depth (Total with Door Open)	D	46 3/64 in
Height to Top of Case	E	68 3/8 in
Height to Top of Door Hinge	F	69 3/4 in
Width	G	32 23/32 in
Width (door open 90 deg. w/o handle)	Н	36 7/32 in
Width (door open 90 deg. w/ handle)	I	41 7/32 in

2. PARTS IDENTIFICATION



1 ADJUSTABLE REFRIGERATOR SHELVING

The refrigerator compartment shelves are adjustable to allow flexibility for storage needs.

2 GALLON STORAGE BINS

Three interchangeable bins can be arranged to suit your storage needs.



B REMOVABLE ICE STORAGE BIN

The ice storage bin can be removed to fill ice buckets, coolers, or pitchers.



4 LED INTERIOR LAMPS

Two separate LED arrays light the freezer and refrigerator interiors.

5 CAN STORAGE BIN

6 FIXED DOOR BINS



3-1 REMOVING AND REPLACING REFRIGERATOR DOORS

• Removing Refrigerator Door

▲ CAUTION: Before you begin, unplug the refrigerator. Remove food and bins from doors.

Left Door -FIG. 2

- 1. Disconnect water supply tube by pushing back on the disconnect ring (3).-FIG. 1
- 2. Open door. Loosen top hinge cover screw (1).
 - Use flat tip screwdriver to pry back hooks on front underside of cover (2). Lift up cover.
- 3. Disconnect door switch wire harness and remove the cover.
- 4. Pull out the tube.
- 5. Disconnect all 3 wiring harnesses (4). Remove the grounding screw (5).
- 6. Rotate hinge lever (6) counterclockwise. Lift top hinge (7) free of hinge lever latch (8).
- **A** CAUTION: When lifting hinge free from the latch, be careful that door does not fall forward.
- 7. Lift door from middle hinge pin and remove door.
- 8. Place the door with the insides facing up, on a not scratch surface.

▶ Right Door -FIG. 3

- 1. Open the door, remove 1 screw on the top of the hinge cover. Loosen top hinge cover screw (1). Lift up cover (2).
- 2. Disconnect door switch wire harness and remove the cover.
- 3. Rotate hinge lever (3) clockwise. Lift top hinge (4) free of hinge lever latch (5).
- 4. Lift door from middle hinge pin and remove door.
- **A** CAUTION: When lifting hinge free from the latch, be careful that the door does not fall forward.
- 5. Place the door with the insides facing up, on a not scratch surface.



3-2 DOOR

- Mullion Removal
- 1. Remove 2 screws.



2. Lift Mullion up carefully.



3. Disconnect wire harness.



- Door Gasket Replacement
- 1. Insert gasket into channel Press gasket into channels on the four remaining sides of door.



- Mullion Replacement
- 1. Connect wire harness.



2. Insert mullion into the channel. Insert the cover assembly into bracket, door.



- Door Gasket Removal
- 1. Remove gasket
 - Pull gasket free from gasket channel on the four remaining sides of door.



3. Assemble 2 screws.



3-3 Door Alignment

If the space between the door are uneven, follow the instructions to align them.

Remove the Base Grillie. Turn the leveling legs counter clock wise to raise or clock wise to lower the height of the front of the refrigerator by using flat blade screw driver or 11/32" wrench. Use the wrench (Included with the User Manual) to adjust the bolt in the door hinge to adjust the height. (CCW to raise or CW to lower the height.)



3-4 FAN AND FAN MOTOR(EVAPORATOR)

- 1. Remove the freezer drawer. (If your refrigerator has an icemaker, remove the icemaker first)
- 2. Remove the plastic guide for slides on left side by unscrewing phillips head screws.
- 3. Remove the grille by removing 4 screws and pulling the grille forward.
- 4. Remove the Fan Motor assembly by loosening 3 screws and disassembling the shroud.
- 5. Pull out the fan and separate the Fan Motor and Bracket.



- * Ice Fan Scroll Assembly Replacement
 - 1) Remove the plastic guide on the left side, using a phillips screwdriver to remove the screws.
 - 2) Pull off the sensor cover.
 - 3) Remove the grill cover.
 - 4) Gently pull on the grill assembly to remove.
 - 5) Disconnect the wiring harness.
 - 6) Remove all screws on the scroll assembly.



(6)

3-5 DEFROST CONTROL ASSEMBLY

Defrost Control assembly consists of Defrost Sensor and FUSE-M.

The Defrost Sensor works to defrost automatically. It is attached to the metal side of the Evaporator and senses its temperature. At 46F(8°C), it turns the Defrost Heater off. Fuse-M is a safety device for preventing over-heating of the Heater when defrosting.

- 1. Pull out the grille assembly. (Figure 1)
- 2. Separate the connector with the Defrost Control assembly and replace the Defrost Control assembly after cutting the Tie Wrap. (Figure 2)



Figure 1

Figure 2

- 8 -

3-6 LAMP

Unplug, or disconnect power at the circuit breaker. If necessary, remove top shelf or shelves.

3-6-1 Refrigerator Compartment Lamp

- 1) Release 2 screws.
- 2) Hold both ends and pull down to remove.



3) To remove the lamp case and cover, release 2 screws as shown.



4) Use a flat tool as shown below to remove the lamp cover.



5) To remove the LED assembly, pull apart the cover.



— Case, lamp

3-6-2 Freezer Compartment Lamp

- 1. Unplug refrigerator power cord form outlet.
- 2. Remove screw with driver.
- 3. Grasp the cover Lamp, pull the cover downward.



3-7 MULTI DUCT

- Romove the upper and lower caps with a flat screwdriver and remove 2 screws. (Figure 3)
- 2. Disconnect the lead wire on the bottom position.



Figure 3

Cover, lamp LED, Assembly

3-8 MAIN PWB

1) Loosen 3 screws on the PWB cover.



2) Remove the PWB cover



3) Disconnect wire harness and replace the main PWB in the reverse order of removal.





4) Holding the inner side of the dispenser pull forward to remove.



- 5) Remove the lead wire.
- ▲ CAUTION: When replacing the dispenser cover make sure the lead wire does NOT come off and the water line is not pinched by the dispenser.



3-10 DISPLAY PCB

As shown below, remove 1 screw on the PCB fixing screw. Remove the display PCB fixing screw.



Case, PCB



Display PCB

3-9 DISPENSER



1) Pull out the drain



2) Use these 2 holes to pull out the bottom

3-11 ICE BUTTON ASSEMBLY

- 1) Remove the 1 screw holding the lever.
- 2) Remove the spring from the hook.
- 3) Push and pull on the tab to remove.









3) If nozzle is interfered with button, push and pull out the bottom of button and then pull out the right side.

3-12 WATER BUTTON ASSMEBLY

- 1) Remove screws.
- 2) Grasp the Button assembly and lift.

Button Lever



3-14 ICEMAKER REPLACEMENT

1) Remove 4 screws as shown.



2) Grasp the bottom of motor cover assembly and pull slowly.

3-13 ICE CORNER DOOR REPLACEMENT

- 1) Loosen the front screw as shown in the picture.
- 2) Lift up the hinge with one hand.
- 3) Pull out the Ice Corner Door with the other hand.





3) Disconnect wire harness from wall of compartment.



In-door motor ▲ CAUTION: Make sure that the motor housing is taped to the mold, if not positioned correctly the cover will not fit properly.





3-16 CAP DUCT MOTOR REPLACEMENT

1) Separate the Housing of the Cap Duct Motor.



2) Unscrew 3 screws to disassemble the motor.



3) When replacing the motor, check the position of the door

- 3-15 SUB PWB FOR WORKING DISPENSER
- 1) Disconnect the wire harness.



Duct Door
 Link
 Cap Duct Motor

duct and the link for proper fit.



NG Position

2) Remove 1 screw from PWB and replace with new PWB.



4) Insert 2 screws.



