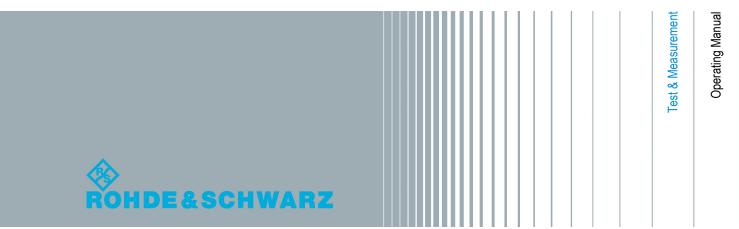
# R&S® FSV-K30 Noise Figure Measurements Operating Manual







This manual describes the following R&S®FSV options:

• R&S FSV-K30 (1310.8355.02)

This manual describes the following R&S<sup>®</sup>FSV models with firmware version 2.20 and higher:

- R&S®FSV 4 (1321.3008K04)
- R&S®FSV 7 (1321.3008K07)
- R&S®FSV 13 (1321.3008K13)
- R&S®FSV 30 (1321.3008K30)
- R&S®FSV 40 (1321.3008K39)
- R&S®FSV 40 (1321.3008K40)

It also applies to the following R&S®FSV models. However, note the differences described in chapter 1.4, "Notes for Users of R&S FSV 1307.9002Kxx Models", on page 9.

- R&S®FSV 3 (1307.9002K03)
- R&S®FSV 7 (1307.9002K07)
- R&S®FSV 13 (1307.9002K13)
- R&S®FSV 30 (1307.9002K30)
- R&S®FSV 40 (1307.9002K39)
- R&S®FSV 40 (1307.9002K40)

The firmware of the instrument makes use of several valuable open source software packages. For information, see the "Open Source Acknowledgement" on the user documentation CD-ROM (included in delivery).

Rohde & Schwarz would like to thank the open source community for their valuable contribution to embedded computing.

© 2014 Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG Mühldorfstr. 15, 81671 München, Germany

Phone: +49 89 41 29 - 0
Fax: +49 89 41 29 12 164
E-mail: info@rohde-schwarz.com
Internet: www.rohde-schwarz.com

Subject to change – Data without tolerance limits is not binding. R&S^® is a registered trademark of Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG.

Trade names are trademarks of the owners.

The following abbreviations are used throughout this manual: R&S®FSV is abbreviated as R&S FSV.

# Contents

1	Preface	5
1.1	Documentation Overview	5
1.2	Conventions Used in the Documentation	7
1.3	How to Use the Help System	8
1.4	Notes for Users of R&S FSV 1307.9002Kxx Models	9
2	Introduction to R&S FSV-K30 & Noise Measurements	10
3	Measurement Basics	. 11
3.1	Measurement Types	11
3.2	Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement	13
3.3	Measurement Settings Overview	14
3.4	Result Displays	15
3.5	Status Bar Information	18
3.6	Calibration	18
3.7	Selecting the Appropriate Filter Type	18
3.8	List of Available RRC and Channel Filters	19
3.9	ASCII File Export Format	21
3.10	Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV	22
4	Measurement Examples (R&S FSV-K30)	. 25
4.1	Direct Measurements	25
4.2	Frequency-Converting Measurements	28
5	Instrument Functions of Noise Figure Measurements (R&S FSV-K30)	
5.1	Editing Tables	
5.2	Working With Limit Lines	
6	Menu and Softkey Description (R&S FSV-K30)	39
6.1	Softkeys and Settings of the Noise Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	39
6.2	Softkeys of the Frequency Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	59
6.3	Softkeys of the Span Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	60
6.4	AMPT key	61
6 5	PW koy	61

6.6	Softkeys of the Sweep Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	61
6.7	Softkeys of the Trace Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	62
6.8	Softkeys of the Marker Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	. 63
6.9	Softkeys of the Marker To Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	64
6.10	Softkeys of the Lines Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	65
6.11	Softkeys of the Input/Output Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	67
7	Status Reporting System (R&S FSV-K30)	.70
7.1	STATus:OPERation Register	70
7.2	STATus:QUEStionable Register	70
7.3	STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Register	71
8	Remote Control Commands	.72
8.1	Notation	72
8.2	CALCulate Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	75
8.3	CONFigure Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	. 85
8.4	DISPlay Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)	88
8.5	FETCh Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)	95
8.6	FORMat Subsystem	97
8.7	INPut Subsystem	98
8.8	INITiate Subsystem	100
8.9	INSTrument Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	101
8.10	SENSe Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	101
8.11	SOURce Subsystem	114
8.12	STATus Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	117
8.13	SYSTem Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	119
9	Error Reporting and Error Messages	125
	List of Commands	126
	Indov	120

**Documentation Overview** 

# 1 Preface

#### 1.1 Documentation Overview

The user documentation for the R&S FSV is divided as follows:

- Quick Start Guide
- Operating Manuals for base unit and options
- Service Manual
- Online Help
- Release Notes

#### **Quick Start Guide**

This manual is delivered with the instrument in printed form and in PDF format on the CD. It provides the information needed to set up and start working with the instrument. Basic operations and basic measurements are described. Also a brief introduction to remote control is given. The manual includes general information (e.g. Safety Instructions) and the following chapters:

Chapter 1	Introduction, General information	
Chapter 2	Front and Rear Panel	
Chapter 3	Preparing for Use	
Chapter 4	Firmware Update and Installation of Firmware Options	
Chapter 5	Basic Operations	
Chapter 6	Basic Measurement Examples	
Chapter 7	Brief Introduction to Remote Control	
Appendix	Printer Interface	
Appendix	LAN Interface	

#### **Operating Manuals**

The Operating Manuals are a supplement to the Quick Start Guide. Operating Manuals are provided for the base unit and each additional (software) option.

The Operating Manual for the base unit provides basic information on operating the R&S FSV in general, and the "Spectrum" mode in particular. Furthermore, the software options that enhance the basic functionality for various measurement modes are described here. The set of measurement examples in the Quick Start Guide is expanded by more advanced measurement examples. In addition to the brief introduction to remote control in the Quick Start Guide, a description of the basic analyzer commands and programming examples is given. Information on maintenance, instrument interfaces and error messages is also provided.

**Documentation Overview** 

In the individual option manuals, the specific instrument functions of the option are described in detail. For additional information on default settings and parameters, refer to the data sheets. Basic information on operating the R&S FSV is not included in the option manuals.

The following Operating Manuals are available for the R&S FSV:

- R&S FSV base unit; in addition:
  - R&S FSV-K9 Power Sensor Support
  - R&S FSV-K14 Spectrogram Measurement
- R&S FSV-K7 Analog Demodulation and R&S FSV-K7S FM Stereo Measurements
- R&S FSV-K10 GSM/EDGE Measurement
- R&S FSV-K30 Noise Figure Measurement
- R&S FSV-K40 Phase Noise Measurement
- R&S FSV-K70 Vector Signal Analysis Operating Manual
   R&S FSV-K70 Vector Signal Analysis Getting Started (First measurements)
- R&S FSV-K72 3GPP FDD BTS Analysis
- R&S FSV-K73 3GPP FDD UE Analysis
- R&S FSV-K76/77 3GPP TD-SCDMA BTS/UE Measurement
- R&S FSV-K82/83 CDMA2000 BTS/MS Analysis
- R&S FSV-K84/85 1xEV-DO BTS/MS Analysis
- R&S FSV-K91 WLAN IEEE 802.11
- R&S FSV-K93 WiMAX IEEE 802.16 OFDM/OFDMA Analysis
- R&S FSV-K100/K104 EUTRA / LTE Downlink Measurement Application
- R&S FSV-K101/K105 EUTRA / LTE Uplink Measurement Application

These manuals are available in PDF format on the CD delivered with the instrument.

#### **Service Manual**

This manual is available in PDF format on the CD delivered with the instrument. It describes how to check compliance with rated specifications, instrument function, repair, troubleshooting and fault elimination. It contains all information required for repairing the R&S FSV by replacing modules. The manual includes the following chapters:

Chapter 1	Performance Test	
Chapter 2	Adjustment	
Chapter 3	Repair	
Chapter 4	Software Update / Installing Options	
Chapter 5	Documents	

#### **Online Help**

The online help contains context-specific help on operating the R&S FSV and all available options. It describes both manual and remote operation. The online help is instal-

Conventions Used in the Documentation

led on the R&S FSV by default, and is also available as an executable .chm file on the CD delivered with the instrument.

#### **Release Notes**

The release notes describe the installation of the firmware, new and modified functions, eliminated problems, and last minute changes to the documentation. The corresponding firmware version is indicated on the title page of the release notes. The current release notes are provided in the Internet.

#### 1.2 Conventions Used in the Documentation

#### 1.2.1 Typographical Conventions

The following text markers are used throughout this documentation:

Convention	Description	
"Graphical user interface elements"	All names of graphical user interface elements on the screen, such as dialog boxes, menus, options, buttons, and softkeys are enclosed by quotation marks.	
KEYS	Key names are written in capital letters.	
File names, commands, program code	File names, commands, coding samples and screen output are distinguished by their font.	
Input Input to be entered by the user is displayed in italics.		
Links Links that you can click are displayed in blue font.		
"References"	References to other parts of the documentation are enclosed by quotation marks.	

#### 1.2.2 Conventions for Procedure Descriptions

When describing how to operate the instrument, several alternative methods may be available to perform the same task. In this case, the procedure using the touchscreen is described. Any elements that can be activated by touching can also be clicked using an additionally connected mouse. The alternative procedure using the keys on the instrument or the on-screen keyboard is only described if it deviates from the standard operating procedures.

The term "select" may refer to any of the described methods, i.e. using a finger on the touchscreen, a mouse pointer in the display, or a key on the instrument or on a keyboard.

How to Use the Help System

#### 1.3 How to Use the Help System

#### Calling context-sensitive and general help

► To display the general help dialog box, press the HELP key on the front panel.

The help dialog box "View" tab is displayed. A topic containing information about the current menu or the currently opened dialog box and its function is displayed.



For standard Windows dialog boxes (e.g. File Properties, Print dialog etc.), no contextsensitive help is available.

► If the help is already displayed, press the softkey for which you want to display help.

A topic containing information about the softkey and its function is displayed.



If a softkey opens a submenu and you press the softkey a second time, the submenu of the softkey is displayed.

#### Contents of the help dialog box

The help dialog box contains four tabs:

- "Contents" contains a table of help contents
- "View" contains a specific help topic
- "Index" contains index entries to search for help topics
- "Zoom" contains zoom functions for the help display

To change between these tabs, press the tab on the touchscreen.

#### Navigating in the table of contents

- To move through the displayed contents entries, use the UP ARROW and DOWN ARROW keys. Entries that contain further entries are marked with a plus sign.
- To display a help topic, press the ENTER key. The "View" tab with the corresponding help topic is displayed.
- To change to the next tab, press the tab on the touchscreen.

#### Navigating in the help topics

- To scroll through a page, use the rotary knob or the UP ARROW and DOWN ARROW keys.
- To jump to the linked topic, press the link text on the touchscreen.

#### Searching for a topic

1. Change to the "Index" tab.

Notes for Users of R&S FSV 1307.9002Kxx Models

- 2. Enter the first characters of the topic you are interested in. The entries starting with these characters are displayed.
- 3. Change the focus by pressing the ENTER key.
- Select the suitable keyword by using the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW keys or the rotary knob.
- Press the ENTER key to display the help topic.
   The "View" tab with the corresponding help topic is displayed.

#### Changing the zoom

- Change to the "Zoom" tab.
- 2. Set the zoom using the rotary knob. Four settings are available: 1-4. The smallest size is selected by number 1, the largest size is selected by number 4.

#### Closing the help window

▶ Press the ESC key or a function key on the front panel.

#### 1.4 Notes for Users of R&S FSV 1307.9002Kxx Models

Users of R&S FSV 1307.9002Kxx models should consider the following differences to the description of the newer R&S FSV 1321.3008Kxx models:

- Functions that are based on the Windows7 operating system (e.g. printing or setting up networks) may have a slightly different appearance or require different settings on the Windows XP based models. For such functions, refer to the Windows documentation or the documentation originally provided with the R&S FSV instrument.
- The R&S FSV 1307.9002K03 model is restricted to a maximum frequency of 3 GHz, whereas the 1321.3008K04 model has a maximum frequency of 4 GHz.
- The bandwidth extension option R&S FSV-B160 (1311.2015.xx) is not available for the R&S FSV 1307.9002Kxx models. The maximum usable I/Q analysis bandwidth for these models is 28 MHz, or with option R&S FSV-B70, 40 MHz.

# 2 Introduction to R&S FSV-K30 & Noise Measurements

The use of an R&S FSV spectrum analyzer with its high sensitivity and level accuracy enables the accurate and reproducible measurement of the noise figure of a Device Under Test; for example, of low-noise FET amplifier circuits with noise figures of less than 1 dB. Compared with specialist noise-measurement instruments, the properties of the analyzer are ideal for noise measurements:

- Different configurations of the sweep number and sweep time for the level measurement also allows the noise figure (and even the gain) of the DUT to be determined even at low frequencies.
- The high dynamic range of the analyzer enables measurements on highly amplifying DUTs.
- The frequency range of the analyzer can be fully utilised as a measurement range.

R&S FSV-K30 makes full use of the features and accuracy of the spectrum analyzer to provide accurate and flexible noise measurements that are very easy to use.

#### Overview of Firmware Option R&S FSV-K30

This section contains all information required for operation of an R&S FSV equipped with Application Firmware R&S FSV-K30. It covers operation via menus and the remote control commands for accurate and flexible noise measurement functions.

This section consists of the following chapters:

- Measurement Basics
   Provides basic knowledge on performing noise measurements
- Measurement Examples (R&S FSV-K30)
   Explains some basic noise figure measurement examples.
- Instrument Functions of Noise Figure Measurements (R&S FSV-K30)
   Describes the instrument functions of noise figure measurements and provides further information.
- Remote Control Commands
   Describes all remote control commands defined noise figure measurements.
- Error Reporting and Error Messages
   Contains device-specific error messages for R&S FSV-K30.

This part of the documentation includes only functions of the Application Firmware R&S FSV-K30. For all other descriptions, please refer to the description of the base unit at the beginning of the documentation.

Measurement Types

# 3 Measurement Basics

This section provides background information on measurements and displayed information.

3.1	Measurement Types	11
3.2	Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement	13
3.3	Measurement Settings Overview	14
3.4	Result Displays	15
3.5	Status Bar Information	18
3.6	Calibration	18
3.7	Selecting the Appropriate Filter Type	18
3.8	List of Available RRC and Channel Filters	19
3.9	ASCII File Export Format	21
3.10	Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV	22

#### 3.1 Measurement Types

Three types of measurements are possible:

- Frequency list measurement
- Fixed frequency measurement
- Single frequency measurement

#### Frequency list measurement

A measurement is performed at each of the frequencies listed in the frequency list. The noise figure of the DUT across a user-specified range of frequencies is measured. In single sweep mode, each frequency point is measured once until the measurement is complete. In continuous sweep mode, one frequency point after the other is measured in turn until the measurement is aborted.

The frequency list is defined in the "Frequency Table" in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box (see "Frequency Settings" on page 43). Two methods are possible:

• The list is generated according to the start, stop and step frequencies. The first value in the list is the "Start Freq". For each subsequent value, the "Step Freq" is added until the "Stop Freq" is reached. If the "Stop Freq" is lower than the "Start Freq", the "Step Freq" is subtracted from the "Start Freq" for each subsequent value. A maximum of 100 list entries is generated. If further entries would be required to reach the "Stop Freq", an error message is displayed. If the step frequency is larger than the difference between the start frequency and the stop frequency, the "Frequency Table" and the "Frequency List Results" (result display) just contain the start and stop frequency.

Measurement Types

 The list is generated according to the center frequency, span, and number of sweep points. The number of "Sweep points" defines the number of entries in the frequency table. The start frequency is "Center Freq" - "Span"/2, the stop frequency is "Center Freq" + "Span"/2. The values inbetween are distributed evenly.
 For Digital IQ mode, only this method can be used to define the frequency list.

The results are displayed in a table ("Frequency List Results") or graphically, depending on the display configuration.

#### Remote commands:

To configure the frequency list:

```
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STARt on page 112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STOP on page 112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STEP on page 112
or
[SENSe:]FREQuency:CENTer on page 111
[SENSe:]FREQuency:SPAN on page 112
[SENSe:]SWEep:POINts on page 113
To start the measurement:
CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous on page 87 or
CONFigure:LIST:SINGle on page 87
INIT
To query the results:
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:FIGure? on page 96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:GAIN? on page 96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:TEMPerature? on page 96
```

#### Fixed frequency measurement

A continuous measurement is performed at the single frequency currently selected in the "Frequency List Results" (see also Fix Freq softkey in the "Sweep" menu). This measurement can only be performed after an initial frequency list or single frequency measurement.

The results are displayed beneath the original "Frequency List Results" in the "Fixed Frequency (Meter)" area.

#### Remote commands:

To configure the fixed frequency:

```
[SENSe:] FREQuency[:CW|:FIXed] on page 110
```

To start the measurement:

Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement

```
CONFigure: SINGle on page 87
```

INIT

#### To query the results:

```
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:FIGure? on page 97
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:GAIN? on page 97
```

FETCh: SCALar: NOISE: TEMPerature? on page 97

#### Single frequency measurement

A measurement is performed at a specified single frequency, either once or continuously. Thus, the individual frequency can be investigated in more detail, for example to see the effect of dynamic changes to the noise figure of the DUT at a particular frequency. An initial list measurement is not necessary.

The frequency is defined by activating the "Single Freq" option and entering the frequency in the "Start Freq" field in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box (see "Frequency Settings" on page 43). The "Frequency Table" is reduced to a single entry. In effect, the single frequency measurement is a list measurement reduced to a single list entry.

The result of a fixed frequency measurement is displayed in the result table only, not graphically.

#### Remote commands:

```
To configure the single frequency:
```

```
[SENSe:] FREQuency: STARt on page 112
```

#### To start the measurement:

```
CONFigure: FREQ: CONTinuous on page 86 or
```

CONFigure: FREQ: SINGle on page 86

INIT

#### To query the results:

```
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:FIGure? on page 96
```

FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:GAIN? on page 96

FETCh: ARRay: NOISE: TEMPerature? on page 96

# 3.2 Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement

Noise measurements are performed on many different types of device under test (DUT). The type of DUT to be measured determines the test setup and also how the frequency list is to be generated. To support these different types of DUT, the following different noise figure measurement modes are available:

Measurement Settings Overview

- Direct measurement
- Frequency-converting measurement
  - Fixed LO Upconverter, IF = RF + LO
  - Fixed LO Downconverter, IF = abs(RF LO)
  - Fixed IF Upconverter, LO = abs(RF IF)
  - Fixed IF Downconverter, LO = RF + IF
- Digital IQ; for digital baseband input using the optional R&S FSV-B17 interface;
   Using the Digital Baseband interface for input, the digital baseband signal from the
   digital interface is used for measurement, rather than the digitalized IF signal.
   In this mode, RF attenuation, a Preamplifier and calibration are not available. The
   frequency list is defined by a center frequency, a span and a number of sweep
   points (see "Frequency Settings" on page 43).

For details see the Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17) description of the base unit.

The setup for the different measurement types is described by the "Schematic Overview" softkey. The measurement mode is set in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box, "Mode" field (see "Mode" on page 44).

For details on the measurement types see also chapter 4, "Measurement Examples (R&S FSV-K30)", on page 25.

#### 3.3 Measurement Settings Overview

The overall measurement settings used to obtain the current measurement results are displayed in the diagram header at the top of the display (see figure 3-1). The following settings are listed:

Setting	Defined in dialog box	Description	
Auto Level	Measurement Set- tings	Enable/Disable automatic reference level	
Ref Level	Measurement Set- tings	Set reference level	
Full Scale Lvl.	Measurement Set- tings	Level that corresponds to an IQ sample with the magnitude "1" (for digital input only)	
Sample Rate	Measurement Set- tings	Input sample rate from the IQ signal source (for digital input only)	
Att	Measurement Set- tings	Set RF attenuation	
Preamplifier	Measurement Set- tings	Enable/disable preamplifier	
RBW	Measurement Set- tings	Set RBW	
SWT	Measurement Set- tings	Set sweep time	

Result Displays

Setting	Defined in dialog box	Description	
AVG	Measurement Set- tings	Set number of measurement sweeps over which the average is taken	
Noise Source	ENR Settings	Set constant ENR or ENR table	
Serial Nr.	ENR Settings	Reserved for serial number of the noise source (currently not available)	
ENR (Const)	ENR Settings	Set ENR value (dB), refers to the receive frequency (RF)	
2nd Stage Corr	Measurement Set- tings	Enable/disable 2nd Stage Correction	
Mode	Frequency Settings	Set measurement mode	
Image Rej	Frequency Settings	Set suppression applied to the second sideband (Image Rej)	
Fixed LO	Frequency Settings	Set Local oscillator frequency (Hz), only for frequency-converting measurements	
Fixed IF	Frequency Settings	Set IF frequency for Fixed IF measurements	
LO Source	Frequency Settings	External generator type controlling the LO (requires R&S FSV-B10 option); only displayed when "Automatic Control" is selected (see "Automatic Control" on page 52).	



Fig. 3-1: Measurement settings for the noise figure measurements (example)

# 3.4 Result Displays

The measurement results are represented according to the measurement type (see chapter 3.1, "Measurement Types", on page 11).

#### Frequency list results

The measurement results for all frequencies defined in the "Frequency Table" are displayed as a graph or a table, depending on the currently selected result display (see "Display Graph/List" on page 62 softkey).

(See figure 3-3 and figure 3-2.)

The measurement results are updated as the measurement is in progress. Under "Current Value", the details of the currently selected frequency in the "Frequency List Results" are displayed.

Result Displays

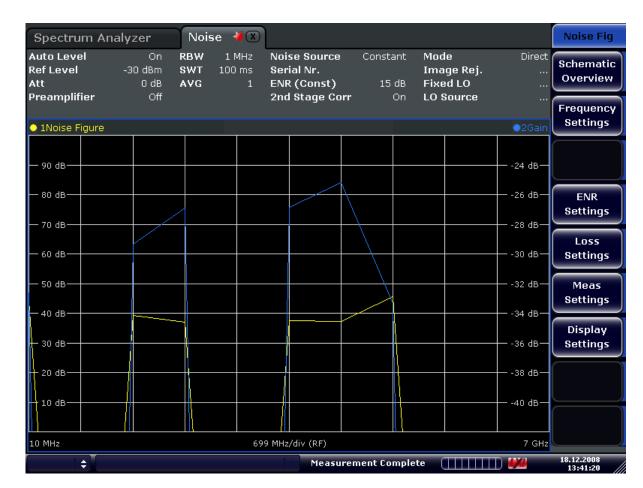


Fig. 3-2: Graphical result display (example)

requency List Results				
RF	NF	Noise Temp	Gain	
10.000 MHz	43.939 dB	7182451.460 K	-32.646 dB	
709.000 MHz	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	
1.408 GHz	39.197 dB	2409984.151 K	-29.356 dB	
2.107 GHz	36.960 dB	1439828.740 K	-26.892 dB	
2.806 GHz	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	
3.505 GHz	37.582 dB	1661579.886 K	-26.848 dB	
4.204 GHz	37.245 dB	1537384.725 K	-25.185 dB	
4.903 GHz	45.497 dB	10281335.682 K	-33.337 dB	
5.602 GHz	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	
6.301 GHz	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	
7.000 GHz	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	** Not Valid **	

Fig. 3-3: Result display table (example)

The following information is displayed in the table:

Result Displays

Column	Description		
Used settings			
RF	Receive frequency at the DUT at which the values in this row of the table were measured (Hz).		
LO	Local oscillator frequency (Hz) - not displayed for direct or Digital IQ measurements		
IF	Intermediate frequency (Hz) - not displayed for direct or Digital IQ measurements		
Results			
NF	F Noise figure measured (dB)		
Noise Temp	Noise temperature (K) derived from measured noise figure		
Gain	Gain measured (dB); not available when using the Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17)		

#### **Fixed frequency results**

Under "Fixed Frequency (Meter)", the measurement results for the fixed frequency measurement are displayed and continuously updated (see also chapter 3.1, "Measurement Types", on page 11). The "Frequency List Results" do not change - these are the results of the last frequency list measurement.

During a running measurement, the "Fixed Frequency (Meter)" area displays the current measurement value.



