ENGINE 1 SECTION

This service manual has been prepared to provide SUBARU service personnel with the necessary information and data for the correct maintenance and repair of SUBARU vehicles.

This manual includes the procedures for maintenance, disassembling, reassembling, inspection and adjustment of components and diagnostics for guidance of experienced mechanics.

Please peruse and utilize this manual fully to ensure complete repair work for satisfying our customers by keeping their vehicle in optimum condition. When replacement of parts during repair work is needed, be sure to use SUBARU genuine parts.

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)	FU(SOHC)
EMISSION CONTROL (AUX. EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES)	EC(SOHC)
INTAKE (INDUCTION)	IN(SOHC)
MECHANICAL	ME(SOHC)
EXHAUST	EX(SOHC)
COOLING	CO
LUBRICATION	LU
SPEED CONTROL SYSTEMS	SP
IGNITION	IG(SOHC)
STARTING/CHARGING SYSTEMS	SC
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	EN(SOHC)

All information, illustration and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication approval.

FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD.

COOLING

CO

		Page
1.	General Description	2
2.	Radiator Main Fan System	9
3.	Radiator Sub Fan System	17
4.	Engine Coolant	25
5.	Water Pump	27
6.	Thermostat	
7.	Radiator	
8.	Radiator Cap	45
9.	Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor	46
10.	Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor	48
11.	Reservoir Tank	50
12.	Coolant Filler Tank	51
13.	Engine Cooling System Trouble in General	52

1. General Description

A: SPECIFICATIONS

Model			Non-turbo	Turbo	
Cooling system	ı		Electric fan + Forced engine coolant circulation sys- tem		
Total engine co	polant capacity	ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)	1.6AT: Approx. 7.3 (7.71, 6.42) 1.6MT: Approx. 7.4 (7.82, 6.51) 2.0AT: Approx. 6.9 (7.29, 6.07) 2.0MT: Approx. 7 (7.4, 6.2)	Approx. 7.7 (8.14, 6.78)	
	Туре		Centrifugal i	mpeller type	
		Discharge	20 ℓ (5.3 US gal,	4.4 Imp gal)/min.	
	Discharge performance I	Pump speed—total engine coolant head	700 rpm — 0.3	mAq (1.0 ftAq)	
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (,	
		Discharge	100	, 22.0 Imp gal)/min.	
	Discharge performance II	Pump speed—total engine coolant head	3,000 rpm — 5.0	mAq (16.4 ftAq)	
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)		
Water pump		Discharge	200 & (52.8 US gal, 44.0 Imp gal)/min.		
	Discharge performance III	Pump speed—total engine coolant head	6,000 rpm — 23.0 mAq (75.5 ftAq)		
	Engine coolant temperature		85°C (185°F)		
	Impeller diameter		76 mm (2.99 in)		
	Number of impeller vanes		8	3	
	Pump pulley diameter		60 mm ((2.36 in)	
	Clearance between impeller	Standard	0.5 — 0.7 mm (0.020 — 0.028 in)		
	and case	Limit	1.0 mm (0.039 in)		
	"Thrust" runout of impeller end		0.5 mm (0.020 in)		
	Туре		Wax pellet type		
	Starts to open		76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)		
Thermostat	Fully opened		91°C (196°F)		
	Valve lift		9.0 mm (0.354 in) or more		
	Valve bore		35 mm (1.38 in)		
	Motor	Main fan	70 W	120 W	
Radiator fan	MOIOI	Sub fan	70 W	120 W	
	Fan diameter \times Blade		320 mm (11.81 in) × 5 (main fan) 320 mm (11.81 in) × 7 (sub fan)		
	Туре		Down flow, pressure type		
	Core dimensions		691.5 × 340 × 16 mm (27.22 × 13.39 × 0.63 in) (27.22 × 13.39 × 1.06		
Radiator	Pressure range in which cap	valve is open	Above: 108±15 kPa (1.1±0.15 kg/cm ² , 16±2 psi) Below: -1.0 to -4.9 kPa (-0.01 to -0.05 kg/cm ² , -0.1 to -0.7 psi)		
	Fins		Corrugate		
Reservoir tank	Capacity		0.5 & (0.5 US qt, 0.4 Imp qt)		

B: COMPONENT

1. WATER PUMP

• NON-TURBO MODEL



- (1) Water pump ASSY
- (2) Gasket
- (3) Heater by-pass hose
- (4) Thermostat

- (5) Gasket
- (6) Thermostat cover

Tightening torque: N·m (kgf-m, ft-lb) T1: First 12 (1.2, 8.7) Second 12 (1.2, 8.7) T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)

• TURBO MODEL



- (1) Thermostat case
- (2) Gasket
- (3) Thermostat
- (4) Water pump ASSY
- (5) Gasket

- (6) Header by-pass hose
- (7) Coolant filler tank by-pass hose
- (8) Water by-pass pipe
- Tightening torque: N⋅m (kgf-m, ft-lb)
 - T1: First 12 (1.2, 8.7)
 - Second 12 (1.2, 8.7)
- T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)

2. RADIATOR AND RADIATOR FAN

NON-TURBO MODEL



- (1) Radiator lower cushion
- (2) Radiator
- Radiator upper cushion (3)
- (4) Radiator upper bracket
- (5) Clamp
- (6) Radiator inlet hose
- Engine coolant reservoir tank cap (7)
- (8) Over flow hose
- (9) Engine coolant reservoir tank
- (10) Sub fan shroud
- Radiator sub fan (11)
- Sub fan motor (12)