5) Push housing aside.



3-17 HOW TO REMOVE A ICE BIN

1) Grip the handles, as shown.



2) Tilt and lift slightly as shown.



3) Remove ice bin slowly.



3-18 HOW TO INSERT A ICE BIN

1) Insert the Ice Bin, slightly tilting to avoid touching the Icemaker. (Especially, Ice-Detecting Sensor)



3-19 HOW TO REMOVE AND REINSTALL THE PULLOUT DRAWER

3-19-1 Follow Steps to Remove

Step 1) Open the freezer door.



Step 3) Remove the two screws from the guide rails (one from each side).



Step 2) Remove the lower basket.



Step 4) Lift the freezer door up to unhook it from the rail support and remove. Pull both rails to full extension.



Step 5) First: Remove the gear from the left side first by releasing the tab behind the gear, place a screwdriver between the gear and the tab and pull up on the gear.

Second: Remove the center rail.

Third: Remove the gear from the right side by following the same steps for the left side.

NOTE: THIS TAB MUST BE PUSHED IN TO RELEASE THE GEAR. Pull the Tab from the Motor.



3-19-2 Follow Steps to Reinstall

Step 1) Reinstall the right side gear into the clip.



Step 2) Insert the rail into the right side gear. Gears do not need to be perpendicular to each other.



Step 4) The rail system will align itself by pushing the rails all the way into the freezer section. Pull the rails back out to full extension.



Step 6) Reinstall the two screws into the guide rails (one from each side).



Step 3) Insert the rail into the left side gear, and insert the gear into the clip.



Step 5) Reinstall the freezer door by inserting the rail tabs into the guide rail.



Step 7) Reinstall the lower basket, and close the freezer door.



3-20 WATER VALVE DISASSEMBLY METHOD

1) Turn off the water to unit. Remove the waterline from the valve.



Figure 59

2) Remove cover and 1 screw from the valve.



Figure 60

3) Separate the housing and remove the valve.



Figure 61

 Remove the clip, and press the collet to separate the tube from the connector. Note: there maybe some water in the line.





Figure 62

3-21 FAN AND FAN MOTOR DISASSEMBLY METHOD

1) Remove screws for the Drain Pipe Assembly and the 1 connected to the Motor Cover.

MOTOR COVER





MOTOR

2) Separate the Fan Assembly and Motor, turn counter clockwise to remove from the motor shaft.





FAN ASSEMBLY

Figure 64

Assemble in reverse order. Taking care to avoid.

- 1. Do not to bend the tube during assembly.
- 2. Press the Water Dispenser button letting water pour out, this checks for any leaks in the tube connection, this may vary depending on the water pressure (about 2 minutes.).

3-22 TOP DRAWER

To remove the freezer drawer, pull the drawer open to full extension. Remove the drawer and Ice Bin lifting the basket from the rail system.



3-23 BOTTOM DRAWER

To remove the freezer drawer, pull the drawer open to full extension. Remove the lower DuraBase ®basket by lifting the basket from the rail system.



4-1 COMPRESSOR

4-1-1 Role

The compressor intakes low temperature and low pressure gas from the evaporator of the refrigerator and compresses this gas to high-temperature and high-pressure gas. It then delivers the gas to the condenser.

4-1-2 Note for Usage

- (1) Be careful not to allow over-voltage and over-current.
- (2) Do not drop or handle carelessly.(3) Keep away from any liquid.
- If liquid such as oil or water enters the Cover PTC Compressor may fail due to breakdown of their insulating capabilities.
- (4) Always use the Parts designed for the compressor and make sure it is properly attached to the compressor. Parts may appear physically identical but could have different electrical ratings. Replace parts by part number and model number. Use only approved substitute parts.

4-1-3 Remove the cover PTC



(1) Remove the Cover Back M/C



(2) Loosen two screws on comp base



- (3) Use a L-shaped flap tooll to pry off the cover
- (4) Assembly in reverse order of disassembly

4-2 INTRODUCTION OF E-LINEAR COMRESSOR

• E-Linear compressor is run by mechanical part design through automatically varying the cooling power. The main parts consist of compressor and Sub PCB which controls the compressor. PCB authorizes constant voltage and constant frequency to the compressor and protects it.

4-2-1 Control of Compressor Block Diagram

PWM Linear Signal Compressor Controller Inverter Comp Frequ -ency DC link Vcap Voltage Voltage Main Counter elec-Micom tromotive force Calculate counter electromotive force

Control Block Diagram of Compressor

4-2-2 Compressor operating pattern

 Drive half stroke after turning on initial power for 30 seconds. Then, slowly increase stroke and reach target input. Once reaching the target input, input naturally changes according to refrigerator load without any special control.



- Interval 1) Half stroke interval after initial running, stay at the initial value for 30 seconds
- Interval 2) Running interval Increase at every 0.8 till it reaches the target input; it takes about 3' 45"
- Interval 3) CVCF interval Run by target voltage and main operating frequency and the input naturally changes according to refrigerator load

4-2-3 Compressor protection logic

 Since linear Comp conducts linear reciprocating motion, we have protection logic for compressor, motor and PCB as the below.

- Stroke Trip

During the operation, if stroke is above the target value, decrease the target volt by 3V.

- Current Trip

Current trip is set in order to protect compressor mechanical part and drive from the overcurrent that might arise during the operation.

Check the current for every 416.7us and if the Trip exceeds 1.86Arms more than three times at Comp ON, forcibly stop and restart six minutes later.

- Lock Piston Trip

If stroke is under 5mm even if the current is more than 14Arms, Take it as 'piston lock' and restart after 2'30" of Comp OFF. Check the current and stroke for every 416.7us and if the condition fits more than three times at Comp ON, the Trip occurs.

- IPM fault Trip

It occurs if FO signal received from IPM is LOW. For every 416.7us, check whether FO signal is LOW. The trip occurs if it is found three times during the five periods(83ms).

4-2-4 Compressor problems diagnosis

• When there is a problem or failure with the `operation, you are kindly recommended to check it as follows ;

1) Check to normality by measurement of resistance

Measure the resistance between poles of the hermetic terminal (as shown picture) with a multi-tester. (measurement several minutes after power off)



Case 1-1

If the measured values lie in the normal resistance range as in the table below,

Compressor is normal.

Case 1-2

If the measured values are above several $M\Omega$ or a infinity, \Rightarrow Wire is disconnected in the shell.

Case 1-3

If the measured values are excessively of small number,

- There is short somewhere in the shell.
- Normal resistance range (measured at ambient temperature 23°C)

	Resistance
FC75LANE	6~8 Ω

* According to ambient temperature or operation situation, the values could show a little deviation.

2) Check to normality by measurement of Voltage

Measure the resistance between pin of the connector (as shown picture) with a multi-tester.



<Fig. 1>



<Fig. 2>

Standard for normality

- In order to decide whether compressor operating is normal or not, check the output transfer during the refrigerator operation.
- After input the initial power and compressor operates, wait for 10 minutes to estimate.
- Compressor operation may be diagnosed as normal if the voltage falls between 145V and 180V.

Warning

- 1. Please be cautious of electric shock and short (it is estimated after turning on initial power).
- 2. If the voltage is estimated less than 80V, it is diagnosed as bad.

3) Check problems by LED On & Off Count (Sub PCB)

If compressor protection logic is running, LED Lamp's blinking frequency of sub PCB, which takes in charge of control, can help estimate the protection logic's symptoms and the cause of its problems.

