
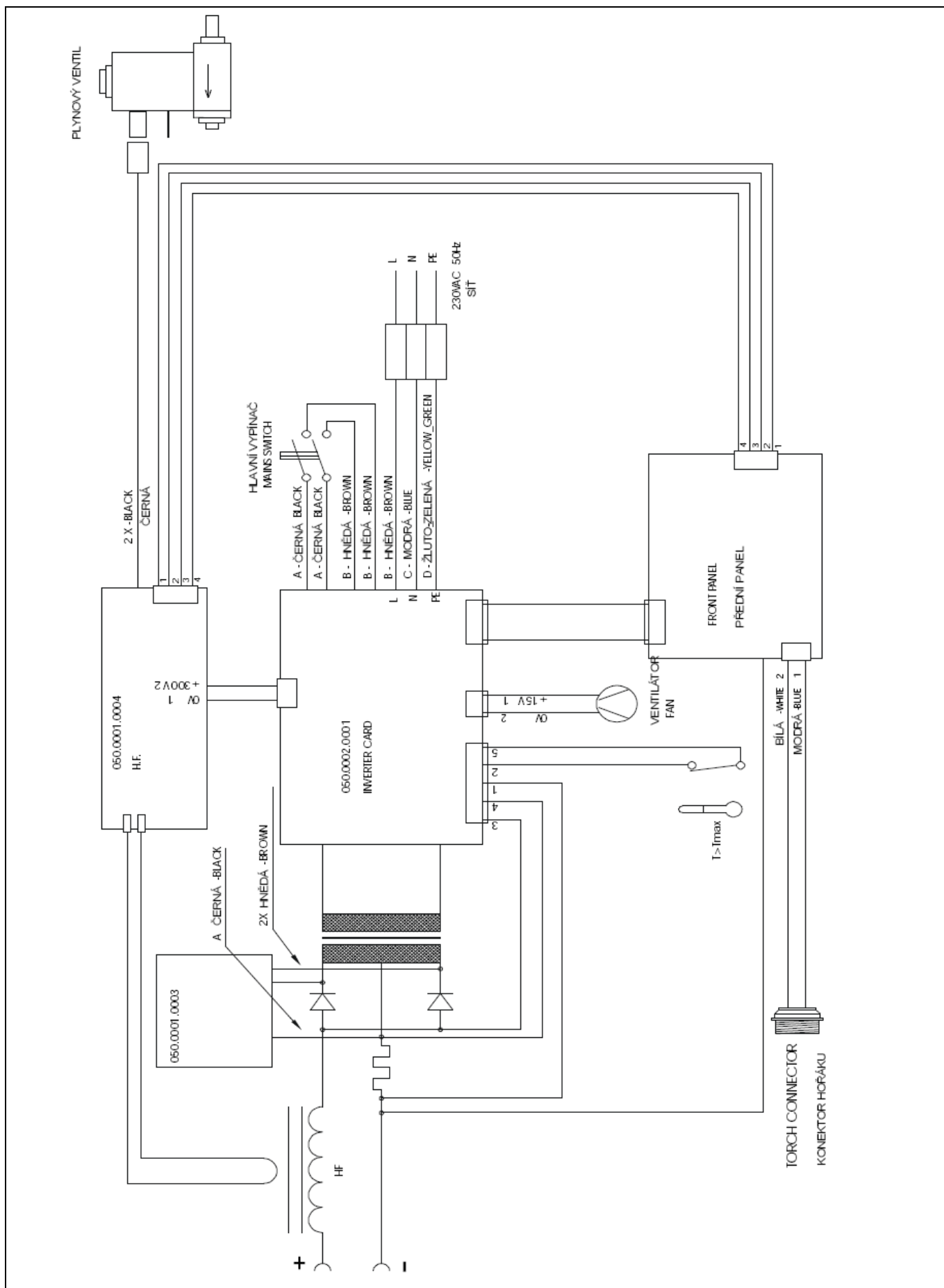
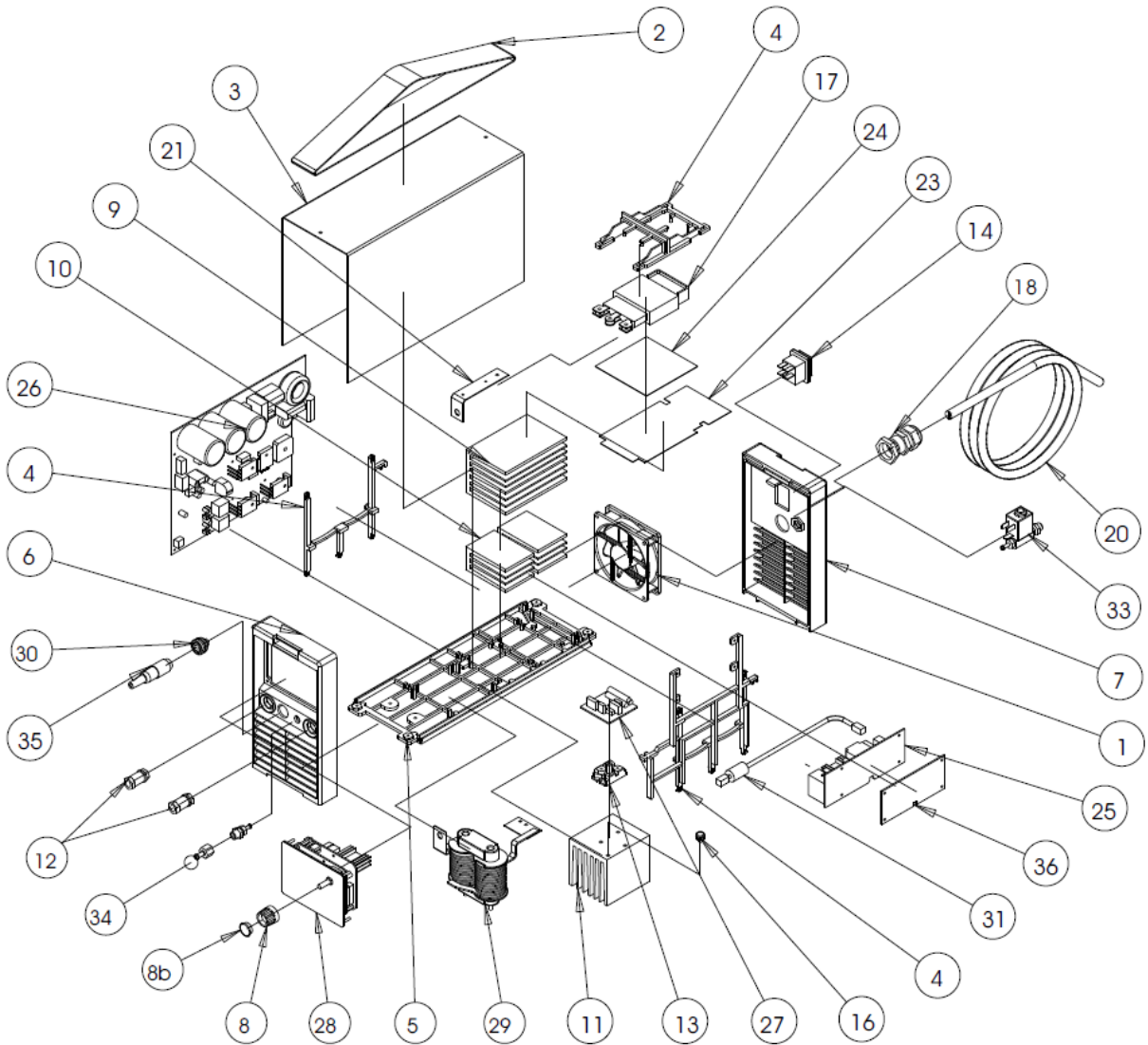