Status Bar Information

#### 3.5 Status Bar Information

The status bar displays the following information:

Parameter values	If a parameter in a settings dialog box is selected, the minimum and maximum values for the selected parameter are displayed.	
	If a Boolean or an enumarated parameter in a dialog box is selected, the minimum and maximum values are displayed as N/A for not applicable.	
Measurement status	During the measurement, the current measurement status along with detailed information about the progress is displayed.	
Error messages	red background	
Warning messages	yellow background	

#### 3.6 Calibration

The calibration measures the noise introduced to a signal by the spectrum analyzer itself to compensate it in measurements on a device under test. This compensation is called 2nd stage correction, because the spectrum analyzer is the second stage of the test setup, the DUT being the first stage.

If the second stage correction is activated (see "2nd Stage Correction" on page 49), a separate calibration measurement is performed before the main measurement (for details on the measurement setup refer to the base unit Operating Manual on CD-ROM, chapter "Advanced Measurement Examples"). The data measured in the calibration measurement are used for compensation in the main measurement.

It is strongly recommended that you perform calibration before running measurements (see "Cal" on page 59). You can run measurements in an uncalibrated status, but the measurement results will not be corrected for any noise introduced by the spectrum analyzer itself.

If the list of receive frequencies (RF) is changed, at which the measurements are performed, calibration is necessary again to ensure that calibration data is available for every measurement step. For details on frequency settings refer to "Frequency Settings" on page 43.

Calibration data can be saved and recalled at any time via the SAVE/RCL key (for details refer to the base unit description).

It is also included if "All Traces" are stored.

### 3.7 Selecting the Appropriate Filter Type

All resolution bandwidths are realized with digital filters.

List of Available RRC and Channel Filters

The video filters are responsible for smoothing the displayed trace. Using video bandwidths that are small compared to the resolution bandwidth, only the signal average is displayed and noise peaks and pulsed signals are repressed. If pulsed signals are to be measured, it is advisable to use a video bandwidth that is large compared to the resolution bandwidth (VBW \* 10 x RBW) for the amplitudes of pulses to be measured correctly.

The following filter types are available:

- Normal (3dB) (Gaussian) filters
   The Gaussian filters are set by default. The available bandwidths are specified in the data sheet.
- CISPR (6 dB) filters
- MIL Std (6 dB) filters
   Note that the 6 dB bandwidths are available only with option R&S FSV-K54.
- Channel filters

For details see chapter 3.8, "List of Available RRC and Channel Filters", on page 19.

Channel filters do not support FFT mode.

RRC filters

For details see chapter 3.8, "List of Available RRC and Channel Filters", on page 19.

RRC filters do not support FFT mode.

5-Pole filters

The available bandwidths are specified in the data sheet.

5-Pole filters do not support FFT mode.

#### 3.8 List of Available RRC and Channel Filters

For power measurement a number of especially steep-edged channel filters are available (see the following table). The indicated filter bandwidth is the 3 dB bandwidth. For RRC filters, the fixed roll-off factor (a) is also indicated.

Table 3-1: Filter types

Filter Bandwidth	Filter Type	Application
100 Hz	CFILter	
200 Hz	CFILter	A0
300 Hz	CFILter	
500 Hz	CFILter	
1 kHz	CFILter	
1.5 kHz	CFILter	
2 kHz	CFILter	
2.4 kHz	CFILter	SSB

List of Available RRC and Channel Filters

Filter Bandwidth	Filter Type	Application
2.7 kHz	CFILter	
3 kHz	CFILter	
3.4 kHz	CFILter	
4 kHz	CFILter	DAB, Satellite
4.5 kHz	CFILter	
5 kHz	CFILter	
6 kHz	CFILter	
6 kHz, a=0.2	RRC	APCO
8.5 kHz	CFILter	ETS300 113 (12.5 kHz channels)
9 kHz	CFILter	AM Radio
10 kHz	CFILter	
12.5 kHz	CFILter	CDMAone
14 kHz	CFILter	ETS300 113 (20 kHz channels)
15 kHz	CFILter	
16 kHz	CFILter	ETS300 113 (25 kHz channels)
18 kHz, a=0.35	RRC	TETRA
20 kHz	CFILter	
21 kHz	CFILter	PDC
24.3 kHz, a=0.35	RRC	IS 136
25 kHz	CFILter	
30 kHz	CFILter	CDPD, CDMAone
50 kHz	CFILter	
100 kHz	CFILter	
150 kHz	CFILter	FM Radio
192 kHz	CFILter	PHS
200 kHz	CFILter	
300 kHz	CFILter	
500 kHz	CFILter	J.83 (8-VSB DVB, USA)
	1	,
1 MHz	CFILter	CDMAone
1.228 MHz	CFILter	CDMAone

ASCII File Export Format

Filter Bandwidth	Filter Type	Application
1.28 MHz, a=0.22	RRC	
1.5 MHz	CFILter	DAB
2 MHz	CFILter	
3 MHz	CFILter	
3.75 MHz	CFILter	
3.84 MHz, a=0.22	RRC	W-CDMA 3GPP
4.096 MHz, a=0.22	RRC	W-CDMA NTT DOCoMo
5 MHz	CFILter	
20 MHz	CFILter	
28 MHz	CFILter	
40 MHz	CFILter	

# 3.9 ASCII File Export Format

The data of the file header consist of three columns, each separated by a semicolon: parameter name; numeric value; basic unit. The data section starts with the keyword "Trace <n>" (<n> = number of stored trace), followed by the measured data in one or several columns (depending on measurement) which are also separated by a semicolon.

File contents: header and data section	Description
Type;FSV;	Instrument model
Version;1.50;	Firmware version
Date;01.Apr 2010;	Date of data set storage
Screen;A;	Instrument mode
Points per Symbol;4;	Points per symbol
x Axis Start;-13;sym;	Start value of the x axis
x Axis Stop;135;sym;	Stop value of the x axis
Ref value y axis;-10.00;dBm;	Y axis reference value
Ref value position;100;%;	Y axis reference position
Trace;1;	Trace number
Meas;Result;	Result type
Meas Signal;Magnitude;	Result display
Demodulator;Offset QPSK;	Demodulation type
ResultMode;Trace;	Result mode

Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV

File contents: header and data section	Description
x unit;sym;	Unit of the x axis
y unit;dBm;	Unit of the y axis
Trace Mode;Clear Write;	Trace mode
Values;592;	Number of results
<values></values>	List of results

# 3.10 Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV



The R&S SMA and R&S SMU require the following firmware versions:

R&S SMA: V2.10.x or higher R&S SMU: V1.10 or higher

Generator	Interface Type	Generator Min Freq	Generator Max Freq	Generator Min Power dBm	Generator Max Power dBm
SMA01A	TTL	9 kHz	3.0 GHz	-145	+30
SMBV100A3	TTL	9 kHz	3.2 GHz	-145	+30
SMBV100A6	TTL	9 kHz	6.0 GHz	-145	+30
SMC100A1	TTL	9 kHz	1.1 GHz	-120	+30
SMC100A3	TTL	9 kHz	3.2 GHz	-145	+30
SME02	TTL	5 kHz	1.5 GHz	-144	+16
SME03	TTL	5 kHz	3.0 GHz	-144	+16
SME06	TTL	5 kHz	6.0 GHz	-144	+16
SMG	GPIB	100 kHz	1.0 GHz	-137	+13
SMGL	GPIB	9 kHz	1.0 GHz	-118	+30
SMGU	GPIB	100 kHz	2.16 GHz	-140	+13
SMH	GPIB	100 kHz	2.0 GHz	-140	+13
SMHU	GPIB	100 kHz	4.32 GHz	-140	+13
SMIQ02B	TTL	300 kHz	2.2 GHz	-144	+13
SMIQ02E	GPIB	300 kHz	2.2 GHz	-144	+13
SMIQ03B	TTL	300 kHz	3.3 GHz	-144	+13
SMIQ03E	GPIB	300 kHz	3.3 GHz	-144	+13
SMIQ04B	TTL	300 kHz	4.4 GHz	-144	+10

Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV

Generator	Interface Type	Generator Min Freq	Generator Max Freq	Generator Min Power	Generator Max Power
				dBm	dBm
SMIQ06B	TTL	300 kHz	6.4 GHz	-144	+10
SML01	GPIB	9 kHz	1.1 GHz	-140	+13
SML02	GPIB	9 kHz	2.2 GHz	-140	+13
SML03	GPIB	9 kHz	3.3 GHz	-140	+13
SMR20	TTL	1 GHz	20 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+11 2)
SMR20B11 <sup>1)</sup>	TTL	10 MHz	20 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+13 <sup>2)</sup>
SMR27	TTL	1 GHz	27 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+11 2)
SMR27B11 <sup>1)</sup>	TTL	10 MHz	27 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+12 2)
SMR30	TTL	1 GHz	30 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+11 2)
SMR30B11 1)	TTL	10 MHz	30 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+12 2)
SMR40	TTL	1 GHz	40 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+9 2)
SMR40B11 1)	TTL	10 MHz	40 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+12 2)
SMR50	TTL	1 GHz	50 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+9 2)
SMR50B11 1)	TTL	10 MHz	50 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+12 2)
SMR60	TTL	1 GHz	60 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+9 2)
SMR60B11 1)	TTL	10 MHz	60 GHz	-130 <sup>2)</sup>	+12 <sup>2)</sup>
SMP02	TTL	10 MHz	20 GHz	-130 <sup>3)</sup>	+17 3)
SMP03	TTL	10 MHz	27 GHz	-130 <sup>3)</sup>	+13 <sup>3)</sup>
SMP04	TTL	10 MHz	40 GHz	-130 <sup>3)</sup>	+12 3)
SMP22	TTL	10 MHz	20 GHz	-130 <sup>3)</sup>	+20 3)
SMT02	GPIB	5.0 kHz	1.5 GHz	-144	+13
SMT03	GPIB	5.0 kHz	3.0 GHz	-144	+13
SMT06	GPIB	5.0 kHz	6.0 GHz	-144	+13
SMV03	GPIB	9 kHz	3.3 GHz	-140	+13
SMU200A	TTL	100 kHz	2.2 GHz	-145	+13
SMU02B31	TTL	100 kHz	2.2 GHz	-145	+19
SMU03	TTL	100 kHz	3 GHz	-145	+13
SMU03B31	TTL	100 kHz	3 GHz	-145	+19
SMU04	TTL	100 kHz	4 GHz	-145	+13
SMU04B31	TTL	100 kHz	4 GHz	-145	+19
SMU06	TTL	100 kHz	6 GHz	-145	+13
SMU06B31	TTL	100 kHz	6 GHz	-145	+19

Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV

Generator	Interface Type	Generator Min Freq	Generator Max Freq	Generator Min Power dBm	Generator Max Power dBm
SMX	GPIB	100 kHz	1.0 GHz	-137	+13
SMY01	GPIB	9 kHz	1.04 GHz	-140	+13
SMY02	GPIB	9 kHz	2.08 GHz	-140	+13
HP8340A	GPIB	10 MHz	26.5 GHz	-110	10
HP8648	GPIB	9 kHz	4 GHz	-136	10
HP ESG-A Series 1000A, 2000A, 3000A, 4000A	GPIB	250 kHz	4 GHz	-136	20
HP ESG-D SERIES E4432B	GPIB	250 kHz	3 GHz	-136	+10

- 1) Requires the option SMR-B11 to be fitted.
- 2) Maximum/minimum power depends on presence of Option SMR-B15/-B17 and set frequency range. For more details see SMR data sheet.
- 3) Maximum/minimum power depends on presence of Option SMP-B15/-B17 and set frequency range. For more details see SMP data sheet.

**Direct Measurements** 

# 4 Measurement Examples (R&S FSV-K30)

This section describes measurement examples for the Noise Figure Measurements option (K30). For further information on measurement examples refer to the Quick Start Guide, chapter "Basic Measurement Examples", or the Operating Manual on CD.

This chapter provides the following measurement examples:

4.1	Direct Measurements	25
4.1.1	Basic Measurement Example	25
4.1.2	DUTs with very Large Gain	28
4.2	Frequency-Converting Measurements	28
4.2.1	Fixed LO Measurements	29
4.2.2	Image-Frequency Rejection (SSB, DSB)	29
4.2.3	Fixed IF Measurements.	32

#### 4.1 Direct Measurements

Direct measurements are designed for DUTs without frequency-conversion, e.g. amplifiers.

- chapter 4.1.1, "Basic Measurement Example", on page 25
- chapter 4.1.2, "DUTs with very Large Gain", on page 28

#### 4.1.1 Basic Measurement Example

This section provides step-by-step instructions for working through an ordinary noise figure measurement. The following steps are described:

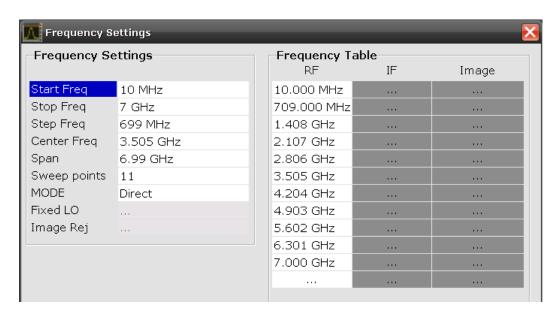
- "Setting up the measurement" on page 25
- "Performing the calibration" on page 27
- "Performing the main measurement" on page 27

The gain and noise figure of an amplifier are to be determined in the range from 220 MHz to 320 MHz.

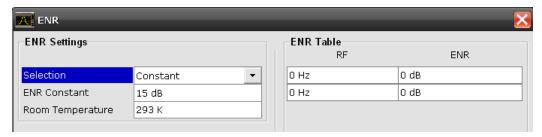
#### Setting up the measurement

- 1. Activate the "Noise" mode by pressing the MODE key and selecting "Noise".
- 2. Press the "Freq Settings" softkey to open the "Frequency Settings" dialog box.

**Direct Measurements** 

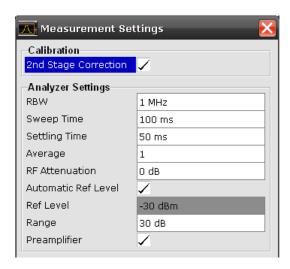


- 3. In the "Start Freq" field, enter 550 MHz.
- 4. In the "Stop Freq" field, enter 560 MHz.
- In the "Step Freq" field, enter 2 MHz.
   A measurement at 6 frequency points is performed: 550 MHz, 552 MHz, 554 MHz, ..., 560 MHz.
- 6. Press the "ENR Settings" softkey to open the "ENR" dialog box.



- 7. In the "ENR Constant" field, enter the average ENR value of the used noise source for the frequency range of interest, for example *15 dB*.
- 8. Press the "Meas Settings" softkey to open the "Measurement Settings" dialog box.

**Direct Measurements** 



9. If it is not yet active, activate the "2nd Stage Correction" option to perform the measurement as accurately as possible.

#### Performing the calibration

- 1. Connect the noise source to the RF input of the R&S FSV (see figure 4-1).
- Provide the voltage supply for the noise source by connecting it to the +28 V connector of the R&S FSV (labeled "NOISE SOURCE CONTROL" on the front panel of the instrument) via a coax cable.

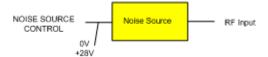


Fig. 4-1: Preparation for calibration

- 3. Start the calibration for the "Noise Figure Measurements" option.
  - a) Press the SWEEP key.
  - b) Press the "Cal" softkey.

The progress bar indicates the progress of the calibration measurement.

#### Performing the main measurement

1. Insert the DUT (in this example, the amplifier) into the test setup between the noise source and RF input of the R&S FSV (see figure 4-2).



Fig. 4-2: Test setup for the main measurement

- 2. To select the sweep mode, press the SWEEP key.
- 3. Press the RUN SINGLE key to start a single measurement.

Measurement results are updated as the measurement is in progress. The results are displayed in graphical form. There are two traces, one for noise figure/temperature and one for the gain of the DUT.

4. To change the display from the graphical form to a tabular list of measurement points, press the "Display List/Graph" softkey in the "Trace" menu.



#### Note:

If a measurement is started while another measurement is still in progress, the first measurement is aborted and the new measurement started immediately.

#### 4.1.2 DUTs with very Large Gain

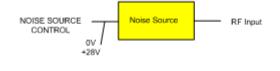
If the gain of the DUT exceeds 60 dB, the total gain must be reduced by an external attenuator. The total gain of the DUT together with the external attenuator should lie within the range from 10 dB to 60 dB. A total gain of 20 dB to 30 dB is recommended. For a DUT with a gain of e.g. 64 dB, it is recommended to use an external 40 dB-attenuator.

If an external attenuator is used, in the "Measurement Settings" dialog box, the entry in the "Range" field should be modified according to the total gain (= Gain DUT â€" external attenuator).

The attenuation values of the external attenuator are entered in the "Loss Settings" dialog box under "Loss Output Settings".

Inaccuracies when entering this attenuation mainly influence the measured gain. The noise figure remains to a large extent unaffected.

#### Calibration



#### Measurement

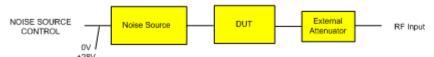


Fig. 4-3: Calibration and measurement on DUTs with a high gain

# 4.2 Frequency-Converting Measurements

The frequency-converting measurement is used for DUTs with an output frequency that differs from the input frequency, e.g. mixers and frequency converters. The fre-

quency-converting measurement allows many variations, which differ from each other in two criteria:

- chapter 4.2.1, "Fixed LO Measurements", on page 29
- chapter 4.2.2, "Image-Frequency Rejection (SSB, DSB)", on page 29

#### 4.2.1 Fixed LO Measurements

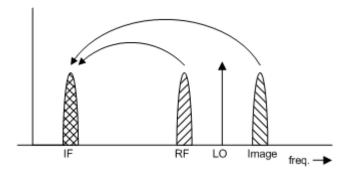
In the "Frequency Settings" dialog box, select one of the following settings for the "Mode" parameter:

- Fixed LO, Up Conv, for up-converting devices with IF=RF+LO
- Fixed LO, Down Conv, for down converters with IF=abs(RF-LO) or image measurements

#### 4.2.2 Image-Frequency Rejection (SSB, DSB)

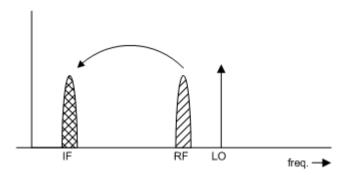
#### **Test Setup**

- ► Set the following parameters:
  - a) "IF" (intermediate frequency): 100 MHz
  - b) "RF" (input frequency): 400 MHz
  - c) "LO" (local oscillator frequency): 500 MHz
  - d) "image" (image frequency): 600 MHz



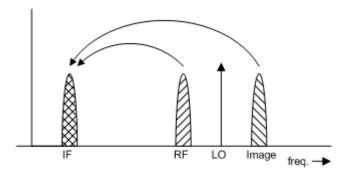
If a DUT, which equally converts the useful signal and the image to the IF frequency, is measured using the conventional y factor method or with the 2nd stage correction switched on, a measuring error of 3 dB is produced. The noise figure is displayed 3 dB lower and the gain 3 dB higher. The following examples help to configure the test setup in order to measure the actual values.

#### 4.2.2.1 Measurement on a single-sideband mixer



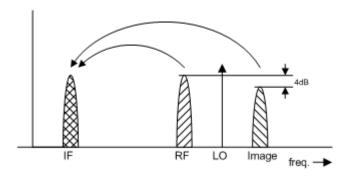
In general, a single-sideband mixer with a very high image rejection causes very few problems. The measurement is analogous to an amplifier. In this case, set the image rejection in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box to a large value (e.g. 999.99 dB).

#### 4.2.2.2 Measurement on a mixer without sideband suppression



If the input and image frequencies are converted with the same application, an error of 3 dB occurs in the measurement results if the image rejection is not taken into account. In this case, set the image rejection in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box to a small value (e.g. 0.0 dB).

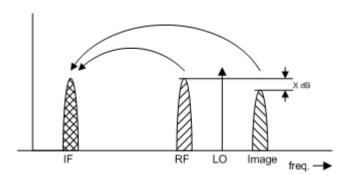
#### 4.2.2.3 Measurement on a mixer with an average sideband suppression



For measurements on a mixer with a low image-frequency rejection, a measuring error of 0 to 3 dB is obtained if the image-frequency rejection is not taken into account. In

this case, set the image rejection in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box to the correct image rejection value to produce the correct results.

#### 4.2.2.4 Measurement on a mixer with unknown sideband suppression



If the image rejection is not known, accurate noise results can still be produced. However, the gain of the DUT must be known and an additional filter is required.

#### **Test setup**

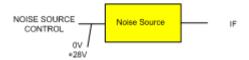


Fig. 4-4: Preparation for calibration

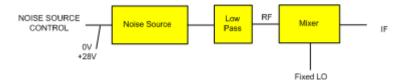


Fig. 4-5: Test setup for the main measurement

In this test setup, a low pass filter prevents noise from the noise source from being fed in at the image frequency. Depending on the position of the frequency bands, a high-pass or bandpass filter may also be necessary for the RF frequency instead of the low-pass filter. The important point is that noise from the noise source is not converted by a further receive path of the mixer. The noise of the noise source at the receive frequency must not be reduced. The insertion loss must be considered, if applicable.

With this test setup, the measurement on a mixer without sideband suppression corresponds to the measurement on a single-sideband mixer. As in that case, set the image rejection in the "Frequency Settings" dialog box to a large value (e.g. 999.99 dB) to produce accurate results.

To take the characteristics of the filter into account, in the "Loss Settings" dialog box, enter the insertion loss of the filter at the RF frequency. To consider the actual filter suppression at the image frequency, do not enter 999 dB but the actual attenuation for the image rejection.

#### 4.2.2.5 Measurement on a harmonics mixer

For a harmonics mixer, the input signals are not only converted to the IF by the wanted harmonic, but also by the harmonic of the LO signal produced in the mixer. In many cases, the mixer even features a lower conversion loss in the case of unwanted harmonics. For measurements on this type of mixer, a bandpass filter must be used to make sure that that there is only noise at the desired input frequency at the input of the DUT. This measurement is similar to measurements on a mixer with an average sideband suppression.

#### 4.2.3 Fixed IF Measurements

During a "Fixed IF" measurement, a mixer can be tested using an R&S FSV at a fixed frequency, while the Local Oscillator frequency of a connected external generator sweeps the frequency list. The LO frequency is controlled by the R&S FSV-K30 option, which drives the external generator using the R&S FSV-B10 option.

Thus, this measurement requires an R&S FSV with the K30 and B10 options installed.



#### Tracking generator vs. external generator

In Spectrum mode, when using the B10 option, the frequencies of the analyzer and the generator are coupled by default. The generator is thus referred to as a "tracking generator". In Noise Measurements mode, on the other hand, the analyzer uses a fixed frequency while the generator sweeps the frequency list. The generator is thus simply referred to as an "external generator".

The Fixed IF measurement can calculate frequencies for downconverter or upconverter devices. For downconverter devices, the LO is set according to the formula:

LO = RF + IF

For upconverter devices, the LO is set according to the formula:

LO = abs(RF-IF)

The generator frequency actually used during the measurement is calculated by the R&S FSV-K30 option based on the LO frequencies in the frequency list. The following formula is used to calculate the generator frequency:

Generator Frequency = [(LO + Offset 1) \* Factor 1 / Factor 2)] + Offset 2

The offset values and factors for the calculation are defined in the "Measurement Settings". If changes are made to the settings, the start and stop frequencies of the external generator are calculated and displayed.

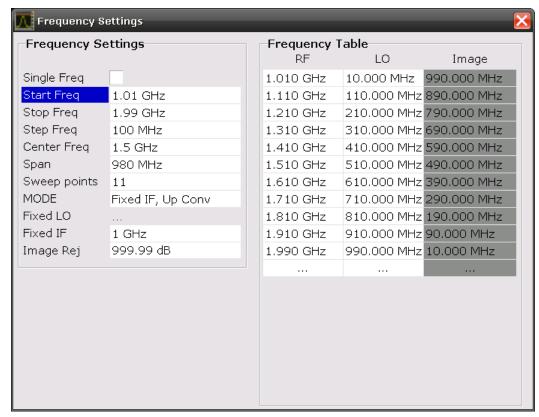
#### **Measurement results**

The measurement results can be displayed against the RF or LO frequencies, depending on the x-axis selection in the "Display Settings" (see "X-Axis" on page 58).

