Hisense

Installation & Maintenance Manual

INVERTER-DRIVEN MULTI-SPLIT AIR CONDITIONER (HEAT PUMP)

- Outdoor Units -

	Model	
AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR
AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-182U6SZ
AVWT-190U6SZ	AVWT-210U6SZ	AVWT-232U6SZ
AVWT-250U6SZ	AVWT-272U6SZ	AVWT-290U6SZ
AVWT-307U6SZ	AVWT-328U6SZ	AVWT-345U6SZ
AVWT-365U6SZ	AVWT-386U6SZ	AVWT-402U6SZ
AVWT-426U6SZ	AVWT-444U6SZ	AVWT-460U6SZ





IMPORTANT:

READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL BEFORE USING THIS HEAT-PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS. KEEP THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

P00397Q

ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT NOTICE

- HISENSE pursues a policy of continuing improvement in design and performance of products. The right is therefore reserved to vary specifications without notice.
- HISENSE cannot anticipate every possible circumstance that might involve a potential hazard.
- This heat pump air conditioner is designed for standard air conditioning only. Do not use this heat pump air conditioner for other purpose such as drying clothes, refrigerating foods or for any other cooling or heating process.
- Do not install the unit in the following places. It may cause a fire, deformation, corrosion or failure.
 - * Places where oil (including machinery oil).
 - * Places where a lot of sulfide gas drifts such as in hot spring.
 - * Places where inflammable gas may generate or flow.
 - * Places where strong salty wind blows such as coast regions.
 - * Places with an atmosphere of acidity or alkalinity.
- Do not install the unit in the place where silicon gas drifts. If the silicon gas attaches to the surface of heat exchanger, the fin surface repels water. As a result, drain water splashes outside of the drain pan and splashed water runs inside of electrical box. In the end, water leakage or electrical devices failure may occur.
- Pay attention to the following points when the unit is installed in a hospital or other facilities where electromagnetic wave generates from medical equipment.
 - * Do not install the unit in the place where the electromagnetic wave is directly radiated to the electrical box, remote control cable or remote control switch.
 - * Install the unit at least 3 meters away from electromagnetic wave such as a radio.
- Do not install the unit in the place where the breeze directly catches the animals and plants. It could adversely affect the animals and plants.
- The installer and system specialist shall secure against leakage according to local regulations or standards. The following standards may be applicable, if local regulations are not available. International Organization for Standardization, ISO5149 or European Standard, EN378 or Japan Standard, KHKS0010.
- No part of this manual may be reproduced without written permission.
- It is assumed that this heat pump air conditioner will be operated and serviced by English speaking people. If this is not the case, the customer should be add safety, caution and operating signs in the native language.
- If you have any questions, contact your distributor or dealer of HISENSE
- This manual gives a common description and information for this heat pump air conditioner which you
 operate as well for other models.
- This heat pump air conditioner has been designed for the following temperatures. Operate the heat pump air conditioner within this range.
- This heat pump air conditioner has been designed for the following temperatures. Operate the heat pump air conditioner within this range.

Temperature (°C											
		Maximum	Minimum								
Cooling	Indoor	32 DB/23 WB	21 DB/15 WB								
Operation	Outdoor	43 DB *	-5 DB *								
Heating	Indoor	27 DB	15 DB								
Operation	Outdoor	15 WB *	-20 WB *								

DB: Dry Bulb, WB: Wet Bulb

* The temperature may change depending on the outdoor unit.

This manual should be considered as a permanent part of the air conditioning equipment and should remain with the air conditioning equipment.

IMPORTANT NOTICE



Correct Disposal of this product

This marking indicates that this product should not be disposed with other household wastes. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health from uncontrolled waste disposal, recycle it responsibly to promote the sustainable reuse of material resources. To return your used device, please use the return and collection systems or contact the retailer where the product was purchased. They can take this product for environmental safe recycling.

CHECKING PRODUCT RECEIVED

- Upon receiving this product, inspect it for any shipping damage. Claims for damage, either apparent or concealed, should be filed immediately with the shipping company.
- Check the model number, electrical characteristics (power supply, voltage and frequency) and accessories to determine if they are correct.

The standard utilization of the unit shall be explained in these instructions.

Therefore, the utilization of the unit other than those indicated in these instructions is not recommended. Please contact your local agent, as the occasion arises.

HISENSE's liability shall not cover defects arising from the alteration performed by a customer without HISENSE's consent in a written form.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	Safety Summary	1
2.	Structure	5
	2.1 Outdoor Unit & Refrigerant Cycle	5
	2.2 Necessary Tools and Instrument List for Installation	5
3.	Before Installation	7
	3.1 Line-Up of Outdoor Unit	7
	3.2 Combination of Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit	7
4.	Transportation and Handling	9
	4.1 Transportation	
	4.2 Handling of Outdoor Unit	
5	Outdoor Unit Installation	11
0.	5.1 Factory-Supplied Accessories	
	5.2 Installation	
	5.3 Service Space	
	5.4 Foundation	15
	5.5 Drain Water Treatment	17
6.	Refrigerant Piping Work	. 18
•••	6.1 Piping Materials	
	6.2 Flaring and Joint	
	6.3 Caution about Outdoor Unit Installation	.21
	6.4 Piping Connection for Cooling/Heating Changeover Operation System	23
	6.4.1 Piping Size for AVWT-86U6SR to AVWT-154U6SS (Base Units)	24
	6.4.2 Piping Size for AVWT-182U6SZ to AVWT-307U6SZ (Two Units Combination)	
	6.4.3 Piping Size for AVWT-328U6SZ to AVWT-460U6SZ(Three Units Combination)	
	6.4.4 Stop Valve	
7	6.4.5 Piping Connection Electrical Wiring	
1.	7.1 General Check	
	7.2 Electrical Wiring Connection	
	7.3 Electrical Wiring for Outdoor Unit	
	7.4 Electrical Wiring Connection of Indoor Unit, Outdoor Unit	
	7.5 Dip Switch Setting of Outdoor Unit	
8	Additional Refrigerant Charge	
0.	8.1 Air-Tight Test	
	8.2 Vacuuming	
	8.3 Additional Refrigerant Charge Calculation	
	8.4 Charging Work	
	8.5 Automatic Simple Judgement System for Refrigerant Amount	
9	Test Run	
5.	9.1 Before Test Run	
	9.2 Test Run	
4.0		
10.	Safety and Control Device Setting	.59

1. Safety Summary

- < Signal Words >
- Signal words are used to identify levels of hazard seriousness.
 Definitions for identifying hazard levels are provided below with their respective signal words.

A DANGER	: DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
A WARNING	: WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	: CAUTION, used with the safety alert symbol, indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE	: NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.
NOTE	: NOTE is useful information for operation and/or maintenance.

If poured, it will cause a serious electrical shock.

- Do not perform installation work, refrigerant piping work, drain pump, drain piping and electrical wiring connection without referring to our installation manual. If the instructions are not followed, it may result in a water leakage, electric shock or a fire.
- Use the adequate refrigerant (R410A) to the outdoor unit in the refrigerant cycle. Do not charge oxygen, acetylene or other flammable and poisonous gases into the refrigerant cycle when performing a leakage test or an air-tight test.
 These types of gases or extremely dangerous can cause an explosion. It is recommended that

compressed air, nitrogen or refrigerant be used for these types of tests.
Do not pour water into the indoor or outdoor unit. These products are equipped with electrical parts.

- Do not open the service cover or access panel for the indoor or outdoor units without turning OFF the main power supply.
- Do not touch or adjust safety devices inside the indoor unit or outdoor units. If these devices are touched or readjusted, it may cause a serious accident.
- Refrigerant leakage can cause difficulty with breathing due to insufficient air. Turn OFF the main switch, extinguish any naked flames and contact your service contractor, if refrigerant leakage occurs.
- Make sure that the refrigerant leakage test should be performed.
 Refrigerant (Fluorocarbon) for this unit is incombustible, non-toxic and odorless.
 However if the refrigerant is leaked and is contacted with fire, toxic gas will generate.
 Also because the fluorocarbon is heavier than air, the floor surface will be filled with it, which could cause suffocation.
- The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against refrigerant leakage according to local regulations or standards.
- Use an ELB (Earth Leakage Breaker).
 In the event of fault, there is danger of an electric shock or a fire if it is not used.
- Do not install the outdoor unit where there is high level of oil mist, flammable gases, salty air or harmful gases such as sulfur.
- For installation, firmly connect the refrigerant pipe before the compressor starts operating. For maintenance, relocation and disposal, remove the refrigerant pipe after the compressor stops.
- Do not perform a short-circuit of the protection device such as a pressure switch when operating. It may cause a fire and explosion.

WARNING

- Do not use any sprays such as insecticide, lacquer, hair spray or other flammable gases within approximately one (1) meter from the system.
- If circuit breaker or fuse is often activated, stop the system and contact your service contractor.
- Check that the ground wire is securely connected. If the unit is not correctly grounded, it lead electric shock. Do not connect the ground wiring to gas piping, water piping, lighting conductor or ground wiring for telephone.
- Connect a fuse of specified capacity.
- Before performing any brazing work, check to ensure that there is no flammable material around.
 When using refrigerant be sure to wear leather gloves to prevent cold injuries.
- Protect the wires, electrical parts, etc. from rats or other small animals.
 If not protected, rats may gnaw at unprotected parts and which may lead to a fire.
- Fix the cables securely. External forces on the terminals could lead to a fire.
- Provide a sufficiently strong foundation. If not, the unit may fall down and it may lead to injuries.
- Do not install the unit in a place where oil, vapor, organic solvent and corrosive gas (ammonia, sulfur compound and acid) may be present in quantities.
 It may cause refrigerant leakage due to corrosion, electrical shock, deteriorated performance and breakage.
- Perform electrical work according to Installation Manual and all the relevant regulation and standards. If the instructions are not followed, an electrical shock and fire may occur due to insufficient capacity and inadequate performance.
- Use specified cables between units and choose the cables correctly. If not, an electrical shock or fire may occur.
- Ensure that the wiring terminals are tightened securely with the specified torques. If not, generating fire or electrical shock at the terminal connection part may occur.

- Do not step or put any material on the product.
- Do not put any foreign material on the unit or inside the unit.
- Provide a strong and correct foundation so that;
 - a. The outdoor unit is not on an incline.
 - b. Abnormal sound does not occur.
 - c. The outdoor unit will not fall down due to a strong wind or earthquake.
- The appliance is not to be used by children or person with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- Children should be supervised that they do not play with the appliance.



- Do not install the indoor unit, outdoor unit, remote control switch and cable within approximately 3 meters from strong electromagnetic wave radiators such as medical equipment.
- Supply electrical power to the system to energize the oil heater for 12 hours before startup after a long shutdown.
- Make sure that the outdoor unit is not covered with snow or ice, before operation.
- In some cases, the packaged air conditioner may not be operated normally under the following cases.
 * In case that electrical power for the packaged air conditioner is supplied from the same power transformer as the device*.
 - * In case that the power source wires for the device* and the packaged air conditioner are located close to each other.

Device*: (Ex) Lift, container crane, rectifier for electric railway, inverter power device, arc furnace, electric furnace, large-sized induction motor and large-sized switch. It consumes a large quantity of electrical power.

Regarding the cases mentioned above, surge voltage may be inducted in the power supply wiring for the packaged air conditioner due to a rapid change in power consumption of the device and an activation of switch.

Therefore, check the field regulations and standards before performing electrical work in order to protect the power supply for the packaged air conditioner.

NOTE

- It is recommended that the room will be ventilated every 3 to 4 hours.
- The heating capacity of the heat pump unit is decreased according to the outdoor air temperature. Therefore, it is recommended that auxiliary heating equipment be used in the field when the units is installed in a low temperature region.
- Operate the heat pump air conditioner within this range.
 Regarding installation altitude below 1000m;
 Regarding frequency of supply power within ±1%Hz of rated frequency;
 Regarding transport / storage temperature within -25~55°C.

2. Structure

2.1 Outdoor Unit & Refrigerant Cycle

Regarding structure drawings and refrigerant cycle diagram, please refer to Technical Catalogue.

No.	Tool	No.	Tool	No. Tool		No.	Tool
1	Handsaw	6	Copper Pipe Bender	11	Spanner		Leveller
2	Phillips Screwdriver	7	Plier	12	Charging Cylinder	17	Clamper for Solderless Terminals
3	Vacuum Pump	8	Pipe Cutter	13	Gauge Manifold	18	Hoist (for Indoor Unit)
4	Refrigerant Gas Hose	9	Brazing Kit	14	Cutter for Wires	19	Ammeter
5	Megohmmeter	10	Hexagon Wrench	15	Gas Leak Detector	20	Voltage Meter

2.2 Necessary Tools and Instrument List for Installation

Use tools and measuring instruments only for the new refrigerant R410A which is directly touch to refrigerant.

A DANGER

The pressure of refrigerant R410A is 1.4 times higher than that of conventional refrigerant, impurities such as moisture, oxide film, and grease affect easily R410A. Be sure to remove any moisture, dust, different refrigerant or refrigerant oil from the refrigerant cycle.

Therefore, if the specified materials are not used, it may cause explosion, injury, leakage, electrical shock or fire.

NOTICE

Check the design pressure for this product is 4.15MPa.

To avoid accidental mixing of the different refrigerant or different refrigerant oil, the sizes of the charging connections have been changed.

It is necessary to prepare the following tools before performing the installation work.

