37 Using IPC Series Like a GP (WinGP)

This chapter provides information about running project files created in GP-Pro EX for the IPC Series, device/PLC communication, and running applications on WinGP. Please start by reading "37.4 Settings Menu" (page 37-32) and then turn to the corresponding page.

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37.1 WinGP Overview

37.1.1 What is WinGP?

Summary

WinGP is an application that runs GP-Pro EX projects and communicates with connected devices/PLCs on Digital manufactured industrial computers (hereafter referred to as IPC). However, because the GP and IPC are different pieces of hardware, there are differences in the functions the IPC can use. In addition to limitations, there are features that fully utilize the extra memory capacity on the IPC and there are applications that have been developed specifically for the IPC.



Purchasing Licenses

To use the WinGP, you need to purchase the license separately When you purchase the license, a document with the [Key code] will be issued.

To install WinGP, the key code is required. Please purchase the WinGP license separately. (Type:EX-WINGP-IPC) See below for the installation procedure. "" "37.3.2 Setup Procedure " (page 37-11)

• The key code cannot be reissued if lost. Store it securely.



37.1.2 Full Configuration

The following figure shows the connections and option environment for using WinGP.



37.1.3 Differences between IPC and GP

Since the IPC has a larger memory and storage, the size of screen data and record data can be expanded as shown below, unlike the GP-3500 series.

Model	Function	Expansion Range
1	Max user data size	8 MB→16 MB
2	Max SRAM size	512 KB→5 MB
3	Max number of parts per screen	$384 \text{ parts} \rightarrow 1280 \text{ parts}$
4	Max number of devices per screen	1152 parts \rightarrow 3000 parts
5	Number of alarms saved in the history	768→10000
6	The number of registered alarm messages	2048→10000
7	Max DRAM size	320 KB→5 MB

Features not available in WinGP

In WinGP, the following GP features are unavailable:

- Buzzer/AUX output
- USB connection for two-dimensional code reader
- Printer operation using scripts
- Movie record/play feature
- Video display on the VM unit
- Memory loader feature
- Modem transfer feature
- Backlight burnout detection
- CF Card initialization in offline mode
- User data initialization in offline mode
- Pass-through feature
- The backlight OFF, screen display ON and OFF features of the system data area

• For the features supported by the IPC, see below.

Features available only in WinGP

Feature	Feature Details
Switch Parts	The [Start application] switch to start other applications and the [Exit WinGP] switch to exit WinGP are available.
Trigger Action	Start other applications (EXE operation).Exit WinGP (Exit WinGP operation).
Script	Start other applications (EXE operation).Exit WinGP (Exit WinGP operation).
Device access API	The API writes to the device/PLC connected to the IPC.
Handling API	The API obtains the WinGP state from the third party software tools and changes the settings.
Error log feature	Saves the error summary displayed during WinGP communication in a file.
Right-click menu	You can switch screens and modes between offline and online, maximize the window to full screen, and minimize and exit the window from this menu.

37.2 Operating Environment

37.2.1 Supporting Models

The following four display models support the WinGP.

IPC Series

- PS3651A-T41
- PS3650A-T41
- PS3700A-T41-ASU-P41 (Rev.H or later)
- PS2000B-41 (Pentium III 1GHz) (Rev.M*or later)

NOTE

- To check the specifications for each supporting model, see the IPC series user's manual.
 - The WinGP will not start other than the models listed above.

Supporting OS

The following OS types support the WinGP.

- Windows2000 (later than Service Pack 3)
- WindowsXP
- WindowsXP Embedded
- When WinGP operates in a non-Japanese OS environment, the WinGP window menu bar, right-click menu, copy tool, and popup messages are all displayed in English. In the offline mode, they are displayed in the system language selected in [Menu and Error Settings]-[System Language] under [Main Unit];

37.2.2 Supported Protocols

Available Protocols

IMPORTANT • Even though a driver supports the WinGP, the WinGP may not operate due to connection methods. Please refer to "GP-Pro EX Device/PLC Connection Manual" for the connections.

• Please check the latest information about supported drivers at the Pro-face support site, Otasuke Pro! (http://www.proface.com/otasuke/)

The following Device/PLC drivers support the WinGP.

Maker	Driver name	
Digital Electronics Corporation of	Memory Link	
Japan	General-purpose Ethernet	
Mitsubishi Electronics Corporation	A series CPU direct	
	A series Ethernet	
	A series calculator link	
	FX series CPU direct	
	FX series calculator link	
	Q series CPU direct	
	Q/QnA serial communication	
	Q/QnA series Ethernet	
	QnA series CPU direct	
	QUTE series CPU direct	
OMRON Corporation	C/CV series upper link	
	CS/CJ series upper link	
	CS/CJ series Ethernet	
	Adjuster CompoWay/F	
Yokogawa Electric Corporation	PC link SIO	
	PC link Ethernet	
Siemens AG	SIMATIC S5 CPU [Direct]	
	SIMATIC S7 3964(R)/RK512	
	SIMATIC S7 Ethernet	
Rockwell Automation	DF1	
	EtherNet/IP	
Schneider Electric Industries	MODBUS SIO master	
	MODBUS TCP master	
	Uni-Telway	

Continued

Maker	Driver name
Yaskawa Electric Corporation	MEMOBUS SIO
	MEMOBUS Ethernet
	MP series SIO (Expanded)
	MP series Ethernet (Expanded)
KEYENCE Corporation	KV700/1000 series CPU direct
Yamatake Corporation	Digital controller SIO
Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd.	H series SIO
	H series Ethernet
Meidensha Corporation., Ltd.	UNISEQUE series Ethernet
GE Fanuc Automation	Series90 Ethernet
	Series 90-30/70 SNP
	Series 90-30/70 SNP-X
LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.	MASTER-K series Cnet
	XGT Series FENet
Saia-Burgess Controls Ltd.	Saia S-Bus SIO
Sharp MS Corporation	JW series PC link SIO
	JW PC link Ethernet
FANUC Ltd.	Power Mate series
Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd.	DIASYS Netmation MODBUS TCP
Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.	FP series PC link SIO
Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems Co., Ltd.	MICREX-F series SIO
JTEKT Corporation	TOYOPUC CMP-LINK Ethernet
	TOYOPUC CMP-LINK SIO
RKC Instrument Inc.	Controller MODBUS SIO
	Temperature controller

37.2.3 Model Environment

In this section, the following system configuration is used as a model to explain the operations and features. In other system configurations, the display and part names may differ. If so, replace the names with those with similar features used in your system configuration.

Standard Configuration

Hardware/ Software	Model system specifications	Remarks
OS	Windows [®] 2000	-
Device/PLC	Q/QnA serial communication series manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	-
IPC	PS-3650A	-

37.3 Development Process

37.3.1 Development Process

The following figure shows the process flow, from installing WinGP, starting GP-Pro EX, creating screens, and connecting to the device PLC to running project files on the IPC. Click the link to view the page explaining each process.



37.3.2 Setup Procedure

Install/Uninstall

MPORTANT • WinGP will not operate if installed on a PC that does not support it.

- Exit all programs including virus check software.
- Use a user account with administrator authority for installation.

• Windows XP Embedded Users

Windows XP Embedded has a write protection setting. To install WinGP on your C drive, you need to disable the write protection filter setting. Using EWFSettingTool.exe, select "EWF Disable" to disable the setting before installation.

Windows XP Embedded users manual "3.1 Write filter setting process"

• Pro-Server EX Version Before V1.10 or Pro-Server with Pro-Studio Users You cannot install WinGP on the IPC with Pro-Server EX older than V1.10 or Pro-Server with Pro-Studio installed. Uninstall or update Pro-Server EX to V1.10 or later.

The following figure shows what happens if you attempt to install Pro-Server EX older than V1.10 or Pro-Server with Pro-Studio after installing WinGP.

- Installing Pro-Server EX version previous to V1.10 A message indicates a different version of Pro-Server EX is installed, and the installation cannot be performed. Please install Pro-Server EX V1.10 or higher.
- Installing Pro-Server with Pro-Studio You can install WinGP in this environment, although Pro-Server with Pro-Studio and WinGP will not operate. If you install Pro-Server with Pro-Studio and WinGP, please uninstall both applications, which cannot reside on the same IPC.

Installation Procedures

- 1 Insert a GP-Pro EX Ver.2.00 or later CD-ROM in the IPC (or PC).
- 2 The installer screen below will start up. Select [Tool Installation].



3 Select [WinGP].

Pro-face	GP-Pro EX SET UP MENU WinGP Pass Through
	Top Exit

- 4 The install wizard starts automatically. Follow the wizard to install.
- **5** During installation, you are asked to enter the key code. Enter your separately purchased key code (type: EX-WINGP-IPC).

f i WinGP - InstallShield Wizard Key-Code Input Key-Code			×
Key-Code:			
1111-2222-3333			
WinGP doesn't operate when installing i	t besides IPC that	operates.	
InstallShield			
	< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

NOTE

6 After WinGP is installed, install WinGP SDK sequentially. Click [Continue].



• WinGP SDK is software for communicating with external applications created on the WinGP and VB.Net, VB or VC using API. If Pro-Server EX V1.10 or later is already installed. WinGP SDK will not install and only
WinGP will be installed. In this case, device access API is available on Pro-
Server EX V1.10. For restrictions on installation, see below.

7 The following message appears. Click OK to complete the installation.



8 Once the installation is complete, the following message appears. Select [Yes] and restart the IPC (or PC).



NOTE

• After the installation, restart the IPC before using WinGP. The WinGP will not operate properly without restarting the WinGP.

Uninstall

There are 2 ways to uninstall.

- On a PC, uninstall with [Add/Remove Programs] on the control panel. From the [Start] button, select [Settings(S)] and click [Control Panel (C)]. When [Control Panel] opens, select [Add/Remove Program]. In the list of installed applications, select [GP-Pro EX 2.00 WinGP] and click [Remove] to uninstall.
- Uninstall WinGP using GP-Pro EX CD-ROM. Insert the GP-Pro EX CD-ROM. The following screen appears and click [Next (N)] and follow the wizard to uninstall WinGP.



NOTE

- WinGP SDK is uninstalled together with WinGP.
- Uninstalling Pro-Server EX V1.10 from the PC with WinGP and Pro-Server EX V1.10, API communication is disabled. Please re-install WinGP.

Start and Create GP-Pro EX

Start GP-Pro EX and create a new project file. "5.2 Starting/Creating/Saving/Finishing" (page 5-7)

Display Device/PLC Selection

Select [Display Unit] and [Device/PLC].

NOTE	• Please refer to the settings guide for details.
	"5.14.2 [New] Settings Guide " (page 5-76)

1 In [Display Unit], select [IPC Series] from [Series].

💰 New Project File			×
GZ.ZCO	—Display Unit —		
	Series	IPC Series	T
		PS Series	-
	Model	PS-3650A	•
	Screen Size	1024x768(XGA)	
	-Specifications		
	Screen Size	12.1 inch	
<u>e.</u>	Resolution Display Unit	TET Color LCD	
	Display Colors	65,536 Colors	
1 March 1			
		Back (B) Next (N)	Cancel

2 Select [Maker] and [Series] to connect to the IPC. If connecting to the IPC COM port and the device/PLC, select COM1 to COM9 in [Port].

💰 New Project File	×
GP-Pro 🛃	Device/PLC Maker Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Series 0/OnA Serial Communication Recent Device/PLC Digital Electronics Corporation Memory Link
	Use System Area Refer to the manual of this Device/PLC Connection Method Port
	<u>Go to Device/PLC Manual</u>
Back	(B) Communication Settings New Logic New Screen Cancel

■ Create and Save Screens in GP-Pro EX

Create and save screens in GP-Pro EX. For creating and saving screens, see below. 5.2 Starting/Creating/Saving/Finishing" (page 5-7)

Since the GP and IPC have different hardware, the available features will differ. For features available in WinGP, see below. "37.1.3 Differences between IPC and GP" (page 37-4)

Transfer

Transfer project files to the IPC. Like creating GP-Pro EX screens on another PC and transferring the project file to the IPC, the transfer process differs when GP-Pro EX and WinGP are installed on one IPC.



• When using Windows XP Embedded, a write protection is set at default. Thus, you need to disable the write protection filter setting before transfering a project file. Select "EWF Disable" from EWFSettingTool.exe in Windows XP Embedded.

^{CP} Windows XP Embedded users manual "3.1 Write filter setting process"

Create and Transfer GP-Pro EX Project Files From PC to IPC

• Transferring with USB cable/LAN cable



1 From the [Start] menu, point to [Program Files], [Pro-face], [WinGP], and then click [WinGP]. Or double-click wo on the desktop.



• You cannot transfer files when the Screen Offline message is displayed. Be sure WinGP is online.

NOTE

2 On the GP-Pro EX state tool bar, click [Transfer Project] to launch the transfer tool.



- **3** In [Project Information], acknowledge the project file name, etc. that you are transferring. To transfer a different project file, click the [Select Project] button and select the project file.
- 4 In [Transfer Settings Information], acknowledge that USB or LAN is selected. If neither [USB] nor [LAN] is selected, the [Transfer Settings] dialog box will appear. In the [Port] settings, select [USB] or [LAN] and click [OK].

🔊 Transfer Settings	K	×
Communication Port Settings	Transfer Project	
• USB	• Auto Retain retentive variables	
C LAN	C 41	
C Modem		
ССОМ	Transfer System	
	 Auto 	
	C Forced	
Transfer CF Files	OK Cancel	1

• Modem transfer is not available.

5 Click [Send Project].

The following process is the same as the GP. See below.

- "33.2 Transferring Project Files via USB Cable Transfer" (page 33-5)
- "33.3 Transferring Project Files via Ethernet (LAN)" (page 33-12)
- When transferring over Ethernet (LAN), make sure you set up the IPC's IP address. On the desktop, right-click My Network and select Properties. In the [Network Connections] dialog box, right-click [Local Area Connection] and define the IP address in [Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)]. You cannot define the IP address in the WinGP offline menu.

Transferring from CF Card or USB storage



- 1 Exit WinGP. You cannot transfer projects while WinGP is running.
- 2 On the [Start] menu, click [Program (P)]>[Pro-face]>[WinGP]>[Project Copy] to launch the project copy tool.

💹 ProjectCopy		
Project File		
C:¥Program Files¥Pro-face¥GP-Pro EX 2.00¥Database¥te	est.prx	
]		
СОРҮ	EXIT	

- **3** Click the [Project File] _____ icon, specify GP-Pro Ex project file (*.prx) which is stored in the CF Card, USB storage, or desktop.
- 4 Click [Copy]. The following dialog box appears during transfer.

ProjectCopy				_ 🗆 X
Project File				
C:¥Program Files¥Pro-1	ace¥GP-Pro EX2.00¥E	Database¥test.pr:	c	
	СОРУ		EXIT	

5 When copying is complete, the following message appears. Click [OK].



NOTE

- Only screen data transfer is available using Project Copy [Copy Tool]. Receiving screen data or full transfer of project is not available.
 - When using the Copy Tool, the system program of WinGP cannot be sent.
 - If a project file is set to a different Device/PLC driver, the project cannot be sent using the Copy Tool. When sending the project file with a different Device/PLC driver, the error message appears and cancels the transfer.
 - You cannot add fonts when the Copy Tool is used. If fonts for GP-Pro EX are added, the additional fonts will not be displayed when the project file is transferred by the Copy Tool.

When GP-Pro EX and WinGP are installed on the same IPC



1 From the [Start] menu, point to [Program Files], [Pro-face], [WinGP], and then click [WinGP]. Or double-click wo on the desktop.



2 On the GP-Pro EX state tool bar, click [Transfer Project] to launch the transfer tool.



3 In [Project Information], acknowledge the project file name, etc. that you are transferring. To transfer a different project file, click the [Select Project] button and select the project file.

4 Click the [Transfer Settings] button.

In [Port Settings], select [LAN]. Deselect the [Automatic Search] check box and click OK.

🔊 Transfer Settings	×
Communication Port Settings	Transfer Project
O USB	Auto Retain retentive variables
© LAN	O All
⊂ Modem	
C COM	Transfer System
🗖 LAN Auto Setting	Auto
Port(Search) 8000 🚍	C Forced
PASV	
Transfer CF Files	OK Cancel

5 Click the [Send a Project], the [Select Main Unit] dialog box appears.

Select Main Uni	it				
Add	Edit	Delete			Search end
IP Address	Port No.	PASV	Main Unit	Node	Auto/Manual
				OK	Cancel

6 Select the [Add] button. Enter [127.0.0.1] in [IP Address] and click [OK].



• The IP address [127.0.0.1] is a virtual address that indicates the computer you are currently using on the network.

7 Select the [127.0.0.1] check box displayed in [IP Address] and click [OK].

🕇 Select Main Uni	t				
Add	Edit	Delete			Search end
ID Address	Port No.	PASV	Main Unit	Node	Auto/Manual
127.0.0.1	21	Do Not Use			Manual
	·				
				ОК	Cancel

8 When the following dialog box appears, click [Yes]. (The dialog box will not appear if you transfer the same project again.)

127.0.0).1		×
?	Transferring all p Is that OK?	rojects will be exe	ecuted.
	Yes	No	

(33.3 Transferring Project Files via Ethernet (LAN)" (page 33-12)

Project file transfer is available using [ProjectCopy](Copy Tool). Please see the following setup procedures.

^(C) • Transferring from CF Card or USB storage" (page 37-20)

Start/Run WinGP

1 Connect the IPC to the device/PLC.

```
NOTE
```

• Please refer to the "GP-Pro EX Device/PLC Connection Manual" about communication settings and connection cables.

2 On the [Start] menu, select [Program (P)]>[Pro-face]>[WinGP]>[WinGP] to launch WinGP.





• Alternatively, double-click the shortcut on the desktop screen.

Exit WinGP

Exit WinGP. The following shows nine ways to exit WinGP.

1	Click the [Close] button on the title bar.	
2	Select [File] \rightarrow [Exit] from the Menu Bar.	File(F) Help(H)
3	 Right-click WinGP screen and click [Close] NOTE If the WinGP is displayed in the [Full Screen Mode], you can exit the program using this method. 	WinGP File(F) Help(H) Change Panel Offline FullScreen Mode – Minimize × Application Close Right-click



4	Use the switch part to exit. [☞] " ◆ Use switch parts to exit" (page 37-27)	Bit Switch Word Screen Special Switch Switch Special Action Extravel T T T Ext WindP T T T T
5	Use D-script to exit. ☞ " ◆ Use D-Script to exit" (page 37-30)	Function P Built-In Function (Instruction) Image: Comparison of the second sec
6	User the trigger action to exit.	On/Off Bit Action IIIII Word Action Screen Draw Action Draw Draw Action Special Action Trigger Settings IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
7	 Press "Alt+F4 key" on the keypad. NOTE If the WinGP is displayed in the [Full Screen Mode], you can exit the program using this method. 	Alt + F4
8	Right-click the task bar and click [Close].	F Restore Move Size Minimize Maximize X Close Alk+F4
9	Use API to exit. ☞ ◆ Function list •Exit Operation 37-82	API name: StopRuntime ()

♦ Use switch parts to exit

Create a switch to exit WinGP.

NOTE	• Please refer to the settings guide for details.
	"11.14 Switch Lamp Parts Settings Guide" (page 11-38)
	• For details of the part placement method and the address, shape, color, and
	label setting method, refer to the "Part Editing Procedure".
	"9.6.1 Editing Parts" (page 9-38)



1 On the [Parts (P)] menu, point to [Switch Lamp (C)], and then click [Special Switch (P)], or click so on the tool bar to place the switch.

	Ba	ise	1(l	Unl	title	ed)	X																
		1.1	p۰	•			•		1.	÷	• •	÷			÷	2 '	•	•	·		•	•	• 3
-			-		_		-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	2	
-				C	_																		
0			-			•	•	•		-			-			-			-				
-																							
										,													
								8			Ĩ												
ī										2			Ŷ										
											-0		•										
- I																							
-																							
2			Γ.																				

2 Double-clicking the Switch part opens the Settings dialog box.

Switch/Lamp		×
Parts ID SL_0000 Comment Normal Select Shape No Shape	Switch Feature Switch Common Lamp Feature Color Label Subscription List Subscription Screen Special Special Special Selector Bit Switch Word Screen Special Switch Selector Selector Special Action Window Display Switch Image: Switch	
Help (<u>H</u>)	Cance	1

3 In [Select Shape], select the Switch shape.

• Some switch shapes do not allow you to change the color.

4 In [Special Action], select [Exit WinGP].

Switch/Lamp		×
Switch/Lamp Parts ID SL_0000 Comment Normal Select Shape No Shape	Switch Feature Switch Common Lamp Feature Color Label Switch Feature Multi-function List Image: Color Switch Image: Color Swit	X
	Delete Copy and Add	
Help (<u>H</u>)	OK (D) Cancel	

• If you select the [Confirm] check box, the following message appears when you touch the switch on the WinGP.



Use D-Script to exit

NOTE	 Please refer to the settings guide for details. "20.8.1 D-Script/Common [Global D-Script] Settings Guide" (page 20-53)
	• On the [Common Settings (R)] menu, you can also select [Global D-Script (L)] or [Extended Script (E)] to exit WinGP.

1 On the [Parts (P)] menu, select [D-Script (R)] and click [Create] in the [D-Script list] dialog box.

<i>ស</i> D-Script List	:	×
ID	Comment	Create Edit Duplicate Delete Change ID
		Close (<u>C</u>)

2 Click the [Function] tab. Simply click the instruction available to the script to easily place the [Built-In Function (Instruction)].

Call	Create	
Edit	Delete	
Duplicate	Rename	
🕒 D-S 🏂 Funct 🌊 Tool 🔍 Sear		

3 On the [Built-In Function (Instruction)] pull-down menu, click [Others].

Function 4	
Built-In Function (Instruction) Others Debug Start Application Exit WinGP	
Input	

4 Double-click [Exit WinGP] and configure the parameter settings in the dialog box below.

🂰 Exit WinGP	×	
Exit_WinGP(Parameter1)		
Parameter1 0:Do not confirm		
Exit_WinGP(Confirm exit) Uses parameter 1 to either display (1:Confirm) or not display (0:Do not confirm) a confirmation message before ending WinGP.		
Example: Display a confirmation message before ending WinGP.		
Cancel		

Parameter 0	0:Do not confirm	The confirmation dialog box does not appear and the WinGP exit immediately.	
Parameter1	1:Confirm	The following dialog box appears in the WinGP. Click [Yes] to exit the WinGP. WinGP Exit application? [test.prx] Yes No	

5 Click [OK (O)] to view "Exit_WinGP (0) " or "Exit_WinGP (1)" in [Script Expression Area].

Script Expression Area	Enlarge Script Expression Area	Input Address
0001		
0002		
0003		
0004		
0005		
0000		

37.4 Settings Menu



37.5 Retrieve WinGP information or Operate WinGP from user application

37.5.1 Introduction



API allows to retrieve WinGP information or operate WinGP from user applications.

37.5.2 Procedure

NOTE

 Please refer to the settings guide for details.
 "37.8.1 System Settings [Display Unit Settings]-[IPC Settings] Settings Guide" (page 37-154)



API allows to retrieve WinGP information or operate WinGP from user applications.

1 In [System Settings], open [Display Unit].



2 Open the [IPC Settings] tab and select the [Use API Communication] check box to specify the port to enable from 0 to 65535.

