

Plexus P2500

Aire Select System



Service Manual

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Important

Before using the Plexus C/2500 please read and understand the *Plexus 2500 Manual* and the *SAFETY PRECAUTIONS* in section 1.0 (page 2) prior to each application.

Only qualified medical service personnel should repair the Plexus C/2500.

In the event of any questions, contact our Technical Service Department for assistance:

USA Only:

Phone 1 800 828-7341

Fax 1 800 993-7890

Outside USA:

Phone (716) 662 8636

Fax (716) 662-0730

1.0 Contraindications


Refer to Operator's Manual

1.1 Indications for Use/Theory of Operation


Refer to Operator's Manual for proper operation of system.

1.2 Safety Precautions

Review the following **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS** prior to servicing the Plexus C2500.

 **DANGER**

- Explosion hazard. Do not use in the presence of flammable anesthetics.
- Risk of electric shock. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel.

 **CAUTION**

- Disconnect power before servicing the Plexus 2500 control unit**
- Repairs should be performed only by qualified personnel familiar with repair practices for servicing medical devices. Do not attempt to repair the Plexus C2500 Control Unit unless you possess these skills. Otherwise, damage to or malfunction of the control unit may result.

2.0 Receiving Inspection

Upon receipt, unpack the Plexus C2500 Control Unit and inspect for concealed damage. Save all packing material. If any damage is found, notify the carrier at once and ask for a written inspection. Prepare a written description of any damage. Photograph any damage.

Failure to take the above action within 15 days of receipt may result in loss of claim.

Do not return the Plexus C2500 Control Unit to Plexus Medical. Contact Plexus Medical's Technical Service Department for instructions.

USA only 1 800 828-7341

Outside USA (716) 662-8636

3.0 Repair Policy

The Plexus C2500 Control Unit is warranted free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of two (2) years and M2500 mattress one (1) year.

The Control Unit and mattress is warranted under the terms and conditions of the Plexus Medical warranty in place at the time of purchase. A copy of the warranty is available upon request. Plexus Medical disclaims all implied warranties including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for a particular purpose.

Control units and mattress may be returned to the factory for servicing (see Return Authorization).

For customers who choose to repair Aire Select systems at their location, this manual contains information to allow a qualified technician to make necessary repairs. For technical support, contact Plexus Medical's Technical Service Department.

3.1 In-Warranty Repairs

All in-warranty repairs must be authorized by Plexus Medical's Technical Service Department before proceeding.

3.2 Out- of-Warranty Repairs

The following repair options are available when servicing Plexus Aire Select Control Units and mattress:

- Defective Components - replacement parts may be ordered by specifying the Plexus Medical part number as shown in the parts lists.
- Plexus C2500 Control Unit Repairs - If the Plexus C2500 Control Unit becomes inoperative and the cause cannot be determined, the complete control unit may be returned to the factory for servicing at the purchaser's expense (see Return Authorization).

3.3 Return Authorization

Please be sure to obtain a return goods (RG) authorization number from Plexus Medical's Customer Service Department before returning the Aire Select control unit or mattress or any component parts to Plexus Medical.

USA only 1 800 828-7341

Outside USA (716) 662-8636

4.0 Specifications

Physical

Dimensions	12" x 10" x 5" (30 cm x 25 cm x 13 cm)
Weight	9 lbs. (4.08 kg)
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	65°F to 75°F

Storage Conditions

Ambient Temperature	40°F to 105°F Range
Relative Humidity	30% to 75% Non-condensing

Electrical

	Domestic	European
Power	120 V~	220 V~
Frequency	60 Hz	50 Hz
Current	1A	.5A



Type BF Equipment



Attention, Consult Accompanying Documents

IPX0 Protection Against Harmful Ingress of Liquids Ordinary Protection (IPX0)

Agency Approval

TUV IEC 60601.1 (220V only)
UL 544, C22.22 No. 125

5.0 Control Panel

5.1 Front Panel Features (see figure 1)

- **ON/STANDBY**

- Used to turn the system on and off.
- The amber LED indicates the unit is in standby mode.
- The green LED indicates the unit is in normal running mode.

- **FULLY ILLUMINATED POWER AND SOFT/FIRM CONTROLS**

- The Plexus 2500 provides the added benefit of patient comfort control.
- The soft button is used to decrease the pressure in the mattress, and the firm button is used to increase the pressure in the mattress, with a range between approximately 10mmHg and 32mmHg max.
- Nine pressure settings are available to enable the user to select the lowest possible pressure that will still support the patient.
- An LED panel reminds the caregiver of the system settings that are correct for their patient.

- **MAX INFLATE**

- The air mattress can be maximally inflated (32mmHg) by pushing the "MAX INFLATE" button on the control unit, to assist in patient ingress/egress as well as normal nursing procedures.
- Upon initiating the maximum inflate condition, the mattress will rapidly inflate to its highest (firmest) level and maintain that setting.
- "MAX INFLATE" button will remain illuminated while system is in maximum inflation mode.
- If the "MAX INFLATE" button is pushed during max inflation mode, the button will cease illuminating and the system will return to previously chosen settings.
- After 30 minutes in the "MAX INFLATE" mode, the system is programmed to automatically return to the therapeutic settings. This fail-safe feature prevents a high-risk patient from inadvertently being left on a firmer than therapeutic surface.

ON DEMAND ALTERNATING LOW PRESSURE THERAPY

- The Plexus Aire Select system gives the caregiver the option of whether or not to use alternating low-pressure therapy.
- A simple push of a button on the control unit transforms the Plexus Aire Select system from a low air loss therapy system to one that provides alternating pressure therapy.

