

Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual





Model ZS125-08

Model ZSIR150-20A



NOTE TO INSTALLERS

Always Read Instructions Before Use

LEAVE THIS MANUAL ATTACHED TO THE *ZIPSTOP* BRAKE UNIT. THE INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL CONTAINS INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SAFE USE OF THE *ZIPSTOP* AND INCLUDES ALL PRODUCT REGISTRATION AND WARRANTY INFORMATION. THIS DOCUMENT MAY ONLY BE REMOVED BY THE END USER. ENSURE USER MANUAL IS READILY AVAILABLE TO OPERATORS AT ALL TIMES.

P/N 01170006601



US8,490,751 and other Pat. Pending and © Worldwide

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IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Zip Lining is a Dangerous Activity

Failure by the installer or operator to heed any and all instructions, warnings and cautions for the correct installation, operation, care and maintenance of the *zipSTOP* may result in serious injury or death.

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly, including *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit Model ZB125-08B and ZSIR150-20A, *ZIPSTOP* Brake Trolley Model ZT125-17 and all associated equipment are designed and specified for use in the recreational ZIP line industry as the primary brake or as an Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) in a complete zip line braking system. Use of the *ZIPSTOP* components for any purposes other than that intended by the manufacturer is not permitted.

The *zipSTOP* is designed to be utilized as a primary brake or Emergency Arrest Device (EAD). When using the *zipSTOP* as a primary brake, the installer must utilize an independent Emergency Arrest Device to protect against operator error and third party equipment failure. Design and installation of the zip line, including the complete braking system, is the responsibility of the installer or operator.

Owners and Operators of *ZIPSTOP* devices are responsible for the safety and supervision of any person using the *ZIPSTOP* and are required to assure that proper installation and operation procedures are followed at all times. Proper installation requires careful design and planning using *ZIPSTOP* and non-*ZIPSTOP* components. Owners and Operators are encouraged to seek the advice of their zip line installer or a proper engineering professional regarding the instructions in this Manual.

These instructions must be made readily available to the operator at all times. Prior to installation and use, all owners, installers and operators must have read and shown to have understood all instructions, labels, markings, and safety information pertaining to the installation, operation, care, and maintenance of the ZIPSTOP system, its component parts, and all associated hardware. Failure to do so may result in equipment damage, serious injury and death.



1. SAFETY INFORMATION

1.1. Symbols Used in this Manual

The following safety symbols are used throughout this manual to highlight potential danger to operators and equipment. One or more precautions may be associated with practices and procedures described within this manual. Failure to adhere to any precautions highlighted can result in equipment damage, serious injury and/or death.

Ensure that you read and understand all safety related procedures related to the working environment and the task you are undertaking.



DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation exists that, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.



WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, **could** result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, **may** result in injury or equipment damage.



NOTE

Indicates an action that must be taken to ensure personal safety and prevent damage to property or equipment.



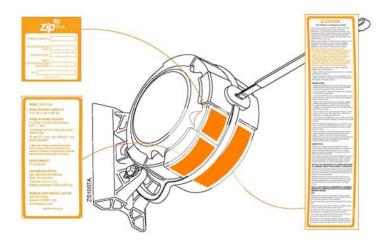
Care for the Environment

Take care to minimize impact on the environment when carrying out this procedure.

2. SAFETY AND INFORMATION LABELS

Safety and Information Labels located on the *ZIPSTOP* components are not to be removed. Ensure labels are in place and remain legible at all times.

2.1. Location of Safety Labels



Location of Labels - Brake Unit



Location of Labels - Brake Trolley

3. WARRANTY INFORMATION

3.1. Warranty Conditions

Manufacturers sole warranty. The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly will be sold free from defects in materials and workmanship, excluding field replaceable wear parts, for a period of one (1) year from date of purchase. This warranty only applies to the original purchaser, and is contingent upon the owner/operator using and maintaining the device in accordance with the *ZIPSTOP* instructions, including the requirement to maintain annual recertification as described in the Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS HEREBY EXPRESSLY EXCLUDED.

The sole remedy for breach of said warranty or for any claim in negligence or strict liability in tort is the repair or replacement of any defective parts at the discretion of the manufacturer. Such parts claimed to be

defective shall be returned to the Head Rush Technologies Service Center, transportation prepaid, for inspection by *ZIPSTOP* to determine to its satisfaction that said part(s) are defective.

This warranty is null and void if other than genuine parts are used, or if any modifications are carried out to the *zIPSTOP* Brake Assembly or *zIPSTOP* components without the expressed written permission of the manufacturer. No person, Agent or Distributor is authorised to give any warranty, other than the one herein expressed, on behalf of the *zIPSTOP* Company or to assume for it any liability pertaining to such products. The company makes no warranties in respect to trade accessories or component parts which are not manufactured by the company, same being subject only to such warranties, if any, as may be made by their respective manufacturers.

3.2. Customer's Responsibility

The following items are considered to be the responsibility of the Customer and, therefore, are non-reimbursable under the terms of the warranty.

- Normal maintenance/routine services.
- Normal replacement of service items.
- Replacements required because of abuse, misuse or incorrect operation of equipment by the installer or operator.
- Field replaceable wear parts such as the Nozzle, Braking Line, quick links, Reduction Line and pulleys, Brake Trolley sacrificial Bump Stops, and sheaves supplied as *zipSTOP* branded parts.
- Normal deterioration due to use and exposure.

Strict adherence to the Installation, Operation and Service Manual supplied, manufacturer's instructions and advice given by *ZIPSTOP* service technicians is also a condition of warranty.

4. SPECIFICATIONS

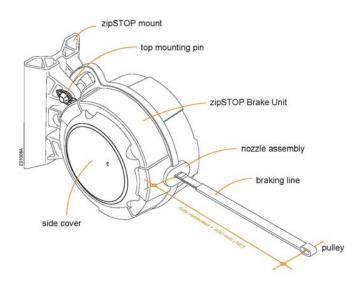
4.1. Introduction

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly is a controlled braking force device designed specifically for use in the zip line industry as a Primary or Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) at the end of zip line runs. The *ZIPSTOP* caters to a range of rider weights and approach speeds, and offers a smooth, consistent braking force for all riders.

The design of the *ZIPSTOP* allows for simple installation, and incorporates both an advanced self-regulating brake unit and an automatic line reset. The patented braking mechanism delivers smooth deceleration and is designed to minimize variations in the deceleration rate and stopping distance of both children and adults. There are no friction parts in the brake mechanism, ensuring reliability remains high while maintenance and operating costs are kept to a minimum.

Installation, inspection, operation and maintenance must be carried out in accordance with the instructions in this manual to protect the longevity of the *ZIPSTOP* components.

4.2. ZIPSTOP Brake Unit, ZS125-08



Model: ZS 125-08B

Classification: Zip line Braking Device

Dimensions: 380 x 350 x 216 mm (15 x 12.6 x 8.5 in)

Net Weight: 23.5 kg (52 lbs)

Materials: Casing Aluminium alloy

Internal parts Zinc plated steel
Nozzle Modified Acetal plastic

Line 20 mm Nylon Spectra Braking Line

Maximum Line Extension: 12.5 m (41 ft)

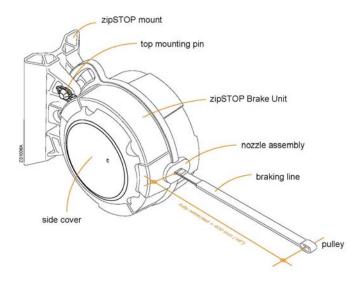
Rider Weight Range 15 to 150 kg (33 - 330 lbs)

Maximum Speeds: 1:1 Reduction Ratio 36 kph (22 mph)

2:1 Reduction Ratio 60 kph (36 mph)
Custom ratio* 60+ kph (36+ mph)

*Higher speeds may be utilized with the custom Reduction Ratios, however braking distances will increase. When planning a custom ratio, note that the automatic line reset may become compromised, requiring the necessity for either manual reset or supplementary reset system.

4.3. ZIPSTOP Brake Unit, ZSIR150-20A



Model: ZSIR150-20A

Classification: Zip line Braking Device

Dimensions: 380 x 350 x 216 mm (15 x 12.6 x 8.5 in)

Net Weight: 23.5 kg (52 lbs)

Materials: Casing

Casing Aluminium alloy Internal parts Zinc plated steel

Nozzle Modified Acetal plastic w/Stainless

Insert

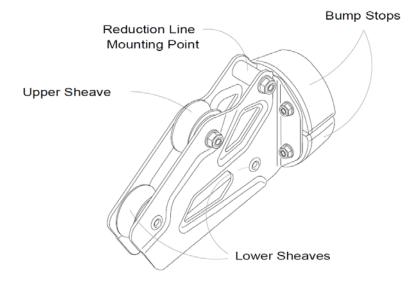
Line 20.8 mm Nylon Dyneema Braking Line

Maximum Line Extension: 20 m (65 ft)

Rider Weight Range 15 to 150 kg (33 - 330 lbs)

Maximum Speeds: 1:1 Reduction Ratio 6-60 kph (4-37 mph)

4.4. ZIPSTOP Brake Trolley, ZS125-08 and ZSIR150-20A



Models: ZT 125-17-1/2 – For use with 12.7 mm (½") zip lines

ZT 125-17-3/4 – For use with 19 mm (¾") zip lines

ZT 125-17-35/8 – For use with 15.9 mm (5/8") zip lines

Classification: Zip line Brake Trolley

Dimensions: 235 x 100 x 115 mm (15 x 12.6 x 5.5 in)

Net Weight: 1.3 kg (2.8 lbs)

Materials: Casing Aluminium Alloy

Wheels Steel

Bump Stop Polyurethane

Maximum Speed:72 kph (45 mph)Minimum Rider Weight:15 kg (33 lbs)Maximum Rider Weight:150 kg (330 lbs)

ZSIR150-20A - This product can only be used with 1:1 reduction systems



The ZIPSTOP IR (ZSIR150-20A) is NOT compatible with external reduction systems in any way. Installing a reduction system with the ZIPSTOP IR can create a very dangerous set of braking conditions that could result in abnormally abrupt late braking.

5. OPERATING PRINCIPLES

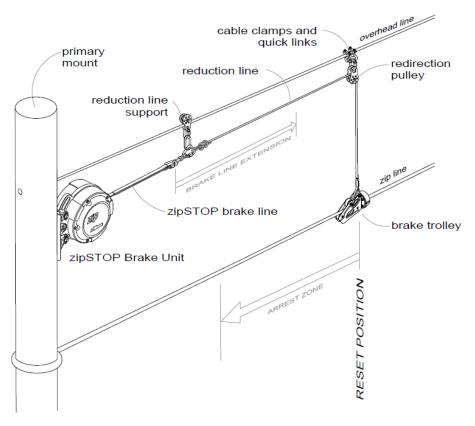
5.1. General

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly is a controlled braking force device designed specifically for use as a Primary or Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) at the end of zip line runs. The *ZIPSTOP* caters to a range of rider weights and approach speeds and offers a smooth, consistent braking force for all riders.

