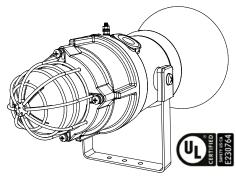


INSTRUCTION & SERVICE MANUAL D1xC COMBINED ALARM HORNS & STROBES For Use In Hazardous Locations - Dust



The D1xC1 & D1xC2 combined alarm horn & strobes are classified by UL as Audible Signaling Appliances for General Signaling use in Hazardous Locations

1) Introduction

The D1xC1 & D1xC2 range are UL Classified combined alarm horns and strobes which produce a loud warning signal in a hazardous area. Sixty-Four first stage alarm sounds can be selected by internal switches and each one can be externally changed to a second, third or fourth stage alarm sound. The alarm horn may be used for Gas applications in Class II Division 1 & 2 and Class III Division 1 & 2 as well as Class II Zone 20, 21 and 22. D1xS1 & D1xS2 alarm horns and D1xL1 & D1xL2 Loudspeakers are also available as well as variants for Explosive Gas Atmospheres.

2) Warnings

CAUTION

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF IGNITION OF HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES:

DISCONNECT FROM SUPPLY BEFORE OPENING. KEEP TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN IN OPERATION. WARNING

FIT SEALING FITTING IN CONDUIT RUNS WITHIN 18 INCHES FROM ENCLOSURE.

EQUIPMENT MUST NOT BE INSTALLED WITH THE HORN FACING UPWARDS OF HORIZONTAL

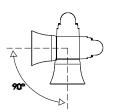
ATTENTION

POUR REDUIRE LE RISQUE D'INFLAMMATION DES ATMOSPHÈRES DANGEREUSES:

COUPER L'ALIMENTATION AVANT OUVERTURE. CONSERVER FERMÉ PENDANT LE FONCIONNEMENT. <u>AVERTISSEMENT</u>

CONDUITS DOIVENT ÊTRE SCELLÉS EN MOINS DE 18 POUCES.

ÉQUIPEMENT NE DOIT PAS ÊTRE INSTALLÉ AVEC LE KLAXON TOURNÉE VERS LE HAUT DE HORIZONTAL.



3) Ratings and Markings

The D1xC1 and D1xC2 combined alarm horns and strobes comply with the following standards for hazardous locations:

UL 1203 CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 25-1966

The D1xC1 and D1xC2 combined alarm horns and strobes also comply with the following standards for signaling equipment:

UL464 UL1638 CSA C22.2 NO. 205-12

3.1 Class / Division Ratings for US & Canada

The D1xC1X05 / D1xC2X05 combined alarm horns and strobes are rated as follows:

Class II Div 1 FG T4 Ta -40°C to +55°C Class II Div 1 FG T4A Ta -40°C to +40°C Class III Div 1 Ta -40°C to +55°C

Installation must be carried out in compliance with the National Electric Code / Canadian Electric Code

3.2 Class / Zone ratings for US & Canada

The D1xC1X05 / D1xC2X05 combined alarm horns and strobes are rated as follows:

Zone 20 IIIB T4 Ta -40°C to +55°C Zone 20 IIIB T4A Ta -40°C to +50°C Ta -40°C to +40°C

Installation must be carried out in compliance with the National Electric Code / Canadian Electric Code

3.3 Ambient Temperature Range:

-40°C to +55°C

3.4 Ingress Protection Ratings

The product is rated for ingress protection as follows:

IP rating per EN60529: IP66
Type rating per UL50E / NEMA250: 4 / 4X / 3R / 13
Warning – not suitable for exposure to Acetic Acid or
Reference Fuel C.