- (13) Main fan shroud
- (14)Radiator main fan
- (15) Main fan motor
- (16)
- (17) ATF inlet hose A (AT vehicles only)
- (18) ATF outlet hose A (AT vehicles only)
- (19) ATF pipe (AT vehicles only)
- ATF inlet hose B (AT vehicles only) (20) ATF outlet hose B (AT vehicles (21) only)
- Radiator outlet hose (22)

- (23) Radiator lower bracket
- (24)Radiator drain plug

ATF hose clamp (AT vehicles only) Tightening torque: N·m (kgf-m, ft-lb)

- T1: 4.4 (0.45, 3.3)
- T2: 12 (1.2, 8.7)
- T3: 18 (1.8, 13.0)
- T4: 3.4 (0.35, 2.5) T5: 4.9 (0.50, 3.6)

CO-5

• TURBO MODEL



- (1) Radiator lower cushion
- (2) Radiator
- (3) Radiator upper cushion
- (4) Radiator upper bracket
- (5) Clamp
- (6) Radiator inlet hose
- (7) Engine coolant reservoir tank cap
- (8) Over flow hose
- (9) Engine coolant reservoir tank

- (10) Over flow pipe
- (11) Sub fan shroud
- (12) Radiator sub fan
- (13) Radiator sub fan motor
- (14) Main fan shroud
- (15) Radiator main fan
- (16) Radiator main fan motor
- (17) Radiator outlet hose
- (18) Radiator drain plug

- (19) Engine coolant filler tank
- (20) Engine coolant filler tank cap
- (21) Engine coolant hose

Tighte	ening torque: N·m (kgf-m, ft-lb)
T1:	4.4 (0.45, 3.3)
-	

- T2: 18 (1.8, 13.0)
- T3: 3.4 (0.35, 2.5)
- T4: 4.9 (0.50, 3.6)

C: CAUTION

• Wear working clothing, including a cap, protective goggles, and protective shoes during operation.

• Remove contamination including dirt and corrosion before removal, installation or disassembly.

• Keep the disassembled parts in order and protect them from dust or dirt.

• Before removal, installation or disassembly, be sure to clarify the failure. Avoid unnecessary removal, installation, disassembly, and replacement.

• Be careful not to burn your hands, because each part in the vehicle is hot after running.

• Be sure to tighten fasteners including bolts and nuts to the specified torque.

• Place shop jacks or safety stands at the specified points.

• Before disconnecting electrical connectors of sensors or units, be sure to disconnect negative terminal from battery.

D: PREPARATION TOOL

ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
ON CONTRACT	499977300	CRANK PULLEY WRENCH	Used for stopping crankshaft pulley when loosening and tightening crankshaft pulley bolts.
B2M4157			
	499207100	CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH	Used for removing and installing camshaft sprocket. (Non-turbo LH side only)
B2M3859	499207400	CAMSHAFT	Used for removing and installing camshaft
	433207400	SPROCKET WRENCH	sprocket.
B2M4158			

2. Radiator Main Fan System

A: SCHEMATIC

1. NON-TURBO MODEL



2. TURBO MODEL



EN0260

B: INSPECTION

1. NON-TURBO MODEL

DETECTING CONDITION: Condition:

• Engine coolant temperature is above $95^{\circ}C$ (203°F).

• Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH). **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

• Radiator main fan does not rotate under the above conditions.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	Step CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN MO- TOR. CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during re- pair. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from main fan motor. 3)Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 95°C (203°F). 4)Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Measure voltage between main fan motor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F17) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		No Go to step 5.
2	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF MAIN FAN MOTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Measure resistance between main fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 1 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan motor connector and chassis ground.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in main fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in main fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in main fan motor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK MAIN FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of main fan motor connector.	Does the main fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in main fan motor connector.	Replace main fan motor with a new one.
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RE- LAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove main fan relay from A/C relay holder. 3)Measure voltage between main fan relay ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-): CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RE-			Go to step 7.
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RE- LAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure voltage between main fan relay ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 10.	Go to step 9 .
7	CHECK 20 A FUSE. 1)Remove 20 A fuse from A/C relay holder. 2)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 8.

RADIATOR MAIN FAN SYSTEM

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 20 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 20 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair open circuit in harness between 20 A fuse and main fan relay terminal.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fuse box connector and 20 A fuse terminal.
9	CHECK FUSE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box. 3)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ignition switch.
10	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove main fan relay. 3)Measure resistance of main fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 26 — No. 25:</i>	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 11.	Replace main fan relay.
11	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Connect battery to terminals No. 27 and No. 28 of main fan relay. 2)Measure resistance of main fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> No. 26 — No. 25: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 12.	Replace main fan relay.
12	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY TERMINAL AND MAIN FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay termi- nal. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 2 — (F66) No. 25:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 13.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay terminal.
13	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY AND ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from ECM. 3)Measure resistance of harness between main fan relay connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 27 — (B134) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 14.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ECM.
14	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between main fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between main fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with your Subaru distributor.

NOTE:

Inspection by your Subaru distributor is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

2. TURBO MODEL

DETECTING CONDITION: Condition:

- Engine coolant temperature is above 96°C (205°F).

• A/C compressor is rotated.

• Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Radiator main fan does not rotate under the above conditions.

• Radiator main fan does not rotate at high speed when the following conditions are both met:

(1) Engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F)

(2) A/C is ON

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR. 1)Run the engine at idle. (Vehicle stationary) 2)Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 3)Warm the engine coolant temperature over 96°C (205°F).	Does the main radiator fan rotate?	Go to step 2 .	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR. 1)Turn the A/C switch ON at condition of step 1.	Does the main radiator fan rotate faster when A/C com- pressor is operated?	Radiator main fan system is okay.	Go to step 17.
3	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN MOTOR. CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during repair. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from main fan motor. 3)Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 96°C (205°F). 4)Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Measure voltage between main fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 7.
4	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF MAIN FAN MOTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Measure resistance between main fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5 .	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan motor connector and chassis ground.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in main fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in main fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in main fan motor connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK MAIN FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 3, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of main fan motor connector.	Does the main fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in main fan motor connector.	Replace main fan motor with a new one.
7	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RELAY1. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove main fan relay1 from A/C relay holder. 3)Measure voltage between main fan relay1 terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 8 .	Go to step 9.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RELAY1. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure voltage between main fan relay1 terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground ():	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 12.	Go to step 11.
9	CHECK 30 A FUSE. 1)Remove 30 A fuse from A/C relay holder. 2)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 30 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 30 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	in harness between 30 A fuse	Repair open circuit in harness between main fuse box connector and 30 A fuse terminal.
11	CHECK FUSE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box. 3)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ignition switch.
12	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove main fan relay1. 3)Measure resistance of main fan relay1. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 26 — No. 25:</i>	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 13.	Replace main fan relay.
13	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Connect battery to terminals No. 27 and No. 28 of main fan relay1. 2)Measure resistance of main fan relay1. <i>Terminal</i> No. 26 — No. 25: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 14.	Replace main fan relay.
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY TERMINAL AND MAIN FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay termi- nal. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 3 — (F66) No. 25:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 15 .	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay terminal.
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY AND ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from ECM. 3)Measure resistance of harness between main fan relay connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 28 — (B137) No. 17:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 16 .	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ECM.
16	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between main fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between main fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with your Subaru distributor.

RADIATOR MAIN FAN SYSTEM

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN MO-	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 18.	Go to step 20.
	TOR.			
	CAUTION:			
	Be careful not to overheat engine during re- pair.			
	1)Turn ignition switch to OFF.			
	2)Disconnect connector from main fan motor.			
	3)Start the engine, and warm it up until engine			
	coolant temperature increases over 96°C			
	(205°F).			
	4)Turn the A/C switch ON.			
	5)Measure voltage while A/C compressor is rotating.			
	6)Measure voltage between main fan motor			
	connector and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(F17) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
18	CHECK POOR CONTACT.	Is there poor contact in main	Repair poor con-	Go to step 19.
	Check poor contact in main fan motor connec- tor.	fan motor connector?	tact in main fan motor connector.	
19	CHECK MAIN FAN MOTOR.	Does the main fan rotate?	Repair poor con-	Replace main fan
15	Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi-		tact in main fan	motor with a new
	nal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal		motor connector.	one.
	No. 1 of main fan motor connector.			
20	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 21.	Go to step 22.
	RELAY2. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF.			
	2)Remove main fan relay2 from A/C relay			
	holder.			
	3)Measure voltage between main fan relay2			
	terminal and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal (F30) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
21	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 25 .	Go to step 24.
	RELAY2.			
	1)Turn ignition switch to ON.			
	2)Measure voltage between main fan relay2			
	terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal			
	(F30) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
22	CHECK 30 A FUSE.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 23.
	1)Remove 30 A fuse from A/C relay holder.			
	2)Check condition of fuse.			
23	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Repair open circuit
	HOLDER 30 A FUSE TERMINAL.		in harness	in harness
	Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 30 A fuse terminal and chassis ground.			between main fuse box connector and
	Connector & terminal		terminal.	30 A fuse terminal.
	(F27) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
24	CHECK FUSE.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit
	1)Turn ignition switch to OFF.			in harness
	2)Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box.			between main fan
	3)Check condition of fuse.			relay and ignition switch.
				SWILLII.

RADIATOR MAIN FAN SYSTEM

	Step	Check	Yes	No
25	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove main fan relay2. 3)Measure resistance of main fan relay2. <i>Terminal</i> No. 23 — No. 24: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 26.	Replace main fan relay.
26	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Connect battery to terminals No. 21 and No. 22 of main fan relay1. 2)Measure resistance of main fan relay2. Terminal No. 23 — No. 24: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 27.	Replace main fan relay.
27	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY TERMINAL AND MAIN FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay termi- nal. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 2 — (F66) No. 24:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 28.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay terminal.
28	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY AND ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from ECM. 3)Measure resistance of harness between main fan relay connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (F30) No. 21 — (B134) No. 28:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 29.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ECM.
29	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between main fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between main fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with your Subaru distributor.

NOTE:

Inspection by your Subaru distributor is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

3. Radiator Sub Fan System

A: SCHEMATIC

1. NON-TURBO MODEL



2. TURBO MODEL



EN0260

B: INSPECTION

1. NON-TURBO MODEL

NOTE:

System for A/C equipped vehicles only.

