



RUFNEK 130 SERVICE MANUAL

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INTRODUCTION AND THEORY OF OPERATION

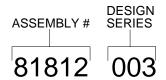
The Rufnek series planetary winch is designed to use a high-speed gear motor, driving through a multiple disc brake, through three planet sets to the cable drum.

The multiple-disc brake is spring applied and hydraulically released through a port in the brake housing. During inhaul, the brake is not released since the load is driven through the one-way cam clutch, bypassing the brake. When the load comes to a stop, the cam clutch locks up and the load is prevented from moving by the brake.

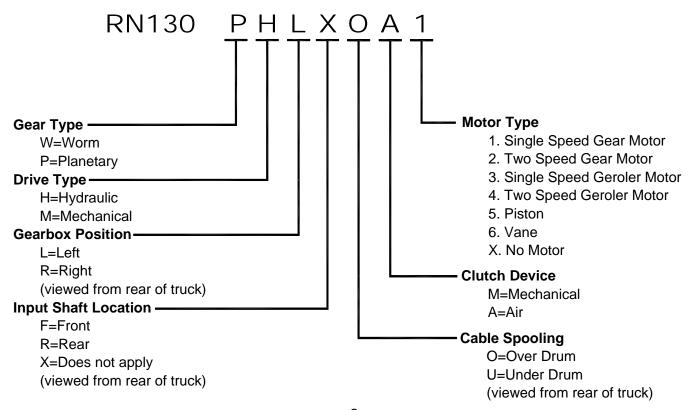
The brake and brake valve receives its signal any time the winch is in pay out. With the brake fully open at about 340 PSI the brake valve will open and dynamically control the lowering of the load.

ASSEMBLY NUMBER EXPLANATION

This manual is for design series 003. In the case of a major design change implementation, a new design series designation number will be issued for the winch. A new manual will also be created for that specific design series.



WINCH MODEL CODES

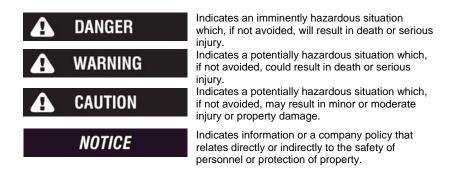




FAILURE TO HEED THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

The safety of the winch operator and ground personnel should always be of great concern, and all necessary precautions to insure their safety must be taken. The primary mover and the winch must be operated with care and concern for the equipment and the environment and with a thorough knowledge of the equipment and its performance capabilities must be understood. These general safety guidelines are offered, however local rules and regulations or national standards may also apply. Recommended references are, but not limited to, ANSI B30, OSHA 1910, AWS D 14.3, and SAE J706.

Additional information can be found at http://www.team-twg.com/TulsaWinch/



Mounting:

Winch mounting must be secure and able to withstand the applied loads.

- The stability of the mounting system must be approved by a qualified person.
- All welding should also be done by a qualified person.
- Winch mount must be flat so as not to induce binding.
- The flatness must not exceed 1/16 inch across the mounting surface of the winch itself.

Insure that all hydraulic hoses, valves and fittings are rated to winch manufacturer's operating pressures.

Relief valves should be set to winch manufacturer's specifications.

Operator:

Must read and understand the operating and service manual.

Both the **SERVICE MANUAL** and **OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL** are available online at http://www.team-twg.com/TulsaWinch/

Must never lift or move people with this winch.

This winch is not designed or intended for any use that involves moving people.

Must stay clear of the load at all times.

Ground personnel should remain a safe distance from the load and winch cable at least 1 ½ times the length of cable measured from the winch to the load.

Must stay clear of the cable at all times.

A broken cable can cause serious injury or death.

Must avoid shock loads.

Shock loads can impose a strain on the winch that can be many times the design rating.

Must be aware of the fleet angle of the winch.

All loads should only be pulled with the load line perpendicular to the drum shaft, this is to avoid excessive stresses on the winch and will help prevent the cable from building on one side of the drum flange.

Must wear personnel protective equipment (PPE) if required.

Check the local, state and federal regulations for compliance.

Must insure that the drum clutch is fully engaged before hoisting.

A visual inspection of the drum clutch engagement is required before each winching operation.

Must rig all loads secure before winching.

Pull the load line taut and inspect the condition of load for stability.

Must inspect the drum brake if equipped.

The drum brake is not a load holding device it is design to prevent over spooling of the drum and causing bird nesting of the cable on the drum. Inspect the brake for wear of the lining and the actuation method.

Must inspect the load control brake.

These winches are equipped with two (2) forms of dynamic braking. The spring-applied/hydraulically-released multi-disc oil brake is one method. Before a load is handled the load should be pulled tight and stopped to check this brake. The second method is a hydraulic lowering control. The same method should be used to check this brake.

Operation:

- All winch controls must be well marked for function to avoid confusion.
- All winch controls must be located to provide the operator with a clear view of the load.
- The clutch must be inspected daily for proper operation.
- The winch cable should be inspected daily for serviceability.
- A minimum of five wraps of tightly wound cable must remain on the drum.

MAINTENANCE

Tulsa Rufnek series planetary winches, like any other piece of machinery, need to be periodically serviced and well maintained to insure proper operation.

Good maintenance consists of four steps.

- 1. A daily inspection to insure that there are no oil leaks present and that all mounting bolts and other fasteners are tight, and that the wire rope is in good condition.
- 2. Changing the oil in both the gearbox and the brake section. (Severity of use will determine the need for oil changes but it should be checked at a minimum of every 500 hours. Factors such as extremely dirty conditions or widely varying temperature changes may dictate even more frequent servicing).
- 3. Lubing drum bushings and sliding clutch with grease thru grease fittings located on drum barrel and clutch.
- 4. Complete teardowns and component inspections. (Again, severity and frequency of use will determine how often this should be done). If the equipment that this winch is mounted to is subject to standards for this type of inspection, then those standards must be followed. If oil changes reveal significant metallic particles then a teardown and inspection must be made to determine the source of wear.

Rufnek series planetary winches are designed with a common oil reservoir for the gearbox and brake. The winches are shipped from the factory filled with Mobilube SHC SAE 75W-90 synthetic gear oil which is satisfactory for operation in ambient temperatures from -40°F to +110°F. If winch will be operated in temperatures outside this range, contact Tulsa Winch for recommendations.