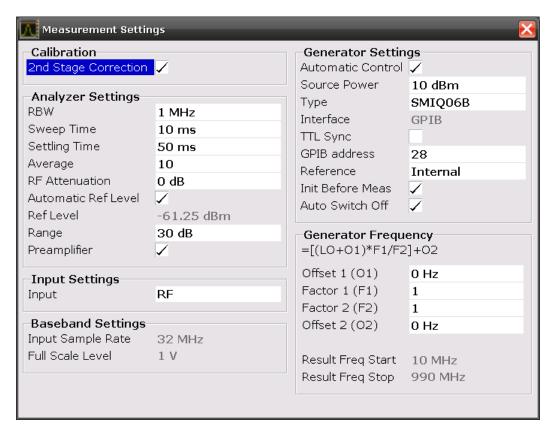
#### To set up a Fixed IF measurement

As opposed to the Spectrum mode, the Noise measurement mode does not provide a separate dialog box for setting up the generator. The settings are contained in the general "Frequency Settings" and "Measurement Settings" dialog boxes if the R&S FSV-B10 option is installed. For details on the settings see "Frequency Settings" on page 43 and "Meas Settings" on page 48.

- 1. Connect the external generator to the R&S FSV-B10 interface on the R&S FSV's rear panel.
- 2. In Noise measurement mode, press the "Frequency Settings" softkey to display the "Frequency Settings" dialog box.
- 3. In the "Frequency Settings" dialog box, select the "Mode" *Fixed IF, Up Conv* to test an upconverting mixer.
- 4. In the "Fixed IF" field, enter 1000000000.
- In the Frequency Table, define the LO frequencies for the external generator.
   Which frequencies the generator actually uses during the measurement is calculated according to the offset values and factors specified in Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency.



 Press the "Meas Settings" softkey to open the "Measurement Settings" dialog box.
 Define the settings for the external generator as shown in the screenshot below and described in "Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency" on page 52.



- 7. Press the "Display Settings" softkey to open the "Graphic" dialog box.
- 8. In the "Noise and Gain X-Axis Settings", select *RF* or *LO* as the frequency to be displayed on the "X-Axis".
- Press the RUN SINGLE or RUN CONT hardkey on the front panel to start a measurement.

The measurement is performed. The results for each frequency in the frequency list are displayed in the diagram and the result table.

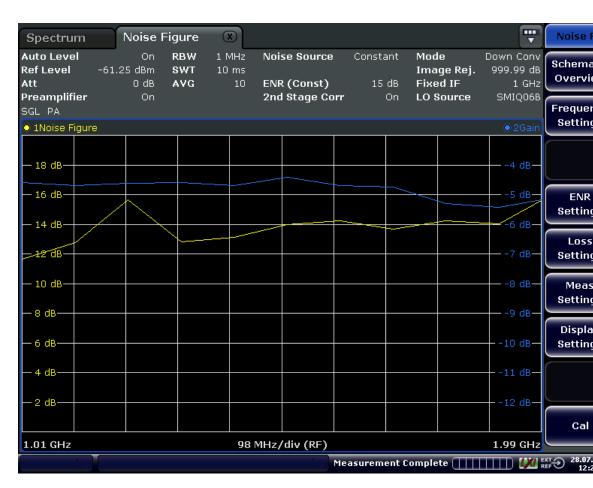
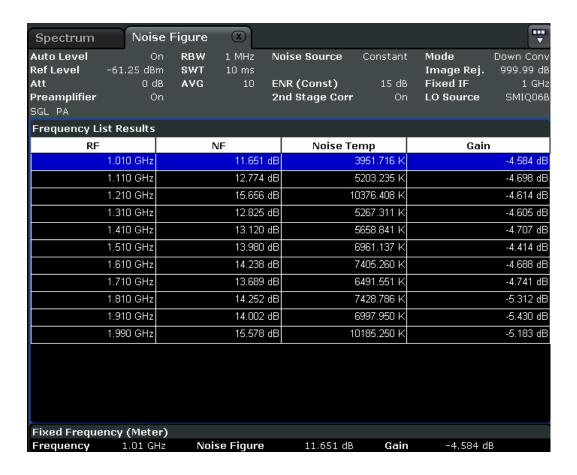


Fig. 4-6: Fixed IF measurement results displayed against RF frequencies



**Editing Tables** 

# 5 Instrument Functions of Noise Figure Measurements (R&S FSV-K30)

The "Noise Figure Measurements" option provides noise figure measurements. Using this option, the noise figure of a Device Under Test, e.g. low-noise amplifier circuits, with noise figures of less than 1 dB can be measured.

#### To open the main noise figure measurements menu

- If the "Noise" mode is not the active measurement mode, press the MODE key and activate the "Noise" option.
- If the "Noise" mode is already active, press the HOME key.
   The main noise figure measurements menu is displayed.

#### Menu and softkey description

chapter 6, "Menu and Softkey Description (R&S FSV-K30)", on page 39

#### Tasks

- chapter 5.1, "Editing Tables", on page 37
- chapter 5.2, "Working With Limit Lines", on page 37

## 5.1 Editing Tables

- 1. Select the table header to enter into the edit mode.
- 2. Focus the field you want to edit by touching it or using the arrow keys or the rotary knob.
- Enter the values (for details refer to the Quick Start Guide, chapter 4, "Basic Operations").
- 4. To insert a new row above the currently selected row, press the "Insert" softkey.
  - a) To delete the currently selected row, press the "Delete" softkey.
  - b) To update the "Frequency Table" according to the "Frequency Settings", press the "Build Tbl" softkey.
- 5. Press the "Exit" softkey to leave the edit mode.

# 5.2 Working With Limit Lines

1. Press the LINES key.

Working With Limit Lines

- The "Limit Lines" dialog box is displayed. It contains information on name, limit, status, and a comment.
- 2. To activate limit lines, select the limit line you want to activate and press the "Enable/Disable" softkey.
- 3. To define a new limit line, press the "New" softkey and enter the limit line characteristics.
- 4. To modify a limit line, select the limit line you want to edit and press the "Edit" soft-key.
- 5. To save a limit line, press the "Exit" softkey.

  If data is missing or if some data is invalid, an error message is displayed.
- 6. To delete a limit line, select the limit line you want to edit and press the "Delete" softkey.

# 6 Menu and Softkey Description (R&S FSV-K30)

In the following sections the softkeys available in the noise figure measurements are explained.

The "Auto Set", "Trigger", "Meas Config" and "Marker Functions" menus are not available for noise figure measurements.

6.1	Softkeys and Settings of the Noise Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	39
6.2	Softkeys of the Frequency Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	59
6.3	Softkeys of the Span Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	60
6.4	AMPT key	61
6.5	BW key	61
6.6	Softkeys of the Sweep Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	61
6.7	Softkeys of the Trace Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	62
6.8	Softkeys of the Marker Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	63
6.9	Softkeys of the Marker To Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	64
6.10	Softkeys of the Lines Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	65
6.11	Softkeys of the Input/Output Menu (R&S FSV-K30)	67

# 6.1 Softkeys and Settings of the Noise Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The following table shows all softkeys available in the noise figure measurements ("Noise") menu.

Schematic Overview	41
Frequency Settings	43
L Frequency Settings	
L Single Freq	
L Start Freq	
L Stop Freq	
L Step Freq	44
L Center Freq.	
L Span	
L Sweep points	
L Mode	44
L Fixed LO	ΔF
L Fixed IF	
L Image Rej	
mage Rej	····· ¬

└ Frequency Table	45
ENR Settings	46
L Selection	
L ENR Constant	47
L Room Temperature	47
L ENR Table	47
Loss Settings	47
L Selection	
L Loss Input Constant/Loss Output Constant	48
L Loss Input Table/ Loss Output Table	
Meas Settings	
L Calibration	
L 2nd Stage Correction	
L Analyzer Settings	
Ĺ RBW	
L Sweep Time	
L Settling Time	
L Average	
L RF Attenuation	
L Automatic Ref Level	
L Ref Level	
L Range	
L Preamp On/Off	
L Input Settings/Baseband Settings	
L Input	
L Input Sample Rate	
L Full Scale Level	
L Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency	
L Automatic Control	
L Source Power	
L Type	
L Interface	
L TTL Synchronization.	
L Address	
L Reference	
L Init Before Meas	
L Auto Switch Off	
L Offset 1 / Factor 1 / Factor 2 / Offset 2	
L Result Frequency Start	
L Result Frequency Stop	
Display Settings	
L Results Settings	
L Noise Trace Settings	
L X Avia	
L Automatic Scaling	
L Min V. Avia NE /May V. Avia NE	
L Min Y-Axis NF/Max Y-Axis NF	
L Min Y-Axis Temp/Max Y-Axis Temp	
L Symbols	
L Gain Trace Settings	57

L Y-Axis	58
L Automatic Scaling	58
L Min Y-Axis/Max Y-Axis	
L Symbols	58
L Noise and Gain X-Axis Settings	
L X-Axis	
Editing Tables	58
L Build Tbl	
L Exit	59
L Insert	59
L Delete	59
L Import	
Cal	50

#### **Schematic Overview**

Displays the schematic diagram of the test setup for the selected measurement type and the specified frequency ranges. If the frequency ranges are changed, the schematic diagram is updated accordingly. The test setup varies depending on the measurement mode:

• Direct measurement

The direct measurement mode is designed for DUTs without frequency-conversion, e.g. amplifiers.

The schematic display for the direct measurement mode is shown in figure 6-1. The upper part of the figure shows the setup for calibration. The lower part of the figure shows the test setup for the measurement.

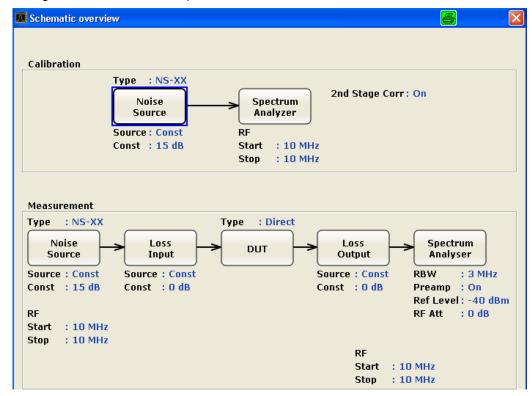


Fig. 6-1: Schematic diagram for direct measurements

Frequency-converting measurement

The frequency-converting measurement mode is designed for frequency-converting DUTs that have a fixed Local Oscillator (LO) frequency, for example, satellite converters with a fixed LO frequency.

The schematic display for the frequency-converting measurement mode is shown in figure 6-2. The upper part of the figure shows the setup for calibration. The lower part of the figure shows the test setup for the measurement.

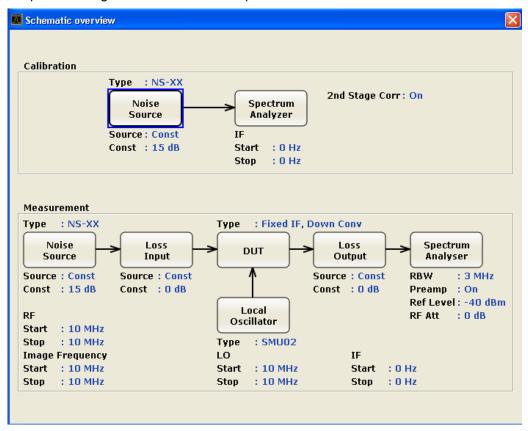


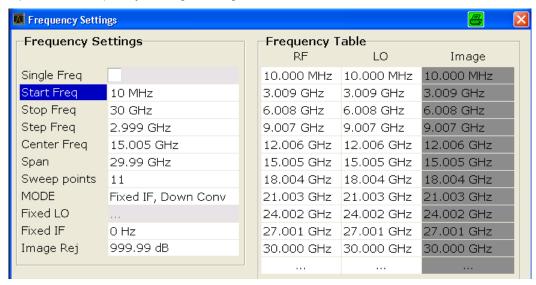
Fig. 6-2: Schematic diagram for frequency converting measurements

**Note:** The schematic overview now provides direct access to the most important configuration steps. Select the step for the setting you want to edit to display the corresponding dialog box.

Configuration step	Dialog box
Noise Source	"ENR Settings" on page 46
Spectrum Analyzer	"Meas Settings" on page 48
Loss Input	"Loss Settings" on page 47
Loss Output	"Loss Settings" on page 47
DUT	"Frequency Settings" on page 43
Local Oscillator	"Meas Settings" on page 48

#### **Frequency Settings**

Opens the "Frequency Settings" dialog box.



#### Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Under "Frequency Settings", the frequency settings and the measurement mode are set.

#### Single Freq ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Activates a single frequency measurement. Instead of measuring a list of frequencies, a single frequency is measured once or continuously. The frequency to be measured is defined in the Start Freq field.

#### Remote command:

CONFigure: FREQ: CONTinuous on page 86 CONFigure: FREO: SINGle on page 86

#### Start Freq ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the start frequency. This is the first receive frequency (RF) entry in the "Frequency Table" and the "Frequency List Results" (result display). For single frequency measurements, the start frequency defines the single frequency to be measured.

If the start frequency is changed, the "Frequency Table" is updated accordingly. For details see chapter 3.1, "Measurement Types", on page 11.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency:STARt on page 112

#### Stop Freq ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the stop frequency. This is the last receive frequency (RF) entry in the "Frequency Table" and the "Frequency List Results" (result display).

If the stop frequency is changed, the "Frequency Table" is updated accordingly.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency:STOP on page 112

#### Step Freq ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the step size between the single measurement steps (i.e. entries in the frequency table). If the step frequency is larger than the difference between the start frequency and the stop frequency, the "Frequency Table" and the "Frequency List Results" (result display) just contain the start and stop frequency. For details see chapter 3.1, "Measurement Types", on page 11.

If the step frequency is changed, the "Frequency Table" is updated accordingly.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency: STEP on page 112

#### **Center Freq ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings**

Defines the center frequency.

Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency: CENTer on page 111

#### Span ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the frequency span.

Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency:SPAN on page 112

#### Sweep points ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Defines the number of measured values to be collected during one sweep.

Remote command:

[SENSe:] SWEep:POINts on page 113

#### **Mode** ← **Frequency Settings** ← **Frequency Settings**

Specifies the measurement mode. For details on modes refer to chapter 3.2, "Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement", on page 13.

If the mode is changed, the "Frequency Table" is updated accordingly.

"Direct" Direct measurement

"Fixed LO IF = RF + LO

Upconverter"

"Fixed LO |F = |(RF - LO)|

Downconverter"

"Digital IQ" Digital baseband input using the optional R&S FSV-B17 interface

"Fixed LO LO = abs(RF - IF)

Upconverter" Requires R&S FSV-B10 option

"Fixed IF LO = RF + IF

Down- Requires R&S FSV-B10 option

converter"

Remote command:

[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT on page 108

To select the type of DUT

[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator on page 109

To select Fixed LO or Fixed IF.

#### Fixed LO ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the fixed local oscillator frequency. This field is only available if a frequency-converting measurement mode is selected ("Mode" field). For details on modes refer to chapter 3.2, "Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement", on page 13.

If the fixed LO is changed, the "Frequency Table" is updated accordingly.

Remote command:

[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator:FREQuency on page 110

#### Fixed IF ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the fixed IF frequency. This field is only available if a "Fixed IF" measurement mode is selected ("Mode" field). For details see chapter 4.2.3, "Fixed IF Measurements", on page 32.

If the fixed IF is changed, the "Frequency Table" is updated accordingly.

Remote command:

[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:IF:FREQuency on page 109

#### Image Rej ← Frequency Settings ← Frequency Settings

Specifies the suppression applied to the second sideband. This field is only available if a frequency-converting measurement mode is selected. For details on modes refer to chapter 3.2, "Measurement Modes of the Noise Figure Measurement", on page 13.

The value entered is applied across the complete frequency range. A value of 999.99 dB corresponds to the generally used single-sideband measurement (SSB), where the second sideband does not noticeably affect the measurement result. This is the default value. A value of 0 dB corresponds to the double-sideband measurement (DSB), where both sidebands are converted to the same extent.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] CORRection: IREJection on page 103

#### Frequency Table ← Frequency Settings

Under "Frequency Table", the individual measurement steps are listed that will be performed exactly in the order of the table. They are generated from the start frequency, the stop frequency, and the step size on basis of the selected mode. If the start frequency is smaller than the stop frequency, the RF values are generated into a list of ascending frequencies. If the start frequency is larger, the list is descending. No more than 100 measurement steps are possible. If the gap between start and stop frequency is too large, increase the step frequency.

Depending on the measurement type, the "Frequency Table" contains the following columns:

Measurement type	Column	Description
Direct measurement	RF	Receive frequency, generated from the "Start Freq", the "Stop Freq", and the "Step Freq" field entries
Frequency-converting measurement	LO	Constant LO frequency, defined via the "Fixed LO" field
Frequency-converting measurement	IF	IF frequency, calculated according to the "Mode" field
	Image	Image frequency, shows whether image frequency filters are required and for which frequency range the image rejection of the DUT is needed ("Image Rej" field)

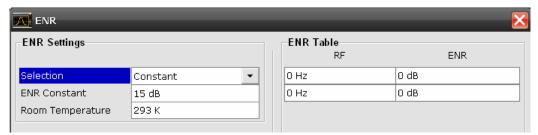
You can customize the "Frequency Table" by editing, deleting, and inserting measurement steps. This is useful in order to insert extra measurement steps near a specific frequency of interest in order to get more detailed results. If the start, stop, or step frequency is changed, the "Frequency Table" is generated afresh and all manual modifications are overwritten. To customize this table, proceed according to chapter 5.1, "Editing Tables", on page 37.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency:LIST:DATA on page 111

#### **ENR Settings**

Opens the "ENR" dialog box.



The abbreviation ENR stands for "excess noise ratio". Correct ENR values for the noise source are essential to perform accurate measurements. They are used to calculate the effective noise temperature of the noise source that in turn is used for calculation of measurement results.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR[:MEASurement]:TABLe:DATA on page 103

#### Selection ← ENR Settings

Defines the used ENR values. The default ENR value is 15 dB as a constant value that is valid for all frequencies.

"Constant"

The value specified in the "ENR Constant" field is used for all frequencies (see "ENR Constant" on page 47). The entries of the "ENR Table" are ignored.

"Table"

The entries of the "ENR Table" provide the basis for the ENR values. Between these values the R&S FSV uses interpolated values.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] CORRection: ENR: SPOT on page 103

#### **ENR Constant** ← **ENR Settings**

Specifies the constant ENR value of the noise source that is used throughout the entire frequency range. This parameter is only editable if "Constant" is selected in the selection list.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] CORRection: ENR: SPOT on page 103

#### **Room Temperature** ← **ENR Settings**

Specifies the current room temperature as an absolute value in Kelvin. This value is used in the calculation of the noise results.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:]CORRection:TEMPerature on page 107

#### **ENR Table** ← **ENR Settings**

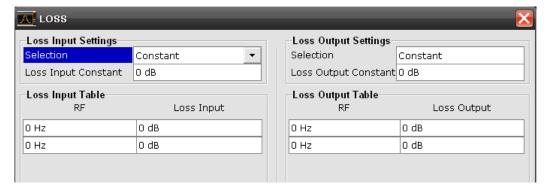
Under "ENR Table", the frequency-dependent ENR values are listed. The list can contain up to 100 RF/ENR pairs. The order of the RF values in the list is not important. To modify this table, proceed as described in chapter 5, "Instrument Functions of Noise Figure Measurements (R&S FSV-K30)", on page 37.

ENR tables can be saved and recalled at any time via the SAVE/RCL key (for details refer to the base unit description).

In addition to the data saved by the basic unit, all data entered in the "ENR Settings" dialog box is saved.

#### **Loss Settings**

Opens the "LOSS" dialog box to take additional losses due to cables or attenuators into account that are not considered in the calibration.



The loss Settings dialog box contains the following elements:

#### **Loss Input Settings**

Under "Loss Input Settings", the additional loss between the noise source and the DUT is defined.

#### **Loss Output Settings**

Under "Loss Output Settings", the additional loss between the DUT and the analyzer is defined.

Loss settings can be saved and recalled at any time via the SAVE/RCL key (for details refer to the base unit description).

In addition to the data saved by the basic unit, all data entered in the "Loss Settings" dialog box is saved.

#### Remote command:

```
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:TABLe on page 105
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:TABLe on page 106
```

#### Selection ← Loss Settings

Defines the used Loss values.

"Constant" The values specified in the "Loss Input Constant"/"Loss Output Con-

stant" fields are used for all frequencies. The entries of the "Loss

Input/Output" table are ignored.

"Table" The entries of the "Loss Input/Output" table provide the basis for the

"Loss" values. Between these values the R&S FSV uses interpolated

values.

#### Remote command:

```
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:MODE on page 104
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:TABLe on page 105
```

#### **Loss Input Constant/Loss Output Constant** ← **Loss Settings**

Specifies the constant loss value that is used across the entire frequency range. This parameter is only editable if "Constant" is selected in the selection list.

#### Remote command:

```
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:SPOT on page 104
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:SPOT on page 106
```

#### **Loss Input Table/ Loss Output Table ← Loss Settings**

Under "Loss Input Table" or "Loss Output Table", the list can contain up to 100 RF/ENR pairs. The order of the RF values in the list is not important. To modify this table, proceed as described in chapter 5, "Instrument Functions of Noise Figure Measurements (R&S FSV-K30)", on page 37.

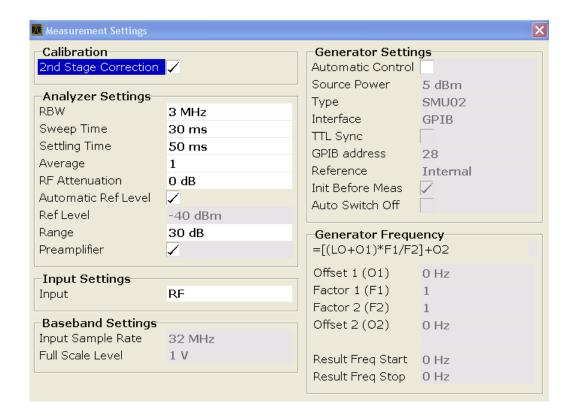
Loss tables can be saved and recalled at any time via the FILE key (for details refer to the base unit description). In addition to the data saved by the basic unit, all loss input & output data entered in the loss settings dialog box is saved.

#### **Meas Settings**

Opens the "Measurement Settings" dialog box to modify all settings related to the overall measurement.

Alternatively, the "Measurement Settings" dialog box is opened as follows:

- AMPT key
- BW key



#### **Calibration** ← **Meas Settings**

Under "Calibration", the second stage correction can be activated or deactivated. For details refer also to chapter 3.6, "Calibration", on page 18.

#### 2nd Stage Correction ← Calibration ← Meas Settings

Activates or deactivates the second stage correction.

For details refer also to chapter 3.6, "Calibration", on page 18.

"On" The calibration data recorded via the "Cal" softkey is used to correct

the measurement results (see "Cal" on page 59). The calibration

data is stored regardless of the state of the option.

"Off" No correction is applied to the measurement results.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:]CORRection[:STATe] on page 102

#### **Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings**

Under "Analyzer Settings", the general settings for the spectrum analyzer concerning the level, attenuation and bandwidth of the signal to be measured are defined.

#### **RBW** ← Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings

Specifies the resolution bandwidth for the measurement.

A large value improves the averaging of the display considerably, reduces the influence of external sources of interference, and permits the fastest measurement time possible.

A low value should only be used across a very small frequency range. For measurements at low frequencies, the RBW must be reduced to prevent the LO frequency of the analyzer from invalidating the measurement. At receive frequencies of 100 kHz, the RBW must not exceed 10 kHz.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:]BANDwidth|BWIDth[:RESolution] on page 108

#### Sweep Time ← Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings

Specifies the time one complete measurement sweep takes. Two sweeps are performed for each measurement step (once with noise source on, once with noise source off).

For narrow bandwidths, the sweep time should be increased in order to give accurate measurement results.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] SWEep:TIME on page 113

#### **Settling Time** ← **Analyzer Settings** ← **Meas Settings**

Specifies the time the DUT takes to settle after a noise source has been turned on or off.

Most noise sources generate an interfering DC component in addition to the noise spectrum. If the noise source is switched on or off, low-frequency DUTs may require this settling time for coupling capacitors to be charged or discharged.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:STIMe on page 122

#### Average ← Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings

Specifies the number of measurement sweeps over which the average is taken to produce the displayed measurement results.

The higher the number of sweeps, the more accurate the measurement results, but the measurement time is significantly longer.

An average value of 1 means that each displayed result is produced from one measurement sweep. This is sufficient for most cases.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] SWEep:COUNt on page 113

#### **RF Attenuation** ← **Analyzer Settings** ← **Meas Settings**

Specifies the attenuation that is applied to the received RF signal.

To obtain a low noise figure for the analyzer and hence more accurate noise measurements, 0 dB should be set. For high DUT power levels or critical matching, a higher setting is also possible. A setting of 10 dB will give a much better VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio) of the analyzer, but will result in a worse noise figure of the analyzer.