Display Unit Display Operation Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings IPC Setting	
Display Settings	Error Settings
☑ Display Right-Click Menu	Save Error Message
Window Mode Window Screens	Save in CF Card
Window Settings	Number of Stored Items 100 = =
I Display Titlebar	File Name
Window Ittle WinGP V Minimize Button V Maximize Button	CF Card
Close Button	USB Storage
I∕7 Menu Bar Window Size Width 1024	Port 21 ==
Historical Data Retentive Settings Historical Data Storage Location	Vise API Communication Port 3800
Retentive Condition Frequency	
Frequency 10	
Indicate Write Status	
Status Address	

NOTE

- Be sure not to use the same port as that for communication with the other device/PLC or for FTP communication.
- Please do not use the port number 8000 which is designated as the port number for transfer.
- **3** Save the project file and transfer the file to the IPC.
- 4 Acknowledge the communication between WinGP and the device/PLC.
- 5 Set up a programming application to use API. <When using the device access API in VB.NET>

Open the solution explorer in VB.NET and right-click [Browse Settings]to select [Add Browse].



Click [Browse] in the [Add Browse] dialog box and select the following file. (In GP-Pro EX CD-ROM)\WinGP\SDK\Pro-SDK\DotNet\BIN\WinGPAPIDotNet.dll Click [Open] and select [OK].

At the top of the source code, enter "Imports ProEasyDotNet."

<When using device access API in VB6>

From VB6 menu bar, select [Project] -[Add Standard Module] and add the following module.

(In GP-Pro EX CD-ROM)\WinGP\SDK\Pro-SDK\VB\API\WinGPAPI.bas

<When using handling API in VB.NET>

From VB.NET Menu Bar, select [Project]-[Add Existing Item] and add the following module.

<When using handling API in VB6>

From VB6 menu bar, select [Project] -[Add Standard Module] and add the following module.

(In GP-Pro EX CD-ROM)\WinGP\SDK\Pro-SDK\VB\API\RtCtrlAPI.bas

6 Execute programming.

NOTE

"37.5.3 Samples of Read/Write Data (Device Access API)" (page 37-37)
 "37.5.4 A sample to retrieve the WinGP status and change the settings (Handling API)" (page 37-55)

7 Set up the user application created on the IPC series.

8 Start WinGP and the user application.
37.5.3 Samples of Read/Write Data (Device Access API)

This section explains the program for API communication using the sample application as shown below.

■ Sample Summary

• Write

WRITE READ	
Bit	Float
16Bit	Double
32Bit	String

Click the button to write the input data into the text box.

• Read

API Communication Sample for VB.NET	
Bit	Float
16Bit	Double
32Bit	String

Click the button to read the data into the text box.

Symbol name	Address browsed by the symbol
Buf_Bit	USR200.00th bit
Buf_16	USR201
Buf_32	USR203
Buf_Float	USR207
Buf_Double	USR209
Buf_Str	USR213

The sample uses the following symbols as examples.

How to specify device addresses directly

- When one Device/PLC driver is specified for WinGP WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP", "M100", nDataAry(0), 1)
- When more than one device/PLC drivers are specified for WinGP WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP.<u>PLC1</u>", "M100", nDataAry(0), 1) ÅTMDevice/PLC name connected to WinGP
- When using the memory link driver WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP.#MEMLINK", "10000", nDataAry(0), 1)
- When using WinGP Internal Device WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP", "USR10000", nDataAry(0), 1) WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP", "LS10000", nDataAry(0), 1) Or WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP.#INTERNAL", "USR10000", nDataAry(0), 1)

WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP.#INTERNAL ", "LS10000", nDataAry(0), 1)

VB.Net 2003 Program Examples

 $Sample \ Program \ Location: (In \ GP-Pro \ EX \ CD-ROM) \ WinGP \ SDK \ Pro-SDK \ Dot \ Net \ Easy \ Smpl$

Imports ProEasyDotNet

Imports ProEasy object.

Public Class Form1

Inherits System.Windows.Forms.Form

#Region " code generated with Windows form designer

Public Sub New () MyBase.New ()

'This call is necessary for Windows form designer.

InitializeComponent ()

' ProEasy Initialization

InitializeComponent () Adds initialization after the call.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.EasyInit() ' WinGP Initialize SDK once at the beginning

If iResult Then

Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) End If

End Sub

' Form overwrites the dispose to execute post processing on the component list. Protected Overloads Overrides Sub Dispose (ByVal disposing As Boolean) If disposing Then If Not (components Is Nothing) Then components.Dispose () End If End If MyBase.Dispose (disposing) End Sub

- Snip (Codes designed by Windows form designer are omitted hereafter) -

#End Region

Private Sub ReadBit_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadBit.Click

End Sub

Private Sub Read16_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Read16.Click Here the symbol "Buf_16 (USR201) configured in Pro EX is used

Try

' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Short Here the symbol "Buf_16" (USR201) configured in GP-Pro EX is used. You can also specify the device address directly.

addresses directly" (page 37-38)

' Read. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDevice16("#WinGP", "Buf_16", nDataAry,

1)

If iResult

Then

Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If $Me.Buf_16.Text = CStr (nDataAry(0))$

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub Read32_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Read32.Click

Try

' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer

'Read. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDevice32("#WinGP", "Buf_32", nDataAry,

1)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Me.Buf_32.Text = CInt (nDataAry(0))

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub ReadBCD16_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadBCD16.Click

Try ' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Short

```
'Read.
Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDeviceBCD16("#WinGP", "Buf_BCD16",
nDataAry, 1)
If iResult Then
Dim sErrMsg As String
ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg)
MsgBox (sErrMsg)
End If
Me.Buf_BCD16.Text = CShort (nDataAry(0))
Catch ex As Exception
MsgBox (ex.Message)
```

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub ReadBCD32_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadBCD32.Click

Try

' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer

'Read.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDeviceBCD32("#WinGP", "Buf_BCD32", a Ary 1)

nDataAry, 1)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg)

MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Me.Buf_BCD32.Text = CInt (nDataAry(0))

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Private Sub ReadFloat_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadFloat.Click

Try 'Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Single 'Read. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDeviceFloat("#WinGP", "Buf_Float", nDataAry, 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If Me.Buf Float.Text = CSng (nDataAry(0))Catch ex As Exception MsgBox (ex.Message) End Try End Sub Private Sub ReadDouble_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadDouble.Click Try 'Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Double 'Read. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDeviceDouble("#WinGP", "Buf_Double", nDataAry, 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If Me.Buf_Double.Text = CDbl (nDataAry(0))

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub ReadStr_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadStr.Click

Try ' Read data. Dim nDataAry As String

'Read.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.ReadDeviceStr("#WinGP", "Buf_Str", nDataAry, 10)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

 $Me.Buf_Str.Text = nDataAry$

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub ReadVariant_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadVariant.Click

End Sub

Private Sub ReadSymbol_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles ReadSymbol.Click

Private Sub WriteBit_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteBit.Click

Try 'Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Short nDataAry (0) = CShort (Val(Me.WBuf_Bit.Text))

'Write. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP", "Buf_16", nDataAry, 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub Write16_Click_1 (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Write16.Click

Try

' Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Short nDataAry (0) = CShort (Val (Me.WBuf_16.Text))

'Write.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDevice16("#WinGP", "Buf_16", nDataAry, 1)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub Write32_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Write32.Click

Try

```
' Write data.
Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer
nDataAry (0) = CInt (Val(Me.WBuf_32.Text))
```

'Write.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDevice32("#WinGP", "Buf_32",

nDataAry, 1)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub WriteBCD16_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteBCD16.Click

```
Try
```

' Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Short nDataAry (0) = CShort (Val("&h" + Me.WBuf_BCD16.Text))

'Write. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDevice16("#WinGP", "Buf_BCD16", nDataAry, 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub WriteBCD32_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteBCD32.Click

Try

' Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer nDataAry (0) = CInt (Val("&h" + Me.WBuf_BCD16.Text))

'Write.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDeviceBCD32("#WinGP", "Buf_BCD32", taAry 1)

nDataAry, 1)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub WriteFloat_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteFloat.Click

Try 'Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Single nDataAry (0) = CSng (Val (Me.WBuf_Float.Text)) 'Write. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDeviceFloat("#WinGP", "Buf_Float", nDataAry, 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub WriteDouble_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteDouble.Click

Try

' Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Double nDataAry (0) = CDbl (Val (Me.WBuf_Double.Text))

'Write.

Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDeviceDouble("#WinGP", "Buf_Double", taAry 1)

nDataAry, 1)

If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

End Sub

Private Sub WriteString_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteString.Click

Try 'Write data. Dim nDataAry As String nDataAry = Me.WBuf_Str.Text Write. Dim iResult As Integer = ProEasy.WriteDeviceStr("#WinGP", "Buf_Str", nDataAry, 10) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String ProEasy.EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If Catch ex As Exception MsgBox (ex.Message) End Try End Sub Private Sub WriteVariant_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs)

Handles WriteVariant.Click

'In VB.NET, Variant type is no longer used. Instead Object type is used. 'Along the change, WriteDeviceVariant () has been 'changed to WriteDeviceEasyObject()

End Sub

Private Sub WriteSymbol_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles WriteSymbol.Click

'Only WriteSymbol system found is WriteSymbolVariant ().

End Sub

End Class

■ VB6 program example

 $Sample \ Program \ Location: (In \ GP-Pro \ EX \ CD-ROM) \ Win \ GP \ SDK \ Pro-SDK \ WB \ Easy \ Smple \ Not \ Smple \ Smpl$

Option Explicit

Private Sub Form_Load ()

Dim iResult As Long

iResult = EasyInit ()
If iResult Then
 Dim sErrMsg As String
 Dim iMsgResult As Long
 iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg)
End If

End Sub

Private Sub WriteBit_Click ()

' Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer nDataAry (0) = CInt (Val(Me.WBuf_Bit.Text))

'Write Dim iResult As Long iResult = WriteDeviceBit("#WinGP", "Buf_Bit", nDataAry(0), 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String * 512 Dim iMsgResult As Long iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If



 $nDataAry(0) = CSng(Val(Me.WBuf_Float.Text))$

'Write Dim iResult As Long iResult = WriteDeviceFloat("#WinGP", "Buf_Float", nDataAry(0), 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String * 512 Dim iMsgResult As Long iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

End Sub

Private Sub WriteDouble_Click ()

' Write data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Double nDataAry (0) = CDbl (Val(Me.WBuf_Double.Text))

'Write

Dim iResult As Long iResult = WriteDeviceDouble("#WinGP", "Buf_Double", nDataAry(0), 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String * 512 Dim iMsgResult As Long iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If

End Sub

Private Sub WriteString_Click ()

' Write data. Dim nDataAry As String nDataAry = Me.WBuf_Str.Text

'Write Dim iResult As Long iResult = WriteDeviceStr("#WinGP", "Buf_Str", nDataAry, 10) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String * 512 Dim iMsgResult As Long iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessageEx (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg)

Retrieve WinGP information or Operate WinGP from user application

End If End Sub ۱ _____ 'ReadDeviceXXX () '_____ Private Sub ReadBit Click () 'Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer 'Read Dim iResult As Long iResult = ReadDeviceBit("#WinGP", "Buf_Bit", nDataAry(0), 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String * 512 Dim iMsgResult As Long iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessage (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If $Me.Buf_Bit.Text = CStr (nDataAry (0))$ End Sub Private Sub Read16_Click () 'Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Integer 'Read Dim iResult As Long iResult = ReadDevice16("#WinGP", "Buf_16", nDataAry(0), 1) If iResult Then Dim sErrMsg As String * 512 Dim iMsgResult As Long iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessage (iResult, sErrMsg) MsgBox (sErrMsg) End If Me.Buf_16.Text = CStr (nDataAry(0))

Private Sub Read32_Click ()

' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Long

```
'Read
Dim iResult As Long
iResult = ReadDevice32("#WinGP", "Buf_32", nDataAry(0), 1)
If iResult Then
Dim sErrMsg As String * 512
Dim iMsgResult As Long
iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessage (iResult, sErrMsg)
MsgBox (sErrMsg)
End If
```

Me.Buf_32.Text = CStr (nDataAry (0))

End Sub

Private Sub ReadFloat_Click ()

' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Single

```
'Read
Dim iResult As Long
iResult = ReadDeviceFloat("#WinGP", "Buf_Float", nDataAry(0), 1)
If iResult Then
Dim sErrMsg As String * 512
Dim iMsgResult As Long
iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessage (iResult, sErrMsg)
MsgBox (sErrMsg)
End If
```

Me.Buf_Float.Text = CStr (nDataAry (0))

End Sub

Private Sub ReadDouble_Click ()

' Read data. Dim nDataAry (1) As Double

```
'Read
Dim iResult As Long
iResult = ReadDeviceDouble("#WinGP", "Buf_Double", nDataAry(0), 1)
```

```
If iResult Then
     Dim sErrMsg As String * 512
     Dim iMsgResult As Long
     iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessage (iResult, sErrMsg)
     MsgBox (sErrMsg)
  End If
  Me.Buf_Double.Text = CStr (nDataAry (0))
End Sub
Private Sub ReadString_Click ()
  'Read data.
  Dim nDataAry As String * 255
  'Read
  Dim iResult As Long
  iResult = ReadDeviceStr("#WinGP", "Buf_Str", nDataAry, 10)
  If iResult Then
     Dim sErrMsg As String * 512
     Dim iMsgResult As Long
     iMsgResult = EasyLoadErrorMessage (iResult, sErrMsg)
     MsgBox (sErrMsg)
  End If
```

Me.Buf_Str.Text = nDataAry

37.5.4 A sample to retrieve the WinGP status and change the settings (Handling API)

Sample Summary

Switching the tabs from [Status 1] to [Information/End] allows you to retrieve the WinGP status and change the settings.

Status tab	In [Start Status], click the [Get] button. The
[WinGP startup state is displayed as one of
Handling API Sample for YB.NET	the six shown below
Status Status 2 Information/End	• Starting
Start Status	• Offline
Get	• Online
	Transfer mode
Screen	Finding
Get Set	Not executing
	In [Screen] click the [Get] button to display
	the screen number currently displayed in
	WinGP Also, the screens available for
	display in WinGP are listed in the
	ComboBoy. In the list select the screen you
	are switching to and click the [Set] button to
	switch the screen displayed in WinGP
	switch the screen displayed in whiter.
[Status 2] tab	In [Screen State], click the [Get] button. The
	WinGP display state is displayed as one of
Status 1 Status 2 Information/End	the 3 shown below.
Screen Status	• Maximized (Full screen)
	Window screen
	• Minimized
X Vidth	Change the display in the ComboBox and
i j reignt	click the [Set] button to change the display
	state. Settings for X, Y, Width, and Height
	are available only in the Window mode.

[Infor	mation	/End] tab)
E.	landling API Samp	le for VB.NET	
S	tatus 1 Sta	tus 2 Informatic	n/End
	Project Inf	ormation	
	Get	ProjectName	
		Comment	
		Created date	
		Last Update	
		HMI Editor	
		Person	
			WinGP Ends With Query

In [Start Status] on the top left, click the
[Get] button. This displays the below
information displayed in WinGP.

	ProjectName	Project file name	
	Comment	Project title	
	Make date	Project creation date	
	Last Update	Project last update date	
	HMI Editor	GP-Pro EX version	
	Person	Creator	
Click the [WinGP Ends With Query] button			
and a confirmation message asking "Do you			
want to exit?" is displayed. Click "Yes" to			
	exit WinGP		

■ VB.NET 2003 Program Example

 $Sample \ Program \ Location: \ (In \ GP-Pro \ EX \ CD-ROM) \ Win \ GP \ SDK \ Pro-SDK \ Dot \ Net \ Rt \ Ctrl \ Smpl$

Imports

System.Runtime.InteropServices

Imports System.Runtime.InteropServices.

Public Class Form1 Inherits System.Windows.Forms.Form

Dim ghWinGP As Int32 = 0 ' API handle.

#Region " code generated with Windows form designer

```
Public Sub New ()
MyBase.New ()
```

' This call is necessary for Windows form designer. InitializeComponent ()

InitializeComponent () Adds initialization after the call.

```
Initialize API (API).
Dim nResult As Integer = InitRuntimeAPI ()
```

```
'Gets the handle at this stage (API).
ghWinGP = GetRuntimeHandle (9800)
If ghWinGP = 0 Then
MsgBox ("(API) Failed to get handle.")
End If
```

' Form overwrites the dispose to execute post processing on the component list. Protected Overloads Overrides Sub Dispose (ByVal disposing As Boolean) If disposing Then If Not (components Is Nothing) Then components.Dispose () End If End If CleanupRuntimeAPI () MyBase.Dispose (disposing) End Sub

- Snip (Codes designed by Windows form designer are omitted hereafter) - #End Region

' 5 Gets the startup state.

Private Sub Bt_GetStartState_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs)

Handles Bt_GetStartState.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Try

```
'Gets the state (API).
Dim Status As Int32
Dim RetVal As Int32 = GetRuntimeStartState (ghWinGP, Status)
'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
   MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "):GetRuntimeStartState ()")
End If
'Display the state
Select Case Status
  Case 0
      Me.StartState.Text = "Starting"
  Case 1
      Me.StartState.Text = "Online"
  Case 2
      Me.StartState.Text = "Offline"
  Case 3
      Me.StartState.Text = "Transfer mode"
  Case 4
      Me.StartState.Text = "Ending"
  Case 5
      Me.StartState.Text = "Not execute"
End Select
```

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

Private Sub GetScreenState_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles BT_GetScreenState.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Try

'Gets the state. Dim Status As Int32 Dim RetVal As Int32 = GetScreenState (ghWinGP, Status)

```
'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
        MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): GetScreenState ()")
End If
```

'Display the state Select Case Status Case 0, 1, 2 Me.ScreenState.SelectedIndex = Status End Select

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

Private Sub SetScreenState_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs)

Handles BT_SetScreenState.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Try

'Gets the value
Dim State As Int32 = Me.ScreenState.SelectedIndex
Dim PosX As Int32 = Val (Me.PosX.Text)
Dim PosY As Int32 = Val (Me.PosY.Text)
Dim Width As Int32 = Val (Me.TX_Width.Text)
Dim Height As Int32 = Val (Me.TX_Height.Text)

'Screen state settings. Dim RetVal As Int32 = SetScreenState (ghWinGP, State, PosX, PosY, Width,

Height)

'Any error? If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): SetScreenState ()") End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

Private Sub GetDispScreen_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles GetDispScreen.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Dim CurScrNo As Int32 ' Screen number currently displayed

Try

'Gets the state. Dim RetVal As Int32 = GetDisplayScreenNumber (ghWinGP, CurScrNo)

'Any error?

```
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
MsgBox("Err(" + Str(RetVal).Trim() + "): GetDisplayScreenNumber ()")
End If
```

```
Catch ex As Exception
```

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Try

'Gets the screen count. Dim ScreenCount As Int32 = 0 Dim RetVal As Int32 = GetEnumScreenNumberCount (ghWinGP, ScreenCount)

```
'Any error?
```

If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then

MsgBox("Err(" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): GetEnumScreenNumberCount ()") End If

```
' Gets the screen number.
If ScreenCount > 0 Then
```

'Gets the screen number. Dim ScreenNumber (ScreenCount - 1) As Int32 RetVal = EnumScreenNumber (ghWinGP, ScreenCount, ScreenNumber (0))

```
'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): EnumScreenNumber ()")
End If
```

'---- Display the state-----

'Delete all. Me.CB_DispScreen.Items.Clear ()

```
'Set the get screen number.
Dim idx As Int32
For idx = 0 To ScreenNumber.Length - 1
Me.CB_DispScreen.Items.Add (ScreenNumber (idx))
Next
```

'Display the screen number currently displayed. For idx = 0 To ScreenNumber.Length - 1 If CurScrNo = Val (Me.CB_DispScreen.Items (idx)) Then Me.CB_DispScreen.SelectedIndex = idx Exit For End If Next

End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

Private Sub SetDispScreen_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles SetDispScreen.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Try

' Gets the screen number. Dim Screen As Int32 Screen = Val (Me.CB_DispScreen.Text)

'Changes the screen number. Dim RetVal As Int32 = SetDisplayScreenNumber (ghWinGP, Screen)

'Any error? If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): SetDisplayScreenNumber ()") End If

'Gets the screen number again and compare it with the set value to see whether the screen number is changed successfully.

```
Dim NowScrNo As Long
RetVal = GetDisplayScreenNumber (ghWinGP, NowScrNo)
If RetVal = API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
If NowScrNo = Screen Then
'MsgBox ("Screen change number = No=" + Str (NowScrNo))
End If
```

End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

Private Sub GetProjectInfo_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles GetProjectInfo.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Try

Parameter range to get.
Dim ProjectFileName As New System.Text.StringBuilder
(PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_FileName)
Dim ProjectComment As New System.Text.StringBuilder
(PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_Comment)
Dim ProjectFastTime As New System.Text.StringBuilder
(PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_FastTime)
Dim ProjectLastTime As New
System.Text.StringBuilder(PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_LastTime)
Dim ProjectIDownload As New System.Text.StringBuilder
(PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_IDownload)
Dim HMIEditorVersion As New
System.Text.StringBuilder (PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_HMIEditorVersion)
Dim ControlEditorVersion As New
System.Text.StringBuilder (PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_ControlEditorVersion)
Dim MakingPerson As New System.Text.StringBuilder
(PROJECTINFO_SIZE.e_MakingPerson)
Cots the president information

'Gets the project information. Dim RetVal As Int32 RetVal = GetProjctInformation (ghWinGP, _ ProjectFileName, _ ProjectComment, _ ProjectComment, _ ProjectFastTime, _ ProjectLastTime, _ ProjectIDownload, _ HMIEditorVersion, _ ControlEditorVersion, _ MakingPerson)

'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
 MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): GetProjctInformation ()")
End If

'Display the information you got. Me.Prj_File.Text = ProjectFileName.ToString () Me.Prj_Comment.Text = ProjectComment.ToString () Me.Prj_Date.Text = ProjectFastTime.ToString () Me.Prj_LastDate.Text = ProjectLastTime.ToString () Me.Prj_HMI.Text = HMIEditorVersion.ToString () Me.Prj_Person.Text = MakingPerson.ToString

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

'13 Exit.'Exit following a confirmation dialog.'WinGP does not end if you select "Do not exit" in the dialog'You can go back to the Return value with API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS.

Private Sub StopWinGP_Q_Click (ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles StopWinGP_Q.Click

Me.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor 'Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Try

'Exit (API). Dim RetVal As Int32 = StopRuntime (ghWinGP, 1)

'Any error? If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then MsgBox ("Err (" + Str(RetVal).Trim () + "): StopRuntime ()") End If

Catch ex As Exception

MsgBox (ex.Message)

End Try

Me.Cursor = Cursors.Default ' Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub End Class

VB6 Program Example

 $Sample \ Program \ Location: \ (In \ GP-Pro \ EX \ CD-ROM) \ Win GP \ SDK \ Pro-SDK \ VB \ RtCtrlSmpl$

NOTE • The sample program executable file operates properly on Japanese and English operating systems only. To run the executable file in other operating system environments, re-create the executable file in that operating system environment.

Option Explicit

Private Sub Form_Load ()

'Initialize API (API). Dim nResult As Long nResult = InitRuntimeAPI

'Gets the handle at this stage (API). ghWinGP = GetRuntimeHandle (9800) If ghWinGP = 0 Then MsgBox ("(API) Failed to get handle.") End If

End Sub

Private Sub Bt_GetStartState_Click ()

Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass

'Gets the state (API). Dim Status As Long Dim RetVal As Long RetVal = GetRuntimeStartState (ghWinGP, Status)

```
'Any error?
If RetVal <> CLng(API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS) Then
MsgBox ("Err(" + Str (RetVal) + "): GetRuntimeStartState ()")
End If
```

```
'Display the state
Select Case Status
Case 0
Me.StartState.Text = "Starting"
Case 1
Me.StartState.Text = "Online
Case 2
```

```
Me.StartState.Text = "Offline"
      Case 3
         Me.StartState.Text = "Transfer mode"
      Case 4
         Me.StartState.Text = "Ending"
      Case 5
         Me.StartState.Text = "Not execute"
   End Select
   Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault
End Sub
Private Sub BT_GetScreenState_Click ()
   Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass
   'Gets the state.
   Dim Status As Long
   Dim RetVal As Long
   RetVal = GetScreenState (ghWinGP, Status)
   'Any error?
   If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
      MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal).Trim () + "): GetScreenState ()")
   End If
   'Display the state
   Select Case Status
      Case 0, 1, 2
         Me.ScreenState.ListIndex = Status
   End Select
   Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault
End Sub
Private Sub BT_SetScreenState_Click()
```

Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass ' Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

'Gets the value Dim State As Long Dim PosX As Long Dim PosY As Long Dim Width As Long Dim Height As Long

```
State = Me.ScreenState.ListIndex
PosX = Val (Me.PosX.Text)
PosY = Val (Me.PosY.Text)
Width = Val (Me.TX_Width.Text)
Height = Val (Me.TX_Height.Text)
```

'Screen state settings. Dim RetVal As Long RetVal = SetScreenState (ghWinGP, State, PosX, PosY, Width, Height)

```
'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal) + "): SetScreenState ()")
End If
```

Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault

End Sub

```
Private Sub GetDispScreen_Click ()
```

Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass ' Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

Dim CurScrNo As Long 'Screen number currently displayed.