Trip name	Led Times	Comp Off Time
Stroke Trip	2	1min
Current Trip	6	6min
Lock Piston Trip	5	2min 30sec
IPM fault trip	7	20sec

- Current Trip > PCB defects or Cycle clogging maybe the causes. After estimating winding resistance, estimate compressor operation voltage to check if there is any problem and take actions to repair cycle at replacement of compressor.
- Stroke Trip > can occur when the surrounding temperature is high, C-Fan, F-Fan and so on are constrained, or when cycle problems, such as moisture blocking or compressor defect, are related.
- Lock Piston Trip Since compressor itself can be a potential cause of a defect, estimate the compressor resistance value according to #1's compressor winding value estimation method and estimate the #2's compressor operation voltage to decide whether it is defective or not

(Before replacement of compressor, replace PCB and conduct the replacement of compressor during compressor replacement)

- IPM fault Trip - Replace sub PCB since there is high chance that it is caused by sub PCB's part defect.

5. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

5-1 LMX28988**



5-2 LMX25988**



6. TROUBLESHOOTING

6-1 Error Code Summary

▲ WARNING: When checking Resistance values, make sure to turn off the power, and wait for the voltage to discharge.



- NOTE) Within 3 hours after the error : Press the Ice Plus button and Freezer button simultaneously 3 hours after the error : All errors, except for "Er rt", "Er SS", "Er IS(except for Icing sensor)", "Er gF", "Er It" error, are displayed.
 - "Er IS" which is displayed without input of user is the error of Icing Sensor.

		Error I	Display			
NO	Error Detection Category	Freezer Temperature (Error code ①)	Refrigerator Temperature (Error code ②)	Error Generation Factors	Remark	
1	Normal			None	Normal operation of Display	
2	Freezer Sensor Error	Er	FS	Short or Disconnection of Freezer Sensor		
3	Refrigerator Sensor Error	Er	rS	Short or Disconnection of Refrigerator Sensor		
4	Defrosting Sensor Error	Er	dS	Short or Disconnection of Defrosting Sensor		
5	lcing Sensor Error	Er	IS	Short or disconnection of the sensor about Ice maker (Icing sensor, Ice maker sensor)	er	
6	Pantry sensor error	Er	SS	Short or Disconnection of Pantry Sensor		
7	Room Temp Sensor Error	Er	rt	Short or Disconnectoin of Room temp.sensor		
8	lce maker kit defect	Er	lt	Other Electric system error such as moter, gear, Hall IC, operation circuit within I/M kit	When the ice does not drop even when the I/M Test S/W is pressed	
9	Flow Meter(Sensor) Defect	Er	gF	Error of flow meter or water input or low water pressure	Error of flow meter or water input or low water pressure or flow meter connection	
10	Poor Defrosting	Er	dH	Even though it is passed 1 hour since then Defrosting, if Defrosting sensor is not over 46°F(8°C), it is caused	Temperature Fuse Disconnection, Heater disconnection, DRAIN Jam, Poor Relay for Heater	
11	Abnormality of BLDC FAN Motor for Ice Making	Er	IF	It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating	Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR	
12	Abnormality of BLDC FAN Motor for Freezer	Er	FF	It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating	Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR	
13	Abnormality of BLDC FAN MOTOR For Refrigerator	Er	rF	It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating	Poor BLDC Motor connection, DRIVE IC, and TR	
14	Abnormality of BLDC FAN Motor for Mechanic Room	Er	CF	It is caused when feedback signal isn't over 65 seconds during BLDC FAN motor operating		
15	Communication Error	Er	со	Communication Error between Micom of Main PCB and Display Micom	Poor Communication connection,Poor TR of Transmitter and Receiver Tx/Rx between display and main board.	

7. PCB PICTURE

7-1 Main PCB

• LMX28988**



• LMX25988**

P/No & MFG	Picture
EBR650027** (2010.06~)	CON1CON8 CON6CON2CON5CON3CON5CON3CON4
EBR641739** (2010.02~)	CON203Image: Image: I

7-2 Display PCB & Sub PCB



8. Troubleshooting With Error Display

8-1 Freezer Sensor Error (Er FS)



No	Checking flow			Result	& SVC Action
1	Check for a loose connection.				
2	Check the <u>Blue/White to</u> Blue/White.		Re	esult	SVC Action
		0	Ω	Short	Change the sensor
		0	FF	Open	Replace the refrigerator
		Ot	her	Normal	Check the Temp and resistance (Table-1)
	<con6></con6>			<temper< th=""><th>ature table-1></th></temper<>	ature table-1>
				(1) To (2)	Result
			-2	2°F / -30°C	40 kΩ
			-1	3°F / -25°C	30 kΩ
			-4	4°F / -20°C	23 kΩ
			5	5°F / -15°C	17 kΩ
			1	4°F / -10°C	13 kΩ
			2	23°F / -5°C	10 kΩ
				32°F / 0°C	8 kΩ
					nsing the temperature. ຜຼ indicates -4°F.

8-2 Refrigerator Sensor Error (Er rS)



No	Checking flow		Result	& SVC Action	
1	Check for a loose connection.				
2	Check the <u>White to White.</u>		Result	SVC Action	
		0 Ω	Short	Change the sense	sor
	ACACACACACOOD	OFF	Open	Replace the refrige	erator
	<con6></con6>	Othe		Check the Temp resistance (Table	
				rature table-2>	-
			(1) To (2)	Result	
			23°F / -5°C	38 kΩ	
			32°F / 0°C	30 kΩ	
			41°F / 5°C	24 kΩ	
			50°F / 10°C	19.5 kΩ]
			59°F / 15°C	16 kΩ	
				ensing the temperat kΩ indicates 32°F.	





No	Checking flow			Result	& SVC Action
1	Check for a loose connection.				
2	Check the <u>Blue to Blue.</u>		Re	esult	SVC Action
) Ω	Short	Change the sensor
	Circlement		DFF	Open	Replace the refrigerator
			ther	Normal	Check the Temp and resistance (Table-1)
				<temper< td=""><td>ature table-1></td></temper<>	ature table-1>
				(1) To (2)	Result
			-2	2°F / -30°C	40 kΩ
			-1	3°F / -25°C	30 kΩ
				4°F / -20°C	23 kΩ
				5°F / -15°C	17 kΩ
				4°F / -10°C	
	CON101 SDisplay> CON101> CON101>			23°F / -5°C	10 kΩ
		32°F / 0°C 8 kΩ			
			For e	(ample, 23	Ω indicates -4°F.

8-4	Defrost	Sensor	Error	(Er dS)
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No	Checking flow			Result	& SVC Action	
1	Check for a loose connection.					
2	Check the <u>Orange to Orange.</u>					
			Re	esult	SVC Action	
	1 Britten	0	Ω	Short	Change the sensor	
		0	FF	Open	Replace the refrigerato	_
		Ot	her	Normal	Check the Temp and resistance (Table-3)	
	Check the <u>Brown to Brown.</u>			<temper< th=""><th>ature table-3></th><th></th></temper<>	ature table-3>	
				(1) To (2)	Result	
			-2	2°F / -30°C	40 kΩ	
	<con6></con6>		-1	3°F / -25°C	30 kΩ	
			-4	4°F / -20°C	23 kΩ	
			5	5°F / -15°C	17 kΩ	
			1	4°F / -10°C	13 kΩ	
			2	23°F / -5°C	10 kΩ	
			;	32°F / 0°C	8 kΩ	
					nsing the temperature. Ω indicates -4°F.	