#### Remote command:

INPut: ATTenuation on page 98

#### **Automatic Ref Level** ← **Analyzer Settings** ← **Meas Settings**

Activates or deactivates the automatic reference level setting.

The automatic reference level measurement is performed as follows:

2nd stage correction activated:

At the beginning of the calibration measurement, several measurements are performed at the first frequency test point and the reference level is calculated from these results taking into account the maximum gain of the DUT (see "Range" on page 51).

2nd stage correction deactivated:

At the beginning of the main measurement, several measurements are performed at the first frequency test point and the reference level is calculated from these results. The range setting is not significant.

"Off" Specify a reference level manually (see "Ref Level" on page 51).

"On" The reference level is measured automatically. The total measure-

ment time increases.

#### Remote command:

DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel:AUTO on page 94

#### Ref Level ← Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings

Specifies the reference level. It is only possible to enter a reference level manually, if the automatic reference level is deactivated (see "Automatic Ref Level" on page 51).

The reference level should be about 5 to 15 dB above the noise display that occurs with the DUT connected and the noise source activated.

Even for DUTs with a high-ripple frequency response it can be useful to enter the reference level manually, because an automatic reference level setting may not always result in optimal settings.

#### Remote command:

DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel on page 93

#### Range ← Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings

Specifies the maximum gain expected from the DUT.

If the 2nd Stage Correction is activated, this value is used to calculate the automatic reference level to ensure that the expected power of the measured signal will be within the optimum operating range of the spectrum analyzer (see "Automatic Ref Level" on page 51).

To ensure accurate measurement results, the range should not exceed the actual gain of the DUT by more than a margin of 10 dB.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: CONFigure: DUT: GAIN on page 121

#### **Preamp On/Off** ← Analyzer Settings ← Meas Settings

Switches the preamplifier on and off.

If option R&S FSV-B22 is installed, the preamplifier is only active below 7 GHz.

If option R&S FSV-B24 is installed, the preamplifier is active for all frequencies.

This function is not available for input from the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (option R&S FSV-B17).

#### Remote command:

INPut: GAIN: STATe on page 99

#### Input Settings/Baseband Settings ← Meas Settings

Input and Baseband settings are only required if the Digital Baseband Interface (option R&S FSV-B17) is used to measure digital input.

For details see the Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17) description of the base unit.

#### Input ← Input Settings/Baseband Settings ← Meas Settings

Defines whether RF or digital input is to be measured. Digital input is only available if the Digital Baseband Interface (option R&S FSV-B17) is installed.

#### Remote command:

INPut: SELect on page 100

#### Input Sample Rate ← Input Settings/Baseband Settings ← Meas Settings

Defines the sample rate of the digital I/Q signal source. This sample rate must correspond with the sample rate provided by the connected device, e.g. a generator.

#### Remote command:

INPut:DIQ:SRATe on page 99

#### Full Scale Level ← Input Settings/Baseband Settings ← Meas Settings

The "Full Scale Level" defines the level that should correspond to an I/Q sample with the magnitude "1".

The level is defined in Volts.

#### Remote command:

INPut:DIQ:RANGe[:UPPer] on page 98

#### Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings

This section contains external generator settings for Fixed IF measurements if the R&S FSV-B10 option is installed.

For details see chapter 4.2.3, "Fixed IF Measurements", on page 32.

# Automatic Control ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings Defines whether the R&S FSV-K30 controls the external generator via GPIB commands or whether the external generator is controlled by the user.

"ON"

R&S FSV-K30 issues GPIB commands during measurement execution in order to control the external generator.

Required for Fixed IF measurements, since R&S FSV-K30 expects the LO frequency to be tuned to the test RF frequency automatically.

"OFF"

No GPIB commands are issued to the external generator. R&S FSV-K30 assumes that the user sets up the external generator correctly. None of the other parameters in the "Generator Settings" group are available for editing when Automatic Control is set to OFF. Only useful for "Fixed LO" measurements in which the external gen-

erator settings do not need to change during the measurement.

Note: If automatic control is deactivated, remote control of the external generator (if in use) is automatically ended.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: CONFigure: GENerator: CONTrol: STATe on page 122

#### Source Power ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings The output power of the external tracking generator. The default output power is -20 dBm. The range is specified in the data sheet.

#### Remote command:

SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:POWer[:LEVel] on page 116

#### Type ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings Generator type. See also chapter 3.10, "Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV", on page 22.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: COMMunicate: RDEVice: GENerator < generator >: TYPE on page 121

#### Interface ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings

Type of interface connection used. The following interfaces are currently supported:

- TCP/IP
- **GPIB**

For details on interfaces see the "Interfaces and Protocols" section in the R&S FSV Quick Start Guide.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator<generator>:INTerface on page 119

# TTL Synchronization ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Set-

If available for the specified generator type, this option activates TTL synchronization for GPIB connections.

For Noise Figure measurements (K30) this setting currently has no effect.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: COMMunicate: RDEVice: GENerator < generator >: LINK on page 120

#### Address ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings

For LAN connections: TCP/IP address.

For GPIB connections: GPIB address.

For more information on configuring interfaces see the "Interfaces and Protocols" section in the R&S FSV Quick Start Guide.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: COMMunicate: RDEVice: GENerator < generator >: LINK on page 120

**Reference** ← **Generator Settings**/ **Generator Frequency** ← **Meas Settings**Selects internal or external reference for the generator (default: internal).

#### Remote command:

SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:ROSCillator[:SOURce] on page 116

Init Before Meas ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings Specifies whether an initialisation sequence of GPIB commands containing the defined generator settings is sent to an external signal generator prior to performing each measurement. Sending an initialisation sequence before each measurement ensures that the external generator is in the correct state to receive control commands during a measurement sequence. On the other hand, initialising an external signal generator before each measurement adds a time overhead to each measurement.

If enabled, the R&S FSV-K30 option initialises the selected external generator prior to starting each requested measurement and switches on the generator's RF output.

If disabled, you must initialize the generator manually using the "Init Generator" softkey in the INPUT/OUTPUT menu (see "Init Generator" on page 69).

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: CONFigure: GENerator: INITialise: AUTO on page 123

Auto Switch Off ← Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency ← Meas Settings Specifies whether a sequence of GPIB commands is sent to an external signal generator at the end of each measurement (after a single sweep or after a measurement is aborted) to switch the generator's RF output off.

If enabled, the generator's RF output is switched OFF after each measurement. The remote mode is also automatically ended after each measurement.

Otherwise, RF output must be switched off and remote mode ended manually.

**Note:** When the Noise measurement mode is closed, the RF output is automatically switched off and remote mode ended.

#### Remote command:

SYSTem: CONFigure: GENerator: SWITch: AUTO on page 123

# Offset 1 / Factor 1 / Factor 2 / Offset 2 $\leftarrow$ Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency $\leftarrow$ Meas Settings

The generator frequency is calculated according to the following formula:

Generator Frequency = [(LO + Offset 1) \* Factor 1 / Factor 2)] + Offset 2

The factors and offsets can be defined to compensate for any component that may change the frequency between the generator and the device under test.

Remote command:

Factor 1:

SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:NUMerator
on page 114

Factor 2:

SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:DENominator

on page 114 Offset 1/2:

SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency:OFFSet<m> on page 115

# Result Frequency Start $\leftarrow$ Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency $\leftarrow$ Meas Settings

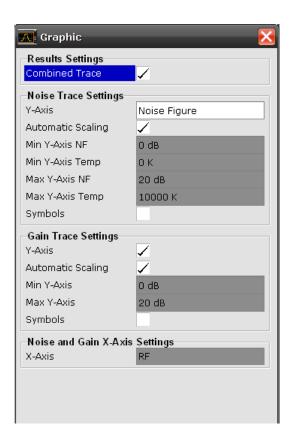
For reference only: The start frequency for the generator, calculated from the configured LO values in the "Frequency Table" and the offset values and factors in the "Generator Settings".

# Result Frequency Stop $\leftarrow$ Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency $\leftarrow$ Meas Settings

For reference only: The stop frequency for the generator, calculated from the configured LO values in the "Frequency Table" and the offset values and factors in the "Generator Settings".

#### **Display Settings**

Opens the "Display Settings" dialog box to modify the graphical results display.



#### **Results Settings ← Display Settings**

The settings that affect the overall results display

#### **Combined Trace Display ← Results Settings ← Display Settings**

Activates or deactivates the combined trace display of noise and gain results.

"ON" The noise and gain traces are displayed in the same trace display in

different colors.

"OFF" The noise and gain traces are displayed in different trace displays.

Remote command:

DISPlay: FORMat on page 89

#### **Noise Trace Settings ← Display Settings**

The settings related to the graphical display of noise results.

Note that when using the Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17), the Min/Max Y-axis options are not available.

#### Y-Axis ← Noise Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Specifies the type of noise result that is to be displayed graphically:

- Noise Figure
- Noise Temperature

Off (no noise results are displayed graphically)

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay:DATA:TRACe<t> on page 89
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>[:STATe] on page 90
```

#### **Automatic Scaling ← Noise Trace Settings ← Display Settings**

Activates or deactivates the automatic scaling of the Y-axis.

"On" The y-axis is scaled automatically. The automatic scaling algorithm

provides the optimal display of the complete range of results.

"Off" The automatic scaling of the y-axis is switched off, and the scale has

to be specified manually via the "Min Y-Axis NF"/"Min Y-Axis

Temp"/"Max Y-Axis NF"/"Max Y-Axis Temp" fields.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:AUTO on page 92
```

#### Min Y-Axis NF/Max Y-Axis NF ← Noise Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Specifies the minimum/maximum noise figure result that can be displayed graphically. It is only possible to enter a value if the automatic scaling is deactivated (see "Automatic Scaling" on page 57), and the y-axis is set to "Noise Figure" (see "Y-Axis" on page 56).

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:BOTTom on page 92
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:TOP on page 94
```

# Min Y-Axis Temp/Max Y-Axis Temp ← Noise Trace Settings ← Display Settings Specifies the minimum/maximum noise temperature result that can be displayed graphically. It is only possible to enter a value, if the automatic scaling is deactivated (see "Automatic Scaling" on page 57), and the y-axis is set to "Noise Figure" (see "Y-Axis" on page 56).

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:BOTTom on page 92
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:TOP on page 94
```

#### Symbols ← Noise Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Activates or deactivates the symbol representation. If activated, each measured value is marked by a symbol. This helps to distinguish result types in a monochrome printout.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:SYMBols on page 90
```

#### Gain Trace Settings ← Display Settings

The settings related to the graphical display of gain results.

Note that when using the Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17), the Gain Trace Settings are not available.

#### Y-Axis ← Gain Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Activates or deactivates the display of the gain trace.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay:DATA:TRACe<t> on page 89
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>[:STATe] on page 90
```

#### Automatic Scaling ← Gain Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Activates or deactivates the automatic scaling of the Y-axis.

"On" The y-axis is scaled automatically. The automatic scaling algorithm

provides the optimal display of the complete range of results.

"Off" The automatic scaling of the y-axis is switched off, and the scale has

to be specified manually via the "Min Y-Axis"/"Max Y-Axis" fields.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:AUTO on page 92
```

#### Min Y-Axis/Max Y-Axis ← Gain Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Specifies the minimum/maximum gain result that can be displayed graphically. It is only possible to enter a value if the automatic scaling is deactivated (see "Automatic Scaling" on page 57), and the y-axis is activated (see "Y-Axis" on page 58 field).

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:BOTTom on page 92
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:TOP on page 94
```

#### Symbols ← Gain Trace Settings ← Display Settings

Activates or deactivates the symbol representation. If activated, each measured value is marked by a symbol. This helps to distinguish result types in a monochrome printout.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:SYMBols on page 90
```

#### Noise and Gain X-Axis Settings ← Display Settings

The settings related to noise and gain results

#### X-Axis ← Noise and Gain X-Axis Settings ← Display Settings

Specifies the scaling of the x-axis. This parameter is only editable in a frequency-converting measurement mode.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:X[:SCALe] on page 91
```

#### **Editing Tables**

The following functions are available as softkeys when a table in a dialog box is focussed for editing.

#### **Build Tbl** ← **Editing Tables**

Updates the table according to the "Frequency Settings" (see the "Frequency Settings" softkey, "Frequency Settings" on page 43).

Softkeys of the Frequency Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### Exit ← Editing Tables

Exits the edit mode of a table.

#### **Insert** ← **Editing Tables**

Inserts a row above the currently selected row and sets the focus on the first field of the new row.

This softkey is only available if the "Frequency Table" contains less than 100 measurement steps.

#### **Delete** ← **Editing Tables**

Deletes the currently selected row. This action requires no confirmation.

#### Import ← Editing Tables

Opens a dialog box to select an Agilent ENR table to import. The file extension has to be \*.enr.

An import copies the ENR table into the default ENR table directory and replaces the current table in the configuration dialog box.

#### Cal

Performs a calibration. The calibration status of the noise figure measurement is displayed in the title bar. For more details see chapter 3.6, "Calibration", on page 18

This softkey is only available if the 2nd Stage Correction option in the "Measurement Settings" dialog box is activated.

#### Remote command:

CONFigure: CORRection on page 85

# 6.2 Softkeys of the Frequency Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The FREQ key displays the "Frequency" menu.

#### **Center Freq**

Defines the center frequency.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency: CENTer on page 111

#### Stepsize

Specifies the step size between the single measurement steps (i.e. entries in the frequency table). For details see "Step Freq" on page 44.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency: STEP on page 112

#### Start

Specifies the start frequency. For details see "Start Freq" on page 43.

#### Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency:STARt on page 112

Softkeys of the Span Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### Stop

Specifies the stop frequency. For details see "Stop Freq" on page 43.

Remote command:

[SENSe:] FREQuency:STOP on page 112

#### LO/IF

Specifies the fixed local oscillator or fixed IF frequency. This function is only available if a frequency-converting measurement mode is selected ("Mode" field).

For details see "Fixed LO" on page 45.

#### Remote command:

```
LO: [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator:FREQuency on page 110
```

IF: [SENSe:] CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:IF:FREQuency on page 109

#### **Frequency Axis**

Specifies the scaling of the x-axis. This function is only available in a frequency-converting measurement mode.

For details see "X-Axis" on page 58.

#### Remote command:

```
DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:X[:SCALe] on page 91
```

#### **Frequency Settings**

Opens the "Frequency Settings" dialog box.

For details see "Frequency Settings" on page 43.

# 6.3 Softkeys of the Span Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The SPAN key displays the "Span" menu.

#### Span

Specifies the frequency span.

#### Remote command:

```
[SENSe:] FREQuency:SPAN on page 112
```

#### Sweep points

Defines the number of measured values to be collected during one sweep.

#### Remote command:

```
[SENSe:] SWEep:POINts on page 113
```

#### Frequency Settings

Opens the "Frequency Settings" dialog box.

For details see "Frequency Settings" on page 43.

## 6.4 AMPT key

This key opens the "Measurement Settings" dialog box and jumps directly to the "RF Attenuation" field (see "RF Attenuation" on page 50).

In addition, the standard "Noise" menu is displayed, see chapter 6.1, "Softkeys and Settings of the Noise Menu (R&S FSV-K30)", on page 39.

## 6.5 BW key

This key opens the "Measurement Settings" dialog box and jumps directly to the "RBW" field (see "RBW" on page 49).

## 6.6 Softkeys of the Sweep Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The following table shows all softkeys available in the "Sweep" menu in Noise mode (SWEEP key).

Continuous sweep	61
Sweep Single	61
Cal	
Fix Freq.	

#### Continuous sweep

Sets the continuous sweep mode: the sweep takes place continuously according to the trigger settings. This is the default setting.

#### Remote command:

INITiate<n>:CONTinuous on page 100
CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous on page 87

#### **Sweep Single**

Sets the single sweep mode. The measurement stops after the defined number of sweeps (Sweep points setting in the "Measurement Settings") has been performed. If a measurement is started while another measurement is in progress, the first measurement is aborted and the new measurement started immediately.

For further details refer to chapter 3.1, "Measurement Types", on page 11.

#### Remote command:

INITiate<n>:CONTinuous on page 100
CONFigure:LIST:SINGle on page 87

#### Cal

Performs a calibration. The calibration status of the noise figure measurement is displayed in the title bar. For more details see chapter 3.6, "Calibration", on page 18

Softkeys of the Trace Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

This softkey is only available if the 2nd Stage Correction option in the "Measurement Settings" dialog box is activated.

#### Remote command:

CONFigure: CORRection on page 85

#### Fix Freq

Starts a fixed frequency measurement for the frequency that is currently selected in the "Frequency List Results".

This softkey is only available after a frequency list measurement has been completed and the measurement results are displayed in list form ("Display Settings" on page 55 softkey).

#### Remote command:

```
CONFigure:SINGle on page 87
[SENSe:]FREQuency[:CW|:FIXed] on page 110
```

## 6.7 Softkeys of the Trace Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

Using the trace memory facility, you can save graphical display results (max. 3 trace sets) for comparison with subsequent measurements. This facility is recommended in order to compare and to document the effects of small changes on the DUT.

The following table shows all softkeys available in the "Trace" menu in Noise mode (TRACE key).

Display Graph/List	62
Data->Mem1/ Data->Mem2/ Data->Mem3	
Data On/Off	63
Mem1 On/Off/Mem2 On/Off/Mem3 On/Off	63
ASCII File Export	63
Decim Sep.	63

#### **Display Graph/List**

Switches between graphical and table display of the measurement results (see chapter 3.4, "Result Displays", on page 15).

#### Data->Mem1/ Data->Mem2/ Data->Mem3

Saves the current trace results to trace memory <n>. If a trace memory <n> contains data, the corresponding softkey has a green background. The content of the trace memory <n> is displayed via the Mem1 On/Off/Mem2 On/Off/Mem3 On/Off/" softkeys.

If data is transferred to a trace memory that already contains trace data, the new trace data overwrites the current trace data in the memory.

#### Remote command:

```
CONFigure:ARRay:MEMory<1...3> ONCE on page 85
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<1...3>:NOISe:FIGure? on page 96
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<1...3>:NOISe:GAIN? on page 96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:TEMPerature? on page 96
```

Softkeys of the Marker Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### Data On/Off

Switches the display of the current measurement results on or off. The display of trace memory results is not affected if this softkey is pressed. If a new frequency list measurement is started, the display of the current result trace is switched on automatically.

#### Remote command:

DISPlay:CURRent:DATA[:STATe] on page 88

#### Mem1 On/Off/Mem2 On/Off/Mem3 On/Off

Switches the display of trace memory <n> on or off. This softkey is not available if no data is held in the selected trace memory.

#### Remote command:

DISPlay:ARRay:MEMory<m>[:STATe] on page 88

#### **ASCII File Export**

Opens the "ASCII File Export Name" dialog box and saves the active peak list in ASCII format to the specified file and directory.

The file consists of the header containing important scaling parameters and a data section containing the marker data. For details on an ASCII file see chapter 3.9, "ASCII File Export Format", on page 21.

This format can be processed by spreadsheet calculation programs, e.g. MS-Excel. It is necessary to define ';' as a separator for the data import. Different language versions of evaluation programs may require a different handling of the decimal point. It is therefore possible to select between separators '.' (decimal point) and ',' (comma) using the "Decim Sep" softkey (see "Decim Sep" on page 63).

#### Remote command:

FORMat: DEXPort: DSEParator on page 97

#### **Decim Sep**

Selects the decimal separator with floating-point numerals for the ASCII Trace export to support evaluation programs (e.g. MS-Excel) in different languages. The values '.' (decimal point) and ',' (comma) can be set.

#### Remote command:

FORMat: DEXPort: DSEParator on page 97

## 6.8 Softkeys of the Marker Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The following table shows all softkeys available in the "Marker" menu in Noise mode (MKR key).



The R&S FSV-K30 option now has 4 markers, each of which can be set either to the noise, the gain, or any of the traces in memory.

Marker 1/2/3/4	 64
Marker to Trace	 64
All Marker Off	 64

Softkeys of the Marker To Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### Marker 1/2/3/4

Activates one of four possible markers and opens an edit dialog box to enter a value for the marker to be set to. Pressing the softkey again deactivates the marker. These softkeys are only available if measurement results are displayed.

#### Remote command:

```
CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>[:STATe] on page 83
CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:X on page 84
CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:Y? on page 84
```

#### **Marker to Trace**

Opens a dialog box to select the trace (noise figure, gain or memory trace), on which the currently selected marker is to be placed.

This softkey is only available if measurement results are displayed.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:TRACe on page 83

#### **All Marker Off**

Switches off the active marker. This softkey is only available if measurement results are displayed.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:AOFF on page 82

## 6.9 Softkeys of the Marker To Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The following table shows all softkeys available in the "Marker To" menu in Noise mode (MKR-> key).

Select Marker (No)	64
Peak	
Min	
Marker to Trace	65

#### Select Marker (No)

Opens a submenu to select and display one of 4 markers. "(No)" indicates the number of the currently active marker. Peak and Min functions apply to this marker.

#### Peak

Sets the active marker/delta marker to the highest maximum of the trace.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:MAXimum[:PEAK] on page 82

#### Min

Sets the active marker/delta marker to the minimum of the selected trace.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:MINimum[:PEAK] on page 82

Softkeys of the Lines Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### **Marker to Trace**

Opens a dialog box to select the trace (noise figure, gain or memory trace), on which the currently selected marker is to be placed.

This softkey is only available if measurement results are displayed.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:TRACe on page 83

## 6.10 Softkeys of the Lines Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The following table shows all softkeys available in the "Lines" menu in Noise mode (LINES key).

New	65
L Name	65
L Limit	65
L Comment	66
L Frequency	66
L Limit	
Edit	
Enable/Disable	66
Delete	
Edit Table mode	
L Exit	
L Insert	
L Delete	66

#### New

Displays the "Limit Line" dialog box in edit mode with all fields necessary to define a new limit line.

#### Name ← New

Specifies the name of the limit line to uniquely identify every limit line. Any combination of alphanumeric characters is allowed. If the entered name already exists, an error message is displayed with the request to alter the name.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:NAME on page 79

#### Limit ← New

Specifies the result type (noise or gain) and the limit type (upper or lower) for the limit line

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:LIMit<m>:TRACe on page 80

Softkeys of the Lines Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### **Comment** ← New

Specifies a description for the limit line. Any combination of alphanumeric characters is allowed.

#### Remote command:

CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:COMMent on page 76

#### Frequency ← New

Specifies the receive frequencies.

#### Remote command:

```
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol[:DATA] on page 76
```

#### **Limit** ← New

Specifies the limits for the receive frequencies.

#### Remote command:

```
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer[:DATA] on page 77
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer[:DATA] on page 80
```

#### Edit

Displays the "Limit Line" dialog box in edit mode with all data of the selected limit line. For further details refer to the New softkey.

#### Enable/Disable

Enables or disables the selected limit line. Limit checking is only performed for activated limit lines. Only one limit line of each type can be active at a given time.

#### Remote command:

```
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:STATe on page 79
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:STATe on page 79
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:STATe on page 81
```

#### **Delete**

Deletes the selected limit line.

#### Remote command:

```
CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:DELete on page 77
```

#### **Edit Table mode**

The following functions are available if a limit line table is focussed for editing. For details see chapter 5.2, "Working With Limit Lines", on page 37 and chapter 5.1, "Editing Tables", on page 37

#### Exit ← Edit Table mode

Exits the edit mode of a table.

#### Insert ← Edit Table mode

Inserts a row above the currently selected row and sets the focus on the first field of the new row.

#### Delete ← Edit Table mode

Deletes the currently selected row. This action requires no confirmation.

Softkeys of the Input/Output Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

## 6.11 Softkeys of the Input/Output Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

The following chapter describes all softkeys available in the "Input/Output" menu for Noise Figure measurements. Note that the digital baseband functions are only available if the optional Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17) is installed.

For details see the base unit description.

Input (AC/DC)	67
EXIQ	
L TX Settings	
L RX Settings	
L Send To	
L Firmware Update	
L R&S Support	
L DiglConf	
Init Generator	

#### Input (AC/DC)

Toggles the RF input of the R&S FSV between AC and DC coupling.

This function is not available for input from the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (option R&S FSV-B17).

#### Remote command:

INPut: COUPling on page 98

#### **EXIQ**

Opens a configuration dialog box for an optionally connected R&S EX-IQ-BOX and a submenu to access the main settings quickly.

**Note:** The EX-IQ-Box functionality is not supported for R&S FSV models 1321.3008Kxx.

If the optional R&S DiglConf software is installed, the submenu consists only of one key to access the software. Note that R&S DiglConf requires a USB connection (not LAN!) from the R&S FSV to the R&S EX-IQ-BOX in addition to the R&S Digital I/Q Interface connection. R&S DiglConf version 2.10 or higher is required.

