

Sno-Thro®

Service Manual

Models 938001-004, 006-012, 015-016, 301-305

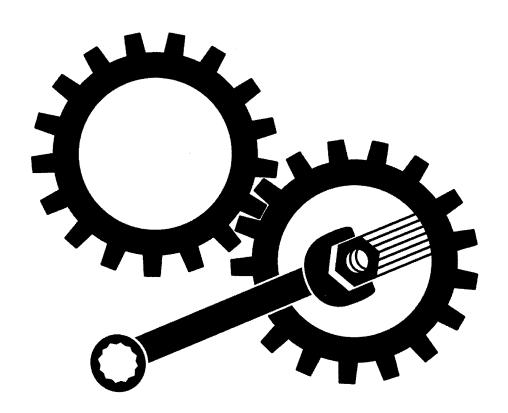


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SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

1.1 THE MANUAL

It is the purpose of this manual to provide complete instructions for service, maintenance, disassembly, repair, and installation of the mechanical components for the 932 Sno-Thro.

Dealer trained service personnel should use this manual as a supplement to and reminder of the training sessions conducted by the company.

Read all information for servicing a part of system before repair work is started to avoid needless disassembly.

Operation

Before operation of the unit, carefully and completely read manuals supplied with the unit. The contents will provide you with an understanding of safety instructions and controls during normal operation and maintenance.

Safety Messages

For your safety and the safety of others always read, understand, and follow all DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION messages found in manuals and on safety decals.

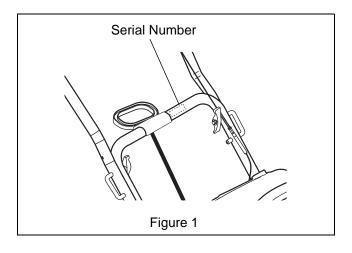
Directional Reference

All reference to left, right, front, or rear are given from the operator in the operator position and facing the direction of forward travel.

1.2 SERVICE AND REPLACEMENT PARTS

When ordering publications, replacement parts, or making service inquiries, know the Model and Serial numbers of your unit and engine.

Numbers are located on the product registration form in the unit literature package. They are printed on a serial number label, located on the frame of your unit.



1.3 PRODUCT REGISTRATION

A warranty registration card must be filled out, signed, and returned at the time of purchase. This card activates the warranty. Claims meeting requirements during limited warranty period will be honored.

1.4 UNAUTHORIZED REPLACEMENT PARTS

Use only Ariens replacement parts. The replacement of any part on this vehicle with anything other than an Ariens authorized replacement part may adversely affect the performance, durability, or safety of this unit and may void the warranty. Ariens disclaims liability for any claims or damages, whether warranty, property damage, personal injury, or death arising out of the use of unauthorized replacement parts.

1.5 DISCLAIMER

Ariens reserves the right to discontinue, make changes to, and add improvements upon its products at any time without public notice or obligation. The descriptions and specifications contained in this manual were in effect at printing. Equipment described within this manual may be optional. Some illustrations may not be applicable to your unit.

1.6 TECHNICAL SERVICE COMMUNICATIONS

Ariens Technical Service communicates information to the field using Service Letters, Service Bulletins, Product Notices, and Campaigns. Each communication signifies a type of information and priority. The dealer is responsible to carry out the directive provided in the communication. The types of communication are:

Service Letter - General technical information for the dealer. Technical information on how to service the product and product improvements.

Service Bulletin - Notification to update products to resolve certain issues or a notification of a policy change.

Product Notices - Notification of limited product located in a certain region. This is a limited distribution to only those who received the product involved.

Campaigns - Notification of a safety related issue. All product must be updated and are tracked by the factory until all units are corrected.

SECTION 2 - SAFETY

2.1 SAFETY ALERTS



Look for these symbols to point out important safety precautions. They



Attention! Personal Safety Is Involved! **Become Alert! Obey The Message!**

2.2 SIGNAL WORDS

The safety alert symbol is used in decals on the unit and with proper operation procedures in this manual. They alert you to the existence and relative degree of hazards.

Understand the safety message. It contains important information about personal safety on or near the unit.



DANGER: IMMINENTLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION! If not avoided, WILL RESULT in death or serious injury.



WARNING: POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION! If not avoided, COULD RESULT in death or serious injury.



CAUTION: POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION! If not avoided, MAY RESULT in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

2.3 NOTATIONS

NOTE: General reference information for proper operation and maintenance practices.

IMPORTANT: Specific procedures or information required to prevent damage to unit or attachment.

2.4 PRACTICES AND LAWS

Practice usual and customary safe working precautions, for the benefit of yourself and others. Understand and follow all safety messages. Be alert to unsafe conditions and the possibility of minor, moderate, or serious injury or death. Learn applicable rules and laws in your area.

2.5 REQUIRED OPERATOR TRAINING

Original purchaser of this unit was instructed by the seller on safe and proper operation. If unit is to be used by someone other than original purchaser; loaned,

rented or sold, ALWAYS provide this manual and any needed safety training before operation.

2.6 PREPARATION

Before starting any removal of parts, proper preparation is very important for efficient work. A clean work area at the start of each job will allow you to perform service repairs easily and quickly.

To reduce the incidence of misplaced tools or parts, place removed components with all attaching hardware in the disassembly order on a clean work surface. Organization is a key part of proper reassembly.

Tools, instruments, and parts needed for the job should be gathered before work is started. Interrupting a job to locate tools or parts is a needless delay. A list of required special tools has been included in this manual.



CAUTION: Remove enough fuel so that no spillage will occur. Remove battery to prevent spillage of electrolyte.

2.7 CLEANING AND STORAGE



WARNING: AVOID SHARP EDGES which can cut. Movement of parts can cut off fingers or a hand. Wear gloves, and use extreme caution when servicing.