8-5 Defrost Heater Error (Er dH)



No	Checking flow			Result &	SVC Action
1	Check the <u>Door gasket.</u>				
			Part	Resul	
2	Check the <u>Defrost control part.</u>	F	use-M	0Ω	Go to the 3
	Fuse Def'			Other	Change Fuse-M
	Fuse M Sensor		Def'	34~42	
			leater	Other	Change Fuse-M
			Def' 0		Go to the 3
	Def' Heater	S	Sensor	OFF	Replace product
3	Input Test 3 Mode. (Push the button 3 times)				-33 -33
4	Check the <u>Blue to Orange.</u>				
			Result		SVC Action
			112 ~	116 V	Go to the 5
	<con3></con3>		0	V	Replace Main PCB
5	Release the test mode. Push the button 1 times. (Normal)				
6	Check the <u>Blue to Orange.</u>			sult	SVC Action Explain to customer
	<con3></con3>			- 116 V	Replace Main PCB

8-6 Freezer Fan Error (Er FF)



No	Checking flow		Result &	& SVC Act	ion
1	Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (Push the button 1 time)			ICE PLUS	
2	Open the freezer door and Check the air flow. While an error code is displayed, the fan is not working.			Status No windy Windy	SVC ActionGo to 3Go to 4
3	Check the <u>Fan motor.</u>	Rotate fan If it is stuck (Cause of ie	, change	e the moto	
4	Check the Fan motor voltage.	Point (1) ~ (2) (2) ~ (3)	Resu Below 0 or 5	12 V Ch	SVC Action lange the PCB ange the motor
	(1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3) (1)(2)(3)				

8-7 Icing Fan Error (Er IF)



No	Checking flow			Result &	SVC Actio	on
1	Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (Push the button 1 time)				- 5 - 5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5	7 °⊂ © 7 °™
2	Open the refrigerator door and Check the air flow. ※ While an error code is displayed, the fan is not working.		6 Va	The state of the local division of the local	Status Io windy Windy	SVC Action Go to the 3,4 Go to the 5
3	Check the <u>Connector</u> (Frozen caused the PCB short)	conr deve	necto elope	ent ice fron or a new co ed. re to order	onnector	was
4	Check the <u>Fan motor.</u> (Frozen, Lock, ect.)		-	Wire se	eal (Silico	n)
		No	Pa	art Name	Old P/N	o New P/No
		407A		uct Asm, onnector	5209JA 1044A	5209JA 1044A
4	Check the Fan motor voltage.			Dessel		
		(1) ~	(2)	Result Below 12		VC Action
		(2) ~		0 or 5 \		nge the motor
	(1)(2)(3)					
	<pre>CON4></pre>					

8-8 Condenser Fan Error (Er CF)



No	Checking flow	Result & SVC Action
1	Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (Push the button 1 time)	
2	Check the fan rotation.While an error code is displayed, the fan is not working.	StatusSVC ActionNo windyCheck motorWindyGo to the 4
3	Check the <u>Fan motor</u> and <u>surrounding.</u>	Rotate fan using your hand. If it is stuck, change the motor.
4	Check the Fan motor voltage.	
	Ref Americans	Result SVC Action
		(1) ~ (2) Below 12 V Change the PCB
	<image/>	(2) ~ (3) 0 or 5 V Change the motor

8-9 Communication Error (Er CO)



No	Checking flow	Result & SVC Action
1	Check the loose connection.	
2	Consplay>	ResultSVC Action12 VGo to the 3OtherCheck the Hinge (loose connection) Change the Main PCB
3	CON101 CON101 CON101> CON101>	ResultSVC Action0 V or 5 VChange the Display PCBOtherGo to the 4
4	Consplay>	ResultSVC Action0 V or 5 VChange the Main PCBOtherGo to the 5
5	Check the White/Red to Orange.	ResultSVC Action0 V or 5 VChange the Display PCBOtherGo to the 6
6	Check the White/Red to White/Black.	ResultSVC Action0 V or 5 VChange the Main PCBOtherExplain to customer

9. Troubleshooting Without Error Display

9-1 Cube mode doesn't work



No	Checking flow		Result & SVC	Action
1	Check the loose connection.			
2	Check the <u>Black to White.</u> (While pushing the lever S/W)	Lever s/w	Result	SVC Action
	(while pushing the level 3/w)	Pushing	112 ~ 115 V	Go to the 3
			Other	Change PCB
		Not	0 ~2 V	Go to the 3
	<con2></con2>	pushing	Other	Change PCB
3	Check the <u>RED to White Red.</u>			
Ŭ	(While pushing the lever S/W)	Lever s/w	Result	SVC Action
	The state of the s	Pushing	9 ~ 12 V	Go to the 4
			Other	Change PCB
		Not pushing	0 ~2 V Other	Go to the 4 Change PCB
	<con3> <con1></con1></con3>			
4	<con3> <con1> Check the resistance value.</con1></con3>	Point	Result	SVC Action
4			Result 31.1 ~ 42.1 Ω	SVC Action
4		Point (1) to (2)		
4		(1) to (2)	31.1 ~ 42.1 Ω	It's normal Replace
4			31.1 ~ 42.1 Ω Other	It's normal Replace Geared Motor
9-2 Crush mode doesn't work



No	Checking flow		Result & SVC	Action
1	Check for a lose connection.			
2	Check the <u>Sky Blue to White.</u> (While pushing the lever S/W)	Lever s/w	Result	SVC Action
		Pushing	112 ~ 115 V	Go to the 3
		Fushing	Other	Change PCB
		Not	0 ~2 V	Go to the 3
	<con2></con2>	pushing	Other	Change PCB
3	Check the <u>RED to White Red.</u> (While pushing the lever S/W)	Lever s/w	Result	SVC Action
	(while pushing the lever S/W)		9 ~ 12 V	Go to the 4
		Pushing	Other	Change PCB
		Not	0 ~2 V	Go to the 4
		pushing	Other	Change PCB
4	<con3> <con1> Check the resistance value.</con1></con3>	Point	Result	SVC Action
		Point		lt's normal
		(1) to (2)	31.1 ~ 42.1 Ω Other	Replace Geared Motor
			9.9 ~ 12.1 Ω	It's normal
		(3) to (4)	Other	Replace Dispenser Motor
	(1) (2) <geared motor=""> (3) <dispenser motor=""></dispenser></geared>			

9-3 Water mode doesn't work

No	Check	ting flow		Result & SVC	Action
1	Check the loose co	onnection.			
2	Check the <u>Purple t</u>		Lever s/w	Result	SVC Action
	(While pushing the	iever 5/w)	Dahia	112 ~ 115 V	Go to the 3
			Pushing	Other	Change PCB
		ישקירירירובי	Not	0 ~2 V	Go to the 3
	CON2>		pushing	Other	Change PCB
	Check the Dive to	0			
3	Check the <u>Blue to</u> (While pushing the		Lever s/w	Result	SVC Action
	The contrained statistics and a set		Pushing	112 ~ 115 V	Go to the 4
				Other	Change PCB
	TTA BOOL		Not	0 ~2 V	Go to the 4
			pushing	Other	Change PCB
		DN3>			
4	Check the resistan	ce value.	Point	Result	SVC Action
	(1) (2)	(3) (4)		360 ~ 420 Ω	It's normal
			(1) to (2)	Other	Replace Water Valve
				360 ~ 420 Ω	It's normal
			(3) to (4)	Other	Replace Water Valve
		Dispenser Ice Maker			
	<pilot valve=""> Machine Room</pilot>	<water valve=""> In door</water>			

9-4 Freezer room LED lamp doesn't work

No	Checking flow		Result &	SVC Action
1	Check the Freezer door switch.	If feel stic	ky, Change	the door s/w.
2	Check the <u>door S/W resistance.</u>	Status	Result	SVC Action
			0 Ω	Go to the 3
		Normal	not	Change door S/W
		Push	Infinity	Go to the 3
	11 merel	S/W		Change door S/W
3	Check the <u>Blue White to White Red.</u>	Status	Result	SVC Action
			12 VDC	Go to the 4
		Normal	Other	Change the PCB
	<pre><cons></cons></pre>			
4	Check the <u>Red to Black.</u>	Status	Result	SVC Action
	24-1		0 ~ 2 VDC	Explain to customer
		Closed	Other	Change the Door S/W
		Open	12 VDC	Explain to customer
		Open	Other	Change the LED Lamp

