

Performer X Open Track Turbocharging System for 1992-1995 Honda Civic SOHC VTEC D16Z6 Catalog #1503 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

PLEASE study these instructions carefully before installing your Edelbrock Open Track Turbocharging System for Honda Civic D16Z6. If you have any questions or problems, do not hesitate to contact our **Technical Hotline at: 1-800-416-8628,** from 7am-5pm Monday-Friday, Pacific Standard Time or via e-mail at: **Edelbrock@Edelbrock.com.** Please complete and mail your warranty card.

Description: The Edelbrock Performer X Open Track Turbocharging System is intended for high boost pressure, off-highway applications in conjunction with user provided and tuned engine management. The Part #1503 kit with the Garrett T-28R ball-bearing turbocharger can provide boost pressures of up to 20 PSIG (Pressure reading at boost gauge) on a modified D16Z6 engine. The kit comes with all of components needed for the mechanical installation of the turbocharger system including a pre-assembled turbocharger-exhaust manifold-outlet elbow assembly with hoses installed; air to air intercooler; Tial blow-off valve; Performer X intake manifold; and all of the required fasteners, fittings, hoses, gaskets, and piping. No engine management is provided. An engine fitted with this kit using the stock un-modified engine management will not function properly and damage to the engine will occur.

Before Beginning: Someone who has a basic knowledge of automobile repair and modification and is familiar with and comfortable with working on their vehicle can accomplish the mechanical installation of this kit using common tools and procedures. Successful operation of the engine with this turbocharger kit requires a working knowledge of the set-up and tuning of an engine management system. The required modifications to your engine and fuel delivery system are dependent on the boost pressure and power output you desire to run. A properly tuned stock D16Z6 engine in good condition with a stock fuel delivery system can typically withstand 7-8 PSIG (Pressure reading at boost gauge) of boost making 170-180 hp at the wheels with a stock maximum engine speed. For boost levels above 8 PSIG, aftermarket pistons, connecting rods, and valves are required to assure engine durability. Higher boost pressures and power output will also require an aftermarket high-volume fuel pump such as Edelbrock #17938 (190 liter/hr) or #17936 (255 liter/hr). If the use of four additional injectors is desired, use Edelbrock Secondary Fuel Rail kit P/N 4752. The specifications for the Edelbrock test engine (D16Y8) that produced 283 hp at 7000rpm and 232 ft-lbs at 6200 rpm (measured at the crankshaft) are as follows:

<u>Component</u>	Specifications	<u>Component</u>	Specifications
Engine Block	T-sleeved by RS Machine, Carson CA	Exhaust Valves	Ferrea: P/N F1821 (stock diameter)
Crankshaft	Stock	Valve Springs	Crower: P/N 68180
Connecting Rods	Crower: Billet - P/N B93745B	Ti Retainers	Crower: P/N 87096
	(D16Y8 application)	Camshaft Lift/Duration	Stock
Pistons	JE: P/N 149178	Camshaft Timing	Stock
Rings	Je: P/N XC7500H	Head Bolts	ARP: Head Stud Kit P/N 208-4305
Cylinder Head	Stock with 3-angle valve job,	Fuel injectors	RC Engineering: P/N SL9-550
	quench removed from combustion	Map Sensor	Hondata: 3-bar
	chamber, no port work performed	Engine Management	Motec
Intake Valves	Ferrea: P/N F1822 (stock diameter)	Components Not Listed	Stock

Before Beginning (Continued): For this test, Motec engine management was used but is not necessarily recommended over any other manufacturer. Customer tunable engine management packages are available from multiple manufacturers such as: AEM, Hondata, Motec, F.A.S.T., Accel DFI, Apex, etc. and will be available from Edelbrock MotoTron in the near future (Note: This list, as well as any list of parts used in engine testing does not imply any specific recommendations. Selection of engine components and engine management should be determined by the customer/engine builder).