SERVISNÍ MANUÁL ALFIN 150 TIG HF	SERVICE MANUAL ALFIN 150 TIG HF
	
1. VAROVÁNÍ	WARNING
<p>UPOZORNĚNÍ – Pouze osoba splňující kvalifikaci danou zákonem je oprávněna opravovat stroj.</p> <p>PŘED OTEVŘENÍM KRYTU STROJE JEJ ODPOJTE VYTAŽENÍM SÍTOVÉ VIDLICE ZE SÍTĚ.</p> <p>Každé 4 měsíce otevřete stroj a jemně ho vyfoukejte stlačeným suchým vzduchem POZOR, NEPOUŽÍVEJTE STLAČENÝ VZDUCH O PŘÍLIŠ VYSOKÉM TLAKU, ABY NEDOŠLO K MECHANICKÉMU POŠKOZENÍ ELEKTROSOUČÁSTEK.</p> <p>Každé 4 měsíce zkontrolujte řádný stav svařovacích kabelů a síťových kabelů.</p> <p>Není povolena žádná modifikace svařovacího stroje.</p> <p>Pro Vaši bezpečnost je nutné posečkat se sundáním krytu ze stroje po odpojení ze sítě po dobu minimálně 5 minut, kdy klesne napětí na kondenzátorech na hodnotu pod 36 V.</p>	<p>NOTE Only trained personnel are permitted to work inside the machine.</p> <p>BEFORE OPENING THE MACHINE, CUT OFF ITS ELECTRICAL POWER BY REMOVING THE PLUG FROM THE MAINS SUPPLY SOCKET.</p> <p>Every six months, open the machine and clean it inside, using compressed dehumidified air. CAUTION. DO NOT USE COMPRESSED AIR AT TOO HIGH A PRESSURE. YOU COULD DAMAGE THE ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS.</p> <p>With the same frequency, check the welding cables and the supply cables.</p> <p>No modification, of any type, may be made to the welding machine.</p> <p>For safety while maintaining the machine, please shut off the supply power and wait for 5 minutes, until capacity voltage already drops to safe voltage 36V.</p>
2. BLOKOVÉ SCHÉMA	ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLE DRAWING