9-5 Refrigerator room lamp doesn't work

No	Checking flow	Result & SVC Action		
1	Check the Refrigerator door switch.	If it is stuc	k, Change	the door s/w.
2	Check the door S/W resistance.	Status	Result	SVC Action
			0 Ω	Go to the 3
	Concerning and second	Normal	not	Change door S/W
		Push	Infinity	Go to the 3
		S/W	Other	Change door S/W
3	Check the <u>Black to Orange.</u>	Status	Result	SVC Action
		Status	12 V	Go to the 4
	Norm	Normal	Other	Change the PCB
	<pre>CON6></pre>			
4	Check the <u>Red to Blue.</u>	Status	Result	SVC Action
			12 V	Go to the 5
		Normal	Other	Change the LED Lamp
5	Check the <u>Red to Blue.</u>	Charling	Desult	
	5 Check the <u>Red to Blue.</u> Status Closed	Status	Result 0 ~ 2 V	SVC Action
		Closed	O ~ 2 V Other	Change the Door S/W
		12 V	It's normal	
		Open	Other	Change the LED Lamp

9-6 Poor cooling in Fresh food section

No	Checking flow	Res	ult & SVC Action
1	Check the sensor resistance.	Temperatu	ıre Result
		23°F / -5°	C 38 kΩ
		32°F / 0°0	C 30 kΩ
	<con6></con6>	41°F / 5°0	C 24 kΩ
	* The sensor is determined by	50°F / 10°	C 19.5 kΩ
	the temperature. For example, 30kΩ indicates 32°F.	59°F / 15°	C 16 kΩ
2	Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (Push the button 1 time)		
3	Open the fresh food door and check the air flow.	Status	SVC Action
	air now.	Blowing	Go to the 4
		Not blowing	Check the R Fan motor Check the damper (Go to the 6)
4	Check the air temperature. Cold or not ?	Status	SVC Action
		Cold	Go to 5
		Not cold	Check the Compressor And sealed system

No	Checking flow	Result & SVC Action			Action
5	Damper checking method. Inputting TEST Mode, Check the damper and PCB.	Test Mode	Damper State		SVC Action
		1 Mode 2 Mode	Open Closed	Da	amper is normal. (Go to 6)
		1,2 mode	Not working	Cha	ange the damper
		Point	Resu	lt	SVC Action
	-\$-\$-\$6" -\$\$-\$\$		270 ~33	0 Ω	It's normal
		(1) to (2)	Other	r	Change damper
	(3) (1)		270 ~33	0 Ω	lt's normal
	(2) (4)	(3) to (4)	Other		Change damper
					J]
6	Chack the Fee meter		1		
0	Check the <u>Fan motor.</u> Rotate fan using your hand.	Point	Result		SVC Action
	Stuck change the motor.	Motor	Sticky		Change the motor
	(Cause of ice or rust inside of motor)		Not Stic	ky	Go to 7
7	Check the R <u>Fan motor voltage.</u>	Point	Result		SVC Action
		(1) ~ (2)	Below 12	-	Change the PCB
		(2) ~ (3)	0 or 5 \		Change the motor
				-	
	(1)(2)(3)				
	<pre>con4></pre>				

9-7 Poor cooling in Freezer compratment

No	Checking flow	Res	ult & SVC	C Action	
1	Check the sensor resistance.	(1) To (2	2)	Result	
		-22°F / -30		40 kΩ	
		-13°F / -2	5°C	30 kΩ	
	<con6></con6>	-4°F / -20	°C	23 kΩ	
		5°F / -15	°C	17 kΩ	
	* The sensor is determined by the temperature.	14°F / -10	D°C	13 kΩ	
	For example, $23k\Omega$ indicates $-4^{\circ}F$.	23°F / -5	°C	10 kΩ	
		32°F / 0°	°C	8 kΩ	
	Input Test 1 Mode. (Push the button 1 time)			CRUSH CUBE CUBE CUBE CUBE CUBE CUBE CUBE CUBE	
3	Open the freezer door and check the air flow.	Status	SI	/C Action	
		Blowing	G	o to the 4	
		Not blowing	Check t	he F Fan motor	
4	Check the air temperature. Cold or not ?	Status	SI	/C Action	7
		Cold			
		Not cold		he Compressor ealed system	_

9-8 Over cooling in Fresh food compartment

No	Checking flow	Result & SVC Action		Action	
1	Check the sensor resistance.	Temp	perature	F	Result
	Part of the second s	23°F	= / -5°C	:	38 kΩ
		32°I	F / 0°C	:	30 kΩ
	<con6></con6>	41°	F / 5°C		24 kΩ
	* The sensor is determined by	50°F	/ 10°C	1	9.5 kΩ
	the temperature. For example, $30k\Omega$ indicates 32° F.	59°F	- / 15°C		16 kΩ
2	Reset the unit and Input Test 1 Mode. (Push the button 1 time)				
3	Open the refrigerator door and Check the air flow.	Status		SVC Action	
		Not blowing Che		Check Check	to the 4 the R Fan the damper to the 5)
4	Input Test 2 Mode and check the air flow.	Status		SVC	Action
	(Push the button 1 time)	Blow	ing	Go	to the 5
		Not blo	owing	lťs	normal
	22°° 22°° ⊛ ७ & 8™ ⊲) &				
5	Check the damper resistance.	Point	Resu	t	SVC Action
			270 ~33		It's normal
		(1) to (2)	Other		Change damper
	(3) (1) (2) (4)		270 ~33	Ω Ω	It's normal
		(3) to (4)	Other		Change damper

10. Reference

10-1 TEST MODE and Removing TPA

1. How to enter the TEST MODE Push the test button on the Main PCB to enter the TEST MODE. * 1 time : Comp / Damper / All FAN on (Everything is displayed) <u>aa</u> F#F * 2 times : Damper closed (22 22 displayed) <u>88</u> 88 * 3 times : Forced defrost mode (33 33 displayed) <u>83</u> 83 Main PWB 2. How to remove Terminal Position Assurance (TPA)





***** After measure the values, you should put in the TPA again.

10-2 TEMPERATRUE CHART - FRZ AND ICING SENSOR

ТЕМР	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE
-39°F (-40°C)	73.29 kΩ	4.09 V
-30°F (-35°C)	53.63 kΩ	3.84 V
-21°F (-30°C)	39.66 kΩ	3.55 V
-13°F (-25°C)	29.62 kΩ	3.23 V
-4°F (-20°C)	22.33 kΩ	2.89 V
5°F (-15°C)	16.99 kΩ	2.56 V
14°F (-10°C)	13.05 kΩ	2.23 V
23°F (-5°C)	10.10 kΩ	1.92 V
32°F (0°C)	7.88 kΩ	1.63 V
41°F (5°C)	6.19 kΩ	1.38 V
50°F (10°C)	4.91 kΩ	1.16 V
59°F (15°C)	3.91 kΩ	0.97 V
68°F (20°C)	3.14 kΩ	0.81 V
77°F (25°C)	2.54 kΩ	0.67 V
86°F (30°C)	2.07 kΩ	0.56 V
95°F (35°C)	1.69 kΩ	0.47 V
104°F (40°C)	1.39 kΩ	0.39 V

10-3 TEMPERATRUE CHART - REF AND DEF SENSOR

ТЕМР	RESISTANCE	VOLTAGE
-39°F (-40°C)	225.1 kΩ	4.48 V
-30°F (-35°C)	169.8 kΩ	4.33 V
-21°F (-30°C)	129.3 kΩ	4.16 V
-13°F (-25°C)	99.30 kΩ	3.95 V
-4°F (-20°C)	76.96 kΩ	3.734 V
5°F (-15°C)	60.13 kΩ	3.487 V
14°F (-10°C)	47.34 kΩ	3.22 V
23°F (-5°C)	37.55 kΩ	2.95 V
32°F (0°C)	30 kΩ	2.67 V
41°F (5°C)	24.13 kΩ	2.40 V
50°F (10°C)	19.53 kΩ	2.14 V
59°F (15°C)	15.91 kΩ	1.89 V
68°F (20°C)	13.03 kΩ	1.64 V
77°F (25°C)	10.74 kΩ	1.45 V
86°F (30°C)	8.89 kΩ	1.27 V
95°F (35°C)	7.40 kΩ	1.10 V
104°F (40°C)	6.20 kΩ	0.96 V

Compressor Troubleshooting

Step 1) Open PWB cover



Step 2) Check for blinking frequency of LED, PWB





If compressor is normal, it does not blink Refer to the next page to find out what actions to take according to how many times LED blink :

Actions to take according to Led blinking frequency



10-4 How to check the Fan-Error

(1) EBR650027**

After sending a signal to the fan, the MICOM checks the BLDC fan motor s lock status. If there is no feedback signal from the BLDC fan, the fan motor stops for 10 seconds and then is powered again for 15 seconds. To determine that there is a fan motor malfunction, this process is repeated 3 times. If the fan motor is determined to be defective, the error code will be shown in the display for 30 minutes. At this point, the process will be repeated until the fan motor operates normally. If normal operation is achieved, the error display is erased and the MICOM is reset automatically.



