

Indian Register of Shipping

Report of Safety Equipment Survey

Type of Survey: Initial/ Annual/ Periodical/ Renewal/ Change of Flag for Cargo Ships (including Oil, Chemical Tankers & Gas Carriers)/ Passenger Ships*

Name of s	hip:	I. R. No.:
Port of Su	rvey:	Report No.:
Use "Y" for not ap	for yes /satisfactory, "NO" for no, "N" for not satisfactory/ see recomplicable.	nmendation in continuation sheet and "-"
NOTES:		
1	Requirements for a Periodical Survey are the same as that of a Renew deck water seal internally and checking the condition of non-return values.	
2	Each lifeboat is required to be launched and manoeuvred at least once	e every 3 months.
3	Falls used in launching appliances/ accommodation ladders/ gangway special regard for areas passing through sheaves, and renewed when ror at intervals of not more than 5 years, whichever is earlier.	
4	For Sr. No 2.14, 2.15, and 2.16: Examination and operational tests to by the Administration in presence of surveyor. Records and approval validity to be sighted. Weight of persons 82.5 kg except for passenger 2010.	of competent person along with its
5	Please refer relevant Flag State Instructions for maintenance, inspecti FFA equipments.	on and pressure testing of LSA and
6	Ships may be fitted with equipment over and above her requirement. report	Same to be maintained and included in

1. GENERAL

1.1	Had any changes been made or new equipment been installed which would effect the validity of the Cargo Ship Safety Equipment Certificate?	
1.2	Copy of the documentation where alternative design and arrangements have been approved by the administration is available on board including re-evaluation due to change of conditions.	
1.3	All instructions and/or notices including the Emergency Station Muster List and Training Manual were posted in the appropriate language as required and to the Master's satisfaction.	•••
1.4	All other Statutory Certificates and the Class Certificate were valid at the time of survey	
1.5	Was there a report of any fire necessitating the operation of the fixed fire extinguishing systems or the portable fire extinguishers, since the last Safety Equipment Survey? (If "YES" give details in section 35)	
1.6	LSA items are marked with the name of ship, call sign, port of registry etc., as required	
1.7	Confirmation that LSA which are required to be float free, have been installed in location not obstructed by other structure/s in the vicinity and it can float free in case the vessel sinks.	
1.8	For a passenger ship, confirmation that a list of all limitations on the operation of the ship including exemptions from any of these regulations, restrictions in operating areas, weather restrictions, sea state restrictions, restrictions in permissible loads, trim, speed and any other limitations, whether imposed by the Administration or established during the design or the building stages, has been compiled, documented and readily available to the Master. The list has been kept up to date.	

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2. DOCUMENTATION

2.1	Fire control Plans (including duplicate set pe enclosure outside the deck house) properly p		stored in a prominently marked weathertight			
2.2	Muster List					
2.3	Adequate and up-to-date nautical charts/ ECDIS, sailing directions, lists of lights, Notices to Mariners, tide tables and all other nautical publications necessary for the intended voyage					
2.4	International Code of Signals and IAMSAR	Manual Vo	lume III.			
2.5.1			rangement for mustering crew/passengers are the case of lifeboats the second in-command			
	FCP Plan Approved by	on				
	LSA Plan Approved by	on				
2.5.2	Confirmed that new crew member with assig duties before the voyage began.	gned emerge	ency duties had been familiarised with these			
2.5.3	Confirmed that where the ship was engaged board for more than 24 h, musters of the new departure.					
2.5.4	Confirmed that whenever new passengers ha immediately before departure.	d embarked	l, a passenger safety briefing had been given			
2.6.1	included in the check list as contained in the		spection of those items of operating equipmen			
	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a major	drill and or ort if more ticular ship or character	than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shaded in Boat drill	shall vice nall		
2.6.2	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or fort if more rticular ship or character escue boats.	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shape.	shall vice nall .		
2.6.2	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or fort if more rticular ship or character escue boats, ing of the go drill carried	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills should be a Boat drill	shall vice nall . Teboat		
	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or port if more rticular ship or character secue boats, ing of the godrill carried	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills should be a Boat drill	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or ort if more rticular ship or character descue boats, and of the godrill carried and the Masappliances	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills should be a short drill	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a maje be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or out if more reticular ship or character descue boats, and of the grand the Masappliances appliances.	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammer of work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Teboat (with		
2.6.3 2.6.4 2.7	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or out if more reticular ship or character descue boats, and of the grand the Masappliances appliances.	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammer of work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3 2.6.4 2.7 2.8	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a maje be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or ort if more reticular ship or character descue boats, and of the god drill carried and the Mas appliances.	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammer of work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3 2.6.4 2.7 2.8	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or or if more ricular ship or character secue boats, ing of the godrill carried out (require and the Mas appliances out to be rescue boat being carried BOAT	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammer of work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3 2.6.4 2.7 2.8	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or or for if more reticular ship or character secue boats, ing of the godrill carried and the Masappliances cound to be rescue boat being carried BOAT	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammer of work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3 2.6.4 2.7 2.8	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or or for if more reticular ship or character descue boats. In gof the god drill carried and the Masappliances appliances	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammer of work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		
2.6.3 2.6.4 2.7 2.8	take place within 24 h of the ship leaving a p abandon ship and fire drills on board that par for the first time, after modification of a majo be held before sailing.) Fire drill	drill and or or if more reticular ship or character descue boats, and of the good drill carried and the Mas appliances. Tound to be rescue boat being carried and the Mas appliances.	the fire drill every month. The drills of the crew than 25% of the crew have not participated in in the previous month. When a ship enters ser or when a new crew is engaged, these drills shammed work boat, launching appliances, testing of lift eneral alarm system (Required weekly)	shall vice nall . Peboat (with		