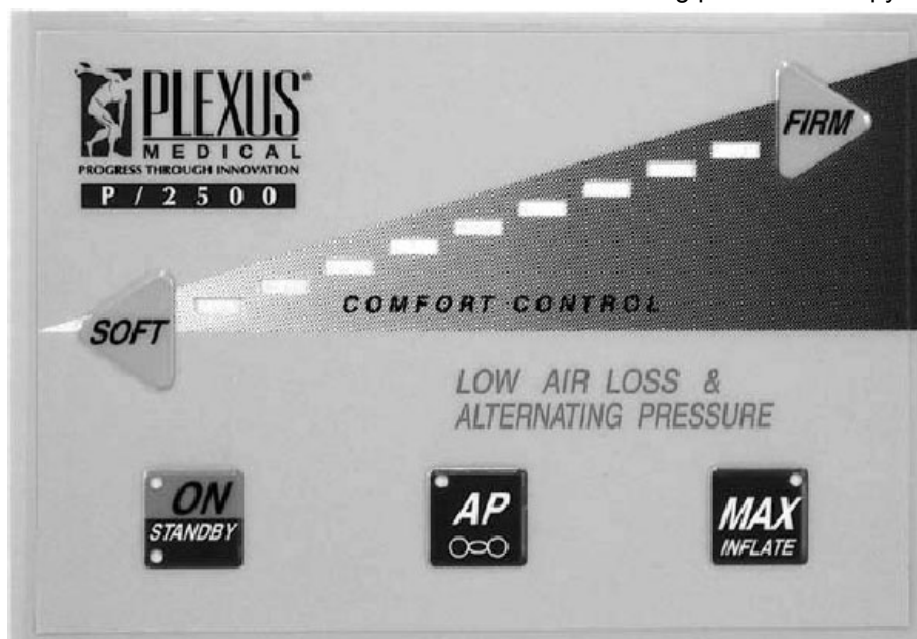


Figure 1 – C/2500 Front Control Panel

5.2 Rear Panel Features (see figure 2)

1. WASHABLE FILTER ELEMENT

Requires periodic cleaning between patient uses or every 30 days.

2. MODEL/SERIAL NUMBER /IDENTIFICATION PLATE

This barcode label must not be removed from the unit. The model and serial number information is needed to arrange for returns to the factory.

3. CURRENT LEAK TEST ACCESS POINT



Figure 2 - C/2500 Rear Panel

6.0 Cleaning

6.1 Chassis exterior

To clean, use soap and water and a clean cloth to wipe down the pump, power cord and hoses. Wipe dry with a clean dry cloth. Do not autoclave.

NOTE: Blood and other fluids must be thoroughly cleaned from all surfaces before applying the disinfectant. Apply a hospital grade disinfectant according to the manufacturer's instructions and hospital protocol. Allow to completely dry. The contact time is what makes the solution effective.

6.2 Mattress

Outside surfaces of mattress may be cleaned with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not disinfect with alcohol, which may cause mattress material degradation.

Cushions are made of plastic. If it is necessary to sterilize cushions, use ETO sterilization and/or handle like any other plastic product. Sterilization temperatures must not exceed 57°C (135°F).

See appropriate mattress service literature for additional cleaning instructions.

7.0 Routine Maintenance and Function Testing (see figures 3 and 4)

7.1 Routine Maintenance

Visually check the unit for physical damage. Specifically inspect the power cord, power inlet connector, hose connectors and O-rings. Repair, replace end of this section to document testing. If the unit passes the tests outlined in this section it can be considered functional and ready for service. If the unit does not pass the following described tests it should be removed from service and calibrated or repaired. Mattresses should also be periodically inspected in accordance with the instructions outlined in the appropriate mattress manual.

Required Tools:

Manometer pressure gauge

0-100 mmHg range

Plexus P/N 10329

Mattress Simulator

Plexus P/N 11667-000

Or

M2500 mattress with P/N 11668-000 (see figure 4)

Test Conditions:

The following tests should be performed in a 70 degree room after the unit has been allowed to operate for 15 minutes.

Test Procedure:

Connect the unit to the mattress simulator or test mattress as shown in figures 3 and 4.

1. With the unit operating in the Low Air Loss mode (AP light off), press the appropriate soft/firm key until one LED bar is lit on the comfort control indicator. After a moment verify the test manometer reads 9 ± 4 mmHg.
2. Adjust the soft/firm keys until all the LED bars are lit on the comfort control indicator. After a moment verify the test manometer reads 27 ± 4 mmHg.
3. Press the max inflate key. After a few moments verify the test manometer reads 28 ± 4 mmHg.
4. Disconnect the mattress simulator or test mattress from the unit. Press the AP key and verify that there is a noticeable decrease in the airflow (pressure) from one of the outlets on the machine. Leave the unit in AP mode and verify that the higher/lower airflow alternates from one port to the other. The alternating cycle time is approximately 4 minutes. (note: unlike some APP pumps the airflow does not completely shut off from one port to the other on this unit).
5. Perform electrical safety testing with an approved testing device. Current leakage values should not exceed 100uAmps for 120V units or 500uAmps for 220V units. Ground line resistance should be less than .5 ohms.
6. Fill out a copy of the check sheet, documenting the serial number of the machine and results. File for future reference.

If any of the tests outlined above were not satisfactory, the unit should not be put into service. Refer to the calibration and or troubleshooting sections of this manual for assistance in determining, repairing the problem.



Figure 3 – C/2500 Function Test



Figure 4 – C/2500 Function Test

Function Test Check Sheet

Model: _____

Serial: _____

Test Procedure Results:

Manometer Readings (steps 1-3).

1. _____ mmHg

2. _____ mmHg

3. _____ mmHg

AP mode functions properly (step 4).

Pass _____ Fail _____

Electrical safety test results (step 5).

Pass _____ Fail _____

Max current leakage reading _____ μ Amps

Ground resistance less than 0.5 ohms

Pass _____ Fail _____

Tested by _____ Date _____

9.0 Mattress Storage and Care

Roll the mattress up, starting at the head, and secure with straps provided at the feet. Store in a plastic bag to prevent contamination.

10.0 Mattress Troubleshooting

Mattress testing on this low air loss mattress is extremely simple and requires only the use of a good control unit or other device to inflate the mattress. The only possible problem conditions are unintended leaks in the system, disconnected cells, and kinked or twisted hoses or manifold.