DETECTING CONDITION:

Condition (1):

• Engine coolant temperature is below 95°C (203°F).

- A/C switch is turned ON.
- Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

Condition (2):

• Engine coolant temperature is above 100°C (212°F).

- A/C switch is turned OFF.
- Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Radiator sub fan does not rotate under conditions (1) and (2) above.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN MOTOR. CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during repair. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from sub fan motor and main fan motor. 3)Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 100°C (212°F). 4)Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Measure voltage between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 5.
2	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF SUB FAN MOTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Measure resistance between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK SUB FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of sub fan motor connector.	Does the sub fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RE- LAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove sub fan relay from A/C relay holder. 3)Measure voltage between sub fan relay ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 7.
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RE- LAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure voltage between sub fan relay ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 10.	Go to step 9.

RADIATOR SUB FAN SYSTEM

	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK 20 A FUSE. 1)Remove 20 A fuse from A/C relay holder. 2)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 20 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 20 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	in harness	Repair open circuit in harness between main fuse box connector and 20 A fuse terminal.
9	CHECK FUSE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove fuse No. 17 from joint box. 3)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ignition switch.
10	CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Measure resistance of sub fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 17 — No. 18:</i>	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 11.	Replace sub fan relay.
11	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1)Connect battery to terminals No. 20 and No. 19 of sub fan relay. 2)Measure resistance of sub fan relay. Terminal No. 17 — No. 18: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 12.	Replace sub fan relay.
12	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay terminal. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 — (F28) No. 17:	Ω?	Go to step 13.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor and sub fan relay connector.
13	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY AND ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from ECM. 3)Measure resistance of harness between sub fan relay connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 19 — (B134) No. 12:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 14.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ECM.
14	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connnector between sub fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between sub fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with your Subaru distributor.

NOTE:

Inspection by your Subaru distributor is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

2. TURBO MODEL

DETECTING CONDITION: Condition:

- Engine coolant temperature is above 96°C (205°F).

• A/C compressor is rotated.

• Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Radiator sub fan does not rotate under the above conditions.
- Radiator sub fan does not rotate at high speed when the following conditions are both met:
 - (1) Engine coolant temperature is above $90^{\circ}C$ (194°F)

(2) A/C is ON

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR. 1)Run the engine at idle. (Vehicle stationary) 2)Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 3)Warm the engine coolant temperature over 96°C (205°F).	Does the radiator sub fan rotate?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR. 1)Turn the A/C switch ON at condition of step 1.	Does the radiator sub fan rotate faster when A/C com- pressor is operated?	Radiator main fan system is okay.	Go to step 17.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN MO- TOR. CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during re- pair. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from sub fan motor. 3)Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 96°C (205°F). 4)Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Measure voltage between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(F16) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i>	Is the voltage more than 10 V?		Go to step 7.
4	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF SUB FAN MOTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Measure resistance between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK MAIN FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 3, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of sub fan motor connector.	Does the main fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.
7	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY1. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove sub fan relay1 from A/C relay holder. 3)Measure voltage between sub fan relay1 ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 8.	Go to step 9.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY1. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure voltage between sub fan relay1 ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 12.	Go to step 11.
9	CHECK 30 A FUSE. 1)Remove 30 A fuse from A/C relay holder. 2)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 30 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 30 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair open circuit in harness between 30 A fuse and sub fan relay terminal.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fuse box connector and 30 A fuse terminal.
11	CHECK FUSE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove fuse No. 17 from joint box. 3)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ignition switch.
12	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove main fan relay1. 3)Measure resistance of sub fan relay1. <i>Terminal</i> No. 7 — No. 8: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 13.	Replace sub fan relay.
13	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1)Connect battery to terminals No. 6 and No. 5 of sub fan relay1. 2)Measure resistance of sub fan relay. Terminal No. 7 — No. 8: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 14.	Replace sub fan relay.
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay terminal. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 3 — (F28) No. 8:	Ω?	Go to step 15.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay terminal.
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY AND ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from ECM. 3)Measure resistance of harness between sub fan relay connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 6 — (B137) No. 17:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 16.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ECM.
16	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between sub fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between sub fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with your Subaru distributor.

RADIATOR SUB FAN SYSTEM

<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN MO- TOR.	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 18.	Go to step 20.
	CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during repair.			
	 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from sub fan motor. 3)Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 96°C (205°F). 4)Turn the A/C switch ON. 5)Measure voltage while A/C compressor is rotating. 6)Measure voltage between sub fan motor 			
	connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
18	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 19.
19	CHECK SUB FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of sub fan motor connector.	Does the main fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.
20	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY2. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove sub fan relay2 from A/C relay holder. 3)Measure voltage between sub fan relay2 ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F29) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 21.	Go to step 22.
21	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY2. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure voltage between sub fan relay2 ter- minal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F29) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 23.	Go to step 24.
22	CHECK 30 A FUSE. 1)Remove 30 A fuse from A/C relay holder. 2)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 23.
23	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 30 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 30 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F27) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair open circuit in harness between 30 A fuse and sub fan relay terminal.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fuse box connector and 30 A fuse terminal.
24	CHECK FUSE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove fuse No. 17 from joint box. 3)Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ignition switch.