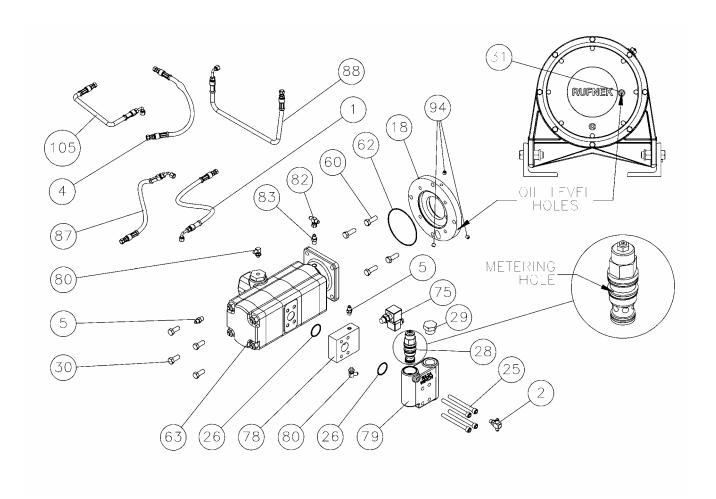
The oil is drained by removing the drain plugs (31 & 94) located at bottom of gear cover (3) and bottom of brake cover (18). Then remove the fill plugs (39 & 94) located at the top of the gear cover (3) and the top of the brake cover (18). Inspect the oil for signs of metallic particles and/or burning and dispose of in a proper manner. Then re-install the drain plugs.

Fill the brake end with Mobilube SHC SAE 75W-90 (1/2 quart), then fill the gear end with Mobilube SHC SAE 75W-90 oil (19 quarts) and replace both of the fill plugs.

OIL CAPACITIES = 19.5 QUARTS

GENERAL DISASSEMBLY A. MOTOR DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Drain the oil from the brake assembly by removing the plug (94) from the bottom of the brake cover (18).
- 2. Remove hoses (1, 4, 87, 88, & 105).
- 3. Remove the counterbalance block (79) and the manifold block (78), from the motor (63) by removing the four cap screws (25).
- 4. Remove the motor (63) from the winch by removing four capscrews (30).
- Remove the counterbalance valve (28) from the counterbalance block (79) and inspect the metering hole to make sure it is not obstructed. Also, inspect the o-rings on the valve to insure that they are not flat or cut. Replace if necessary.
- Motors and counterbalance valves are not serviceable in the field. Return them to an authorized dealer for service.
- 7. Inspect o-rings (26) & (62) for damage.

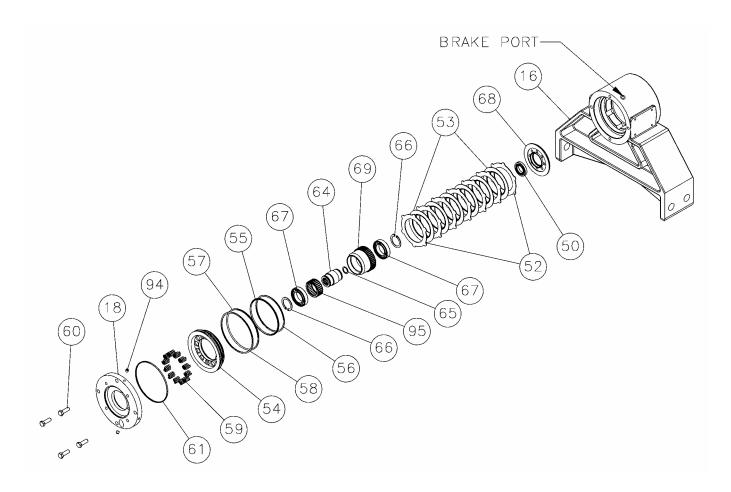


B. BRAKE SECTION DISASSEMBLY

- Evenly remove the four capscrews (60) that hold the brake cover (18) in place. Spring pressure will raise the cover up as the cap screws are loosened. Carefully remove the cover (18) from the brake housing (16). Inspect the o-ring (61) for damage.
- 2. Remove the springs (59) from the piston (54) and check the free height. Each spring should measure at least 1.240 inches with no force on them.
- 3. Remove the piston (54) by installing two pieces of 3/8"-16NC all thread into the two holes in the top of the piston and run in evenly until the piston is clear of the housing. An alternative method of removing the piston is to use shop air to slowly pressurize the brake port to remove the piston from the brake housing (16).

- 4. Inspect the o-rings (55, 57) and back up rings (56, 58) on the piston. Grasp the brake driver/clutch assembly (assembled items 64, 65, 66, 67, 69, 95) and remove it from the brake housing.
- 5. Remove the stator plates (52) and friction discs (53) from the brake housing and check them for excessive wear, and replace if necessary. Be sure to check the top stator plate for scoring caused by the removal of the piston and polish if needed. Friction discs should measure no less than .055-in. thickness and stator plates should measure no less than .068-in thick.

(Continued on page 8)

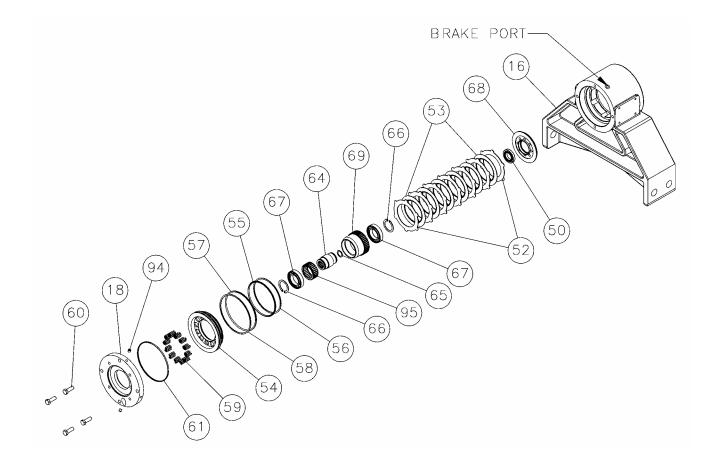


BRAKE SECTION DISASSEMBLY CONTINUED

- 6. To disassemble the brake driver/clutch assembly, remove the retaining ring (66) from either end of the driver. Then, remove the brake driver (69) and bearing (67) from the input driver (64). Next, remove the sprag clutch (95). Finally, remove the retaining ring (66) from the other end of the driver, then remove the second bearing (67) from the input driver.
- 7. Remove the bearing housing (68) and inspect the bearing (50).
- 8. If the bushing or seal in the brake housing needs to be replaced, follow the drum section disassembly and reassembly sections of this manual prior to reassembly of the brake.



Notice the direction of lock-up on the clutch (95) for re-assembly.



