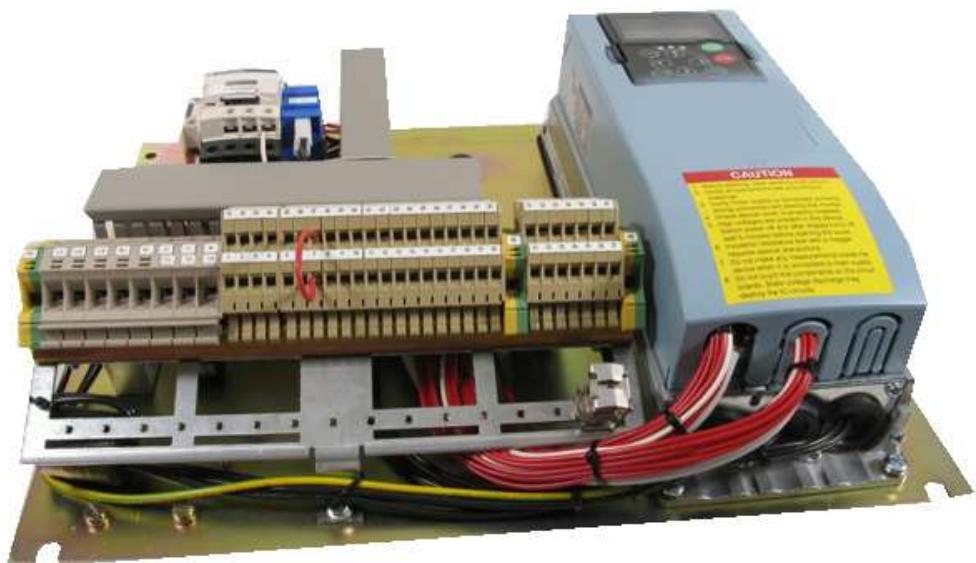


English

Original instructions



## SERVICE MANUAL FOR FREQUENCY CONTROL SYSTEM

SUPDOC\_SM\_D2L016-0.ORD 25.8.2011



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This manual rev 7.0 is for inverter D2L with software Ind3V114.



**Before starting, read the instructions carefully.**



**Verify all of the connections are in accordance to the drawings.**



**Verify the motor supply is connected correctly, faulty connection will destroy the inverter.**



**Check the device cover is properly installed.**



**High voltages are present in this device. Switch the power off and after the display turns off, wait 5 minutes before opening the cover.**



**Insulation resistance test with a megger multimeter requires special precautions.**



**Do not make any measurements inside the device when it is connected to the main supply.**



**Do not touch the components on the circuit boards. Electrostatic discharge may cause damage or destroy the IC-circuits.**



**Check all ventilation holes are clear and unobstructed.**



**Check that hot air coming from the brake resistors does not cause any danger.**



**Do not make any inspections unless the supply has been disconnected by the main switch.**



**It is forbidden to use radiophones or portable phones near this device with the doors open.**



**All the doors and covers must be closed during crane operation.**



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**Drive is not intended to be used in a low-voltage public network, which supplies domestic premises. Radio frequency interference is expected if used in such a network.**



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## 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 Technical data

Power class	002F	003F	004F	005F	007F	011F	015F	018F	022F	030F	037F	045F	055F
Power (kVA) at 400V	4.5	5.5	7	9	13	17	22	29	33	40	50	60	75
Output current In (A)	6.5	8	10	13	18	24	32	42	48	60	75	90	110
Max. current 1min (A)	10	12	15	20	27	36	48	63	72	90	113	135	165

Overloadability                                  1.5 x In , 1min/10min  
Max. output voltage                              Equal to supply voltage

#### Supply

Supply voltage                                    380-500VAC  
Allowable voltage fluctuation                +/- 10%

Nominal supply frequency                      50/60Hz +/- 5%

#### Signal input levels

Digital controls                                S1, S2, DIA3, DIA4, DIA5, DID1, DID2, DID3, DID4, DID5: 42 ... 240VAC; 15mA  
Encoder feedback                              EA+/- and EB+/-; 0/24V; 3kΩ; floating differential inputs

#### Control features

Control method                                 Open loop vector control

Frequency control range                      0 ... 250Hz

Frequency command                             Motor potentiometer or 2-4-step controller

Limit switch functions                        Slowdown and stop limit inputs for both directions

Speed control range                            SN ... 100% (SN= motor nominal slip)

Speed accuracy                                 1% of nominal speed at speed range 10 ... 100%

Extended speed range                        1/3 of motor nominal slip at speed below 10%

Braking torque                                 100 ... 200%

Braking torque                                 150%

#### Protections

Stall prevention                                During acceleration and constant speed

Motor overload protection                    Thermistor based temperature measurement

Overload protection                            Fault is detected if the current momentarily exceeds 280% of rated current

Undervoltage / blown fuse                 Fault is detected if DC voltage drops below 333V

Overspeed protection                         Fault is detected if DC voltage exceeds 911V

Momentary power loss                        Immediate fault stop

Inverter overtemperature                    Temperature sensor on the heat sink

Mechanical brake                              Circuit breaker

Braking transistor                             Electronic supervision for the braking chopper and for the braking resistor

Ground fault                                    Provided by electronic circuitry

Overspeed / stall,                            Independent measurement using sensor bearing, pulse wheel or encoder

#### Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature                         -10°C ... +55°C (14°F ... 131°F) for ED≤60%

Storage temperature                         -40°C ... +60°C (-31°F ... 140°F) dry

Humidity                                        <95%RH (no condensation)

Altitude                                        Maximum 1000m at In. Above 1000m: In reduces 1% per each 100m.

Vibration                                        Above 3000m: consult factory.

Operation: maximum displacement amplitude 3mm at 2-9Hz.

Maximum acceleration amplitude 0.5g (5m/s²) at 9-200Hz

Conforms to LV and EMC directives.



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## 1.2 Basic description

Inverter has many advantages and offers many new features, when compared to other inverter based systems, which might be used in crane applications.

<b>Inverter</b>	The specific crane features for the inverter hardware and the special software are achieved by combining the experience and know-how of crane applications with the latest technology.
<b>Crane user interface</b>	Interface with pre-designed locations for typical crane functions. The main part of this interface is carried out by a terminal strip, which has separated sections for signals with main, control and electronics voltage levels.
<b>Brake control</b>	Includes the brake contactor for disk brakes. Includes also DC-rectifier.
<b>Electrical Braking</b>	Includes a braking transistor and a braking resistor.
<b>Control methods</b>	Can be controlled by the electronic potentiometer control with 2-step or 3-step pushbuttons, the multistep control with 2-4-step controllers.
<b>Limit switch functions</b>	Built-in slowdown (S11, S21) and stop limit switch (S12, S22) functions for both running directions.
<b>Speed supervision</b>	Inverter includes a speed supervision unit SSU, which is separate from the inverter and not dependent on software. This safety circuitry is used to monitor the speed of the motor. In case of speed difference, overspeed or stall the speed supervision unit stops the motion immediately.
<b>Protections</b>	Includes a motor thermal protection, which is based on motor temperature measurement by Klixon placed in motor windings. A great number of other protections included are shown in the technical data.
<b>Tested parameters</b>	Inverter includes tested parameters with different motors for all power ratings. This is a benefit, which makes every inverter delivery a proven solution. The tested and pre-set motor parameters enable a quick start-up in crane commissioning.

## 1.3 Main components

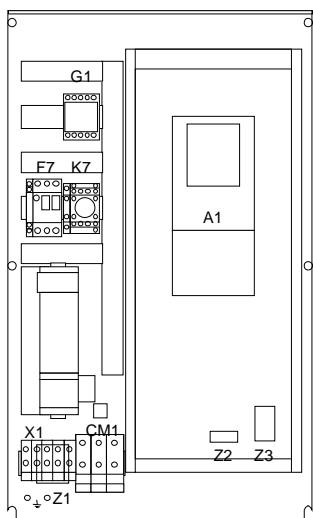
The main components are:

		Power class
A1	Inverter	
F7	Brake supply circuit breaker	007 - 055
K7	Brake contactor	
G1	Brake control unit REC12	002-011
G1	Brake control unit ESD141	015-055
F71	Circuit breaker for the second brake contactor	055
K71	Second brake contactor	055

The most important external components are:

R1	Braking resistor unit
M1	Hoisting motor
Y1	Mechanical brake
A5	KAE234 Proximity switch buffer amplifier for speed sensor
B5	Speed sensor
B6	Thermal sensor for motor protection
	Overload protection device
	Control devices (switches, pushbuttons etc.)
	Limit switches

Example layout



## 1.4 Functional description

### Operation when power is switched on

Stop limit switches S12 & S22 and slow down limit switches S11 & S21 are assumed to be normally closed, as well as the emergency stop button ES.

The control voltage is supplied to X1:37. The main voltage is connected to inverter power supply and inverter wakes up. If the control voltage is connected to RDY-signal and the fault circuit is OK, inverter is ready to operate in about 1-2 seconds.

If either of the direction signals S1 or S2 is on, the display shows F6 and driving can begin only after the direction signals have been off for a while.

### Normal operation

For the description of the speed reference setting see chapter "Control methods".

Hoisting (lowering) starts when switch S1 (S2) closes. Closing the contact ROB2 on A1 energizes K7, which opens the brake (in model 055 the brake can be controlled also by K71). Motor accelerates according to the acceleration ramp setting to the selected speed.

When the switch S1 (S2) opens motor stops according to the deceleration ramp setting and the brake closes.

R1 dissipates the regenerated energy during lowering periods. The power supply to R1 is controlled by A1. If the braking resistor fan(s) are included in external resistor unit, they start to operate when power is supplied to the braking resistors. The cooling continues about 4-5 minutes after electrical braking to ensure that the temperature of the resistors drops below 150°C (302°F).

### Other features

Slowdown limit switches S11 and S21 provide position dependent frequency limiting.

Any reason which opens contact RDY, stops the operation of inverter.

In case of overload, motor overheating etc. the hoisting can be disabled by cutting the direction signal in terminal X1:8.

Thermistor relay function, which can be used when needed.

When the stop limit switch S12 or S22 opens, K7 (K71 in model 055F) de-energizes and the mechanical brake stops the motion. Independent speed supervision unit, SSU

The speed measurement and supervision can be done either with encoder, bearing sensor or proximity switch. The measured signals are square wave pulses. The frequency of the pulses is proportional to the speed of the motor and if the frequency is too high, overspeed is detected. If there are no pulses a stall situation is detected. If the actual speed differs too much from the supply frequency of the motor, the speed difference supervision stops the motion.

Proximity switch buffer amplifier A5 amplifies the sensor pulses and filters out disturbances. The amplifier is located close to the sensor.



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## 1.5 Factory code example (Factory: D2L)

D2L	007	F	V	52	A	0	N	1	L
HS01 1-3	(ELE83) 4-6	(ELE83) 7	(ELE02) 8	9,10	11	12	(ELE97) (EL32) 13	14	15

Pos.	Code	Feature code	Feature	Available properties					
1-3	<b>D2L</b>	HS01	Device name	D2L					
4-6	<b>007</b>	(ELE83)	Power rating class	002 - 055			ELE83 values are composed of two features, Power rating class and Supply voltage. e.g. 007F = ELE83 value		
7	<b>F</b>	(ELE83)	Supply voltage	F 380 – 500 VAC, 50/60 Hz					
8	<b>V</b>	(ELE02)	Control voltage	Y 42VAC, 50/60 Hz P 48VAC, 50/60 Hz	48	ELE02 value	T 115VAC, 50/60 Hz V 230VAC, 50/60 Hz	115 230	ELE02 value
9,10	<b>52</b>		Revision code	The latest revision may differ.					
11	<b>A</b>		Braking resistor type	A External resistor					
12	<b>0</b>		Mounting	0 Standard					
13	<b>N</b>	(ELE97) (EL32)	EMC level and grounding	S Standard, without EMC filters (grounded network)			ELE97 value	EL32 value	
				N EMC, Second environment (grounded network)			NONEU	GRD	
				0 IT network (non-grounded network)			EU	GRD	
							NONEU	NONGRD	
14	<b>1</b>	HS27	Boards	1 Standard, with speed supervision 5 System bus, with speed supervision			EU	NONGRD	
15	<b>L</b>		Special	L Varnished boards					

## 1.6 Description of the control modes

There are three different control methods (command modes) available:

1	EP2	Electronic motor potentiometer function. Stepless control using a 2-step controller.
2	EP3	Electronic motor potentiometer function. Stepless control using a 3-step controller.
3	MS	Multistep control (4 steps)

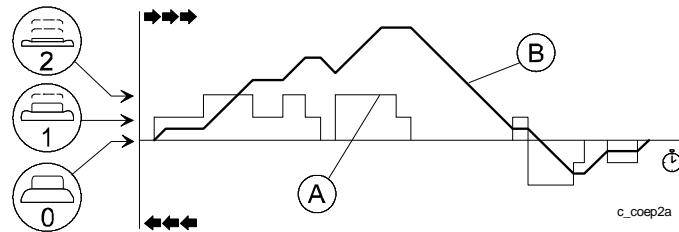
The control mode of inverter is selected by parameter P2.1.4. See chapter Control methods. The parameters assigns digital inputs S1, S2, OK, DIA3-DIA5 and DID1-DID5. It is not possible to chance the functions of the inputs separately. The state of inputs can be checked from parameters V4.7.12 and V4.7.13. The input assignment according to the selected mode is explained in the following table:

Control mode		EP	EP3	MS
Parameter P2.1.4	1	2	3	
Signal	Terminal			
S1	X1:8	S1	S1	S1
S2	X1:9	S2	S2	S2
OK	X1:7	OK	OK	OK
DIA3	X1:10	AP	AP	MS2
DIA4	X1:11	Not used	HOLD	MS3
DIA5	X1:12	Not used	not used	MS4
DID1	X1:38	FWE	FWE	FWE
DID2	X1:39	S11	S11	S11
DID3	X1:40	S21	S21	S21
DID4	X1:41	S12	S12	S12
DID5	X1:42	S22	S22	S22

Desired speed levels for multi-step control mode are selected with following parameters:

Speed	Parameter	Input
Speed 1	P2.2.8. / P2.2.9.	S1/ S2
Speed 2	P2.1.7.	MS 2
Speed 3	P2.1.8.	MS 3
Speed 4	P2.1.9.	MS 4

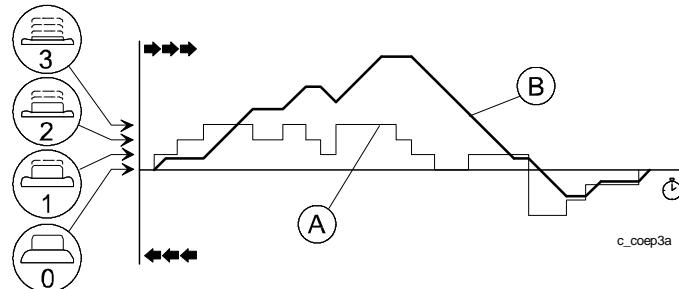
### 1.6.1 EP2-control



A. Pushbutton / controller position  
B. Speed

- 0) “decelerate to zero”
- 1) while starting “drive minimum speed”
- while running “hold speed”
- 2) while running “accelerate”
- while running at maximum speed “hold speed”

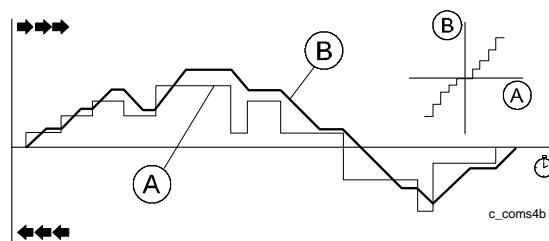
### 1.6.2 EP3-control



A. Pushbutton / controller position  
B. Speed

- 0) “decelerate to zero”
- 1) step 1 “drive minimum speed”
- 2) step 2 “hold speed”
- 3) step 3 while running “accelerate”
- while running at maximum speed “hold speed”

### 1.6.3 MS4-control



A. Controller position  
 B. Speed

- 0) “decelerate to zero”
- 1) step 1 “drive minimum speed”
- 2) step 2 “drive speed2”
- 3) step 3 “drive speed3”
- 4) step 4 “drive maximum speed”

## 1.7 Mechanical brake control

Inverter has a brake contactor to control electromechanical disk brake of hoisting motor. The disk brake is opened and kept open during run by DC-voltage. When there is no voltage present the brake is closed and also kept closed by spring force.

The brake is controlled so that during starting the motor first generates torque and after that the brake is opened. The same applies for stopping; while the brake is being closed, the motor still generates torque. During a direction change, the brake is kept open all the time. Inverter decelerates the motor to a stop according to the set deceleration time when the run command is switched off, so the brake is used only as a holding brake. This way brake wear is minimized. Only if a failure occurs or the emergency stop button is pushed, the brake closes immediately stopping the motor and the load.

Models 002F-011F have a built-in REC12 brake control unit, which is a line voltage half-wave rectifier. The half-wave type rectifier reduces losses and is enough to open the brake. There is a contactor to switch the line voltage on and off.

Models 015F-055F have a built-in ESD141 brake control unit, which is a line voltage full/half-wave rectifier. Full-wave rectification is used to open the brake quickly. Then, the rectifier changes to a half-wave type, which reduces losses, but is enough to keep the brake open. There is a contactor to switch the line voltage on and off. The same contactor also disconnects the DC-voltage directly from the brake coil, which guarantees that the brake closes fast.

Model 055F includes a 3-phase AC-supply for the brake control. Inverter controls this line and it is protected by an adjustable circuit breaker (max. 4.0A). When a shoe brake is used, brake closing is speeded up by capacitors. They are connected in parallel with the brake via the brake contactor NC-contacts. The connection is partially ready in inverter. Only the capacitors must be added outside inverter. This connection can also be used to control 2-phase disk brakes or a separate KA372B brake control unit.

## 1.8 EMC

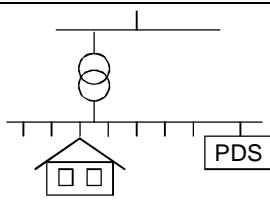
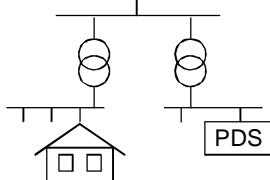
The abbreviated "EMC" stands for the Electromagnetic Compatibility. According to the European EMC directive "the apparatus shall be so constructed that:

- The electromagnetic disturbance it generates does not exceed a level allowing other apparatus to operate as intended



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- The apparatus has an adequate level of intrinsic immunity of electromagnetic disturbance to enable it to operate as intended."

Declaration of conformity	With the declaration of conformity the manufacturer informs that device is manufactured to fulfill required EMC standards.	
CE-mark	The CE marking is a declaration by a manufacturer or importer located in the European Economic Area that a product complies with the safety and health requirements of the directive in question. The manufacturer demonstrates for the authorities that the product complies with the safety requirements within the EU.	
Environments	Immunity and emission requirements are divided in two levels in the product standard according to the environments.	•
	First environment means environment that includes domestic premises and also establishments directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network.	
	Second environment means environment that includes all establishments other than those directly connected a low-voltage power supply network	
Fulfilled EMC-standards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>All products fulfil the immunity requirements defined in the EN 61800-3 Amendment 11 (2000) for the second environment.</li><li>N level products fulfil the emission requirements of the EN 61800-3 A11 2000 for the second environment.</li></ul>	



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## 1 INSTALLATION

### 1.9 Cubicles

Inverter is delivered with external braking resistor. Braking resistor types D2FR are installed in the same cubicle as the inverter itself. Braking resistor D2HR04F90R0S4 for 002 –005 is in own cubicle.

Power class	Standard cubicle	Cubicle size (mm)	Braking resistor (mm)
002 - 005	EEO25.604	400 x 600	400 x 400
007 – 015	CC600E	600 x 1000	Included
018 – 030	KA220D2	1000 x 1000	Included
037, 045	1½ x KA220D2	1½ x 1000 x 1000	Included
055	1½ x H15BD02	1½ x 1500 x 1000	Included

### 1.10 Braking resistor

Inverter is delivered with external braking resistor. Braking resistor types D2FR are equipped with cooling fans and thermistors. Circuit diagrams are in appendix.

Power class	Resistance (ohm)	Type
002 - 005	90	D2HR04F90R0S4
007	64	D2FR06F64R0S2
011, 015	45	D2FR12F45R2S2
018, 022	21	D2FR18F21R3S2
030	16	D2FR24F16R4S2
037, 045	11	2 x D2RF18F21R3S2
055	8	2 x D2FR24F16R4S2

In case of 2 resistor units, power supply to transformers has to be taken from the same phases.

### 1.11 Power cabling

#### 1.11.1 Shielded motor cable

In crane application inverter fulfills EN61800-3/A11 (IEC 1800-3) second environment radiated emission requirements without shielded motor cable.

In the second environment, shielded motor cable is recommended to use in fixed installations, especially in buildings. However motor cables in crane and festoon power supplies are normally not shielded due to the practical reasons.

#### 1.11.2 Double collectors

If the power is supplied to the crane via conductor rails, double collectors are needed. This ensures a reliable contact with the rail in all circumstances. Short interruptions and sparks between the conductor rail and the collector may cause nuisance tripping, other undesired operations and in worst case even permanent damage to components.

#### 1.11.3 Cable selection

Cabling for inverter can be done using normal crane cables. All the cables must be dimensioned according to local regulations. Ambient temperature, cabling method (size of bunches etc.) and allowable current for the cable in use must be taken into consideration. If there are no other regulations, following values can be used (three phase 400V supply).

The table below is based on ED ≤ 60% and ambient temperature +40°C (104°F). A higher ambient temperature may require increased cable sizes. The input current does not exceed the continuous current (Icont) of inverter, so it is selected to be the dimensioning current. If the actual load current is below inverter continuous current, then the fuses and the supply cable may be dimensioned according to the load current.



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Power class		002	003	004	005	007	011	015	018	022
Continuous current	I <sub>CONT</sub>	A	6.5	8	10	13	18	24	32	42
Fuse		A	10	10	10	16	20	25	35	50
Max motor cable length		m	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
		Ft	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160
Motor cable	40°C	mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	4	6	10	10
	104°F	AWG	14	14	14	12	10	10	8	6
Braking resistor cable	40°C	mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	4
	104°F	AWG	14	14	14	14	14	14	12	12

Power class		030	037	045	055
Continuous current	I <sub>CONT</sub>	A	60	75	90
Fuse		A	63	80	100
Max motor cable length		m	50	50	75
		Ft	160	160	240
Motor cable	40°C	mm <sup>2</sup>	16	25	35
	104°F	AWG	6	4	2
Braking resistor cable	40°C	mm <sup>2</sup>	10	10	16
	104°F	AWG	8	8	6

#### 1.11.4 Cable protection

To protect the supply cables against short circuit there must be fuses or motor circuit breakers (MCCBs) installed at the mains end of the supply cable. Dimensioning of the fuses or MCCBs depends on the cable used and on the type of primary fuses or MCCBs. If there are no other regulations, the values given in this section can be used to dimension fuses (three phase 400V supply).

The overload protection of inverter protects both the supply and the motor cables. The fuses of the supply provide the short circuit protection.

#### 1.11.5 Cable length

The maximum motor cable lengths in the preceding table are based on 150% of inverter rated current (=current during acceleration) and a 2.5 % voltage drop in the cable. For longer cables, the required conductor cross sectional area A (mm<sup>2</sup>) is given by formula

$$A = 2.43 \times \frac{l \times 1.5 \times I_F}{p \times U}$$

where   
 l is the cable length (m)  
 I<sub>F</sub> is the motor current (A) at shaft power P<sub>F</sub>  
 p is the allowed voltage drop in %  
 U is the nominal motor voltage

#### 1.11.6 Du/dt filters

If inverter is not mounted on the crane, there has to be du/dt filter at motor supply. Also if total motor cable length (sum of motor cables ) is over 100m with 002 –005 or over 200m with 007 –055, there has to be du/dt filter at motor supply.

Power class	Plathaus du/dt filter	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Weight (kg)	ID
002 – 003	ULC-910-920	100	110	180	1.2	52306553
004 – 005	ULC-914-931	125	110	200	3	52306554
007 – 018	ULC-918-951	155	125	225	7	52306555
022 – 045	ULC-923-927	190	135	260	12	52306556
055	ULC-942-1044	240	175	310	22	52306557

#### M Du/dt filter should be as near inverter as possible

#### M Note! All control cables must be placed as far from the motor and braking resistor cables as possible.



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## 1.12 Signal cabling

### 1.12.1 Shielded signal cable

It's recommended to use twisted pair and braided shielded signal cables. Foil type shield is not sufficient enough in crane applications because of poor mechanical durability. Cable insulation material effects to cable capacitance. Recommended cable capacitance between signal-signal and signal-ground is equal or less than 100pF/m (31pF/ft).

It is not recommended to use shielded flat cable, because its capacitance is extremely high and this may cause high frequency interference.

### 1.12.2 Reference signals

Shielded round cables must be used for analog reference signals. The shield is to be grounded only at one end of the cable.

### 1.12.3 Sensor bearing

The cable for the sensor bearings must be shielded round cable and grounded 360°at both ends.

### 1.12.4 Encoder

The encoder connections may be split into two cables, then the signal conductors (4pcs) should go together in one cable and the supply and common (+24V/0V) together in another cable. The encoder cable(s) must be shielded round cable(s) and grounded 360°at both ends.