RADIATOR SUB FAN SYSTEM

	Step	Check	Yes	No
25	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove sub fan relay2. 3)Measure resistance of main fan relay2. Terminal No. 18 — No. 17: 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 26.	Replace sub fan relay.
26	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1)Connect battery to terminals No. 19 and No. 20 of sub fan relay2. 2)Measure resistance of main fan relay2. Terminal No. 18 — No. 17: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 27.	Replace sub fan relay.
27	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay2 termi- nal. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 — (F29) No. 17:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 28.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay terminal.
28	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY AND ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect connector from ECM. 3)Measure resistance of harness between sub fan relay connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (F29) No. 19 — (B137) No. 28:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 29.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ECM.
29	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between sub fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between sub fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with your Subaru distributor.

NOTE:

Inspection by your Subaru distributor is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

4. Engine Coolant

A: REPLACEMENT

1. DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT

1) Lift-up the vehicle.

2) Remove under cover.

3) Remove drain cock to drain engine coolant into container.

NOTE:

Remove radiator cap so that engine coolant will drain faster.



2. FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT

1) Fill engine coolant into radiator up to filler neck position.

Coolant capacity (fill up to "FULL" level): 1.6 Q AT model

Approx. 7.3 0 (7.71 US qt, 6.42 Imp qt) 1.6 0 MT model

Approx. 7.4 0 (7.82 US qt, 6.51 Imp qt) Non-turbo 2.00 AT model

Approx. 6.9 ℓ (7.29 US qt, 6.07 Imp qt) Non-turbo 2.0 ℓ MT model

Approx. 7 \emptyset (7.4US qt, 6.2 Imp qt) Turbo model

Approx. 7.7 0 (8.14 US qt, 6.78 Imp qt)

CAUTION:

The SUBARU Genuine Coolant containing antifreeze and anti-rust agents is especially made for SUBARU engine, which has an aluminum crankcase. Always use SUBARU Genuine Coolant, since other coolant may cause corrosion. 2) Fill engine coolant into reservoir tank up to upper level.



3) Warm-up engine completely for more than five minutes at 2,000 to 3,000 rpm.

4) If engine coolant level drops in radiator, add engine coolant to filler neck position.

5) If engine coolant level drops from upper level of reservoir tank, add engine coolant to upper level.

6) Attach radiator cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

B: INSPECTION

1. RELATIONSHIP OF SUBARU COOLANT CONCENTRATION AND FREEZING TEM-PERATURE

The concentration and safe operating temperature of the SUBARU coolant is shown in the diagram. Measuring the temperature and specific gravity of the coolant will provide this information.

COOLING

[Example]

If the coolant temperature is 25° C (77°F) and its specific gravity is 1.054, the concentration is 35% (point A), the safe operating temperature is -14° C (7°F) (point B), and the freezing temperature is -20° C (-4° F) (point C).



2. PROCEDURE TO ADJUST THE CON-CENTRATION OF THE COOLANT

To adjust the concentration of the coolant according to temperature, find the proper fluid concentration in the above diagram and replace the necessary amount of coolant with an undiluted solution of SUBARU genuine coolant (concentration 50%).

The amount of coolant that should be replaced can be determined using the diagram.

[Example]

Assume that the coolant concentration must be increased from 25% to 40%. Find point A, where the 25% line of coolant concentration intersects with the 40% curve of the necessary coolant concentration, and read the scale on the vertical axis of the graph at height A. The quantity of coolant to be drained is 2.1 liters (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt). Drain 2.1 liters (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt) of coolant from the cooling system and add 2.1 liters (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt) of the undiluted solution of SUBARU coolant.

If a coolant concentration of 50% is needed, drain all the coolant and refill with the undiluted solution only.



5. Water Pump

A: REMOVAL

- 1. NON-TURBO MODEL
- 1) Disconnect ground cable from the battery.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.
- 4) Drain engine coolant completely.

<Ref. to CO-25, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOL-ANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

5) Disconnect connectors from radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motors.





6) Disconnect radiator outlet hose and heater hose from water pump.



- 7) Lower the vehicle.
- 8) Remove air intake duct.



9) Disconnect over flow hose



10) Remove reservoir tank.



11) Remove radiator main fan and sub fan assemblies. <Ref. to CO-46, REMOVAL, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO-48, RE-MOVAL, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.> 12) Remove V-belts. <Ref. to ME(SOHC)-42, REMOVAL, V-belt.>

CO-27

- 13) Remove timing belt.
- <Ref. to ME(SOHC)-46, TIMING BELT, REMOV-
- AL, Timing Belt Assembly.>
- 14) Remove automatic belt tension adjuster.



15) Remove belt idler No. 2.



- 16) Remove left-hand camshaft sprocket by using ST.
- ST 499207100

CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH



17) Remove left-hand belt cover No. 2.



18) Remove tensioner bracket.



19) Disconnect heater hose from water pump.20) Remove water pump.



2. TURBO MODEL

WARNING:

The radiator is pressurized. Wait until engine cools down before working on the radiator.

- 1) Set the vehicle on the lift.
- 2) Disconnect ground cable from the battery.



- 3) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 4) Remove under cover.

5) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to CO-25, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, RE-PLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

6) Disconnect connectors from radiator main fan and sub fan motors.

7) Remove bolt which installs water by-pass pipe of oil cooler onto oil pump.



8) Disconnect radiator outlet hose (A) and heater hose (B) from water pump.

9) Disconnect water by-pass hose (C) and oil cooler hose (D).



