Atwood & Morrill Free Flow Reverse Current Valves are designed to give maximum protection to extraction steam turbines. Their rapid, tight closure insures that the high level of energy found in feedwater heaters or process lines is quickly isolated from the turbine in the event of a load rejection.

The power cylinder is designed to give a strong closing moment to the valve when signalled to do so by plant instrumentation. A lost motion feature allows the valve disc to close independently of the power cylinder.

APPLICATIONS

Turbine Protection Extraction steam non-return Bled steam non-return *Over 70 years of experience*

SPECIFICATIONS

Design Standard:	ANSI B16.34 and applicable international specifications as required	
Pressure Classes:	ANSI 150-1500	
Sizes:	Cast construction 3"-44"	
Materials:	Carbon steel, alloy steel and stainless steel per ASTM specifications or applicable international standards	
Trim:	Stainless steel ASTM A479 Type 410	
Seats:	Stainless steel overlay or hardfacing alloy	
Bonnet Design:	Bolted bonnet with non-asbestos gasket	
End Connections:	Butt weld or flange end	
Power Cylinder:	Pneumatic or hydraulic	
Drain Connections:	As required	
Limit Switches:	1, 2, or 3 SPDT or DPDT switches available	

Cylinder Valves:

Exerciser Valves:

Special Features:

Solenoid operated air valves or pilot operated oil relay valves

Optional solenoid or manual valves available

Low friction stuffing boxes - standard Very low friction mechanical seals - optional (can not be overtightened) Nondestructive examination as required by customer specification or ANSI B16.34 Special Class

Installation:

Horizontal or vertical upflow as specified.

9

DESIGN FEATURES

The important role of a Non-Return Valve as a protective device demands a high level of reliability. The features found in all Atwood & Morrill Free Flow Reverse Current Valves assure that reliability. These features along with a high grade of workmanship and materials assure a superior and completely dependable valve.

Free Swinging Disc

(Fig. 1) Atwood & Morrill utilizes a basic swinging disc Check Valve design. This uncomplicated design provides independent movement of the disc in the flow stream with fast closure upon loss or reversal of flow. The valve disc is of sturdy construction to prevent distortion under full design pressure.

Self Aligning Disc and Disc Arm

(Fig. 2) The disc and disc arm assembly are self aligning with the seat, assuring tight sealing. An internal stop provides the proper degree of disc opening while maintaining the edge of the disc within the flow stream, so that flow reversal will cause closure.

Inclined Seat Design

(Fig. 3) Atwood & Morrill Free Flow Reverse Current Valves have an inclined seat to improve the performance and operating characteristics of the valve. This design offers advantages not available with other seat configurations.

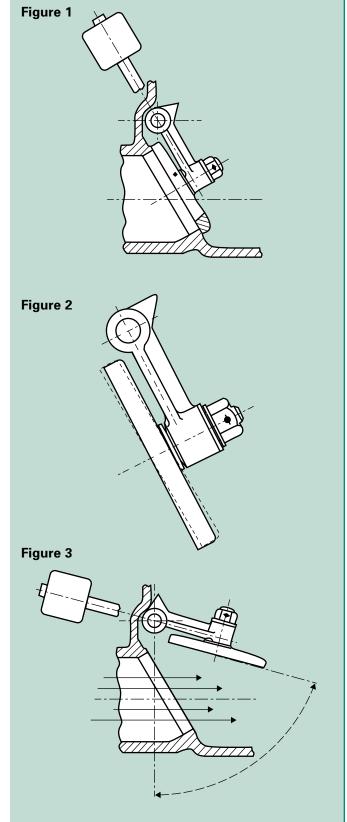
The inclined seat combined with flat disc and body seat contact provides the best configuration available in Check Valve design.

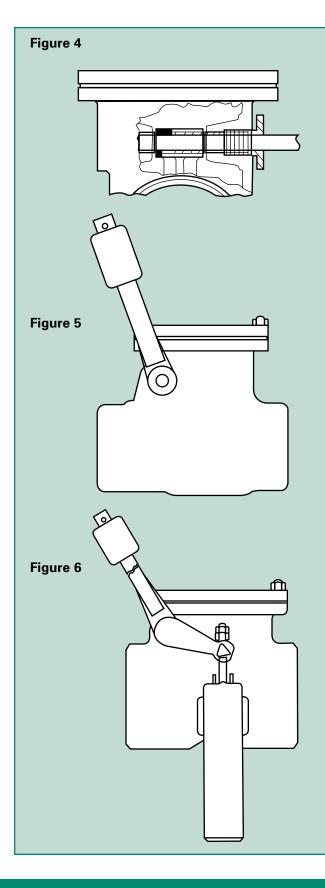
An opening angle of 75° from the vertical or 45° from the inclined seat results in low pressure drop.

The reduced swing also enables the valve to close quickly. Full opening with a vertical seat would require a greater swing and a longer closing time.

The center of gravity of the disc assembly causes a positive seating moment, therefore, the weight of the disc is always acting to seat it and hold it firmly against its seat. A portion of the disc weight can be counterbalanced in larger valves to reduce pressure drop at low flows, so the flow is not required to raise the full weight of the disc.

The Atwood & Morrill inclined seat design features - *POSITIVE, TIGHT SEATING - FAST CLOSURE - LOW PRESSURE DROP* - all important Check Valve considerations.





DESIGN FEATURES

Shaft and Bushing Assembly

(Fig. 4) Large diameter stainless steel shafts together with hardened stainless steel bushings are used on all A&M Free Flow Reverse Current Valves. The results are lower stresses, less wear and longer life.

Positive Closing

The powerful spring in the power cylinder assures rapid positive closing before reverse flow can occur.

Balanced Shaft Construction -Internal Lost Motion Device

An "internally balanced" design is standard on all 12" and smaller valves equipped with a closure assisting cylinder. This feature eliminates stuffing box friction and shaft end thrust which might prevent free swinging of the valve disc.

