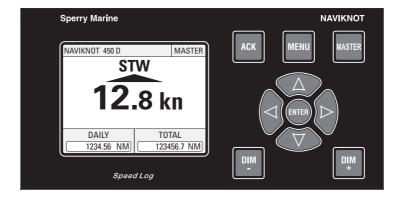


Operation, Installation and Service Manual



NAVIKNOT 450 D

Single Axis Doppler Speed Log with Preamplifier D, Type 5005

056352/C, 06 Dec 2011

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Revision Record

Rev.	Date	Remarks
С	06 Dec 2011	revised part no. references for transducer type 5020 minor corrections/additions
В	18 Jan 2008	minor corrections, first official release, this manual is valid for NAVIKNOT 450 D systems delivered with the Preamplifier D, type 5005
Α	17 Dec 2007	initial version, not officially released

Safety Instructions

Safety Notice Conventions

The following safety notice conventions are followed throughout this manual:

DANGER



A **Danger** notice contains an operating or maintenance procedure, practice, condition, statement, etc., which, if not strictly observed, **will result in injury or death of personnel**.

WARNING



A Warning notice contains an operating or maintenance procedure, practice, condition, statement, etc., which, if not strictly observed, could result in injury or death of personnel.

CAUTION



A **Caution** notice contains an operating or maintenance procedure, practice, condition, statement, etc., which, if not strictly observed, **could result in damage to, or destruction of equipment**.

Note



A **Note** contains an essential operating or maintenance procedure, condition or statement, which is considered important enough to be highlighted.

Special safety symbols may be used in this manual to indicate:

Risk of electrical shock.

Used in conjunction with a **Danger** or **Warning** notice.



Electronic components sensitive to electrostatic discharge.

Used in conjunction with a **Caution** notice.

General Safety Information for the Operator

CAUTION



In the "Manual" and "Extern" modes, the NAVIKNOT 450 D transmits valid output signals and data to the receiving equipment connected.

The function of these modes is to maintain normal operation of speed receivers such as gyrocompasses, RADAR, ARPA etc., in case of failure of the Doppler transducer.

When operating the NAVIKNOT 450 D in the "Manual" mode, make sure that ship's crew are aware of the fact that speed and distance information from the log is based on manual input.

Operating the NAVIKNOT 450 D in the "Manual" mode may severely affect the proper function of equipment which depends on accurate speed and/or distance data.

When operating the NAVIKNOT 450 D in the "Extern" mode, make sure that ship's crew are aware of the fact that GPS ground speed data is displayed and transmitted as longitudinal water speed by the NAVIKNOT 450 D.

Operating the NAVIKNOT 450 D in the "Extern" mode may severely affect the proper function of equipment which depends on accurate longitudinal water speed data.

General Safety Information for Service Personnel

Safety information relating to system configuration, maintenance, servicing and troubleshooting is presented in the respective chapters.

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Chapter 1: Introduction

1.1 Design and Main Features

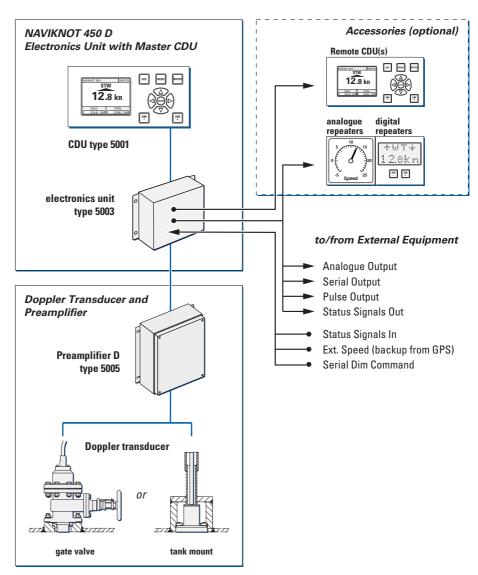
The NAVIKNOT 450 D is a compact solid-state microprocessor controlled system to determine a vessel's longitudinal speed and distance travelled through the water.

The system complies with IMO resolutions A. 824(19) and A.694(17) and with EN/IEC standards 61023, 61162 and 60945.

The NAVIKNOT 450 D has been type-approved by Germanischer Lloyd, in accordance with the Maritime Equipment Directive (MED) 96/98/EC as amended and has been assigned certificate no. 94565-10 HH. In accordance with the mutual recognition agreement (MRA), USCG approval no. 165.105 / EC 0098 / 9456510 has been granted.

A basic system consists of the NAVIKNOT 450 D Electronics Unit, a Control and Display Unit (CDU) and the Doppler transducer (gate valve or tank mount) with the Preamplifier D. Up to three additional remote CDUs may be connected to the electronics unit.

Figure 1-1: NAVIKNOT 450 D system



Data Outputs

The Electronics Unit receives raw speed data from the preamplifier D and applies any necessary corrections according to a stored calibration table. The unit then transmits the calibrated water speed to receiving equipment and to the connected CDUs. It also calculates the distance travelled and maintains the total and daily mile counters.

Serial speed and distance data is provided in the NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162 format at six RS-422 outputs. These are divided into two groups of three outputs each, which may be configured independently to suit the receiving equipment.

Analogue speed signals are provided at one voltage and one current output. The mapping of actual speeds to corresponding output values is configured for each output independently.

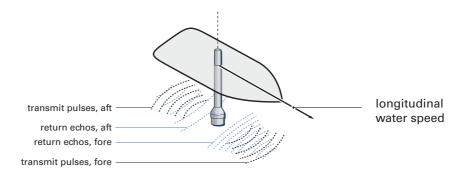
The distance travelled is also provided as a pulse signal at six contact closure outputs. These are divided into three groups of three, two and one output respectively, which may be configured independently to provide 10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

1.2 Operating Principle

The NAVIKNOT 450 D system utilizes the principle of Doppler-shifted sound waves to determine the vessel's speed relative to the water along the longitudinal (forward-aft) axis. The sensing signals are high frequency sound pulses which are transmitted from a transducer mounted through a hull penetration. The transducer contains two transmitter/receiver windows, which transmit and receive signals in the forward and aft directions respectively.

The Preamplifier D generates the transmit pulses and detects the return echo from the water during the time between transmissions. A time delay between pulse transmission and detection of the return signal ensures that echoes are received from undisturbed water outside the boundary layer at the hull. The return signals are processed to determine the vessel's fore/aft speed vector. The preamplifier transmits the sensed speed in a digital format to the NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit.

Figure 1-2: Doppler log operating principle



1.3 Technical Data

General

Speed/Distance Ranges and Accuracies (as per specification of the Doppler transducer)

measuring range	–50 to +50 kn
1 σerror of displayed speed for a period of five minutes (under good hydrostatic conditions, pitch angles < 5°)	±1% or 0.1 kn

NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit, Type 5003

Environmental Requirements

ambient temperature, operation	-15 °C – +55 °C
ambient temperature, storage	-25 °C – +70 °C
protection grade	IP 23 to DIN EN 60529
environmental conditions / EMC	in accordance with IEC 60945

Power Supply

supply voltage	24 VDC (18-36 V)
max. ripple content	±4 Vpp; extreme values may not exceed 36 V or fall below 18 V
power consumption	5 W max.

Magnetic Clearance

to standard magnetic compass	0.5 m
to steering magnetic compass	0.4 m
reduced, to standard magnetic compass	0.3 m
reduced, to steering magnetic compass	0.3 m

Dimensions and Weight

width	340 mm	
height	250 mm	0
depth	100 mm	0
weight	4.0 kg	

Technical Data 1-3

Data Inputs

Doppler transducer speed data	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162
Control and Display Unit data	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162 (proprietary sentences)
ext. speed data (backup from GPS)	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162
serial dimming command	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162

Signal and Status Inputs

double ended ferry mode	connection to P.Gnd via ext. contact, latching
ext. alarm acknowledge status (mute)	connection to P.Gnd via ext. contact, momentary, normally open
ext. dim+ ext. dim-	connection to P.Gnd via ext. contact, momentary, normally open

Data Outputs

serial data RS-422 outputs, group 1 (3x)	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; all or selected subset of: longitudinal water speed distance travelled log status (proprietary sentence)
serial data RS-422 outputs, group 2 (3x)	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; all or selected subset of: longitudinal water speed distance travelled log status (proprietary sentence)

Signal and Status Outputs

Signal and Status Outputs	
analogue speed output, voltage	max. range -9.999 – 9.999 VDC; speed mapped to output voltage through definition of min. and max. speed/voltage pairs
analogue speed output, current	max. range 0 – 20 mA; speed mapped to output current through definition of min. and max. speed/current pairs
pulse outputs, group 1 (outputs 1,2 and 3)	10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 p/nm
pulse outputs, group 2 outputs 4 and 5)	10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 p/nm
pulse output 6	10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 p/nm or ext. alarm mute
power failure/general alarm speed log failure alarm speed limit threshold alarm watch alarm acknowledge	potential-free relay contacts, each rated 30 VDC/1.0 A, 100 VDC/0.3 A, 125 VAC/0.5 A;

1-4 Technical Data

NAVIKNOT 450 D Control and Display Unit (CDU)

Environmental Requirements

ambient temperature, operation	-15°C – +55°C
ambient temperature, storage	-25°C – +70°C
protection grade	Stock No. 73506: frontside IP 65 to DIN EN 60529, if installed with seal in console panel; IP 23 if installed in console frame Stock No. 73507 (in housing with bracket): IP 65 to DIN EN 60529
environmental conditions / EMC	in accordance with IEC 60945

Power supply

supply voltage	24 VDC (18-36 V)
max. ripple content	±4 Vpp; extreme values may not exceed 36 V or fall below 18 V
power consumption	4 W max.

Magnetic Clearance

to standard magnetic compass	0.80 m
to steering magnetic compass	0.50 m
reduced, to standard magnetic compass	0.50 m
reduced, to steering magnetic compass	0.30 m

Technical Data 1-5

Dimensions and Weight

Stock No. 73506 (for console mounting)

width	192 mm	
height	96 mm	
depth	44 mm; approx. 100 mm backward clearance from mounting surface required for connector cable	
weight	2.4 kg	

Stock No. 79488 (Stock No. 73506 factory-assembled in console frame)

frame width	223 mm	
frame height	127 mm	

Stock No. 73507 (in housing with bracket)

width	256 mm	
max. height (unit in vertical position)	155 mm	
max. depth (unit in horizontal position)	116 mm	
weight	3.2 kg	

1-6 Technical Data

Preamplifier D, Type 5005

Environmental Requirements

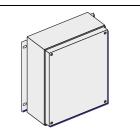
ambient temperature, operation	−15 to +55 °C
ambient temperature, storage	−25 to +70 °C
protection grade	IP 65 to DIN EN 60529
environmental conditions / EMC	in accordance with IEC 60945

Power Supply

supply voltage	24 VDC (18 - 36 V)
max. ripple content	±4 Vpp; extreme values may not exceed 36 V or fall below 18 V
power consumption	16 W max.

Dimensions and Weight

width	239 mm
height	285 mm
depth	83 mm
weight	3.0 kg



Technical Data 1-7

Doppler Transducers

Common Operational Data

speed range	-50 to +50 kn
radiated power (electrical)	10 W max.
signal mode	pulse
frequency	2 MHz
number of beams	2
beam width	1.5°
beam angle	15° from vertical
minimum required bottom clear- ance	1.8 m

Transducer with Gate Valve

transducer for steel or aluminium vessels, single bottom	
installation method	from inside vessel, through hull fittings
ambient temperature, operation	−2 to +40 °C
protection grade	IP 68 to DIN EN 60529; submersible to 35 m
cable length	18 m (PN 74893) or 40m (PN 74894) or 60m (PN 74895)
dimensions and weight	see drawings 4983-0112-01 and 5020-0112-01

1-8 Technical Data

Tank Mount Transducer

transducer for steel vessels, single or double bottom	
installation method	from outside vessel; transducer can be exchanged without drydocking by a diver
ambient temperature, operation	-2 to +40 °C
protection grade	IP 68 to DIN EN 60529; submersible to 35 m
cable length	18 m (PN 73494) or 36 m (PN 73496)
dimensions and weight	see drawing 4978-0112-01

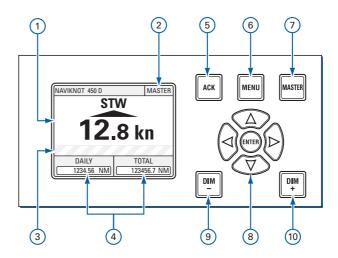
Technical Data 1-9

1-10 Technical Data

Chapter 2: Operation

2.1 Display and Operating Keys

Figure 2-1: NAVIKNOT 450 D operating unit



Display

- Speed Display: Shows the actual speed through the water along the vessel's longitudinal axis (fore-and-aft line). Arrow pointing up, above value: speed is positive (ahead). Arrow pointing down, below value: speed is negative (astern).
- 2 Mode Indicator: indicates the operating mode (Master or Repeater).
- 3 Alarm Display Area: In case of pending alarms, the alarm code(s) and error messages are shown in this area.
- Mile Counters: Show the distance travelled since last reset (daily miles) and total cumulative distance travelled (total miles).