2.9.3				t falls renewe	ed RAFT			DATE	RENEWED		
	(See N	lote 3 on	Page 1)		1						
					2						
					3						
					4						
2.9.4	Record	d of perio	dical inspe	ction of lifeboa	t falls mainta	ained.					
2.10.1	Last of		avit launch	ed lifeboats mo	oved from sto	owed p	osition/	turned out/	launched and	manoeuv	red
	Boat		from stowe y) (Only for	ed position r cargo ships)	Turned ou	ıt (Mo	nthly)	Launched (3 month)	and manoeuvy)	vred in w	ater
	1										
	2										
	3										
	4										
2.10.2	Last o	ccasion f	ree fall lifel	ooat lowered/ la	aunched and	mano	euvred				
	Boat			lowered by secured in water					ulated launchi red in water (
	1										
	2										
2.11.1				was launched a					ere practicabl	le; but int	erval
2.11.2			e boat (requ	ired for passen	ger ships abo	ove 50	00 GT) w	as launched	and manoeuv	red	
2.12	Marine	e Evacua	tion System	ı (if provided o	n ro-ro passe	enger s	ships/ pas	ssenger ship	s) last deploye	ed	
	MES			at least 50% aft nin 12 months)		n	Each e	very 6 years	3		
	1										
	2										
2.13	Servic system	-	nflatable Li	iferafts, Hydro	static releas	e unit	, inflatat	ole life jack	tets and mari	ne evacu	ation
2.13.1	Lifera	fts and I	HRU (Inclu	ude in the table	details of an	y lifei	raft stowe	ed forward o	or aft)		
Sr. no	Maker & Seri Number	er of	No. of Persons	Serviced	Date Service Due	Loca on bo		Servicing Agent	Date HRU Serviced	HRU E / Next Servicin Due	
i											
ii											
iii											
iv											
v											

Liferafts	for easy side to side transfer are less than 185 kg					
2.13.2	Servicing of inflatable lifejackets carried out on					
2.13.3	Servicing of Marine Evacuation System carried out on//					
2.14	Davit launched lifeboat/ liferaft*	Annual	5 ye	arly		
2.14.1	Thorough examination of launching appliances, and dynamic test of the winch brake at maximum lowering speed for davit launched lifeboats.					
2.14.2	Thorough examination and operational test of on load release gear for davit launched lifeboat.			•••••		
2.14.3	Thorough examination of launching appliances, and dynamic test of the winch brake at maximum lowering speed for davit launched liferafts					
2.14.4	Thorough examination and operational test of automatic release hooks for davit launched liferaft.					
2.15	Free fall lifeboat:					
2.15.1	Thorough examination and operational test of release system for free fall lifeboat					
2.16	Dedicated Rescue boat:					
2.16.1	Thorough examination of launching appliances, and dynamic test of the winch brake at maximum lowering speed for dedicated rescue boats					
2.16.2	Thorough examination and operational test of on load release gear for dedicated					
2.16.3	Date of last service of inflated rescue boat		•			
2.16.4	Work boats (Indian ships on coast and having work boat in lieu of rescue boat)	Annual	5 ye	arly		
2.16.5	Man Overboard drill and Operational test for Work boats and launching appliances					
2.16.6	Load test of the work boat and launching appliances to Maximum Working Load					
2.17	Hydraulic pressure testing of cylinders of lifeboat air support system, where provided (Required every 5 years)					
2.18.1	Compass Deviation Record Book being kept up-to-date.					
2.18.2	Diagram of Radar installation shadow sector is displayed.					
2.19	Instructions for on board maintenance of Life Saving appliances – easily understood a wherever possible	and illustrat	ed	•••		
2.20.1	Verification of compliance as per Safe Manning Document or equivalent issued by A	dministratio	n			
	(including STCW certificates of Crew, officers and with necessary endorsements)					
2.20.2	Verification with respect to availability of sufficient number of trained persons for manning the survival crafts including availability of sufficient crew member (deck off certificated persons) for operating the survival crafts and launching arrangements					
2.21.1	Maintenance plan for fire fighting systems and appliances available on board					
2.21.2	For ships carrying more than 36 passengers, maintenance plan for low-location lig address systems available on board	hting and p	ıblic			

2.21.3	For tankers, maintenance plan for inert gas system, deck foam system, fire safety arrangement in cargo pump room and flammable gas detectors available on board	
2.22	Fire safety operational booklets have been provided	
2.23	Record of navigational activities	
2.23.1	Record of daily reporting	
2.24.1	SOLAS Training Manual (for L.S.A. & F. F. A.)	
2.24.2	Where the ship is fitted with a marine evacuation system, on-board training aids in the use of the system has been provided.	
2.25	Procedures required for data retrieval from VDR / S-VDR included in the ship's safety management system.	
2.26	On passenger ships: Decision support system for master on the navigation bridge	
2.27	Operational and, where appropriate, maintenance manuals for all navigational equipment provided	
2.28	Ship specific plans and procedures for recovery of persons from water available on board. (Applicable to ships built on or after 1 July 2014 when they are put into operation, For existing ships applicable from first periodical/ renewal survey carried out on or after 1 July 2014)	