'Gets the state. Dim RetVal As Long RetVal = GetDisplayScreenNumber (ghWinGP, CurScrNo)

' Gets the number of screens. Dim ScreenCount As Long RetVal = GetEnumScreenNumberCount (ghWinGP, ScreenCount)

```
'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal) + "): GetEnumScreenNumberCount ()")
End If
```

'Gets the screen number.

If ScreenCount > 0 Then

'Gets the screen number. Dim ScreenNumber () As Long ReDim ScreenNumber (ScreenCount - 1) As Long RetVal = EnumScreenNumber (ghWinGP, ScreenCount, ScreenNumber (0))

'Any error? If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then MsgBox ("Err(" + Str (RetVal) + "): EnumScreenNumber ()") End If

' ----- Display the state-----

```
'Set the screen number you got.
Me.CB_DispScreen.Clear
Dim idx As Long
For idx = 0 To ScreenCount - 1
Me.CB_DispScreen.AddItem (ScreenNumber (idx))
Next
```

```
'Display the screen number currently displayed.
For idx = 0 To ScreenCount - 1
If CurScrNo = Val (Me.CB_DispScreen.List (idx)) Then
Me.CB_DispScreen.ListIndex = idx
Exit For
End If
Next
```

End If

Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault 'Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

Private Sub SetDispScreen_Click()

Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass ' Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

' Gets the screen number. Dim ScrNo As Long ScrNo = Val (Me.CB_DispScreen.Text)

'Changes the screen number. Dim RetVal As Long RetVal = SetDisplayScreenNumber (ghWinGP, ScrNo)

```
'Any error?
If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
MsgBox ("Err (" + Str(RetVal) + "): SetDisplayScreenNumber ()")
End If
```

'Gets the screen number again and compare it with the set value to see whether the screen number has been changed successfully.

```
Dim NowScrNo As Long
RetVal = GetDisplayScreenNumber (ghWinGP, NowScrNo)
If RetVal = API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then
If NowScrNo = ScrNo Then
'MsgBox ("Screen change number = No=" + Str (NowScrNo))
End If
End If
```

Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault 'Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

Private Sub GetProjectInfo_Click()

Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass ' Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

'Parameter range to get.

- Dim ProjectFileName As String * 256
- Dim ProjectComment As String * 256
- Dim ProjectFastTime As String * 256
- Dim ProjectLastTime As String * 256
- Dim ProjectIDownload As String * 256
- Dim HMIEditorVersion As String * 256
- Dim ControlEditorVersion As String * 256

Dim MakingPerson As String * 256

'Gets the project information. Dim RetVal As Long RetVal = GetProjctInformation (ghWinGP, _ ProjectFileName, _ ProjectComment, _ ProjectComment, _ ProjectFastTime, _ ProjectLastTime, _ ProjectIDownload, _ HMIEditorVersion, _ ControlEditorVersion, _ MakingPerson) 'Any error? If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then MsgBox ("Err (" + Str(RetVal) + "): GetProjctInformation ()") End If

'Display the information you got. Me.Prj_File.Text = StrConv(ProjectFileName, vbFromUnicode) Me.Prj_Comment.Text = StrConv(ProjectComment, vbFromUnicode) Me.Prj_Date.Text = StrConv(ProjectFastTime, vbFromUnicode) Me.Prj_LastDate.Text = StrConv(ProjectLastTime, vbFromUnicode) Me.Prj_HMI.Text = StrConv(HMIEditorVersion, vbFromUnicode) Me.Prj_Person.Text = StrConv(MakingPerson, vbFromUnicode)

Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault 'Changes the cursor back to the original.

End Sub

'13 Exit'Exits following the confirmation dialog box.'WinGP does not end if you select "Do not exit" in the dialog.'You can go back to the Return value with API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS.

Private Sub StopWinGP_Q_Click()

Screen.MousePointer = vbHourglass ' Changes the cursor to an hourglass.

'Exit (API). Dim RetVal As Long RetVal = StopRuntime (ghWinGP, 1)

'Any error? If RetVal <> API_ERROR.E_SUCCESS Then MsgBox ("Err (" + Str (RetVal) + "): StopRuntime ()") End If

Screen.MousePointer = vbDefault 'Changes the cursor back to the original.

37.6 Executing the application from the WinGP

37.6.1 Introduction



On the WinGP screen, you can execute other applications. There are four ways to execute applications as below.

Using a switch for startup.	"37.6.2 Switch Startup Settings" (page 37-72)
Using D-Script for startup.	"37.6.3 D-Script startup settings" (page 37-75)
Startup on WinGP offline screen.	[Maintenance/Troubleshooting]
Start up by trigger action.	

37.6.2 Switch Startup Settings

1 On the [Parts] menu, select [Switch Lamp] and [Special Switch] or click
on the tool bar to place the switch on the screen.



2 Double-clicking the Switch part opens the Settings dialog box.

<i>\delta</i> Switch/Lamp		X
Parts ID SL_0000 = Comment Normal Select Shape No Shape	Switch Feature Switch Common Lamp Feature Color Label Switch Feature Multi-function List Image: Color Special Switch Image: Color Special Switch Special Switch Image: Color Special Switch Special Color Special Switch Image: Color Special Color Special Color Special Color Special Color Special Color Special Color Switch Special Color Switch Switch <th></th>	
Help (<u>H</u>)	Cancel	

3 In [Select Shape], select the Switch shape.

• Some switch shapes do not allow you to change the color.
4 In [Special Action], select [Start Application].

💰 Switch/Lamp							X
Switch/Lamp Parts ID SL_0000 Comment Normal Select Shape No Shape	Switch Feature Switch Common	Lamp Feature Bit Switch Special Action Start Applic Path Parameter Prevent Window	Color Labe	Screen Change	Special Switch	Selector Switch	×
	Add	🗖 Find	whole windo	w titles only			
Help (<u>H</u>)	Copy and Add				OK (<u>0)</u>	Cancel	

5 Enter [EXE path].

For Example: Execute sample.exe in C:\Documents and Settings\user\Local Settings\Temp

Specification Method	Example
Specify the full path	For Example: C:\Documents and Settings\user\Local Settings\Temp\sample.exe
EXE name only	In the IPC Series Windows [Control Panel] (→[System]→[Details]→[Environment Variable]) you can control only the following executable files. For Example: sample.exe (With an environment variable, specify the Path = C:\Documents and Settings\user\Local Settings\Temp.)
Specify the path with an environment	You can specify the path with an environment variable only when the folder set in [TEMP] for the environment variable in [Control Panel]>[System]>[Detail]>[Environment Variable] has the execution file.
variable	For Example: %TEMP%\sample.exe (With an environment variable, specify TEMP = C:\Documents and Settings\user\Local Settings\Temp.)

6 Select the option (Argument) to run the executable using the [Parameter]. Up to 255 characters can be used to set the [Parameter].

For example:	Start a	Microsoft	Excel file
--------------	---------	-----------	------------

EXE path	Specify the EXCEL.EXE path. For Example: Execute sample.exe in C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office\Office\EXCEL.EXE
Parameter	Specify the excel book (*.xls) path in " ". For example: C:\Documents and Settings\user\desktop\ProductionProcess.xls"

7 To stop multiple instances, select the [Prevent Multiple Instances] check box and enter [Window Title].

⁽³⁷⁾ "11.14.4 Special Switch " (page 11-59)

37.6.3 D-Script startup settings

NOTE	• Please refer to the settings guide for details.
	"21.7.2 Triggering Application" (page 21-67)
	• On the [Common] menu, you can select [Global D-Script] or [Extended
	Script] to start EXE.

1 On the [Parts] menu, select [D-Script] and click [Create] in the [D-Script List] dialog box.



2 Click the [Function] tab. The [Built-In Function (Instruction)] allow you to easily place a command to use in the script.

Call	Create
E dit	Delete
Duplicate	Flename
🙉 Glob 🏂 Eunet	Ma Tool Q Sear

3 On the [Built-In Function (Instruction)] pull-down menu, click [Others] and double-click [Start Application].

Built-In Function (Instruction)
Others 💌
Debug
Exit WinGP
Input

4 Configure the settings in the dialog box as shown below.

💰 Start Applie	cation 🗙
Exec_Process(Parameter1, Parameter2, Parameter3, Parameter4)
Parameter1	C:Program Files/Microsoft Office/Office/EXCEL.EXE
Parameter2	C:Documents and Settings/User/My Documents/ProductionControl.x
Parameter3	Allow multiple instances
Parameter4	0:Partial words
Exec_Proces Searches all I 4 (0:Partial w defined in par	s(EXE path, parameter, titlebar, search option) the titlebars that match parameter 3, using the defined search option in parameter ords, 1:Whole words only). If the search comes up empty, then run the executable rameter 1. Use parameter 2 when the executable requires a parameter.
	Cancel

Parameter1	Specify the EXE file path.		
r ar anneter r	"37.6.2 Switch Startup Settings" (page 37-72)		
	Select the option (Argument) to run the executable using the		
Deremator 2	[Parameter]. Up to 255 characters can be used to set the		
	[Parameter].		
	"37.6.2 Switch Startup Settings" (page 37-72)		
	Select [Allow Multiple Instances] or [Prevent Multiple Instances].		
Parameter 3	If you select [Prevent Multiple Instances], enter the window title.		
	"21.7.2 Triggering Application" (page 21-67)		
Deremotor 1	Select [0: Partial words] or [1: Whole words only].		
r ar annetter 4	"21.7.2 Triggering Application" (page 21-67)		

5 Click [OK] to enter the parameter configured in procedure 4 in [Script Expression Area]. For example:

Exec_Process("C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office\Office\EXCEL.EXE",

"C:\Documents and Settings\User\My Documents\ProductionProcess.xls","",0)

37.7 API Function List

37.7.1 Handling API

♦ Summary

API is to retrieve the WinGP status or change the settings of WinGP from the user-created program (application). By linking the application and a DLL file of API when creating the application, the application created by handling API operates on the IPC with WinGP.

Handling API DLL file

This API is provided with a DLL file. The file name is RtCtrlAPI.dll and installed in WINDOWS folder.

Supported languages

The below 5 programming languages can be used for handling API.

- Visual C++
- Visual Basic 6.0
- VB.NET
- Excel VBA
- C#

Function list

• Get WinGP handle

Creates the WinGP handle for the communication destination and returns it to the application.

The below functions specify the handles retrieved by this function.

Function	INT32 GetRuntimeH	landle (
Name		UINT32	ul_PortNo);
Argument	ul_PortNo located	: (i) the IPC	port number wh	ere the WinGP is
Return value	WinGP handle			

WinGP handle release

Releases the handle retrieved by the get WinGP handle function.

Function	bool ReleaseRuntimeHandle (
Name	INT32 l_RuntimeHandle);
Argument	1_RuntimeHandle : (i) WinGP handle
Return value	true: Succeed / false : Fail

API Initialization

Initialize the WinGP operations/state get API.

Function Name	bool InitRuntimeAPI (void);	
Argument	None	
Return value	true: Succeed / false : Fail	

• Exit API

Executes post processing when you finish using WinGP Operation/State Get API.

Function Name	bool CleanupRuntimeAPI (void);	
Argument	None	
Return value	true: Succeed / false : Fail	

• ' Gets the startup state.

Gets the start up state of WinGP.

Eurotion	INT32 GetRuntimeStartState (
Name	INT32 1_RuntimeHandle,		
Name	INT32 *pl_RuntimeCondition);		
	1_RuntimeHandle : The WinGP handle from which it gets the state		
	*pl_RuntimeCondition: (o) WinGP state		
	0: STARTING (Starting)		
Argumont	1: START_ONLINE (Online)		
Argument	2: START_OFFLINE (Offline)		
	3: START_TRANSFER (Transfer mode)		
	4: ENDING (Ending)		
	5: NOTEXECUTE (Not executed)		
	Status		
	0 : Completed		
Return value	-1 : Parameter error		
	-2 : Timeout		
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

• Gets the screen number currently displayed Gets the screen number currently displayed in WinGP from WinGP.

Eurotion	INT32 GetDisplayScreenNumber (
Neme	INT32 1_RuntimeHandle,		
Name	INT32 *pl_DisplayScreenNumber);		
	1_RuntimeHandle : (i) The WinGP handle from which it gets the		
Argument	number		
Aiguinein	pl_DispScreenNumber: (o) Screen number		
	If offline, Screen None (0) is returned.		
	Status		
Return value	0: Completed		
	-1 : Parameter error		
	-2 : Timeout		
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

Gets the screen state

Gets the WinGP display state.

Eunction	INT32 GetScreenState (
Name	INT32 1_RuntimeHandle,		
Name	INT32 *pl_ScreenState);		
	1_RuntimeHandle : (i) The WinGP handle from which it gets the state		
	pl_ScreenState : (o) Screen state		
A	0: FULLSCREEN (Full screen)		
Argument	1: WINDOWSCREEN (Window screen)		
	2: MINIMUMSCREEN (Minimized)		
	-1: UNCERTAINTY (Unknown)		
	Status		
	0: Completed		
Return value	-1 : Parameter error		
	-2 : Timeout		
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

• Gets the language settings

Returns the language setting number.

	INT32 GetLanguage (
Function	I	INT32 l_RuntimeHandle,		
Name	I	INT32 l_LanguageKind,		
	I	INT32 *pl_LanguageNumber);		
	l_RuntimeHandle :	(i) The WinGP handle it gets the information from		
	l_LanguageKind : ((i) Language setting type		
		0: SYSTEMLANGUAGE (System language		
	settings)			
		1: USERLANGUAGE (User language settings)		
Argument	pl_LanguageNumber : (0) Language setting number			
_		0: SYSTEMLANGUAGE (System language		
	settings)			
		0: Japanese		
		1: English		
		1: USERLANGUAGE (User language settings)		
	Status			
Deturn	0: Completed			
Return	-1 : Parameter error			
value	-2 : Timeout			
	1 : State Wine	nGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

• Gets the touch buzzer settings

Returns the information on the buzzer sound selected in WinGP.

Function Name	INT32 GetTouchBuzzer (INT32 l_RuntimeHandle , INT32 *pl_BuzzerState);	
Argument	1_RuntimeHandle pl_BuzzerState: (i) The WinGP handle it gets the information from : (o) Buzzer state 0: BUZZERON (No Buzzer) 1: BUZZEROFF (Buzzer) -1: UNCERTAINTY (Unknown)	
Return value	Status 0: Completed -1: Parameter error -2: Timeout 1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)	

• Gets the project information

Gets the project information in WinGP.

	INT32 GetProjctInformation(
	INT32	l_RuntimeHandle,		
	UINT16	*pus_ProjectFileName ,		
	UINT16	*pus_ProjectComment ,		
Function	UINT16	*pus_ProjectFastTime ,		
Name	UINT16	*pus_ProjectLastTime ,		
	UINT16	*ps_ProjectIDownload ,		
	UINT16	*pus_HMIEditorVersion,		
	UINT16	*pus_ControlEditorVersion,		
	UINT16	*pus_MakingPerson)		
	l_RuntimeHandle : (i)	The WinGP handle from which it gets the		
	information	C C		
	ps_ProjectFileName : (0)	Project file name		
	ps_ProjectComment : (0)	Project title (Comment)		
Argumont	pus_ProjectFastTime : (o)	Project creation date		
Argument	pus_ProjectLastTime : (o)	Project last update date		
	ps_ProjectIDownload : (o)	Download date		
	pus_HMIEditorVersion : (0)	HMI editor version		
	pus_ControlEditorVersion: (o)	CONTROL editor version		
	pus_MakingPerson : (0)	Creator name		
	Status			
Poturn	0: Completed			
Keturn	-1 : Parameter error			
value	-2 : Timeout			
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)			

• Gets the version information

Returns the WinGP version.

Function Name	INT32 GetRuntimeVersion(INT32 l_RuntimeHandle, UINT16 *pus_VersionInfo);		
Argument	1_RuntimeHandle: (i) The WinGP handle it gets the information frompus_VersionInfo: (o) Version information		
Return value	Status 0: Completed -1: Parameter error -2: Timeout 1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

• Exit Operation

Requests WinGP to end.

Eurotion	INT32 StopRuntime(
Function	INT32 1_RuntimeHandle,		
Name	INT32 l_StopMode);		
	l_RuntimeHandle : (i) The WinGP handle for operation		
Argumont	1_StopMode : (i) End mode (Unused)		
Argument	0: Normal end		
	1: End confirmation dialog enabled		
	Status		
	0: Completed		
Return value	-1 : Parameter error		
	-2 : Timeout		
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

• Changing the display screen number

Requests screen number change in WinGP

Eunction	INT32 SetDisplayScreenNumber(
Namo	INT32 l_RuntimeHandle,		
name	INT32 l_ScreenNumber);		
Argument	1_RuntimeHandle : (i) The WinGP handle for operation		
Argument	1_ScreenNumber : (i) Screen number		
	Status		
	0: Completed		
Return value	-1 : Parameter error		
	-2 : Timeout		
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		

• Changing the screen state

Changes the screen display state in WinGP.

	INT32 SetScreenState(
Function Name		INT32	l_RuntimeHandle	
		INT32	l_ScreenState,	
		INT32	l_PosX,	
		INT32	l_PosY,	
		INT32	l_Width,	
		INT32	l_Height);	
	l_RuntimeHandle	: (i) The WinGP handle for operation		
	l_ScreenState	: (i) Screen	n state	
		0: FUL	LSCREEN (Full screen)	
		1: WIN	DOWSCREEN (Window screen)	
		2: MIN	IMUMSCREEN (Minimized)	
	l_PosX	: (i) X on the screen coordinate system (*1)		
Argumont	l_PosY	: (i) Y on t	the screen coordinate system (*1)	
Argument	l_Width	: (i) Winde	ow screen width (*1)	
	l_Height	: (i) Winde	ow screen height (*1)	
	(*1) Coordinate and size are added only on the Window screen.			
	The argument is avai	labla for sat	tings only when [Sereen State] is set to	
	The argument is available for settings only when [Screen State] is set to			
	[windowsckeen] for the 2nd argument.			
	Status			
	0 : Completed			
Return value	-1: Parameter error			
	-2: Timeou	t r CD 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	I: State W	VinGP does	not accept (ending, etc.)	

• Changing the language settings

Changes the language settings in the system language settings/user language settings in WinGP.

The change is reflected after WinGP restarts.

	INT32 SetLanguage(
Function		INT32	l_RuntimeHandle,
Name		INT32	l_LanguageKind,
		INT32	l_LanguageNumber);
	l_RuntimeHandle :	: (i) The Wi	nGP handle for operation
	1_LanguageKind :	: (i) Langua	ge setting type
Argumont		0: SYST	EMLANGUAGE (System language
Argument	settings)		
		1: USER	LANGUAGE (User language settings)
	l_LanguageNumber :	: (i) Langua	ge setting number
	Status		
Deturn	0: Completed		
Return	-1 : Parameter error		
value	-2 : Timeout		
	1 : State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)		
			G ,

• Changing the touch buzzer settings

Changes the touch buzzer settings in WinGP.

Function Name	INT32 SetTouchBuzzer(INT32 1_RuntimeHandle, INT32 1_BuzzerState);
Argument	1_RuntimeHandle: (i) The WinGP handle for operation1_BuzzerState: (i) Buzzer settings0: BUZZERON (No Buzzer)1: BUZZEROFF (Buzzer)
Return value	Status 0: Completed -1: Parameter error -2: Timeout 1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)

• Gets the listed number of screen numbers

Gets the number of screen numbers that can be set in WinGP.

Function Name	INT32 GetEnumScreenNumberCount(INT32 l_RuntimeHandle, INT32 *l_ScreenNumberCount);						
Argument	l_RuntimeHandle: (i) The WinGP handle for operationl_ScreenNumberCount:(o) The number of display screens						
Return value	Status 0 : Completed -1 : Parameter error -2 : Timeout 1 : State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)						

• Listing the display screen numbers

Gets the screen numbers that can be set in WinGP and returns them to arrays.

Set the number of screen to be retrieved/displayed smaller than the display screens retrieved by the Get function for the listed number of display screen numbers.

	INT32 EnumScreenNumber(
Function	INT32 l_RuntimeHandle,							
Name	INT32 l_ScreenNumberCount,							
	INT32 *pl_ScreenNumbers);							
_	1_RuntimeHandle : (i) The WinGP handle for operation							
Argument	I_ScreenNumberCount: (i) The number of display screens							
	1_ScreenNumbers : (o) Display screen (Returns the number in arrays)							
	Status							
	0: Completed							
Return value	-1 : Parameter error							
	-2 : Timeout							
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)							

• Gets the listed number of languages

Gets the number of languages that can be set in WinGP.

	INT32 GetEnumLanguageCount(
Function	INT32 l_RuntimeHandle,					
Name	INT32 l_LanguageKind,					
	INT32 *pl_LanguageCount);					
	1_RuntimeHandle : (i) The WinGP handle for operation					
	1_LanguageKind : (i) Language setting type					
Argumont	0: SYSTEMLANGUAGE (System language					
Argument	settings)					
	1: USERLANGUAGE (User language settings)					
	pl_LanguageCount : (0) The number of languages that can be specified					
	Status					
	0: Completed					
Return value	-1 : Parameter error					
	-2 : Timeout					
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)					

• List the language numbers

Gets the language numbers that can be set in WinGP.

	INT32 EnumLanguage(
Eurotion		INT32	l_RuntimeHandle,				
Name		INT32	l_LanguageKind,				
Name		INT32	l_LanguageCount,				
		INT32	*pl_Languages);				
	l_RuntimeHandle	: (i) The V	VinGP handle for operation				
	1_LanguageKind	: (i) Langu	: (i) Language setting type				
		0: SYS	TEMLANGUAGE (System language				
Argument	settings)						
		1: USE	RLANGUAGE (User language settings)				
	l_LanguageCount	: (i) The number of languages that can be specified					
	pl_LanguageCount	: (o) Lang	uages that can be set				
	Status						
	0: Completed						
Return value	-1 : Parameter error						
	-2 : Timeout						
	1: State WinGP does not accept (ending, etc.)						

37.7.2 Device Access API

Summary

API is to read/write to a device/PLC communication with WinGP or a device in WinGP from the user-created program (application).

DDL file for API communication

The API is provided in a DLL file. The DLL file name is ProEasy.dll and is installed in the WINDOWS folder.

Supported languages

The following five program languages can be used for the device access API.

- Visual C++
- Visual Basic 6.0
- VB.NET
- Excel VBA
- C#

NOTE	 Unavailable API for VB.NET or C# You cannot use the following API for .NET. Even if API is used, its operation is not guaranteed. Direct read API symbol access of single handle system (general purpose
	data) •ReadDevice () •WriteDevice () •ReadSymbol () •WriteSymbol ()
	•SizeOISymbol()

Devices WinGP SDK can access

The WinGP SDK has access to PLC device and USR, LS Area and symbols and logic instructions variables registered in GP-Pro Ex.