ZIPSTOP brake performance relies on operators using the correct equipment and operating the system in accordance with the instructions contained within this manual.

5.2. ZIPSTOP Operation

The *zIPSTOP* Brake Assembly system consists of a *zIPSTOP* Brake Unit, *zIPSTOP* Brake Trolley, reduction pulleys and associated Reduction Lines.



Typical ZIPSTOP installation

- The *zipSTOP* Brake Unit is located at the zip line terminal end, normally adjacent to the landing area. It is connected via a reduction pulley and Reduction Line system to the *zipSTOP* Brake Trolley.
- The Brake Trolley is located on the zip line and when idle (ZIPSTOP Braking Line fully retracted) will be positioned at the start of the rider Arrest Zone (Reset Position). The approaching rider trolley contacts the Brake Trolley, moving it down the zip line. As the Brake Trolley moves into the Arrest Zone it extends the Braking Line out of the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit via the Reduction Line. As the Braking Line extends out of the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit, the eddy current brake in the unit is activated, controlling the rate of deceleration and slowing the rider in a smooth manner.

- Once the load is removed from the Brake Trolley, the return mechanism in the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit retracts the Braking Line, automatically returning the Brake Trolley to the start of the Arrest Zone (Reset Position) on the zip line, ready for the next rider.
- Note: When higher Reduction Ratios are employed retraction force is reduced and a manual reset of the Brake Trolley may be necessary.

6. ZIPSTOP BRAKE ASSEMBLY

6.1. General

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly will be supplied as a kit of parts. Additional components are required to complete the braking system.

6.2. Unpacking

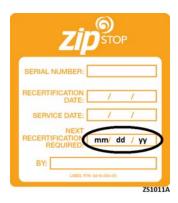
6.2.1. To unpack the ZIPSTOP



Save Packaging For Reuse:

Keep all *ZIPSTOP* packaging for reuse when returning the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit for annual recertification. Damages caused by shipping in improper packaging are not covered under warranty and will result in additional repair charges to the owner.

- Upon receipt of the ZIPSTOP Brake Assembly Kit, inspect all parts and operation (pull out line) for signs of shipping damage or contamination. If any components show signs of damage or mishandling, contact your ZIPSTOP distributor.
- 2. Check that all information and safety labels affixed to the *ZIPSTOP* are present and legible. Refer to Section 1.2 for label location.



Do not use the ZIPSTOP after date shown here

- 3. Check the Certification Label on the *zipSTOP* Brake Unit for the 'Next Recertification Required' date. If the date shown has passed or the label is missing or illegible then the *zipSTOP* Brake Unit must not be put into service.
- 4. Register online at www.thezipshop.com/registration or fill out the Product Registration Card included with the zipsTOP Brake Assembly Kit, and return it to your zipsTOP distributor.



Product Registration must be completed.

The Product Registration must be completed, either by registering online or by filling out and returning the Product Registration Card. This is critical for receiving product notifications and up-to-date information for the safe use of the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly.

5. Read this entire Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual supplied with the *ZIPSTOP*, and familiarize yourself with all aspects of installation, operation, care and maintenance.

6.3. Long Term Storage

If the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit is to be placed into storage or left unused for longer than two weeks, ensure the unit is clean and dry and protected from the environment. Ensure the Braking Line is fully retracted into the unit. Always store in a clean and dry environment, preferably in the original packaging



Do not store Brake Unit in a wet condition

After exposure to water or damp conditions, thoroughly clean and dry the *ZIPSTOP* prior to storage. Ensure that the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit is not left with a wet Braking Line retracted inside the casing as this will result in corrosion of the unit and deterioration of the Braking Line. In a clean and dry environment, remove the side covers and fully extend the wet Braking Line and allow to completely dry prior to storing the Brake Unit. Ensure that debris does not enter the unit and reattach the side covers prior to storing or using the unit.

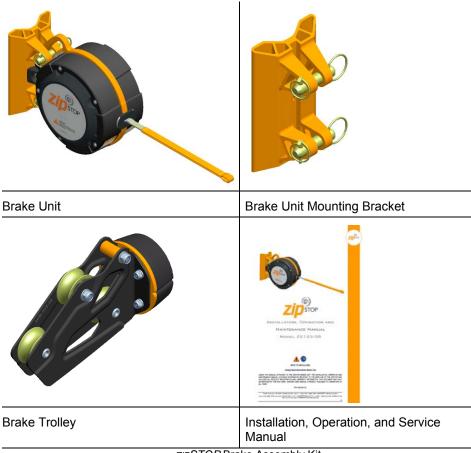
When returning the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly to operation after an extended period of inactivity, always carry out a full inspection and operational check of all components in the assembly. Refer to Section 10 for Inspection procedures.

6.4.

6.5. Supplied Parts

The following parts will be included in each Brake Assembly Kit:

- 1 x *zɪPSTOP* Brake Unit
- 1 x ZIPSTOP Mounting Bracket
- 1 x ZIPSTOP Brake Trolley
- ZIPSTOP Installation, Operation and Service Manual



ZIPSTOP Brake Assembly Kit

7. ADDITIONAL PARTS REQUIRED

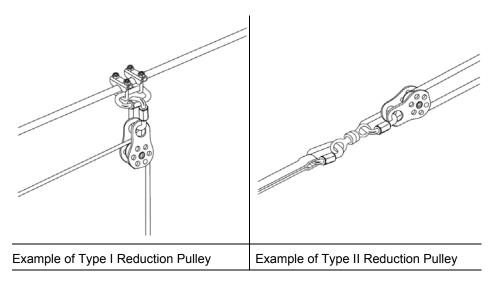
7.1. General

Additional lines and equipment will be required to successfully install a ZIPSTOP Brake Assembly within individual zip line installations. All hardware, fasteners and accessories used in the installation of ZIPSTOP must meet or exceed the required loads and specifications, and must be made of materials compatible with all-season outdoor use.

7.2. Reduction Pulleys

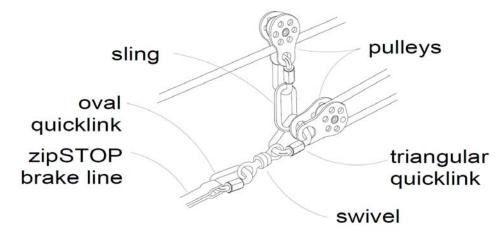
The following parts are not supplied as part of the *zIPSTOP* kit and may be purchased separately from your *zIPSTOP* distributor.

- The Type I Pulley is fitted to the Secondary Anchor Point, and provides both support and a means of reduction for the Reduction Line. The Type I Pulley is required for both 1:1 and 2:1 Reduction Ratio setups.
- A Type II Pulley is fitted between the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit and the Type I Pulley as required to provide support and reduction for the Reduction Line and connections to the Braking Line. The Type II Pulley is only required on the 2:1 Reduction Ratio set-ups.



Reduction Pulleys

7.3. Traveler Assembly



The Traveler Assembly is recommended support for a 2:1 ratio configuration. It is used to support the weight of the Reduction Line and associated hardware in order to ensure that the Reduction Line does not contact any surface other than the pulley sheaves. A sling of proper length should be used to ensure that the Braking Line feeds from the device linearly, without twist, and centered within the Nozzle. A swivel is recommended to ensure that the Braking Line remains free of twists.

7.4. Minimum Hardware Requirements

All required hardware is to be purchased separately. The following are minimum requirements for all hardware used for *zipSTOP* installation:

Description	Size	Qty	Notes
ZIPSTOP Brake Unit mounting bolts, washers and lock-nuts	M12 or 1/2"	3	Grade 4.6 (M12) ASTM A307 Grade A or B (1/2") Length to suit installation Suitable for all-season outdoor use.
Type I Pulley mounting hardware	To suit	To suit	Suitable for all-season outdoor use.
Carabiners, Snaps, Rings, Thimbles, Clevises		To suit	Minimum load rating 15 kN Suitable for all-season outdoor use.

7.5. Reduction Line

The Reduction Line is required to connect the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit to the Brake Trolley and will transfer the braking force from the Brake Unit. The Reduction Line passes through the reduction pulleys and must meet minimum specification. The following list provides several Reduction line options.

- Spectra Spectra (Brand Name Dyneema®) is one of the recommended ways of obtaining a line of sufficient strength while minimizing size and diameter. While lines above 6mm in diameter can be used with traveler assemblies (see 5.5.3), it is recommended that a 4.5-6mm line of sufficient strength (greater than 13kN Breaking Strength) be used to minimize inertia, drag, and sagging in the reduction lines. Spectra is known for very high strength and very good abrasion, water, and UV resistance. The spectra line must always be jacketed with some version of an <u>abrasion resistant</u> temperature tolerant nylon to avoid possible degradation of the line due to friction.
- Technora® In installations where the temperatures of the line could exceed 65 degrees Celsius (150 degree F) Technora lines could be implemented. Technora could also be used in other installations, however Technora has a few key weaknesses that must be addressed. Technora, while the strongest of the synthetic fibers, is particularly sensitive to UV and abrasion wear. Only Technora core lines with UV and abrasion protective jacketing can be used. If the outer jacket of the cord is ever damaged the line MUST be removed from service. Technora core lines are also slightly stiffer which can increase retraction drag. This is usually offset by the fact that a smaller diameter Technora line can be employed compared to another material. Additionally, Technora should be used with the mandated sewn, sealed, and reinforced termination points (see the following image) to help resist wear at its connections.



Typical Technora Termination (all terminations must be either sewn or spliced)

Nylon and Other materials - Nylon or other materials can be used provided they meet the minimum requirements for strength, UV, and wear resistance. However, these lines will necessitate much larger diameter ropes to attain the necessary strength and that can have an adverse effect on reduction line performance.

7.5.1.Reduction Line Specification ZS125-08

Maximum Diameter	10.0 mm (0.394")
Minimum Strength	15 kN
Stretch	<3.0% at 15 kN
Wear Resistance	High abrasion resistance and UV resistance
Water Resistance	Dry, non-absorptive
Туре	Kernmantle or single braid construction
Typical Reduction Line Example	



Always use the specified Reduction Line.

Failure to utilize a Reduction Line of specified strength and quality can compromise *zIPSTOP* brake operation, resulting in equipment damage, serious injury or death.



Reduction Line will be subject to wear and abrasion.

Any Reduction Line selected for use will wear and must be replaced from time to time. Lines must be carefully inspected prior to use each day, and failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

When selecting a Reduction line, the following considerations apply



- The line must meet the specifications described above.
- A lighter, smaller diameter line is preferred, to minimize resistance and weight, and maximize reliable reset.
- A waterproof line is required. Water absorption can add significant weight, allowing the line
 to sag which increases the likelihood of incomplete reset for Brake Unit and Brake Trolley.