European Safety Systems Ltd. Impress House, Mansell Road, Acton, London W3 7QH

sales@e-2-s.com www.e-2-s.com Tel: +44 (0)208 743 8880 Fax: +44 (0)208 740 4200

3.5 Electrical Ratings per UL Listing

Model No.	Nom. Voltage	Nom. rms current sounder ¹	Nom. rms current beacon ¹	Nom. rms current combined ¹	Voltage Range	Max. rms current combined ²
D1xC1X05-DC024-D	24Vdc	217 mA	323 mA	540 mA	20-28Vdc	604 mA @ 20Vdc
D1xC1X05-AC115-D	115Vac 60Hz	77 mA	130 mA	207 mA	110-120Vac 50/60Hz	266 mA @ 120Vac 60Hz
D1xC1X05-AC230-D	230Vac 50Hz	53 mA	79 mA	132 mA	220-240Vac 50/60Hz	151 mA @ 240Vac 60Hz
D1xC2X05-DC024-D	24Vdc	924 mA	323 mA	1247 mA	20-28Vdc	1477 mA @ 20Vdc
D1xC2X05-AC115-D	115Vac 60Hz	268 mA	130 mA	398 mA	110-120Vac 50/60Hz	446 mA @ 110Vac 60Hz
D1xC2X05-AC230-D	230Vac 50Hz	159 mA	79 mA	238 mA	220-240Vac 50/60Hz	255 mA @ 220Vac 60Hz

¹⁾ Nom. rms current draw at nom. voltage, worst case tone and 1Hz flash rate

European Safety Systems Ltd. Impress House, Mansell Road, Acton, London W3 7QH

sales@e-2-s.com

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²⁾ Max. rms current draw at worst case voltage, tone and flash rate

4) Installation

4.1 Safe Installation Requirements

The product must only be installed by suitably qualified personnel in accordance with the latest issues of the relevant standards.

The installation of the units must also be in accordance with the NEC / CEC and any local regulations and should only be carried out by a competent electrical engineer who has the necessary training.

The Equipment must not be installed with the horn facing upwards of horizontal.

To maintain the ingress protection rating and mode of protection, the cable entries must be fitted with suitably rated cable entry and/or blanking devices during installation. If conduit is used for installation, seal conduit within 18 inches from the enclosure.

If entries are fitted with adaptors they must be suitably rated for the application. Fitting of blanking elements into adaptors is not permitted.

If a high IP (Ingress Protection) rating is required then a suitable sealing washer or O-ring must be fitted under any cable gland or blanking device with metric threads.

Only the explosionproof cover is to be used for access to the enclosure for installation, service and maintenance.

Connections are to be made into the terminal blocks using solid or stranded wire, sizes 0.5-4.0mm² / AWG 20-12. Wire insulation needs to be stripped 6-7mm. Wires may be fitted securely with crimped ferrules. Terminal screws need to be tightened down with a tightening torque of 0.4 Nm / 3.5 Lb-in.

Earthing connections should be made to the Internal Earth terminal in the explosion proof chamber or the external earth stud.

Check that the 'O' ring seal is in place before replacing the explosion proof cover.

5) Installation

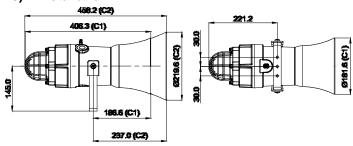


Fig. 1 Fixing locations.

5.1 Mounting

The D1x Alarm Horn may be secured to any flat surface using the three 7mm fixing holes. The enclosure provides IP66 protection and is suitable for installation in exterior locations providing it is positioned so that water cannot collect in the horn, and the cable entry is sealed.

5.2 Installation procedure

- Secure the D1x alarm horn to a flat surface via the three 7mm fixing holes in the mounting bracket.
- Remove the explosion proof cover of the alarm horn by unscrewing it, taking care not to damage the explosion proof threads in the process (Refer to section 6).
- c. Fit an M20x1.5 suitably rated cable gland or conduit entry into the hole in the enclosure and connect the field wiring to the appropriate alarm horn terminals as shown in fig. 6 (AC) or fig 8. (DC). The power supply terminals are duplicated so that units may be connected in parallel. An end of line monitoring resistor may be fitted to DC units only (see section 14). If the second and third M20x1.5 and or NPT entries are not used, suitably rated stopping plugs must always be fitted.
- d. Replace the explosionproof cover of the loudspeaker, taking care not to damage the explosionproof threads. Tighten fully.

5.3 Hornless Variants

The D1x Sounder is also available as a variant with no horn fitted in the factory. The Horn threaded nose portion has a fitment thread of 1-3/8" – 18 UNF (to BS1580 or ANSI B1.1). The customer is responsible for sourcing and correctly fitting a suitable horn that meets all of the relevant safety requirements.