Additional Tuning Notes: To prevent over-speeding, the turbocharger boost pressure should be limited to 20 psig, or crankshaft horsepower should be limited to 280-300 horsepower. The recommended max boost is applicable at sea level. At higher altitudes, the user should be careful not to over-speed the turbocharger, as more turbo speed is required to reach equivalent boost pressures.

REMEMBER: WHEN WORKING AROUND GASOLINE, DO NOT SMOKE, AND KEEP ALL OPEN FLAMES, SPARKS AND OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION AWAY FROM THE WORK AREA. Failure to do so can result in a FIRE or EXPLOSION.

After Installation, Before Starting the Vehicle:

We recommend the use of a synthetic 10W30 motor oil. Mobil1 was used in our testing. Before starting the vehicle, the turbocharger oil drain hose should be disconnected from the oil pan and the engine should be turned over with the starter until oil is running out of the oil drain hose (Note: This may take one or two minutes of intermittent cranking for the oil system to be primed and for oil to reach the drain hose. To keep from abusing the starter, crank the engine in 15-20 second intervals, until oil reaches the drain hose). This will ensure that the turbo is lubricated before the initial start-up. This should be done with the spark plugs removed and the ignition system disabled. This will prevent any unnecessary load being placed on the starter.

Kit Contents

1	Turbocharger / Exhaust Manifold / Exhaust Elbow / Oil-Water Line Assembly
□ 1	Performer X Intake Manifold / Turbo Fuel System Assembly
□ 1	Oil Supply Sandwich Adapter Assembly
□ 1	Intercooler
□ 1	Compressor Inlet Pipe, Cast Aluminum
□ 1	Compressor Outlet Pipe, Cast Aluminum

□ 1 Intercooler Inlet Pipe
□ 1 Intercooler Outlet Pipe
□ 1 Intake Manifold Inlet Pipe
□ 1 Exhaust Down Pipe

Description

Individual Parts

☐ 1 Air Filter / Attachment Hose / Clamps Assembly

□ 1 Blow Off Valve Assembly□ 1 Gasket, Intake Manifold

Hose Kit

Qty.

□ 1	Turbo Oil Drain Hose Assembly
□ 1	Turbo Fuel Rail to Stock Fuel Rail Hose Assembly
□ 1	Fuel Filter to Turbo Fuel Rail Fuel Hose Assembly
□ 1	2 1/4" Silicone Hose Coupling (Intercooler Outlet Pipe to Intake Manifold Inlet Pipe)
4	2 1/4" - 2 1/2" Silicone Hose Couplings (Compressor/Intercooler Piping Connections)
☐ 3ft.	3/8" Cam Cover Breather Hose
☐ 3ft.	5/16" Purge / PCV Hose
☐ 3ft.	¼" Fuel Hose, Fuel Pressure Regulator Return

□ 5ft. 5/32" I.D. Vacuum Hose,□ 7ft. ¼" Red Silicone Hose, Wastegate & Blow-Off Valve

Hose Clamp Kit

4	Hose Clamps, 2 1/16" - 3"
□ 6	Hose Clamps, 1 13/16" - 2 3/4"
□ 2	Hose Clamps, 5/16" I.D.

Kit Contents (Continuation)...