Diagnostic Procedure 1.0

Low Air loss Mattress - Leaks in Mattress, Manifold, or hoses

1.0.0 Unintended leaks can be felt and heard without the use of any special equipment. There should be no detectable air escaping from any portion of the system except for the four holes in the top of each air cell. Any component with a hole should be replaced. Also Verify that there are actually four holes in the air cells; if the mattress was unintentionally assembled with sealed cells form an APM mattress, overheating, damage and malfunction will occur to the control unit.

Low Air loss Mattress - Disconnected Cells (see also leaks, 1.0.0)

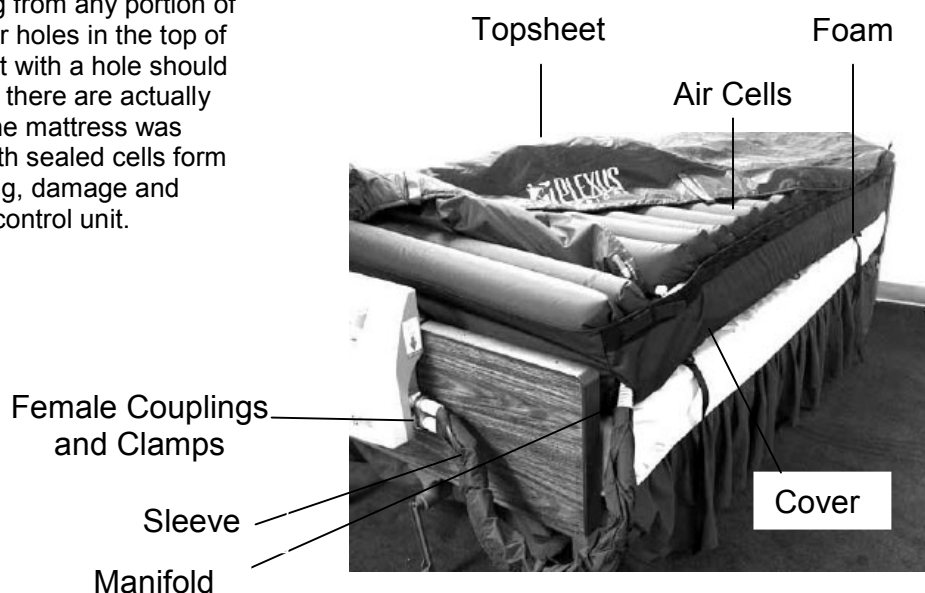
1.1.0 Disconnected air cells should be reconnected. Occasionally the white quick connect fittings can come out of the red/orange flange in either the cells or the manifold, if not damaged the fittings may be glued into the flange superglue. Note: Care should be taken so that excess glue does not leak into the air cells during reassembly. Alternatively a replacement manifold may be purchased.

Diagnostic Procedure 1.2

Low Air loss Mattress - Kinks/Twists in Manifold

1.2.0 Kinked or twisted manifolds and hoses will restrict airflow. If this condition occurs untwist the manifold or hose assy. and verify proper mattress operation.