6) Access to Explosionproof Enclosure

In order to connect the electrical supply cables to the alarm horn it is necessary to remove the explosion proof cover to gain access to the explosion proof chamber. This can be achieved by unscrewing the explosion proof cover, taking extreme care not to damage the explosion proof threads in the process.

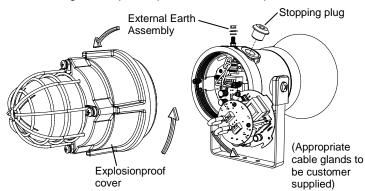


Fig. 2 Accessing the Explosionproof Enclosure.

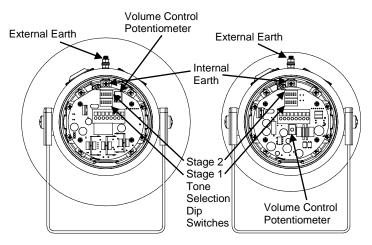
On completion of the cable wiring installation the explosion proof threads should be inspected to ensure that they are clean and that they have not been damaged during installation. Also check that the 'O' ring seal is in place, on the thread diameter in contact with the flat face of the explosion proof cover. When replacing the explosion proof cover ensure that it is tightened fully.

European Safety Systems Ltd. Impress House, Mansell Road, Acton, London W3 7QH

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7) Volume Control

The output level of the D1x alarm horn can be set by adjusting the volume control potentiometer (see Fig 3). For maximum output, set the potentiometer fully clockwise.



D1xC2AC / D1xC2DC / D1xC1DC / D1xC1AC

Fig. 3 Location of field controls

8) Tone Selection

The D1xC1 & D1xC2 units have 64 different tones that can be selected independently for the first and second stage alarms. The tones are selected by operation of the tone setting DIP switches 1 & 2 (see Fig. 3) on the PCB. The alarm horns can also be switched to sound the third and fourth stage alarm tones. The tone table (Table 1) shows the switch positions for the 64 tones on first and second stages and which tones are available for the third and fourth stages dependent on the Stage 1 DIP switch setting.

9) Stage Switching Polarity (DC Units Only)

The D1xC2 and D1xC1 DC alarm horns have the facility to use either +ve or -ve switching to change the tone to the second, third and fourth stages. For -ve switching connect the two headers on the pcb to the left-hand (marked -ve) and centre pins. For +ve switching connect the headers to the right hand (marked +ve) and the centre pins. (Refer to Fig. 4)

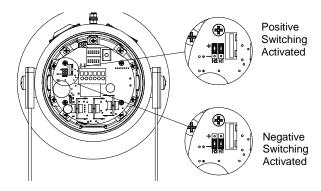


Fig. 4 Stage Switching Polarity

10) AC Wiring

10.1 Wiring Diagrams

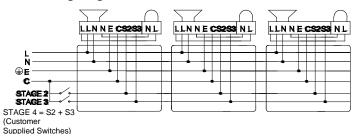


Fig 5a. D1xC2 AC Simplified Block Diagram

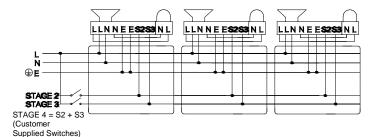


Fig 5b. D1xC1 AC Simplified Block Diagram

10.2 Units First Stage Tones

Stage one (S1) operation: Simply connect the supply voltage to the L and N supply terminals, (see fig. 6).

10.3 AC Units Second, Third and Fourth Stage Tone Selection

To select the second, third and fourth stage tones on the D1x AC alarm horns.

Stage two (S2) operation : Power L and N, link the common (C) and S2 terminal.

Stage three (S3) operation : Power L and N, link the common (C) and S3 terminals.

Stage four (S4) operation: Power L and N, link the common (C) and both the S2 and S3 terminals.