7.5.2.Reduction Line Specification ZSIR150-20A

Maximum Diameter	6.0 mm (0.236")		
Minimum Strength	13 kN		
Stretch	<3.0% at 13 kN		
Wear Resistance	High abrasion resistance and UV resistance		
Water Resistance	Dry, non-absorptive		
Туре	Kernmantle or single braid construction		

Typical Reduction Line Example



Always use the specified Reduction Line

Failure to utilize a Reduction Line of specified strength and quality can compromise *ZIPSTOP* brake operation, resulting in equipment damage, serious injury or death.



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- A lighter, smaller diameter line is preferred, to minimize resistance and weight, and maximize reliable reset.
- A waterproof line is required. Water absorption can add significant weight, allowing the line
 to sag which increases the likelihood of incomplete reset for Brake Unit and Brake Trolley.

8. ZIPSTOP BRAKE ASSEMBLY CONFIGURATION

8.1. General

The *zIPSTOP* Brake Assembly is designed to be utilized as part of a complete zip line braking system, and can be used for a wide range of zip line installations. The *zIPSTOP* Brake Assembly is suitable for use in both existing and new zip line installations.

Setup information contained within this manual relates only to the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly – The design, installation and set-up of other components comprising the complete braking system are the responsibility of the installer and/or operator.



Compatibility testing is the responsibility of the installer or operator.

The system is designed to work with most pulleys and zip lines but may not work with all. Compatibility is to be determined by the installer or operator based on experience and unmanned testing.



Always carry out unmanned testing to determine actual braking distance

The information contained in this manual is intended for guidance only. Calculated braking distances for the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly are estimates only and may differ from actual braking distances achieved on individual zip lines.

As there are infinite possibilities regarding participant weights and arrival speeds, line slopes and environmental conditions, a safe and functional installation can only be achieved after careful consideration of all factors in advance of the *ZIPSTOP* installation.

8.2. Setup Variables, ZS125-08

A number of variables will influence the final braking distance and level of rider comfort, these include:

- Rider arrival speed
- Rider weight
- Reduction Line Ratio
- Zip line slope in the landing area
- System friction
- Environmental conditions (wind, rain, temperature)

8.3. Setup Variables, ZSIR150-20A

A number of variables will influence the final braking distance and level of rider comfort, these include:

- Rider arrival speed
- Rider weight
- Reduction Line Ratio (Only a 1:1 Applies with the ZSIR150-20A)
- Zip line slope in the landing area
- System friction
- Environmental conditions (wind, rain, temperature)

8.4. Rider Arrival Speed

Rider arrival speed is unique to each zip line installation and is a factor of line slope, zip line length, rider weight, rider descent position, wind and friction. It is necessary to know the acceptable minimum and maximum rider velocities prior to configuring the ZIPSTOP.

8.5. Rider Weight

Suitable rider weight ranges will need to be determined by individual zip line operators. The *ZIPSTOP* Brake unit will accommodate riders between 15 and 150 kg (33 and 330 lbs). It is necessary to know the acceptable rider weight range before configuring the *ZIPSTOP*.

8.6. Reduction Line Ratio

The Reduction Ratio is the most influential factor in the braking characteristics of the *ZIPSTOP*. The Reduction Ratio is the difference between the Brake Trolley travel and the *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line extension.

The Reduction Ratio is achieved by passing the Reduction Line around a series of pulleys. This alters the ratio of Brake Trolley travel to Braking Line extension, allowing the installer to tailor the braking distances and deceleration rates, accommodating a wide range of arrival speeds and rider weights.

ZSIR150-20A - This product can only be used with 1:1 reduction systems



The ZIPSTOP IR (ZSIR150-20A) is NOT compatible with external reduction systems in any way. Installing a reduction system with the ZIPSTOP IR can create a very dangerous set of braking conditions that could result in abnormally abrupt late braking.

Various Reduction Ratios are possible:

- 1:1 Ratio
 - MUST be used for model ZSIR150-20A
 - Can be used for model ZS125-08

- 2:1 Ratio
 - Can be used for model ZS125-08 only
 - CANNOT be used for model ZSIR150-20A
- 3:1 and higher ratios contact your *ZIPSTOP* Distributor, model <u>ZS125-08 only!</u>

The recommended configuration orients all elements (*ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit, Reduction Pulleys, Brake Trolley) in the vertical plane.



When higher Reduction Ratios (3:1 and higher) are employed (for model ZS125-08 only), retraction force is reduced and a manual reset of the Brake Trolley will be necessary.



Always use the specified Reduction Line.

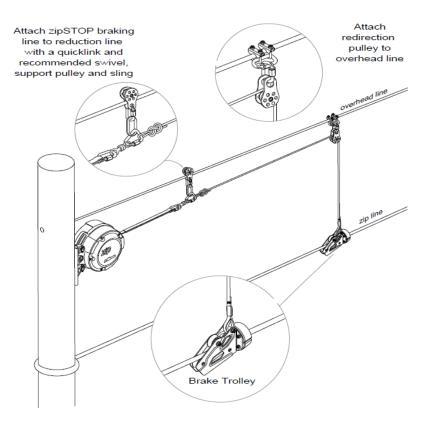
Failure to utilize a Reduction Line of specified strength and quality can compromise *zipSTOP* brake operation, resulting in equipment damage, serious injury or death.



Reduction Line will be subject to wear and abrasion.

Any Reduction Line selected for use will wear and must be replaced from time to time. Lines must be carefully inspected prior to use each day, and failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

8.7.1:1 Ratio



Overhead Cable - 1:1 Reduction Ratio

ZSIR150-20A - This product can only be used with 1:1 reduction systems



The zipSTOP IR (ZSIR150-20A) is NOT compatible with external reduction systems in any way. Installing a reduction system with the zipSTOP IR can create a very dangerous set of braking conditions that could result in abnormally abrupt late braking.

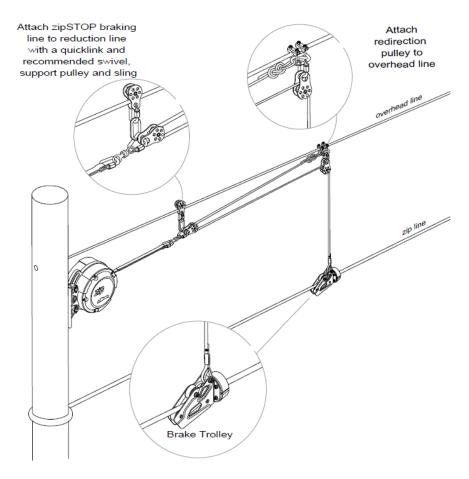
The 1:1 Reduction Ratio directly connects the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit to the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Trolley via a single Type I Reduction Pulley. For every unit of Brake Trolley travel, the Braking Line extends an equal distance.

Characteristics of the 1:1 ratio are:

- Suitable for low speeds
- Strongest braking force
- Short braking distances
- Higher rate of rider deceleration
- Maximum rider approach speed of 36 kph (22 mph) model ZS125-08
- Maximum rider approach speed of 60 kph (37 mph) model ZSIR150-20A

In the case of the model ZS125-08: A 1:1 Reduction Ratio is used for zip line installations where low arrival speeds are common. Although suitable for speeds up to 36 kph (22 mph), typically a 1:1 ratio would be employed when approach speeds are less than 20 kph (12 mph).

8.9.2:1 Ratio



Overhead Cable - 2:1 Reduction Ratio

The 2:1 Reduction Ratio connects the *zIPSTOP* Brake Unit to the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Trolley via both Type I and Type II pulleys. With a 2:1 ratio the Brake Trolley travels twice the distance that the *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line extends.

Characteristics of the 2:1 ratio are:

- Suitable for medium to high speeds
- Optimal combination of stopping distance, braking force and reliability in reset
- Optimum rider comfort
- Longer braking distances than a 1:1 setup
- Overhead support line recommended
- Maximum approach speed of 60 kph (36 mph)

A 2:1 Ratio is used on zip line installations where medium to high approach speeds are common but a soft stop for the rider is desired. Although suitable for approach speeds up to 60 kph (36 mph), typically a 2:1 ratio is employed when approach speeds are less than 40 kph (24 mph).

A 2:1 Ratio is specifically PROHIBITED in any installation of the ZSIR150-20A. Utilizing an external reduction will lead to potentially dangerous and harmful braking dynamics.



ZSIR150-20A - This product can only be used with 1:1 reduction systems

The zipSTOP IR (ZSIR150-20A) is NOT compatible with external reduction systems in any way. Installing a reduction system with the zipSTOP IR can create a very dangerous set of braking conditions that could result in abnormally abrupt late braking.

8.10. Possible System Configurations (Informative Only)

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly may be used with other zip line configurations and higher rider velocities. Systems shown are based on a single line zip line. Dual zip lines and side-by-side systems may also be accommodated. Please contact your *ZIPSTOP* Distributor for information on alternate set-ups.



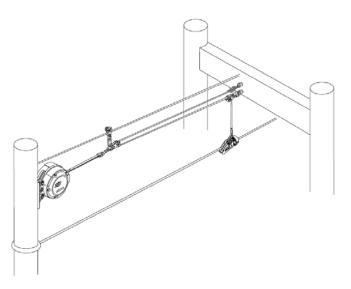
ZSIR150-20A - This product can only be used with 1:1 reduction systems

The zipSTOP IR (ZSIR150-20A) is NOT compatible with external reduction systems in any way. Installing a reduction system with the zipSTOP IR can create a very dangerous set of braking conditions that could result in abnormally abrupt late braking.

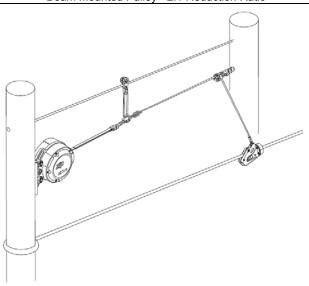


When higher Reduction Ratios (3:1 and higher) are employed (for model ZS125-08 only), retraction force is reduced and a manual reset of the Brake Trolley will be necessary.

Some examples of alternative system configurations are shown below:



Beam Mounted Pulley - 2:1 Reduction Ratio



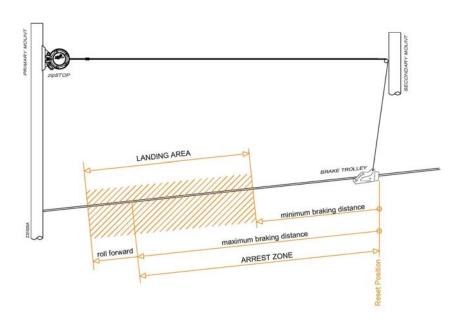
Offset Reduction Pulley – 1:1 Reduction Ratio
NOTE: Offset reduction pulleys should only be used with highly tensioned zip lines.
Slack zip lines may cause binding and excessive wear on the brake trolley.

8.11. Zip Line Slope

Three zip line configurations at the end of the line are possible: flat line, positive line slope and a negative line slope. The slope of the line will influence the braking distances as well as allowing the rider to roll slowly up or down the line once decelerated.