Hardware Kit Throttle Cable Bracket Idle Air Controller (IAC) Cover Plate (Auto Transmission Applications) Support Brace (Compressor Inlet Pipe to Transaxle) 6mm x 1.0, 16mm Long Black Oxide, Serrated Flange Bolt (Intercooler Upper Mount) **1** 6mm x 1.0, Black Oxide, Serrated Flange Nut (Intercooler Upper Mount) 1/4" Zinc Plated Washer (Intercooler Upper Mount) 6mm x 1.0, 12mm Long Hex Head Bolt (Support Brace to Compressor Inlet Pipe) \square 3 6mm x 1.0, 20mm Long Socket Head Capscrew (Compressor Outlet Pipe to Compressor Outlet Flange) **3** 6mm Spring Washer (Compressor Outlet Pipe to Compressor Outlet Flange) **2** 8mm x 1.25 Stud (Compressor Inlet Pipe to Compressor Inlet Flange) **2** 8mm x 1.25 Lock Nut (Compressor Inlet Pipe to Compressor Inlet Flange) \square 2 5/16 SAE Washer (Compressor Inlet Pipe to Compressor Inlet Flange) **4** 8mm x 1.25, 20mm Long Socket Head Cap Screw (Turbo Oil Drain Hose to Turbo Oil Drain Flange & IAC Cover) **2** 8mm Spring Washer (Turbo Oil Drain Hose to Turbo Oil Drain Flange) **3** 10mm x 1.5 Studs (Exhaust Downpipe to Turbo Outlet Elbow) **3** 10mm x 1.5 Flange Nut (Exhaust Downpipe to Turbo Outlet Elbow) \square 2 1/4-20 x 1/2" Hex Head Bolt (Turbo Oil Drain Adapter Fitting, Steel Oil Pan) **2** 1/4-20 x 5/8" Hex Head Bolt (Turbo Oil Drain Adapter Fitting, Aluminum Oil Pan) **Gasket Kit** Turbo Outlet Elbow to Exhaust Down Pipe Gasket IAC Cover Plate Gasket (Auto Transmission Applications) O2 Sensor Bung Gasket (Second O2 Sensor Bung) Oil Drain Adapter Fitting Gasket **2** 1/4" Stato Seal Washer (Turbo Oil Drain Adapter) **4** 12.3mm I.D. / 16.2mm O.D. / 1.5mm Thick, Aluminum Crush Washer (Fuel Banjo Fittings) Compressor Inlet Pipe to Compressor Inlet Flange O-Ring Compressor Outlet Pipe to Compressor Outlet Flange O-Ring **1** Turbocharger Oil Drain Flange O-Ring Inlet Air Temperature Sensor Grommet **2 Lower Intercooler Mount Grommets Fitting Kit** Turbo Oil Drain Adapter Fitting 10mm Barb to 1/4"NPT Adapter Fitting 17mm Barb to 3/8"NPT Adapter Fitting \square 2 3/16" Barb to 1/8"NPT Adapter Fitting **1** 1/4"NPT to 1/4"NPT Female Street Elbow **2** 1/8"NPT Pipe Plugs **1** 1/4" NPT Pipe Plug **2** 1/4" Barb to 1/8"NPT Adapter Fitting **2** 8mm Barb to 1/8"NPT Adapter Fitting 9mm Barb to 1/4"NPT Adapter Fitting 8mm Barb to 1/4"NPT Adapter Fitting 3/8" Barb to 1/4" NPT Male Adapter Fitting **1** Plug, O2 Sensor Bung (Second O2 Sensor Bung) Plug, Nylon Air Temperature Sensor

#3 Plastic Vacuum Tee

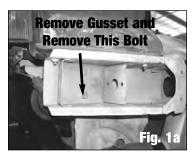
INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

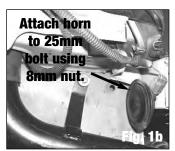
Initial Parts Removal (See factory service manual for procedures where noted)

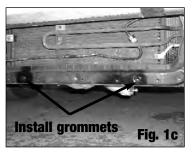
- 1. Begin by disconnecting the battery and draining the engine oil and coolant from the engine. Remove the battery hold down using a 12mm wrench and remove the battery. Disconnect any wiring attached to the battery tray, and remove the tray. Set aside. (This will provide access to the firewall for wiring later on.)
- 2. Remove the front lower splash shield and front bumper cover, as per the factory service manual procedure. The front inner fender liners do not need to be removed. You can allow the front inner fender liners to hang free, remaining attached to the rear of the front wheel well openings. Remove the stock intake tube and upper/lower air box following the service manual instructions. Save the air box mounting bolts and grommets. These will be used to mount the compressor piping to the chassis.
- 3. Remove the driver's side tie down bracket located behind the lower radiator support.
- 4. Remove the Oxygen Sensor from the factory lower exhaust header (B-Pipe), and move to the side. Disconnect the factory B-Pipe from the Catalytic Converter, inspect the donut gasket for wear. If it is in good shape, it may be re-used. Disconnect the B-Pipe from the upper exhaust header. Remove the lower intake manifold support bracket bolts at this time. Remove the exhaust manifold heat shield and upper exhaust manifold. If exhaust manifold gasket is not damaged, it can be reused.