 $\diamond:\,$ Interchangeability is available with current R22 $\times:\,$ Prohibited

only for Refrigerant R410A (No Interchangeability with R22)
 only for Refrigerant R407C (No Interchangeability with R22)

Measuring	Instrument and Tool		ngeability R22	Reason of Non-Interchangeability and Attention	Use
Pipe Cutter		R410A	R407C	(★: Strictly Required)	030
	Pipe Cutter Chamfering Reamer	\diamond	\diamond	-	Cutting Pipe Removing Burrs
	Flaring Tool	$\diamond ullet$	\diamond	* The flaring tools for R407C are applicable to R22.	Flaring for Tubes
	Extrusion Adjustment Gauge	•	-	 * If using flaring tube, make dimension of tube larger for R410A. * In case of material 1/2H, flaring is not available. 	Dimensional Control for Extruded Portion of Tube after Flaring
	Pipe Bender	\diamond	\diamond	* In case of material 1/2H, bending is not available. Use elbow for bend and braze.	Bending
Refrigerant Pipe	Expanding Tool	\diamond	\diamond	* In case of material 1/2H, expanding of tube is not available. Use socket for connecting tube.	Expanding Tubes
Fipe	Torque Wrench	•	\diamond	* For φ12.7, φ15.88, spanner size is up 2mm.	Connection of
		\diamond	\diamond	* For \u00f66.35, \u00f69.53, \u00f619.05, spanner size is the same.	Flare Nut
	Brazing Tool	\diamond	\diamond	* Perform correct brazing work.	Brazing for Tubes
	Nitrogen Gas	\diamond	¢	* Strict Control against Contamin (Blow nitrogen during brazing.)	Prevention from Oxidation during Brazing
	Lubrication Oil (for Flare Surface)	٠	+	 * Use a synthetic oil which is equivalent to the oil used in the refrigeration cycle. * Synthetic oil absorbs moisture quickly. 	Applying Oil to the Flared Surface
	Refrigerant Cylinder	٠	+	 * Check refrigerant cylinder color. ★ Liquid refrigerant charging is required regarding zeotoropic refrigerant. 	Refrigerant Charging
	Vacuum Pump	\diamond	\diamond	★ The current ones are applicable. However, it is required to mount a vacuum pump adapter which	Vacuum Pumping
	Adapter for Vacuum Pump	*	+	can prevent from reverse flow when a vacuum pump stops, resulting in no reverse oil flow.	
Vacuum Drying	Manifold Valve	•	+	 * No interchangeability is available due to higher pressures when compared with R22. ★ Do not use current ones to the different refrigerant. If used, mineral oil will flow into the cycle and cause 	Vacuum Pumping, Vacuum Holding, Refrigerant Charging and Check of
Refrigerant Charge	Charging Hose	•	+	sludges, resulting in clogging or compressor failure. Connection diameter is different; R410A: UNF1/2, R407C: UNF7/16.	Pressures
	Charging Cylinder	×	×	* Use the weight scale.	-
	Weight Scale	\diamond	¢	-	Measuring Instrument for Refrigerant Charging
	Refrigerant Gas Leakage Detector	*•	+	* The current gas leakage detector (R22) is not applicable due to different detecting method.	Gas Leakage Check

*: Interchangeability with R407C.

3. Before Installation

3.1 Line-Up of Outdoor Unit

< Base Unit >

Capacity(KBtu/h)	86	96	114	136	154	
Model	AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	

< Combination of Base Units > *

Capacity(KBtu/h)	182	190	210	232	250	
Model AVWT-182U6SZ AVWT-190U6SZ		AVWT-210U6SZ	AVWT-232U6SZ	AVWT-250U6SZ		
Combination	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	
Combination	AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	

Capacity(KBtu/h)	272	290	307	328	345
Model	AVWT-272U6SZ	AVWT-290U6SZ	AVWT-307U6SZ	AVWT-328U6SZ	AVWT-345U6SZ
Combination	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR
	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR
	-	-	-	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS

Capacity(KBtu/h)	365	386	402	426	444
Model	AVWT-365U6SZ	AVWT-386U6SZ	AVWT-402U6SZ	AVWT-426U6SZ	AVWT-444U6SZ
Combination	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS
	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS
	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS

Capacity(KBtu/h)	460		
Model	AVWT-460U6SZ		
Combination	AVWT-154U6SS		
	AVWT-154U6SS		
	AVWT-154U6SS		

*: Regarding the configuration of outdoor units especially for 182 ~ 460 KBtu/h, combine the specified based units (2 or 3) as shown in the table above.

3.2 Combination of Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit

The following indoor units can be combined with the outdoor unit.

Indeer Unit Type						No	ominal	Capa	city (K	Btu/h)					
Indoor Unit Type	07	09	12	14	17	18	22	24	27	30	38	48	54	76	96
Ceiling Ducted Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Low-Height Duct Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
4-Way Cassette Type		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Wall-Mounted Type		0		0		0	0								
Floor Type		0		0											
Floor-Concealed Type		0		0		0		0							
Ceiling Type						0		0	0		0	0			

Table 3.1 Indoor Unit Type List

- The number of connectable indoor unit with the outdoor unit is as follows. Comply with the condition as follows when installing the unit.
- A maximum total capacity of 130% and a minimum total capacity of 50% can be obtained by combination of the indoor units when compared with the nominal outdoor unit capacity.

Model (KBtu/h)	Min. Capacity at Individual Operation (KBtu/h)	Max. Number of Connectable I.U. Recommended Number of Connectable I.U.		Range of Combination Capacity
86		13	8	
96		16	10]
114		19	10	
136		23	16	
154		26	16	
182		26	16	
190		33	18	
210		36	20	
232		40	26	
250		43	26	
272		47	32	
290	07	50	32	50 to 130%
307	07	53	32	50 10 130%
328		56	32	
345		59	32	
365		64	38	
386		64	38	
402		64	38	
426		64	38]
444		64	38]
460		64	38	

Table 3.2 System Combination

NOTES:

- 1. For the system which all indoor units are operated simultaneously, the total indoor unit capacity should be less or equal to the outdoor unit capacity. If not, poor performance or narrow operation range at overload may occur.
- 2. For the system which all indoor units are not operated simultaneously, the total indoor unit capacity is available up to 130% against the outdoor unit capacity.
- 3. If the system is used in the cold area (ambient temperature becomes under -10°C) or under the high heating load conditions, the total indoor unit capacity should be less than 100% against the outdoor unit and total piping length is less than 300m.
- 4. Compared to over 9 KBtu/h of indoor units, 7 KBtu/h of indoor units are set with higher air flow.Do not install these units in the place where the cold draft may occur during heating operation. Determine the usage environment and installation location carefully.

If the unit is installed in such places, the number of connectable I.U. should be less than the recommended number on the table above.

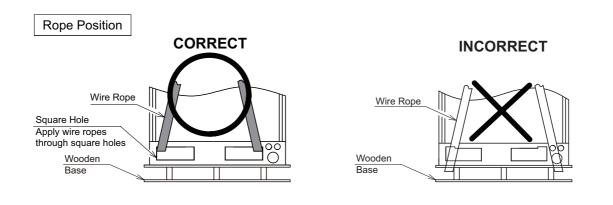
4. Transportation and Handling

4.1 Transportation

Transport the product as close to the installation location as practical before unpacking. When using a crane, hang the unit according to the description of the label attached to the outdoor unit.

\Lambda DANGER

Do not hang the unit by the ropes at the wooden base.

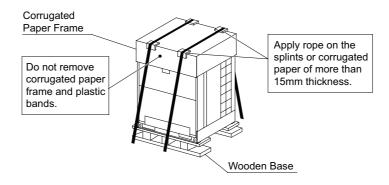


ACAUTION

1. Transportation and Storage

The corrugated paper frame is not sufficiently strong, therefore pay attention to the followings in order to prevent the unit deformation.

- Do not step or put any material on the product.
- Apply two lifting wires onto the outdoor unit, when lifting it by crane.
- Do not stack the product when storing.
- 2. Transportation and Wire Rope
 - To protect the unit, do not remove any packing.
 - Do not stack or put any material on the product.
 - Apply wire ropes on the both side of the unit as shown in the figure.



• Hanging Method

When hanging the unit, ensure a balance of the unit, check safety and lift up smoothly.

- (1) Do not remove any packing materials.
- (2) Hang the unit under packing condition with two (2) wire ropes, as shown in Fig. 4.1.

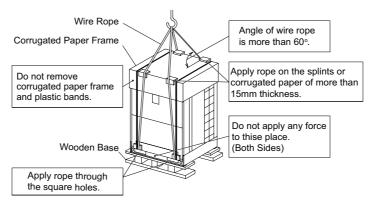


Fig. 4.1 Hanging Work for Transportation

(3) Hang the unit without wooden base with two (2) wire ropes, as shown in Fig. 4.2.

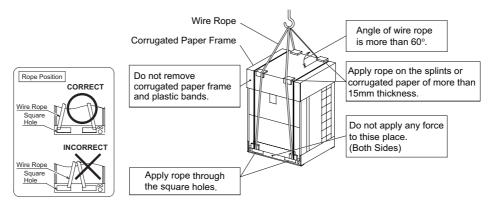
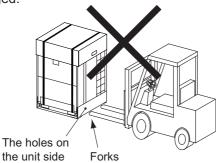


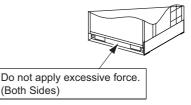
Fig. 4.2 Hanging Work without Wooden Base

When using forklift, do not insert forks into the holes on the unit side. The unit may be damaged.



Do not apply excessive force to the square holes with forks or other materials. The bottom of the unit may be deformed.

- * Do not push the bottom base by fork.
- * Do not use roller.



NOTE

In case of transportation after unpacking, protect the unit with the splints or cloth.

4.2 Handling of Outdoor Unit



Do not put any foreign material into the outdoor unit and check to ensure that none exists in the outdoor unit before the installation and test run. Otherwise, a fire or failure, etc. may occur.

5. Outdoor Unit Installation

5.1 Factory-Supplied Accessories

Check to ensure that the following accessories are packed with the outdoor unit.

A	Acce	ssory	86	96	114	136	154
Accessory Pipe	(A)	Connection for Refrigerant Gas Pipe	Ø ¢22.2→¢19.05	-	0	-	Ø 025.4→028.6
	(B)	Connection for Refrigerant	φ22.2→φ19.03 -		φ <u>22.2</u> →φ <u>2</u> 3.4		φ23.4→φ20.0
	(-)	Liquid Pipe			φ9.53→φ12.7		
Rubber Bush		Connection Hole of wer Supply Wire	() ×1	() ×1	() ×1	() ×1	() ×1
Screw (Spare)			€),∭×3	€), ×3	€), x3	€),∭∭ ×3	€) ×3
Combination Unit Model Label							

Table 5.1	Factor	v-Supplied	Accessories
10010 0.1	i aotor	, oappnot	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

NOTE

If any of these accessories are not packed with the unit, please contact your contractor.

5.2 Installation

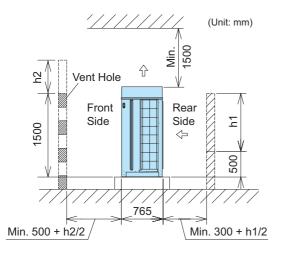
- (1) Install the outdoor unit in a dry well ventilated environment.
- (2) Install the outdoor unit where it is in the shade or it will not be exposed to direct sunshine or direct radiation from high temperature heat source.
- (3) Install the outdoor unit where the sound or the discharge air from the outdoor unit does not affect neighbors or surrounding ventilation. The operating sound at the rear or right/left sides is 3 to 6dB(A) higher than the value in the catalog at the front side.
- (4) Install the outdoor unit in a space with limited access to general public.
- (5) Check to ensure that the foundation is flat, level and sufficiently strong.
- (6) Do not install the outdoor unit where dust or other contamination could block the outdoor heat exchanger.
- (7) When installing the outdoor unit in snow-covered areas, mount the field-supplied hoods on the top of the outdoor unit and the inlet side of the heat exchanger.
- (8) While heating or defrosting operation, drain water is discharged. Provide adequate drainage around the foundation. If installing the unit on a roof or a veranda, avoid draining in or over walkways to prevent water dripping on people or the formation of ice in winter. In case of installing such a place, provide the additional drainage around the foundation.
- (9) Do not install the outdoor unit in a space where a seasonal wind directly blows to the outdoor heat exchanger or a wind from a building space directly blows to the outdoor fan.

NOTES:

- 1. Do not install the outdoor unit where there is a high level of oil mist, flammable gases, salty air or harmful gases such as sulphur and an acid or alkaline environment.
- 2. Do not install the outdoor unit where the electromagnetic wave is directly radiated to the electrical control box.
- 3. Install the outdoor unit as far as possible, being at least 3 meters from the electromagnetic wave radiator.

5.3 Service Space

Make the service space when outdoor unit is installed as follows.

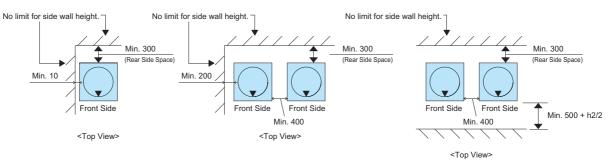


< Side View >

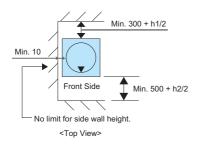
- In case of no walls at the front and the rear side of the unit, the space of 500mm for the front side and 300mm for the rear side is required.
- When the wall of front side is higher than 1,500mm, the space of (500 + h2/2) mm for the front side is required.
- When the wall of rear side is higher than 500mm, the space of (300 + h1/2) mm for the rear side is required.
- When install the wall in front of the unit, make the vent hole on the wall.
- When the space to the obstacle above the unit is less than 1,500mm or the space above the unit is closed, set up the duct at the air outlet side in order to prevent short circuit.
- When there are obstacles above the unit, the four (front, rear, right and left) sides of the unit shall be open in principle.

1) Walls on 2 Directions

In case that the units are installed adjacent to tall buildings and there are no walls in 2 directions, the minimum rear side space is 300mm.



- 2) Walls on 3 Directions
- Single Installation

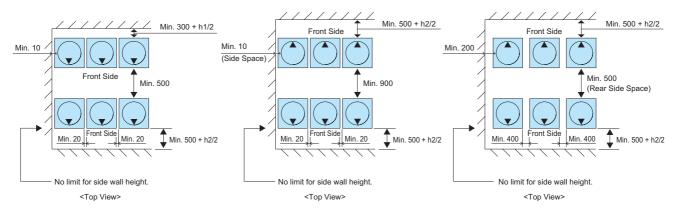


"▼▲" This indicates the direction of the unit (Front Side) when installing the units.

- Multiple / Serial Installation
- < Installation in the Same Direction>

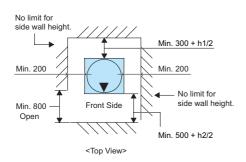
< Rear to Rear Installation 1 >

< Rear to Rear Installation 2 >



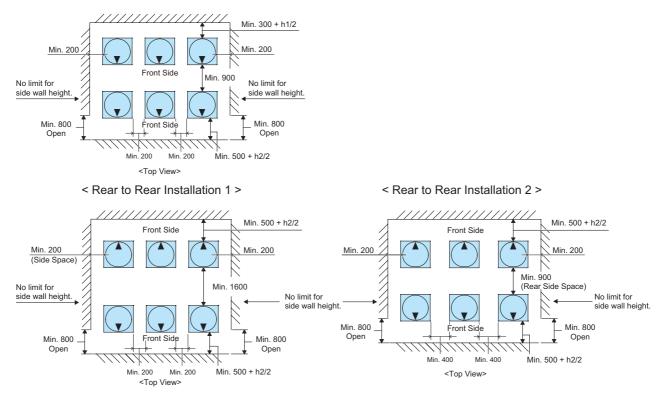
3) Walls on 4 Directions

Single Installation



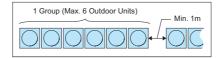
• Multiple / Serial Installation

< Installation in the Same Direction>



NOTE

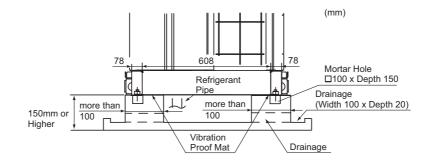
- 1. Keep the upper side open to prevent mutual interference of inlet and outlet air of each outdoor unit.
- 2. The figure dimensions are sufficient spaces around outdoor units for operation and maintenance at typical installing conditions as follows. [Operation Mode: Cooling Operation, Outside Temp.: 35°C] In case that the outdoor unit ambient temperature is higher and also the short circuit is likely to occur compared to the installation condition, find an appropriate dimension by calculating air flow current.
- 3. For the multiple installation, 1 group allows 6 outdoor units (max.). The space of 1m between each group is required.