3. SAFETY OF NAVIGATION

3.1	Standard Magnetic Compass	
3.1.1	Spare Magnetic Compass	•••
3.2	Gyro Compass at main steering position	
3.2.1	Gyro Compass heading repeaters	
3.2.2	Gyro Compass bearing repeaters	
3.3	Heading or Track Control System	
3.4	Pelorus or compass bearing device	
3.5	Transmitting Heading Device	
3.6	Means of correcting heading and bearings	
3.7	Electronic Chart Display and information system (ECDIS)/Nautical charts* Performance Standard of ECDIS: MSC.232(82)/ A.871(19) as amended***	
	** ECDIS installed on or after 1 January 2009 to comply with MSC.232(82), prior to date may comply with A.871(19) as amended	
3.7.1	Back up arrangements for ECDIS: 2 nd ECDIS/ Nautical charts*	
3.8	Nautical publications	
3.9	Receiver for a Global Navigation Satellite System / a Terrestrial Radio Navigation System	
3.10.1	Radar 9GH _Z (3 cm)	
3.10.2	Second Radar {3 cm (9 GHz)/ 10 cm(3 GHz)*}	
3.11	Automatic Radar Plotting Aids (ARPA) for (3.10.1/ 3.10.2/ both*)	
3.12.1	Auto Tracking Aid (ATA)	
3.12.2	Second automatic tracking aid	
3.13	Electronic Plotting Aid (EPA)	

3.14	Automatic Identification System (AIS); Annual test carried out on	
3.14.1	Long Range Identification & Tracking System (Valid Conformance Test report available)	
3.15.1	Voyage Data Recorder (VDR) Annual performance Test carried out on	
3.15.1.1	If float free type or arrangements provided (Mandatory for VDR type approved as per MSC.333(90), this provision is also mandatory for some flag – refer flag state instruction)	
3.15.2	Simplified voyage data recorder (SVDR) Annual Performance Test carried out on	
3.15.2.1	If float free type or arrangements provided (This provision is mandatory for some flag – refer flag state instruction)	•••
3.16.1	Speed and Distance measuring device(through water)	
3.16.2	Speed and Distance measuring device (Over ground in fwd and athwart ship direction)	
3.17	Echo Sounding Device	
3.18	Rudder Angle Indicator, RPM Indicator and Pitch Indicator	
3.19	Rate of turn indicator	
3.20	Sound reception System for totally enclosed navigation bridge	
3.21	Telephone to Emergency Steering Position	
3.22	Bridge Navigation Watch Alarm System (BNWAS) Performance Standard: MSC.128(75) ††	
	††For BNWAS installed after 1 July 2003, However BNWAS installed prior to 1 July 2011 may be exempted by administration	

4. SIGNALLING APPARATUS:

	The following found in satisfactory condition:	
4.1	Daylight signaling lamp and source of power	
4.2	Forecastle bell	
4.3	Gong	
4.4	Ship's Whistle	
4.5	Three black ball shapes	
4.6	One black diamond shape	
4.7	Cylindrical shape	
4.8	Radar reflectors (applicable for vessels with GT<150)	

5. NAVIGATION LIGHTS

5.1	LSS Plan (Indian flagged vessels) Approved by on	
5.2	Sidelight inboard screens painted matt black	
5.3	Navigation lights in good condition and operating satisfactorily	
5.4	Navigation light failure warning device: Visual/Audible on bridges operating efficiently	

6. BRIDGE DISTRESS SIGNALS

	Indicate expiry date (E) or manufacture date (M) of the following			
		E/M	DATE	
6.1	12 red parachute signals			
6.2	Line throwing rockets, and			
6.3	Igniter cartridges (if applicable)			
6.4	Line throwing rockets and ship's distress flares in good condition			