- 10) Lower the vehicle.
- 11) Disconnect over flow hose.

12) Remove reservoir tank.



13) Remove radiator main fan and sub fan assemblies. <Ref. to CO-46, REMOVAL, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO-48, RE-MOVAL, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.>

14) Remove V-belts. <Ref. to ME(DOHC TURBO)-43, REMOVAL, V-belt.>

15) Remove timing belt. <Ref. to ME(DOHC TUR-

- BO)-47, REMOVAL, Timing Belt Assembly.>
- 16) Remove automatic belt tension adjuster (A).
- 17) Remove belt idler (B).
- 18) Remove belt idler No. 2 (C).



19) Remove camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-29, REMOVAL, Camshaft Position Sensor.>

20) Remove left-hand camshaft sprockets by using ST.

ST 499207400 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH









23) Disconnect heater hose from water pump.24) Remove water pump.



B: INSTALLATION

1. NON-TURBO MODEL

1) Install water pump onto left-hand cylinder head.

CAUTION:

• Replace gasket with a new one.

• When installing water pump, tighten bolts in two stages in alphabetical sequence as shown in figure.

Tightening torque:

First: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.7 ft-lb)

Second:





2) Install left-hand belt cover No. 2.

Tightening torque: 5 N·m (0.5 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



3) Install tensioner bracket.

Tightening torque: 25 N⋅m (2.5 kgf-m, 18.1 ft-lb)



- 4) Install left-hand camshaft sprockets by using ST. ST 4992707100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH
- Tightening torque: 78 N·m (8.0 kgf-m, 57.9 ft-lb)
- 5) Install belt idler No. 2.
- Tightening torque: 39 N·m (4.0 kgf-m, 28.9 ft-lb)



6) Install automatic belt tension adjuster which tension rod is holded with pin. <Ref. to ME(SOHC)-47, AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION ADJUSTER AS-SEMBLY AND BELT IDLER, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt Assembly.>

7) Install timing belt. <Ref. to ME(SOHC)-48, TIM-ING BELT, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt Assembly.>

8) Install V-belts. <Ref. to ME(SOHC)-42, INSTAL-LATION, V-belt.>

9) Install radiator main fan and sub fan motor assemblies. <Ref. to CO-47, INSTALLATION, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO-48, INSTALLATION, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.>

10) Install reservoir tank.



11) Connect over flow hose.





13) Lift-up the vehicle.

14) Connect radiator outlet hose and heater hose to water pump.



15) Connect connectors to radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motors.



- 16) Install under cover.
- 17) Lower the vehicle.
- 18) Connect battery ground cable.



19) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO-25, FILLING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

2. TURBO MODEL

1) Install water pump onto left-hand cylinder head.

CAUTION:

• Replace gasket with a new one.

• When installing water pump, tighten bolts in two stages in alphabetical sequence as shown in figure.

Tightening torque:

First: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.7 ft-lb) Second:

12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.7 ft-lb)



Tightening torque:

5 N·m (0.5 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



3) Install tensioner bracket.

Tightening torque: 25 N⋅m (2.5 kgf-m, 18.1 ft-lb)



4) Install left-hand camshaft sprockets by using ST. ST 499207400 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

Tightening torque: 98 N·m (10.0 kgf-m, 72.4 ft-lb)



5) Install camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-29, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.>

- 6) Install belt idler No. 2 (C).
- 7) Install belt idler (B).

8) Install automatic belt tension adjuster (A) which has a tension rod held by a pin. <Ref. to ME(DOHC TURBO)-48, AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION AD-JUSTER ASSEMBLY AND BELT IDLER, INSTAL-LATION, Timing Belt Assembly.>

Tightening torque:



9) Install timing belt. <Ref. to ME(DOHC TURBO)-49, TIMING BELT, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt Assembly.>

10) Install V-belts. <Ref. to ME(DOHC TURBO)-43, INSTALLATION, V-belt.>

11) Install radiator main fan and sub fan motor assemblies. <Ref. to CO-47, INSTALLATION, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO-48, INSTALLATION, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.> 12) Install reservoir tank.



- 13) Connect over flow hose.
- 14) Lift-up the vehicle.

15) Connect radiator outlet hose (A) and heater hose (B) to water pump.

16) Connect water by-pass hose (C) and oil cooler hose (D).



17) Install bolt which installs water by-pass pipe onto oil pump.



- 18) Connect connectors to radiator main fan and sub fan motors.
- 19) Install under cover.
- 20) Lower the vehicle.
- 21) Connect battery ground cable.



22) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO-25, FILLING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

C: INSPECTION

1) Check water pump bearing for smooth rotation.

2) Check water pump pulley for abnormalities.

3) Using a dial gauge, measure impeller runout in thrust direction while rotating the pulley.

"Thrust" runout limit: 0.5 mm (0.020 in)



4) Check clearance between impeller and pump case.

Clearance between impeller and pump case: Standard



5) After water pump installation, check pulley shaft for engine coolant leaks. If leaks are noted, replace water pump assembly.

6. Thermostat

A: REMOVAL

1) Lift-up the vehicle.

- 2) Remove under cover.
- 3) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to CO-
- 25, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, RE-PLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>



4) Disconnect radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.

• Non-Turbo model



- 5) Disconnect radiator outlet hose.
- Turbo model



6) Remove thermostat cover and gasket, and pull out the thermostat.