8.11.1. Positive Slope Line

This is the ideal configuration when designing a zip line incorporating the *zipSTOP* Zip Line Brake. The positive line slope configuration equalizes the braking distance between heavy and light riders, therefore minimizing the length needed for the arrival platform.



Positive Line Slope

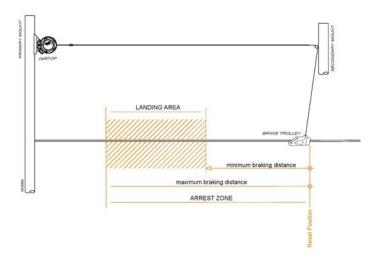
On positive line installations riders will decelerate within the Arrest Zone but may continue to slowly roll forward on completion of braking.

It is recommended that the platform is positioned to allow all riders to roll forward on to the platform for a safe dismount.

8.12. Flat Line

On a flat line participants will decelerate within the Arrest Zone at the completion of braking but typically don't roll forward or backward.

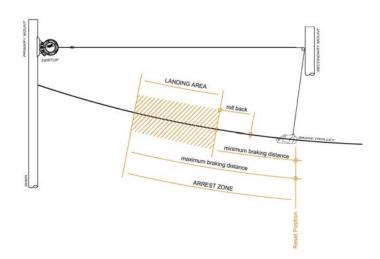
It is recommended that the platform is positioned to allow all riders to safely dismount.



Flat Line

8.13. Negative Slope Line

On negative line installations riders will decelerate within the rider Arrest Zone and may roll backwards at the completion of braking.



Negative Line Slope

8.14. Calculating zipSTOP Braking Distances

To calculate braking distances for the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly, follow the steps in the 'Configuration Worksheet' using the information contained in the 'Braking Distance Charts'. Refer to Section 14.



Always carry out unmanned testing to determine actual braking distance

The information contained in this manual is intended for guidance only. Calculated braking distances for the *zipSTOP* Brake Assembly are estimates only and may differ from actual braking distances achieved on individual zip lines.

Exceeding maximum recommended line speed can cause injury to participants and damage equipment.

Before starting the *zIPSTOP* configuration you will need to determine the rider weight range, rider arrival speed range and preferred Reduction Ratio for the *zIPSTOP* installation.

Information required for calculating ZIPSTOP braking distances:

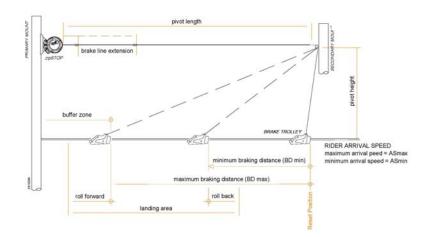
- Rider weight range
- Arrival speed range
- ZIPSTOP Reduction Line ratio

A number of other variables will affect the final performance of the system and must be taken into consideration when designing the complete zip line braking system. These include, but are not limited to:

- Line slope
- Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) design
- Friction
- Weather Conditions (e.g. wind, rain, humidity, temperature)
- Environmental factors

8.15. Definition of Terms

The following terms are used when configuring and installing the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly:



Reduction Line Ratio	RR	Ratio of Brake Trolley travel to <i>zIPSTOP</i> line extension (LEX)
Rider Arrival Speed		Speed at which rider enters the Arrest

■ ASmax = maximum	ASmax	Zone.	
rider arrival speed	ASmin	Determined by:	
 ASmin = minimum 		 Slope of zip line 	
rider arrival speed		 Rider size and weight 	
		 Wind speed and direction 	
		 Rider trolley rolling resistance 	
Braking Distance		Distance required to decelerate a rider.	
■ BDmax = maximum	BDmax	Braking distance is determined by:	
braking distance	BDmin	Arrival speed	
 BDmin = minimum braking distance 		Rider weight	
braking distance		 Reduction Ratio 	
		 Slope of zip line at landing area. 	
decelerating. Rider Braking Range	BR	Difference between maximum and minimum braking distances.	
NOTE: Landing Area will va and line slope.	ry dependir	ng on rider arrival speed, stopping distance	
	ry dependii RP	The reset position defines the start of the Arrest Zone and is the location on the zip line the Brake Trolley will return to once the rider is removed.	
and line slope.		The reset position defines the start of the Arrest Zone and is the location on the zip line the Brake Trolley will return to once the rider is removed. Distance from the end of the Arrest Zone (AZ) to any object that may impact the	
and line slope. Reset Position	RP	The reset position defines the start of the Arrest Zone and is the location on the zip line the Brake Trolley will return to once the rider is removed. Distance from the end of the Arrest Zone (AZ) to any object that may impact the rider in the event the rider overshoots the	
and line slope. Reset Position	RP	The reset position defines the start of the Arrest Zone and is the location on the zip line the Brake Trolley will return to once the rider is removed. Distance from the end of the Arrest Zone (AZ) to any object that may impact the rider in the event the rider overshoots the landing area. The buffer zone must include the maximum distance required for the Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) to activate and arrest a rider. Straight line distance between Brake	
and line slope. Reset Position Buffer Zone	RP BZ	The reset position defines the start of the Arrest Zone and is the location on the zip line the Brake Trolley will return to once the rider is removed. Distance from the end of the Arrest Zone (AZ) to any object that may impact the rider in the event the rider overshoots the landing area. The buffer zone must include the maximum distance required for the Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) to activate and arrest a rider. Straight line distance between Brake Trolley and the Type 1 Pulley. Changing pivot height will influence the stopping	
Reset Position Buffer Zone Pivot Height	RP BZ PH	The reset position defines the start of the Arrest Zone and is the location on the zip line the Brake Trolley will return to once the rider is removed. Distance from the end of the Arrest Zone (AZ) to any object that may impact the rider in the event the rider overshoots the landing area. The buffer zone must include the maximum distance required for the Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) to activate and arrest a rider. Straight line distance between Brake Trolley and the Type 1 Pulley. Changing pivot height will influence the stopping distance. Distance that ZIPSTOP internal Braking Line extends from the ZIPSTOP Brake	

RW

The weight of the rider (min and max)

Rider Weight

8.16. *ZIPSTOP* Braking Distance Charts

Charts for calculating braking distances are located at the back of this manual. These charts are to be used in conjunction with the *ziPSTOP* configuration worksheet to optimize the *ziPSTOP* installation. Ensure that you are using the correct chart for your zipSTOP model.

Always carry out unmanned testing to determine actual braking distance



The information contained in this manual is intended for guidance only. Calculated braking distances for the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly are estimates only and may differ from actual braking distances achieved on individual zip lines.

Exceeding maximum recommended line speed can cause injury to participants and damage equipment.

8.17. Configuration Notes:

- 1. **BDmin Line**: BDmin line indicates the rate of deceleration that may be considered uncomfortable and result in severe rider swing up when stopping. It is not recommended to operate the *ZIPSTOP* with combinations of rider weights and arrival speeds that fall below the BDmin line.
- 2. **Line Extension (LEX)** Line extension is the distance the Braking Line extends out of the *ZIPSTOP* brake Unit. If LEX is greater than 12.0m then reduce maximum permissible approach speed (ASmax), permissible rider weight (RWmax) or increase Reduction Ratio (RR).
- 3. **Buffer Zone (BZ)** Buffer zone is the area after the Arrest Zone in which riders are safe from impacting the terminal end or any other object in the event they overshoot the landing zone. The buffer zone must include the maximum distance required for the Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) to arrest a wayward rider.

8.18. *ZIPSTOP* Configuration Worksheet

Use this worksheet in conjunction with the braking distance charts at the back of this manual. Worksheet must be completed in metric.

Read the $\it zIPSTOP$ Brake Assembly configuration notes and definitions before completing the worksheet.

Distances calculated by this worksheet are based on a flat line with no outside influences such as wind, friction etc. Actual braking distances can vary from these values.

Always determine actual braking distances by completing unmanned test runs on final zip line installation prior to putting the installation into operation.

insta	allation prior to putting the installation into operation.			
1	Select Reduction Ratio and go to braking distance chart for selected Reduction Ratio.	RR =		
	If Reduction Ratio = 1:1, enter 1			
	If Reduction Ratio = 2:1, enter 2 (model ZS125-08 only)			
2	Enter maximum expected rider arrival speed (ASmax)	ASmax =		
	Enter minimum expected rider arrival speed (ASmin)	ASmin =		
3	Enter maximum anticipated rider weight	RWmax =		
4	Enter minimum anticipated rider weight	RWmin =		
5	Determine pivot height	PH		
6	Minimum pivot height = 1.0 m (40")	D7		
6	Enter buffer zone length	BZ		
7	Go to braking distance chart for selected Reduction Ratio and Model Number.Metric and Imperial charts are provided.			
8	From relevant chart determine the braking distance for maximum anticipated rider weight (RWmax) and speed	BD1 =		
9	Add pivot height to give maximum braking distance BDmax = BD1 + PH	BDmax =		
10	Check maximum braking distance + buffer zone does not exceed maximum <i>zIPSTOP</i> Braking Line extension. Line Extension (LEX) = (BDmax + BZ) / RR	LEX = (see Note 1)		
11	LEX must be less than or equal to 12. From relevant chart determine braking distance for minimum anticipated rider weight (RWmin) or speed	BD2 =		
12	Add pivot height to give minimum braking distance. BDmin = BD2 + PVH	BDmin =		
13	Check stopping distance is not below the 'BDmin' line. Distances below this line will result in a severe deceleration for the rider	Above BDmin line?	Y / N	
14	Calculate braking range:	BR =		
	BR = BDmax – Bdmin			
15	Calculate Reset Point (Arrest Zone Start Point):	RP =		
	RP = BDmax + BZ			

9. ZIPSTOP BRAKE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

9.1. General

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit is installed at the end of the zip line, usually on or adjacent to the terminal end. A Secondary Anchor Point is normally required upstream of the landing area to provide support for the Reduction Line pulleys. Alternately a full-length secondary cable of sufficient capacity can be installed to provide support for the Reduction Line and associated pulleys.

9.2. Safety Precautions



Proper design and testing of the complete braking system is always required.

The Complete Brake System for zip Lines consists of all brakes employed, including Primary Brake and Emergency Arrest Device (EAD). All braking installations that include the *ZIPSTOP* as a component of the Braking System must be designed, tested and operated according to this Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual and proper industry and engineering practices. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death to participants.

Exceeding maximum recommended line speed can cause injury to participants and damage equipment.



Failure to correctly install or maintain a *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly may result in serious injury or death to participants.



Always install an Emergency Arrest Device (EAD).

An independent arrest device is required to safely stop riders in the event of operator error or third party equipment failure.



Avoid contact between rider and rider trolley and/or Brake Trolley.

Serious injury may result if rider contacts the rider trolley or Brake Trolley during the braking phase. Always design *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly installation to ensure rider cannot make contact with, or have any part of their body caught between, the rider trolley and Brake Trolley.