Operating Keys

- ⑤ **ACK** key: Acknowledge pending alarms; mute alarm buzzer.
- 6 MENU key: Call up or quit the menu mode.
- MASTER key: Requests Master operating mode for this unit.
- Navigation Keypad: UP, DOWN, LEFT, RIGHT keys navigate through the operating menu; ENTER confirms and stores settings made in the menu mode. In case active alarms are present, the left and right arrow keys scroll through the list of alarm messages.
- DIM- / DIM+: Adjust the display brightness.

2.2 External control devices

Depending on the installation, external devices may be present to remotely control certain functions of the NAVIKNOT 450 D:

- The audible alarm at the NAVIKNOT 450 D the may be muted from a remote device, e.g. a central alarm panel.
- External pushbuttons may be used to adjust the display brightness.
- If connected to a central dimming facility, the NAVIKNOT 450 D may receive dimming commands via a serial data connection.
- An external selector switch may be used to activate or de-activate the double-ended ferry mode. In this mode, the NAVIKNOT 450 D displays and transmits all speeds with the sign reversed.

2.3 Power-up Sequence

The separate components of the NAVIKNOT system are not equipped with power switches. All devices power up simultaneously, as soon as supply power is applied to the system.

Upon power up, the startup routine is executed:





The startup screen is shown and a system test sequence is executed.

A status line at the bottom of the screen indicates the progress and results of the following tests:
RAM test
I/O test
Checksum test
Setup Data test

After the system test, the indication "waiting for main unit" may be briefly shown at the CDU, while the Electronics Unit initializes itself.

As soon as the system is fully operational, the actual speed and the daily and total mile counters are displayed.

Note



Should the NAVIKNOT electronics fail to establish communication with the CDU(s) after power-up, the indication "waiting for main unit" will be shown permanently at all connected CDUs. An audible alarm is sounded which must be locally acknowledged at each CDU.

The NAVIKNOT system will not operate properly until the cause of failure is eliminated and should be powered down until it can be serviced.

2.4 Display Indications in Normal Operational Mode

Speed Display



In the normal operational mode, the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU permanently display the actual speed through the water (STW).

An up-arrow symbol above the speed value indicates positive speeds (ahead), a down-arrow symbol below the value indicates negative speeds (astern).

The value is displayed without sign.

Distance Counters

DAILY	TOTAL
1234.56 NM	123456.7 NM

Also permanently displayed are the distance counters (daily and total mile counters).

The counters display the distance made good through the water.
The count is incremented at positive speeds only; counting is halted during zero or negative speeds.

Operating Status Indications



Master/Remote status

The indication "MASTER" is shown in the top right corner of the CDU which currently the master unit. Other CDUs, if present, will show the indication "REMOTE"





When the manual or external input mode has been activated in the manual settings menu, the indication "MAN" or "EXTERN" respectively is shown in the top left corner of the speed display.

Speed not calibrated



When the transducer calibration table is empty or calibration has been switched off, the indication "UNCAL" is shown in the top right corner of the speed display.

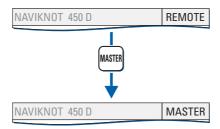
2.5 Requesting Master Control

In case more than one CDU is installed, only one of these can be assigned master control; all other CDUs will operate as remote units.

Only from the master, the operator can access the operating and service menus, acknowledge alarms and scroll through the alarm list.

Remote CDUs permanently display speed and distance. The only keys functional at a remote CDU are the **DIM-/DIM+** keys to adjust the brightness level and the **MASTER** key, which requests master control to be transferred to this CDU.

To request master control at a remote CDU:



Press the **MASTER** key. Master control is transferred and the mode indication changes from "REMOTE" to "MASTER".

Note

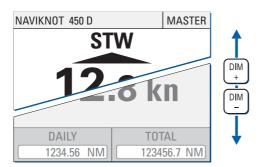


Master control can only be requested from a CDU which is currently operating as remote unit.

The current master cannot actively transfer control to a remote CDU. Any remote CDU may request master control at any time, i.e. control requests cannot be refused by the current master.

2.6 Adjusting the display brightness

The brightness of the display and keypad illumination is adjusted via the **DIM+/DIM-** keys:



Press the **DIM+** key to increase the illumination brightness.
Press the **DIM-** key to reduce the illumination brightness.

Note



The display brightness can only be adjusted in normal operational mode. The brightness setting is not retained between power-ups. The NAVIKNOT 450 D always powers up at the second highest brightness level.

2.7 Optional Functions

The following functions may be available if the system is equipped with the respective external controls and configured accordingly.

Muting Alarms Remotely

On alarm, actuate the mute control at a remote device (e.g. a central alarm panel). The audible alarm is muted.

Note



A remotely muted alarm remains in the pending (unacknowledged) state. The alarm is indicated as pending in the alarm display area until the alarm is acknowledged at the NAVIKNOT 450 D or the cause of the alarm is eliminated.

Resetting/Acknowledging a Central Watch Alarm

If connected to a central watch alarm facility ('dead man alarm'), the NAVIKNOT 450 D automatically resets the watch alarm timer whenever a key is pressed on the unit.

Should a watch alarm be given, press any key at the NAVIKNOT 450 D to acknowledge the alarm and reset the watch alarm timer.

External Dimming

If external **DIM+/DIM-** pushbuttons are installed, these operate in parallel with the builtin **DIM+/DIM-** keys.

For future applications, the NAVIKNOT 450 D also possesses an input for serial data dimming commands from a central dimming facility.

Activating Double-Ended Ferry Mode

In certain installations, a switch may be installed to activate or de-activate the double-ended ferry mode. If this mode is active, If this mode is active, all speeds are displayed and transmitted with their sign reversed.

Note



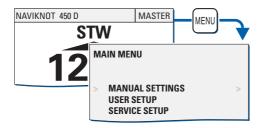
In most installations where the double-ended ferry mode is used, it will be automatically activated via a general take-over system which transfers control between the forward and aft steering positions.

Optional Functions 2-5

2.8 Operating Menu

The manual settings, user and service setup sub-menus are accessed through a multilevel operating menu.

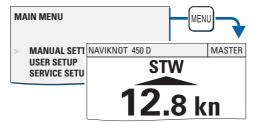
Entering and Quitting the Menu Mode



From the normal operational mode, press **MENU** to enter the menu mode.

The Main Menu screen is displayed.

The keys of the navigation keypad may now be used to navigate the menu, to select parameter settings and to edit parameter values.



From the main menu screen, press **MENU** to return to the normal operational mode.

The Main Menu screen is closed and the normal operational display reappears.

Note

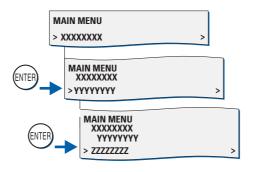


In the menu mode, the **MASTER** and the **DIM-/DIM+** keys are disabled. Should an alarm condition occur while the menu mode is active, the audible alarm will sound, but the operator must return to normal operational mode to view the alarm message and acknowledge the alarm.

2-6 Operating Menu

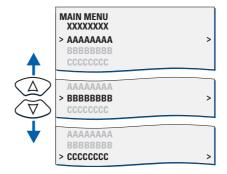
Navigating the Menu

In the menu mode, the operator may navigate through the menu using the **Right**, **Left**, **Up** and **Down** arrow keys.



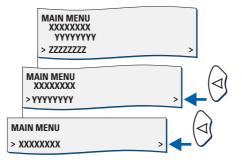
Arrow symbols (>) to the right of the window indicate that a sub-menu exists for the respective option.

Press **ENTER** to enter a submenu.



The arrow symbol (>) at the left of the window indicates the cursor position on the current menu level.

With the **Up/Down** arrow keys, move to the cursor to the required sub-menu position.



Press the **Left** arrow key to return to the next higher menu level.

Alternatively, **MENU** may be pressed to jump as high up as possible from the current level. In most cases, this will quit the menu immediately and return to normal operational mode.

Operating Menu 2-7

Selecting Parameter Settings

In a number of sub-menus, the operator is expected to select parameter settings from a list of available options.

The available options and the current selection are indicated by different symbols:

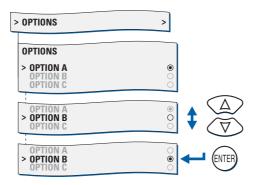
Radio buttons: Allow to select exactly one of the available options.

: selected: deselected

Checkboxes: Allow to select or activate none, one or more of the available options.

□ : selected□ : deselected

To select parameter settings in a sub-menu:



With the **Up/Down** arrow keys, move to the required option.

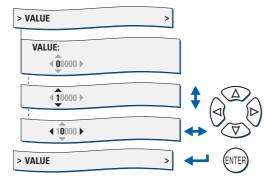
Press **ENTER** to confirm the selection and leave the option sub-menu.

MENU leaves the option submenu without changes.

Editing Parameter Values

In a number of sub-menus, parameters are set by editing a numerical value or an alphanumerical string.

To edit a parameter value in the respective sub-menu:



With the **Up/Down** arrow keys, edit the character at the current cursor position.

With the **Right/Left** arrow keys, move the cursor forward/back to edit the next/ previous character.

Press **ENTER** to confirm the new value and leave the option sub-menu.

MENU leaves the option submenu without changes.

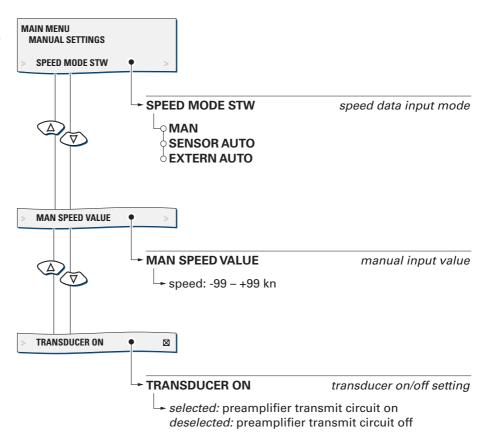
2-8 Operating Menu

2.9 Manual Settings Menu

The Manual Settings menu provides access to settings which the operator may need to alter more or less frequently during normal operation.

Manual Settings - Overview

Figure 2-2: Manual Settings



Manual Settings – Parameters

Speed Mode STW

Selects the speed input mode.

Settings: MAN

The actual speed value is entered manually.

This setting may be chosen only temporarily, to generate speed output data in case of transducer failure or for testing.

SENSOR

Speed data is read from the speed sensor input, i.e. from the Doppler preamplifier.

This setting must be active at all times during normal operation of the system.

EXTERN

Speed data is read from the NMEA \$--VTG sentence at one of the NMEA inputs 1 or 2.

This setting allows to use speed data from a GPS instead of manual input. Note that, while the \$--VTG sentence contains ground speed, the NAVIKNOT 450 D displays and transmits the data as water speed. The external input may therefore be chosen only temporarily, to generate output data in case

of transducer failure or for testing.

Man. Speed Value

Sets the input value in the manual input mode.

Value: -99.9 - 99.9 kn

Transducer ON

Switches the Preamplifier D transmit circuits on or off.

Settings: **ON** (option checked)

> The preamplifier D fore and aft channel transmit circuits are switched on.

This setting must be active at all times during normal operation of the system.

OFF (option unchecked)

The preamplifier D fore and aft channel transmit circuits are switched off.

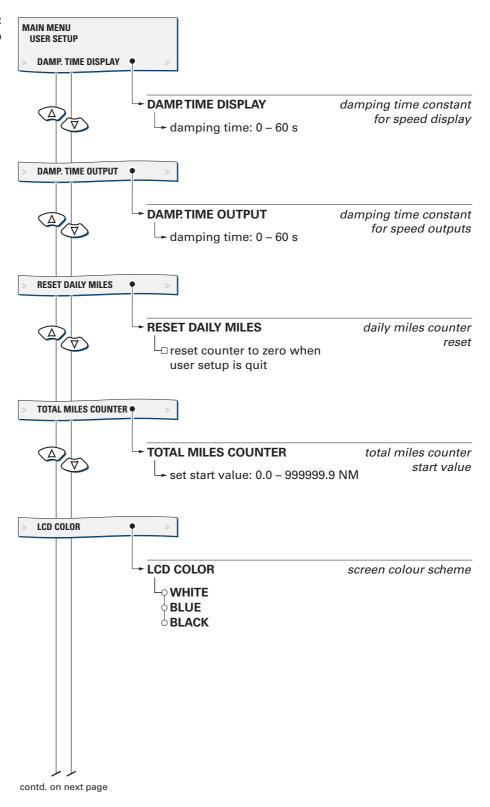
This setting should be activated while testing and servicing the system when the vessel is drydocked, to prevent the transducer from operating in free air.

2.10 User Setup

The User Setup menu provides access to settings which the operator may need to alter only occasionally.

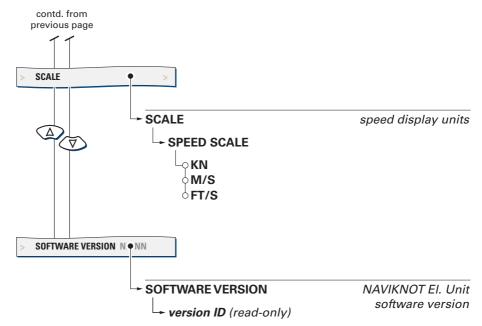
User Setup – Overview

Figure 2-3: User Setup



User Setup 2-11

Figure 2-4: User Setup (contd.)



2-12 User Setup

User Setup – Parameters

Damp. Time Display

Sets the damping time constant for the speed display.

The higher the time constant, the stronger sudden peaks of the actual speed display will be damped.