Valve Body & Bonnet

Atwood & Morrill employs a streamlined body contour designed for minimum flow resistance. Heavy body wall thickness assures rigidity and resistance to pipe strain distortion. A bolted top cover is provided for ease of access to valve internals, thus the valve need not be removed from the line for maintenance and inspections.

External Lever

(Fig. 5) Valves of all sizes are available with shaft mounted lever to manually exercise the valve. Larger size valves are supplied with a counter weight to reduce pressure drop at low flows to maintain full disc opening and reduce disc slamming.

Cylinder Operated

(Fig. 6) Spring loaded positive closing air cylinders can be provided on all Free Flow Reverse Current Valves. Oil operated cylinders are also available. Oil cylinders may be ordered with an optional oil relay valve. Both types can be exercised by a lever operated Test Valve or Solenoid Valve.

APPLICATIONS FOR TURBINE EXTRACTION SYSTEMS

Air Operated Systems

Figure 7 shows an A&M Air Operated Free Flow Reverse Current Valve operated by turbine overspeed trip and high water level in the feedwater heater.

The oil operated Air Relay Dump valve (normally supplied by the turbine manufacturer) translates oil pressure from the turbine overspeed trip system into air pressure. With oil pressure established, compressed air flows through the Air Relay Dump Valve with the atmospheric vent closed. Upon loss of oil pressure due to turbine overspeed trip, incoming air pressure is closed off, and the atmospheric vent is opened to release air pressure from the Check Valve cylinder. This action allows the spring force to assist in closing the Free Flow Reverse Current Valve. IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THE SOLENOID OPERATED 3-WAY VALVE USED ALLOWS FLOW IN THE REVERSE DIRECTION.

The Solenoid Operated 3-Way Valve is installed in the air supply line to the cylinder. Upon receipt (or loss) of an electrical signal from the heater high water level alarm, the Solenoid Valve trips, closing the air supply and opening the vent to atmosphere.

Air is exhausted from the air cylinder, and the spring starts to close the valve.

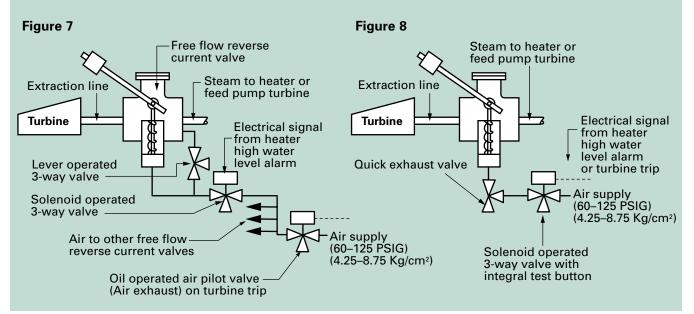
The lever operated Air Test Valve equalizes pressure on both sides of the cylinder piston so that the spring force moves the piston downward and exercises the valve during operation.

The system shown in Figure 8 differs from Figure 7 as the oil operated Air Relay Dump Valve is replaced by an oil pressure switch which converts the loss of oil pressure due to a turbine overspeed trip to an electrical signal. This signal is connected to the solenoid valve in series with the heater high water level alarm circuit and trips the solenoid operated 3-Way Valve as in Figure 7.

The quick exhaust valve shown in Figure 8 senses a loss of pressure at its inlet and will shift allowing the air cylinder to exhaust more rapidly through its vent port. This valve can be used in any control system and is recommended whenever a solenoid valve with a low Cv factor is used.

Local exercising of the Free Flow Reverse Current Valve can also be accomplished by actuating an integral test switch on the solenoid operated 3-Way Valve. Using this method for exercising, the solenoid valve is exercised as well as the Free Flow Reverse Current Valve.

Combinations of control systems shown in Figures 7 and 8 can also be used.