Horn Relocation and Intercooler Installation

- 1. Remove the horn from the stock location.
- 2. Remove the bumper beam gusset on passenger side (black ABS plastic) to access the bumper bolts (**See Fig. 1a**). Remove the outer bumper bolt (under gusset, goes through to the inner fender) and replace it with the supplied 25mm bolt. Using an 8mm nut, attach the horn to this new bolt (**See Fig. 1b**). Replace the bumper beam gusset.
- 3. Install the intercooler grommets into the holes in the lower radiator support as shown *(See Fig. 1c)*. Using a small amount of silicone-based spray lubricant on the grommets will make installation easier. Mount the intercooler by pressing the pins on the lower edge of intercooler into the grommets. Using the 6mm x 1.0, black oxide, serrated flange bolt and nut, and 1/4" zinc plated washer, attach the intercooler brace to the center radiator support *(See Fig. 1d)*.







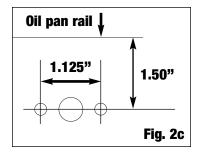


Oil Drain Adapter Installation (Note: Removal of the oil pan is required to install the turbo oil drain adapter)

- 1. Remove the front and rear stiffening brackets connecting the block to the bell housing (See Fig. 2a). Remove the bellhousing cover. Using a 10mm socket, remove the oil pan nuts and bolts and remove the oil pan. If necessary, gently tap on the oil pan with a rubber or plastic mallet to loosen the seal between the oil pan and the engine block. Carefully remove and inspect the oil pan gasket. If it is not cracked or torn, it may be re-used.
- 2. The Oil Drain Adapter requires the oil pan to be drilled. Mark the area to be drilled. Center the drain hole between the third and fourth bolt holes from the driver's side on the front of the oil pan (See Fig. 2b), 1.5" from the Oil Pan Rail (See Fig. 2c). Using a scratch awl, mark the center of each bolt hole 9/16" away from the center of the center drain hole so the distance between the bolt holes, from center to center, is 1.125" (See Fig. 2c). Make sure this location will not interfere with the oil baffle inside the pan. If needed, move the location slightly to avoid any interference with the baffle (See Fig. 2d).









- 3. Using a center punch, indent each drilling location to prevent the drill bit from walking. Pre-drill each hole with a 1/8" bit. Secure the oil pan on a work bench and use a hand drill to drill the outer bolt holes to ¼". Drill the center drain hole to ½". Deburr the holes and thoroughly clean the oil pan to remove any metal shavings.
- 4. Install the Oil Drain Adapter onto the oil pan using the two ¼-20 x ½" bolts (We recommend using blue Loctite on the threads) and the two ¼" Stato-Seal washers on the inside of the oil pan (See Fig. 2d), using the gasket on the outside of the pan. Torque the bolts to 6-8 ft/lbs.
- Apply liquid gasket to the oil pump to block, and passenger side cover to block mating surfaces (See Fig. 2e). Re-install the oil pan. Finger tighten nuts 1-6 (See Fig. 2e) to hold the pan in place. Install the remaining bolts finger tight. Tighten all nuts/bolts to 8-9
 - ft/lbs, starting with nuts 1-6, and tightening the remaining bolts in a clockwise manner, starting in the center and working your way out.
- 6. Reinstall the bellhousing cover and front and rear stiffening brackets. Torque the bolts to factory service manual specifications.