Value: 0 - 60 s

Damp. Time Output

Sets the damping time constant for the speed outputs.

The higher the time constant, the stronger sudden peaks of the actual speed output will be damped. The output damping time constant is effective for both the analogue as well as the serial data outputs.

Value: 0 - 60 s

Reset Daily Miles

Sets the reset flag for the daily miles counter.

If the reset flag is set, the daily miles counter is reset to zero as soon as the User Setup is quit.

Settings: **ON** (option checked)

Reset daily miles counter when User Setup is quit

OFF (option unchecked)

Leave daily miles counter untouched

Total Miles Counter

Sets the total miles counter to a desired start value.

Value: **0.0 – 999999.9 NM**

Note



The total miles counter may be set to any desired start value. The daily mile count may thus be larger than the total mile count if the daily miles counter is not reset after altering the total mile counter.

User Setup 2-13

LCD Color

Selects the screen colour scheme for the normal operational display.

Settings: WHITE

Speed display and mile counters use black lettering on a white background.

BLUE

Speed display and mile counters use white lettering on a blue background.

BLACK

Speed display and mile counters use white lettering on a black background.

Scale

Selects the unit of measure for the speed display.

The respective setting acts on the actual speed display at the CDU only and has no further effect on the output data, mile counters etc.

Settings: KN

Speed is displayed in knots.

M/S

Speed is displayed in metres per second.

FT/S

Speed is displayed in feet per second.

Software Version

Displays the software version of the NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit.

Settings: none

The version ID is read-only.

2-14 User Setup

Chapter 3: Alarm System

3.1 Alarm Indication

Audible Alarm Indication

Single Beep: Invalid Action



A single short beep indicates that the operator attempted to carry out an invalid action.

This is the case e.g. if the operator attempts to enter the menu from a remote unit.

Continuous Beeping: Pending Alarm



Continuous on-off beeping indicates that a pending (unacknowledged) alarm is present.

Simultaneously, a corresponding alarm message is shown in the alarm window.

Visual Alarm Indication

If an alarm is active, a messages is shown in the alarm display area (above the mile counters) which specifies the alarm at hand. Active alarms have one of two possible states:



Pending (unacknowledged):
The cause of the alarm is present
and the operator has not yet
acknowledged the alarm.
The alarm message is shown on a
red flashing background.



Acknowledged:

The operator has acknowledged the alarm but the cause of the alarm is still present.

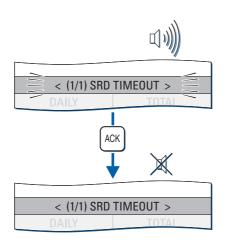
The alarm message is shown on a solid red background.

Alarm Indication 3-1

3.2 Acknowledging Alarms/Muting the Audible Alarm

Local Alarm Acknowledge

To acknowledge a pending alarm at the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU:



Press ACK.

The audible alarm indication is muted.

If the system is connected to a central alarm facility and configured accordingly, the audible alarm indication at the central alarm facility will also be muted.

Note



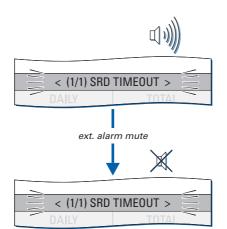
When an alarm has been acknowledged, the ext. alarm status output remains active until the cause of the alarm is eliminated.

When the cause of an alarm is eliminated, the alarm is acknowledged automatically and the alarm status is cleared.

The NAVIKNOT 450 D does not keep a history of past (inactive) alarms.

External Alarm Mute

To mute the audible alarm externally (e.g. from a central alarm panel):



Actuate the external mute facility.

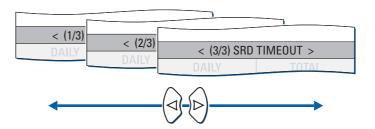
The audible alarm indication is muted.

The alarm state and visible indication are not affected, i.e. the alarm remains in the pending state until it is locally acknowledged at the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU.

3.3 Viewing the active alarms

The total number of alarms and the index number of the currently displayed alarm are shown in front of the alarm message.

If more than one alarm is active, use the Left or Right arrow key to scroll through the list of alarm messages:







As long as any pending (unacknowledged) alarms are present, these will automatically be redisplayed when other messages have been viewed, until all alarms have been acknowledged by the operator.

3.4 Error Messages

Table 3-1: error messages

message text	cause	corrective action
WAITING FOR MAIN UNIT (shown on startup screen)	Communcation between electronics unit and CDU(s) could not be established	Check operation of the electronics unit; Check cabling between CDU and electronics unit. If error persists, power down the system and call service.
SCAN SRD SENSOR	Transducer protocol detection running (NAVIKNOT electron- ics unit analyzes incoming data)	Error is cleared once transducer protocol has been determined. If error persists, check preamplifier D for proper operation.
SRD TIMEOUT	Transducer protocol detection failed	Check that the preamplifier is operating; check that protocol is set to NMEA; check cabling between preamplifier and NAVI-KNOT electronics unit; check cabling between transducer and preamplifier; check transducer for proper operation.
PREAMP D. TIMEOUT	Data lost from pream- plifier D (protocol detection succeeded and valid data was received previously)	
EXT DIM TIMEOUT	No valid commands received at serial dim input.	Check connection between dimming device and electronics unit.
EU TIMEOUT	Communication lost between electronics unit and CDU	Check basic operation of the electronics unit (valid output generated at serial data / ana- logue outputs); Check cabling between CDU and electronics unit.

Note



In case of an "EU timeout" error, dashes will appear in the speed and distance displays. The timeout error will be shown as the only fault present, because the CDU receives no error messages from the electronics unit when the communication is lost.

3-4 Error Messages

Chapter 4: Scheduled Maintenance

4.1 Maintenance by Shipboard Personnel

NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit, and CDU

The electronic components of the NAVIKNOT 450 D system are solidstate devices and contain no consumable parts. Therefore, no set maintenance schedule is required.

The CDU front plate should be kept clean and a regular visual inspection of the system's cables and connectors should be carried out to detect any signs of damage or deterioration.

CAUTION



The CDU front plate is made of clear polycarbonate.

Do not clean the front plate with organic solvents, acetone or any other substance which could damage or discolour plastic.

Use only water and soap or a mild detergent to clean the front plate.

Doppler Transducer and Preamplifier D

Depending on the type of transducer installed, certain maintenance procedures are to be carried out at regular intervals, such as cleaning of the transducer face and lubrication/overhaul of the gate valve, if applicable.

The recommended maintenance schedule and procedures are described in the installation, maintenance and service instructions for the Doppler transducers and preamplifier D, document no. 005005-0125-001.

Chapter 5: Installation

5.1 Mechanical Installation

Doppler Transducer and Preamplifier D

Details of the installation and dimension/installation drawings for the Doppler transducers and the preamplifier D, type 5005, are contained in the installation, maintenance and service instructions for the Doppler transducers and preamplifier D, document 005005-0125-001.

In general, field service will attend a vessel after the transducer hardware has been installed mechanically by the shipyard. I.e., in case of the gate valve transducer, the gate valve will be installed and in case of the tank mount transducer, the cofferdam tank and transducer will be installed completely. In most cases, the vessel will be afloat at this point in time.

The preamplifier D, type 5005, may be installed at the same time as the transducer or later, together with the other electronic components of the NAVIKNOT 450 D system.

NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit

The NAVIKNOT electronics unit is to be installed at a protected location. In most cases, it will be mounted in the vicinity of the master CDU.

The electronics unit is to be attached to a level surface with four M6 screws (or nuts and bolts). For the dimensions of the housing, refer to drawing 5003-0112-01. The electronics unit may be installed vertically, horizontally or inclined.

Mechanical Installation 5-1

Control and Display Units

Console Mounting

To mount a NAVIKNOT CDU directly in a console panel (without console frame), a panel cutout is required as shown in drawing 5001-0112-02 (see Appendix). Suitable fasteners for console mounting are provided in the installation kit 22724, included with the CDU.

A backward clearance of approx. 100 mm from the mounting surface is required to protect the connector cable from being bent too strongly at the cable gland.

Console Frame Version

When ordered factory-assembled in a console frame, the NAVIKNOT CDU is already fastened to the frame. The required cutout for a standard 2x1 frame is shown in drawing 0012-0112-02 (see Appendix).

If a custom frame is delivered, installation-specific dimensional drawings for the frame and cutout will be provided with the equipment.

A backward clearance of approx. 90 mm from the frame top surface is required to protect the connector cable from being bent too strongly at the cable gland.

Housing with Bracket

The NAVIKNOT CDU in housing with bracket is shown in dimensional drawing 5001-0112-02 (see Appendix). The mounting bracket carries four holes of 5.3 mm dia. for fixing the bracket to any plane surface, such as a console panel, wall or ceiling. The required fasteners are to be provided by the shipyard or installer.

Connector Cable

The NAVIKNOT CDU connector cable terminates into a 6-wire pigtail for direct connection to the terminals at the Electronics Unit or to a separate terminal block. If required, a terminal block is to be provided by the ship-yard or installer.

The installer must make sure that the end of the cable sheath is firmly secured to the vessel structure with tie-wraps or other suitable means, so that the individual wires are free from tension at the terminals.

5-2 Mechanical Installation

5.2 Electrical Installation

Preamplifier D Configuration

The preamplifier D, as delivered by Sperry Marine, will be preconfigured for use within the NAVIKNOT system. However, the setting of configuration jumpers and dip-switch contacts as well as the transmit power adjustment should be checked prior to first-time operation. Details of the preamplifier configuration and transmit power adjustment are contained in the installation, maintenance and service instructions for the Doppler transducers and preamplifier D, document no. 005005-0125-001.

Wiring Up the System

WARNING



Hazardous voltage is present at the transducer terminals located on the fore and aft channel transmit/receive PCBs in the preamplifier D. Danger of electrical shock or burn when the transducer terminals are touched while power is applied to the preamplifier.

Do not touch the transducer terminals and do not connect or disconnect the transducer cable while power is applied to the preamplifier.

CAUTION



When wiring up the system, make sure that the power supply for the NAVIKNOT system is switched off and is safeguarded against accidental switching-on.

CAUTION



Components on the devices' PCBs are sensitive to static discharge. Take the necessary precautions to prevent electrostatic discharges.

Wire up the system according to the connection diagrams and other relevant documents provided.

If installation-specific connection diagrams have been provided for a given system, these supersede any connection information contained in standard connection diagrams.

If wiring up according to standard connection diagrams, make sure beforehand that all data and signals to receive from or transmit to external equipment comply to the NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit interface specification, 5003-0120-001.

Electrical Installation 5-3

5.3 Initial System Configuration

Configuring the CDU(s)

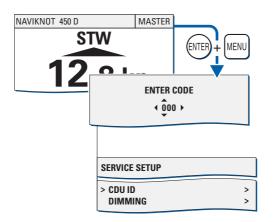
If one CDU is installed only, the unit requires no further configuration.

In case more than one CDU is installed, each CDU must be assigned a unique ID through its local Service Setup menu.

CDU Setup Access Code

To prevent inadvertent or unauthorized changes to the CDU configuration, the local setup menu is protected by an access codes

To access the local CDU Service Setup:



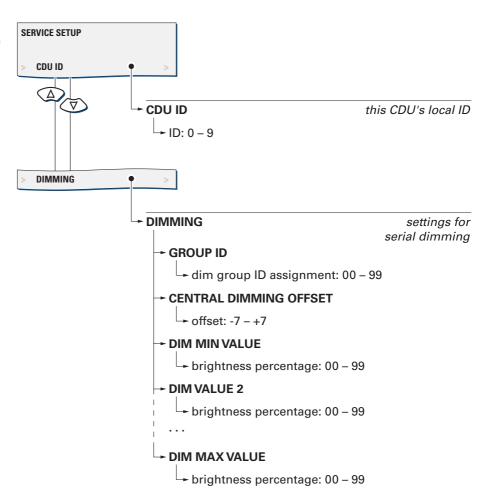
From the normal operational mode, simultaneously press **ENTER** and **MENU** to call up the CDU's local Service Setup menu mode.

When prompted for the setup code, enter code **600**.

The CDU's local Service Setup opens.

CDU Service Setup - Overview

Figure 5-1: CDU Service Setup



CDU Service Setup - Parameters

CDU ID

Sets the CDU's local ID.

The ID serves to identify the individual CDUs in systems where one or more remote CDUs are installed. The electronics unit uses the ID to keep track of which CDU is currently assigned master command.

Setting: 0 - 9

Select an ID between "1" and "9" if more than one CDU is installed. A given ID may only be assigned to one CDU

within the system.

In a single-CDU system, select ID "0".

Dimming

Group ID

Assigns the CDU to a dim group.

The ID setting is only effective if dimming commands are read from the proprietary NMEA sentence \$PPLAI.

Setting: **00 – 99**

Select an ID between "01" and "09" to assign the CDU to

the respective dim group.

Selecting ID "00" lets the CDU accept any dim command

received, regardless of group assignment.

Central Dim Offset

Sets a local offset for the brightness level.

Setting: **-7 – +7**

Select an offset as required to match the brightness of the CDU to that of other equipment controlled through the same dim command device.

Offsets below 0 decrease, offsets above 0 increase the CDU's overall brightness by the corresponding number of brightness levels. However, the offset will not alter the brightness beyond the min. and max levels respectively.

The factory default for the offset is 0.