IMPORTANT: Never spray unit with water or store unit outdoors to help prevent sealed bearing rust or corrosion. Water can seep into sealed bearings and reduce component life. Bearings are sealed against dirt and debris only.

A unit that is excessively dirty should be cleaned before work starts. Cleaning will occasionally uncover trouble sources. Dirt and abrasive dust reduce the efficient work life of parts and can lead to costly replacement.

When taking unit out of extended storage:

- 1. Check for any damage or loose parts. Repair, replace, or tighten hardware before operation.
- 2. If a preservative fluid was used in fuel tank, drain and discard. Fill fuel tank with fresh new fuel.

2.8 SAFETY RULES

Walk Around Inspection

Complete a walk around inspection of unit and work area to understand:

- Work area.
- · Your unit.
- · All safety decals.

Work Area

ALWAYS check overhead and side clearances carefully before operation. ALWAYS be aware of traffic when operating along streets or curbs.

ALWAYS keep hands and feet within the limits of the unit

Keep children, people, and animals away. Keep children out of work area and under watchful care of a responsible adult.

Keep area of operation clear of all toys, pets, and debris. Stay alert for hidden hazards.

DO NOT run engine in an enclosed area. Always provide good ventilation.

Unit

ALWAYS keep protective structures, guards, and panels in good repair, in place and securely fastened. NEVER modify or remove safety devices.

Operation

Understand:

- · How to operate all controls
- · The functions of all controls
- How to STOP in an Emergency
- · Speed ranges

Before starting engine, disengage auxiliary power.

Always back up slowly. Always look down and behind before and while backing.

Never leave a running unit unattended. ALWAYS shut off auxiliary power, lower throttle setting, and stop engine before leaving unit. ALWAYS remove key to prevent unauthorized use.

ALWAYS operate unit in good visibility and light.

Fuel is highly flammable and its vapors can explode. Use ONLY approved RED fuel containers.

NO Smoking!

NO Sparks!

NO Flames!

Allow engine to cool before servicing.

NEVER fill fuel tank when engine is running, hot, or unit is indoors.

Abnormal Vibrations are a warning of trouble. Striking a foreign object can damage unit. Stop unit and engine. Wait for all moving parts to stop. Remove wire from spark plug. Inspect unit and make any necessary repairs before restart.

Hazardous Slopes

DO NOT operate on steep slopes. Avoid operating on slopes. When you must operate on a slope, travel up and down the slope. Never operate cross a slope. Never operate on a slope greater than 10 degrees.

Child Safety

NEVER allow children to operate or play on or near unit. Be alert and shut off unit if children enter area.

Personal Safety

Only trained adults may operate unit.

Training includes actual operation.

NEVER operate unit after or during the use of medication, drugs or alcohol. Safe operation requires your complete and unimpaired attention at all times.

NEVER allow anyone to operate the unit when their alertness or coordination is impaired.

DO NOT operate unit without wearing adequate outer garments. Wear adequate safety gear and protective gloves. Wear proper footwear to improve footing on slippery surfaces.

Protect eyes, face, and head from objects that may be thrown from unit. Wear appropriate hearing protection.

Avoid Sharp Edges. Sharp edges can cut. Moving parts can cut or amputate fingers or a hand. Wear gloves to service unit when handling sharp edges.

ALWAYS keep hands away from any pinch points.

DO NOT touch unit parts which might be hot from operation. Allow parts to cool before attempting to maintain, adjust or service.

NEVER place your hands or any part of your body or clothing inside or near any moving part while unit is running.

DO NOT wear loose clothing or jewelry and tie back hair that may get caught in rotating parts.

Keep children and people away from unit during operating.

Never direct discharge towards persons or property that may be injured or damaged by thrown objects. Use extreme caution on gravel surfaces. Stay alert for hidden hazards or traffic.

Deflected materials can cause injury and property damage.

Always stand clear of the discharge area when operating this unit.

Fumes from engine exhaust can cause injury or death. DO NOT run engine in an enclosed area. Always provide good ventilation.

Allow hot parts to cool.

Keep unit free of dirt, stones, and other debris. Clean up oil or fuel spills.

Service

Before cleaning, removing clogs or making any inspections, repairs, etc.: disengage clutch(es), stop unit and engine, remove key, allow moving parts to stop. Allow hot parts to cool.

Before tipping unit up onto housing, remove enough fuel so no spills will occur. Ensure unit is secure and will not tip over during maintenance.

Fuel is highly flammable and its vapors are explosive. Handle with care. Use an approved fuel container.

NO smoking, NO sparks, NO flames. ALWAYS allow engine to cool before servicing.

NEVER fill fuel tank when engine is running or hot from operation.

NEVER fill or drain fuel tank indoors.

Replace fuel cap securely and clean up spilled fuel.

ALWAYS maintain unit in safe operating condition. Damaged or worn out muffler can cause fire or explosion.

Keep all hardware properly tightened.

Cleaning

Keep unit free of ice or other debris. Clean up oil or fuel spills.

Storage

For unit storage or extended storage:

- NEVER store with fuel in fuel tank, inside a building where any ignition sources are present.
- Allow engine to cool completely.
- For extended storage, clean unit thoroughly. See Engine Manual for proper storage.

Transport

Use extra care when loading or unloading unit onto trailer or truck.

Secure unit chassis to transport vehicle. NEVER secure from rods or linkages that could be damaged.

DO NOT transport machine while engine is running.

Spark Arrester

This product is equipped with an internal combustion type engine. DO NOT use unit on or near any unimproved, forest-covered or brush covered land unless exhaust system is equipped with a spark arrester meeting applicable local, state or federal laws. A spark arrester, if it is used, must be maintained in effective working order by operator.