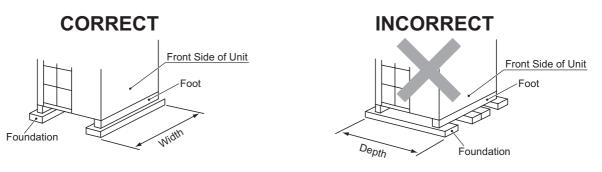
4. Partly open a wall if the unit is surrounded by walls in four directions.

5.4 Foundation

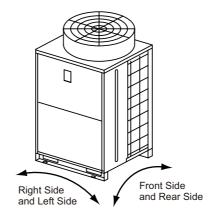
- Concrete Foundations
 - (1) The height of the foundation should be 150mm higher than the ground level.
 - (2) Install a drainage around foundation for smooth drain.



- * Provide concrete foundation as shown in the figure.
- * Do not provide concrete foundation as shown below. The foot of the outdoor unit may be deformed.



(3) Install the outdoor unit in the front-rear and right-left direction horizontally. (Use a level gauge.) Check to ensure that the gradient in four directions (front, rear, right and left) is within 10mm.



- (4) Provide a strong and correct foundation so that;
 - a. The outdoor unit is not on an incline.
 - b. Abnormal sound does not occur.
 - c. The outdoor unit will not fall down due to a strong wind or earthquake.

(5) When installing the outdoor unit, fix the unit by anchor bolts (field-supplied). Refer to Fig. 5.1 regarding the location of fixing holes.

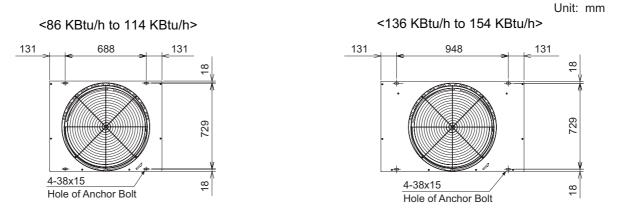
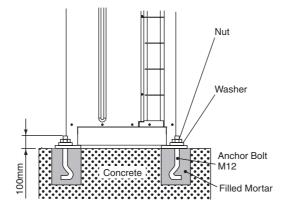


Fig. 5.1 Position of Anchor Bolts

Secure the outdoor unit with the anchor bolts.

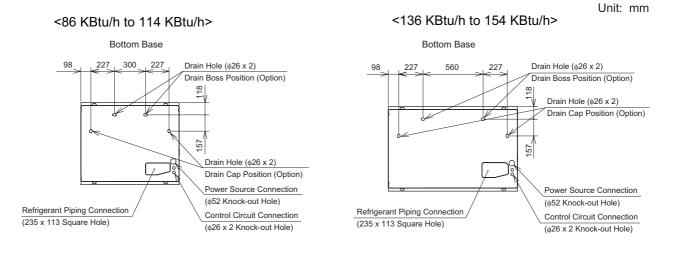


- (6) When installing the unit on a roof or a veranda, drain water sometimes turns to ice on a cold morning. Therefore, avoid draining into an area where people often use because it is slippery.
- (7) When drain piping is necessary for the outdoor unit, use the drain boss set (Optional, DBS-26). Do not use drain boss and drain pan kit in the cold area. The drain water in the drain pipe may be frozen and then the drain pipe may crack.

5.5 Drain Water Treatment

Drain water is discharged during heating and defrosting operation. (Rain water is also discharged.) Pay attention to the followings.

- (1) Choose a place where well drainage is available, or provide a drain ditch.
- (2) Do not install the unit over the walkways. Condensation water may fall on people. In case of installing the unit in such a place, provide the additional drain pan.
- (3) When drain piping is necessary for the outdoor unit, use the drain boss set (Optional, DBS-26). Do not use drain boss and drain pan kit in the cold area. The drain water in the drain pipe may be frozen and then the drain pipe may crack.



• Drain Boss (Optional Parts)

The drain boss is for the drain pipe connection in order to use outdoor unit bottom base as a drain pan.

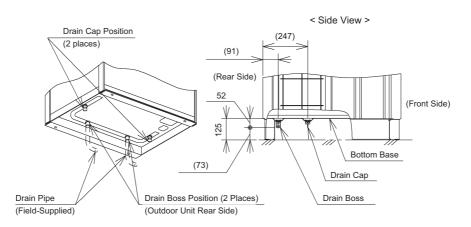
Name	Model
Drain Boss	DBS-26

Component Formation of Drain Boss

Model	Parts Name	ame Material / Color		Application
	Drain Boss	PP / Black	2	Connecting for Drain Piping
DBS-26	Drain Cap	PP / Black	2	Embolization for Drain Hole
	Rubber Cap	CR / Black	4	Sealing for Boss and Cap

< Installation Position >

Example: AVWT-96U6SR



6. Refrigerant Piping Work

DANGER

• Use refrigerant R410A in the refrigerant cycle.

Do not charge oxygen, acetylene or other flammable and poisonous gases into the refrigerant cycle when performing a leakage test or an air-tight test. These types of gases are extremely dangerous and can cause an explosion. It is recommended that compressed air, nitrogen or refrigerant be used for these types of tests.

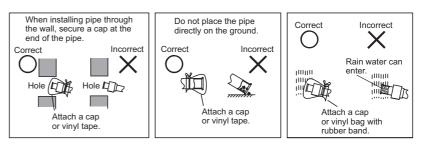
Check to ensure that no pressure exists inside the stop valve before removing the flange.

ACAUTION

Ensure to connect the piping among the units in the same refrigerant cycle.

6.1 **Piping Materials**

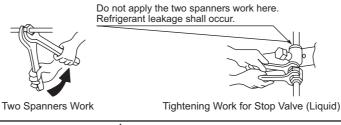
- (1) Prepare locally-supplied copper pipes.
- (2) Select the piping size from the Table 6.1 and Table 6.2.
- (3) Select clean copper pipes. Make sure there is no dust and moisture inside of the pipes. Blow the inside of the pipes with nitrogen or dry air, to remove any dust or foreign materials before connecting pipes. Do not use any tools which produce a lot of swarf such as a saw or a grinder.
- · Cautions for Refrigerant Pipe Ends



- Cautions for Piping Connection Work
 - (1) Connect the indoor/outdoor units with refrigerant pipes. Fix the pipes and pay attention not to contact with weak materials such as ceiling. (Otherwise, abnormal sound may be heard due to the vibration of the piping.) Apply Refrigerant Oil.
 - (2) Apply refrigerant oil slightly on the sheet surface of the pipe and flare nut before the flaring work. And then tighten the flare nut with the specified tightening torque using two spanners. Perform the flaring work on the liquid piping side before the gas piping side. Check the gas leakage after the flaring work. NOTE: Refrigerant oil is field-supplied.



- [Ethereal Oil FVC68D]
- (3) In case that temperature and humidity inside the ceiling exceed 27°C/RH80%, apply additional insulation (approx. 10mm thickness) to the accessory insulation. It prevents dew condensation on the surface of the insulation (refrigerant pipe only).
- (4) Perform the air-tight test (4.15MPa for the test pressure).
- (5) Perform cold insulation work by insulating and taping the flare connection and reducer connection. Also insulate all the refrigerant pipes.
- When tightening the flare nut, use two spanners.





Do not apply excessive force to the flare nut when tightening. If applied, the flare nut may crack due to aged deterioration and refrigerant leakage may occur. Use the specified tightening torque.

	Table 6.1 Piping Size of Outdoor Unit				
Model(KBtu/h)	Gas	Liquid			
86	φ 19.05				
96	φ 22.2	¢9.53			
114	¢ 25 4	¢12.7			
136	φ 25.4	¢12.7			
154	ф 28.6	¢12.7			
182	φ 28.6	±15.00			
190	ψ 28:0	φ15.88			
210	φ 28.6	φ15.88			
232	ψ28.0	ψ15:68			
250	¢ 31.75	φ19.05			
272					
290					
307	φ 31.75	φ19.05			
328					
345	φ38.1	φ19.05			
365					
386					
402					
426	φ 38.1	¢ 19.05			
444					
460					

Table 6.1 Piping Size of Outdoor Unit

Table 6.2 Piping Size of Indoor Unit

(mm) Indoor Unit(KBtu/h) Gas Liquid 07 to 14 ф6.35 φ12.7 17 to 18 φ15.88 φ6.35 22 to 54 φ15.88 φ9.53 76 φ19.05 φ9.53 96 φ22.2 φ**9.5**3

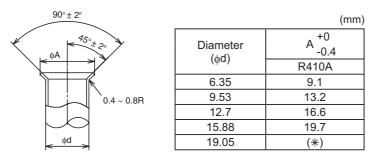
• Piping Thickness and Material Use the pipe as below.

Use the pipe as below.		(mm)
Diamatar	R	410A
Diameter	Thickness	Material
φ6.35	0.8	O material
φ9.53	0.8	O material
φ12.7	0.8	O material
φ15.88	1.0	O material
φ19.05	1.0	1/2H material
ф22.2	1.0	1/2H material
ф25.4	1.0	1/2H material
ф28.6	1.0	1/2H material
φ 31.75	1.1	1/2H material
¢38.1	1.35	1/2H material
ф41.3	1.45	1/2H material
φ44.45	1.55	1/2H material

6.2 Flaring and Joint

• Flaring Dimension

Perform the flaring work as shown below.



(*) It is impossible to perform the flaring work with 1/2H material. In this case, use an accessory pipe (with a flare).

• Joint Selection

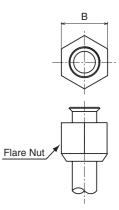
If you use 1/2H material, you can not perform the flaring work. In this case, use a joint selected from the chart below.

< Minimum Thickness of Joint (mm) >

Diameter	R410A
φ6.35	0.5
φ9.53	0.6
φ12.7	0.7
φ15.88	0.8
φ19.05	0.8
φ22.2	0.9
φ25.4	0.95
¢28.6	1.0
φ31.75	1.1
φ38.1	1.35
φ41.3	1.45
φ44.5	1.55

< Flare Nut Dimensio	n B (mm) >
----------------------	------------

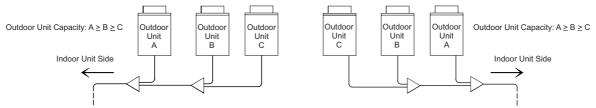
Diameter	R410A
φ6.35	17
φ9.53	22
φ12.7	26
φ15.88	29
φ19.05	36



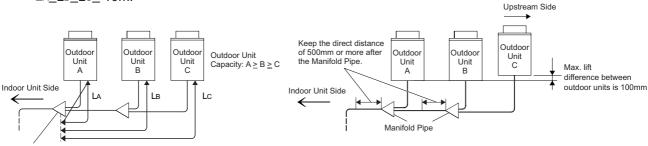
6.3 Caution about Outdoor Unit Installation

< Outdoor Unit Alignment >

Align the outdoor unit from large capacity as $A \ge B \ge C$ and outdoor Unit "A" should be located at the indoor unit side.

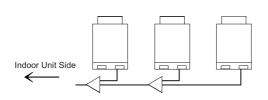


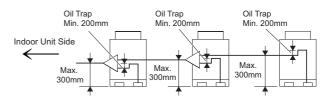
- < Piping Work between Outdoor Units >
 - (1) Piping length between Manifold Pipe (at outdoor unit side) and outdoor unit should be LA<LB<Lc< 10m.



Manifold Pipe

(2) Place the Manifold Pipe lower than the outdoor unit piping connection. In case that the Manifold Pipe is placed higher than the outdoor unit piping connection, keep 300mm (max.) between the Manifold Pipe and the bottom of the outdoor unit. Also, provide the oil trap (min. 200mm) between the Manifold Pipe and the outdoor unit.

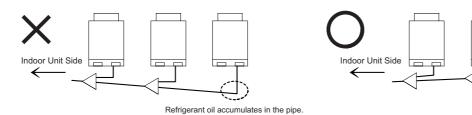




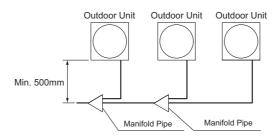
(3) In case that the piping length between outdoor units is 2m or more, the oil trap should be provided for the gas pipe so that accumulation of refrigerant oil may not occur.

* 2m or More * Less than 2m Oil Trap Oil Trap Min 200mr Min. 200mm Indoor Unit Side Indoor Unit Side ← ◄ Less than 2n Less than 2m Less than 2m Less than 2m 2m or more 2m or more

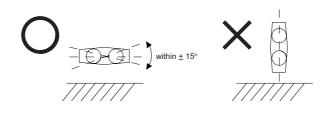
(4) Place the outdoor unit pipe horizontally or with downward gradient towards the indoor unit side, or refrigerant oil may accumulate in the pipe.



(5) For servicing, in case that the pipe is placed frontward of the outdoor unit, secure min. 500mm between the outdoor unit and Manifold Pipe. (When the compressor is replaced, a space of min. 500mm is required.)



(6) Direction of Manifold Pipe
 Place the Manifold Pipe vertically towards the ground (within ±15°) as shown in the figure.



6.4 Piping Connection

Perform the piping connection work for each outdoor unit.

NOTE:

Ensure that the refrigerant pipe should be connected to the same refrigerant cycle unit.

• Prepare the refrigerant pipe in the field for the piping work. Refer to Fig. 6.1 for the position of piping connection.