C. DRUM SECTION DISASSEMBLY

1. To remove the drum, first disconnect the cable from the U-bolt (43) and lay aside. If removing the drum from the motor end with the motor and brake disassembled, first remove the cotter keys (12) and clevis pins (15) connecting the yoke (81) to the bracket (97) and air cylinder (17).

NOTICE

You may need to remove the air lines, so it's a good idea to mark them for re-assembly.

2. Support the weight of the drum with a hoist. Remove the four cap screws (70) along with the nuts and washers (71, 72) on the bottom of the brake housing (16). Disconnect the airline running from the air cylinder (76) to the brake housing (16). Remove the brake housing by sliding the housing off of the output shaft (20). At this time you will need to remove the two cap screws (91), nuts and washers (85 & 86) from the frames (73 & 74). Do not remove the air cylinder (68) yet. Disconnect the airline from the backside of the brake housing (16) that goes to the

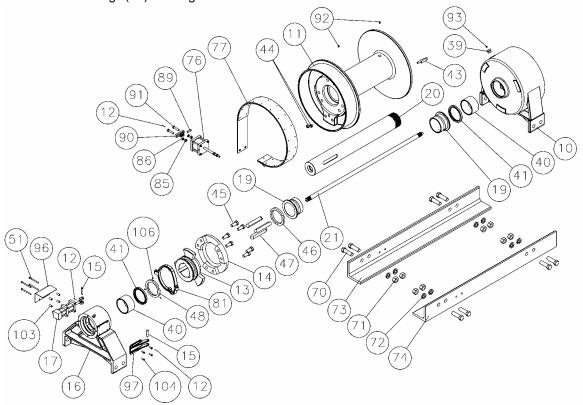
brake band air cylinder. You can now remove the brake band assembly (77). Note which frame the mounting bolts are on for re-assembly. Inspect and replace if needed.

- 3. Remove the outer thrust collar (48) by loosening three set screws (106).
- Remove the yoke (81) and sliding clutch (13). Remove the three keys (47) and the inner thrust collar (24). Remove the drum using a hoist. Inspect the bushings (19) in both ends of the drum.

NOTICE

You should also inspect the bushing and seal (40, 41) that are located in the end of the brake housing.

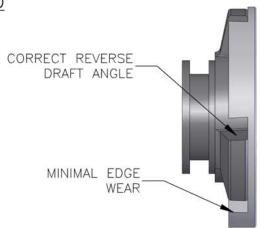
 Inspect or replace the drum clutch (14) at this time by removing six capscrews (45). If you replace the clutch, make sure to torque the capscrews to the specified torque upon re-assembly. (See torque specifications chart on page 28 of this manual.)



CLUTCH INSPECTION

GOOD

THIS PICTURE ILLUSTRATES
A SLIDING & DRUM CLUTCH
WITH THE PROPER REVERSE
DRAFT AND MINIMUM EDGE WEAR

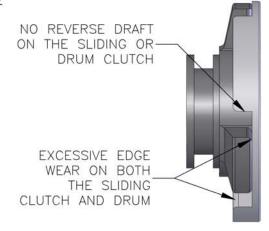


NOTICE

THE REVERSE DRAFT ENSURES THE CLUTCH STAYS ENGAGED DURING PAY—IN.

WITHOUT THE CORRECT DRAFT, THE CLUTCH COULD DIS-ENGAGE UNPREDICTIBLY.

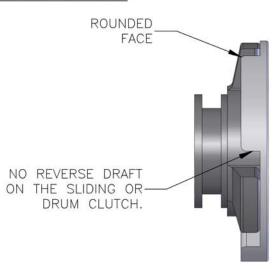
BAD



CLUTCH REPLACEMENT CRITERIA

WARNING

IF 1/4 OF THE SURFACE OF THE FACE ON THE SLIDING CLUTCH OR DRUM CLUTCH IS ROUNDED OR HAS NO REVERSE DRAFT THE SLIDING CLUTCH AND OR DRUM CLUTCH MUST BE REPLACED.



D. GEAR SECTION DISASSEMBLY

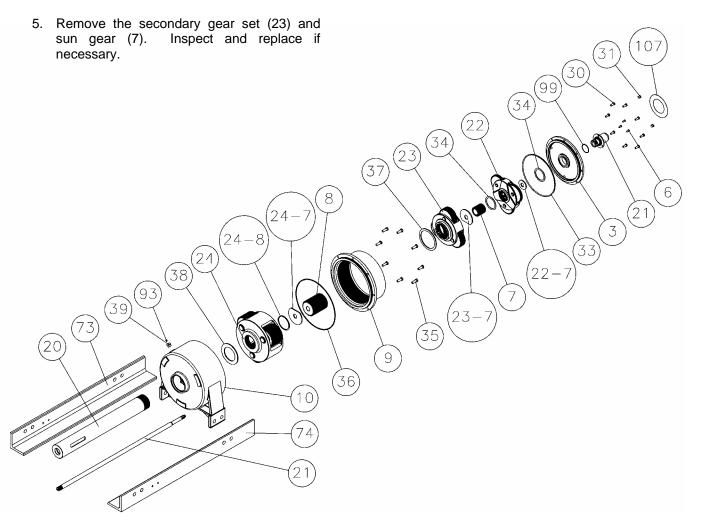
- 1. Drain the oil by removing the plug (31) located on the bottom of the end cover (3).
- To disassemble the gear section, remove the Intelliguard[™] (21) from the end cover (3) by removing three capscrews (6). Inspect the gear teeth on the Intelliguard[™] (21) for wear. The Intelliguard[™] system is not serviceable in the field. Return to an authorized dealer for service.
- 3. Inspect the o-rings (33 & 99) and replace if necessary.
- 4. Remove the input gear set (22), along with the inner and outer thrust washers (34). Inspect parts and replace if necessary.

6. Remove the secondary gear housing (9) by removing the eight capscrews (35). Inspect the o-ring (36) and replace if necessary.

⚠ WARNING

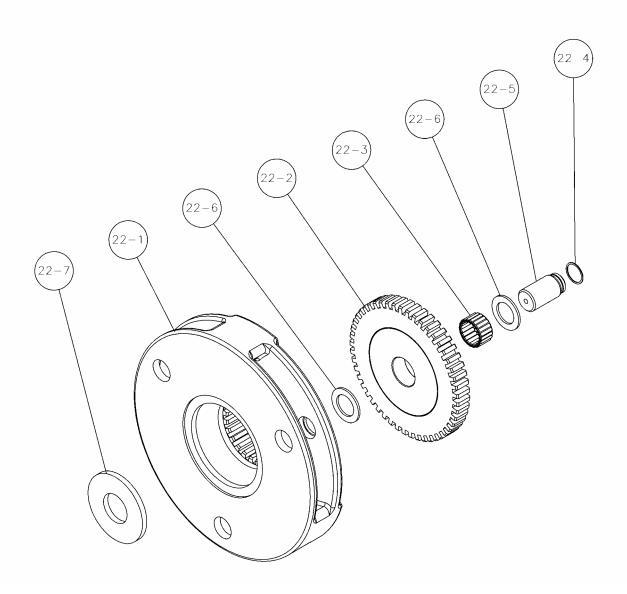
The housing is very heavy. Use caution when removing it.