Dim Values (min. through max.)

Maps the ordered brightness setting as read from the serial dim command to the NAVIKNOT 450 D's nine discrete brightness levels.

Settings: **00 – 99**

For each brightness level, set the smallest intensity order at which the level should be active. If the order received is smaller than the set value, brightness is reduced to the next lower level.

Configuring System Parameters

When the system has been wired up, all configuration parameters are to be set to the required values in the Service Setup in order to make the NAVIKNOT system fully functional. For a description of the Service Setup, refer to Chapter 6 (System Configuration).

Note



As the first step in an initial system configuration, call up the Service Setup and the system type parameter to "NAVIKNOT 450 D". Then, quit the setup menu and cycle the power to make sure that only those parameter settings and configuration options which apply to a NAVIKNOT 450 D system are available through the Service Setup.

After the initial system configuration, note all settings in the NAVIKNOT 450 D system setup table (see Appendix). Send one copy of the filled-out table to Sperry Marine for inclusion in the ship's file.

The operating parameters in the User Setup and Manual Settings menus should also be set as required for normal operation within the given system.

Chapter 6: System Configuration

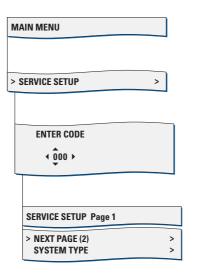
6.1 Service Setup Menu

The Service Setup menu provides access to the system parameters which configure the NAVIKNOT 450 D according to the requirements of the installation at hand.

Setup Access Code

To prevent inadvertent or unauthorized changes to the system configuration, setup menus which are to be accessed by service personnel only are protected by access codes.

To access the Service Setup:



Call up the Main Menu.

Select the Service Setup.

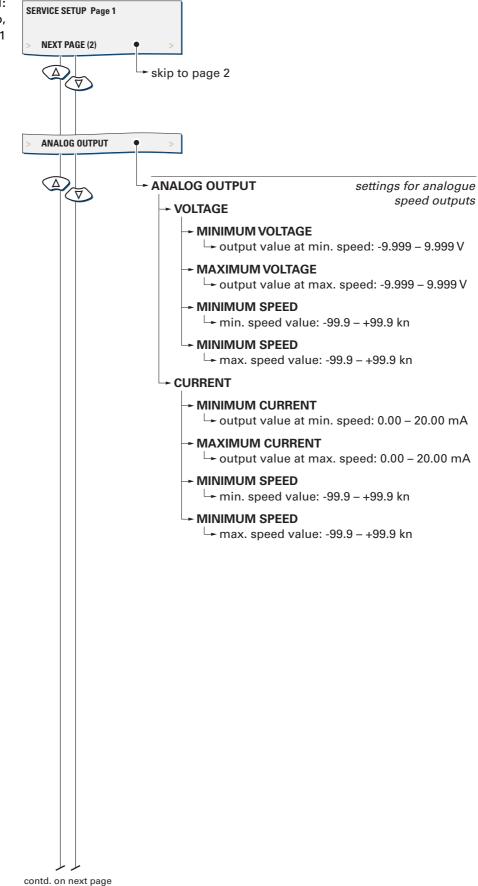
When prompted for the setup code, enter code **600**.

Press ENTER to continue.

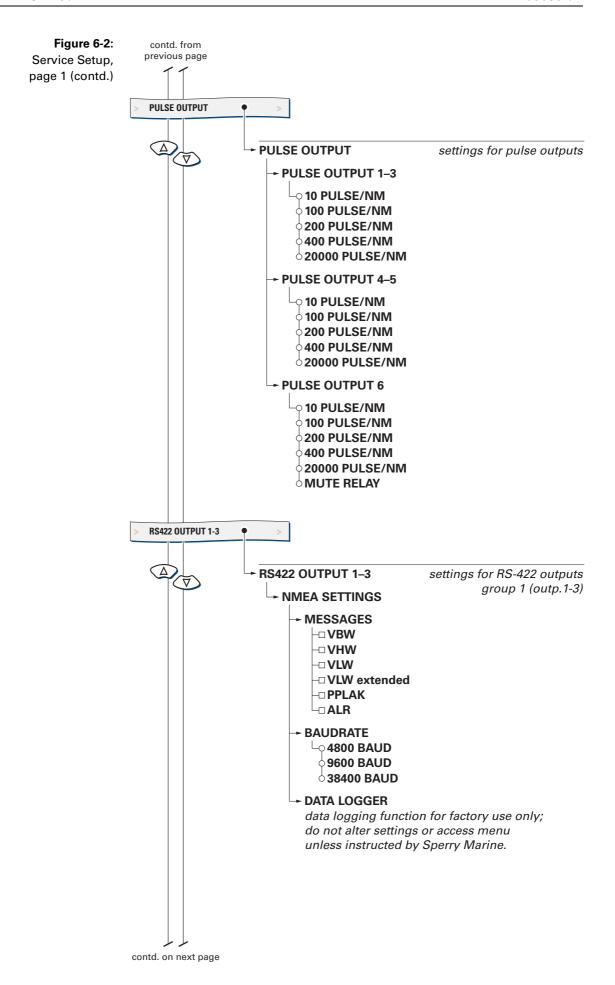
Page 1 of the Service Setup opens.

Service-Setup - Overview

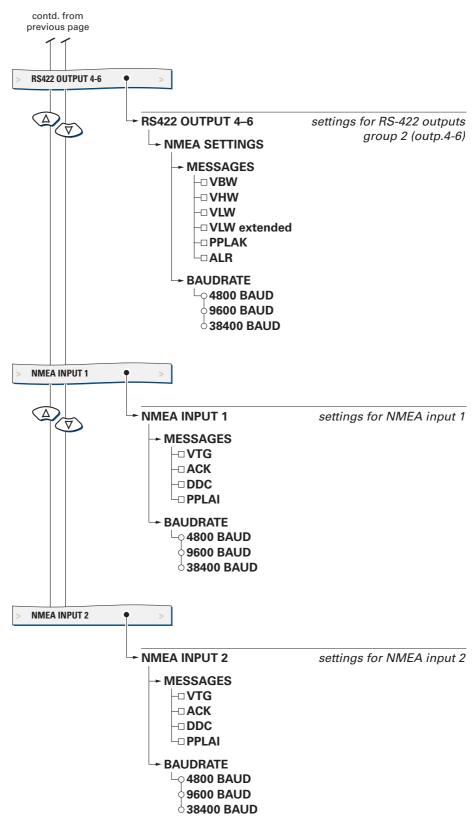
Figure 6-1: Service Setup, page 1



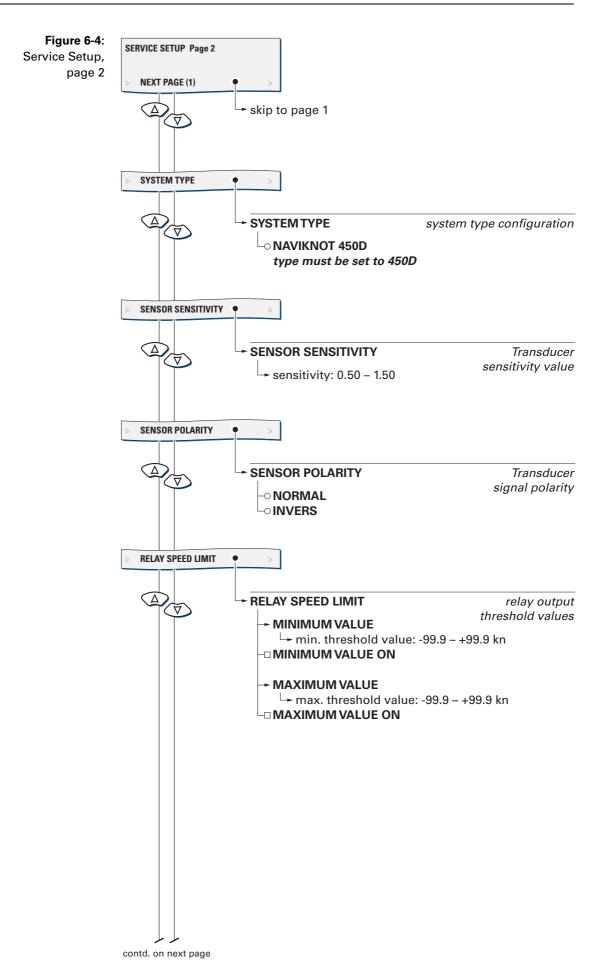
6-2 Service Setup Menu



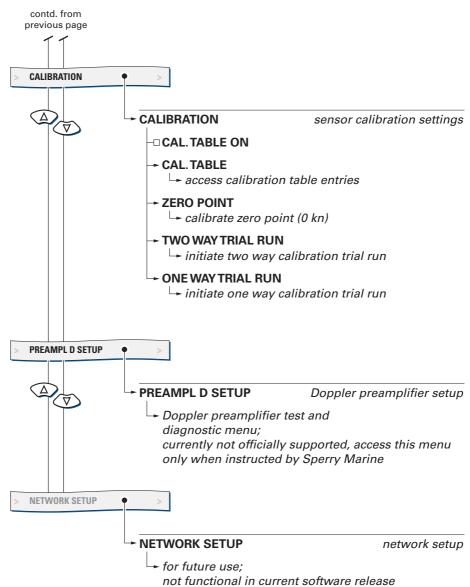




6-4 Service Setup Menu







6-6 Service Setup Menu

Service Setup – Parameters

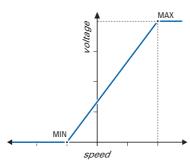
Analog Output

Configures the analogue speed outputs (voltage and current output).

Voltage

Configures the analogue output voltage range.

The output voltage range is defined by two pairs of values: The minimum speed and associated minimum voltage determine the lower limit of the output range, while the maximum speed and associated maximum voltage define its upper limit.



At speeds equal to or below the minimum speed, the output delivers the minimum voltage; at speeds equal or above the maximum speed, the output delivers the maximum voltage.

Speeds in-between the minimum and maximum speed are linearly mapped to the corresponding output voltage.

The absolute limits of the output are -9.999 V min. and 9.999 V max.

Example:

Moving coil speed indicators are to be used which are scaled from -5 kn at zero deflection to +25 kn at a full-scale deflection of 10 VDC.

The required settings are:

min. voltage = 0.000 V; min. speed = -5 kn; max. voltage = 9.999 V; max. speed = +25 kn

Settings: Minimum Voltage

value: -9.999 - 9.999 VDC

Maximum Voltage

value: -9.999- 9.999 VDC

Minimum Speed

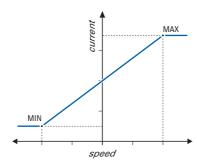
value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Maximum Speed value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Current

Configures the analogue output current range.

The output current range is defined by two pairs of values: The minimum speed and associated minimum current determine the lower limit of the output range, while the maximum speed and associated maximum current define its upper limit.



At speeds equal to or below the minimum speed, the output delivers the minimum current; at speeds equal or above the maximum speed, the output delivers the maximum current.

Speeds in-between the minimum and maximum speed are linearly mapped to the corresponding output current.

The absolute limits of the output are 0.00 mA min. and 20.00 mA max.

Example:

The speed range of -25 to +25 kn is to be mapped to a 4-20 mA output. The required settings are:

min. current = 4.00 mA; min. speed = -25 kn; max. voltage = 20.00 mA; max. speed = +25 kn

Settings: Minimum Current

value: 0.00 - 20.00 mA

Maximum Current value: 0.00 – 20.00 mA

Minimum Speed value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Maximum Speed value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Pulse Output

Configures the pulse signal outputs.

The outputs are divided into three individually configurable groups. Each group may be configured to deliver 10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

The generated pulses possess a fixed "on" duty cycle of 100 ms for the 10, 100 or 200 pulse/NM setting, 50 ms for the 400 pulse/NM setting and 1 ms for the 20000 pulse/NM setting.

Group 3 (output 6) may alternatively be configured to generate an alarm mute signal. This signal, a 100 ms pulse, is used to mute the audible alarm indication at a central alarm facility when the respective alarm is acknowledged locally at the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU.

Pulse Output 1-3

Configures group 1 of the pulse outputs (outputs 1 - 3).

Settings: 10 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 10 pulses per nautical mile.

100 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 100 pulses per nautical mile.

200 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 200 pulses per nautical mile.

400 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 400 pulses per nautical mile.

20000 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

Pulse Output 4-5

Configures group 2 of the pulse outputs (outputs 4 - 5).

Settings: 10 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 10 pulses per nautical mile.

100 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 100 pulses per nautical mile.

200 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 200 pulses per nautical mile.

400 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 400 pulses per nautical mile.

20000 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

Pulse Output 6

Configures group 6 of the pulse outputs (output 6).

Settings: 10 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 10 pulses per nautical mile.

100 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 100 pulses per nautical mile.

200 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 200 pulses per nautical mile.

400 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 400 pulses per nautical mile.

20000 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

MUTE RELAY

When an alarm is acknowledged locally at the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU, the output delivers a pulse to mute the audible alarm indication at a central alarm facility.

RS422 Output 1-3

Configures group 1 of the RS-422 serial data outputs (outputs 1-3).

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to transmit.

If the NAVIKNOT 450 D cannot provide valid data for an NMEA sentence field, a null field (empty field) is sent. Status fields for invalid or unknown data are marked as invalid ("V"). The Talker ID is "VD" for all sentences except the proprietary \$PPLAK.