SECTION 3 - SPECIFICATIONS

Model Number	938001	938002	938003	938004	938006
	938301	938302			938301
Engine	HSK-600	HSK-600 HSK-850		HSK-850	HSK-600
Fuel to Oil Mix	50:01	50:01 50:01 50:01 50		50:01	50:01
Fuel Tank Capacity - qt (L)	1.2 (1.1)	1.2 (1.1) 1.2 (1.1) 1.2 (1.1)		1.2 (1.1)	
Fast Idle RPM	4300	3600	4300	3600 430	
Crank Case Capacity - oz (L)	N/A				
Engine Oil Type	2-Cycle				
Spark Plug Gap-in (cm)/Type	.030/RCJ84 Champion				
Tire Size- in (cm)	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5
	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)
Discharge Distance - ft (m)	3-30 (0.9-9.1)				
Chute Turning Radius	220°				
Auger Size (dia) - in (cm)	9.0 (23)				
Auger RPM	1220 1200 1220 1200		1200		
Auger Clutched	Belt Idler Clutched				
Blower Housing Height - in (cm)	13.25 (33.66)				
Blower Housing Width - in (cm)	22 (56)				
Electric Starter Kit	73700100	Installed	Installed	Installed	73700100

Model Number	938007	938008	938009	938010	938011
	938303			938004	938305
Engine	HSK-850	HSK-600	HSK-850	HSK-600	HSK-850
Fuel to Oil Mix	50:01	50:01	50:01	50:01	50:01
Fuel Tank Capacity - qt (L)	1.2 (1.1) 1.2 (1.1)		1.2 (1.1)	1.2 (1.1)	1.2 (1.1)
Fast Idle RPM	3600 4300 3600 4300		4300	3600	
Crank Case Capacity - oz (L)	N/A				
Engine Oil Type	2-Cycle				
Spark Plug Gap-in (cm)/Type	.030/RCJ84 Champion				
Tire Size- in (cm)	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5	7.0 x 1.5
	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)
Discharge Distance - ft (m)	3-30 (0.9-9.1)				
Chute Turning Radius	220°				
Auger Size - in (cm)	9.0 (23)				
Auger RPM	1200	1220	1200	1220	1200
Auger Clutched	Belt Idler Clutch				
Blower Housing Height - in (cm)	13.25 (33.66)				
Blower Housing Width - in (cm)	22 (56)				
Electric Starter Kit	Installed	ter Kit Installed Installed 73700100		Installed	

Model Number	938012	938015	938016	
			938305	
Engine	HSK-850	HSK-600	HSK-850	
Fuel to Oil Mix	50:01	50:01 50:01 50:01		
Fuel Tank Capacity - qt (L)	1.2 (1.1)	1.2 (1.1)	1.2 (1.1)	
Fast Idle RPM	3600	4300	3600	
Crank Case Capacity - oz (L)	N/A			
Engine Oil Type		2-Cycle		
Spark Plug Gap-in (cm)/Type	.030/RCJ84 Champion			
Tire Size- in (cm)	7.0 x 1.5 7.0 x 1.5 7.0 x		7.0 x 1.5	
	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	(18 x 3.8)	
Discharge Distance - ft (m)		3-30 (0.9-9.1)		
Chute Turning Radius		220°		
Auger Size - in (cm)	9.0 (23)			
Auger RPM	1200	1220	1200	
Auger Clutched		Belt Idler Clutched		
Blower Housing Height - in (cm)		13.25 (33.66)		
Blower Housing Width - in (cm)	22 (56)			
Electric Starter Kit	Installed	73700100	Installed	

SECTION 4 - GENERAL MAINTENANCE & ADJUSTMENTS

4.1 CONTROLS AND FEATURES

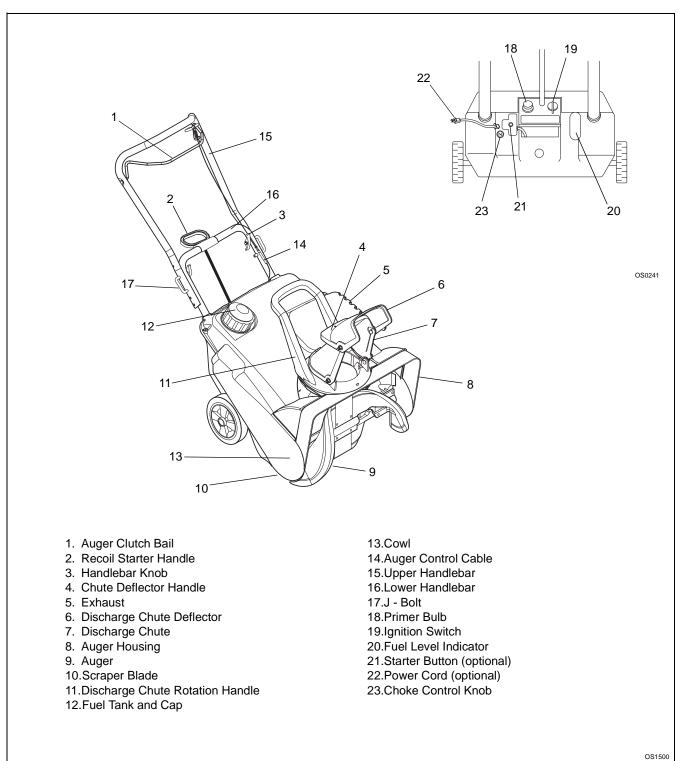


Figure 2

4.2 FILLING THE FUEL TANK

Check fuel level by looking at fuel level indicator on rear of unit. Add fuel as required.



WARNING: FLAMMABLE FUEL and its EXPLOSIVE VAPORS can result in death or serious injury.

Handle fuel with extreme care.