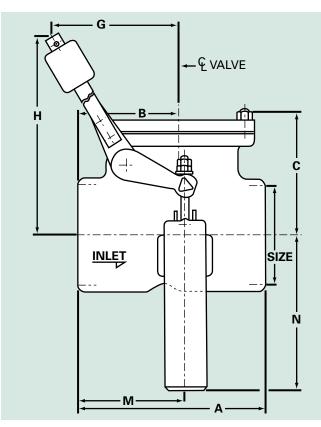


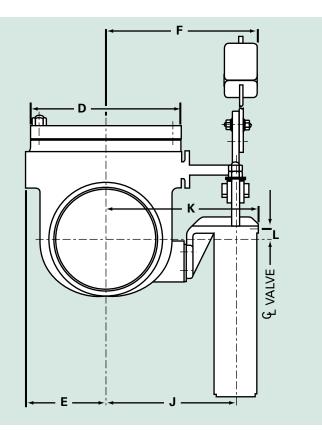
Control for Turbine Extraction Systems

DIMENSIONS

CLASS 150 - 300

SIZE	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	К	L	М	N	Weight Lbs.	CV
4	14	7.75	10.75	9.00	6.75	_	_	-	12.06	15.13	3.88	7.75	18.75	300	510
6	14.00	7.75	10.75	9.00	6.75	_	_	-	12.06	15.13	3.88	7.75	18.75	300	870
8	21.00	9.63	13.69	12.50	7.00	_	_	-	13.25	16.13	.69	10.75	15.50	490	1180
10	22.7	11.00	15.50	16.00	9.00	_	_	-	14.75	17.63	.88	10.25	14.00	700	3180
12	24.75	11.50	15.50	17.88	9.31	-	_	-	15.75	18.63	.94	10.50	14.00	730	4810
14	24.00	12.13	16.75	19.50	11.38	18.00	16.00	24.50	16.63	19.50	1.88	10.00	13.00	1100	6300
16	26.00	14.00	19.25	21.75	11.25	19.50	17.13	26.25	17.88	20.75	2.38	13.88	19.31	1900	8940
18	29.00	15.50	21.50	25.00	13.25	21.50	17.00	25.88	19.63	22.50	3.69	14.50	18.00	2100	10720
20	31.00	17.38	23.00	26.25	14.63	24.50	20.88	31.75	22.63	25.50	5.19	15.00	16.50	3100	13650
24	37.00	19.50	24.75	30.00	12.63	24.50	27.00	42.00	22.63	25.50	6.50	16.00	15.19	3700	17050
26	44.00	22.50	27.00	34.00	-	27.50	24.25	34.00	23.88	26.75	-	16.38	13.50	3850	24120
28	46.00	23.50	28.50	34.00	-	27.50	24.25	34.00	23.88	26.75	-	17.38	13.50	3960	25120
30	50.00	25.00	28.25	36.75	-	29.00	23.13	30.75	24.25	27.13	-	17.94	13.50	5200	29800
32	50.00	25.00	28.25	36.75	-	29.00	23.13	30.75	24.25	27.13	-	17.94	13.50	5200	36200
34	53.00	26.50	34.38	40.00	32.13	31.25	28.00	40.13	26.63	29.50	12.13	17.69	9.56	5800	-
36	53.00	26.50	34.38	40.00	32.13	31.25	28.00	40.13	26.63	29.50	12.13	17.69	9.56	6100	40120
42	66.00	33.00	45.00	49.00	35.38	34.75	41.63	64.25	29.88	32.75	17.50	21.50	4.19	14250	58320
44	66.00	33.00	45.00	49.00	35.38	34.75	41.63	64.25	29.88	32.75	17.50	21.50	4.19	14250	58320





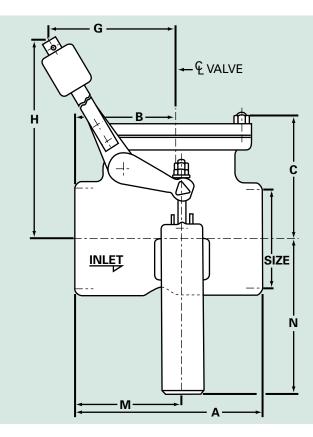
FREE FLOW REVERSE CURRENT VALVE - TABLE OF DIMENSIONS

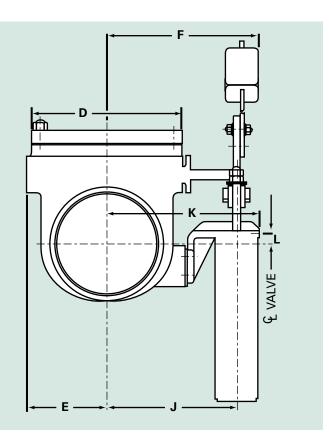
CLASS 400 - 600

SIZE	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к	L	м	Ν	Weight Lbs.	cv
4	14	7.75	10.75	10	6.19	Ι	_	-	9.75	12.75	3.88	7.75	18.5	300	510
6	14	7.75	10.75	10	6.19	-	-	_	9.75	12.75	3.88	7.75	18.5	300	870
8	21	11.5	16.5	15	9	-	-	_	14.13	17	0.25	11.75	14.63	650	2500
10	22.75	12	19.19	18.63	9.69	-	_	-	14.5	17.38	1.5	10.69	13.38	970	4025
12	24.75	12.75	19.75	21.5	9.5	-	-	_	15.63	18.5	1.88	10.63	13	1470	5960

CLASS 900

SIZE	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к	L	м	Ν	Weight Lbs.	cv
8	21	11.5	19.81	18	10.38	-	-	-	15.13	18	0.25	11.75	14.63	800	2500
10	22.75	12	21.38	19	9.88	-	-	-	14.5	17.38	1.5	10.69	13.38	1150	4025





CHECK VALVES

The Atwood & Morrill Cold Reheat Check is a reliable, sturdy valve that protects the High Pressure (HP) Steam Turbine from damage caused by reverse flow during unit trip.

In newer Rankine and Combined Cycle plants the Cold Reheat Check Valve must also accommodate the increased demands of a Turbine Bypass System and isolate the HP Turbine Exhaust when the bypass is in use.

APPLICATIONS

Rankine and Combined Cycle Power Plants with Reheat

Prevents Reheat Steam from Returning to Turbine on Trip

Simplifies Hydrotesting of the Reheater.

Protects the High Pressure Turbine Exhaust from Bypass Steam and Water when the Turbine Bypass system operates.

Isolates High Pressure turbine exhaust when auxiliary steam is supplied to the IP turbine in a combined cycle unit, to synchronize the steam turbine generator or start the gas turbine on a single shaft machine.

FEATURES

Proven, Swinging Disc Design

Wide, Flat, Non-jamming Seats for Tight Seal

Closure Assisting or Double Acting Air Cylinder

Smooth Flow Passages for Low Pressure Drop

In Line Maintenance through Bolted Top Cover

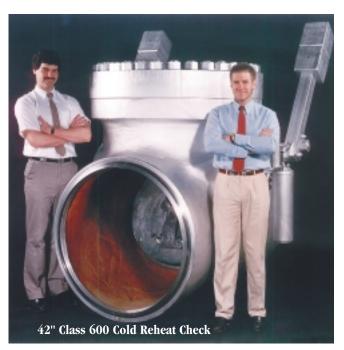
Inclined Seat for Short Travel & Quick Operation

Rugged Construction

Ability to Withstand Multiple Rapid Closures

OPERATION

During normal operation, the Atwood & Morrill Cold Reheat Check is open to forward flow. It becomes a critical, quick closing valve which protects the turbine during trips or equipment failure.



DEMANDS

Quick Acting, Turbine Bypass Systems rapidly change pressure and flow in the reheat piping, requiring the Cold Reheat Check valve to close quickly.

The frequent Start ups and Shutdowns of Cycling Units require the Cold Reheat Check valve to operate several times per day.

Very Tight Sealing is necessary to prevent steam and water from entering the HP turbine.

Low pressure drop is important to overall combined cycle unit performance.

AVAILABLE

Sizes:

20" to 42" and ANSI Classes 300 to 600

Materials:

Carbon and Alloy Steels

SIZING AND SELECTION

Proper sizing requires verification of flow conditions. Ideally the disc should be in the Full Open Position, Not Chattering or Fluttering in Flow Stream. This allows for Low Wear and Low Pressure Drop.