- ℳ **Note! All shielded cables must be placed as far from the motor cables as possible (>20cm). Shielding must be continuous. The "pigtail" (= the end to be connected) of the shield should not be used, instead 360° grounding should be used to minimize disturbances.**
- ℳ **If control cable length is over 100m (from transformer to inverter) or inverter is not mounted on the crane, make sure that Basic I/O board (Slot A) is at least revision 271G and I/O Extension board (Slot D) is at least revision 266H**

## 1.13 EMC compatible grounding

### 1.13.1 Construction connections

All metal construction parts of the cubicle must be electrically connected to each other using largest possible surface area. Paint to paint connection must not be used.

### 1.13.2 Cable connections

Control cables and power cables should be separated and routed separately for eliminating noise coupling. The distance between braking resistor cables and the other cables should be kept as long as possible. The distance between the resistor cables should be kept as low as possible to prevent the antenna behavior. Cable lengths should be kept as short as possible to minimize coupling capacitances and inductances.

### 1.13.3 Shielded control cables

Shielded control cables should be grounded in both ends. The shield must be connected to the ground using the largest possible surface area. Extra intermediary terminators cutting the shield are not allowed, the shield should be as integrity as possible. Spare conductors should be grounded in the both ends. All shielded cable shields should be 360° grounded.

## 2 COMPONENTS

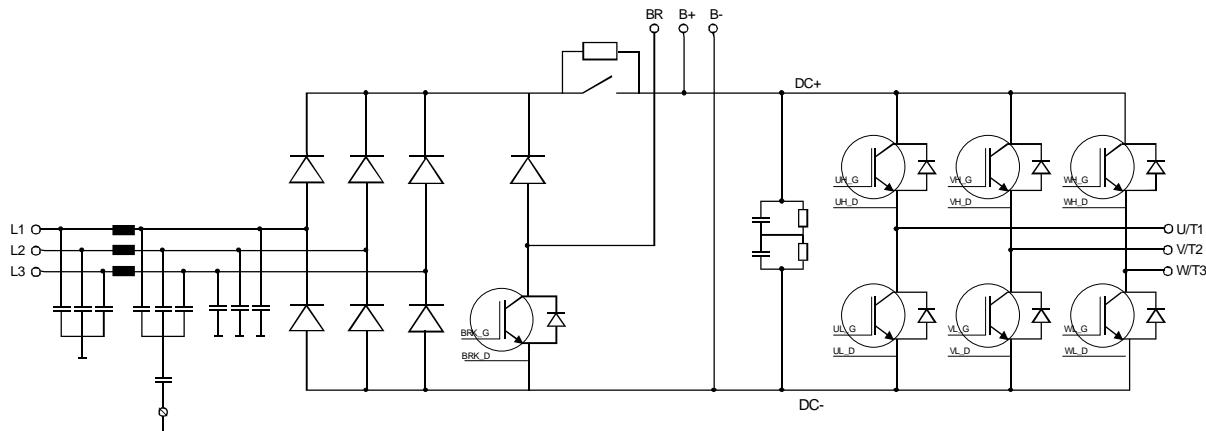
### 1.14 Inverter

Inverter (D2V) includes Power supply unit (PSU) and Control unit (CSU), which are separate parts. PSU includes supply, brake resistor and motor connections. IGBTs are placed to PSU. Microprocessors and ASIC are placed to CSU. Same CSU can be used in every power class.

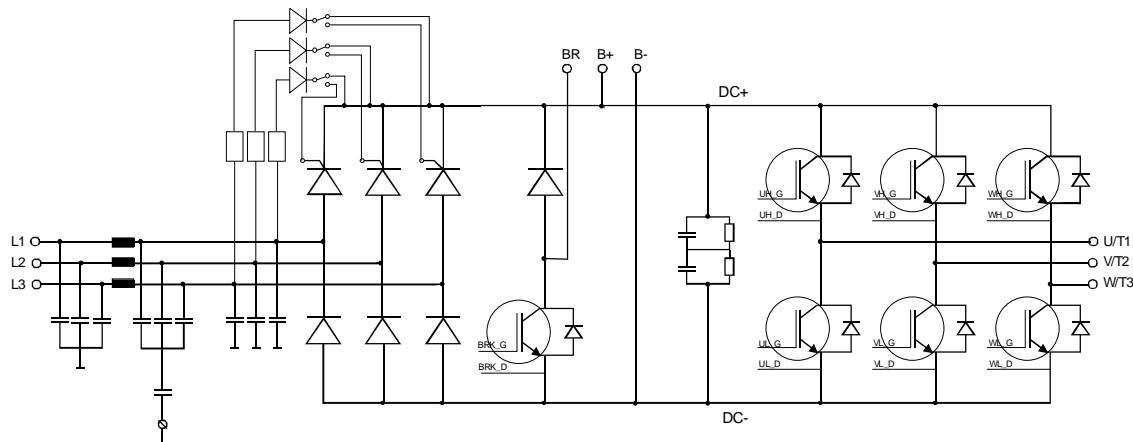
D2V	In	1min Imax	Weight kg	Weight lbs
D2V002NF1e000	6,5	10	6	13
D2V003NF1e000	8	12	6	13
D2V004NF1e000	10	15	6	13
D2V005NF1e000	13	20	6	13
D2V007NF1e000	18	27	10	22
D2V011NF1e000	24	36	10	22
D2V015NF1e000	32	48	20	44
D2V018NF1e000	42	63	20	44
D2V022NF1e000	48	72	20	44
D2V030NF1e000	60	90	37	82
D2V037NF1e000	75	113	37	82
D2V045NF1e000	90	135	37	82
D2V055NF1e000	110	165	61	135

e defines emission level ( 0 = EMC level 0, N = EMC level N/S )

The main circuit diagram of D2V002 – D2V005



The main circuit diagram of D2V007 – D2V055





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### 1.14.1 Power supply unit (PSU)

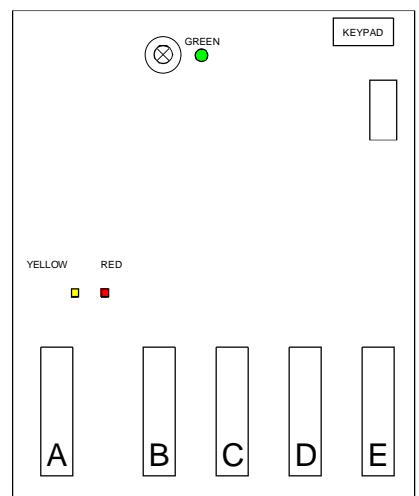
Power supply unit (PSU) includes the main circuit components. PSU has connectors for supply cables, motor cables and braking resistor cables. PSU also includes a D-connector for CSU-connection.

Main supply voltage terminals	
L1	Mains L1
L2	Mains L2
L3	Mains L3
PE	Protective earth
DC-bus terminals	
B-	DC-bus negative
B+	DC-bus positive / Brake resistor positive
R-	Brake resistor negative
Motor output voltage terminals	
U/T1	Motor U
V/T2	Motor V
W/T3	Motor W

### 1.14.2 Control unit (CSU)

Control unit (CSU) includes a control board with five board slots for option boards and a control keypad for parameter adjustments. CSU is connected to PSU through a D-connector.

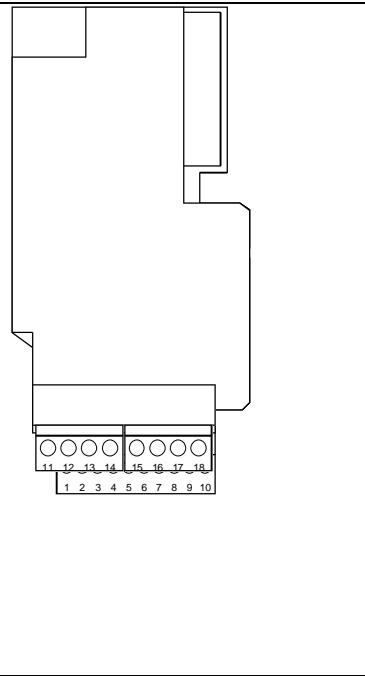
Yellow	Red	Status
blinking 0.5Hz	blinking 0.5Hz	Everything is OK. IEC Application Scheduler is running and Application is running
blinking 0.25Hz	blinking 0.5Hz	IEC Application Scheduler is running and Application is NOT running
OFF	blinking 0.5Hz	IEC Application Scheduler and Application are NOT running
Green		Status
ON	PSU ready	
OFF	PSU not ready	



### 1.14.3 Basic I/O board (Slot A)

Basic I/O-Board is in CSU slot A. It has two board levels, one for electronics level signals (terminals 1-10) and one for control voltage signals (42-240Vac).

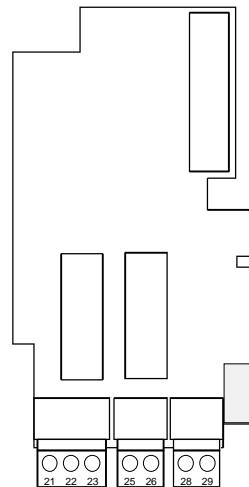
NXOPTA6 / Basic I/O board		ID: 52288046
Terminal	Signal name	Description
1	PUR	Not used
2	+15 V	Not used
3	AIN1+	Analog input 1 (0-10V)
4	AIN2+	Not used
5	AIN-	Common for analog input and output signals
6	AOUT1	Not used
7	AOUT2	Analog output 2 (0-10V)
8	DOA1	Not used
9	0V	I/O ground terminal
10	+24V	Not used
11	S1	Digital input 42-240Vac 50/60Hz (Direction S1)
12	S2	Digital input 42-240Vac 50/60Hz (Direction S2)
13	DIA3	Digital input 42-240Vac 50/60Hz
14	DIA4	Digital input 42-240Vac 50/60Hz
15	DIA5	Digital input 42-240Vac 50/60Hz
16	OK	Digital input 42-240Vac 50/60Hz (OK-signal). OK-input is connected straight to the ASIC. Inverter is ready to operate when OK-signal is active "1".
17	COM	Common for 42-240Vac 50/60Hz
18	COM	Common for 42-240Vac 50/60Hz



The threshold voltage for digital inputs S1, S2, DIA3, DIA4, DIA5 and OK is 35VAC.

### 1.14.4 Relay / Thermistor board (Slot B)

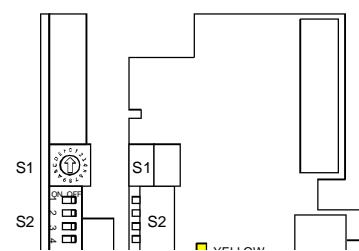
NXOPTA3 / Relay / Thermistor board		ID: 52305690
Terminal	Signal name	Description
21	ROB1	Relay output, 250V 8A
22	ROB1	
23	ROB1	
25	ROB2	Relay output, 250V 8A, normal open
26	ROB2	
28	T1	Thermistor input, double isolated, $R_{trip}=4.7k\Omega$
29	T2	



### 1.14.5 SSU Speed Supervision board (Slot C)

SSU is in CSU slot C, see chapter Speed supervision settings.

SSU / Speed supervision unit		ID: 52288044
Terminal	Signal name	Description
1	EA+	Threshold voltage 10VDC
2	EA-	Threshold voltage 10VDC
3	EB+	Threshold voltage 10VDC
4	EB-	Threshold voltage 10VDC
5	+24V	+24VDC short circuit protected
6	0V	Common for encoder supply





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28	ROC1		Relay output, 250V 8A, normal open
29	ROC1		

Relay contact ROC1 closes when inverter is powered and no faults occurs

Relay contact ROC1 opens if the SSU has tripped in:

Overspeed

Speed difference

Zero speed

Relay test fault

Watch dog fault

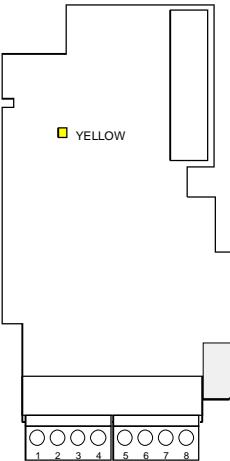
LED	Blinking	Status
Red	1Hz	OK
Yellow	0.25Hz	OK
Yellow	4Hz	Board internal fault or communication fault with control unit

### 1.14.6 I/O Extension board (Slot D)

NXOPTB9 / I/O Extension board		ID: 52305691
Terminal	Signal name	Description
1	DID1	Not used
2	DID2	42-240Vac 50/60Hz
3	DID3	42-240Vac 50/60Hz
4	DID4	42-240Vac 50/60Hz
5	DID5	42-240Vac 50/60Hz
6	COM	Common for DID1-DID5
7	ROD1	
8	ROD1	
		Relay output, 250V 8A, normal open For fan of braking resistor unit

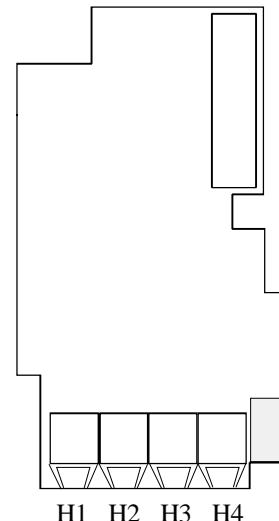
The threshold voltage for digital inputs DID1-DID5 is 35VAC.

LED	Blinking	Status
Yellow	0.25Hz	OK
Yellow	4Hz	Board internal fault or communication fault with control unit



### 1.14.7 System bus board (Slot E, option)

NXOPTD1L System bus board		ID: 52354858
Terminal	Signal name	Description
H1	RX1	SystemBus optical input 1.
H2	RX2	SystemBus optical input 2.
H3	RX3	SystemBus optical output 1.
H4	RX4	SystemBus optical output 2.
Optical cables		
Specification	ID:	Length [m]
SYS-1M	52354911	1
SYS-2M	52354876	2
SYS-4M	52354912	4
Bend radius		
		> 35mm (>1.3 inch)
		> 35mm (>1.3 inch)
		> 35mm (>1.3 inch)



### 1.15 Control voltage transformer

Power of control voltage transformer has to be  $n * 50VA + 50VA$  (min. 250VA), n = number of inverters. This power does not have to be added to otherwise needed transformer power.

## 1.16 Speed sensors

### 1.16.1 Sensor bearing

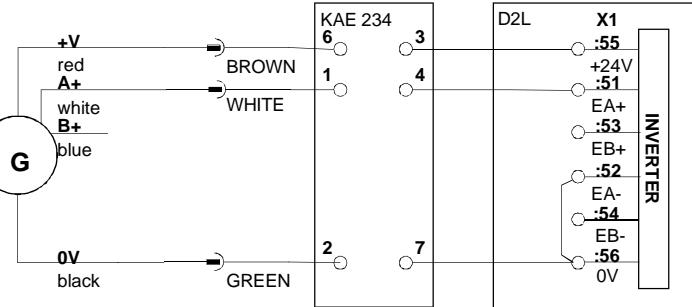
Inverter needs information about the motor rotation speed for stall, speed difference and over speed supervision. Bearing sensors are shown in the table below.

Motor type	Motor code	Pulses per revolution
MF10MA200	T1	32 or 48
MF10MB200	T2	32 or 48
MF10MC200	T3	32 or 48
MF11MA200	T4	64
MF11MB200	T5	64
MF13Z-200	T6	80
MF13ZA200	T7	80
MF13ZB200	T8	80
MF13ZC200	T9	80
MF13X-200	TA	80

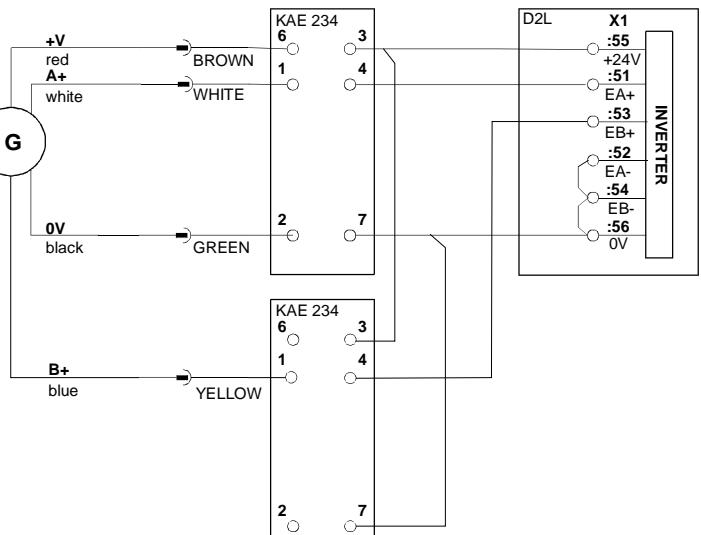
Sensor bearing requires KAE234 buffer amplifier. If channel A+ is damaged, channel B+ can be used instead in emergency situations. With Synchro, both channels must be connected.

Signal name	Sensor bearing wire colour	Wire colour between KAE234 and motor plug	Terminal number
+24V	Red	Brown	KAE234:6
0V	Black	Green	KAE234:2
A+	White	White	KAE234:1
B+	Blue	Yellow	KAE234:1

Standard connection with sensor bearing.



Standard connection with sensor bearing. Two channels connected for Synchro.



## **M Critical damage if: The supply voltage is over 28V or a short circuit between the signal and the supply, or induction heating or hammer mounting. In case of sensor damage, the whole motor has to be changed.**

Buffer amplifier must be located as close to the sensor bearing as possible (maximum distance 2.5m)

The cable between the buffer amplifier and inverter must be

- *as far as possible from the cables of motor and braking resistor (minimum distance >20cm)*
- *a shielded and twisted cable*
- *grounded (the shield) at both ends, 360° grounding on inverter terminal*
- *the shield should be grounded always when going through terminals*

### 1.16.2 Encoder

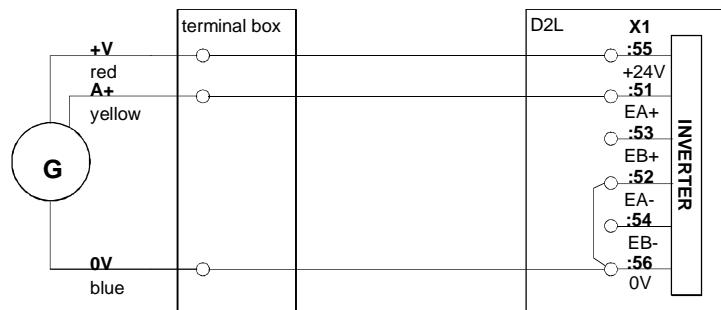
Standard encoder has 24 pulses per revolution. It is also allowed to use 600, 1000, 1024, 2000 or 2048 ppr encoders, but then there has to be both channels connected.

Order code for 24 ppr encoder is NM701NR28.

Encoder connection examples are shown below. All signal wires shall be included inside a single shielded cable. Power supply to the encoder may also be included in the same cable.

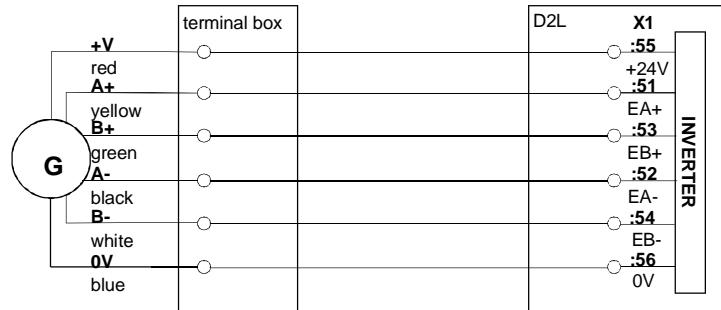
Standard connection

Encoder 24 ppr.



Standard connection

Encoder 600 ppr. or more



In standard encoders, there are also "zero outputs (Z+, Z-)", which should be left disconnected. If the encoder does not have negative channels (A- and B-), EA- and EB- must be connected to 0V at motor terminal box (alternative connection).

In order to avoid fault situations, the cable between the encoder and inverter must be

- *as far as possible from the cables of motor and braking resistor (minimum distance >20cm)*
- *a shielded and twisted cable*
- *grounded (the shield) at both ends, 360° grounding on inverter terminal*
- *the shield should be grounded always when going through terminals*

Some problems may occur when using shielded flat cable or in situations where the encoder cable has been placed too close (< 5cm) to the motor cables and braking resistor cables.

### 1.16.3 Proximity switch

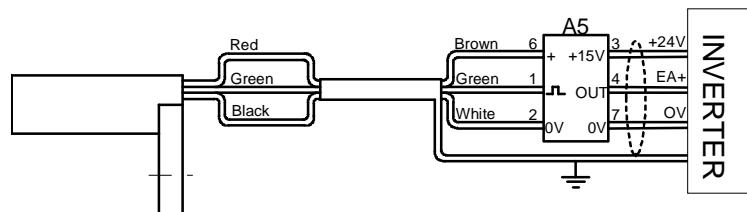
In modernisation cases there might be proximity switch as pulse sensor of motor.

Inverter needs information about the motor rotation speed for stall, speed difference and over speed supervision. Type markings of the speed supervision sensors (not needed in applications with bearing sensor or encoder) and fixing distance from the pulse wheel (air gap) are shown in the table below.

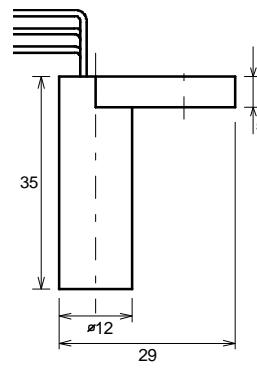
Proximity switch	air gap
Honeywell 3GT101DC	0.5 ... 1.0 mm
Schönbuch INSOR88 ICDM 8802	0.5 ± 0.1 mm
Baumer IFRM08N1501/L	0.5 ± 0.1 mm

Note that the Honeywell-sensor cable is lengthened and the wire colours are not equal to other sensors. However, colour markings corresponding to the other sensors have been added to wire ends (not necessarily, if cable has been shortened afterwards). The connection of Honeywell-sensor and the cable markings are shown in the table below.

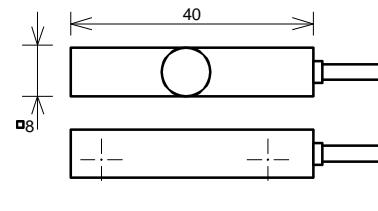
Signal name	Sensor	Cable	Colour marking	Terminal number
+24V	Red	Brown	Brown	KAE234:6
PULSE	Green	Green	Black	KAE234:1
OV	Black	White	Blue	KAE234:2



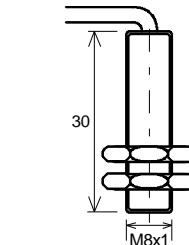
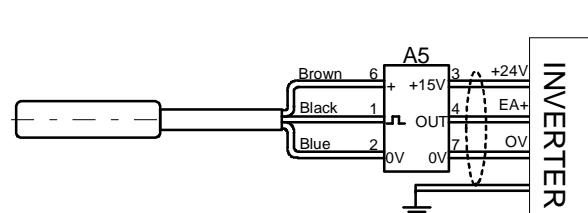
Honeywell 3GT101DC



Honeywell 3GT101DC



Schönbuch INSOR ICDM 8802



Baumer IFRM08N1501/L

#### Note the following details

- buffer amplifier must be located as close the proximity switch as possible (maximum distance 3m)
- sensor cable must be located as far from the motor cables and braking resistor cable as possible (minimum distance > 20cm)

In order to avoid fault situations, the cable between the encoder and inverter must be

- as far as possible from the cables of motor and braking resistor (minimum distance >20cm)
- a shielded and twisted cable
- grounded (the shield) at both ends, 360° grounding on inverter terminal
- the shield should be grounded always when going through terminals

Some problems may occur when using shielded flat cable or in situations where the encoder cable has been placed too close (< 5cm) to the motor cables and braking resistor cables. Cabling methods and distances determine the best way to ground the shielded cable; at both ends or only at one end.

Buffer amplifier pulse output can be measured during driving. If the pulse sequence is not uniform and for instance longer pulses occur every now and then, the reason may be one of following:

- an incorrect air gap (proximity switch)
- the sensor is not properly on the top of the pulse wheel (proximity switch)
- disturbances are transferred to the sensor cable
- the pulse wheel is faulty

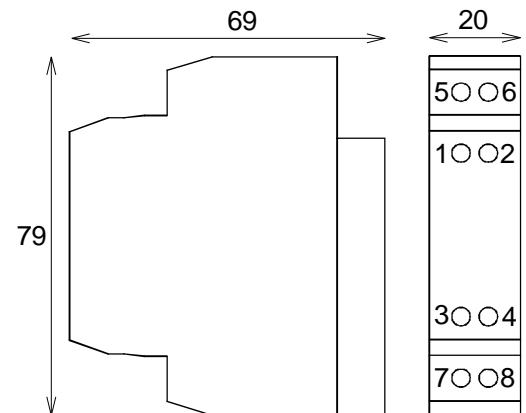
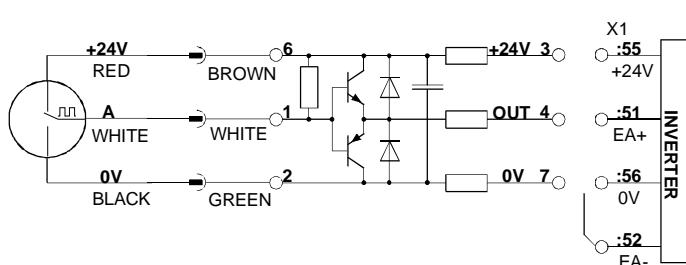
Honeywell 3GT101DC Hall-sensor requires tooth movement past the sensor. A motionless tooth can not generate a pulse.