For typical applications of the R&S EX-IQ-BOX see also the description of the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (R&S FSV-B17) in the base unit manual.

For details on configuration see the "R&S®Ex I/Q Box - External Signal Interface Module Manual".

For details on installation and operation of the R&S DiglConf software, see the "R&S®EX-IQ-BOX Digital Interface Module R&S®DiglConf Software Operating Manual".

#### $\textbf{TX Settings} \leftarrow \textbf{EXIQ}$

Opens the "EX-IQ-BOX Settings" dialog box to configure the R&S FSV for digital output to a connected device ("Transmitter" Type).

Softkeys of the Input/Output Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### RX Settings ← EXIQ

Opens the "EX-IQ-BOX Settings" dialog box to configure the R&S FSV for digital input from a connected device ("Receiver" Type).

#### Send To ← EXIQ

The configuration settings defined in the dialog box are transferred to the R&S EX-IQ-BOX.

#### Firmware Update ← EXIQ

If a firmware update for the R&S EX-IQ-BOX is delivered with the R&S FSV firmware, this function is available. In this case, when you select the softkey, the firmware update is performed.

#### **R&S Support** ← **EXIQ**

Stores useful information for troubleshooting in case of errors.

This data is stored in the  $C:\R_S\Instr\user\Support$  directory on the instrument.

If you contact the Rohde&Schwarz support to get help for a certain problem, send these files to the support in order to identify and solve the problem faster.

#### **DiglConf** ← **EXIQ**

Starts the optional R&S DiglConf application. This softkey is only available if the optional software is installed.

To return to the R&S FSV application, press any key on the front panel. The application is displayed with the "EXIQ" menu, regardless of which key was pressed.

For details on the R&S DiglConf application, see the "R&S®EX-IQ-BOX Digital Interface Module R&S®DiglConf Software Operating Manual".

**Note:** If you close the R&S DigIConf window using the "Close" icon, the window is minimized, not closed.

If you select the "File > Exit" menu item in the R&S DiglConf window, the application is closed. Note that in this case the settings are lost and the EX-IQ-BOX functionality is no longer available until you restart the application using the "DiglConf" softkey in the R&S FSV once again.

#### Remote command:

Remote commands for the R&S DiglConf software always begin with SOURCE: EBOX. Such commands are passed on from the R&S FSV to the R&S DiglConf automatically which then configures the R&S EX-IQ-BOX via the USB connection.

All remote commands available for configuration via the R&S DiglConf software are described in the "R&S®EX-IQ-BOX Digital Interface Module R&S®DiglConf Software Operating Manual".

#### Example 1:

SOURce:EBOX:\*RST
SOURce:EBOX:\*IDN?

#### Result:

"Rohde&Schwarz, DiglConf, 02.05.436 Build 47"

#### Example 2:

SOURce: EBOX: USER: CLOCk: REFerence: FREQuency 5MHZ

Defines the frequency value of the reference clock.

Softkeys of the Input/Output Menu (R&S FSV-K30)

#### **Init Generator**

This softkey immediately initializes the external signal generator with the settings configured in the R&S FSV-K30 option (see "Generator Settings/ Generator Frequency" on page 52). It also switches the external generator's RF output on. If any of the external generator settings have changed, initialization is required before a measurement using the external generator control can be run. Alternatively, initialization can be performed automatically before each measurement (see "Init Before Meas" on page 54). Remote command:

SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:IMMediate on page 123

STATus: OPERation Register

# 7 Status Reporting System (R&S FSV-K30)

Additionally to the registers provided by the base system, the following registers are used or modified in the Noise Figure Measurements option (R&S FSV-K30):

• chapter 7.1, "STATus:OPERation Register", on page 70

Although this register is provided by the base system, the Noise Figure Measurements option makes use of bits not used within the base system.

chapter 7.2, "STATus:QUEStionable Register", on page 70

Although this register is provided by the base system, the Noise Figure Measurements option uses different bits and definitions.

chapter 7.3, "STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Register", on page 71

This register is provided by the R&S FSV-K30 option.

The following registers are provided by the base system and are not available from the Noise Figure Measurements option (R&S FSV-K30) command tree:

- STATus:QUEStionable:ACPLimit Register
- STATus:QUEStionable:LIMit Register
- STATus:QUEStionable:LMARgin Register
- STATus:QUEStionable:POWer Register

Detailed information on the status registers of the base system is given in section Status Reporting System. In this section, only the new and altered status registers/bits for the Noise Figure Measurements option (R&S FSV-K30) are described.

# 7.1 STATus: OPERation Register

Additionally to the bits assigned by the base system (for details refer to STA-Tus:OPERation Register), the bits no. 4 and 7 are defined:

Bit No	Meaning
4	MEASuring A '1' in this bit position indicates that a measurement is in progress.
7	CORRecting Indicates that a user calibration is in progress.

# 7.2 STATus: QUEStionable Register

Additionally to the bits assigned by the base system (for details refer to STA-Tus:QUEStionable Register), the bit no. 11 is defined differently:

STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Register

Bit No	Meaning
11	CORRection
	This bit is set if questionable correction data occurs (see also section STA- Tus:QUEStionable:CORRection Register).

# 7.3 STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Register

This register comprises information about the correction state of noise measurements. It can be queried by STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition? and STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]? commands.

Bit No	Meaning
0	NO CORRection
	User calibration is required (i.e. not done, or setup changed). Initial value is 1. Will remain 1 until a user calibration is done. Set to 1 at the start of a user calibration. It will go to 0 at the end of a user calibration only if all points of at least one range have been calibrated.
1	Not used
2	Deprecated; not used
3	Missing Loss or ENR values
	No ENR, Loss In and/or Loss Out can be determined for one or all of the measurement frequencies. This occurs when using tables of ENR, Loss In and/or Loss out values. Check that the frequency ranges of the tables cover the range of frequencies to be measured. For each measurement frequency where ENR, Loss In or Loss Out cannot be determined, 0 is used.
4 to 15	Not used

# 8 Remote Control Commands

This section describes the remote commands specific to the Noise Figure Measurements option (R&S FSV-K30). The abbreviation NF stands for the operating mode of noise figure measurements. For details on conventions used in this chapter refer to chapter 8.1, "Notation", on page 72.

For further information on analyzer or basic settings commands, refer to the corresponding Subsystem in the base unit description.

8.1	Notation	72
8.2	CALCulate Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	75
8.2.1	CALCulate:LIMit Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)	75
8.2.2	CALculate:MARker subsystem	82
8.3	CONFigure Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	85
8.4	DISPlay Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)	88
8.5	FETCh Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)	95
8.6	FORMat Subsystem	97
8.7	INPut Subsystem	98
8.8	INITiate Subsystem	100
8.9	INSTrument Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	101
8.10	SENSe Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	101
8.10.1	Equipment Settings Commands	102
8.10.2	Measurement Settings (SENSe:CONFigure) Commands	107
8.11	SOURce Subsystem	114
8.12	STATus Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	117
8.13	SYSTem Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)	119

#### 8.1 Notation

In the following sections, all commands implemented in the instrument are first listed and then described in detail, arranged according to the command subsystems. The notation is adapted to the SCPI standard. The SCPI conformity information is included in the individual description of the commands.

#### **Individual Description**

The individual description contains the complete notation of the command. An example for each command, the \*RST value and the SCPI information are included as well.

Notation

The options and operating modes for which a command can be used are indicated by the following abbreviations:

Abbreviation	Description
A	spectrum analysis
A-F	spectrum analysis – span > 0 only (frequency mode)
А-Т	spectrum analysis – zero span only (time mode)
ADEMOD	analog demodulation (option R&S FSV-K7)
ВТ	Bluetooth (option R&S FSV-K8)
CDMA	CDMA 2000 base station measurements (option R&S FSV-K82)
EVDO	1xEV-DO base station analysis (option R&S FSV-K84)
GSM	GSM/Edge measurements (option R&S FSV-K10)
IQ	IQ Analyzer mode
OFDM	WiMAX IEEE 802.16 OFDM measurements (option R&S FSV-K93)
OFDMA/WiBro	WiMAX IEEE 802.16e OFDMA/WiBro measurements (option R&S FSV-K93)
NF	Noise Figure measurements (R&S FSV-K30)
PHN	Phase Noise measurements (R&S FSV-K40)
PSM	Power Sensor measurements (option R&S FSV-K9)
SFM	Stereo FM measurements (optionR&S FSV-K7S)
SPECM	Spectogram mode (option R&S FSV-K14)
TDS	TD-SCDMA base station / UE measurements (option R&S FSV-K76/K77)
VSA	Vector Signal Analysis (option R&S FSV-K70)
WCDMA	3GPP Base Station measurements (option R&S FSV-K72), 3GPP UE measurements (option R&S FSV-K73)
WLAN	WLAN TX measurements (option R&S FSV-K91)



The spectrum analysis mode is implemented in the basic unit. For the other modes, the corresponding options are required.

# **Upper/Lower Case Notation**

Upper/lower case letters are used to mark the long or short form of the key words of a command in the description. The instrument itself does not distinguish between upper and lower case letters.

Notation

## **Special Characters**

A selection of key words with an identical effect exists for several commands. These keywords are indicated in the same line; they are separated by a vertical stroke. Only one of these keywords needs to be included in the header of the command. The effect of the command is independent of which of the keywords is used.

## Example:

SENSe: FREQuency: CW | : FIXed

The two following commands with identical meaning can be created. They set the frequency of the fixed frequency signal to 1 kHz:

SENSe:FREQuency:CW 1E3
SENSe:FREQuency:FIXed 1E3

A vertical stroke in parameter indications marks alternative possibilities in the sense of "or". The effect of the command differs, depending on which parameter is used.

Example: Selection of the parameters for the command

[SENSe<1...4>:]AVERage<1...4>:TYPE VIDeo | LINear

[] Key words in square brackets can be omitted when composing the header. The full command length must be accepted by the instrument for reasons of compatibility with the SCPI standards. Parameters in square brackets can be incorporated optionally in the command or omitted as well.

Parameters in braces can be incorporated optionally in the command, either not at all, once or several times.

## **Description of Parameters**

Due to the standardization, the parameter section of SCPI commands consists always of the same syntactical elements. SCPI has therefore specified a series of definitions, which are used in the tables of commands. In the tables, these established definitions are indicated in angled brackets (<...>) and is briefly explained in the following.

For details see the chapter "SCPI Command Structure" in the base unit description.

#### <Boolean>

This keyword refers to parameters which can adopt two states, "on" and "off". The "off" state may either be indicated by the keyword OFF or by the numeric value 0, the "on" state is indicated by ON or any numeric value other than zero. Parameter queries are always returned the numeric value 0 or 1.

### <numeric\_value> <num>

These keywords mark parameters which may be entered as numeric values or be set using specific keywords (character data). The following keywords given below are permitted:

• MAXimum: This keyword sets the parameter to the largest possible value.

- MINimum: This keyword sets the parameter to the smallest possible value.
- DEFault: This keyword is used to reset the parameter to its default value.
- UP: This keyword increments the parameter value.
- DOWN: This keyword decrements the parameter value.

The numeric values associated to MAXimum/MINimum/DEFault can be queried by adding the corresponding keywords to the command. They must be entered following the quotation mark.

## Example:

SENSe: FREQuency: CENTer? MAXimum

Returns the maximum possible numeric value of the center frequency as result.

## <arbitrary block program data>

This keyword is provided for commands the parameters of which consist of a binary data block.

# 8.2 CALCulate Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

The CALCulate subsystem checks the marker functions and contains commands for limit lines and their limit checks.



Note that the R&S FSV-K30 option now has 4 markers; thus, the suffix for CALCulate: MARKer<m> commands can have the values 1-4.

8.2.1	CALCulate:LIMit Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)	75
8.2.2	CALculate:MARker subsystem.	82

# 8.2.1 CALCulate:LIMit Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)

The CALCulate:LIMit subsystem contains commands for the limit lines and the corresponding limit checks.

In contrast to the base unit, only 6 limit lines can be active at the same time (indicated by LIMIT1 to LIMIT6). They are assigned to a particular measurement type rather than a particular trace (see CALCulate<n>:LIMit<m>:TRACe on page 80). Otherwise, the commands are the same as for the base unit.

CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:COMMent</k></n>	76
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol[:DATA]</k></n>	76
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol:SHIFt</k></n>	77
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer[:DATA]</k></n>	77
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:DELete</k></n>	77
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:FAIL?</k></n>	78
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:SHIFt</k></n>	78

CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:STATe</k></n>	79
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:NAME</k></n>	
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:STATe</k></n>	79
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<m>:TRACe</m></n>	80
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer[:DATA]</k></n>	80
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:SHIFt</k></n>	81
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:STATe</k></n>	81

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:COMMent <Comment>

This command defines a comment for the selected limit line in all windows.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<Comment> String containing the comment. The maximum number of char-

acters the string may contain is 40.

**Example:** CALC:LIM5:COMM 'Upper limit for spectrum'

Defines the comment for limit line 5.

Manual operation: See "Comment" on page 66

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol[:DATA] <LimitLinePoints>

This command defines the horizontal definition points of a lower limit line.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<k> 1...8

Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<LimitLinePoints> Variable number of x-axis values.

Note that the number of horizontal values has to be the same as

the number of vertical values set with CALCulate<n>:

LIMit<k>:LOWer[:DATA] **or** CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:

UPPer[:DATA]. If not, the R&S FSV either adds missing values

or ignores surplus values.

\*RST: - (CALC:LIM is set to OFF)

Example: CALC:LIM2:CONT 1 MHz,30 MHz,100 MHz,300 MHz,1

GHz

Defines 5 reference values for the x-axis of limit line 2.

CALC:LIM2:CONT?

Outputs the reference values for the x-axis of limit line 2 separa-

ted by a comma.

Manual operation: See "Frequency" on page 66

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol:SHIFt <Distance>

This command moves a complete limit line horizontally.

Compared to defining an offset, this command actually changes the limit line definition points by the value you define.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<k> Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<Distance> Numeric value that defines the distance of the shift.

The unit depends on the scale of the x-axis.

**Example:** CALC:LIM2:CONT:SHIF 50KHZ

Shifts all reference values of limit line 2 by 50 kHz.

# CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer[:DATA] <LimitLinePoints>

This command defines the vertical definition points of a lower limit line.

If the measured values are smaller than the LOWer limit line, the limit check is violated.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> 1...8

Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<LimitLinePoints> Variable number of x-axis values.

Note that the number of horizontal values has to be the same as

the number of vertical values set with CALCulate<n>:

LIMit<k>: CONTrol[:DATA]. If not, the R&S FSV either adds

missing values or ignores surplus values.
\*RST: (LIMit:STATe is set to OFF)

**Example:** CALC:LIM2:LOW -30,-40,-10,-40,-30

Defines 5 lower limit values for limit line 2 in the preset unit.

CALC:LIM2:LOW?

Outputs the lower limit values of limit line 2 separated by a

comma.

Manual operation: See "Limit" on page 66

# CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:DELete

This command deletes a limit line.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> Selects the limit line.

**Example:** CALC:LIM1:DEL

Deletes limit line 1.

Usage: Event

Manual operation: See "Delete" on page 66

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:FAIL?

This command gueries the result of a limit check.

Note that for SEM measurements, the limit line suffix <k> is irrelevant, as only one specific SEM limit line is checked for the currently relevant power class.

To get a valid result, you have to perform a complete measurement with synchronization to the end of the measurement before reading out the result. This is only possible for single sweeps.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant <k> limit line

Return values:

<Result> 0

PASS 1 FAIL

**Example:** INIT; \*WAI

Starts a new sweep and waits for its end.

CALC:LIM3:FAIL?

Queries the result of the check for limit line 3.

Usage: Query only

# CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:SHIFt <Distance>

This command moves a complete lower limit line vertically.

Compared to defining an offset, this command actually changes the limit line definition points by the value you define.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<Distance> Numeric value that defines the distance of the shift.

**Example:** CALC:LIM3:LOW:SHIF 20DB

Shifts all Y values of limit line 3 by 20 dB.

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:STATe <State>

This command turns a lower limit line on and off.

Before you can use this command, you have to select a limit line with

CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:NAME.

The limit check is activated separately with CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:STATe. The result of the limit check can be queried with CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:FAIL?.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> 1...8

Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** CALC:LIM4:LOW:STAT ON

Switches on limit line 4 (lower limit).

Manual operation: See "Enable/Disable" on page 66

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:NAME <Name>

This command selects a limit line that already exists or defines a name for a new limit line.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> 1...8 (NF: 1...6)

Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<Name> String containing the limit line name.

\*RST: REM1 to REM8 for lines 1 to 8

Example: CALC:LIM1:NAME 'FM1'

Assigns the name FM1 to limit line 1.

Manual operation: See "Name" on page 65

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:STATe <State>

This command turns the limit check on and off.

To query the limit check result, use CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:FAIL?.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

Example: CALC:LIM:STAT ON

Switches on the limit check for limit line 1.

Manual operation: See "Enable/Disable" on page 66

# CALCulate<n>:LIMit<m>:TRACe <MeasType>

This command assigns a limit line to a particular measurement type.

Suffix:

<n> 1...4

irrelevant

<m> 1...6

limit line

Parameters:

<MeasType> NFIGure | TEFFective | GAIN

NFIGure noise figure TEFFective

noise temperature

**GAIN** gain

**Example:** CALC:LIM2:TRAC NFIG

Assigns limit line 2 to the noise figure measurement.

CALC:LIM3:TRAC GAIN

Assigns limit line 3 to the gain measurement.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Limit" on page 65

# CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer[:DATA] <LimitLinePoints>

This command defines the vertical definition points of an upper limit line.

If the measured values exceed the UPPer limit line, the limit is violated.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<k> 1...8

Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<LimitLinePoints> Variable number of x-axis values.

Note that the number of horizontal values has to be the same as

the number of vertical values set with CALCulate<n>:

LIMit<k>: CONTrol[:DATA]. If not, the R&S FSV either adds

missing values or ignores surplus values.

\*RST: (LIMit:STATe is set to OFF)

**Example:** CALC:LIM2:UPP -10,0,0,-10,-5

Defines 5 upper limit values for limit line 2 in the preset unit.

CALC:LIM2:UPP?

Outputs the upper limit values for limit line 2 separated by a

comma.

Manual operation: See "Limit" on page 66

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:SHIFt <Value>

This command moves a limit line by the indicated value in Y direction.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant <k> limit line

Parameters:

<Value> <numeric\_value>

**Example:** CALC:LIM3:UPP:SHIF 20

Shifts all Y values of limit line 3 by 20 limit line units, e.g. dB.

Mode: A, ADEMOD, CDMA, EVDO, NF, TDS

## CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:STATe <State>

This command turns a lower limit line on and off.

Before you can use this command, you have to select a limit line with CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:NAME.

The limit check is activated separately with CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:STATe. The result of the limit check can be queried with CALCulate<n>:LIMit<k>:FAIL?.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant <k> 1...8

Selects the limit line.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** CALC:LIM4:UPP:STAT ON

Switches on limit line 4 (upper limit).

Manual operation: See "Enable/Disable" on page 66

# 8.2.2 CALculate: MARker subsystem

#### CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:AOFF

This command all markers off, including delta markers and marker measurement functions.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> depends on mode

irrelevant

**Example:** CALC:MARK:AOFF

Switches off all markers.

Usage: Event

Manual operation: See "All Marker Off" on page 64

## CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:MAXimum[:PEAK]

This command positions the marker on the current trace maximum.

The corresponding marker is activated first or switched to the marker mode.

If no maximum value is found on the trace (level spacing to adjacent values < peak excursion), an execution error (error code: -200) is produced.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> depends on mode

Selects the marker.

**Example:** CALC:MARK2:MAX

Positions marker 2 to the maximum value of the trace.

Usage: Event

Manual operation: See "Peak" on page 64

## CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:MINimum[:PEAK]

This command positions the marker on the current trace minimum.

The corresponding marker is activated first or switched to marker mode, if necessary.

If no minimum value is found on the trace (level spacing to adjacent values < peak excursion), an execution error (error code: -200) is produced.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> depends on mode

Selects the marker.

**Example:** CALC:MARK2:MIN

Positions marker 2 to the minimum value of the trace.

Usage: Event

Manual operation: See "Min" on page 64

# CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>[:STATe] <State>

This command turns markers on and off.

If the corresponding marker number is currently active as a deltamarker, it is turned into a normal marker.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> depends on mode

Selects the marker.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** CALC:MARK3 ON

Switches on marker 3 or switches to marker mode.

Manual operation: See "Marker 1/2/3/4" on page 64

#### CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:TRACe <Trace>

This command selects the trace a marker is positioned on.

The corresponding trace must have a trace mode other than "Blank".

If necessary, the corresponding marker is switched on prior to the assignment.

#### Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> depends on mode

Selects the marker.

Parameters:

<Trace> NOISe | GAIN | NMEM1 | NMEM2 | NMEM3 | GMEM1 |

GMEM2 | GMEM3

NOISe: Current noise trace GAIN: Current gain trace

NMEM1 | NMEM2 | NMEM3: noise trace stored in memory 1, 2

or 3

The memory must have been populated first using the command

CONFigure: ARRay: MEMory < 1...3 > ONCE

GMEM1 | GMEM2 | GMEM3: gain trace stored in memory 1, 2,

or 3

The memory must have been populated first using the command

CONFigure: ARRay: MEMory<1...3> ONCE

**Example:** CALC:MARK3:TRAC 2

Assigns marker 3 to trace 2.

Manual operation: See "Marker to Trace" on page 64

## CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:X <Position>

This command positions a marker on a particular coordinate on the x-axis.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> Selects the marker.

Parameters:

<Position> Numeric value that defines the marker position on the x-axis.

The unit is either Hz (frequency domain) or s (time domain) or

dB (statistics).

Range: The range depends on the current x-axis range.

**Example:** CALC:MARK2:X 1.7MHz

Positions marker 2 to frequency 1.7 MHz.

Manual operation: See "Marker 1/2/3/4" on page 64

#### CALCulate<n>:MARKer<m>:Y?

This command queries the measured value of a marker.

The corresponding marker is activated before or switched to marker mode, if necessary.

To get a valid result, you have to perform a complete measurement with synchronization to the end of the measurement before reading out the result. This is only possible for single sweeps.

Suffix:

<n> Selects the measurement window.

<m> Selects the marker.

CONFigure Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

Return values:

<Result> The measured value of the selected marker is returned.

Example: INIT:CONT OFF

Switches to single sweep mode.

CALC: MARK2 ON Switches marker 2.

INIT; \*WAI

Starts a sweep and waits for the end.

CALC:MARK2:Y?

Outputs the measured value of marker 2.

**Usage:** Query only

Manual operation: See "Marker 1/2/3/4" on page 64

# 8.3 CONFigure Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

The CONFigure subsystem contains commands for configuring complex measurement tasks.

CONFigure:ARRay:MEMory<13> ONCE	85
CONFigure:CORRection	
CONFigure:FREQ:CONTinuous	
CONFigure:FREQ:SINGle	
CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous.	
CONFigure:LIST:SINGle	
CONFigure:SINGle	

# CONFigure: ARRay: MEMory < 1...3 > ONCE

This command saves the current trace results (noise figure, noise temperature and noise gain traces) to trace memory <n>.

Example: INIT

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.
CONF:ARR:MEM2 ONCE

Copies the last recorded measurement result into the memory 2.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Data->Mem1/ Data->Mem2/ Data->Mem3" on page 62

## **CONFigure:CORRection**

This command configures for a second stage correction measurement.

CONFigure Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

**Example:** CONF: CORR

Configures to run second stage correction measure measure-

ments.

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Cal" on page 59

# CONFigure:FREQ:CONTinuous

This command configures a single frequency measurement in continuous sweep mode.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

**Example:** FREQ:STAR 20MHz

Defines the single frequency to be measured as 20 MHz.

CONF: FREQ: CONT

Configures to run a single frequency measurement in continuous

sweep mode.

INIT

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Single Freq" on page 43

## CONFigure:FREQ:SINGle

This command configures a single frequency measurement in single sweep mode.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

**Example:** FREQ:STAR 20MHz

Defines the single frequency to be measured as 20 MHz.

CONF: FREQ: SING

Configures to run a single frequency measurement in single

sweep mode.

INIT

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Single Freq" on page 43

CONFigure Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

## **CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous**

This command configures a frequency list measurement in continuous sweep mode.

**Example:** CONF:LIST:CONT

Configures to run a frequency list measurement in continuous

sweep mode.

INIT

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Continuous sweep" on page 61

## CONFigure:LIST:SINGle

This command configures a frequency list measurement in single sweep mode.