Ensure all cables, attachment lines and pulleys are correctly attached and maintained to prevent tangling, snagging, binding and abrasion.

Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves.



All structures, supports and anchors must be evaluated and designed according to proper industry and engineering practices. Questions about structures, supports and anchors should be referred to your zip line's engineer.

The act of decelerating a rider at the termination of a zip line can generate extreme loads.

9.3. Primary Anchor Point

The Primary Anchor Point provides support for the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit. The anchor point and associated fittings must be of sufficient strength to provide a secure mount and to support all applied loads sustained during zip line operation.

Loads specified are for the *ZIPSTOP Brake Assembly* installation only and do not allow for any additional equipment or other loadings applied to the primary mount or additional units attached to the same line.

The ZIPSTOP Brake Unit is attached to the Primary Anchor Point using three M12 or ½" fixing bolts.

Loads at Primary Anchor Point		
In-line with Braking Line	6.0 kN	
Right angles to Braking Line	Negligible	

The loads specified are applied loads for the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit only. These loads **DO NOT** allow for additional loads applied by other equipment or structures. Ensure sufficient factor of safety is applied in the structural design of all zip line installations.

9.4. Secondary Anchor Point

The Secondary Anchor Point provides support for reduction pulleys and hardware used in the Reduction Line system. The design of the Secondary Anchor Point must be sufficient to withstand all applied loads experienced during zip line operation.

Loads specified are for *ZIPSTOP Brake Assembly* installation only and do not allow for any additional equipment or other loadings applied to the secondary mount including reduction lines for additional units.

Loads at Secondary Anchor Point		
Inline with Reduction Line	11.0 kN	
Right angles to Reduction Line	3.5 kN	

The loads specified are applied loads for the Reduction Line and Reduction Pulley only. These loads **DO NOT** allow for additional loads applied by other equipment or structures. Ensure sufficient factor of safety is applied in the structural design of all zip line installations.

9.4.1. Position of the Secondard Anchor Point

The Secondary Anchor Point is located in line with the start of the Arrest Zone (Brake Trolley Reset Point). It provides the location for the attachment of the Type I Pulley above the zip line and also attachment of any secondary or support lines that may be required.

Ensure the Secondary Anchor Point and any supporting structure are at least one meter above the zip line and at a sufficient distance from the zip line to prevent contact with the rider, reduction line, and other equipment.

Always install pulleys so as to prevent any tangling, snagging or binding with other lines or objects. Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves.

9.5. Reduction and Support Lines



All lines must be either sewn, spliced or properly terminated.

Only use an approved termination method for all rope connections. Double Figure of Eight knots can become untied in certain line types. Failure to properly terminate line can result in serious injury or death.

All Reduction Lines and support lines are to be manufactured to specified strength and are to be suitable for all-season outdoor. When installing reduction and support lines, use a cable tidy or route lines to ensure that:

 All lines are installed in such a way as to prevent loose or sagging lines, tangling, snagging or binding with other zip line components.

- Lines are to be routed to eliminate abrasion and undue wear.
- All lines are laid out so as not to present a tripping or injury hazard to zip line staff or riders. If necessary use cable tidies.
- All lines are to be sewn, spliced or properly terminated. A Double Figure-of-Eight knot can be used for line terminations, however only if approved by the line manufacturer.



Typical Figure-of Eight Knot

Technora could also be used; however, Technora has a few key weaknesses that must be addressed. Technora, while the strongest of the synthetic fibers, is particularly sensitive to UV and abrasion wear. Only Technora core lines with UV and abrasion protective jacketing can be used. If the outer jacket of the cord is ever damaged the line MUST be removed from service. Technora core lines are also slightly stiffer which can increase retraction drag. This is usually offset by the fact that a smaller diameter Technora line can be employed compared to another material. Additionally, Technora should be used with the mandated sewn, sealed, and reinforced termination points (see the following image) to help resist wear at its connections. Finally, even a Figure-of-Eight follow through knot can slip with this material; the coefficient of friction in these lines is much lower than nylon.



Typical Technora Termination (all terminations must be either sewn or spliced)

9.6. Fitting ZIPSTOP Brake Unit

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit may be mounted horizontally or vertically. The mounting bracket is designed for use with a flat or curved surface. Curved surfaces must have a minimum 150 mm (6") diameter.



Only install the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit oriented directly inline with the Type I Pulley.

The Braking Line must feed from the device linearly, without twist, and centered within the Nozzle. Accelerated Braking Line wear may occur if the line bears onto the Nozzle edge.



Do not reuse self-locking nuts.

Always use new nuts, as reuse of self-locking nuts may compromise connection integrity. This type of nut is used on the Brake Trolleys.

Fit the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit as follows:

Installation Notes:

- Always orient the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit directly in line with Type I Pulley.
- Always use through bolts with large washers and self locking nuts.
- It is recommended that double helix spring washers are located under mounting nuts to allow for movement in primary mount point.
- Always mount the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit a sufficient distance from the zip line so that Reduction Lines and pulleys do not interfere with rider.
- Once the installation is complete, ensure the ZIPSTOP Braking Line is not twisted and feeds linearly through the Nozzle.

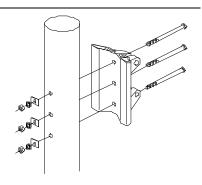
Attach the supplied mounting bracket to the primary support with three (3) M12 or ½" hex head through bolts. The bolt holes are located 100mm (3.94in) apart on center.

Check bolt head is correctly located in the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit mount.

Secure with flat washers, double helix spring washers and self-locking nuts.

Torque fasteners to maximum of 15 Nm (11 ft-lb). Do not over-torque fasteners.

Line up ZIPSTOP Brake Unit with the bottom mounting hole and insert the corresponding retaining pin and lynch pin.





Swing the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit up and apply a small amount of pressure against the compression rubber until upper mounting holes align.



Fit the upper mounting pin and lynch pin.



Check both lynch pins are correctly located and secure.

In order to prevent tampering, insert a padlock or bolt in place of the lynch pin.



9.7. Fitting the Brake Trolley

The Brake Trolley is installed on the ZIP line and is used to transfer the energy of the rider to the ZIPSTOP Braking Unit.



- Always use the correct Brake Trolley size for the zip line.
- Failure to use the correct size may prematurely wear the trolley or zip line.



- Ensure that the ZIPSTOP Braking Line is fully retracted into the ZIPSTOP device at Brake initiation.
- If any Braking Line is extended, braking force will be increased, resulting in participant injury or damage to the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit.



Not recommended for low tension lines with offset reduction pulley.

Offset reduction pulleys should only be used with highly tensioned zip lines. Slack zip lines may cause binding and excessive wear on the brake trolley.

To fit the Brake Trolley:

Installation Notes:

- Check the correct size Brake Trolley for zip line is being used.
- Some disassembly is required to fit the Brake Trolley to zip line.
- The Brake Trolley is installed with the Bump Stop toward the direction of rider arrival.
- Ensure the two lower pulley wheels are located below the line and the single upper wheel is above the line.

Check Brake Trolley is the correct size for the zip line. Trolley size is located on the label.





Remove Reduction Line mounting point ...>>



>>...Upper Sheave...>>



>>...and top half of the Bump Stop from the Brake Trolley.



Place the Brake Trolley on the zip line with the Bump Stop facing the direction of the approaching rider.



Refit the upper half of the Bump Stop . Torque to 10Nm (7 lb-ft).



Refit the Reduction Line mounting point. Torque to 20 Nm (15 lb-ft).



Refit the Upper Sheave to the Brake Trolley, ensuring that all spacers are correctly positioned. Secure the upper wheel with bolt, washer and self-locking nut. Torque to 20 Nm (15 lb-ft).

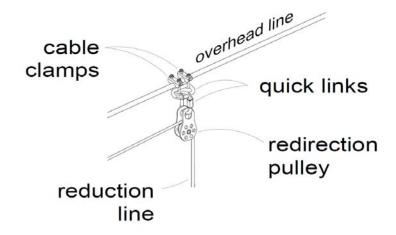


Check all fasteners are properly torqued. Do not over tighten.



Check Brake Trolley rolls smoothly on zip line.







ZSIR150-20A - This product can only be used with 1:1 reduction systems

The zipSTOP IR (ZSIR150-20A) is NOT compatible with external reduction systems in any way. Installing a reduction system with the zipSTOP IR can create a very dangerous set of braking conditions that could result in abnormally abrupt late braking.

The Type I Pulley is fitted to the Secondary Anchor Point, and provides both support and a means of reduction for the Reduction Line. The Type I Pulley is required for both 1:1 and 2:1 Reduction Ratio setups.

The Type I Pulley may be fixed horizontally or vertically to a solid surface or be clamped to a cable. The Type I Pulley incorporates dedicated line attachment points for dead-end loops.

Fit the Type I Pulley as follows:

Installation Notes:

- Always position the Type I Pulley higher than the zip line. A minimum of 1.0 meter (39.37") is recommended.
- Ensure the position of the pulley will not allow contact or interference between the rider and any lines or equipment.
- Ensure the reduction pulley meets the load requirements as defined in this manual
- Ensure the change in angle of the Reduction Line as it passes through the pulley is minimized – this may require mounting the pulley assembly on an angle towards the Brake Trolley.
- Ensure the Type I pulley assembly is mounted on a load bearing surface capable of withstanding all applicable load bearing requirements.
- Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves. Fixed support pulley(s) can be used to ensure that Reduction Lines are kept free and clear.

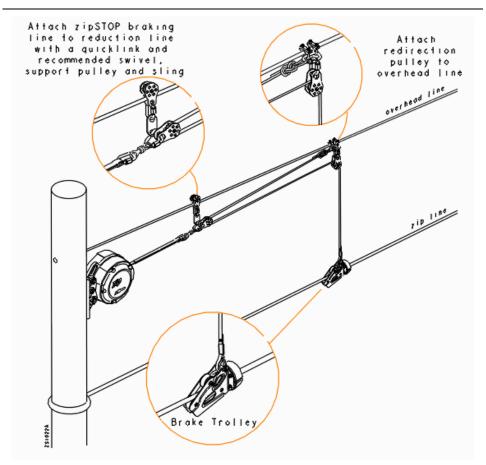
9.9. Fitting the Type II Pulley

The Type II Pulley is fitted between the *ziPSTOP* Brake Unit and the Type I Pulley as required to provide support and reduction for the Reduction Line and connections to the Braking Line. The Type II Pulley is only required on the 2:1 Reduction Ratio set-ups.



Fit the Type II Pulley so as to ensure the position of the pulley will not allow contact or interference between the rider and any lines or equipment.

It is recommended that an overhead support line and link be used with the Type II Pulley to reduce the risk of line entanglement.



Double Line – 2:1 Reduction Ratio Example

9.10. Fitting Reduction Line



Only use approved termination system for all rope connections.



Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system.

Contact between Reduction Line and any surface other than the pulley sheaves must be prevented in order to eliminate abrasion and undue wear. The reduction line must remain free and clear of all obstacles, the Arrest Zone and rider travel path.