- 7. Remove the sun gear (8).
- 8. Rotate the thrust plate (24-7) into alignment with snap ring (24-8). Remove the snap ring from the groove on the output shaft (20).
- 9. Remove the output gear set (24) and thrust washer (38). Inspect the parts and replace it if necessary



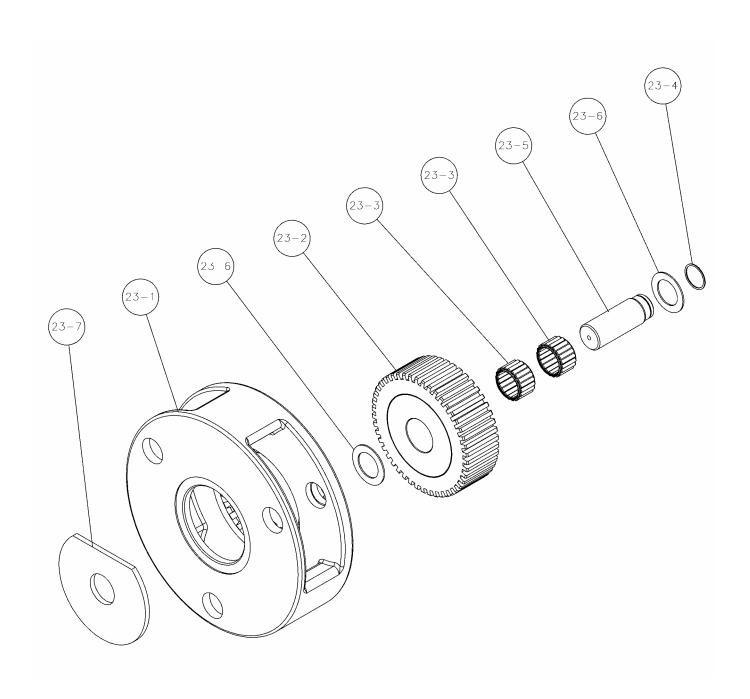
E. INPUT PLANET SET DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove the retaining rings (22-4) from the planet pins (22-5).
- 2. Remove the pins from the carrier (22-1) by carefully tapping them out.
- 3. Remove the planet gears (22-2), thrust washers (22-6), and bearings (22-3) from the carrier (22-1).
- 4. Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace if necessary.



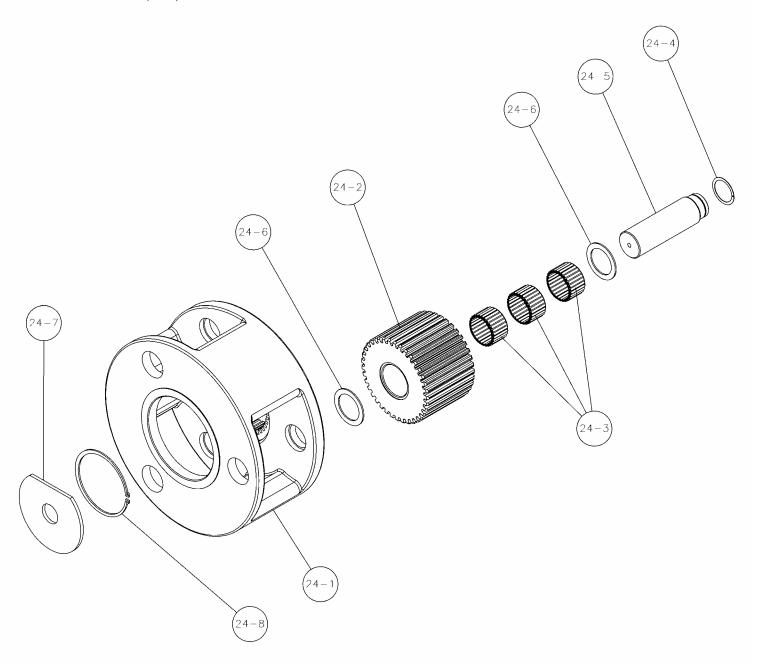
F. SECONDARY PLANET SET DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove the retaining rings (23-4) from the planet pins (23-5).
- 2. Remove the pins from the carrier (23-1) by carefully tapping them out.
- 3. Remove the planet gears (23-2), thrust washers (23-6), and bearings (23-3) from the carrier (23-1).
- 4. Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace if necessary.



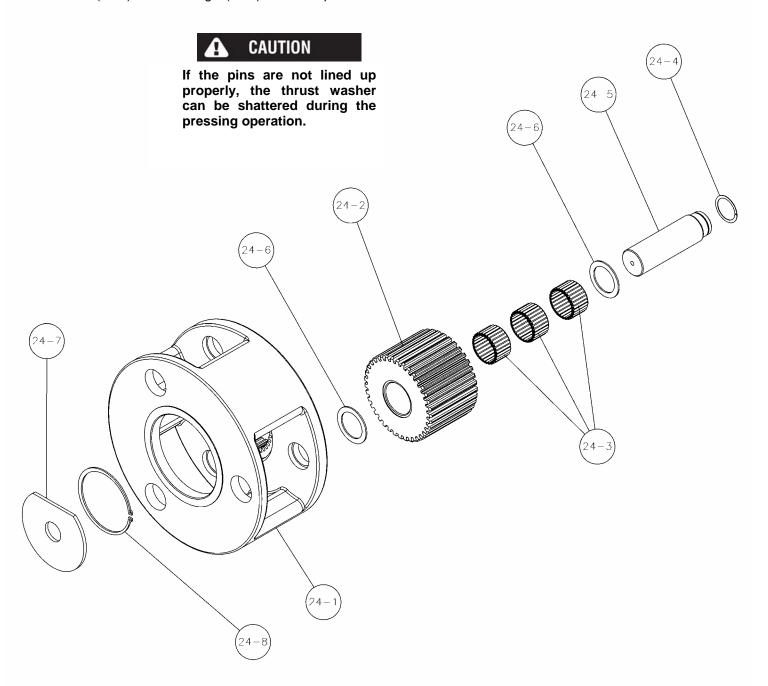
G. OUTPUT PLANET SET DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove the retaining rings (24-4) from the planet pins (24-5).
- 2. Remove the pins from the carrier (24-1) by carefully tapping them out.
- 3. Remove the planet gears (24-5), thrust washers (24-6), and bearings (24-3) from the carrier (24-1).
- 4. Remove the thrust plate (24-7) and snap ring (24-8) from the carrier.
- 5. Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace if necessary.