3. NÁHRADNÍ DÍLY

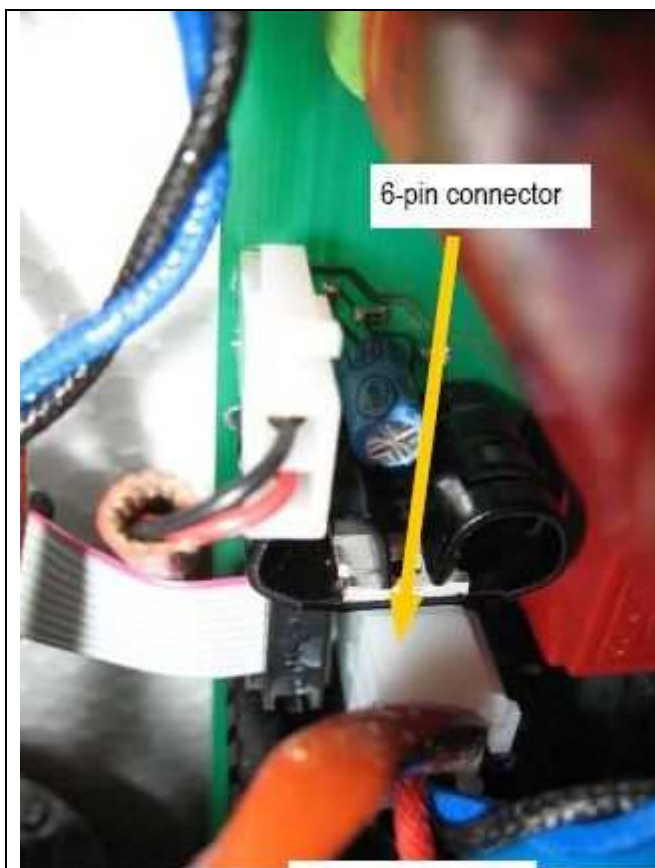
SPARE PARTS



POZ.	CODE	NAZEV	DESCRIPTION	
1	003.002.0001	ventilátor	FAN	1
2	005.001.0001	popruh	BELT	1
3	011.000.0052	kryt vrchní	CASE	1
4	012.001.0000	držák vnitřní	INTERNAL FRAMEWORKS	1
5	012.002.0001	kryt spodní	BASE	1
6	012.002.0052	panel přední	FRONT	1
7	012.001.0102	panel zadní	BACK	1
8	014.002.0000	Knoflík+ krytka knoflíku	HANDLE WITHOUT POINTER+ COVER FOR HANDLE	1
9	015.001.0001	chladič L-107	DISSIPATER L=107mm	1
10	015.001.0002	chladič L-50	DISSIPATER L=50mm	2
11	015.001.0003	chladič L-75	DISSIPATER L=75mm	1
12	AO-20510	rychlosp. samice	FIXED SOCKET 200A	2
13	032.002.0255	usměrňovač výstupní	ISOTOPE DIODE	1
14	040.001.0001	vypínač hlavní	ISOTOPE DIODE	1
15	040.001.0002	chránič hl.vyp.	TWO-POLE SWITCH	1
16	040.003.1080	termostat	THERMAL CUT-OUT	1
17	042.003.0001	trafo	PLANAR TRANSFORMER	1
18	045.000.0001	vývodka 1	CABLE GRIP 1	1
19	045.000.0002	matice vývodky 2	CABLE GRIP 2	1
20	045.002.0001	kabel přívodní 3x2,5	NEOPRENE CABLE	1
21	045.005.0005	bočník	SHUNT	1
22	045.006.0005	propoj kl. pólu	SHUNT	1
23	046.002.0002	vložka slídová	SHEET OF MYLAR	1
24	046.003.0401	vložka isolační	SHEET OF SIL-PAD	2
25	050.001.0004	PCB HF start	HF BOARD	1
26	050.002.0001	PCB silová	POWER BOARD	1
27	050.001.0003	PCB RC-člen	SNUBBER BOARD	1
28	050.517.1400	PCB řídicí A150T s pan	FRONT PANEL	1
29	044.003.0001	cívka HF startu	HF TRANSFORMER	1
30	022.002.0002	kabel propoj ovl.	TORCH CONNECTOR WIRING	1
31	022.002.0003	kabel propoj 24V	24V CONTROL WIRING	1
32	022.002.0004	kabel propoj HF	SHUNT	1
33	017.001.5512	Ventil	SOLENOID VALVE	1
34	021.000.0000	sada pro příp. plynu	KIT FOR GAS CONNECTORS	1