### 1.16.4 Buffer amplifier KAE234

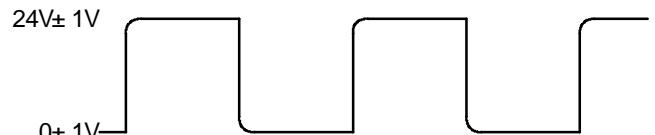
The speed sensor (proximity switch or sensor bearing) is connected to inverter via KAE234 buffer amplifier. KAE234 must be located near the sensor (usually in the connection box of the hoist or the motor).

Without a buffer amplifier some faulty pulses could activate the speed supervision of inverter. Typically the problem would be a momentary lack of pulses or oscillations at the sensor output. Usually the noise sensitivity increases when the sensor temperature rises.

KAE234 connection with sensor bearing.



Buffer amplifier pulse output can be measured during driving. The picture beside presents the pulse output.



### 1.17 Brake controllers

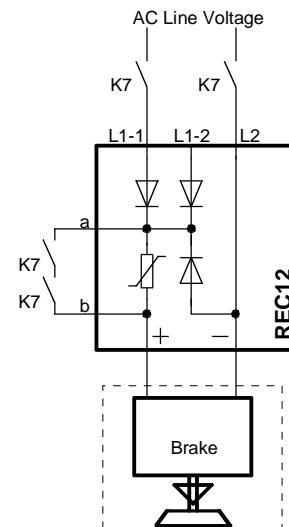
#### 1.17.1 REC12

Brake control unit REC12 is a line voltage half-wave rectifier for DC-brakes.

Voltage range	200...690Vac
Output voltage $U_{DC}$	Half wave $0.45 \times U_{AC}$
Maximum current	1.25Adc

When the brake is opened, the brake contactor K7 connects two phases of mains voltage to terminals L1 and L2. In addition, the brake contactor shorts terminals a and b thus making the DC-circuit.

To close the brake, the brake contactor disconnects the supply to terminals L1 and L2. The released brake contactor also opens the brake coil DC-circuit, which speeds closing of the brake. The purpose of the varistor there is overvoltage protection for K7 contacts and the brake coil.



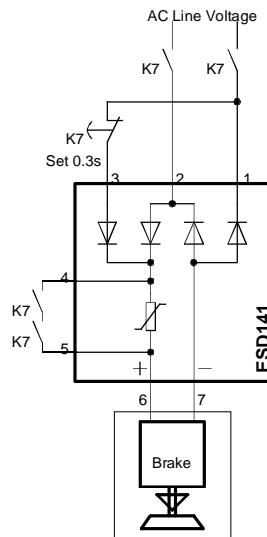
## 1.17.2 ESD141

Brake control unit ESD141 is a line voltage full/half-wave rectifier for DC-brakes.

Voltage range	200...690Vac
Output voltage $U_{DC}$	Full wave $0.90 \times U_{AC}$ Half wave $0.45 \times U_{AC}$
Maximum current	1.25Adc continuous and 2.5Adc at ED5%

When the brake is opened, the brake contactor K7 connects two phases of mains voltage to terminals 1, 2 and 3, which makes the device a full wave rectifier. The full wave mode is used to get the brake open fast. In addition, the brake contactor shorts terminals 4 and 5 thus making the DC-circuit.

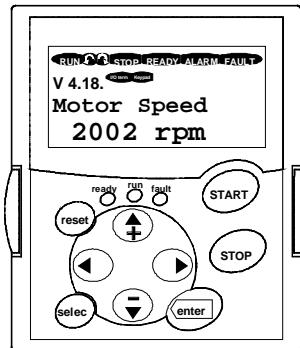
After a time delay (normally 0.3s), the delayed contact of the brake contactor opens, which disconnects the supply from terminal 3 and the rectifier changes to a half wave type. Half wave operation prevents heating of the brake coil and is enough to keep the brake open.



To close the brake, the brake contactor disconnects the supply to terminals 1 and 2. The released brake contactor also opens the brake coil DC-circuit, which speeds closing of the brake. The purpose of the varistor there is overvoltage protection for K7 contacts and the brake coil.

## 2 PARAMETER ADJUSTMENTS

### 2.1 The display panel



The display panel is used for:

*Displaying the drive identification, electrical values, operating or fault parameters*

*Altering the parameter settings*

*Saving and restoring the parameter settings in the memory of the display panel*

Meaning of the displays:

<b>RUN</b>	Motor is running, blinks when ramping down.
	Direction of motor rotation.
<b>STOP</b>	Motor is not running.
<b>READY</b>	Power is on. In case of a trip, the symbol will not light up.
<b>ALARM</b>	Drive is running outside of certain limit.
<b>FAULT</b>	Fault is on
	I/O-terminals are the selected control place
<b>Keypad</b>	Keypad is the selected control place

The signalling LED's

"ready" Power is on.

"run" Motor is running, blinks when ramping down.

"fault" Fault trip

Button description

	Reset active faults
	Switch between two latest displays
	Confirmation of selections Fault history reset
	Browse the main menu and the pages of submenus Edit values
	Move in menu Move cursor Enter and exit edit mode
	Start button Starts motor if the keypad is the active control place

	Stop button Stops the motor if keypad is the active control place
---	--

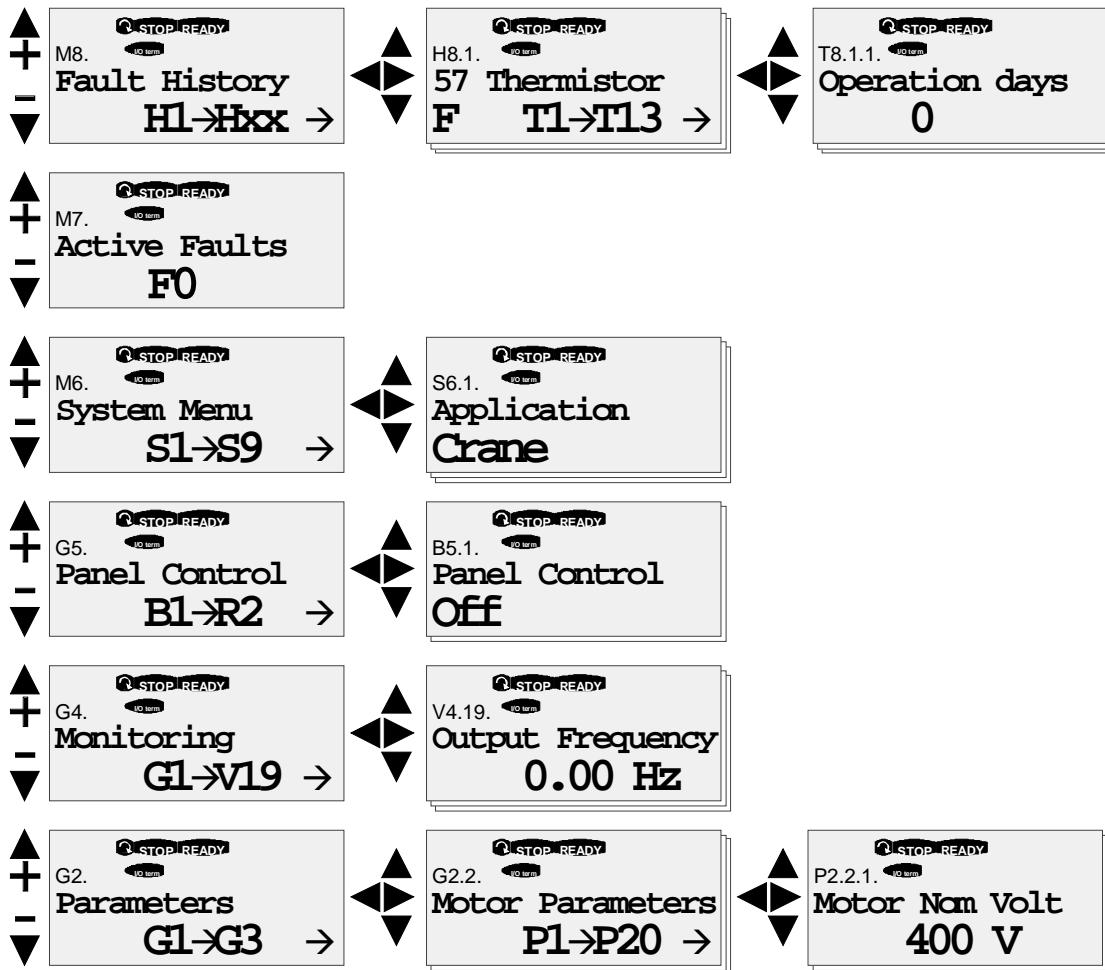


**WARNING!** Changing parameter settings during running may cause a hazardous situation. Parameter settings must not be changed during running.

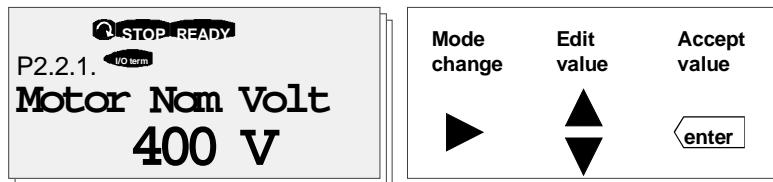


**WARNING!** Driving via display may cause a hazardous situation. Panel control must not be used.

### 2.1.1 Navigation on the control keypad



### 2.1.2 Value line editing



 **WARNING!** Changing parameter settings during running may cause a hazardous situation. Parameter settings must not be changed during running.



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## 2.2 Storing and restoring parameters

### 2.2.1 User parameters

- File "User parameters" is stored in inverter's control unit.
- User parameters are recommended to save after final set up.
- The whole parameter set can be stored to User parameters with parameter B 4.1.2.
  - "Save User Par / Enter <-", press "Enter"
- Parameters can be restored from User parameters with parameter B 4.1.3.
  - "Load User Par / Enter <-", press "Enter"
- After restoring always check the motor parameters.

Parameters in use can be compared to User parameters by parameter S 6.6.2.

**M** Parameters restored from User parameters are reseted after power off, unless they are not confirmed with "Enter" one by one. Easiest way to restore User parameters permanently is to compare parameters to User parameters by parameter S 6.6.2 and adjust them to the same value.

### 2.2.2 Default parameters

- File "Default parameters" is stored in inverter's control unit.
- Default parameters are saved at the factory and they should not be changed. In default parameters there are the same parameter values as shown in parameter list delivered with inverter. Since serial number 03L50700
- Parameters can be restored from Default parameters with parameter B 4.1.1.
  - "Load Default Par / Enter <-", press "Enter"
- After restoring always check the motor parameters.
- Parameters in use can be compared to Default parameters by parameter S 6.6.1.
  - Value "0" at parameter S 6.6.1. means that parameters in use are identical to Default parameters

**M** Parameters restored from Default parameters are reseted after power off, unless they are not confirmed with "Enter" one by one. Easiest way to restore Default parameters permanently is to compare parameters to Default parameters by parameter S 6.6.1 and adjust them to the same value.

### 2.2.3 Keypad settings

- File "Keypad settings" is stored in keypad
- Default value for parameter P 6.5.4 is "On". This makes every change to be stored to file "Keypad settings".
- The whole parameter set can be stored to file "Keypad setting" with parameter S 6.5.1.
  - "Up to keypad / Select ->", press "->"
  - "All param." blinks on display, confirm with enter.
- Parameters can be restored from keypad's file "Keypad settings" with parameter S 6.5.2.
  - "Down from keypad / Select ->", press "->"
  - "All param." blinks on display, confirm with enter.
- After restoring always check the motor parameters.

### 2.2.4 Factory settings

- Factory settings are not used.

### 3 PARAMETER DESCRIPTIONS

This manual describes parameters with software Ind2V081. Under control panel there is sticker for software version.

Parameters are assorted to Groups. All Groups are not always listed in control panel. Groups are shown in control panel according to password level and selected functions. This feature makes visible parameter menu simple and only needed parameters are shown.

Letter front of the code number describes variable type		
A = Application	E = Expander	R = Reference
B = Button	G = Group	S = System
C = Counter	I = Info	T = Trip Counter
D = DynACode	P = Parameter	V = Value

Label	Code	Function/Description	Adjustment range
<b>G2.1 General Parameters</b>			
Password	P2.1.1	Default 768 Service 2156, shows also group G2.3. Expert and G2.4 Synchronization	
Supply Voltage	V2.1.2	Power unit nominal voltage	F 380V – 500V
Device	V2.1.3	Device	Industrial
Input Set	P2.1.4	Input Set selection, see chapter "Control methods"	1 = EP 2 = EP3 3 = Multistep
Analog Input Sel	P2.1.5	Analog input selection	0 = Not used 1 = Multicare 2 = Load 3 = Multicare&Load
Slow speed freq	P2.1.6	Speed when one of slow down limit switches (S11/S21) is open	0 – 250 Hz
Multistep 2 freq	P2.1.7	2 <sup>nd</sup> preset speed. Multistep speed setting.	0 – 250 Hz
Multistep 3 freq	P2.1.8	3 <sup>rd</sup> preset speed. Multistep speed setting.	0 – 250 Hz
Multistep 4 freq	P2.1.9	4 <sup>th</sup> preset speed. Multistep speed setting.	0 – 250 Hz
Accel Time 1	P2.1.10	Acceleration ramp is defined from zero to motor nominal frequency P2.2.2. Shorter values than the factory setting must not be used.	1-300 s
Decel Time 1	P2.1.11	Deceleration ramp is defined from motor nominal frequency P2.2.2 to zero. Shorter values than the factory setting must not be used.	1-300 s

<b>G2.1.12 Multicare</b>			
Test Voltage Min	B2.1.12.1	1.00V is given to Analog output Aout2 by this button.	Off / On
Test Voltage Max	B2.1.12.2	9.00V is given to Analog output Aout2 by this button.	Off / On
Ain 1 Value	V2.1.12.3.	Value of analog input Ain1 voltage	V
Min Value Volt 1	P2.1.12.4.	Ain1 value when test voltage min has been selected in the other drive.	0 – 10 V
Max Value Volt 1	P2.1.12.5.	Ain1 value when test voltage max has been selected in the other drive.	0 – 10 V

<b>G2.2 Motor Parameters</b>			
Motor Nom Volt	P2.2.1	Nominal motor voltage Un from motor rating plate.	0 – 750 V
Motor Nom freq	P2.2.2	Nominal motor frequency fn from motor rating plate	0 – 250 Hz
Motor Nom Speed	P2.2.3	Nominal motor speed n from motor rating plate	0 – 6000 rpm
Motor Nom Curr	P2.2.4	Nominal motor current In from motor rating plate. In multimotor drives nominal currents must be summarized.	
Nom Flux Curr	P2.2.5	Motor nominal flux current Io, same as no-load current or magnetizing current from motor rating plate. In multimotor drives nominal flux currents must be summarized.	
Start Current	P2.2.6	Start current. Current level, which is used in motor starting situation. Hoisting application: default value is motor's nominal current, but not over nominal current of the inverter.	



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Current Limit	P2.2.7	Defines the maximum motor current from the inverter. If the output current exceeds the value set in parameter P2.2.7 the output frequency is lowered until the current drops below the current limit. The rate of lowering the frequency depends on the current overshoot.  To avoid motor overloading, set this parameter according to the rated current of the motor (normally 1,5....2xI <sub>N</sub> ). In multimotor drives nominal currents must be summarized.  Note! The value must be limited to Drive maximum output current (1 minute value).																															
Min Freq S1	P2.2.8	Minimum frequency direction 1.  Hoisting application: Smaller value than factory setting is not allowed to use	0 – Max Freq S2, Hz																														
Min Freq S2	P2.2.9	Minimum frequency direction 2.  Hoisting application: Smaller value than factory setting is not allowed to use	0 – Max Freq S2, Hz																														
Max Freq S1	P2.2.10	Maximum frequency direction 1.	0 – 250 Hz																														
Max Freq S2	P2.2.11	Maximum frequency direction 2.	0 – 250 Hz																														
Max ESR freq	P2.2.12	Maximum frequency when ESR activated	0 – 250 Hz																														
Drive Selection	P2.2.13	Application selection, selection None causes F60 Parameter fault.	<table border="1"> <tr><td>0 =</td><td>None</td></tr> <tr><td>1 =</td><td>Travel</td></tr> <tr><td>2 =</td><td>Hoist</td></tr> </table>	0 =	None	1 =	Travel	2 =	Hoist																								
0 =	None																																
1 =	Travel																																
2 =	Hoist																																
Pulse Number	P2.2.14	Pulse wheel pulse number.	<table border="1"> <tr><td>0 =</td><td>24</td></tr> <tr><td>1 =</td><td>36</td></tr> <tr><td>2 =</td><td>48</td></tr> <tr><td>3 =</td><td>72</td></tr> <tr><td>4 =</td><td>32</td></tr> <tr><td>5 =</td><td>64</td></tr> <tr><td>6 =</td><td>80</td></tr> <tr><td>7 =</td><td>102</td></tr> <tr><td>8 =</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>9 =</td><td>1000</td></tr> <tr><td>10 =</td><td>1024</td></tr> <tr><td>11 =</td><td>2000</td></tr> <tr><td>12 =</td><td>2048</td></tr> <tr><td>13 =</td><td>512</td></tr> <tr><td>14 =</td><td>1200</td></tr> </table>	0 =	24	1 =	36	2 =	48	3 =	72	4 =	32	5 =	64	6 =	80	7 =	102	8 =	600	9 =	1000	10 =	1024	11 =	2000	12 =	2048	13 =	512	14 =	1200
0 =	24																																
1 =	36																																
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6 =	80																																
7 =	102																																
8 =	600																																
9 =	1000																																
10 =	1024																																
11 =	2000																																
12 =	2048																																
13 =	512																																
14 =	1200																																
Zero Freq Volt	P2.2.15	Output voltage at zero frequency, % of motor nominal voltage.	0 – 40 %																														
U/f Mid Volt	P2.2.16	Voltage in the selected middle point frequency, % of motor nominal voltage.	0 – 100 %																														
U/f Mid Freq	P2.2.17	Middle point frequency.	0 – 250 Hz																														
Torque Boost	P2.2.18	Torque maximization.	<table border="1"> <tr><td>0 =</td><td>Off</td></tr> <tr><td>1 =</td><td>On</td></tr> </table>	0 =	Off	1 =	On																										
0 =	Off																																
1 =	On																																
RS Voltage Drop	P2.2.19	Relative value of motor stator impedance voltage drop. Value of this parameter is calculated by formula given below.  Motor Nom Flux current x Measured motor resistance (phase to phase) x 2217 Motor nominal voltage	0 – 512																														
Stop Function	P2.2.20	Stopping mode selection  Ramping: When the drive command is switched off the motion is stopped according to the set deceleration ramp.  Brake: When the drive command is switched off the motor current is cut off and the motion is stopped by the mechanical brake.	<table border="1"> <tr><td>0 =</td><td>Brake</td></tr> <tr><td>1 =</td><td>Ramping</td></tr> </table>	0 =	Brake	1 =	Ramping																										
0 =	Brake																																
1 =	Ramping																																

<b>G2.3 Expert</b>			
Flux Current Kp	P2.3.1	Gain for flux current control. Too small or too large value results oscillation in the current control. Must not be changed.	0 - 32000
Flux Current Ti	P2.3.2	The integration time of the flux current control. Too small or too large value results oscillation in the current control. Must not be changed.	0 – 1000 ms
S2 Flux Control	P2.3.3	Increases or decreases the Flux Current controller values P2.3.1&2 to direction S2. Must not be changed. Used in hoisting application.	0 – 100 %
Freq 0	P2.3.4	Constant current mode frequency limit in percentage of nominal frequency. Between 0 Hz and Freq 0 current control keeps motor current in value of P2.3.12 Zero Speed Current.	0 – 100 %

Freq 1	P2.3.5	Flux current mode frequency limit in percentage of nominal frequency. Between frequencies Freq 1 and Freq 2 drive is controlled with special flux current control method.	0 – 100 %
Freq 2 S1	P2.3.6	Mixed current/voltage mode frequency limit in percentage of nominal frequency in direction S1. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Freq 3 S1	P2.3.7	U/f-control mode frequency limit in percentage of nominal frequency in direction S1. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Zero Flux Curr	P2.3.8	Relative value of flux current of motor. Typical value of this current control method is 80 %. Parameter is not related to motor real physical values. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Stray Flux Curr	P2.3.9	Relative value of stray flux current of motor. Typical value of this current control method is 40 %. Parameter is not related to motor real physical values. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Freq 2 S2	P2.3.10	Mixed current/voltage mode frequency limit in percentage of nominal frequency in direction S2. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Freq 3 S2	P2.3.11	U/f-control mode frequency limit in percentage of nominal frequency in direction S2. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Zero Speed Curr	P2.3.12	Relative value of motor current used in small frequencies % of motor nominal current. Must not be changed.	0 – 250 %
Min Current Ref	P2.3.13	Minimum value of motor current used in current control area % of motor nominal current. Must not be changed.	0 – 100 %
Accel Comp TC	P2.3.14	Acceleration compensation time constant, which describes rotating masses of drive system. Physical description of this parameter is a time, which is needed to accelerate rotating masses from zero to nominal frequency with motor nominal torque. Must not be changed.	0 – 300 s
Ref Angle S1	P2.3.15	Voltage / current angle difference S1. 1536 equals 90 angle. Used in direction changes. Must not be changed.	0 – 3000
Ref Angle S2	P2.3.16	Voltage / current angle difference S2. 1536 equals 90 angle. Used in direction changes. Must not be changed.	0 – 3000
Flux Curr Damp	P2.3.17	Flux Current Ctrl stabilator time constant in milliseconds. Must not be changed.	0 – 400 ms
Stop DC-Freq	P2.3.18	Defines the frequency at which DC-braking starts.	0 – 250 Hz
Start Freq S1	P2.3.19	Defines the output frequency during brake opening delay to direction S1.	0 - Max Freq S2, Hz
Start Freq S2	P2.3.20	Defines the output frequency during brake opening delay to direction S2.	0 - Max Freq S2, Hz
Brake Stop Freq	P2.3.21	When stopping the contact of the relay output ROB2 opens when the output frequency of drive goes below the value set in this parameter.	0 - Max Freq S2, Hz
ESR Point Freq	P2.3.22	Defines ESR (field weakening) point frequency in percents of motor nominal frequency.	0 – 250 %
ESR Point Volt	P2.3.23	Defines ESR (field weakening) point voltage in percents of motor nominal voltage.	0 – 250 %
IrAdd Motor	P2.3.24	With small speeds and heavy load the hoist movement does not have enough voltage to produce sufficient torque. Raising the value of this parameter increases the voltage. Must not be changed.	0 – 200 %
IrAdd Generator	P2.3.25	If motor voltage at generator area is too high, reducing value of parameter decreases the voltage.	0 – 200 %
Ramp Stretching	P2.3.26	See Chapter "Ramp Stretching". Not used in hoisting	0 – 50 %
Switching Frequency	P2.3.27	Must not be changed from factory setting	3.6 kHz
DeadTime Comp	P2.3.28	Dead time compensation time delay. Parameter value does not tell the actual time used in compensation.	0 – 10000
DeadTime CurrLim	P2.3.29	Parameter that is used to control the current waveform in dead time compensation.	0 – 1000
Brake Chopper	P2.3.30	Defines when braking chopper is allowed to be activated. Always while drive is in ready state or only while running.	1 = Yes (Run) 0 = Yes (Ready)
Autotuning	P2.3.31	Autotuning <b>must not</b> be done with ControlMaster Plus - Hoisting.	0 = Not Done

#### G2.4 Synchronization (Not viewable without OPT-D1 option board)

Address	P2.4.1	SystemBus node address. Synchro is in use when the address is >0, the OPT-D1 option board is installed in the slot E and input DID1 is on.	0 - 4
Next Address	P2.4.2.	Next system bus node address	0 - 4
Last Address	P2.4.3.	Last system bus node address	0 - 4
Nominal Speed	P2.4.4.	Nominal speed of the hoist	0,00 – 300,00 m/min
Displacement Lim	P2.4.5.	Maximum displacement error between synchronized drives. Only master unit will use this parameter.	1 – 100 mm
Gain	P2.4.6.	Correction signal gain. Only master unit will use this parameter.	0 – 10000
Sync Activation	P2.4.7.	Synchro activation state. If "During Run" is selected, activation of the unit can be done while driving. In this case, all the units have to have "During Run" selected. Default = "During Stop"	0 = During Stop 1 = During Run



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Min Freq Offset	P2.4.8	Parameter defines how much below minimum frequency can correction to frequency output of the drive be made.					0,00 – 20,00 Hz
SystemBus Speed	P2.4.9.	SystemBus communication speed. Default = 3 Mbit/s					0 = 1,5 Mbit/s
							1 = 3 Mbit/s
							2 = 6 Mbit/s
							3 = 12 Mbit/s
Max Pos Error	V2.4.10.1.	Current position error of the hoist with the largest displacement to synchronization reference position. Only master unit displays this information.					Mm
Pos Error 1-4	V2.4.10.2-5	Unit 1-4 current position error to Synchro position. Only master unit displays this information.					mm
Peak Pos Error 1-4	V2.4.10.6-9	Unit 1-4 peak position error to Synchro position since last power off. Only master unit displays this information.					mm
Synchro Status	V2.4.10.10.	0	0	0	0	0	00000-11111
1=SystemBus address >0 Nominal speed >0 SSU board OK							
1=SystemBus working properly							
1= Unit is a Master							
1= Unit is a Follower							
1=Synchro is active in this station							

#### G4. Monitoring

##### G4.1 Parameter backup

Load Default Par	B4.1.1	Restores Default Parameters to Active Parameters from the Control Unit memory. Default Parameters are the parameters, which have been saved in the factory.	
Save User Par	B4.1.2	Saves Active Parameters in the Control Unit as User Parameters. Final parameters for the application must be saved as User Parameters after start-up.	
Load User Par	B4.1.3	Restores User Parameters to Active Parameters from the control unit memory. User Parameters are the parameters, which have been saved after start-up.	