Settings: VBW

Longitudinal water speed and status (valid/invalid) are transmitted using the \$--VBW sentence.

VHW

Longitudinal water speed is transmitted using the \$--VHW sentence.

VLW / VLW extended

The distance travelled through the water since last reset (daily miles) and total cumulative water distance (total miles) are transmitted using the \$--VLW sentence.

The "extended" form of the sentence includes trailing fields for ground distances as per IEC 61162-1:2000, the non-extended form omits these fields.

PPLAK

Log status and operating mode information is transmitted using the proprietary \$PPLAK sentence.

ΔIR

Alarm status is transmitted using the \$--ALR sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the transmit baudrate.

Settings: 4800 Baud

Data is transmitted at 4800 Baud (standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is transmitted at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is transmitted at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

Data Logger

Access data logging functions for factory use. Field service must not alter any setting and should not access this menu unless instructed by Sperry Marine.

RS422 Output 4-6

Configures group 2 of the RS-422 serial data outputs (outputs 4–6).

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to transmit.

If the NAVIKNOT 450 D cannot provide valid data for an NMEA sentence field, a null field (empty field) is sent. Status fields for invalid or unknown data are marked as invalid ("V"). The Talker ID is "VD" for all sentences except the proprietary \$PPLAK.

Settings: VBW

Longitudinal water speed and status (valid/invalid) are transmitted using the \$--VBW sentence.

VHW

Longitudinal water speed is transmitted using the \$--VHW sentence.

VLW / VLW extended

The distance travelled through the water since last reset (daily miles) and total cumulative water distance (total miles) are transmitted using the \$--VLW sentence.

The "extended" form of the sentence includes trailing fields for ground distances as per IEC 61162-1:2000, the non-extended

form omits these fields.

PPLAK

Log status and operating mode information is transmitted using the proprietary \$PPLAK sentence.

ALR

Alarm status is transmitted using the \$--ALR sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the transmit baudrate.

Settings: 4800 Baud

Data is transmitted at 4800 Baud

(standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is transmitted at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is transmitted at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

NMEA Input 1

Configures the NMEA input 1.

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to receive.

Settings: VTC

Enables the input to receive external speed data from the \$--VTG sentence. The external data is evaluated if the operator activates the "EXTERN" speed mode in the Manual Settings menu.

ACK

Alarm acknowledge status is read from the \$--ACK sentence.

DDC

Dimming commands are read from the \$--DDC sentence.

PPLAI

Dimming commands are read from the proprietary \$PPLAI sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the receive baudrate

Settings: 4800 Baud

Data is received at 4800 Baud

(standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is received at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is received at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

NMEA Input 2

Configures the NMEA input 2.

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to receive.

Settings: VTG

Enables the input to receive external speed data from the \$--VTG sentence. The external data is evaluated if the operator activates the "EXTERN" speed mode in the Manual Settings menu.

ACK

Alarm acknowledge status is read from the \$--ACK sentence.

DDC

Dimming commands are read from the \$--DDC sentence.

PPLAI

Dimming commands are read from the proprietary \$PPLAI sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the receive baudrate

Settings: 4800 Baud

Data is received at 4800 Baud

(standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is received at 9600 Baud

(non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is received at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

System Type

Configures the NAVIKNOT system type.

For the NAVIKNOT 450 D, the type must be set to 450D; all other options are to be ignored.

Settings: NAVIKNOT 450D

Sensor Sensitivity

Sets the sensitivity value for the Doppler transducer.

For a detailed explanation of the effect of the sensitivity setting, refer to chapter 7, "Doppler Transducer Calibration".

Value: **0.5 – 1.5**

Sensor Polarity

Sets the signal polarity for the Doppler transducer.

Settings: NORMAL

Normal polarity. The transducer's fore channel crystal is looking ahead.

INVERSE

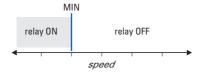
Inverse polarity. This option may be used as as a temporary fix in case the fore/aft channel wires have been accidentally swapped during installation. This avoids re-adjustment of the channels' transmit power. However, the wiring should be corrected and the channels' transmit power re-adjusted as soon as possible.

Relay Speed Limit

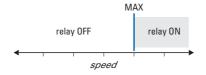
Sets the lower and/or upper switching thresholds for the speed limit relay output.

The speed limit relay output provides a status signal to external equipment, to indicate that the actual speed has exceeded or fallen below a set threshold. This signal may be e.g. for speed-dependent rudder angle limiting or similar applications.

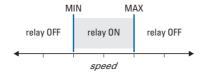
The switching behaviour of the limit relay is determined by the combined settings of two values, the minimum (lower threshold) and the maximum (upper threshold) value:



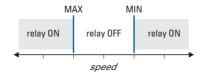
If only a minimum threshold value is set and active, the relay is attracted at speeds below and released at speeds above the threshold value.



If only a maximum threshold value is set and active, the relay is attracted at speeds above and released at speeds below the threshold value.



If both a minimum and a maximum threshold value are set and active, the relay is released at speeds below the min. value, attracted at speeds in-between both values and released again at speeds above the max, threshold.



If the max. threshold is set to a value below the min. threshold, the relay is attracted at speeds below the min. value, released at speeds in-between both values and attracted again at speeds above the max. threshold.

If both threshold values are de-activated or set to exactly the same value, the limit relay function is disabled.

Minimum Value

Sets the lower switching threshold for the limit relay.

Value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Minimum Value ON

Activates or de-activates switching at the lower threshold

Settings: **ON** (option checked)

Switching is active at the lower threshold

OFF (option unchecked)

Switching is inactive at the lower threshold

Maximum Value

Sets the upper switching threshold for the limit relay.

Value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Maximum Value ON

Activates ore de-activates switching at the upper threshold

Settings: **ON** (option checked)

Switching is active at the upper threshold

OFF (option unchecked)

Switching is inactive at the upper threshold

Calibration

Turns transducer calibration on or off, edits the calibration table and accesses the calibration trial run menus.

Cal. Table On

Activates or de-activates the calibration table.

Settings: **ON** (option checked)

Calibration is active. The NAVIKNOT 450 D corrects the data received from the preamplifier D according to the calibration table. The resulting calibrated speed is displayed and transmitted at the data outputs.

OFF (option unchecked)

Calibration is disabled. The NAVIKNOT 450 D does not apply any corrections to the data received from the preamplifier D. Raw speed only is displayed and transmitted at the data outputs. The indication "Uncal" is shown on the CDU display as a reminder that calibration is disabled.

Cal. Table

Edits the calibration table entries directly.

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "Doppler Transducer Calibration", for a

description of the calibration and related procedures

Zero Point

Sets the calibration zero point (correction value at a true speed of 0 kn).

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "Doppler Transducer Calibration", for a

description of the calibration and related procedures

Two Way Trial Run

Accesses the sub-menu for conducting a two-way calibration trial run.

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "Doppler Transducer Calibration", for a

description of the calibration and related procedures

One Way Trial Run

Accesses the sub-menu for conducting a one-way calibration trial run.

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "Doppler Transducer Calibration", for a

description of the calibration and related procedures

Preampl. D Setup

Calls up a setup menu to test and troubleshoot the Doppler preamplifier. This option is currently not officially supported.

Access this menu only if instructed to do so by Sperry Marine.

Network Setup

This option is reserved for future applications. Settings are not relevant and have no effect in the current software release.

Chapter 7: Doppler Transducer Calibration

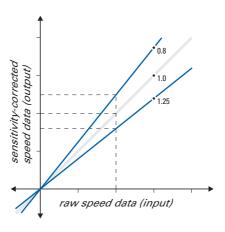
Once the NAVIKNOT 450 D system has been installed and the basic configuration carried out, the Doppler transducer must be calibrated to make sure that the system's speed and distance outputs meet the specified accuracy.

7.1 Sensor Sensitivity Setting

The sensitivity value represents the ratio between the actual and nominal speed output from the speed sensor. While primarily intended for use with NAVIKNOT EM-Log variants, the sensitivity setting may also be used in Doppler systems to linearly amplify or attenuate the raw speed data received from the preamplifier D.

Normally, however, the sensitivity setting should be left at the factory default of 1 (unity gain) and the transducer data should be calibrated by means of the calibration table only.

Figure 7-1: effect of the sensor sensitivity

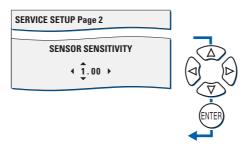


Note



When setting the sensitivity to any other value than 1, bear in mind that the value does not equal the gain applied but, rather, its reciprocal. Thus, for example, a sensitivity value of 0.8 multiplies the raw speed by 1.25, while a value of 1.25 multiplies it by 0.8.

To set the sensitivity value:



- Go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Sensor Sensitivity submenu.
- 2. With the **Up/Down** and **Right/Left** keys, set the sensitivity as required.
- press ENTER to store the value and exit the submenu.

7.2 Doppler Transducer Calibration

To minimize the deviation between the vessel's actual water speed and the speed displayed and transmitted, the NAVIKNOT 450 D stores transducer-specific calibration data in a so-called calibration table.

The calibration table holds up to 21 entries ("calibration points"), each of which relates an uncalibrated raw value to a corresponding true water speed value. The entries holding the lowest and highest uncalibrated values determine the range over which calibration is effective.

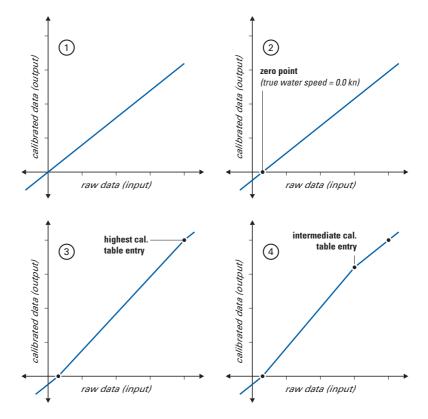
Note



To calibrate speeds astern, at least one calibration point with a negative uncalibrated value must be stored. Otherwise, calibration is effective for speeds ahead only.

The effects of setting calibration points (i.e. adding entries to the calibration table) at different states of calibration are illustrated below.

Figure 7-2: effect of calibration table entries

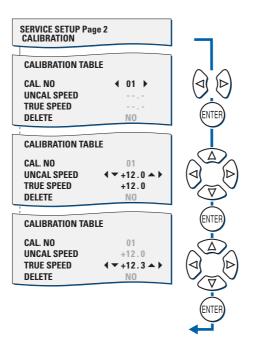


- ① calibration table empty: linear transducer characteristic assumed; display and output = 0.0 kn at raw data value of 0.0 kn
- 2 zero point calibrated linear transducer curve is offset by zero point calibration value
- ③ one additional point calibrated (highest table entry) calibration points joined by straight line (linear interpolation)
- additional intermediate points calibrated calibrated range is split into linear segments of different slope

Editing the Calibration Table Directly

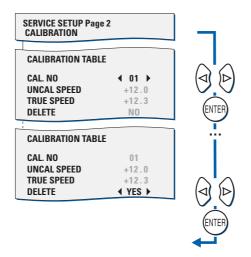
To add, edit or delete calibration points directly, go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Calibration | Cal.Table sub-menu. The data stored at calibration point no. 00 is shown (dashes will appear if the table is empty).

To add or edit a calibration point:



- With the Right/Left keys, select the calibration point to add or edit. Press ENTER to continue.
- With the Up/Down keys (knots) and the Right/Left keys (tenths of knots), set the uncalibrated speed to the required value. The true speed indication is altered by the same amount. Press ENTER to continue.
- With the Up/Down keys and the Right/Left keys, now alter the true speed indication as required. The uncalibrated speed value is not altered. Press ENTER to store the edited data.
- 4. Press **ENTER** again to continue editing or **MENU** to quit the Cal.Table sub-menu.

To delete a calibration point:.



- With the Right/Left arrow keys, select the calibration point to delete.
- With ENTER, go down to the "delete" option, press the Right or Left key to select "yes", then press ENTER to delete the calibration point.
- Select another calibration point to delete or press MENU to quit the Cal. Table sub-menu.

Note



Upon quitting the Cal. Table sub menu, the entries are sorted and renumbered according to their uncalibrated speed values. Point 00 always holds the entry with the smallest uncalibrated speed value.

Zero Point Calibration

Before any entries for non-zero speeds are stored in the calibration table or calibration trial runs are conducted, the zero point calibration should be carried out.

The "zero point" refers to the calibration table entry which holds the uncalibrated ("raw") speed value corresponding to a true water speed of zero knots. Two methods are available to calibrate the zero point: manual and auto.

Note



Both the manual and the automatic zero point calibration require that the vessel is stationary.

Manual Entry

The manual entry method permits zero point calibration in waters which are not free of current. However, the longitudinal component of the current must be known and it must be small enough to regard the transducer as operating near zero speed.

To carry out the manual zero-point calibration:

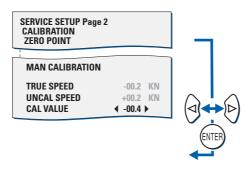
 Go to page 2 of the Service Setup; select the Calibration | Zero Point | Man Calibration sub-menu.

Three values are shown, the true speed, the uncalibrated speed and the calibration value (i.e. the difference of the two speeds).

The uncalibrated speed is the raw speed value as currently received from the preamplifier D (not editable).