The counterweight must be properly sized to allow optimum operating conditions and full open disc.

COLD REHEAT CHECK VALVES

BLOWDOWN COVERS FOR COLD REHEAT CHECK VALVES

The Atwood & Morrill Blowdown Cover allows cleanout/blowdown of the pipeline to be easily and efficiently done. The simple design bolts on in place of the valve's existing cover and provides an easy blowdown connection. An optional blowdown disc can also be supplied when large amounts of damaging debris are anticipated.

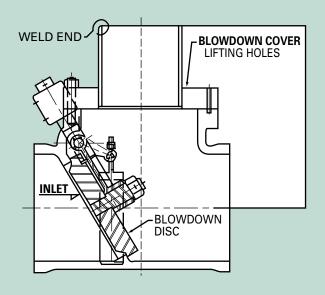
CONSTRUCTION

The fabricated blowdown cover has a weld end for easy pipe connection and lifting holes for easy removal after blowdown is complete. The optional valve disc is carbon or alloy steel.

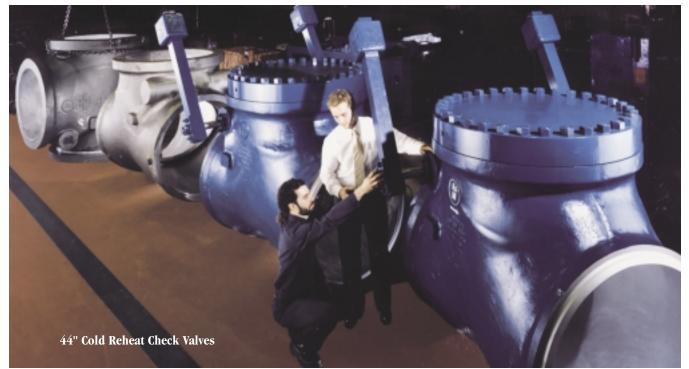
OPERATION

After startup and blowdown, the Cold Reheat Check Valve's standard cover is replaced.

When using Cold Reheat Check Valves consider your blowout requirements carefully. When blowdown is started upstream of the Cold Reheat Check Valve, remove the disc to prevent damage. A seat protector ring is available. When blowdown is required but a cover is not provided, field fabrication can be time consuming. If blowdown is expected to carry a lot of debris, an additional disc may be useful. For help meeting your system's requirements, contact A&M's sales or service department.



A&M has 70 Years Extraction and Reheat Steam Service Experience.



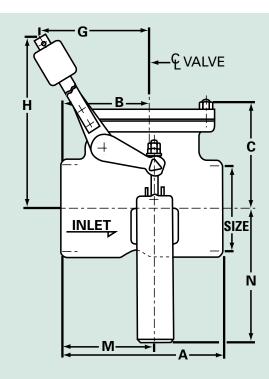
COLD REHEAT CHECK VALVES - TABLE OF DIMENSIONS

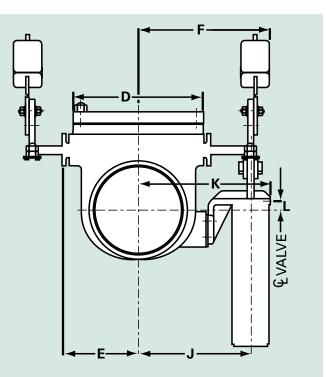
CLASS 300

SIZE	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Η	J	К	L	М	N	Weight Lbs.	CV
28 30 32 34 36 42	46.00 50.00 50.00 53.00 53.00 66.00	23.50 25.00 25.00 26.50 26.50 33.00	28.50 28.25 28.25 34.38 34.38 45.00	34.00 36.75 36.75 40.00 40.00 49.00	- - 32.13 32.13 35.38	27.50 29.00 29.00 31.25 31.25 34.75	24.25 23.13 23.13 28.00 28.00 41.63	34.00 30.75 30.75 40.13 40.13 64.25	23.88 24.25 24.25 26.63 26.63 29.88	26.75 27.13 27.13 29.50 29.50 32.75	- - 12.13 12.13 17.50	17.38 17.94 17.94 17.69 17.69 21.50	13.50 13.50 13.50 9.56 9.56 4.19	3960 5200 5200 5800 6100 14250	25120 29800 36200 - 40120 58320
44	66.00	33.00	45.00	49.00	35.38	34.75	41.63	64.25	29.88	32.75	17.50	21.50	4.19	14250	58320

CLASS 600

SIZE	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	К	L	М	N	Weight Lbs.	CV
14	28.00	14.00	21.75	24.00	11.25	19.00	17.13	26.25	17.88	20.75	4.19	13.81	19.31	2100	8050
16	28.00	14.00	21.75	24.00	11.25	19.00	17.13	26.25	17.88	20.75	4.19	13.81	19.31	2100	8470
18	30.00	15.00	25.38	27.00	12.50	22.25	16.88	26.38	19.00	21.88	4.19	14.00	17.56	2750	10780
20	33.00	17.38	29.50	29.25	16.00	25.81	20.88	31.75	22.63	25.50	4.19	16.00	17.56	3100	13460
24	44.00	22.00	38.63	37.00	-	29.25	22.75	34.00	23.75	26.63	9.50	16.50	12.25	7600	19960
26	44.00	22.00	38.63	37.00	-	29.25	22.75	34.00	23.75	26.63	9.50	16.50	12.25	7600	23560
28	50.00	27.13	32.00	37.00	-	29.50	26.00	35.13	24.25	27.13	8.25	19.81	13.50	7800	27500
30	50.00	27.13	32.00	37.00	-	29.50	26.00	35.13	24.25	27.13	8.25	19.81	13.50	7800	32330
32	55.00	27.50	36.50	42.00	-	31.75	32.00	45.50	27.13	30.00	11.00	18.69	10.75	9500	37650
34	55.00	27.50	36.50	42.00	-	31.75	32.00	45.50	27.13	30.00	11.00	18.69	10.75	9500	43425
36	59.00	29.50	43.75	47.50	-	33.50	35.25	50.13	28.50	31.88	13.75	18.31	8.00	15000	49665
38	59.00	29.50	43.75	47.50	-	33.50	35.25	50.13	28.50	31.88	13.75	18.31	8.00	15000	56425