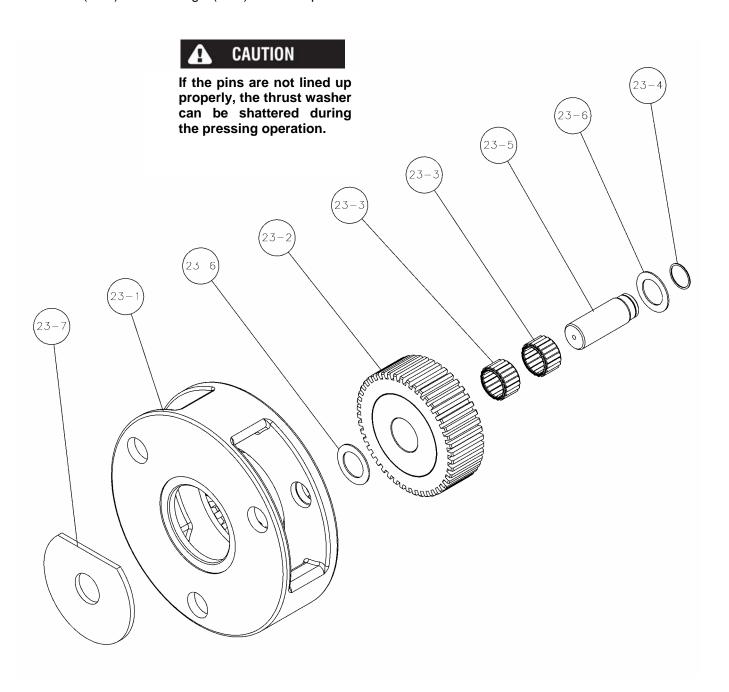
GENERAL ASSEMBLY H. OUTPUT PLANET SET ASSEMBLY

- 1. Insert the retaining ring (24-8) and thrust plate into the carrier (24-1) along with the gears (24-2), bearings (24-3), and thrust washers (24-6).
- 2. Being careful to line up the thrust washers (24-6) and bearings (24-3) with the planet
- pins (24-5), press the pins into the carrier (24-1).
- 3. Replace the retaining rings (24-4).



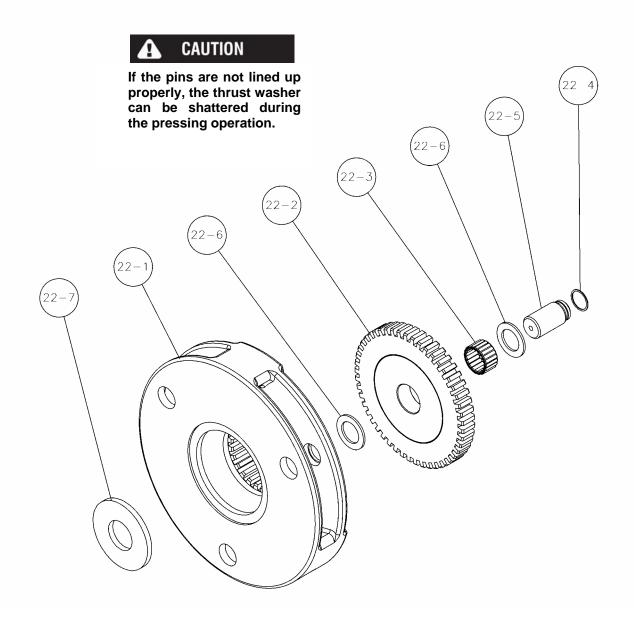
I. SECONDARY PLANET SET ASSEMBLY

- 1. Insert the thrust plate (23-7) into the carrier (23-1) along with the gears (23-2), bearings (23-3), and thrust washers (23-6).
- 2. Being careful to line up the thrust washers (23-6) and bearings (23-3) with the planet
- pins (23-5), press the pins into the carrier (23-1).
- 3. Replace the retaining rings (23-4).



J. INPUT PLANET SET ASSEMBLY

- 1. Insert the thrust plate (22-7) into the carrier (22-1) along with the gears (22-2), bearings (22-3) and thrust washers (22-6).
- 2. Being careful to line up the thrust washers (22-6) and bearings (22-3) with the planet
- pins (22-5), press the pins into the carrier (22-1).
- 3. Replace the retaining rings (22-4).



K. GEAR END ASSEMBLY

- 1. Bolt the gear-housing (10) loosely into both frames (73, 74). Slide the output shaft (20) halfway into the gear housing (10).
- 2. When reassembling, apply grease to parts such as the thrust washers, orings, and seals. Slide the thrust washer (38) onto the output shaft (20). Next, install the output gear set (24). Rotate the thrust plate (24-7) in position and install the snap ring (24-8) onto the output shaft (20). Push the gear set and shaft back into the housing until it stops against the thrust washer (38).

NOTICE

Make sure to line up all three planet gears in the output gear set with the gear housing as it starts into the housing.

- 3. Install the output sun gear (8) into the output gear set (24).
- 4. Install the secondary gear housing (9) onto the gear housing (10). Making sure not to damage the o-ring (36), use eight capscrews (35) and torque them to specification (see page 28 of this manual).
- 5. Install the thrust washer (37) onto the secondary gear set (23). Insert the gear set into the secondar gear housing (9).

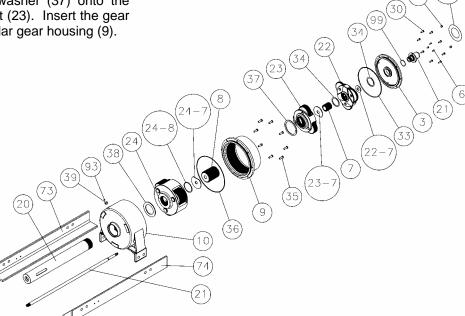
NOTICE

Make sure to line up all three planet gears in thesecondary gear set with the gear housing and sun gear as it starts into the housing.