11. COMPONENT TESTING INFORMATION

11-1 Defrost Controller Assembly

Function	The controller assembly is made up of two different kinds of parts. The fuse and the sensor. To determine if these parts are defective, check for resistance. The fuse will cut power to the defrost heater at very high temperatures.				
How to Measure (Fuse-M)			Measure the 2 pin If the ohmmeter in	o the 2 housing pin. connected to Fuse-M. dicate below 0.10hm condition, But if infinite the	
How to Measure (Sensor)		(1) to (2)	Measure the 2 pin If the ohmmeter in temperature) Sens	hm at other temperatures	
Standard	Fuse-M (at all	temperature)	Sensor (at roo	m temperature)	
	Test Point	Ressult	Test Point	Ressult	
	(1) to (2)	0 ~ 0.1 Ω	(1) to (2)	11 Ω	

11-2 Sheath Heater

Function	Sheath heater is a part for defrost. All heating wire is connected to only one line. To check if the part is defective, check the resistance.
How to Measure	
	Set a ohmmeter connect to The 2 housing pin. Measure the 2 pin connected to Sheath Heater. If the ohmmeter indicate (V°øV)/Watt=R is good condition, ex) when watt=350w, voltage=115v R=(115°ø115)/350=38 Ω But if the ohm meter indicate infinity the Sheath heater is bad.
Standard	Sheath heater (at all temperature)
	Test Point Ressult
	(1) to (2) 34 ~ 42 \Omega

11-3 Door Heater Assembly

Function	The heater is designed to prevent the door from sweating.
How to Measure	
Standard	Test PointRessult(1) to (2) $2.3 \sim 2.9 \Omega$

11-4 Door Switch

Function	 The switch senses if the door is open or closed. When the door open, lamp on. When the door open, the switch give information to Micom. When the door open, internal contact operate on and off moving plunger of door switch up and down. 						
How to Measure	<switch,< th=""><th>Freezer></th><th><switch, refrigerator=""></switch,></th></switch,<>	Freezer>	<switch, refrigerator=""></switch,>				
MEASUIE			$\frac{1}{2}$				
		4					
	Веер Веер						
	Check the resistance between connectors 1, 2 and 3, 4 .It means check whether or not applying an electric current. If there is resistance, the switch is good.						
Standard	Multi	imeter beep – Switch	h F,R				
	Nomal	Push the button((Plunger)				
	Beep or 0Ω	None (∞ 🤇	2)				

11-5 Dispenser DC Motor

	abstract from ice ban	k.
How to Measure		(1) (2) Dispensor DC Motor
Standard	Dispense	er DC Motor
	Test Points	Result
	(1) to (2)	9.9 ~ 12.1 Ω

11-6 AC Motor ASSEMBLY

Function	The motor in the door pushed the ice into the dispenser.				
How to Measure	Chec (In-do Election	k the resistance bor motor 1, 3). It	 Separate the housing. Measure the resistance between (1) and (2) Weasure the resistance between (1) and (2) Weasure the resistance between connectors (In-one connectors (In-one connectors (In-one connectors (In-one constance, it means the style) 	r not applying an	 1 Separate the housing. 2 Measure the resistance betweer (1) and (3)
Standard		Gear	ed Motor	Сире	Solenoid
Standard		Geare Test Points	ed Motor Result	Cube Test Points	Solenoid Result

11-7 Damper



11-8 Lamp Socket

Function	The lamp socket connect cover lamp assembly to lamp. The lamp socket fix lamp and unite lamp and cover lamp assembly. The lamp socket supply electric source to lamp also.				
How to Measure					
	Check the resistance between connector of housing and connector of lamp socket. It means check whether or not applying an electric current. If there is resistance it means the lamp socket is good.				
Standard	Test Points Result				
	(1) to (2) and (3) to (4) 0 Ω				

11-9 Flow Sensor

Function	Flow Sensor (in machine room) Count the water quantity from city water to water filter in refrigerator							
How to Measure	<image/> <image/>							
Standard	Test Points Result							
	Red wire to Black wire $4 \sim 30 \text{ k}\Omega$							

12. TROUBLESHOOTING

12-1 INFORMATION OF LINEAR COMPRESSOR

• The information tag provides compressor model, refrigerant, serial number and safety approval



- There are two types of controllers used in the linear compressor system.
 - The "E"-inverter system is used with the FC75LANE compressor.



**CVCF : Constant Voltage Constant Frequency

• To reduce noise level, the piston stroke is slowly increased to full power during start up.



• There are 6 protection logics designed to protect the linear compressor system. When a failure is detected, the compressor will shut and will try to restart after a set period of time for each type of failure. The LED located on the inverter drive PCB will flash the appropriate code to indicate the detected failure. This code will continue to flash until the unit is disconnected from the power source.

	Арр.	Requirement	Waiting Time	The number of LED flashes
FCT0	A-Inv.	Compressor current and voltage error.	20 sec.	1
Stroke Trip	E-Inv. A-Inv.	Piston stroke overrun detected.	1 min.	2
Locked Piston Trip	E-Inv. A-Inv.	Piston is locked.	2 min. 30 sec.	5
Current Trip	E-Inv. A-Inv.	Current overload detected.	2 min. 30 sec.	6
IPM Fault	E-Inv. A-Inv.	High current detected due to IPM failure.	2 min. 30 sec.	7
Communication Error	A-Inv.	Miscommunication with Refrigerator	0	8

Inverter Error Codes

• Bridge Diodes converts 115V AC (Alternating current) to 115V DC (Direct current) The Voltage Multiplying circuit then increases the 115V DC to 230V DC. Then the IPM (Intelligent Power Module) converts the 230V DC to 230V AC. The converted AC power can be regulated to any required voltage and frequency.



• Measure the voltage at locations on the connector (as shown picture) with a multi-tester.





IPM Voltage Check

- To ensure proper diagnosis, make sure that the unit has been plugged in for at least 10 min.
- To determine if the compressor is receiving the proper voltage, check the PCB output voltage during operation.
- Normal operating voltage will be between 80V AC and 180V AC.

Note : Higher voltage readings may occur under "heavy" load conditions.

• Insulation check : Check for infinite Ohms between all compressor terminal and ground.