COMPRESSOR CHECK VALVES

The Atwood & Morrill Co. Inc. Compressor Check Valve is designed to provide positive protection for the blower or compressor. It is installed in the compressor discharge line when specified as:

- Tight sealing pressure
- · Low differential pressure
- Power assisted
- Dashpot, non-slam valve

APPLICATIONS

Fluid Catalytic Cracking Air Blower Discharge

Compressor Discharge and Process Application

Fluids: Hydrocarbon (Cracked Gas), Ethylene, Propylene, Other Process Fluids

OPERATION/FEATURES

The A&M Compressor Discharge Check Valve is important in providing protection for critical equipment.

CLOSURE ASSIST AIR CYLINDER

The Compressor Check Valve operates normally with the disc in the open position for long periods. To ensure the check valve will close in the event of a blower/compressor trip, it is furnished with a closure assist air cylinder. Upon loss of power to the drive device of the blower/compressor, a three-way solenoid valve is de-energized. When the solenoid valve is tripped, the side air cylinder is vented allowing the internal spring to apply a closing force to the lever arm which, in turn, rotates the shaft and disc assembly to the closed position.

EXTERNAL COUNTER WEIGHTS

External counter weights help the valve remain in the full open position at normal operating flow. These weights counter balance approximately 50% of the disc closing moment assuring the valve disc will be fully open providing the lowest pressure drop possible. A&M check valves will be fully open at lower flow rates compared to conventional swing or wafer type check valves. 32" Class 300 Compressor Discharge Check Valve

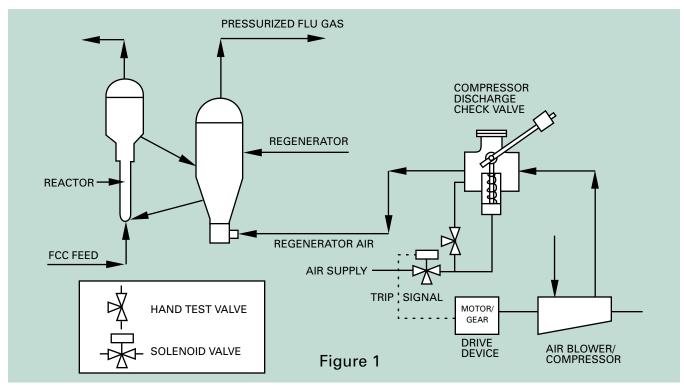


Years of experience with blower check valves has indicated that the valve disc will tend to flutter at various flow rates. This constant motion during operation may result in premature packing wear and/or valve failure. To prevent this flutter motion, A&M Compressor check valves are supplied with an oil dashpot which can be adjusted to dampen the motion and reduce disc slamming.

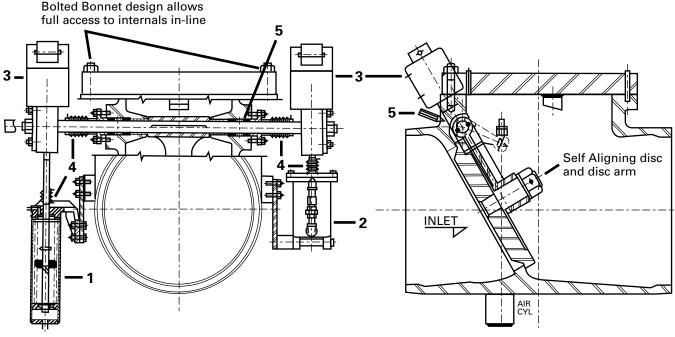
DEPENDABILITY

Compressor Check Valves are protective devices critical to safeguard the compressor/blower systems. A&M valves are designed to be completely reliable over extended periods of time. Severe damage may occur if the disc in a check valve is prevented from self closure. The A&M Compressor Check Valve offers positive protection against sticking or hang-up and insures rapid, reliable closing in the event of a trip-out or system shutdown.

COMPRESSOR CHECK VALVES



Typical Installation of A&M Compressor Discharge Check Valve in a Fluid Catalytic Cracking Process Unit



- 1 Closure Assist Air Cylinder
- **2** Oil Dashpot
- 3 Counterweights act to counterbalance the disc providing the lowest pressure drop
- 4 Protective Sleeves cover external linkages
- 5 Lubricated Stuffing Boxes

COMPRESSOR CHECK VALVES

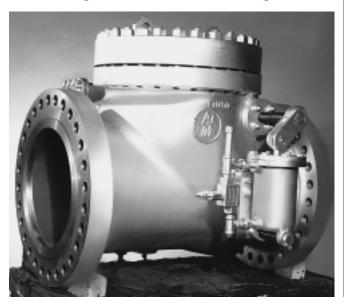
MATERIALS

Cast Carbon, Alloy and Stainless Steel

CONSTRUCTION

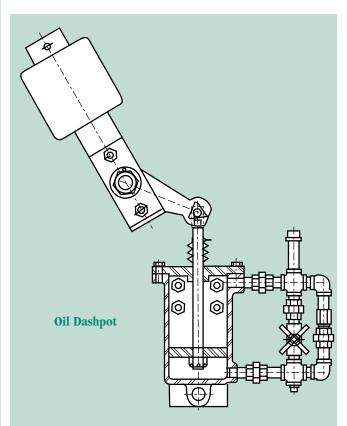
Design Standard:	ANSI B16.34
Sizes:	4 - 60 inches sizes 44" thru 60" (fabricated)
Pressure Ratings:	ANSI Class 150 through 2500
Cover Design:	Bolted Bonnet (pressure seal for class 900 and higher)
End Connection:	Butt weld or flanged
Positive Closing Device:	Spring loaded cylinder (air controlled)
Disc Stabilization:	Oil Dashpot
Body Type:	Swinging disc design with inclined seat
Optional Equipment:	Hand Test valve Three-way solenoid valve Limit switches Protective Sleeves

Compressor Check Valve with Oil Dashpot





Actual Oil Dashpot



APPLICATION

Atwood & Morrill Co., Inc. manufactures Positive Closing Check Valves for the discharge lines of boiler feed pumps. These valves provide positive protection for feedwater systems and can prevent damage to costly pumping equipment. Failure to provide such protection could cause serious damage to the feed pumps and their drive mechanisms and may result in a plant outage with a loss of revenues far exceeding the initial investment necessary to provide protective equipment. Figure No. 1 illustrates the typical use of an A&M Valve with a motor-driven feed pump.