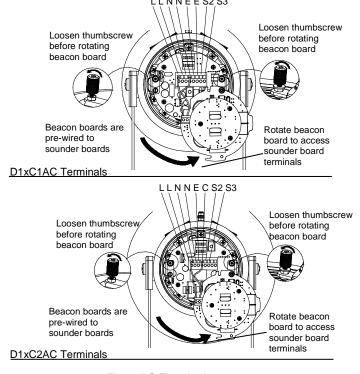


Fig. 6 AC Terminals

11) DC Wiring

11.1 Wiring Diagrams

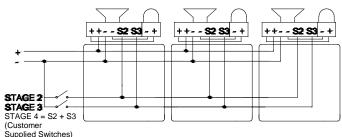


Fig. 7a DC Simplified Block Diagram (negative switching)

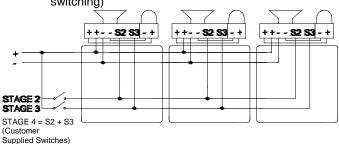


Fig. 7b DC Simplified Block Diagram (positive switching

11.2 Units First Stage Tones

Stage one (S1) operation: Simply connect the supply voltage to the + and - supply terminals, (see fig. 8).

11.3 DC Units Second, Third and Fourth Stage Tone Selection

For units set up for -ve switching (default setting):

Stage two (S2) operation: Power +ve and -ve, link a -ve supply line to the S2 terminal. Dip switch 2 alters stage 2 tone. Stage three (S3) operation: Power +ve and -ve, link a -ve supply line to the S3 terminal. Dip switch 1 alters stage 3 tone. Stage four (S4) operation: Power +ve and -ve, link a -ve supply line to both the S2 & S3 terminals. Dip switch 1 alters stage 4 tone.

For units set up for +ve switching (refer to 9.1):

Stage two (S2) operation: Power +ve and -ve, link a +ve supply line to the S2 terminal. Dip switch 2 alters stage 2 tone. Stage three (S3) operation: Power +ve and -ve, link a +ve supply line to the S3 terminal. Dip switch 1 alters stage 3 tone. Stage four (S4) operation: Power +ve and -ve, link a +ve supply line to both the S2 & S3 terminals. Dip switch 1 alters stage 4 tone.

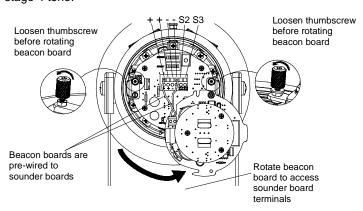


Fig. 8 DC Terminals

12) Earthing

The unit has both a primary internal and secondary external earth fixing point.

Internal earth connections should be made to the internal Earth terminal (see Fig. 3 and 4. It should be fitted to the internal earth point using a ring crimp terminal to secure the earth conductor.

In addition, external earth connections can be made to the M5 earth stud (see Fig. 2), using a ring crimp terminal to secure the earth conductor to the earth stud. The external earth crimp ring should be located between the two M5 plain washers provided and securely locked down with the M5 spring washer and M5 nut.

The earth conductor should be at least equal in size and rating to the incoming power conductors but at least a minimum of 0.82mm² / 18AWG in size.

13) Flash Rate Settings

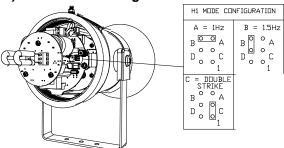


Fig. 9 DC Flash Settings

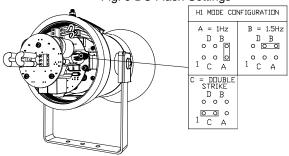


Fig. 10 AC Flash Settings

14) End Of Line Monitoring (DC Units Only)

On D1xC1DC & D1xC2DC units, dc reverse line monitoring can be used if required. All DC alarm horns have a blocking diode fitted in their supply input lines. An end of line monitoring diode or an end of line monitoring resistor can be connected across the +ve and –ve terminals. If an end of line resistor is used it must have a minimum resistance value of 3k3 ohms and a minimum power rating of 0.5 watts or a minimum resistance value of 500 ohms and a min. power rating of 2 watts.

The resistor must be connected directly across the +ve and – ve terminals as shown in the following drawing. The resistor leads should be kept as short as possible.