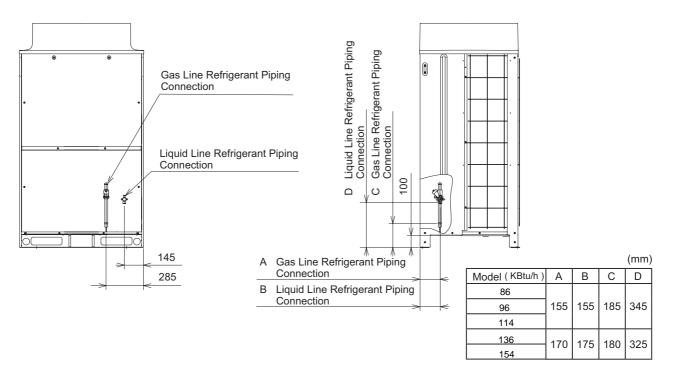
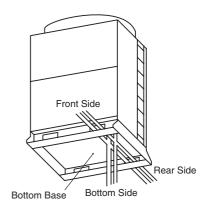


Fig. 6.1 Refrigerant Piping Connection

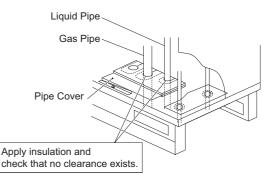
• Piping Direction

Fix the pipes adequately in order to avoid vibration and excessive force to the valve.

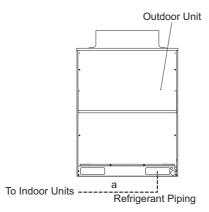
 The pipes are available to connect in three directions (front, rear or bottom side) from the bottom base.
 For the vibration protection, properly fix the piping connection and check that no excessive force applied to the stop valve.



- (2) Operation of the stop valve should be performed according to Item 6.4.4.
- (3) Connect the pipes according to Table 5.1 and this "Installation & Maintenance Manual".
- (4) Completely seal the penetration part of the bottom pipe with insulation in order to prevent rain water entering into the conduit.



6.4.1 Piping Size for Base Unit

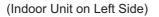


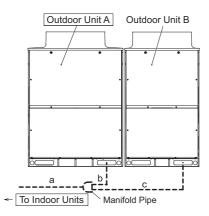
(ømm)

Model (KBtu/h)		86	96	114	136	154	
Piping Size		Gas	19.05	22.2	25.4	25.4	28.6
	а	Liquid	9.53	9.53	12.7	12.7	12.7

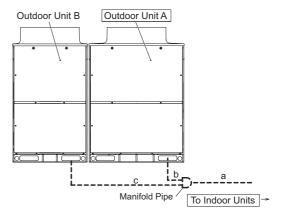
6.4.2 Piping Size for Two Units Combination

< Figure for AVWT- 232U6SZ >





(Indoor Unit on Right Side)



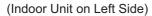
(ømm)

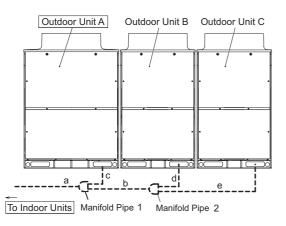
Model		AVWT-182U6SZ	AVWT-190U6SZ	AVWT-210U6SZ	AVWT-232U6SZ	AVWT-250U6SZ	AVWT-272U6SZ	AVWT-290U6SZ	AVWT-307U6SZ		
Combination	Outdoor		AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	
Unit			AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	
Manifold Pipe					HFQ-M22F				HFQ-M32F		
		Gas	28.6	28.6	28.6	28.6	31.75	31.75	31.75	31.75	
	а	Liquid	15.88	15.88	15.88	15.88	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05	
Dining Cine		Gas	22.2	22.2	25.4	25.4	25.4	25.4	28.6	28.6	
Piping Size	b	Liquid	9.53	9.53	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	
			Gas	19.05	22.2	19.05	22 2	25.4	25.4	25.4	28.6
	С	Liquid	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.53	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	

* Perform the installation of the outdoor unit and piping connection according to the figure. Refer to the table for the outdoor unit model, the Manifold Pipe model and the piping diameter

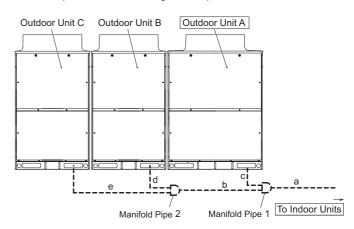
6.4.3 Piping Size for Three Units Combination

< Figure for AVWT- 365U6SZ >





(Indoor Unit on Right Side)



(¢mm)

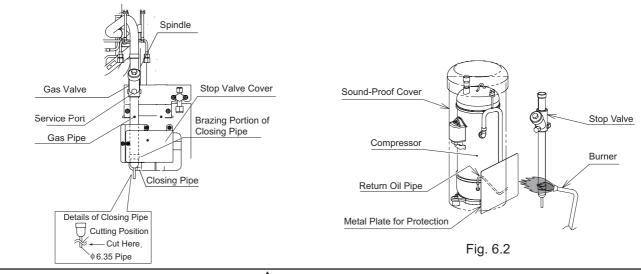
Model		AVWT-328U6SZ	AVWT-345U6SZ	AVWT-365U6SZ	AVWT-386U6SZ	AVWT-402U6SZ	AVWT-426U6SZ	AVWT-444U6SZ	AVWT-460U6SZ	
Combination Unit	Outdoor Unit A		AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS
	Outdoor Unit B		AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS
	Outdoor Unit C		AVWT-86U6SR	AVWT-96U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-114U6SR	AVWT-136U6SS	AVWT-154U6SS
Manifold Pipe 1		HFQ-M32F				HFQ-M32F				
Manifold Pipe 2		HFQ-M22F			HFQ-M32F					
Piping Size	а	Gas	31.75	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1
		Liquid	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05
	b	Gas	28.6	28.6	28.6	28.6	31.75	31.75	31.75	31.75
		Liquid	15.88	15.88	15.88	15.88	19.05	19.05	19.05	19.05
	с	Gas	28.6	28.6	25.4	28.6	28.6	28.6	28.6	28.6
		Liquid	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7
	d	Gas	22.2	22.2	25.4	25.4	25.4	28.6	28.6	28.6
		Liquid	9.53	9.53	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7
	е	Gas	19.05	22.2	25.4	25.4	25.4	25.4	25.4	28.6
		Liquid	9.53	9.53	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7

* Perform the installation of the outdoor unit and piping connection according to the figure. Refer to the table for the outdoor unit model, the Manifold Pipe model and the piping diameter

6.4.4 Stop Valve

< Gas Valve >

- (1) Make sure that the all the spindles are closed completely.
- (2) Connect the charging hose to the service port and release gas from the gas pipe.
- (3) Cut the end of the closing pipe (ϕ 6.35) and check that no gas exists inside the gas pipe .
- (4) Remove the stop valve cover.
- (5) Remove the closing pipe from the brazing portion by using a burner. Pay attention to the flame from the burner not to burn the stop valve body.



ACAUTION

- Ensure that there is no gas inside the pipe when removing the closing pipe. Otherwise, the pipe may be blown out and it may lead to injury.
- Protect the return oil pipe and vibration proof of the compressor with the metal plate when using a burner.
- The details of stop valves are as follows.
- < Gas Valve > < Liquid Valve > Cap Tightening Torque: 50 to 58N-m Check Joint for Service Port Refrigerant Pressure Only the charging hose can be connected. Hexagonal Wrench Tightening Torque: 14 to 18 N-m To open or close Cap spindle valve Tightening Torque: 33 to 42 N-m O-ring O-ring Hexagonal Wrench ٦. Refrigerant (Rubber) To open or close Pressure spindle valve <⊢ Spindle Valve Counterclockwise...Open Clockwise .Close Tightening Torque: a N-m Spindle Valve Counterclockwise...Open Clockwise Close Gas Valve Tightening Torque: 7 to 9 N-m Check Joint for Service Port Tightening Torque Only the charging hose KBtu/h a (N-m) can be connected 86 to 114 18 to 22 Tightening Torque: 9 to 14N-m 136 to 154 20 to 25 Refrigerant Piping

ACAUTION

- Do not apply an abnormal big force to the spindle valve at the end of opening. The back seat construction is not provided.
- At the test run, fully open the spindle. If not fully opened, the devices will be damaged.

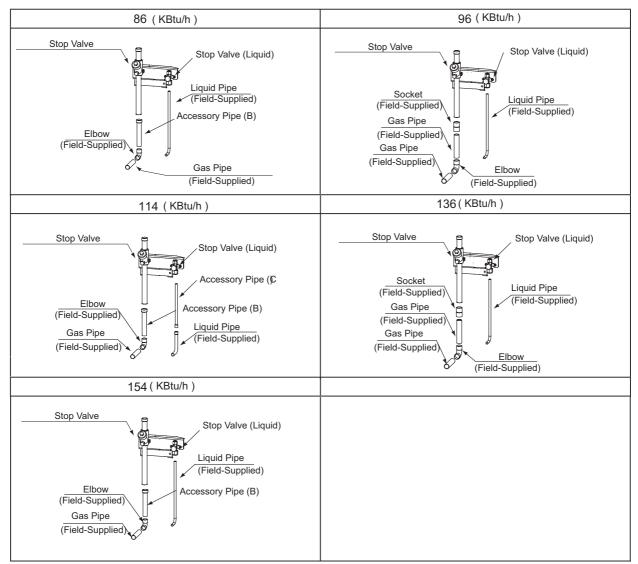
6.4.5 Piping Connection

- (1) Make sure that the stop valves are closed completely.
- (2) Protect the compressor and sound-proof cover with metal plate when brazing the gas pipe as shown in Fig. 6.2. Pay attention to the flame from the burner not to burn the stop valve body.
- (3) Connect the indoor unit and the outdoor unit with refrigerant piping.
 Prevent the refrigerant piping from touching weak parts of the building such as wall, ceiling, etc. (Abnormal sound may occur due to the vibration of the piping.)
- (4) As for the flaring work of the field pipe, use the specified tightening torque in Table 6.3. Put nitrogen gas into the pipe when brazing.
- (5) Insulate the gas pipe and liquid pipe completely.
- (6) Mount the piping cover equipped with the outdoor unit after the piping connection. If not, the unit may damaged due to snow or rain water entering.

Required Tightening Torque (JIS B8607				
Pipe Size	Tightening Torque			
φ6.35 (1/4)	14 to 18 (N-m)			
φ9.53 (3/8)	34 to 42 (N-m)			
φ12.7 (1/2)	49 to 61 (N-m)			
¢15.88 (5/8)	68 to 82 (N-m)			
φ19.05 (3/4)	100 to 120 (N-m)			

 Table. 6.3 Tightening Work of Flare Nut

• Details of Stop Valve Piping Connection



NOTES:

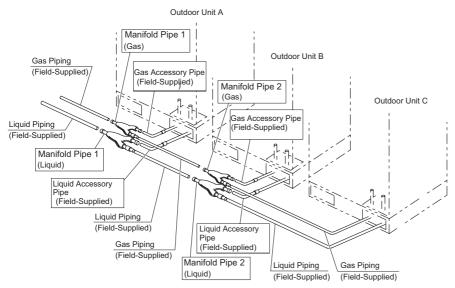
- 1. Ensure that the closing pipe of the gas stop valve (1 place) is removed firstly.
- 2. Refer to the item 6.2 for the flaring work.

• Manifold Pipe (Optional Parts)

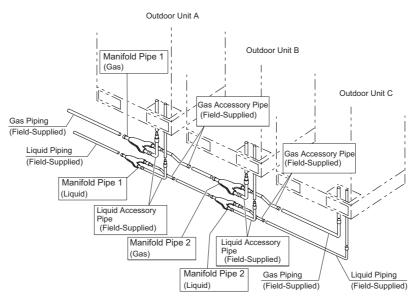
	Operation Type	Applicable 0	Dutdoor Unit	
Item		Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Model
		(KBtu/h)	Number	
	for Cooling/Heating Changeover Operation	182 to 232	2	HFQ-M22F
Manifold Dina		250 to 307	2	HFQ-M32F
Manifold Pipe		328 to 386	3	HFQ-M22F + HFQ-M32F
		402 to 460	3	HFQ-M32F + HFQ-M32F

 Construction Example (In Case of AVWT-345U6SZ) Regarding the piping work for 190KBtu/h and over, refer to Installation & Maintenance Manual attached to the Manifold Pipe.









• Branch Pipe (Optional Parts)

< Line Branch >

First Branch

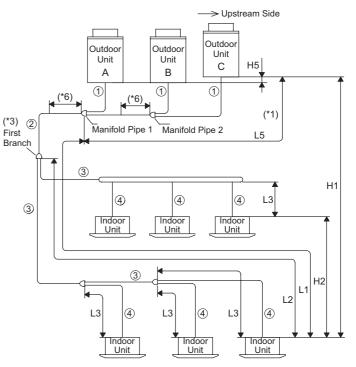
Outdoor Unit (KBtu/h)	Model		
86 and 96	HFQ-102F		
114 and 154	HFQ-162F		
182 and 232	HFQ-242F		
250 and 460	HFQ-302F		

Pipe Diameter and Branch Pipe after First Branch

Total Indoor Unit (KBtu/h)	Gas (_∲ mm)	Liquid (_þ mm)	Model
Lower than 57	15.88	9.53	
57 to 86	19.05	9.53	HFQ-102F
86 to 114	22.2	9.53	
114 to 154	25.4	12.7	HFQ-162F
154 to 172	28.6	12.7	
172 to 250	28.6	15.88	HFQ-242F
250 to 345	31.75	19.05	HFQ-302F
Over 345	38.1	19.05	

- Piping Size (omm) and Branch Pipe Selection
- 1 Pipe Diameter for Outdoor Unit
- (2) Main Pipe Diameter
 (Base Unit or Manifold Pipe 1 to First Branch)
 [Branch Pipe of First Branch] (*2)

Outdoor Unit (KBtu/h)	Equivalent Piping Length < 100r		
	Gas	Liquid]
86	19.05	9.53	
96	22.2	9.53	
114 and 136	25.4	12.7	
154	28.6	12.7	
182 to 232	28.6	15.88	
250 to 328	31.75	19.05	
345 to 460	38.1	19.05	



③ [Pipe Diameter after First Branch] (*3)

Total Indoor Unit (KBtu/h)	Gas	Liquid
Lower than 57	15.88	9.53
57 to 86	19.05	9.53
86 to 114	22.2	9.53
114 to 154	25.4	12.7
154 to 172	28.6	12.7
172 to 250	28.6	15.88
250 to 345	31.75	19.05
Over 345	38.1	19.05

(4) [Pipe Diameter between Branch Pipe and Indoor Unit] (*4)

Indoor Unit (KBtu/h)	Gas	Liquid
07 to 14	12.7	6.35 (*5)
17 to 18	15.88	6.35 (*5)
22 to 54	15.88	9.53
76	19.05	9.53
96	22.2	9.53