Positive Closing Check Valves can be used to protect pumps that are motor-driven, turbine-driven, or those that are run by drive shaft off the main turbine thereby improving the reliability and dependability of the entire feedwater system. The A&M Valve also offers minimum pressure drop for every day operation.

DESCRIPTION

Atwood & Morrill Positive Closing Check Valves achieve reliable and rapid closure by means of an auxiliary, spring loaded cylinder, usually actuated by compressed air. The positive closing cylinder acts to close the disc of the valve through a simple engaging mechanism. But, the engaging mechanism does not permit the cylinder to open the valve. In the case of a turbine drive, an Oil Operated Air Relay Valve is used to translate turbine control oil pressure to air pressure. An alternate method is to use a switch, actuated by the turbine trip mechanism, operating a solenoid valve which controls air pressure to the closing cylinder.

FEATURES

Positive, power assisted closure provides fast and reliable protection.

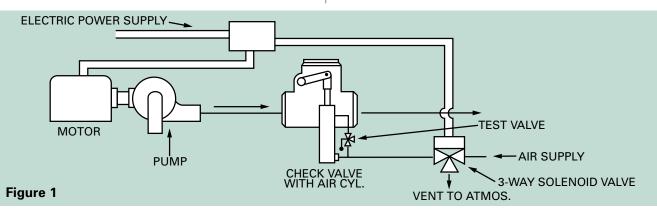
Valve closure before backflow.

"Double protection"; including **f** positive closure and power assisted closure.

Streamlined flow design minimizes pressure drop.

Fast closing minimizes water hammer.

Flat seats for maximum tightness without wedging action.



OPERATION

When the piston of the closing cylinder is pushed upward by air pressure, the disc assembly of the valve is free to swing from a closed to a wide open position solely in response to feedwater flow. Disc movement is completely independent of the shaft. A stop on the back of the disc holds it at a slight incline into the flow when the valve is wide open. Normal velocities swing the disc to the full open position and the stop prevents undue flutter or movement.

WATER HAMMER PROTECTION

High pressure Boiler Feed Pumps operating at high speeds and low inertia can lose speed and stop almost instantaneously, particularly in close coupled systems with short runs of pipe. Should one of these pumps be tripped-out or shut-off, it could go into reverse rotation in a matter of seconds. If reverse flow starts due to the slow closing or failure of a check valve, serious water hammer will result when the valve finally closes. In systems where parallel pumps are used, if one pump is shut down, any surges caused by the working pump will be isolated from the pump which the valve is protecting.

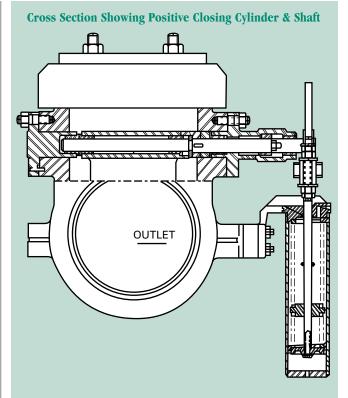
Tests and experience have shown that when an A&M Positive Closing Check Valve is used, water hammer is reduced to a minimum and the pump is assured maximum protection against reverse flow.

WATER HAMMER TESTS AND RESULTS

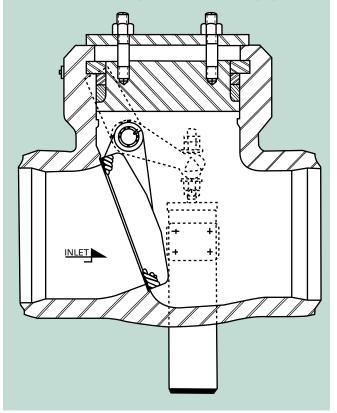
Portions of oscillograph tapes of tests made on production line A&M Valves are shown. The tests were conducted by an independent research facility to verify the advantages of fast closing and to demonstrate the effect of positive closing over a swinging disc check valve which was not positive closing. No numerical values are indicated. The following tests were run with the valve in the discharge of a motor driven pump.

- I. A Swinging Disc Check Valve with added weight at the outer edge of the disc, with the valve depending only on gravity for its closing moment.
- II. The same valve as in (I.) above, but with a positive closing cylinder arranged so that air pressure could be released simultaneously with the opening of the electrical circuit of the motor drive.

The trace lines indicate pressure during the test and at the moment of valve closure. The height of the line indicates the magnitude of the water hammer.

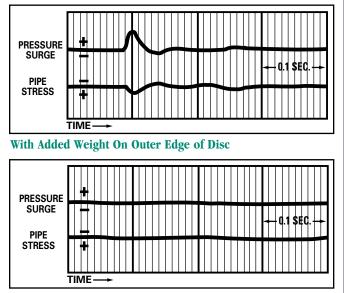


Cross Section Showing Inclined Seat & Swinging Disc



A comparison of the tapes shows the almost amazing results obtained when the positive closing cylinder was used. During the series of tests, it was also demonstrated that sluggish or retarded closing would severely increase water hammer, further proving the advantage of fast, positive closing. When summarizing the results of the tests, the laboratory report states: **"This intensity of water hammer (i.e., when positive closing was used) was almost inaudible and with no apparent vibration."**

Valve Closure Test Tapes



With Positive Closing Cylinder

FEATURES AND DESIGN ADVANTAGES

DEPENDABILITY AND POSITIVE CLOSURE

Positive Closing Check Valves are protective devices that must be completely reliable over extended periods of time. An average pump is "on stream" for a number of months and flow holds the valve in a wide open position for long intervals. Serious damage may result if foreign matter or sediment accumulates between the shaft and the bushings and retards or prevents free self closure. A&M valves offer positive protection against sticking or hanging-up and insure rapid, reliable closing in the event of a trip-out or shutdown.