- 1. Remove the upper air conditioner condenser support bracket and air conditioner line bracket. Using a zip-tie or twine, carefully flex the lines and condenser as far forward as possible and temporarily secure. This will allow more clearance to place the turbo / exhaust manifold assembly (**See Fig. 3**).
- Being careful not to damage the oil feed and coolant lines, set turbo assembly in place using the stock exhaust gasket (See Fig. 3). (Note: If the gasket is in good condition, it may be re-used. The gasket should show no signs of leaking, cracks, missing pieces, or burnt areas. If the gasket is not in good condition, it should be replaced. Thoroughly clean flange of old gasket
 - material). Using the stock nuts, attach the turbo assembly to the engine block. **Note:** Holding the turbo assembly about ½"-½" away from the engine block while starting the nuts onto the studs provides clearance to get the nuts started. Refer to the Honda Factory Service Manual for torque values and sequence.
- 3. Lay out the Coolant Lines and Oil Feed Line in their approximate routing locations. The Oil Feed Line (the line with the 6AN female fitting) should head down below the air conditioning condenser fan, towards the driver's side, then up along the driver's side of the condenser and towards the back of the engine, taking care not to route the line in the way of any moving parts (such as: pulleys, timing belts, etc.). The coolant lines should be routed down toward the passenger side, then up and toward the rear of the engine.



Apply Liquid Gasket

2

Oil Pump

3

Fig. 2e

Factory Intake Manifold Removal

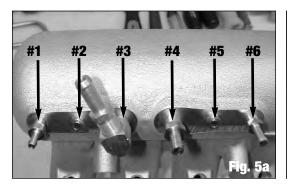
1. Relieve fuel pressure first by loosening the banjo bolt connecting the fuel line to the fuel filter. Place a shop towel or rag over the wrench while loosening the banjo to soak up any fuel spray (See Fig. 4). When loosening or tightening the banjo bolt on the fuel filter can, use a 19mm wrench of the hex of the fuel filter can to counteract the torque applied to the banjo bolt. This will prevent the fuel filter can and bracket from being improperly loaded during loosening or tightening at the banjo bolt.



- 2. Disconnect the fuel injector wiring harness from the bracket on the fuel rail and unplug the harness from the fuel injectors and purge valve (Note the locations of each plug on the harness to prevent improper connection during re-installation). Disconnect the Throttle Position Sensor plug, MAP Sensor plug, and Idle Air Control Motor plug. Disconnect the purge line from the purge valve. Disconnect the fuel return line from the steel chassis fuel line. Disconnect the fuel line from the fuel filter. Disconnect the coolant lines from the throttle body and manifold flange. Disconnect the vacuum lines at the rear of the manifold. The intake manifold support bracket does not need to be removed from the intake manifold. It can be removed with the intake as an assembly since the lower bolts were removed previously. Remove the throttle cable. Remove the factory intake manifold nuts. Remove the intake manifold assembly and set aside.
- 3. Stuff the open intake ports in the cylinder head with paper towels to prevent any debris from entering the engine. Thoroughly clean the gasket surface removing any remaining sealant or gasket material.

Oil Supply Line Installation

1. With the intake manifold removed, there will be much more clearance to install the Oil Supply Adapter. Remove the stock oil filter (Replace). Install the Oil Supply Sandwich Adapter in place of the stock oil filter. Make sure the O-Ring is facing toward the engine block, and the threaded stud with ½" hex opening is facing out. Tighten with a ½" Allen Wrench. Make sure the blue fitting is facing toward the driver's side, pointing upward slightly, about the 10 o'clock position. Install a new oil filter. Route the oil supply line to the sandwich adapter. Using a light coat of oil on the threads, tighten the female fitting onto the blue fitting on the sandwich adapter.