LG Linear Compressor



12-2 SERVICE DIAGNOSIS CHART

COMPLAINT	POINTS TO BE CHECKED	REMEDY		
No Cooling.	 Is the power cord unplugged from the outlet? Check if the power switch is set to OFF. Check if the fuse of the power switch is shorted. Measure the voltage of the power outlet. 	 Plug into the outlet. Set the switch to ON. Replace the fuse. If the voltage is low, correct the wiring. 		
 Cools poorly. Check if the unit is placed too close to the wall. Check if the unit is placed too close to the stove, gas cooker, or in direct sunlight. Is the ambient temperature too high or the room door closed? Check if food put in the refrigerator is hot. Did you open the door of the unit too often or check if the door is sealed properly? Check if the Control is set to Warm position. 		 Place the unit about 4 inches (10 cm) from the wall. Place the unit away from these heat sources. Lower the ambient temperature. Put in foods after they have cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly. Set the control to Recommended position. 		
Food in the Refrigerator is frozen.	 Is food placed in the cooling air outlet? Check if the control is set to colder position. Is the ambient temperature below 41°F(5°C)? 	 Place foods in the high-temperature section. (front part) Set the control to Recommended position. Set the control to Warm position. 		
Condensation or ice forms inside the unit.	 Is liquid food sealed? Check if food put in the refrigerator is hot. Did you open the door of the unit too often or check if the door is sealed properly? 	 Seal liquid foods with wrap. Put in foods after they have cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly. 		
Condensation forms in the Exterior Case.	 Check if the ambient temperature and humidity of the surrounding air are high. Is there a gap in the door gasket? 	 Wipe moisture with a dry cloth. It will disappear in low temperature and humidity. Fill up the gap. 		
There is abnormal noise.	 Is the unit positioned in a firm and even place? Are any unnecessary objects placed in the back side of the unit? Check if the Drip Tray is not firmly fixed. Check if the cover of the compressor enclosure in the lower front side is taken out. 	 Adjust the Leveling Screw, and position the refrigerator in a firm place. Remove the objects. Fix the Drip Tray firmly in the original position. Place the cover in its original position. 		
Door does not close well.	 Check if the door gasket is dirty with an item like juice. Is the refrigerator level? Is there too much food in the refrigerator? 	 Clean the door gasket. Position in a firm place and level the Leveling Screw. Make sure food stored in shelves does not prevent the door from closing. 		
Ice and foods smell unpleasant.	 Check if the inside of the unit is dirty. Are foods with a strong odor unwrapped? The unit smells of plastic. 	 Clean the inside of the unit. Wrap foods that have a strong odor. New products smell of plastic, but this will go away after 1-2 weeks. 		

• Other possible problems:



12-3 REFRIGERATION CYCLE

▼ Troubleshooting Chart

	CAUSE	STATE OF THE UNIT	STATE OF THE EVAPORATOR	TEMPERATURE OF THE COMPRESSOR	REMARKS
LEAKAGE	PARTIAL LEAKAGE	Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool normally.	Low flowing sound of Refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little higher than ambient temperature.	 Refrigerant level is low due to a leak. Normal cooling is possible by restoring the normal amount of refrigerant and repairing the leak.
	COMPLETE LEAKAGE	Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool normally.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed.	Equal to ambient temperature.	 No discharging of Refrigerant. Normal cooling is possible by restoring the normal amount of refrigerant and repairing the leak.
CLOGGED BY DUST	PARTIAL CLOG	Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool normally.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little higher than ambient temperature.	Normal discharging of the refrigerant.The capillary tube is faulty.
	WHOLE CLOG	Freezer compartment and Refrigerator don't cool.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed.	Equal to ambient temperature.	 Normal discharging of the Refrigerant.
MOIS	TURE CLOG	Cooling operation stops periodically.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and frost melts.	Lower than ambient temperature.	 Cooling operation restarts when heating the inlet of the capillary tube.
DEFECTIVE	COMP- RESSION	Freezer and Refrigerator don't cool.	Low flowing sound of refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little higher than ambient temperature.	Low pressure at high side of compressor due to low refrigerant level.
	NO COMP- RESSION	No compressing operation.	Flowing sound of refrigerant is not heard and there is no frost.	Equal to ambient temperature.	 No pressure in the high pressure part of the compressor.

12-3-1 Cleaning

There is no need for routine condenser cleaning in normal Home operating environments. If the environment is particularly greasy or dusty, or there is significant pet traffic in the home, the condenser should be cleaned every 2 to 3 months to ensure maximum efficiency.

If you need to clean the condenser:

- Remove the mechanical cover.
- Use a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush to clean the grille, the open areas behind the grille and the front surface area of the condenser.
- Replace the mechanical cover.

12-3-2 SEALED SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS



(The equalization test is trying to restart a compressor using a start kit after it has been operating.)

13. ICEMAKER OPERATING METHOD AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

13-1 Icemaker's Basic Operating Method



To reset the icemaker's operation, set the power switch OFF position and back it to ON position.



13-2 ICE MAKER FUNCTIONS

13-2-1 Icemaking Mode

- 1. Icemaking Mode begins right after the ice tray fills with water.
- 2. Icemaker waits until water becomes ice in the ice tray.
- * Ice-detecting sensor checks if the ice bin is full every 2min.

13-2-2 Harvest Mode

At least in 110min, since icemaker begun icemaking mode, Icemaker starts to twist the ice tray to drop ices into the Ice bin. (After installation, at least 1day is needed to make ices)

If the icemaker never drop ices to the ice bin though water becomes ices in the ice tray, check the real temperature of compartment. (not temperature on display) Icemaker needs below 0°F to drop ices to ice bin.

icemaker needs below of P to drop ices to ic

13-2-3 Fill/Park Position

Once the normal harvest mode has been completed, the water solenoid will be activated.

13-3 Trouble Shooting Ice & Water system Issues

13-3-1 Icemaker not making ice or not making enough ice (Environmental Diagnosis)

▶ Icemaker can't make ices itself. Basically, water, temperature and time are needed.

- Water : If no Water, then no Ice.
- Temperature : The compartment, where the icemaker is located, has to be at least 1°F so that icemaker dumps ices to the bin.
- Time : At least 80 minutes must be passed to make one series of ices after water comes into icemaker.

*** Test Mode should not be carried out before checking below.**



13-3-2 Icemaker not making ice or not making enough ice (Icemaker Unit & Ice-detecting sensor Diagnosis)

▶ Icemaker Unit and Ice-detecting sensor Diagnosis

The icemaker unit and Ice-detecting sensor is programmed to be diagnosed.

Follow the procedure step by step to check to see if icemaker and Ice-detecting sensor is working normally.



1st STEP (Icemaker Unit Diagnosis)

Press the fill key for about 3sec. If the icemaker runs 2 stages of harvest and filling water step by step, It means icemaker's mechanism is normal.



* Caution : Be sure that the ice tray is not filled with water before pressing fill key.

2st STEP (Ice-detecting sensor Diagnosis)



% ETY = empty

13-3-3 Icemaker not making ice or not making enough ice (Other Suspected Items)

Strongly suspect items below If the issue remains yet, though all the diagnosis for icemaker has been carried out.

- Cap duct bad sealing
- Defective thermal sensor in the icemaker compartment
- Not cold icemaker compartment area (sealed system)

13-3-4 Not Dispensing Ice

- Clogged Ice In the Ice Bin (suspected items)
 - Customer haven't used ice dispenser over a week.
 - $\rightarrow \textbf{Resolution}$: the ices gets stuck if customer doesn't use ice dispenser.
 - In this case, empty the ice bin and wait until the new ices are stacked in the ice bin.
 - Temperature of icemaker compartment is not cold enough.
 - \rightarrow **Resolution** : Check ice fan, sealed system, cap duct, vent and other items related to temperature.
 - Cap duct doesn't seal the air properly.
 - → **Resolution** : Possibly, warm air could get into the compartment and make ices get stuck. Replace the cap duct with new one.
 - In-door geared motor doesn't work
 - \rightarrow **Resolution** : Change the in-door geared motor and test it.
 - The water comes out of fill cup and the water get into the ice bin.
 - \rightarrow **Resolution** : The water pressure from shutoff value is too high.

Recommend to use regulator to the customer and close the shutoff valve slightly.

- Clogged Ices In the Chute (suspected items)
 - Cap duct doesn't seal the air properly.
 - → Resolution : Possibly, warm air could get into the compartment and make ices get stuck. Replace the cap duct with new one.

14. DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION & CIRCUIT OF MICOM

14-1 FUNCTION

14-1-1 Function

- 1. When the appliance is plugged in, it is set to 37°F for Refrigerator and 0°F for freezer.
- You can adjust the Refrigerator and the Freezer control temperature by pressing the ADJUST button.
- When the power is initially applied or restored after a power failure, it is set to Control temperature Previously.
 If you do not press any button after turning on the power, only CRUSH or CUBE Label that has been selected will be
- turned on and all other LEDs on the display Panel will be turned off within 60 seconds. (Power Save Mode)
- 4. If you press a button, only CRUSH, CUBE label and Lock icon that has been selected will be turned on and all other LEDs on the display Panel will be turned off within 20 seconds. (Power Save Mode)



5. If you do not want to use the Power Save Mode, you can change the Mode by pressing the ICE PLUS Button and Freezer TEMP button simultaneously for more than 5 seconds.

14-1-2 How to Toggle the Display between °F & °C

1. The initial setting is °F and the display temperature mode can be changed from °F to °C or °C to °F by pressing and holding the FRZ TEMP and the REF TEMP keys at the same time for over 5 seconds.

14-1-3 Lock function (dispenser and display button lock)

- 1. When the refrigerator is first turned on, the buttons are not locked. "LOCK" is deactivated with no light on.
- To lock the display, the dispenser, and the control panel, press and hold the LOCK button for 3 seconds. "LOCK" is activated with "Lock lcon" on.
- 3. The LOCK button is the only control feature that remains active in the locked state. The buzzer sound, other control buttons, and the dispenser are deactivated.
- 4. To release from the locked state, press and hold the LOCK button again for 3 seconds.
- 5. If you don't hold the Alarm/Lock button more than 3 seconds, Alarm function will be changed and alarm for opened door will be on/off same as alarm icon indicating.

14-1-4 Filter condition display function

- 1. There is a replacement indicator light for the filter cartridge on the dispenser.
- 2. Water filter needs replacement once six months or of using water filter.
- 3. When the Water Filter Icon blinks, you must exchange the filter.
- After replacing the filter, press and hold the Light/Filter button for more than 3 seconds.
 After then water Filter icon turn off with reset status.





Ex) In selecting "LOCK"

Ex) In selecting "LOCK" again

14-1-5 Ice Plus selection

- 1. Please select ice plus function for quick freezing.
- 2. When you press the ice plus button, the ice plus icon will be turned on again.
- 3. Ice plus function automatically turns off after a fixed time passes.
- 4. If you want additional power save, you can turn on energy saving (some heater off for anti-dew).
- To turn on or off the energy saving function, press Ice plus/Energy saving Button for more than 3 seconds.
- We recommend using energy saving function when you go out for quite a long time and are out of the rainy season.

14-1-6 Dispenser use selection

You can select water or ice by separated pad switch.

- When you press ice type button, ice type will be changed. (Crush or Cube)
- Hold your cup in the dispenser for a few seconds after dispensing ice or water to allow the last pieces of ice drops of water to fall into the cup.
- When after initially establ ishing the water comes out, the water tank inside fills and until at the time of quality the hour is caught.







14-1-7 CONTROL OF FREEZER FAN MOTOR

- 1. Freezer fan motor has high and standard speeds.
- 2. High speed is used at power-up, for Ultra Ice, and when refrigerator is overloaded. Standard speeds is used for general purposes.
- 3. To improve cooling speed, the RPM of the freezer fan motor change from normal speed to high.
- 4. High speed (2700RPM) : Initial power on or load corresponding operation, Ultra Ice.
- Normal speed (2400RPM) : General working conditions.

14-1-8 Cooling Fan Motor

- 1. The cooling fan is switched ON and OFF in conjunction with the compressor.
- 2. The cooling fan Motor has high and standard speeds. (When room temper rapture more high then 38°C speed is high)
- 3. The Failure sensing method is the same as in the fan motor of the freezing fan motor(refer to failure diagnosis function table for failure display).

14-1-9 Ice Compartment Fan

- 1. The Icing Fan is controlled by the the sensor on the top of the ice compartment.
- 2. The Failure sensing method is the same as in the fan motor of the freezer (refer to failure diagnosis function table for failure display)

14-1-10 Refrigeration room Fan Motor

- 1. The refrigeration room fan is switched ON and OFF in conjunction with the refrigeration room temperature.
- 2. The Failure sensing method is the same as in the fan motor of the freezing fan motor (refer to failure diagnosis function table for failure display).

14-1-11 Ice PLUS

- 1. The purpose of this function is to intensify the cooling speed of freezer and to increase the amount of ice.
- 2. Whenever selection switch is pressed, selection/release, the Icon will turn ON or OFF.
- 3. If there is a power outage and the refrigerator is powered on again, Ice PLUS will be canceled.
- 4. To activate this function, press the Ice PLUS key and the Icon will turn ON. This function will remain activated for 24 hrs. The first one hour the compressor, Freezer Fan and Icing Fan will be ON. The next 23 hours the Ice room will be controlled at the lowest temperature. After 24 hours or if the Ice PLUS key is pressed again, the Ice room will return to its previous temperature.
- 5. During the first hour :
 - (1) Compressor, Freezer Fan and Icing Fan run continuously.
 - (2) If a defrost cycle begins during the first 30 minutes of Ice Plus, the Ice PLUS cycle will complete its cycle after defrosting has ended.

If the defrost cycle begins when Ice Plus has run for more than 30 minutes, Ice PLUS will run for 40 minutes after the defrost is completed.

- (3) If Ice PLUS is pressed during defrost, Ice Plus Icon is on but this function will start seven minutes after defrost is completed and it shall operate for three hours.
- (4) If Ice Plus is selected within seven minutes after compressor has stopped, the compressor (compressor delays seven minutes) shall start after the balance of the delay time.
- 6. For the rest of the 23 hours, the Ice room will be controlled at the lowest temperature.

14-1-12 How to set the display mode and cancel it

- 1. With the refrigerator door open, keep pressing the Refrigerator Temp Button and ICE PLUS Button more than 5 seconds, then it goes to the display mode with Special Beep Sound With Special Beep Sound.
- 2. Perform the same way again to cancel the display mode.
- 3. All Freezing unit will be turned off at display mode (Exceptions : Lamp, Display)

14-1-13 Defrosting (removing frost)

- 1. Defrosting starts each time the COMPRESSOR running time Betwee 7~50 hours.
- 2. For initial power on or for restoring power, defrosting starts when the compressor running time reaches 4 hours.
- Defrosting stops if the sensor temperature reaches 46.4°F(8°C) or more. If the sensor doesn't reach 46.4°F(8°C) in 1 hours, the defrost mode is malfunctioning. (Refer to the defect diagnosis function, 8-1-15.)
- 4. Defrosting won't function if its sensor is defective (wires are cut or short circuited)

14-1-14 Defect Diagnosis Function

- 1. Automatic diagnosis makes servicing the refrigerator easy.
- 2. When a defect occurs, the buttons will not operate; but the tones. such as ding. will sound.
- 3. When the defect CODE removes the sign, it returns to normal operation (RESET).
- 4. The defect CODE shows on the Refrigerator and Freezer Display.



* Display check function:

If simultaneously pressing Ultra Ice button and freezing temperature adjustment button for a second, display LCD graphics on. If releasing the button, the LCD graphic displays the previous status.

You can check the error code Within 3-hour Period from initial error

14-1-15 Auto pantry

- 1. The temperature control will automatically start upon the selected Auto Pantry temperature control.
- 2. You can adjust the Pantry control with three different temperature ranges by pressing the Temp.Selector button.

15. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

CASE PARTS (LMX28988**)



FREEZER PARTS





DOOR PARTS (LMX28988**)



DISPENSER PARTS



VALVE & WATER TUBE PARTS



ICE MAKER & ICE BIN PARTS





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