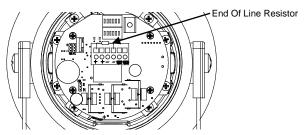


Fig. 11 End Of Line Resistor

Tone Selection – To select the required first stage tone set the tone Set DIP switch 1 (6 way DIP see Fig 3) to the required tone setting shown in the table below. The table also shows the second stage tone can be set independently with the Stage 2 DIP switch to select the required tone. The 3rd and 4th stage tones are available if more than two tone output stages are required, they are set/linked via the first stage tone selection.

than two tor	ne output stages are required, the	y are set/linked via the first stage tone selection.	T			
Stage 1 Set DIP Switch 1 Tone No	Tone Description Tone Visual		Stage 1 & 2 DIP Switch Settings 1 2 3 4 5 6	Stage 2 Set DIP Switch 2 Tone (S2)	Stage 3 Set DIP Switch 1 Tone (S3)	Stage 4 Set DIP Switch 1 Tone (S2 + S3)
1	1000Hz PFEER Toxic Gas	1000Hz	000000	1	2	44
2	1200/500Hz @ 1Hz DIN / PFEER P.T.A.P.	1200Hz 1s 500Hz 1s	100000	2	3	44
3	1000Hz @ 0.5Hz(1s on, 1s off) PFEER Gen. Alarm	1000Hz 1s 1s	010000	3	2	44
4	1.4KHz-1.6KHz 1s, 1.6KHz- 1.4KHz 0.5s NF C 48-265	1600Hz 0.5s	110000	4	24	1
5	544Hz(100mS)/440Hz (400mS) NF S 32-001	544Hz 0.1s 440Hz 0.4s	001000	5	19	1
6	1500/500Hz - (0.5s on , 0.5s off) x3 + 1s gap AS4428	1500Hz 0.5s 0.5s 0.5s 0.5s 1.5s	101000	6	44	1
7	500-1500Hz Sweeping 2 sec on 1 sec off AS4428	1500Hz 2s 1s	011000	7	44	1
8	500/1200Hz @ 0.26Hz(3.3s on, 0.5s off) Netherlands - NEN 2575	1200Hz 500Hz 3.3s 0.5s	111000	8	24	35
9	1000Hz (1s on, 1s off)x7 + (7s on, 1s off) IMO Code 1a	1000Hz 1s 1s 1s 1s 1s 7s [-	000100	9	34	1
10	1000Hz (1s on, 1s off)x7 + (7s on, 1s off) IMO Code 1a	1s 1s 1s 1s 1s 7s	100100	10	34	1
11	420Hz(0.5s on, 0.5s off)x3 + 1s gap ISO 8201 Temporal Pattern	420Hz 0.5s 0.5s 0.5s 1.5s	010100	11	1	8
12	1000Hz(0.5s on, 0.5s off)x3 + 1s gap ISO 8201 Temporal Pattern	1000Hz 0.5s 0.5s 0.5s 1.5s	110100	12	1	8
13	422/775Hz - (0.85 on, 0.5 off) x3 + 1s gap NFPA - Temporal Coded	775Hz 422Hz 0.85s 0.5s 0.85s 0.5s 1.5s	001100	13	1	8
14	1000/2000Hz @ 1Hz Singapore	2000Hz 1000Hz 1s	101100	14	3	35
15	300Hz Continuous	300Hz	011100	15	24	35
16	440Hz Continuous	440Hz ————	111100	16	24	35
17	470Hz Continuous	470Hz	000010	17	24	35
18	500Hz Continuous IMO code 2 (Low)	500Hz ————	100010	18	24	35
19	554Hz Continuous	554Hz ————	010010	19	24	35
20	660Hz Continuous	660Hz ————	110010	20	24	35
21	800Hz IMO code 2 (High)	800Hz	001010	21	24	35
22	1200Hz Continuous	1200Hz ———	101010	22	24	35
23	2000Hz Continuous	2000Hz	011010	23	3	35
24	2400Hz Continuous	2400Hz ———	111010	24	20	35
25	440 @0.83Hz (50	440Hz 0.6s 0.6s	000110	25	44	8
26	cycles/minute) Intermittent 470 @0.9Hz - 1.1s Intermittent	470Hz 0.55s	100110	26	44	8
27	470Hz @5Hz - (5 cycles/second) Intermittent	470Hz 0.1s 0.1s	010110	27	44	8
28	544Hz @ 1.14Hz - 0.875s Intermittent	470Hz 0.43s 0.44s	110110	28	24	8
29	655Hz @ 0.875Hz Intermittent	655Hz 0.57s 0.57s	001110	29	44	8
30	660Hz @ 0.28Hz - 1.8sec on, 1.8sec off Intermittent	660Hz 1.8s 1.8s	101110	30	24	8
31	660Hz @3.34Hz - 150mS on, 150mS off Intermittent	0.15s 0.15s	011110	31	24	8