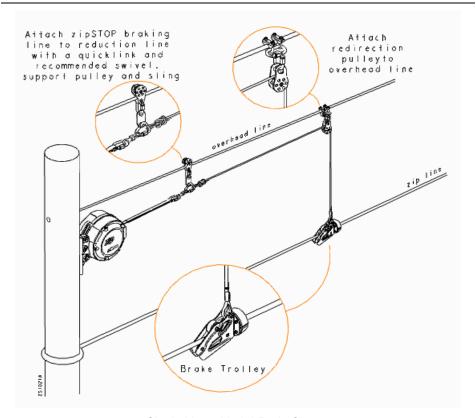
The integrity of the reduction line is paramount to user safety.

Failure of the reduction line may result in serious injury or death of the rider.

Attachment of the Reduction Line will differ depending on the Reduction Ratio utilized for each *ZIPSTOP* installation. The length of the Reduction Line must be sufficient to reach between terminations with a single, continuous line.

9.10.1. 1:1 Reduction Ratio

Ensure the Type I pulley is securely fitted to the Secondary Anchor Point and is located higher than the adjacent zip line, and in line with the start of the Arrest Zone.



Single Line with 1:1 Ratio Shown

Installation Notes:

- Check that the Reduction Line diameter is compatible with the reduction pulley size.
- Check that the Reduction Line meets the specified strength, diameter, wear resistance and UV resistance requirements.
- Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves. Fixed support pulley(s) can be used to ensure that Reduction Lines are kept free and clear. The ZSIR150-20A MUST use a 1:1 reduction line ratio.



The integrity of the reduction line is paramount to user safety.

Failure of the reduction line may result in serious injury or death of the rider.



Ensure that the *zIPSTOP* Braking Line is fully retracted into the *zIPSTOP* device at Brake initiation.

If any Braking Line is extended, braking force will be increased, resulting in participant injury or damage to the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit.



Ensure that the specified Reduction Line meets the specifications described in this manual.

Use of poor quality Reduction Line may lead to zip line brake system failure.

Position the Brake Trolley at the start of the Arrest Zone (Reset Position) and temporarily secure it at that position.



Connect the Reduction Line directly to the Brake Trolley using a properly terminated Double Figure-of-Eight knot and an optional load rated link.

If an optional load rated link is utilized, ensure the gate on the link is screwed tight and thread lock compound is applied to prevent it from loosening over time.



Ensure the Type I pulley is correctly positioned and secure.



Pass the Reduction Line through the Type I pulley ensuring it enters the pulley from underneath and passes over and around the sheave in the direction of the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit.



Ensure *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit is in the fully retracted position.

Note: Braking Line extends approximately 400 mm (16") from Nozzle in fully retracted position.





Do not tie reduction line directly to Braking Line.

A quicklink must be used.

Tension the Reduction Line and connect directly to the end loop of the *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line using both a properly terminated Double Figure-Eight knot and suitable locking link.

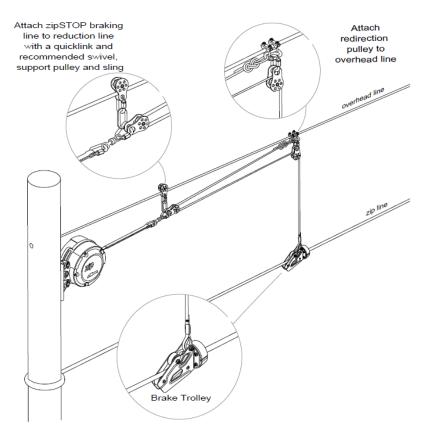


Ensure the gate on the locking link is screwed tight and thread lock compound is applied to prevent it from loosening over time.

Following the installation of the Reduction Line:

- Remove temporary restraint from the Brake Trolley.
- Check the Reduction Line to ensure that the Brake Trolley is in the correct Reset Position when *zIPSTOP* Braking Line is fully retracted.
- Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves. Fixed support pulley(s) can be used to ensure that Reduction Lines are kept free and clear.
- Tie back any loose ends and check that all lines are free and untangled.
- Push the Brake Trolley down the zip line and check that no binding or interference occurs between the Reduction Line and any other part of the zipSTOP installation.
- Check that the maximum travel that can be achieved by the Brake Trolley does not exceed the full Line Extension of *zipSTOP* Braking Line.

9.11. 2:1 Reduction Ratio



2:1 with Double Line

Installation Notes:

- Check that the Reduction Line diameter is compatible with the reduction pulley size.
- Check that the Reduction Line meets the specified strength, diameter, wear resistance, and UV resistance standards.
- When using a 2:1 ratio, it is recommended that a support cable be installed to provide support for the Type II Pulley.
- Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves. Fixed support pulley(s) can be used to ensure that Reduction Lines are kept free and clear.



2:1 and higher ratios can ONLY be used with the ZS125-08.

DO NOT use the ZSIR150-20A in 2:1 or higher configurations.



Ensure that the *zIPSTOP* Braking Line is fully retracted into the *zIPSTOP* device at Brake initiation. If any Braking Line is extended, braking force will be increased, resulting in participant injury or damage to the *zIPSTOP* Brake Unit. The warranty will be void.



Ensure that the specified Reduction Line meets the specifications described in this manual. Use of poor quality Reduction Line may lead to zip line brake system failure.

Position the Brake Trolley at the start of the Arrest Zone (Reset Position), and temporarily secure it at that position.



Connect the Reduction Line directly to the Brake Trolley using a properly terminated Double Figure-of-Eight knot and an optional load rated link.

If a load rated link is utilized, ensure the gate on the link is screwed tight and thread lock compound is applied to prevent it from loosening over time.



Ensure the Type I pulley is correctly positioned and secure.



Pass the Reduction Line through the Type I pulley ensuring it passes through the sheave in the direction of the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit.



Ensure *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit is in the fully retracted position with the Type II pulley correctly positioned and secure on the *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line.

Note: Braking Line extends approximately 400 mm (16") from Nozzle in fully retracted position.



Run the Reduction Line towards the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit, pass the Reduction Line around the Type II Pulley ensuring it passes through the sheave in the direction of the Secondary Anchor Point.



Tension the Reduction Line and connect to the dedicated mounting point on the Secondary Anchor Point using an approved line termination system or Figure-of-Eight knot.



Following installation of Reduction Line:

- Remove temporary restraint from Brake Trolley
- Check the Reduction Line to ensure that the Brake Trolley is in the correct Reset Position when ZIPSTOP Braking Line is fully retracted.
- Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves. Fixed support pulley(s) can be used to ensure that Reduction Lines are kept free and clear.
- Tie back any loose ends and check that all lines are free and untangled.
- Push the Brake Trolley down the zip line and check that no binding or

interference occurs between the Reduction Line and any other part of the *ZIPSTOP* installation.

 Check that the maximum travel that can be achieved by the Brake Trolley does not exceed the full Line Extension of *zIPSTOP* Braking Line.

10. OPERATION OF ZIPSTOP

10.1. Safety precautions



Always correctly install, maintain and operate the ZIPSTOP Brake Assembly.

Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death to participants.



Always operate a *zipSTOP* Brake Assembly with Emergency Arrest Device (EAD) system active.

Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death to participants.



Always operate with rider facing forward upon arrival into the Arrest Zone.

Serious injury due to upswing may result if rider is not in the forward-facing position.



Always use the correct ZIPSTOP Brake Trolley.

Failure to use the correct trolley may compromise system operation and result in serious injury to rider.



Avoid contact between rider and rider trolley and/or Brake Trolley.

Serious injury may result if rider is in contact with trolley when it impacts the Brake Trolley. Always design the *ZIPSTOP* installation so rider cannot be in contact with, or have any part of their body caught between, the rider trolley and Brake Trolley.



Ensure all cables, attachment lines and pulleys are correctly attached and maintained.

Ensure that the Reduction Line is routed cleanly and in line through the pulley system, to prevent contact with any surface other than the pulley sheaves. Any tangling, snagging, binding and abrasion may compromise system operation and result in serious injury to rider.



Avoid maximum Line Extension of Braking Line.

Repeated extension of braking line to maximum Line Extension (LEX as defined in this manual) will cause premature wear and void warranty coverage of the retraction spring.



Ensure Brake Trolley always resets to the start of the Arrest Zone.

Failure to reset the Brake Trolley will compromise braking performance and may result in serious injury or death and/or equipment damage.

10.2. Operation during extreme weather conditions

ZIPSTOP equipment has been designed for use in a wide range of temperature and weather conditions. Extreme heat and cold weather will not alter the performance of the equipment, nor will operations in wet conditions, however, the following should be observed:



Keep lines dry

When operating in freezing temperatures, it is of critical importance that that all lines are kept dry. If lines become wet and subsequently freeze, normal retraction/extension may become limited, which may result in increased or dangerous rates of deceleration or an increased likelihood of reset failure. If lines become wet during freezing temperatures, or when normal extension/retraction becomes limited, cease all operation immediately.



Fully extend Braking Line to allow drying

When operating the *ZIPSTOP* in wet conditions, the Braking Line must be fully extended and allowed to completely dry in order to get the longest life from the lines.



Inspect line frequently in extreme weather conditions.

When operating in extreme wind, weather, temperature, humid conditions, and UV light exposure, increase line inspection frequency and replacement frequency. Under such conditions line must be replaced if any signs of deterioration are evident.

10.3. Resetting System



Check Brake Trolley has correctly reset after every run.

Failure to reset the Brake Trolley will result in an insufficient braking distance and may result in serious injury or death of rider.

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Trolley should automatically return to the start of the Arrest Zone (Reset Position) once the rider trolley is removed. With the Brake Trolley positioned in the Reset Position, the *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line will be fully retracted (refer Fig. 16).

An arrival platform attendant should always check for the correct reset position of the Brake Trolley and the *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line at the completion of each run, prior to a subsequent run.

If the Brake Trolley fails to reset, check that the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit is operating correctly and the Reduction Line is not tangled, snagging, or binding.



ZIPSTOP Brake Unit fully retracted

11. TROUBLESHOOTING

If problems occur during operation, check the troubleshooting guide. If a problem cannot be resolved, remove components from service and contact your Head Rush Technologies Service Center.

11.1. Troubleshooting Guide

Rider does not fully stop before reaching end of Arrest Zone

Possible Cause Rectification Action

Brake Trolley not correctly set at start of Arrest Zone.	Check brake trolley reset, manually position trolley at start of Arrest Zone.
ZIPSTOP braking initiates too late.	Inspect and test <i>ziPSTOP</i> Brake Unit for correct operation. Adjust Arrest Zone start point (Brake Trolley Reset Point) to be farther from the dismount area.