- 6. Install the secondary sun gear (7) making sure its against the washer in the secondary gear housing (9).
- 7. Install the thrust washer (34) onto the input gear set (22). Insert the input gear set (22) into the secondary gear housing (9). Put the outer thrust washer (34) in place and slide the input shaft (21) all the way through the output shaft (20). Let the input shaft protrude out on the gear end so that all of the spline is showing. It will not work if installed backwards.
- Put the cover on and secure it with eight capscrews (30), being careful not to damage the o-ring (33). Install the Intelliguard[™] (21) into the end cover (3), again making sure not to damage the o-ring (99), and secure it with three capscrews (6).

NOTICE

Make sure the input shaft engages the gear in the Intelliguard™ correctly.



L. DRUM SECTION ASSEMBLY

1. After inspecting and replacing the necessary parts, such as the drum bushings (19), install the drum (11) onto the output shaft (20). This part is very heavy and you will need the assistance of a hoist. With the weight of the drum supported, install the brake band assembly (77) and the capscrews (91), nuts (85), and washers (86).

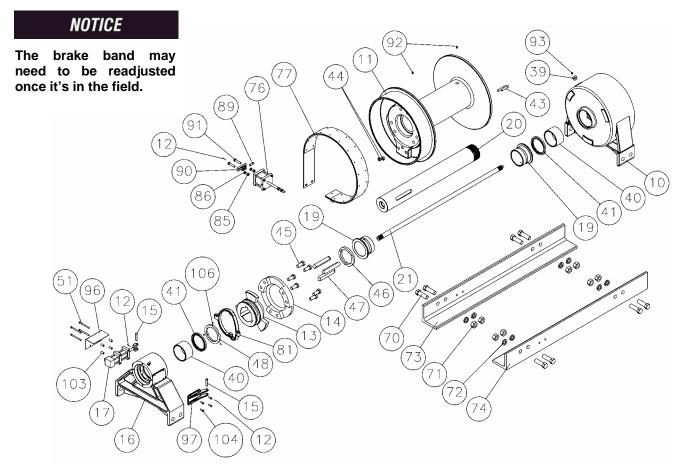
NOTICE

You may need to lower the drum to align the holes in the brake band with the holes in the frame.

Install the brake band air cylinder (76) making sure the rod of the air cylinder is going through the bracket on the brake band (77). Secure it to the bracket with the clevis pin (15) and cotter key (12). Tighten the adjusting nut on the air cylinder shaft until there is no space between the drum (11)

- and the brake band (77). Then, tighten the jam nut to secure the adjusting nut.
- Install the inner thrust collar (46) making sure the half-moon slots are lined up with the key slots in the output shaft (20). Tap the three keys (47) into their slots in the output shaft.
- 4. If necessary, install the new drum clutch (14) using six capscrews (45). Torque to specified torque (see page 28 of this manual). Then, align the sliding clutch (13) with the keys (47) and slide it onto the output shaft (20). Install the yoke (81) onto the sliding clutch (13).
- Install the outer thrust collar (48), aligning the half-moon slots with the keys (47). Tightly hold the thrust collar (48) against the keys and lock down the three set screws (106).

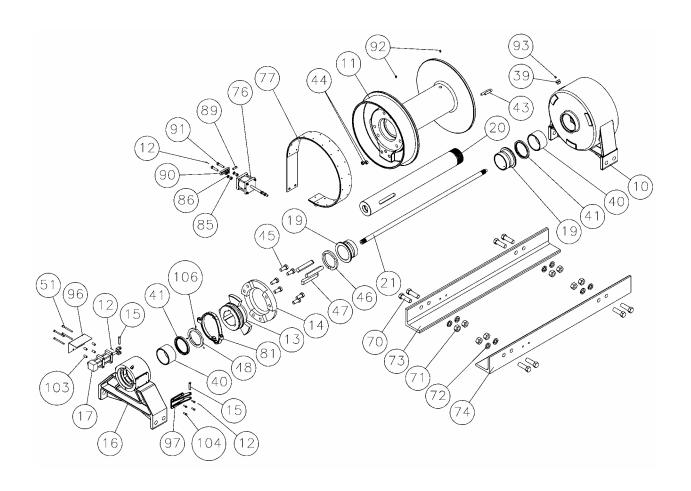
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DRUM SECTION ASSEMBLY CONTINUED

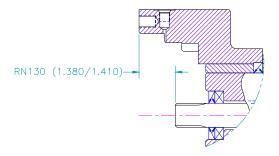
- 6. Slide the brake housing (16) onto the output shaft (20).
- 7. Bolt the brake housing (16) loosely into both frames (73, 74). Lower the drum so the weight of the drum is supported by both the brake and gear housings. The air line from the brake band air cylinder can be attached at this time.
- 8. Disengage the sliding clutch (13) so you can turn the drum freely and tighten all bolts throughout the frames to the proper torque specification (see page 28 of this manual).
- 9. Turn the drum to make sure it is not binding.

- 10. If necessary, install the air cylinder (17) and the air cylinder cover (96) to the brake housing with four capscrews (51) and spacers (103).
- 11. Install the bracket (97) to the brake housing using four capscrews (104).
- 12. Attach the yoke (81) by installing clevis pins (15) into the bracket (97) and clevis (42). Install the cotter keys (12) into the clevis pins (15) in order to secure their positions. Connect shop air to the cylinder and apply air in both directions. With the clutch fully engaged (air applied), there should be slight movement on the sliding clutch in both directions. Adjust clevis (42) and air cylinder jam nut accordingly.



M. BRAKE SECTION ASSEMBLY

 Re-assemble the driver/clutch assembly making sure the clutch is installed properly and checking to make sure the cam clutch is free turning in the pay in direction.

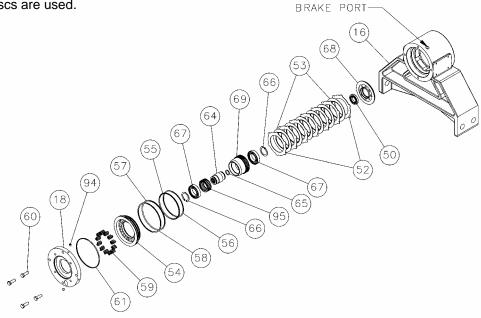


- Measure the distance from the face of the brake housing to the end of the shaft as shown above.
- 3. If needed, add shims (109, 110) inside input driver (64) on motor side to achieve dimension noted above.
- 4. Install the bearing housing assembly that contains parts 50 and 68 into the brake housing.
- 5. Install the driver/clutch assembly onto the input shaft (21).
- Install the stator plates (52) and friction discs (53) starting with a stator plate and alternating between friction discs and stator plates until seven stator plates and six friction discs are used.

NOTICE

Dip friction discs in lightweight Non-EP oil before installation.