ALWAYS use an approved fuel container.

No Smoking! No Lighted Materials! No Open Flames!

Allow engine to cool before any service. ALWAYS clean up any spilled fuel.

Add fuel to fuel tank:

IMPORTANT: Two cycle engines require that oil be mixed with fuel. Failure to mix oil with fuel will result in seizure and severe damage to engine. DO NOT use gasohol or gasoline containing alcohol because alcohol will cause internal parts to deteriorate. See Engine Manual for correct type and grade of fuel.

- 1. ALWAYS place unit in open or well ventilated area.
- 2. Stop engine and allow to cool.
- 3. See engine manual for proper fuel/oil mixture.
- 4. Clean fuel cap and surrounding area to prevent dirt from entering fuel tank.
- 5. Remove cap.
- 6. Fill fuel tank with mixture. Tank capacity is 1.2 quarts (1.1 liters).

NOTE: Fuel mixture left standing for prolonged periods will begin to separate; thoroughly shake mixture before use.

7. Replace fuel cap and tighten.



WARNING: ACCIDENTAL ENGINE START UP can cause death or serious injury. ALWAYS stop engine, remove key, and wait for moving parts to stop before performing maintenance or service.

HOT SURFACES can cause death or serious injury. DO NOT touch parts which are hot from operation. ALWAYS allow parts to cool.



CAUTION: FUEL SPILLS may result in minor or moderate injury and/or damage to unit. If unit must be tipped, remove enough fuel so that no spills will occur.

4.3 SERVICE POSITION

Place unit on a flat level surface.

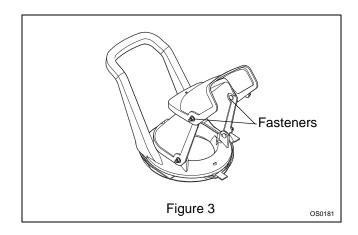
4.4 ADJUST DISCHARGE CHUTE DEFLECTOR



DANGER: ROTATING PARTS will cause serious injury or death. NEVER reach into discharge chute or housing while engine is running.

If discharge chute deflector does not stay in set position during operation, adjust chute by tightening fasteners evenly until deflector stays in position.

NOTE: Use a T30 torx drive or a 3/16" (.19 cm) wide straight screwdriver to tighten.



4.5 CHECK CLUTCH FUNCTION



WARNING: FAILURE OF CLUTCHES OR BRAKES may result in death or serious injury. Check clutch and brake function before each use. Repair or adjust before operation.

With key in "STOP" position, squeeze auger clutch bail to Engaged position and pull recoil starter handle. Auger should rotate with the turning of the engine. Release the auger clutch bail.

If the auger clutch bail moves freely with no resistance before contacting handlebar, adjust or repair.

NOTE: The unit will require control cable and/or idler adjustment after 20 hours of operation on a new unit or new drive belt. See *Service and Adjustments* for instructions.



WARNING: IMPROPER ADJUSTMENT could result in death or serious injury. AUGER BRAKE MUST DISENGAGE when clutch is engaged. BRAKE MUST STOP AUGER WITHIN 5 SECONDS of releasing auger clutch bail.

4.6 ADJUST AUGER CONTROLS



WARNING: IMPROPER ADJUSTMENT could result in death or serious injury. AUGER BRAKE MUST DISENGAGE when clutch is engaged. BRAKE MUST STOP AUGER WITHIN 5 SECONDS of releasing auger clutch bail.

4.7 ADJUST CLUTCH

For brake to function properly, there must ALWAYS be some slight, noticeable slack in the control cable inner wire when the impeller clutch bail is disengaged (lowered position). This allows extension spring to pull idler arm/brake, braking belt. Bail should travel 6-3/4 to 7-1/4" (17.1-18.4 cm) before contacting handlebars on models 938006-938012, 938301, 938303. If brake does not stop impeller within 5 seconds of releasing impeller clutch bail, inner wire slack must be adjusted.

Models 938001-938009, 938301-931303

There should be 1/8" to 3/16" extension of cable spring when clutch bail is held against handlebar.

Models 938010-938012

A properly adjusted clutch must extend control cable Spring approximately 1/4 to 3/8" before clutch bail contacts handlebar.

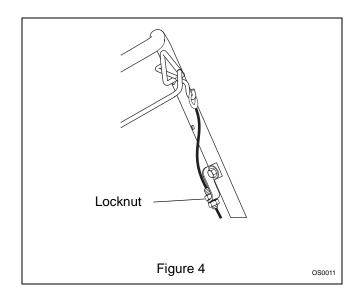
A properly adjusted clutch must show a noticeable increase in resistance (caused by stretch of control cable spring) before impeller clutch bail contacts handlebar. As drive belt seats and wears, increase in resistance will occur closer to handlebar contact. If no resistance occurs, inner wire slack must be adjusted.

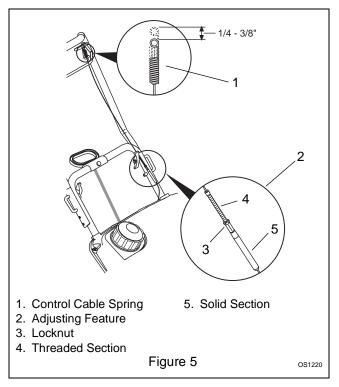
4.8 IMPELLER CONTROL CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Shut off engine, allow to cool and remove cowl.
- 2. Loosen locknut on threaded section of control cable adjusting feature (Figures 4 and 5.)
- 3. Turn solid section to remove almost all slack in cable.
- 4. Hold the solid section with a pliers and gently, with a small wrench, tighten the locknut.

IMPORTANT: If there is still no resistance, the idler position must be adjusted.

See Figure 6.