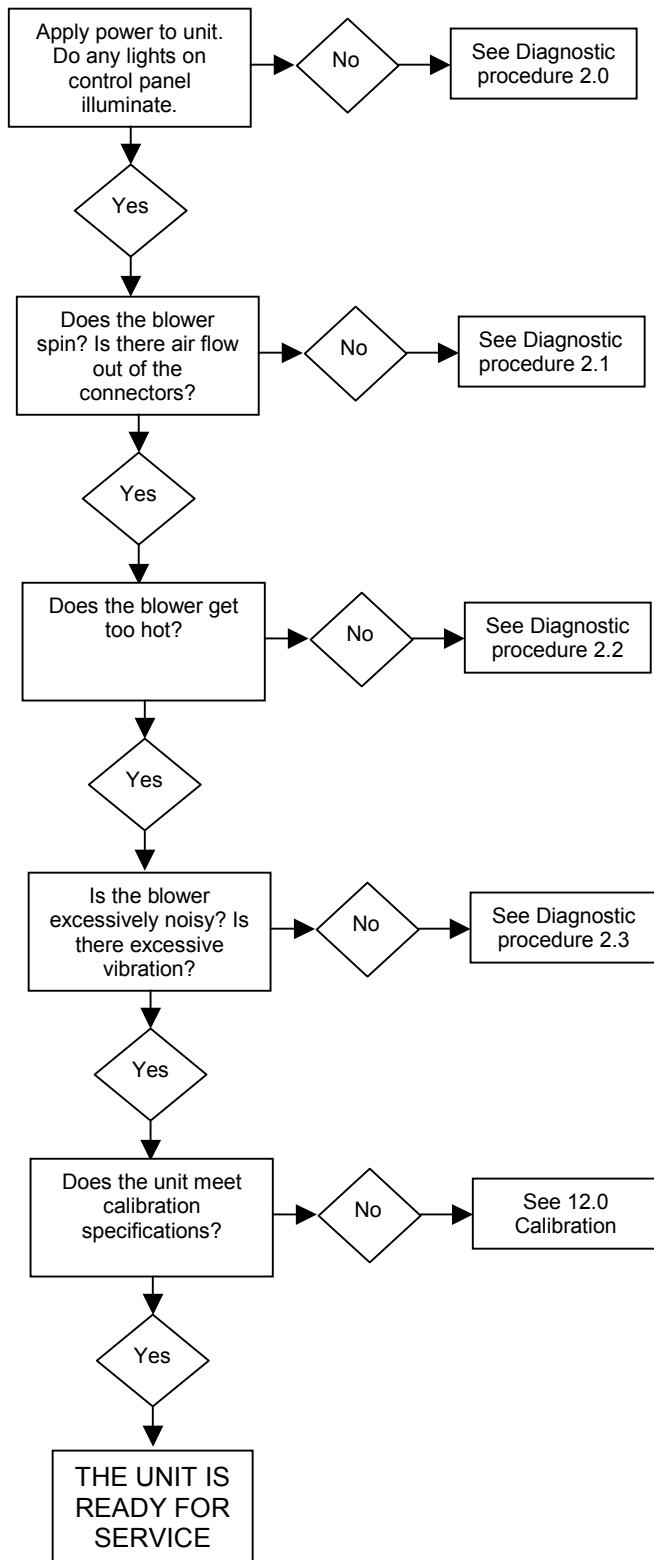
10.1 Parts M2500



Mattress Size	Standard	39	42	48	54	60
Description	Part Numbers					
Topsheet *	30006*	30006-39*	30006-42*	30006-48*	30006-54*	30006-60*
Air Cell	30008	30008-39	30008-42	30008-48	30008-54	30008-60
Manifold Assy.	30089	30089-39	30089-42	30089-48	30089-54	30089-60
Spiral Tubing	10035	10035-39	10035-42	10035-48	10035-54	10035-60
Manifold Welded	30088	30088-39	30088-42	30088-48	30088-54	30088-60
Female Coupling	10057	10057-39	10057-42	10057-48	10057-54	10057-60
Coupler Spiral to Manifold	10113	10113-39	10113-42	10113-48	10113-54	10113-60
Sleeve	30159	30159-39	30159-42	30159-48	30159-54	30159-60
Clamp (Top)	20046	20046-39	20046-42	20046-48	20046-54	20046-60
Clamp (Bot.)	20045	20045-39	20045-42	20045-48	20045-54	20045-60
Clamp Screw	10116	10116	10116	10116	10116	10116
Base	30065-NF	30065-39	30065-42	30065-48	30065-54	30065-60
Foam	20001	20001-39	20001-42	20001-48	20001-54	20001-60
Foam Cover	30065-FC	30065-FC39	30065-FC42	30065-FC48	30065-FC54	30065-FC60

* For private label components contact customer service.

11.0 Control Unit Troubleshooting



Diagnostic Procedure 2.0

P2500 – Unit Apparently Dead/No Indication of Power in Lights on Main Panel

- 2.0.1** Apply power and test for line cord/mains voltage 110V/230V at input side of primary fuses (5A on 110 VAC models, 2.5A on 230 VAC models). See figure 2.0.1 for test points. If appropriate line voltage is present, continue to 2.0.2. If no voltage is present, check power supply or wall outlet and check for loose terminals on supply lines from power entry module.
- 2.0.2** Test for 110 VAC/230 VAC at output of fuses. See figure 2.0.2 for test points. If voltage is present, continue to test 2.0.3. If no voltage is present, disconnect power, remove and inspect fuses.
- 2.0.3** Test for 14 VAC at input side of secondary fuses (1A). See figure 2.0.3a. If 14 VAC is present, continue to 2.0.4. If 14 VAC is not present, check for 14 VAC across secondary terminals (7 & 12) of transformer. See figure 2.0.3b. If voltage is not present, disconnect power and check resistance across primary (terminals 1 & 6, and then 2 & 5) and secondary (terminals 7 & 12 and then 8 & 11) of transformer. If any of the four transformer coils are open, replace transformer. If transformer coils are not open, check for loose terminals on supply wires to transformer. Check wiring diagram to ensure transformer is wired correctly.
- 2.0.4** Test for 14 VAC at output side of secondary fuses (1A). If 14V is present, continue to 2.0.5. If voltage is not present, disconnect power, remove and inspect fuses.
- 2.0.5** Test for 14 VAC at J4 on main circuit board in front panel. See figure 2.0.5. If 14 VAC is present, and no LEDs illuminate on front panel, replace circuit board.

Diagnostic Procedure 2.1

P2500 – No Air Flow, Blower Does not Spin

- 2.1.0** Test for Line voltage (110 VAC/230VAC) at output of primary fuses (5A at 110 VAC, 2.5A at 230 VAC). See figure 2.1.0. If voltage is present, continue to 2.1.1. If no voltage is present, check the following: power supply, condition of primary fuses, and inspect for loose connections or broken wires on supply lines from power entry module to fuses.

2.1.1 Test for voltage between 0-10 VDC at J3 on main circuit board at front panel. See figure 2.1.1. This voltage is an analog speed control signal to the blower; 0V is off and, 10V is max (max voltage for a calibrated unit is typically 7.5 to 8.5 volts, depending on altitude). If a non-zero voltage less than 10V is present, continue to 2.1.2. If voltage is not present, check for "on" condition on front panel. If main circuit board will not generate a signal in the appropriate range, (test also with the connector removed from J3 if correct signal is not found when attached), replace main circuit board.

2.1.2 Check for loose connections in supply wires to blower from fuses and in signal wires from J3 to blower. If no loose connections or breaks in the circuit are found, replace blower.

NOTE: Blower may be bench tested by applying line voltage (110 VAC or 230VAC, see blower information on underside) to the 18ga. Black and white wires, and connecting the 22ga. Red and black wires to a power supply between 0 and 10V, red is positive. A dry cell battery between 1.5v and 9v may also be used.

Diagnostic Procedure 2.2

P2500 – Blower too Hot.

2.2.0 Use a thermocouple to measure the output temperature of the airflow exiting the blower at the pressure tap shown in figure 2.2.0 (screw must be removed). The unit must be fully assembled, attached to a properly functioning mattress, at least 15 minutes allowed for normal operating temperature to be reached, and ambient temperature must be between 65-75°F or 18-24°C for any temperature measurement to be valid. Blower exhaust temperature under these conditions should not exceed 120°F or 49°C (Temperatures in the mattress will be substantially lower due to convection and radiation from the manifold and air cells). If the exhaust temperature is below this limit, the unit is operating normally. If the exhaust temperature exceeds this limit, continue to 2.2.1.

2.2.1 Inspect the air filter for dirt and lint accumulation. If the filter is clean, continue to 2.2.2. If the filter is dirty, clean it according to the instructions in the operator's manual. A failing blower that is generating excessive heat due to failing bearings or other internal problem will generally be noisy as well as hot. See also procedure 2.3.0 regarding blower noise. Any obstruction to airflow, particularly a dirty filter, will cause excessive heat and greatly shorten the life of the blower. If cleaning the filter, or clearing an obstruction lowers the

operating temperature to an acceptable value, the unit may be put back into service.