**Example:** CONF:LIST:SING

Configures to run frequency list measurement in single sweep

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{modes.} \\ \text{INIT} \end{array}$ 

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Sweep Single" on page 61

## **CONFigure:SINGle**

This command configures a fixed frequency measurement. It requires a frequency list measurement to have been performed previously (see CONFigure:LIST:SINGle/CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous on page 87 or CONFigure:FREQ:SINGle/CONFigure:FREQ:CONTinuous on page 86

**Example:** CONF:LIST:SING

Configures to run a frequency list measurement in single sweep

mode.

Performs the frequency list measurement.

CONF:SING

Configures to run fixed frequency measurements.

FREQ 10MHz

Sets a fixed frequency of 10 MHz.

INIT

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Fix Freq" on page 62

# 8.4 DISPlay Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)

The DISPLay subsystem controls the selection and presentation of textual and graphic information as well as of measurement data on the display.

DISPlay:ARRay:MEMory <m>[:STATe]</m>	88
DISPlay:CURRent:DATA[:STATe]	
DISPlay:DATA:TRACe <t></t>	89
DISPlay:FORMat	89
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TABLe</n>	90
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>[:STATe]</t></n>	90
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:SYMBols</t></n>	90
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:X[:SCALe]</t></n>	91
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:AUTO</t></n>	92
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:BOTTom</t></n>	92
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel</t></n>	
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel:AUTO</t></n>	94
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:TOP</t></n>	94

# DISPlay:ARRay:MEMory<m>[:STATe] <State>

This command switches the display of the trace memory on or off.

Suffix:

<m> 1...3

trace memory

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** DISP:ARR:MEM2 ON

Switches on the display of memory 2.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Mem1 On/Off/Mem2 On/Off/Mem3 On/Off" on page 63

# DISPlay:CURRent:DATA[:STATe] <State>

This command switches the display of the current measurement results on or off.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: ON

**Example:** DISP:CURR:DATA OFF

Removes the current result traces from display.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Data On/Off" on page 63

## DISPlay:DATA:TRACe<t> <ResultType>

This command specifies the type of noise results to be displayed in trace 1.

Suffix:

<t>

trace; only trace 1 is valid for noise results

Return values:

<ResultType> NFIGure | TEFFective | GAIN

**NFIGure** 

noise figure results in dB

**TEFFective** 

noise temperature in K

**GAIN** gain

Gain is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface

(R&S FSV-B17).

\*RST: NFIGure

**Example:** DISP:DATA:TRAC1 NFIG

Displays the noise figure results in trace 1.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Y-Axis" on page 56

See "Y-Axis" on page 58

## **DISPlay:FORMat** <Format>

This command activates or deactivates the combined trace display of noise and gain results.

Combined trace display (SPLit) is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Parameters:

<Format> SPLit | SINGle

\*RST: SING

**Example:** DISP:FORM SPL

Displays noise and gain results in separate graphs.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Combined Trace Display" on page 56

## DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TABLe <State>

This command activates or deactivates the result table display.

Suffix:

<n> 1

window

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

Example: DISP:TABL ON

Displays the table of results.

Mode: NF

# DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>[:STATe] <State>

This command activates or deactivates the display of the corresponding trace and related information.

Suffix:

<n>

window

<t> 1 | 2

indicates the measurement results: Trace 1 is always used for noise results, and trace 2 is always used for gain results. Trace 2 is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface

(R&S FSV-B17).

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: ON for both traces

**Example:** DISP:TRAC OFF

Switches off the display of trace 1 (noise results).

DISP:TRAC2 OFF

Switches off the display of trace 2 (gain results).

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Y-Axis" on page 56

See "Y-Axis" on page 58

# DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:SYMBols <State>

This command activates or deactivates the display of the symbols to mark the measurement points for the specified trace.

Suffix:

<n>

window

<t> 1 | 2

indicates the measurement results: Trace 1 is always used for noise results, and trace 2 is always used for gain results.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF for both traces

Example: DISP:TRAC ON

Switches on the display of trace 1 (noise results).

DISP:TRAC:SYMB ON

Switches on the display of symbols for trace 1 (noise results)

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Symbols" on page 57

See "Symbols" on page 58

# DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:X[:SCALe] <Frequency>

This command selects the frequency to be displayed on the x-axis if the DUT is not an amplifier, i.e. in a frequency-converting measurement mode.

Suffix:

<n> 1

window

<t> 1 | 2

indicates the measurement results: Trace 1 is always used for noise results, and trace 2 is always used for gain results.

Parameters:

<Frequency> IF | RF

\*RST: RF

**Example:** CONF:MODE:DUT DOWN (see [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:

DUT)

The DUT converts the input frequency to a lower output fre-

quency.

DISP:TRAC:X IF

The IF frequency is displayed on x-axis.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "X-Axis" on page 58

See "Frequency Axis" on page 60

# DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:AUTO <State>

This command activates or deactivates the automatic scaling of the Y-axis for the specified trace display. Automatic scaling provides best fit of the Y-axis to the measurement results.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Suffix:

<n>

window

<t> 1 | 2

indicates the measurement results: Trace 1 is always used for

noise results, and trace 2 is always used for gain results.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

> \*RST: ON for both traces

Example: DISP:TRAC2 ON (see DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:

SYMBols)

Switches on the display of trace 2 (gain results).

DISP:TRAC2:Y:AUTO ON

Switches on automatic scaling of the Y-axis for trace 2.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Automatic Scaling" on page 57

See "Automatic Scaling" on page 58

## DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:BOTTom <Value>

This command sets the minimum (bottom) Y-axis display value for the specified trace display. It has no affect if automatic scaling of the Y-axis is enabled (DISPlay [: WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:AUTO command).

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

### Suffix:

1 <n>

window

<t> 1 | 2

> indicates the measurement results: Trace 1 is always used for noise results, and trace 2 is always used for gain results.

Parameters:

<Value> noise figure: | noise temperature: | gain:

noise figure: -75 dB to 75 dB noise temperature:

-999990000 K to 999990000 K

gain:

-75 dB to 75 dB \*RST: 0 dB

**Example:** DISP:DATA:TRAC1 NFIG

Sets the noise figure to trace1.

DISP:TRAC ON (see DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:

SYMBols)

Switches on the display of trace 1 (noise results).

DISP:TRAC:Y:BOTT -30

Sets the minimum Y-axis display to -30 dB for trace 1.

**Example:** DISP:DATA:TRAC1 TEFF

Sets the noise temperature to trace1.

DISP:TRAC ON

Switches on the display of trace 1 (noise results).

DISP:TRAC:Y:BOTT 100

Sets the minimum Y-axis display to 100 K for trace 1.

Example: DISP:TRAC2 ON

Switches on the display of trace 2 (gain results).

DISP:TRAC2:Y:BOTT 1

Sets the minimum Y-axis display to 1 dB for trace 2.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Min Y-Axis NF/Max Y-Axis NF" on page 57

See "Min Y-Axis Temp/Max Y-Axis Temp" on page 57

See "Min Y-Axis/Max Y-Axis" on page 58

# DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel < Value>

This command sets the reference level for the Y-axis display value for all trace displays. This command has no affect if automatic reference level detection is enabled (DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel:AUTOcommand).

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Suffix:

<n>

window

1

<t> irrelevant

Parameters:

<Value> \*RST: -30 dBm

**Example:** DISP:TRAC:Y:RLEV 0

Sets the reference level 0 dBm

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Ref Level" on page 51

# DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel:AUTO <State>

This command enables or disables the automatic reference level detection.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Suffix:

<n> 1

window

<t> irrelevant

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: ON

**Example:** DISP:TRAC:Y:RLEV:AUTO ON

Turns on automatic reference level detection.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Automatic Ref Level" on page 51

## DISPlay[:WINDow<n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:TOP < Value>

This command sets the maximum (top) Y-axis display value for the specified trace display. It has no affect if automatic scaling of the Y-axis is enabled or the specified trace is not currently active.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Suffix:

<n> 1

window

<t> 1 | 2

indicates the measurement results: Trace 1 is always used for noise results, and trace 2 is always used for gain results.

FETCh Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)

Parameters:

<Value> noise figure: | noise temperature: | gain:

noise figure: -75 dB to 75 dB noise temperature:

-999990000 K to 999990000 K

gain:

-75 dB to 75 dB

\*RST: 20 dB for noise and gain figure, 10000K for noise

temperature

**Example:** DISP:DATA:TRAC1 NFIG

Sets the noise figure to trace1.

DISP:TRAC:Y:TOP 30

Sets the maximum Y-axis display to 30 dB for trace 1.

**Example:** Example 2

DISP:DATA:TRAC1 TEFF

Sets the noise temperature to trace1.

DISP:TRAC:Y:TOP 100

Sets the maximum Y-axis display to 100 K for trace 1.

**Example:** DISP:TRAC2:Y:TOP 10

Sets the maximum Y-axis display to 10 dB for trace 2.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Min Y-Axis NF/Max Y-Axis NF" on page 57

See "Min Y-Axis Temp/Max Y-Axis Temp" on page 57

See "Min Y-Axis/Max Y-Axis" on page 58

# 8.5 FETCh Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)

The FETCh subsystem retrieves results for the most recently completed fixed frequency or frequency list measurements. Frequency list results are returned as a list of results where the result is that requested in the specific fetch command. Single frequency results are single numbers in the described units.



# Note:

Corrected measurements are only accessible after a calibration has been performed.

FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<13>:NOISe:FIGure?	96
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<13>:NOISe:GAIN?	
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<13>:NOISe:TEMPerature?	
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:FIGure?	. 96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:GAIN?	. 96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:TEMPerature?	96

FETCh Subsystem (Noise Figure, K30)

FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:FIGure?	97
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:GAIN?	97
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:TEMPerature?	97

FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<1...3>:NOISe:FIGure? FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<1...3>:NOISe:GAIN?

FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<1...3>:NOISe:TEMPerature?

This command queries the noise measurement results of the selected memory. The results are returned as an array of up to 100 elements of noise figure, gain or temperature results. This command produces an error if no data is held in the selected trace memory.

Example: INIT

Starts a new measurement, if no measurement sequence is

already in progress.

CONF:ARR:MEM2 ONCE (see CONFigure:ARRay:

MEMory<1...3> ONCE on page 85)

Copies the last recorded measurement result into the memory 2.

FETC:ARR:MEM2:NOIS:TEMP?

Returns an array of 100 noise temperature results from the

selected memory 2.

Usage: Query only

Mode: NF

FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:FIGure? FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:GAIN?

FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:TEMPerature?

This command queries the last recorded noise figure, gain or temperature measurement results. The results are returned as an array of up to 100 elements of noise results.

**Example:** FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:TEMPerature?

Returns an array of up to 100 measured elements associated

with the last noise temperature measurement.

Usage: Query only

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Data->Mem1/ Data->Mem2/ Data->Mem3" on page 62

**FORMat Subsystem** 

FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:FIGure? FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:GAIN?

FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:TEMPerature?

This command queries the last recorded noise figure, gain or temperature measurement result for a fixed frequency measurement. Requires a frequency list measurement to have been performed previously (see CONFigure:LIST:SINGle/CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous on page 87 or CONFigure:FREQ:SINGle/CONFigure:FREQ:CONTinuous on page 86).

**Example:** CONF:LIST:SING

Configures to run a frequency list measurement in single sweep

mode.

Performs the frequency list measurement.

CONF:SING

Configures to run fixed frequency measurements.

FREQ 10MHz

Sets a fixed frequency of 10 MHz. FETCh: SCAL: NOISE: TEMPerature?

Returns the last noise temperature measurement at 10 MHz.

Usage: Query only

Mode: NF

# 8.6 FORMat Subsystem

## FORMat: DEXPort: DSEParator < Separator >

This command defines which decimal separator (decimal point or comma) is to be used for outputting measurement data to the file in ASCII format. Different languages of evaluation programs (e.g. MS-Excel) can thus be supported.

Parameters:

<Separator> POINt | COMMA

\*RST: (factory setting is POINt; \*RST does not affect set-

ting)

**Example:** FORM: DEXP: DSEP POIN

Sets the decimal point as separator.

Manual operation: See "ASCII File Export" on page 63

See "Decim Sep" on page 63

**INPut Subsystem** 

# 8.7 INPut Subsystem

#### INPut:ATTenuation < Value>

This command programs the input attenuator. To protect the input mixer against damage from overloads, the setting 0 dB can be obtained by entering numerals, not by using the DOWN command.

The attenuation can be set in 5 dB steps (with option R&S FSV-B25: 1 dB steps). If the defined reference level cannot be set for the set RF attenuation, the reference level is adjusted accordingly.

In the default state with "Spectrum" mode, the attenuation set on the step attenuator is coupled to the reference level of the instrument. If the attenuation is programmed directly, the coupling to the reference level is switched off.

This function is not available if the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (R&S FSV-B17) is active.

Parameters:

<Value> \*RST: 10 dB (AUTO is set to ON)

**Example:** INP:ATT 30dB

Sets the attenuation on the attenuator to 30 dB and switches off

the coupling to the reference level.

Mode: all

Manual operation: See "RF Attenuation" on page 50

## INPut:COUPling < Coupling Type>

Toggles the RF input of the R&S FSV between AC and DC coupling.

This function is not available if the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (R&S FSV-B17) is active.

## Parameters:

<CouplingType> AC | DC

\*RST: AC

Example: INP:COUP DC

Manual operation: See "Input (AC/DC)" on page 67

## INPut:DIQ:RANGe[:UPPer] <Level>

Defines or queries the "Full Scale Level", i.e. the level that should correspond to an I/Q sample with the magnitude "1".

It can be defined either in dBm or Volt (see "Full Scale Level" on page 52).

This command is only available if the optional R&S Digital I/Q Interface (option R&S FSV-B17) is installed.

For details see the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (R&S FSV-B17) description of the base unit.

**INPut Subsystem** 

Parameters:

<Level> <numeric value>

Range: 70.711 nV to 7.071 V

\*RST: 1 V

**Example:** INP:DIQ:RANG 1V

**Mode:** A, IQ, NF, TDS, VSA, CDMA, EVDO, WCDMA, ADEMOD,

GSM, OFDM, OFDMA/WiBro, WLAN

Manual operation: See "Full Scale Level" on page 52

## INPut:DIQ:SRATe <SampleRate>

This command specifies or queries the sample rate of the input signal from the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (see "Input Sample Rate" on page 52).

This command is only available if the optional R&S Digital I/Q Interface (option R&S FSV-B17) is installed.

For details see the R&S Digital I/Q Interface (R&S FSV-B17) description of the base unit.

Parameters:

<SampleRate> Range: 1 Hz to 10 GHz

\*RST: 32 MHz

**Example:** INP:DIQ:SRAT 200 MHz

Mode: A, IQ, NF, TDS, VSA, CDMA, EVDO, WCDMA, ADEMOD,

GSM, OFDM, OFDMA/WiBro, WLAN

Manual operation: See "Input Sample Rate" on page 52

## INPut:GAIN:STATe <State>

This command turns the 20 dB preamplifier on and off.

With option R&S FSV-B22, the preamplifier only has an effect below 7 GHz.

With option R&S FSV-B24, the amplifier applies to the entire frequency range.

This command is not available when using R&S Digital I/Q Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** INP:GAIN:STAT ON

Turns the preamplifier on.

Manual operation: See "Preamp On/Off" on page 51

**INITiate Subsystem** 

INPut:SELect <Source>

This command selects the signal source for measurements.

Parameters:

<Source> RF | DIQ

RF

Radio Frequency ("RF INPUT" connector)

DIQ

Digital IQ (only available with R&S Digital I/Q Interface, option

R&S FSV-B17)
\*RST: RF

Example: INP:SEL RF

Mode: A, IQ, NF, TDS, VSA, CDMA, EVDO, WCDMA, ADEMOD,

GSM, OFDM, OFDMA/WiBro, WLAN

Manual operation: See "Input" on page 52

# 8.8 INITiate Subsystem

#### INITiate<n>:CONTinuous <State>

This command determines whether the trigger system is continuously initiated (continuous) or performs single measurements (single).

In R&S FSV-K30, the measurement is not started by this command,

INITiate: IMMediate has to be used to start a measurement.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: ON

Example: INIT:CONT OFF

Switches the sequence to single sweep.

INIT: CONT ON

Switches the sequence to continuous sweep.

INIT:IMM

Starts a new noise figure measurement in continuous sweep

mode.

Mode: all

Manual operation: See "Continuous sweep" on page 61

See "Sweep Single" on page 61

# 8.9 INSTrument Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

The INSTrument subsystem selects the operating mode of the unit either via text parameters or fixed numbers.

NSTrument[:SELect]	10 <sup>-</sup>	•
NSTrument:NSELect	10 <sup>-</sup>	

# INSTrument[:SELect] < Mode>

This command switches between the measurement modes by means of text parameters.

### Parameters:

<Mode> NOISe

Noise Figure Measurements option, R&S FSV-K30

## INSTrument:NSELect < Mode>

This command switches between the measurement modes by means of numbers.

#### Parameters:

<Mode> 19

Noise Figure Measurements option, R&S FSV-K30

# 8.10 SENSe Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

The SENSe subsystem is used to set and query the values of parameters in the remote instrument.

:DEFault	If a parameter has a default a value, the command parameter can be substituted with:DEFault which loads the default (reset) value of the parameter.
:UP/DOWN	In addition, all numeric values are able to take:UP or:DOWN in place of the parameter. This will increment or decrement the numeric value.
:MIN/MAX	In addition, all numeric values are able to take either:MINimum or:MAXimum as arguments to determine the minimum or maximum range available for the command.

The SENSe subsystem is divided into equipment settings and measurement settings.

8.10.1	Equipment Settings Commands	.102
8.10.2	Measurement Settings (SENSe:CONFigure) Commands	107

# 8.10.1 Equipment Settings Commands

[SENSe:]CORRection[:STATe]	102
[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:MODE	102
[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:SPOT	103
[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR[:MEASurement]:TABLe:DATA	103
[SENSe:]CORRection:IREJection	103
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:MODE	104
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:SPOT	104
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:TABLe	105
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:MODE	105
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:SPOT	106
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:TABLe	106
[SENSe:]CORRection:TEMPerature	107

# [SENSe:]CORRection[:STATe] <State>

This command activates or deactivates the second stage correction.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

\*RST: OFF

Example: CORR ON

Activates the second stage correction.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "2nd Stage Correction" on page 49

# [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:MODE < Mode>

This command specifies whether a constant ENR value applies for all measured frequencies or an ENR table (ENR values specified at specific input frequencies). The constant ENR value is specified by the [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:SPOT command.

## Parameters:

<Mode> TABLe | SPOT

**TABLe** 

ENR table is used.

**SPOT** 

Constant ENR value is used.

\*RST: SPOT

**Example:** CORR:ENR:MODE SPOT

Uses the configured constant ENR value for all measured fre-

quencies.

Mode: NF

## [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:SPOT <Value>

This command sets the constant ENR value of the noise source that is used throughout the entire frequency range.

Parameters:

<Value> -999.99 to 999.99 dB

\*RST: 15 dB

**Example:** CORR:ENR:MODE SPOT, see [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:

MODE on page 102

Uses the configured constant ENR value for all measured fre-

quencies.

CORR:ENR:SPOT 30

Sets the constant ENR value to 30 dB for all input frequencies to

be measured.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Selection" on page 46

See "ENR Constant" on page 47

## [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR[:MEASurement]:TABLe:DATA < Table Data >

This command specifies a new ENR table to determine the correct ENR (excess noise ratio) figure to be used for the input frequencies. This new list completely overwrites all current ENR frequency list entries regardless of how many entries are present and how many entries are being supplied for the new list.

Parameters:

<TableData> numeric value = a frequency ENR pair of arguments

frequency: 0 Hz to 999.99 GHz.

ENR figure: -999.99 to 999.99 (value in dB, accurate to two deci-

mal places)

**Example:** CORR:ENR:MODE TABL, see [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:

MODE on page 102
Uses the ENR table.

CORR:ENR:MEAS:TABL:DATA 1MHZ,10,2MHZ,12

Specifies a new ENR table and overwrites the current ENR table

with the two entry pairs specified.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "ENR Settings" on page 46

## [SENSe:]CORRection:IREJection <Value>

This command specifies an image rejection value for the selected DUT ([SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT command) which will be effective throughout the entire frequency range.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Parameters:

<Value> Range: 0 dB to 999.99 dB

\*RST: 999.99 dB

**Example:** [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT CONF:MODE:DUT DOWN

The DUT converts the input frequency to a lower output fre-

quency.

CORR: IREJ 100

Sets an image rejection value of 100 dB.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Image Rej" on page 45

# [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:MODE < Mode>

This command specifies whether a constant input loss value applies for all measured frequencies or an input loss list (loss input values specified at specific input frequencies). The constant loss input value is specified by the [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:SPOT command.

#### Parameters:

<Mode> SPOT | TABLe

**SPOT** 

The constant loss input value for all measurement frequencies is

used.

The loss input table is used.

\*RST: SPOT

**Example:** CORR:LOSS:INP:MODE SPOT

Uses the configured constant loss input value for all input fre-

quencies to be measured.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Selection" on page 48

## [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:SPOT <Value>

This command specifies the loss input constant for all input frequencies to be measured.

## Parameters:

<Value> -999.99 to 999.99 dB, accurate to two decimal places

\*RST: 0 dB

**Example:** [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT CORR:LOSS:INP:MODE

SPOT

Uses the configured constant loss input value for all input fre-

quencies to be measured.
CORR:LOSS:INP:SPOT 10

Sets the internal input loss constant value to 10 dB for all input

frequencies to be measured.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Loss Input Constant/Loss Output Constant" on page 48

# [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:TABLe <TableData>

This command specifies a new input loss table to determine the correct input loss to be used for the input frequencies. This new list completely overwrites all current input loss list entries regardless of how many entries are present and how many entries are being supplied for the new list.

## Parameters:

<TableData> <numeric value>,<numeric value> = a frequency loss pair of

arguments

frequency: 0 Hz to 999.99 GHz (max. two decimal places) loss figure: -999.99 to 999.99 (value in dB, accurate to two deci-

mal places)

**Example:** [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT CORR:LOSS:INP:MODE

TABL

Uses the loss input table.

CORR:LOSS:INP:TABL 1MHz,10,2MHz,12

Specifies a new input loss table and overwrites the current input

loss table with the two entry pairs specified.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Loss Settings" on page 47

See "Selection" on page 48

# [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:MODE < Mode>

This command specifies whether a constant output loss value applies for all measured frequencies or an output loss list (loss output values specified at specific input frequencies). The constant loss output value is specified by the [SENSe:]CORRection:
LOSS:OUTPut:SPOT command.

Parameters:

<Mode> SPOT | TABLe

**SPOT** 

The constant loss input value for all measurement frequencies is

used.

**TABLe** 

The loss input table is used.

\*RST: SPOT

**Example:** CORR:LOSS:OUTP:MODE SPOT

Uses the configured constant loss output value for all input fre-

quencies to be measured.

Mode: NF

# [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:SPOT <Value>

This command specifies the loss output constant for all input frequencies to be measured.

Parameters:

<Value> -999.99 to 999.99 dB, accurate to two decimal places

\*RST: 0 dB

**Example:** [SENSe:] CORRection:ENR:SPOT on page 103

CORR:LOSS:OUTP:MODE SPOT

Uses the configured constant loss output value for all input fre-

quencies to be measured.
CORR:LOSS:OUTP:SPOT 10

Sets the internal output loss constant value to 10 dB for all input

frequencies to be measured.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Loss Input Constant/Loss Output Constant" on page 48

## [SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:TABLe <TableData>

This command specifies a new output loss table to determine the correct output loss to be used for the input frequencies. This new list completely overwrites all current output loss list entries regardless of how many entries are present and how many entries are being supplied for the new list.

## Parameters:

arguments

frequency: 0 Hz to 999.99 GHz (max. two decimal places) loss figure: -999.99 to 999.99 (value in dB, accurate to two deci-

mal places)

**Example:** [SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:SPOT on page 103

CORR:LOSS:OUTP:MODE TABL

Uses the loss output table.

CORR:LOSS:OUTP:TABL 1MHz, 10, 2MHz, 12

Specifies a new output loss table and overwrites the current out-

put loss table with the two entry pairs specified.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Loss Settings" on page 47

## [SENSe:]CORRection:TEMPerature < Temperature >

This command specifies the room temperature of the operating environment. This value is taken into account when calculating noise results.

#### Parameters:

<Temperature> 278.15 to 318.15 K; up to 2 decimal places can be specified.

\*RST: 293 K

Example: CORR:TEMP 291.50

Specifies the room temperature to 291.50 Kelvin (18.5 C).