4.9 ADJUST IDLER POSITION

The idler must be as close as possible to the drive belt when the auger clutch is disengaged, but not so close that it causes auger rotation.



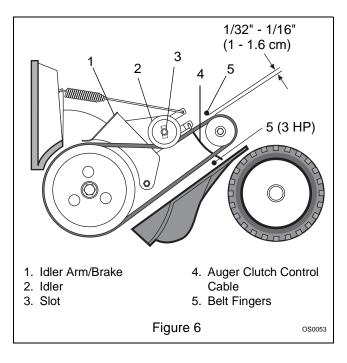
WARNING: ROTATING PARTS can cut off body parts. Keep hands and feet away. Loose clothing, long hair or scarves can get caught in rotating parts and cause death or serious injury.

To adjust the idler position:

IMPORTANT: If adjustment cannot be achieved, the drive belt must be replaced.

- 1. Shut off engine, allow to cool, and remove cowl.
- 2. Ensure control cable has some slight, noticeable slack when auger clutch is disengaged (bail in lowered position).
- 3. Ensure belt fingers are properly adjusted. See *To Adjust Belt Finger.*
- 4. Loosen idler hardware, reposition idler along slot in idler arm, and tighten hardware.
- 5. Check for proper extension of control cable spring. See *To Adjust Auger Control Cable*.
- 6. Start engine and ensure auger does not rotate when auger clutch is disengaged.
- 7. Shut off engine.
- 8. Repeat the above steps until proper adjustment is achieved.
- 9. Replace cowl.

NOTE: Due to the need for maximum amount of belt tension to operate the single stage sno-thro and the slippage that is encountered with the original belt after the break in period, a new shorter replacement belt has been put into the parts system. This belt has the original belt number but has the letter "A" after the part number. The new belt will allow a longer run time between adjustment intervals. Bail travel should be 4 1/2" to provide proper belt tension. If the 4 1/2" travel cannot be obtained the original bail may be replaced with a bail part #03806351.



4.10 ADJUST BELT FINGER

3HP units have two belt fingers.

5HP units have one belt finger.

With the auger clutch engaged, there should be 1/32 to 1/16" (1-1.6 cm) clearance between the belt finger and drive belt.

To adjust:

- 1. Loosen bolt holding the belt finger.
- 2. Rotate the belt finger around the bolt to the correct position.
- 3. Tighten bolt.

SECTION 5 - ENGINE

5.1 ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

The following troubleshooting chart is to be used to isolate engine problems and give possible causes and corrective action responses.

The troubleshooting key is generic for 2 cycle engines and can be used for several types of engines. Use only those possible causes and corrective actions that apply to the unit.

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSES (Refer to Key Below)	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
Black Exhaust	20, 22, 25, 29, 31, 32, 33	repair or replace	
Blue/White Exhaust	4, 20, 25, 31, 33, 34	repair or replace	
Difficult Starting	5, 8, 10, 20, 21, 22, 29, 31, 32, 33	repair or replace	
Erratic Running	8, 9, 10, 20, 21, 26, 29, 33, 59, 62	repair or replace	
Excessive Fuel Consumption	20, 22, 25, 31, 32, 33	repair or replace	
Knocking	22, 26, 29, 31, 33, 36, 46, 59	repair or replace	
Loss of Power or System	8, 10, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 31, 32, 33	repair or replace	
Low Cranking Power	2, 3	repair or replace	
Misfiring	10, 20, 25, 26, 28, 29, 32	repair or replace	
Overheating	19, 25, 63	repair or replace	
Poor Compression	25, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 59	repair or replace	
Starts and Stops	6, 10, 62	repair or replace see electrical systems see engine service manual	
Vibration	20, 25, 26, 29, 33, 48, 49	repair or replace	
Will Not Crank	2, 3	charge battery or replace	
Will Not Start	6, 8, 10, 21, 22, 62	repair or replace see electrical systems see engine service manual	

TROUBLESHOOTING KEY							
1	Restriction in air cleaner	22	Incorrect grade of fuel	43	Faulty suction pipe		
2	Bad electrical connection	23	Sticking throttle/restricted movement	44	Choked oil filter		
3	Faulty starter motor	24	Exhaust pipe restriction	45	Bad solenoid switch		
4	Incorrect grade of lubricating oil	25	Leaking cylinder head gasket	46	Incorrect piston height		
5	Low cranking speed	26	Overheating	47	Damaged fan		
6	Fuel tank empty	27	Cold running	48	Faulty engine mounting		
7	Controls not in correct operation position	28	Incorrect tappet adjustment	49	Incorrectly aligned flywheel and/or flywheel housing		
8	Blocked fuel feed line	29	Sticking valves	50	Faulty thermostat		
9	Faulty fuel lift pump	30	Incorrect high pressure pipes	51	Restriction in water jacket		
10	Choked fuel filter	31	Worn cylinder bores	52	Loose fan belt		
11	Battery capacity low	32	Pitted valves and seats	53	Choked radiator		
12	Air in fuel system	33	Broken, worn or sticking piston ring(s)	54	Faulty water pump		
13	Faulty fuel injection pump	34	Worn valve stems and guides	55	Choked breather pipe		
14	Faulty fuel injectors or incorrect type	35	Restriction in air cleaner	56	Damaged valve stem oil deflector (if fitted)		
15	Incorrect use of cold start equipment	36	Worn or damaged bearings	57	Coolant level too low		
16	Faulty cold start equipment	37	Insufficient oil in sump	58	Blocked sump strainer		
17	Broken fuel injection pump drive	38	Bad/defective oil temperature switch	59	Broken valve spring		
18	Incorrect fuel pump timing	39	Oil pump worn	60	Exhaust or vacuum pipe leak		
19	Incorrect valve timing	40	Pressure relief valve sticking open	61	Bad or defective water temperature switch		
20	Poor compression	41	Pressure relief valve sticking closed	62	Bad spark plug(s)		
21	Blocked fuel tank vent	42	Broken relief valve spring	63	Improper amount of oil in fuel mixture		

5.2 STORAGE

When storing unit for extended periods of time, remove all fuel from tank and carburetor (run dry). Refer to Engine Manual.