2.2.2 Inspect for an obstruction to airflow in the unit or hoses after the blower. If an obstruction is present, remove it. If no restriction to airflow is found and temperatures exceed the limit stated above, the blower should be replaced. Any obstruction to airflow, particularly a dirty filter, will cause excessive heat and greatly shorten the life of the blower. If cleaning the filter, or clearing an obstruction lowers the operating temperature to an acceptable value, the unit may be put back into service.

Diagnostic Procedure 2.3

P2500 – Excessive Noise or Vibration.

2.3.0 Any whistling or sound of moving air is generally caused by a leak in the air path from the blower to the mattress. These noises/leaks are easily identified by feeling around inside the enclosure until escaping air is found somewhere in the unit. If the noise is not due to leaking air, continue to 2.3.1. Extreme care must be taken to avoid touching the current carrying elements, such as the fuse blocks, inside the unit to avoid electric shock. Care must also be taken to avoid touching the rotating machinery. If a leak can be identified, it should be repaired by replacement of the damaged component. The most common noise producing failure is the self adhesive foam AP gasket, see figure 2.3.0. Occasionally the gasket adhesive will release, typically due to excessive heat, see also procedure 2.2.0.

2.3.1 If any unusual noise or vibration is found coming from the blower itself, it should be replaced immediately. Parts of the blower rotate at high speed and any physical damage due to wear or other causes warrants replacement to ensure safe operation. The unit is constructed with sealed bearings that will normally give years of trouble free service, but unusual noise is generally a sign of bearing failure. Neglecting to clean the filter as specified in the operator's manual can result in premature blower failure.

Diagnostic Procedure 2.4

P2500 – Verify Proper Operation AP mode

2.4.0 Press the AP button to turn on the AP. Test for 6 VDC across the AP motor terminals on the AP valve. If 6 VDC is not present, for at least a few seconds, replace the Main PCB in the front panel. If 6 VDC is present, at least for a few seconds, and the airflow from top and bottom ports on side of unit do not change, return AP valve to factory for rebuilding and repair. If 6 VDC is present, at least for a few seconds, and the airflow from top and bottom ports on side of unit is not as expected, i.e.; both ports change airflow continuously or only one port will change when AP is fully cycled, continue to next step below.

2.4.1 If airflow from both ports change continually in AP mode, check the filtered sensor output from the PCB on the AP valve as follows:

1. Check for 5VDC across pin 3 (orange wire) and pin 6 (blue wire) of the AP ribbon cable connector. The wires may be probed by taking the PCB out of the front panel and picking up the pins on the other side. Pin 1 is next to the arrow at the base of the blue connector, and the pins are numbered as shown below. If voltage is less than 4.5, or more than 6.5 volts, replace the main PCB in the front panel.

1	2
3	4
5	6
7	8
9	10

2. Check for voltage polarity change between 0 and 5 VDC across pins 3 (orange) and 7 (purple) at least once every 2.5 minutes. If airflow is constantly changing and voltage polarity change is not present, repair/replace AP valve assembly. If voltage switch is present, replace main PCB in front panel.

12.0 Calibration

The calibration procedure should only be performed if the unit does not pass the functional check and safety inspection testing (see Section 8.0, page x).

Attach a mattress or approved mattress simulator to the unit and allow 25 minutes of operation for the system to come to stable operating temperatures. If a mattress is used, insert two pressure gages between two adjacent

cells and the manifold in the center of the mattress. Each gage must be attached to both the air cell and the manifold via a tee in order to develop appropriate back pressure on the unit. If a mattress simulator is used, attach the simulator to the unit and attach two pressure gages to the simulator using the fittings provided. Verify proper AP operation as follows:

1. Start with the AP off (light under button off), and verify the pressures are equal on both gages. If the pressure difference between the two measurements exceeds three mmHg, see procedure 2.4.0 to troubleshoot the AP valve.
2. When the AP is turned on and all nine comfort control lights are on (max inflate off), the pressure in one side should drop by at least 5 mmHg, and no more than 20 mmHg relative to the other side. If the pressure does not drop, see procedure 2.4.0, to troubleshoot the AP valve.
3. When AP is pressed again, the pressures should equalize and the light should go out under the AP button. If the pressures do not equalize, see procedure 2.4.0, to troubleshoot the AP valve.
4. When the AP is turned on again, the pressure in the other side should drop by at least 5 mmHg, and no more than 20mmHg. If the pressure does not drop, see procedure to troubleshoot the AP valve.

12.1 Calibration Procedure:

NOTE: The following calibration procedure is intended to be performed only if the machine does not pass the function testing outlined in section 8.0. It is not intended to be performed on a routine basis.

NOTE: Unit must be warmed up for proper calibration and accurate pressure readings. Adjustments must be made for the high end of the ranges called out in the procedure, as the pressures will drop slightly when the unit is closed. Final pressure readings should be taken with the unit closed.

- 1 Connect unit to mattress simulator or appropriate mattress. Insure the connections used on the manifold do not contain orifices.
- 2 Set unit for "Firm" (all nine LED's lighted, MAX and AP off). Change pressure using adjustment potentiometer located on the blower under the cap at the eight o'clock position (potentiometer located at two o'clock on 230V units). Firm should be set for 27 ± 4 mmHg.

- 3 Turn on the MAX INFLATE function and adjust the left-hand potentiometer on main PCB. MAX should be set for 28 ± 4 mmHg.
- 4 Turn off MAX INFLATE and reduce the pressure setting to SOFT (one LED lighted, MAX and AP off). Adjust right-hand potentiometer on the main PCB. soft should be set for 10 ± 3 mmHg.
- 5 Close unit and verify reading are within specifications.