DOUBLE PROTECTION

Some plants use two simple check valves in series as a means of insuring positive closure. Such double valving may be unnecessary, since a single Atwood & Morrill valve provides double protection with two methods of closure. First, the A&M Valve acts as a self-closing Check Valve when air pressure is admitted to the cylinder. Second, it acts as a Power Actuated Valve when air pressure is released from the cylinder on a trip-out.

MINIMUM PRESSURE DROP AND FULL FLOW EFFICIENCY

A&M Boiler Feed Pump Check Valves assist in keeping pressure drop in the feedwater piping system at a minimum, particularly when a single A&M Valve replaces a "double valve" installation. The streamlined characteristics of the A&M design make it an efficient valve to use, which is particularly important when longterm installed costs are considered.

"INTERNAL BALANCE"

The A&M Valve is designed so that the disc assembly is "pressure balanced". This means that the disc assembly is free to swing independently of the operating shaft. The disc is not subject to stuffing box friction or end-thrust tending to force it against the side of the valve. The operating shaft, which passes through the stuffing box is stationary under normal operating conditions. It is rotated only on a trip-out or shut-down by the closing cylinder, which has ample power to overcome stuffing box friction or other causes for sticking. In very high pressure installations, the operating shaft is "pressure balanced" by using double stuffing box construction.

ONE-PIECE BODY CONSTRUCTION AND SIMPLE DESIGN

A&M Boiler Feed Pump Check Valves are designed with a one-piece body and relatively few moving parts to minimize operating difficulties and simplify maintenance. Once installed, a valve can be inspected easily without removing it from line and the internals can be removed through the top cover. The closing mechanism can also be inspected easily without removing it from the valve by taking off the cylinder to expose the piston. The cylinder and piston assembly can then be examined for wear. If it becomes necessary to remove the piston, the threaded piston rod allows gradual backing off of the spring load so the rest of the cylinder can be dismantled without danger or the need for any special tools.

Atwood & Morrill does not use internal springs, which are difficult to replace. A&M provides a closing spring external to valve which is readily

accessible and can be removed from the cylinder assembly with ease. Possible spring failure could not seize the shaft or prevent self-closing of the valve.

SPECIFICATIONS

Size:	3" through 24" standard
Pressure Ratings:	ANSI Class 400, 600, 900, 1500, 2500 (Special and higher ratings as applicable)
Materials:	Cast steel with stainless steel or Cobalt Alloy Hard Facing trim. Other materi- als furnished on request.
Cover Design:	Pressure Seal, Bolted Bonnet as specified.
Closing Device:	Spring loaded cylinder (air controlled).
Body Type:	Swinging disc design with inclined seat. Suitable for full ANSI test pressures.
Disc Assembly:	One-piece construction, pressure balanced against lateral thrust. Positive stop on disc. Disc suitable for full pump shut-off pressure.
Shaft Bearing Design:	Single stuffing box for lower pressures. Double stuffing box for higher pressures. Outboard shaft support bearing on cylinder side. Shaft bushings are nitrid- ed stainless steel.
Seats:	Integral stainless steel facings on both disc and body. Cobalt Alloy Hard Facings also available.
Stuffing Box Packing:	Graphoil type. Leak-off bushings available.

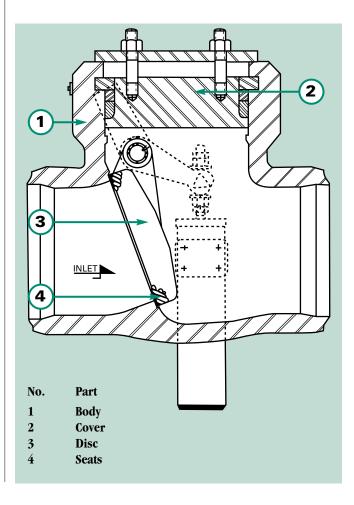
DIMENSIONS

Class 1500

SIZE	END TO END	Cv
4	13	357
6	15	826
8	18	1603
10	23	2585
12	25	3926
14	25	3926
16	29	5927

Class 2500

SIZE	END TO END	Cv
4	13	357
6	18.5	826
8	23.5	1603
10	23.5	1603
12	28	2585
14	35 35	3926
16	35	3926
18	41	5927



SWING CHECK VALVE - BALANCE OF PLANT

The Atwood & Morrill Swing Check Valve is designed to effectively prevent reverse flow and is ideally suited for liquid, steam and other gases requiring assured performance, tight shutoff and low maintenance.

APPLICATION

Condensate pump discharge

Heater drains

Liquid, steam and gas check valve

DESCRIPTION

A unique one piece disc and disc arm that cannot spin or flutter. The valve is flow engineered to hold the disc in the full open position during a wider range of flows, and the swinging disc design prevents wedging or jamming.

Wide, flat, permanently aligned seats that minimize leakage.

Stainless steel seat facings and hardsurfacing alloy available.

Bolted bonnet on 150 through 600 class valves and pressure seal bonnet on 900 through 1500 class valves.

An internal bracket on 2¹/₂-18 inch valves, eliminates side body penetrations for the shaft, removing two potential leak paths.

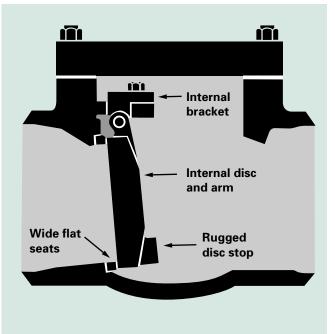
For larger sizes, a conventional double bearing cover design is used.