##### G4.1.4 Factory Default

Save Default Par	B4.1.4.1	Saves Active Parameters in the Control Unit as Default Parameters. Default Parameters are the parameters, which must be saved in the factory. <b>For factory use only.</b>	
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##### G4.2 Analog I/O

Ain1 Value	V4.2.1	Value of analog input Ain1	0 – 10 V
Ain2 Value	V4.2.2	Value of analog input Ain2	0 – 10 V
Aout1 Value	V4.2.3	Value of analog output Aout1	0 – 20 mA
Aout2 Value	V4.2.4	Value of analog output Aout2	0 – 10 V

##### G4.3 Relay output

ROB1 State	V4.3.1	State of relay output ROB1	0=OFF, 1=ON
ROB2 State K7	V4.3.2	State of relay output ROB2, K7	0=OFF, 1=ON
ROC1 State	V4.3.3	State of relay output ROC1	0=OFF, 1=ON
ROD1 State	V4.3.4	State of relay output ROD1	0=OFF, 1=ON
ROE1 State	V4.3.5	State of relay output ROE1	0=OFF, 1=ON
ROE2 State	V4.3.6	State of relay output ROE2	0=OFF, 1=ON
ROE3 State	V4.3.7	State of relay output ROE3	0=OFF, 1=ON

##### G4.4 Operate counters

Not used			
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##### G4.5. Fault Counter

Fault Counter	V4.5.1. – 4.5.24	Fault counter value.	
Other faults	V4.5.25	Other faults	
Total Faults	V4.5.26		



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#### G4.7. Digital Input

S1	V4.7.1.1.	State of digital input S1	0=OFF, 1=ON					
S2	V4.7.1.2.	State of digital input S2	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DIA3	V4.7.1.3.	State of digital input DIA3	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DIA4	V4.7.1.4.	State of digital input DIA4	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DIA5	V4.7.1.5.	State of digital input DIA5	0=OFF, 1=ON					
OK	V4.7.1.6.	State of digital input OK	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DID1	V4.7.1.7.	State of digital input DID1	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DID2	V4.7.1.8.	State of digital input DID2	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DID3	V4.7.1.9.	State of digital input DID3	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DID4	V4.7.1.10.	State of digital input DID4	0=OFF, 1=ON					
DID5	V4.7.1.11.	State of digital input DID5	0=OFF, 1=ON					
Basic Board	V4.7.3.	State of board A inputs Corresponding X1 terminals	S1 8	S2 9	DIA3 10	DIA4 11	DIA5 12	0=OFF, 1=ON
Extension Board	V4.7.4.	State of board D inputs Corresponding X1 terminals	DID1 38	DID2 39	DID3 40	DID4 41	DID5 42	0=OFF, 1=ON

#### G4.8. SSU

Overspd Lim 1	V4.8.1.	Overspeed limit 1 level. Percent of Max Freq S2	0 – 140 %
Overspd Lim 2	V4.8.2.	Overspeed limit 2 (ESR) value. Percent of Max Freq S2	0 – 140 %

#### G4.9. Service

Phase U Curr	V4.9.1.	Phase U current of inverter output	A
Phase V Curr	V4.9.2.	Phase V current of inverter output	A
Phase W Curr	V4.9.3.	Phase W current of inverter output	A
Encoder Speed	V4.9.4.	Pulse frequency from pulse sensor. Both A and B channel must be in use.	Hz
HeatSinkTempMax	V4.9.5.	Recorded heatsink temperature highest peak value during run.	°C
HeatSinkTempMin	V4.9.6.	Recorded heatsink temperature lowest peak value when power is connected to drive.	°C
IGBT Temp Max	V4.9.7.	Recorded calculated IGBT temperature highest peak value.	°C
IGBT Temperature	V4.9.8.	Actual IGBT temperature	°C
SlipAdjustChange	V4.9.9.	Slip adjust difference compared to Slip adjust parameter.	%

#### G4.9.10 Max Current.

Max Current	G4.9.10.1.	Recorded maximum current	A
Max Current Freq	G4.9.10.2.	Frequency at recorded maximum current.	Hz
Max Current Torq	G4.9.10.3.	Torque at recorded maximum current.	%

#### G4.9.11 Encoder

	V4.9.11.1	Not used.	
	V4.9.11.2	Not used.	
	V4.9.11.3	Not used.	
	V4.9.11.4	Not used.	
	V4.9.11.5	Not used.	
Freq Ref	V4.11.	Frequency reference	Hz
Speed Req	V4.12.	Not used.	
Distance counter	V4.13.	Not used	m
DC-Link Voltage	V4.14.	Actual value of measured DC-link voltage.	V
Heat Sink Temp	V4.15.	Temperature of heat sink.	°C
MotorTemperature	V4.16.	Calculated motor temperature in percent of maximum	%
Motor Power	V4.17.	Calculated actual power. % of nominal power of unit	%
Motor Voltage	V4.18.	Calculated motor voltage	V
Motor Torque	V4.19.	Calculated motor torque +/- motor nominal torque, positive when motoring, negative when generating.	%
Motor Current	V4.20.	Measured motor current	A
Motor speed	V4.21	Calculated motor speed	Rpm
Output frequency	V4.22	Output frequency to the motor	Hz



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#### G4.23 Multimonitor

Multimonitor	N4.23.1.	Multimonitor page shows motor current, motor voltage and putput frequency in display in the same time. Monitor variables can be changed if parameter P6.5.4. = ChangeEnable	
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#### G5 Panel Control

Panel Control	B5.1.	Must not be used.	Off, On
Speed Reference	R5.2.	Speed reference for panel control	

#### M6 System Menu

Language	S6.1.	Keypad language	English
Application	S6.2.	Application	Crane

#### S6.3. Copy Parameters

Parameter Sets	S6.3.1.	Not used, see parameter group G4.1. Parameter backup	
Up to keypad	S6.3.2.	Save parameter settings up to keypad	
Down from keypad	S6.3.3.	Download parameter settings down from keypad	
Autom. BackUp	P6.3.4.	Changes in parameters are automatically saved to Keypad settings	Yes / No

#### S6.4. ParamComparison

Set 1	S6.4.1.	Actual parameter values are compared to Default parameters. Value of parameters can also be changed in this display.	Par. No. = Default val. Actual value
Set 2	S6.4.2.	Actual parameter values are compared to file User parameters. Value of parameters can also be changed in this display.	Par. No. = User val. Actual value
Factory settings	S6.4.3.	Parameter file Factory settings is not used	
Keypad set	S6.4.4.	Actual parameter values are compared to parameter file saved in Keypad.	

#### S6.5. Security

Password	S6.5.1	Password for group S6.5.	
Parameter lock	P6.5.2	Not used	Change Enable
Startup wizard	P6.5.3.	Not used	No
Multimon. Items	P6.5.4.	Enables or disables chancing of variables in multimonitor page N4.23.1.	ChangeEnable ChangeDisable

#### S6.6. Keypad settings

Default page	P6.6.1.	Default page to which the display automatically moves as the Timeout time has expired or as the power is switched on to the keypad.  If the Default Page value is 0 the function is not activated, i.e. the last displayed page remains on the keypad display.	
Default page/OM	P6.6.2.		
Timeout time	P6.6.3.	The time after which the keypad display returns to default page.	
Contrast	P6.6.4.	Display contrast.	
Backlight time	P6.6.5.	Determines how long the backlight stays before going out. Value "0" means Forever.	0 – 65535 min

#### S6.7. HW settings

InternBrake Res	P6.7.1.	Must not be changed.	Not conn.
Fan Control	P6.7.2.	Must not be changed.	First start
HMI ACK timeout	P6.7.3	Not used	
HMI retry	P6.7.4.	Not used	

#### S6.8. System Info

##### S6.8.1. Total counters

MWh counter	C6.8.1.1.	MWh counter, can not be reseted	
PwOn Day Counter	C6.8.1.2.	Total number of power on days	
PwOn hour count.	C6.8.1.3.	Total number of power on hours	

##### S6.8.2. Trip counters



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MWh Counter	T6.8.2.1.	MWh counter, can be reseted	
Clr MWh Counter	P6.8.2.2.	Clear MWh counter T6.8.2.1.	Not reset / Reset
PwOn Day Counter	T6.8.2.3.	Number of power on days	
PwOn hour count.	T6.8.2.4.	Number of power on hours	
Clr Optime cntr	T6.8.2.5.	Clear trip counters T6.8.2.1. – T6.8.2.4.	

S6.8.3. Software			
Software package	I6.8.3.1.	See software sticker under display, IND3V114	NXP00002V182
SystemSw version	I6.8.3.2.		33.02.9431
Firmware interf.	I6.8.3.3.		4.64
System load	I6.8.3.4.	Load of CPU	%

S6.8.4. Applications			
A6.8.4.1. Crane			
Application id	D6.8.4.1.1.	See software sticker under display, IND3V114	Industr3
Version	D6.8.4.1.2.	See software sticker under display, IND3V114	11.40
Firmware interf.	D6.8.4.1.3.		4.62

S6.8.5. Hardware			
Power unit	I6.8.5.1.	Power unit id code	
Unit voltage	I6.8.5.2.	Nominal voltage of D2V	500V
Brake chopper	E6.8.5.3.	There is brake chopper in D2V	No
Brake resistor	E6.8.5.4.	No braking resistor inside D2V	No
Serial number	E6.8.5.5.	Serial number of CSU	

S6.8.6. Expander boards			
E6.8.6.1. A:NXOPTA6			
State	E6.8.6.1.1.	State of board in slot A	Run
Program version	E6.8.6.1.2.	Program version of board in slot A	0.0
E6.8.6.2. B:NXOPTA3			
State	E6.8.6.2.1.	State of board in slot B	Run
Program version	E6.8.6.2.2.	Program version of board in slot B	10005.0
E6.8.6.3. C:SSU			
State	E6.8.6.3.1.	State of board in slot B	Run
Program version	E6.8.6.3.2.	Program version of board in slot B	10503.14
E6.8.6.4. D:NXOPTB9			
State	E6.8.6.4.1.	State of board in slot B	Run
Program version	E6.8.6.4.2.	Program version of board in slot B	10501.4
E6.8.6.5. E: No board			

S6.8.7. Debug			
Not used			

S6.9. Power monitor			
IU filtered	V6.9.1.	U phase current	A
IV filtered	V6.9.2.	V phase current	A
IW filtered	V6.9.3.	W phase current	A
U Temperature	V6.9.4.	Phase U temperature	°C
V Temperature	V6.9.5.	Phase V temperature	°C
W Temperature	V6.9.6.	Phase W temperature	°C
Card Temperature	V6.9.7.	Card temperature	°C

S6.11 Power multimon.			
Power multimonitor	V6.11.1.	Output current values and power card temperature	

M7 Active faults			
		The memory of active faults can store the maximum of 10 faults in the	

		order of appearance.  By pushing the  button you will enter the Fault time data record menu indicated by T.1-T.13. In this menu some selected important, data valid at the time of the fault, are recorded.	
	T.1	Counted operation days	d
	T.2	Counted operation hours	hh:mm:ss
	T.3	Output frequency	Hz
	T.4	Motor current	A
	T.5	Motor voltage	V
	T.6	Motor power	%
	T.7	Motor torque	%
	T.8	DC voltage	V
	T.9	Unit temperature	°C
	T.10	Ready Run	0=Not Ready 1=Ready 0=Not Running 1=Run
	T.11	Direction Fault	0=Off 1=On 0=No 1=Yes
	T.12	Warning At reference	0=No 1=Yes 0=No 1=Yes
	T.13	0-speed	0=Not Zero Speed 1=Zero Speed

M8 Fault history	
	<p>The fault memory can store a maximum of 30 faults in the order of appearance. The number of faults currently in the fault history is shown on the value line of the main page. The order of the faults is indicated by the location indication in the upper left corner of the display. The latest fault carries the indication F8.1, the second latest F8.2 etc. The Fault time data record pages are accessible at each fault. If there are 30 uncleared faults in the memory, the next occurring fault will erase the oldest from the memory.</p> <p>Pressing the Enter button for about 2 to 3 seconds resets the whole fault history.</p>





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011		
<b>T5, MF11MB200, 400V 100Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2830
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	21
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	12
P 2.2.6	Start Current	24
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	31
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	64
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	150
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	110
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1.5
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run

015		
<b>T6, MF13Z-200, 400V 100Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2910
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	31
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	15
P 2.2.6	Start Current	32
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	46
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

018		
<b>T7, MF13ZA200, 400V 100Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2890
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	36
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	15
P 2.2.6	Start Current	42
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	54
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

022		
<b>T8, MF13ZB200, 400V, 100Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2890
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	42
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	17
P 2.2.6	Start Current	48
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	63
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

030		
T9, MF13ZC200, 400V 100Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2880
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	55
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	22
P 2.2.6	Start Current	60
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	90
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	6
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	120
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run

037		
TA, MF13X-200, 400V 100Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2880
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	64
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	26
P 2.2.6	Start Current	75
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	113
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	5
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	90
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

037		
2*T6, 2*MF13Z-200, 400V, 100Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2910
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	62
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	30
P 2.2.6	Start Current	74
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	93
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

037		
2*T7, 2*MF13ZA200, 400V, 100Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2890
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	72
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	30
P 2.2.6	Start Current	75
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	108
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000



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045		
2*T8, MF13ZB200, 400V 100Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2890
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	84
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	34
P 2.2.6	Start Current	90
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	126
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	120
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run

055		
2*T9, MF13ZC200, 400V 100Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	400
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	2880
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	110
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	44
P 2.2.6	Start Current	110
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	165
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	100
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	6
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	120
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run





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011		
<b>T5, MF11MB200, 460V 120Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3410
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	22
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	12
P 2.2.6	Start Current	24
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	31
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	64
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	150
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	110
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1.5
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run

015		
<b>T6, MF13Z-200, 460V 120Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3500
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	31
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	15
P 2.2.6	Start Current	32
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	46
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

018		
<b>T7, MF13ZA200, 460V 120Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3480
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	37
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	15
P 2.2.6	Start Current	42
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	54
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

022		
<b>T8, MF13ZB200, 460V, 120Hz</b>		
Label	Code	Default
<b>G 2.1. General Parameters</b>		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
<b>G 2.2. Motor Parameters</b>		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3470
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	44
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	17
P 2.2.6	Start Current	48
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	63
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
<b>G 2.3. Expert</b>		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

030		
T9, MF13ZC200, 460V 120Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3470
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	56
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	22
P 2.2.6	Start Current	60
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	90
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	6
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	120
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run

037		
TA, MF13X-200, 460V 120Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3470
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	65
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	26
P 2.2.6	Start Current	75
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	113
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	5
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	90
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

037		
2*T6, 2*MF13Z-200, 460V, 120Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3500
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	62
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	30
P 2.2.6	Start Current	74
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	93
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000

037		
2*T7, 2*MF13ZA200, 460V, 120Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	100
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3480
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	74
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	30
P 2.2.6	Start Current	75
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	113
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	180
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000



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045		
2*T8, MF13ZB200, 460V 120Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3470
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	88
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	34
P 2.2.6	Start Current	90
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	132
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	8
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	120
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run

055		
2*T9, MF13ZC200, 460V 120Hz		
Label	Code	Default
G 2.1. General Parameters		
P 2.1.10	Accel Time 1	1.5
P 2.1.11	Decel Time 1	1.5
G 2.2. Motor Parameters		
P 2.2.1	Motor Nom Volt	460
P 2.2.2	Motor Nom Freq	120
P 2.2.3	Motor Nom Speed	3470
P 2.2.4	Motor Nom Curr	112
P 2.2.5	Nom Flux Curr	44
P 2.2.6	Start Current	110
P 2.2.7	Current Limit	165
P 2.2.8	Min Freq S1	10
P 2.2.9	Min Freq S2	5
P 2.2.10	Max Freq S1	120
P 2.2.11	Max Freq S2	120
P 2.2.12	Max ESR Freq	120
P 2.2.13	Drive Selection	Hoist
P 2.2.14	Pulse Number	80
P 2.2.15	Zero Freq Volt	0
P 2.2.16	U/f Mid Volt	6
P 2.2.17	U/f Mid Freq	0
P 2.2.18	Torque Boost	On
P 2.2.19	Rs Voltage Drop	100
P 2.2.20	Stop Function	Ramping
G 2.3. Expert		
P 2.3.1	Flux Current Kp	4000
P 2.3.2	Flux Current Ti	25
P 2.3.3	S2 Flux Control	100
P 2.3.4	Freq 0	1
P 2.3.5	Freq 1	3
P 2.3.6	Freq 2 S1	10
P 2.3.7	Freq 3 S1	20
P 2.3.8	Zero Flux Curr	80
P 2.3.9	Stray Flux Curr	40
P 2.3.10	Freq 2 S2	10
P 2.3.11	Freq 3 S2	40
P 2.3.12	Zero Speed Curr	120
P 2.3.13	Min Current Ref	90
P 2.3.14	Accel Comp TC	0.1
P 2.3.15	Ref Angle S1	768
P 2.3.16	Ref Angle S2	2000
P 2.3.17	Flux Curr Damp	200
P 2.3.18	Stop DC-Freq	1.5
P 2.3.19	Start Freq S1	1
P 2.3.20	Start Freq S2	0.5
P 2.3.21	Brake Stop Freq	1
P 2.3.22	ESR Point Freq	120
P 2.3.23	ESR Point Volt	120
P 2.3.24	IrAdd Motor	100
P 2.3.25	IrAdd Generator	100
P 2.3.26	Ramp Stretching	0
P 2.3.27	Switching Freq	3.6
P 2.3.28	DeadTime Comp	2200
P 2.3.29	DeadTimeCurrLim	100
P 2.3.30	Brake Chopper	Run



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## 5 SPEED SUPERVISION SETTINGS

SSU is a hoist motion speed supervision unit, which reads the pulse frequency from the hoist motor sensor bearing, encoder or pulse sensor. This pulse frequency is compared with a fixed oscillator frequency and inverter frequency reference. As a result of frequency comparison, there are three different speed supervision functions available:

- overspeed supervision (*rush control*)
- stall supervision
- speed difference supervision

**Overspeed supervision (F61)** is totally implemented by hardware.

Switches S2-2 and S2-3 divide the full frequency range to four frequency areas. Selected frequency area is the same for normal and ESR speeds.

The four frequency areas are each divided to lower and upper frequency ranges. Switch S2-1 selects the frequency range at normal speed.

Switch S2-4 selects the frequency range at ESR speed (Extended Speed Range).

The exact tripping frequency level is selected with rotary switches.

Switch S1 sets the tripping level at normal speed (value shown in V4.8.1).

Switch S3 sets the tripping level at ESR speed (value shown in V4.8.2).

Overspeed tripping levels are shown at display as % of the nominal speed. The overspeed setting should be 15-25% above the full speed.

Switches S2-2 and S2-3 select range for overspeed detection level. Range of detection level is the same for both, normal and ESR (Extended Speed range) use.

Fine adjustment for normal use is done by rotary switch S1 and switch S2-1.

Fine adjustment for ESR use is done by rotary switch S3 and switch S2-4.

Overspeed detection levels are shown at display panel as % of nominal speed. Overspeed setting should be 15-25% above the full speed.

Adjusted overspeed detection level for normal use is shown in parameter V4.8.1.

Adjusted overspeed detection level for ESR use is shown in parameter V4.8.2.

**Speed difference supervision (F62)** compares the motor actual speed (= pulse frequency) with Drive frequency reference. In practice this means that the motor slip is measured and if that exceeds a limit, supervision stops the motion.

**Stall supervision (F63)** stops the motion if there are no pulses coming from the sensor when the brake is open (K7 energised).

**SSU relay test (F64):** SSU Relay is tested in every power up. Driving is prevented if fault has been detected.

**SSU Watchdog fault (F65):** Communication between SSU board and control board is tested once in 50ms. Fault will be detected if there is communication error. When a fault is detected the drive is stopped.

**SSU Overspeed Limit (F66):** maximum setting of overspeed limit is  $1.4 \times$ maximum speed of direction S2. Fault will be detected if overspeed limit is set over that value. When a fault is detected the drive is prevented.

### 2.5 Standard settings

#### 2.5.1 Settings for sensor bearing

The table below indicate the SSU settings for standard cases. Motors with nominal frequency 100Hz or 120Hz are equipped with bearing sensor. After adjustment, check that parameters V 4.8.1 Overspd Lim 1 and V 4.8.2 Overspd Lim 2 have value between 115% and 125%.

Max Freq S2 is normally set to 120Hz, also when nominal frequency and Max freq S1 are 100Hz. Check that parameters P 2.2.2. Motor Nom Freq and P 2.2.3. Motor Nom Speed have correct values from motor type plate.

#### Settings for sensor bearings

Power class	002 – 005	002 – 005	007 – 011	015 - 055
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P 2.2.11, Max Freq S2	120	120	120	120
P 2.2.14 Pulse Number	32	48	64	80
Rotary switch S1	1	7	A	D
Switch S2-1	ON	ON	ON	ON
Switch S2-2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Switch S2-3	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Switch S2-4	ON	ON	ON	ON
Rotary switch S3	1	7	A	D

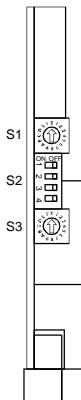
## 2.5.2 Settings for pulse wheel speed sensor or encoder (24 ppr)

The table below indicate the SSU settings for standard cases. Motors with nominal frequency 50Hz or 60Hz are equipped with pulse wheel speed sensor or encoder. After adjustment, check that parameters V 4.8.1 Overspd Lim 1 and V 4.8.2 Overspd Lim 2 have value between 115% and 125%.

Check that parameters P 2.2.2. Motor Nom Freq and P 2.2.3. Motor Nom Speed have correct values from motor type plate.

### Settings for pulse wheel sensor or encoder (24 ppr)

Power class	002 – 055	002 – 055
P 2.2.11, Max Freq S2	50 / 100	60 / 120
P 2.2.14 Pulse Number	24	24
Rotary switch S1	4	7
Switch S2-1	ON	ON
Switch S2-2	ON	ON
Switch S2-3	OFF	OFF
Switch S2-4	ON	ON
Rotary switch S3	4	7



## 2.6 Functional test run for SSU

**m** Test run must be made without load.

- Disconnect the signal wire coming from the pulse sensor to terminal X1:51.
- Drive with minimum speed. The motion must stop within 1 s.
  - fault F63 (stall supervision) is activated
- Drive with maximum speed, the motion must stop at once
  - fault F62 (Speed difference) is activated
- Reconnect the disconnected signal wire to terminal X1:51.
- Set rotary switch S1/S3 value 2 steps smaller
- Drive with maximum speed. The motion must stop after full speed is reached.
  - fault F64 (Over speed) is activated
- Set rotary switch S1/S3 back to original value.

## 2.7 Settings for non-standard cases

Overspeed tripping frequency levels								
Area selection		300 – 3234 Hz		600 – 6467Hz		1200 – 12935Hz		9600 – 70722Hz
S2:2	S2:3	ON		OFF		OFF		ON
Range selection								
Normal	S2:1	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
S1/Normal	0	300	1027	600	2055	1200	4110	9600
	1	324	1109	647	2218	1295	4436	10359
	2	350	1195	700	2391	1400	4781	11196
	3	378	1291	756	2582	1511	5163	12092
	4	408	1396	816	2793	1632	5585	13055
	5	441	1506	881	3012	1763	6024	14104
								48188

<b>Tripping level selection</b>	<b>6</b>	476	1625	951	3251	1902	6502	15217	52013
	<b>7</b>	514	1755	1027	3511	2055	7022	16439	56174
	<b>8</b>	555	1896	1109	3793	2218	7585	17744	60681
	<b>9</b>	599	2048	1198	4096	2395	8192	19163	65536
	<b>A</b>	647	2210	1296	4420	2587	8840	20696	70722
	<b>B</b>	698	2381	1396	4763	2793	9526	22342	--
	<b>C</b>	755	2586	1510	5163	3019	10326	24153	--
	<b>D</b>	815	2793	1630	5585	3259	11171	26075	--
	<b>E</b>	880	3012	1760	6024	3521	12047	28167	--
	<b>F</b>	951	3234	1902	6467	3804	12935	30435	
<b>ESR S2:4 Range selection</b>	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	

S2:1 together with S1 are used for setting the tripping frequency level at normal speed.

S2:4 together with S3 are used for setting the tripping frequency level at ESR speed.

If ESR is not used, set S2:4 + S3 equal to S2:1 and S1.

Pulse frequency can be calculated from formula = Motor rpm x Pulses per rev / 60

#### Example

Normal use	A 3000 rpm motor with 32 pulses per revolution has a full speed pulse frequency of 1600 Hz. Suitable maximum overspeed detection level is 1600Hz + 25% = 2000Hz.	On the table the highest value under 2000Hz is 1902Hz. Suitable switch settings are S2-2=OFF and S2-3=OFF S2-1=OFF and S2-4=OFF S1=F and S3=F	Check from V4.8.1 that the detection level is 1902Hz/1600Hz =118,9% of nominal speed.
ESR use	If ESR is applied for 150% of nominal speed, then the full ESR pulse frequency is 1,5 * 1600Hz = 2400Hz. Suitable maximum overspeed detection level is 2400Hz + 25% = 3000Hz.	S2-2=OFF and S2-3=OFF are according to normal speed settings. On the table the highest value under 3000Hz is 2793Hz. Correct switch settings are S2-4=ON and S3=4.	Check from V4.8.2 that the detection level is 2793Hz/2400Hz =116,4% of ESR speed.