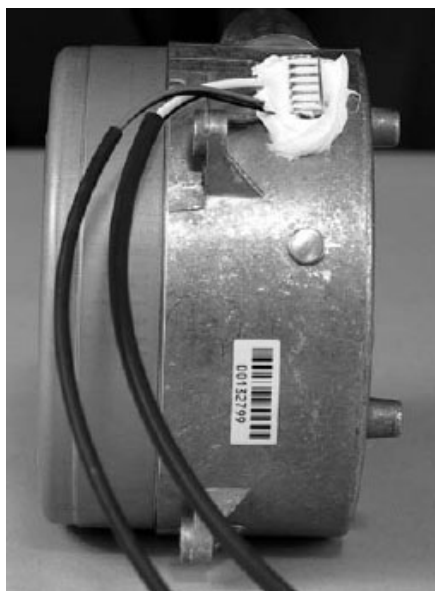


Figure 5 - Blower Side View

13.0 Repair procedures

Repairs of Plexus Medical products should only be performed by qualified and experienced technicians familiar with repairing medical equipment. Before attempting repair of Plexus medical products it is recommended that technicians review this service manual completely and have the necessary test tools called out in the manual. Function testing of the machine for proper operation is required after all repairs. If you do not have the required technical skills and test tools it is recommended that the machine be returned to the factory for servicing. Improper servicing can result in improper clinical performance of the system, premature failure of system components and invalidated warranties.

Replacement/repair of many of the components in this machine do not require specific detailed instructions. Some of them do. Following are instructions for some of the more complex replacement/repair items in this machine.

Important:

The AP valve PC board contains electronic components that are highly sensitive to static discharge. It is mandatory that the technician opening the unit, employ a grounding strap to avoid damaging the PC board. AP valve PC boards damaged by static discharge will not be covered by warranty.

13.1 Replacing the Blower

see figures 5 and 6

1. Remove male couplings from outside of enclosure.
2. Remove three screws that anchor the blower to the mounts.
3. Cut tie-wraps securing wire harness.
4. Release connectors from main PCB
5. Lift out blower and AP valve assembly
6. Separate blower from AP valve.

Installing Replacements:

1. Insert replacement blower nozzle into AP valve.
NOTE: Care should be taken not to damage gasket on AP valve.
2. Lower blower and AP valve into place in the rear enclosure.
3. Install male couplings through rear enclosure and tighten into valve body.
4. Secure blower to mounts with three screws.
NOTE: Make sure ground jumper and wire to main PCB are secured at the lower left mount.
5. Reattach connectors from wireless harness to main PCB and secure wires to the anchor points.

NOTE: After replacing the blower or main PCB, the calibration procedure must be completed.



Figure 6 - Blower Front View

13.2 Replacing the AP Valve Assembly or PC Board and Motor Assembly see figure 7

Replace AP Board and Rotor Only - PN 30058



CAUTION

- THE AP BOARD IS EXTREMELY SENSITIVE TO STATIC.

Under normal conditions the valve body and bottom plate will not need to be replaced. Only the board and rotor will need to be changed.

1. Remove three screws.
2. Release cable from blower by cutting tie-wrap. Disconnect cable from board.
3. AP Board should now lift from valve body; rotor will come out with board.
4. Pull rotor off existing board.
NOTE: There are two washers on the shaft that will be reused.

Installing Replacements:

1. Place two washers on shaft of motor on replacement board. Press rotor onto shaft aligning keywar. Rotor should be seated firmly against washers and hub on motor shaft.
2. Connect cable to main board on front enclosure. Cable should be oriented with the wire proceeding from the bottom of the connector and running toward the bottom of the main board.
3. Insert AP Board assembly into valve body and secure with three screws.
4. Secure wire to anchor points on blower and tie-wraps.

Replace AP complete assembly - PN 30059

1. Remove male couplings from outside of enclosure.
2. Remove three screws that anchor the blower to the mounts.
3. Cut tie-wraps securing wire harness.
4. Release connectors from main PCB.
5. Lift out blower and AP valve assembly.
6. Separate blower from AP valve.

Installing Replacements:

1. Insert blower nozzle into replacement AP valve.
2. Lower blower and AP valve into place in the rear enclosure.
3. Install male couplings through rear enclosure and tighten into valve body.
4. Secure blower to mounts.
NOTE: Insure ground jumper and wire to main PCB are secured at the lower left mount.
5. Reattach connectors from wire harness to main PCB and secure wires to the anchor points.

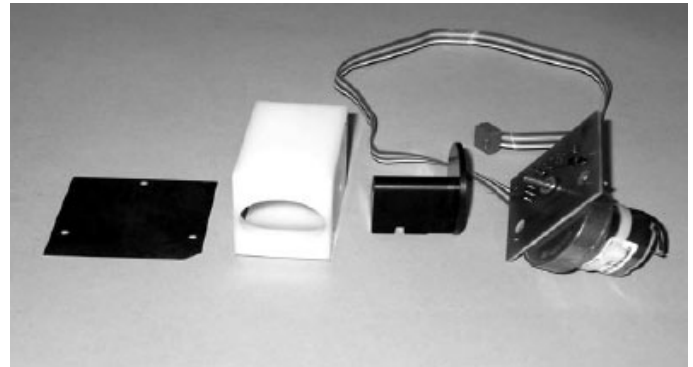


Figure 7 – AP valve assembly, PC board and motor assembly parts

AP valve assembly pre-installation test:

Before reinstalling the AP valve assembly it is recommended to perform the following test to ensure the rotor will not hang up and the valve operates properly.

1. Connect cable from PBC/Rotor assembly to main board on front enclosure. Cable should be oriented with the wire proceeding from the bottom of the connector and running toward the bottom of the main board.
2. Turn unit on and make sure the unit is not in AP mode. The rotor should revolve and stop at the "center" position (see Figure 8, below).
3. Turn on the AP function. The rotor should turn to the left or right side positions (see Figure 9 or 10, below).
4. Turn the AP function off and the rotor should return to the center. Turn the AP function on again and the rotor should turn to the opposite side position turned in number 3 (see Figure 9 or 10, below).