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					1	1
32	745Hz @ 1Hz Intermittent	745Hz 0.5s 0.5s	111110	32	24	8
33	800Hz - 0.25sec on, 1 sec off Intermittent	800Hz 0.25s 1s	000001	33	24	8
34	800Hz @ 2Hz IMO code 3.a (High) Intermittent	800Hz 0.25s 0.25s	100001	34	24	8
35		1000Hz 0.5s 0.5s	010001	35	24	8
	1000Hz @ 1Hz Intermittent	2400Hz 0.5s	110001			
36	2400Hz @ 1Hz Intermittent	2900Hz 0.1s	001001	36	24	8
37	2900Hz @ 5Hz Intermittent	0.1s 0.1s 0.5s		37	24	8
38	363/518Hz @ 1Hz Alternating	363Hz 0.5s 500Hz 0.25s	101001	38	8	19
39	450/500Hz @ 2Hz Alternating	450Hz 0.25s 0.5s	011001	39	8	19
40	554/440Hz @ 1Hz Alternating	440Hz 0.5s	111001	40	24	19
41	554/440Hz @ 0.625Hz Alternating	554Hz 0.8s 0.8s	000101	41	8	19
42	561/760Hz @0.83Hz (50 cycles/minute) Alternating	760Hz 0.6s 0.6s	100101	42	8	19
43	780/600Hz @ 0.96Hz Alternating	780Hz 0.52s 0.52s	010101	43	8	19
44	800/1000Hz @ 2Hz	1000Hz 0.25s	110101	44	24	19
	Alternating	970Hz 0.25s	001101			
45	970/800Hz @ 2Hz Alternating 800/1000Hz @ 0.875Hz	800Hz 0.25s 1000Hz 0.57s	101101	45	8	19
46	Alternating 2400/2900Hz @ 2Hz	800Hz 0.57s 2900Hz 0.25s	011101	46	24	19
47	Alternating	2400Hz 0.25s 1200Hz		47	24	19
48	500/1200Hz @ 0.3Hz Sweeping	500Hz 3.34s	111101	48	24	12
49	560/1055Hz @ 0.18Hz Sweeping	560Hz 5.47s 1055Hz	000011	49	24	12
50	560/1055Hz @ 3.3Hz Sweeping	560Hz 0.3s	100011	50	24	12
51	600/1250Hz @ 0.125Hz Sweeping	1250Hz 600Hz 8s	010011	51	24	12
52	660/1200Hz @ 1Hz Sweeping	1200Hz 660Hz 1s	110011	52	24	12
53		1000Hz 800Hz 1s	001011	53	24	12
	800/1000Hz @ 1Hz Sweeping	1000Hz				
54	800/1000Hz @ 7Hz Sweeping 800/1000Hz @ 50Hz	800Hz 0.14s 1000Hz	101011	54	24	12
55	Sweeping 2400/2900Hz @ 7Hz	800Hz 0.02s 2900Hz	011011	55	24	12
56	Sweeping	2400Hz 0.14s 2900Hz	111011	56	24	12
57	2400/2900Hz @ 1Hz Sweeping	2400Hz 1s 2900Hz	000111	57	24	12
58	2400/2900Hz @ 50Hz Sweeping	2400Hz 0.02s	100111	58	24	12
59	2500/3000Hz @ 2Hz Sweeping	3000Hz 2500Hz 0.5s	010111	59	24	12
60	2500/3000Hz @ 7.7Hz Sweeping	3000Hz 2500Hz 0.13s	110111	60	24	12
61	800Hz Motor Siren	800Hz 1.6s	001111	61	24	12
62	1200Hz Motor Siren	1200Hz 2s	101111	62	24	12
63		2400Hz	011111	63	24	12
	2400Hz Motor Siren	1.7s 1450Hz 0.25s				
64	Simulated Bell	—————————————————————————————————————	111111	64	21	12