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Room Temperature" on page 47

# 8.10.2 Measurement Settings (SENSe:CONFigure) Commands

Most parameters for the measurements are set using the SENSe: CONFigure commands described here.



Some additional measurement settings are defined using the SENSe: FREQuency subsystem, see chapter 8.10, "SENSe Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)", on page 101.

[SENSe:]BANDwidth BWIDth[:RESolution]	108
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT	108
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:IF:FREQuency	109
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator	109
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator:FREQuency	110
[SENSe:]FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]	110
[SENSe:]FREQuency:CENTer	111
[SENSe:]FREQuency:LIST:DATA	111
[SENSe:]FREQuency:SPAN	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STARt	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STEP	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STOP	112

[SENSe:]SWEep:COUNt	113
[SENSe:]SWEep:POINts	113
[SENSe:]SWEep:TIME	113

## [SENSe:]BANDwidth|BWIDth[:RESolution] <Bandwidth>

This command defines the resolution bandwidth.

The available resolution bandwidths are specified in the data sheet. For details on the correlation between resolution bandwidth and filter type refer to chapter 3.7, "Selecting the Appropriate Filter Type", on page 18.

Parameters:

<Bandwidth> refer to data sheet

\*RST: (AUTO is set to ON)

Example: BAND 1 MHz

Sets the resolution bandwidth to 1 MHz

Manual operation: See "RBW" on page 49

# [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT <Type>

This command defines the type of DUT. This setting determines the method that is used to create the frequency measurement list.

For Fixed LO or Fixed IF measurements, the [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem: LOSCillator command is also required.

Fixed local oscillator frequencies are taken from the settings supplied by [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator:FREQuency on page 110.

Fixed IF frequencies are taken from the settings supplied by [SENSe:]CONFigure: MODE:SYSTem:IF:FREQuency on page 109.

# Parameters:

<Type> AMPLifier | DOWNconv | UPConv | DDOWnconverter

#### **AMPLifier**

The DUT is an amplifier and not a frequency converting device.

#### **DOWNconv**

The DUT converts the input frequency to a lower output fre-

quency:

Fixed LO, IF=RF+LO

## **UPConv**

The DUT converts the input frequency to a higher output frequency:

Fixed LO, IF=abs(RF-LO).

# DDOWnconverter

The DUT provides digital input via the digital baseband interface

(R&S FSV-B17 option)

\*RST: AMPLifier

**Example:** SENS:CONF:MODE:DUT DOWN

The DUT converts the input frequency to a lower output fre-

quency.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Mode" on page 44

#### [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:IF:FREQuency < Frequency >

This remote control command specifies a fixed intermediate frequency for a new frequency measurement list that requires computing.

The command does not have any immediate effect if a direct frequency list is being used which is set by the remote control command SENS:CONF:MODE:DUT AMPL (see [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT on page 108) or a variable intermediate frequency has been specified (set by the SENS:CONF:MODE:SYST:LOSC FIX command, see [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator on page 109).

This command is only available if the R&S FSV-B10 option (External Generator) is installed.

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 0 Hz to 999.99 GHz

\*RST: - 0 Hz

**Example:** The DUT converts the input frequency to a lower output fre-

auency.

SENS:CONF:MODE:SYST:IF:FREQ 500KHZ

Sets the fixed intermediate frequency for a new list, yet to be

created, to a value of 500 kHz.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Fixed IF" on page 45

See "LO/IF" on page 60

### [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator < Mode>

This remote control command specifies whether the local oscillator is used as a fixed frequency source or a variable frequency source. The command does not have any immediate effect if a direct frequency list is being used which is set by the remote control command SENS:CONF:MODE:DUT AMPL (see [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT on page 108).

This command is only available if the R&S FSV-B10 option (External Generator) is installed.

Parameters:

<Mode> FIXed | VARiable

**FIXed** 

Local Oscillator is used as a fixed frequency source.

**VARiable** 

Local Oscillator is used as a variable frequency source.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Mode" on page 44

### [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator:FREQuency < Frequency >

This command specifies a fixed local oscillator frequency for a new frequency measurement list in frequency-converting measurement mode. If this value is altered, a new frequency list is generated.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 0 Hz to 999.99 GHz

\*RST: - 0 Hz

**Example:** [SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT on page 108

SENS:CONF:MODE:DUT DOWN

The DUT converts the input frequency to a lower output fre-

quency.

SENS:CONF:MODE:SYST:LOSC:FREQ 1MHZ

Specifies the fixed local oscillator frequency for a new list to a

value of 1 MHz.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Fixed LO" on page 45

See "LO/IF" on page 60

# [SENSe:]FREQuency[:CW|:FIXed] <Frequency>

This command specifies a fixed frequency to measure noise and gain continuously (fixed frequency measurement).

Parameters:

<Frequency> <numeric value>

\*RST: 550 MHz

Example: CONF:SING

Configures to run fixed frequency measurements.

FREQ 10MHz

Sets a fixed frequency of 10 MHz.

**Usage:** SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Fix Freq" on page 62

### [SENSe:]FREQuency:CENTer <Frequency>

This command defines the center frequency (frequency domain) or measuring frequency (time domain).

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 0 to fmax

\*RST: fmax/2 Default unit: Hz

f<sub>max</sub> is specified in the data sheet. min span is 10 Hz

**Example:** FREQ:CENT 100 MHz

Manual operation: See "Center Freq" on page 44

See "Center Freq" on page 59

#### [SENSe:]FREQuency:LIST:DATA < FrequencyList>

This command specifies a new frequency list (for frequency list measurement). Each list entry consists of three separate frequency entities: a receive frequency (RF), a local oscillator frequency (LO), and an intermediate frequency (IF). The new list completely overwrites all the current frequency list entries regardless of how many entries are present and how many entries are being supplied for the new list. The new list is the active list until a new list is automatically created.

The values specified in this command are not used for a fixed frequency measurement (CONFigure:SINGle command).

#### Parameters:

<FrequencyList> direct measurement | frequency-converting measurement

direct measurement RF: 0 Hz to fmax

frequency-converting measurement

RF, LO: 0 Hz to 999.99 GHz

IF: 0 Hz to fmax

\*RST: 550 MHz | 0 Hz | 550 MHz

<numeric\_value>,<numeric\_value>, ... (max. of 100 argument)
numeric value = set of three frequency measurements in the following order: fixed frequency, local oscillator frequency, and
intermediate frequency. The frequency range depends on the

selected measurement mode:

**Example:** FREQ:LIST:DATA 550MHz,300MHz,900MHz

Specifies one entry frequency list with a receive frequency of 550 MHz, a local oscillator frequency of 300 MHz, and an inter-

mediate frequency of 900 MHz.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Frequency Table" on page 45

#### [SENSe:]FREQuency:SPAN <Span>

This command defines the frequency span.

Parameters:

<Span> min span to fmax

\*RST: fmax

 $f_{\text{max}}$  is specified in the data sheet. min span is 10 Hz

**Example:** FREQ:SPAN 10MHz

Manual operation: See "Span" on page 44

See "Span" on page 60

#### [SENSe:]FREQuency:STARt <Frequency>

This command specifies the start frequency for a new frequency measurement list. If this value is altered, a new frequency list is generated.

Parameters:

<Frequency> 0 to (fmax - min span)

\*RST: 0

f<sub>max</sub> is specified in the data sheet. min span is 10 Hz

**Example:** FREQ:STAR 20MHz

Manual operation: See "Start Freq" on page 43

See "Start" on page 59

## [SENSe:]FREQuency:STEP <Frequency>

This command specifies the step frequency for a new frequency measurement list. If this value is altered, a new frequency list is generated.

Parameters:

\*RST: 32 MHz

**Example:** FREQ:STEP 10MHZ

Sets the step frequency for a new list to a value of 10 MHz.

Manual operation: See "Step Freq" on page 44

See "Stepsize" on page 59

## [SENSe:]FREQuency:STOP <Frequency>

This command specifies the stop frequency for a new frequency measurement list. If this value is altered, a new frequency list is generated.

Parameters:

<Frequency> min span to fmax

\*RST: fmax

f<sub>max</sub> is specified in the data sheet. min span is 10 Hz

**Example:** FREQ:STOP 2000 MHz

Manual operation: See "Stop Freq" on page 43

See "Stop" on page 60

#### [SENSe:]SWEep:COUNt < NumberSweeps>

This command defines the number of sweeps started with single sweep, which are used for calculating the average or maximum value. If the values 0 or 1 are set, one sweep is performed.

Parameters:

<NumberSweeps> 0 to 32767

\*RST: 0 (GSM: 200, PHN:1)

Example: SWE:COUN 64

Sets the number of sweeps to 64.

INIT: CONT OFF

Switches to single sweep mode.

INIT; \*WAI

Starts a sweep and waits for its end.

Manual operation: See "Average" on page 50

#### [SENSe:]SWEep:POINts < NumberPoints>

This command defines the number of measurement points to be collected during one sweep.

Parameters:

<NumberPoints> Range: 2 to 100

\*RST: 11

Example: SWE:POIN 251

Manual operation: See "Sweep points" on page 44

See "Sweep points" on page 60

[SENSe:]SWEep:TIME <Time>

This command defines the sweep time.

The range depends on the frequency span.

Parameters:

<Time> refer to data sheet

\*RST: (automatic)

SOURce Subsystem

**Example:** SWE:TIME 10s

Manual operation: See "Sweep Time" on page 50

# 8.11 SOURce Subsystem

SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:DENominator</generator></n>	114
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:NUMerator</generator></n>	114
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency:OFFSet<m></m></generator></n>	115
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:POWer[:LEVel]</generator></n>	116
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:ROSCillator[:SOURce]</generator></n>	116

## SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:DENominator <Value>

This command defines the denominator of the factor with which the analyzer frequency is multiplied in order to obtain the transmit frequency of the selected generator.

This command is only valid for R&S FSV option External Tracking Generator (R&S FSV-B10).

Select the multiplication factor such that the frequency range of the generator is not exceeded if the following formula is applied to the start and stop frequency of the analyzer:

$$F_{\textit{Generator}} = \left| F_{\textit{Analyzer}} * \frac{\textit{Numerator}}{\textit{Deno} \min \textit{ator}} + F_{\textit{Offset}} \right|$$

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Value> <numeric value>

\*RST: 1

**Example:** SOUR:EXT:FREQ:NUM 4"

"SOUR:EXT:FREQ:DEN 3"

Sets a multiplication factor of 4/3, i.e. the transmit frequency of

the generator is 4/3 times the analyzer frequency.

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Offset 1 / Factor 1 / Factor 2 / Offset 2" on page 54

#### SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:NUMerator <Value>

This command defines the numerator of the factor with which the analyzer frequency is multiplied in order to obtain the transmit frequency of the selected generator.

SOURce Subsystem

This command is only valid for R&S FSV option External Tracking Generator (R&S FSV-B10).

Select the multiplication factor such that the frequency range of the generator is not exceeded if the following formula is applied to the start and stop frequency of the analyzer:

$$F_{\textit{Generator}} = \left| F_{\textit{Analyzer}} * \frac{\textit{Numerator}}{\textit{Denomin ator}} + F_{\textit{Offiset}} \right|$$

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Value> <numeric value>

\*RST: 1

**Example:** SOUR:EXT:FREQ:NUM 4"

"SOUR: EXT: FREQ: DEN 3"

Sets a multiplication factor of 4/3, i.e. the transmit frequency of

the generator is 4/3 times the analyzer frequency.

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Offset 1 / Factor 1 / Factor 2 / Offset 2" on page 54

## SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency:OFFSet<m> < Offset>

This command defines the frequency offset of the selected generator with reference to the receive frequency.

This command is only valid for R&S FSV option External Tracking Generator (R&S FSV-B10).

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

<m> 1 | 2

offset (for Noise Figure measurements (K30) only)

SOURce Subsystem

Parameters:

<Offset> <numeric value>, specified in Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, rounded to

the nearest Hz

\*RST: 0 Hz

Select the multiplication factor such that the frequency range of the generator is not exceeded if the following formula is applied

to the start and stop frequency of the analyzer:

 $F_{0moune} = \left| F_{designer} * \frac{Numerator}{Deno \min ator} + F_{0pto} \right|$ 

For Noise Figure measurements (R&S FSV-K30), the following

formula applies:

Generator Frequency = [(LO + Offset 1) \* Factor 1 / Factor 2)] +

Offset 2

**Example:** SOUR:EXT:FREQ:OFFS 1GHZ

Sets a frequency offset of the generator transmit frequency com-

pared to the analyzer receive frequency of 1 GHz.

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Offset 1 / Factor 1 / Factor 2 / Offset 2" on page 54

## SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:POWer[:LEVel] <Level>

This command sets the output power of the selected generator.

This command is only valid for R&S FSV option External Tracking Generator (R&S FSV-B10).

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Level> <numeric value>

\*RST: -20 dBm

**Example:** SOUR: EXT: POW -30dBm

Sets the generator level to -30 dBm

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Source Power" on page 53

#### SOURce<n>:EXTernal<generator>:ROSCillator[:SOURce] <Source>

This command controls selection of the reference oscillator for the external tracking generator (requires option R&S FSV-B10).

If the external reference oscillator is selected, the reference signal must be connected to the rear panel of the instrument.

Suffix:

<n> irrelevant

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Source> INTernal

the internal reference is used

**EXTernal** 

the external reference is used; if none is available, an error flag

is displayed in the status bar

\*RST: INT

**Example:** SOUR:EXT:ROSC EXT

Switches to external reference oscillator

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Reference" on page 54

# 8.12 STATus Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

The STATus subsystem contains the commands for the status reporting system (See part "). \*RST does not influence the status registers.

STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection[:EVENt]?	117
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:CONDition?	
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:ENABle	118
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:NTRansition	118
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:PTRansition	118

#### STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection[:EVENt]?

This command queries the contents of the EVENt part of the STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection register. Readout deletes the contents of the EVENt part.

**Example:** STAT:QUES:CORR?

**Usage:** Query only

SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

#### STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:CONDition?

This command queries the contents of the CONDition part of the STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection register. Readout does not delete the contents of the CONDition part.

**Example:** STAT:QUES:CORR:COND?

Usage: Query only

SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

# STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:ENABle <BitDefinition>

This command sets the bits of the ENABle part of the STATus:QUEStionable:COR-Rection register. The ENABle register selectively enables the individual events of the associated EVENt part for the summary bit.

Parameters:

<BitDefinition> Range: 0 to 65535

**Example:** STAT:QUES:CORR:ENAB 65535

All events bits are represented in the CORRection summary bit.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

#### STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:NTRansition <BitDefinition>

This command determines what bits in the STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Condition register set the corresponding bit in the STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Event register if that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0). The variable <number> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that are to be enabled.

Parameters:

<BitDefinition> Range: 0 to 65535

**Example:** STAT:QUES:CORR:NTR 65535

All condition bits are summarized in the Event register if a posi-

tive transition occurs.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

#### STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:PTRansition <BitDefinition>

This command determines what bits in the STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Condition register set the corresponding bit in the STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection Event register if that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1). The variable <number> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that are to be enabled.

Parameters:

<BitDefinition> Range: 0 to 65535

**Example:** STAT:QUES:CORR:PTR 65535

All condition bits are summarized in the Event register if a posi-

tive transition occurs.

Usage: SCPI confirmed

Mode: NF

# 8.13 SYSTem Subsystem (Noise Figure, R&S FSV-K30)

This subsystem contains a series of commands for general functions.

SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:ADDRess</generator>	119
SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:INTerface</generator>	119
SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:LINK</generator>	120
SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:TYPE</generator>	121
SYSTem:COMMunicate:TCPip:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:ADDRess</generator>	121
SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:GAIN	121
SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:STIMe	122
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:CONTrol:STATe	122
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:IMMediate	123
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:AUTO	123
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:SWITch:AUTO	123

# SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:RDEVice:GENerator<generator>:ADDRess

<Number>

Changes the IEC/IEEE-bus address of the external tracking generator.

This command is only available if the R&S FSV option B10 (External Tracking Generator) is installed.

## Suffix:

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Number> Range: 0 to 30

\*RST: 28

**Example:** SYST:COMM:GPIB:RDEV:GEN1:ADDR 15

Mode: A, NF

# SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator<generator>:INTerface <Type>

Defines the interface used for the connection to the external tracking generator.

This command is only available if the R&S FSV option B10 (External Tracking Generator) is installed.

#### Suffix:

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Type> GPIB | TCPip

\*RST: GPIB

**Example:** SYST:COMM:RDEV:GEN1:INT TCP

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Interface" on page 53

#### SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator<generator>:LINK <Type>

This command selects the link type of the external generator if the GPIB interface is used.

The difference between the two GPIB operating modes is the execution speed. While, during GPIB operation, each frequency to be set is transmitted to the generator separately, a whole frequency list can be programmed in one go if the TTL interface is also used. Frequency switching can then be performed per TTL handshake which results in considerable speed advantages.

**Notes**: Only one of the two generators can be operated via the TTL interface at a time. The other generator must be configured via GPIB.

For Noise Figure measurements (K30), TTL synchronization has no effect.

This command is only available if the R&S FSV option B10 (External Tracking Generator) is installed.

Suffix:

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Type> GPIB | TTL

**GPIB** 

GPIB connection without TTL synchronization (for all generators of other manufacturers and some Rohde & Schwarz devices)

TTL

GPIB connection with TTL synchronization (if available; for most

Rohde&Schwarz devices)

\*RST: GPIB

**Example:** SYST:COMM:RDEV:GEN:LINK TTL

Selects GPIB + TTL interface for generator operation.

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "TTL Synchronization" on page 53

See "Address" on page 53

#### SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator<generator>:TYPE <Name>

This command selects the type of external generator. For a list of the available generator types including the associated interface, see chapter 3.10, "Overview of Generators Supported by the R&S FSV", on page 22.

If no external generator type is currently configured, the query returns "NONE".

This command is only available if the R&S FSV option B10 (External Tracking Generator) is installed.

Suffix:

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Name> Generator name | NONE

\*RST: NONE

**Example:** SYST:COMM:RDEV:GEN2:TYPE 'SME02'

Selects SME02 as generator 2

Mode: A, NF

Manual operation: See "Type" on page 53

# SYSTem:COMMunicate:TCPip:RDEVice:GENerator<generator>:ADDRess

<Address>

Configures the TCP/IP address for the external tracking generator 1 or 2.

This command is only available if the R&S FSV option B10 (External Tracking Generator) is installed.

Suffix:

<generator> 1 | 2

tracking generator

For Noise Figure measurements (K30): 1 only

Parameters:

<Address> TCP/IP address between 0.0.0.0 and 0.255.255.255

\*RST: 0.0.0.0

**Example:** SYST:COMM:TCP:RDEV:GEN1:ADDR 130.094.122.195

Mode: A

#### SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:GAIN <Gain>

This command specifies the maximum gain of the DUT.

This command is not available when using Digital Baseband Interface (R&S FSV-B17).

Parameters:

<Gain> Range: 10 dB to 999.99 dB

\*RST: 30 dB

Example: SYST:CONF:DUT:GAIN 10

Specifies the gain of the DUT to be 10 dB.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Range" on page 51

## SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:STIMe <Time>

This command spcifies the DUT settling time. It represents the time to wait for the DUT to settle after a noise source has been turned on or off.

Parameters:

<Time> Range: 0 to 20 s

\*RST: 50 milliseconds

Example: SYST:CONF:DUT:STIM 1000MS

Specifies a period of one second for the DUT to settle down

after exposure to the noise source has been removed.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Settling Time" on page 50

#### SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:CONTrol:STATe <State>

This remote control command specifies whether the setup of the external generator is to be automatically controlled by the R&S FSV-K30 option (via GPIB) or manually by the user.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

ON

Setup controlled by the tracking generator.

OFF

Setup controlled manually by the user.

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** SYST:CONF:GEN:CONT:STAT ON

The R&S FSV-K30 option completely controls the setting of the

external signal generator.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Automatic Control" on page 52

#### SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:IMMediate

This remote control command immediately initializes the external signal generator with the settings configured in the R&S FSV-K30 option (reference, power level, etc.). It also switches the external generator's RF output on. This has to be done before a measurement using the external generator control can be run if any of the external generator settings have changed, unless the auto-initialisation feature is enabled (see SYSTem: CONFigure: GENerator: INITialise: AUTO on page 123).

**Example:** SYST:CONF:GEN:INIT:IMM

The R&S FSV-K30 option initialises the selected signal genera-

tor.

Usage: Event Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Init Generator" on page 69

# SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:AUTO <State>

This remote control command specifies whether an initialisation sequence of GPIB commands is sent to an external signal generator prior to performing each measurement. Sending an initialisation sequence before each measurement ensures that the signal generator is in the correct state to receive control commands during a measurement sequence. On the other hand, initialising an external signal generator before each measurement adds a time overhead to each measurement.

#### Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

ON

The R&S FSV-K30 option initialises the selected signal genera-

tor prior to starting each requested measurement.

OFF

No initialization is performed.

\*RST: OFF

**Example:** SYST:CONF:GEN:INIT:AUTO ON

The R&S FSV-K30 option initialises the selected signal genera-

tor prior to starting each requested measurement.

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Init Before Meas" on page 54

#### SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:SWITch:AUTO <State>

This remote control command specifies whether a sequence of GPIB commands is sent to an external signal generator at the end of each measurement (after a single sweep or after a measurement is aborted) to switch the generator's RF output off and end remote control.

Parameters:

<State> ON | OFF

ON

The generator's RF output is switched OFF after each measure-

ment and remote control is ended.

**OFF** 

The generator's RF output is NOT switched off after each mea-

surement; remote control remains active.

\*RST: OFF

Example: SYST:CONF:GEN:SWIT:AUTO ON

The R&S FSV-K30 option switches the generator's RF output

OFF after each measurement and ends remote control.

Usage: Event

Mode: NF

Manual operation: See "Auto Switch Off" on page 54

# 9 Error Reporting and Error Messages

Error reporting for the Noise Figure Measurements option is carried out using the Service Request (SRQ) interrupt in the GPIB interface. When an error occurs a Service Request interrupt will be generated. The master can then query the slave instrument for the error that triggered the interrupt Errors are queried through the "SYSTem:ERRor" command.

Status bar message	Description
Frequency list truncated, max 100 entries	The settings for start, stop and step frequencies would require a frequency list greater than 100 entries. The list calculated is terminated at the 100th entry. Try using a larger step size of splitting the test up into a series of frequency list tests.
Missing [ENR][, &][LossIn][, &][LossOut] for meas.freq.	No ENR, loss input and/or loss output can be determined for one or all of the measurement frequencies. This occurs when using tables of ENR, loss input and/or loss output values. Check that the frequency ranges of the tables covers the range of frequencies to be measured. For each measurement frequency, where ENR, loss input or loss output cannot be determined, 0 is used.
Generator connection error	No connection could be made to the external signal generator (with option R&S FSV-B10 only). Check the connection between the analyzer and the signal generator. Also check that the correct GPIB address has been specified for the signal generator.
Generator not initialised	The external signal generator has not been initialized and as such cannot be controlled by the spectrum analyzer (with option R&S FSV-B10 only). The signal generator can be initialized manually by pressing the "INIT GEN" softkey in the "Input/Output" menu, or can automatically be initialized by selecting the "Init before meas" field in the "Measurement Settings".
Generator frequency out of range	The LO frequency to be used for a measurement point is out of range for the selected signal generator (with option R&S FSV-B10 only). Reduce the LO frequency or use a signal generator with the required frequency range.