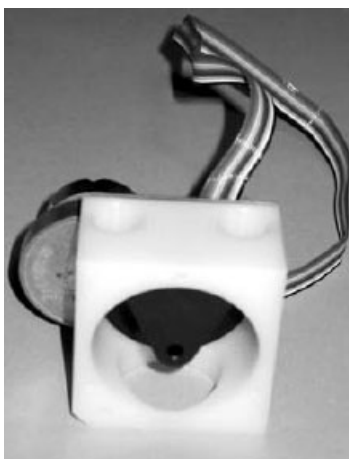


Figure 8 – rotor center position

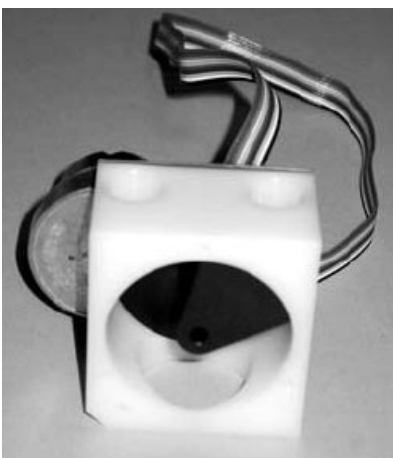


Figure 9 – rotor side position



Figure 10 – rotor side position

13.3 Installing a New Control PC Board Assembly

Upon installing a new control PC board it will be necessary to perform the PC board calibration procedure.

(Please see section 12.0 Calibration Procedures).

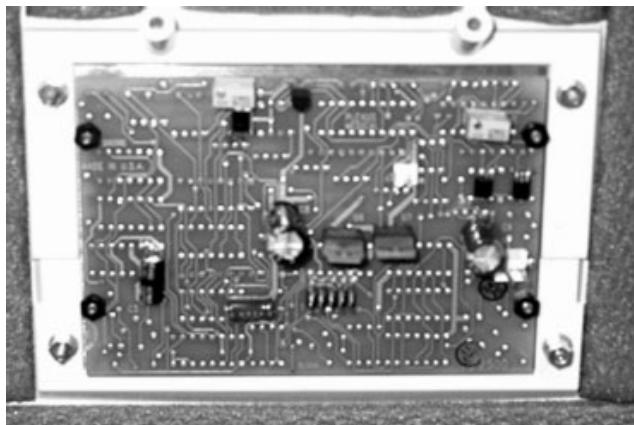
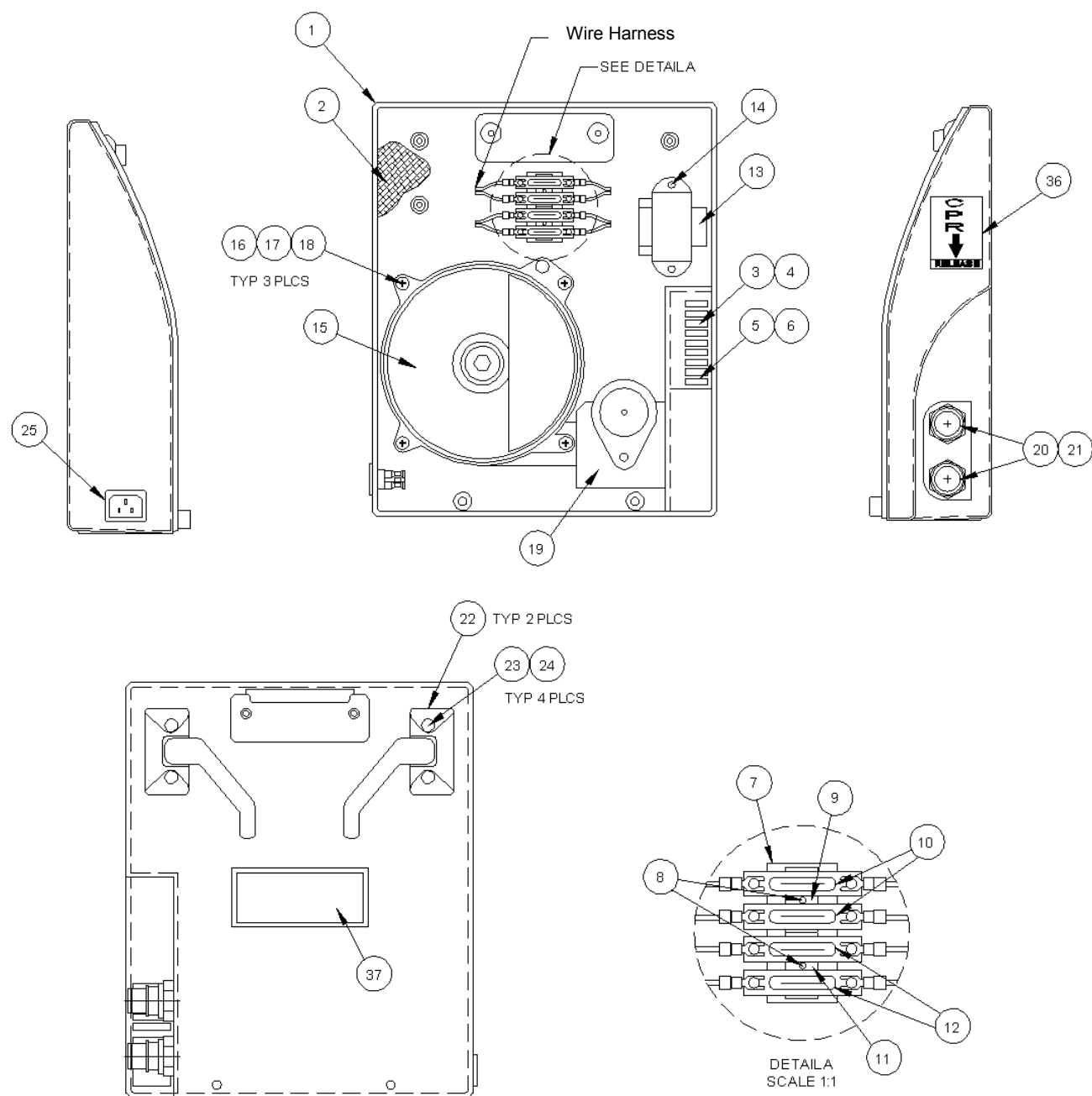