- 7. Install the piston (54) into the brake housing (16) and gently tap it down until it is seated making sure not to damage the o-rings (55, 57) or back-up rings (56, 58).
- 8. Install the springs (59) into the spring pockets. If working in a horizontal position, coat the bottom of each spring with chassis lube to keep it in position.
- 9. Install the cover (18) onto the brake housing (16) using four capscrews (60) being careful not to damage the o-ring (61). Draw the cover down evenly, alternating between opposite hex bolts. Make sure that the cover is aligned properly with the brake housing in order to orient the motor as it should be.
- 10. Check the brake release with a portable hydraulic pump. Full release should be obtained at 400psi, plus or minus 20psi. Also, check the brake for proper operation by applying 106psi to the brake port and adapting a torque wrench to the input shaft. The torque in the payout should be 135 to 155 ft-lbs.



N. MOTOR ASSEMBLY

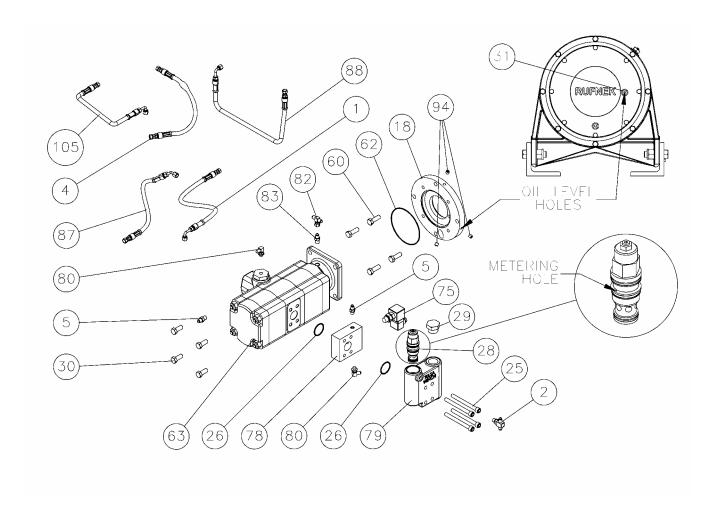
 Install the o-ring (62) onto the motor (63) and install the motor using four capscrews (30). Tighten the capscrews to the proper torque specification (see page 28 of this manual).

NOTICE

Make sure you install the motor with the belly of it down and the case drain port up.

- 2. If removed, install cartridge valve (75).
- 3. Install the counter-balance valve (28) into the counterbalance block (79).

- 4. Install the o-rings (26) into the manifold block (78) and counterbalance block (79). Install the manifold block (78) and counterbalance block (79) using four capscrews (25).
- 5. Install hoses (1, 4, 87, 88, and 105).
- 6. Remove the oil level plugs (94 & 31) from the brake cover (18) and gearbox cover (3). Fill the brake and gearbox through the oil fill hole located on top of the gearbox with the proper oil until the oil reaches the oil level holes. Replace the oil level plugs.



TROUBLESHOOTING

FAILURE	PROBABLE CAUSE
Winch won't hold load.	 Excessive back pressure in the system. Check the system for restrictions and reduce the backpressure.
	b) Brake discs are worn out. Replace brake discs.
	 Winch clutch is slipping. Inspect the clutch and driver for wear and replace worn parts.
Winch will not raise the load it should.	 Relief valve setting may be too low to allow proper lifting. Increase relief valve pressure setting. (Note: Do not exceed recommended system pressures.)
	 b) Load being lifted may be more than the winch's rating. Reduce the load or re-rig to increase mechanical advantage.
Oil leaks from the vent located on the top of the gearbox	 The motor shaft seal may have failed. Replace this seal and reduce backpressure if that caused the shaft seal to fail.
	 b) Brake piston seals may have failed. Service the brake section and replace worn parts.
Winch runs too slow	 a) Low flow rate. Check the flow rate and increase if necessary.
	b) Hydraulic motor worn out. Replace the motor.
Cable drum won't free spool	 a) Winch not mounted squarely. Check mounting and confirm that the winch is mounted on a level surface.
	b) Clutch not disengaged. Disengage the clutch.

RUFNEK 130 BILL OF MATERIAL

8181200	81812003-BOM-AUGUST 2005						
1		1		42031	HOSE ASSEMBLY		
2		2		42438	STRAIGHT THREAD BRANCH TEE		
3		1		44745	END COVER		
4	_	1		42030	HOSE ASSEMBLY		
5		2		41838	STRAIGHT ADAPTER		
6		3		32477	CAPSCREW		
7	_	1		42913	SECONDARY SUN GEAR		
8		1		42914	OUTPUT SUN GEAR		
9		1		43756	SECONDARY GEAR HOUSING		
10	_	1		43749	GEAR HOUSING		
11		1		43750	DRUM		
12		3		20514	COTTER PIN		
13	_	1		43770	SLIDING CLUTCH		
14		1		43769	DRUM CLUTCH		
15		2		43827	CLEVIS PIN		
16	_	1		43752	BRAKE HOUSING		
17		1		44341	AIR CYLINDER		
18		1		43419	BRAKE COVER		
19	_	2		43751	DRUM BUSHING		
20		1		43748	OUTPUT SHAFT		
21		1		4481	INTELLIGUARD SYSTEM		
22	_	1		4340	INPUT GEAR SET		
22-1		1		43814	INPUT CARRIER		
22-2		3		43766	INPUT PLANET GEAR		
22-3		3		30484	NEEDLE BEARING		
22-4		3		41715	RETAINING RING		
22-5		3		41760	PLANET PIN		
22-6	_	6		27221	THRUST RACE		
22-7		1		42954	THRUST PLATE		
23		1		4341	SECONDARY GEAR SET		
23-1		1		43815	SECONDARY CARRIER		
23-2		3		43767	SECONDARY PLANET GEAR		
23-3		6		41717	BEARING		
23-4	_	3		41716	RETAINING RING		
23-5		3		42951	PLANET PIN		
23-6		6		939249	THRUST RACE		
23-7		1		42957	THRUST PLATE		
24		1		4342	OUTPUT GEAR SET		
24-1		1		43754	OUTPUT CARRIER		
24-2		3		42878	OUTPUT PLANET GEAR		
24-3		9		939247	NEEDLE BEARING		
24-4		3		41901	RETAINING RING		
24-5		3		42952	PLANET PIN		
24-6		6		27219	THRUST RACE		