5.3 CHECK FASTENERS

Keep all nuts, bolts, and screws properly tightened.

5.4 CLEAN ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Engine is air cooled. Air must circulate freely around engine to prevent overheating.

Every year (more often if conditions require) remove cooling shrouds and clean cooling fins. Clean external surfaces of engine of dust, dirt and oil deposits which can contribute to improper cooling. Refer to Engine Manual.

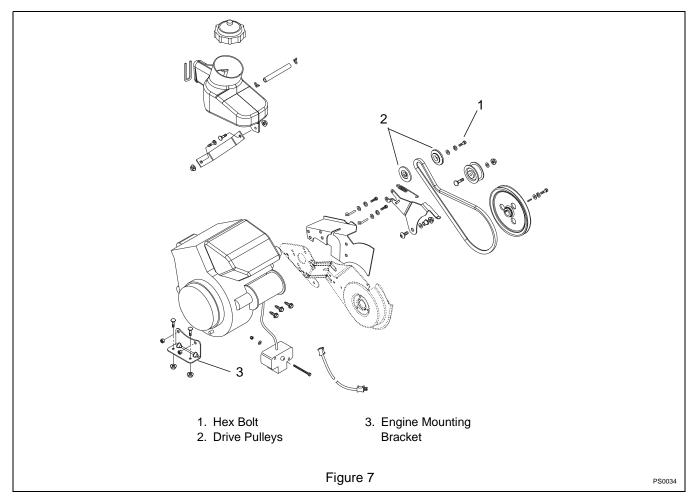
IMPORTANT: DO NOT operate engine with cooling shrouds removed. Engine overheating and damage will result.

The engine on the Sno-Thro is a 2-cycle design. The lubricating oil is mixed with the gasoline. Consult the engine manufacturers manual for the proper grade and mix ratio.

5.5 REMOVE ENGINE

- 1. Remove gas cap and top cowling.
- Remove fuel line at the engine and drain fuel into a suitable container. Save for reuse or dispose of properly.
- 3. Remove drive belt from engine pulley.
- Remove bolt and washer from engine shaft and slide drive pulley halves from shaft.
- 5. Disconnect throttle cable from engine.
- 6. On models with recoil starters, unbolt the bracket that holds the recoil handle to the lower handle bar.
- 7. Remove wiring for key switch.
- 8. Unscrew bolts from shaft side of engine.
- 9. Unscrew mounting nuts on recoil side.
- 10.Disconnect choke cable.
- 11. Remove engine.

Install in reverse order.



SECTION 6 - AUGER AND DISCHARGE CHUTE

6.1 AUGER

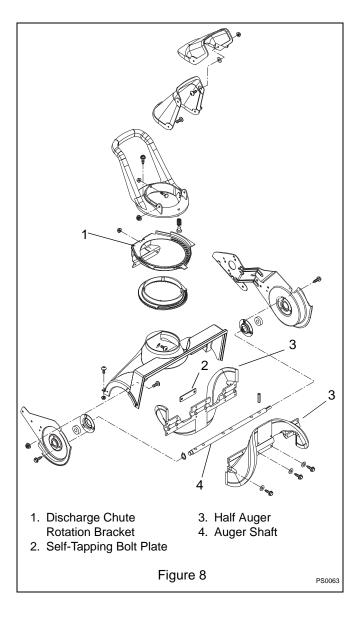
The auger consists of two halves bolted together over the auger shaft.

To replace the auger:

- 1. Unscrew the twelve self tapping screws.
- 2. Remove one half.
- 3. Rotate second half out.

NOTE: The screws tap into a metal plate. Save these for reassembly.

Check roll pins in auger shaft and replace as needed. Assemble in reverse order.



6.2 DISCHARGE CHUTE DEFLECTOR

(938001, 938003, 938006-938009, 938301, 938303)

If chute deflector does not stay in set position, tighten fasteners evenly until deflector stays in position (Figure 8). Use a #T30 Torx drive or a 3/16" (.19 cm) wide straight screwdriver to tighten.

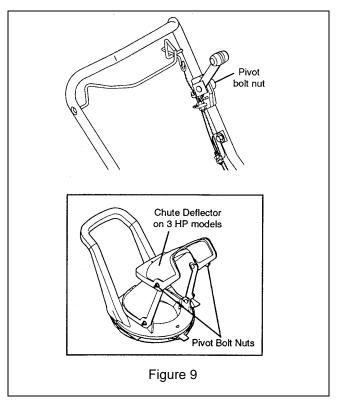
938002, 938004, 938302

Adjust chute deflector control lever pivot bolt nut until the control stays in position. (Figure 9).

When the chute deflector hits its stop for maximum down deflection, the chute deflector control lever should hit its stop on housing at the same time.

Lock in position by adjusting and tightening nuts against bracket. (Figure 9)

Discharge chute may freeze in extreme cold conditions and not rotate freely. To correct for this condition the discharge chute handle assembly will need to be removed from the gear discharge chute segment. The pocket in the handle assembly for the spring and ball detent will need to be packed with grease. The metal ring in which the discharge chute is trapped will need a liberal coat of grease as well.



6.3 UNIT UPGRADES

Discharge Deflector Control Force (5HP) 938002, 938004, 938302

The discharge deflector control force is dependent on the bolt through the compression spring in the deflector handle assembly and by the construction of the housing assembly. To correct breakage of the housing alignment pins that go into the handlebar tube, remove them and replace with a flat head screw. The flat head screw will hold the deflector housing securely to the handlebar. The compression spring will then only be required to control the chute deflector lever force.