35	021.004.3360	konektor ovl. hořáku	TORCH CONNECTOR	1
36	046.004.0003	izolátor pod HF PCB	HF BOARD INSULATION	1

4. KONTROLA SILOVÉ PCB**CHECKING THE POWER PCB**



Thermal protection device

Output voltage



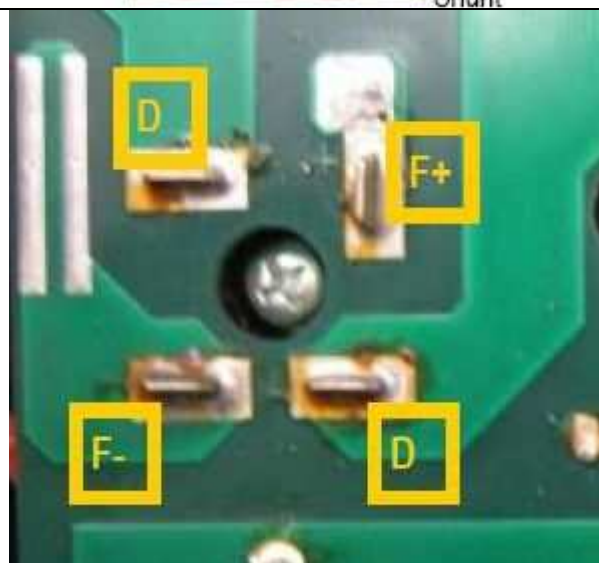
Shunt

Pozice kontaktů v konektoru

- teplotní čidlo (žluté dráty): pozice 2,5
- drát pro snímání výstupního napětí (červený): pozice 3
- dráty bočnicku: pozice 1,4

Zkontrolujte spojení kontaktů tepelné ochrany pomocí testeru diod, teplota chladiče nesmí být vyšší než 40°C.

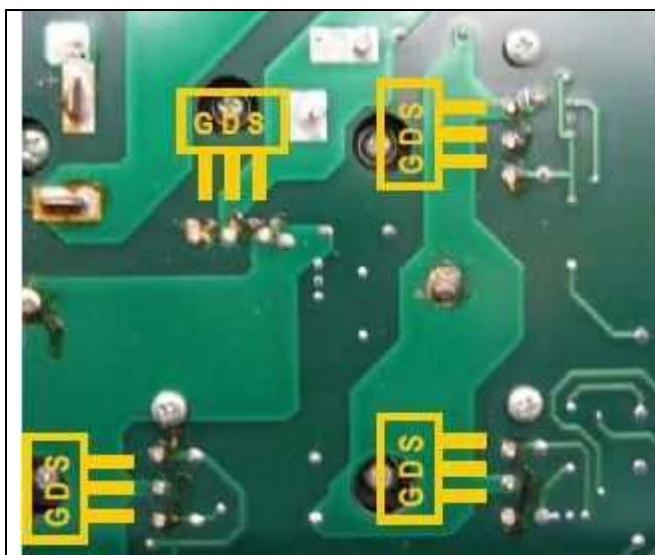
Zkontrolujte spojení mezi: + objímkou a červeným drátem
Zkontrolujte průchodnost mezi: - objímkou a vodiči bočnicku.



Vstupní usměrňovač na silové desce

Pro kontrolu můstku změřte tento podle následující tabulky testerem diod

Červený vodič	Černý vodič	Naměřená hodnota
F+	D	OL
D	F+	>0.450
D	F-	OL
F-	D	>0.450



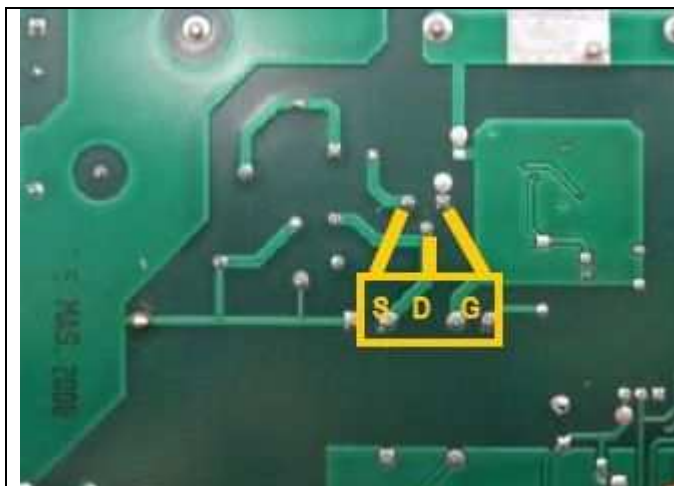
Pro kontrolu tranzistorů změřte tyto podle následující tabulky testerem diod