NOTE

• To use structure variables of logic instructions, you need to use the parameters below. For details on using ReadSymbolD/ReadSymbolVariantD/WriteSymbolD/WriteSymbolVariantD for structure variables of I/F logic instructions, see below.

"37.7.3 Bit Data Access" (page 37-153)

• You cannot use real variables of logic instructions or R_device.

♦ Function list

• Direct read API of single handle system

Function Name	Bit data						
INT WINAPI ReadDeviceBit(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,WORD*							
owData,WORD wCount);							
Function Name	16-bit data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice	INT WINAPI ReadDevice16(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,WORD*						
owData,WORD wCount);							
Function Name	32-bit data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice	32(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,DWORD*						
odwData,WORD wCount)	;						
Function Name	16-bit BCD data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice	3CD16(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,WORD*						
owData,WORD wCount);							
Function Name	32-bit BCD data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevic	eBCD32(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR						
sDeviceName,DWORD*	odwData,WORD wCount);						
Eurotion Nome	Cingle fleet number date						
Function Name	Single float number data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice	Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT*						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount);	Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT*						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name	Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT*						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice	Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE ⁵	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data 'eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount);						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE ⁵ Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data Str(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE ⁵ Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice psData,WORD wCount);	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data •Str(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE? Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data •Str(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR •General data						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data •Str(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR General data e(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE ⁵ Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice pData,WORD wCount,W	Single hoat number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data •Str(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR General data *e(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID 'ORD wAppKind);						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ⁵ Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice pData,WORD wCount,W	Single hoat number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR General data e(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR General data e(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID 'ORD wAppKind); General data (Variant type)						
INT WINAPI ReadDevice oflData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevic sDeviceName,DOUBLE ⁵ Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice pData,WORD wCount,W Function Name INT WINAPI ReadDevice	Single float number data Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT* Double float number data eDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * odbData,WORD wCount); Text data •Str(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR General data *e(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPSTR ORD wAppKind); General data (Variant type) eVariant(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR						

• Single handle system API

Function Name	Bit data			
INT WINAPI WriteDeviceBit(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,WORD*				
pwData,WORD wCount);				
Function Name	16-bit data			
INT WINAPI WriteDevice	e16(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,WORD*			
pwData,WORD wCount);				
	Continued			

Function Name	32-bit data				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice32(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,DWORD*					
pdwData,WORD wCount);					
Function Name	16-bit BCD data				
INT WINAPI WriteDeviceBCD16(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,WORD*					
pwData,WORD wCount);					
Function Name	32-bit BCD data				
INT WINAPI WriteDevie	ceBCD32(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR				
sDeviceName,DWORD*	pdwData,WORD wCount);				
Function Name	Single float number data				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice	Float(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,FLOAT*				
pflData,WORD wCount);					
Function Name	Double float number data				
INT WINAPI WriteDeviceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR					
INT WINAPI WriteDevie	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR				
INT WINAPI WriteDevid sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount);				
INT WINAPI WriteDevid sDeviceName,DOUBLE	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR [*] pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ² Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount);	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR General data				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ² Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR General data cce(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID				
INT WINAPI WriteDevid sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevid pData,WORD wCount,W	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR General data ce(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID /ORD wAppKind);				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ² Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice pData,WORD wCount,W Function Name	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR General data ce(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID ORD wAppKind); General data (Variant type)				
INT WINAPI WriteDevid sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevid pData,WORD wCount,W Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevid	<pre>ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR General data ce(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID 'ORD wAppKind); General data (Variant type) ceVariant(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR</pre>				
INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,DOUBLE ³ Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice psData,WORD wCount); Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice pData,WORD wCount,W Function Name INT WINAPI WriteDevice sDeviceName,LPVARIA	ceDouble(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR * pdbData,WORD wCount); Text data eStr(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPCSTR General data cc(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sDeviceName,LPVOID /ORD wAppKind); General data (Variant type) ccVariant(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR NT pData,WORD wCount,WORD wAppKind);				

Cache Read API for Single Handle

Function Name	Group Symbol			
INT WINAPI ReadSymbol(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,LPVOID oReadBufferData);				
Function Name	Group Symbol (Variant Type)			
INT WINAPI ReadSymbolVariant(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,LPVARIANT pData);				

Cache Write API for Single Handle

Function Name	Group Symbol			
INT WINAPI WriteSymbolD(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,LPVOID pWriteBufferData);				
Function Name	Group Symbol (Variant Type)			
INT WINAPI WriteSymbolVariantD(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,LPVARIANT pData);				

- Parameter for Read/Write
- <Argument>

sNodeName: The station name is fixed as #WinGP.

sDeviceName: Directly describes the symbol names and device addresses registered in GP-Pro EX.

For example: 1) Use a symbol to specify "SWITCH1" For example: 2) Directly specify the device address "M100"

The following table shows the data types that can be specified by each function.

	Symbol data type							
	Bit	16 Bit		32 Bit				
Function		Signed/ Unsigned /Hex	BCD	Signed/ Unsigned /Hex	BCD	Float	Double	String
XXXDeviceBit	0		_			_		
XXXDevice16		0		—				
XXXDevice32				0			—	
XXXDeviceBCD16			0					
XXXDeviceBCD32					0			
XXXDeviceFloat						0		_
XXXDeviceDouble							0	
XXXDeviceStr				—				0
XXXDevice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

pxxData : Pointer for read/write data

Data types for access	Argument type
Bit data	WORD * pwData
16-bit data	WORD * pwData
32-bit data	DWORD * pdwData
16-bit BCD data	WORD * pwData
32-bit BCD data	DWORD * pdwData
Single float number data	FLOAT * pflData
Double float number data	DOUBLE * pdbData
Text data	LPTSTR psData
General data	LPVOID pData
General data (for VB)	LPVARIANT pData

The following table shows the data types for access and the relevant argument types.

wCount : The number of read/write data

For the Read/WriteDeviceStr function, the amount of text data is expressed in 1-byte units. If the symbol refers to a 16-bit device, use two characters to specify the number. If it refers to a 32-bit device, use four characters.

The below table shows the maximum amount of read/write data.

Data types for access	Read/Write
Bit data	255
16-bit data	1020
32-bit data	510
16-bit BCD data	1020
32-bit BCD data	510
Single float number data	510
Double float number data	255
Text data	1020 characters (Single byte)

Value	Data type	Value	Data type
1	Bit data	7	Unsigned 32 bit data
2	Signed 16 bit data	8	32 bit Hex data
3	Unsigned 16 bit data	9	32-bit BCD data
4	16 bit Hex data	10	Single float number data
5	16-bit BCD data	11	Double float number data
6	Signed 32 bit data	12	Text data

wAppKind : Data Type Value

The Read/WriteDevice function specifies the data type with parameters. It allows you to change the data type dynamically.

<Return value> Normal end: 0 Abnormal end : Error code

<Supplementary> When using Read/WriteDeviceBit function pwData stores the same amount of data as in wCount starting from D0 bit. For example: wCount is 20

	F	е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PwData	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
PwData+1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20	19	18	17

To handle sequential multiple data, it is more efficient to read/write in 16/32 bits using Read/ WriteDevice16 and Read/WriteDevice32 than using Read/WriteDeviceBit.

* " will contain random values. Mask it using an application program.

When using Read/WriteDeviceBCD16/32 functions

Use these functions for handling data as BCD internally in the device/PLC. Note that data (pxxData summary) to be sent to/received from the functions is binary data, not BCD. (BCD conversion is performed in the [WinGP SDK].) Negative numbers cannot be handled.

Function Name	Decimal notation	Hexadecimal notation
Read/WriteDeviceBCD16	0 to 9999	0000 to 270F
Read/WriteDeviceBCD32	0 to 99999999	00000000 to 05F5E0FF

When using the text data function

For variables to receive text data, secure sufficient data space to receive the data.

• Data Access API in SRAM

Function Name		Read SRAM backup data	a				
Read the follow The file format format.	Read the following data in SRAM and save it as a file in PC. The file format of recipe data is saved in a binary format, other formats are saved in a CSV format.						
INT WINAPI	EasyBackur ype,INT iSa	DataRead(LPCSTR sSaveFileName,LPCSTR sveMode);	NodeName,INT				
Argument sSaveFileName: sNodeName: iSaveMode:	(In) The file p (In) The partia pointer). A sta (In)How to sa 0:New (If a fi overwritten)	bath of a destination file of read data (Text pointer) cipated station name of the source data to be read (Text ation name is fixed to #WinGP. ave ile with the same file name exists, the file is deleted and	Return value Normal End:0 Problem: Error Code				
iBackupDataType	1:Add (Add d ated.) Other than the :: (In)Types of r	lata to the end of a file. If there is no file, a new file is cre- ose above:Reserved read data					
Value		Types of data					
0x0001	Filing Data	Types of data					
0x0001	Sampling d	ata of sampling group no 1					
0x0003							
0x0004	All sampling	g group data except for sampling group no. 1					
0x0005	Alarm Block	<1					
0x0006	Alarm Block	<2					
0x0007	Alarm Block	<3					
0x0008	Alarm Block	<4					
0x0009	Alarm Block	<5					
0x000A	Alarm Block	<6					
0x000B	Alarm Block	<7					
0x000C	Alarm Block	<8					
Other than those above	Reserved						
If a type of data data; maximum EX settings. He based on the for subjected. (1)Alarm Histo (2)Alarm Log (3)Active Alar If none of the a	a is alarm blo n active data owever, this ollowing prio ory m above is avai	ock 1 to 80, one alarm block stores three types of a, history data, and log data, based on the GP-Pro API confirms whether effective data is available prities and if any data exists, the data will be ilable, the error occurs.					

Function Name Extended Read of SRAM Backu			o Data						
Read the for The saved format.	Read the following data in SRAM save the data as a file in PC. The saved file format for filing data is saved in a binary format and other files are saved in CSV format.								
This allow EasyBackt	s to access to dat pDataRead().	a which cannot be retrieved in backup dat	ta by coi	mparing with					
INT WINA iBackupDa	API EasyBackup ataType, INT iSa	DataReadEx(LPCSTR sSaveFileName, L veMode, INT iNumber = 0 , INT iString]	PCSTR Table = (sNodeName, INT 0x0000);					
Argument				Return value					
sSaveFileNa	me: (In) The file p	ath of a destination file of read data (Text pointer)		Normal End:0					
sNodeName:	(In) The partic	ipated station name of the source data to be read (7	Text	Problem: Error					
'C M 1	pointer). A sta	tion name is fixed to #WinGP.		Code					
1SaveMode:	(In)How to sa	ve a with the same file name avists, the file is deleted	and						
	overwritten.)	e with the same me name exists, the me is deleted	and						
	1:Add (Add d	ata to the end of a file. If there is no file, a new file	is cre-						
	ated.)								
	Other than the	se above:Reserved							
1BackupData	Type: (In) Types of r	ead data							
Value		Types of Data							
0x0001	Filing Data								
0x0002	Sampling data o	f sampling group no.1							
0x0003	All sampling gro	up data except for sampling group no. 1							
0x0004	7 in Sampling gro								
0x0005	Alarm Block1 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x0006	Alarm Block2 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x0007	Alarm Block3 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x0008	Alarm Block4 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x0009	Alarm Block5 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x000A	Alarm Block6 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x000B	Alarm Block7 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x000C	Alarm Block8 Specify the type	of alarm using iNumber.							
0x8002	Sampling group Specify a group	of a specific group number number using iNumber.							

Continued

inter a value based on the value	in iNumber:iBack	upDataType.	
A value in iBackupDataType	E	Expansion Range	
	There are thre History, and Lo	e types of alarm data; Active, og. Specify the type.	
	A value in iNumber	Expansion Range	
0x0005 to 0x000C	0	Check if the alarm block contains available data based on the following priorities and if data exists, the data becomes a target. (1)Alarm History (2)Alarm Log (3)Active Alarm If none of the above is available, the error occurs.	
	1	Targets Active Alarms.	
	2	Targets Alarm History.	
	If the subjected block specified occurs.	d data type is not in the alarm by iBackupDataType, an error	
0x8002	Group number read. A value betwee	of a sampling group to be en 1 to 64	
Other than those above	Reserved		

iStringTable: (In)Reserved. Always specify 0.

Function								
The binary format filing data is written in the SRAM. INT WINAPI EasyBackupDataWrite(LPCSTR sSourceFileName,LPCSTR sNodeName,INT								
iBackupData	Гуре);							
Argument			Return value					
sSourceFileNam	e: (In)The file p	ath of filing data file in a binary format to be written (Text	Normal End:0					
	pointer)		Problem: Error					
sNodeName:	(In)The name written to (Te	of a participated station of the location where the data is xt pointer)	Code					
	The station na	ame is fixed to #WinGP.						

iBackupDataType: (In) 1 Fixed (indicates filing data)

• API for Systems

Function Name	Message handling contro	I					
Most of WinGP SDK API functions handles Windows messages within the functions if the process takes a while. You can specify if you use this Windows message process or control this process. If the control is used, Windows messages are accumulated in the message queue and not processed during the function process. As a result, it can prevent from double calling of functions by clicking the icon during function process.							
only the message "the icon screen will not be processe You can specify whether to default is set to process.	However, in this case, please be careful that all windows message processes are controlled, not only the message "the icon is clicked", important messages such as timer and redrawing window screen will not be processed. You can specify whether to process or control the process for each handle of WinGP SDK. The default is set to process.						
INT EasySetWaitType(DV	VORD dwMode);						
Argument dwMode: (In)Process n specified.	nessages if 1 is specified. Control message process if 2 is	Return value Normal End:0 Problem: Error Code					
Function Name	Acquiring the method of message	process					

This function retrieves what	at mode is being processed for the message method when WinGP
SDK API is calling.	

Single

INT EasyGetWaitType();

Argument

Return value	
1:Process	
messages.	
2:Control	
message	
processing.	

Function Name	Text Conversion of Error Co	de	
Error codes returned by each API in WinGP SDK are converted to error messages. EasyLoadErrorMessage() returns multi-byte text (ASCII) as a message. EasyLoadErrorMessageW() returns a UNICODE text string			
BOOL WINAPI EasyLoad BOOL WINAPI EasyLoad	dErrorMessage(INT iErrorCode,LPSTR osErrorMessageW(INT iErrorCode,LPWSTR ows	Message); ErrorMessage);	
Argument iErrorCode: (In) error cod osErrorMessage: (Out) pointer (prepare for 5 owsErrorMessage: (Out) pointer (prepare for 1	de returned by WinGP SDK function to the area where the converted string (ASCII) is stored 512 bytes or more) to the area where the converted string (ASCII) is stored 024 bytes or more)	Return value Normal: Any value other than zero Failed to convert string (for example, unused error code):0	
 Special Item This API is provided to enable compatibility with Pro-Server with Studio. EasyLoadErrorMessageEx() converts errors into an error message with more details. 			
Function Name	Error code string conversion (status infor	mation attached)	
Converts error codes returned by various APIs in the WinGP SDK into error messages. Returns an error message with status information attached, if possible. EasyLoadErrorMessage() always returns the same error message as the defined error code. EasyLoadErrorMessageEx() returns more detailed information, such as the name of the communication partner, where the error occurred, and status when the error occurred. Even the same error code could return different error messages, depending on the location of the error. EasyLoadErrorMessageEx(), EasyLoadErrorMessageExM() return a multi-byte string message (ASCII) EasyLoadErrorMessageEx(), EasyLoadErrorMessageExM() return a string message (UNICODE) Single			
BOOL WINAPI EasyLoadErrorMessageEx(INT iErrorCode,LPWSTR owsErrorMessage); BOOL WINAPI EasyLoadErrorMessageExW(INT iErrorCode,LPWSTR owsErrorMessage);			
Argument iErrorCode : (In) error cod osErrorMessage : (Out) pointer (prepare for 1 owsErrorMessage :(Out) pointer stored (prepare	e returned by the WinGP SDK function to the area where the converted string (ASCII) is stored 024 bytes or more) to the area where the converted string (UNICODE) is re for 2048 bytes or more)	Return value Normal: Any value other than zero Failed to convert string (for example, unused error code):0	

Special Item

- EasyLoadErrorMessage() is used to call a function in the WinGP API, and when the function returns an error code, this message is converted into a message.
- The WinGP SDK remembers only one set of error status information for each handle. As a result, after an error occurs in the API, call EasyLoadErrorMessage() right away. Do not call a different API function, or else the API will overwrite the error status information and EasyLoadErrorMessage() will not return the desired error status.

• Other APIs

Function	Name	Read IPC Time as DWORD	I	
Function to acquire the current time as a numeric value (DWORD format) from the defined station. This function is valid only with the time stored in LS2048 (6 words).				
DWORD WI	DWORD WINAPI EasyGetGPTime(LPCSTR sNodeName, DWORD* odwTime);			
Argument sNodeName: odwTime:	The station na Retrieves tim	ame is fixed as #WinGP. e in DWORD format, which actually uses ANSII time_t	Return value Normal End:0 Problem: Error	
Special Item	Tormat		Code	

Function	Name	Read IPC Time as VARIANT		
Function to acquire the current time as a numeric value (Variant format) from the defined station. This function is valid only with the time stored in LS2048 (6 words). DWORD WINAPI EasyGetGPTimeVariant(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPVARIANT ovTime);				
Argument sNodeName: ovTime:	The station na Retrieves tim	ame is fixed as #WinGP. e as VARIANT format, which internally is the Date format	Return value Normal End:0 Problem: Error Code	
Special Item				

Function Name		Read IPC Time as STRING		
Function to acquire the current time as a string (LPTSTR format) from the defined station. This function is valid only with the time stored in LS2048 (6 words).			efined station. This	
DWORD WINAPI EasyGetGPTimeString(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sFormat, LPSTR osTime);				
Argument			Return value	
sNodeName:	The station na	ame is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal End:0	
pFormat:	Retrieves stri	ng as a time formatted string. Formatting codes following	Problem: Error	
	the percent si are not conve	gn (%) are replaced with "Special Item." Other characters rted and display as is.	Code	
osTime:	Retrieves tim	e as a string. Make sure you reserve enough memory space		
	to receive stri	ng length $+ 1$ (for the NULL character). If you don't reserve		
	enough space	e, you could experience unexpected data loss and operations		
	may not work	срюрену.		

Continued

Special Item

Formatting codes following the percent sign (%) are replaced as shown in the following table. Other characters are not converted and display as is. For example, if the clock is 2006/1/2 12:34:56 and you define %Y_%M %S, the string becomes: 2006_34 56.

Formatting Code	Folder
%a	Day - abbreviated (*2)
%A	Day (*2)
%b	Month - abbreviated (*2)
%В	Month (*2)
%с	Locale-related date and time
%#c	Locale-related date and time (long form)
%d	Day as decimal value (01 ~ 31) (*1)
%H	24 Hour Clock (00~23) (*1)
%I	12 Hour Clock (01 ~ 12) (*1)
%ј	Day of year as decimal value (001 ~ 366) (*1)
%m	Month as decimal value (01 ~ 12) (*1)
%M	Minutes as decimal value (00 ~ 59) (*1)
%р	AM/PM for locale (*2)
%S	Seconds as decimal value (00 ~ 59) (*1)
%U	Week of year as decimal value. The first Sunday of the year is the first week. (00~53) (*1)
%w	Day as decimal value. Sunday is 0 (0 ~ 6) (*1)
%W	Week of year as decimal value. The first Monday of the year is the first week. (00~53) (*1)
%х	Date of current locale
%#x	Date of current locale (long form)
%X	Time of current locale (*2)
%у	2-digit Year as decimal value (00~99) (*1)
%у	4-digit Year as decimal value (*1)
%z, %Z	Time zone or time-zone abbreviation. When time zone is unknown, character is not entered (*2)
%%	Percentage symbol (*2)

*1 Suppress leading zeroes by placing a hash mark (#) in front of d, H, I, j, m, M, S, U, w, W, y, or Y. For example, if the value is 05, and the formatting code is %#d, displays 5.

*2 The hash mark is ignored when placed in front of a, A, b, B, p, X, z, or Z. For example, if the day is Monday, and the formatting code is %#A, displays Monday.

Function Name		Read IPC Time as STRING VAR	IANT
Function to acquire the current time as a string (Variant format) from the defined station. This function is valid only with the time stored in LS2048 (6 words).			
DWORD WINAPI EasyGetGPTimeStringVariant(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sFormat, LPVARIANT ovTime);			
Argument			Return value
sNodeName:	The station na	me is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal End:0
pFormat:	String formate	ting for the time string. Formatting codes following the per-	Problem: Error
	cent sign (%) ters are not co Items" sectior	are replaced as shown in the following table. Other charac- nverted and display as is. For details, refer to the "Special in "Function for Reading String Type on the IPC."	Code
ovTime:	Retrieves time format	e string as VARIANT format, which internally is the BSTR	

Function Name	Read Reference Station Status	
You can get the status of the value to confirm the connection of t	e connected equipment (IPC). Or, you can vary the response timeout action.	
Single INT WINAPI GetNodeProperty(LPCSTR sNodeName,DWORD dwTimeLimit,LPSTR osGPType,LPSTRosSystemVersion,LPSTR osComVersion,LPSTR osECOMVersion);		

Argument		Return value
sNodeName:	The station name is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal End:0
dwTimeLimit:	(In) Response Timeout Value. The set up range, in millisecond units, is 1	Problem: Error
	to 2147483647, or zero. Zero is the default value, which indicates 3000	Code
	milliseconds, not zero milliseconds.	
The following are Please reserve 32 osGPType: osSystemVersion:		
osComVersion:	(Out) PLC protocol driver version (blank)	
osECOMVersion:	(Out) 2 Way driver version (blank)	

Function Name	Finds the symbol/group byte size	
Find the total buffer byte size required to access the device and group symbols.		
INT WINAPI SizeOfSymbol(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,INT* oiByteSize);		
Argument		Return value

sNodeName:	The station name is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal End:0
sSymbolName: oiByteSize:	(In) Device symbol name or group symbol name to search for (Out) Byte size to search for	Problem: Error Code

Special Item

In sSymbolName you can define one element as device symbol, non-array group, array group, or all array groups.

Function Name	Finds the number of members	in the group
Finds the number of members in the defined group symbol or symbol sheet, which is the total symbols and groups. INT WINAPI GetCountOfSymbolMember(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,INT* oiCountOfMember);		
Argument sNodeName: The station na sSymbolName: (In) Group sy oiCountOfMember:(Out) Numb	ame is fixed as #WinGP. mbol name or symbol sheet name to search for er of members to find	Return value Normal End:0 Problem: Error Code

Special Item

When the defined group symbol contain another group symbol, even if there are multiple device symbols inside the internal group symbol, the device symbols get counted as one member.

Function Name	Searches for definition information about symbol, group, symbol sheet		
Searches for the definition information, such as the data format and data size, of the defined device symbol, group symbol, or symbol sheet. INT WINAPI GetSymbolInformation(LPCSTR sNodeName,LPCSTR sSymbolName,INT iMaxCountOfSymbolMember,LPSTR osSymbolSheetName,SymbolInformation* oSymbolInformation,INT* oiGotCountOfSymbolMember);			
Argument sNodeName: The station na sSymbolName: (In) Symbol, iMaxCountOfSymbolMember:(I osSymbolSheetName:(Out) Retu Please p oSymbolInformation:(Out) Retu quantity space. oiGotCountOfSymbolMember:(I	ame is fixed as #WinGP. group name, sheet name In) Define the maximum value (1 or more) for the search information. Defines the quantity in oSymbolInformation. urns the symbol sheet name belonging to sSymbolName. prepare a workspace of 66 bytes or more. rrns detailed information as an array. Please prepare the y defined in iMaxCountOfSymbolMember for the work- Out) Returns the information number actually returned to oSymbolInformation.	Return value Normal End:0 Problem: Error Code	

Special Item
• SymbolInformation Structure
struct SymbolInformation
{
WORD m_wAppKind; // Data type. When symbol 1~12,
when group 0x8000
WORD m_wDataCount; // Data size
DWORD m_dwSizeOf; // Buffer byte size
char m_sSymbolName[64+1]; // Symbol or group name
char m_bDummy1[3]; // Reserved
char m_sDeviceAddress[256+1]; // Device address (empty for group)
char m_bDummy2[3]; // Reserved
};

Information found in oSymbolInformation is returned as a SymbolInformation array, and in the first setting group or sheet information or symbol is set. In the second setting and onward, when sSymbolName is a group, sets the group members. When sSymbolName is sheet, the entire sheet information is set. When sSymbolName is symbol, there are no settings after the first.