• Piping Work Conditions

Item			Allowable Pipi	ng Length (*7)
		Mark	≤ the recommended connectable number of Indoor Unit	≥ the recommended connectable number of Indoor Unit
Total Piping Length		Total Liquid Piping Actual Length	<u>≤</u> 1,000m (*8)	<u><</u> 300m
Maximum Piping Length	Actual Length	L1	<u>≤</u> 165m	<u><</u> 165m
	Equivalent Length	LI	<u><</u> 190m	<u><</u> 190m
Maximum Piping Length between Branch Pipe of 1st Branch and Each Indoor Unit		L2	<u><</u> 90m	<u><</u> 40m
Maximum Piping Length between Each Branch Pipe and Each Indoor Unit		L3	<u><</u> 40m	<u><</u> 30m
Piping Length between Manifold Pipe 1 and Each Outdoor Unit		L5	<u><</u> 10m	<u><</u> 10m
Height Difference between	O.U. is Higher	H1	<u>≤</u> 50m	<u>≤</u> 50m
Outdoor Units and Indoor Units O.U. is Lower			<u><</u> 40m	<u><</u> 40m
Height Difference between Indoor Units		H2	<u><</u> 15m	<u><</u> 15m
Height Difference between Outdoor Units		H5	<u>≤</u> 0.1m	<u>≤</u> 0.1m

- (*1): The Manifold Pipe is counted from the indoor unit side (as Manifold Pipe 1).
- (*2): When the maximum length of the equivalent refrigerant pipe (L1) from the outdoor unit/Manifold Pipe 1 to the indoor unit is over 100m, the pipe size of gas/liquid line from the outdoor unit/Manifold Pipe 1 to first branch should be increased one size with the reducer (field-supplied).
- (*3): If the refrigerant piping length is more than 100m, no need to increase the pipe size after first branch. If the Branch Pipe size is larger than the first branch, adjust the Branch Pipe size to the first branch. In case that the selected pipe size after the first branch is larger than the pipe size before the first branch, use the same pipe size as before the branch.
- (*4): The pipe diameter (4) should be the same as the indoor unit piping connection size.
- (*5): When the liquid piping length is longer than 15m, use ϕ 9.53 pipe and reducer (field-supplied).
- (*6): Keep the direct distance of 500mm or more after the Manifold Pipe.
- (*7): The condition of refrigerant piping installation is different depending on the connected indoor unit quantities.
- (*8): Allowable total piping length may become shorter than 1,000m due to the limitation of maximum additional refrigerant amount.

NOTES:

- 1. Check the gas pipe and liquid pipe are equivalent in terms of the piping length and piping system.
- 2. Use a Branch Pipe (system components) for the branch pipe of indoor unit.
- 3. Install the indoor unit and Branch Pipe according to each "Installation & Maintenance Manual".
- 4. If the piping length (L3) between each Branch Pipe and each indoor unit is considerably longer than other indoor unit, refrigerant may not flow well and also performance may be deteriorated compared to other models. (Recommended Piping Length: within 15m)

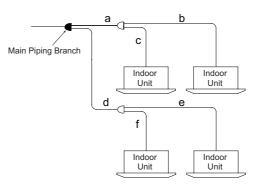
• Piping Branch Restriction

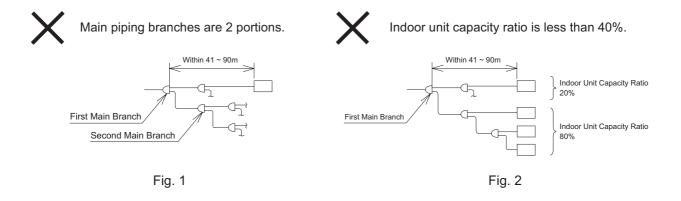
Follow the table below when performing the field-supplied piping work.

Piping Length between	Main Piping Branch *		Indoor Unit
Branch Pipe (First Branch) and Each Indoor Unit (L2)	Piping Length After Branch	Number of Main Piping Branch	Capacity Ratio After Main Branch
≤ 40m	a+b+c ≤ 30m or d+e+f ≤ 30m	without Limit	
≤ 40m	a+b+c > 30m and d+e+f > 30m	within 2	-
within 41m to 90m	-	within 1 (Fig.1)	≥ 40% (Fig.2)

NOTE:

* Main Piping Branch: Distribution from One (1) Branch Pipe to Two (2) Branch Pipes The number of main piping branch depends on the piping length after branch (a to f).





7. Electrical Wiring

- Turn OFF the main power switch to the indoor unit and the outdoor unit and wait for more than 3 minutes before electrical wiring work or a periodical check is performed.
- Check to ensure that the indoor fan and the outdoor fan have stopped before electrical wiring work or a periodical check is performed.
- Protect the wires, electrical parts, etc. from rats or other small animals.
 If not protected, rats may gnaw at unprotected parts and which may lead to a fire.
- Avoid the wirings from touching the refrigerant pipes, plate edges and electrical parts inside the unit. If not do, the wires will be damaged and at the worst, a fire will occur.
- Use a medium sensing speed type ELB (Earth Leakage Breaker, activation speed of 0.1 sec. or less). If not used, it will cause an electric shock or a fire.
- Fix the cables securely. External forces on the terminals could lead to a fire.
- Tighten screws according to the following torque.

M4:1.0 to 1.3 N-mM5:2.0 to 2.4 N-mM6:4.0 to 5.0 N-mM8:9.0 to 11.0 N-mM10:18.0 to 23.0 N-m

7.1 General Check

- (1) Make sure that the field-selected electrical components (main power switches, circuit breakers, wires, conduit connectors and wire terminals) have been properly selected according to the electrical data indicated in the Technical Catalog. Make sure that the components comply with National Electrical Code (NEC).
 - Supply electrical power to each outdoor unit. An ELB, fuse and main switch should be used for each outdoor unit. If not, it will be cause of fire or electrical shock.
 - The power supply for the indoor unit and outdoor unit should be provided separately. Connect a power supply wiring to each indoor unit group to be connected to the same outdoor unit. (Max. capacity of one indoor unit group is 250KBtu/h.)
- (2) Check to ensure that the power supply voltage is within ±10% of the rated voltage. If the power supply voltage is too low, the system cannot be started due to the voltage drop.
- (3) Check the size of the electrical wires.
- (4) In some cases, the packaged air conditioner may not be operated normally under the following cases.
 - In case that the packaged air conditioner is supplied with the same power transformer as the device with high electricity consumption*
 - In case that the power source wires for the device* and the packaged air conditioner are located close to each other.
 - * (ex) Lift, container crane, rectifier for electric railway, inverter power device, arc furnace, electric furnace, large-sized induction motor and large-sized switch.

For the cases mentioned above, induction surge of the power supply wiring for the packaged air conditioner may occur due to a rapid change in electricity consumption of the device and an activation of switch. Therefore check the field regulations and standards before performing electrical work in order to protect the power supply wiring for the packaged air conditioner.

(5) Check to ensure that the earth wire of the outdoor unit, indoor unit.

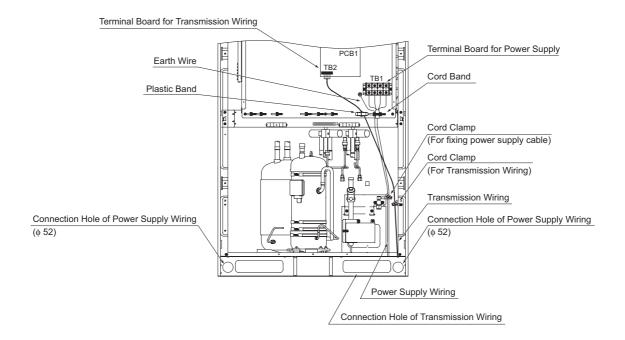


Fig. 7.1 Wiring Connection

7.2 Electrical Wiring Connection

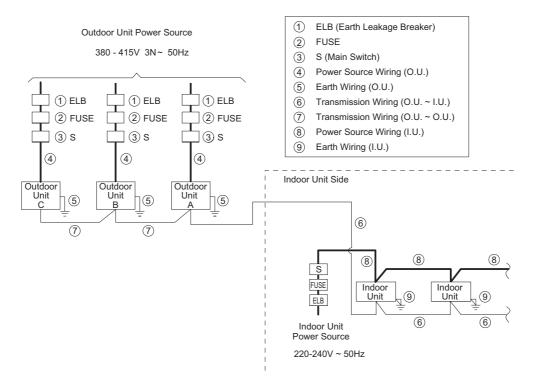
The ELB (earth leakage breaker), FUSE and S (main switch) must be installed to the each power source of outdoor unit. If not, it may cause of electrical shock or fire.

NOTE:

Supply the power source of outdoor units and indoor units respectively.

(1) Power Source Wiring

Supply the power sources to the each outdoor unit respectively. Power source wiring is fundamentally according to this method.



(2) The recommended wiring, ELB, breaker size are shown as follow

		Power Source		Earth	ELB		Fuse
Outdoor Unit (KBtu/h)	Running	Cable Size	Cable Size	Wire	Nominal	Nominal Sensitive	1 000
	Current	EN60335-1 *1 (mm ²)	EN60335-1 *1 (mm ²)	Size (mm ²)	Current	Current	(A)
	(A)		(11111)	(11111)	(A)	(mA)	(A)
86	13	4	0.75	4	20	30	20
96	17	6	0.75	6	30	30	30
114	23	6	0.75	6	40	30	40
136	28	10	0.75	10	50	30	40
154	31	10	0.75	10	50	30	50

■ Field Minimum Wire Sizes for Power Source

* Refer to the NOTES for selection of the power source cable size.

ELB: Earthleakage Breaker.

NOTES:

1) Follow local codes and regulations when selecting field wires.

- 2) The wire sizes marked with *1 in the above table are selected at the maximum current of the unit according to the European Standard, EN60335-1.Use the wires which are not lighter than the ordinary polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (code designation H05RN-F).
- 3) Use a shielded cable for the transmitting circuit and connect it to ground.
- 4) In the case that power cables are connected in series, add each unit maximum current and select wires below.

According to EN60335-1		
Current(A)	Wire Size(mm ²)	
i≤3	1~2.5	
3 <i≤ 6<="" td=""><td>1~2.5</td></i≤>	1~2.5	
6 <i≤10< td=""><td>1~2.5</td></i≤10<>	1~2.5	
10 <i≤16< td=""><td>1.5~4</td></i≤16<>	1.5~4	
16 <i≤25< td=""><td>2.5~6</td></i≤25<>	2.5~6	
25 <i≤32< td=""><td>4~10</td></i≤32<>	4~10	
32 <i≤50< td=""><td>6~16</td></i≤50<>	6~16	
50 <i≤63< td=""><td>10~25</td></i≤63<>	10~25	

*2 : In the case that current exceeds 63A,Don't series connection

ACAUTION

Install a multi-pole main switch with a space of 3.5mm or more between each phase.

NOTES:

- 1. When the power supply wiring is longer, select the minimum wiring size which the voltage drop is within 2%.
- 2. Power supply voltage should be satisfied with the followings.
 - Supply Voltage: Rated Voltage within <u>+</u>10% Starting Voltage: Rated Voltage within -15% Operating Voltage: Rated Voltage within <u>+</u>10% Imbalance between Phases: within 3%
- 3. Do not connect the earth wire to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightening conductor.
 Gas Pipe: An explosion and ignition may occur when gas leaks.
 Water Pipe: There is no effect of earth wire when a hard vinyl pipe is used.
 Lightening Conductor: The earth electric potential abnormally increases when a lightening conductor is used.

7.3 Electrical Wiring for Outdoor Unit

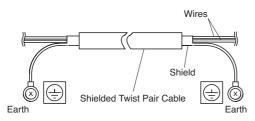
Connect the electrical wirings according to the following figure.

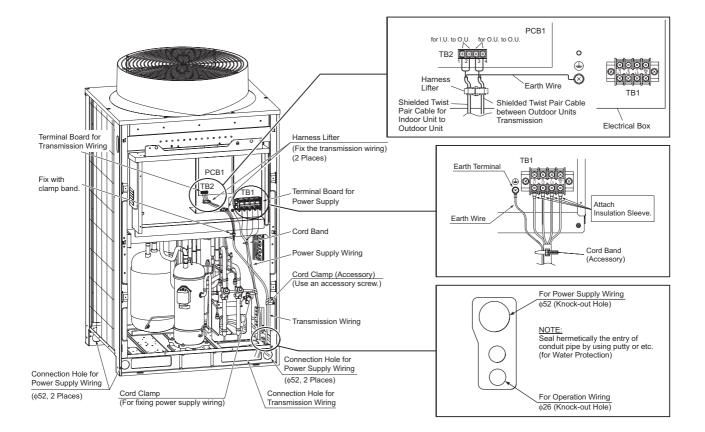
- (1) Connect the power supply wires to L1, L2, L3, and N (for 380-415V) for the three phase power source on the terminal board TB1 and earth wire to the terminal in the electrical control box.
- (2) Connect the transmission wires between the outdoor and indoor units to the TB2 terminals 1 and 2 on the PCB1. As for the transmission wires between outdoor units in the same refrigerant cycle, connect them to the TB2 terminals 3 and 4 on the PCB1.
- (3) Tighten screws for the terminal board according to the following table.

inoquirou rigittoring rorquo i			
Size	Tightening Torque		
M4	1.0 to 1.3 N-m		
M5	2.0 to 2.4 N-m		
M6	4.0 to 5.0 N-m		
M8	9.0 to 11.0 N-m		
M10	18.0 to 23.0 N-m		

< Required Tightening Torque >

(4) When installing the unit in Australia, connect the both ends of shielded twist pair cable (remote control switch cable and transmission cable) to the earth as shown bellow.





ACAUTION

Pay attention to the followings to run through the cables under the unit using conduit tube. (The pipe cover is required to remove before performing piping and wiring works.)

NOTES:

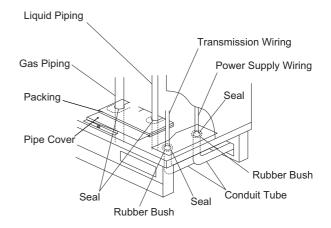
- 1. Do not lead the power supply wiring and transmission wiring through the same conduit tube. Moreover, keep at least 5cm between the power supply wiring and transmission wiring.
- 2. Cut cross line at rubber bush (accessory) and securely attach it to the knock-out hole for cable protecting.
- 3. Attach the pipe cover to avoid entering rats or other small animals into the unit.
- 4. Avoid the wirings from touching the refrigerant pipes, plate edges and electrical parts inside the unit.
- 5. Completely seal the end of conduit tube with sealing materials to avoid entering rain into the conduit tube.
- 6. Make a drain hole at the lowest part of the conduit tube.