Figure 11 – PC Board

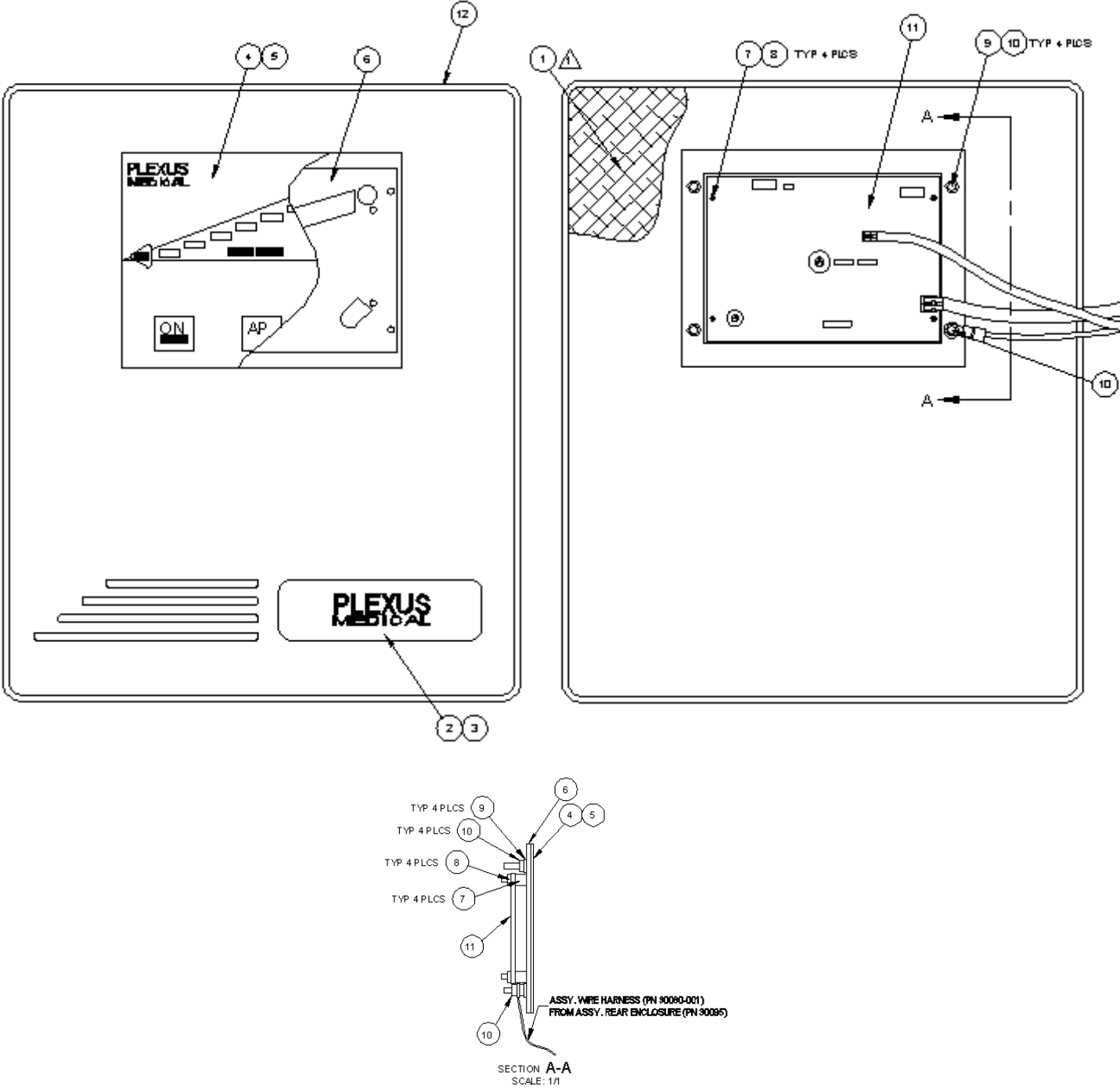
14.0 Parts List

14.1 Rear Enclosure



Item	Description	Plexus PN 120 V~ Model	Plexus PN 220 V~ Model
1	Enclosure Rear	20214-2500	20214-2500
2	Sound Foam Set	20218	20218
3	Filter Foam	20228	20228
4	Baffle	20215	20215
5	PVC Cleaner	N/A	N/A
6	ABS Adhesive	N/A	N/A
7	Fuse Holder	10056	10056
8	6-32 Screw	10069	10069
9	Fuse Label 5A (120 V~) or 2.5A (230 V~)	50038	50038-2.5
10	Fuse 5A (120 V~) or 2.5A (230 V~)	10065	10219
11	Fuse Label 1A	50039	50039
12	Fuse 1A	10064	10064
13	Transformer 24V	10055	10055
14	10-32 Screw	10362	10362
15	Altered Blower	11496-2500	11675-2500
16	Standoff	10047	10047
17	Vibration Mount	10048	10048
18	10-32 Screw	10070	10070
19	Valve Assy.	30059	30059
20	3/8 NPT Male Connector	10037	10037
21	O-Ring	10081	10081
22	Molded Hook Assy.	30297	30297
23	10-32 Screw	10070-BOSS	10070-BOSS
24	#10 Lock washer, internal tooth	10387	10387
25	Power entry module	10049-SNAP	10259-SNAP
36	Label CPR	50041	50041
N/A	Wire Harness	30080	N/A

14.2 Front Enclosure



Item	Description	Plexus PN 120 V~ Model	Plexus PN 220 V~ Model
1	Sound Foam Set	20218	20218
2	Logo Label	20037*	20037*
4	Overlay Label	20054*	20054*
6	PCB Mounting Plate	20047	20047
7	Spacer	20041	20041
8	Nylon 4-40 Nut	10087	10087
9	#4 Flat Washer	10088	10088
10	4-4- Nut	10089	10089
11	Main PCB	30096	30096
12	Front Enclosure	20213	20213

* For private label components contact Technical Service.



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