When the object symbol is bit offset symbol, be careful about the following points.

(1) When bit offset symbol is used to directly specify the original symbol information (when sSymbolName is directly specified as bit offset symbol), in oSymbolInformation's first SymbolInformation field m_dwSizeOf, a byte count of 2 is set for accessing the bit symbol. Because the original information is one symbol, there can be only one oSymbolInformation.

(2) Define the original information as group symbol, and when the group includes a bit offset symbol, the m_dwSizeOf property of the second oSymbolInformation and later is set to zero, because it defines the access size for group access of members.

• When the member count is unknown, use GetCountOfSymbolMember(), set up a SymbolInformation workspace of the member count return value + 1, then call this function.

• CF Card APIs

Functior	n Name		card status		
Gets the CF card connection status of the IPC. Single INT WINAPI EasyIsCFCard(LPCSTR sNodeName) :					
Argument sNodeName:	Station name The node nee	is fixed to WinGP. ds to be registered	F	Return value	
	in a network	project.		Function Return value	Status
				0x0000000	Normal
				0x10000001	There is no CF card or the cover on the CF card slot is open
				0x1000002	
				0x10000004	Detect CF card problem
				0x1000008	
				Other	Error unrelated to card

The file list in the IPC CF card is output to the file, sent as a parameter. You can optionally define the folder of the file list you want to get. INT WINAPI EasyGetListInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sDirectory, INT* oiCount, LPCSTR sSaveFileName) ; Return value Argument sNodeName: The station name is fixed as #WinGP. sDirectory: Gets the folder name in uppercase characters Normal: 0 SaveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount; stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. Struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File anne (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File innestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) <th colspan="6">Function Name Read CF card file list (optional folder name)</th>	Function Name Read CF card file list (optional folder name)						
Internet in the file list you want to get. INT WINAPI EasyGetListInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sDirectory, INT* oiCount, LPCSTR sSaveFileName); Argument sNodeName: The station name is fixed as #WinGP. sDirectory: Gets the folder name in uppercase characters oiCount: Number of files read soveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File iname (NULL terminated) BYTE bournmy[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDoummy[3]; // temporary2 }; Return value Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bit value.	The file list in the IPC CE card is output to the file sent as a parameter. You can ontionally						
INT WINAPI EasyGetListInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sDirectory, INT* oiCount, LPCSTR sSaveFileName); Argument sNodeName: The station name is fixed as #WinGP. sDirectory: Gets the folder name in uppercase characters oiCount: Number of files read Return value ssaveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stasyDifInfo formatied array is, in the quantity returned in uppercase characters. Problem: Error code sturet it tasyDifInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File name (NULL terminated) Problem: Error code BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) Problem: Error code BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) Problem: Error code BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File arror (NULL terminated) BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) Problem: Error code BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File extensicon (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]	define the folder of the file list you want to get						
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oiCount, LPCSTR sSaveFileName); Argument sNodeName: The station name is fixed as #WinGP. sDirectory: Gets the folder name in uppercase characters oiCount: Number of files read ssaveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. Return value Struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File name (NULL terminated) Problem: Errc BYTE bEX[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bEX[3+1]; // File intestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bEX[3+1]; // File size BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary2 }; Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Expansion Range	INT WINA	PI EasyGetList	tInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sDire	ctory, INT*			
Argument sNodeName: The station name is fixed as #WinGP. sDirectory: Return value Normal: 0 Sprectory: Gets the folder name in uppercase characters oiCount: Number of files read Problem: Errc code sSaveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary2 }; Return value Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C242C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value. <td>oiCount, LP</td> <td>CSTR sSaveF</td> <td>ileName);</td> <td></td>	oiCount, LP	CSTR sSaveF	ileName);				
Argentitie The station name is fixed as #WinGP. sDirectory: Gets the folder name in uppercase characters ofCount: Number of files read sSaveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. SaveFileName: struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File name (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bDummy[3]; // temporary2 J; Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	Argument		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Return value			
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SSaveFileName: Filename where directory information is stored. In the defined file, data stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File name (NULL terminated) BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File imestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File imestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File imestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE boummy[3]; // temporary) Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Expansion Range 10 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value. <td>oiCount:</td> <td>Number of fil</td> <td>les read</td> <td>code</td>	oiCount:	Number of fil	les read	code			
$\label{eq:stored in the stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in the pioCount, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in uppercase characters. struct stEasyDirInfo { BYTE bFileName[8+1]; // File name (NULL terminated) BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bExt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary2 }; ; \\ Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. \\ \hline Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.$	sSaveFileName	e: Filename whe	ere directory information is stored. In the defined file, data	code			
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		stored in the s	stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in				
$\frac{\text{bit}}{\text{bit}} = \frac{\text{bit}}{1 - 31}$ Supervised that explore the date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bit value.		the pioCount,	stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in				
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BYTE bDummy[3]; // temporary DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary2 $\}$;Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08.BitExpansion Range 0 to 4Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year.MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.		BYTE bExt[3	3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated)				
DWORD dwFileSize; // File size BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary2 }; Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.		BYTE bDum	my[3]; // temporary				
BYTE bFileTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated) BYTE bDummy2[3]; // temporary2 }; Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.		DWORD dw	FileSize; // File size				
Bit E bJuminy2[3]; // temporary2 }; Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOX formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bit value.		BYTE bFile1	imeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated)				
Special Item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. $\frac{\text{Bit}}{\text{5} \sim 8} \frac{\text{Expansion Range}}{\text{0 to 4}} \frac{1}{\text{2} \text{January, 2=February,, 12=December}}$ 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bit value.			my2[3]; // temporary2				
Special item More information about bFileTimeStamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. <u>Bit</u> Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	};						
More information about brite timestamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sections. The top 4 by are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DOS formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08.BitExpansion Range 0 to 40 to 4Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 85 ~ 8Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 159 to 15Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year.MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	Special Item) 	Zila Tima Stamma O hartan ana diasi da di inta tana na sti a				
are used to store MS-DOS formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to store MS-DO. formatted date, both as hexadecimal values. MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format. Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time. Translated the date and time is 2002/1/2 04:06:08. Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	More morn	ation about br	file timestamp: 8 bytes are divided into two sector	ns. The top 4 bytes			
formatted date, both as hexadecimal values.MS-DOS formatted dates and times are set up in the following format.Example: When the DOS date/time is 20C42C22, 2C22 is the date and 20C4 is the time.Translated the date and time is $2002/1/2 \ 04:06:08$.BitExpansion Range0 to 4Day of month (1 ~ 31).5 ~ 8Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December)9 to 15Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year.MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	are used to s	tore MS-DOS	formatted time, and the bottom 4 bytes are used to	o store MS-DOS			
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Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	Example: W	hen the DOS of	date/time is $20C42C22$, $2C22$ is the date and $20C4$	4 is the time.			
Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	Translated th	he date and tim	ne is 2002/1/2 04:06:08.				
Bit Expansion Range 0 to 4 Day of month (1 ~ 31). 5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.							
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5 ~ 8 Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December) 9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	0 to 4	Day of month (1 ~ 31).					
9 to 15 Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year. MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	5 ~ 8	Month of year (1=January, 2=February,, 12=December)					
MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bi value.	9 to 15	Year, starting with the year 1980. Add 1980 to the value indicated by these bits to come up with the actual year.					
value.	MS-DOS formatted time. The date uses the following format to pack the date into one 16-bit						
	value.						
Bit Expansion Range	Bit		Expansion Range				
0 to 4 The number of seconds, divided by 2 (0 ~ 29).	0 to 4	The number of seconds, divided by 2 (0 ~ 29).					
5 ~ 10 Minutes (0 ~ 59)	5 ~ 10	Minutes (0 ~ 59)					
11 ~ 15 Hours (24 hour clock 0 ~ 23).	11 ~ 15	Hours (24 hou	r clock 0 ~ 23).				

Function Name		Read CF Card file list (define file type)			
The file list in the IPC CF card is output to the file, sent as a parameter. You			can optionally		
define the dire	define the directory of the file list you want to read by using "sDirectory".				
	•				
INT WINAPI	EasyGetList	tInCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sDirecto	orv. INT* oiCount.		
LPCSTR sSav	eFileName)	;	5,		
Argument			Return value		
sNodeName:	The station na	Normal: 0			
sDirector:	Gets the direc	ctory name, all in uppercase characters. Only the following	Problem: Error		
	directories are	code			
	LOG (logged	data)			
TREND (tren		nd data)			
	ALARM (ala	rm data)			
	CAPTURE (s	screen capture data)			
	FILE (recipe	data)			
oiCount:	Number of fil	les read			
sSaveFileName:	Filename who	ere directory information is stored. In the defined file, data			
	stored in the s	stEasyDirInfo formatted array is, in the quantity returned in			
	the pioCount,	, stored as binary data. Saves the filename and extension in			
	uppercase cha	aracters.			
	struct stEasyl	Dirlnto {			
	BYTE bFi	leName[8+1]; // File name (NULL terminated)			
	BYTE bEx	xt[3+1]; // File extension (NULL terminated)			
	BYTE bDu	ummy[3]; // temporary			
	DWORD o	dwFileSize; // File size			
	BYTE bFi	leTimeStamp[8+1]; // File timestamp (NULL terminated)			
	BYTE bDu	ummy2[3]; // temporary2			
	};				

Function	Name Read CF card file (optional file name)				
Function to read the file contents of the file that will be saved to the CF card. You can optionally define the file to read.					
INT WINAPI EasyFileReadInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sFolderName, LPCSTR sFileName, LPCSTR pWriteFileName, DWORD* odwFileSize);					
Argument			Return value		
sNodeName:	The station na	ame is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal: 0		
sFolderName:	Folder name characters.)	of file on the CF card file to read (Maximum 32 single-byte	Problem: Error		
sFileName: pWriteFileName: odwFileSize:	File name in t File name and Fize size of th	the 8.3 string format to read from the CF card. d path for saving the CF card file he file read from the CF card	code		

Function Name	Read CF Card file (define file type)					
Function to read the file contents of the file to save to CF card. File you can read are limited to the file type defined in pReadFileType.						
INT WINAPI EasyFileReadCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR pReadFileType, WORD wReadFileNo, LPCSTR sWriteFileName, DWORD* odwFileSize);						
ArgumentsNodeName:The station napReadFileType:File type of thewReadFileNo:File number ofsWriteFileName:File name andodwFileSize:Fize size of the	Return value Normal: 0 Problem: Error code					
Special Item The supported file types are as follows. You can only read items stored in the defined CF card folder. File Types						
Data Class File Type Folder						
Filing Data	-	ZF or F	FILE			
CSV Data		ZR	FILE			
Image Screen		ZI or I	DAT	A		
Sound Data		ZO or O	DATA	4		
GP-Pro EX exclusive trend Compatibility	graph data	ZT	TREN	ID		
GP-Pro EX exclusive samp Compatibility	ling data	ZS	TREND			
Alarm1		Z1 or ZA	ALARM			
Alarm2		Z2 or ZH	ALARM			
Alarm3		Z3 or ZG	ALARM			
Alarm4 ~ 8		Z4 ~ Z8	ALARM			
GP-Pro EX exclusive loggir (compatible)	ng data	ZL	LOG	ì		
Capture data		CP	CAPTURE			
Sampling1 ~ 64		ZS1 ~ ZS64	SAMP01 ~ \$	SAMP64		
Function Name		Write to CF card file (optionally define file name)				
--	---------------------	--	-----------------------	--	--	
Function to write the defined file to the CF card. You can optionally define the			he file name to save.			
INT WINAPI EasyFileWriteInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR pReadFileName, LPCSTR sFolderName,LPCSTR sFileName);						
Argument			Return value			
sNodeName:	The station na	ame is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal: 0			
pReadFileName:	The file name	e (full path) of the source file to save to the CF card	Problem: Error			
sFolderName:	Folder name acters)	of the file to save to CF card (maximum 32 single-byte char-	code			
sFileName:	File name (8.	3 string format) of the file to save to CF card				

Function Name	CF card file to save (define type)
Function to save the file contents of the file to the CF card. Files you can save are limited to the	
file type defined in pWriteFileType.	

INT WINAPI EasyFileWriteCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR pReadFileName, LPCSTR sWriteFileType, WORD wWriteFileNo);

Argument		Return value
sNodeName:	The station name is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal: 0
pReadFileName:	The file name (full path) of the source file to save to the CF card	Problem: Error
sWriteFileType:	File type of file to save to CF card	code
See Function to read CF card file (file type), Special Items section		couc
wWriteFileNo:	File number of file to save to CF card	

Function Name Delete CF card file (optiona			file name)	
Function to dele	Function to delete the file on the CF card. You can optionally define the file to delete.			
INT WINAPI EasyFileDeleteInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sFolderName, LPCSTR sFileName);				
Argument			Return value	
sNodeName:	The station na	me is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal: 0	
sFolderName: I	Folder name of byte character	of file on the CF card file to delete (Maximum 32 single- rs.)	Problem: Error	
sFileName: I	File name in t	he 8.3 string format to delete from the CF card.	code	

Continued

Special Item

Supported File Types

Data Class	File Type	Folder
Filing Data	ZF or F	FILE
CSV Data	ZR	FILE
Image Screen	ZI or I	DATA
Sound Data	ZO or O	DATA
GP-Pro EX exclusive trend graph data Compatibility	ZT	TREND
GP-Pro EX exclusive sampling data Compatibility	ZS	TREND
Alarm1	Z1 or ZA	ALARM
Alarm2	Z2 or ZH	ALARM
Alarm3	Z3 or ZG	ALARM
Alarm4 ~ 8	Z4 ~ Z8	ALARM
GP-Pro EX exclusive logging data (compatible)	ZL	LOG
Capture data	СР	CAPTURE
Sampling1 ~ 64	ZS1 ~ ZS64	SAMP01 ~ SAMP64

Function Name				Cha	nge CF ca	rd file name		
_				2.4		~		

Function to change the name of the file on the CF card.

INT WINAPI EasyFileRenameInCfCard(LPCSTR sNodeName, LPCSTR sFolderName, LPCSTR sFileName, LPCSTR sFileRename);

Argument		Return value
sNodeName:	The station name is fixed as #WinGP.	Normal: 0
sFolderName:	The folder name of a file to be renamed in CF Card (max. of 32 charac-	Problem: Error
	ters)	code
sFileName:	The file name to be renamed in CF Card (Max. 8.3 format text)	couc
sFileRename:	The renamed file name (Max. 8.3 format text)	

Function Name	Function Name CFDelete Card File (
Deletes specified files in CF Card. Files to be deleted are limited to the file type specified in the"pDeleteFileType".					
INT WINAPI EasyFileDel wDeleteFileNo);	eteCard(LPCSTR sNodeNa	me, LPCSTR pDelete	eFileType, WORD		
ArgumentsNodeName:The station napDeleteFileType:Delete File TypewDeleteFileNo:File Numbers	ArgumentReturn valuesNodeName:The station name is fixed as #WinGP.pDeleteFileType:Delete File Types in CF Card (refer to Special Remarks.)wDeleteFileNo:File Numbers of Delete Files in CF Cardcode				
Special Item When this function is called to the files that do not exist, the operation ends normally without resulting an error. The supported file types are as follows. You can only read items stored in the defined CF card folder. Supported File Types					
Data Class	File Type	Folder			
Filing Data	ZF	FILE			
CSV Data	ZR	FILE			
Image Screen	ZI	DATA			
Sound Data	ZO	DATA			
Trend Data	ZT	TREND			
Sampling	Sampling ZS TREND				
Alarm4 ~ 8	Alarm4 ~ 8 Z4 ~ Z8 ARAM				
Data Logging	Data Logging ZL LOG				
Alarm Log	Alarm Log ZG ALARM				
Alarm History	Alarm History ZH ALARM				
Active Alarm	ZA	ALARM			
Backup Screen Data	ZC	MRM			
Screen Capture	СР	CAPTURE			

Function Name		Get Free Space in CF	Card
To acquire free sp	pace in CI	F Card connected to an assigned station.	
INT WINAPI Ea	syGetCfF	FreeSpace(LPCSTR sNodeName, INT* oiUr	nallocated);
Argument sNodeName: oiUnallocated:The station name is fixed as #WinGP. Free Space in CF Card (Acquired in a byte unitReturn Norma Proble		Return value Normal: 0 Problem: Error code	
Special Item			
Function Name FTP Passive Mode Settings			
communicates via FTP protocol to access CF Card			

This API sets each mode.				
INT WINAPI EasyFileSetPassiveMode(INT iPassive);				
Argument	Return value			
iPassive: (In) 0: Normal Mode	Normal: 0			
Other than 0: Passive Mode	Problem: Error			
Normal Mode is set at the time of WinGP SDK initialization.				
Special Item				

Queuing Access Control API

Function Name	Execute Queuing Device Read Request.		
Queuing device read reque	est until ExecuteQueuingAccess() is called after this API is	s called.	
Queuing is performed in a	unit of WinGP SDK handle.		
Single			
INT WINAPI BeginQueui	ingRead();		
Argument	Return	ı value	
	Norma	al: 0	
	Proble	m: Error	
		code	
Special Item			
• Do not call API to exec	ute device write operations after calling BeginOueuing	Read()	

- Do not call API to execute device write operations after calling BeginQueuingRead() until the ExecuteQueuingAccess(). After these calling, cache read and direct read commands will be queued. However, cache read and direct read commands cannot be mixed.
- To cancel a queuing command, call CancelQueuingAccess().
- The maximum number of queuing commands is 1500, the maximum byte number is under 1 MB.

Function Name	Start Queuing Device Write Request			
Queuing device read reque	st until ExecuteQueuingAccess() is called .			
Queuing is performed in a	unit of WinGP SDK handle.			
Single				
INT WINAPI BeginQueui	INT WINAPI BeginQueuingWrite();			
Argument	Return value			
	Normal: 0			
	Problem: Error			
	code			
Special Item				

- Do not call API to execute device write operations after calling BeginQueuingWrite() until the ExecuteQueuingAccess(). After these calling, cache write and direct write commands will be queued. However, cache write and direct write commands cannot be mixed.
- To cancel a queuing command, call CancelQueuingAccess().
- The maximum number of queuing commands is 1500, the maximum byte number is under 1 MB.

Function Name	Execute Queuing Device Read	/Write Request
Accesses to device data according to queuing device read/write request.		
INT WINAPI ExecuteQue	uingAccess();	
Argument		Return value
		Normal: 0
		Problem: Error
		code
 completion and when access to any device failed, it returns an access error. If you want to know whether each access was successful or not, call IsQueuingAcceessSucceeded() to check for details. No action can be registered to queuing access. 		
Function Name	Cancel Queuing Device Read/	Write Request
Cancels queuing device read/write request.		
Single INT WINAPI CancelQueuingAccess();		
Argument		Return value
		Normal: 0
		Problem: Error
		code
Special Item		

Function Name	Cancel Queuing Device Read/Write	Request
Asks to check whether the device access to ExecuteQueuingAccess() succeeded or not after ExecuteQueuingAccess() is called. Single INT WINAPI IsQueuingAccessSucceeded(INT iIndex);		
Argument iIndex :(In) Checking Request No.Return value XX : Error Co 0 : Device access to the specified N was results can only available after ExecuteQueuingAccess() is executed. To find out the result of device access, indicates a request number (a number from 0) of the device after ExecuteQueuingAccess() is executed.Return value 		Return value XX : Error Code 0 : Device access to the specified No. was successful.
Special Item For example: BeginQueuingWrite(); WriteDevice16("Node1","LS100",Data,10); WriteDevice16("Node1","LS200",Data,10); WriteDevice16("Node1","LS300",Data,10); ExecuteQueuingAccess() Whether the access to "LS200" in Node 1 was successful with the above registration, check IsQueuingAccessSucceeded(1). If 0 is returned, the access was successful.		

♦ Data Type

• Basic data type to specify the data type or receive the data as response in API

Definition name	Decimal value	Hexadecimal value	Description
EASY_AppKind_Bit	1	0x0001	Bit data
EASY_AppKind_SignedWord	2	0x0002	16 Bit Signed Data
EASY_AppKind_UnsignedWord	3	0x0003	16 Bit Unsigned Data
EASY_AppKind_HexWord	4	0x0004	16 bit Hex data
EASY_AppKind_BCDWord	5	0x0005	16-bit BCD data
EASY_AppKind_SignedDWord	6	0x0006	32 Bit Signed Data
EASY_AppKind_UnsignedDWor d	7	0x0007	Unsigned 32 bit data
EASY_AppKind_HexDWord	8	0x0008	32 Bit Hex Data
EASY_AppKind_BCDDWord	9	0x0009	32-bit BCD data
EASY_AppKind_Float	10	0x000A	Single float number data
EASY_AppKind_Real	11	0x000B	Double float number data
EASY_AppKind_Str	12	0x000C	Text data

• Data type available in special cases

Definition name	Decimal value	Hexadecimal value	Description
EASY_AppKind_NULL	0	0x0000	Default (Write the existing contents) Shows that API is using the data type defined by the symbol for API that can use symbols as the device address.
EASY_AppKind_BOOL	513	0x0201	BOOL (Write the existing contents) Handles the Bit data in 1- bit unit and as VARIANT- type BOOL.

Specify the Device/PLC

When specifying a device in GP-Pro EX, selecting a symbol name also means the connected device/PLC is also selected. In the device access API, you need to also define the connected device/PLC name.

For example: ReadDevice 16 ("#WinGP","PLC.1 valve", Data,10);

Device Length

Operation when accessing a 16-bit device using 32 bit

WinGP allocates 32-bit symbols to 16-bit devices. When you use a symbol or directly use the 32-bit data type to access, it allows the 16-bit device to handle the data as a 32-bit device. In such a case, WinGP sees the two sequential 16-bit devices as one

Index Specification of Symbol (16 Bits)

Only device names of device access API can specify the index of symbol. The index specification of symbol is used to specify a value using [] after the symbol name as shown below. It means a device which is moved forward by the numeric value specified in the symbol data type.

(Symbol name)[Numeric Value]

For example: Valve [2]

If a symbol "valve" is assigned to D100 and is signed 16-bit, it indicates D102. If it is assigned to D100 and is unsigned 32-bit, it indicates D104.

Windows Message Processing

Many Windows programs are event-driven programs that display dialogs and output sounds corresponding to events such as "clicking an icon," "moving the mouse," and "pressing a key."

When any such event occurs, Windows sends the application a message that indicates the type of event.

Upon receiving the message, the applications acknowledge that the event has occurred and execute the processing.

In this document, the part that receives messages in order from Windows and branches them into the respective processing (DoEvents in VB, and the part where GetMessage () and DispatchMessage () are performed in VC) is called the message pump.

When normally programmed in VC and VB, the message pump hides in the VC and VB framework. If the message pump does not perform properly, Windows applications perform unintended operations.

For example, if a routine takes a long time to process a message and does not return, the application cannot receive an event from Windows during the processing time and cannot process the event.