The objective of the calibration is now to alter the calibration value until the displayed true speed value matches the known actual water speed.

Thus, in waters free of current, the displayed true speed value must be brought to zero; in the presence of current, the true speed value must be made equal to the known longitudinal component of the current.



- 2. With the Right/Left arrow keys, alter the calibration value until the displayed true speed exactly matches the known actual water speed.
- Press ENTER to confirm the setting and leave the manual calibration submenu.

Note



When the manual entry is stored, the true speed entered is automatically subtracted from both the uncalibrated and true speed values. Thus, the entry written to the table will always contain the uncalibrated value corresponding to a true speed of zero knots.

Automatic Entry

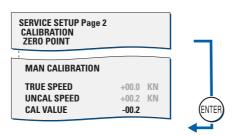
With the automatic entry method, the required zero point setting is determined automatically. Automatic entry may only be used when the vessel is stationary in waters free of current, i.e., if the actual water speed is known to be zero.

To carry out the automatic zero-point calibration:

1. Go to page 2 of the Service Setup; select the Calibration | Zero Point | Auto Calibration sub-menu.

As with the manual entry method, the true speed, the uncalibrated speed and the calibration value are shown.

However, the true speed value is fixed to zero knots and cannot be adjusted by the operator. The uncalibrated speed is the raw speed value as currently received from the preamplifier D, thus the calibration value will be equal to the uncalibrated speed with the sign reversed.



 Press ENTER to confirm the setting and leave the auto calibration submenu.

Calibration by Trial Runs

Calibration by trial runs is the recommended method to calibrate the Doppler transducer in the NAVIKNOT 450 D system. The procedure resembles the familiar "milepost run", but permits any known distance to be taken as the length of a run.

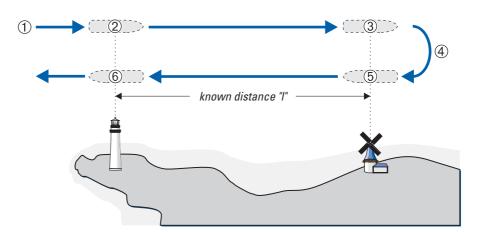
The known distance may be given by the distance between sidebearings to prominent landmarks. The regular procedure in this case is to start and stop the run clock exactly at the points in time when the landmarks are sighted athwartships.

If landmarks cannot be used, the known distance will usually be obtained from a reference system (e.g. DGPS) operated by a supervisor who will also announce when to start and stop the run clock.

Generally, for each correction value to be determined, a two way trial run should be carried out, i.e. the same known distance "I" should be traversed in opposite directions (runs A and B). This will make the effects of drift due to wind and current cancel out themselves automatically. Only when no wind and current are present, a one way trial run may be carried out.

The first two or one way trial run should be carried out at maximum sea speed, to define the upper limit of the calibrated range. Additional trial runs may be carried out later at lower speeds to improve the accuracy within the calibrated range.

Figure 7-3: calibration by trial runs



- ① approach to run A or one-way run
- 2 start of run A or one-way run
- 3 end of run A or one-way run
- 4 approach to run B
- start of run B
- 6 end of run B

Two Way Trial Run

Note

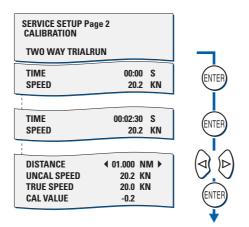


During a two way trial run, the vessel's heading during runs A and B should ideally be parallel to the direction of the effective drift, as the drift component perpendicular to the heading cannot be compensated for.

To carry out a two way trial run:

- 1. Bring the vessel on the required course for the approach to run A.
- 2. Approach the run with the speed (engine rev.s) at which the calibration is to be carried out. Keep the heading and speed steady.
- 3. Go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Calibration | Two Way Trial Run sub-menu.

The run clock is shown, indicating 00:00 s run time and the uncalibrated water speed as received from the preamplifier D.



- Exactly at the start of run A (first landmark athwartships or "start" announced by supervisor), press ENTER to start the run clock.
- Exactly at the end of run A (second landmark athwartships or "stop" announced by supervisor), press ENTER to stop the run clock.

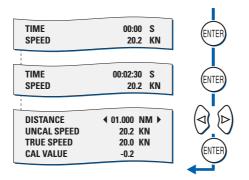
The display now indicates the run distance (editable), the average uncalibrated speed for the run, the true speed over ground (calculated from the run time and distance) and the calculated calibration value.

6. With the Right/Left arrow keys, alter the distance value until the distance displayed exactly matches the known distance "I" over ground as taken from the sea chart or given by the supervisor. Press ENTER to store the run parameters.

The run clock is shown again, indicating 00:00 s run time and the uncalibrated water speed as received from the preamplifier D.

Turn the vessel around and bring it on the required course for the approach to run B. This is the exact reverse of the course maintained during run A.

Approach the run with the same speed (engine rev.s) at which run A was carried out. Keep the heading and speed steady.



- 8. Exactly at the start of run B (second landmark athwartships or "start" announced by supervisor), press **ENTER** to start the run clock.
- Exactly at the end of run B (first landmark athwartships or "stop" announced by supervisor), press ENTER to stop the run clock.

The display again indicates the run distance, the average uncalibrated speed, the true speed over ground and the calculated calibration value.

10. With the **Right/Left** arrow keys, alter the distance value until the distance displayed exactly matches the known distance "I" over ground as taken from the sea chart or given by the supervisor. Press **ENTER** to store the run parameters.

The Two Way Trial Run sub-menu is quit automatically.

As the result of the two way trial run, one new entry will now be found in the calibration table.

The uncalibrated speed stored at this entry is the average of the two averaged uncalibrated speeds from run A and run B.

The true speed stored at this entry is the average of the two true speeds calculated for run A and run B.

One Way Trial Run

Note

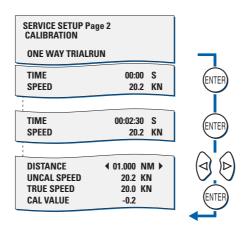


In a one way trial run, any drift due to wind and/or current will adversely affect the calibration. Conducting a one way trial run in the presence of drift, may degrade instead of improve the speed accuracy.

To carry out a one way trial run:

- 1. Bring the vessel on the required course for the approach to the run.
- 2. Approach the run with the speed (engine rev.s) at which the calibration is to be carried out. Keep the heading and speed steady.
- 3. Go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Calibration | One Way Trial Run sub-menu.

The run clock is shown, indicating 00:00 s run time and the uncalibrated water speed as received from the preamplifier D.



- Exactly at the start of the run (first landmark athwartships or "start" announced by supervisor), press ENTER to start the run clock.
- Exactly at the end of the run (second landmark athwartships or "stop" announced by supervisor), press ENTER to stop the run clock.

The display now indicates the run distance (editable), the average uncalibrated speed for the run, the true speed over ground (calculated from the run time and distance) and the calculated calibration value.

6. With the **Right/Left** arrow keys, alter the distance value until the distance displayed exactly matches the known distance "I" over ground as taken from the sea chart or given by the supervisor. Press **ENTER** to store the run parameters.

The One Way Trial Run sub-menu is quit automatically.

As the result of the trial run, one new entry will now be found in the calibration table, holding the average uncalibrated speed and the calculated true speeds for the run.

Chapter 8: Troubleshooting

8.1 NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit and CDU(s)

The NAVIKNOT 450 D electronics unit and the CDU are complex electronic devices. In case of malfunction, it would neither be practical nor economical to carry out troubleshooting and servicing in the field down to the level of individual circuit components.

Unless instructed otherwise by Sperry Marine engineering, field service personnel should limit troubleshooting to the basic checks given below.

For the electronics unit:

- Visual inspection of mechanical components, the electronics unit PCB and wiring.
- Continuity checks of wiring connections.
- Checks for short circuit or overload conditions or reversed polarity of the external supply powers.
- Checks of the on-board supply voltages and I/O signals and data.
 The presence of voltages, signals and data is indicated by diagnostic LEDs on the PCB.

Exact voltage levels must be checked with a voltmeter.

The data content on serial I/O lines must be checked with the aid of suitable analyzing tools, such as PC-based protocol interpreters or terminal programs.

When components on the PCB, other than socketed ICs or the exchangeable system software flashboard, are assumed to cause malfunction, the complete PCB, Stock No. 20692, is to be exchanged.

For the CDU(s):

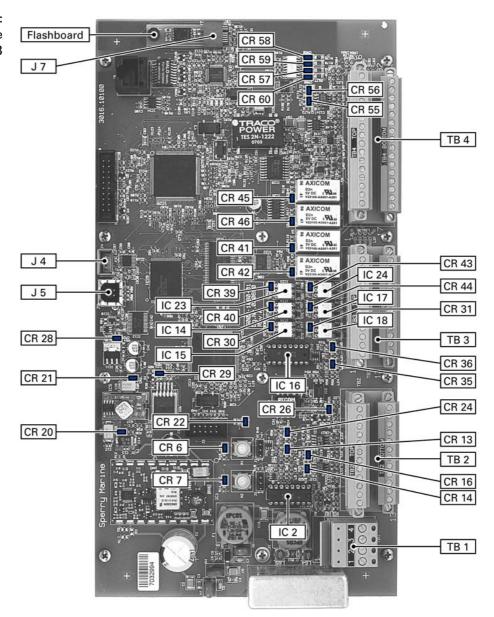
- Visual inspection of mechanical components and wiring.
- Continuity checks of wiring connections at the terminals or terminal block to which the 6-wire CDU connection cable is fastened.
- Checks for the presence and correct polarity of the external supply power.

The CDU is not field-serviceable and should not be opened for troubleshooting purposes. Defective CDUs must be sent back to Sperry Marine for repair.

Location of Parts on the Electronics Unit PCB

Figure 8-1 below shows the locations of exchangeable components, connectors and diagnostic LED indicators on the NAVIKNOT 450 D electronics unit PCB.

Figure 8-1: location of parts on the electronics unit PCB



Exchangeable Components

Table 8-1: Exchangeable components on the electronics unit PCB

Part	Function	Stock No.
Flash- board	Flashboard (flash-memory card), pre-programmed with system software	020705-0000-000
IC 2	quad RS-422 output driver IC; drives serial data RS-422 outputs 1 to 3	046485-0000-000
IC 14	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 1 contact closure	042842-0000-000
IC 15	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 2 contact closure	042842-0000-000
IC 16	quad RS-422 output driver IC; drives serial data RS-422 outputs 4 to 6	046485-0000-000
IC 17	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 3 contact closure	042842-0000-000
IC 18	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 4 contact closure	042842-0000-000
IC 23	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 5 contact closure	042842-0000-000
IC 24	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 6 contact closure	042842-0000-000

Terminal Blocks and Connectors

Table 8-2: Terminal boards and connectors on the electronics unit PCB

	Function
TB 1	24 VDC supply power in/out
TB 2	speed sensor interfaces, CDU interfaces
TB 3	serial data and pulse outputs
TB 4	analogue outputs, status in-/outputs, ext. data inputs
J 4	RS-232 service interface connector
J 5	USB programming connector (for factory use only)
J 7	Socket for exchangeable system software flashboard

Diagnostic LEDs

As an aid in troubleshooting, a number of diagnostic LED indicators are provided on the NAVITWIN IV PCB. These indicate the presence of supply voltages, activities on the serial data I/O lines and the current states of the status I/O ports.

Table 8-3: Diagnostic LEDs

LED	Colour	Indication
CR 6	red	CPU status indicator, normally off, flashes at boot-up
CR 7	red	CPU status indicator, normally off, flashes at boot-up
CR 13	green	activity on Tx line, CDUs, TB 2.15/2.16, 2.19/2.20
CR 14	green	activity on Rx line, CDUs, TB 2.13/2.14, 2.17/2.18
CR 16	green	activity on Rx line, preamplifier D, TB 2.21/2.22
CR 20	green	internal +12 VDC supply power present
CR 21	green	internal +5 VDC supply power present
CR 22	red	CPU status indicator, normally off, flashes at boot-up
CR 24	green	activity on Tx line, preamplifier D, TB 2.23/2.24
CR 28	green	internal +3.3 VDC supply power present (Vcc)
CR 29	green	internal +1.2 VDC reference present
CR 30	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 2, TB 3.15/3.16
CR 31	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 1, TB 3.13/3.14
CR 35	green	activity on Tx line, serial data outputs group 1, TB 3.1/3.2, 3.3/3.4, 3.5/3.6
CR 36	green	activity on Tx line, serial data outputs group 2, TB 3.7/3.8, 3.9/3.10, 3.11/3.12
CR 39	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 6, TB 3.23/3.24
CR 40	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 4, TB 3.19/3.20
CR 41	green	relay output active, log failure alarm, TB 4.19/4.20
CR 42	green	relay output active, power failure alarm, TB 4.17/4.18
CR 43	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 5, TB 3.21/3.22
CR 44	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 3, TB 3.17/3.18
CR 45	green	relay output active, watch alarm trigger, TB 4.23/4.24
CR 46	green	relay output active, speed limit, TB 4.21/4.22
CR 55	green	activity on Rx line, NMEA input 1, TB 4.28/4.29
CR 56	green	activity on Rx line, NMEA input 2, TB 4.30/4.31
CR 57	green	status input active, double ended ferry, TB 4.11/4.12
CR 58	green	status input active, ext. dim+, TB 4.15/4.16
CR 59	green	status input active, ext. dim-, TB 4.13/4.14
CR 60	green	status input active, ext. alarm mute, TB 4.9/4.10

8.2 Doppler Transducer and Preamplifier D

Failure to receive valid speed data from the preamplifier D, resulting in a "SRD Timeout" or "Preamp D Timeout" alarm, may be caused by a mechanical or electrical defect in the transducer or by a defective preamplifier.