Riders of all sizes brake too abruptly

Possible Cause Rectification Action

Incorrect Reduction Ratio.	Change Reduction Ratio to increase braking distance.
Reduction Line is binding, tangled or snagged.	Inspect Reduction Line, remove any obstacles and check for smooth operation.
Excessive friction in reduction pulleys.	Inspect all Reduction Line pulleys for damage and smooth operation.
Excessive friction in Brake Trolley.	Inspect Brake Trolley for damage and smooth operation.
Debris or foreign objects in brake trolley or pulleys.	Inspect Brake Trolley and pulleys. Remove any foreign objects.

Light weight riders brake too abruptly

Possible Cause Rectification Action

Incorrect Reduction Ratio.	Change Reduction Ratio to increase braking distance. Increase the weight capacity of light weight riders.
Below BDmin Line.	Adjust allowable minimum weight/speed.

Brake Trolley does not reset correctly*

Possible Cause Rectification Action

Reduction Line is binding, tangled or snagged.	Inspect Reduction Line, remove any obstacles and check for smooth operation.
Excessive friction in reduction pulleys.	Inspect all Reduction Line pulleys for damage and smooth operation.
Excessive friction in Brake Trolley.	Inspect Brake Trolley for damage and smooth operation.
Debris or foreign objects in Brake Trolley or pulleys.	Inspect Brake Trolley and pulleys. Remove any foreign objects.
Insufficient return force in <i>ZIPSTOP</i> Brake Unit.	Pull out <i>zipSTOP</i> Braking Line and check line operates smoothly and has good return force. Check for unusual noises. Reset by hand, or change Reduction Ratio.
Braking Line or Reduction Line frozen.	Install a clean, dry <i>ziPSTOP</i> Braking Line assembly to Brake Unit, and/or Reduction Line.

^{*} If all above checked and line still does not reset correctly, disconnect line and test retraction force. If the line will not retract properly, return the Brake Unit to a Head Rush TechnologiesService Center for maintenance.

12. RECERTIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE

12.1. General

Complete inspection and servicing of the *ZIPSTOP* unit, Brake Trolley, and associated pulleys and lines in accordance with the Service Schedule. Service actions are detailed in their relevant sections.

12.2. Annual Recertification



Do not operate the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit after the date shown on the Certification Label.

Operation of the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit without a current Certification Label visible will render the unit not fit for use and will void all warranty.

The *ziPSTOP* Brake Unit requires an annual service and recertification inspection to be carried out by an Authorized Service Agent.

The Certification expiration date is shown on the Certification Label located on the side of the front casing. Dismount the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit and return to an Authorized Service Center prior to the expiration date. A list of Authorized Service Centers can be found at www.headrushtech.com.



Do not use the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit after the date shown.

12.3. Service Schedule

ZIPSTOP Brake Unit Scheduled Service Actions					
	Daily	Weekly	6 Month	12 Month	
Inspect ZIPSTOP Brake Unit overall condition	•	-	•	•	
Check ZIPSTOP Brake Unit operation	•	-	•	•	
Inspection of Nozzle and Braking Line	•	•	•	•	
Inspection of ZIPSTOP Brake Unit casing		•	•	•	
Inspection of Internal Drum Lead and the Shackle			•	•	
Annual Recertification				•	
Brake Trolley and Reduction Line Scheduled Service Actions					
	Daily	Weekly	6 Month	12 Month	
Inspect Brake Trolley Condition and operation		-	•	•	
Inspect Reduction Line and Reduction Pulleys		•	•	•	

12.4. Daily Inspections

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit and Braking Line, Brake Trolley, Reduction Line and associated pulleys must be inspected on a daily basis for condition and correct operation.

Carry out the following inspections on a daily basis:

- 1. Visually inspect the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit for damage, corrosion, and loose fittings and fasteners.
- 2. Inspect the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit mounting bracket and pins for damage and ensure that it remains secured correctly.
- 3. Fully extend the Braking Line from the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit. Check the line condition for damage or discoloration. If worn or damaged, replace with a new Braking Line assembly.
- 4. Check that the Braking Line extension and retraction is smooth and maintains good resistance to extension throughout its range.
- 5. Inspect the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Trolley for damage, wear, and loose fittings and fasteners.
- 6. Check the Brake Trolley Bump Stops are secure and free from damage or wear.
- 7. Check the Brake Trolley operates smoothly throughout its operating range and that it correctly resets to the start of the Arrest Zone.
- 8. Inspect the Reduction Line and pulleys for freedom of movement. Inspect overall condition of line, and ensure it is in a safe and serviceable condition. Replace if necessary.
- 9. Check that all Reduction Line knots and terminations are secure. Check that all Quick Links and Carabiner Gates are locked and secure.
- 10. Inspect all Reduction pulleys are secure and ensure they are free from damage. Check that pulley wheels operate smoothly and without excessive play.
- 11. Check that the Reduction Line operation is smooth and line is free from wear, damage, tangles and snagging from foreign objects.

12.5. Brake Unit Casing Inspection

Visually inspect the casing, mounting holes and plastic covers for wear, impact damage, cracking, deformation and corrosion. Replace any damaged items or remove *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit from service.



Braking Line must be replaced immediately if it is worn or damaged or at 12 month intervals, whichever comes sooner.

Failure to do so may result in equipment failure, serious injury or death to participants

The Braking Line is the line that extends during the *zIPSTOP* activation. The inside end of the Braking Line attaches to the *zIPSTOP* Brake Unit via a Shackle Link to assist with ease of replacement.

To inspect the Braking Line, Drum Lead and Shackle Link:

- With ZIPSTOP Brake Unit securely mounted and nozzle removed, pull out the full extent of Braking Line.
- Place a suitable pin through the loop in the Drum Lead, above the joining link, to prevent it from retracting back into the unit.
- Inspect the Braking Line and Drum Lead by passing it slowly through your hands under a good light. Inspect the Braking Line for:
 - Damage to stitching (cuts or abrasion).
 - Cuts to Braking Line, especially to edges.
 - Abrasion across the surface of the Braking Line, wear and fraying, especially to the edges and the Braking Line loops.
 - UV degradation although difficult to detect, visual indications are discoloration, fading, brittleness, and chalking of the Braking Line surface.
 - Chemical attack, this can result in soft or weak fibers, color change or flaking of the surface.
 - Heat or friction damage, indicated by hard fibers or glazing of the surface.
 - Contamination from dirt, grit, sand, or rust.
 - Twisting, knotting or permanent deformation of Braking Line
 - Replace the Braking Line if any signs of damage or deterioration are present.
- 4. Inspect the Shackle Link, ensuring that:
 - The shackle pin is secure and straight. Do not attempt to tighten.
 - The shackle is undamaged and in the correct orientation.
 - The webbing around link is not worn or damage.
- 5. Remove the retaining pin and slowly retract the Braking Line into the casing, checking the action is smooth and adequate spring resistance is felt.
- 6. Refit the Nozzle Assembly.
- 7. Once line is fully retracted, pull out line a short distance using reasonable force and allow it to retract. Repeat two to three times to ensure line is firmly wound onto the drum.
- 8. Return *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit to service and check for correct operation.

12.7. Spare Parts & Accessories

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly is fitted with a number of user-replaceable parts that may be refitted without returning the device to an authorized Head Rush Technologies Service Center. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions as detailed in the Operation Manual and any Part Replacement Guide supplied when undertaking replacement of a part.



Note – For optimal performance of your *ZIPSTOP* Brake Assembly, only use genuine *ZIPSTOP* spare parts and accessories.

When ordering replacement parts, make sure to specify the part number and description of the part you are ordering.

To order replacement parts or accessories contact your authorized *ZIPSTOP* distributor, or go online to www.thezipshop.com.

ZIPSTOP Spare Parts:

Description	Part #	Qty
Braking Line Replacement Kit	5101-000	1
ZIPSTOP Nozzle Replacement Kit	5102-000	1
ZIPSTOP Rattle Stop	5104-000	2
ZIPSTOP Bump Stop	5108-000	2
zIPSTOP Side Cover	5103-000	2
zipSTOP Brake Trolley ½" (12.7 mm)	ZT125-17-1/2	1
zipSTOP Brake Trolley 3/4" (19 mm)	ZT125-17-3/4	1
ZIPSTOP Brake Trolley ^{5/8} " (15.9 mm)	ZT125-17-5/8	1
zipSTOP Box and Packing Kit	5105-000	1

12.8. Unscheduled Service Procedures

12.8.1. ZIPSTOP Brake Unit Side Cover replacement

The *ziPSTOP* Brake Unit side covers are removable and simply clip into place on the supporting casing. Remove side covers by placing a flat bladed screwdriver under the edge of the cover and carefully levering it up.



Do not operate the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit with covers removed.

The *ZIPSTOP* contains moving parts and must not be operated with covers removed. Keep fingers clear at all times.

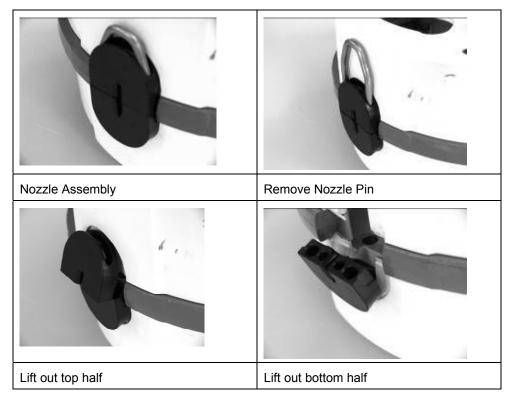
12.8.2. ZIPSTOP Brake Unit Nozzle replacement

The *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit Nozzle is located on the *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit casing and provides guidance for the Braking Line when extending and retracting. The Nozzle is a wear part and will need to be inspected regularly. Replacement is on a conditional basis.

12.8.3. Removing Nozzle assembly

To remove the Nozzle assembly:

- 1. Replacement of the Nozzle assembly may be carried out with the *ziPSTOP* in place if safe, secure access is available.
- 2. If the ZIPSTOP Brake Unit is to be removed from its mounting.
- 3. If necessary secure the Brake Unit to prevent damage to side covers.
- 4. Hold Braking Line secure to prevent it retracing into the Brake Unit when the Nozzle is removed.
- 5. Extract the Nozzle Pin.
- 6. Holding on to the Braking Line to prevent it retracting, lift out the two half sections of the Nozzle.



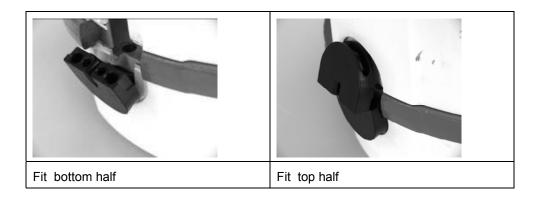
- 7. Inspect the Nozzle assembly for:
 - Splitting, cracking and deformation around slot and mounting flanges.
 - · Correct fitment in housing.