For example: When Windows sends messages in the order of Message 1 and Message 2. The message pump retrieves Message 1 and calls a subroutine for Message 1. Once returning, it retrieves the next message (Message 2) and calls a subroutine for Message

2.



If it takes a long time to process Message 1 at this point, the message pump does not return and the message pump processing 2 cannot be performed.



In such case, force the operation of the message pump. (Referred to DoEvents in VB and GetMessage () and DispatchMessage () in , VC)



Windows applications are designed based on applications to operate the message pump properly. In order to prevent such event as shown in the example, WinGP SDK operates the message pump in the function when processing takes too long.

Prohibit Double Calling API

API double calling

WinGP SDK prohibits calling another device access API during a call to one device access API (Double calling). However, device access API is operating the message pump in the API, if an event happens, the user program starts.

In the course of the message processing routine, double calling might occur when API is called.

The below shows a case resulting in double calling.

(1) Pressing two buttons results in double calling

There are two buttons of A and B. If you press A, it calls the device read API. If you press B, it calls the device write API.

In this case, if you press B button while calling the device read API while pressing A button, the device write API is also called, which leads to API double calling and an error results.



(2) Double calling with a timer

A timer event is often used for cyclic processing in Windows program. Program carefully for programs using the timer event; otherwise, API double calling might result.

- 1) Call, read and, display the device read API cyclically once every second.
- 2) Pressing the button calls the device write API and writes the value into the device.

In such program, an error results at the timing below.

- During reading triggered by a timer event in 1), the 2) button is pressed and the 2) processing starts.

- During the 2) writing, a timer event occurs and the 1) reading is performed.

Solutions to avoid API double calling

The below shows solutions to avoid API double calling.

- (1) In the user program, improve the algorithm to prevent API double calling. For example,
 - Always cancel the timer at the start of the timer processing routine and the button processing routine.
 - During a processing triggered by 1 button pressed, ignore any other button pressed or if the button is pressed again.

(2) Do not allow message processing in API.

Call EasySetWaitType () with the argument 2. In this case, other messages than that causing double calling are not processed either, which may lead to other problems such as the applications performing unintended operations.

Reading Text in VB

There are two ways to read texts in VB as shown below.

(1) Using ReadDeviceStr in VB to read texts

In this case, you need to specify (fix) the location size to store the already read text.

Public Sub Sample 1()

Dim strData As String * 10' Correct specification method specifying the read size 'Dim strData As String 'Wrong specification method not specifying the text size

Dim IErr As Long

```
IErr = ReadDeviceStr("ReadDeviceStrD", "ReadDeviceVariantD", strData, 10)
If IErr <> 0 Then
    MsgBox "Read Error = " & IErr
Else
    MsgBox "Read String = " & strData
End If
```

End Sub

(2) Using ReadDeviceVariant in VB to read texts

If not specifying the location size to store the already read text, use Variant type.

Public Sub Sample 2 ()

```
Dim IErr As Long

Dim vrData As Variant 'For the location to store the read data, specify the Variant

type.

IErr = ReadDeviceVariant ("GP1", "LS100", vrData, 10, EASY_AppKind_Str)

If IErr <> 0 Then

MsgBox "Read Error = " & IErr

Else

MsgBox "Read String = " & vrData

End If

End Sub
```

It should be noted that WinGP SDK uses NULL at the end of the text. Thus, text acquired by the above method has the NULL at the end, the text needs to be shortened.. The below shows sample functions to shorten the text up to the NULL.

```
Public Function TrimNull (strData As String) As String
Dim i As Integer
i = InStr (1, strData, Chr$ (0), vbBinaryCompare)
If 0 < i Then
TrimNull = Left (strData, i - 1)
Else
TrimNull = strData
End If
End Function
```

Error Code List

• "REAA***" Error Info

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0A10010 REAA016 -1063190512 3231776784	Could not use the XX port (No: XX). (XX: Port name/No.)	Could not use the XX port (No: XX). There is a possibility that the system port number is already being used.
0xC0A10011 REAA017 -1063190511 3231776785	Attempted to access a write- protect area (XX) (XX: Device name)	Cannot write to Write Inhibit Area (LS0000-LS0019, LS2032- LS2095, LS9000-LS9999) via D- Script or Network.
0xC0A10012 REAA018 -1063190510 3231776786	Attempted to access a device outside the address range (XX) (XX: Device name)	Attempted to access an out-of- range device.
0xC0A10015 REAA021 -1063190507 3231776789	An invalid ID (Node, Device, Address) has been specified.	An invalid ID was specified. Attempted to access a nonexistent device. An invalid ID was specified.
0xC0A10016 REAA022 -1063190506 3231776790	An invalid ID (Node, Device, Address) has been specified.	Attempted to access a nonexistent device.
0xC0A1001A REAA026 -1063190502 3231776794	Illegal/Undefined Device Address	An invalid device was specified. Attempted to access a nonexistent device.
0xC0A1001B REAA027 -1063190501 3231776795	Illegal/Undefined Device Address	
0xC0A1001C REAA028 -1063190500 3231776796	Illegal/Undefined Device Address	

[•] The terms "Pro-Server" and "Pro-Studio" in the Error Messages are required to be replaced as "WinGP SDK".

• "RYAA***" Error Info

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0AF0001 RYAA001 -1062273023 3232694273	The specified shared memory already exists.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0002 RYAA002 -1062273022 3232694274	The specified shared memory does not exist.	
0xC0AF0003 RYAA003 -1062273021 3232694275	A shared memory already exists, but its memory size is less than specified.	Please close another application or restart the OS.
0xC0AF0004 RYAA004 -1062273020 3232694276	Cannot create a shared memory due to insufficiency of memory or resource.	
0xC0AF0005 RYAA005 -1062273019 3232694277	Could not start TdasEngine because it is already in execution or termination.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0006 RYAA006 -1062273018 3232694278	Could not stop TdasEngine because it is already in suspension or termination.	
0xC0AF0007 RYAA007 -1062273017 3232694279	Could not register the operation in TdasEngine.	
0xC0AF0008 RYAA008 -1062273016 3232694280	Cannot execute State Transition of TdaInfo because a small service is now in transition.	
0xC0AF0009 RYAA009 -1062273015 3232694281	The device name (XX) specified as the destination NODE does not exist. (XX: Device/PLC name)	

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0AF000A RYAA010 -1062273014 3232694282	Cannot execute the operation due to the invalid state of the small service.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'
0xC0AF000B RYAA011 -1062273013 3232694283	Cannot execute the operation because the small service is not in operation.	
0xC0AF000C RYAA012 -1062273012 3232694284	Cannot execute the operation because the small service is in suspension.	
0xC0AF000D RYAA013 -1062273011 3232694285	The I/F of an unsupported small service was called.	
0xC0AF0010 RYAA016 -1062273008 3232694288	Could not register the item because of insufficient memory.	Please close another application or restart the OS.
0xC0AF0011 RYAA017 -1062273007 3232694289	Accessed a device in which no item is registered.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0012 RYAA018 -1062273006 3232694290	Accessed an out-of-range device.	Attempted to access an out-of- range device.
0xC0AF0013 RYAA019 -1062273005 3232694291	Failed to register the specified cluster because an invalid item is specified in it.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0014 RYAA020 -1062273004 3232694292	The specified data type is invalid.	

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0AF0015 RYAA021 -1062273003 3232694293	The specified access type is illegal.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0016 RYAA022 -1062273002 3232694294	The specified data type is illegal.	
0xC0AF0017 RYAA023 -1062273001 3232694295	The no. of data you specified is too many to write (Please reduce it to XX or fewer) (XX: Data number)	
0xC0AF0018 RYAA024 -1062273000 3232694296	The operation result to write is below the lower limit value.	Attempted to write an out of range value. Please change the setting to write an in-range value.
0xC0AF0019 RYAA025 -1062272999 3232694297	The operation result to write is beyond the upper limit value.	
0xC0AF001A RYAA026 -1062272998 3232694298	Could not send processing request to the network destination due to insufficient memory.	Please close another application or restart the OS.
0xC0AF001B RYAA027 -1062272997 3232694299	The specified group was not found.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF001C RYAA028 -1062272996 3232694300	The two compared access tickets differ in their nodes, equipment, or devices.	
0xC0AF001D RYAA029 -1062272995 3232694301	The specified access ticket is not for this node.	
0xC0AF001E RYAA030 -1062272994 3232694302	Could not register the cache because of insufficient memory.	Please close another application or restart the OS.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0AF0020 RYAA032 -1062272992 3232694304	The access ticket you tried to use in block access is not of the block type.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0021 RYAA033 -1062272991 3232694305	The small service to process was not found.	
0xC0AF0022 RYAA034 -1062272990 3232694306	The size of block access to the device exceeded the limit.	The max buffer size for Device Block Write/Read is 10KB. Please set a size less than that.
0xC0AF0023 RYAA035 -1062272989 3232694307	A different network project is being used.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0030 RYAA048 -1062272976 3232694320	A communication error occurred during communication with the destination node. Please confirm that the network connection to the node has been properly established.XX (XX: Destination node name)	Check that the LAN card settings are correct.
0xC0AF0031 RYAA049 -1062272975 3232694321	The destination node did not responded within the specified time. Please confirm that the network connection to the node has been properly established.XX (XX: Destination node name)	
0xC0AF0032 RYAA050 -1062272974 3232694322	The destination node did not responded within the specified time. Please confirm that the network connection to the node has been properly established.XX (XX: Destination node name)	
0xC0AF0033 RYAA051 -1062272973 3232694323	Communication with the destination Node stopped because the destination or local Node closed.	Set 'WinGP' node online.
0xC0AF0040 RYAA064 -1062272960 3232694336	Failed to read the device.	The data may have been read into an illegal or undefined device address. Please specify a proper device address.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0AF0041 RYAA065 -1062272959 3232694337	Failed to write the device.	The data may have been written into an illegal or undefined device address. Please specify a proper device address.
0xC0AF0045 RYAA069 -1062272955 3232694341	The specified request is not supported.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0AF0046 RYAA070 -1062272954 3232694342	The specified request is not supported.	
0xC0AF0050 RYAA080 -1062272944 3232694352	The project ID of the network project file is different. (A different network project is being used.)	
0xC0AF0051 RYAA081 -1062272943 3232694353	The network project file does not have necessary data.	
0xC0AF0052 RYAA082 -1062272942 3232694354	The network project file is damaged.	
0xC0AF0053 RYAA083 -1062272941 3232694355	The network project file does not exist.	
0xC0AF0067 RYAA103 -1062272921 3232694375	Operation was interrupted because GP Online was terminated.	The operation was interrupted because 'WinGP' Online was terminated. To finish the operation, put 'WinGP' online and retry.

• "SAAA***" Error Info

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00001 SAAA001 -1062207487 3232759809	System Error	Please reboot your PC. If not solved, install it again.
0xC0B00002 SAAA002 -1062207486 3232759810	Cannot process due to a shortage of OS resource or memory.	
0xC0B00003 SAAA003 -1062207485 3232759811	Cannot execute any new process until the server returns a processing result.	
0xC0B00004 SAAA004 -1062207484 3232759812	The process was interrupted because Pro-Server EX was terminated.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0B00005 SAAA005 -1062207483 3232759813	The process was interrupted because Pro-Server EX was terminated during the process.	
0xC0B00006 SAAA006 -1062207482 3232759814	Cannot process because Pro- Server EX has already been terminated.	

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00007 SAAA007 -1062207481 3232759815	The specified connector has already been registered. The application is already in execution.	Please reboot your PC. If not solved, install it again.
0xC0B00008 SAAA008 -1062207480 3232759816	An error occurred in an OLE function. Cannot convert the data.	
0xC0B0000A SAAA010 -1062207478 3232759818	Cannot refer to the resource because Pro-Server EX has not been started.	
0xC0B0000B SAAA011 -1062207477 3232759819	Cannot request the system to execute processing because Pro- Server EX has not been started.	
0xC0B0000C SAAA012 -1062207476 3232759820	The system is broken. Cannot process.	
0xC0B00011 SAAA017 -1062207471 3232759825	An error occurred when accessing the XX file. The file is locked (shared) or broken. (XX: File name)	
0xC0B00012 SAAA018 -1062207470 3232759826	Too many connectors to register.	
0xC0B00029 SAAA041 -1062207447 3232759849	Failed to get device info from the PRW file.	There is a possibility that the screen project file is corrupted. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced
0xC0B0002A SAAA042 -1062207446 3232759850	Failed to get symbol info from the PRW file.	transfer in 'GP-Pro EX'.
0xC0B0002B SAAA043 -1062207445 3232759851	Failed to get the device address from the PRW file.	
0xC0B0002C SAAA044 -1062207444 3232759852	Failed to get setting info from the PRX file.	

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B0002D SAAA045 -1062207443 3232759853	Failed to create a temporary file.	Please specify a file of which extension is '.prw'.
0xC0B0002E SAAA046 -1062207442 3232759854	Cannot open the PRX file.	There is a possibility that the screen project file is corrupted. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP-Pro EX'.
0xC0B0002F SAAA047 -1062207441 3232759855	Failed to delete the temporary file.	Please execute it again.
0xC0B00030 SAAA048 -1062207440 3232759856	The specified screen file has an error. XX	There is a possibility that the screen project file is corrupted. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced
0xC0B00031 SAAA049 -1062207439 3232759857	The PRW file does not have necessary data.	transfer in 'GP-Pro EX'.
0xC0B00032 SAAA050 -1062207438 3232759858	The specified file is not a PRW file.	
0xC0B00062 SAAA098 -1062207390 3232759906	The network project file is broken. Cannot read. Please confirm whether the file you specified is a real network project file.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0B00063 SAAA099 -1062207389 3232759907	Cannot write to the network project file.	Please confirm that the disk space is sufficient, and that you have the access right to the file/folder.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00064 SAAA100 -1062207388 3232759908	The file is not a network project file, or its version is old. Cannot read the data.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0B00065 SAAA101 -1062207387 3232759909	The specified device was not found in (XX). It may have been deleted or renamed. Please check it again. (XX: NODE name)	
0xC0B00066 SAAA102 -1062207386 3232759910	The specified NODE (XX) has not been registered. There is a conflict. Please check it again. (XX: NODE name)	
0xC0B00067 SAAA103 -1062207385 3232759911	The specified NODE info is incorrect. No NODE info exists.	
0xC0B00068 SAAA104 -1062207384 3232759912	The device setting in the system area of the specified NODE(XX) has an error. Please check the device you set.	
0xC0B00069 SAAA105 -1062207383 3232759913	(XX: XX) is invalid as a device/ symbol. Cannot analyze. (XX: Device/Symbol name)	Please confirm the symbol, following the direction of the message.
0xC0B0006C SAAA108 -1062207380 3232759916	The network setting is broken.	Please review the network settings.
0xC0B00078 SAAA120 -1062207368 3232759928	(Symbol Sheet: XX Symbol: XX Address: XX) is invalid as a device address. (XX: Symbol Sheet name, XX: Symbol name, XX: Address)	There is a possibility that the screen project file is corrupted. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP-Pro EX'.
0xC0B0007C SAAA124 -1062207364 3232759932	(Symbol Sheet: XX Symbol: XX Address: XX) is beyond the valid device range. (XX: Symbol Sheet name, XX: Symbol name, XX: Address)	

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00082 SAAA130 -1062207358 3232759938	The specified NODE (XX) has not been registered in the network project. (XX: NODE name)	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0B00083 SAAA131 -1062207357 3232759939	The specified NODE (XX) is not a GP2000 Series NODE. (XX: NODE name)	
0xC0B00084 SAAA132 -1062207356 3232759940	The device of the specified NODE (XX) is not supported. (XX: NODE name)	
0xC0B00095 SAAA149 -1062207339 3232759957	(Symbol Sheet: XX Symbol: XX No. of Devices:XX) is beyond the range of the no. of devices (Valid Range: XX-XX)	Decrease the number of symbols registered on the Symbol screen.
0xC0B00096 SAAA150 -1062207338 3232759958	(Symbol Sheet: XX Group: XX) has the no. of rows beyond the limit. Please reduce it. (XX rows or less)	
0xC0B0009C SAAA156 -1062207332 3232759964	In a symbol sheet, 2 symbol/group names are the same. (Symbol Sheet: XX Name1: XX Name2: XX)	Change the name of the symbol registered on the 'GP-Pro EX' Symbol screen.
0xC0B0009D SAAA157 -1062207331 3232759965	The device driver of (Node: XX) is not supported. (Necessary driver has not been installed.) (XX: NODE name)	Please install device differences.
0xC0B000A9 SAAA169 -1062207319 3232759977	(%s:%s)The specified Device/ Symbol is beyond the valid device range. (Valid Range: XX-XX)	A device beyond the valid device range was accessed.
0xC0B000E0 SAAA224 -1062207264 3232760032	Warning: In different symbol sheets, 2 symbol/group names are the same. To use the same name, please specify both sheet names. (Symbol Sheet1: XX Symbol Sheet2: XX The Same Name:XX) (XX: Existing Symbol Sheet name, XX: Symbol Sheet name to which Same Symbol name belongs, XX: Same Symbol name)	In the 'GP-Pro EX' Symbol setting screen, please change the name to avoid name overlapping.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B000E1 SAAA225 -1062207263 3232760033	Warning: The symbol/group name is the same as a symbol sheet name. To use the same name, please specify the sheet name which this symbol/group belongs to. (Symbol Sheet: XX Symbol/ Group: (Sheet: XX Name: XX)) (XX: Existing Symbol Sheet name, XX: Symbol Sheet name to which Same Symbol name belongs, XX: Same Symbol name)	In the 'GP-Pro EX' Symbol setting screen, please change the name to avoid name overlapping.
0xC0B000E4 SAAA228 -1062207260 3232760036	Warning: The array variable(XX) has too many elements for API Communication for WinGP to access the whole array. In API Communication for WinGP, only XX elements from the head are accessible. (XX: Symbol name, XX: Array Element number)	 Consider registering the array by splitting it into multiple parts in 'GP-Pro EX'. If the array cannot be split, when importing the 'GP-Pro EX' project file to the network project in 'Pro-Server EX', there is a function that automatically splits array variables that exceed the number that can be accessed simultaneously, and registers them as multiple symbols. Consider using 'Pro-Server EX' instead of 'WinGP SDK'.

• "SAAF***" Error Info

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00201 SAAF001 -1062206975 3232760321	Cannot initialize TCP/IP.	From [Control Panel]-[Network Connection], please confirm that connection setting is enabled and that the TCP/IP protocol has been installed, which can be confirmed in the property of the connection setting. 'WinGP SDK' does not work without the TCP/IP.
0xC0B00203 SAAF003 -1062206973 3232760323	This PC does not have a valid IP address allocated. Please check the TCP/IP environment of this PC.	Please confirm that the LAN card works properly. Please check the LAN cable, too.
0xC0B00204 SAAF004 -1062206972 3232760324	Cannot load the PLCInfo.xml file.	Please update the protocol driver. If it does not solve the problem, please install 'WinGP SDK' again.
0xC0B00205 SAAF005 -1062206971 3232760325	Cannot load the Editor Driver.	
0xC0B00206 SAAF006 -1062206970 3232760326	An error occurred in Active X I/F.	Please confirm that the OS version is appropriate. If the phenomenon still reoccurs despite the restart, please install 'WinGP SDK' again.
0xC0B00207 SAAF007 -1062206969 3232760327	Cannot execute because of the version inconsistency of DLL and EXE for Pro-Server EX. This program will be shut down.	Please confirm that there are not two or more different versions of 'Pro-Server EX' or DLLs of 'WinGP SDK' in a PC. Only 1 version of 'Pro-Server EX' or 'WinGP SDK' can be installed in a PC.
0xC0B00209 SAAF009 -1062206967 3232760329	The file Core. ID was not found.	Please reboot your PC. If it does not solve the problem, please install 'WinGP SDK' again.
0xC0B0020B SAAF011 -1062206965 3232760331	ProNet.dll has not been correctly installed.	

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B0020C SAAF012 -1062206964 3232760332	Cannot start Pro-Server EX. Please close all the applications that use Pro-Studio EX or Pro- Server EX, and try again.	Cannot start 'WinGP SDK' because 'WinGP SDK' or an application using 'WinGP SDK' did not possibly stop normally. Please close 'WinGP SDK' and all the applications running on it, and then try again.
0xC0B00211 SAAF017 -1062206959 3232760337	This API is not supported.	The API you tried to use is unavailable. Please consider another method.
0xC0B00212 SAAF018 -1062206958 3232760338	The specified string is invalid as a device address.	Please reconfirm the address specification method. Please confirm that no change has been made to devices and nodes. Please confirm that the necessary device driver has been installed.
0xC0B00213 SAAF019 -1062206957 3232760339	The specified device supports bit access only.	Please confirm the device to access and access method.
0xC0B00214 SAAF020 -1062206956 3232760340	The specified device driver is not supported (The necessary device driver has not been installed).	Please install device differences.
0xC0B00215 SAAF021 -1062206955 3232760341	The parameter value is invalid.	Check the API argument.
0xC0B00216 SAAF022 -1062206954 3232760342	The device no. is out of range.	Please check the device no.
0xC0B00217 SAAF023 -1062206953 3232760343	The specified device does not exist.	Please check the group symbol specification.
0xC0B00218 SAAF024 -1062206952 3232760344	The specified group symbol does not exist.	Please check the group symbol specification.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B0021A SAAF026 -1062206950 3232760346	In Queuing Access, read-access and write-access, or cache access and direct access, cannot be mixed.	Please confirm that no different access method exists between the start of queuing and the actual access. If there is the necessity of using a different access method, please use another queuing access.
0xC0B0021D SAAF029 -1062206947 3232760349	The specified node has not been registered in the network project.	Please check the node specification.
0xC0B0021F SAAF031 -1062206945 3232760351	The API was redundantly called. The specified access handle for Pro-Server EX is already running.	Consider using EasySetWaitType() to avoid calling the API simultaneously.
0xC0B00220 SAAF032 -1062206944 3232760352	In data-type conversion, the data type of the conversion source/ destination is unsupported.	Please check the contents of the Variant type.
0xC0B00221 SAAF033 -1062206943 3232760353	The specified backup-data type is unsupported.	Please check the data type specification.
0xC0B00222 SAAF034 -1062206942 3232760354	Failed to open the SRAM backup data file or to create its copy in the PC.	Please check the specifications of the destination file/folder in the PC, disk space, and the access right to the file etc.
0xC0B00223 SAAF035 -1062206941 3232760355	In Read/Write Backup Data, failed to access the file.	In reading or writing SRAM Backup Data, an error occurred accessing the specified file. Please check the free space of the PC and the file access right, and then execute it again.
0xC0B00224 SAAF036 -1062206940 3232760356	In Write SRAM Backup Data, the specified file size is too large. It must be 96KB or less.	Please confirm that the file specified in Write SRAM Backup Data is correct. Also, please specify a file of the size of 96Kbytes or less.
0xC0B00225 SAAF037 -1062206939 3232760357	Numeric value error. Please set a correct value.	Please confirm that the string is valid as a numeric value.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00226 SAAF038 -1062206938 3232760358	The specified data count is 0 or out of range.	Please check the data count.
0xC0B00227 SAAF039 -1062206937 3232760359	The max number of access destinations is too high (It must be 1500 or less).	Please consider dividing it for successful access.
0xC0B00228 SAAF040 -1062206936 3232760360	The total buffer size of the data to access is too high. (It must be 1MB or less.)	
0xC0B00230 SAAF048 -1062206928 3232760368	Cannot start Pro-Server EX.	Please reboot your PC. If it does not solve the problem, please install 'WinGP SDK' again.
0xC0B00238 SAAF056 -1062206920 3232760376	Reading out logging data from a GP3000 Series / WinGP NODE is not allowed .	Please change the setting not to execute Read Logging Data when the target is a 'WinGP' Node.
0xC0B00239 SAAF057 -1062206919 3232760377	Reading out trend data from a GP3000 Series / WinGP NODE is not allowed .	Please change the setting not to execute Read Trend Data when the target is a 'WinGP' Node.
0xC0B00240 SAAF064 -1062206912 3232760384	The specified access handle for Pro-Server EX is invalid.	Please check the handle value. It must be other than 0, correctly created, and not discarded.
0xC0B00241 SAAF065 -1062206911 3232760385	Cannot continue because this command is unsupported.	Please reboot your PC. If it does not solve the problem, please install 'WinGP SDK' again.
0xC0B00242 SAAF066 -1062206910 3232760386	Cannot process because Pro- Server EX stopped.	Please exit all the applications before you close 'WinGP'.
0xC0B00243 SAAF067 -1062206909 3232760387	While waiting for a processing result from the server, the API received the application quitting message.	If you do not want to receive WM_QUIT, please use a multihandle system API in EasySetWaitTypeM(2).
0xC0B00244 SAAF068 -1062206908 3232760388	The file name consists of more than 256 characters. Supposed to be within 256 characters.	Please check the file name specification.