The applicable troubleshooting procedures are described in the installation, maintenance and service instructions for the Doppler transducers and preamplifier D, document no. 005005-0125-001.

Chapter 9: Corrective Maintenance

The NAVIKNOT 450 D CDUs and NAVIKNOT electronics unit are generally not field-serviceable on the component level. Defective devices must be sent back to Sperry Marine for repair.

The only corrective maintenance procedures which may be performed by field service personnel are the exchange of the system software in the electronics unit and the replacement of the RS-422 output drivers and the pulse output relays.

CAUTION



The NAVIKNOT 450 D electronics unit contains electrostatic sensitive components.

Electrostatic discharge may permanently damage components.

When servicing the electronics unit, take precautions to prevent electrostatic discharge. Avoid touching any of the electronic circuitry.

9.1 Exchanging the System Software

Downloading Software from the Flashboard

The NAVIKNOT 450 D electronics unit keeps two separate copies of the system software, one in an onboard flash memory and the other on the exchangeable software flashboard 20705.

The system always boots up from the onboard memory. Should, at power-up, a different software version be found on the flashboard than is currently stored onboard, the software from the flashboard is automatically copied to the onboard memory and the system is restarted.

This allows both to upgrade to newer and to downgrade to previous releases by simply exchanging the flashboard.

CAUTION

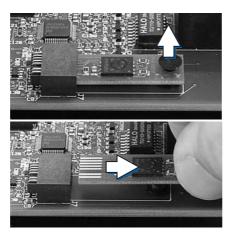


It cannot be guaranteed that parameters settings in the User and Setup menus and the currently active manual settings are left intact during the software download.

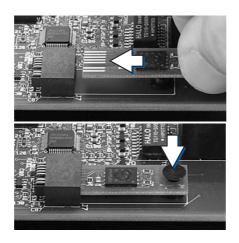
Before exchanging the flashboard, record all settings to be able to reenter them manually, if required.

Exchanging the Flashboard

- 1. Power down the NAVIKNOT 450 D system.
- 2. Open the electronics unit and locate the old flashboard in its socket (J7) on the PCB.



- 3. Carefully remove the plastic pin which secures the flashboard to the PCB.
- 4. Pull the old flashboard out of the socket, making sure to touch it at the edges only.



- 5. Insert the new flashboard into the socket.
- 6. Secure the flashboard with the plastic pin.

- 7. Power-up the NAVIKNOT 450 D system.
- 8. The electronics unit will recognize the new flashboard and download the updated software to the onboard memory.



9. The CDU shows the "waiting for main unit" message for several minutes while the software is downloaded. During the download, the LEDs CR 6, 7 and 22 on the electronics unit PCB will flash in sequence. Upon completion of the download, the system automatically restarts.

CAUTION



Do not disconnect power or otherwise interrupt the power-up process after an exchange of the flashboard.

Uploading Software via the Service Interface

The system software may also be uploaded from a PC or laptop, using the Sperry Universal Service Instrument application (SUSI).

The required update file (hex file) will be provided by Sperry Marine to authorized field service personnel upon request.

Important bugfix releases or software improvements will be announced to service representatives and customers via Sperry Marine Hamburg service bulletins.

The instructions below assume that you have successfully installed SUSI on a laptop or PC. The upload is carried out via an RS-232 or a USB connection using SUSI's UpdateFlash mode.

If you are using a USB connection, you must also install the FTDI USB device driver included with SUSI.

If you have not yet installed SUSI and/or the device driver, refer to the SUSI Installation Guide, Sperry document no. 056358.

Note



Uploading software through SUSI's FlashUpdate mode is a risky operation, as SUSI writes directly to the device's flash memory. Furthermore, SUSI cannot verify whether the file supplied is indeed intended for the device under service.

Once started, an upload in progress may not be interrupted. Under adverse circumstances, a failure during the update may leave the device in an inoperable state.

To upload the NAVIKNOT EU Software with SUSI:

- 1. Power down the NAVIKNOT 450 D system.
- 2. If a flashboard is installed in the NAVIKNOT electronics unit, remove it before proceeding with the upload. Should a flashboard remain installed during the upload, its contents will be copied to the onboard flash memory when the system is restarted, i.e. the newly uploaded software will immediately be overwritten by the old version stored on the flashboard.
- 3. You will have obtained an update file (hex file) from Sperry Marine. Save this file at a convenient location on the computer, where it is easily retrieved.
- 4. If SUSI is not running yet, start up the program now. You will be prompted for a login PIN:



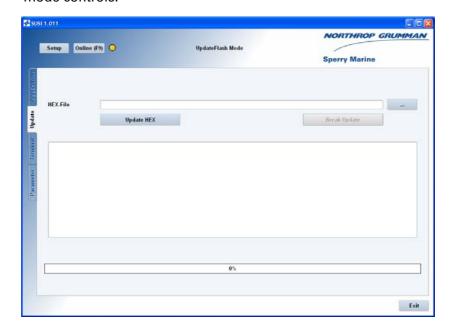
 You may either enter the service mode PIN ("20097") or leave the PIN empty (service mode access is not required to upload the software).



6. Click the Setup button at the top left of the screen and in the setup dialog which pops up, check the "UpdateFlash Mode" option.

Then, select the COM port to use for connecting to the NAVIKNOT electronics unit.

7. Press ok to quit the setup dialog. SUSI's update tab opens automatically, displaying the Update Flash mode controls:



- 8. Plug in an USB or RS-232 connection cable at the PC and at the NAVIKNOT 450 D's service port (USB = J5, RS-232 = J4). If using the USB port, a standard USB connection cable is required, carrying type A and type B male connectors at the computer's and the NAVIKNOT 450 D's end respectively.
- 9. Click the "Online" button at the top of the screen or press F9 to open the COM port.

The LED symbol next to the button should now change its colour from grey to orange:



Note

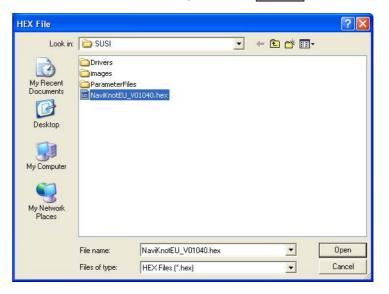


In the Update Flash mode, the orange LED symbol indicates only that SUSI has acquired control of the selected COM port.

SUSI is not able to verify beforehand, whether communication with the electronics unit is established properly.

After initiating a software update, observe the messages displayed, to check that the process completes successfully without error.

10. Click _____ to call up the file open dialog. Then, navigate to the update file, select it in the dialog and click ______.



Note



The file open dialog searches for files with the extension ".hex" only. In case the update file has been given another extension for any reason, the filename, including the complete access path, must be entered manually in the respective text box of the update tab.

 Now, power up the system while keeping button K1 on the NAVI-KNOT electronics unit PCB pressed.

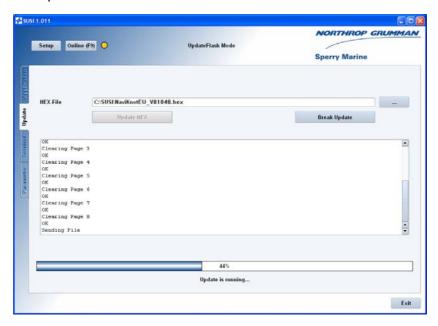
This will prevent the electronics unit from entering normal operation and put it in the software update mode.



12. During the update, the CDU will show the "waiting for main unit" message an the LEDs CR 6, 7 and 22 on the electronics unit PCB will flash in sequence.

13. In SUSI's update tab, click Update HEX to initiate the update.

The bargraph at the bottom of the screen indicates the progress of the update:



- 14. Should SUSI be unable to communicate with the electronics unit, check the COM port settings and the hardware connection, then repeat steps 11 to 13 above.
- 15. Upon completion of the update, a message should appear on the screen, indicating that the software has been successfully updated.
- 16. The electronics unit will reboot automatically with the new software. Check that the new software version is shown on the startup screen.
- If no flashboard was installed originally in the NAVIKNOT electronics unit, skip to step 25 below.
 Otherwise, reinsert the flashboard into its socket now, while leaving the system powered up.
- 18. Call up the Main Menu and go to the Service Setup.
- 19. When prompted for the setup access code, enter "140".

 An option list is shown, providing access to a maintenance menu.
- 20. From the option list, select "Update Flash".
- 21. Select "List Update Flash" to list the software currently contained on flashboards (in EU and CDUs).
 - The version number shown under "EU:" will still be that of the software installed prior to the update.
- 22. Press the **MENU** to return to the maintenance options, then select "Write Program to UDF" to copy the software from the onboard memory to the flashboard.
 - While the software is copied, the display will indicate the progress of the flashboard erase and write operations.

23. When the write operation is complete, press any key to return to the maintenance options.

- 24. Select "List Update Flash" again. The reported software version for the EU flashboard should now match with the software version you uploaded to the unit with SUSI.
- 25. Check the parameter settings in the User and Service Setup menus. Re-enter any settings which may not have been preserved.
- 26. Power down the NAVIKNOT 450 D and disconnect the 50-pin plug connector.
- 27. In case of a console or frame-mounted device, reattach the back cover and mount the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU in the console. In case of a device in housing with bracket, insert the NAVIKNOT 450 D CDU in the housing and screw on the back cover.

9.2 Replacing RS-422 Output Driver ICs

The RS-422 output drivers, ICs 2 and 16, are socketed 16-pin DIL chips. If failure or malfunction of RS-422 outputs is attributed to a defective driver IC, the respective chip can easily be replaced against a new one.

The driver ICs are standard quadruple RS-422 line drivers (MC3487), available from Sperry Marine Hamburg under part no. 46485.

9.3 Replacing Pulse Output Relays

The pulse output relays, ICs 14, 15, 17, 18, 23 and 24, are socketed solid state relays in a 6-pin DIL package.

If failure of a pulse output is attributed to a defective relay, the respective component can easily be replaced against a new one.

The pulse relays are photocoupler photo relays (TLP 598G), available from Sperry Marine Hamburg under part no. 42842.

Appendix

A Setup and Configuration Tables

The following tables (blank forms) are appended to this manual:

Designation	Drawing No.
NAVIKNOT 450 D Setup Table	5003-0125-02
NAVIKNOT 450 D Record of Calibration Trial Runs	5003-0125-05

Note



After installation of the NAVIKNOT 450 D, please return a filled-out copy of the Setup Table to Sperry Marine for inclusion in the ship's file. When permanent changes are made to the system configuration, please return an updated copy of the Setup Table to Sperry Marine.

B Drawings

The following drawings are appended to this manual:

Designation	Drawing No.
NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit Dimension Drawing	5003-0112-01
NAVIKNOT Control and Display Unit (in housing with bracket) Dimension Drawing	5001-0112-01
NAVIKNOT Control and Display Unit (for console frame or panel mounting) Dimension Drawing	5001-0112-02
Console Frame Layout NAVIKNOT CDU Dimension Drawing	0021-0112-86
Console Cutout 2x1 Dimension Drawing	0012-0112-02
Doppler Log NAVIKNOT 450 D Standard Connection Drawing	5001-0153-12

Note



All appended documents and drawings are revision-controlled separately at Sperry Marine.

In case of doubt, verify the current revision status of the drawings with Sperry Marine. This manual's revision status does not change when the revision of an appended document or drawing changes.