AL CRAFT, RESCUE BOAT AND ASSOCIATED LAUNCHING, AND RECOVERY APPLI	ANCES				
Lifeboats turned out and lowered to Embarkation Deck, at time of Survey, OR 1 (circle number as appropriate). Recovery of lifeboat verified satisfactorily.	4				
Life boats turned out, lowered and maneuvered in water (Circle number as appropriate). Recovery of lifeboat verified satisfactorily.	4				
Each motor lifeboat engine readily started and operated satisfactorily, ahead and astern					
Lifeboats capable of being launched, where necessary utilizing painter, with ship making headway at speeds up to 5 knots in calm water (required for new installations/modification)					
Each lifeboat self contained air support system generally examined and found satisfactory					
Each lifeboat water spray system generally examined and found efficient					
Each lifeboat water spray system/self-contained air support system satisfactorily tested					
Each motor lifeboat provided with sufficient fuel for 24 hours continuous operation					
Air cases removed, found or placed in good condition, replaced and secured, OR					
Built-in buoyancy found in good condition as far as seen					
Each lifeboat found in good condition and fully equipped					
All sheaves, blocks, falls, lifting hooks, hook foundations and securing arrangements, release arrangements and all moving parts found free and well lubricated or made good at time of survey	:				
Freefall lifeboats: Launch track, release and recovery arrangements in satisfactory condition					
All survival craft launching and recovery appliances found satisfactory when examined as far as practicable \$\frac{1}{2}\$	s				
\$\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2}\$ Survival craft/ rescue boat davit's SWL is not less than boat's weight including equipment and personnel. Check specially for life rafts replaced by life rafts of 82.5 kg/ person specification					
Each lifeboat fitted with retro-reflective material					
For Self Contained Air System in totally enclosed life boats The provision of refilling air bottles if the air pressure of bottle drops by 20%	:				
In case of Fire Protected Life Boats, the arrangements for flushing the water spray fire-protection system with fresh water and allowing complete drainage					
RESCUE BOAT (DEDICATED RESCUE BOAT * OR PORT*/ STBD* LIFE BOAT*)					
Rescue boat examined, found in good condition and fully equipped					
Launching and recovery appliance found satisfactory when examined as far as practicable					
Release hook, falls and associated moving parts (blocks, sheaves, etc.) were found free and well lubricated or made good at time of survey.	1				
	Lifeboats turned out and lowered to Embarkation Deck, at time of Survey, OR (circle number as appropriate). Recovery of lifeboat verified satisfactorily. Life boats turned out, lowered and maneuvered in water (Circle number as appropriate). Recovery of lifeboat verified satisfactorily. Each motor lifeboat engine readily started and operated satisfactorily, ahead and astern Lifeboats capable of being launched, where necessary utilizing painter, with ship making headway at speeds up to 5 knots in calm water (required for new installations/modification) Each lifeboat self contained air support system generally examined and found satisfactory Each lifeboat water spray system generally examined and found efficient Each lifeboat water spray system/self-contained air support system satisfactorily tested Each motor lifeboat provided with sufficient fuel for 24 hours continuous operation Air cases removed, found or placed in good condition, replaced and secured, OR Built-in buoyancy found in good condition as far as seen Each lifeboat found in good condition and fully equipped All sheaves, blocks, falls, lifting hooks, hook foundations and securing arrangements, release arrangements and all moving parts found free and well lubricated or made good at time of survey Freefall lifeboats: Launch track, release and recovery arrangements in satisfactory condition All survival craft launching and recovery appliances found satisfactory when examined as far as practicable ** **# Survival craft launching and recovery appliances found satisfactory when examined. Check specially for life rafts replaced by life rafts of \$2.5 kg/ person specification Each lifeboat fitted with retro-reflective material For Self Contained Air System in totally enclosed life boats. The provision of refilling air bottles if the air pressure of bottle drops by 20% In case of Fire Protected Life Boats, the arrangements for flushing the water spray fire-protection system with fresh water and allowing complete drainage RESCUE BOAT (DEDICATED				

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7.18.4	The rescue boat was fitted with retro reflective material	•••
7.18.5	Launching and recovery appliance test including overload test carried out to establish lowering and recovery speed and to establish lowering and recovery possible at lightest sea-going draught.	
7.18.6	Rescue boat engine readily started and operated satisfactorily, ahead and astern	
7.18.7	Rescue boat lowered and recovery demonstrated while underway at 5knots. (required for new installations/modification)	

8. LIFEBOAT DISTRESS SIGNALS

	Indicate expiry date (E) or manufacture date (M) of the following									
		E/M	BOAT 1	E/M	BOAT 2	E/M	BOAT 3	E/M	BOAT 4	4
8.1	Two orange smoke signals									
8.2	Four parachute signals									
8.3	Six red hand-held flares									
8.4	Lifeboat distress flares found in satisfactory condition									

9. SURVIVAL CRAFT LAUNCHING AND EMBARKATION ARRANGMENTS

9.1	Emergency power, lighting of muster and embarkation stations, alleyways, stairways and exits giving access to the muster and embarkation stations; onboard communication and alarm operating satisfactorily	
9.2	Means of preventing discharge of water into boats found satisfactory	
9.3	Illumination of stowage and launching positions found in working order	
9.4	Lifelines on davit spans and bowsing tackles were found or placed in good condition (if applicable)	
9.5	Embarkation ladders found or placed in good condition	
9.6	Abandon ship audible signals operating satisfactorily	
9.7	Operative test of all emergency power supplies, emergency lighting and general alarm systems satisfactorily carried out	
9.8	All embarkation arrangements and launching gear found to be satisfactory when examined as far as practicable	
9.9	IMO recommended symbols as required posted throughout the vessel	
9.10	Lifeboat launching instructions posted	

10. LIFE RAFTS

10.1	Life raft stowage will facilitate proper release including float free facility where required			
10.2	Launching instructions posted			
10.3	The embarkation arrangements of inflatable liferafts and, where provided, the launching arrangements of davit launched liferafts found satisfactory.			

11. RIGID LIFERAFTS

11.1	Each liferaft examined, found in a good condition, stowed to facilitate rapid launching and fitted with retro reflective material	
11.2	Raft and equipment complete and in good condition and raft with retro reflective material	

	Indicate expiry date (E) or manufacture date (M)						
		E/M	R/L/RAFT. 1	E/M	R/L/RAFT 2	E/M	R/L/RAFT.3
11.3	Two orange smoke signals						
11.4	Four parachute signals						
11.5	Six red hand-held flares						

12. STOWAGE OF SURVIVAL CRAFT AND RESCUE BOATS

12.1	Provision, disposition including stowage of Survival craft and rescue boat satisfactory and do not interfere with operation of other survival crafts and rescue boats.	
12.2	Survival crafts are fully equipped and in a state of continuous readiness	