ACAUTION

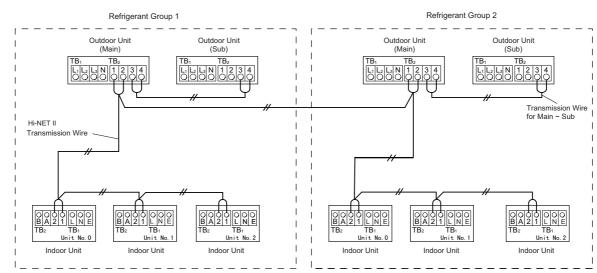
Tightly secure the power source wiring using the cord clamp inside the unit.

NOTE

Fix the rubber bushes with adhesive when conduit tubes to the outdoor unit are not used.



- 7.4 Electrical Wiring Connection of Indoor Unit, Outdoor Unit
 - (1) Connect a power supply wiring to each outdoor unit. Connect an ELB, fuse and main switch (S) to each outdoor unit.
 - (2) Connect a power supply wiring to each indoor unit group to be connected to the same outdoor unit. (Max. capacity of one indoor unit group is 250 KBtu/h.) Connect an ELB, fuse and main switch (S) to each indoor unit group.
 - (3) Connect the transmission wiring between indoor units and outdoor units, as shown in Fig. 7.2 and 7.3.
 - (4) Connect the transmission wiring in the same refrigerant cycle unit. (In case that the refrigerant pipe of indoor unit is connected to the outdoor unit, connect the transmission wiring to the same indoor unit.) Connecting the refrigerant pipe and transmission wiring to the different refrigerant cycle systems may lead to malfunction.
 - (5) Use 2-Core lead wires such as shielded twist pair cable for the transmission wiring. (Do not use 3-Core or over.)
 - (6) Use the same kind of cables for the Hi-NET system of the same refrigerant cycle.
 - (7) The transmission wiring is required to be separated from the power supply wiring. Keep at least 5cm between the transmission wiring and the power supply wiring, and also min. 1.5m between the transmission wiring and power supply wiring for other electrical device. If the above is not secured, put the power supply wiring into the metal conduit tube to separate from other wirings.
 - (8) Connect the following transmission wiring to the terminals 1 and 2 of TB2 in the outdoor unit A (main unit).
 - between outdoor unit and indoor unit
 - between outdoor unit and indoor unit in other refrigerant cycles
 - (9) Do not connect the power supply wiring to the terminal board for transmission wiring (TB2). Printed circuit board may be damaged.
- (10) Connect the earth wire for the outdoor/indoor. The earth wiring work under the condition of 100Ω (max.) ground resistance should be performed by the qualified person.



• Transmission Wiring

NOTES:

- 1. For the combination units (182~460KBtu/h), DSW settings of Main and Sub are required.
- 2. Alarm occurs if the transmission wires between outdoor units are connected to the terminals 1 and 2 for Hi-NET II.
- 3. In case that alarm is indicated on the LCD of Main outdoor unit, follow the "7-segment" indication of the Main outdoor unit for checking.
- 4. Perform function setting from Main outdoor unit.
- 5. Maximum refrigerant groups with one central controller are 64. Maximum indoor units to be connected are 160.

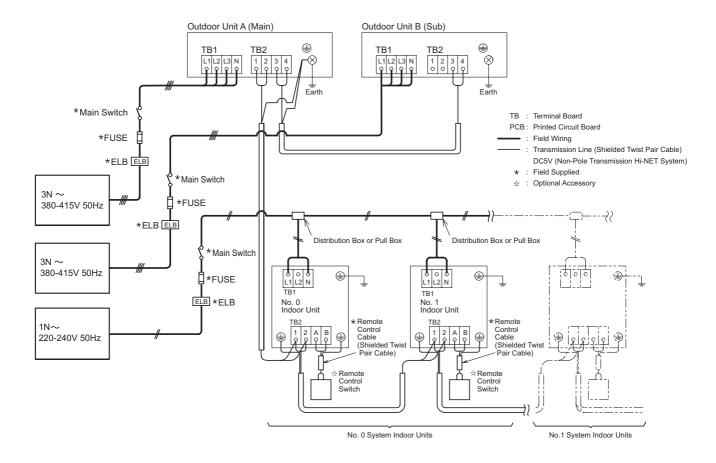


Fig. 7.2 Instruction for Electrical Wiring Connection

7.5 Dip Switch Setting of Outdoor Unit

TURN OFF all power sources before setting.

Without turning OFF, the switches do not work and the contents of the setting are invalid. (However, DSW4-No.1, 2, 4 can be operated during power source is ON.) The mark of "■" indicates the position of dip switches. Set the dip switches according to the Fig.7.4.

NOTE

- By using switch DSW4, the unit is started or stopped after 10 to 20 seconds after the switch is operated.
- Number this outdoor unit to distinguish from other outdoor units for service and maintenance.

And write the number in the space right.

Arrangement of Dip Switch Setting	Push Switches		
SEG2 SEG1 PSW5 PSW3 DSW4	DSW3 DSW5 SW7 BSW7 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSW5 BSS BSS BSS BSS BSS BSS BSS BS		
	DSW2 Capacity Setting		
DSW1 Ref. Cycle No. Setting Setting is required. Setting			
Setting Before Shipment Position	No setting is required.		
DSW1	86 96 114		
$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{array} $	ON ON ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6		
Tens Digit Last Digit DSW1 DSW8	136 154		
ON ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 Tens Digit Last Digit	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6		
DSW4 Test Operation and Service Setting	DSW5 Emergency Operation /		
Setting is required. For Test Operation and	Test Operation and Service Setting		
Operating Compressor	No setting is required. Turn ON the dip switch		
Setting Before Test Cooling Test Heating Shipment Operation Operation	when use the below functions. Setting Before		
ON ON ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6	Shipment ON 1 2 3 4 5 6		
Compressor	Setting Item Pin No.		
	Except No.1 Compressor Operation 1		
	Except No.2 Compressor Operation 2 Refrigerant Amount Judgement 4		
DSW6 Outdoor Unit No. Setting			
Setting is required. Single Setting			
(Setting Before Shipment)	The outdoor unit is not single,		
	the combination setting is necessary.		
1234	Be sure to do this setting.		
Combination Setting Unit A Unit B	Unit C		
(No.0 Unit) (No.2 Unit)	(No.3 Unit)		
	1 2 3 4		
DSW3 DSW7 Power Supply Se			
No setting is required.	re Shinment For End Resistance Cancellation		
380-415V Unit: 380-415V Setting Befo	Setting Before End Resistance		
	Shipment Cancellation		
0N			
<u>1 2 3 4</u> 380-4	15V		
	If the transmission circuit fuse is short circuited,		
	the printed circuit board PCB1 will be recovered only once by turning DSW10 #2 pin on.		

Fig. 7.4 DSW Setting

• Setting for Transmitting

It is required to set the outdoor unit Nos., refrigerant cycle Nos. and end terminal resistance for this Hi-NET or Hi-NET II system.

• Setting of Outdoor Unit No.

In case of the combination of base unit, set DSW6 as shown below.

Base Unit	Combination of Base Unit		
(Before Shipment)	Unit A	Unit B	Unit C
	(No.0) (Main)	(No.2)	(No.3)
ON	ON OFF 1 2 3 4	ON	ON
OFF 1 2 3 4		OFF 234	OFF 1 2 3 4

• Setting of Refrigerant Cycle No.

In the same refrigerant cycle, set the same refrigerant cycle No. for the outdoor unit and the indoor units as shown below.

As for setting indoor unit refrigerant cycle No., set the RSW2 and DSW5 on the indoor unit PCB.

<u>0</u> ,				
	Setting Switch			
	10 digit	1 digit		
RSW1	ON OFF 2 3 4 5 6	Setting Position Set by inserting slotted screwdriver into the groove.		
Outdoor Unit	DSW1	RSW1		
Indoor Unit (Hi-NET II)	DSW5	RSW2		
Indoor Unit				

	Setting Switch		
	10 digit	1 digit	
DSW8	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6	ON OFF 1 2 3 4	
Outdoor Unit	DSW1	DSW8	
Indoor Unit (Hi-NET II)	DSW5	RSW2	

• Setting of End Terminal Resistance

Before shipment, No. 1 pin of DSW10 is set at the "ON" side. In the case that the outdoor units quantity in the same Hi-NET or Hi-NET II is 2 or more, set No. 1 pin of DSW10 at the "OFF" side from the 2nd refrigerant group outdoor unit. If only one outdoor unit is used, no setting is required.

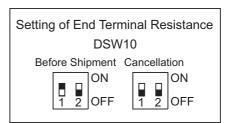
Ex.: In Case of Setting Refrigerant Cycle No. 25

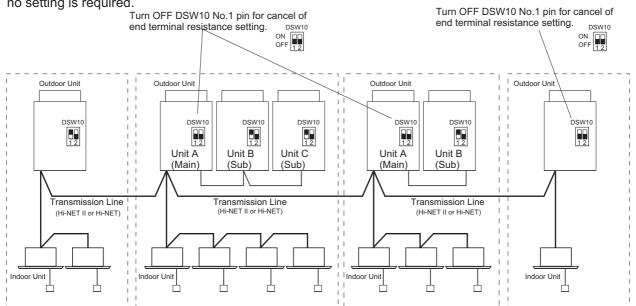
ON OFF 2 3 4 5 6	C T



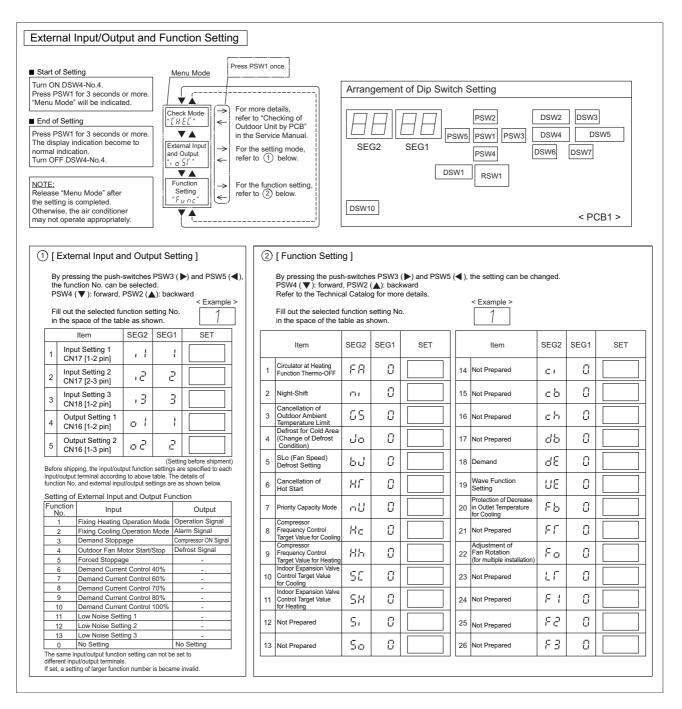
Turn ON No. 2 pin. Set Dial No.5.

DSW and RSW setting before shipment is 0. Maximum in setting refrigerant cycle No. is 63.





• Function Setting



8. Additional Refrigerant Charge

- 8.1 Air-Tight Test
 - (1) Check to ensure that the stop valves are closed completely before air-tight test.
 - < Tightening Check of Stop Valves >
 - a) After connecting the pipe, remove the cap of stop valve for gas and liquid .

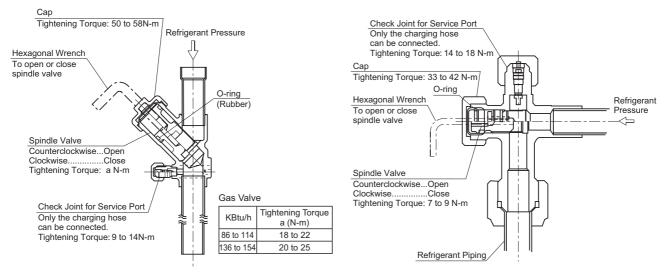
Tighten the open-close spindle in the close direction with a torque *1).

*1)	Stop Valve for Gas	86 to 114	18 to 22 N-m
		136 to 154	20 to 25 N-m
	Stop Valve for Liquid		7 to 9 N-m

b) Perform the air-tight test after the above check.

< Gas Valve >

< Liquid Valve >



(2) Connect the indoor unit and the outdoor unit with field-supplied refrigerant piping. Suspend the refrigerant piping at specified points and prevent the refrigerant piping from touching weak parts of the building such as wall, ceiling, etc.
(Abnormal sound may occur due to the vibration of the piping. Pay special attention in case of shore.

(Abnormal sound may occur due to the vibration of the piping. Pay special attention in case of short piping length.)

(3) Connect the gauge manifold using charging hoses with a vacuum pump or a nitrogen cylinder to the check joints of the liquid line and the gas line stop valves. Perform the air-tight test.

Connect a manifold gauge to the check joints of the liquid and gas stop valves in the outdoor unit. Do not open the stop valves. Apply nitrogen gas pressure of **4.15MPa** for Hi-Multi series.

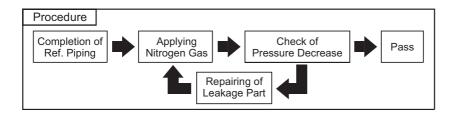
A DANGER

Be sure to use Nitrogen Gas for air-tight test. If other gases such as oxygen gas, acetylene gas or fluorocarbon gas are accidentally used, it may cause explosion or gas intoxication.

(4) Check for any gas leakage at the flare nut connections, or brazed parts by gas leakage tester or by use of a foaming agent or gas leak detector.

Recommended Forming Agent	Manufacturer
Güproflex	Yokogawa & CO.,Ltd

(5) Mount the piping cover equipped with the outdoor unit after connecting the pipe.



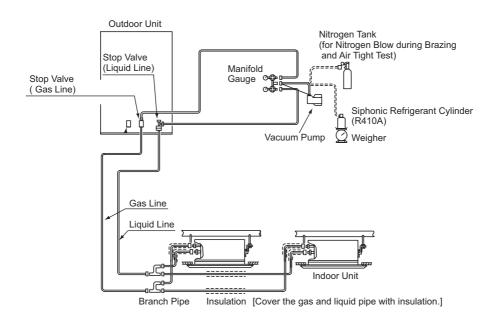


Fig. 8.1 Vacuum Pumping and Refrigerant Charge

8.2 Vacuuming

- (1) Connect a manifold gauge and vacuum pump to the check joints .
 - Gas Stop Valve
 Liquid Stop Valve
- (2) Continue vacuum pumping work until the pressure reaches -0.1MPa (-756mmHg) or lower for one to two hours.