B: INSTALLATION

1) Install the thermostat in the water pump, and install the thermostat cover together with a gasket.

CAUTION:

• When reinstalling the thermostat, use a new gasket.

• The thermostat must be installed with the jiggle pin (A) facing to front side.

• At this time, set the jiggle pin of thermostat for front side.

Tightening torque:

6.4 N·m (0.65 kgf-m, 4.7 ft-lb)



2) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO-25, FILLING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>
C: INSPECTION

Replace the thermostat if the valve does not close completely at an ambient temperature or if the following test shows unsatisfactory results.

Immerse the thermostat and a thermometer in water. Raise water temperature gradually, and measure the temperature and valve lift when the valve begins to open and when the valve is fully opened. During the test, agitate the water for even temperature distribution. The measurement should be to the specification.

Starts to open: 76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)

Fully opens: 91°C (196°F)



- (A) Thermometer
- (B) Thermostat

7. Radiator

A: REMOVAL

1. NON-TURBO MODEL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to CO-25, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, RE-PLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>
- 4) Disconnect connectors of radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motor.





5) Disconnect radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.



6) Disconnect ATF cooler hoses from radiator. (AT vehicles only)



- 7) Lower the vehicle.
- 8) Remove air intake duct.



9) Disconnect over flow hose.



10) Remove reservoir tank.



- 14) While slightly lifting radiator, slide it to left.

15) Lift radiator up and away from vehicle.



2. TURBO MODEL

WARNING:

The radiator is pressurized. Wait until engine cools down before working on the radiator.

- 1) Set the vehicle on the lift.
- 2) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 3) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 4) Remove under cover.
- 5) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to CO-25, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, RE-PLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

6) Disconnect connectors of radiator main fan (A) and sub fan motor (B).





7) Disconnect oil cooler hoses from oil cooler pipes. (if equipped)



8) Disconnect radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.



9) Lower the vehicle.

10) Remove air intake duct.



- 11) Disconnect over flow hose.
- 12) Remove reservoir tank.



13) Remove V-belt covers.



14) Disconnect radiator inlet hose (A) and water tank hose (B) from radiator.





15) Remove radiator upper brackets.



- 16) While slightly lifting radiator, slide it to left.
- 17) Lift radiator up and away from vehicle.

B: INSTALLATION

1. NON-TURBO MODEL

1) Attach radiator mounting cushions to holes on the vehicle.



2) Install radiator while fitting radiator pins to cushions.

NOTE:

Fit pins on lower side of radiator into cushions on body side.



3) Install radiator brackets and tighten bolts.

Tightening torque: 18 N·m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 ft-lb)



- 4) Attach power steering hose to the radiator. Ŋ B2M2932 5) Connect radiator inlet hose. 600 B2M2930 6) Install reservoir tank. Tightening torque: 4.9 N·m (0.50 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb) B2M2926 7) Install air intake duct. EN0063 8) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 9) Connect ATF cooler hoses. (AT vehicles only)



10) Connect connectors to radiator main fan motor (A) and sub fan motor (B).





11) Connect radiator outlet hose.



- 12) Install under cover.
- 13) Lower the vehicle.

14) Connect battery ground cable.



15) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO-25, FILLING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

16) Check ATF level. <Ref. to AT-9, INSPECTION, Automatic Transmission Fluid.>

2. TURBO MODEL

1) Attach radiator mounting cushions to holes on the vehicle.



2) Install radiator brackets and tighten bolts.

Tightening torque: 18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kgf-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



3) Connect radiator inlet hose (A) and water tank hose (B).



4) Install reservoir tank.

Tightening torque:

4.9±1.5 N·m (0.50±0.15 kgf-m, 3.6±1.1 ft-lb)



- 5) Connect over flow hose.
- 6) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 7) Connect connectors to radiator main fan motor(A) and sub fan motor(B).





8) Connect oil cooler hoses. (if equipped)



9) Connect radiator outlet hose.



- 10) Install under cover.
- 11) Lower the vehicle.
- 12) Install V-belt covers.



13) Install air intake duct.



14) Connect battery ground cable.



15) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO-25, FILLING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

C: INSPECTION

1) Remove radiator cap, top off radiator, and attach tester to radiator in place of cap.

Non-Turbo model



• Turbo model



2) Apply a pressure of 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi) to radiator to check if:

(1) Engine coolant leaks at/around radiator.

(2) Engine coolant leaks at/around hoses or connections.

CAUTION:

• Engine should be off.

• Wipe engine coolant from check points in advance.

• Be careful to prevent engine coolant from spurting out when removing tester.

• Be careful also not to deform filler neck of radiator when installing or removing tester.

8. Radiator Cap

A: INSPECTION

1) Attach radiator cap to tester.



2) Increase pressure until tester gauge pointer stops. Radiator cap is functioning properly if it holds the service limit pressure for five to six seconds.

Standard pressure:

93 — 123 kPa (0.95 — 1.25 kg/cm², 14 — 18 psi)

Service limit pressure: 83 kPa (0.85 kg/cm², 12 psi)

CAUTION:

Be sure to remove foreign matter and rust from the cap in advance otherwise, results of pressure test will be incorrect.

9. Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor

A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.
- 4) Disconnect connector of main fan motor (A).



- 5) Lower the vehicle.
- 6) Remove air intake duct.
- Non-Turbo model



Turbo model



7) Disconnect over flow hose.