13. LIFEJACKETS

13.1	Complete number of approved lifejackets, as shown on Record of Equipments for SEQ Certificate each with whistle and light	
13.2	Each lifejacket found in good condition,	
13.3	Lifejackets stowed in accessible and clearly marked places	
13.4	Each lifejacket fitted with retro reflective material	
13.5	Life Jacket Lights as per LSA Code Chapter II/2.2.3 (Manual switch provided if of flashing type)	
13.6	Validity of life jacket lights.	
13.7	For ships constructed before 1 July 2010, adequate number of lifejackets provided to fit persons weighing up to 140 kgs and chest girth up to 1750 mm/ suitable accessories provided to lifejackets which do not fit to persons weighing up to 140 kgs and chest girth up to 1750 mm.*	
13.8	For passenger ships on voyages less than 24h, number of infant lifejackets provided equals to at least 2.5% of the number of passengers on board and as per LSA plan	•••
13.9	For passenger ships on voyages 24h or greater, number of infant lifejackets provided for each infant on board	

14. LIFEBUOYS, IMMERSION SUITS/ANTI-EXPOSURE SUITS AND THERMAL PROTECTIVE AIDS

14.1	Lifebuoys:	
14.1.1	Complete in number as shown on Record of Equipments for SEQ Certificate and in good condition	
14.1.2	Of highly visible colour, fitted with brackets and readily accessible	
14.1.3	Marked in block letters with name and port of registry of ship	
14.1.4	Fitted with lines, lights or light and smoke as on Record of Equipment for SEQ Certificates	
14.1.5	Capable of being rapidly cast loose	
14.1.6	Fitted with retro reflective material	
14.1.7	MOB marker expiry date: 1	
14.2	Immersion suits/Anti-exposure suits and thermal protective aids complete as on Record of Equipment for SEQ Certificate and in good condition, including that, stowed in survival craft as equipment.	

14.2.1	Immersion suits designed to be worn in conjunction with a lifejacket are suitably marked to indicate that it must be worn in conjunction with a compatible lifejacket.	
14.2.2	Monthly Inspection and testing of Immersion suits carried out	
14.2.3	All Immersion suits/ anti exposure suits seams tested every 3 years (more frequently after 10 years).	
	Last testing done	

15. PILOT TRANSFER ARRANGEMENTS

15.1	Side ropes, man ropes and steps of pilot ladder in good condition; Certificate available on board for pilot ladders supplied on or after 1 July 2012	
15.2	The condition and illumination of the ladder(s) and boarding position in good order	
15.3	A heaving line and one of the lifebuoys with self-igniting light readily available	
15.4	Pilot ladder(s) and accommodation ladder(s) found to be in good condition	
15.5	Pilot ladder(s) and accommodation ladder(s) raised and examined in position	
15.6	Records maintained on board for pilot ladder in use and repairs effected to it.	

16. MEANS OF EMBARKATION ON AND DISEMBARKATION FROM SHIPS

16.1	Accommodation ladder and/or gangway examined and found to be in satisfactory condition				
16.2	5 yearly operation tests carried out. Last carried ou	t on			
16.3	Maximum operational load	Maximum operational load			
16.4	Dates when wires for means of embarkation / disembarkation renewed (See Note 3 on Page 1)				
	Acc. Ladder / gangway	DATE RENEWED			
	Port				
	Starboard				

17. COMMUNICATION

	Was the following communication equipment verified and satisfactory	
17.1	Two way VHF radio telephone Apparatus	
17.2	Search and rescue Locating Device: SART and/or AIS-SART:	•••
17.2.1	SART	
17.2.2	AIS-SART	
17.3	Two way communication System between emergency control station and embarkation station	
17.4	General Alarm, Crew Alarm and Public Address System as appropriate	

18. FIRE PUMPS, FIREMAIN, HYDRANTS, HOSES ETC.

18.1	Fire pumps (including emergency fire pump) capable of producing the required two jets of water (whilst also permitting the simultaneous operation of foam system on tankers)	•••
18.2	All pumps, firemain, hydrants, hoses, nozzles, applicators, spanners, relief valves and international shore connection are in good condition	
18.3	Each hose complete with couplings, nozzle and tools kept ready for use.	

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19. EXTINGUISHERS AND FOAM APPLICATORS

19.1	All extinguishers and foam applicator unit was fully charged and in their stowed position	
19.2	Date when charged: Extinguishers	
19.3	Date extinguishers pressure tested:	
19.4	In each boiler firing space an approved portable extinguisher OR sand in box with scoop provided	
19.5	Spare charge for each extinguisher other than for gas cylinder was provided.	
19.6	Spare gas cylinders provided (spare cylinders 100%)	
19.7	All extinguishers in their stowed positions and a random check revealed no discharged containers	
19.8	Fire extinguishers in machinery spaces of category A containing Internal combustion machineries	
19.9	Fire extinguishers in machinery spaces of category A in passenger ships.	
19.10	Fire extinguishers in machinery spaces containing oil fired boilers or oil fuel units.	
19.11	Fire extinguishers in spaces containing steam turbines.	
19.12	Fire extinguishing appliances in other machinery spaces.	
19.13	Vessel does not carry chemical foam fire extinguishers and / or soda acid extinguishers. (Indian flagged vessels are not permitted to carry these extinguishers).	