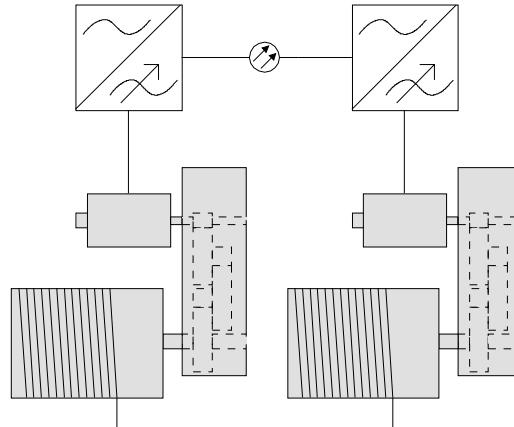
Encoder with 600 ppr or over needs both encoder channels connected.

## 6 SYNCHRO FUNCTION

The Synchro function is designed for hoisting applications, where up to four separate hoisting machineries can be driven in speed synchronization without external computing device. This is a SystemBus -based common hoist application.

The Synchro application has following major requirements

- Two channel speed feedback from the motor to the drive.
- Synchronization activation via digital input DID1.
- SystemBus option boards and fibre optic cable(s) between the drives.
- Software version Ind2V101 or newer.



### 2.8 Function

In the Synchro function it is possible to connect up to four drives to common use. Drives can be active or passive. "Active" means that the drive will participate on the Synchronization and "passive" means that the drive will only echo the data forward. For example three drives can be active and one passive (Back up drive). Master drive can also be passive. In this case it will only handle the calculation of the correction for the other drives.

- Digital input DID1 activates a drive to synchronization.
- Synchronization is active if at least two drives are active.
- Synchronization is deactivated if only one drive is active.

When any drive connected to the system bus is active, the current hook positions of drives are registered. Hereafter the master controls all active drives so that, the relative position between the hooks stays at this level.

Master gets the speed references and position information from the slave drives via SystemBus. Smallest speed reference will be selected as Synchro speed reference, and smallest position as Synchro position. Master will then calculate the position differences for each drive, and limit them if needed. Then the master will calculate speed correction for each drive, which is sent accordingly to each drive via SystemBus. Only deceleration is allowed with correction.

- M** If SystemBus option card is not installed, DID1 functions as FWE activation input.
- M** From the drives connected to the SystemBus, the user must select one drive to function as a master. Setting the parameter P2.4.1 Address to value 1 does this.
- M** If one of the active drives has tripped to fault, all drives will be stopped according the fault and only the tripped drive will show fault code. Faults of passive drive won't affect the active drives.
- M** If slow-down limit of any active drive opens, the limited speed will be used as a reference.
- M** **Brake operation and maintenance should have extra attention with the Synchro application. Major differences in brake operation (braking times) between drives can cause large displacement errors, especially braking from full speed (in fault case), and could lead to hazardous situations.**
- M** **Multicare and Synchro functions must not be used together.**



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## 2.9 Start-up

Do normal start-up according chapter "Start-up" for each hoist. If the crane has been ordered with the Synchro function, it does not need any additional actions before use. In case there is problems or synchronization is added afterwards, do start-up according the following list.

1. Do normal start-up routine for each hoist.
2. For all drives, check that the SystemBus Boards OPT-D1 and optical cables are connected properly. Checklist:
  - The unused fibre terminals are protected with rubber pins.
  - Optical cable clamp, routing and minimum bending radius.
  - Control units cover is closed and locked.
3. Set the parameters:
  - P2.4.2. Address, one drive has to have address=1, this will function as master. Every drive should have their own address.
  - P2.4.2. Next Address,
  - P2.4.3. Last Address
  - P2.4.4. Nominal Speed, hoisting speed from hoist rating plate
4. Check from the panel that for all drives, the first and the second digit of the V2.4.10.10 Synchro Status are now "11xxx". The first digit indicates that the Synchro is parameterized in use, and the second digit indicates that the SystemBus is working properly. Power off the drives if second digit is zero, then power on and check again.
5. Activate synchronization using digital input DID1.
  - Check from the panel that for the master drive (Address=1) the V2.4.10.10 Synchro Status is now 11101, and that for all the slave drives it is 11011. The third digit indicates that the drive is a master and the fourth digit indicates that the drive is a slave. Fifth digit indicates that synchronization is activated from the digital input, and there are totally at least two active drives in the SystemBus.
6. For master drive, check following synchronization control parameters.
  - P2.4.5 Displacement limit, default 50
  - P2.4.6 Gain, default 200
  - P2.4.7 Sync Activation, default 0 / During Stop.
  - P2.4.8 Min Freq Offset, default 3Hz.
  - P2.4.9 System Bus Speed, default 3Mbit/s.
7. Check that acceleration/deceleration ramps are identical in each drive.
8. Finally, perform a test drive with no load on. Check that:
  - There is no position difference between hooks, with smooth driving or with lots of accelerations and decelerations.
  - V2.4.10.1 Max Pos Error in the master drive doesn't show any constant position error.

## 2.10 Optic cable connections

Synchronization between 2 hoists		Synchronization between 4 hoists			
Hoist A	Hoist B	Hoist A	Hoist B	Hoist C	Hoist D
Address	Address	Address	Address	Address	Address
P2.4.1=1	P2.4.1=2	P2.4.1=1	P2.4.1=2	P2.4.1=3	P2.4.1=4
Next Address	Next Address	Next Address	Next Address	Next Address	Next Address
P2.4.2=2	P2.4.2=1	P2.4.2=2	P2.4.2=3	P2.4.2=4	P2.4.2=1
Last Address	Last Address	Last Address	Last Address	Last Address	Last Address
P2.4.3=2	P2.4.3=2	P2.4.3=4	P2.4.3=4	P2.4.3=4	P2.4.3=4

## 2.11 Troubleshooting

Should problems arise with the Synchro, first check that all drives function correctly without synchronization being activated.

Problem	Possible cause	Checking
Synchro functions normally, V2.4.10.1 (master) does not show position error, but between hooks there comes position error.	System does not register position error between hooks because P2.2.2. Nominal Speed in one or more drives is not correct or accurate enough.	Check P2.4.4 Nominal speed in all drives.
One or more drives are vibrating especially after acceleration or deceleration.	Too high gain level. Speed correction is overshooting.	Reduce P2.4.6. SystemBus Synchro gains value in master drive.
Position error between hooks, especially after acceleration, deceleration or stopping.	Different ramp times or stop function.	Check that Ramp time and Stop method parameters P2.1.10, P2.1.11 and P2.2.20 have similar value in every drive.

## 7 MULTICARE FUNCTION

Two inverter drives can be operated simultaneously in “tandem mode” by utilizing the multicare function. The two drives are connected together using their analog outputs and analog inputs. The analog output of one drive is connected to the analog input of the other drive, and vice versa. Both drives alter the voltage value of their own analog output signal according to run conditions whenever the multicare mode is selected. The table below shows the input (receive) and output (send) values during start, acceleration, stopping and in fault situation. The multicare function is selected with an input parameter (P2.1.5). In case of multicare fault, a dedicated fault code (F70) is issued. If the operation of one drive is interrupted, or the drive faults out (for example upper limit fault), the other drive will stop and show multicare fault (F70). Programmable pushbuttons are used for multicare testing. The multicare function is mainly designed for EP mode (speed correction possible) but it can also be used in MS (multistep) mode for run/stop supervision without speed correction.

Ain1 value	Input function (receive)
0...0.2 V	Single drive selected. Multicare function not used.
0.3...0.7 V	Brake open acknowledged, acceleration not allowed.
0.8...1.0 V	Acceleration allowed.
1...9 V	Speed correction range.
9 V	Acceleration acknowledged.
>9.5 V	Fault acknowledged. Immediate brake stop. F70 fault code issued.

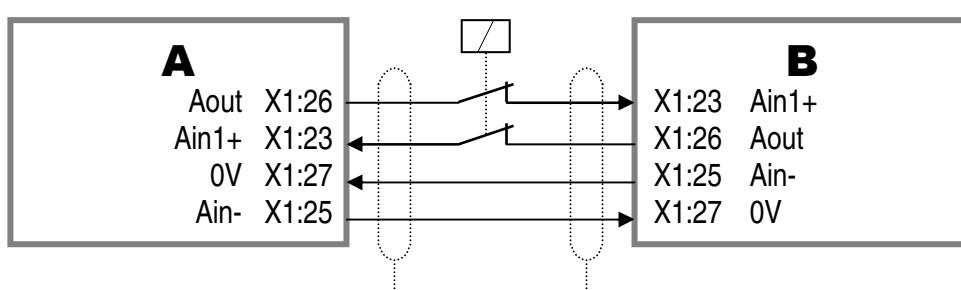
Aout value	Output function (send)
0 V	Direction signals S1 and S2 not active in multicare mode.
0.5 V	Brake open, acceleration not allowed.
1.0 V	Acceleration allowed.
1...9 V	Speed correction range.
9 V	Accelerating.
10 V	Fault. Immediate brake stop.

The multicare function controls and monitors the following situations in multicare mode:

- Both drives start nearly simultaneously (the other drive has 0.5 seconds to respond) and begin to accelerate at the same time, once both brakes are opened.
- Both drives end up running at the same “reference speed” after acceleration or deceleration (EP hold situation) – speed correction is not possible at minimum speed or full speed. The correction takes place whenever the two reference speed values deviate more than 1 %, or about 1 Hz.
- One drive faulting out stops the other and the other drive will issue a multicare fault (F70).
- When only one hoist is selected for operation, the analog signal remains at zero volts and this disables the multicare mode – in case of one hoist drive being faulty (active fault is not cleared when a starting command is issued), the analog signal would remain at 10 volts (fault condition) and both hoists would be inoperational. The solution for allowing the operation of one hoist in single mode, is to open up the analog connection between the two drives with the help of a small relay (see picture below) – this relay must be capable of connecting DC current.

### 2.12 Connections

The analog output of one drive is connected to the analog input of the other drive, and vice versa (see below). A shielded cable is used to establish the analog signal connection between two drives. Both ends of the cable shield must be grounded using 360-degree grounding whenever possible.



### 2.13 Setup

- Verify the connection of analog inputs and outputs and cable shield grounding (both ends).
- Enable the multicare function in both drives - parameter “Analog Input Sel” (P2.1.5=Multicare).
- Verify parameters P2.1.6...P2.1.10 and P2.2.8...P2.2.12 are the same for both drives.
- Activate pushbutton “Test Voltage Max” (B2.1.12.2=”On”) in both drives – this produces a test voltage of 9 V (analog output) for calibrating the maximum value of speed correction.
- Read “Ain Value” (V2.1.12.3) and use this value (about 9 V) for speed correction calibration – set “Max Value Volt” (P2.1.12.5, both drives) equal to received “Ain Value” – this value is likely the same for both drives.
- Activate pushbutton “Test Voltage Min” (B2.1.12.1=”On”) in both drives – this produces a test voltage of 1 V (analog output) for calibrating the minimum value of speed correction.
- Read “Ain Value” (V2.1.12.3) again and use this value (about 1V) for speed correction calibration – set “Min Value Volt” (V2.1.12.4, both drives) equal to received “Ain Value” – this value, again, is likely the same for both drives.
- Reset both programmable pushbuttons (B2.1.12.1=”Off” and B2.1.12.2=”Off”, both drives).



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- Check "Ain Value" (V2.1.12.3) is back at 0 V.

## 2.14 Test run without load

- Display monitoring parameter "Frequency reference" (V4.9) on both drives.
- In EP mode, accelerate the hoist (up and down) to any speed (between the minimum speed and maximum speed) and verify both drives display the same frequency reference ( $\pm 0.25$  Hz) when constant speed is reached.
- Lower the frequency value of "Max Freq S1" (P2.2.10) of one drive temporarily about 20 Hz – run in up direction and verify the "faster hoist" will slow down after accelerating. Again, check that both drives display the same frequency reference. Return "Max Freq S1" back to its original value.
- Run both hoists up in tandem mode and stop one hoist by disconnecting the voltage from its upper stop limit terminal (X1:41) – the other hoist must stop and display "Multicare Fault" (F70).
- Reconnect the voltage back to terminal X1:41.
- Repeat the same test with the other hoist.
- Check both hoists operate normally (in tandem mode and single mode) when reaching the slow-down and end stop limit in both directions.



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## 8 START-UP PROCEDURE

If any problems or malfunctions occur during the start-up, refer to Chapter "Troubleshooting", to find out the reason. All problems must be solved before continuing.

- ℳ **Warning! High voltages inside device. Wait for at least five minutes after the supply voltage has been switched off before service actions. Display in operating condition (lights on) indicates a dangerous voltage on the DC-bus. When display turns off, the DC-bus voltage is about 100V. Note also that there is a dangerous voltage in the braking resistor always when the DC-bus is charged.**
- ℳ Do not connect any voltage to the output terminals (U, V, W). Otherwise, the inverter will be damaged.
- ℳ The overload protection protects both the supply and the motor cables. The fuses of the supply provide short circuit protection.

### 2.15 Visual checks

- Check condition of cubicles.
- Check that serial number of the drive is the same as in delivery documents.
- Check the switch settings on SSU (see Chapter "Speed Supervision Settings")
- If necessary, open the control box cover and adjust the SSU settings.
- Check the cabling to braking resistor.
- Check the cabling to motor, brake, thermistors and speed sensor.
- Check motor type.
- Check the wire terminations in the motor connection box
- Check connections for motor, thermistors, brake wear and speed sensor circuits.
- Disconnect motor (U, V, W) and brake cables to prevent damage of inverter. Measure insulation resistance of brake coil and motor windings (each phase to ground).
- Re-connect motor and brake cables.
- Check braking resistor(s).
- Terminals X1:21-27 and X1:51-57 are for electronics level signals.
- Normally only shielded wires are connected to these terminals. Check that no control or line voltage level wires are connected there.

### 2.16 Checks before the first test run

- Check power supply voltage (nominal voltage +/- 10%).
- Check control voltage (nominal voltage +/- 10%).
- Make sure that run commands are off (pushbuttons / controller (master switch) at zero position).
- Turn on power from main switch and control voltage switch.
- Within about 1 second the control panel should display "AC on", and then in about 1 second the display changes to motor output frequency "0.00" and green READY status indicator turns on.
- In a fault situation the red FAULT status indicator blinks and the display shows a fault code instead of frequency.
- Check that green RUN status indicator is off.
- Check that external connections and selected control method are according to application.
- Parameters are properly set after factory tests and no adjustments are needed except for the parameters that depend on application. Write down on the parameter list all the values that have been changed and at the end save parameters to User parameters, see chapter "User parameters".

### 2.17 Test run without load

- Make sure that movement will not cause any danger to the environment or to the crane itself. Avoid driving close to the limit areas.
- Check limit switches manually if possible.
- Check the run commands on display panel and correct the drum rotating direction. The arrow rotates clockwise if S1 is applied and counter-clockwise if S2 is applied.
- Check the function of the speed sensor, see chapter "Speed sensors"
- Check the function of the speed supervision circuit. See chapter "Functional test drive for SSU".
- Drive direction S1 at minimum speed for 5 to 10 seconds. Accelerate to full speed. Run 5 to 10 seconds. Stop. Repeat the same in direction S2. Check the frequency display to make sure that the frequency changes through the whole operational frequency range from minimum to nominal speed.



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- Check motor operation (acceleration, deceleration and braking): accelerate to full speed direction S1, change to full speed direction S2 and full speed direction S1 again and stop.
- Check limit switch functions: drive direction S1 slowly and check the limit switch operations. Re-check using full speed. Repeat the same check for direction S2.

## 2.17.1 Functional test run for SSU

**M** Note! Test run for SSU must be made without load.

- Disconnect the signal wire coming from the pulse sensor to terminal X1:51. All the SSU faults will be reseted automatically after one second when the pulses from the pulse sensor are missing
- Drive with minimum speed. The motion must stop within set time.
- fault F63 (stall supervision) is activated
- Drive with maximum speed, the motion must stop at once
- fault F62 (Speed difference) is activated
- Reconnect the disconnected signal wire to terminal X1:51.
- Set rotary switch S1/S3 value 2 steps smaller
- Drive with maximum speed. The motion must stop after full speed is reached.
- fault F64 (Over speed) is activated
- Set rotary switch S1/S3 back to original value.

## 2.18 Test run with load

- Note, three loads are required:
  - Nominal load (100%) for normal operation.
  - Limited load for ESR (optional).
  - An adequate extra load for dynamic overload testing and to test the ESR load limit.
- Make sure that movement will not cause any danger to the environment or to the crane itself.
- If the optional extended speed range (ESR) is used, check that the load limit is correctly set and hoisting with bigger loads is prevented.
- Drive in both directions at minimum and maximum speeds.
- If the fan tube resistor unit is included, check that fan(s) starts to blow when driving down with nominal load and continues to blow for about 4-5 minutes after stopping

## 2.19 Test run with overload

If an overload test has to be performed during crane commissioning, minimum frequencies should be raised for duration of the commissioning to 20Hz. Minimum frequencies can be changed with parameters P2.2.8 and 2.2.9. After testing, minimum frequencies should be changed back to their original values.

## 2.20 After the test run

- Record all parameter value changes in the parameter list.
- Make sure all remarks and setting values are recorded.
- It is recommended to store the parameter settings in file User parameters, see chapter "User parameters".

## 3 TROUBLESHOOTING

 **Warning!** High voltages inside Frequency converter. Wait for at least five minutes after the supply voltage has been switched off before service actions. The display in the operating condition (lights on) indicates a dangerous voltage on the DC-bus. When display turns off, the DC-bus voltage is approximately 100V. Note also that there is always a dangerous voltage in the braking resistor when the DC-bus is charged.

### 3.1 Field repair actions

The purpose of troubleshooting and field repair actions is primarily to determine whether the drive or external devices in fact cause the problems. After that, the next step is to detect the possibly damaged components inside the drive. If any damage inside the drive is caused by the environment (motor failure, brake failure, power supply problems etc.) it is very important to repair/change faulty items to prevent reoccurring problems.

The best way to repair a faulty inverter is to replace it with a new one. If the fault can be located, it is also possible to replace some of the components. When replacing an inverter or a Control unit with a new one, the parameter list of the existing drive is needed so that the parameter settings can be copied to the new one.

If parameters have been copied to the keypad before damage, it may be used for uploading the parameters to the spare part inverter (requires same software versions).

### 3.2 Typical functional problems

*Inverter does not start when mains is connected.  
Check mains voltage between terminal L1, L2 and L3*

*Indicator "Ready" is on and Indicator "Fault" is off, but motor does not run.  
Check control mode selection  
Check voltage at run command terminals X1:8 and X1:9  
Check state of digital inputs from parameter V4.7.12*

*Motor runs poorly  
Check that load is not over nominal  
Check that all cables are connected correctly and the junctions are reliable  
Check that all motor dependant parameters are correct  
Check the voltage of the slowdown limit switch input  
Check state of digital inputs from parameter V4.7.13  
Check that motor's brake opens completely  
Check that minimum speed parameters do not have too small values  
Check u/f-curve tuning  
If the main girder is new, it might be necessary to drive trolley several times with no load from end to end, before beginning of u/f-curve tuning*

*Some parameters are not accessible or changing is not possible  
Check password that password has value 2156  
Check that parameter value is inside the limits  
Parameter value can not be changed in RUN state  
Parameter value change must be confirmed with "Enter" button*

### 3.3 Inverter fault codes

If any of the following failures is found, the inverter displays the fault code and closes the mechanical brake causing the movement to stop. If several faults occur one after another, the latest one is displayed, the others are stored to fault history page.

When inverter fault supervision trips, the FAULT indicator turns on and the blinking fault code "F xx" (xx = fault number) appears on the display.



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The drive includes an automatic fault reset operation; the fault code stays on the display until the fault is removed and the controller released back to 0-position. Some of the fault codes require to switch the power off before run is possible.

The faults are stored to the fault history, from there they can be seen if necessary. The fault history can store last 30 fault codes. Following exceptions exist when storing faults to the fault history

*not stored faults: F6, F70*

*repeated faults are stored only once: F50, F51, F55, F60, F66, F71, F72*



Fault code	Fault	Possible cause	Checking	A	B
F 1	<b>Overcurrent</b>	Inverter has measured too high current (over 4*I <sub>n</sub> ) in the motor output: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• sudden heavy load increase</li><li>• short circuit in the motor or cable</li><li>• not suitable motor</li><li>• wrong motor parameters</li></ul>	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of display are off. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• brake operation</li><li>• motor type and power rating</li><li>• parameters</li><li>• motor cable connection</li><li>• motor insulation</li><li>• motor loading</li></ul>	X	
F 2	<b>Oversupply</b>	DC-bus voltage has exceeded 135% maximum level, 911Vdc <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• supply voltage raised &gt;1.35 x Un (high oversupply spikes at mains or not sinusoidal wave form)</li><li>• Deceleration time is too short</li></ul>	Reset has an additional 5s time delay. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Adjust the deceleration time longer</li><li>• measure main supply voltage level and wave form while not driving</li><li>• motor insulation</li><li>• motor cable insulation (phase-ground, phase-phase)</li><li>• braking resistor cable</li><li>• braking resistor type and resistance</li><li>• braking chopper operation</li></ul>	X	
F 3	<b>Earth fault</b>	Current measurement has sensed unbalance in motor phase currents. Supervision level is 5% of inverter nominal current <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• not symmetric load</li><li>• insulation failure in the motor or the cables</li></ul>	Reset has an additional 5s time delay. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• motor insulation</li><li>• motor cable insulation (phase-ground, phase-phase)</li></ul>	X	
F 5	<b>Charging switch</b>	Charging switch is open when START command becomes active <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• interference fault</li><li>• component failure</li></ul>	Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• control unit and power unit connections</li><li>• charging resistors</li><li>• If the fault comes again, change the control unit.</li></ul>	X	
F 6	<b>External Stop</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Either the ES or RDY-signal has been tripped during run</li><li>• Fault is not stored into fault history.</li></ul>	Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ES and RDY external connections</li></ul>	X	
F 7	<b>Saturation trip</b>	Very high overload or defective component	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of display are off. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• motor and motor cable insulation</li><li>• measure main circuit diodes and IGBT transistors</li><li>• If the fault comes again, change the power unit.</li></ul>	X	
F 8	<b>System fault</b>	System fault due to component failure or faulty operation.	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• read fault extension code and contact authorized service</li><li>• If the fault comes again, change the D2V.</li></ul>	X	
F 9	<b>Undervoltage</b>	DC-bus voltage has dropped below 333Vdc <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• mains supply voltage interrupted</li><li>• inverter fault can also cause an undervoltage trip</li><li>• external fault during run may cause an</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• In case of temporary supply voltage break, reset the fault and start again. Check mains input.</li><li>• If mains supply is correct, an internal failure has occurred.</li><li>• Contact authorized service.</li><li>• </li></ul>	X	



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		undervoltage trip		
F 10	<b>Input line supervision</b>	One input line phase is missing.	Check: • supply voltage • mains connection.	X
F 11	<b>Output phase supervision</b>	Current supervision has sensed that at least one of the motor phases has no current	Check: • motor cable connections • measure motor phase currents and compare to display value	X
F 12	<b>Braking chopper supervision</b>	Braking chopper or braking resistor circuit has failed. Test pulse measures transistor collector voltage. Fault appears if • braking resistor is broken • braking chopper is broken • braking resistor is not installed	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of display are off. Check: • braking resistor and insulation resistance • measure braking transistor IGBT and free wheeling diodes • If resistor is OK, then the chopper is broken • Contact authorized service	X
F 13	<b>Inverter undertemperatur</b>	Temperature of heat sink is below acceptable operating level (-10°C /14°F)	Check • ambient temperature • cubicle heating	X
F 14	<b>Inverter overtemperatur</b>	Temperature of heat sink is over acceptable operating level +90°C (194°F). Overtemperature warning is issued when the heat sink temperature exceeds +85°C (185°F)	Check: • ambient temperature • inverter cooling fan operation • cooling air flow through heat sink • heat sink is not dusty	X
F 22 F 23	<b>EEPROM checksum fault</b>	Parameter save error • interference fault • component failure (control unit)	After power off the inverter will automatically reset parameter settings. The drive does not work properly nor enable driving after this fault. Check: • all parameter settings. • +24V voltage output loading • If the fault comes again, contact authorized service center.	X
F 24	<b>Changed data warning</b>	Changes may have occurred in the different counter data due to mains interruption	No special actions required. Take a critical attitude to the counter data.	X
F 25	<b>Microprocessor watchdog-fault</b>	• interference fault • component failure (control unit)	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of display are off. If the fault comes again, contact service.	X
F 26	<b>Power Unit Fault</b>			X
F 31	<b>IGBT temperature</b>	Too high temperature in IGBT. A hardware temperature measurement has tripped.	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: • motor loading • brake operation • inverter heatsink • inverter cooling fan operation • environment temperature	X
F 32	<b>Fan cooling fault</b>	Cooling fan of the frequency converter do not work, when ON command has been given	If the fault comes again, contact authorized service.	X
F 35	<b>Application fault</b>	Run-time exception in the application program	Contact authorized service.	X
F 36	<b>Control Unit</b>	Faulty Control Unit.	Contact authorized service.	X
F 37	<b>Device changed</b>	Option board changed.	Reset the fault	X
F 38	<b>Device added</b>	Option board added.	Reset the fault	X
F 39	<b>Device removed</b>	Option board removed.	Reset the fault	X
F 40	<b>Device unknown</b>	Unknown option board or drive.	Check board and drive type.	X
F 41	<b>IGBT tempetature</b>	Too high temperature in IGBT transistors. • long duration overload • lowered cooling • high environment temperature	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: • motor parameters • u/f curve settings • motor loading • brake operation • inverter heatsink • inverter cooling fan operation • environment temperature	X
F43	<b>Encoder failure</b>	Encoder failure. Subcodes: • S1 = EA+/- is missing • S2 = EB+/- is missing	Check: • Encoder cabling • Brake opening • Encoder mechanical assembly	X