After vacuum pumping work, stop the manifold valve's valve, stop the vacuum pump and leave it for one hour. Check to ensure that the pressure in the manifold gauge does not increase.

(3) Tighten the cap of check joint (9 to 14N-m for gas valve, 14 to 18N-m for liquid valve) after the vacuum pumping work.

NOTES:

- 1. If tools or measuring instruments come into contact with the refrigerant, use the tools or the measuring instruments exclusive for R410A.
- 2. If vacuum degree of -0.1MPa (-756mmHg) is not available, it is considered that there is a gas leakage. Check for any gas leakage once again. If no leakage exists, operate the vacuum pump for one to two hours.

NOTICE

Insulate the refrigerant pipes as shown in Fig. 8.2.
 After connecting the refrigerant piping, seal the refrigerant pipes by using the field-supplied insulation material. Insulate the unions and flare nuts at the piping connections completely. Insulate the liquid piping and gas piping completely to avoid decreasing of performance and dewing on the surface of the pipe.

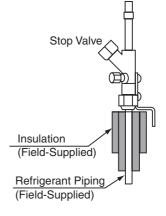


Fig. 8.2 Insulation on Pipes

8.3 Additional Refrigerant Charge Calculation

Table 8.1 Additional Refrigerant Charge Calculation

Although refrigerant has been charged into this unit, additional refrigerant charge is required according to piping length.

Determine the additional refrigerant quantity according to the following procedure, and charge it into the system. Record the additional refrigerant quantity to facilitate maintenance and servicing activities thereafter.

1. Calculating Method of Additional Refrigerant Charge (W kg)

No.	Symbol		Additional Charge (kg)					
1	W1	Additional Refrigera						
		Pipe Diameter						
		φ22.2	m	×0.36 =				
		φ19.05	m	×0.26 =				
		φ15.88	m	×0.17=				
		φ12.7	m	×0.11 =				
		φ9.53	m	×0.056 =				
		φ6.35						
		Tot	tal Additional Charg	e For Liquid Piping =				
		kg						
2	W2	Additional Refrigera Additional refrigerar Additional refrigerar						
		86 and 96 Tota						
			× 1.0	0kg/unit =		kg		
3	W3	The Ratio of Indoor Outdoor Unit Capac Determine the ratio • I.U.Capacity Ratio • I.U.Capacity Ratio • I.U.Capacity Ratio	kg					
4	W	I.U.Capacity Ratio is 116~130% : 1.0kg Calculation of Additional Charge (W kg) =						
		W1 + W2 +W3 kg						

Note:

Ensure that the total additional charge should not be exceeded the max. additional refrigerant charge quantity as shown in the table below.

< Max. Additional Refrigerant Charge Quantity >

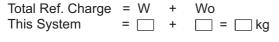
Outdoor Unit (KBtu/h)	86/96	114	136/154	182	190~232	250~460
Max. Additional Ref. Charge Quantity (kg)	28.0	33.0	38.5	42.0	46.0	52.0

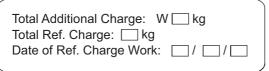
2. Charging Work

Charge refrigerant (R410A) into the system according to Item 8.4.

3. Record of Additional Charge

Total refrigerant charge of this system is calculated in the following formula.





Ref. Charge Amount of O.U. Before Shipment (W0) kg

Outdoor Unit (KBtu/h)	W0 Outdoor Unit Ref. Charge (kg)
86	6.5
96	6.5
114	9.9
136	9.0
154	10.5

Note:

• W0 is outdoor unit ref. charge before shipment.

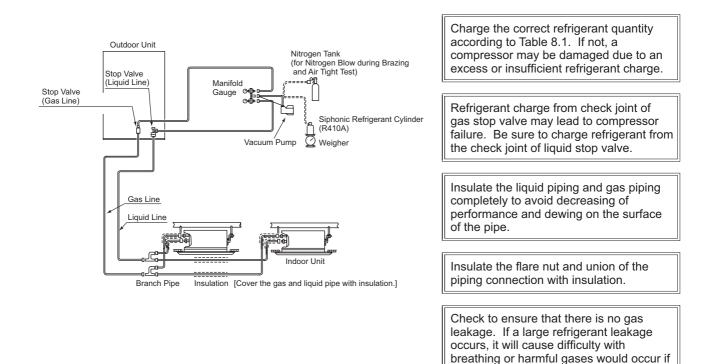
 In case of the combination of the base unit, calculate the total ref. charge before shipment of the outdoor units to be combined.

8.4 Charging Work

After vacuum pumping work, check that the gas stop valve, and liquid stop valve are fully closed. Charge the additional refrigerant (refer to Table 8.1) from the check joint of liquid stop valve (Charging Refrigerant Amount Tolerance: 0.5kg).

If the specified refrigerant quantity can not be charged, follow the procedure below.

- (1) Fully open the stop valve for gas .
- (2) Operate the compressor at the cooling mode and add the refrigerant from the check joint of the liquid stop valve. At this time, the liquid stop valve is slightly opened (Charging Refrigerant Amount Tolerance: 0.5kg).



a fire was being used in the room.

8.5 Automatic Simple Judgement System for Refrigerant Amount

Perform the refrigerant amount check operation according to the automatic judgement function after the refrigerant charging work.

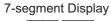
When the judgement result is excessive refrigerant, insufficient refrigerant or abnormal termination, find out the cause of abnormality and perform the refrigerant amount check operation again.

< Procedure of Refrigerant Amount Check Operation >

- (1) Reassemble all the cover except for the electrical control box cover and service cover of No.1 unit.
- (2) Turn ON the power supply of indoor unit and outdoor unit in the refrigerant cycle to be performed the refrigerant amount check operation. (Supply electrical power to the system 12 hours before starting this check operation to warm the

(Supply electrical power to the system 12 hours before starting this check operation to warm the compressor oil.)

(3) Turn No.4 of DSW5 (PCB1) ON.





(4) Check the 7-segment display and press PSW1.

The outdoor fan and compressor will be activated and the 7-segment display will be indicated the following figure.

c h 0 2

The judgement takes 30 to 40 minutes.

Refer to the table below for the result indication.

When the judgement result is excessive refrigerant, insufficient refrigerant or abnormal termination, find out the cause of abnormality and perform the refrigerant amount check operation again.

Judgement Result Indication

7-segment Indication	Result	Remarks			
End	Sufficient Refrigerant	The refrigerant amount is sufficient. Turn No.4 of DSW5 OFF and perform Test Run.			
ch.H,	Excessive Refrigerant	The refrigerant amount is excessive. Calculate the additional refrigerant amount according to the piping length. Collect the refrigerant using a collector and charge the correct refrigerant amount.			
ch.Lo	Insufficient Refrigerant	The refrigerant amount is insufficient. Check if the additional refrigerant has been charged. Calculate the additional refrigerant amount according to the piping length and charge the refrigerant.			
<u>c</u> h.	Abnormal Termination	 Find out the cause of abnormal termination as shown below. After resolved the cause of abnormal termination, restart the check operation. (1) Is No.4 pin of DSW5 ON before turning on the power supply? (2) Are all indoor units ready and waiting, before turned ON No.4 pin of DSW5? (3) Is the outdoor ambient temperature within the applicable range (-5 to 43°C)? (In some cases, when the connected indoor unit number exceeds the recommended number and the outdoor ambient temperature exceeds 35°C, this check operation cannot be performed.) (4) Is the total indoor units operation capacity 30% (indoor units capacity ratio) or less? (5) Is No.4 of DSW4 (compressor forced stoppage) OFF? 			

(5) Turn No.4 of DSW5 OFF when the refrigerant amount is sufficient.

Wait 3 minutes (at least) after turning No.4 of DSW5 OFF and then the outdoor unit is ready to operate. <u>NOTE:</u>

The 7-segment indication during the check operation may be changed to the protection control code by the activation of protection control, however it is normal. As for the protection control code, refer to the sheet attached to the inside of the outdoor unit service cover.

NOTE:

- 1. Emissions of the fluorocarbons are prohibited.
- 2. In case of disposal and maintenance of this product, collection of fluorocarbons is required.
- 3. Regarding the fluorocarbon, the specification label or refrigerant label attached to the product should be followed. After the additional refrigerant charge, record the total refrigerant (= refrigerant before shipment + additional refrigerant in the field) in the refrigerant label.

• Special Attention Regarding Refrigerant Gas Leakage

Pay attention to the critical gas concentration to avoid accidental refrigerant gas leakage before installing air conditioning systems.

Totally Charged Refrigerant Quantity in System (kg) \leq Critical Concentration (kg/m³)Room Space for each Indoor Unit (m³) \blacklozenge

* In case of KHK S 0010, this value should be decided according to the each country's regulation such as ISO5149 and EN378.

 0.3 kg/m^3

In the case that the calculated critical concentration is higher than 0.3kg/m³, take the following actions.

- 1) Provide a gas leakage detector and exhaust fan(s) controlled by its gas leakage detector.
- Provide each effective opening at the wall or door for ventilation to next door so that the critical gas concentration can be maintained lower than the above value.
 (Provide an opening more than 0.15% of floor surface at the lower part of a door)

(Provide an opening more than 0.15% of floor surface at the lower part of a door.)

ACAUTION

- Maximum Permissible Concentration of HFC GAS R410A
 The refrigerant R410A is an incombustible and non-toxic gas.
 However, if leakage occurs and gas fills a room, it may cause suffocation. The maximum permissible
 concentration of HFC gas, R410A in air is 0.3kg/m³, according to the refrigeration and air conditioning facility
 standard (KHK S 0010) by the KHK (High Pressure Gas Protection Association) Japan. Therefore, some
 effective measure must be taken to lower the R410A concentration in air below 0.3kg/m³, in case of leakage.
 As for R410A, this consideration is applied similarly.
- 2. Calculation of Refrigerant Concentration
 - (1) Calculate the total quantity of refrigerant R (kg) charged in the system connecting all the indoor units of objective rooms.
 - (2) Calculate the room space where this unit is to be installed V (m^3) of each objective room.
 - (3) Calculate the refrigerant concentration C (kg/m³) of the room according to the following equation.
 R: Total Quantity of Charged Refrigerant (kg)
 - V: Room Space Where This Unit Is to Be Installed (m³)
 - = C: Refrigerant Concentration ≤ 0.3 (kg/m³) *

If local codes or regulations are specified, follow them.

<Example>

Japanese Standard KHK S 0010 C=0.3 (kg/m³)

9. Test Run

Test run should be performed according to the Item 9.2. And use the Table 9.1 for recording test run.

 Do not operate the system until all the check points have been cleared. As for the test run of indoor unit, check "Installation & Maintenance Manual" attached to the indoor unit.

9.1 Before Test Run

(1) Check to ensure that the refrigerant piping and transmission between outdoor unit and indoor units are connected to the same refrigerant cycle. If not, it will cause an abnormal operation and a serious accident.

Check that the dip switch setting of the refrigerant cycle No. (DSW1 & RSW1 [O.U.], DSW5 & RSW2 [I.U.]) and the unit number (RSW) for the indoor units apply to the system.

Confirm that the dip switch setting on the printed circuit board of the indoor units and the outdoor units are correct. Especially, pay attention to the setting of lift between indoor units and outdoor unit, the refrigerant No. and the end terminal resistance. Refer to the chapter "7. Electrical Wiring".

- (2) Check to ensure that the electrical resistance is more than 1 megohm, by measuring the resistance between ground and the terminal of the electrical parts. If not, do not operate the system until the electrical leakage is found and repaired (Refer to "Caution for Insulation Resistance" for details.). Do not impress the voltage on the terminals for transmission (Outdoor Unit: TB2 1, 2, 3, 4 / Indoor Unit: TB2 1, 2, A, B / HCH Unit: TB2 1, 2, 3, 4).
- (3) Check to ensure that each wire, L1, L2, L3 and N is correctly connected at the power source. If incorrectly connected, the unit will not operate and the remote control switch will indicate the alarm code "05". In this case, check and change the phase of the power source according to the attached sheet on the reverse side of the service cover.
- (4) <u>Check to ensure that the switch on the main power source has been ON for more than</u> <u>12 hours, to warm the compressor oil by the oil heater.</u>

FSXN series outdoor units does not operate within 4 hours after power supply (Stoppage Code d1-22). In case of operating within 4 hours, release the protection control as follows:

- 1. Supply power to the outdoor unit.
- 2. Wait for 30 seconds.
- 3. Push PSW5 on the outdoor PCB more than 3 seconds in order to release the d1-22. In case of using remote control switch for release, push "Air Flow" and "Auto Louver" switch simultaneously for 3 seconds.
- (5) Main Unit Label

In case of the combination of base units, <u>attach the main unit label on a visible spot of the main</u> <u>unit (outdoor unit A)</u>, so that the outdoor unit A can be identified easily. Do not attach the main label on the sub unit (outdoor unit B and C).

ACAUTION

Caution for Insulation Resistance

If total unit insulation resistance is lower than 1 megohm, the compressor insulation resistance may be low due to retained refrigerant in the compressor. This may occur if the unit has not been used for long periods.

- 1. Disconnect the cables to the compressor and measure the insulation resistance of the compressor itself. If the resistance value is over 1 megohm, then insulation failure has occurred of other electrical parts.
- If the insulation resistance is less than 1 megohm, disconnect the compressor cable from the inverter PCB. Then, turn on the main power to apply current to the crankcase heater. After applying current for more than 3 hours, measure insulation resistance again. (Depending on the air conditions, pipe length or refrigerant conditions, it may be necessary to apply the current for a longer period of time.) Check the insulation resistance and reconnect the compressor.

If the leakage breaker is activated, check the recommended size shown in Table 7.1.

NOTICE

- 1. Confirm that field-supplied electrical components (main switch fuse, fuse-free breaker, earth leakage breakers, wires, conduit connectors and wire terminals) have been properly selected according to the electrical data given in the Technical Catalog of the unit and ensure that the components comply with national and local codes.
- 2. Use shielded wires (≥0.75mm²) for field wiring to protect electrically noise obstacle. (Total length of shielded wire shall be less then 1000m, and size of shielded wire shall comply with local codes.)
- Check to ensure that the terminal for power source wiring (terminals "L1" to "L1" and "N" to "N" of each terminal board: AC 380-415V).
 If not, some component will be damaged.

9.2 Test Run

- Check to ensure that the stop valves of the outdoor unit are fully opened and then start the system.
 (In case of the combination of base units, check that the stop valves of all the connected outdoor units are fully opened.)
- (2) Perform the test run of indoor units one by one sequentially and then check accordance of the refrigerant piping system and electrical wiring system. (If the multiple indoor units are operated simultaneously, the system can not be inspected the system accordance.)
- (3) Perform the test run according to the following procedure. Ensure that the test run is carried out without any problem.