20. FIRE FIGHTER'S OUTFITS

Nos of Fire Fighter Outfit provided on board. Each unit complete and in good condition	
Each outfit fitted with an audible alarm and a visual or other device which will alert the user before the volume of the air in the cylinder has been reduced to no less than 200 <i>l</i> (For ships constructed before 1 July 2014, the compliance date is first survey after 1 July 2019))	
Note: A pressure indicator, with which the user can read that the volume of remaining air in the cylinder has been reduced to no less than 200 l, regardless of the need for supplemental lighting, may be regarded as a visual device.	
Each outfit complete with air cylinders, including spare cylinders fully charged (Two spare charges to be carried for each required breathing apparatus. However passenger ships carrying not more than 36 passengers and cargo ships need only carry one spare charge for each required apparatus if provided with means for charging air cylinders. Passenger ships carrying more than 36 passengers are required to carry at least two spare charges for each breathing apparatus)	
Where the vessel is a passenger ship carrying more than 36 passengers constructed on or after 1 July 2010, a suitably located means for fully recharging breathing air cylinders, free from contamination is provided as follows and found to be in satisfactory condition.	
Breathing air compressors supplied from the main and emergency switchboard, or independently driven, with a minimum capacity of 60 l/min per required breathing apparatus, not to exceed 420 l/min, or	
Self-contained high-pressure storage systems of suitable pressure to recharge the breathing apparatus used on board, with a capacity of at least 1,200 l per required breathing apparatus, not to exceed 50,000 l of free air.	•••
Vessel fitted with an onboard means of recharging breathing apparatus cylinders used during drills which found to be in satisfactory condition, or	
Vessel provided with number of spare cylinders fully charged to replace those used during drills which found to be satisfactory condition. (Unless flag has provided some other interpretation, not less than two spare cylinders are to be carried on board to replace those used during drill. For ships that are required to carry more than two fire-fighter's outfits, a suitable number would be one per mandatory outfit.)	
	Each outfit fitted with an audible alarm and a visual or other device which will alert the user before the volume of the air in the cylinder has been reduced to no less than 200 <i>l</i> (For ships constructed before 1 July 2014, the compliance date is first survey after 1 July 2019)) Note: A pressure indicator, with which the user can read that the volume of remaining air in the cylinder has been reduced to no less than 200 <i>l</i> , regardless of the need for supplemental lighting, may be regarded as a visual device. Each outfit complete with air cylinders, including spare cylinders fully charged (Two spare charges to be carried for each required breathing apparatus. However passenger ships carrying not more than 36 passengers and cargo ships need only carry one spare charge for each required apparatus if provided with means for charging air cylinders. Passenger ships carrying more than 36 passengers are required to carry at least two spare charges for each breathing apparatus) Where the vessel is a passenger ship carrying more than 36 passengers constructed on or after 1 July 2010, a suitably located means for fully recharging breathing air cylinders, free from contamination is provided as follows and found to be in satisfactory condition. Breathing air compressors supplied from the main and emergency switchboard, or independently driven, with a minimum capacity of 60 l/min per required breathing apparatus, not to exceed 420 l/min, or Self-contained high-pressure storage systems of suitable pressure to recharge the breathing apparatus used on board, with a capacity of at least 1,200 l per required breathing apparatus, not to exceed 50,000 l of free air. Vessel fitted with an onboard means of recharging breathing apparatus cylinders used during drills which found to be in satisfactory condition, or Vessel provided with

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20.2.5	Hydraulic pressure testing of SCBA cylinders last carried out on (every 5 years)	
20.3	Smoke mask, air pump and hose tested and found satisfactory	
20.4	Two-way portable radiotelephone apparatus for each fire party for fire-fighter's communication. (For ships constructed before 1 July 2014, the compliance date is first survey after 1 July 2018)	

21. EMERGENCY ESCAPE BREATHING DEVICES

21.1	Are approved emergency escape breathing devices (EEBD) provided on board	•••
21.2	No. of emergency escape breathing devices as per Approved Fire Control Plan.	
21.3	Is the condition of emergency escape breathing devices satisfactory	
21.4	Hydraulic pressure test of EEBD cylinders last carried out on	

22. FIXED FIRE EXTINGUISHING AND PROTECTION SYSTEMS

	LOCATION	INDICATE TYPE OF SYSTEM FITTED	
	Engine room		
	Boiler room		
	Pump room		
	Dry cargo spaces		
	Special category and vehicle spaces		
	Accommodation and service spaces		
	Control stations		
	Cabin balconies in passenger ships		
	Cargo tanks protection (on deck)		
	Galley exhaust ducts		
	Paint and/or flammable liquid locker		
	Other spaces as on record		
22.1	Verification of installation and installation to installation/modifications)	est carried out satisfactorily (for new	
22.2	Each system examined as far as practicable, of obstructions; gas release alarm system op	piping and nozzle found in a good condition and clear erating satisfactorily.	