červený	černý	hodnota
S	G	0,28
G	S	0,6

Hodnoty jsou orientační.
Naměříte-li zkrat, nebo rozpojený obvod (OL), je nutné PCB vyměnit



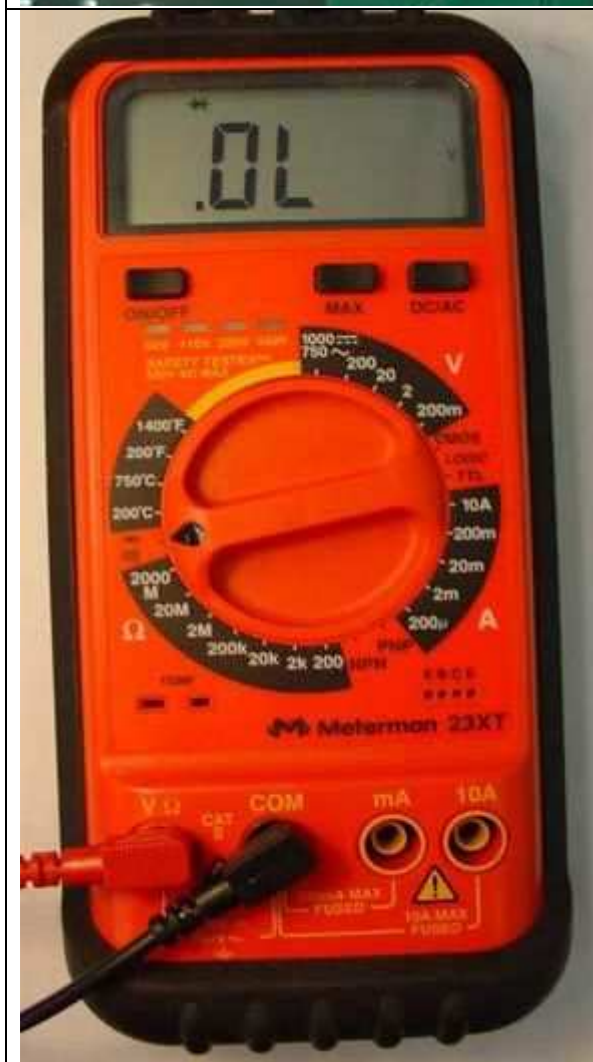
Varistor je blízko vstupu napájecího napětí na silovou PCB. Toto zařízení slouží k ochraně PCB před vstupním přepětím. Při přepětí "exploduje" a zkratuje vstup. Je-li rozsah zkratu velmi vysoký, obvod se přeruší



Pro kontrolu tranzistor změřte podle následující tabulky testerem diod

červený	černý	hodnota
G	D	0,5
D	S	OL
G	S	0,6

Hodnoty jsou orientační. Naměříte-li zkrat, nebo rozpojený obvod (OL), je nutné PCB vyměnit



Digitální multimetr. "OL" označuje přerušný obvod

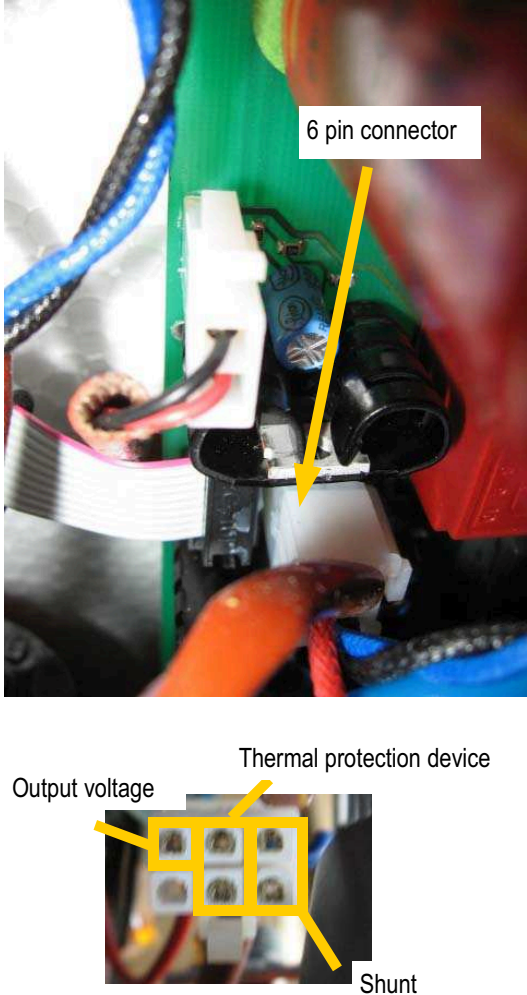


CAUTION!