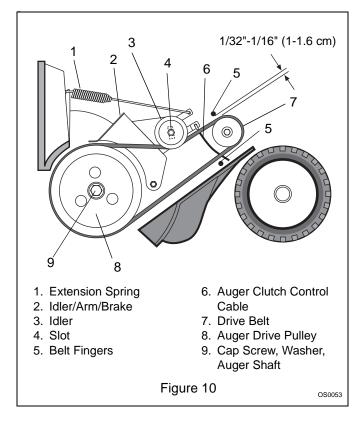
Blower Housing Filling With Snow

Snow may enter the engine compartment and get trapped inside with no exiting points. To control the amount of snow that would be trapped inside the engine compartment, two 3" holes will need to be added to the chassis bottom and allow the snow to exit. To control the snow from entering the drive belt area, use 538012 3 HP Update Kit (938001 - S/N 000101 - 006245, 938003 - S/N 000101 - 002350, 938301 - S/N 000101 - 000251) 53801300 5HP Update Kit (938002 - S/N 000101 - 006280, 938004 - S/N 000101 - 003900, 938302 - S/N 000101 - 000241). New holes will need to be drilled for the two additional screws, in the front of the blower housing where the right and left bearing support plates come into contact with the impeller housing.

SECTION 7 - DRIVE TRAIN

7.1 REPLACE DRIVE BELT

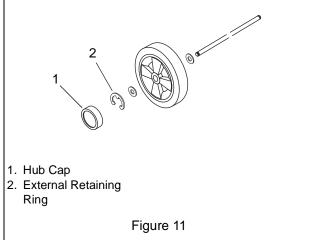
- 1. Remove fuel cap.
- 2. Remove cowl and replace fuel cap.
- 3. Disconnect extension spring on idler arm/brake.
- 4. Remove cap screw and washer from end of auger shaft and pull off auger drive pulley.
- 5. Remove old belt.
- 6. Install new belt onto pulleys.
- 7. Reinstall auger drive pulley and secure with washer and cap screw.
- 8. Reconnect extension spring to idler arm/brake.
- 9. Ensure belt finger(s) and auger clutch control cable are properly adjusted. See *To Adjust Belt Finger* and *To Adjust Auger Control Cable* in *General Maintenance & Adjustments*.
- 10. Remove fuel cap and replace cowl.
- 11. Replace fuel cap.



7.2 REPLACE WHEELS

- 1. Support unit with wheels off the ground.
- 2. Remove hub cap.
- 3. Pry E-ring clip from shaft.
- 4. Remove wheel.

Assemble in reverse order.



SECTION 8 - ELECTRICAL

8.1 ELECTRIC STARTER

Electric starter is not equipped with a thermal cutout switch. DO NOT crank engine for more than a total of 20 seconds without allowing electric starter to cool down for 10 minutes. Failure to do this can severely damage electric starter.

8.2 SNO-THRO CABLE ROUTING

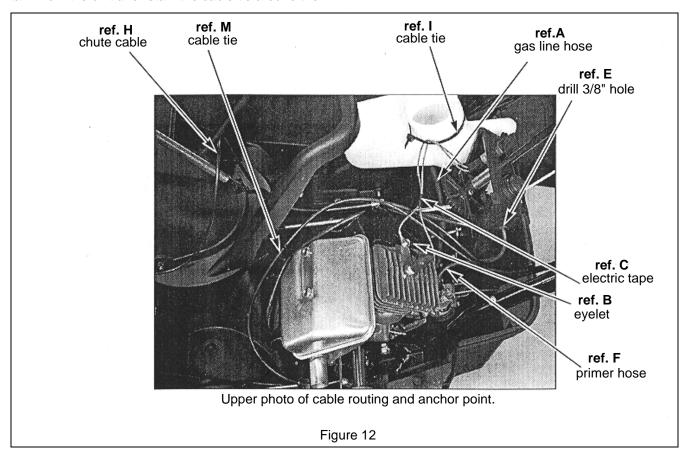
IMPORTANT: This procedure should be done on all units to prevent wiring from getting caught in the chute crank gears.

Place the Sno-Thro on a raised work surface. Remove ignition key, and drain all fuel from the fuel tank. Remove the gas cap and remove the engine cowl part #38005. Retain all hardware for reassembly later.

Remove the cable tie from the two green ignition wires and from fuel tank support bracket. Remove the fuel tank from the unit and retain the cable tie around the tank neck. Measure 10" of fuel line from carburetor and trim off excess (reference A), see Figure 12.

Turn eyelet on top of engine containing the green ground wire to the two o'clock position (reference B) and wrap a 2" piece of electrical tape 2" up from the eyelet, taping the two wires together (reference C). On electric start unit the green wires should be routed over the electric start cable.

Measure and drill a 1/8" hole in the upper right corner of the engine blower housing 5/8" from each edge (reference D) Figure 13. Cover carburetor before drilling to keep particles out of carburetor throat. Measure and drill a 3/8" hole for the primer hose 2" down and 5/8" out of the corner (reference E). Remove primer hose from carburetor and reroute through the new hole and reattach to the carburetor (reference F), see Figure 12.