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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• S3 = Both EA+/- and EB+/- are missing</li><li>• S4 = EA+/- and EB+/- are crossconnected</li><li>• S5 = SSU-board is missing or system load is too high</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Encoder type and pulse number</li></ul>	
F44	Device changed	Option board or control unit has been changed to different type or different power rating	Reset the fault. Option board parameters or all parameters are set up to default values.	X
F45	Device added	Option board of different type or drive of different power rating added.	Reset the fault. Option board parameters or all parameters are set up to default values.	X
F50	Reference value fault	Analog input signal is out of selected range 1-9V or 2-10V <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Control cable is broken</li><li>• Signal source has failed</li></ul>	Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reference cable</li><li>• Reference source</li></ul>	X
F 51	Stop limit	Stop limit has tripped	Reset: keep controller at zero >300ms. Ensure that fault disappears after leaving the stop limit.	X
F 55	Board Fault	Some of following board is missing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A = Basic I/O board</li><li>• B = Thermistor board</li><li>• D = Expansion board</li></ul>	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• board slots A, B and D</li><li>• drive selection</li><li>• control mode</li></ul>	X
F 56	Generator side current limit	Too short deceleration time <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• generator side current limit</li></ul>	Reset has an additional 5 s time delay. Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• deceleration time</li></ul>	X
F 57	Thermistor fault	Thermistor input in relay / thermistor board has detected motor overtemperature. Fault appears when thermistor input has been open over 1s.	Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• motor cooling and loading</li><li>• thermistor connection. If expansion board thermistor input is not used, it should be shorted</li><li>• motor parameters</li><li>• the brake operation</li></ul>	X
F 60	Parameter fault	Inverter has lost parameters. Drive selection parameter has changed to 0 / none.	Download parameters from keypad	X

F 61	Overspeed Fault	SSU has tripped to Overspeed (hardware supervision). Motor speed has increased above overspeed detection level.	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: function and cabling maximum frequency setting parameters SSU settings	X
F 62	Speed Difference Fault	SSU has tripped to Speed Difference	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: pulse sensor/encoder function and cabling pulse sensor/encoder pulse number speed difference supervision settings	X
F 63	Stall Supervision Fault	SSU has tripped to Stall.	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: brake operation pulse sensor/encoder function and cabling stall supervision settings	X
F 64	SSU Relay Test Fault	Relay in SSU board is damaged or SSU relay is bypassed	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of keypad are off. Check: ES and RDY external connections OK input operation change SSU board	X
F 65	SSU Watchdog	SSU internal fault interference fault between SSU board and control board component failure (control board or SSU board)	Reset: switch power off and restart after the lamps of display are off. Check: SSU status (System menu / System info / Expander boards / C: SSU / status) SSU LED's If the fault comes again, contact service	X
F 66	SSU Overspeed Limit	SSU overspeed limit has been set over 140% of maximum frequency	Check: set SSU overspeed limit under 140% of maximum frequency	X



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			motor type plate parameters maximum frequency parameters		
<b>F 70</b>	Multicare Fault	Other inverter has tripped to fault or brake of other inverter has not been opened. Fault is not stored into fault history.	Check other hoisting inverter: fault history brake operation		X
<b>F 71</b>	Brake Control Fault	Load information from hoist control unit is out of operation window	Check Ain2 wiring settings of load measuring device		X
<b>F 73</b>	Both Dir Active	Both direction signals are active at same time >500ms	Check controller operation wiring of direction signals		X
<b>F 90</b>	SystemBus fault	Communication error in SystemBus	Check SystemBus wiring SystemBus boards connections into the control units Parameters P2.4.1, P2.4.2. and P2.4.3. in all drives		X
<b>F 91</b>	SystemBus Brake supervision	All units are not giving brake opening or closing information during 500ms.	Check That each active drive gets direction signals (S1/S2). That ramp times are similar in each drive		X
<b>F 92</b>	Synchronization Displacement	Displacement limit has been exceeded. Difference in acceleration, deceleration or braking times between the drives.	Check That ramp times are similar in each drive Value of parameter P2.4.5. "Displacement Lim" in master drive Speed feedback operation Mechanical brake operation and adjustments		X
<b>F 93</b>	SystemBus Activation	Synchro activation is not done in correct operation state.	Stop driving before the Synchro is activated or deactivated	X	

A = Can be done by the user

B = Can be done only by manufacturer authorized personnel

### 3.3.1 Fault time data record

When a fault occurs, the fault number is displayed. By pushing the menu button right here you will enter the Fault time data record menu, indicated by T.1-T.13.

In this menu, some selected important data valid at the time of the fault are recorded. The data available are:

T.1	Counted operation days	d
T.2	Counted operation hours	hh:mm:ss
T.3	Output frequency	Hz
T.4	Motor current	A
T.5	Motor voltage	V
T.6	Motor power	%
T.7	Motor torque	%
T.8	DC voltage	V
T.9	Unit temperature	°C
T.10	Ready Run	0=Not Ready 1=Ready 0=Not Running 1=Run
T.11	Direction Fault	0=Off 1=On 0=No 1=Yes
T.12	Warning At reference	0=No 1=Yes 0=No 1=Yes
T.13	0-speed	0=Not Zero Speed 1=Zero Speed



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### 3.3.2 Fault Counter

V4.5.1	Fault Counter	Fault counter value. Counter value is shown in format Fault counter value. Fault number. E.g. 12.01 means that there has been 12 pieces overcurrent faults.
		When counter value is blinking, then you can monitor fault counter values by pressing up and down arrows.
	xx.01 Overcurrent fault counter xx.02 Overvoltage fault counter xx.03 Earth fault counter xx.07 Saturation trip fault counter xx.09 Undervoltage fault counter xx.10 Input line supervision fault counter xx.11 Output phase supervision fault counter xx.12 Braking chopper supervision fault counter xx.13 Inverter undertemperature fault counter xx.14 Inverter overtemperature fault counter xx.25 Microprocessor watchdog-fault counter xx.41 IGBT temperature fault counter xx.53 Profibus communication error fault counter xx.56 Generator side current limit fault counter xx.57 Thermistor fault counter xx.61 Overspeed fault counter xx.62 Speed difference fault counter xx.63 Stall supervision fault counter xx.99 Sum counter of following faults: F4, F5, F8, F22, F23, F24, F26, F32, F33, F34, F35, F36, F37, F38, F39, F40, F48, F50, F54, F55, F60, F64, F65, F71, F72	
V4.5.2	Total Faults	Total number of all faults.

### 3.4 Inverter Alarm codes

Alarm is a sign of an unusual operating condition. Alarm remains in the display for about 30 seconds.

Alarm code	Possible cause	Checking
A 16 Motor overtemperature	Mathematical motor temperature model has detected motor overheating. Motor is overloaded.	Check: motor load if no overload exists, then check motor temperature model parameters
A 50 Reference value alarm	Analog input signal is out of selected range 1-9V or 2-10V control cable is broken signal source has failed	Check: reference cable reference source
A 80 Multistep sequence alarm	Controller does not operate accurately	Check: controller
A 82 Overweight alarm	Motor load is over adjusted value	Check: Overweight limit value
A 83 Slack cable alarm	Motor load is under adjusted value	Check: Slack cable limit value



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## 9 TROUBLESHOOTING TABLE

If inverter doesn't work, but any fault doesn't found write down the following information before contacting to the supplier.

GENERAL INFORMATION	
WORK NUMBER	
CUSTOMER REFERENCE	
DATE PUT IN OPERATION	
DATE OF FAILURE	
SHORT DESCRIPTION OF FAILURE, ERROR CODE	

INVERTER INFORMATION			
TYPE CODE		ACCELERATION TIME	S
SERIALNUMBER		DECELERATION TIME	S
CONTROL METHOD		MIN FREQ	Hz
EP2		MAX FREQ	Hz
EP3			
MS			

MOTOR INFORMATION			
TYPE CODE		NOMINAL VOLTAGE	S
SERIALNUMBER		NOMINAL CURRENT	S
U/F-CURVE (Travelling inverter)		NOMINAL FREQUENCY	
Zero freq volt	%	NOMINAL SPEED	
U/f Mid volt	%	POWER FACTOR	
U/f Mid freq	Hz	PULSE SENSOR PULSE / REV (Hoisting inverter)	

MEASURED VALUES							
INVERTER				MOTOR			
VOLTAGE PHASE-TO-PHASE	L1-L2 VAC	L1-L3 VAC	L2-L3 VAC	NOMINAL CURRENT	U-V $\Omega$	V-W $\Omega$	W-U $\Omega$
VOLTAGE PHASE-TO-GROUND	L1 VAC	L2 VAC	L3 VAC				
MEASURED CONTROL VOLTAGE	V						



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## 4 SERVICE

The drive does not require regular maintenance. However the following actions are recommended:

*Check fault history  
Find out reasons of possible faults  
Clear the fault history  
Clean the heat sink  
Prevent the dust to spread inside cubicles  
Lock the fans before blowing compressed air  
Check that there are no abnormal noises coming from the cooling fan  
Tighten all screws and connectors  
Clean dust from PC-boards  
Check the speed supervision circuit (only in hoisting inverter)  
See chapter "Functional test run for SSU"*

## 10 SPARE PARTS LIST FOR HOISTING INVERTER

**M** Inverter D2V includes boards for slots A, B and D, but does not include SSU, speed supervision unit for slot C.

POS	DESCRIPTION	NAME	ID	REMARKS	002	003	004	005	007	011	015	018	022	030	037	045	055
<b>INVERTER</b>																	
A1	Inverter	D2V002NF1N06	52571170	EMC level N/S	1												
		D2V002NF1006	52571188	EMC level 0	1												
		D2V003NF1N06	52571171	EMC level N/S		1											
		D2V003NF1006	52571189	EMC level 0		1											
		D2V004NF1N06	52571172	EMC level N/S			1										
		D2V004NF1006	52571190	EMC level 0			1										
		D2V005NF1N06	52571173	EMC level N/S				1									
		D2V005NF1006	52571192	EMC level 0				1									
		D2V007NF1N06	52571174	EMC level N/S					1								
		D2V007NF1006	52571193	EMC level 0					1								
		D2V011NF1N06	52571175	EMC level N/S						1							
		D2V011NF1006	52571194	EMC level 0						1							
		D2V015NF1N06	52571176	EMC level N/S							1						
		D2V015NF1006	52571195	EMC level 0							1						
		D2V018NF1N06	52571177	EMC level N/S								1					
		D2V018NF1006	52571196	EMC level 0								1					
		D2V022NF1N06	52571178	EMC level N/S									1				
		D2V022NF1006	52571197	EMC level 0									1				
		D2V030NF1N06	52571179	EMC level N/S										1			
		D2V030NF1006	52571199	EMC level 0										1			
		D2V037NF1N06	52571180	EMC level N/S											1		
		D2V037NF1006	52571200	EMC level 0											1		
		D2V045NF1N06	52571181	EMC level N/S												1	
		D2V045NF1006	52571201	EMC level 0												1	
		D2V055NF1N06	52571182	EMC level N/S													1
		D2V055NF1006	52571202	EMC level 0													1
<b>BOARDS INCLUDED IN INVERTER D2V</b>																	
	Basic I/O-board	NXOPTA6L	52335566	Slot A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Relay / Thermistor board	NXOPTA3L	52335565	Slot B	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	I/O Extension board	NXOPTB9L	52335564	Slot D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>BOARDS NOT INCLUDED IN INVERTER D2V</b>																	
	Speed supervision unit	SSUL	52335567	Slot C	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	SystemBus board	NXOPTD1L	52354858	Slot E	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>BRAKE SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER</b>																	
F7	Protective switch	GV2-ME08	52297213							1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Auxiliary contact	GV2-AN20	52275270							1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
F71	Protective switch	GV2-ME08	52297213														1
	Auxiliary contact	GV2-AN20	52275270														1
<b>BRAKE CONTACTOR</b>																	
K7	Contactor	LC1-D09D7	52303564	42VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		C01E7	52296542	48VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		C01F7	52296548	115VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		LC1-D09P7	52296643	230VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
At K7	RC-filter	LA4-DA1E	52275256	42/48VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		LA4-DA1U	52275257	115/230VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>BRAKE CONTROL UNIT (DC-BRAKE)</b>																	
G1	Brake control unit	REC12	60010145		1	1	1	1	1	1							



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		ESD141	60003098						1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
SECOND BRAKE CONTACTOR																
K71	Contactor	LC1-D09D7	52303564	42VAC												1
		C01E7	52296542	48VAC												1
		C01F7	52296548	115VAC												1
		LC1-D09P7	52296643	230VAC												1
	RC-filter	LA4-DA1E	52275256	42/48VAC												1
		LA4-DA1U	52275257	115/230VAC												1
	Auxiliary contact	LAD-8N20	52297562													1
		LAD-N04	52297548													1
COMPONENTS FOR EMC LEVEL (N)																
CM1	Y-capacitor	KC-307-00	52298693	42VAC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Z1	Ferrite	RU2100-30-7	52299351	Emission level N	1	1	1	1	1	1						
Z2		RH175285107	52297604		1	1	1	1	1	1						
Z3		RH175285107	52297604		1	1	1	1	1	1						
Z1		EF32010	52299352								2	2	2			
Z2		W74270096	52299353								1	1	1			
Z3		W7427015	52299354								2	2	2			
Z1		EF32010	52299352										2	2	2	
Z2		W7427015	52299354										1	1	1	
Z3		W742701111	52300355										7	7	7	
Z2		W7427015	52299354													3
Z3		W7427015	52299354													4



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## 11 DRAWINGS

### 4.1 Description of terminals

#### 4.1.1 Power classes 002F - 011F

No	Name	Description, signal level
	PE	
L1	L1	Power supply, phase 1
L2	L2	Power supply, phase 2
L3	L3	Power supply, phase 3
B+	B+	Braking resistor
R-	R-	Braking resistor
U/T1	U/T1	Motor output, phase 1
V/T2	V/T2	Motor output, phase 2
W/T3	W/T3	Motor output, phase 3

No	Name	Description, signal level	No	Name	Description, signal level
1	BL1	AC brake supply, phase 1	31	BD1	DC brake supply 1
2	BL2	AC brake supply, phase 2	32	BD2	DC brake supply 2
3	BL3	AC brake supply, phase 3	33	T1	Thermistor input
4	T12	Reserved for thermistors connections	34	T2	Thermistor input
5	OLE	External control voltage, 42/48/115/230Vac	35	ONE	Neutral of external control voltage OLE
6	OLE	External control voltage, 42/48/115/230Vac	36	ONE	Neutral of external control voltage OLE
7	RDY	Stop with brake	37	ES	External Stop
8	S1	Direction 1 run command	38	DID1	Free input
9	S2	Direction 2 run command	39	DID2 (S11)	Slowdown signal, direction 1
10	DIA3	Accelerate / speed 2	40	DID3 (S21)	Slowdown signal, direction 2
11	DIA4	Not used / hold / speed 3	41	DID4 (S12)	Stop limit signal, direction 1
12	DIA5	Not used / speed 4	42	DID5 (S22)	Stop limit signal, direction 2
13			43		
14			44		
15	K7-A1	Coil of brake contactor K7	45	ROB1-21	Not used
16	ROB1-22	Not used	46	ROB1-23	Not used
17	ROD1-28	Free NO-contact of relay ROD1	47	ROD1-29	Free NO-contact of relay ROD1
18	K7-153	Free NO-contact of K7	48	K7-154	Free NO-contact of K7
19	K7-163	Free NO-contact of K7	49	K7-164	Free NO-contact of K1
20	K71-13	Free NO-contact of K71	50	K71-14	Free NO-contact of K71

21	PUR	Not used	51	EA+	Encoder channel A+
22	+15V	Not used	52	EA-	Encoder channel A-
23	AIN1+	Multicare speed reference input, 0...+10V	53	EB+	Encoder channel B+
24	AIN2+	Not used	54	EB-	Encoder channel B-
25	AIN-	Common for analog inputs	55	+24V	+24V output for encoder
26	AOUT	Multicare speed reference output 0...+10V	56	0V	Common for encoder supply
27	0V	Common for analog output	57	+24V	External supply for Control module



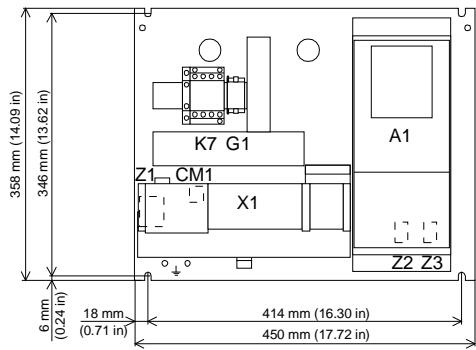
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#### 4.1.2 Power classes 015F - 055F

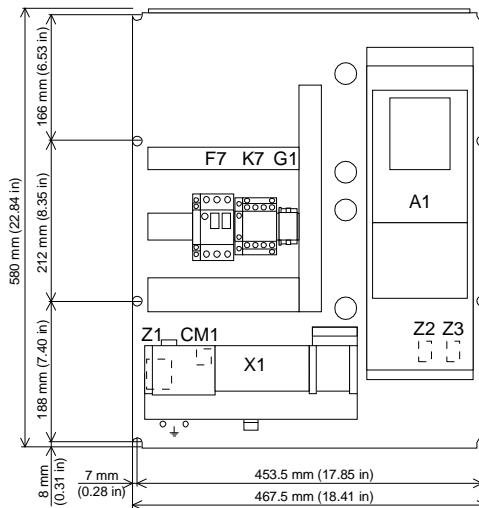
No	Name	Description, signal level		
	PE			
91	L11	Auxiliary power supply, phase 1		
92	L12	Auxiliary power supply, phase 2		
93	L13	Auxiliary power supply, phase 3		
No	Name	Description, signal level		
1	BL1	AC brake supply, phase 1	31	BD1 DC brake supply 1
2	BL2	AC brake supply, phase 2	32	BD2 DC brake supply 2
3	BL3	AC brake supply, phase 3	33	T1 Thermistor input
4	T12	Reserved for thermistors connections	34	T2 Thermistor input
5	OLE	External control voltage, 42/48/115/230Vac	35	ONE Neutral of external control voltage OLE
6	OLE	External control voltage, 42/48/115/230Vac	36	ONE Neutral of external control voltage OLE
7	RDY	Stop with brake	37	ES External Stop
8	S1	Direction 1 run command	38	DID1 Free input
9	S2	Direction 2 run command	39	DID2 (S11) Slowdown signal, direction 1
10	DIA3	Accelerate / speed 2	40	DID3 (S21) Slowdown signal, direction 2
11	DIA4	Not used / hold / speed 3	41	DID4 (S12) Stop limit signal, direction 1
12	DIA5	Not used / speed 4	42	DID5 (S22) Stop limit signal, direction 2
13			43	
14			44	
15	K7-A1	Coil of brake contactor K7	45	ROB1-21 Not used
16	ROB1-22	Not used	46	ROB1-23 Not used
17	ROD1-28	Free NO-contact of relay ROD1	47	ROD1-29 Free NO-contact of relay ROD1
18	K7-153	Free NO-contact of K7	48	K7-154 Free NO-contact of K7
19	K7-163	Free NO-contact of K7	49	K7-164 Free NO-contact of K1
20	K71-13	Free NO-contact of K71	50	K71-14 Free NO-contact of K71
		PE		
21	PUR	Not used	51	EA+ Encoder channel A+
22	+15V	Not used	52	EA- Encoder channel A-
23	AIN1+	Multicare speed reference input, 0...+10V	53	EB+ Encoder channel B+
24	AIN2+	Not used	54	EB- Encoder channel B-
25	AIN-	Common for analog inputs	55	+24V +24V output for encoder
26	AOUT	Multicare speed reference output 0...+10V	56	0V Common for encoder supply
27	0V	Common for analog output	57	+24V External supply for Control module
		PE		

## 4.2 Layouts, dimensions and weights

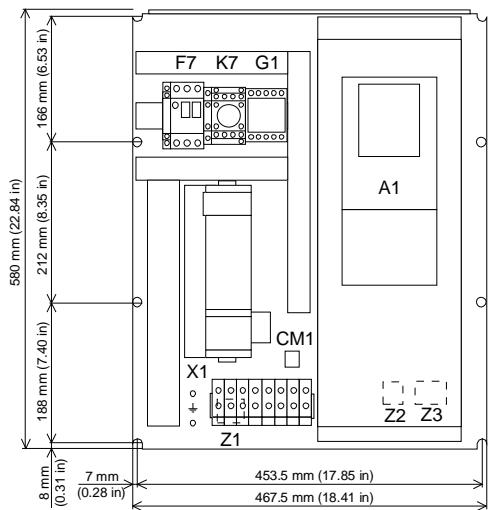
**002F - 005F**  
Weight 12 kg (27 lbs)



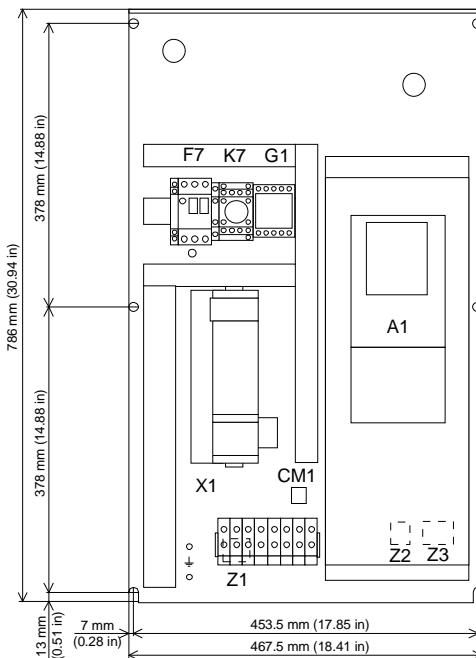
**007F - 011F**  
Weight 19 kg (42 lbs)



**015F**  
Weight 29 kg (64 lbs)

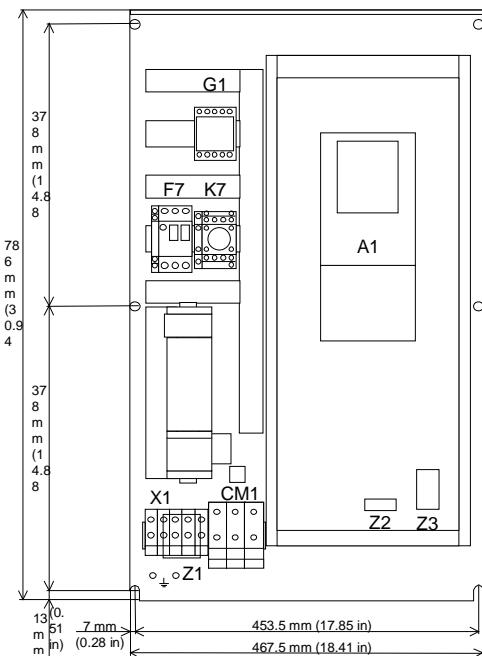


**018F - 022F**  
Weight 31 kg (68 lbs)



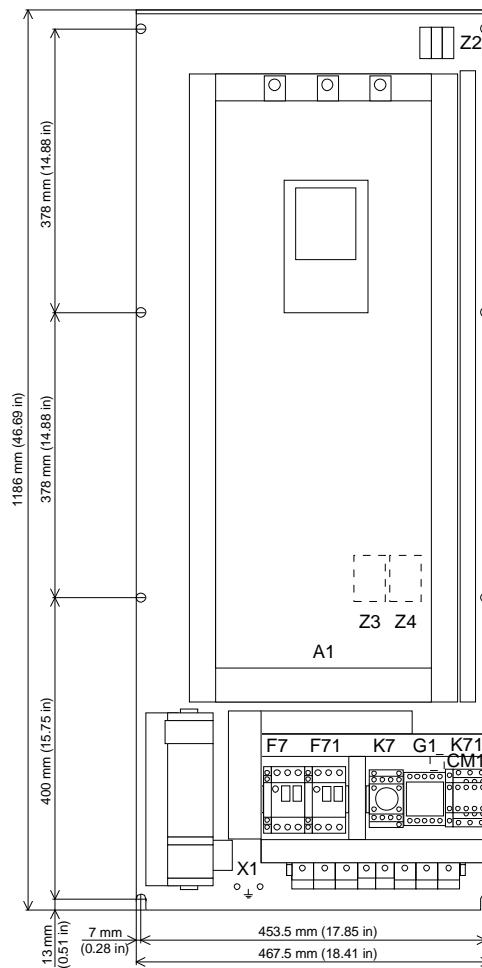
### 030F - 045F

Weight 47 kg (102 lbs)



### 055F

Weight 80 kg (176 lbs)



## 4.3 Circuit diagrams

- 002F – 005F
- 007F – 011F
- 015F – 045F
- 055F

### 4.3.1 Internal wirings

PE	A	B	C	D	Other single wires	Screened cables
002F – 011F 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 14	002F – 011F 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 14	002F – 018F 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 14	002F – 055F 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 14	002F – 055F 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 16	002F – 055F 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 20	002F – 055F 8 x 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 8 x AWG 20
015F – 018F 6 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 10	015F – 018F 6 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 10					
022F – 037F 10 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 8	022F 10 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 8	022F 6 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 10				
	030F – 037F 16 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 6	030F – 045F 10 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 8				