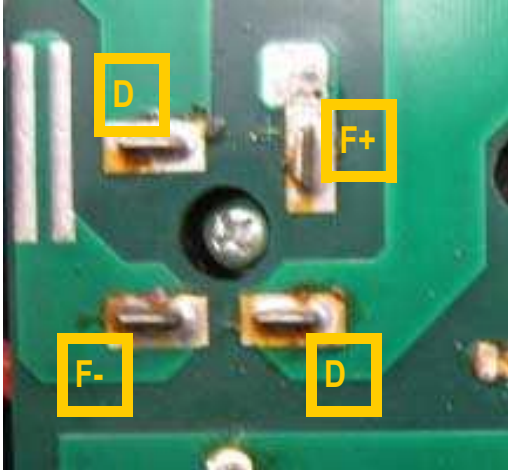
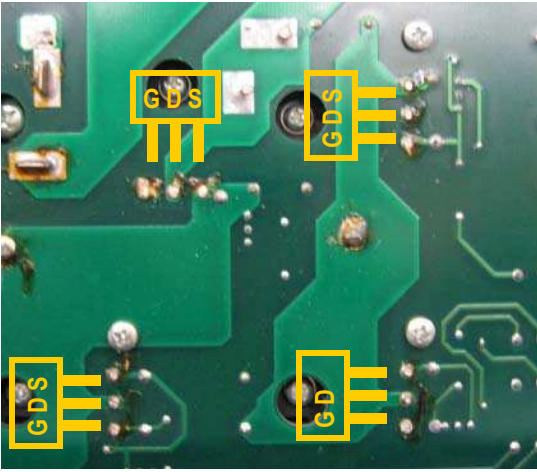
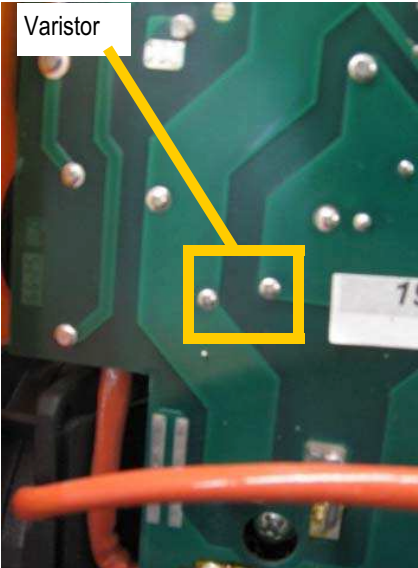
Before carrying out any work on the machine make sure it is off and the plug has been disconnected.

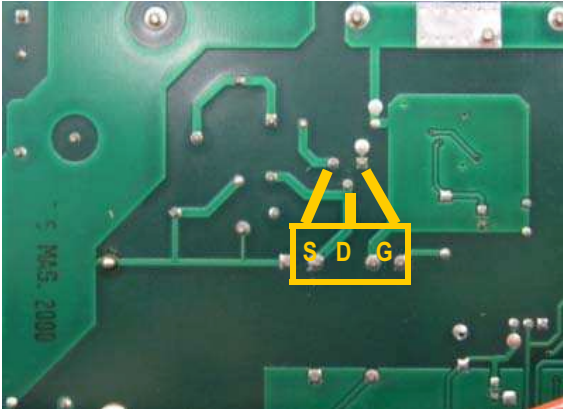

PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
The machine does not switch on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electrical power does not reach the machine. - Voltage reaches the machine switch but there is no voltage after the contacts. - There is voltage after the disconnecting switch but the machine does not go on. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure the line switches are closed, the protection devices (fuses) have not been enabled and that the power supply cable is intact. • Switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Make sure that when the switch is closed, there is continuity between the contact input and output and that the varistor is not broken (picture 5). If it's damaged, the Power Board must be replaced. • Switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Check the mosfet of the switching power supply unit on the power board (picture 6). If it's damaged, the Power Board must be replaced.
The protection devices of the line set off when the switch is activated and the machine does not go on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Damaged power supply cable with short-circuited wires. - Inverter is damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the poles of the plug caused by a damaged power supply cable. • Switch off the machine, disconnect the plug and check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - varistors (picture 5); - l'inverter (picture 4); - Input bridge rectifier (picture 3) - switching power supply unit (picture 6). If one of these components is damaged replace the power board.
The front panel does not switch on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The fan works but the front panel does not go on. - Both the fan and the front panel do not work. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug. Make sure the flat cable that connects the front panel to the power board is inserted correctly. If correctly inserted, replace the front panel. If the front panel does not go on, one of the switching power supply unit outputs is broken. Therefore the power board must be replaced. • Switch off the machine, disconnect the plug and check the mosfet of the switching power supply unit (picture 6).