# **List of Commands**

[SENSe:]BANDwidth BWIDth[:RESolution]	108
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:DUT	108
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:IF:FREQuency	109
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator	109
[SENSe:]CONFigure:MODE:SYSTem:LOSCillator:FREQuency	110
[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:MODE	
[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR:SPOT	103
[SENSe:]CORRection:ENR[:MEASurement]:TABLe:DATA	103
[SENSe:]CORRection:IREJection	103
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:MODE	104
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:SPOT	104
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:INPut:TABLe	105
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:MODE	105
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:SPOT	106
[SENSe:]CORRection:LOSS:OUTPut:TABLe	106
[SENSe:]CORRection:TEMPerature	107
[SENSe:]CORRection[:STATe]	102
[SENSe:]FREQuency:CENTer	111
[SENSe:]FREQuency:LIST:DATA	111
[SENSe:]FREQuency:SPAN	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STARt	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STEP	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency:STOP	112
[SENSe:]FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]	110
[SENSe:]SWEep:COUNt	113
[SENSe:]SWEep:POINts	113
[SENSe:]SWEep:TIME	113
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:COMMent</k></n>	76
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol:SHIFt</k></n>	77
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:CONTrol[:DATA]</k></n>	76
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:DELete</k></n>	77
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:FAIL?</k></n>	78
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:SHIFt</k></n>	78
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer:STATe</k></n>	79
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:LOWer[:DATA]</k></n>	77
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:NAME</k></n>	79
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:STATe</k></n>	79
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:SHIFt</k></n>	81
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer:STATe</k></n>	81
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<k>:UPPer[:DATA]</k></n>	80
CALCulate <n>:LIMit<m>:TRACe</m></n>	
CALCulate <n>:MARKer<m>:AOFF</m></n>	
CALCulate <n>:MARKer<m>:MAXimum[:PEAK]</m></n>	
CALCulate <n>:MARKer<m>:MINimum[:PEAK]</m></n>	
CALCulate <n>:MARKer<m>:TRACe</m></n>	
CALCulate <n>:MARKer<m>:X</m></n>	
CAL Culatorns: MARKarams: V2	04

CALCulate <n>:MARKer<m>[:STATe]</m></n>	83
CONFigure:ARRay:MEMory<13> ONCE	85
CONFigure:CORRection	85
CONFigure:FREQ:CONTinuous	86
CONFigure:FREQ:SINGle	86
CONFigure:LIST:CONTinuous	87
CONFigure:LIST:SINGle	87
CONFigure:SINGle	87
DISPlay:ARRay:MEMory <m>[:STATe]</m>	88
DISPlay:CURRent:DATA[:STATe]	88
DISPlay:DATA:TRACe <t></t>	89
DISPlay:FORMat	89
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TABLe</n>	90
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:SYMBols</t></n>	90
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:X[:SCALe]</t></n>	91
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:AUTO</t></n>	92
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:BOTTom</t></n>	92
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel</t></n>	93
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:RLEVel:AUTO</t></n>	94
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>:Y[:SCALe]:TOP</t></n>	94
DISPlay[:WINDow <n>]:TRACe<t>[:STATe]</t></n>	90
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<13>:NOISe:FIGure?	96
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<13>:NOISe:GAIN?	96
FETCh:ARRay:MEMory<13>:NOISe:TEMPerature?	96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:FIGure?	96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:GAIN?	96
FETCh:ARRay:NOISE:TEMPerature?	96
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:FIGure?	97
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:GAIN?	97
FETCh:SCALar:NOISE:TEMPerature?	97
FORMat:DEXPort:DSEParator	97
INITiate <n>:CONTinuous</n>	100
INPut:ATTenuation	98
INPut:COUPling	98
INPut:DIQ:RANGe[:UPPer]	98
INPut:DIQ:SRATe	99
INPut:GAIN:STATe	99
INPut:SELect.	100
INSTrument:NSELect	101
INSTrument[:SELect]	101
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency:OFFSet<m></m></generator></n>	115
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:DENominator</generator></n>	114
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:FREQuency[:FACTor]:NUMerator</generator></n>	
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:POWer[:LEVel]</generator></n>	
SOURce <n>:EXTernal<generator>:ROSCillator[:SOURce]</generator></n>	
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:CONDition?	
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:ENABle	
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:NTRansition	118
STATus:QUEStionable:CORRection:PTRansition	
STATus:OHEStionable:COPPostion(:E\/EN/t12	117

R&S® FSV-K30 List of Commands

SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:ADDRess</generator>	119
SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:INTerface</generator>	119
SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:LINK</generator>	120
SYSTem:COMMunicate:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:TYPE</generator>	121
SYSTem:COMMunicate:TCPip:RDEVice:GENerator <generator>:ADDRess</generator>	121
SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:GAIN	121
SYSTem:CONFigure:DUT:STIMe	122
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:CONTrol:STATe	122
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:AUTO	123
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:INITialise:IMMediate	123
SYSTem:CONFigure:GENerator:SWITch:AUTO	123

# Index

Symbols	
2nd Stage Correction	1
A	
ASCII Trace export	
Manual         98           Automatic Ref Level(K30)         51           Average(K30)         50	
В	
Build Tbl (K30)	,
С	
Characters Special74	
Commands Description	
continuous sweep 61	
D	
DiglConf Softkey68	
display settings	
Automatic Scaling 57, 58	
Combined Trace Display	
Max Y-Axis	
Max Y-Axis NF	
Min Y-Axis	
Min Y-Axis Temp	
Symbols	
X-Axis(K30)58	
Y-Axis	
Y-Axis (K30)58	
E	
ENR Constant47	
ENR dialog box (K30)	
ENR Table	
EX-IQ-BOX	
DiglConf68	
export format21	
External generator32	
control (K30) 54	
Control (K30) 52	
Frequency (K30)	
Initialization (K30)	
F	
Filter types	
Normal (3dB)	
Filters Overview	,
Selecting	
Types	
Fixed IF (K30)	

Frequency menu K30 option	K30 option   43	Frequency menu K30 option K30 option Frequency settings Center Freq(K30) Span(K30) Start Freq(K30) Step Freq(K30) Stop Freq(K30) Sweep points(K30) Frequency table defining Full Scale Level Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Full Scale Level Full Scale Level Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Full Scale Level Digital I			
Center Freq(K30)	requency settings	frequency settings         Center Freq(K30)         4           Span(K30)         4           Start Freq(K30)         4           Stop Freq(K30)         4           Sweep points(K30)         4           Sweep points(K30)         5           Frequency table defining         1           Full Scale Level Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)         5           Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)         5           G         generator type tracking generator         5           GPIB         5           Tracking generator         5           Graphic dialog box (K30)         5           I         IEC/IEEE bus Command description         7           Image Rej         4           Input sample rate Digital IQ         5           Input/Output menu         6           K         K           key         INPUT/OUTPUT         6           L         L           Lines menu         K30         6           Koss dialog box (K30)         4         6           Loss Input Constant         4         6           Loss Input Constant         4         6           Lower-case (commands)         7	Frequency menu		
Span(K30)	Span(K30)	Span(K30)	frequency settings		
Start Freq(K30)       44         Step Freq(K30)       44         Sweep points(K30)       45         Frequency table       46         defining       1         Full Scale Level       96         Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)       96         Digital IQ       57         G       39         generator type       56         tracking generator       56         Graphic dialog box (K30)       56         I       56         EC/IEEE bus       56         Command description       77         mage Rej       44         nput sample rate       96         Digital IQ       56         nput/Output menu       60         K       60         K       40         Local oscillator       60         remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss Input Constant       44         Loss Output Constant       44         Loss Output Constant       44         Lower-case (commands)       73         M       60         Marker menu       63         Marker To menu       63	Start Freq(K30)	Start Freq(K30)			
Step Freq(K30)       4         Stop Freq(K30)       4         Sweep points(K30)       4         Frequency table defining       1         Full Scale Level       9         Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)       9         Digital IQ       5         G       5         generator type tracking generator       5         GPIB tracking generator       5         Graphic dialog box (K30)       5         I       5         EC/IEEE bus Command description       7         mage Rej 4       4         nput/Output menu       6         K       6         K       K         key INPUT/OUTPUT       6         L       L         Lines menu K30 coal oscillator remote control, K30 solialog box (K30)       109, 110 cost dialog box (K30)         Loss Input Constant does output Constant cost output Constant decomposed (commands)       4         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       Marker menu K30 solialog Marker To menu       6          Marker To menu       6	Step Freq(K30)	Step Freq(K30)			
Stop Freq(K30)	Stop Freq(K30)	Stop Freq(K30)			
Sweep points(K30)	Sweep points(K30)       44         Frequency table       11         defining       11         Full Scale Level       98         Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)       98         Digital IQ Interface       52         Generator type       53         tracking generator       53         GPIB       53         tracking generator       53         Graphic dialog box (K30)       55         EC/IEEE bus       72         Command description       72         mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       10jatal IQ         Digital IQ       52         nput/Output menu       67         C       67         C       69         INPUT/OUTPUT       67         -       65         Lines menu       K30       47         Loss Gialog box (K30)       47         Loss Output Constant       48         Loss Output C	Sweep points(K30)         4           Frequency table         defining         1           full Scale Level         Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)         5           Digital IQ         5           G         generator type         5           tracking generator         5           GPIB         5           tracking generator         5           Graphic dialog box (K30)         5           I         IEC/IEEE bus           Command description         7           Image Rej         4           Input sample rate         Digital IQ         5           Input/Output menu         6           K         Key         INPUT/OUTPUT         6           L         L         L           Lines menu         K30         6           K30         6         6           Locs dialog box (K30)         4           Loss Input Constant         4           Loss Output Constant         4           Lower-case (commands)         7           M         6           Marker menu         K30           K30         6           Marker To menu         6			
Frequency table   defining	Frequency table defining	Frequency table defining         1           Full Scale Level         Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)         9           Digital IQ         5           G         generator type tracking generator         5           GPIB         5           tracking generator         5           Graphic dialog box (K30)         5           I         IEC/IEEE bus Command description         7           Command description         7           Image Rej         4           Input sample rate         Digital IQ           Digital IQ         5           Input/Output menu         6           K         K           key         INPUT/OUTPUT         6           L         Lines menu         K30         6           Local oscillator         6         6           remote control, K30         109, 11         1           Loss dialog box (K30)         4         4           Loss Output Constant         4         4           Loss Output Constant         4         4           Lower-case (commands)         7         7           M         Marker menu         K30         6           K30         6			
defining	defining	Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)			. 44
Full Scale Level Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Digital IQ S G Generator type tracking generator SPIB tracking generator Scraphic dialog box (K30) S EC/IEEE bus Command description Tomage Rej nput sample rate Digital IQ Scription Tomage Rej Nput/Output menu S K  K  K  K  K  K  K  K  K  K  K  K  K	Full Scale Level Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Digital I/Q Interface (remote control) Digital I/Q	Full Scale Level     Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)     Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)     Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)     Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)  G  generator type     tracking generator	Frequency table		
Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)   98	Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)   98	Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)   Section   Sec			. 11
Digital IQ	Digital IQ	Digital IQ			
generator type	generator type	generator type			
generator type	generator type	generator type	Digital IQ		. 52
tracking generator	tracking generator	tracking generator         5           GPIB         tracking generator         5           Graphic dialog box (K30)         5           I         IEC/IEEE bus         7           Command description         7           Image Rej         4           Input sample rate         10gital IQ         5           Digital IQ         5           Input/Output menu         6           K         K           key         INPUT/OUTPUT         6           L         Lines menu         K30         6           Local oscillator         remote control, K30         109, 11         10s of 109, 11           Loss dialog box (K30)         4         4           Loss Input Constant         4         4           Lower-case (commands)         7         7           M         marker         peak         6           Marker menu         K30         6           Max Y-Axis Temp         5           Measurement menu         K30 option         4           K30 option         4           Frequency (K30)         4	G		
tracking generator	tracking generator	tracking generator         5           GPIB         tracking generator         5           Graphic dialog box (K30)         5           I         IEC/IEEE bus         7           Command description         7           Image Rej         4           Input sample rate         10gital IQ         5           Digital IQ         5           Input/Output menu         6           K         K           key         INPUT/OUTPUT         6           L         Lines menu         K30         6           Local oscillator         remote control, K30         109, 11         10s of 109, 11           Loss dialog box (K30)         4         4           Loss Input Constant         4         4           Lower-case (commands)         7         7           M         marker         peak         6           Marker menu         K30         6           Max Y-Axis Temp         5           Measurement menu         K30 option         4           K30 option         4           Frequency (K30)         4			
GPIB       tracking generator       55         Graphic dialog box (K30)       55         I       EC/IEEE bus       75         Command description       75         mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       10       55         nput/Output menu       66         K       K         keey       INPUT/OUTPUT       66         L       L         Lines menu       K30       66         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Output Constant       44         Lower-case (commands)       75         M       M         marker       peak       66         Marker menu       K30       66         Marker To menu       66	GPIB       tracking generator       53         Graphic dialog box (K30)       55         EC/IEEE bus       72         Command description       72         mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       52         Digital IQ       52         nput/Output menu       67         K       67         Ley       INPUT/OUTPUT       67         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         W       109, 110         marker       9ak         peak       64         Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	GPIB         tracking generator         5           Graphic dialog box (K30)         5           I         I           IEC/IEEE bus         7           Command description         7           Image Rej         4           Input sample rate         1           Digital IQ         5           Input/Output menu         6           K         K           key         INPUT/OUTPUT         6           L         Lines menu         K30         6           Local oscillator         remote control, K30         109, 11           Loss Input Constant         4         4           Loss Input Constant         4         4           Lower-case (commands)         7         7           M         marker         peak         6           Marker To menu         K30         6           Max Y-Axis Temp         5         6           Measurement menu         K30 option         4           Kaso option         4         4           Frequency (K30)         4         4			
tracking generator	tracking generator 53 Graphic dialog box (K30) 55  EC/IEEE bus	tracking generator			. 53
### EC/IEEE bus    Command description	EC/IEEE bus				
EC/IEEE bus	EC/IEEE bus       72         Command description       72         mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       52         Digital IQ       52         nput/Output menu       67         K       67         Lines menu       K30       65         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         W       73         W       64         Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	IEC/IEEE bus			
Command description	Command description       72         mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       52         Digital IQ       52         nput/Output menu       67         K       67         Ley       INPUT/OUTPUT       67         Lines menu       K30       65         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         VI       73         Marker menu       K30       64         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Command description	I		
Command description	Command description       72         mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       52         Digital IQ       52         nput/Output menu       67         K       67         Ley       INPUT/OUTPUT       67         Lines menu       K30       65         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         VI       73         Marker menu       K30       64         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Command description	IEC/IEEE hug		
mage Rej       48         nput sample rate       5         nput/Output menu       6         K         key       INPUT/OUTPUT       6         L       6         Local oscillator       6         remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       4         Loss Output Constant       4         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       7         Marker       peak         Marker menu       6         Marker To menu       6	mage Rej       45         nput sample rate       52         nput/Output menu       67         K       67         Leey       INPUT/OUTPUT       67         Lines menu       K30       65         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         VI       73         Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Image Rej       4         Input sample rate       5         Digital IQ       5         Input/Output menu       6         K       K         key       INPUT/OUTPUT       6         L       L         Lines menu       K30       6         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 11         Loss dialog box (K30)       4       4         Loss Input Constant       4       4         Loss Output Constant       4       4         Lower-case (commands)       7       7         M       Marker       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         K30 option       4         Frequency (K30)       4			72
nput sample rate	nput sample rate	Input sample rate			
Digital IQ	Digital IQ	Digital IQ			. 40
New   New	Case   Case	K			52
Key INPUT/OUTPUT	Key INPUT/OUTPUT	K         key       INPUT/OUTPUT       6         L       L         Lines menu       K30       6         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 11         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       4         Loss Output Constant       4         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       7         Marker peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         K30 option       4         Frequency (K30)       4			
Key INPUT/OUTPUT	Table 1	key INPUT/OUTPUT	Impul/Output menu		. 07
INPUT/OUTPUT	INPUT/OUTPUT 67  Lines menu K30 65 Local oscillator remote control, K30 109, 110 Loss dialog box (K30) 47 Loss Input Constant 48 Loss Output Constant 48 Lower-case (commands) 73  W  marker peak 64 Marker menu K30 63 Marker To menu K30 64 Max Y-Axis Temp 57 maximum search 64 Measurement menu  66	L   Lines menu	K		
INPUT/OUTPUT	INPUT/OUTPUT 67  Lines menu K30 65 Local oscillator remote control, K30 109, 110 Loss dialog box (K30) 47 Loss Input Constant 48 Loss Output Constant 48 Lower-case (commands) 73  W  marker peak 64 Marker menu K30 63 Marker To menu K30 64 Max Y-Axis Temp 57 maximum search 64 Measurement menu  66	L   Lines menu			
Lines menu  K30 69 Local oscillator remote control, K30 109, 110 Loss dialog box (K30) 4 Loss Input Constant 44 Loss Output Constant 44 Lower-case (commands) 75  M  marker peak 69 Marker menu K30 69 Marker To menu 66  Marker To menu	- Lines menu K30	Lines menu  K30	key		
Lines menu  K30	Lines menu  K30	Lines menu  K30	INPUT/OUTPUT		. 67
Lines menu  K30	Lines menu  K30	Lines menu  K30	1		
K30       66         Local oscillator       109, 110         remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       44         Loss Output Constant       44         Lower-case (commands)       73         M       73         Marker       peak       64         Marker menu       K30       65         Marker To menu       65	K30       65         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         W       73         Warker       64         Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	K30       6         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 11         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       4         Loss Output Constant       4         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       6         Marker peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4	L		
K30       66         Local oscillator       109, 110         remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       44         Loss Output Constant       44         Lower-case (commands)       73         M       73         Marker       peak       64         Marker menu       K30       65         Marker To menu       65	K30       65         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         W       73         Warker       64         Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	K30       6         Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 11         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       4         Loss Output Constant       4         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       6         Marker peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4	Lines monu		
Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       44         Loss Output Constant       44         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       7         Marker       64         Marker menu       65         Marker To menu       65	Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 110         Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         W       73         Warker       64         Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Local oscillator       remote control, K30       109, 11         Loss dialog box (K30)       4         Loss Input Constant       4         Loss Output Constant       4         Lower-case (commands)       7         M       6         Marker       6         peak       6         Marker menu       K30         K30       6         Marker To menu       K30         K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)			65
remote control, K30	remote control, K30	remote control, K30			. 00
	Loss dialog box (K30)       47         Loss Input Constant       48         Loss Output Constant       48         Lower-case (commands)       73         W       73         Warker       64         Marker menu       63         Marker To menu       63         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Loss dialog box (K30)		100	110
	Loss Input Constant	Loss Input Constant			
Loss Output Constant	Loss Output Constant	Loss Output Constant			
	Lower-case (commands)       73         VI       73         Marker       64         Marker menu       63         M30       63         Marker To menu       63         K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Lower-case (commands)       7         M       7         marker       peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         Menu       Frequency (K30)       4			
M marker peak	M         narker       64         peak       64         Marker menu       63         Marker To menu       63         K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         naximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	M         marker       6         peak       6         Marker menu       6         K30       6         Marker To menu       6         K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       6         K30 option       4         menu       4         Frequency (K30)       4			
marker peak	narker peak	marker       peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       6         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4	Lower-case (commands)		. 7 0
peak	peak       64         Marker menu       63         Marker To menu       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4	М		
peak	peak       64         Marker menu       63         Marker To menu       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	peak       6         Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4	marker		
Marker menu K306; Marker To menu	Marker menu       K30       63         Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Marker menu       K30       6         Marker To menu       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       6         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)			6/
K3069 Marker To menu	K30       63         Marker To menu       63         K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         naximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	K30       6         Marker To menu       6         K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       4         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)	•		. 04
Marker To menu	Marker To menu       K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         maximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	Marker To menu       6         K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4			63
	K30       64         Max Y-Axis Temp       57         naximum search       64         Measurement menu       64	K30       6         Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       4         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)       4			. 03
1397	Max Y-Axis Temp	Max Y-Axis Temp       5         maximum search       6         Measurement menu       4         K30 option       4         menu       Frequency (K30)			61
	naximum search64 Measurement menu	maximum search 6  Measurement menu K30 option 6  menu Frequency (K30) 6			
•	Measurement menu	Measurement menu         K30 option	·		
		K30 option			. 04
	Nou option48	menu Frequency (K30)4			40
·	monu	Frequency (K30)4	•		.40
					42
	Freduency (KRU)	Linge (K30)	Lines (K30)		. 43 65
	Frequency (K30) 43	Linge (K30)			

Index

Marker (K30)	.63	Data -> Mem2 (K30)	
Marker To (K30)	64	Data -> Mem2 (remote control, K30)	8
Measurement (K30)	. 48	Data -> Mem3 (K30)	62
Noise (K30)	. 39	Data -> Mem3 (remote control, K30)	8
Noise Figure (K30)	37	Data On/Off (K30)	6
Sweep (K30)	. 61	Data On/Off (remote control, K30)88	3, 90
Trace (K30)	. 62	Decim Sep	
minimum search		Delete (K30)59	), 60
		Delete (remote control)	
N		Display List/Graph	
		Display List/Graph (K30)	
Noise menu		Display List/Graph (remote control, K30)	
K30 37	. 39	Display Settings (K30)	
	,	Display Settings (remote control, K30) 89, 90, 91	
0		Display Settings (remote control, 130) 69, 90, 91	, 9 <u>2</u>
		Edit (K30)	8,
Online help			
Working with	8	Edit (remote control)	
Options		Enable/Disable (K30)	
RF Preamplifier (B22)	51	ENR Settings (K30)	
Tit i reampliner (BZZ)	. 01	ENR Settings (remote control, K30) 102, 103,	
P		Exit (K30)	
•		Fix Freq (K30)	
PEAKSEARCH	64	Fix Freq (remote control, K30)87,	110
Preamplifier (B22)		Freq Settings (K30)	4
r reampliner (BZZ)	. 01	Freq Settings (remote control, K30) 103, 111,	112
R		Insert (K30) 59	), 60
IX		Limit Line Select dialog box (remote control) 79	), 8 <sup>-</sup>
R&S Support		Loss Settings (K30)	. 4
softkey	68	Loss Settings (remote control, K30) 104, 105,	
Range		Marker 1 to 4 (remote control)	
<u> </u>		Marker 1/2/3/4 (K30)	
RBW(K30)		Meas Settings (K30)	
Ref Level	. 31	Meas Settings (remote control, K30) 93, 94, 102,	
Reference	F.4	mede county (remote control) in co, c i, rez,	12
External generator	. 54	Mem1 On/Off (K30)	
Result Frequency Start		Mem1 On/Off (remote control, K30)	
tracking generator	. 55	Mem2 On/Off (K30)	
Result Frequency Stop		Mem2 On/Off (remote control, K30)	
tracking generator		Mem3 On/Off (K30)	
RF Attenuation(K30)		` ,	
RF Preamplifier (B22)		Mem3 On/Off (remote control, K30)	
Room Temperature	. 47		
RX Settings		Min (remote control)	
softkey	. 68	Name (remote control)	
		New (K30)	
S		New (remote control, K30)	
		New (remote control)	
Sample rate		Peak	
Digital I/Q Interface (remote control)	99	Peak (remote control)	
Digital IQ	. 52	R&S Support	
SCPI		Reference Int/Ext (remote control)	
Conformity information	72	Res BW (remote control)	
search		Res BW Manual (remote control)	
minimum	. 64	Schematic (K30)	4
peak	. 64	Select 1 2 3 4 (remote control)	8
Settling Time	. 50	Select Marker (No)	64
Signal Source		Select Traces to check (remote control)	79
Remote control	100	Shift X Limit Line (remote control)	
Single Freq		Shift Y Limit Line (remote control)	
Sweep Single/Cont (remote control, K30)	86	Source Power (remote control)	
softkey		Span Manual (remote control)	
All Marker Off (K30)	64	Start (remote control)	
ASCII File Export		Start Frequency (remote control)	
		Stop (remote control)	
Cal (K30)		Stop Frequency (remote control)	
Cal (remote control, K30)		Sweep Points (remote control)	
Data -> Mem1 (K30)		Sweep Single/Cont (remote control, K30)	
Data -> Mem1 (remote control, K30)	. ია	Sweep Single/Cont (remote control, NSU)	ν, ο

Value (remote control)	
Zero Span (remote control)	112
Softkey	
Center (remote control)	111
Cont Meas (remote control)	
Continuous Sweep (remote control)	100
Decim Sep (remote control)	97
DiglConf	
EX-IQ-BOX	
Input (AC/DC)	
Input (AC/DC)(remote control)	
Marker 1 to 4 (remote control)	84
Marker to Trace (K30)	64, 65
Marker to Trace (remote control)	
Mech Atten Manual (remote control)	98
Preamp On/Off	51
Preamp On/Off (remote control)	99
RF Atten Manual (remote control)	
Select 1 2 3 4 (remote control)	
Single Meas (remote control)	
Single Sweep (remote control)	
Sweep Count (remote control)	
Sweep Time (remote control)	113
Sweeptime Manual (remote control)	113
Source Power	
tracking generator	53
Special characters	74
sweep	
continuous	61
single	61
Sweep menu	
K30	61
Sweep Time(K30)	
оweep типе(коо)	
Т	
1	
TCP/IP	
	50
tracking generator	53
TCP/IP address	
tracking generator	53
Trace menu	
K30	62
tracking generator	
configuration (remote control)	119, 121
TTL Synchronization (remote control)	
Tracking generator	
Tracking Generator	
	100 100
(remote control, K30)	122, 123
Denominator (remote control)	
Frequency Offset (remote control)	
Numerator (remote control)	114
TTL synchronization	
tracking generator	53
TX Settings	
EX-IQ-BOX	67
U	
_	
Upper-case (commands)	73