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Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00245 SAAF069 -1062206907 3232760389	Queuing access registration has not started.	Please check the program sequence.
0xC0B00246 SAAF070 -1062206906 3232760390	Actual queuing access has not been made.	
0xC0B00247 SAAF071 -1062206905 3232760391	The device access to the specified no. failed.	Please check the cable/device requirements.
0xC0B00248 SAAF072 -1062206904 3232760392	The device access with the specified no. has not been registered. Please check the preregistered access count and no.	Please check the program sequence.
0xC0B0024C SAAF076 -1062206900 3232760396	The specified group no. is not within the range of sampling data group no.	Please review the API parameters.
0xC0B0024D SAAF077 -1062206899 3232760397	In Queuing Access, Read and Write cannot be mixed.	Please check the sequence of the program.
0xC0B00250 SAAF080 -1062206896 3232760400	No word exists.	Please review the API parameters.
0xC0B00251 SAAF081 -1062206895 3232760401	Invalid name/word. Illegal characters are included.	
0xC0B00252 SAAF082 -1062206894 3232760402	The specified node has not been registered in the network project.	
0xC0B00253 SAAF083 -1062206893 3232760403	The specified device has not been registered.	
0xC0B00254 SAAF084 -1062206892 3232760404	Array Index Specification Error	Please check the array specification method.

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Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00255 SAAF085 -1062206891 3232760405	The specified device is an undefined symbol or an invalid address.	Please check the device address specification method.
0xC0B00256 SAAF086 -1062206890 3232760406	The symbol name is invalid, or the group specification is too deeply nested.	
0xC0B00257 SAAF087 -1062206889 3232760407	Index specification is unavailable for a string-type symbol.	
0xC0B00258 SAAF088 -1062206888 3232760408	The specified index value is too high.	
0xC0B00259 SAAF089 -1062206887 3232760409	Group symbol specification is unavailable for this device specification.	Please check the device address specification method.
0xC0B0025A SAAF090 -1062206886 3232760410	Please specify a group symbol to specify a device.	
0xC0B0025B SAAF091 -1062206885 3232760411	The symbol sheet name is invalid, or it is unavailable for the specified device.	
0xC0B0025C SAAF092 -1062206884 3232760412	Device names are redundantly specified.	A fatal error occurred. Restart 'WinGP' and 'WinGP SDK' after executing a forced transfer in 'GP- Pro EX'.
0xC0B0025D SAAF093 -1062206883 3232760413	Cannot use the specified symbol because its data type is different from the one required here.	The symbol data type and the specified data type are different so cannot be used. Check the Symbol name or data type.
0xC0B0025E SAAF094 -1062206882 3232760414	Failed to analyze the option- specifying string.	Please review the API parameters.
0xC0B00262 SAAF098 -1062206878 3232760418	Failed to read the file.	Please confirm that the specified file exists in the CF-card folder. If exists, please confirm the right of access to the file.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B00263 SAAF099 -1062206877 3232760419	Failed to write to the file.	Please check the access right to the write destination. If there is no problem with the access right, please check whether the CF-card has enough free space.
0xC0B00264 SAAF100 -1062206876 3232760420	The specified file was not found.	Please confirm that the specified file exists.
0xC0B00265 SAAF101 -1062206875 3232760421	Failed to delete the file.	Please confirm that the specified file exists in the CF-card folder. If exists, please confirm the right of access to the file.
0xC0B00266 SAAF102 -1062206874 3232760422	Failed to rename the file.	Please confirm that the specified file exists in the CF-card folder. If it does, please check the access right to the file and whether the new file name does not contain any forbidden characters.
0xC0B00267 SAAF103 -1062206873 3232760423	Cannot open the file list retention file.	Please check the access right to the destination folder. If there is no problem with the access right, please check whether the drive has enough free space.
0xC0B00269 SAAF105 -1062206871 3232760425	No file name has been inputted.	Please input a file name.
0xC0B0026A SAAF106 -1062206870 3232760426	Too long file path.	Please shorten the file path.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B0026C SAAF108 -1062206868 3232760428	Connection to GP3000 Series NODE was reset.	After confirming the GP3000 Series NODE/'WinGP' Node is still on and the cable is properly connected, please execute it again
0xC0B0026D SAAF109 -1062206867 3232760429	The destination NODE does not respond.	
0xC0B0026E SAAF110 -1062206866 3232760430	Could not complete the operation because connection was broken during the process.	
0xC0B0026F SAAF111 -1062206865 3232760431	Cannot connect to the specified node because it does not exist.	Please use the #WinGP node name.
0xC0B00272 SAAF114 -1062206862 3232760434	The parameter value is invalid.	Please review the inputted parameter, and set a correct value.
0xC0B00273 SAAF115 -1062206861 3232760435	Failed to get the file list in the CF-card.	Please confirm that the specified file type is correct. Also, please check the access right to the destination folder. If there is no problem with the access right, please check whether the drive has enough free space.
0xC0B00274 SAAF116 -1062206860 3232760448	Could not connect to GP3000 Series NODE / WinGP NODE.	'WinGP' NODE may be busy. Please execute it again after a brief interval. Or, if the connection with 'WinGP' NODE is established using the transfer tool, please exit the tool and then execute it again.
0xC0B002A6 SAAF166 -1062206810 3232760486	Read SRAM Backup Data is now being used.	Please execute Read SRAM Backup Data again.
0xC0B002A7 SAAF167 -1062206809 3232760487	Parameter Error in Read SRAM Backup Data	Please execute Read SRAM Backup Data using a correct parameter.

Error Code*	Error Message	Cause and Troubleshooting
0xC0B002A8 SAAF168 -1062206808 3232760488	Failed to write to a saved file.	If the hard-disk capacity of the PC is insufficient, please increase it and execute the operation again. Or please restart the PC and execute again.

Error Code		
Decimal	Hexa	Message
Decimai	decimal	
9300	2454h	Cannot find network project file.
9301	2455h	
:	: 04746	Reserved.
9329	247 III 2472b	Connect and the common d he can a manuficial state
9330	24720	Terminated program.
9331	2473h	The system resource was dead-locked. Terminated program.
9332	2474h	System Error
9333	2475h	Cannot execute the command because program versions do not match. Terminated program.
9334	2476h	
:	:	Reserved.
9339	247Bh	
9340	247Ch	An error occurred when accessing the <% s> file.
9341	247Dh	Pro-Server is being used by too many applications.
9342	247Eh	OS resources are insufficient (insufficient memory).
9343	247Fh	The set connector is used by another application.
9344	2480h	Pro-Server has not been started. Could not reference data.
9345	2481h	Pro-Server has been terminated. Could not reference data.
9346	2482h	Cannot continue - Pro-Server has been terminated.
9347	2483h	Cannot continue - Pro-Server has been terminated.
9348	2484h	Could not start Pro-Server.
9349	2485h	Could not start Pro-Studio.
9350	2486h	Unsupported command. Cannot continue.
9351	2487h	Failed in loading the network project file.
9352	2488h	The entered node name has already been registered.
9353	2489h	The entered node name has not been registered.
9354	248Ah	Backup data type specified is not supported.
9355	248Bh	Failed to writing to the file.
9356	248Ch	Could not create a file to store the SRAM backup data.
9357	248Dh	The node name entered has not been registered.
9358	248Eh	Pro-Server is already operating. Cannot start two copies.
9359	248Fh	Reserved.
9360	2490h	'%s' has not been entered.
9361	2491h	0 cannot be entered in '%s'.
9362	2492h	'%s' should be: "xxx.xxx.xxx" format; where xxx is a value between 0 and 255.

Continued

Error Code		
Decimal	Hexa	Message
Decimal	decimal	
9363	2493h	An invalid value has been entered in '%s'.
9364	2494h	A character unavailable for '%s' is involved.
9365	2495h	'%s' has not been entered yet.
9366	2496h	Cannot start a new process until the process result is returned from
		the server.
9367	2497h	Cannot terminate the application while waiting for the process result.
9368	2498h	Read permission required to execute this command. Log on to the
		network again.
9369	2499h	Write permission required to execute this command. Log on to the network again.
9370	249Ah	Administrator permission required to execute this command. Log
		on to the network again.
9371	249Bh	The specified number is not registered.
9372	249Ch	
: 9375	: 249Fh	Reserved.
9376	2431 H	Cannot read the file (Core ID)
9377	24A1h	
:	:	Reserved.
9389	24ADh	
9390	24AEh	Mode of Appointed handle is EASY_TB_STATUS_NOW or
		EASY_TB_STATUS_LAST_READ. Please execute after
		changing its mode to EASY_IB_SIAIUS_PASI or EASY TR STATUS INDEX
9391	24AFh	Unable to open the designated LS Area
9392	2480h	Designated LS Area is not open
9393	24B1h	Eailed to aquire CE Card's File List
9394	24B2h	Failed to read CF Card's file(s)
9395	24B3h	Failed to write CF Card's file(s)
9396	24B4h	CF Card is not inserted
9397	24B5h	CF Card is not initialized
9398	24B6h	CF Card is damaged
9399	24B7h	Unable to access the designated file
9400	24B8h	The function of Pro-Easy.DLL was doubly called up. The function
		of PfnApiEasy.DLL is already running.
9401	24B9h	The specified access handle for Pro-Server EX is not effective.
9402	24BAh	Pro-Server has stopped and can not perform processing.

Continued
Error Code						
Hexa		Message				
Decimal	decimal					
9403	24BBh	The error occurred in the function of OLE. Data cannot be				
		converted.				
9404	24BCh	The effective data for the specified data-type variant does not exist				
		in the original data, or is not enough.				
9405	24BDh	Original data and destination data types cannot be converted by				
		data-type variant.				
9406	24BEh	The specified argument is not enabled.				
9407	24BFh	Can not create the time bar.				
9408	24C0h	The symbol name is not registered.				
9409	24C1h	Cannot open the distribution sheet.				
9410	24C2h	The specified time bar has already been locked.				
9411	24C3h	The specified time bar has already been linked.				
9412	24C4h	The specified handle is not linked.				
9413	24C5h	The specified handle is not linked to the database.				
9414	24C6h	Specified handle is locked or played, Please execute after clearing				
		to its status.				
9415	24C7h	The argument is wrong.				
9416	24C8h	Designate the internal format of the argument's Variant as either				
		"Date" type, or compatible with "Date".				
9417	24C9h	The specified time is out of the valid range.				
9418	24CAh	The invalid argument has been set.				
9419	24CBh	Database of appointed handle is closed.				
9420	24CCh	Database access error.				
9421	24CDh	INI file ('%s') in the action contents cannot be opened.				
9422	24CEh	'%s' of INI file ('%s') in the action contents cannot be analyzed.				
9423	24CFh	Action '%s' uses action contents not yet installed in the network				
		project.				
9424	24D0h	There are too many actions to register.				
9425	24D1h	The specified action has already been registered.				
9426	24D2h	The action contents which action '%s' uses cannot be started.				
		The designated action is not registered.				
9427	24D3h	An error occurred on the Active-X IF.				
9428	24D4h	The designated action has been registered in the registry.				
9429	24D5h					
:	:	Reserved.				
9449	24E9N					
9450		I ne node name or symbol name is not specified.				
9451	24EBh	The node name is not specified.				

Continued

Error Code					
Decimal	Неха	Message			
Decimal	decimal				
9452	24ECh	The data type setting is not valid.			
9453	24EDh	The node name and symbol is not delimited with '!'.			
9454	24EEh	The symbol name has not been registered or it is not a valid device			
		address.			
9455	24EFh	Cannot continue the process - no valid device is specified.			
9456	24F0h	Cannot make word-access to 32-bit devices.			
9457	24F1h	The address is out of the valid range.			
9458	24F2h	The No. of points setting is invalid.			
9459	24F3h	The No. of points setting is 0 or exceeds the setting range.			
9460	24F4h	Cannot convert the set symbol into a device address.			
9461	24F5h	A value input error occurred. Enter a correct value.			
9462	24F6h	The specified lifetime is invalid.			
9463	24F7h	The designated bit location is incorrect.			
9464	24F8h				
:	:	Reserved.			
9469	24FDN 24EEb	Unable to connect to designated No de			
9470		Unable to connect to designated Node			
9471	24660	Node is a windows PC. Unable to perform processing.			
9472	2500h	Failed to save captured screen data as JPEG file			
9473	2501h	Screen Capture is not supported.			
9474	2502h	Capture Approval Flag is not ON			
9475	2503h	Failed to acquire CF Card free space data			
9476	2504h	Data Transfer is not supported			
9477	2505h	ProNet.dll has not been installed properly			
9478	2506h	Unable to perform due to the 2-Way Driver's version not being 4.50 or higher			
9479	2507h	Reserved.			
9480	2508h	Failed to delete CF Card's file			
9481	2509h	Failed to change CF Card's internal file			
9482	250Ah	File exceeds 256 characters - reduce number of characters			
9483	250Bh				
:	:	Reserved.			
9499	251Bh				
9500	251Ch	Pro-Server schedule management thread initialization error			
9501	251Dh	Pro-Server LAN management thread initialization error			
9502	251Eh	Pro-Server timer management thread initialization error			
9503	251Fh	Pro-Server DDE control thread initialization error			
9504	2520h	Pro-Server API control thread initialization error			

Error Code						
Decimal	Неха	Message				
Decimal	decimal					
9505	2521h	Pro-Server API parameter error				
9506	2522h	Response time out				
9507	2523h	Pro-Server failed in initializing the LAN.				
9508	2524h	No data				
9509	2525h	Invalid device				
9510	2526h	Invalid address				
9511	2527h	The address is out of the valid range.				
9512	2528h	Data type error				
9513	2529h	Transmission message error				
9514	252Ah	Cannot initialize Pro-Server cache function.				
9515	252Bh	Cannot load the network project because the database is used.				
9516	252Ch					
:	:	Reserved.				
9559	2557h					
9560	2558N	System Error (DLL load error)				
9561	2559h	System Error (DLL version may be old.)				
9562	255Ah	System Error				
9563	255Bh	The designated property ID is not defined. (version may be old)				
9564	255Ch	Value conversion error. Incorrect characters as numbers are				
0505	055Dh					
9565	255DN	Too many characters.				
9566	255EN	The number is too large.				
9567	255Fh	System Error (Cannot start COMM.)				
9568	2560h	System Error (Cannot start GP-Viewer runtime.)				
9569	2561h	Cannot open the %s file.				
9570	2562h	File read error.				
9571	2563h	File write error.				
9572	2564h	No tags exist. (No parameter class declarations exist.)				
9573	2565h	No end tags exist. (No parameter class declarations exist.)				
9574	2566h	Found the unexpected end tag (No parameter class declarations				
		exist.)				
9575	2567h	Signatures do not match.				
9576	2568h	Unsupported parameter.				
9577	2569h	Reached the file end.				
9578	256Ah	The incorrect structure.				
9579	256Bh	Cannot continue the process due to a memory lack.				
9580	256Ch	Cannot analyze the device name.				

Error Code					
Decimal	Hexa	Message			
Decimal	decimal				
9581	256Dh	DB name is not designated.			
9582	256Eh	Cannot access to DB.			
9583	256Fh	Cannot edit DB because it is locked (edited) by another program			
		(e.g. Data View).			
9584	2570h	Either the node name or the device name is not designated.			
9585	2571h	Cannot use DB because it has been closed. (DB in use is automatically closed once when NPJ is saved/loaded.)			
9586	2572h	The database may be broken.			
9587	2573h	Data not saved.			
9588	2574h	Cannot find data at the designated time.			
9589	2575h	No polling setups exist.			
9590	2576h	The database has not been opened. (Or it has already been closed.)			
9591	2577h	Already polling start.			
9592	2578h	Old data will be overwritten, instead of newest data.			
9593	2579h	Delete record			
9594	257Ah	Exceeds designated file size.			
9595	257Bh	Designated file number does not exist			
9596	257Ch				
: 9599	: 257Fh	Reserved.			
9600	2580h	Cannot continue the process due to a resource lack in GP.			
9601	2581h				
:	:	Reserved.			
9619	2593h				
9620	2594h	The network project item has been registered redundantly. (The network project file has been broken.)			
9621	2595h				
:	:	Reserved.			
9639	25A7h				
9640	25A8h	The Provider information data that is not registered in the network			
		project file were sent from other node. (Network projects differ			
9641	25∆9h	Fither that the device write failed at the Receiver node or that no			
3041	23731	partner nodes exist while providing data.			
9642	25AAh				
: 9659	: 25RRh	Reserved.			
9660	25BCh	Data Read failed			
0661	2580h	Invalid access range of the read device			
9001	238011	invalid access range of the read device.			

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Continued
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Error Code						
Desimal	Hexa	Message				
Decimal	decimal					
9662	25BEh					
:	:	Reserved.				
9669	25C5h					
9670	25C6h	It is an access range wrong point by the write of device.				
9671	25C7h					
:	:	Reserved.				
9699	25E3h					
9700	25E4h	Received the first trigger establish command for non-existing				
		provider information.				
9701	25E5h					
:		Reserved.				
9709	25EDN					
9710	25EEh	Received the second trigger establish command for non-existing				
		provider information.				
9711	25EFh					
:	: 2601b	Reserved.				
9729	200111					
9730	2602N	The GP is busy sending screen data or saving SRAM backup data				
0704	00001					
9731	2603h	An error occurred in reading the SRAM backup data. (The item ID				
	0004	differs from the previous ID.)				
9732	2604h	An error occurred in reading the SRAM backup data. (The data				
		type differs from the previous type.)				
9733	2605h	An error occurred in reading the SRAM backup data. (The block				
		No. differs from the previous No.)				
9734	2606h	SRAM backup data read error. (The requested data amount is 0 or				
		differs from the previous amount.)				
9735	2607h					
:	:	Reserved.				
9739	260Bh					
9740	260Ch	The GP is busy sending screen data or saving SRAM backup data				
		to another PC.				
9741	260Dh	An error occurred in reading the SRAM backup data. (The item ID				
		differs from the previous ID.)				
9742	260Eh	An error occurred in reading the SRAM backup data. (The data				
		type differs from the previous type.)				
9743	260Fh	An error occurred in reading the SRAM backup data. (The block				
		No. differs from the previous No.)				
9744	2610h	SRAM backup data read error. (The requested data amount is 0 or				
		differs from the previous amount.)				

Error Code					
Decimal	Неха	Message			
Decimal	decimal				
9745	2611h				
: 9749	: 2615h	Reserved.			
9750	2616h	CF command error.			
9751	2617h	CF Access error			
9752	2618h	No CF card unit.			
9753	2619h				
:	:	Reserved.			
9779	2633h				
9780	2634n	(Code:%02x:%04x)			
9781	2635h	The designated SRAM backup data is not in the GP.			
9782	2636h	The GP's SRAM backup data is incorrect. (Code:%04x)			
9783	2637h	New alarm block is not supported.			
9784	2638h				
:	:	Reserved.			
9789	263DN	No remete access right (not composed a remetals)			
9790	203EII	No remote access right (not connected remotery)			
9800	2648N	Parameter error.			
9801	2649n	Data count 1s over.			
9802	264Ah	File create error.			
9803	264Bh	EXCEL sheet create error.			
9804	264Ch	Write file error.			
9805	264Dh	File open error.			
9806	264Eh	Read only file.			
9807	264Fh	Print out error.			
9808	2650h	Save folder access error.			
9809	2651h	Reserved.			
9810	2652h	Unable to find message table file.			
9811	2653h	Unable to open message table file.			
9812	2654h	Unable to find designated sheet in message table file.			
9813	2655h	Message table is incorrect.			
9814	2656h	No equivalent enabled code.			
9815	2657h	Error occurred during POP confirmation. For details see the Log Viewer.			
9816	2658h	Unable to send mail. For details see the Log Viewer.			
9817	2659h	Unable to send portion of mail. For details see the Log Viewer.			
9818 9819	265Ah 265Bh	Reserved.			
		Continued			

Error Code					
Decimal	Hexa	Message			
Decimal	decimal				
9820	265Ch	Unable to find designated database			
9821	265Dh	Unable to find designated Table. Or, there are no records in the			
		designated Table			
9822	265Eh	Unable to find the designated field name			
9823	265Fh	Unable to find the designated data			
9824	2660h	Field data is incorrect			
9825	2661h	Validation failed			
9826	2662h	Error occurred while accessing the database			
9827	2663h	Unable to create the Pro-Server handle			
9828	2664h	There are no character data			
9829	2665h				
:	: 2665h	Reserved.			
9639	200F11	Unable to open Action Deport Sheet Templete, or unable to			
9040	207011	append sheet			
9841	2671h	Eailed to start EXCEL			
9842	2672h	Unable to open Template Book			
9843	2672h	Action System Error			
9844	2674h	Unable to save Output Book			
9845	2675h	Designated Template Sheet(% s) does not exist in Template Book			
9846	2676h	Earled to append sheet			
0847	2070H	Unable to interpret command (% s) and cannot execute			
0848	2077H	Earled to print			
0840	2070H	Pariented dote type is not supported			
9049	207911	Designated data type is not supported			
9650	207A0	Pro-Server version is old and cannot be started			
9851	207BN	Action Report sheet is corrupted			
9852	267Ch	Designated group does not exist			
9853	267Dh	Unable to paste image			
9854	267Eh	File header is corrupted - unable to read			
9855	267Fh	Unable to open designated CSV file (%s)			
9856	2680h	Action Area Size is too small			
9857	2681h	Unable to create or read temporary file			
9858	2682h	No usable files exist in GP/GLC			
9859	2683h	Designated data type is not supported			
9860	2684h	A file name is too long, and Output Book cannot be make			
9861	2685h	An error occurred while macro run. Refer to Log Viewer for the details			

Error Code						
Decimal	Hexa decimal	Message				
9862	2686h	Unable to save GP Screen Capture data.				
9863	2687h	Check if the Permission Flag has turned ON.				
9864	2688h	The file name is error.				
9865	2689h	he specified file does not exist in the CF card.				
9866	268Ah	Not the browser application's designated folder. Browser cannot be displayed.				
9870	268Eh	Error downloading Binary file				
9871	268Fh	Binary file Read failed				
9872	2690h	Binary file Open error				
9873	2691h	Binary file Analysis failed				
9874	2692h	Error writing to Excel file				
9875	2693h	Error writing to CSV file				
9876	2694h	Error creating Binary file				
9877	2695h	Designated file does not exist				
9878	2696h	Conversion from Excel file to Binary file failed				
9879	2697h	Conversion from CSV file to Binary file failed				
9880	2698h	Provided data is outside range				
9881	2699h	Failed in GP log data upload.				
9882	269Ah	There is no data to support.				
9883	269Bh	This data requires more than one sheet.				
9884	269Ch	Microsoft Excel is not installed on this machine.				
9885	269Dh	Wrong parameter is designated.				
9886	269Eh	Failed to write data.				
9887	269Fh	Failed to read CSV file.				
9888	26A0h	An error occurred in deleting an unnecessary file.				
9889	26A1h	Action Failed.				
9891	26A3h	No corresponding data in ACCESS file.				
9892	26A4h	Command error.				
9893	26A5h	Failed in automatic upload of ACCESS data.				
9894	26A6h	Cannot open the specified table.				