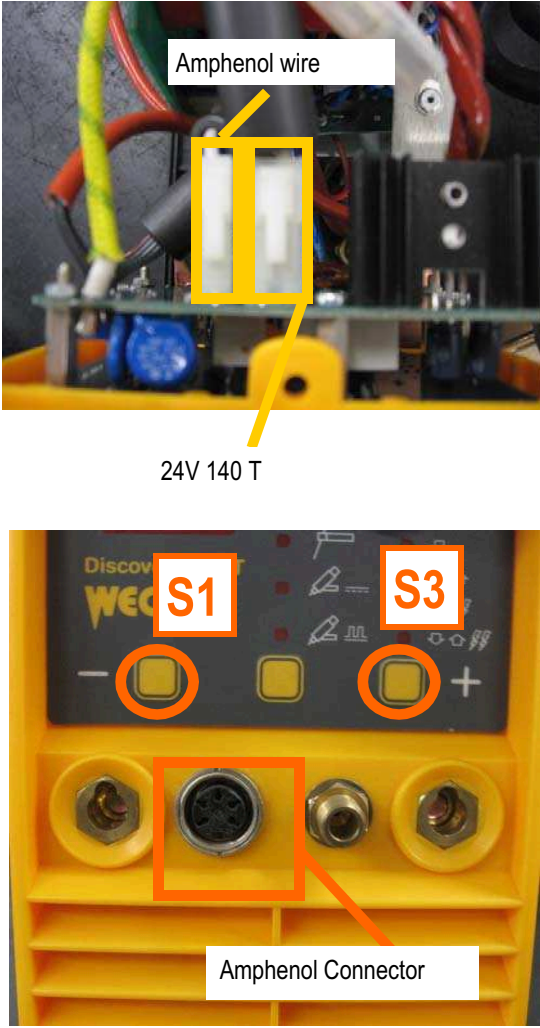
PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
The output voltage in each procedure is about 9V and enabling of the thermal protection device.	<p>Wait a few minutes keeping the machine on to favour cooling of the inverter. If the machine continues running with the protection devices on, switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Remove the hood and make sure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the temperature of the heat sink tool is less than 40°C; - If it is less than 40°C, check whether the thermal protective device contacts are normally closed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If the protection device is always opened it is defective, it must be accordingly replaced. - If it is closed, make sure the two terminals are well inserted in the connector (picture 1). - Power board feed problems, it must be accordingly replaced.
The MMA/TIG output voltage is about 10V and the machine does not weld.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The output voltage cable of the Power Board is damaged (picture 1). - The primary current alarm on the power board is activated. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Make sure that the wiring contact is correctly inserted in the connector. - Check for continuity between the +/- output outlets and that the 6-path connector is connected to the power board (picture 1); • The power board must be replaced.
The output voltage in MMA is zero.	<p>Switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Check for a short circuit at the DINSE plug with a diode tester. A short circuit may be caused by :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - damaged transil on the snubber board; - damaged diode; - damaged inverter; - The inductive value of the Power Transformer is null. 	<p>Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug. Remove the snubber board:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • check with a diode tester the status of the transil on the snubber board (picture 2); • check with a diode tester the status of the diode (picture 2); • check the status of the power board (picture 4); • The Power Transformer must be replaced.
When welding the protection devices of the line set off.	<p>Make sure the welding current does not require greater power than the one supplied by the line.</p>	<p>Decrease the welding current.</p>
The welding is non optimal.	<p>Spattering occurs during welding.</p>	<p>Make sure welding polarity is correct, the earth clamp is fixed correctly.</p>

PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
The machine does not strike in HF mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The front panel could be damaged. - The HF board could be damaged. - HF board cable could be damaged or disconnected. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace the front panel board; first verify that the spare part has the right software. • The HF board must be replaced. • Connect the cables or, if damaged, replace them (picture 8).
Gas does not come out from solenoid valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Excessive gas pressure. - Damage solenoid valve wiring. - The solenoid valve control relay on the front panel is damaged. - Feeding is missing. - Solenoid valve is damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove the gas connection. Carry out a gas test on the front panel in the TIG procedure and check opening of the solenoid valve. Reduce gas pressure. Restore connections and carry out a gas test. • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the continuity of the solenoid valve cable .If there's no continuity, try to repair the damaged cables; - Check that the connectors are correctly inserted (picture 8). • The front panel must be replaced. • The HF board could be damaged, in that case it must be replaced. • Should the operations carried out not have a positive outcome, replace the solenoid valve.
The torch button doesn't work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Torch could be damaged. - There is no continuity between the amphenol connector and the front panel. - The front panel or the HF board are damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Torch must be replaced. • Single out the interruption and replace the wiring. • The damaged boards must be replaced.
The machine always welds at maximum current.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Torch could be damaged. - The Front Panel could be damaged. - The Power Board could be damaged. - The shunt wires could be damaged or not correctly inserted. 	<p>Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace the Torch; • Replace the Front Panel; • Replace the Power Board; • Connect the shunt wires or if damaged, replace them.
Gas comes out but the machine doesn't weld.	Pre-gas settings are not correct.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulate pre-gas settings.
The machine can't stop welding or the welding current is not the one set.	The slope up and slope down are not correctly set.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulate in the correct way the slopes. • Otherwise, reset the parameters and reset the machine (picture 8).

		EXPLANATION
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 1</p>		<p>Position of the connector in which they are inserted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • thermal protection device (yellow wires): position 2, 5 • Wire for the output voltage reading: position 3 (red) • Shunt wires: position 1, 4. <p>Check the continuity of contact of the thermal protection device with the diode tester, with the heat sink tool temperature less than 40° C.</p> <p>Check the continuity between: + socket and the shunt; - socket and the output voltage wire.</p>
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 2</p>		<p>Remove the snubber board and check with a diode tester the status of the transil.</p> <p>At the ends of the two transils (see below) positioned on the snubber board, "OL" must always be measured.</p> 

		EXPLANATION																									
PICTURE 3		<p>Input bridge rectifier .</p> <p>To check the Input bridge rectifier , carry out the following measurements with a diode tester:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Faston</th> <th>Probe</th> <th>Faston</th> <th>Probe</th> <th>Measure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>F+</td> <td>red</td> <td>D</td> <td>black</td> <td>"OL"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F-</td> <td>red</td> <td>D</td> <td>black</td> <td>>.450</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F+</td> <td>black</td> <td>D</td> <td>red</td> <td>"OL"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F-</td> <td>black</td> <td>D</td> <td>red</td> <td>>.450</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Should there be a short circuit on one of these measurements, the input bridge rectifier must be replaced.</p>	Faston	Probe	Faston	Probe	Measure	F+	red	D	black	"OL"	F-	red	D	black	>.450	F+	black	D	red	"OL"	F-	black	D	red	>.450
Faston	Probe	Faston	Probe	Measure																							
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F-	red	D	black	>.450																							
F+	black	D	red	"OL"																							
F-	black	D	red	>.450																							
PICTURE 4		<p>To check the inverter, carry out the following measurements with a diode tester:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Red Probe</th> <th>Black Probe</th> <th>Measure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>S</td> <td>G</td> <td>0.28</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>S</td> <td>0.6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Should there be a short-circuit on one of these measurements or an "OL" instead of a numeric value, the power board must be replaced.</p>	Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure	S	G	0.28	G	S	0.6																
Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure																									
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PICTURE 5		<p>The varistor is a blue disc near the ground wire of the power board. This device is for protecting the board from input overvoltage. When there is overvoltage it "explodes" causing a short circuit most of the times. If the extent of the short circuit is very high they become an open circuit.</p>																									

		EXPLANATION												
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 6</p>		<p>To check the mosfet of the switching power supply unit, carry the following measurements with a diode tester:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Red Probe</th> <th>Black Probe</th> <th>Measure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>D</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>S</td> <td>"OL"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>S</td> <td>0.6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Should there be a short-circuit on one of these measurements or an "OL" instead of a numeric value, the power board must be replaced.</p>	Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure	G	D	0.5	D	S	"OL"	G	S	0.6
Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure												
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D	S	"OL"												
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<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 7</p>		<p>Tester or digital millimetre. "OL" means Open Loop.</p>												

		EXPLANATION
<p>PICTURE 8</p>	 <p>Amphenol wire</p> <p>24V 140 T</p> <p>S1 S3</p> <p>Amphenol Connector</p>	<p>Check that the cable 24V that connect the Front Panel and the HF board is whole and well inserted.</p> <p>(for HF transformer and Solenoid Valve problem)</p> <p>Check that the amphenol wiring are intact and well inserted.</p> <p>In order to reset the parameters, switch the machine on while the S1 and S3 buttons are being pressed.</p>

MG014-2 SERVISNÍ MANUÁL / SERVICE MANUAL ALFIN 150 TIG HF

Vypracoval: Worked out:	DJ 15/4/2010	Přezkoumal: Inspected:	DJ 15/4/2010	Schválil: Approved:	VS 15/4/2010
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