SPECIFICATIONS

Size:	21/2 - 48 inch
Pressure Ratings:	ANSI Class 150-1500
Materials:	Carbon steel, Alloy steel or stainless steel, all with

stainless steel trim.





SWING CHECK VALVE

CLASS 150, BOLTED BONNET

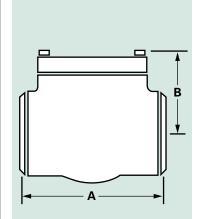
NOMIN INCH	IAL SIZE MM	a dime Inch	INSION MM	B DIMEI INCH	NSION MM	WE LB.	ight Kg.	Cv
2.5	65	12	305	5.25	133	95	43	198
3	75	12	305	5.25	133	95	43	208
4	100	12	330	5.375	137	110	50	370
6	150	14.5	368	6.5	165	140	64	868
8	200	17	432	8.5	216	235	107	1672
10	250	18.5	470	9.5	241	300	136	2688
12	300	20.5	521	10.75	273	450	204	3983
14	350	23	584	11.5	292	550	249	4892
16	400	25	635	13	330	660	299	6582
18	450	27	686	14.75	375	1015	460	8559
20	500	31	787	23.125	587	2474	1113	16400
24	600	37	940	23.75	603	3445	1550	21900
26	650	44	1118	27	686	3730	1679	27200
30	750	50	1270	25.625	651	4608	2074	36800

CLASS 300, BOLTED BONNET

NOMIN INCH	IAL SIZE MM	a dime Inch	ENSION MM	B DIMEI INCH	NSION MM	WE LB.	ight Kg.	Cv
2.5	65	12	305	5.25	133	95	43	198
3	75	12	305	5.25	133	95	43	204
4	100	13	330	6	152	110	50	370
6	150	15.5	394	7.5	191	200	91	868
8	200	17.5	445	9.25	235	310	141	1628
10	250	20	508	10.75	273	450	204	2651
12	300	21.5	546	12	305	669	299	3838
14	350	24	610	13	330	698	313	4892
16	400	25	635	14	356	825	374	6420
18	450	27.5	699	15.5	394	1215	551	8559
20	500	31	787	23.125	587	2474	1113	16400
24	600	37	940	25.125	638	3495	1573	21900
26	650	44	1118	28.625	727	3780	1701	27200
30	750	50	1270	25.625	651	5030	2264	36800

CLASS 600, BOLTED BONNET

NOMIN INCH	IAL SIZE MM	a dime Inch	INSION MM	B DIME INCH	NSION MM	WE LB.	ight Kg.	Cv
2.5	65	12.5	318	6.25	159	125	57	187
3	75	12.5	318	6.25	159	125	57	193
4	100	13.5	343	7	178	150	68	370
6	150	15.5	394	9.25	235	250	113	868
8	200	17.5	445	10.5	267	375	170	1796
10	250	20	508	12.25	311	550	249	2651
12	300	21.5	546	13	330	780	354	3838
14	350	25	635	14.5	368	975	442	4833
16	400	27	686	15.52	394	1315	596	6295
18	450	31	787	17.5	445	1950	885	8290
20	500	40	1016	34	864	4000	1800	15300
24	600	40	1016	31.25	794	5270	2372	17500
26	650	50	1270	28.5	724	5700	2565	31650
30	750	52	1321	37.5	953	8300	3735	35700



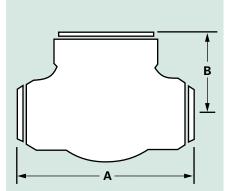
SWING CHECK VALVE

NOMINAL SIZE A DIMENSION **B DIMENSION** WEIGHT Cv INCH MM INCH MM INCH MM LB. KG. 2.5 12.5 7.5 12.5 7.5 8.75 15.5 12.5 17.5 22.5 27 17.25 17.25 28.37 29.5

CLASS 1500, PRESSURE SEAL BONNET

CLASS 900, PRESSURE SEAL BONNET

NOMINAL SIZE INCH MM		A DIMENSION INCH MM		B DIMENSION INCH MM		WEIGHT LB. KG.		Cv
2.5	65	12.5	318	8	203	140	64	202
3	75	12.5	318	8	203	140	64	209
4	100	14	356	8.75	222	336	152	345
6	150	16.5	419	13.5	343	800	363	801
8	200	19.5	495	15.5	394	1200	544	1517
10	250	25	635	19.5	495	1600	726	2346
12	300	30	762	23	584	2170	984	3658
14	350	30	762	23	584	2170	984	4207
16	400	34.5	876	27	686	2800	1270	5629
18	450	38	965	30	762	3500	1588	7558



RECOMMENDATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

MAINTENANCE, INSPECTION, EXERCISING

Atwood & Morrill Co., Inc. recommends a standard program of maintenance, inspection, and exercise for their products. For more information, please refer to the service manual supplied with each valve, or contact your local A&M representative or the home office in Salem, Massachusetts.

INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

For longest service life of these or any check valves, installation near sharp bends, elbows, eccentric reducers or expanders or other valves should be avoided. When possible, a length of 10 pipe diameters of straight pipe upstream and 5 pipe diameters of straight pipe downstream is recommended.

Atwood & Morrill Check Valves are engineered products. It is strongly recommended that a representative or factory sales engineer be consulted before selecting a valve.

ORDERS AND INQUIRIES

When specifying Check Valves, please supply:

- 1. Flow Conditions: Temperature, Pressure and Flow Rate
- 2. Style of valve (series or description)
- 3. Number of valves
- 4. Service
- 5. Size or Flow capacity
- **6.** Operating and design temperatures and pressures
- 7. Special material requirements
- 8. Maximum allowable pressure drop
- 9. Pipe run (horizontal or vertical)
- **10.** Mounting of auxiliary equipment (left or right side when facing inlet)
- 11. Other pertinent data
- 12. Accessory equipment
- 13. Available air and electrical supply