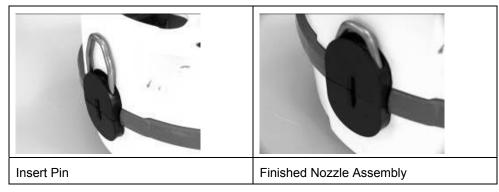
12.8.4. To refit the Nozzle Assembly:



Ensure that the Braking Line feeds squarely and without twists when retracting back into the brake unit.

Failure to do so may result in equipment failure, serious injury, or death to participants.





- 8. Refit the lower half of the Nozzle assembly into the recess on the casing.
- 9. Fit the upper half of the Nozzle assembly.
- 10. Check ZIPSTOP for correct operation.
- 11. Return ZIPSTOP Brake Unit to service.

12.9. Braking Line Replacement

If Braking Line shows signs of wear, damage or contamination then it will need to be replaced. Replace Braking Line as follows.

Safety Precautions



Ensure that the Braking Line feeds squarely and without twists when retracting back into the brake unit.

Failure to do so may result in equipment failure, serious injury, or death to participants



Do not allow Braking Line or drum lead to retract into housing.

With Nozzle removed, take care not to permit uncontrolled retraction of Drum Lead or Braking Line into casing. Uncontrolled retraction will result in internal damage and require repair by the manufacturer.

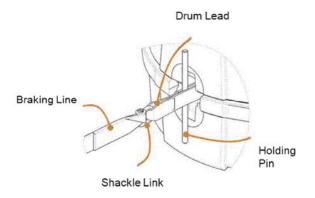


Use only genuine **ZIPSTOP** replacement parts.

Braking Line Replacement Procedure

To replace the Braking Line:

- 1. Remove the *ziPSTOP* Brake Unit from service and place securely on the work bench.
- 2. Remove the Nozzle assembly Refer to Section 12.8.3 'Remove Nozzle Assembly.'
- 3. While holding *ZIPSTOP* Brake Unit securely, pull out the Braking Line until the end of the Drum Lead and the Shackle Link are exposed.
- 4. Locate the loop in the Drum Lead, approx. 150 mm (6 in) past the Shackle Link Place a suitable Holding Pin through the loop in the Drum Lead to prevent it retracting back inside the casing.



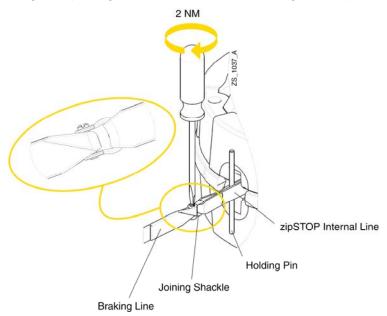
Braking Line Shackle Link Assembly parts

- 5. Unscrew the Shackle Pin.
- 6. Remove Braking Line and complete Shackle Link assembly from the Drum Lead.
- 7. Fit new Shackle Link supplied with the Braking Line Ensure the loop part of the Link is fitted to the Drum Lead.



Ensure the factory applied thread locking compound is present on the Shackle Link Pin threads. Do not reuse the Shackle Link Pin.

8. Fit the new Braking Line, passing the threaded Shackle Pin through the loop as shown.



Correct shackle fitment

- 9. Tighten the Shackle Pin to 2 Nm (18 lb-in), ensuring the threads are fully engaged and the end of the pin is flush with the Shackle Link as shown.
- 10. Remove the Holding Pin and allow the new line to slowly retract until Drum Lead and Shackle Link are inside casing



Once shackle pin is tightened it must not be loosened or retightened.

This will break the locking compound and the shackle pin may become loose. The shackle pin must be replaced if this happens.



Ensure that the Braking Line feeds squarely and without twists when retracting back into the brake unit.

Failure to do so may result in equipment failure, serious injury or death to participants.

- 11. Refit Nozzle assembly Refer 'Refit Nozzle Assembly'.
- 12. Slowly retract the Braking Line into the casing, checking the action is smooth and adequate spring resistance is felt.
- 13. Once line is fully retracted, pull out line a short distance using reasonable force and allow it to retract. Repeat two to three times to ensure line is firmly wound onto the drum.
- 14. Return ZIPSTOP Brake Unit to service and check for correct operation.

12.10. Brake Trolley Bump Stop Replacement

The Bump Stops may wear over time and should be replaced if they show signs of wear, cracking or splitting, hardening or deformation. The Brake Trolley Bump Stops may be replaced with the trolley in-situ on the zip line.

To replace the bump stops:

Remove the two self-locking nuts and washers securing the bump stop to the Brake Trolley.

Fit new bump stops and secure with washers and new self-locking nuts.

Torque to 10 Nm (7 ft-lb)



13. BRAKING DISTANCE CHARTS



CAUTION

Always complete unmanned testing to determine actual braking distances and points of dismount.

Calculated braking distances shown on charts are for guidance use only. Actual braking distances will vary due to site conditions, weather conditions and final configuration of zip line set-up.

Braking distances shown on charts refer to installations where *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line is fully retracted when Brake Trolley is positioned at the start of the Arrest Zone (Reset Position). If *ZIPSTOP* Braking Line is not fully retracted when Brake Trolley is reset, then actual braking distance will be different to that that shown on the chart.

Braking distances that fall below the 'BDmin' line will result in high level of braking force being felt by the rider, and may cause severe swinging up of the rider's body during braking.



The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *zipSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Charts to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.



Safe operation is contingent upon operating within the performance charts below.

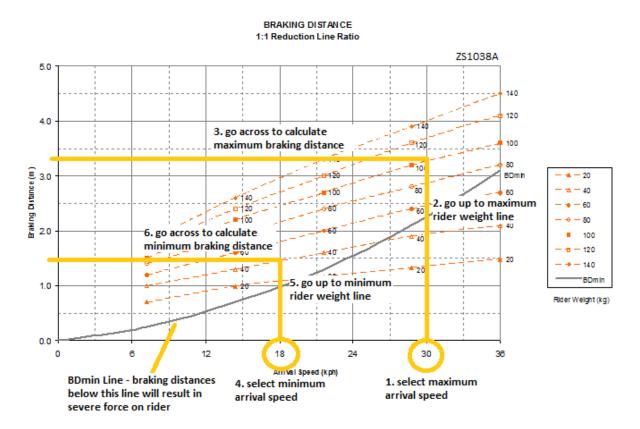
Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.



The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *zipSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Charts to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.1. How to read braking distance charts





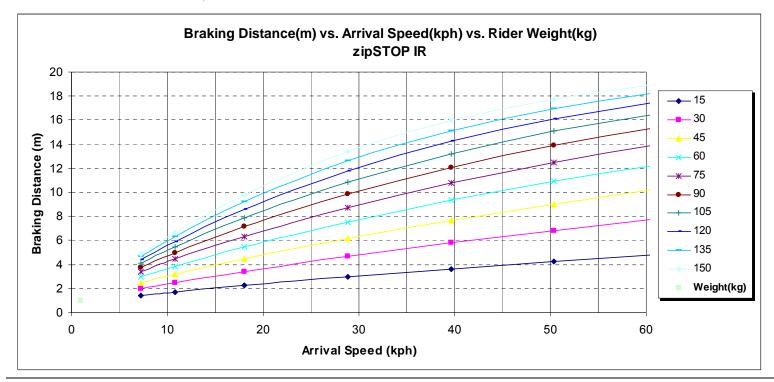
Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.



The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *ZIPSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Chart to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.2. 1:1 Ratio – Metric, ZSIR150-20A





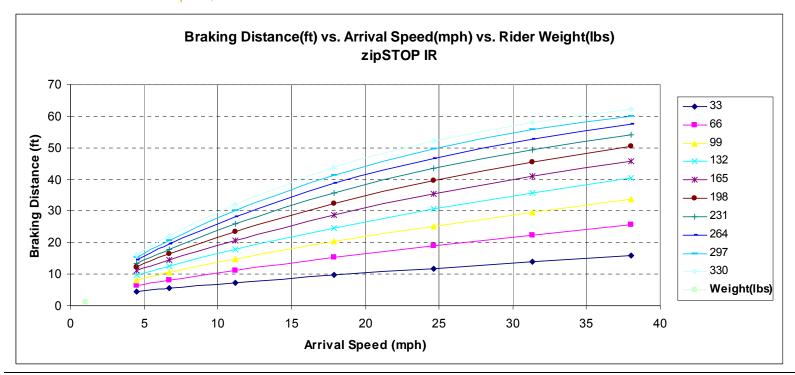
Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.



The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *ZIPSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Chart to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.3. 1:1 Ratio – Imperial, ZSIR150-20A





Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.

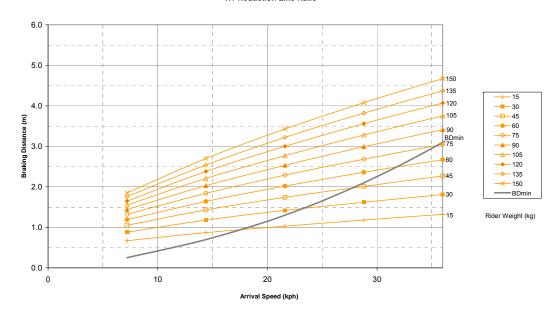


The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *ZIPSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Chart to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.4. 1:1 Ratio – Metric ZS125-08







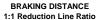
Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.

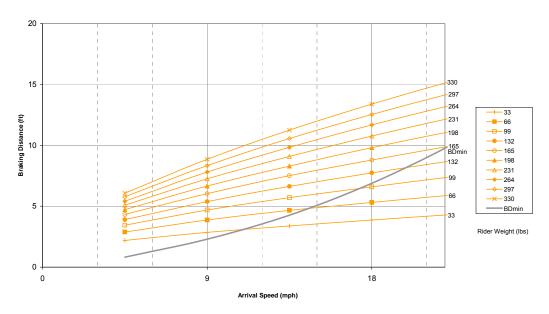


The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *ZIPSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Chart to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.5. 1:1 Ratio – Imperial ZS125-08







Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.

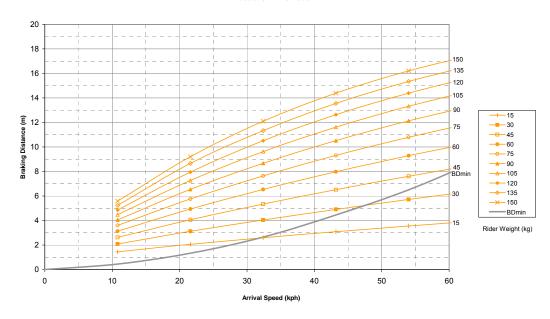


The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *ZIPSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Chart to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.6. 2:1 Ratio – Metric, ZS125-08

BRAKING DISTANCE 2:1 Reduction Line Ratio





Operating outside of these parameters may result in equipment damage or in injury or death of the rider.



The Braking Line must be fully retracted into the *ZIPSTOP* at the point of Brake initiation for the data in the following Braking Distance Chart to apply.

Serious injury, death, or damage to equipment can occur if Brake initiation occurs without a fully retracted Braking Line.

13.7. 2:1 Ratio – Imperial, ZS125-08