24-7	1	4376	88	THRUST PLATE			
24-8	1	4375		RETAINING RING			
25	4	4337		CAPSCREW			
26	2	3218		O-RING			
27	-			OMIT			
28	1	4186	67	COUNTERBALANCE VALVE			
29	1	3241		HEX PLUG			
30	 12	2052	24	CAPSCREW			
31	2	417	9	O-RING PLUG			
32	1	4213	37	CAPLUG			
33	1	4382	25	O-RING			
34	2	4293	34	THRUST WASHER			
35	8	2821	2	CAPSCREW			
36	1	3236	88	O-RING			
37	1	4293	35	THRUST WASHER			
38	1	4380)7	THRUST WASHER			
39	1	4297	78	SPECIAL O-RING PLUG			
40	2	4375	53	BUSHING			
41	2	4469)1	OIL SEAL			
42	1	4382	28	CLEVIS			
43	1	4293	37	U-BOLT			
44	2	212	4	NUT			
45	6	2164	14	CAPSCREW			
46	1	4377	7 5	THRUST COLLAR			
47	3	4382	26	KEY			
48	1	4377	76	THRUST COLLAR			
49	-	-		OMIT			
50	1	4293	32	BALL BEARING			
51	4	4294	11	CAPSCREW			
52	7	4214	18	STATOR PLATE			
53	6	3276		FRICTION DISC			
54	1	4294		BRAKE PISTON			
55	1	4233		O-RING			
56	1	4233		BACK-UP RING			
57	1	3218		O-RING			
58	1	4233		BACK-UP RING			
59	12	4223		BRAKE SPRING			
60	4	2806		CAPSCREW			
61	1	3309		O-RING			
62	1	3400		O-RING			
63	1	4339		2 SPEED HYDRAULIC MOTOR			
64	1	4433		INPUT DRIVER			
65	1	2904		RETAINING RING			
66	2	4432		RETAINING RING			
67	2	2916		BEARING			
68	 1	4433		BEARING HOUSING			
69	1	4433		BRAKE DRIVER			
70	8	2065	0	CAPSCREW			

74	0		20052		NII IT			
71	8		20653		NUT			
72	8		20652		LOCKWASHER			
73 74	1		43808		RIGHT HAND FRAME LEFT HAND FRAME			
	1	_	43809	_				
75	1		43367		CARTRIDGE VALVE			
76 77	1		42929 4343		BRAKE BAND AR CYLINDER			
					BRAKE BAND ASSEMBLY			
78	1		43368		MANIFOLD BLOCK			
79 80	3		42029		COUNTERBALANCE BLOCK ADAPTER			
	<u> </u>	_	42089	_				
81			43818		YOKE			
82	1		42033		SWIVEL TEE			
83	1		40280		FITTING			
84	1		32145		CAPLUG			
85	2		20521		NUT			
86	2		20518	-	LOCKWASHER			
87	1		42495		HOSE ASSEMBLY			
88	1		43459		HOSE ASSEMBLY			
89	1		939243		CLEVIS PIN			
90	1		42955		MOUNTING BRACKET			
91	2		29472		CAPSCREW CREASE ZERK FITTING			
92	2		21128		GREASE ZERK FITTING			
93	1		13050		BREATHER			
94	3		21684		PIPE PLUG			
95	1		41759		CLUTCH			
96	1		43835		AIR CYLINDER COVER			
97	1		43817		CAST. BRACKET			
98	1		43941	_	AIR SHIFT KIT			
99	1		31543		O-RING			
100					OMIT			
101					OMIT			
102					OMIT			
103	4		43078		SPACER			
104	4		28990		CAPSCREW			
105	1		42494		HOSE ASSEMBLY			
106	3		21653		SET SCREW			
107					OMIT			
108					OMIT			
109	3		994188		THRUST RACE			
110	2		33324		HARDENED STEEL WASHER			
111					OMIT			

VISCOSITY CHART



SUS VISCOSITY @100°F	KINEMATIC VISCOSITY CENTISTOKES (cSt@40°C)	ISO (cSt)	AGMA NUMBER	SAE CRANKCASE OIL	SAE GEAR OIL
9000 8000 7000	1500	1500	9		
6000 - 5000 -	1000 -900 -800	1000	8A		250
4000	_700_ _600	680	8		
3000 - 2500 -	500	460	7		140
2000 ·	300	320	6		
1000	200 =175=	220	5	50	90
800 700	150	150	4	40	
600	125	100	3	30	85W
400	- 80 - - 70 -	68	2		
300	- 60 - 50 - 40 -	46		20W -20	80W
200 150	30 =	32	0		
100	20 = = 15 = = 40 =	15		10W 5W 0W	75W
50	5	10 7 5 3 2		V.W	



		ORQU	E SPEC	IFICAT	IONS C	HART	
		Dry	Plated	Lubricated	Dry	Plated	Lubricated
		SAE	SAE	SAE	SAE	SAE	SAE
		Grade 5 Torque	Grade 5 Torque	Grade 5	Grade 8 Torque	Grade 8 Torque	Grade 8 Torque
Nominal	Size	*(Ft-Lbs)	*(Ft-Lbs)	Torque *(Ft-Lbs)	*(Ft-Lbs)	*(Ft-Lbs)	*(Ft-Lbs)
1/4	20	8	6	5	12	9	7
1/4	28	10	7	6	14	10	8
5/16	18	17	13	10	25	18	15
5/16	24	19	14	11	27	20	16
3/8	16	31	23	19	44	33	26
3/8	24	35	26	21	49	37	30
7/16	14	49	37	30	70	53	42
7/16	20	55	41	33	78	58	47
1/2	13	76	57	45	106	80	64
1/2	20	85	64	51	120	90	72
9/16	12	109	82	65	153	115	92
9/16	18	122	91	73	172	129	103
5/8	11	150	113	90	212	159	127
5/8	18	170	128	102	240	180	144
3/4	10	266	200	160	376	282	226
3/4	16	297	223	178	420	315	252
7/8	9	430	322	258	606	454	364
7/8	14	474	355	284	668	501	401
1	8	644	483	386	909	682	545
1	14	721	541	433	1019	764	611
1-1/8	7	794	596	475	1288	966	772
1-1/8	12	890	668	534	1444	1083	866
1-1/4	7	1120	840	672	1817	1363	1090
1-1/4	12	1241	930	745	2012	1509	1207

T = BOLT TORQUE (LB. FT.)

T = (KWD) / 12

K = TORQUE COEFFICIENT (K = 0.20 DRY K = 0.15 PLATED K = 0.12 LUBRICATED)

W = PRELOAD TENSION D = NOMINAL BOLT SIZE (IN.)

^{*} ALL TORQUE VALUE TOLERANCES ARE ± 5%

RUFNEK 130 ISOMETRIC DRAWING