37.7.3 Bit Data Access

WinGP SDK provides three ways to handle bit data when accessing the bit device.

 16-bit unit: Handles the data as a bit array in a 16-bit unit on the bit device. The specified number of bit data are stored/used right-aligned from the D0 bit. The data buffer requires sufficient space for 16 bit even if the specified number is 1. Also, the number needs to be specified in 16-bit units.

For example: Data buffer storing order when a 20 bit device is specified

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20	19	18	17

<Applicable API>

ReadDeviceBit/WriteDeviceBit ()

When specifying 1 (EASY_AppKind_Bit) for the data type in ReadDevice/WriteDevice (),ReadDeviceVariant/WriteDeviceVariant ()

When specifying a bit symbol and a group that includes any bit symbol in ReadSymbol/WriteSymbol ()

 Variant BOOL unit: Handles 1 bit as the Variant BOOL data. The data buffer is a BOOL type where 1 bit is 1 Variant. It handles the specified number of data as a BOOL-type array.

<Applicable API>

When specifying 0x201 (EASY_AppKind_BOOL) for the data type in ReadDeviceVariant/ WriteDeviceVariant ()

When specifying the bit symbol and the group that includes any bit symbols in ReadSymbolVariant/WriteSymbolVariant ()

3) Bit offset symbols when accessing the device with a structure variable in the logic instruction

When you directly specify the bit offset symbol to access the device, the data buffer handles the data either in "16-bit unit" or "Variant BOOL unit" as described above. Note that the group symbol itself has bit offset symbols and no data is secured for the bit offset symbols in the data buffer when accessing the device with the structure variable in the logic instruction.

The bit offset symbols never exist by themselves and always have parent word symbols. A data area is secured for the parent. Use part of the respective secured area for the bit offset symbols.

37.8 Settings Guide

37.8.1 System Settings [Display Unit Settings]-[IPC Settings] Settings Guide

Display Unit	
Display Operation Mode Logic System Area Extended Settings IPC Settings	
Display Settings	Error Settings
☑ Display Right-Click Menu	Save Error Message
Window Mode Window Screens	Save in CF Card
- Window Settings	Number of Stored Items 100 🚽
Specify Display Position 🔀 🖸 🕂 🔛 🔛	Number of Files to Save 100 🚽 🚟
Display Titlebar	File Name
Window Title WinGP	
Minimize Button	Destination Folder
Maximize Button	CF Card
Close Button	USB Storage
Vindow Frame	Transfer Settings
🔽 Menu Bar	Port 21 - #
Window Size Width 1024 🛨 🏭 Height 768 📑 🏢	
	API Communication
Historical Data Retentive Settings	Use API Communication Port 9800 芸 🇱
Historical Data Storage Location	
Retentive Condition Frequency	
Frequency 10 式 🏢	
Indicate Write Status	
Status Address	

Display

Display Settings	
🔽 Display Right-Click Menu	
Window Mode Window Sci	reens 💌
Window Settings	X: 0 🚍 🏢 Y: 0 🚍 🏢
🔽 Display Titlebar	
Window Title	WinGP
Minimize Button	
Maximize Button	
Close Button	
🔽 Window Frame	
🔽 Menu Bar	
Window Size	Width 1024 ਦ 🏭 Height 768 🛨 🌉

Setting	Description
Display right-click menu	Specifies whether to display the menu by right-click on the window in WinGP.

Setting			Description
Trigger mode			[WinGP]Select the size of Window Screen at the startup from [Window] - [Full Screen]. When the [Window] is selected, the window opens in a specified screen size. When the [Full Screen] is selected, no matter what the screen size is, the window is displayed in full screen.
	Display Position		 Specifies whether to specify the window display position when WinGP starts. Use X and Y coordinates to set the display position. X: 0 - maximum resolution of the selected model (horizontal) -1 Y: 0 - maximum resolution of the selected model (horizontal) -1
	Display	Titlebar	Specifies whether to display the title bar in the window display.
	Window Title		Specifies the window title name to display on the title bar in no more than 63 single-byte characters.
sť		Minimize Button	Specifies whether to display the Minimize widow button.
setting		Maximize Button	Specifies whether to display the Maximize window button.
S ∧		Close	Specifies whether to display the Close window button.
Windo	Window Frame		 Specifies whether to display the window border. NOTE If [Display Titlebar] is selected, [Window Frame] is always displayed and the check box is selected.
	Menu Bar		Specifies whether to display the menu bar.
	Window Size		 Specifies the window size with [Width] and [Height]. Use 0 - maximum resolution of the selected model for [Width] and [Height] settings. NOTE The value can be specified between 0 to 1024 when using PS-2000B.

Historical Data Retentive Settings

Historical Data Retentive Settings Historical Data Storage Location	
Retentive Condition	Frequency
Frequency	10 📑 🏢
Indicate Write Status	
Status Address	

Setting	Description			
Historical Data Storage Location	Specifies the full path to the location to save the backup data replacing the backup SRAM in no more than 255 single-byte characters (drive name, folder name). If no settings are found, the initial value "NAND\PRJ001\USER\SCREEN" in the folder where WinGP is installed and becomes the save location.			
Retentive Conditions	 Selects a condition to execute backup from [Loop Update Time], [ON], or [Bit Change]. Loop update time Backs up the data as specified in [Loop Update Time]. Bit ON Backs up the data only when the bit specified in [Control Bit Ad turns ON. The data is saved only after 1 minute has elapsed since save. Bit Change Backs up the data only when the bit specified in [Control Bit Ad turns ON. The data is saved only after 1 minute has elapsed since save. 		p Update Time], [Bit Time]. n [Control Bit Address] has elapsed since the last n [Control Bit Address] has elapsed since the last	
Loop update time	Specifies the loop update time to repeat backup when [Loop Update Time] is selected in [Backup Trigger] using 1 to 60 minutes.			
Control Bit Address	Specifies the address to control backup when [Bit ON] or [Bit Change] is selected in [Backup Trigger].			
Indicate Write Status	Specifies whether to use the bit address to show the backup data write status.			
Status Address	The backup d specified here • ON Writing dat • OFF Writing no Bit state 0 1	ata write stat e. data <u>Name</u> Writing Write error	us is shown by ON and Bit ON condition When file write starts When write fails	Bit OFF condition File write ends When write starts

Error Settings

Error Settings	
Save Error Message	
Save in	CF Card
Number of Stored Items	100 🚊 🗰
Number of Files to Save	100 😑 🗰
File Name	

Setting	Description
	Specifies whether to save system errors and application errors displayed on the [WinGP] window.
	NOTE
Save Error Message	 If no more than 10 minutes have past since the last save, the error log file is not saved until 10 minutes pass to avoid frequent write access. If so, all summaries recorded in the 10 minutes are saved in the error log file. Even the error occurred consecutively, all errors are saved in the error log.
	• If the clock time of IPC is changed while the error log function is operating, the error log will not be saved in the order of elapse time
	Select Save in from [CF Card] or [USB storage].
Save in	NOTE
	• When you select [CF Card] or [USB storage], the [LOG] folder is created in the Save in folder and the error log file is created in the folder.
Number of Stored Items	Specifies the number of error messages to save per error log file using 1 to 1000.
	Specifies the number of error files to save the error log files using 0 to 1024.
	NOTE
	• If [Number of Files to Save] is set to 0, the files are saved until the [CF Card] or [USB Storage] capacity is reached.
Number of files to save	• Until the number of error log files reach the number set in the [Number of Stored Items], records are added to the latest error log file. However, if you change the date or time, an error log file may be created with the wrong date or time. In this case, with the new date,
	records are not added even if the system has not reached the [Number of Stored Items].
	• When the number of error messages exceeds [Number of Files to Save] in [Error Settings], the oldest file is deleted to add a new file.

Setting	Description
File Name	Specifies the file name prefix of the error log file using 0 to 16 single-byte characters. The file name is specified in the below format. [Prefix][Date/Time]_[ID].[Extension] For example: [Prefix] :Test [Saved Date/Time]:2006/7/14, 16:18 [ID] :0 (from Serial No. 0) Numbers to differentiate files when several files are created at the same time. [Extension] :log (fixed character)
	File name: Test200607141618_0.log NOTE • If no file name is specified, the file is named simply as [Save Date Time]

Set Destination Folder

Destination Folder	
CF Card	
USB Storage	

Setting	Description	
CF Card	Specify the folder with a full path to replace CF Card. The path should be set within 239 characters by single or double-byte characters.	
USB storage	Specify the folder with a full path to replace USB Storage (USB memory). The path should be set within 239 characters with single or double byte characters.	
NOTE • Y	You can set folders to replace CF Card or USB Storage on the network. However, file names may not displayed correctly depending on the onnected environment (OS or language settings).	

•	When Windows XP Embedded is used for the IPC OS, you can set the Write Filter (Write Protection) on the system drive (C drive) using the settings in IPC. If the Write Filter setting is enabled and the destination settings of CF Card and USB memory is set to C driver, files cannot be written. Make sure to set the drive which does not have the Write Filter setting in CF Card and USB memory. If no folder is specified, CFA00 folder, USB HD folder at the installed
	location become the default folders and they may not allow Writing data.
	•

Transfer Settings

	Transfer Settings		
	Port	21 📑 🏢	
Setting		Description	on

Setting	Description
Port	Specifies the port number to use for transfer from 0 to 65535.

NOTE	• If you forgot the port number for the Transfer Tool, check [WinGP Settings]-
	[Transfer] in the Offline Mode.

API Communication

API Communication			
Use API Communication	Port	9800 🕂 🏢	

Setting	Description
Use API communication	Specifies whether to use API communication (handling API or device access API).
Port	 Specifies the port number to use for API transfer from 0 to 65535. NOTE In [Peripheral Settings], check which port is used by the other device/ PLC to avoid using the same port.

37.8.2 Window Frame Settings Guide

Window Frame

WinGP	. 🗆 🗙
File(E) Help(H)	

Setting	Description	
	Displays Window Title, minimize or maximize window, and close button.	
Title Bar	The window title set in the [System Settings]-[IPC Settings] appears. If no	
	title is set, blank space is displayed on the title.	
Minimize Button	Hides the window and displays the icon on the task bar.	
Maximize Button	Changes the window to full screen.	
Close Button	Exits WinGP.	
	• Help	
Menu Bar	Displays [Version Information].	
	• File	
	Displays [Exit] to exit WinGP.	
Window Frame	Changes the window size by dragging and dropping the cursor on the window frame. If the size is changed to smaller than the original size, the scroll bar is displayed.	

Right-click Menu

Displayed by right-clicking the window frame of WinGP or clicking 🔲 on the keypad.



	Setting	Description	
		When you select [Screen Change], the [Display Screen Selection] dialog box appears and allows you to switch the display screen.	
Scre	en Change	Display Number Select Disp Number 1 Number Title 1 Close Image: Select state NOTE . If offline, this item is not displayed on the menu	
	Screen	 Specifies the screen number to switch from 1 to 9999. NOTE If you select the number of a screen not specified in the project file, the screen will not open. 	
	Number	Displays the screen number.	
	Title	Displays the screen title.	
	Open	Opens the screen selected in [Screen] or the screen number list.	
	Close	Displays the [Display Screen Selection] dialog box.	
То о	ffline (To online)	Switches to offline mode. If displaying in offline mode, switches to the online screen.	
Full Screen Mode Displays the full screen. Image: Note Full Screen Mode If the screen is displayed in [Full Screen], the [Window Screens] is displayed and changes the window to the original size. Image: Note Full Screen Mode If the screen is displayed in [Full Screen], the [Window Screens] is displayed and changes the window to the original size. Image: Note Full Screen Mode Image: Note Full Screen Mode Image: Note Full Screen M		 Displays the full screen. NOTE If the screen is displayed in [Full Screen], the [Window Screens] is displayed and changes the window to the original size. Also, you can touch the upper-right and lower-left of the IPC screen and display [System Menu]-[Reset] to reset the screen size of [Full Screen Mode]. 	
Mini	mized	Hides the window and displays the icon on the task bar.	
Clos	se	Exits WinGP.	

37.8.3 ProjectCopy(Copy Tool) Settings Guide

From [Start] menu, select [Programs]-[Pro-face]-[WinGP]-[ProjectCopy]. The following dialog box appears. You can copy only the screen data of a project file can be copied.

💯 ProjectCopy			
Project File			
	COPY	EXIT	

Setting	Description	
Project File	Enters or displays the project file path to be copied.	
Reference	Specifies the project file location to be copied.	
Сору	Starts copying a project file.	
End	Exits ProjectCopy.	

37.9 Restrictions

- You cannot start more than one WinGP. If you run PCRuntime.exe on the same IPC running WinGP, WinGP will not open after restarting and the WinGP window in operation is displayed in front.
- If the number of parts on one screen exceeds 1280 in IPC, a warning message appears. Reduce the number of parts placed on the screen. You can place and transfer parts even when this message is displayed.
- If the number of addresses on one screen exceeds 3000 in IPC, a warning message appears. Reduce the number of addresses placed on the screen. You can place and transfer the addresses even when this message is displayed.
- If many parts are placed in IPC, a warning appears when you save. This is because the parts and addresses limits change when converted into another series in [Change Display Unit].
- If the specified number of alarm history and word monitoring in the new model exceeds the limit of the post-conversion model, an error appears when you change the display unit, however, you can change the model.
- You can set the data size up to 8 blocks.
- For blocks 1 to 8, you can register bit/word monitoring up to a total of 10000.
- If the total capacity of SRAM used in the GP-Pro EX settings exceeds 5MB, a warning appears at the time of error checking and sampling and alarm features do not operate properly. You can use up to 5MB data to save and transfer the project files.
- If you turn OFF the IPC without shutting down the OS, the backup file for exiting WinGP cannot be saved and the record will be from the last save. In an IPC with battery backup features, a standby mode (resume) signal is sent when the power is OFF. Upon receiving the signal, WinGP saves the backup file.
- The touch buzzer sound setting is a feature used to specify a unique buzzer used by the PC runtime. The setting differs from the that of the IPC touch panel unit. If you enable both the buzzer of the IPC touch panel unit and that of the PC runtime, a buzzer will sound twice when you touch the PC runtime screen. If you enable the IPC touch panel buzzer, disable the PC runtime buzzer.
- If you disabled [Script Settings]-[Comm.]-[Flow Control] in the system settings, the status [EXIT_SIO_STAT] cannot detect sending errors in [SIO Port Operation].
- If you select [Prevent Multiple Instances] in [Start Application] for special switch, trigger actions, and scripts, multiple instances occur when [Window Title] is not input.
- For the [Window Title] you wish to prevent multiple instances, enter the exact window title in the [Start Application] for the special actions of special switch, trigger actions, and scripts.
- You can transfer project files to the GP if it has [Start Application] and [Exit WinGP] settings for the special actions of special switch, trigger actions, and scripts on models other than IPC, but the file will not run on GP.

37.9.1 Restrictions On Install

- If the path has more than 200 single-byte characters in the folder where WinGP is installed, an error "Cannot start because the installation folder will exceed 200 characters." appears when simulation starts and it will not operate properly. Use a path less than 200 single-byte characters and reinstall WinGP.
- If you install WinGP on an OS that does not support it, an error message appears and the installation cannot be completed.
- To install, log on with an account with Windows Administrator authority.
- You cannot install WinGP more than once, even to another folder. To uninstall, insert the install CD in the IPC on which WinGP is installed.
- WinGP does not allow for recovery install. To recover, uninstall and then reinstall WinGP.
- You can install WinGP on your PC but it will not run.
- To install WinGP to IPC with Pro-Server with Pro-Studio for Windows or Pro-Server EX installed, you might not be able to install WinGP in some cases depending on the install state. The below shows the install state.

Install state	WinGP install
Pro-Server with Pro-Studio for Windows has already been installed.	The following message appears and WinGP cannot be installed. ProtexSetup WinGP carnot be installed in PC in which Pro-Server EX earlier than V1.10 is installed. Install WinGP after performing either of the following. Uninstalling Pro-Server EX Updating Pro-Server EX to V1.10 or later. CK
Pro-Server EX Version 1.10 or lower is already installed.	The following message appears and WinGP cannot be installed. ProExSetup WinGP cannot be installed in PC in which Pro-Server with Pro-Studio is installed. Install WinGP after uninstalling Pro-Server with Pro-Studio. Use Pro-Server With Pro-Studio.
Pro-Server EX Version 1.10 or higher is already installed.	WinGP can be installed. (WinGP SDK will not be installed)
Neither Pro-Server with Pro- Studio for Windows nor Pro- Server EX have been installed.	WinGP can be installed. (WinGP SDK will also be installed.)

• When you install Pro-Server with Pro-Studio for Windows or Pro-Server EX to IPC with WinGP installed, WinGP might not operate properly. The below shows the actions.

S/W to install	Set Editor Language
Pro-Server with Pro- Studio for Windows	Neither Pro-Server with Pro-Studio for Windows nor WinGP will operate. Do not install Pro-Server with Pro-Studio for Windows on an IPC with WinGP installed.

S/W to install	Set Editor Language
Pro-Server EX older than Ver1.10	After the installer or Pro-Server EX older than Ver1.10 starts, the following error message appears and the install will not be completed. Even if Pro-Server EX is not installed, the error message appears as below.
	A different version of Pro-Server EX has already been installed. Please uninstall it first, and then install this Pro-Server EX.
Pro-Server EX Ver1.10 or later	After the installer for Pro-Server EX Ver1.10 or later starts, the following error message appears. If you select [Yes], uninstall WinGP SDK and then install Pro-Server EX Ver1.10.
	ProSrvSetup Image: Structure WinGP SDK is already installed in this PC. It will be uninstalled before Pro-Server EX is installed. Is that OK? Applications for WinGP SDK can be used with Pro-Server EX as it is (Node setting in Pro-Server EX is necessary). Yes Yes
	If you stop installing Pro-Server EX Ver1.10 midway, reinstall WinGP.
	 If you install WinGP, WinGP SDK is also installed in a folder called SDK where GP-Pro EX is installed. Although the path differs from the path you specified when creating the user application in Pro-Server EX, you can still use the application created in Pro-Server EX without changing the path. If you install Pro-Server EX after installing WinGP and

• After the installation, restart the IPC before using WinGP. The WinGP will not operate properly without restarting the WinGP.

37.9.2 Restrictions on Window Frames

• You can transfer data to an IPC that has different screen resolutions (screen size) but the data will not be displayed properly if the IPC has a lower resolution.

Example 1:

IPC: Create a 800X600 screen and send to a 320X240 IPC

Created data





[Trigger mode]: [Full Screen] Only parts that can be displayed in 320X240 resolution are displayed starting from the top left end.



[Trigger mode]: [Window Screen] [Display Position] is specified, [X Coordinate] is 0, and [Y Coordinate] is 0 Only parts that can be displayed in 320X240 resolution are displayed starting from the top left end.

[Trigger mode]: [Window Screen] [Display Position] none Only parts that can be displayed in 320X240 resolution are displayed starting from the top left end.

Example 2:

IPC: Create a 800X600 screen and send to a 1600X1200 IPC

Created data



• When viewing screen data on a large sized screen with a high resolution, a portion of the window frame will appear outside the screen.

To make sure the window is not outside the screen, do not display the window titlebar, window frame, and menu bar, or display in full-screen mode. Be aware that when you do not display the title bar or display in full-screen mode, the title bar's Exit button does not display.

• If you change IPC models, System Settings keeps the settings before the model change in [IPC Settings] [Display]. Note that X Coordinate and Y Coordinate in [Display Position] return to the initial values of "0" and "Window Size" are initialized to XGA (1024X768) size regardless of the IPC you are converting to.

the top left end.

37.9.3 Restrictions on using Windows XP Embedded

• Windows XP Embedded has the Write Filter feature in system drive. During the Write Filter operation, files cannot be updated in the system drive. The destination folder to update files has to be set in a drive which does not have Write Filter. Thus, you can change the folder to update files by settings.

37.9.4 Restriction on AP Communication

Handling API Restrictions

- All the text information on the handling API are in Unicode. In API, the version information and the project information are read in Unicode. Convert the code if you wish to use the information in another text code (ASCII, etc.).
- You cannot use the handling API in IPC unless it has TCP/IP settings. Be sure to check that the network settings have TCP/IP protocol installed.

Device Access API Restrictions

- To use the device access API, start WinGP first. An error results if you use the device access API without starting WinGP. A timeout error results if you start the device API after exiting WinGP.
- Do not set IPC standby while API is communicating using the user application. A user application should control that IPC goes to a standby mode only after the operation of device access API is completed.
- To add a protocol to update the Pro-Server EX version, you need to install the protocol module updated in GP-Pro EX to IPC with WinGP SDK installed.
- In ReadSymbolD(),ReadSymbolVariantD(),WriteSymbolD(),WriteSymbolVariantD() API, you cannot use any array variable that exceeds the below array size.

Array variable type	Maximum size accessible with WinGP API
	communication
Bit Variable	255
Integer Variable	510
Float Variable	510

- If you install Pro-Server EX V1.10, you have to control Pro-Server EX separately.
- You cannot use the device API in IPC unless it has TCP/IP settings. Be sure to check that the network settings have TCP/IP protocol installed.
- If you exit WinGP while accessing the device access API, all the returns from API result in an error.
- If you compile the header created in Visual C++ Ver.6, C:\Program files\Proface\WinGP\SDK\VC\Public\ProEasy.h or Pro-Studio [Programming Support]-[VC: Statement] via clip board, LPVARIANT might result in undefined error. LPVARIANT is defined in afxdisp.h. Include this by defining #include <afxdisp.h> in stdafx.h to avoid an error.

37.9.5 Transfer Restrictions

- You cannot transfer using modem or COM port.
- During the initialization process after start up, WinGP displays a screen asking for a retransfer request if any error (damage or loss) is found in the necessary file.
- If you transfer the project file to a different type of IPC, an error dialog box is displayed indicating that the model differs and the transfer cannot be completed. To transfer the file to a different model, convert the model using the editor before transfer.
- You need to exit WinGP because [ProjectCopy](Copy Tool) updates the files used in WinGP. If you try to use copy operation while WinGP is operating, an error message is displayed and the copy operation is not executed.ÅB
- When OS is Windows XP Embedded, you can set the Write Filter in a driver (C drive) of the system using IPC tool. WinGP is installed in C drive and the Write Filter is enabled, WinGP system files or screen data cannot be updated. Disable the Write Filter before starting transfer.
- WinGP allows for changing the port number with the transfer tool. You cannot LAN transfer from the transfer tool if you forget the new port number.

Restrictions when using [ProjectCopy] (Copy Tool)

- Sends only screen data when using the copy tool. Receiving screen data or transferring all projects are not available.
- When using the Copy Tool, the system program of WinGP cannot be sent.
- When you are using the copy tool, a project file with a different Device/PLC settings cannot be sent. If you try to send the project file with a different Device/PLC, an error message appears and the transfer is cancelled.
- When you are using the copy tool, font cannot be added. If fonts for GP-Pro EX are added, these fonts in a project sent by the copy tool will not be displayed.

37.9.6 Restrictions on error logs

- If an error log is opened when the error log feature starts writing, writing to the file cannot be completed.
- When the number of error messages exceeds [Number of Files to Save] in [Error Settings], the oldest file is deleted to add a new file.
- If no more than 10 minutes have past since the last save, the error log is not saved until 10 minutes pass to avoid frequent write access. If so, all summaries recorded in the 10 minutes are saved in the error log file.