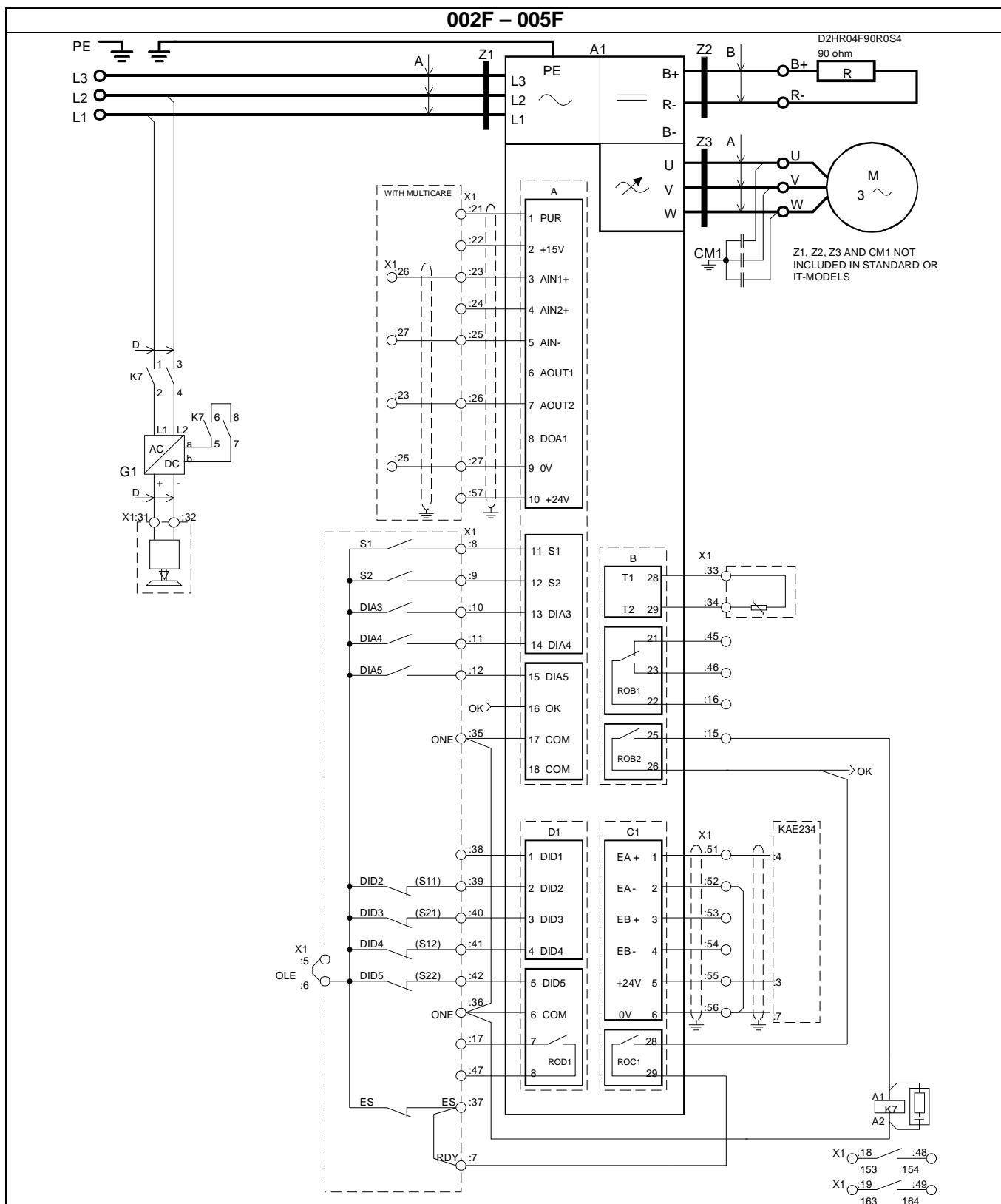


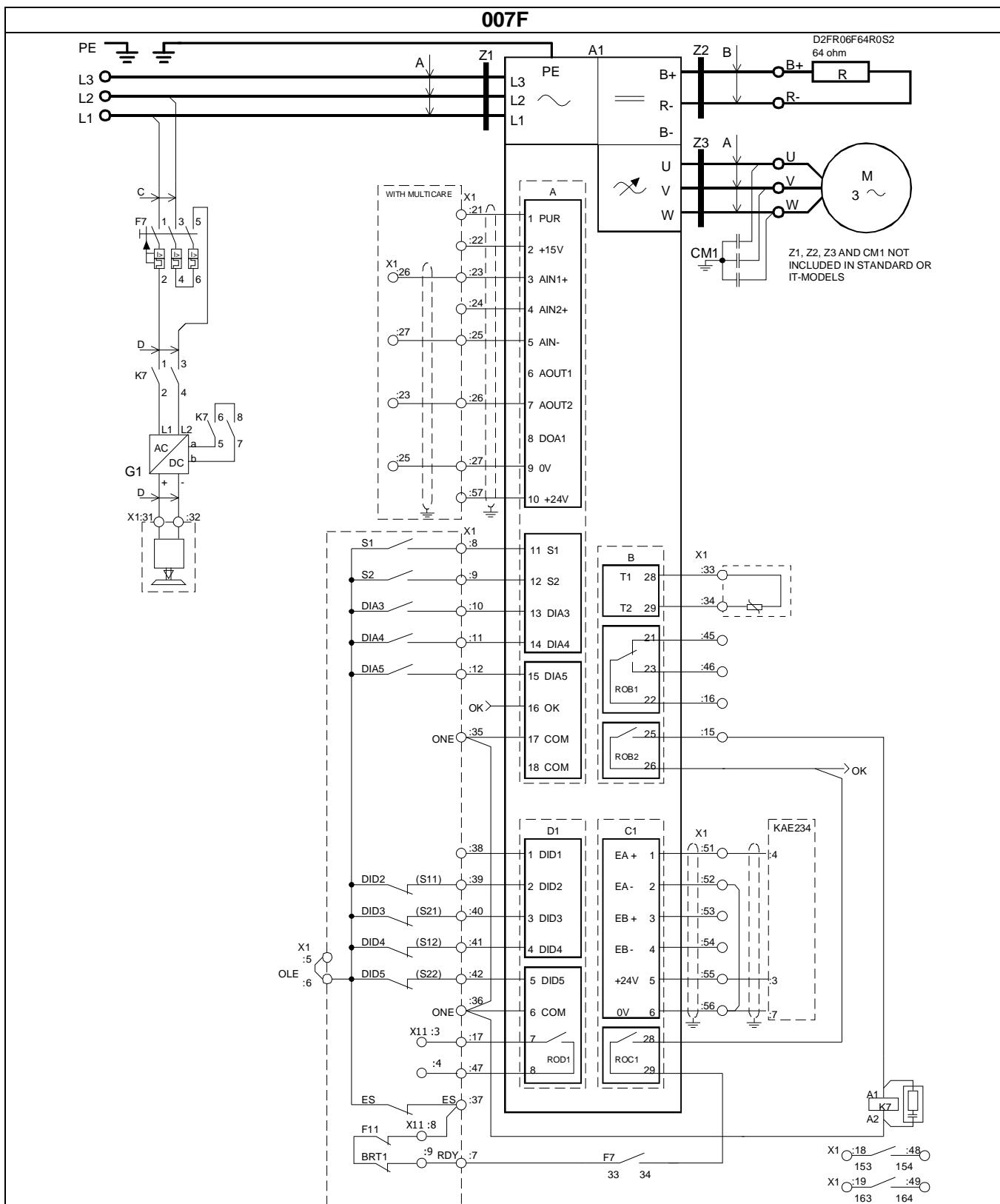
R&M Materials Handling, Inc.  
4501 Gateway Boulevard  
Springfield, Ohio 45502  
P.: (937) 328-5100  
FAX: (937) 325-5319

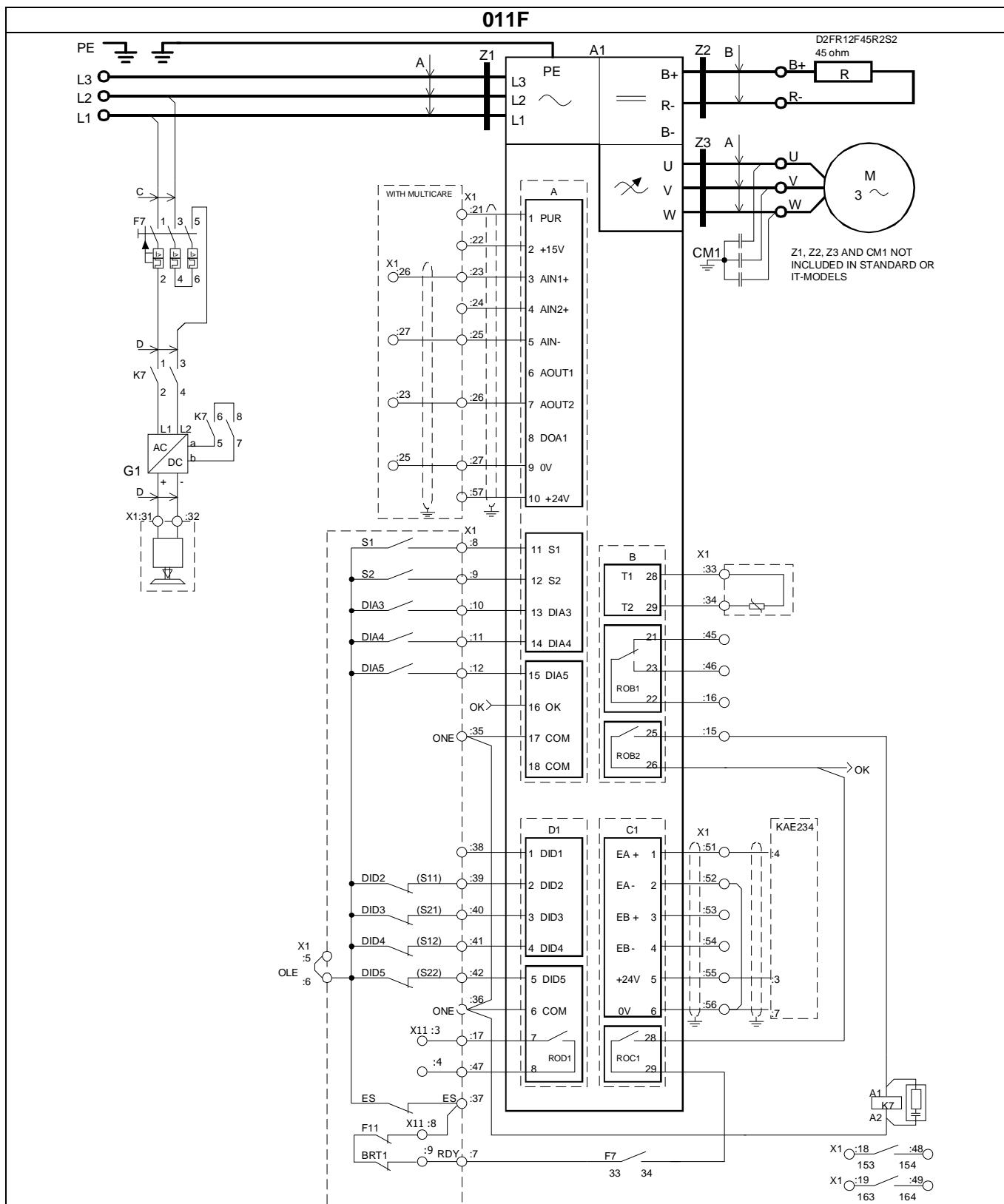
045F 16 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 6	045F 25 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 4				
055F – 075F 25 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 4	055F 35 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 2	055F 16 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 6			

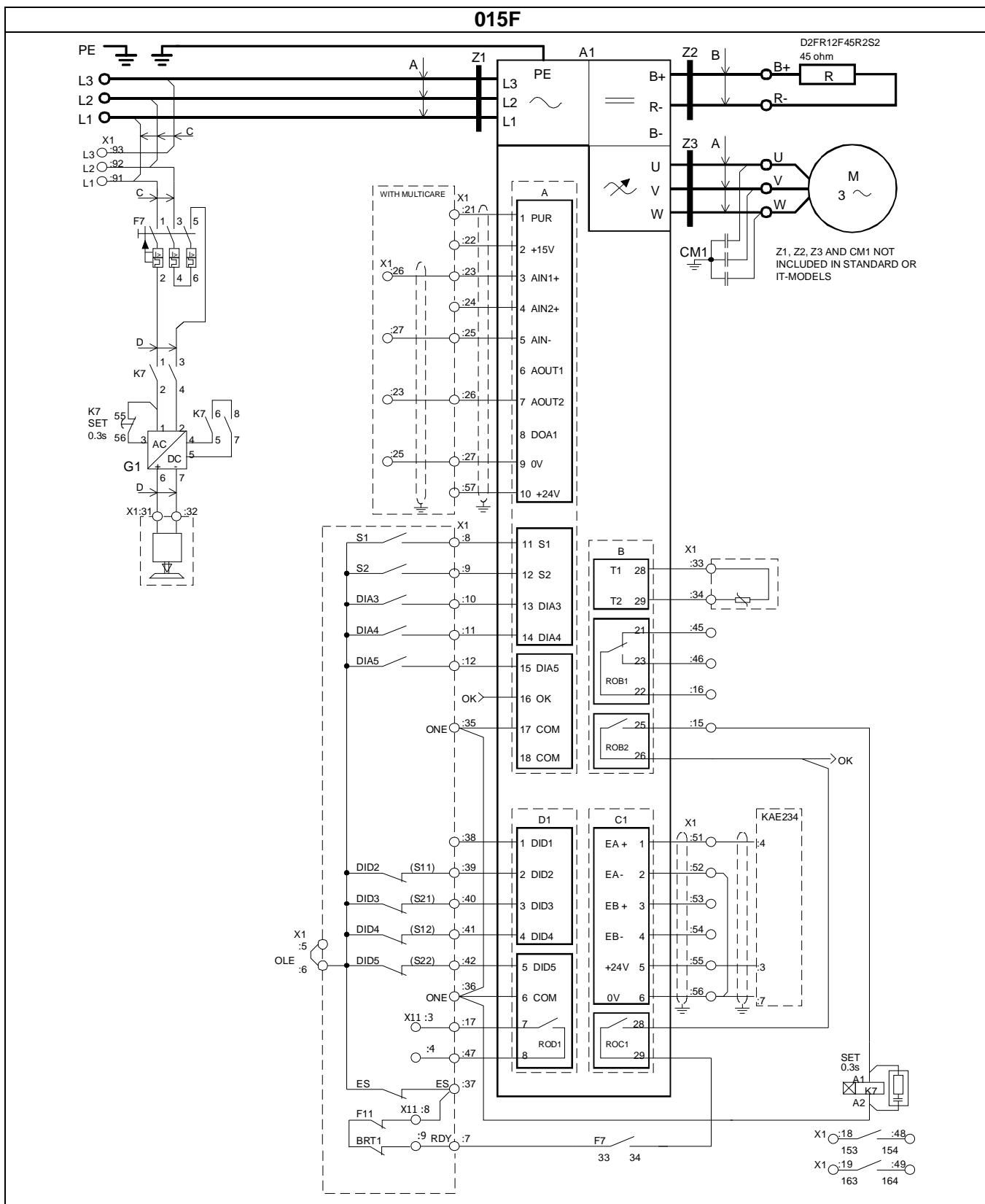
#### 4.3.2 Wiring colours

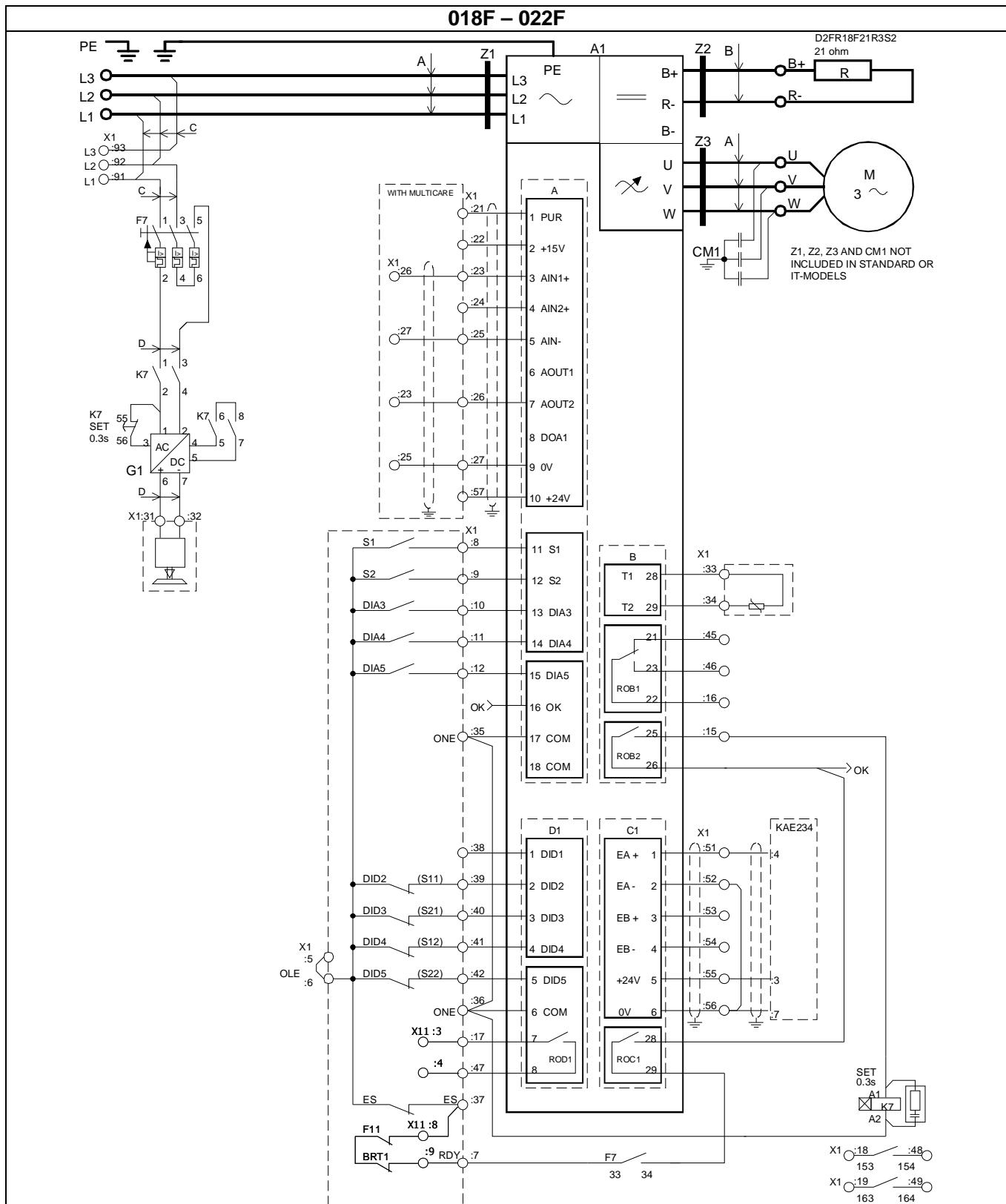
Single wires		Screened cable board A		Screened cable board C	
PE	Green-Yellow	PUR	Grey	EA+	Grey
A	Black	+15V	Pink	EA-	Pink
B	Black	AIN1+	Green	EB+	Green
ONE	White	AIN2+	Yellow	EB-	Yellow
Others	Red	AIN-	Blue	+24V	Brown
		AOUT2	Red	0V	White
		0V	White		
		+24V	Brown		