23. CO₂ SYSTEM

23.1	Date container(s) content verified	
23.2	Date container(s) pressure tested	
23.3	Date system last serviced	
23.3.1	5y'ly	
23.4	System examined and tested as far as practicable and found satisfactory	

23.5	System for machinery space protection are provided with two separate controls, one for opening of the gas piping and one for discharging the gas from the storage container, each of them located in a release box clearly identified for the particular space.	
24. HALON	SYSTEMS	
24.1	Date container(s) content verified	
24.2	Date container(s) pressure tested	
24.3	Date system last serviced	
24.4	Systems examined and tested as far as practicable and found satisfactory	
24A. STEA	M/ GASEOUS PRODUCT OF FUEL COMBUSTION/ EQUIVALENT FIXED GAS* SYSTEM	IS
24.1	Where equivalent fixed gas system provided mention type	
24.2	Date system last serviced (as per manufacturer recommendation)	
24.3	Date system last tested (as per manufacturer recommendation)	
24.4	Systems examined and tested as far as practicable and found satisfactory	
25. FOAM	SYSTEMS	
25.1	Date foam: supplied to ship sample tested (Sample test required after 3 years of supply and subsequently every year)	
25.2	System(s) examined and tested as far as possible and found satisfactory	
26. FIXED	WATER SPRAYING SYSTEMS	
26.1	System(s) examined and tested as far as practicable and found satisfactory	
26A. FIXEI	LOCAL APPLICATION FIRE-EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS	
26.2	Fixed Local Application fire-extinguishing system in satisfactory condition	
27. SPRINE	LER SYSTEM(S)	· ·
27.1	System(s) examined and tested as far as practicable and found satisfactory	
	(Note: Refer MSC.1/Circ.1432. Where extended testing carried out, details of such testing, sprinklers sampled, the test result including action taken are to be detailed in narrative report)	
27.2	Visual and Audible alarm was automatically activated whenever system(s) operate(s)	
28. DRY PO	OWDER SYSTEM(S)	1
28.1	System(s) examined and tested as far as practicable and found satisfactory	
29. FIXED	FIRE DETECTION AND FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS	1
29.1	All systems found operable and in a satisfactory condition upon examination.	
29.2	Detectors so positioned as to detect rapidly the onset of fire in any part of those spaces and under any normal conditions of operation of the machinery and variations of ventilation as required by the possible range of ambient temperatures.(for new installations/modification)	
29.3	For passenger ships constructed after 01/07/2010 system is capable of remotely and individually identifying each detector and manually operated call point.	
29.4	For passenger ships, detectors fitted in cabins, when activated, are capable of emitting, or cause to be emitted, an audible alarm within the space where they are located. (for new installations/modification)	

29.5	Manually operated call points are located at each exists and readily accessible in the corridors of each deck such that no part of the corridor is more than 20m from a manually operated call point (for new installations/modification)	
29.6	For passenger ships, installation and arrangement including testing of fire alarm signaling system (for new installations/modification)	
29.7	Installation tests have been completed satisfactorily (for new installations/modification)	
29.8	Confirmation that periodic function testing of fixed fire detection and fire alarm systems has been carried out.	
29.9	Confirmation of an efficient patrol system in passenger ships carrying more than 36passengers, their familiarization including provision of two-way portable radiotelephone apparatus for each member.	
29.10	Confirmation of an efficient patrol system in special category spaces .	
29.11	An audible alarm was activated automatically if visual and audible signal at fire control panel(s) not responded to within two minutes	

30. SAMPLE EXTRACTION SMOKE DETECTION SYSTEMS

30.1	All systems found operable and in a satisfactory condition upon examination.	•••
30.2	Installation tests have been completed satisfactorily (for new installations)	

31. INERT GAS (I G) SYSTEM

31.1	CLASS NOTATION	
31.2	Last survey date	
31.3	Operation and service manual provided	•••
	THE FOLLOWING OPENED UP AND EXAMINED AS NECESSESARY:	
31.4	Inert gas generator	
31.5	Scrubbers and blowers	
	THE FOLLOWING EXAMINED AS NECESSERY:	
31.6	Gas distribution line	
31.7	Shut-off valves	
31.8	Soot blower interlocking devices	
	THE FOLLOWING EXAMINED:	
31.9	Deck seal	
31.10	Non-return valve	
31.11	Effluent piping	
31.12	Overboard discharge for scrubbers	
	THE FOLLOWING SATISFACTORILY TESTED	
31.13	Automatic shut-down devices	
31.14	Alarms	
31.15	Complete installation under working conditions	
	•	

31.16	From external examination, all components and piping found free from signs of corrosion or gas/effluent leakage	
31.17	Both inert gas blowers operational	
31.18	The scrubber room ventilation system operational	•••
31.19	The deck water seal filling and draining system operational and without evidence of water carry-over	
31.20	The non-return valve operational	
31.21	Operation of all remotely operated or automatically controlled valves, in particular the flue gas isolating valve(s), satisfactory	
31.22	Interlocking features of soot blowers checked found satisfactory	
31.23	Gas pressure regulating valve automatically closed when the inert gas blowers secured	
	THE FOLLWING SAFETY DEVICES OF THE I G SYSTEM CHECKED AS FAR AS PRACTI (USING SIMULATED CONDITIONS WHERE NECESSERY) AND FOUND SATISFACTORY	
31.24	High oxygen content of gas in inert gas main	
31.25	Low pressure in inert gas main	
31.26	Low pressure in the supply to the deck water seal	•••
31.27	High temperature of gas in inert gas main	
31.28	Low water pressure to scrubber	
31.29	Accuracy of portable and fixed oxygen measuring equipment by means of calibration gas	
31.30	High water level in scrubber	
31.31	Failure of inert gas blowers	
31.32	Failure of power supply to automatic control system for gas regulatory valve and instrumentation for continuous indication and permanent recording of pressure and oxygen content in I.G. main	
31.33	High pressure of gas in the inert gas main	