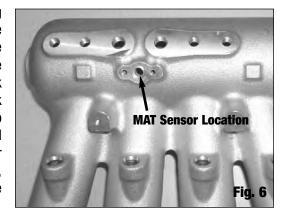




Performer X Manifold Installation

- (Note: Use anti-sieze or teflon paste on the threads of fittings before installing them into the intake manifold). Install the vacuum fittings into the underside of the Performer X intake manifold (See Fig. 5a), and on top of the Performer X intake manifold (See Fig. 5b). Install the water outlet fitting into the mounting flange. Install the 1/8" NPT plug into the water outlet fitting (See Fig. 5c). (Refer to Fig. 5d for Fitting Descriptions).
- 2. Remove the manifold air temperature sensor from the factory intake manifold and install it onto the Performer X manifold (See Fig. 6). Remove the idle air control motor (IAC) from the factory intake manifold and install onto the Performer X intake manifold. Remove the throttle body (with MAP sensor attached), and two throttle body studs from the factory intake manifold. Using two nuts on the studs, and jamming them, will help get the studs out of the stock intake manifold (See Fig 7). Install the two throttle body studs into the Performer X intake manifold, one on the upper right bolt hole of the throttle body mounting flange and one on the lower left bolt hole. Install the stock throttle body and gasket onto the Performer X manifold. Remove the stock throttle cable bracket bolts, and install the supplied throttle cable bracket onto the Performer X manifold using the stock bolts. Remove the stock fuel rail/injectors/purge valve/fuel pressure regulator and install onto the Performer X manifold using the stock hardware (Inspect all O-Rings and Seals for wear, replace if necessary). Attach the Turbo Fuel Rail to Stock Fuel Rail hose
- #1 3/16" Barb x 1/8" NPT (Cruise Control Vacuum Hose)
- #2 1/8" NPT Plug
- #3 1/4" NPT Street Elbow & 10mm Barb x 1/4" NPT (Power Brake Booster Hose)
- #4 8mm Barb x 1/4" NPT (PVC Hose)
- #5 1/8" NPT Plug
- #6 1/4" Barb x 1/8" NPT (Blow-Off Valve Hose)
- #7 3/16" Barb x 1/8" NPT (Fuel Pressure Regulator Hose)
- #8 9mm Barb x 1/4" NPT (Purge Valve Hose)

Fig. 5d



assembly female end with the 180° bend to the driver's side of the turbo fuel rail. Loop the hose under the Performer X intake manifold and attach the banjo end to the stock fuel rail using the stock banjo nut. Use the new banjo sealing washers supplied in the kit. Attach the auxiliary fuel injector wiring harness to the auxiliary injectors.

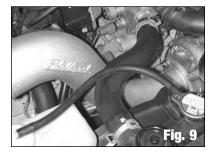
- 3. Using the supplied gasket, install the Performer X manifold / throttle body / fuel system assembly onto the engine (See Fig. 8). (Remember: Remove the paper towels or rags before installing the intake manifold). Follow the factory service manual for proper torque values and tightening sequence. Re-connect all factory sensors and vacuum hoses. Re-connect the factory fuel injector wiring harness to the stock fuel injectors, and re-attach the harness to the fuel rail bracket. Re-connect the stock throttle cable to the new bracket and following the factory service manual, adjust the throttle cable for proper operation.
- 4. Reconnect the Fuel Filter to Fuel rail hose. Using the supplied ¼" SAE fuel hose, connect the fuel pressure regulator outlet to the fuel return line using the stock hose clamps.