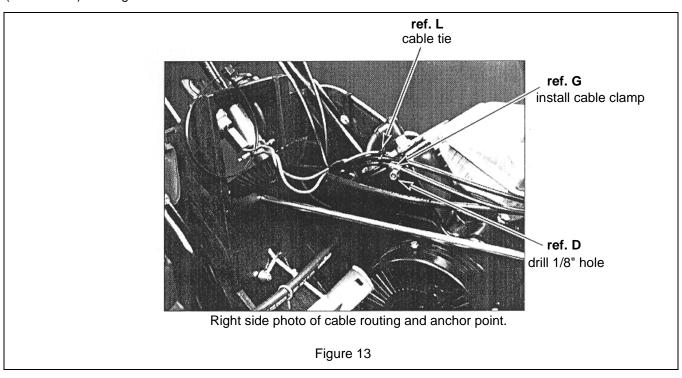


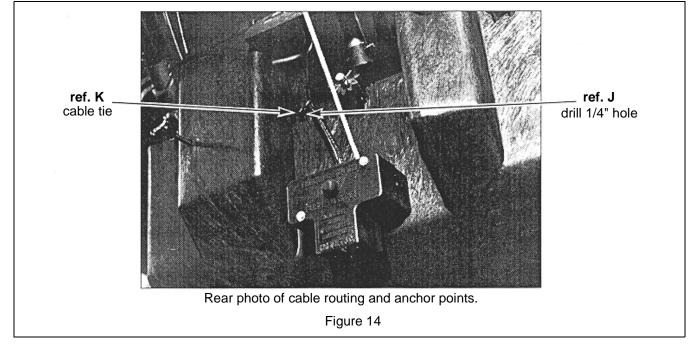
Install cable clamp onto remote deflector cable 25" from handlebar and at the start of the black protective covering (reference G), see Figure 13. The hole for the clip should be in the down position. Attach the clip to the engine blower housing with the self-tapping screw. Excess cable should be pulled up and out of blower behind discharge chute (reference H).

Reinstall fuel tank into Sno-Thro with hardware removed earlier, place cable tie around fuel tank neck with green ignition wires. Check location of green ignition wires to chute crank gear for proper clearance (reference 1) see Figure 12.

On 938004, the electric start cable will need to be held in place with a cable tie to clear chute crank gear. Drill a 1/4" hole by measuring 1/4" down and out 1/4" from recess in center of Sno-Thro frame (reference J), see Figure 14.

Attach cable ties in the proper locations shown in the photos as references K, L, and M. Recheck cable and wiring routings before reinstalling engine cover. Return machine to stock or customer.





SECTION 9 - CHUTE CRANK KIT

9.1 CHUTE CRANK KIT

(for use on models 938010, 015, 016, 305)

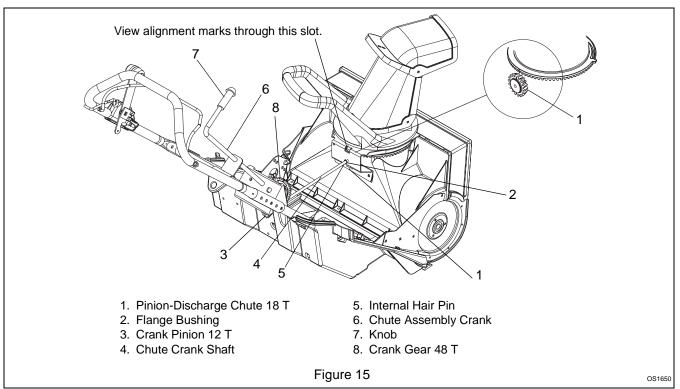


WARNING: FAILURE TO FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS could result in personal injury and/or damage to unit.

Read, understand, and follow all safety practices in Owner/Operator Manual before beginning.

Instructions

- Remove cowl from unit by loosening 8 screws at lower front sides. Remove two screws at rear corners and remove fuel cap. After removing cowl, replace fuel cap to avoid spills and fumes.
- Install flange bushing in discharge chute rotation bracket with flange toward centerline of chute. Then hold the 18 tooth chute pinion in place in front of the bushing by rolling it in place in mesh with the chute gear. The identification marks on pinion and gear must line up with each other, see Figure 15.



- 3. Install the 12 tooth pinion on the transfer shaft so that the drive tang/stops are seated in the notches in the pinion. Insert the shaft through the hole in the chassis, through the flange bushing and finally through the 18 tooth chute pinion. Align the hole in the shaft with the holes in the pinion. Install the small hair pin through the holes so that it seals over the hub of the pinion.
- 4. Remove nut from bolt that holds recoil starter Handle bracket in place. Install the chute crank assembly beneath the lower handlebar by starting end through hole in chassis. Hold crank spacer and then 48 tooth gear in place, sliding only as far as needed to get them started. With crank knob straight up and discharge chute straight forward, check that 48T gear meshed with 12T pinion at
- space and tooth identification marks. Align if necessary. Insert cotter pin (taped to chute crank assembly) through 48T gear and chute crank shaft. Minor movement of the crank Shaft or discharge chute handle may be needed to align holes. Rotate chute crank to access cotter pin and secure pin by bending ends over. Reinstall nut, securing chute crank and starter handle brackets to lower handle bar.
- 5. You will note that too much effort is required to rotate the chute. To reduce that effort, remove the three bolts that hold the discharge chute onto the ring and remove the chute. Then remove the four screws that attach the ring to the chute gear, and remove the ring. Now you can remove the detent ball and spring and replace the above parts in

- reverse order. Check to ensure that the gear and pinion marks have not lost their alignment from step 2.
- 6. Great care must be taken to ensure that the ignition switch wires, primer hose, and electric starter cable (if applicable) do not rub on or become entangled in the chute crank gears. The electric start cable must be secured with the medium tie-wrap to the corner of the chassis. The ignition switch wires must be tie-wrapped to the
- neck of the fuel tank with the large tie-wrap. The wires and primer hose must be held together with the small tie-wrap. Turn the crank stop-to-stop several times to ensure there is no rubbing or pinching possible.
- 7. Remove the fuel cap, install the cowl and fasten in place with all 10 screws.
- 8. Replace fuel cap.