- 8) Remove over flow pipe. (Turbo model)
- 9) Remove reservoir tank.



10) Remove radiator main fan motor assembly.



B: INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

When the main fan motor assembly cannot be installed as is, loosen the sub fan motor assembly securing bolts to install it.



Tightening torque:



C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Remove clip which holds motor connector onto shroud.



2) Remove nut which holds fan itself onto fan motor and shroud assembly.



3) Remove bolts which install fan motor onto shroud.



D: ASSEMBLY

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

Tightening torque: 4.4 N·m (0.45 kgf-m, 3.3 ft-lb)



Tightening torque: 3.4 *N*⋅*m* (0.35 kgf-m, 2.5 ft-lb)



10.Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor

A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.
- 4) Disconnect connector of sub fan motor.



- 5) Lower the vehicle.
- 6) Remove air intake duct.
- Non-Turbo model



Turbo model



7) Remove bolts which hold sub fan shroud to radiator.

8) Remove over flow pipe. (Turbo model)9) Remove radiator sub fan shroud through the under side of vehicle.



B: INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: 4.9 N⋅m (0.50 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Remove clip which holds motor harness onto shroud.



2) Remove nut which holds fan itself onto fan motor and shroud assembly.



3) Remove bolts which install fan motor onto shroud.



D: ASSEMBLY

Assemble in the reverse order of disasssembly.



Tightening torque: 3.4 N⋅m (0.35 kgf-m, 2.5 ft-lb)



11.Reservoir Tank

A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect over flow hose from radiator filler neck position.

2) Remove bolts which install reservoir tank onto radiator main fan shroud.

3) Remove reservoir tank.



B: INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque:



C: INSPECTION

Make sure the engine coolant level is between full and low.

12.Coolant Filler Tank

A: REMOVAL

WARNING:

The radiator is pressurized. Wait until engine cools down before working on the radiator.

1) Drain coolant about 3.0 (3.2 US qt, 2.6 lmp qt). <Ref. to CO-25, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOL-ANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

2) Remove air cleaner upper cover and air intake boot. <Ref. to IN(DOHC TURBO)-7, REMOVAL, Air Cleaner.>

3) Remove air cleaner element.

4) Disconnect engine coolant hoses from coolant filler tank.



5) Remove bolts and nut which install coolant filler tank.

6) Disconnect engine coolant hose which connects the under side of coolant filler tank.

7) Remove coolant filler tank.



B: INSTALLATION

1) Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: T1: 19 N·m (1.9 kgf-m, 13.7 ft-lb) T2: 21 N·m (2.1 kgf-m, 15.2 ft-lb)



2) Fill engine coolant. <Ref. to CO-25, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

13.Engine Cooling System Trouble in General A: INSPECTION

Trouble	Possible cause	Corrective action
Over-heating	a. Insufficient engine coolant	Replenish engine coolant, inspect for leakage, and repair.
	b. Loose timing belt	Repair or replace timing belt tensioner.
	c. Oil on drive belt	Replace.
	d. Malfunction of thermostat	Replace.
	e. Malfunction of water pump	Replace.
	f. Clogged engine coolant passage	Clean.
	g. Improper ignition timing	Inspect and repair ignition control system. <ref. basic="" diagnostic="" en(sohc)-2,="" procedure.="" to=""> or <ref. basic="" diagnostic="" en(sohcw="" oobd)-2,="" proce-<br="" to="">dure.> or <ref. en(dohc="" proce-<br="" to="" turbo)-2,="">DURE, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.></ref.></ref.></ref.>
	h. Clogged or leaking radiator	Clean or repair, or replace.
	i. Improper engine oil in engine coolant	Replace engine coolant.
	j. Air/fuel mixture ratio too lean	Inspect and repair fuel injection system. <ref. basic="" diagnostic="" en(sohc)-2,="" procedure.="" to=""> or <ref. basic="" diagnostic="" en(sohcw="" oobd)-2,="" proce-<br="" to="">dure.> or <ref. en(dohc="" proce-<br="" to="" turbo)-2,="">DURE, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.></ref.></ref.></ref.>
	k. Excessive back pressure in exhaust system	Clean or replace.
	I. Insufficient clearance between piston and cylinder	Adjust or replace.
	m. Slipping clutch	Repair or replace.
	n. Dragging brake	Adjust.
	o. Improper transmission oil	Replace.
	p. Defective thermostat	Replace.
	q. Malfunction of electric fan	Inspect radiator fan relay, engine coolant temperature sensor or radiator motor and replace there.
Over-cooling	a. Atmospheric temperature extremely low	Partly cover radiator front area.
	b. Defective thermostat	Replace.
Engine coolant leaks.	a. Loosened or damaged connecting units on hoses	Repair or replace.
	b. Leakage from water pump	Replace.
	c. Leakage from water pipe	Repair or replace.
	d. Leakage around cylinder head gasket	Retighten cylinder head bolts or replace gasket.
	e. Damaged or cracked cylinder head and crankcase	Repair or replace.
	f. Damaged or cracked thermostat case	Repair or replace.
	g. Leakage from radiator	Repair or replace.
Noise	a. Defective drive belt	Replace.
	b. Defective radiator fan	Replace.
	c. Defective water pump bearing	Replace water pump.
	d. Defective water pump mechanical seal	Replace water pump.