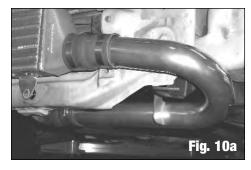


Compressor Inlet / Outlet and Intercooler Plumbing Installation

- 1. Press the black nylong plug into the non-threaded hole in the compressor inlet pipe. Install a 3/8" barb x ¼" NPT fitting into either threaded hole in the pipe. Install a ¼" NPT plug into the remaining threaded hole. Thread the two 8mm x 1.25 (1.31" long) studs into the compressor inlet flange using some blue Loctite, hand tight only. With a light coat of grease on the Compressor Inlet Flange O-Ring, lightly press the o-ring into the receiver groove on the Compressor Inlet Pipe mounting flange.
 - Fit the Compressor Inlet Pipe over the studs and with washers in place, hand tighten the 8mm x 1.25 nuts onto the studs (**See Fig 9**). Adjust the compressor Inlet pipe for alignment, and using the Compressor Inlet Pipe support brace, connect the support brace to the compressor inlet pipe using the 6mm x 1.0 (12mm long) bolt. Hand tighten. Find the transaxle housing bolt that lines up closest with the compressor inlet pipe and support brace. (This normally has a small wiring bracket held in place by the bolt. The wiring bracket can be discarded). Remove the bolt and attach the support brace using this bolt. Tighten all nuts and bolts. Connect Air Filter Assembly to the compressor inlet pipe using the supplied silicone coupling and hose clamps.



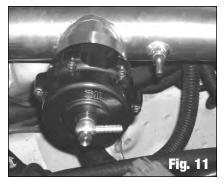
- 2. Cut the 3/8" hose to length and connect it to the fitting on the compressor inlet pipe on one end and to the valve cover breather port on the other end.
- 3. Attach the Oil Drain Hose Assembly to the turbo housing using the two 8mm x 1.25 (20mm long) Socket Head Capscrews and the two 8mm spring washers. Be sure the Turbo Oil Drain flange O-Ring is in place. (A bit of grease on the O-Ring helps to hold it in place). The bend in the fitting at the turbo end should point toward the front of the vehicle. Line up the drain hose next to the oil drain adapter on the oil pan. Make sure the hose will not kink. Slight trimming of the hose may be necessary to prevent kinking. Do not attach the hose to the drain adapter on the oil pan at this time (See "Final Checklist" Section).
- 4. Attach Compressor Outlet Pipe to the compressor outlet using the three 6mm x 1.0 (20mm long) Socket Head Capscrews, 0-Ring (Use a bit of grease on the O-Ring to hold in place), and the three 6mm spring washers. The outlet of the compressor outlet pipe should face toward the driver's side of the vehicle. Attach the intercooler inlet pipe to the compressor outlet pipe using the supplied silicone connector and the appropriate hose clamps. Attach the intercooler inlet pipe to the intercooler using a 2 ¼" to 2 ½" silicone coupling and the appropriate hose clamps. Attach the bracket on the intercooler inlet pipe to the factory tie-down bracket location (which was removed earlier) using the factory bolt (See Fig. 10a). Attach the intercooler outlet pipe to the intercooler with one of the 2 ¼" to 2 ½" silicone couplings and the appropriate hose clamps. Bolt the support bracket on the pipe to the inner fender using a factory lower airbox bolt and grommet (See Fig. 10b).







- 5. Install the Blow-Off Valve onto the intake manifold inlet pipe. Make sure the O-Ring is properly seated on the Blow-Off Valve flange. Install the Blow-Off Valve and V-Band and tighten the V-Band. Install the supplied banjo fitting onto the Blow-Off Valve using the supplied sealing washers. Install a 1/4" barb to 1/8" NPT fitting into the hole next to the blow-off valve on the intake manifold inlet pipe. (See Fig. 11)
- 6. Attach the intake manifold inlet pipe to the intercooler outlet pipe using the 2 ¼" silicone coupling and the appropriate hose clamps. Attach the intake manifold inlet pipe to the throttle body using one of the 2 ¼" to 2 ½" silicone couplings and the appropriate hose clamps. Attach the manifold inlet pipe to the passenger side shock tower using one of the stock air box bolts.