NOTE:

In case of 2-remote control switch (main and sub), firstly perform the test run of the main remote control switch.

- a) Set the "TEST RUN" mode by pressing the "MODE" and "CHECK" switch of controller simultaneously for at least 3 seconds.
 - → "TEST RUN" is displayed on the LCD.

The total number of the indoor units connected is indicated on the LCD.

Example when 5 indoor units are connected.

- Regarding other optional remote control switch (wireless remote control or half-size remote control), follow "Installation & Maintenance Manual" attached to each optional remote control switch and perform the test run.
- In case that the multiple indoor units are operated simultaneously controlled by one remote control switch, check the connected number of indoor unit is indicated on LCD.
- In case that the indicated number is not correct, the auto-address function is not performed correctly due to incorrect wiring, the electric noise or etc. Turn OFF the power supply and correct the wiring after checking the following points; (Do not repeat turning ON and OFF within 10 seconds.)

Power Supply for Indoor Unit is Not Turned ON or Incorrect Wiring.

Incorrect Connection of Connecting Cable between Indoor Units or Incorrect Connection of Controller Cable.

Incorrect Setting of Rotary Switch and Dip Switch (The setting is overlapped.) on the Indoor Units PCB.

- b) Set the operation mode by pressing "MODE" switch.
- c) Press "RUN/STOP" switch.
 - → The operation lamp will be turned ON before the test run starts.

2-hour OFF Timer will be set automatically, and "OFF Timer" and "2HR" will be indicated on LCD. Although the air flow initial setting is "HI", the setting can be changed.

• Check the following operation range.

		Cooling Operation	Heating Operation
Indoor	Minimum	21°C DB / 15°C WB	15°C DB
Temperature	Maximum	32°C DB / 23°C WB	27°C DB
Outdoor	Minimum	-5°C DB (*)	-20°C WB (**)
Temperature	Maximum	43°C DB	15°C WB

DB: Dry Bulb, WB: Wet Bulb

NOTES:

(*) 10° C DB ~ -5° C DB, Operation Control Range

(**) -12°C WB ~ -20°C WB, Operation Control Range

• Pay attention to the following items while the system is running.

Do not touch any of the parts by hand at the discharge gas side, since the compressor chamber and the pipes at the discharge side are heated higher than 90°C.

DO NOT PUSH THE BUTTON OF THE MAGNETIC SWITCH(ES).

It will cause a serious accident.

- Do not touch any electrical components for at least 3 minutes after turning OFF the main switch.
- Check that the refrigerant piping setting and electrical wiring setting are for the same system, by
 operating the indoor unit one by one.

- d) Depress "AUTO LOUVER" switch and check that the louver is activated normally without abnormal sound. Depress "AUTO LOUVER" again so that the louver will stop. If abnormal sound is heard, remove the panel and adjust the fitting condition of connection parts in the panel corner cover. Ensure that the panel is mounted correctly to the unit body, otherwise the panel may be deformed.
- e) The temperature control will be invalid though the protection device will be activated during the test run. If alarm occurs, find out the cause of abnormality according to Table 9.2 "Alarm Code". And again perform the test run after solving the problems.
- f) According to the label "Checking of Outdoor Unit by 7-segment Display on PCB1" attached to the rear side of the front cover of the outdoor unit, inspect temperature, pressure, operation frequency, and connected indoor unit numbers by the 7-segment displays.
- g) To end the test run, wait for 2 hours or push "RUN/STOP" switch again.

мс	DEL:			COM	PRES	SOR MFG. 1	No.				
си	USTOMER'S NAME AND ADDRESS: DATE:										
1.	1. Is the rotation direction of the indoor fan correct?										
2.	2. Is the rotation direction of the outdoor fan correct?										
3.	Are there any abnormal compressor sounds?										
4.	Has the unit been operated at least	twenty (20) m	ninutes?	•							
5.	Check Room Temperature										
	Inlet: <u>No. 1 DB</u> /WB °C,	No. 2 DB	/WB	°C,	No. 3 DB		°C,	No. 4 DB	/WB	<u>0°</u> 0°	
	Outlet: <u>DB</u> /WB °C, Inlet: No. 5 DB /WB °C,	DB No. 6 DB	/WB /WB	°C, °C,	<u>DB</u> No. 7 DB		°C, °C,	DB No. 8 DB	/WB /WB	<u> </u>	
	Outlet: <u>DB</u> /WB °C,	DB	/WB	°C,	DB		°C,	DB	/WB	°C	
6.	Check Outdoor Ambient Temperatur	e									
	Inlet: DB °C,	WB		°C							
	Outlet: DB °C,	WB		°C							
7.	Check Refrigerant Temperature			°0							
	Liquid Temperature: Discharge Gas Temperature:			0° ℃							
8.	Check Pressure										
-	Discharge Pressure:			MPa							
	Suction Pressure:			MPa							
9.	Check Voltage										
	Rated Voltage:	<u> </u>		<u>V</u>							
	Operating Voltage: Starting Voltage:	L_1 - L_2		V,	L ₁ -L ₃		V,	L ₂ -L ₃		V	
	Phase Imbalance: $1 - \frac{V}{Vm}$										
	Vm										
10.	Check Compressor Input Running C	urrent		1.1.47							
	Input: Running Current:			kW A							
11.	Is the refrigerant charge adequate?										
12.	Do the operation control devices operation	erate correctl	y?								
13.	B. Do the safety devices operate correctly?										
14.	4. Has the unit been checked for refrigerant leakage?										
15.	5. Is the unit clean inside and outside?										
16.	6. Are all cabinet panels fixed?										
17.	Are all cabinet panels free from rattle										
18.	8. Is the filter clean?										
19.). Is the heat exchanger clean?										
20.	. Are the stop valves open?										
21.	Does the drain water flow smoothly from the drain pipe?										

Table 9.1 Test Run and Maintenance Record

Table 9.2 Alarm Code

Code	Category	Content of Abnormality	Leading Cause
01	Indoor Unit	Activation of Protection Device (Float Switch)	Activation of Float Switch (High Water Level in Drain Pan, Abnormality of Drain Pipe, Float Switch or Drain Pan)
02	Outdoor Unit	Activation of Protection Device (High Pressure Cut)	Activation of PSH (Pipe Clogging, Excessive Refrigerant, Inert Gas Mixing)
03		Abnormality between Indoor and Outdoor	Incorrect Wiring, Loose Terminals, Disconnect Wire, Blowout of Fuse, Outdoor Unit Power OFF
04	Transmission	Abnormality between Inverter PCB and Outdoor PCB	Inverter PCB - Outdoor PCB Transmission Failure (Loose Connector, Wire Breaking, Blowout of Fuse)
04.		Abnormality between Fan Controller and Outdoor PCB	Fan Controller - Outdoor PCB Transmission Failure (Loose Connector, Wire Breaking, Blowout of Fuse)
05	Supply Phase	Abnormality Power Source Phases	Incorrect Power Source, Connection to Reversed Phase, Open-Phase
06	Voltage	Abnormal Inverter Voltage	Outdoor Voltage Drop, Insufficient Power Capacity
06.	, enage	Abnormal Fan Controller Voltage	Outdoor Voltage Drop, Insufficient Power Capacity
07		Decrease in Discharge Gas Superheat	Excessive Refrigerant Charge, Failure of Thermistor, Incorrect Wiring, Incorrect Piping Connection, Expansion Valve Locking at Opened Position (Disconnect Connector)
08	Cycle	Increase in Discharge Gas Temperature	Insufficient Refrigerant Charge, Pipe Clogging, Failure of Thermistor, Incorrect Wiring, Incorrect Piping Connection, Expansion Valve Locking at Closed Position (Disconnect Connector)
0A	Transmission	Abnormality between Outdoor and Outdoor	Incorrect Wiring, Breaking Wire, Loose Terminals
0b		Incorrect Outdoor Unit Address Setting	Duplication of Address Setting for Outdoor Units (Sub Units) in Same Refrigerant Cycle System
0C	Outdoor Unit	Incorrect Outdoor Unit Main Unit Setting	Two (or more) Outdoor Units Set as "Main Unit" Exist in Same Refrigerant Cycle System
11		Inlet Air Thermistor	
12	Sensor on	Outlet Air Thermistor	Incorrect Wiring, Disconnecting Wiring
13	Indoor Unit	Freeze Protection Thermistor	Breaking Wire, Short Circuit
14		Gas Piping Thermistor	
19	Fan Motor	Activation of Protection Device for Indoor Fan	Fan Motor Overheat, Locking
21		High Pressure Sensor	
22		Outdoor Air Thermistor	
23	Sensor on	Discharge Gas Thermistor on Top of Compressor	Incorrect Wiring, Disconnecting Wiring
24	Outdoor Unit	Heat Exchanger Liquid Pipe Thermistor	Breaking Wire, Short Circuit
25		Heat Exchanger Gas Pipe Thermistor	
29		Low Pressure Sensor	

Code	Category	Content of Abnormality	Leading Cause
31	System	Incorrect Capacity Setting of Outdoor Unit and Indoor Unit	Incorrect Capacity Code Setting of Combination Excessive or Insufficient Indoor Unit Total Capacity Code
35	Oystern	Incorrect Setting of Indoor Unit No.	Duplication of Indoor Unit No. in same Ref. Gr.
36		Incorrect of Indoor Unit Combination	Indoor Unit is Designed for R22
38		Abnormality of Picking up Circuit for Protection in Outdoor Unit	Failure of Protection Detecting Device (Incorrect Wiring of Outdoor PCB)
39	Compressor	Abnormality Running Current at Constant Speed Compressor	Overcurrent, Blowout Fuse, Current Sensor Failure, Instantaneous Power Failure, Voltage Drop, Abnormal Power Supply
3A		Abnormality of Outdoor Unit Capacity	Outdoor Unit Capacity > 1350KBtuh
3b	Outdoor Unit	Incorrect Setting of Outdoor Unit Models Combination or Voltage	Incorrect Setting of Main and Sub Unit(s) Combination or Voltage
3d		Abnormality Transmission between Main Unit and Sub Unit(s)	Incorrect Wiring, Disconnect Wire, Breaking Wire, PCB Failure
43		Activation of Low Pressure Decrease Protection Device	Defective Compression (Failure of Compressor of Inverter, Loose Power Supply Connection)
44		Activation of Low Pressure Increase Protection Device	Overload at Cooling, High Temperature at Heating, Expansion Valve Locking (Loose Connector)
45	Protection Device	Activation of High Pressure Increase Protection Device	Overload Operation (Clogging, Short-Pass), Pipe Clogging, Excessive Refrigerant, Inert Gas Mixing
47		Activation of Low Pressure Decrease Protection Device (Vacuum Operation Protection)	Insufficient Refrigerant, Refrigerant Piping, Clogging, Expansion Valve Locking at Open Position (Loose Connector)
48		Activation of Inverter Overcurrent Protection Device	Overload Operation, Compressor Failure
51	Sensor	Abnormal Inverter Current Sensor	Current Sensor Failure
53		Inverter Error Signal Detection	Driver IC Error Signal Detection (Protection for Overcurrent, Low Voltage, Short Circuit)
54	Inverter	Abnormality of Inverter Fin Temperature	Abnormal Inverter Fin Thermistor, Heat Exchanger Clogging, Fan Motor Failure
55		Inverter Failure	Inverter PCB Failure
57		Activation of Fan Controller Protection	Driver IC Error Signal Detection (Protection for Overcurrent, Low Voltage, Short Circuit), Instantaneous Overcurrent
5A	Fan	Abnormality of Fan Controller Fin Temperature	Fin Thermistor Failure, Heat Exchanger Clogging, Fan Motor Failure
5b	Controller	Activation of Overcurrent Protection	Fan Motor Failure
5c		Abnormality of Fan Controller Sensor	Failure of Current Sensor (Instantaneous Overcurrent, Increase of Fin Temperature, Low Voltage, Earth Fault, Step-Out)
EE	Compressor	Compressor Protection Alarm (It is can not be reset from remote Controller)	This alarm code appears when the following alarms* occurs three times within 6 hours. *02, 07, 08, 39, 43 to 45, 47
b1	Outdoor Unit No. Setting	Incorrect Outdoor Unit Address Number or Unit Number Setting	Over 64 Number is Set for Address or Refrigerant Cycle.
b5	Indoor Unit No. Setting	Incorrect Indoor Unit Connection Number Setting	More than 17 Non-Corresponding to Hi-NET II Units are Connected to One System.

10. Safety and Control Device Setting

Compressor Protection

The compressor is protected by the following devices and their combinations.

- (1) High Pressure Switch: This switch cuts out the operation of the compressor when the discharge pressure exceeds the setting.
- (2) Oil Heater: This band type heater protects against oil foaming during cold starting, as it is energized while the compressor is stopped.

Model (KBtu/h)			86	96	114	
For Compressor			Automatic Reset, Non-Adjustable			
Pressure Switches		(each one for each compressor)				
High	Cut-Out	MPa	4.15 ^{-0.05} -0.15	4.15 ^{-0.05} -0.15	4.15 ^{-0.05} -0.15	
	Cut-In	MPa	3.20 <u>+</u> 0.15	3.20 <u>+</u> 0.15	3.20 <u>+</u> 0.15	
Fuse Capacity 380-415V 3N ~ 50Hz		A	40 x 2	40 x 2	40 x 2	
Oil Heater				10.0		
Capacity		W	40 x 2	40 x 2	40 x 2	
CCP Timer			Non-Adjustable			
Setting Time		min.	3	3	3	
For DC Fan Module Fuse Capacity 380-415V 3N ~ 50Hz		А	20 x 1	20 x 1	20 x 1	

Model (KBtu/h)			136	154
For Compressor			Automatic Reset, Non-Adjustable	
Pressure Switches			(each one for each compressor)	
High	Cut-Out	MPa	4.15 ^{-0.05} -0.15	4.15 ^{-0.05} -0.15
	Cut-In	MPa	3.20 <u>+</u> 0.15	3.20 <u>+</u> 0.15
Fuse Capacit	У			
380-415V 3N ~ 50Hz		A	40 x 2 + 32 x 2	40 x 2 + 32 x 2
Oil Heater				
Capacity		W	40 x 4	40 x 4
CCP Timer				Non-Adjustable
Setting Time		min.	3	3
For DC Fan Module				
Fuse Capacity				
380-415V 3N ~ 50Hz		A	20 x 1	20 x 1

Hisense Corporation

Add: 17, Donghai Xi Road, Qingdao 266071, China