32. OTHER ITEMS

32.1	Mechanical ventilation in cargo areas (for tankers and gas carriers)	
32.2.1	Gas measurement system in gas carrier and pump room of oil tankers.	
32.2.2	Tankers equipped with minimum of two instruments, each capable of measuring both oxygen and flammable vapour concentration. Alternatively two portable instruments for measuring oxygen and two for measuring flammable vapour concentration. Instruments last calibrated on,	
32.2.3	Ship is in possession of portable atmospheric testing instrument/s capable of measuring concentrations of oxygen, flammable gases or vapours, hydrogen sulphide and carbon monoxide prior to entry into enclosed spaces. Suitable means are also provided for the calibration of all such instruments. (Note: Requirement becomes mandatory for all ships on or after 01/07/2016 however to be voluntarily implemented as soon as practicable.)	
32.3	Fixed hydrocarbon gas detection in all ballast tanks and void spaces of double hull and double bottom spaces adjacent to the cargo tanks, including the forepeak tank and any other tanks and spaces under the bulkhead deck adjacent to cargo tanks (for oil tankers of DWT> 20,000 T constructed on or after 1 January 2012). [Pump room protected by SOLAS requirements of II-2/4.5.10 (i.e., temperature sensing devices and alarm, lighting and ventilation interlock, hydrocarbon gas monitoring, bilge level alarm etc.) need not comply]. Otherwise,	

32.4	Constant operative inerting system for these spaces provided, except pump room having protection as per SOLAS regulation II-2/4.5.10 (for oil tankers of DWT> 20,000 T constructed on or after 1 January 2012)	
32.5	Temperature sensing devices for bulkhead glands and alarms, interlock between lighting and ventilation and bilge level monitoring devices and alarm in cargo pump room found operable (as applicable).	
32.6	All cut out valves and piping of the cargo tank and cargo pump room fixed fire fighting system found satisfactory when externally examined as far as practicable	
32.7	Fire fighting arrangements for the protection of deep-fat cooking arrangement	
32.8	Examination and testing of manual and automatic fire doors including the means of closing the openings in "A" and "B" class divisions.	
32.9	Ships transporting solid bulk cargo which is liable to emit a toxic or flammable gas, or cause oxygen depletion in the cargo space, an appropriate instrument for measuring the concentration of gas or oxygen in the air are provided together with detailed instructions for its use. Further crews of the ship have been trained in the use of such instruments. Instrument last calibrated on	
32.10	In passenger ships, confirmation that the stairways and ladders, including the low-location lighting system, arranged to provide a means of escape to the lifeboat and liferaft embarkation deck from all passenger and crew spaces and from those spaces in which the crew is normally employed are being maintained. Escape route signs and fire equipment location markings of photo luminescent material or by lighting are in good order.	
32.11	Confirmation that means of escape from the machinery spaces are satisfactory	

33. REMOTE STOPS AND CONTROL ARRANGEMENTS

	ARRANGEMENTS IN MACHINERY SPACES:	
33.1	Remote controls for skylights, release of smoke, closure of funnel and ventilation openings, closure of power operated & other doors, stopping of ventilation, boiler forced/induced draft fans, stopping of oil fuel and other pumps that discharge flammable liquids tested and found satisfactory	
33.2	All openings can be closed from outside	
33.3	Remote means of closing the valves of the tanks that contain oil fuel, lubricating oil and other flammable oils examined, tested and found satisfactory.	•••
	ARRANGEMENTS IN CARGO SPACES:	
33.4	All openings can be closed from outside the protected space	

34. SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR CERTAIN SHIPS

34.1	SHIPS WITH U.M.S NOTATION:	
34.1.1	Fire detection system and required audible and visual alarms found operable	
34.1.2	Remote controls for sea inlets and discharges below the waterline or bilge injection system (if fitted) found operable	
34.2	Ro-Ro CARGO SPACES AND OTHER SPACES INTENDED FOR THE CARRIAGE OF MOTOR VEHICLES WITH FUEL IN THEIR TANKS FOR THEIR OWN PROPLULSION:	
34.2.1	The special requirements shown on the Record of Equipment for SEQ Certificates found Complied with and operating efficiently (where applicable)	
34.2.2	Confirmation that means of escape from the special category spaces and ro-ro spaces are satisfactory.	
34.2.3	In ro-ro passenger ships, confirmation that a helicopter pick-up area is provided (initial survey)	

34.3	HELICOPTER LANDING FACILITIES	
34.3.1	FFA and emergency equipment available and in satisfactory condition	
34.3.2	Operational Manual & Checklist provided	
34.4	SAFETY CENTER ON PASSENGER SHIPS (constructed on or after 1st July 2010)	
34.4.1	Location, layout and arrangement including provision of a separate ventilation system (for initial survey)	
34.4.2	Communication between the safety centre, the central control station, the navigation bridge, the engine control room, the storage room(s) for fire extinguishing system(s) and fire equipment lockers	
34.4.3	Control and monitoring of safety systems including functionality (operation, control, monitoring or any combination thereof, as required) of the safety systems	
5. SHIPS	ENGAGED IN THE CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	

35.1	The special arrangements and equipment as per the Record attached to the Document of Compliance (if applicable), in good condition and operating satisfactorily.	•••
35.2	Confirmation that there is a special list. Manifest or stowage plan for the carriage of dangerous goods.	•••

36	SPECIAL.	, FEATURES/OBSERVA	LIONS
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