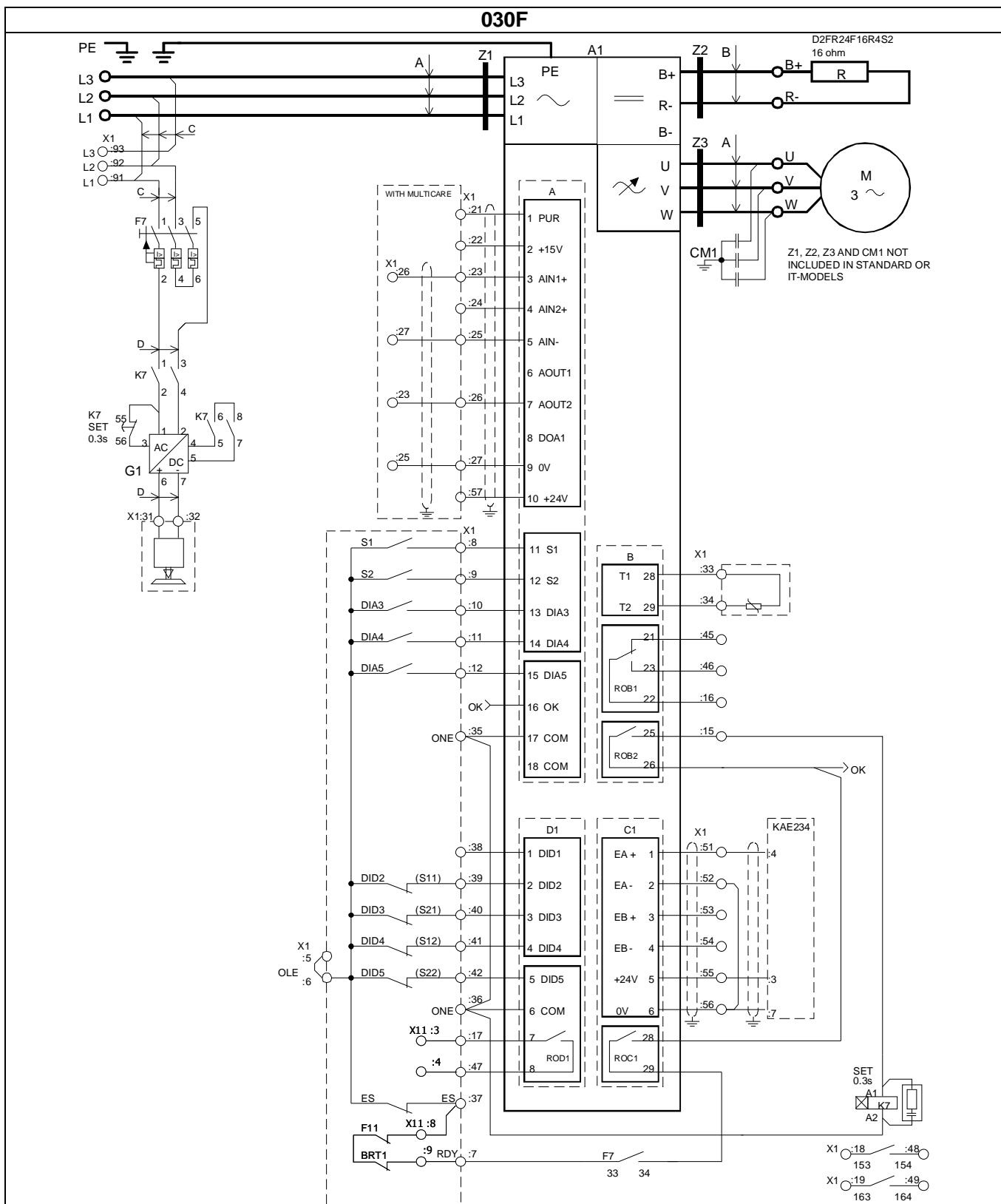


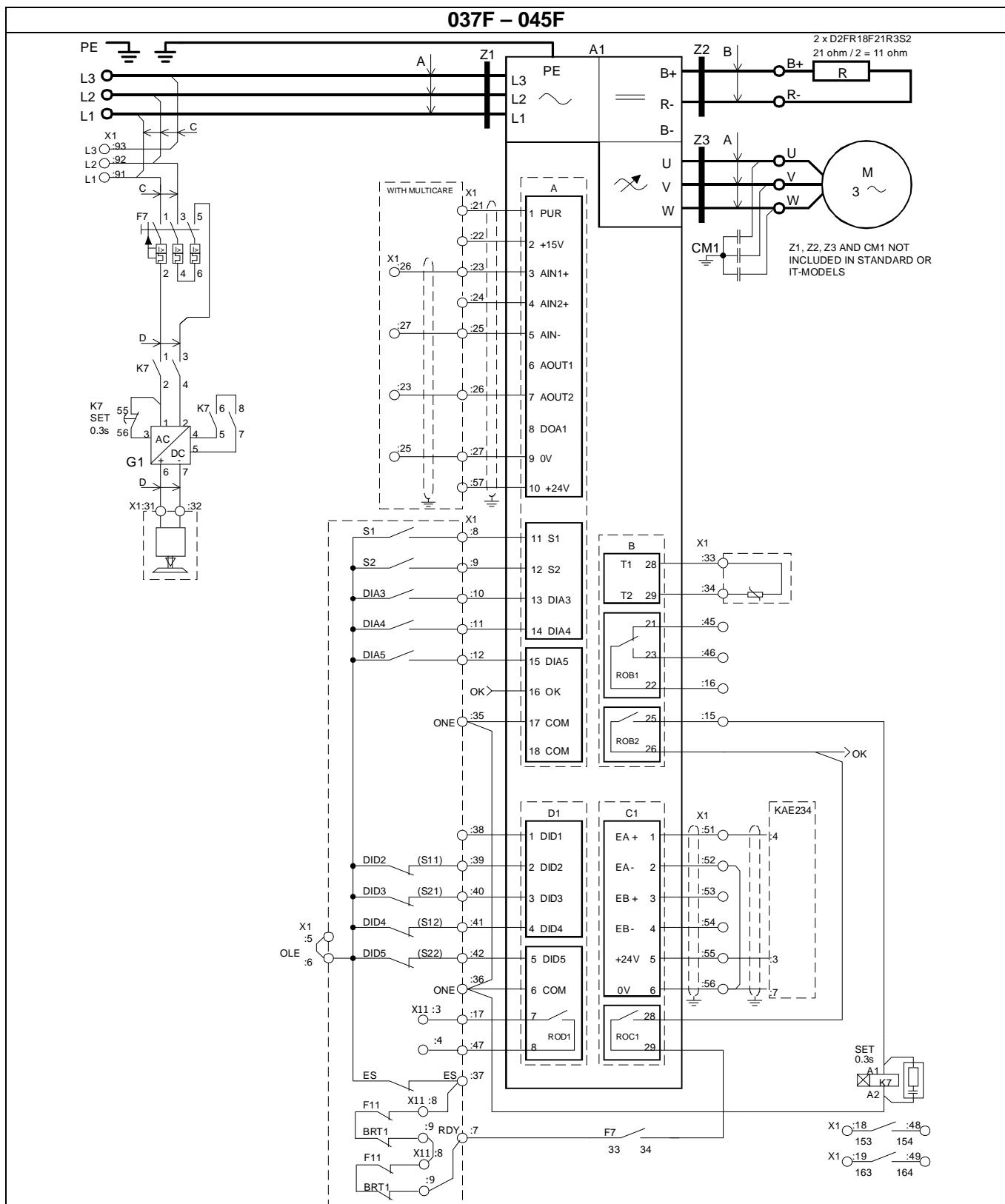


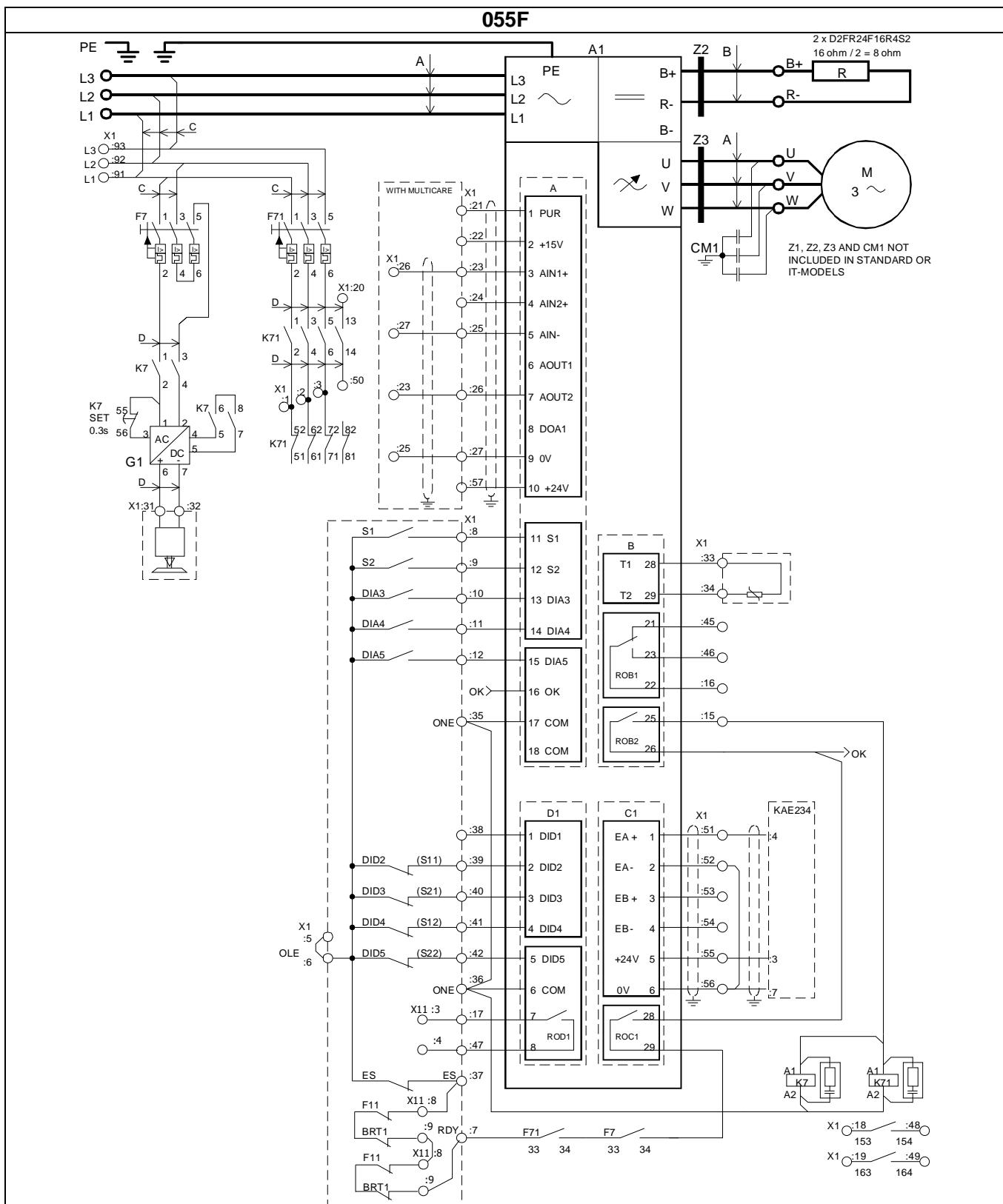














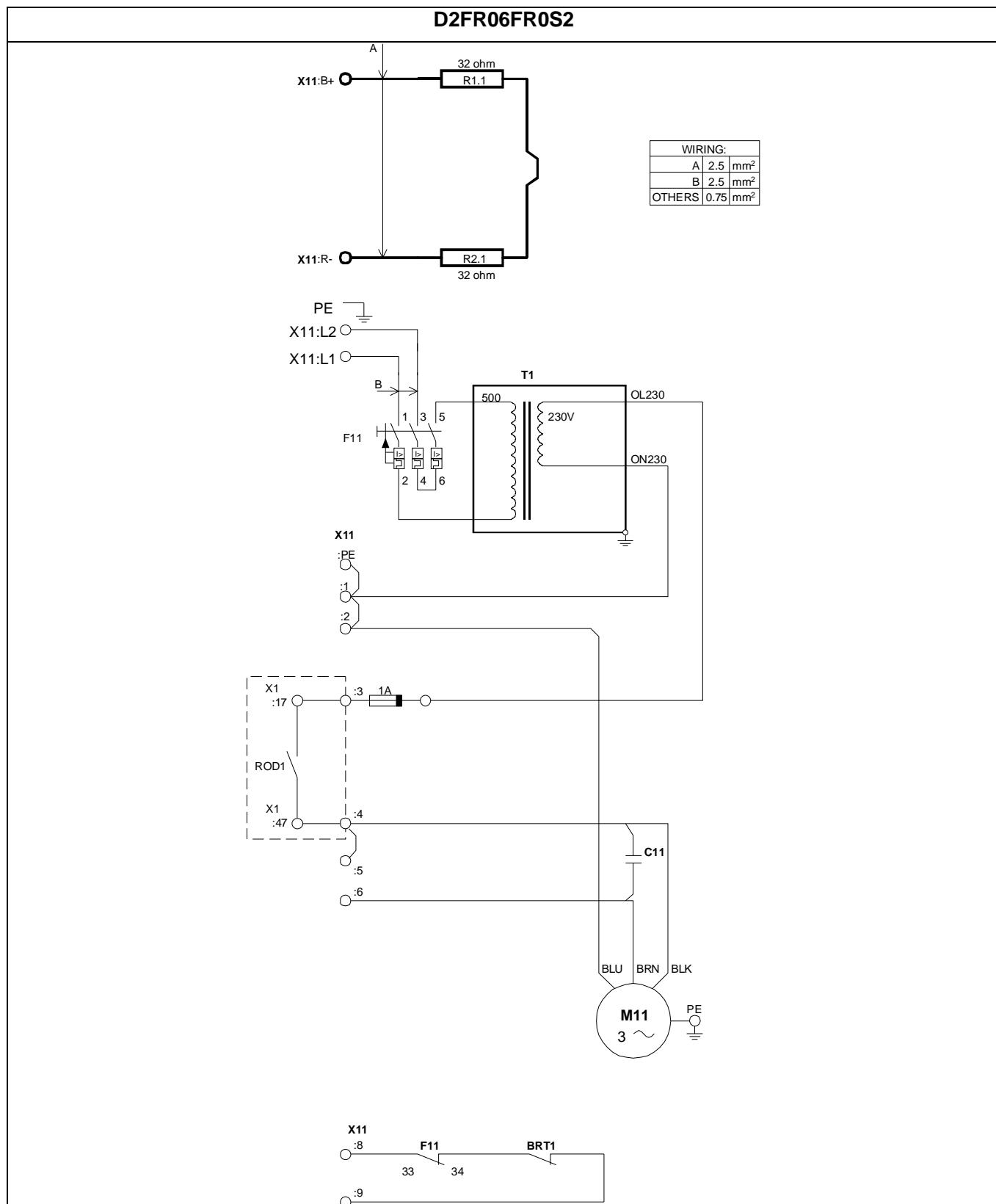
R&M Materials Handling, Inc.  
4501 Gateway Boulevard  
Springfield, Ohio 45502  
P.: (937) 328-5100  
FAX: (937) 325-5319

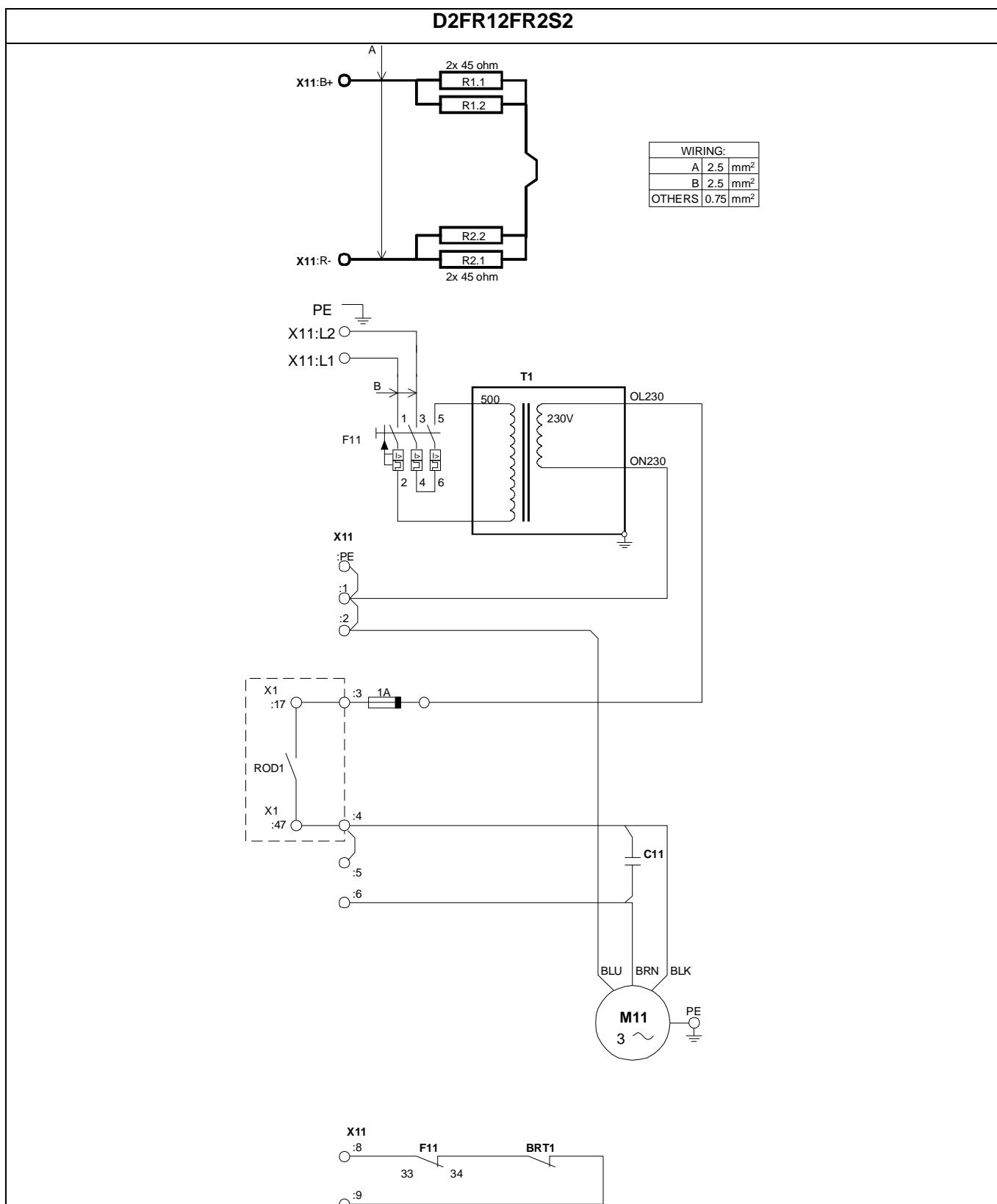
## 4.4 Circuit diagrams for braking resistors

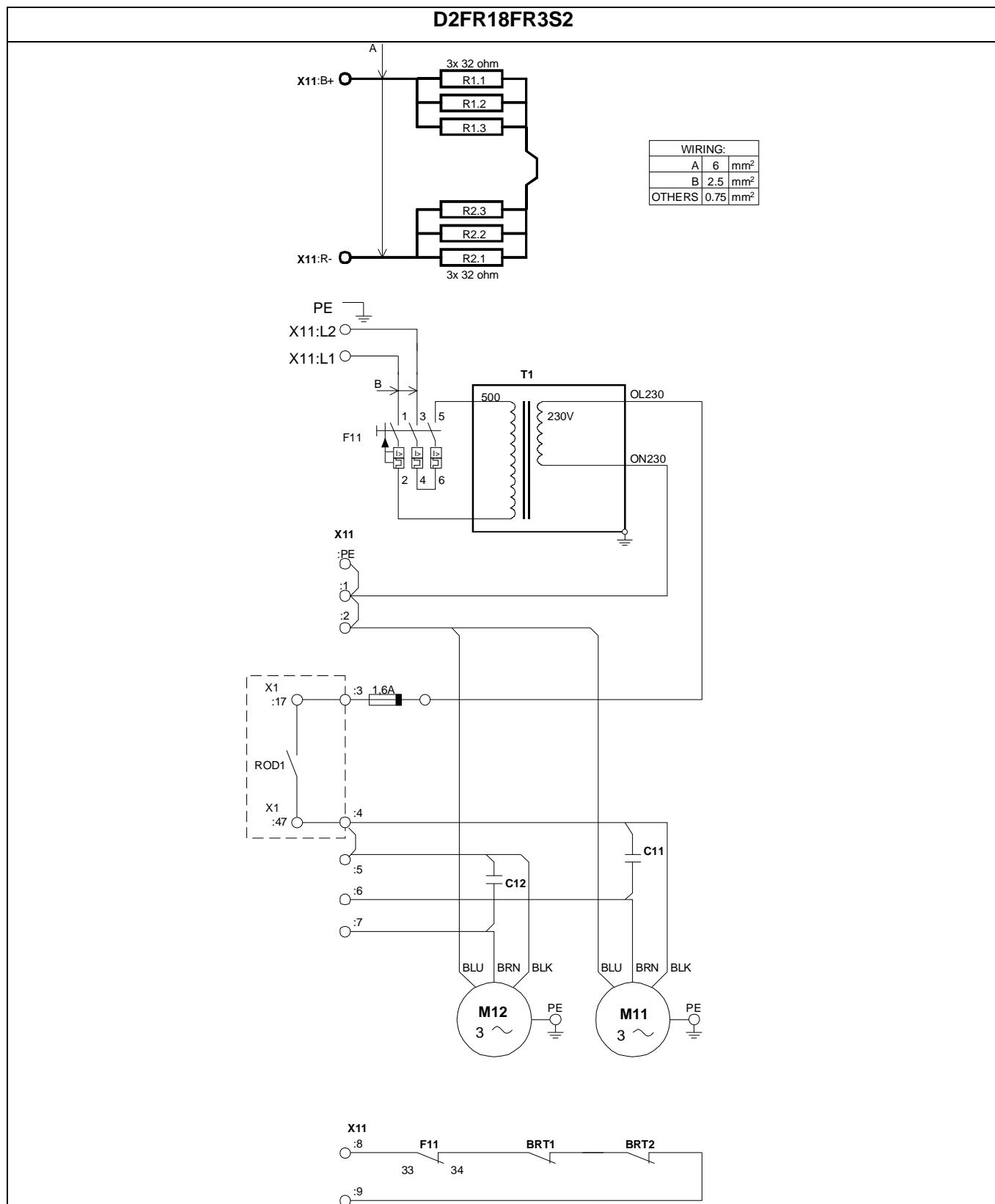
- D2FR06FR0S2
- D2FR12FR2S2
- D2FR18FR3S2
- D2FR24FR4S2

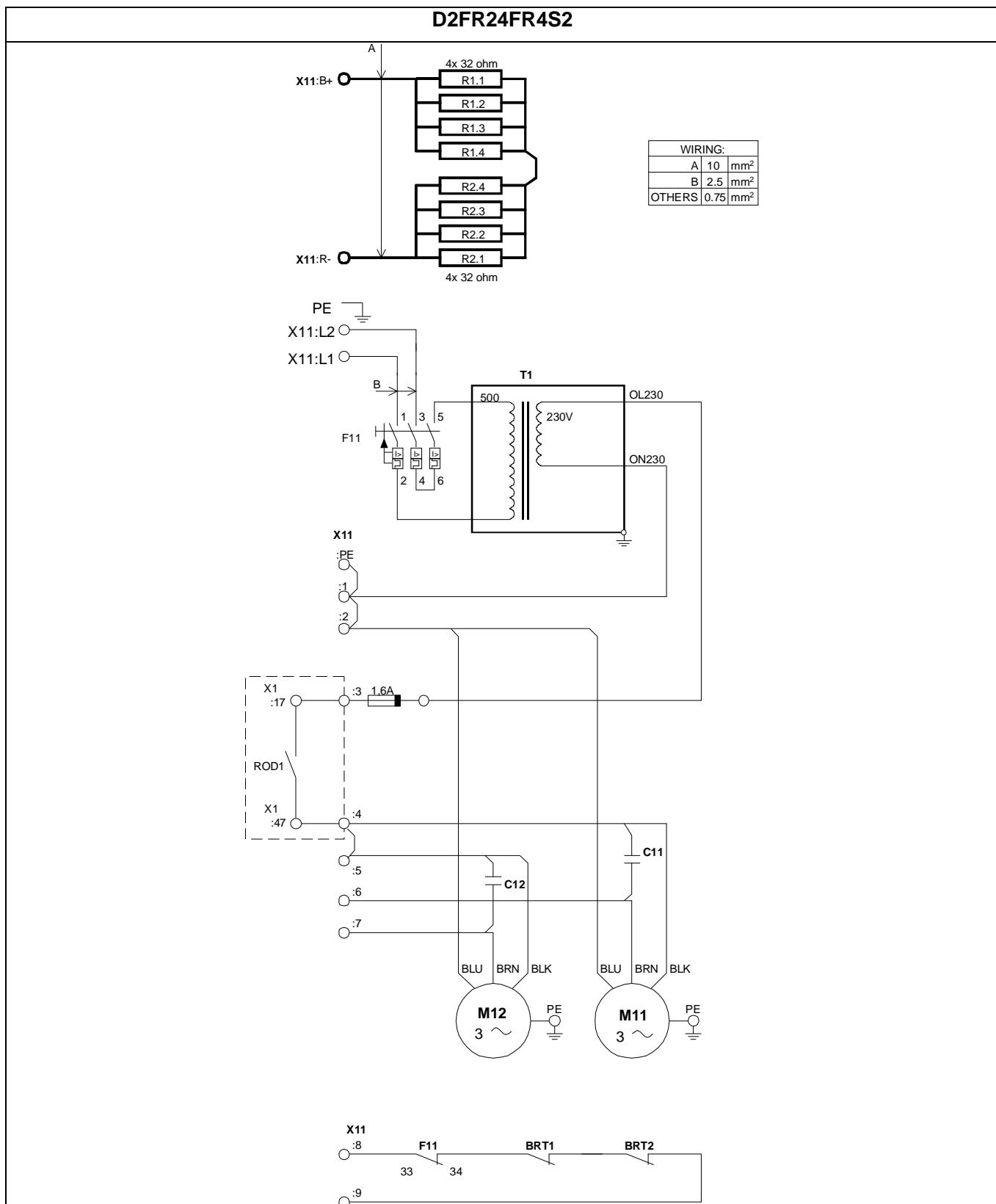
### 4.4.1 Internal wirings

A	B	Other single wires
D2FR06FR0S2 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 14	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 6	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 20
D2FR12FR2S2 6 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 10		
D2FR18FR3S2 6 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 10		
D2FR24FR4S2 10 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG 8		



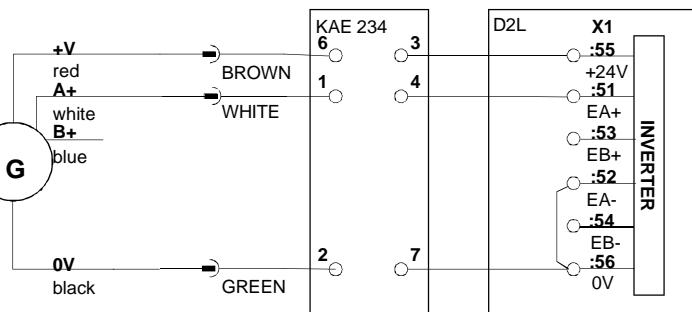




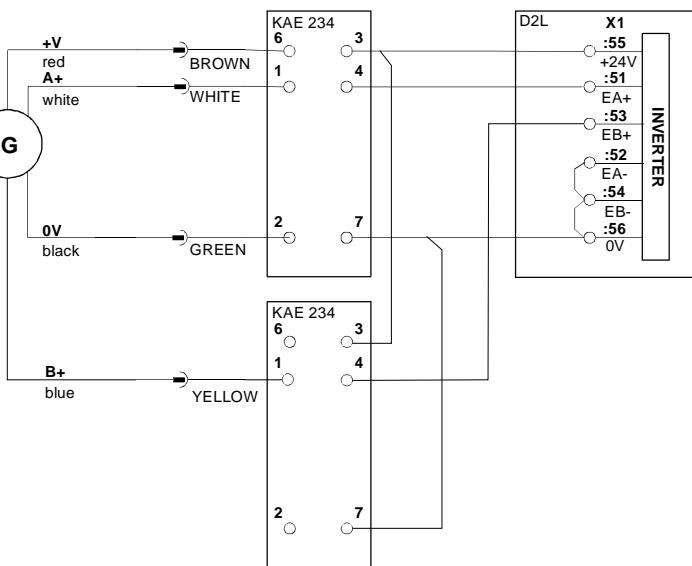


## 4.5 Standard connections for pulse sensors.

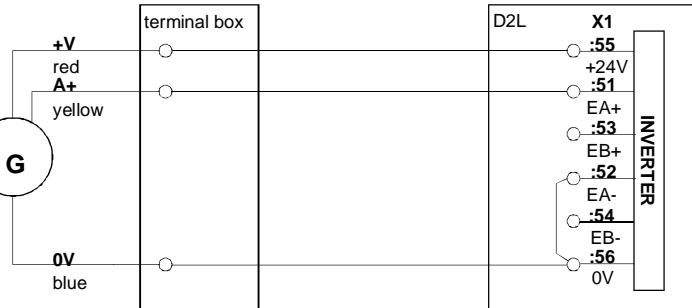
Standard connection with sensor bearing.



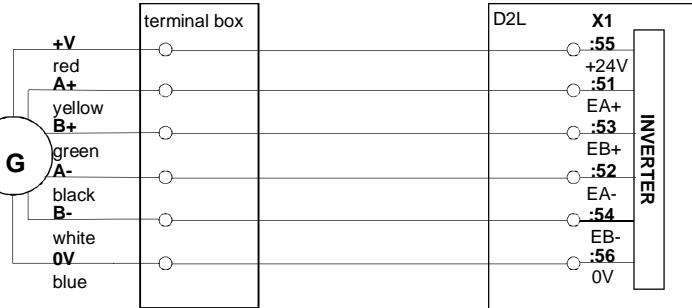
Standard connection with sensor bearing. Two channels connected for Synchro.



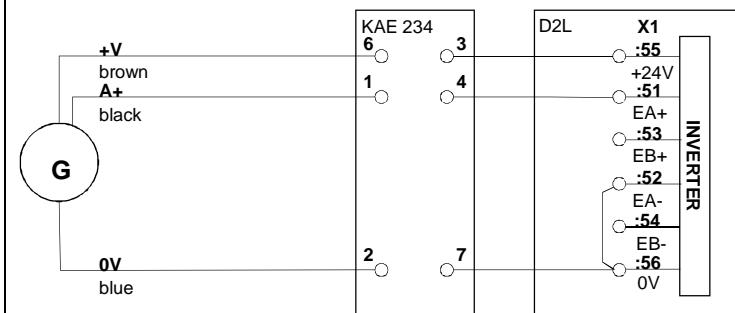
Standard connection with encoder 24 ppr.



Standard connection with encoder 600 ppr or more.



Standard connection with proximity switch.  
Baumer / Schönbuch.



Standard connection with proximity switch.  
Honeywell. (Colour if cable has been lengthened)