NORTHROP GRUM	IMAN		
		NAVIKNOT 45	
Sperry Marine		Setup Tabl	е
Vessel:		Hull No.:	
IMO No.:		Shipyard:	
Service Station / Inst	aller:	 Date / Signature:	
		/	
	CDU Configuration	on (local CDU setups)	
CDU1, ID:	CDU2, ID:	CDU3, ID:	CDU4, ID:
Dim Grp.:	Dim Grp.:	Dim Grp.:	Dim Grp.:
	Use	er Setup	
	Damping Times	LCD Color	Speed Scale
Display ((s):	white	○ kn
Output (O blue	∩ m/s
		○ black	○ ft/s
	Service S	etup - Page 1	
Analog Output	Voltage		
	Min. Voltage (V):		Itage (V):
	Min. Speed (kn):	Max. Sp	eed (kn):
	Current		
	Min. Current (mA)	Max. Cu	rrent (mA):
	Min. Speed (kn):	Max. Sp	eed (kn):
Pulse Output	Pulse Output 1-3	Pulse Output 4-5	Pulse Output 6
	○ 10 Pulse/NM	○ 10 Pulse/NM	○ 10 Pulse/NM
	100 Pulse/NM	○ 100 Pulse/NM	○ 100 Pulse/NM
	200 Pulse/NM	200 Pulse/NM	200 Pulse/NM
		 400 Pulse/NM 20000 Pulse/NM	
	20000 i dise/ivivi	20000 i dise/ivivi	○ Mute Relay
RS-422 Output 1-3		RS-422 Output 4-6	
Messages	Baudrate	Messages	Baudrate
☐ VBW ☐ PPL	<u> </u>	☐ VBW ☐ PPL	
☐ VHW ☐ ALR	9600 Baud ○ 38400 Baud	☐ VHW ☐ ALF	
	O 30400 Baud		○ 38400 Baud
NMEA Input 1		NMEA Input 2	
Messages	Baudrate	Messages	Baudrate
☐ VTG		☐ VTG	4800 Baud
☐ ACK	○ 4800 Baud	☐ ACK	O 9600 Baud
☐ DDC	9600 Baud	☐ DDC	38400 Baud

☐ PPLAI

☐ PPLAI

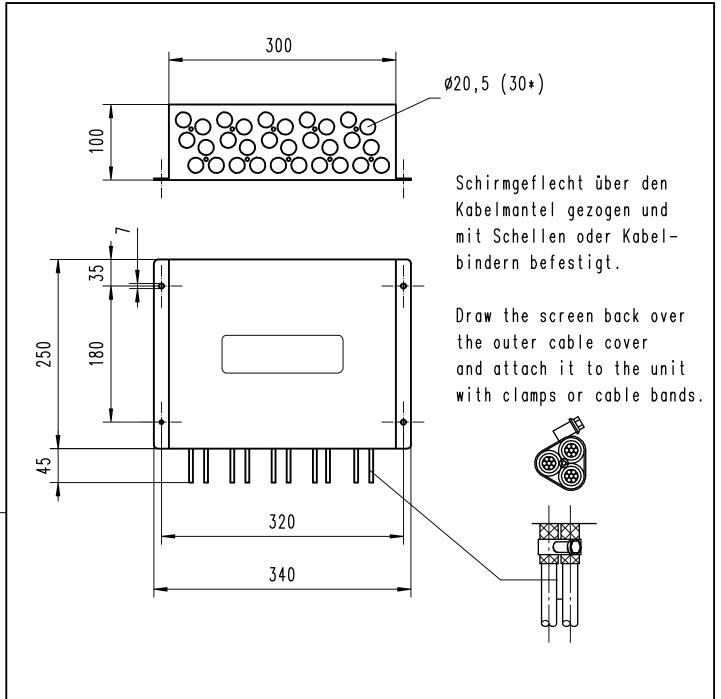
			Servi	e Setup - I	Page 2			
System Ty	/pe	⊠ NAV	IKNOT 450	D				
Sensor Se	nsitivity	Value:		Sens	sor Polarity		ORMAL VERS	
Relay Speed Limit Min. Value (kn): Min. Value ON Max. Value ON Max. Value ON								
Calibration	Calibration Cal. Table ON							
			Cal	ibration Ta	ıble			
Cal. No.	Uncal. Sp	True Spd.	Cal. No.	Uncal. Sp	True Spd.	Cal. No.	Uncal. Sp	True Spd.
0			7			14		
1			8			15		
2			9			16		
3			10			17		
4			11			18		
5			12			19		
6			13			20		



Sperry Marine

NAVIKNOT 450 D Record of Calibration Trial Runs

Vessel:			Hull No.:				
IMO No.:			Shipyard:				
Service Station	n / Installer:		Date / Signature:				
			/				
Location of ru	ınoı						
Rema	rks:						
Run #:		engine RPM:					
		run parameters		computed values			
	elapsed time (s)	distance (NM)	heading (°)	avg. uncal. spd.	true water speed		
Run A (or single run)							
Run B (return run)							
	averaged values (cal. table entry)						
Run #:		engine RPM:					
		run parameters		compute	computed values		
	elapsed time (s)	distance (NM)	heading (°)	avg. uncal. spd.	true water speed		
Run A (or single run)							
Run B (return run)							
		averaged values	s (cal. table entry)				
Run #:		engine RPM:					
		run parameters		compute	ed values		
	elapsed time (s)	distance (NM)	heading (°)	avg. uncal. spd.	true water speed		
Run A (or single run)							
Run B (return run)							
		averaged values	s (cal. table entry)				

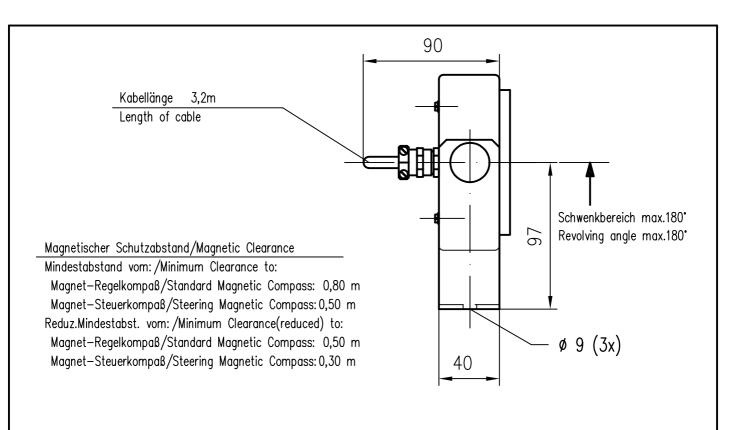


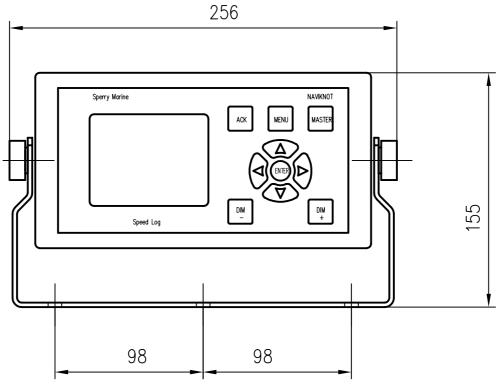
Gewicht/Weight : 4 kg

Schutzart/Protection grade : IP 23

				NORTHROP GRUMMAN		DATE	NAME	DIMENSION DRAWING			SCALE
					DRAWN	06.12.2006	Но.	Electror	ics	Unit	
				Sperry Marine	CHD	see E	CO				/
				HAMBURG GERMANY	DOS	5003-0112-0	1				·
				DRAWING No.							SHEET
В	982016	15.03.07	Ho.	5003-0	112-	-01					1
A	981992	27.02.07	Ho.	FIRST A		DIMENSIONS		1			SHEETS
0	_	06.12.06	Ho.	OTOOK N	-	MILLIMETER	lS	DEDI ACCHENT FOR		COALE.	
REV	ECO-No.	DATE	NAME	STOCK No. 735	510			REPLACEMENT FOR:		SCALE: SO 2768 mH	

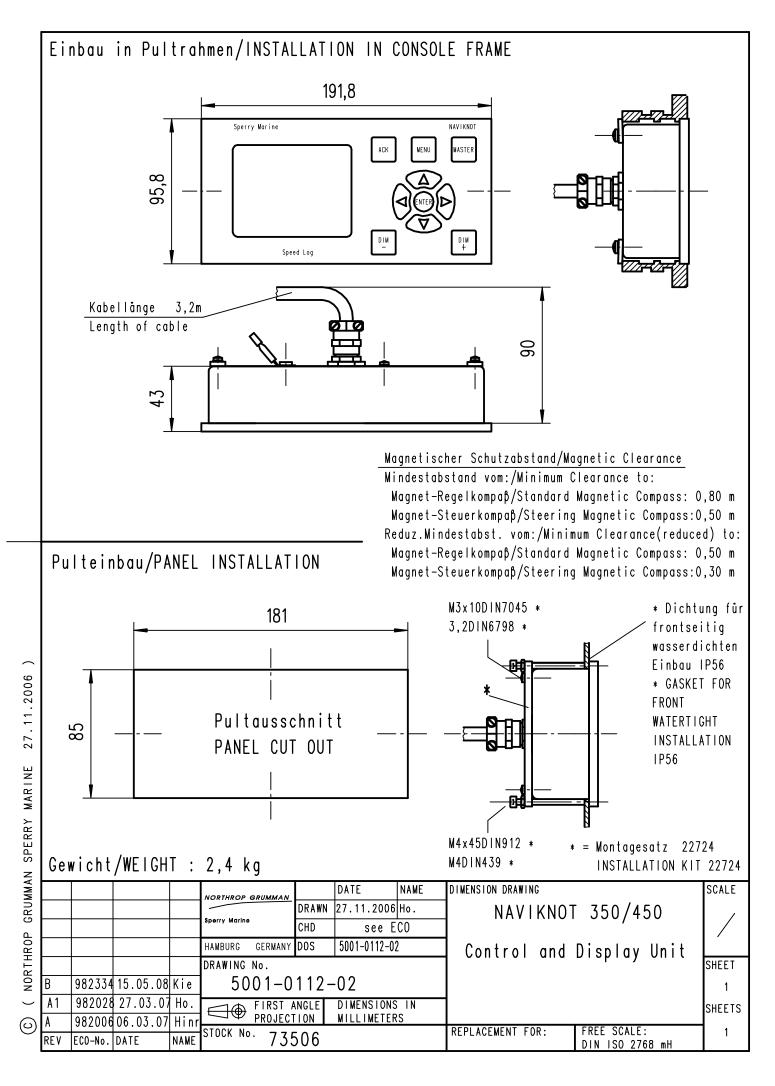


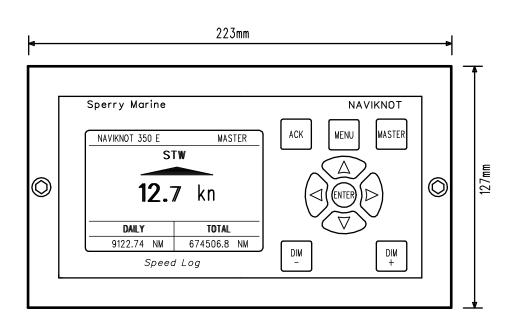




Gewicht/WEIGHT: 3,2 kg

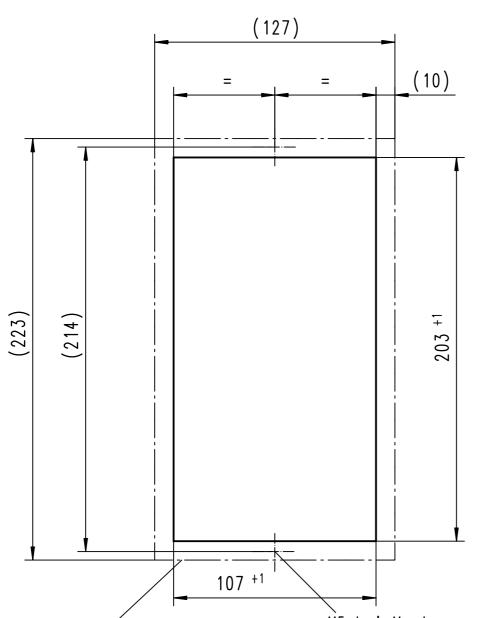
				NORTHROP	CRUMMAN		DATE	NAME	DIMENSION DRAWING		SCALE
							20.02.2007	Ho.	l naviknot	T 350/450	
				Sperry Marine		CHD	see ECO		Control and Display Unit		/
				HAMBURG	GERMANY	DOS	5001-0112-01			' '	
				DRAWING	DRAWING No.				in housing with brackets		SHEET
B1	981383	16.02.10	Ebe	50	5001-0112-01				im Gehäuse	mit Bügel	1
В	982334	15.05.08	Kie		FIRST A		DIMENSIONS		Wasserdicht/Wa	tertight IP 56	SHEETS
Α	982006	06.03.07	Hinr		PROJEC1		MILLIMETERS		DEDI ACEMENT FOD.	I FDFF COALF.	1 .
REV	ECO-No.	DATE	NAME	STOCK No	73	507			REPLACEMENT FOR:	FREE SCALE: DIN ISO 2768 mH	'





Depth: 150mm

				NORTHROP GRUMMAN		Date	Name	TITLE		
				Sperry Marine	DRAWN	13.03.2007	Schütt	Ansicht Pultplatte		
				Hamburg Germany	DESIGN	13.03.2007	Reinecke	CONSOLE FRAME LAYOUT		
				RAHMEN00\0021-0112-86S01	CHD ECO					
				Rahmen Lg-Nr. 39086				DRAWING No.	SHEET	
								0021-0112-86 she		
									1	
A	981 901	13.03.07	Schütt	70.400		70.400		ONORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE 13.03.20 Each modification of this drawing requires the approval		
REV	ECO-No.	DATE	NAME	STOCK No. 79 488				NORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE HAMBURG in written for		



Platzbedarf für Rahmen Space requirement for frame M5 bei Montage vom Pultrahmen abbohren und gewindeschneiden Drilled off from console frame and threaded M5

Pultplatte max. 20 mm dick Thickness of panel max.20 mm

				NORTHROP GRUMMAN		DATE	NAME	DIMENSION DRAWING		SCALE
					DRAWN	10.02.1994	Но.	Pultaus	schnitt	,
				Sperry Marine	CHD	see E	CO	Console	out out	/
				HAMBURG GERMANY	DOS	0012-0112-	02	Console	cut out	
				DRAWING No.				1 * 2		SHEET
AC	98351	20.04.01	Ho.	0012-011	2-02	•				1
AB	99669	10.07.96	Ho.	FIRST A		DIMENSIONS		1		SHEETS
AA	99224	15.02.94	Ho.	INOULUI	ION	MILLIMETER	!S	REPLACEMENT FOR:	FREE SCALE:	┨ ,
REV	ECO-No.	DATE	NAME	STOCK No.				Ausgabe 00A	DIN ISO 2768 mH	'