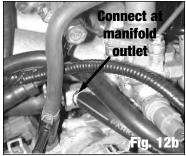


7. Install the Exhaust Down-Pipe. Thread the three 10mm x 1.5 studs into the exhaust elbow, hand tight. Making sure the exhaust down-pipe gasket is in place, install the exhaust down-pipe onto the exhaust elbow using the provided 10mm x 1.5 flanged nuts. Using the stock donut gasket (if in good condition), attach the exhaust down-pipe using the factory bolts. Attach the down pipe to the lower exhaust bracket using the factory bolts (See Fig. 10c). Re-install the factory O₂ sensor. (Note: For maximum performance, we recommend an exhaust system with as little flow restriction as possible. In off-highway applications, the stock catalytic converter will restrict exhaust flow.)

Coolant Line and Vacuum Hose Connections

- 1. Route one of the coolant lines from the turbo to the thermostat housing. Cut to fit. Connect the coolant line to the fitting on the side of the thermostat housing that originally connected a coolant line to the throttle body. Route the other coolant line from the turbo to the throttle body coolant fitting. Cut to fit. Connect the line to the throttle body coolant fitting (See Fig. 12a & 12b). Use the supplied hose clamps to secure.
- Measure and cut to length the ¼" Red Silicone Hose and connect the wastegate actuator to the fitting on the intake manifold inlet pipe, specified in *Fig. 11.* Measure and cut to length the ¼" Red Silicone Hose and connect the Blow-Off Valve to the fitting on the intake manifold specified in *Fig. 5d.*





Bumper Cover and Fender Liner Modification and Final Parts Re-installation

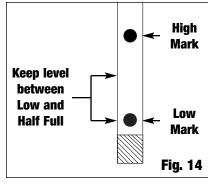
- 1. On the inside of the front bumper cover, the back side of the grill will need to be trimmed to clear the intercooler. Temporarily place bumper cover on the vehicle and check for clearance. Using a cuttoff wheel or other suitable trimming tool, trim material as needed (**See Fig. 13a**).
- Temporarily place each fender liner in place and mark area where interference with the intake piping occurs. Trim out material as needed (See Fig. 13b).
- 3. Install the fender liners and bumper cover following the Factory Service Manual instructions.
- 4. Install the battery tray and battery. Install the battery tie down and re-connect the battery cables.
- 5. Fill the oil to level recommended in "Final Checklist" on page 9, and fill coolant to Service Manual specifications.





Final Checklist (Note: Do not start vehicle before completing this list.)

- ☐ Make sure that all fluids are at the recommended factory levels. (Note: As stated above, we recommend the use of a synthetic 10W30 motor oil. Mobil1 was used in our testing.)
- □ Prime the turbocharger oil supply. Before starting the vehicle, the turbocharger oil drain hose should be disconnected from the oil pan and the engine should be turned over with starter until oil is running out of the oil drain hose. This will ensure that the turbo is lubricated before initial start-up. This should be done with the spark plugs removed and your ignition system disabled. (Note: It may take one or two minutes of intermittent cranking for the oil system to be primed and for oil to reach the drain hose. To keep from abusing the starter, crank the engine in 15-20 second intervals, until oil reaches the drain hose.). Once oil flow is established, reconnect the turbocharger oil drain hose. Check the oil level again after priming the oil supply. Oil level should be between the low mark and 1/2 point (See Fig. 14).



- □ Slip the heat shrink tubing over the drain hose and press the drain hose over the Oil Drain Adapter on the oil pan. **Make sure the hose is not kinked.** Slide the shrink tubing down so that it overlaps the metallic sleeve on the drain hose and the end of the drain hose. Use a heat gun or hairdryer to shrink the tubing **(See Fig. 15)**.
- Make sure the oil drain hose has no kinks, and that portions of the hose do not hang more than slightly lower than the drain fitting in the oil pan. This can cause a back-up of oil in the hose, preventing proper draining of oil from the turbo housing. This can result in small amounts of oil being drawn into the turbine housing, causing oil smoke to be seen coming from the exhaust.
- □ Along with synthetic oil, we strongly recommend using a cold heat range sparkplug in the engine.
- ☐ Start the engine and check for any vacuum, fuel, or oil leaks.



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